

GREYSTONE LOGISTICS, INC.

Form 10-K

September 16, 2011

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UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-K

☒ ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended

May 31, 2011

☐ TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission file number 000-26331

GREYSTONE LOGISTICS, INC.

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(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Oklahoma

75-2954680

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

1613 East 15th Street, Tulsa, Oklahoma 74120

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(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(918) 583-7441

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(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered under Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class

Name of each exchange on which registered

None

None

Securities registered under Section 12(g) of the Act:

Common Stock, \$0.0001 par value

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(Title of class)

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. ☐ Yes ☒ No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. ☐ Yes ☒ No

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. ☒ Yes ☐ No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). ☐ Yes ☐ No

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K (§229.405 of this chapter) is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer ☐

Accelerated filer ☐

Non-accelerated filer ☐

Small reporting company ☒

Indicate by check whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

As of November 30, 2010, the aggregate market value of the voting common stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant, computed by using the average of the high and low price on such date, was \$1,288,800 (\$0.09/share).

As of August 26, 2011, the issuer had outstanding a total of 26,111,201 shares of its \$0.0001 par value common stock.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

None.

GREYSTONE LOGISTICS, INC.

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## PART I.

### Item 1. Business.

#### Organization

Greystone Logistics, Inc. ("Greystone" or the "Company") was incorporated in Delaware on February 24, 1969, under the name Permaspray Manufacturing Corporation. It changed its name to Browning Enterprises Inc. in April 1982, to Cabec Energy Corp. in June 1993, to PalWeb Corporation in April 1999 and became Greystone Logistics, Inc. in March 2005 as further described below. In December 1997, Greystone acquired all of the issued and outstanding stock of Plastic Pallet Production, Inc., a Texas corporation ("PPP"), and since that time, Greystone has primarily been engaged in the business of manufacturing and selling plastic pallets.

Effective September 8, 2003, Greystone acquired substantially all of the assets of Greystone Plastics, Inc., an Iowa corporation, through the purchase of such assets by Greystone's newly formed, wholly-owned subsidiary, Greystone Manufacturing, L.L.C., an Oklahoma limited liability company ("GSM"). Greystone Plastics, Inc. was a manufacturer of plastic pallets used in the beverage industry.

Effective March 18, 2005, the Company caused its newly formed, wholly owned subsidiary, Greystone Logistics, Inc., an Oklahoma corporation, to be merged with and into the Company. In connection with such merger and as of the effective time of the merger, the Company amended its certificate of incorporation by changing its name to Greystone Logistics, Inc., pursuant to the terms of the certificate of ownership and merger filed by the Company with the Secretary of State of Oklahoma. Also in connection with such merger, the Company amended its bylaws to change its name to Greystone Logistics, Inc.

#### Current Business

#### Products

Greystone's primary business is the manufacturing and selling of plastic pallets through one of its wholly owned subsidiaries, Greystone Manufacturing, L.L.C. Greystone sells its pallets through direct sales and a network of independent contractor distributors. Greystone also sells its pallets and pallet leasing services to certain large customers direct through its President and other employees. As of May 31, 2011, Greystone had an aggregate production capacity of approximately 70,000 pallets per month.

GSM's product line as of May 31, 2011 consists of the following:

- 40" X 32" rackable pallet,
- 37" X 37" rackable pallet,

- 44" X 56" rackable pallet,
- 48" X 48" rackable pallet.
- 48" X 40" rackable pallet,
- 48" X 44" rackable pallet,
- 48" X 40" nestable pallet,
- 24"X 24" display pallet,
- 48"X 40" monoblock (one-piece) pallet,
- 48"X 45" stackable pallet,
- Keg pallet, and
- 120cm X 100cm nestable pallet.

As of May 31, 2011, GSM was also marketing the following pallets:

- Mid-duty(TM) Picture Frame – A picture frame, web-top pallet that utilizes a patented inter-locking design and is produced using a proprietary blend of recycled plastics. It has a rackable capacity of 1,500 lbs., a dynamic load of 5,000 lbs., static load of 25,000 lbs., and weighs 50 lbs.
- Mid-duty(TM) Stackable – A web-top pallet that is produced using a proprietary blend of recycled plastics, has a dynamic load of 5,000 lbs., static load of 7,000 lbs., and weighs 32 lbs.
- Mid-duty(TM) 3-Runner – A web-top pallet that utilizes a patented inter-locking design on a three runner bottom and is produced using a proprietary blend of recycled plastics. It has a rackable load of 1,200 lbs., dynamic load of 5,000 lbs., static load of 12,000 lbs and weighs 41 lbs.
- Mid-duty(TM) Flat Deck – This pallet is the same as the Mid-duty(TM) picture frame, except it has a solid top and weighs 63 lbs.

The principal raw materials used in manufacturing Greystone's plastic pallets are in abundant supply, and some of these materials may be obtained from recycled plastic containers. At the present time, these materials are being purchased from local, national and international suppliers.

## Other Business

In January 2010, Greystone started actively selling excess recycled plastic that has been reprocessed into pellet form. Under an agreement with Yorktown Management & Financial Services, L.L.C., an entity owned by Warren Kruger, Greystone's President and CEO, Greystone provides the cost of processing raw material into pelletized recycled plastic and purchases the raw material from Yorktown at cost. Greystone pays 40% of the gross profit, defined as revenue less cost of material and selling commissions, to Yorktown. Greystone intends to grow the product sales of recycled plastic.

## Pallet Industry

According to the U.S. Forest Service, as printed in the National Wooden Pallet and Container Association publication, approximately 400 million new pallets are purchased in the United States each year, and some research sources estimate that even more than 400 million new pallets are purchased each year. At an overall average selling price of \$9/wood pallet, the pallet manufacturing and sales business is approximately a \$4 billion industry. It is estimated that the United States wood pallet industry is served by approximately 3,600 companies, most of which are small, privately held firms that operate in only one location. The industry is generally comprised of companies that manufacture new pallets or repair and recycle pallets. New pallet manufacturing generates about 60% to 65% of the industry's revenues. The U.S. Forest Service estimates that approximately 1.9 billion wood pallets are in circulation in the United States today and that roughly 400 million of the wood pallets currently in circulation were newly manufactured. On an annual basis, approximately 175 million wood pallets are recycled through a process of retrieval, repair, re-manufacturing and secondary marketing, approximately 225 million are sent to landfills, and approximately 100 million are burned, lost, abandoned or leave the country.

Infestation is a concern in the wood pallet industry. According to Virginia Tech's Center for Unit Load Design Center Tech Note No. 1, dated November 11, 1998, the Asian Longhorn Beetle ("ALB"), a devastating wood boring pest native to China and other Asian countries, has invaded hardwood trees in New York City and Chicago. The ALB outbreaks have been traced to solid wood packaging materials ("SWPM"), including wood pallets imported from China. As a result, the USDA Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service have proposed certain interim rules, which include upgrading treatment procedures for SWPM. These treatments are estimated to increase the cost of SWPM by at least 10%, and some treatments will double the price of SWPM.

Pallets are used in virtually all United States industries in which products are broadly distributed, including, but not limited to, the automotive, chemical, consumer products, grocery, produce and food production, paper and forest products, retailing and steel and metals industries. Forklifts, pallet trucks and pallet jacks are used to move loaded pallets, reducing the need for costly hand loading and unloading at distribution centers and warehouses.

Until very recently, plastic pallets had not penetrated the market significantly, due in part to their cost. Heavy duty plastic pallets cost \$46 to \$100, heavy duty wood pallets typically cost approximately \$26, and less sturdy wood pallets typically cost \$8 to \$11. As stated in an article in the July 1996 issue of Material Handling Engineering, wood pallets have an estimated useful life of 7 to 10 trips before repair or recycling is required. A trip, or cycle, is defined as the movement of a pallet under a load from a manufacturer to a distributor (or from a distributor to a retailer) and the movement of the empty pallet back to the manufacturer. Heavy duty plastic pallets, as currently manufactured, have a useful life of 60 or more trips, on average. Greystone's management believes that the trend will continue to switch from wood to plastic, with the only limiting factor being price.

Greystone intends to conduct research on pallet design strength and coefficient of friction and the materials used to make the plastic pallets as required to meet market demands.

#### Employees

As of May 31, 2011, Greystone had 94 full-time employees and used a temporary personnel service to provide additional production personnel as needed.

#### Marketing and Customers

Greystone's primary focus is to provide quality plastic pallets to its existing customers while continuing its marketing efforts to broaden its customer base. Greystone's existing customers are primarily located in the United States and engaged in the beverage, pharmaceutical and other industries. Greystone has generated and plans to continue to generate interest in its pallets by attending trade shows sponsored by industry segments that would benefit from Greystone's products. Greystone hopes to gain wider product acceptance by marketing the concept that the widespread use of plastic pallets could greatly reduce the destruction of trees on a worldwide basis.

Greystone also sells its pallets and pallet leasing services to certain large customers direct through contract distributors and its President, Senior Vice President of Sales and Marketing and other employees.

Greystone derives a substantial portion of its revenue from a national brewer. This customer accounted for approximately 56% and 66% of sales for its pallets in fiscal years 2011 and 2010, respectively. The design of Greystone's recycled plastic pallets are approved for use by the brewery and are the only plastic pallets in use for case goods at the current time. There is no assurance that Greystone will retain this customer's business at the same level, or at all. The loss of a material amount of business from this customer could have a material adverse effect on Greystone.

#### Competition

Greystone's primary competitors are a large number of small, privately held firms that sell wood pallets in very limited geographic locations. Greystone believes that it can compete with manufacturers of wood pallets by emphasizing the cost savings realized over the longer life of its plastic pallets as well as the environmental benefits of its plastic pallets as compared to wood pallets. Greystone also competes with three large and approximately ten small manufacturers of plastic pallets. Some of Greystone's competitors may have substantially greater financial and other resources than Greystone and, therefore, may be able to commit greater resources than Greystone in such areas of product development, manufacturing and marketing. However, Greystone believes that its proprietary designs coupled with the competitive pricing of its products gives Greystone a competitive advantage over other plastic pallet manufacturers.

## Government Regulation

The business operations of Greystone are subject to existing and potential federal, state and local environmental laws and regulations pertaining to the handling and disposition of wastes (including solid and hazardous wastes) or otherwise relating to the protection of the environment. In addition, both the plastics industry and Greystone are subject to existing and potential federal, state, local and foreign legislation designed to reduce solid wastes by requiring, among other things, plastics to be degradable in landfills, minimum levels of recycled content, various recycling requirements, disposal fees and limits on the use of plastic products.

## Patents and Trademarks

Greystone seeks to protect its technical advances by pursuing national and international patent protection for its products and methods when appropriate.

Greystone has access to a patent-pending CJ2(TM) fire retardant formula licensed from Westgate Capital Company, L.L.C. ("WCC"), a company of which Greystone's President and CEO is a member, in connection with the potential production of fire retardant plastic pallets. Pallets produced with CJ2(TM) fire retardant have met UL 2335 classification requirements with respect to fire retardancy.

## Item 2. Properties.

Greystone leases approximately 3 acres of land in Bettendorf, Iowa and two buildings with a total of 120,000 square feet of manufacturing and warehouse space. The property is leased from Greystone Real Estate, L.L.C., an entity owned by Warren F. Kruger, Greystone's President, CEO and a director and Robert B. Rosene, Jr., a director of Greystone. The manufacturing and warehouse space is sufficiently equipped and designed to accommodate the manufacturing of plastic pallets and is currently used for grinding, processing and re-pelletizing recycled plastic.

## Item 3. Legal Proceedings.

None.

## PART II.

### Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities.

#### Market Information

Greystone's common stock is traded on the National Association of Securities Dealers Automatic Quotation (NASDAQ) over-the-counter bulletin board system (OTCBB), under the symbol "GLGI." The following table sets forth the range of high and low prices at which Greystone's common stock traded during the time periods indicated, as reported by NASDAQ:

| Quarter Ending | High   | Low    |
|----------------|--------|--------|
| Aug. 31, 2009  | \$0.27 | \$0.21 |
| Nov. 30, 2009  | 0.26   | 0.16   |
| Feb. 28, 2010  | 0.19   | 0.10   |
| May 31, 2010   | 0.19   | 0.10   |
| Aug. 31, 2010  | 0.16   | 0.10   |
| Nov. 30, 2010  | 0.15   | 0.07   |
| Feb. 28, 2011  | 0.12   | 0.04   |
| May 31, 2011   | 0.13   | 0.07   |

Quotations reflect inter-dealer prices, without retail mark-up, markdown or commission and may not represent actual transactions.

#### Holders

As of approximately September 1, 2011, Greystone had approximately 333 common shareholders of record.

As of approximately September 1, 2011, there were approximately 1,453 beneficial owners (including those holding in street names) of Greystone's common stock.

#### Dividends

Greystone paid no cash dividends to its common shareholders during the last two fiscal years and does not plan to pay any cash dividends in the near future.

### Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

#### Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Information

This Annual Report on Form 10-K includes "forward looking statements" as defined by the Securities and Exchange Commission. These statements concern Greystone's plans, expectations and objectives for future operations. All statements, other than statements of historical facts, included in this Form 10-K that address activities, events or developments that Greystone expects,

believes or anticipates will or may occur in the future are forward-looking statements. The words "believe," "plan," "intend," "anticipate," "estimate," "project" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements include, among others, such things as:

- expansion and growth of Greystone's business and operations;
- future financial performance;
- future acquisitions and developments;
- potential sales of products;
- future financing activities; and
- business strategy.

These forward-looking statements are based on assumptions that Greystone believes are reasonable based on current expectations and projections about future events and industry conditions and trends affecting Greystone's business. However, whether actual results and developments will conform to Greystone's expectations and predictions is subject to a number of risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in the forward-looking statements, including those factors discussed under the section of this Form 10-K entitled "Risk Factors." In addition, Greystone's historical financial performance is not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected in the future and Greystone believes that such comparisons cannot be relied upon as indicators of future performance.

#### Risk Factors

Greystone has attained operating profits and positive cash flow from operating activities but there is no assurance that it will be able to sustain profitability.

The Company was incorporated on February 24, 1969. From April 1993 to December 1997, the Company was engaged in various businesses, including the business of exploration, production, and development of oil and gas properties in the continental United States and the operation of a related service business. In December 1997, the Company acquired all of the issued and outstanding stock of Plastic Pallet Production, Inc., and its principal business changed to selling plastic pallets. Since such time, Greystone incurred losses from operations from its inception through fiscal year 2007. However, the results of Greystone's operations for the fiscal years after fiscal year 2007 showed an operating profit and positive cash flows from operations. There is no assurance that Greystone will maintain a positive operating profit or otherwise obtain funds to finance capital and debt service requirements.

Greystone's financial statements have been qualified on a going concern basis and Greystone has been unable to secure additional financing necessary to sustain and grow its operations.

Greystone's financial statements have been qualified on a going concern basis principally due to lack of sufficient operating income or long-term financing to achieve Greystone's goal of producing and marketing plastic pallets to compete with wood pallets. Greystone has funded its operations to date primarily through equity and debt financings principally guaranteed by its directors. Greystone may need to raise additional funds to implement any expansion strategy beyond the availability of current cash flows and the willingness of its directors to continue providing guarantees. There can be no assurance that additional financing will be available or, if available, that such financing will be on favorable terms. Failure to obtain such additional financing could have a material adverse effect on Greystone.

Greystone has granted security interests in substantially all of its assets in connection with certain debt financings and other transactions.

In connection with certain debt financings and other transactions, Greystone has granted third parties security interests in substantially all of its assets pursuant to agreements entered into with such third parties. Upon the occurrence of an event of default under such agreements, the secured parties may enforce their rights and Greystone may lose all or a portion of its assets. As a result, Greystone could be forced to materially reduce its business activities or cease operations.

Greystone's business could be affected by changes in availability of raw materials.

Greystone uses a proprietary mix of raw materials to produce its plastic pallets. Such raw materials are generally readily available and some may be obtained from a broad range of recycled plastic suppliers and unprocessed waste plastic. At the present time, these materials are being purchased from local, national and international suppliers. The availability of Greystone's raw materials could change at any time for various reasons. For example, the market demand for Greystone's raw materials could suddenly increase, or the rate at which plastic materials are recycled could decrease, affecting both availability and price. Additionally, the laws and regulations governing the production of plastics and the recycling of plastic containers could change and, as a result, affect the supply of Greystone's raw materials. Any interruption in the supply of raw materials or components could have a material adverse effect on Greystone. Furthermore, certain potential alternative suppliers may have pre-existing exclusive relationships with Greystone's competitors and others that may preclude Greystone from obtaining raw materials from such suppliers.

Greystone's business could be affected by competition and rapid technological change.

Greystone currently faces competition from many companies that produce wooden pallets at prices that are substantially lower than the prices Greystone charges for its plastic pallets and other companies that manufacture plastic pallets. It is anticipated that the plastic pallet industry will be subject to intense competition and rapid technological change. Greystone could potentially face additional competition from recycling and plastics companies, many of which have substantially greater financial and other resources than Greystone and, therefore, are able to spend more than Greystone in areas such as product development, manufacturing and marketing. Competitors may develop products that render Greystone's products or proposed products uneconomical or result in products being commercialized that may be superior to Greystone's products. In addition, alternatives to plastic pallets could be developed, which would have a material adverse effect on Greystone.

Greystone is dependent on one large customer.

Greystone derives, and expects that in the foreseeable future it will continue to derive, a large portion of its revenue from a few large customers. A single customer currently accounts for approximately 56% of its sales in fiscal year 2011 (66% in fiscal year 2010). There is no assurance that Greystone will retain this customer's business at the same level, or at all. The loss of a material amount of business from this customer would have a material adverse effect on Greystone.

Greystone may not be able to effectively protect Greystone's patents and proprietary rights.

Greystone relies upon a combination of patents and trade secrets to protect its proprietary technology, rights and know-how. There can be no assurance that such patent rights will not be infringed upon, that Greystone's trade secrets will not otherwise become known to or independently developed by competitors, that non-disclosure agreements will not be breached, or that Greystone would have adequate remedies for any such infringement or breach. Litigation may be necessary to enforce Greystone's proprietary rights or to defend Greystone against third-party claims of infringement. Such litigation could result in substantial cost to, and a diversion of effort by, Greystone and its management and may have a material adverse effect on Greystone. Greystone's success and potential competitive advantage is dependent upon its ability to exploit the technology under these patents. There can be no assurance that Greystone will be able to exploit the technology covered by these patents or that Greystone will be able to do so exclusively.

Greystone's business could be affected by changing or new legislation regarding environmental matters.

Greystone's business is subject to changing federal, state and local environmental laws and regulations pertaining to the discharge of materials into the environment, the handling and disposition of waste (including solid and hazardous waste) or otherwise relating to the protection of the environment. As is the case with manufacturers in general, if a release of hazardous substances occurs on or from Greystone's properties or any associated off-site disposal location, or if contamination from prior activities is discovered at any of Greystone's properties, Greystone may be held liable. No assurances can be given that additional environmental issues will not require future expenditures. In addition, both the plastics industry and Greystone are subject to existing and potential federal, state, local and foreign legislation designed to reduce solid wastes by requiring, among other things, plastics to be degradable in landfills, minimum levels of recycled content, various recycling requirements and disposal fees and limits on the use of plastic products. In addition, various consumer and special interest groups have lobbied from time to time for the implementation of these and other such similar measures. Although Greystone believes that the legislation promulgated to date and such initiatives to date have not had a material adverse effect on it, there can be no assurance that any such future legislative or regulatory efforts or future initiatives would not have a material adverse effect.

Greystone's business could be subject to potential product liability claims.

The testing, manufacturing and marketing of Greystone's products and proposed products involve inherent risks related to product liability claims or similar legal theories that may be asserted against Greystone, some of which may cause Greystone to incur significant defense costs. Although Greystone currently maintains product liability insurance coverage that it believes is adequate, there can be no assurance that the coverage limits of its insurance will be adequate under all circumstances or that all such claims will be covered by insurance. In addition, these policies generally must be renewed every year. While Greystone has been able to obtain product liability insurance in the past, there can be no assurance it will be able to obtain such insurance in the future on all of its existing or future products. A successful product liability claim or other judgment against Greystone in excess of its insurance coverage, or the loss of Greystone's product liability insurance coverage could have a material adverse effect upon Greystone.

Greystone currently depends on certain key personnel.

Greystone is dependent on the experience, abilities and continued services of its current management. In particular, Warren Kruger, Greystone's President and CEO, has played a significant role in the development, management and financing of Greystone. The loss or reduction of services of Warren Kruger or any other key employee could have a material adverse effect on Greystone. In addition, there is no assurance that additional managerial assistance will not be required, or that Greystone will be able to attract or retain such personnel.

Greystone's executive officers and directors control a large percentage of Greystone's outstanding common stock, which allows them to control matters submitted to Greystone's shareholders for approval, and all of Greystone's 2003 preferred stock, which entitles them to certain voting rights, including the right to elect a majority of Greystone's Board of Directors.

Greystone's executive officers and directors (and their affiliates), in the aggregate, own approximately 35% of Greystone's outstanding common stock. Therefore, Greystone's executive officers and directors have the ability to decide the outcome of matters submitted to Greystone's shareholders for approval (including the election and removal of directors and any merger, consolidation or sale of all or substantially all of Greystone's assets) and to control Greystone's management and affairs. In addition, an entity that is wholly owned by Greystone's directors (including one whom also serves as one of Greystone's executive officers) owns all of Greystone's outstanding 2003 preferred stock. The terms and conditions of Greystone's 2003 preferred stock provide that such holder has the right to elect a majority of Greystone's Board of Directors. Such concentration of ownership may have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a change in control, impeding a merger, consolidation, takeover or other business combination or discouraging a potential acquirer from making a tender offer or otherwise attempting to obtain control, which in turn could have an adverse effect on the market price of Greystone's common stock.

Certain restricted shares of Greystone will be eligible for sale in the future and are likely to be sold in the future, which could affect the prevailing market price of Greystone's common stock.

Certain of the outstanding shares of Greystone's common stock are "restricted securities" under Rule 144 of the Securities Act, and (except for shares purchased by "affiliates" of Greystone as such term is defined in Rule 144) would be eligible for sale as the applicable holding periods expire or in the event that the Company files a registration statement relating to such shares. In the future, these shares may be sold only pursuant to a registration statement under the Securities Act or an applicable exemption, including pursuant to Rule 144. Under Rule 144, a person who has owned common stock for at least one year may, under certain circumstances, sell within any three-month period a number of shares of common stock that does not exceed the greater of 1% of the then outstanding shares of common stock or the average weekly trading volume during the four calendar weeks prior to such sale. A person who is not deemed to have been an affiliate of Greystone at any time during the three months preceding a sale, and who has beneficially owned the restricted securities for the last two years is entitled to sell all such shares without regard to the volume limitations, current public information requirements, manner of sale provisions or notice requirements. In addition, Greystone has agreed to file a registration statement in connection with some of these outstanding shares of restricted stock. Sales or the expectation of sales of a substantial number of shares of common stock in the public market by selling shareholders could adversely affect the prevailing market price of the common stock, possibly having a depressive effect on any trading market for the common stock, and may impair Greystone's ability to raise capital at that time through additional sales of its equity securities.

Greystone's stock trades in a limited public market, is subject to price volatility and there can be no assurance that an active trading market will develop or be sustained.

There has been a limited public trading market for Greystone's common stock and there can be no assurance that an active trading market will develop or be sustained. There can be no assurance that Greystone's common stock will trade at or above any particular price in the public market, if at all. The trading price of Greystone's common stock could be subject to significant fluctuations in response to variations in quarterly operating results or even mild expressions of interest on a given day. Accordingly, Greystone's common stock should be expected to experience substantial price changes in short periods of time. Even if Greystone is performing according to its plan and there is no legitimate company-specific financial basis for this volatility, it must still be expected that substantial percentage price swings will occur in Greystone's common stock for the foreseeable future. In addition, the limited market for Greystone's common stock may restrict Greystone's shareholders ability to liquidate their shares.

Greystone does not expect to declare or pay any dividends in the foreseeable future.

Greystone has not declared or paid any dividends on its common stock. Greystone currently intends to retain future earnings to fund the development and growth of its business, to repay indebtedness and for general corporate purposes, and, therefore, does not anticipate paying any cash dividends on its common stock in the foreseeable future. In addition, pursuant to the terms and conditions of certain loan documentation with F&M Bank and the terms and conditions of Greystone's 2003 preferred stock, Greystone is restricted in its ability to pay dividends to holders of its common stock.

Greystone's common stock may be subject to secondary trading restrictions related to penny stocks.

Certain transactions involving the purchase or sale of Greystone's common stock may be affected by a Commission rule for "penny stocks" that imposes additional sales practice burdens and requirements upon broker-dealers that purchase or sell such securities. For transactions covered by this penny stock rule, among other things, broker-dealers must make certain disclosures to purchasers prior to the purchase or sale. Consequently, the penny stock rule may impede the ability of broker-dealers to purchase or sell Greystone's common stock for their customers and the ability of persons now owning or subsequently acquiring Greystone's common stock to resell such securities.

Greystone may issue additional equity securities, which would lead to further dilution of Greystone's issued and outstanding stock.

The issuance of additional common stock or securities convertible into common stock would result in further dilution of the ownership interest in Greystone held by existing shareholders. Greystone is authorized to issue, without shareholder approval, 20,700,000 shares of preferred stock, \$0.0001 par value per share, in one or more series, which may give other shareholders dividend, conversion, voting and liquidation rights, among other rights, which may be superior to the rights of holders of Greystone's common stock. In addition, Greystone is authorized to issue, without shareholder approval, over 4,960,000,000 additional shares of its common stock and securities convertible into common stock.

## Results of Operations

### General

The consolidated financial statements include Greystone and its two wholly-owned subsidiaries, Greystone Manufacturing, L.L.C., or GSM and Plastic Pallet Production, Inc., or PPP, and variable interest entities, Greystone Real Estate, L.L.C. ("GRE"), formerly Greystone Properties, L.L.C., and for fiscal year 2011 GLOG Investment, L.L.C.

Greystone's primary business is the manufacturing and selling of plastic pallets through one of its wholly owned subsidiaries, GSM. In addition, GSM recycles plastics by grinding, pelletizing and selling the recycled resin through an arrangement with Yorktown Management & Financial Services, L.L.C., an entity owned by Warren Kruger, Greystone's president and CEO.

As of May 31, 2011, Greystone had 94 full-time employees and used temporary personnel as needed. Greystone's production capacity is about 70,000 plastic pallets per month, or 840,000 per year. Production levels have generally been governed by sales and will increase as sales dictate.

Prior to fiscal year 2008, Greystone incurred significant losses from operations. For fiscal years 2008 through 2010, Greystone produced positive net income and cash flows from operations. For fiscal year 2011, Greystone had positive income from operations and cash flows from operations but incurred a net loss after deductions for interest expense. Due to the magnitude of prior losses,

we remain highly leveraged and a substantial portion of our bank debt is due within one year. Due to the uncertain market in which Greystone operates, there is no assurance that Greystone will continue to achieve operating profitability or otherwise obtain the funds necessary to finance continued operations. See "Liquidity and Capital Resources" under this Item 7.

For all years presented, Greystone's effective tax rate is 0%. From its inception through fiscal year May 31, 2007, Greystone incurred substantial net operating losses which would normally reflect a tax benefit in the statement of operations and a deferred asset on the balance sheet. A valuation reserve has been established to offset the amount of any tax benefit available for each period presented in the consolidated statement of operations. Beginning with fiscal year 2008 through fiscal year 2010, Greystone has shown profitability. For fiscal years 2011 and 2010, management has determined that the valuation reserve should offset the amount of any tax benefits. However, management will continue to evaluate the extent that the valuation reserve is needed. Factors that management will consider, among others, is more diversity in its customer base and improved stability in its sales volumes.

#### Year Ended May 31, 2011 Compared to Year Ended May 31, 2010

##### Sales

Sales were \$20,501,824 for fiscal year 2011 compared to \$16,230,555 for fiscal year 2010 for an increase of \$4,271,269. Pallet sales were \$15,217,794 in fiscal year 2011 compared to \$15,001,400 in fiscal year 2010 for an increase of \$216,394. Sales to Greystone's major customer were approximately 56% of total sales in fiscal year 2011 compared to 66% in fiscal year 2010. Sales to this major customer in fiscal year 2011 increased approximately \$890,000 over fiscal year 2010. Sales of recycled plastic resin were \$5,284,030, or 26% of sales, compared to \$1,229,155, or 8% of sales, in fiscal years 2011 and 2010, respectively, for an increase of \$4,054,875. The increase in resin sales is part of Greystone's strategic plan for growth.

##### Cost of Sales

Cost of sales was \$18,357,836 (90% of sales) and \$13,145,667 (81% of sales) in fiscal years 2011 and 2010, respectively. The increase in the ratio of cost of sales to sales in fiscal year 2011 over fiscal year 2010 is due to (1) an increase during fiscal year 2011 of approximately \$0.05 per pound for raw material prices and an increase of approximately \$640,000 over fiscal year 2010 for repairs on the production equipment including injection molding machines, grinders and pelletizing equipment and (2) the lower profit margin for recycled plastic resin as compared to the gross margin for pallet sales. The profit margin for resin sales was approximately nil in fiscal years 2011 and 2010 due to pricing, production costs and the fees (40% of revenue less material, freight and commissions) paid or accrued to Yorktown Management, LLC, an entity owned by Warren Kruger, President and CEO of Greystone. Greystone's business plan is to increase resin sales with improved profit margins toward the realization of a positive gross margin. Due to the inflexible production costs for resin, increased production and sales are expected to result in lower per unit costs. Yorktown's share of gross profits from resin sales totaled approximately \$359,000 in fiscal year 2011.

During fiscal year 2012, Greystone will begin purchasing pelletized plastic material from Yorktown. The pelletized material is recycled plastic material that is cleaned and processed into pellets. Greystone's goal is to increase the profit margin on pallet sales as the use of the pellets is anticipated to improve production yields and reduce wear and tear on the injection molding equipment.

#### General and Administrative Expenses

General, selling and administrative expense was \$1,920,649 for fiscal year 2011 compared to \$2,058,302 for fiscal year 2010 for a decrease of \$137,653. Stock compensation costs were \$71,976 and \$95,968 for fiscal years 2011 and 2010, respectively, for a decrease of \$23,992. In addition, the Vice President of Sales and Marketing resigned in April 2011 resulting in a decrease of approximately \$17,000 from fiscal year 2010.

#### Other Income

Other income was \$15,157 in fiscal year 2011 compared to \$304,793 in fiscal year 2010 for a decrease of \$289,636. Other income for fiscal year 2010 includes \$247,084 resulting from the elimination of a payable pursuant to a deemed breach of a contract and the recognition of previously deferred revenue in the amount of \$32,000.

#### Interest Expense

Interest expense was \$1,085,700 in fiscal year 2011 compared to \$828,059 in fiscal year 2010 for an increase of \$257,641. During fiscal year 2011, Greystone Real Estate, L.L.C., incurred a prepayment penalty of \$46,729 as a result of early retirement of its mortgage loan with Kansas City Life Insurance. In addition, GLOG Investment, L.L.C., which is included in the consolidation of Greystone's financial statements for the first time in fiscal year 2011, incurred interest expense of \$171,796.

#### Net Income Attributable to Common Stockholders

After deducting preferred dividends and income attributable to non-controlling interests, the net loss attributable to common stockholders was \$(770,095), or \$(0.03) per share, in fiscal year 2011 compared to a net income attributable to common stockholders of \$97,746, or \$0.00 per share, in fiscal year 2010 for the reasons discussed above.

#### Liquidity and Capital Resources

##### General

A summary of Greystone's cash flows for the year ended May 31, 2011 is as follows:

|                                       |              |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|
| Cash provided by operating activities | \$ 116,329   |
| Cash used in investing activities     | (1,190,576 ) |
| Cash provided by financing activities | 1,079,918    |

Long-term debt obligations of Greystone as of May 31, 2011, excluding the long-term debt obligations of variable interest entities, are as follows:

| Total        | 1 year       | 2-3 years    | 4-5 years | Over<br>5 years |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|-----------|-----------------|
| \$ 8,881,997 | \$ 3,689,738 | \$ 5,169,721 | \$ 22,538 | \$ —            |

To provide for the funding to meet Greystone's operating activities and contractual obligations for fiscal year 2011, Greystone will have to continue to produce positive operating results or explore various options including long-term debt and equity financing. However, there is no guarantee that Greystone will continue to create positive operating results or be able to raise sufficient capital to meet these obligations.

Greystone had a working capital deficit of \$(5,141,078) at May 31, 2011, which includes payables to related parties of \$4,940,634, including advances of \$725,080, current portion of long-term debt of \$2,593,716 and accounts payable and accrued expenses of \$1,621,838. This deficit reflects the uncertain financial condition of Greystone resulting from its inability to obtain long-term financing from traditional financing sources and its reliance on related parties. There is no assurance that Greystone will secure such financing.

As described below, substantially all of the financing that Greystone has received through May 31, 2011 has been provided by loans or through loan guarantees from the officers and directors of Greystone, the offerings of preferred stock to current and former officers and directors of Greystone in 2001 and 2003 and through a private placement of common stock completed in March 2005.

Greystone continues to be dependent upon its officers and directors to provide and/or secure additional financing and there is no assurance that either will do so. As such, there is no assurance that funding will be available for Greystone to continue operations.

Greystone has 50,000 outstanding shares of cumulative 2003 Preferred Stock for a total of \$5,000,000 with a preferred dividend rate at the prime rate of interest plus 3.25%. Greystone does not anticipate that it will make cash dividend payments to any holders of its preferred stock or its common stock unless and until the financial position of Greystone improves through increased revenues, another financing or otherwise. GLOG Investment, L.L.C., is the owner of Greystone's preferred stock. As a result of the consolidation of GLOG with Greystone in fiscal year 2011, GLOG's investment in the preferred stock is eliminated against Greystone's equity.

#### Advances and Loans from Warren Kruger

From time to time, Warren Kruger advances working capital funds to or accepts repayments from Greystone. During fiscal years 2011 and 2010, Mr. Kruger advanced no funds and accepted

repayments of \$126,501 and \$158,500, respectively. Effective December 15, 2005, Greystone entered into a loan agreement with Warren Kruger to convert \$527,716 of the advances into a note payable at 7.5% interest and Mr. Kruger has waived payment of interest and principal thereon until January 15, 2012. Greystone accrues interest on advances and note payable to Mr. Kruger at the rate of 7.5% per year. Interest accrued in fiscal years 2011 and 2010 is \$133,654 and \$146,436, respectively. At May 31, 2011, a note payable of \$527,716, advances of \$725,080 and accrued interest of \$561,856 were due Mr. Kruger or to entities owned or controlled by him.

In addition, Greystone has accounts receivable from entities owned or controlled by Mr. Kruger in the amount of \$652,402 at May 31, 2011.

#### Loans from F&M Bank

On March 4, 2005, Greystone entered into a loan agreement (the "F&M Loan Agreement") with GLOG Investment, L.L.C. ("GLOG") and The F&M Bank & Trust Company ("F&M"), which, among other things, sets forth certain terms applicable to a \$1,500,000 revolving loan extended by F&M to GSM on or about December 18, 2004 and a new \$5,500,000 term loan extended by F&M to GSM on March 4, 2005. GLOG, an entity owned by Warren F. Kruger, President and CEO and a director, and Robert B. Rosene, Jr., a director, was a party to the F&M Loan Agreement for the sole purpose of securing the funds necessary to purchase 50,000 shares of Greystone's 2003 preferred stock. On March 28, 2011, two amendments (collectively, the "2011 Amendments") to the F&M Loan Agreement were executed. The 2011 Amendments (a) have an effective date of March 15, 2011, (b) cause all of GSM's accrued debt under the F&M Loan Agreement plus an additional \$300,000 to be transferred into a single term loan facility, with such facility being in the aggregate principal amount of \$6,097,776 and having a maturity date of March 13, 2014, (c) renew GLOG's obligations under the F&M Loan Agreement in the principal amount of \$3,722,155 until March 15, 2014, (d) provide for cross-collateralization and cross-default among property and debts of GSM, GLOG and Greystone Real Estate, L.L.C., an entity owned by Messrs. Kruger and Rosene, (e) impose certain guaranty requirements on Messrs. Kruger and Rosene, and (f) add to the F&M Loan Agreement certain financial covenants, reporting requirements and other provisions that are customary in such types of agreements.

In addition to the cross-collateralization and cross-default provisions of the 2011 Amendments, Greystone's obligations are secured by a lien in favor of F&M on substantially all of GSM's assets pursuant to the terms of a security agreement. Also, pursuant to the terms of a guaranty agreement, Greystone guaranteed GSM's performance and payment under the notes. In addition, in order to induce F&M to enter into the loan agreement, certain officers and directors of the Company (Messrs. Kruger and Rosene) entered into a limited guaranty agreement with F&M and Mr. Rosene entered into a pledge agreement with F&M.

#### Advances and Loans from Robert Rosene

Effective December 15, 2005, Greystone entered into a loan agreement with Mr. Rosene to convert \$2,066,000 of advances into a note payable at 7.5% interest. Mr. Rosene has waived payment of principal and interest until January 15, 2012. In January, 2011, Mr. Rosene loaned \$500,000 to Greystone which was repaid in April, 2011. Greystone has accrued interest on the loans in the amounts of \$244,402 and \$208,469 in fiscal years 2011 and 2010, respectively. Accrued interest due to Mr. Rosene at May 31, 2011 is \$1,041,682.

Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.

The financial statements of Greystone are set forth on pages F-1 through F-20 inclusive, found at the end of this report.

Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements With Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure.

None.

Item 9A. Controls and Procedures.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Disclosure controls and procedures are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by Greystone in reports filed or submitted under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to management, including the principal executive and financial officers, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. There are inherent limitations to the effectiveness of any system of disclosure controls and procedures, including the possibility of human error and the circumvention or overriding of the controls and procedures. Accordingly, even effective disclosure controls and procedures can only provide reasonable assurance of achieving their control objectives.

As of May 31, 2011, an evaluation was performed under the supervision and with the participation of Greystone's principal executive officer (CEO) and principal financial officer (CFO) of the effectiveness of the design and operation of Greystone's disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to the Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e). Based on this evaluation, Greystone's CEO and CFO have concluded that Greystone's disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as of May 31, 2011 as a result of the two material weaknesses identified below.

Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Greystone's CEO and CFO are responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act. Greystone's internal controls were designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the reliability of Greystone's financial reporting and the preparation of the consolidated financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States, as well as to safeguard assets from unauthorized use or disposition.

Due to inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of control effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that the controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Greystone's CEO and CFO made an assessment of the effectiveness of Greystone's internal control over financial reporting as of May 31, 2011. In making this assessment, Greystone's CEO and CFO used the criteria established in Internal Control—Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). During this evaluation, Greystone's CEO and CFO identified two material weaknesses. As a result of these two material weaknesses, Greystone's CEO and CFO concluded that Greystone did not maintain effective internal control over financial reporting as of May 31, 2011. The material weaknesses are as follows:

- (i) Greystone lacks the necessary corporate accounting resources to maintain adequate segregation of duties. Reliance on these limited resources impairs Greystone's ability to provide for proper segregation of duties and the ability to ensure consistently complete and accurate financial reporting, as well as disclosure controls and procedures.
- (ii) Greystone, at the parent entity level, has limited resources to ensure that necessary internal controls are implemented and followed throughout the company, including its subsidiaries. Because of this limitation with respect to the ability to allocate sufficient resources to internal controls, material misstatements could occur and remain undetected, implementation of new accounting standards could be hindered and risk assessment and monitoring may not be addressed in a timely manner.

#### Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

During the period covered by this report, there was no change in Greystone's internal controls over financial reporting that has materially affected or that is reasonably likely to materially affect Greystone's internal control over financial reporting.

#### Item 9B. Other Information.

None.

## PART III.

## Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance.

## Directors, Executive Officers, Promoters and Control Persons

The following lists the directors and executive officers of Greystone. Directors of Greystone are elected at annual meetings of shareholders unless appointed by the Board of Directors to fill a vacancy upon the resignation or removal of a member or an increase in the number of members of the Board of Directors. Executive officers serve at the pleasure of the Board of Directors.

| Name                              | Position                                              | Term as Director Expires |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Warren F. Kruger                  | President, Chief Executive Officer and Director       | 2012                     |
| Robert B. Rosene, Jr.             | Director                                              | 2012                     |
| William W. Rahhal                 | Chief Financial Officer<br>Effective January 13, 2010 | N/A                      |
| Robert Noland,<br>through 4/18/11 | Senior Vice President                                 | N/A                      |

Warren F. Kruger, President, Chief Executive Officer and Director

Mr. Warren F. Kruger, Manager/CEO of privately held Yorktown Management & Financial Services, L.L.C., is 55 years old. Yorktown Management is involved in investment banking, real estate, manufacturing and energy endeavors. Mr. Kruger earned a Bachelor of Business Administration degree from the University of Oklahoma, and an Executive M.B.A. from Southern Methodist University. Mr. Kruger has over thirty years experience in the financial services industry. In 1980, Mr. Kruger co-founded MCM Group, Ltd., which owned and controlled United Bank Club Association, Inc. until 1996 when the firm was sold to a subsidiary of Cendant Corp. (CD-NYSE). He also owned and operated Century Ice, a manufacturer and distributor of ice products from 1996 to 1997, when Packaged Ice, Inc., acquired Century Ice in an industry rollup. Mr. Kruger is a partner with William W. Pritchard in privately held WCC, with investments in oil and gas, real estate and investment banking.

Mr. Kruger became a director of Greystone on January 4, 2002, served as President and Chief Executive Officer from January 10, 2003 to August 15, 2005 and, most recently, has served as President and Chief Executive Officer from November 18, 2006 to the present.

Mr. Robert B. Rosene, Jr., Director

Mr. Rosene, age 57, is President of Seminole Energy Services, L.L.C., a natural gas marketing and gathering company that he co-founded in 1998. Also in 1998, Mr. Rosene co-founded Summit Exploration, L.L.C., an oil and gas production company that holds oil and gas production in several states. Mr. Rosene has served as a director of publicly traded Syntroleum Corporation since 1985. Mr. Rosene has a B.A. with an emphasis in accounting from Oklahoma Baptist University.

Mr. Rosene became a director of Greystone effective June 14, 2004.

William W. Rahhal, Chief Financial Officer

William W. Rahhal, age 70, is a partner of Rahhal Henderson Johnson, PLLC, Certified Public Accountants, in Ardmore, Oklahoma, and served as managing partner of such accounting firm from 1988 to 2010. Mr. Rahhal previously served as Greystone's Chief Financial Officer from October 1, 2002 to October 1, 2004 and subsequently served Greystone as an accounting and financial consultant until his appointment as its Interim Chief Financial Officer. Mr. Rahhal earned his B.B.A. from the University of Oklahoma and is a Certified Public Accountant licensed in Oklahoma and Texas. Mr. Rahhal has also previously served as a Senior Manager with Price Waterhouse & Co. (now PriceWaterhouseCoopers, LLP) and as financial manager of a privately-held oil and gas production company and contract drilling company.

Mr. Rahhal was named Interim Chief Financial Officer effective as of January 13, 2010 and was subsequently named Chief Financial Officer on a permanent basis.

Robert C. Noland, former Senior Vice President of Sales and Marketing

Robert C. Noland, Senior Vice President of Sales and Marketing for Greystone Logistics has over 26 years experience in marketing, sales, and sales management. His background has incorporated High Technology Equipment, Global Positioning Software, Logistics, and Transportation.

Mr. Noland has a Marketing Degree from Kansas State University and an MBA from the University of Arkansas. He resides in Atlanta, Georgia.

Mr. Noland resigned effective April 18, 2011.

Identification of the Audit Committee; Audit Committee Financial Expert

Due to Greystone's size and stage of development, it has had difficulty recruiting individuals to serve on its Board of Directors who are qualified to serve as an audit committee financial expert on an audit committee. As of May 31, 2011, the Company had not established an audit committee and the entire Board of Directors essentially serves as Greystone's audit committee.

Code of Ethics

Effective April 8, 2008, Greystone adopted a Code of Ethics applicable to the Company's officers and directors. Greystone undertakes to provide any person without charge, upon request, a copy of such Code of Ethics. Requests may be directed to Greystone Logistics, Inc., 1613 East 15th Street, Tulsa, Oklahoma 74120, or by calling (918) 583-7441.

# Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance

Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 requires Greystone's directors, officers and persons who beneficially own more than 10% of any class of the Company's equity securities registered under Section 12 to file with the Securities and Exchange Commission initial reports of ownership and reports of changes in ownership of such registered securities of the Company. Officers, directors and greater than 10% beneficial owners are required by regulation to furnish to Greystone copies of all Section 16(a) reports they file.

Based solely on review of the copies of such reports furnished to Greystone and any written representations that no other reports were required during fiscal year 2011, to Greystone's knowledge, all Section 16(a) filing requirements applicable to its officers, directors and greater than 10% beneficial owners during fiscal year 2011 were complied with on a timely basis, except as follows:

| Name             | Number of<br>Late Reports | Number of<br>Reports Not<br>Reported on a<br>Timely Basis | Number of<br>Reports<br>Not<br>Not Filed |
|------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|
| Warren F. Kruger | 1                         | 1                                                         | 0                                        |

## Item 11. Executive Compensation.

The following table sets forth the compensation paid to named executive officers during the fiscal years ended May 31, 2011 and 2010:

Summary Compensation Table

| Name and<br>Principal Position                                         | Fiscal Year<br>Ending May<br>31, | Salary    | Bonus | Option<br>Awards | Nonqualified<br>Deferred<br>Compensation<br>Earnings |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------|-------|------------------|------------------------------------------------------|
| Warren F. Kruger,<br>President and Chief<br>Executive Officer          | 2011                             | \$120,000 | -0-   | -0-              | 120,000 1                                            |
|                                                                        | 2010                             | \$120,000 | -0-   | -0-              | 120,000 1                                            |
| Robert H. Nelson,<br>Chief Financial<br>Officer,<br>through 10/24/2009 | 2010                             | \$ 12,692 | -0-   | -0-              |                                                      |
| William W. Rahhal,<br>Chief Financial Officer                          | 2011                             | \$52,000  | -0-   | -0-              |                                                      |
|                                                                        | 2010                             | \$ 26,077 | -0-   | -0-              |                                                      |
| Robert Noland<br>Senior Vice President<br>through 4/18/2011            | 2011                             | \$112,923 | -0-   | -0-              |                                                      |
|                                                                        | 2010                             | \$130,000 | -0-   | -0-              |                                                      |

1 Mr. Kruger voluntarily decided to forgo half of his salary beginning in fiscal year 2006. Greystone has agreed to pay such deferred compensation upon separation of his services from Greystone.

The following table provides information with respect to named executive officers concerning outstanding equity awards as of May 31, 2011:

Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year End

| Name              | Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options – Exercisable | Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options – Unexercisable | Option Exercise Price | Option Expiration Date |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| Warren F. Kruger  | 100,000                                                           | -0-                                                                 | \$3.125               | 4/11/2012              |
|                   | 25,000                                                            | -0-                                                                 | \$1.60                | 6/26/2012              |
|                   | 150,000                                                           | -0-                                                                 | \$0.55                | 4/1/2013               |
|                   | 250,000                                                           | -0-                                                                 | \$0.40                | 2/28/2014              |
| William W. Rahhal | 100,000                                                           | -0-                                                                 | \$0.55                | 4/1/2013               |
| Robert Noland     | 200,000                                                           | -0-                                                                 | \$0.40                | 2/28/2014              |

Directors' and Officers' Compensation

Greystone does not pay cash compensation to the members of its Board of Directors for services on the Board. From time to time in the past, Greystone has granted options to the members of its Board of Directors under its stock option plan as compensation for serving on Greystone's Board of Directors. No options to purchase common stock were issued to Greystone's directors or officers during fiscal years 2011 or 2010.

Because the Board of Directors consists of two persons of which one is an outside director, the Board has not considered it necessary to create a compensation committee. Both of Greystone's directors participate in determining compensation for officers.

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters.

Securities Authorized for Issuance under Equity Compensation Plans

As of May 31, 2011, Greystone had one equity incentive plan under which equity securities have been authorized for issuance to Greystone's directors, officers, employees and other persons who perform substantial services for or on behalf of Greystone. The following table provides certain information relating to such stock option plan during the year ended May 31, 2011:

## Equity Compensation Plan Information

|                                                            | (a)                                                                                         | (b)                                                                         | (c)                                                                                                                                         |
|------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Plan Category                                              | Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights | Weighted-average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and rights | Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in column (a)) |
| Equity compensation plans approved by security holders     | 1,940,000                                                                                   | \$0.99                                                                      | 18,035,000                                                                                                                                  |
| Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders | -0-                                                                                         | N/A                                                                         | -0-                                                                                                                                         |
| Total                                                      | 1,940,000                                                                                   | \$0.99                                                                      | 18,035,000                                                                                                                                  |

## Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management

As of August 31, 2011, Greystone had 26,111,201 shares of its common stock and 50,000 shares of its 2003 preferred stock outstanding. Each share of the 2003 preferred stock is convertible into approximately 66.67 shares of Greystone's common stock.

The following table sets forth certain information regarding the shares of Greystone's common stock beneficially owned as of May 31, 2011, by (i) each person known by Greystone to own beneficially 5% or more of Greystone's outstanding common stock, (ii) each of Greystone's directors and officers, and (iii) all of Greystone's directors and officers as a group:

| Name and Address of Beneficial Owner                                                        | Amount and Nature of Beneficial Owner(1) | Percent of Class(2) |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|---------------------|
| GLOG Investment, L.L.C.<br>1613 E. 15th Street<br>Tulsa, OK 74160                           | 3,333,333(3)                             | 11.32%              |
| Warren F. Kruger<br>Chairman, President and CEO<br>1613 East 15th Street<br>Tulsa, OK 74120 | 10,175,888(4)                            | 33.95%              |
| William W. Rahhal<br>Chief Financial Officer<br>1613 East 15th Street<br>Tulsa, OK 74120    | 152,883(5)                               | 0.58%               |
| Robert B. Rosene, Jr.                                                                       | 6,252,384(6)                             | 21.16%              |

Director

1323 E. 71st Street, Suite 300

Tulsa, OK 74136

William Pritchard

1,486,029(7)

5.60%

1437 S. Boulder

Tulsa, OK 74119

All Directors & Officers as a Group (3  
persons)

13,247,822(8)

43.91%

- (1) The number of shares beneficially owned by each holder is calculated in accordance with the rules of the Commission, which provide that each holder shall be deemed to be a beneficial owner of a security if that holder has the right to acquire beneficial ownership of the security within 60 days through options, warrants or the conversion of another security; provided, however, if such holder acquires any such rights in connection with or as a participant in any transaction with the effect of changing or influencing control of the issuer, then immediately upon such acquisition, the holder will be deemed to be the beneficial owner of the securities. The number the shares of common stock beneficially owned by each holder includes common stock directly owned by such holder and the number of shares of common stock such holder has the right to acquire upon the conversion of 2003 preferred stock and/or upon the exercise of certain options or warrants.
- (2) The percentage ownership for each holder is calculated in accordance with the rules of the Commission, which provide that any shares a holder is deemed to beneficially own by virtue of having a right to acquire shares upon the conversion of warrants, options or other rights, or upon the conversion of preferred stock or other rights are considered outstanding solely for purposes of calculating such holder's percentage ownership.
- (3) The total includes 3,333,333 shares of common stock deemed to be owned directly by GLOG Investment, L.L.C. by virtue of its ownership of the 2003 Preferred Stock, which is convertible into common stock. GLOG is wholly owned by the following officers and/or directors of the Registrant: Warren F. Kruger (Chairman, President and CEO) and Robert B. Rosene, Jr. (Director). By virtue of their ownership of and control over GLOG, these shares are also included in the number of shares beneficially owned by each of Warren F. Kruger and Robert B. Rosene, Jr.
- (4) The total includes: (i) 6,291,755 shares of common stock beneficially owned directly by Warren Kruger; (ii) 19,000 shares held of record by Yorktown; (iii) 525,000 shares of common stock that Warren Kruger directly has the right to acquire in connection with options; (iv) 6,800 shares of common stock that Warren Kruger holds as custodian for minor children; and (v) 3,333,333 shares that GLOG Investment, L.L.C. has the right to acquire upon conversion of the 2003 preferred stock. By virtue of his ability to control GLOG Investment, L.L.C., Warren Kruger is also deemed to beneficially own the shares directly owned by GLOG.
- (5) The total includes: (i) 52,883 shares of common stock that William Rahhal which owns as a joint tenant and (ii) 100,000 shares of common stock that Mr. Rahhal has the right to acquire in connection with options.
- (6) The total includes: (i) 2,770,951 shares of common stock beneficially owned directly by Robert Rosene; (ii) 48,100 shares of common stock held of record by RMP Operating Co., (iii) 100,000 shares of common stock that Robert Rosene has the right to acquire with options; and (iv) 3,333,333 shares that GLOG Investment, L.L.C. has the right to acquire upon conversion of the 2003 preferred stock. By virtue of his ability to control GLOG, Robert Rosene is also deemed to beneficially own the shares directly owned by GLOG.
- (7) The total includes: (i) 1,061,029 shares of common stock beneficially owned directly by William Pritchard; and (ii) 425,000 shares of common stock that William Pritchard has the right to acquire with options.
- (8) The total includes: (i) 9,189,489 outstanding shares; (ii) 725,000 shares issuable upon exercise of vested stock options; and (iii) 3,333,333 shares that GLOG Investment, L.L.C. has the right to acquire upon conversion of the 2003 preferred stock. By virtue of their ownership of and control over GLOG, these shares are also included in the number of shares beneficially owned by the directors and officers as a group.

Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence

Transactions with Related Persons

Loans and Advances

For information regarding loans from Warren Kruger, see "Loans from Warren Kruger" under the heading "Liquidity and Capital Resources" in Item 7 of this Form 10-K.

For information regarding an advance from Robert Rosene, see "Advances and Loans from Robert Rosene" under the heading "Liquidity and Capital Resources" in Item 7 of this Form 10-K.

For information regarding the loan from F&M and Messrs. Kruger's and Rosene's relationship thereto, see "Loan from F&M Bank" in Item 7 of this Form 10-K.

Technology License Agreement

In April 2001, Greystone entered into a license agreement with WCC, an entity owned by Warren Kruger and William Pritchard, providing for Greystone to have the exclusive right and license to use fire retardancy technology then being developed under the direction and expense of WCC. The license agreement was negotiated and executed 9 months before Warren Kruger, William Pritchard, or entities with which they are affiliated became directors or beneficial owners of 10% or more of Greystone's common stock in January 2002. Under the agreement, Greystone must pay the greater of 2.5% of Greystone's gross monthly revenues derived from the sale of UL listed pallets using the technology or a minimum monthly royalty of \$10,000. However, WCC also agreed in the license agreement to convey to Greystone ownership of the licensed process (as defined in the agreement) in the event that cumulative royalties paid by Greystone equaled \$250,000 during the first two years of the agreement, subject to an override or carried interest in favor of WCC equal to 2.5% of the gross monthly revenues which are the same payments as would have been received under the license agreement. Subsequent to the execution of the original agreement which provided for a "coating" technology, Westgate Capital Company, L.L.C., developed an additive process which Greystone used to successfully complete UL testing. The technology is currently known as CJ2(TM).

Greystone has previously incurred \$400,000 of royalty fees under the license agreement and issued its common stock to WCC in satisfaction of the debt. It is Greystone's understanding that it has a paid-up licensing agreement with Westgate Capital Company, L.L.C. WCC has not asserted that Greystone is in default under the license agreement, and WCC has indicated that it has no current intentions of asserting any default by Greystone under such agreement.

## Other Transactions

Yorktown Management & Financial Services, LLC, an entity wholly owned by the Company's CEO and President, purchases raw material and grinds the material for Greystone's pallet production in order to alleviate Greystone's working capital requirements for maintaining raw material inventory. Greystone purchases the raw material as it is used in production and reimburses Yorktown its cost plus a grinding fee of \$0.04 per pound. During fiscal years 2011 and 2010, GSM's raw material purchases from Yorktown totaled \$2,966,428 and \$3,814,115, respectively.

In addition, GSM pays rental to Yorktown for certain pallet molds at the rate of \$1.00 per pallet. During fiscal years 2011 and 2010, GSM paid or accrued \$43,820 and \$42,888, respectively, in rentals for use of certain pallet molds.

Yorktown and GSM have an agreement for purchase, processing and selling pelletized recycled plastic resin. Yorktown purchases the raw material and GSM supplies the labor and operating overhead. Upon shipment to customers, Yorktown invoices GSM for the cost of the raw material. GSM invoices customers recognizing revenue and accruing profit-sharing expense to Yorktown at 40% of the gross profit, defined as revenue less cost of material and sales commissions of \$0.025 per pound. Yorktown's profit share of the resin sales for fiscal years 2011 and 2010 was approximately \$359,000 and \$92,000, respectively.

Greystone reimburses an entity owned by Warren Kruger for office rent at the rate of \$1,500 per month.

On January 18, 2011, GRE and GSM entered into a Real Property Sale and Lease Agreement (the "Sale and Lease Agreement"). GRE is owned by Warren F. Kruger, President and Chief Executive Officer of Greystone as well as a member of the Board of Directors of Greystone, and Robert B. Rosene, Jr., a member of the Board of Directors of Greystone. GSM is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Greystone. The Sale and Lease Agreement calls for GSM to sell its approximately 60,000 square foot manufacturing facility located in Bettendorf, Iowa and the real estate on which such facility is located (collectively, the "Facility") to GRE for a purchase price of \$2,700,000 (the "Facility Purchase Price") and, upon such sale, for GRE to lease the Facility to GSM for a period of 120 months at a monthly rental rate of \$20,133. The sale was effective as of January 18, 2011. The Facility Purchase Price is payable as follows: (a) \$1,341,464 to be paid on January 18, 2011 by GRE to Greystone Plastics, Inc. on behalf of GSM in order to pay off the loan from Greystone Plastics, Inc. to GSM that financed GSM's purchase of the Facility, (b) \$658,536 to be paid in cash on January 18, 2011 by GRE to GSM, and (c) \$700,000 to be paid by GRE to GSM pursuant to a promissory note with an interest rate of 5% per annum and all principal and accrued interest thereon being due on April 18, 2011. In addition, the Sale and Lease Agreement provides GSM with the option to purchase the Facility during the term of the Sale and Lease Agreement at a price equal to the fair market value thereof, and calls for GSM to be responsible for taxes, utilities, maintenance and insurance with respect to the Facility. The Sale and Lease Agreement also contains warranty, indemnification and other provisions that are customary in such types of agreements.

## Director Independence

Greystone has determined that Mr. Rosene is "independent" within the meaning of Rule 4200(a)(15) of the NASDAQ listing standards. Because of the small size of Greystone's Board of Directors, it has not established any committees. Rather, the entire Board acts as, and performs the same functions as, the audit committee, compensation committee and nominating committee. Mr. Kruger is not considered "independent" within the meaning of Rule 4200(a)(15) of the NASDAQ listing standards.

## Item 14. Principal Accounting Fees and Services.

The following is a summary of the fees billed to Greystone by HoganTaylor LLP, Greystone's independent registered public accounting firm, for professional services rendered for the fiscal years ended May 31, 2011 and May 31, 2010:

| Fee Category       | Fiscal 2011<br>Fees | Fiscal 2010<br>Fees |
|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Audit Fees(1)      | \$92,000            | \$85,000            |
| Audit-Related Fees | 0                   | 0                   |
| Tax Fees           | 0                   | 0                   |
| All Other Fees     | 0                   | 0                   |
| Total Fees         | \$92,000            | \$85,000            |

(1) Audit Fees consist of aggregate fees billed for professional services rendered for the audit of Greystone's annual financial statements and review of the interim financial statements included in quarterly reports or services that are normally provided by the independent registered public accounting firm in connection with statutory and regulatory filings or engagements during the fiscal years ended May 31, 2011 and May 31, 2010, respectively.

The entire Board of Directors of Greystone is responsible for the appointment, compensation and oversight of the work of the independent registered public accounting firm and approves in advance any services to be performed by the independent registered public accounting firm, whether audit-related or not. The entire Board of Directors reviews each proposed engagement to determine whether the provision of services is compatible with maintaining the independence of the independent registered public accounting firm. All of the fees shown above were pre-approved by the entire Board of Directors.

## PART IV

## Item 15. Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules.

## (a) (1) Consolidated Financial Statements

The financial statements required under this item are included in Item 8 of Part II.

## (2) Schedules

None.

## (3) Exhibits



| Exhibit<br>No. | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 2.1            | Certificate of Ownership and Merger Merging PalWeb Corporation, a Delaware corporation, into PalWeb Oklahoma Corporation, an Oklahoma corporation, filed with the Delaware Secretary of State on May 2, 2002 (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 2.1 of the Company's Form 8-K12G3 dated May 2, 2002, which was filed with the SEC on May 24, 2002). |
| 2.2            | Certificate of Ownership and Merger Merging PalWeb Corporation, a Delaware corporation, into PalWeb Oklahoma Corporation, an Oklahoma corporation, filed with the Oklahoma Secretary of State on May 2, 2002 (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 2.2 of the Company's Form 8-K12G3 dated May 2, 2002, which was filed with the SEC on May 24, 2002). |
| 3.1            | Certificate of Incorporation of PalWeb Oklahoma Corporation filed with the Oklahoma Secretary of State on May 2, 2002 (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of the Company's Form 8-K12G3 dated May 2, 2002, which was filed with the SEC on May 24, 2002).                                                                                        |
| 3.2            | Bylaws of PalWeb Oklahoma Corporation as adopted on May 2, 2002 (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.2 of the Company's Form 8-K12G3 dated May 2, 2002, which was filed with the SEC on May 24, 2002).                                                                                                                                              |
| 4.1            | Certificate of Incorporation of PalWeb Oklahoma Corporation filed with the Oklahoma Secretary of State on May 2, 2002 (included in Exhibit 3.1).                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| 4.2            | Certificate of the Designation, Preferences, Rights and Limitations of PalWeb Corporation's Series 2003 Cumulative Convertible Senior Preferred Stock (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of the Company's Form 8-K dated September 8, 2003, which was filed with the SEC on September 23, 2003).                                                |
| 4.3            | Certificate of Ownership and Merger Merging Greystone Logistics, Inc., into PalWeb Corporation filed with the Oklahoma Secretary of State on March 18, 2005 (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of the Company's Form 8-K dated March 18, 2005, which was filed with the SEC on March 24, 2005).                                                 |
| 10.1           | License Agreement by and between Westgate Capital Company, L.L.C., and PalWeb Corporation dated April 20, 2001 (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.21 of the Company's Form 10-KSB for the Fiscal Year Ended May 31, 2002, which was filed with the SEC on September 13, 2002).                                                                   |

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- 10.4\*\* Stock Option Plan of PalWeb Corporation (effective May 11, 2001), as amended (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.32 of the Company's Form 10-KSB for the Fiscal Year Ended May 31, 2002, which was filed with the SEC on September 13, 2002).
- 10.5\*\* Form of Non-Qualified Stock Option Agreement (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 99.8 of the Company's Form 10-KSB for the Fiscal Year Ended May 31, 2001, which was filed with the SEC on September 13, 2001).
- 10.6\*\* Form of Incentive Stock Option Agreement (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 99.9 of the Company's Form 10-KSB for the Fiscal Year Ended May 31, 2001, which was filed with the SEC on September 13, 2001).
- 10.7\*\* Form of Nonemployee Director Stock Option Agreement (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 99.10 of the Company's Form 10-KSB for the Fiscal Year Ended May 31, 2001, which was filed with the SEC on September 13, 2001).
- 10.8 \*\* Form of Employee Director Incentive Stock Option Agreement (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.36 of the Company's Form 10-KSB for the Fiscal Year Ended May 31, 2002, which was filed with the SEC on September 13, 2002).
- 10.9 Assignment and Indemnity Agreement between the Company and Paul A. Kruger (regarding transfer of stock of PP Financial, Inc.) dated May 30, 2002 (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.39 of the Company's Form 10-KSB for the Fiscal Year Ended May 31, 2002, which was filed with the SEC on September 13, 2002).
- 10.10 Asset Purchase Agreement between Greystone Plastics, Inc. and Greystone Manufacturing, L.L.C. dated September 3, 2003 (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Company's Form 8-K dated September 8, 2003, which was filed with the SEC on September 23, 2003).

- 10.11\*\* Employment Agreement between PalWeb Corporation and Warren Kruger dated August 13, 2003 (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.35 of the Company's Form 10-KSB for the Fiscal Year Ended May 31, 2004, which was filed with the SEC on August 30, 2004).
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- 10.13 Security Agreement dated March 4, 2005, by and between Greystone Manufacturing, L.L.C., and The F&M Bank & Trust Company (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.4 of the Company's Form 8-K dated March 4, 2005, which was filed with the SEC on March 10, 2005).
- 10.14 Mortgage Agreement dated March 4, 2005, by and between Greystone Manufacturing, L.L.C., and The F&M Bank & Trust Company (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.5 of the Company's Form 8-K dated March 4, 2005, which was filed with the SEC on March 10, 2005).
- 10.15 Guaranty of PalWeb Corporation dated March 4, 2005 (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.6 of the Company's Form 8-K dated March 4, 2005, which was filed with the SEC on March 10, 2005).
- 10.16 Industrial Lease dated as of July 1, 2004, by and between Greystone Properties, LLC, and Greystone Manufacturing, L.L.C. (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Company's Form 10-QSB for the Quarterly Period Ended February 28, 2005, which was filed with the SEC on April 20, 2005).
- 10.17 Equipment Rental Contract dated as of November 1, 2004, by and between NYOK Partners and Greystone Manufacturing, L.L.C. relating to certain grinding equipment (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the Company's Form 10-QSB for the Quarterly Period Ended February 28, 2005, which was filed with the SEC on April 20, 2005).
- 10.18 Equipment Rental Contract dated as of November 1, 2004, by and between NYOK Partners and Greystone Manufacturing, L.L.C. relating to plastic injection molding machine (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of the Company's Form 10-QSB for the Quarterly Period Ended February 28, 2005, which was filed with the SEC on April 20, 2005).

- 10.19 Promissory Note dated as of December 15, 2005 in the amount of \$2,066,000 issued by Greystone Logistics, Inc. and Greystone Manufacturing, L.L.C. to Robert B. Rosene, Jr. (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the Company's Form 10-QSB for the Quarterly Period Ended November 30, 2005, which was filed with the SEC on January 17, 2006).
- 10.20 Promissory Note dated as of December 15, 2005 in the amount of \$527,716 issued by Greystone Logistics, Inc. and Greystone Manufacturing, L.L.C. to Warren F. Kruger, Jr. (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of the Company's Form 10-QSB for the Quarterly Period Ended November 30, 2005, which was filed with the SEC on January 17, 2006).
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- 10.23 Yorktown Management & Financial Services, LLC Molds, Grinder, Ancillary Resin Handling Equipment, Bumper Contract, Raw Materials and Finished Goods Inventory Purchase Agreement and Bill of Sale dated as of February 7, 2007, by and between Greystone Logistics, Inc. and Yorktown Management & Financial Services, LLC (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Company's Form 8-K dated February 7, 2007, which was filed with the SEC on February 27, 2007).
- 10.24 Pallet Molds Lease Agreement dated as of February 7, 2007, by and between Greystone Manufacturing, LLC and Yorktown Management & Financial Services, LLC (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the Company's Form 8-K dated February 7, 2007, which was filed with the SEC on February 27, 2007).
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- 32.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (submitted herewith).
- \*\* Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement required to be filed as an exhibit to this report.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

GREYSTONE LOGISTICS, INC.  
(Registrant)

Date: 09/16/11

/s/ Warren F. Kruger  
Warren F. Kruger  
Director, President and Chief  
Executive Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Date: 09/16/11

/s/ Warren F. Kruger  
Warren F. Kruger  
Director, President and Chief  
Executive Officer

Date: 09/16/11

/s/ Robert B. Rosene, Jr.  
Robert B. Rosene, Jr., Director

Date: 09/16/11

/s/ William W. Rahhal  
William W. Rahhal, Chief Financial Officer

Index to Exhibits

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- 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and Item 601(b)(31) of Regulation S-K, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (submitted herewith).
- 31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and Item 601(b)(31) of Regulation S-K, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (submitted herewith).
- 32.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (submitted herewith).
- 32.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (submitted herewith).

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CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF GREYSTONE LOGISTICS, INC.

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Stockholders of  
Greystone Logistics, Inc.

We have audited the consolidated balance sheets of Greystone Logistics, Inc. and subsidiaries as of May 31, 2011 and 2010, and the related consolidated statements of income, changes in stockholders' deficit and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audit included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Greystone Logistics, Inc. and subsidiaries as of May 31, 2011 and 2010, and the consolidated results of their operations and their cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. At May 31, 2011, the Company has a working capital deficit of \$5,141,078, stockholders' deficit of \$14,206,077 and total deficit of \$9,704,991. These deficits raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans in regard to these matters are described in Note 2. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of these uncertainties.

/S/ HOGANTAYLOR LLP

Tulsa, Oklahoma  
September 16, 2011

Greystone Logistics, Inc. and Subsidiaries  
Consolidated Balance Sheets

| Assets                                                                                                                                                           | 2011          | 2010          |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Current Assets:                                                                                                                                                  |               |               |
| Cash                                                                                                                                                             | \$ 169,420    | \$ 163,749    |
| Accounts receivable -<br>Trade, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$75,000<br>and \$-0- for 2011 and 2010, respectively                                  | 1,769,387     | 1,605,160     |
| Related parties                                                                                                                                                  | 652,402       | -             |
| Inventory                                                                                                                                                        | 543,557       | 649,943       |
| Prepaid expenses                                                                                                                                                 | 70,990        | 68,673        |
| Total Current Assets                                                                                                                                             | 3,205,756     | 2,487,525     |
| Property and Equipment, net of accumulated depreciation                                                                                                          | 3,891,163     | 5,779,245     |
| Assets of Greystone Real Estate, L.L.C., net of<br>accumulated depreciation                                                                                      | 3,822,445     | 1,765,960     |
| Other Assets:                                                                                                                                                    |               |               |
| Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization                                                                                                               | 100,693       | 95,176        |
| Total Assets                                                                                                                                                     | \$ 11,020,057 | \$ 10,127,906 |
| Liabilities and Deficit                                                                                                                                          |               |               |
| Current Liabilities:                                                                                                                                             |               |               |
| Current portion of long-term debt                                                                                                                                | \$ 3,689,738  | \$ 8,950,837  |
| Greystone Real Estate, L.L.C., current portion of long-term debt                                                                                                 | 247,843       | 55,067        |
| GLOG Investments, L.L.C., current portion of long-term debt                                                                                                      | 135,173       | -             |
| Advances payable - related party                                                                                                                                 | 725,080       | 851,581       |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses                                                                                                                            | 1,927,162     | 1,301,344     |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses - related parties                                                                                                          | 1,621,838     | 1,660,195     |
| Preferred dividends payable                                                                                                                                      | -             | 2,282,122     |
| Total Current Liabilities                                                                                                                                        | 8,346,834     | 15,101,146    |
| Long-Term Debt, net of current portion                                                                                                                           | 5,192,259     | 1,549,486     |
| Long-Term Debt of Variable Interest Entities, net of current<br>portion                                                                                          |               |               |
| Greystone Real Estate, L.L.C.                                                                                                                                    | 3,618,984     | 1,158,810     |
| GLOG Investments, L.L.C.                                                                                                                                         | 3,566,971     | -             |
| Deficit:                                                                                                                                                         |               |               |
| Preferred stock, \$0.0001 par value, cumulative, 20,750,000<br>shares authorized, 50,000 shares issued and outstanding,<br>liquidation preference of \$5,000,000 | -             | 5             |
| Common stock, \$0.0001 par value, 5,000,000,000 shares<br>authorized, 26,111,201 issued and outstanding                                                          | 2,611         | 2,611         |
| Additional paid-in capital                                                                                                                                       | 48,089,298    | 53,017,317    |

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|                                       |               |               |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Accumulated deficit                   | (62,297,986 ) | (61,527,891 ) |
| Total Greystone Stockholders' Deficit | (14,206,077 ) | (8,507,958 )  |
| Non-Controlling Interests             | 4,501,086     | 826,422       |
| Total Deficit                         | (9,704,991 )  | (7,681,536 )  |
| Total Liabilities and Deficit         | \$ 11,020,057 | \$ 10,127,906 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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Greystone Logistics, Inc. and Subsidiaries  
Consolidated Statements of Operations

|                                                                                                       | 2011          |    | 2010       |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|----|------------|
| Sales                                                                                                 | \$ 20,501,824 | \$ | 16,230,555 |
| Cost of Sales                                                                                         | 18,357,836    |    | 13,145,667 |
| Gross Profit                                                                                          | 2,143,988     |    | 3,084,888  |
| General, Selling and Administrative Expenses                                                          | 1,920,649     |    | 2,058,302  |
| Operating Income                                                                                      | 223,339       |    | 1,026,586  |
| Other Income (Expense):                                                                               |               |    |            |
| Other income                                                                                          | 15,157        |    | 304,793    |
| Interest expense                                                                                      | (1,085,700)   | )  | (828,059)  |
| Total Other Expense, net                                                                              | (1,070,543)   | )  | (523,266)  |
| Net Income (Loss)                                                                                     | (847,204)     | )  | 503,320    |
| (Income) Loss Attributable to Variable Interest Entities, net                                         | 77,109        |    | (81,464)   |
| Preferred Dividends                                                                                   | -             |    | (324,110)  |
| Net Income (Loss) Attributable to Common Stock Stockholders                                           | \$ (770,095)  | )  | \$ 97,746  |
| Income (Loss) Available to Common Stock Stockholders<br>Per Share of Common Stock - Basic and Diluted | \$ (0.03)     | )  | \$ 0.00    |
| Weighted Average Shares of Common Stock Outstanding<br>Basic and Diluted                              | 26,111,201    |    | 26,111,201 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Greystone Logistics, Inc. and Subsidiaries  
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Deficit

|                                                                        | Preferred<br>Stock |        | Common Stock |         | Additional<br>Paid-in<br>Capital | Accumulated<br>Deficit | Total<br>Greystone<br>Stockholders'<br>Deficit | Non-controlling<br>Interests | Total<br>Deficit |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------|--------------|---------|----------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------|
|                                                                        | Shares             | Amount | Shares       | Amount  |                                  |                        |                                                |                              |                  |
| Balances,<br>May 31, 2009                                              | 50,000             | \$5    | 26,111,201   | \$2,611 | \$52,921,349                     | \$(61,625,637)         | \$(8,701,672 )                                 | \$788,029                    | (7,913,643)      |
| Stock based<br>compensation                                            | -                  | -      | -            | -       | 95,968                           | -                      | 95,968                                         | -                            | 95,968           |
| Preferred<br>dividends<br>accrued                                      | -                  | -      | -            | -       | -                                | (324,110 )             | (324,110 )                                     | -                            | (324,110)        |
| Dividends<br>paid                                                      | -                  | -      | -            | -       | -                                | -                      | -                                              | (43,071 )                    | (43,071)         |
| Net income                                                             | -                  | -      | -            | -       | -                                | 421,856                | 421,856                                        | 81,464                       | 503,320          |
| Balances,<br>May 31, 2010                                              | 50,000             | 5      | 26,111,201   | 2,611   | 53,017,317                       | (61,527,891)           | (8,507,958 )                                   | 826,422                      | (7,681,536)      |
| Adjustment<br>for<br>consolidating<br>variable<br>interest<br>entities | (50,000)           | (5)    | -            | -       | (4,999,995 )                     | -                      | (5,000,000 )                                   | 3,458,517                    | (1,541,483)      |
| Capital<br>contributions                                               | -                  | -      | -            | -       | -                                | -                      | -                                              | 293,256                      | 293,256          |
| Stock based<br>compensation                                            | -                  | -      | -            | -       | 71,976                           | -                      | 71,976                                         | -                            | 71,976           |
| Net income<br>(loss)                                                   | -                  | -      | -            | -       | -                                | (770,095 )             | (770,095 )                                     | (77,109 )                    | (847,204)        |
| Balances,<br>May 31, 2011                                              | -                  | \$-    | 26,111,201   | \$2,611 | \$48,089,298                     | \$(62,297,986)         | \$(14,206,077)                                 | \$4,501,086                  | \$(9,704,991)    |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Greystone Logistics, Inc. and Subsidiaries  
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

|                                                                                         | For the Year Ended May 31, |              |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------|
|                                                                                         | 2011                       | 2010         |
| Cash Flows from Operating Activities:                                                   |                            |              |
| Net Income (Loss)                                                                       | \$ (847,204 )              | \$ 503,320   |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities |                            |              |
| Depreciation and amortization                                                           | 1,015,561                  | 1,017,690    |
| Stock based compensation                                                                | 71,976                     | 95,968       |
| Changes in accounts receivable                                                          | (816,629 )                 | (652,808 )   |
| Changes in inventory                                                                    | 106,386                    | 411,626      |
| Changes in prepaid expenses                                                             | (2,317 )                   | (1,291 )     |
| Changes in accounts payable and accrued expenses                                        | 587,461                    | (31,326 )    |
| Other                                                                                   | 1,095                      | (35,010 )    |
| Net cash provided by operating activities                                               | 116,329                    | 1,308,169    |
| Cash Flows from Investing Activities:                                                   |                            |              |
| Purchase of property and equipment                                                      | (1,171,849 )               | (342,518 )   |
| Debt issue costs                                                                        | (18,727 )                  | -            |
| Net cash used in investing activities                                                   | (1,190,576 )               | (342,518 )   |
| Cash Flows from Financing Activities:                                                   |                            |              |
| Proceeds from notes and advances payable to related parties                             | 500,000                    | 300,000      |
| Payments on notes and advances payable to related parties                               | (626,501 )                 | (158,500 )   |
| Proceeds from long-term debt                                                            | 425,000                    | -            |
| Payments on notes and advances payable                                                  | (2,043,326 )               | (1,123,357 ) |
| Proceeds from long-term debt of variable interest entities                              | 3,908,372                  | -            |
| Payments on long-term debt by variable interest entities                                | (1,376,883 )               | (51,739 )    |
| Capital contributions - variable interest entity                                        | 293,256                    | -            |
| Dividends paid by variable interest entity                                              | -                          | (43,071 )    |
| Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities                                     | 1,079,918                  | (1,076,667 ) |
| Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash                                                         | 5,671                      | (111,016 )   |
| Cash, beginning of year                                                                 | 163,749                    | 274,765      |
| Cash, end of year                                                                       | \$ 169,420                 | \$ 163,749   |

Supplemental Information (Note 12)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Greystone Logistics, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

May 31, 2011 and 2010

Note 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization

Greystone Logistics, Inc. ("Greystone") through its two wholly-owned subsidiaries, Greystone Manufacturing, LLC ("GSM") and Plastic Pallet Production, Inc. ("PPP"), is engaged in the manufacture and marketing of plastic pallets and grinding, pelletizing and selling recycled plastic resin. The recycling of plastic resin is accomplished through an agreement with Yorktown Management & Financial Services, L.L.C., an entity owned by Warren F. Kruger, Greystone's President and CEO.

Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Greystone, its subsidiaries and entities required to be consolidated by the accounting guidance for variable interest entities ("VIE"). All material intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

Greystone consolidates its VIE's, Greystone Real Estate, L.L.C. ("GRE"), formerly named Greystone Properties, L.L.C., and GLOG Investment, L.L.C. These VIE's are owned by Warren F. Kruger, president and CEO, and Robert B. Rosene, Jr., a member of Greystone's board of directors.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of Greystone's financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires Greystone's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in these financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ materially from those estimates.

Accounts Receivable and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Greystone carries its accounts receivable at their face value less an allowance for doubtful accounts. On a periodic basis, Greystone evaluates its accounts receivable and establishes an allowance for doubtful accounts based on a combination of specific customer circumstances and credit conditions and based on a history of collections. Based on periodic reviews of outstanding accounts receivable, Greystone writes off balances deemed to be uncollectible against the allowance for doubtful accounts.

## Inventory

Inventory consists of finished pallets and raw materials and is stated at the lower of average cost or market value.

## Property, Plant and Equipment

Greystone's property, plant and equipment is stated at cost. Depreciation expense is computed on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives, as follows:

|                                         |            |
|-----------------------------------------|------------|
| Plant buildings                         | 39 years   |
| Production machinery and equipment      | 5-10 years |
| Office equipment & furniture & fixtures | 3-5 years  |

Upon sale, retirement or other disposal, the related costs and accumulated depreciation of items of property, plant or equipment are removed from the related accounts and any gain or loss is recognized. When events or changes in circumstances indicate that assets may be impaired, an evaluation is performed comparing the estimated future undiscounted cash flows associated with the asset to the asset's carrying amount. If the asset carrying amount exceeds the cash flows, a write-down to market value is required.

## Patents

Amortization expense for the costs incurred by Greystone to obtain the patents on the modular pallet system and accessories is computed on the straight-line method over the estimated life of 15-17 years.

## Stock Options

The grant-date fair value of stock options and other equity-based compensation issued to employees is amortized over the vesting period of the award as compensation cost. The fair value of new option grants is estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The Black-Scholes option valuation model was developed for use in estimating the fair value of traded options, which have no vesting restrictions and are fully transferable. In addition, option valuation models require the input of highly subjective assumptions including the expected stock price volatility, dividend yields and expected holding periods.

## Recognition of Revenues

Greystone's sales agreements to customers other than its primary customer generally provide for risk of loss to pass to the customers upon shipment from Greystone's plant in Bettendorf, Iowa. Revenue is recognized for these customers at date of shipment.

Greystone's agreement with its major customer provides that (1) risk of loss or damages for product in transit remain with Greystone or (2) product is subject to approval at the buyer's premises. Accordingly, Greystone recognizes revenue when product has been delivered to the customer's sites and risk of loss has passed to the customer.

For sales to all customers, cost of goods sold is recognized when the related revenue is recognized.

## Income Taxes

Greystone accounts for income taxes under the liability method, which requires recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been included in the financial statements or tax returns. Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on the difference between the financial statements and tax bases of assets and liabilities and tax loss carryforwards using enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which the differences are expected to reverse.

## Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the earnings available to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the year. In arriving at income available to common stockholders, preferred stock dividends are deducted from net income for the year. For fiscal years 2011 and 2010, convertible preferred stock, warrants and stock options are not considered as their effect is antidilutive.

The following securities were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share for the fiscal years ended May 31, 2011 and 2010 as their effect would have been antidilutive:

|                                  | 2011      | 2010      |
|----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Options to purchase common stock | 1,940,000 | 1,970,000 |
| Convertible preferred stock      | -         | 3,333,333 |
|                                  | 1,940,000 | 5,303,000 |

## Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Effective June 1, 2010, Greystone adopted Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) 2009-12, Amendments to FASB Interpretation No. 46R. ASU 2009-12 amends certain requirements of FASB Interpretation No. 46 (Revised December 2003), “Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities — an interpretation of ARB No. 51,” to improve the financial reporting by enterprises involved with variable interest entities and to provide more relevant and reliable information to users of financial statements.

Note 2. CONTINUATION AS A GOING CONCERN

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that Greystone will continue as a going concern. At May 31, 2011, the Company has a working capital deficit of \$5,141,078, stockholders' deficit of \$14,206,077 and total deficit of \$9,704,991. Greystone is currently dependent on one customer. Sales to this major customer were approximately 56% of its sales in fiscal year 2011 (66% in fiscal year 2010). During fiscal 2011, the Company amended its bank borrowing agreements providing significant funds to invest in equipment and to continue operations. In past years, Greystone has received substantial advances from investors as well as personal guarantees on its bank debt. Management continues to seek long-term and/or permanent financing. Neither the receipt of additional funding in adequate amounts nor the successful implementation of its business plan can be assured. The combination of these factors raises substantial doubt about Greystone's ability to continue as a going concern.

Note 3. INVENTORY

Inventory consists of the following as of May 31:

|                  | 2011      | 2010      |
|------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Raw materials    | \$171,104 | \$331,539 |
| Finished pallets | 372,453   | 318,404   |
| Total inventory  | \$543,557 | \$649,943 |

Note 4. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

A summary of the property, plant and equipment for Greystone is as follows, as of May 31:

|                                    | 2011         | 2010         |
|------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Production machinery and equipment | \$8,899,389  | \$7,777,025  |
| Building and land                  | -            | 2,598,993    |
| Leasehold improvements             | 188,124      | 146,374      |
| Furniture and fixtures             | 149,723      | 141,988      |
|                                    | 9,237,236    | 10,664,380   |
| Less: accumulated depreciation     | (5,346,073 ) | (4,885,135 ) |
|                                    | \$3,891,163  | \$5,779,245  |

GRE's assets include the following as of May 31:

|                                | 2011        | 2010        |
|--------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Building and land              | \$4,663,339 | \$2,064,346 |
| Less: accumulated depreciation | (840,894 )  | (298,386 )  |
|                                | \$3,822,445 | \$1,765,960 |

Production machinery and equipment includes equipment in the amount of \$1,002,019 that had not been placed into service as of May 31, 2011.

Depreciation expense for the years ended May 31, 2011 and 2010 is \$1,003,446 and \$1,006,201, respectively.

See Note 15, Related Party Transactions, for a discussion of a sale and leaseback transaction of Greystone's building to GRE.

#### Note 5. OTHER ASSETS

Other assets consist of the following as of May 31:

|                             | 2011       | 2010       |
|-----------------------------|------------|------------|
| Greystone:                  |            |            |
| Patents                     | \$ 190,739 | \$ 190,738 |
| Deposits                    | 2,178      | 3,273      |
| Accumulated amortization    | (110,326 ) | (98,835 )  |
| Total Greystone             | 82,591     | 95,176     |
| Greystone Real Estate:      |            |            |
| Debt issue costs            | 18,726     | -          |
| Accumulated amortization    | (624 )     | -          |
| Total Greystone Real Estate | 18,102     | -          |
| Total                       | \$ 100,693 | \$ 95,176  |

Amortization of intangibles was \$12,115 and \$11,489 for 2011 and 2010, respectively. Future amortization will be \$12,115 per year for the next five fiscal years and \$37,940 thereafter.

#### Note 6. LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt consists of the following as of May 31:

Greystone:

|                                                                                                                                                                               | 2011        | 2010        |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Note payable to F&M Bank & Trust Company, prime rate of interest but not less than 4.5%, due March, 13, 2014, payable in monthly principal payments of \$72,593 plus interest | \$5,952,591 | \$4,600,075 |
| Note payable to F&M Bank & Trust Company                                                                                                                                      | -           | 1,261,000   |
| Mortgage payable to Greystone Plastics, Inc.                                                                                                                                  | -           | 1,402,738   |

|                                                                                                                                                                                                   |             |             |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Note payable to BancFirst, prime rate of interest plus 1%, due July 1, 2012 payable in monthly installments of \$14,858, secured by equipment                                                     | 181,771     | 348,209     |
| Note payable to F&M Bank & Trust Company                                                                                                                                                          | -           | 98,164      |
| Note payable to Robert Rosene, 7.5% interest, due January 15, 2012, unsecured                                                                                                                     | 2,066,000   | 2,066,000   |
| Note payable to Warren Kruger, 7.5% interest, due January 15, 2012, unsecured                                                                                                                     | 527,716     | 527,716     |
| Other                                                                                                                                                                                             | 153,919     | 196,421     |
| Total                                                                                                                                                                                             | 8,881,997   | 10,500,323  |
| Less: Current portion                                                                                                                                                                             | 3,689,738   | 8,950,837   |
| Long-term debt                                                                                                                                                                                    | \$5,192,259 | \$1,549,486 |
| Greystone Real Estate, L.L.C.:                                                                                                                                                                    | 2011        | 2010        |
| Mortgage payable to F&M Bank & Trust Company, prime rate of interest but not less than 4.75%, due March 15, 2014, payable in monthly installments of \$35,512, secured by buildings (See Note 15) | \$3,866,827 | \$-         |
| Mortgage payable to Kansas City Life Insurance                                                                                                                                                    | -           | 1,213,877   |
| Total                                                                                                                                                                                             | 3,866,827   | 1,213,877   |
| Less: Current portion                                                                                                                                                                             | 247,843     | 55,067      |
| Long-term debt                                                                                                                                                                                    | \$3,618,984 | \$1,158,810 |
| GLOG Investment, L.L.C.:                                                                                                                                                                          | 2011        | 2010        |
| Note payable to F&M Bank & Trust Company, prime rate of interest but not less than 4.5%, due March 15, 2014, payable in monthly installments of \$24,917, unsecured                               | \$3,702,144 | \$-         |
| Less: Current portion                                                                                                                                                                             | 135,173     | -           |
| Long-term debt                                                                                                                                                                                    | \$3,566,971 | \$-         |

The prime rate of interest as of May 31, 2011 was 3.25%.



On March 4, 2005, Greystone entered into a loan agreement (the "F&M Loan Agreement") with GLOG Investment, L.L.C. ("GLOG") and The F&M Bank & Trust Company ("F&M"), which, among other things, sets forth certain terms applicable to a \$1,500,000 revolving loan extended by F&M to GSM on or about December 18, 2004 and a new \$5,500,000 term loan extended by F&M to GSM on March 4, 2005. GLOG, an entity owned by Warren F. Kruger, President and CEO and a director, and Robert B. Rosene, Jr., a director, was a party to the F&M Loan Agreement for the sole purpose of securing the funds necessary to purchase 50,000 shares of Greystone's 2003 preferred stock. On March 28, 2011, two amendments (collectively, the "2011 Amendments") to the F&M Loan Agreement were executed. The 2011 Amendments (a) have an effective date of March 15, 2011, (b) cause all of GSM's accrued debt under the F&M Loan Agreement plus an additional \$300,000 to be transferred into a single term loan facility, with such facility being in the aggregate principal amount of \$6,097,776 and having a maturity date of March 13, 2014, (c) renew GLOG's obligations under the F&M Loan Agreement in the principal amount of \$3,722,155 until March 15, 2014, (d) provide for cross-collateralization and cross-default among property and debts of GSM, GLOG and Greystone Real Estate, L.L.C., an entity owned by Messrs. Kruger and Rosene, (e) impose certain guaranty requirements on Messrs. Kruger and Rosene, and (f) add to the F&M Loan Agreement certain financial covenants, reporting requirements and other provisions that are customary in such types of agreements including a restriction on dividends to the preferred and common stockholders. Financial covenants include compliance with funded debt to EBITDA, earnings before interest depreciation and amortization, and debt service coverage ratios. Calculation of these ratios includes GSM, Yorktown, GLOG, Greystone Real Estate and Warren Kruger individually.

In addition to the cross-collateralization provisions of the 2011 Amendments, Greystone's obligations are secured by a lien in favor of F&M on substantially all of GSM's assets pursuant to the terms of a security agreement. Also, pursuant to the terms of a guaranty agreement, Greystone guaranteed GSM's performance and payment under the notes. In addition, in order to induce F&M to enter into the F&M Loan Agreement, Messrs. Kruger and Rosene entered into a limited guaranty agreement with F&M and Mr. Rosene entered into a pledge agreement with F&M.

Maturities of Greystone's long-term debt for the five years after May 31, 2011 are \$3,689,738, \$914,900, \$915,560, \$893,648 and \$871,110 and payable thereafter of \$1,597,041.

Maturities of GRE's long-term debt for the five years after May 31, 2011 are \$247,843, \$259,850, \$272,465, \$285,693 and \$2,800,976.

Maturities of GLOG's long-term debt for the years after May 31, 2011 are \$135,173, \$141,383 and \$3,425,588.

