MAGELLAN MIDSTREAM PARTNERS LP Form 10-Q May 04, 2016

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-O QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2016 OR $\pm^{\rm TRANSITION}_{1934}$ REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF For the transition period from to Commission File No.: 1-16335 Magellan Midstream Partners, L.P. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter) Delaware 73-1599053 (State or other jurisdiction of (IRS Employer incorporation or organization) Identification No.) One Williams Center, P.O. Box 22186, Tulsa, Oklahoma 74121-2186 (Address of principal executive offices and zip code) (918) 574-7000 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code) Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No \pounds Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (\$232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x = No fIndicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. Large accelerated filer x Accelerated filer £ Non-accelerated filer £ Smaller reporting company £ Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes £ No x

As of May 3, 2016, there were 227,783,916 outstanding limited partner units of Magellan Midstream Partners, L.P. that trade on the New York Stock Exchange under the ticker symbol "MMP."

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PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MAGELLAN MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, L.P. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (In thousands, except per unit amounts) (Unaudited)

	Three Mon March 31,	ths Ended
	2015	2016
	\$353,812	
-	173,127	146,562
	3,363	3,179
e	530,302	519,816
Costs and expenses:	000,002	217,010
*	106,707	123,233
	136,179	113,585
	41,697	43,754
1	35,498	40,874
Total costs and expenses	320,081	321,446
-	9,590	17,628
	219,811	215,998
Interest expense	37,194	43,724
Interest income	(349)	(361)
Interest capitalized	(2,107)	(6,136)
Gain on exchange of interest in non-controlled entity -		(26,900)
Other expense (income)	279	(2,270)
Income before provision for income taxes	184,794	207,941
Provision for income taxes	1,158	871
Net income	\$183,636	\$207,070
Basic net income per limited partner unit	\$0.81	\$0.91
	\$0.81	\$0.91
Weighted average number of limited partner units outstanding used for basic net income per unit calculation ⁽¹⁾	227,525	227,826
Weighted average number of limited partner units outstanding used for diluted net income per unit calculation ⁽¹⁾	227,525	227,849

(1) See Note 10–Long-Term Incentive Plan for additional information regarding our weighted average unit calculations.

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

MAGELLAN MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, L.P. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited, in thousands)

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 2016
Net income	\$183,636 \$207,070
Other comprehensive income:	
Derivative activity:	
Net loss on cash flow hedges ⁽¹⁾	(15,465) (12,478)
Reclassification of net loss on cash flow hedges to income ⁽¹⁾	200 388
Changes in employee benefit plan assets and benefit obligations recognized in other	
comprehensive income:	
Amortization of prior service credit ⁽²⁾	(928) (973)
Amortization of actuarial loss ⁽²⁾	1,572 1,401
Total other comprehensive loss	(14,621) (11,662)
Comprehensive income	\$169,015 \$195,408
(1) See Note 8–Derivative Financial Instruments for details of the amount of gain/loss recog	gnized in accumulated other
comprehensive loss ("AOCL") for derivative financial instruments and the amount of gain	loss reclassified from AOCI

comprehensive loss ("AOCL") for derivative financial instruments and the amount of gain/loss reclassified from AOCL into income.

(2) See Note 6–Employee Benefit Plans for details of the changes in employee benefit plan assets and benefit obligations recognized in AOCL.

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

MAGELLAN MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, L.P. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (In thousands)

	December 31, 2015	2016
ASSETS		(Unaudited)
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$28,731	\$209,992
Trade accounts receivable	\$28,751 83,893	\$209,992 89,662
Other accounts receivable	12,701	19,236
Inventory	130,868	132,088
Energy commodity derivatives contracts, net	39,243	17,761
Energy commodity derivatives deposits		2,912
Other current assets	43,418	43,880
Total current assets	338,854	515,531
Property, plant and equipment	6,166,766	6,302,199
Less: Accumulated depreciation	1,347,537	1,388,690
Net property, plant and equipment	4,819,229	4,913,509
Investments in non-controlled entities	765,628	800,380
Long-term receivables	20,374	20,726
Goodwill	53,260	53,260
Other intangibles (less accumulated amortization of \$13,709 and \$14,388 at December 31 2015 and March 31, 2016, respectively)		44,882
Tank bottoms	27,533	28,449
Other noncurrent assets	14,833	15,577
Total assets	\$6,041,567	\$6,392,314
LIABILITIES AND PARTNERS' CAPITAL		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$104,094	\$102,858
Accrued payroll and benefits	51,764	34,901
Accrued interest payable	51,296	47,931
Accrued taxes other than income	51,587	40,486
Environmental liabilities	15,679	16,617
Deferred revenue	81,627	95,614
Accrued product purchases	31,339	21,665
Energy commodity derivatives deposits	24,252	6,903
Current portion of long-term debt, net	250,335	250,229
Other current liabilities	51,099	61,890
Total current liabilities	713,072	679,094
Long-term debt, net	3,189,287	3,552,032
Long-term pension and benefits	77,551	84,385
Other noncurrent liabilities	24,162	23,438
Environmental liabilities	15,759	15,783
Commitments and contingencies		
Partners' capital:	0 110 000	0 1 45 50 4
	2,118,086	2,145,594

Limited partner unitholders (227,427 units and 227,781 units outstanding at December 31,2015 and March 31, 2016, respectively)Accumulated other comprehensive loss(96,350) (108,012)Total partners' capital2,021,7362,037,582Total liabilities and partners' capital\$6,041,567\$6,392,314

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

MAGELLAN MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, L.P. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited, in thousands)

(Unaudited, in thousands)	Three Mon March 31,	ths Ended
	2015	2016
Operating Activities:		
Net income	\$183,636	\$207,070
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization expense	41,697	43,754
Loss (gain) on sale and retirement of assets	(3) 2,259
Earnings of non-controlled entities) (17,628)
Distributions of earnings from investments in non-controlled entities	9,229	17,297
Equity-based incentive compensation expense	4,751	6,650
Amortization of prior service credit and actuarial loss	644	428
Gain on exchange of interest in non-controlled entity		(26,900)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Trade accounts receivable and other accounts receivable	(12,194) (6,904)
Inventory	(3,187) (1,220)
Energy commodity derivatives contracts, net of derivatives deposits	(5,804) (132)
Accounts payable	(4,351) 1,052
Accrued payroll and benefits	(16,579) (16,863)
Accrued interest payable	(173) (3,365)
Accrued taxes other than income	(5,801) (11,101)
Accrued product purchases	(6,402) (9,674)
Deferred revenue	4,778	13,987
Current and noncurrent environmental liabilities	15	962
Other current and noncurrent assets and liabilities	10,417	9,896
Net cash provided by operating activities	191,083	209,568
Investing Activities:		
Additions to property, plant and equipment, net ⁽¹⁾	(128,517) (139,522)
Proceeds from sale and disposition of assets	3,089	17
Investments in non-controlled entities	(13,751) (61,738)
Distributions in excess of earnings of non-controlled entities	4,613	2,212
Net cash used by investing activities	(134,566) (199,031)
Financing Activities:		
Distributions paid	(158,061) (178,808)
Net commercial paper repayments	(296,942) (279,961)
Borrowings under long-term notes	499,589	649,187
Debt placement costs	(4,661) (5,318)
Net payment on financial derivatives	(42,908) —
Settlement of tax withholdings on long-term incentive compensation	(17,784) (14,376)
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities	(20,767) 170,724
Change in cash and cash equivalents	35,750	181,261
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	17,063	28,731
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$52,813	\$209,992

Supplemental non-cash investing and financing activities:

Contribution of property, plant and equipment to a non-controlled entity	\$13,252 \$ 8,045	\$— \$7.002
Issuance of limited partner units in settlement of equity-based incentive plan awards	\$8,045	\$7,092
⁽¹⁾ Additions to property, plant and equipment	\$(127,709)	\$(139,636)
Changes in accounts payable and other current liabilities related to capital expenditures	()	114
Additions to property, plant and equipment, net	\$(128,517)	\$(139,522)
See notes to consolidated financial statements.		

MAGELLAN MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, L.P. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Organization, Description of Business and Basis of Presentation

Organization

Unless indicated otherwise, the terms "our," "we," "us" and similar language refer to Magellan Midstream Partners, L.P. together with its subsidiaries. We are a Delaware limited partnership and our limited partner units are traded on the New York Stock Exchange under the ticker symbol "MMP." Magellan GP, LLC, a wholly-owned Delaware limited liability company, serves as our general partner.

Description of Business

We are principally engaged in the transportation, storage and distribution of refined petroleum products and crude oil. As of March 31, 2016, our asset portfolio, including the assets of our joint ventures, consisted of:

our refined products segment, comprised of our 9,700-mile refined products pipeline system with 54 terminals as well as 26 independent terminals not connected to our pipeline system and our 1,100-mile ammonia pipeline system;

our crude oil segment, comprised of approximately 1,600 miles of crude oil pipelines and storage facilities with an aggregate storage capacity of approximately 22 million barrels, of which 14 million barrels are used for leased storage; and

our marine storage segment, consisting of five marine terminals located along coastal waterways with an aggregate storage capacity of approximately 26 million barrels.

Terminology common in our industry includes the following terms, which describe products that we transport, store and distribute through our pipelines and terminals:

refined products are the output from refineries and are primarily used as fuels by consumers. Refined products include gasoline, diesel fuel, aviation fuel, kerosene and heating oil. Collectively, diesel fuel and heating oil are referred to as distillates;

• liquefied petroleum gases, or LPGs, are produced as by-products of the crude oil refining process and in connection with natural gas production. LPGs include butane and propane;

blendstocks are blended with refined products to change or enhance their characteristics such as increasing a gasoline's octane or oxygen content. Blendstocks include alkylates, oxygenates and natural gasoline;

heavy oils and feedstocks are used as burner fuels or feedstocks for further processing by refineries and petrochemical facilities. Heavy oils and feedstocks include No. 6 fuel oil and vacuum gas oil;

erude oil and condensate are used as feedstocks by refineries and petrochemical facilities;

biofuels, such as ethanol and biodiesel, are increasingly required by government mandates; and

ammonia is primarily used as a nitrogen fertilizer.

Except for ammonia, we use the term petroleum products to describe any, or a combination, of the above-noted products.

MAGELLAN MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, L.P. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Basis of Presentation

In the opinion of management, our accompanying consolidated financial statements which are unaudited, except for the consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2015 which is derived from our audited financial statements, include all normal and recurring adjustments necessary to present fairly our financial position as of March 31, 2016, the results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2016 and cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2016 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year ending December 31, 2016 as profits from our blending activities are realized largely during the first and fourth quarters of each year. Additionally, gasoline demand, which drives transportation volumes and revenues on our pipeline systems, generally trends higher during the summer driving months. Further, the volatility of commodity prices impact the profits from our commodity activities and, to a lesser extent, the volume of petroleum products we ship on our pipelines.

Pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission, the financial statements in this report do not include all of the information and notes normally included with financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of our consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities that exist at the date of our consolidated financial statements, as well as their impact on the reported amounts of revenue and expense during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In March 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2016-09, Compensation - Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting, which is part of the FASB's initiative to simplify accounting standards. The guidance requires an entity to make an entity-wide accounting policy election to either estimate the number of awards that are expected to vest or account for forfeitures when they occur, and allows equity classification for awards where employees elect to withhold the maximum statutory tax rates in the applicable jurisdictions. The new standard also requires cash paid by employers when directly withholding shares for tax withholding purposes to be classified as a financing activity in the statement of cash flows.

We elected to early adopt ASU 2016-09 during the first quarter of 2016, and this adoption did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements. In conjunction with our adoption of this new accounting standard, we have elected to account for stock based compensation forfeitures as they occur. Additionally, and consistent with our prior accounting policy, we continue to show cash paid when directly withholding shares for tax withholding purposes

as a financing activity in our statements of cash flows.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842). This standard requires companies that lease valuable assets like aircraft, real estate, and heavy equipment to recognize on their balance sheets the assets and liabilities generated by contracts longer than a year. The new accounting model for lessors remains largely the same, although some changes have been made to align the lessor accounting model with the new lessee model and to align it with the new revenue recognition guidance. This update also requires companies to disclose in the footnotes to their financial statements information about the amount, timing and uncertainty for the payments they

MAGELLAN MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, L.P. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

make for the lease arrangements. Public companies will have to begin applying the standard for fiscal years and quarters that start after December 15, 2018, although early adoption is permitted. We are currently in the process of evaluating the impact this new standard will have on our financial statements.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, which eliminates the industry-specific guidance in U.S. GAAP and produces a single, principles-based method for companies to report revenue in their financial statements. This standard requires companies to make more estimates and use more judgment than under current guidance. In addition, all companies must compile more extensive footnote disclosures about how the revenue numbers were derived. This ASU requires full retrospective, modified retrospective, or use of the cumulative effect method during the period of adoption. We have not yet determined which adoption method we will employ. In July 2015, the FASB extended the effective date of this standard from January 1, 2017 to January 1, 2018. We are currently in the process of evaluating the impact this new standard will have on our financial statements.

2. Product Sales Revenue

The amounts reported as product sales revenue on our consolidated statements of income include revenue from the physical sale of petroleum products and from mark-to-market adjustments from New York Mercantile Exchange ("NYMEX") contracts. See Note 8 – Derivative Financial Instruments for a discussion of our commodity hedging strategies and how our NYMEX contracts impact product sales revenue. All of the petroleum products inventory we physically sell associated with our butane blending and fractionation activities, as well as the barrels from product gains we obtain from our operations, are reported as product sales revenue on our consolidated statements of income. For the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2016, product sales revenue included the following (in thousands):

Three Mo	nths
Ended	
March 31,	,
2015	2016
\$169,247	\$130,580
3,880	15,982
\$173,127	\$146,562
	Ended March 31, 2015 \$169,247

3. Segment Disclosures

Our reportable segments are strategic business units that offer different products and services. Our segments are managed separately as each segment requires different marketing strategies and business knowledge. Management evaluates performance based on segment operating margin, which includes revenue from affiliates and external customers, operating expenses, cost of product sales and earnings of non-controlled entities.

We believe that investors benefit from having access to the same financial measures used by management. Operating margin, which is presented in the following tables, is an important measure used by management to evaluate the economic performance of our core operations. Operating margin is not a GAAP measure, but the components of operating margin are computed using amounts that are determined in accordance with GAAP. A reconciliation of operating margin to operating profit, which is its nearest comparable GAAP financial measure, is included in the

tables below. Operating profit includes depreciation and amortization expense and general and administrative ("G&A") expense that management does not consider when evaluating the core profitability of our separate operating segments.

MAGELLAN MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, L.P. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 (in thousands)				
	Refined	Crude	Marine	Intersegment	T
	Products	Oil	Storage	Eliminations	Total
Transportation and terminals revenue	\$220,683	\$90,866	\$42,263	\$	\$353,812
Product sales revenue	172,639		488		173,127
Affiliate management fee revenue		3,027	336		3,363
Total revenue	393,322	93,893	43,087		530,302
Operating expenses	74,212	18,167	15,335	(1,007)	106,707
Cost of product sales	135,634		545		136,179
Losses (earnings) of non-controlled entities	55	(8,924)	(721)		(9,590)
Operating margin	183,421	84,650	27,928	1,007	297,006
Depreciation and amortization expense	23,447	8,229	9,014	1,007	41,697
G&A expenses	22,599	8,086	4,813		35,498
Operating profit	\$137,375	\$68,335	\$14,101	\$	\$219,811
		nths Endec	I March 31	, 2016	
	(in thousa				
			Marine	, 2016 Intersegmen Eliminations	
Transportation and terminals revenue	(in thousa Refined Products	nds)	Marine	Intersegmen	
Transportation and terminals revenue Product sales revenue	(in thousa Refined Products	nds) Crude Oil	Marine Storage	Intersegmen Eliminations	
	(in thousa Refined Products \$224,750	nds) Crude Oil \$101,728	Marine Storage \$43,597	Intersegmen Eliminations	\$370,075
Product sales revenue	(in thousa Refined Products \$224,750 143,916	nds) Crude Oil \$101,728 1,743	Marine Storage \$43,597 903	Intersegmen Eliminations \$ —	\$370,075 146,562
Product sales revenue Affiliate management fee revenue	(in thousa Refined Products \$224,750 143,916 80	nds) Crude Oil \$101,728 1,743 2,784	Marine Storage \$43,597 903 315	Intersegmen Eliminations \$ —	\$370,075 146,562 3,179
Product sales revenue Affiliate management fee revenue Total revenue	(in thousa Refined Products \$224,750 143,916 80 368,746	nds) Crude Oil \$101,728 1,743 2,784 106,255	Marine Storage \$43,597 903 315 44,815	Intersegmen Eliminations \$ — — —	\$370,075 146,562 3,179 519,816
Product sales revenue Affiliate management fee revenue Total revenue Operating expenses Cost of product sales Losses (earnings) of non-controlled entities	(in thousa Refined Products \$224,750 143,916 80 368,746 85,985 111,856	nds) Crude Oil \$101,728 1,743 2,784 106,255 21,192 1,345	Marine Storage \$43,597 903 315 44,815 17,248 384	Intersegmen Eliminations \$ — — —	\$370,075 146,562 3,179 519,816 123,233
Product sales revenue Affiliate management fee revenue Total revenue Operating expenses Cost of product sales	(in thousa Refined Products \$224,750 143,916 80 368,746 85,985 111,856	nds) Crude Oil \$101,728 1,743 2,784 106,255 21,192 1,345	Marine Storage \$43,597 903 315 44,815 17,248 384	Intersegmen Eliminations \$ 	\$ 370,075 146,562 3,179 519,816 123,233 113,585
Product sales revenue Affiliate management fee revenue Total revenue Operating expenses Cost of product sales Losses (earnings) of non-controlled entities Operating margin Depreciation and amortization expense	(in thousa Refined Products \$224,750 143,916 80 368,746 85,985 111,856 42	nds) Crude Oil \$101,728 1,743 2,784 106,255 21,192 1,345 (16,979	Marine Storage \$43,597 903 315 44,815 17,248 384) (691	Intersegmen Eliminations \$ — — — (1,192) —) —	\$370,075 146,562 3,179 519,816 123,233 113,585 (17,628)
Product sales revenue Affiliate management fee revenue Total revenue Operating expenses Cost of product sales Losses (earnings) of non-controlled entities Operating margin	(in thousa Refined Products \$224,750 143,916 80 368,746 85,985 111,856 42 170,863	nds) Crude Oil \$101,728 1,743 2,784 106,255 21,192 1,345 (16,979 100,697	Marine Storage \$43,597 903 315 44,815 17,248 384) (691 27,874	Intersegmen Eliminations \$	\$ 370,075 146,562 3,179 519,816 123,233 113,585 (17,628) 300,626

MAGELLAN MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, L.P. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

4. Investments in Non-Controlled Entities

Our investments in non-controlled entities at March 3	1, 2016 were comprised of:
Entity	Ownership Interest
BridgeTex Pipeline Company, LLC ("BridgeTex")	50%
Double Eagle Pipeline LLC ("Double Eagle")	50%
HoustonLink Pipeline Company, LLC ("HoustonLink	")50%
Powder Springs Logistics, LLC ("Powder Springs")	50%
Saddlehorn Pipeline Company, LLC ("Saddlehorn")	40%
Seabrook Logistics, LLC ("Seabrook")	50%
Texas Frontera, LLC ("Texas Frontera")	50%

In February 2016, we transferred our 50% membership interest in Osage Pipe Line Company, LLC ("Osage") to an affiliate of HollyFrontier Corporation. In conjunction with this transaction, we entered into several commercial agreements with affiliates of HollyFrontier Corporation. We recorded these commercial agreements as \$43.7 million of intangible assets and \$8.3 million of other receivables in our consolidated balance sheets. The intangible assets will be amortized over the 20-year life of the contracts received. We recognized a \$26.9 million non-cash gain in relation to this transaction.

The fixed management fees we have recognized from BridgeTex, Osage, Powder Springs, Saddlehorn and Texas Frontera are reported as affiliate management fee revenue on our consolidated statements of income. In addition, we receive reimbursement from certain of our joint ventures for costs incurred during construction. During the first quarter of 2016, we received construction cost reimbursements of \$0.4 million and \$0.1 million from Saddlehorn and Seabrook, respectively, which were recorded as reductions to costs and expenses on our consolidated statements of income.

For the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2016, we recognized pipeline capacity lease revenue from BridgeTex of \$8.4 million and \$8.9 million, respectively, which we included in transportation and terminals revenue on our consolidated statements of income.

We recognized throughput revenue from Double Eagle for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2016 of \$0.9 million and \$0.7 million, respectively, which we included in transportation and terminals revenue. At December 31, 2015 and March 31, 2016, respectively, we recognized a \$0.2 million and \$0.3 million trade accounts receivable from Double Eagle.

The financial results from Texas Frontera are included in our marine storage segment, the financial results from BridgeTex, Double Eagle, HoustonLink, Osage, Saddlehorn and Seabrook are included in our crude oil segment and the financial results from Powder Springs are included in our refined products segment, each as earnings/losses of non-controlled entities.

MAGELLAN MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, L.P. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

A summary of our investments in non-controlled entities follows (in thousands):

	BridgeTex	All Others	Consolidate	ed
Investments at December 31, 2015	\$495,267	\$270,361	\$ 765,628	
Additional investment	6,336	55,402	61,738	
Exchange of investment in non-controlled entity	_	(25,105)	(25,105)
Earnings of non-controlled entities:				
Proportionate share of earnings	15,624	2,631	18,255	
Amortization of excess investment and capitalized interest	(510)	(117)	(627)
Earnings of non-controlled entities	15,114	2,514	17,628	
Less:				
Distributions of earnings from investments in non-controlled entities	15,114	2,183	17,297	
Distributions in excess of earnings of non-controlled entities	1,291	921	2,212	
Investments at March 31, 2016	\$500,312	\$300,068	\$ 800,380	

Summarized financial information of our non-controlled entities for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2016 follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Er	nded March	Three Months End	led March 31,
	31, 2015		2016	
	BridgeTex All Others	Consolidated	BridgeTex All Others	Consolidated
Revenue	\$37,136 \$9,520	\$ 46,656	\$50,798 \$11,409	\$ 62,207
Net income	\$18,037 \$2,581	\$ 20,618	\$31,248 \$5,266	\$ 36,514

5. Inventory

Inventory at December 31, 2015 and March 31, 2016 was as follows (in thousands):

	December 31,	March 31,
	2015	2016
Refined products	\$ 57,455	\$55,193
Liquefied petroleum gases	17,954	15,742
Transmix	21,297	22,355
Crude oil	28,385	32,921
Additives	5,777	5,877
Total inventory	\$ 130,868	\$132,088

MAGELLAN MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, L.P. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

6. Employee Benefit Plans

We sponsor two pension plans for certain union employees and a pension plan primarily for non-union employees, a postretirement benefit plan for selected employees and a defined contribution plan. The following tables present our consolidated net periodic benefit costs related to the pension and postretirement benefit plans for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2016 (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended			Three Months Ended		
	March 3	1, 2015	March 3	1, 2016		
	Pension Benefits	Other Postretirement Benefits	Pension Benefits	Other Postretirem Benefits	ent	
Components of net periodic benefit costs:						
Service cost	\$4,470	\$ 66	\$4,688	\$ 61		
Interest cost	1,869	110	2,045	110		
Expected return on plan assets	(1,896)		(2,128)			
Amortization of prior service credit	—	(928)	(45)	(928)	
Amortization of actuarial loss	1,347	225	1,217	184		
Net periodic benefit cost (credit)	\$5,790	\$ (527)	\$5,777	\$ (573)	

Contributions estimated to be paid into the plans in 2016 are \$22.9 million and \$0.5 million for the pension and other postretirement benefit plans, respectively.

We match our employees' qualifying contributions to our defined contribution plan, resulting in expense to us. Expenses related to the defined contribution plan were \$2.8 million and \$3.0 million, respectively, for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2016.

Amounts Included in AOCL

The changes in AOCL related to employee benefit plan assets and benefit obligations for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2016 were as follows (in thousands):

	Three Mor	nths Ended	Three Months Ended		
	March 31,	2015	March 31, 2016		
	Pension	Other	Pension	Other	
Gains (Losses) Included in AOCL	Benefits	Postretirement	Benefits	Postretirement	
	Denents	Benefits	Denentis	Benefits	
Beginning balance	\$(63,257)	\$ (1,696)	\$(62,279)	\$ (3,945)	1
Amortization of prior service credit	—	(928)	(45)	(928)	1
Amortization of actuarial loss	1,347	225	1,217	184	
Ending balance	\$(61,910)	\$ (2,399)	\$(61,107)	\$ (4,689)	1

MAGELLAN MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, L.P. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

7.Debt

Consolidated debt at December 31, 2015 and March 31, 2016 was as follows (in thousands, except as otherwise noted):

	December 31, 2015	March 31, 2016	Weighted-Average Interest Rate for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2016 ⁽¹⁾
Commercial paper ⁽²⁾	\$279,961	\$—	0.7%
\$250.0 million of 5.65% Notes due 2016 ⁽³⁾	250,335	250,229	5.7%
\$250.0 million of 6.40% Notes due 2018	255,215	254,698	5.5%
\$550.0 million of 6.55% Notes due 2019	564,116	563,161	5.7%
\$550.0 million of 4.25% Notes due 2021	555,362	555,121	4.0%
\$250.0 million of 3.20% Notes due 2025	249,700	249,707	3.2%
\$650.0 million of 5.00% Notes due 2026 ⁽²⁾	_	649,193	5.0%
\$250.0 million of 6.40% Notes due 2037	249,036	249,042	6.4%
\$250.0 million of 4.20% Notes due 2042	248,437	248,445	4.2%
\$550.0 million of 5.15% Notes due 2043	556,218	556,192	5.1%
\$250.0 million of 4.20% Notes due 2045	249,914	249,914	4.6%
Total debt, excluding unamortized debt issuance costs	3,458,294	3,825,702	4.6%
Unamortized debt issuance costs	(18,672)	(23,441)	
Less: current portion of long-term debt	250,335	250,229	
Total long-term debt	\$3,189,287	\$3,552,032	

(1) Weighted-average interest rate includes the amortization/accretion of discounts, premiums and gains/losses realized on historical cash flow and fair value hedges recognized as interest expense.

These borrowings were outstanding for only a portion of the three-month period ending March 31, 2016. The (2) weighted-average interest rate for these borrowings was calculated based on the number of days the borrowings were outstanding during the noted period.

(3) These borrowings will mature in October 2016 and are included with current debt on our consolidated balance sheets at December 31, 2015 and March 31, 2016.

All of the instruments detailed in the table above are senior indebtedness.

The face value of our debt at December 31, 2015 and March 31, 2016 was \$3.4 billion and \$3.8 billion, respectively. The difference between the face value and carrying value of our debt outstanding is the unamortized portion of terminated fair value hedges and the unamortized discounts and premiums on debt issuances. Realized gains and

losses on fair value hedges and note discounts and premiums are being amortized or accreted to the applicable notes over the respective lives of those notes.

2016 Debt Offering

In February 2016, we issued \$650.0 million of our 5.00% notes due 2026 in an underwritten public offering. The notes were issued at 99.875% of par. Net proceeds from this offering were approximately \$644.0 million, after underwriting discounts and offering expenses of \$5.3 million. The net proceeds from this offering were or will be used to repay borrowings outstanding under our commercial paper program and for general partnership purposes, including expansion capital.

MAGELLAN MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, L.P. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Other Debt

Revolving Credit Facilities. At March 31, 2016, the total borrowing capacity under our revolving credit facility with a maturity date of October 27, 2020 was \$1.0 billion. Any borrowings outstanding under this facility are classified as long-term debt on our consolidated balance sheets. Borrowings under this facility are unsecured and bear interest at LIBOR plus a spread ranging from 1.000% to 1.625% based on our credit ratings. Additionally, an unused commitment fee is assessed at a rate between 0.100% and 0.275% depending on our credit ratings. The unused commitment fee was 0.125% at March 31, 2016. Borrowings under this facility may be used for general partnership purposes, including capital expenditures. As of March 31, 2016, there were no borrowings outstanding under this facility with \$6.3 million obligated for letters of credit. Amounts obligated for letters of credit are not reflected as debt on our consolidated balance sheets, but decrease our borrowing capacity under this facility.

At March 31, 2016, the total borrowing capacity under our 364-day credit facility was \$250.0 million. This credit facility matures on October 25, 2016, subject to a term-out option. We may exercise the term-out option no later than 30 days prior to October 25, 2016 and elect to have all outstanding borrowings converted into a term loan due and payable on October 25, 2018, subject to the payment of a term-out fee. Any borrowings under this credit facility are classified as current debt on our consolidated balance sheets. Borrowings under this facility are unsecured and bear interest at LIBOR plus a spread ranging from 1.000% to 1.625% based on our credit ratings. Additionally, an unused commitment fee is assessed at a rate between 0.080% and 0.225% depending on our credit ratings. The unused commitment fee was 0.100% at March 31, 2016. Borrowings under this facility may be used for general partnership purposes, including capital expenditures. As of March 31, 2016, there were no borrowings outstanding under this facility.

Commercial Paper Program. The maturities of our commercial paper notes vary, but may not exceed 397 days from the date of issuance. The commercial paper notes are sold under customary terms in the commercial paper market and are issued at a discount from par, or alternatively, are sold at par and bear varying interest rates on a fixed or floating basis. The commercial paper we can issue is limited by the amounts available under our revolving credit facility up to an aggregate principal amount of \$1.0 billion and is classified as long-term debt.

8. Derivative Financial Instruments

Interest Rate Derivatives

We periodically enter into interest rate derivatives to hedge the fair value of our debt or interest on expected debt issuances, and we have historically designated these derivatives as cash flow or fair value hedges for accounting purposes. Adjustments resulting from discontinued hedges continue to be recognized in accordance with their historic hedging relationships.

As of March 31, 2016, we had entered into \$250.0 million of forward-starting interest rate swap agreements to hedge against the risk of variability of future interest payments on a portion of debt we anticipate issuing in 2016. The fair

value of these contracts at March 31, 2016 was recorded on our consolidated balance sheets as an other current liability of \$11.0 million, with the offset recorded to other comprehensive income. We account for these agreements as cash flow hedges.

MAGELLAN MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, L.P. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Commodity Derivatives

Hedging Strategies

Our butane blending activities produce gasoline products, and we can reasonably estimate the timing and quantities of sales of these products. We use a combination of NYMEX and forward purchase and sale contracts to help manage commodity price changes, which is intended to mitigate the risk of decline in the product margin realized from our butane blending activities that we choose to hedge. Further, certain of our other commercial operations generate petroleum products. We use NYMEX contracts to hedge against future price changes for some of these commodities.

We account for the forward physical purchase and sale contracts we use in our butane blending and fractionation activities as normal purchases and sales. Forward contracts that qualify for and are elected as normal purchases and sales are accounted for using traditional accrual accounting.

The NYMEX contracts that we enter into fall into one of three hedge categories:

Hedge Category	Hedge Purpose	Accounting Treatment
Qualifies For	Hedge Accounting Treatment	
Cash Flow Hedge	To hedge the variability in cash flows related to a forecasted transaction.	The effective portion of changes in the fair value of the hedge is recorded to accumulated other comprehensive income/loss and reclassified to earnings when the forecasted transaction occurs. Any ineffectiveness is recognized currently in earnings.
Fair Value Hedge	To hedge against changes in the fair value of a recognized asset or liability.	The effective portion of changes in the fair value of the hedge is recorded as adjustments to the asset or liability being hedged. Any ineffectiveness and amounts excluded from the assessment of hedge effectiveness is recognized currently in earnings.
Does Not Qua	alify For Hedge Accounting Treatment	
Economic Hedge	To effectively serve as either a fair value or a cash flow hedge; however, the derivative agreement does not qualify for hedge accounting treatment under ASC 815, Derivatives and Hedging.	Changes in the fair value of these agreements are recognized currently in earnings.

During the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2016, none of the commodity hedging contracts we entered into qualified for or were designated as cash flow hedges.

Period changes in the fair value of NYMEX agreements that are accounted for as economic hedges (other than those economic hedges of our butane purchases and our pipeline product overages as discussed below), the effective portion of changes in the fair value of cash flow hedges that are reclassified from AOCL and any ineffectiveness associated

with hedges related to our commodity activities are recognized currently in earnings as adjustments to product sales.

We also use NYMEX contracts, which are not designated as hedges for accounting purposes, to hedge against changes in the price of butane we expect to purchase in the future. Period changes in the fair value of these agreements are recognized currently in earnings as adjustments to cost of product sales.

We hold petroleum product inventories that we obtained from overages on our pipeline systems. We use NYMEX contracts that are not designated as hedges for accounting purposes to help manage price changes related to these inventory barrels. Period changes in the fair value of these agreements are recognized currently in earnings as adjustments to operating expense.

MAGELLAN MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, L.P. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Additionally, we hold crude oil barrels that we use for operational purposes, which we classify as a long-term asset on our consolidated balance sheets as tank bottoms. We use NYMEX contracts to hedge against changes in the price of these crude oil barrels. We record the effective portion of the gains or losses for those contracts that qualify as fair value hedges as adjustments to the assets being hedged and the ineffective portions as well as amounts excluded from the assessment of hedge effectiveness as adjustments to other income or expense.

As outlined in the table below, our open NYMEX contracts at March 31, 2016 were as follows:

Type of Contract/Accounting Methodology	Product Represented by the Contract and Associated Barrels	Maturity Dates
NYMEX - Fair Value Hedges	0.7 million barrels of crude oil	Between April 2016 and November 2017
NYMEX - Economic Hedges	3.6 million barrels of refined products and crude oil	Between April 2016 and December 2016
NYMEX - Economic Hedges	0.3 million barrels of future purchases of butane	Between April 2016 and December 2016

Energy Commodity Derivatives Contracts and Deposits Offsets

At March 31, 2016, we had received margin deposits of \$6.9 million for our NYMEX contracts with one of our counterparties, which were recorded as a current liability under energy commodity derivatives deposits on our consolidated balance sheets. Additionally, we made margin deposits of \$2.9 million with a second counterparty, which were recorded as a current asset under energy commodity derivatives deposits on our consolidated balance sheets. We have the right to offset the combined fair values of our open NYMEX contracts against our margin deposits under a master netting arrangement for each counterparty; however, we have elected to present the combined fair values of our open NYMEX contracts separately from the related margin deposits on our consolidated balance sheets. Additionally, we have the right to offset the fair values of our NYMEX agreements together for each counterparty, which we have elected to do, and we report the combined net balances on our consolidated balance sheets. A schedule of the derivative amounts we have offset and the deposit amounts we could offset under a master netting arrangement are provided below as of December 31, 2015 and March 31, 2016 (in thousands):

	Decemb	er 31, 2015			
		Gross	Net Amounts	Margin	
	Gross	Amounts of	of Assets	Deposit	
	Amounts	s Liabilities	Presented in	Amounts Not Offset in the	Not Assot
Description	of	Offset in the	the	Offset in the	Amount ⁽³⁾
	Recogniz	zEdonsolidated	Consolidated	Consolidated	Amount
	Assets	Balance	Balance	Balance	
		Sheets	Sheets ⁽¹⁾	Sheets	
Energy commodity derivatives	\$48,367	\$ (5,646)	\$ 42,721	\$ (24,252)	\$ 18,469

March 31, 2016

		Gross	Net Amounts	Margin	
	Gross	Amounts of	of Assets	Deposit	
	Amount	s Liabilities	Presented in	Amounts Not	Not Accet
Description	of	Offset in the	the	Offset in the	Amount ⁽³⁾
	Recogni	z E donsolidated	Consolidated	Consolidated	Amount
	Assets	Balance	Balance	Balance	
		Sheets	Sheets ⁽²⁾	Sheets	
Energy commodity derivatives	\$24,081	\$ (1,489)	\$ 22,592	\$ (3,991)	\$ 18,601

(1) Net amount includes energy commodity derivative contracts classified as current assets, net, of \$39,243 and noncurrent assets of \$3,478.

(2) Net amount includes energy commodity derivative contracts classified as current assets, net, of \$17,761 and noncurrent assets of \$4,831.

(3) Amount represents the maximum loss we would incur if all of our counterparties failed to perform on their derivative contracts.

MAGELLAN MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, L.P. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Impact of Derivatives on Our Financial Statements

Comprehensive Income

The changes in derivative activity included in AOCL for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2016 were as follows (in thousands):

	Three Mor	nths Ended
	March 31,	
Derivative Losses Included in AOCL	2015	2016
Beginning balance	\$(16,587)	\$(30,126)
Net loss on interest rate contract cash flow hedges	(15,465)	(12,478)
Reclassification of net loss on cash flow hedges to income	200	388
Ending balance	\$(31,852)	\$(42,216)
Income Statements		

The following tables provide a summary of the effect on our consolidated statements of income for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2016 of derivatives accounted for under ASC 815-30, Derivatives and Hedging—Cash Flow Hedges, that were designated as hedging instruments (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2015	
	Amount of	Amount of Loss
	Loss Basserized Location of Loss Reclassified from AOCL into	Reclassified
	Recognized Income	from AOCL into Income
Derivative	in	Effective Ineffective
Instrument	AOCL on Derivative	Portion Portion
Interest rate contracts	\$(15,465) Interest expense	\$ (200) \$
	Three Months Ended March 31, 2016	
	Amount of	Amount of Loss
	Loss Location of Loss Reclassified from AOCL into	Reclassified
	Recognized Income	from AOCL into Income
Derivative	in Income	Effective Ineffective
Instrument	AOCL on Derivative	Portion Portion
Interest rate contracts	\$(12,478) Interest expense	\$ (388) \$

As of March 31, 2016, the net loss estimated to be classified to interest expense over the next twelve months from AOCL is approximately \$1.3 million.

During 2015 and 2016, we had open NYMEX contracts on 0.7 million barrels of crude oil that were designated as fair value hedges. Because there was no ineffectiveness recognized on these hedges, the cumulative gains at December 31, 2015 and March 31, 2016 of \$27.9 million and \$27.1 million, respectively, from these agreements were offset by a cumulative decrease to tank bottoms and linefill. The differential between the current spot price and forward price is

excluded from the assessment of hedge effectiveness for these fair value hedges. For the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2016, we recognized a (gain) loss of \$0.3 million and \$(2.3) million, respectively, for the amounts we excluded from the assessment of effectiveness of these fair value hedges, which we reported as other expense (income) on our consolidated statements of income.

MAGELLAN MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, L.P. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The following table provides a summary of the effect on our consolidated statements of income for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2016 of derivatives accounted for under ASC 815, Derivatives and Hedging, that were not designated as hedging instruments (in thousands):

Amount of Gain

		Amount	01 Ualli
		(Loss) Re	ecognized
		on Derivation	atives
		Three Mo	onths
		Ended	
	Location of Gain (Loss)	March 31	l,
Derivative Instrument	Recognized on Derivatives	2015	2016
NYMEX commodity contracts	Product sales revenue	\$3,880	\$15,982
NYMEX commodity contracts	Operating expenses	1,303	2,599
NYMEX commodity contracts	Cost of product sales	(1,224)	(428)
	Total	\$3,959	\$18,153

The impact of the derivatives in the above table was reflected as cash from operations on our consolidated statements of cash flows.

Balance Sheets

The following tables provide a summary of the fair value of derivatives accounted for under ASC 815, Derivatives and Hedging, which are presented on a net basis in our consolidated balance sheets, that were designated as hedging instruments as of December 31, 2015 and March 31, 2016 (in thousands):

Derivative Instrument	December 31, 2015 Asset Derivatives Balance Sheet Location	Fair Value	Liability Derivatives Balance Sheet Location	Fair Value
NYMEX commodity contracts	Energy commodity derivatives contracts, net	\$60	Energy commodity derivatives contracts, net	\$ —
NYMEX commodity contracts	Other noncurrent assets	3,478	Other noncurrent liabilities	
Interest rate contracts	Other current assets Total	2,179 \$5,717	Other current liabilities 7 Total	653 \$ 653
	March 31, 2016 Asset Derivatives		Liability Derivatives	
Derivative Instrument	Balance Sheet Location	Fair Value	Balance Sheet Location	Fair Value
NYMEX commodity contracts	Energy commodity derivatives contracts, net	\$99	Energy commodity derivatives contracts, net	\$—
NYMEX commodity contracts	Other noncurrent assets	4,831	Other noncurrent liabilities	
Interest rate contracts			Other current liabilities	10,951

MAGELLAN MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, L.P. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The following tables provide a summary of the fair value of derivatives accounted for under ASC 815, Derivatives and Hedging, which are presented on a net basis in our consolidated balance sheets, that were not designated as hedging instruments as of December 31, 2015 and March 31, 2016 (in thousands):

Derivative Instrument NYMEX commodity contracts	December 31, 2015 Asset Derivatives Balance Sheet Location Energy commodity derivatives contracts, net	Fair Value \$ 44,829	Liability Derivatives Balance Sheet Location Energy commodity derivatives contracts, net	Fair Value \$ 5,646
	March 31, 2016 Asset Derivatives		Liability Derivatives	
Derivative Instrument	Balance Sheet Location	Fair Value	Balance Sheet Location	Fair Value
NYMEX commodity contracts	Energy commodity derivatives contracts, net	\$ 19,151	Energy commodity derivatives contracts, net	\$ 1,489

9. Commitments and Contingencies

Environmental Liabilities

Liabilities recognized for estimated environmental costs were \$31.4 million and \$32.4 million at December 31, 2015 and March 31, 2016, respectively. We have classified environmental liabilities as current or noncurrent based on management's estimates regarding the timing of actual payments. Management estimates that expenditures associated with these environmental liabilities will be paid over the next 9 years. Environmental expenditures recognized as a result of changes in our environmental liabilities are generally included in operating expenses on our consolidated statements of income. Environmental expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2016 were \$1.4 million and \$3.5 million, respectively.

Environmental Receivables

Receivables from insurance carriers and other third parties related to environmental matters were \$2.6 million at December 31, 2015, of which \$0.7 million and \$1.9 million were recorded to other accounts receivable and long-term receivables, respectively, on our consolidated balance sheets. Receivables from insurance carriers and other third parties related to environmental matters were \$2.1 million at March 31, 2016, of which \$0.8 million and \$1.3 million were recorded to other accounts receivable and long-term receivables, respectively, on our consolidated balance sheets.

Other

We are a party to various other claims, legal actions and complaints arising in the ordinary course of business, including without limitation those disclosed in Item 1, Legal Proceedings of Part II of this report on Form 10-Q. While

the results cannot be predicted with certainty, management believes the ultimate resolution of these claims, legal actions and complaints after consideration of amounts accrued, insurance coverage or other indemnification arrangements will not have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial position or cash flows.

MAGELLAN MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, L.P. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

10. Long-Term Incentive Plan

We have a long-term incentive plan ("LTIP") for certain of our employees and directors of our general partner. The LTIP primarily consists of phantom units and permits the grant of awards covering an aggregate payout of 9.4 million of our limited partner units as of March 31, 2016. The compensation committee of our general partner's board of directors administers our LTIP. The estimated units available under the LTIP at March 31, 2016 total 0.5 million. On April 21, 2016, our unitholders approved the compensation committee's amended plan, which increased the number of limited partner units available to be issued pursuant to the LTIP to 11.9 million.

Our equity-based incentive compensation expense was as follows (in thousands):

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\$6,650

Our equity-based incentive	· ·				
	Three Months E	nded			
	March 31, 2015				
	Equity Liability	Total			
	Method Method	Total			
Performance-based awards	:				
2013 awards	\$1,519 \$ 215	\$1,734			
2014 awards	1,623 —	1,623			
2015 awards	1,019 —	1,019			
Time-based awards	375 —	375			
Total	\$4,536 \$ 215	\$4,751			
Allocation of LTIP expense on our consolidated					
statements of income:					
G&A expense		\$4,689			
Operating expense		62			
Total		\$4,751			
	Three Months Er	nded			
	March 31, 2016				
	Equity Liability	TT (1			
	Method Method	lotal			
Performance-based awards	:				
2014 awards	\$3,409 \$ -	-\$3,409			
2015 awards	1,545 —	1,545			
2016 awards	1,120 —	1,120			
Time-based awards	576 —	576			
Total	\$6,650 \$ -	-\$6,650			
Allocation of LTIP expense on our consolidated					
statements of income:					
G&A expense		\$6,608			

Operating expense

Total

In February 2016, 218,046 phantom unit awards were issued pursuant to our LTIP. These grants included both performance-based and time-based phantom unit awards and have a three-year vesting period that will end on December 31, 2018.

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MAGELLAN MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, L.P. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

In February 2016, we issued 350,552 limited partner units to settle unit award grants to certain employees that vested on December 31, 2015. Further, 3,234 limited partner units were issued during 2016 to settle the equity-based retainers paid to the directors of our general partner.

Basic and Diluted Net Income Per Limited Partner Unit

The difference between our actual limited partner units outstanding and our weighted-average number of limited partner units outstanding used to calculate earnings per unit is due to the impact of: (i) the phantom units issued to non-employee directors which are included in the calculation of basic and diluted weighted average units outstanding, and (ii) the weighted average effect of units actually issued during a period. The difference between the weighted-average number of limited partner units outstanding used for basic and diluted net income per unit calculations on our consolidated statements of income is primarily the dilutive effect of phantom unit grants associated with our LTIP that have not yet vested.

11. Distributions

Distributions we paid during 2015 and 2016 were as follows (in thousands, except per unit amounts):

Payment Date	Per Unit Cash Distribution Amount	Total Cash Distribution to Limited Partners
02/13/2015	\$ 0.6950	\$158,061
05/15/2015	0.7175	163,178
08/14/2015	0.7400	168,296
11/13/2015	0.7625	173,413
Total	\$ 2.9150	\$662,948
2/12/2016 5/13/2016 ⁽¹⁾ Total	\$ 0.7850 0.8025 \$ 1.5875	\$ 178,808 182,797 \$ 361,605

(1) Our general partner's board of directors declared this cash distribution in April 2016 to be paid on May 13, 2016 to unitholders of record at the close of business on May 2, 2016.

12. Fair Value

Recurring

Fair Value Methods and Assumptions - Financial Assets and Liabilities.

We used the following methods and assumptions in estimating fair value of our financial assets and liabilities:

Energy commodity derivatives contracts. These include NYMEX futures agreements related to petroleum products. •These contracts are carried at fair value on our consolidated balance sheets and are valued based on quoted prices in active markets. See Note 8 – Derivative Financial Instruments for further disclosures regarding these contracts.

Interest rate contracts. These include forward-starting interest rate swap agreements to hedge against the risk of variability of interest payments on future debt. These contracts are carried at fair

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MAGELLAN MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, L.P. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

value on our consolidated balance sheets and are valued based on an assumed exchange, at the end of each period, in an orderly transaction with a market participant in the market in which the financial instrument is traded. The exchange value was calculated using present value techniques on estimated future cash flows based on forward interest rate curves. See Note 8 – Derivative Financial Instruments for further disclosures regarding these contracts.

Long-term receivables. These include primarily lease payments receivable under a direct-financing leasing arrangement. Fair value was determined by estimating the present value of future cash flows using current market rates.

Debt. The fair value of our publicly traded notes was based on the prices of those notes at December 31, 2015 and March 31, 2016; however, where recent observable market trades were not available, prices were determined using adjustments to the last traded value for that debt issuance or by adjustments to the prices of similar debt instruments of peer entities that are actively traded. The carrying amount of borrowings, if any, under our revolving credit facility and our commercial paper program approximates fair value due to the frequent repricing of these obligations.

Fair Value Measurements - Financial Assets and Liabilities

The following tables summarize the carrying amounts, fair values and recurring fair value measurements recorded or disclosed as of December 31, 2015 and March 31, 2016, based on the three levels established by ASC 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (in thousands):

As of December 31, 2015

			Fair Value Measurements using: Quoted Prices			
Assets (Liabilities)	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Observable	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	
Energy commodity derivatives contracts	\$42,721	\$42,721	\$42,721	\$—	\$ —	
Interest rate contracts	\$1,526	\$1,526	\$—	\$1,526	\$ —	
Long-term receivables	\$20,374	\$20,021	\$—	\$—	\$ 20,021	
Debt	\$(3,439,622)	\$(3,284,791)	\$—	\$(3,284,791)	\$ —	
	As of March 31, 2016					
Assets (Liabilities)			Fair Value Measurements using:			
	Carrying	Fair Value	Quoted	Significant	Significant	
	Amount		Prices	Other	Unobservable	
			in	Observable	Inputs	

			Active Markets	Inputs (Level 2)	(Level 3)
			for		
			Identica	1	
			Assets		
			(Level		
			1)		
Energy commodity derivatives contracts	\$22,592	\$22,592	\$22,592	\$—	\$ —
Interest rate contracts	\$(10,951) \$(10,951) \$—	\$(10,951) \$ —
Long-term receivables	\$20,726	\$21,272	\$—	\$—	\$ 21,272
Debt	\$(3,802,26)	1) \$(3,884,960)	\$—	\$(3,884,960) \$ —

MAGELLAN MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, L.P. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

13. Related Party Transactions

Barry R. Pearl is an independent member of our general partner's board of directors and was also a director of the general partner of Targa Resources Partners, L.P. ("Targa") through February 29, 2016. In the normal course of business, we purchase butane from subsidiaries of Targa. For the three-month period ended March 31, 2015 and the two-month period ended February 29, 2016, we made purchases of butane from subsidiaries of Targa of \$8.8 million and \$4.7 million, respectively. These purchases were based on the then-current index prices. We had recognized payables to Targa of \$2.0 million at December 31, 2015.

Stacy P. Methvin was elected as an independent member of our general partner's board of directors on April 23, 2015 and is also a director of one of our customers. We received tariff revenue of \$3.0 million for the three-month period ended March 31, 2016 and recorded receivables of \$1.3 million and \$1.5 million from this customer at December 31, 2015 and March 31, 2016, respectively. The tariff revenue we recognized from this customer was in the normal course of business, with rates determined in accordance with published tariffs.

See Note 4 – Investments in Non-Controlled Entities for a discussion of affiliate joint venture transactions we account for under the equity method.

14. Subsequent Events

Recognizable events

No recognizable events occurred subsequent to March 31, 2016.

Non-recognizable events

Cash Distribution. In April 2016, our general partner's board of directors declared a quarterly distribution of \$0.8025 per unit to be paid on May 13, 2016 to unitholders of record at the close of business on May 2, 2016. The total cash distributions expected to be paid under this declaration are approximately \$182.8 million.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Introduction

We are a publicly traded limited partnership principally engaged in the transportation, storage and distribution of refined petroleum products and crude oil. As of March 31, 2016, our asset portfolio, including the assets of our joint ventures, consisted of:

our refined products segment, comprised of our 9,700-mile refined products pipeline system with 54 terminals as well as 26 independent terminals not connected to our pipeline system and our 1,100-mile ammonia pipeline system;

our crude oil segment, comprised of approximately 1,600 miles of crude oil pipelines and storage facilities with an aggregate storage capacity of approximately 22 million barrels, of which 14 million barrels are used for leased storage; and

our marine storage segment, consisting of five marine terminals located along coastal waterways with an aggregate storage capacity of approximately 26 million barrels.

The following discussion provides an analysis of the results for each of our operating segments, an overview of our liquidity and capital resources and other items related to our partnership. The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with (i) our accompanying interim consolidated financial statements and related notes and (ii) our consolidated financial statements, related notes and management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Recent Developments

Cash Distribution. In April 2016, the board of directors of our general partner declared a quarterly cash distribution of \$0.8025 per unit for the period of January 1, 2016 through March 31, 2016. This quarterly cash distribution will be paid on May 13, 2016 to unitholders of record on May 2, 2016. Total distributions expected to be paid under this declaration are approximately \$182.8 million.

Results of Operations

We believe that investors benefit from having access to the same financial measures utilized by management. Operating margin, which is presented in the following table, is an important measure used by management to evaluate the economic performance of our core operations. Operating margin is not a generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") measure, but the components of operating margin are computed using amounts that are determined in accordance with GAAP. A reconciliation of operating margin to operating profit, which is its nearest comparable GAAP financial measure, is included in the following table. Operating profit includes expense items, such as depreciation and amortization expense and general and administrative ("G&A") expense, which management does not focus on when evaluating the core profitability of our separate operating segments. Additionally, product margin, which management primarily uses to evaluate the profitability of our commodity-related activities, is provided in this table. Product margin is a non-GAAP measure; however, its components of product sales revenue and cost of product sales are determined in accordance with GAAP. Our butane blending, fractionation and other commodity-related activities generate significant product revenue. We believe the product margin from these activities, which takes into

account the related cost of product sales, better represents its importance to our results of operations.

Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 compared to Three Months Ended March 31, 2016

	Three M	Months	Variance
	Ended March		Favorable
	31,		(Unfavorable)
	2015	2016	\$ Cha₩g€hange
Financial Highlights (\$ in millions, except operating statistics)		
Transportation and terminals revenue:			
Refined products	\$220.6	\$224.8	\$4.2