

LoopNet, Inc.
Form 4/A
June 04, 2007

FORM 4

**UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549**

OMB APPROVAL

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STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP OF SECURITIES

Filed pursuant to Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, Section 17(a) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 or Section 30(h) of the Investment Company Act of 1940

(Print or Type Responses)

1. Name and Address of Reporting Person *
Boyle Richard J Jr

(Last) (First) (Middle)

C/O LOOPNET, INC., 185 BERRY STREET, SUITE 4000

(Street)

SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94107

(City) (State) (Zip)

2. Issuer Name and Ticker or Trading Symbol
LoopNet, Inc. [LOOP]

3. Date of Earliest Transaction (Month/Day/Year)
05/15/2007

4. If Amendment, Date Original Filed(Month/Day/Year)
05/16/2007

5. Relationship of Reporting Person(s) to Issuer

(Check all applicable)

Director 10% Owner
 Officer (give title below) Other (specify below)

Chief Executive Officer

6. Individual or Joint/Group Filing(Check Applicable Line)

Form filed by One Reporting Person
 Form filed by More than One Reporting Person

Table I - Non-Derivative Securities Acquired, Disposed of, or Beneficially Owned

1. Title of Security (Instr. 3)	2. Transaction Date (Month/Day/Year)	2A. Deemed Execution Date, if any (Month/Day/Year)	3. Transaction Code (Instr. 8)	4. Securities Acquired (A) or Disposed of (D) (Instr. 3, 4 and 5)	5. Amount of Securities Beneficially Owned Following Reported Transaction(s) (Instr. 3 and 4)	6. Ownership Form: Direct (D) or Indirect (I) (Instr. 4)	7. Nature of Ownership (Instr. 4)
				Code V	Amount (A) or (D) Price		
Common Stock	05/15/2007		S ⁽¹⁾	540 D	\$ 18.05 1,428,970	I	The Boyle Family Trust
Common Stock	05/15/2007		S ⁽¹⁾	479 D	\$ 18.06 1,428,491	I	The Boyle Family Trust
Common Stock	05/15/2007		S ⁽¹⁾	626 D	\$ 18.1 1,427,865	I	The Boyle Family Trust
Common Stock	05/15/2007		S ⁽¹⁾	353 D	\$ 18.11 1,427,512	I	The Boyle Family

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Common Stock	05/15/2007	<u>S⁽¹⁾</u>	136	D	\$ 18.12	1,427,376	I	Trust The Boyle Family Trust
Common Stock	05/15/2007	<u>S⁽¹⁾</u>	573	D	\$ 18.13	1,426,803	I	The Boyle Family Trust
Common Stock	05/15/2007	<u>S⁽¹⁾</u>	364	D	\$ 18.14	1,426,439	I	The Boyle Family Trust
Common Stock	05/15/2007	<u>S⁽¹⁾</u>	52	D	\$ 18.15	1,426,387	I	The Boyle Family Trust
Common Stock	05/15/2007	<u>S⁽¹⁾</u>	521	D	\$ 18.16	1,425,866	I	The Boyle Family Trust
Common Stock	05/15/2007	<u>S⁽¹⁾</u>	312	D	\$ 18.17	1,425,554	I	The Boyle Family Trust
Common Stock	05/15/2007	<u>S⁽¹⁾</u>	104	D	\$ 18.18	1,425,450	I	The Boyle Family Trust
Common Stock	05/15/2007	<u>S⁽¹⁾</u>	330	D	\$ 18.19	1,425,120	I	The Boyle Family Trust
Common Stock	05/15/2007	<u>S⁽¹⁾</u>	293	D	\$ 18.2	1,424,827	I	The Boyle Family Trust
Common Stock	05/15/2007	<u>S⁽¹⁾</u>	78	D	\$ 18.21	1,424,749	I	The Boyle Family Trust
Common Stock	05/15/2007	<u>S⁽¹⁾</u>	260	D	\$ 18.22	1,424,489	I	The Boyle Family Trust
Common Stock	05/15/2007	<u>S⁽¹⁾</u>	309	D	\$ 18.25	1,424,180	I	The Boyle Family Trust
Common Stock	05/15/2007	<u>S⁽¹⁾</u>	570	D	\$ 18.26	1,423,610	I	The Boyle Family Trust
Common Stock	05/15/2007	<u>S⁽¹⁾</u>	286	D	\$ 18.27	1,423,324	I	The Boyle Family Trust

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Common Stock	05/15/2007	<u>S</u> ⁽¹⁾	2,395	D	\$ 18.28	1,420,929	I	The Boyle Family Trust
Common Stock	05/15/2007	<u>S</u> ⁽¹⁾	2,023	D	\$ 18.29	1,418,906	I	The Boyle Family Trust
Common Stock	05/15/2007	<u>S</u> ⁽¹⁾	2,030	D	\$ 18.3	1,416,876	I	The Boyle Family Trust
Common Stock	05/15/2007	<u>S</u> ⁽¹⁾	52	D	\$ 18.31	1,416,824	I	The Boyle Family Trust
Common Stock	05/15/2007	<u>S</u> ⁽¹⁾	169	D	\$ 18.32	1,416,655	I	The Boyle Family Trust
Common Stock	05/15/2007	<u>S</u> ⁽¹⁾	156	D	\$ 18.33	1,416,499	I	The Boyle Family Trust
Common Stock	05/15/2007	<u>S</u> ⁽¹⁾	52	D	\$ 18.34	1,416,447	I	The Boyle Family Trust
Common Stock	05/15/2007	<u>S</u> ⁽¹⁾	52	D	\$ 18.35	1,416,395	I	The Boyle Family Trust
Common Stock	05/15/2007	<u>S</u> ⁽¹⁾	52	D	\$ 18.42	1,416,343	I	The Boyle Family Trust
Common Stock	05/15/2007	<u>S</u> ⁽¹⁾	208	D	\$ 18.44	1,416,135	I	The Boyle Family Trust
Common Stock	05/15/2007	<u>S</u> ⁽¹⁾	52	D	\$ 18.5	1,416,083	I	The Boyle Family Trust
Common Stock						133,638 ⁽²⁾	D	

Reminder: Report on a separate line for each class of securities beneficially owned directly or indirectly.

Persons who respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

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(9-02)

Table II - Derivative Securities Acquired, Disposed of, or Beneficially Owned
(e.g., puts, calls, warrants, options, convertible securities)

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1. Title of Derivative Security (Instr. 3)	2. Conversion or Exercise Price of Derivative Security	3. Transaction Date (Month/Day/Year)	3A. Deemed Execution Date, if any (Month/Day/Year)	4. Transaction Code (Instr. 8)	5. Number of Derivative Securities Acquired (A) or Disposed of (D) (Instr. 3, 4, and 5)	6. Date Exercisable and Expiration Date (Month/Day/Year)	7. Title and Amount of Underlying Securities (Instr. 3 and 4)	8. Price of Derivative Security (Instr. 5)	9. Number of Derivative Securities Owned Following Transaction (Instr. 6)
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Reporting Owners

Reporting Owner Name / Address	Relationships			
	Director	10% Owner	Officer	Other
Boyle Richard J Jr C/O LOOPNET, INC. 185 BERRY STREET, SUITE 4000 SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94107	X		Chief Executive Officer	

Signatures

/s/ Maria Valles as
Attorney-in-Fact
Date: 06/04/2007

**Signature of Reporting Person Date

Explanation of Responses:

- * If the form is filed by more than one reporting person, see Instruction 4(b)(v).
- ** Intentional misstatements or omissions of facts constitute Federal Criminal Violations. See 18 U.S.C. 1001 and 15 U.S.C. 78ff(a).
- (1) The sales reported in this Form 4 were effected pursuant to a Rule 10b5-1 trading plan adopted by the reporting person on November 21, 2006.
- (2) Amendment filed to correct number of shares of Common Stock held directly by Reporting Person.

Note: File three copies of this Form, one of which must be manually signed. If space is insufficient, see Instruction 6 for procedure. Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB number. =1> 51,372 11.7 43,723 12.1 Total (note: totals may not add due to rounding) \$547,666 100.0 % \$439,405 100.0 % \$362,485 100.0 %

Underground

Primoris installs, replaces, repairs and rehabilitates natural gas, refined product, water and wastewater pipelines. Substantially all of Primoris's pipeline and distribution projects involve underground installation of pipe with diameters ranging from one-half to 102 inches.

New Construction. Cross country transmission pipeline installation typically involves three phases. First, the right of way is cleared and the necessary trench is excavated. The pipe is then delivered, strung down the right of way and

bent to match the contours of the terrain, welded, coated and lowered into the trench. The final phase includes trench backfill, restoring the terrain and vegetation to their original condition and hydrostatically testing the pipeline to insure its integrity. A major pipeline can involve as many as 500 Primoris employees and proceed at a rate of up to two miles per day. Primoris' s construction techniques and equipment enable it to install pipelines efficiently under difficult conditions found in all types of terrain, including city streets, deserts and mountain ranges. In addition, Primoris' s directional drilling technology and equipment enable it to install pipelines cost-effectively beneath bays, river beds, land fills and other environmentally sensitive areas.

Primoris' s new construction activity has benefited from increased demand for natural gas and the resulting growth in construction of natural gas transmission pipelines that typically range in diameter from six to 48 inches. In addition to installing new natural gas pipelines, Primoris typically constructs feeder lines from the main gas transmission lines to cogeneration plants, processing plants and other gas fueled systems. Primoris also installs steel and plastic natural gas distribution mains, service lines, and other natural gas distribution system components.

In addition to natural gas transmission pipelines, Primoris installs carbon steel product pipelines for transportation of petrochemical products, including unrefined crude oil, refined petroleum products and assorted chemical products. Petrochemical product pipelines typically range in diameter from four to 36 inches.

Primoris installs water pipeline systems made out of carbon steel, reinforced concrete and plastic that range in diameter from 10 to 102 inches, and also constructs water distribution and treatment facilities, and pumping and lift stations.

Replacement, Repair and Rehabilitation. In addition to new pipeline construction, Primoris provides replacement, repair and rehabilitation services to existing pipeline systems. Replacement services are typically provided to customers who desire to replace existing pipeline with new pipeline in order to increase capacity or pressure, or to replace weak or leaking sections. Rehabilitation services include removal, refurbishing and

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reinstallation of existing pipeline. Repair services include routine maintenance services, such as inspection, pressure testing and coating integrity work. A portion of Primoris' s replacement, repair and rehabilitation services are performed pursuant to annual contracts and alliances.

Following is a listing of notable projects completed by the Underground group since 2003:

Client	Job Location	Contract Amount (Millions)	Project	Description
Long Beach Gas and Oil Department	Long Beach, CA	\$ 6.4	Gas Distribution	Replacement of multiple natural gas mains, which range from 2-inch polyethylene to 12-inch steel pipe
Port of Long Beach	Port of Long Beach, CA	1.4	Transmission Pipeline and Horizontal Directional Drilling	Pier D and Pier T pipeline relocation
Makar Development	Huntington Beach, CA	13.3	Water & Sewer	Built the Pacific City infrastructure

Pacific Gas &
Electric

Holt, CA

25.2

Transmission Pipeline

McDonald Island Line
57C replacement project**Industrial**

Primoris's Industrial group provides a comprehensive range of services, from turnkey construction to retrofits, upgrades, repairs, and maintenance of industrial plants and facilities. It executes contracts as the prime contractor or as a subcontractor utilizing a variety of delivery methods including fixed price competitive bids, fixed fee, cost plus and a variety of negotiated incentive based contracts.

The Industrial group is a leader in performing difficult fast track projects combining the talents and experience of seasoned construction management and skilled craft personnel. The Industrial group serves a wide variety of industries, including: power generation, water and wastewater treatment, refining, petrochemical, oil and gas, manufacturing, mining, pulp and paper, and food and beverage processing.

The Industrial group's focus is on heavy industrial projects related to utilities, such as power plants, compressor stations, liquid terminals and manufacturing facilities. It self-performs all civil, mechanical, piping and structural aspects of a project. Installation of engineered equipment includes combustion turbines, generators, heat recovery steam generators, selective catalytic reduction systems, boilers, reformers, compressors, pumps, material handling systems, and associated piping systems.

The water division of the Industrial group is experienced in constructing a variety of water related projects including plants utilizing reverse osmosis and other membrane technologies as well as the more traditional water and wastewater treatment plants, water reclamation facilities and distribution facilities.

The Industrial group competitively bids and executes turnkey design/build projects in the power generation, and the water and wastewater treatment arena as well as power plant emissions reduction projects.

Primoris's manufacturing facility provides full service fabrication of carbon steel and alloy pipe, ASME Section IX pressure vessels, as well as fabrication of skid-mounted equipment.

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Following is a listing of notable projects completed by the Industrial group since 2003:

Client	Job Location	Contract Amount (Millions)	Project	Description
Turlock Irrigation District	Turlock, CA	\$ 24	Walnut Energy Center	Erect heat recovery steam generators (HRSG). Erect balance of plant piping and equipment
Sunrise Power, LLC	Fellows, CA	114	Sunrise Power Plant	Phase I: Complete turnkey assignment of a 320 megawatt (MW) simple cycle power plant constructed in just six months. Phase II: Expansion

Elk Hills Power LLC	Tupman, CA	110	Elk Hills Power Plant	of the 320 MW simple cycle power plant into a 550 MW cogeneration plant, adding two HRSGs and a steam turbine
Fluor Constructors International	Moss Landing, CA	29	Moss Landing Power Plant	Complete turnkey assignment, including the installation of 500 MW combined cycle power plant
Jacobs/British Petroleum	Carson, CA	47	Carson Refinery	1060 MW combined cycle power plant, including the installation of four HRSGs Construction of an electrostatic-precipitator and fluid-feed hydro desulpherization unit

Structures

The Structures group designs and constructs complex commercial and industrial cast-in-place concrete structures. This business unit was formed in 1996 in connection with the acquisition of the assets of Saffel & McAdam, which specialized in concrete parking structures for many years.

The current focus of the Structures group is long-span, cast-in-place parking structures in the Southern California region for a mix of private and public sector clients. This market segment is strong given the diminishing land available for parking and the increased cost of land. Competition is generally limited to approximately five firms that also specialize in this particular type of project. The average project size is approximately \$15 million.

Many of these projects are performed under a design-build delivery method. Architectural design, civil and structural engineering services are contracted with a number of key firms who specialize in this market segment. The balance of the design is typically contracted with design-build mechanical and electrical subcontracting firms.

All structural concrete, carpentry and specialty trade work is performed by Primoris employees, many who have been with Primoris since 1996 and came with the acquisition of Saffel & McAdam. The balance of the work is performed by select, qualified subcontractors that also specialize in the long-span, post-tensioned concrete parking structure business. The Structures group's competitive advantage comes from a proprietary concrete forming system that has been perfected through several generations of innovation and improvement.

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Following is a listing of notable projects completed by the Structures group since 2003:

Client	Job Location	Contract Amount (Millions)	Project	Description
Los Angeles County Museum of Art	Los Angeles, CA	\$ 9	LACMA Transformation Parking Structure	Two-level, 500 stall below-grade parking structure constructed in the

City of Santa Monica	Santa Monica, CA	30	Santa Monica Civic Center Parking Garage	<p>La Brea Tar Pit area, complicated by extensive methane, ground water on a congested site</p> <p>Six-level, 890 stall above-grade parking structure built to Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) Green Building Standards complete with a unique canopy of glass and photovoltaic solar panels to generate over 30% of the building's power</p> <p>Six-level, 1,200 stall above-grade parking structure on the expanded Qualcomm office campus</p> <p>Seven-level, 1,100 stall above-grade parking structure on a congested work site with a limited lay down area</p>
Qualcomm	San Diego, CA	18	Qualcomm Parking Structure	
University of Southern California	Los Angeles, CA	13	USC Parking Structure #1	

Engineering

The Engineering group specializes in designing, supplying, and installing high-performance furnaces, heaters, burner management systems, and related combustion and process technologies for clients in the oil refining, petrochemical, and power generation industries. It furnishes turn-key project management with technical expertise, and a proven ability to deliver custom engineering solutions worldwide.

Design. The oil industry processes crude oil through a combination of unit operations to extract the maximum products from a barrel. These unit operations require furnaces that heat the feedstock to levels that permit distillation for production of gasoline, aviation fuel, diesel, and by-products for downstream petrochemicals.

The furnace designs are complex and require a broad range of engineering expertise to provide operational stability at economical energy levels that conform to the environmental demands of the public.

Solutions. The Engineering group provides performance engineering solutions and single-point management responsibility on critical projects, from process simulation, heater design, burner safety controls, and environmental applications to construction, retrofits, and revamps.

Primoris acquired Born Heaters Canada ULC in 2005. This subsidiary, based in Calgary, Canada, specializes in furnaces for heating service in oil refinery operations with direct applications throughout Canada, the Canadian Tar Sands development and a geographical reach in the Middle and Far East through an agency network. The Calgary operation has particular expertise in the design, component supply and skid assembly of Burner Management Systems (BMS) for safety applications to fired heaters.

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Following is a listing of notable projects completed by the Engineering group since 2003.

Client	Job Location	Contract Amount (Millions)	Project	Description
Chevron	El Segundo, California	\$4.7	El Segundo Refinery	Revamp of continuous catalytic reformer unit to increase capacity by 20% with three naphtha feedstocks to provide flexibility and an environmental limit of 5 parts per million volume dry nitrogen oxides Expansion of the primary ammonia reformer from 830 short tons per day to 1050 short tons per day and increased operational reliability of the plant
PCS Nitrogen Ltd.	Trinidad, West Indies	5.4	Ammonia Reformer Expansion	The design, supply and installation of selective catalytic reduction systems to reduce nitrogen oxides emissions from 3 single-train 75 MW gas turbines on the cogeneration facility
Midway Sunset	Taft, California	1.8	Selective Catalytic Reduction Systems	Design and supply of four furnaces for the Ultra Low Sulfur Diesel project plus distillate hydroheater furnace
Valero Energy	Lake Charles, Louisiana	5.7	Charge Heater and Interstage Heaters	

Water and Wastewater

The Water and wastewater group specializes in design build, general contracting and construction management of facilities and plants dedicated to reverse osmosis, desalinization, conventional water treatment, water reclamation, wastewater treatment, sludge processing, solid waste, pump stations, lift stations, power generation cooling, cogeneration, flood control, wells and pipeline projects.

The Water and wastewater management team has successfully constructed projects together for over 25 years. In addition, many other key management professionals have been with the team in excess of 15 years.

The customer base of Water and wastewater is composed of municipalities, counties, state and federal agencies as well as private utilities. The assortment of contract delivery vehicles are competitive bid, negotiated, design/build, construction management, GMP and fee. The dollar range of the projects is \$0.5 million to \$50 million.

The Water and wastewater group self performs the majority of the civil, structural and mechanical skilled labor work required to construct these projects throughout the Southeast, primarily in Florida.

Water and wastewater s future work is fueled by the population growth, water shortages, environmental considerations, treatment upgrades, elimination of antiquated systems and evolving technology.

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Following is a listing of notable projects completed by the Water and wastewater group since 2004:

Client	Job Location	Contract Amount (Million)	Project	Description
City of Clewiston	Clewiston, FL	\$13	Water Treatment Plant	Reverse osmosis water treatment facility
City of Pembroke Pines	Pembroke Pines, FL	17	Water Treatment Plant	Design / build water treatment facility improvements
City of Miami Beach	Miami Beach, FL	23	Pump Stations	Pump station upgrade
Tohopekaliga Water Auth.	Kissimmee, FL	14	Wastewater Treatment Plant	Wastewater treatment plant expansion

Geographic Areas Financial Information

The following table sets forth Primoris s revenues from external customers attributable to its operations in the countries identified below for the years ended December 31, 2007, 2006 and 2005, and the total assets located in those countries for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006. Primoris s revenue from operations in the United States and Ecuador are related to projects primarily in those countries. Primoris s revenue from operations in Canada are primarily derived from our office in Calgary, Canada, but may relate to specific projects in other countries.

External Revenue	Year Ended December 31						Total Assets At December 31	
	2007		2006		2005		2007	2006
Country	Revenue (Thousands)	%	Revenue (Thousands)	%	Revenue (Thousands)	%		
United States	\$521,663	95.3	\$411,095	93.6	\$354,929	97.9	\$203,047	\$148,116
Canada	20,961	3.8	18,911	4.3	1,714	0.5	14,818	11,077
Ecuador	5,042	0.9	9,399	2.1	5,842	1.6	3,108	3,116
TOTAL	\$547,666	100.0	\$439,405	100.0	\$362,485	100.0	\$220,973	\$162,309

Risks Attendant to Foreign Operations

International operations are subject to foreign economic and political uncertainties. Unexpected and adverse changes in the foreign countries in which Primoris operates could result in project disruptions, increased cost and potential losses. The business is subject to fluctuations in demand and to changing domestic and international economic and political conditions which are beyond our control. As set forth in the table above, in 2007, approximately 4.7% of

revenue was attributable to external customers in foreign countries. The current expectation is that a similar portion of revenue will continue to come from international projects for the foreseeable future.

The lack of a well-developed legal system in some foreign countries may also make it difficult to enforce contractual rights. There are significant risks due to civil strife, acts of war, terrorism and insurrection. The level of exposure to these risks will vary with respect to each project, depending on the particular stage of each such project. For example, the risk exposure with respect to a project in an early development stage will generally be less than the risk exposure with respect to a project in the middle of construction. To the extent that Primoris' s international business is affected by unexpected and adverse foreign economic and political conditions, we may experience project disruptions and losses, which can significantly reduce overall revenue and profits. Primoris is able to mitigate significant portions of these risks by focusing on U.S. and European based clients (although the projects may be located elsewhere) and U.S. dollar based or hedged contracts.

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Business Strategy

Primoris' s strategy emphasizes the following key elements:

Diversification through Controlled Expansion. Primoris continues to emphasize both the expansion of services beyond its traditional focus and the addition of new customers. New areas of focus include engineering, through the formation of Onquest and the acquisition of Born Heaters, and water/wastewater projects through the acquisition of Cardinal Contractors, Inc. Primoris has expanded into these markets, both by internal growth and through acquisitions. It will continue to evaluate acquisitions which offer growth opportunities and the ability to leverage Primoris' s resources as a leading service provider to the natural gas and petroleum product pipeline industries. The current strategy also includes selective expansion to new geographic regions.

Emphasis on Retention of Existing Customers and Recurring Revenue. Primoris believes it is important to maintain strong customer relationships and to expand its base of recurring revenue sources in order to lessen its dependence on new construction projects and mitigate the cyclical nature of its industry. Gas distribution services are typically provided by Primoris pursuant to renewable, one or multi-year contracts. Other facilities maintenance services, such as regularly scheduled and emergency repair work, are provided on an ongoing basis.

Ownership of Equipment. Many of the services offered by Primoris are capital intensive. The cost of construction and transportation equipment provides a significant barrier to entry into Primoris' s businesses. The ownership of a large and varied construction fleet and of its own maintenance facilities assures availability of reliable equipment at a favorable cost. Today, Primoris has a large and modern fleet of construction equipment. This is important with the new and more stringent state and federal requirements for emissions.

Stable Work Force. Primoris maintains a stable work force of skilled, experienced laborers, many of whom are cross-trained in projects such as pipeline and cogeneration plant construction, refinery maintenance, and fabrication of complex processing units. This stable and experienced work force has contributed to Primoris' s excellent safety record, which has significantly reduced insurance costs and made Primoris more attractive to existing and prospective customers.

Selective Bidding. Primoris selectively bids projects which it believes offer an opportunity to meet its profitability objectives, or which offer the opportunity to enter promising new markets. In addition, Primoris carefully reviews its bidding opportunities to minimize concentration of work with any one customer, in any one industry, or in stressed labor markets.

Concentration on Private Sector Work. Primoris focuses on private sector work, which it believes is more profitable than public sector work. In 2007, revenue of approximately \$412.7 million, or 75.4% of revenue, was derived from private sector projects.

Customers

Primoris has longstanding relationships with major utility, refining, petrochemical, power and engineering companies.

It has completed major underground and industrial projects for a number of large natural gas transmission and petrochemical companies in the Western U.S., as well as significant projects through its engineering subsidiary. A

large number of contracts are entered into each year, many of which are completed within three months from commencement, as well as other larger projects that may take 12 to 24 months to complete. Although Primoris has not been dependent upon any one customer, a small number of customers may constitute a substantial portion of its total revenue in any given period.

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Ongoing Projects

The following is a summary of selected ongoing construction projects of Primoris at December 31, 2007.

Group	Client	Project	Location	Contract Amount	Estimated Completion Date	Remaining Backlog at December 31, 2007
				(Millions)		
Underground	Kinder Morgan	Pipeline	Palm Springs, CA	\$16	01/2008	\$ 2
Industrial	Imperial Irr. District	Power Plant	Palmdale, CA	50	05/2008	24
Industrial	Black & Veatch	Power Plant	Antioch, CA	27	11/2008	26
Industrial	Praxair	260M std cu ft Hydrogen Reformer	Richmond, CA	94	02/2010	92
Structures	CSU	Long Beach Parking Garage	Long Beach, CA	19	01/2009	19
Engineering	Clean Energy	LNG facility	Boron, CA	46	09/2007	31
Engineering	Marathon Oil	Platformer	Garyville, LA	14	10/2008	8
Engineering	PTT Public Co	Waste Heat Rec.	Thailand	27	06/2009	27
Water and wastewater	Everest WRF	Major modifications waste recovery	Pembroke Pines, FL	19	01/2009	7
Water and wastewater	Hillsborough County Valrico	6 million gallon per day expansion	Hillsborough, FL	50	04/2009	39

Backlog

Primoris' s backlog consists of anticipated revenue from the uncompleted portions of existing construction contracts. A construction project is included in backlog at such time as a construction contract is awarded or a firm commitment letter is obtained. Substantially all of the contracts in the backlog may be cancelled or modified at the election of the customer.

A substantial percentage of anticipated revenue in any quarter results from construction contracts entered into during that quarter or the immediately preceding quarter. A majority of construction contracts in both 2006 and 2007 were completed within three months. In addition, Primoris does not include in its backlog anticipated revenue from facilities maintenance, alliance contracts and gas distribution contracts because this work is performed on a cost-plus basis. As a result of the foregoing, the level of backlog is not an accurate indicator of Primoris' s future performance on an annual basis.

Competition

Primoris believes that the primary factors of competition are price, reputation for quality, delivery and safety, relevant experience, availability of skilled labor, machinery and equipment, financial strength, knowledge of local markets and conditions, and estimating abilities. Primoris believes that it competes favorably on the basis of the foregoing factors.

Primoris faces substantial competition on large construction projects from regional and national contractors. Competitors on small construction projects range from a few large construction companies to a variety of

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smaller contractors. Primoris competes with many local and regional firms for construction services and with a number of large firms on select projects. Each of Primoris' s business groups faces varied competition depending on the type of project and services offered.

Contract Provisions and Subcontracting

A substantial portion of Primoris' s revenue is derived from contracts that are fixed price or fixed unit price contracts. Under a fixed price contract, Primoris undertakes to provide labor, equipment and services required by a project for a competitively bid or negotiated fixed price. The materials required under a fixed price contract, such as pipe, turbines, boilers and vessels are often supplied by the party retaining Primoris. Under a fixed unit price contract, Primoris is committed to provide materials or services required by a project at fixed unit prices. While the fixed unit price contract shifts the risk of estimating the quantity of units required for a particular project to the party retaining Primoris, any increase in Primoris' s unit cost over the unit price bid, whether due to inflation, inefficiency, faulty estimates or other factors, is borne by Primoris.

Construction contracts are primarily obtained through competitive bidding or through negotiations with long-standing customers. Primoris is typically invited to bid on projects undertaken by recurring customers who maintain pre-qualified contractor lists. Contractors are selected for the pre-approved contractor lists by virtue of their prior performance for such customers, as well as their experience, reputation for quality, safety record, financial strength and bonding capacity.

In evaluating bid opportunities, Primoris considers such factors as the customer, the geographic location of the work, the availability of labor, its competitive advantage or disadvantage relative to other likely contractors, its current and projected workload, the likelihood of additional work, and the project's cost and profitability estimates. Primoris uses computer-based estimating systems; its estimating staff averages about 15 years of experience in the construction industry. The project estimates form the basis of a project budget against which performance is tracked through a project cost system, enabling management to monitor projects effectively. Project costs are accumulated real time and monitored weekly against billings and payments to assure adequate cash flow on the project.

All government contracts and many other contracts provide for termination of the contract for the convenience of the party retaining Primoris. In addition, many contracts are subject to certain completion schedule requirements with liquidated damages in the event schedules are not met. Primoris has not been materially adversely affected by these provisions in the past.

Primoris acts as prime contractor on a majority of the construction projects it undertakes. In the construction industry, the prime contractor is normally responsible for the performance of the entire contract, including subcontract work. Thus, when acting as a prime contractor, Primoris is subject to increased costs associated with the failure of one or more subcontractors to perform as anticipated. In its capacity as prime contractor and, when acting as a subcontractor, Primoris performs most of the work on its projects with its own resources and subcontracts specialized activities such as blasting, hazardous waste removal and electrical work.

Primoris's gas distribution services are typically provided pursuant to renewable, one-year contracts, on a cost-plus basis. Fees on cost-plus contracts are negotiated and are earned based on the project cost expensed. Historically, substantially all of the gas distribution customers have renewed their annual maintenance contracts. Facilities maintenance services, such as regularly scheduled and emergency repair work, are provided on an ongoing basis.

Employees

Primoris believes its employees are its most valuable resource. Its ability to maintain sufficient continuous work for approximately 1,000 hourly employees instills in such employees loyalty to and understanding of Primoris's policies and contributes to Primoris's strong safety and quality record.

On December 31, 2007, Primoris employed approximately 300 salaried and approximately 1,250 hourly employees. The total number of hourly personnel employed is subject to the volume of construction in progress. During 2007, the number of hourly employees ranged from approximately 800 to 1,450.

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Following is a summary of employees by function and geography at December 31, 2007:

	CA	FL	TX	Canada	Ecuador	Total
Salaried	233	11	17	18	22	301
Hourly	926	150	32	21	138	1,267
Total	1,159	161	49	39	160	1,568

Several of Primoris's subsidiaries have operations that are unionized through the negotiation and execution of collective bargaining agreements. These collective bargaining agreements have varying terms and are subject to renegotiation upon expiration. Primoris has experienced no recent work stoppages and believes its employee and union relations are good.

Equipment

Primoris owns and maintains both construction and transportation equipment. In 2007, 2006 and 2005, Primoris spent approximately \$6.7 million, \$1.5 million and \$2.7 million, respectively, for capital equipment. An estimated breakdown of capital equipment as of December 31, 2007 is as follows:

Heavy construction equipment	400 units
Trucks, autos and trailers	560 units
Specialized tools and equipment	100 units

Primoris believes the ownership of equipment is preferable to leasing to ensure the equipment is available as needed. In addition, such ownership has historically resulted in lower equipment costs. Primoris attempts to obtain projects that will keep its equipment fully utilized in order to increase profit. All equipment is subject to scheduled maintenance to insure reliability. Maintenance facilities exist at each of its regional offices as well as on-site on major jobs to properly service and repair equipment. Major equipment not currently utilized, is being rented to third parties to supplement equipment income.

Facilities

Primoris's executive offices are located at 26000 Commercentre Drive, Lake Forest, California 92630. The telephone number at Primoris's executive office is (949) 598-9242. Primoris also maintains regional offices in Pittsburg, San Francisco, Bakersfield, San Dimas and San Diego, California; Conroe and Pasadena, Texas; Sarasota and Ft. Lauderdale, Florida; Calgary, Alberta; and Quito, Ecuador.

Primoris leases all of the facilities used in its operations. The leases are generally for 10 to 12-year terms, expiring through 2019. The aggregate lease payments made for its facilities in 2007 were \$2,510,000. Primoris believes that its facilities are adequate to meet its current and foreseeable requirements for the next several years.

Primoris leases some of its facilities, employees and certain construction and transportation equipment from Stockdale Investment Group, Inc. (SIGI). All of these leases are at market rates and on arms-length terms which would be negotiated with an independent third party. The majority stockholder, chief executive officer, president and chairman of the board of Primoris, Brian Pratt, also holds a majority interest in SIGI. In addition, the following officers and directors of Primoris also serve as officers and/or directors of SIGI (with their respective positions with SIGI reflected in parentheses): Brian Pratt (chairman and director), John P. Schauerman (president and director), Scott Summers (vice president and director), John M. Perisich (secretary), and Arline Pratt (director).

Primoris maintains a website at www.arbinc.com. The information contained on Primoris's website is not part of this proxy statement/prospectus nor is it incorporated by reference into this proxy statement/prospectus.

Insurance and Bonding

Primoris maintains general liability and excess liability insurance, covering its construction equipment, and workers compensation insurance, in amounts consistent with industry practices. Primoris self-insures its workers' compensation claims in the State of California in an amount of up to \$250,000 per occurrence, and

maintains insurance covering larger claims. Annual premiums for workers' compensation are used to pay expenses and claims, the balance of which is periodically remitted to Primoris. Management believes its insurance programs are adequate.

Primoris maintains a diligent safety and risk management program that has resulted in a favorable loss experience factor. Through its safety director and the employment of a large staff of regional and site specific safety managers, Primoris has been able to effectively assess and control potential losses and liabilities in both the pre-construction and performance phases of its projects.

In connection with its business, Primoris generally is required to provide various types of surety bonds guaranteeing its performance under certain public and private sector contracts. Primoris's ability to obtain surety bonds depends upon its capitalization, working capital, backlog, past performance, management expertise and other factors. Surety companies consider such factors in light of the amount of surety bonds then outstanding for Primoris and their current underwriting standards, which may change from time to time.

Legal Proceedings

Primoris is a party to a number of legal proceedings, but it believes that the nature and number of these proceedings are typical for a firm of its size engaged in its type of business and that none of these proceedings is material to its financial position.

Government Regulations

Primoris's operations are subject to compliance with regulatory requirements of federal, state, and municipal agencies and authorities, including regulations concerning labor relations, affirmative action and the protection of the environment. While compliance with applicable regulatory requirements has not adversely affected operations in the past, there can be no assurance that these requirements will not change and that compliance with such requirements will not adversely affect operations.

Management of Primoris

Executive Officers

Primoris has developed a team of leaders to manage its operations. Most of the senior managers have long tenure with Primoris and longer tenures in the industry. Primoris believes that its high level of repeat business is a testament to its staff's uncompromising commitment to customer service. The executive officers of Primoris as of March 31, 2008 are as follows:

Name	Age	Position with Primoris ⁽¹⁾
Brian Pratt	56	Chief Executive Officer, President and Chairman of the Board
John P. Schauerman	51	Chief Financial Officer and Director
Alfons Theeuwes	56	Senior Vice President, Finance and Accounting and Director
John M. Perisich	43	Senior Vice President, General Counsel and Director
Scott E. Summers	49	President ARB Underground Group and Director
Timothy R. Healy	48	President Industrial Group and Director
Mark A. Thurman	49	President Structures, Inc. and Director
David J. Baker	70	President Onquest, Inc and Director
William J. McDevitt	60	President Cardinal Contractors, Inc.

- (1) All of the officers listed in the preceding table serve in their respective capacities at the pleasure of the board of directors.

Brian Pratt. Mr. Pratt has been president and chief executive officer since 1983. He also has served as chairman of the board of Primoris and its predecessor, ARB, since 1983 and also as a director since 1983. Mr. Pratt directs strategy, establishes goals, and oversees Primoris's operations. He assumed operational and financial control of ARB in 1983 and is the majority owner of Primoris. Mr. Pratt has over 30 years of hands-on operations and management experience in the construction industry. Mr. Pratt completed four years of courses in Civil Engineering at California Polytechnic College in Pomona in 1974.

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John P. Schauerman. Mr. Schauerman has served as chief financial officer since February 2008 and as a director since 1993. He joined ARB in 1993 as senior vice president, and is responsible for all financial activities of Primoris as well as corporate planning and maintaining Primoris's banking relationships. He is involved in capital commitments, acquisitions and sale of business segments, and project development. Prior to joining ARB in 1993, he was senior vice president of Wedbush Morgan Securities. Mr. Schauerman received a B.S. in Electrical Engineering from UCLA in 1979 and an MBA in 1984 from Columbia University.

Alfons Theeuwes. Mr. Theeuwes has served as senior vice president, finance and accounting, of Primoris since February 2008. Prior to that, he was chief financial officer. Mr. Theeuwes is responsible for administration and accounting of Primoris. He joined ARB in 2001 after a 23 year career with a major engineering company in Europe and the U.S. Mr. Theeuwes received a degree in finance and accounting and is registered as an accountant with the IDAC in Belgium.

John M. Perisich. Mr. Perisich has been senior vice president and general counsel of Primoris since February 2006. Prior to that, he served as vice president and general counsel of Primoris. Mr. Perisich joined ARB in 1995. Prior to joining Primoris, Mr. Perisich practiced law at Klein, Wegis, a full service law firm based in Bakersfield, California. He received a B.A. degree from UCLA in 1987, and a J.D. from the University of Santa Clara in 1991.

Scott E. Summers. Mr. Summers has served as president, ARB Underground group, since February 2006. Prior to that, he served as senior vice president of ARB. Currently, Mr. Summers is responsible for the day-to-day operations of the Underground group. Additionally, he oversees international operations. In 2001, Mr. Summers served as President of the PLCA (Pipeline Contractors Association) and in 2004, he was President of the IPLOCA (International Pipeline and Offshore Contractors Association). Mr. Summers received a B.S. in Civil Engineering from California Polytechnic State University.

Timothy R. Healy. Mr. Healy has served as president, Industrial group, since February 2006. Prior to that, he was senior vice president of ARB. Mr. Healy is responsible for the day-to-day operations of the Industrial group. He joined Primoris through Primoris's acquisition of Oilfield Construction in 1989. In 2006, Mr. Healy was elected president of the CPMCA (California Piping and Mechanical Contractors Association). He received a B.S. in Construction Engineering from the State University of New York at Alfred.

Mark A. Thurman. Mr. Thurman has been president of Structures, Inc. since February 2006. Prior to that, he served as vice president of ARB. Mr. Thurman began his construction career in 1975. Prior to joining Primoris in 2004, Mr. Thurman spent 18 years with Pepper Construction where he served as president for the last seven of those years. Active in numerous trade and industry organizations, Mr. Thurman was president of AGC of California in 1995 and currently serves as a national director of AGC of America.

David J. Baker. Mr. Baker joined Primoris in 2002 and has been president of Onquest Inc., the engineering arm of Primoris, since its formation. Educated at the Hendon College of Technology in London, England he is a Chartered Mechanical Engineer and Fuel Technologist and holds a Fellowship in both The Institution of Mechanical Engineers and The Energy Institute.

William J. McDevitt. Mr. McDevitt has participated in the water / wastewater treatment plant construction industry for more than 35 years, forming Cardinal Contractors, Inc. in 1984 and serving as its president since that date. Prior to founding Cardinal Contractors, Inc., he was executive vice president of Gulf Constructors a major commercial, institutional, transportation and utility contractor. Mr. McDevitt received a B.S. in Business Economics from Regis University in Denver, Colorado.

Security Ownership

The common stock of Primoris is currently owned by 43 stockholders and is not publicly traded. Approximately 58% of Primoris's shares of common stock are owned by Brian Pratt, Primoris's chairman, chief executive officer and president, and approximately 75% of Primoris's shares of common stock are owned or controlled by members of the Pratt family, including Brian Pratt.

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Dividend Policy

Primoris is taxed under Sub-Chapter S of the Internal Revenue Code and, accordingly, federal income taxes are the liability of the individual stockholders. Primoris has made certain dividend or distribution payments, from time to time, to its stockholders primarily for purposes of assisting its stockholders in satisfying their individual tax liabilities relating to Primoris. The dividends, or distributions, made to Primoris stockholders are identified in the Primoris Consolidated Financial Statements in the Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity in the line labeled *Distribution to stockholders*.

Upon consummation of the merger, the combined company will be subject to United States income tax, and as such similar dividends for the payment of individual stockholders' tax obligations will no longer be made. As part of the merger, and as more fully described in the section entitled *The Merger Agreement - Primoris Cash Distributions*, Primoris will be making distributions to its stockholders prior to the closing.

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PRIMORIS'S MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and accompanying notes of Primoris appearing elsewhere in this proxy statement/prospectus.

Overview

Business Overview

Primoris is a Nevada corporation that was formed in November 2003 as the successor corporation to ARB, Inc. which has been in existence since 1946. It is a holding company of various subsidiaries that cumulatively form a diversified engineering and construction company providing a wide range of construction, fabrication, maintenance, replacement and engineering services to major public utilities, petrochemical companies, energy companies, municipalities and other customers.

Primoris installs, replaces, repairs and rehabilitates natural gas, refined product, water and wastewater pipeline systems, and also constructs mechanical facilities, and other structures, including power plants, petrochemical facilities, refineries and parking structures. In addition, Primoris provides maintenance services, including inspection, overhaul and emergency repair services, for cogeneration plants, refineries and similar mechanical facilities. Through its subsidiary Onquest, Inc. (Onquest), Primoris provides engineering design of fired heaters and furnaces primarily for refinery applications, and, through its subsidiary Cardinal Contractors, Inc., Primoris constructs water and wastewater facilities in Florida. A substantial portion of Primoris's activities are performed in the Western United States, primarily in California. In addition, Primoris has strategic presence in Florida, Texas, Latin America and Canada.

Services

Primoris provides services in the following sectors:

Underground

Primoris Underground group installs, replaces, repairs and rehabilitates natural gas, refined product, water and wastewater pipelines. Substantially all of Primoris pipeline and distribution projects involve underground installation of pipe with diameters ranging from one-half to 102 inches.

Industrial

Primoris Industrial group provides a comprehensive range of services, from turnkey construction to retrofits, upgrades, repairs, and maintenance of industrial plants and facilities. It executes contracts as the prime contractor or as a subcontractor utilizing a variety of delivery methods including fixed price competitive bids, fixed fee, cost plus and a variety of negotiated incentive based contracts.

Structures

The Structures group designs and constructs complex commercial and industrial cast-in-place concrete structures.

Engineering

The Engineering group specializes in designing, supplying, and installing high-performance furnaces, heaters, burner management systems, and related combustion and process technologies for clients in the oil refining, petrochemical, and power generation industries. It furnishes turn-key project management with technical expertise and the ability to

deliver custom engineering solutions worldwide.

Water and Wastewater

This group specializes in design-build, general contracting and construction management of facilities and plants dedicated to reverse osmosis, desalinization, conventional water treatment, water reclamation, wastewater treatment, sludge processing, solid waste, pump stations, lift stations, power generation cooling, cogeneration, flood control, wells and pipeline projects, primarily in the Southeastern United States.

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Strategy

Primoris's strategy emphasizes the following key elements:

Diversification through Controlled Expansion. Primoris continues to emphasize (i) the expansion of services beyond its traditional focus and (ii) the addition of new customers. Primoris intends to continue to evaluate acquisitions that offer growth opportunities and the ability to leverage Primoris's resources as a leading service provider to the oil and gas, power, refinery and water industries. The current strategy also includes selective expansion to new geographic regions.

Emphasis on Retention of Existing Customers and Recurring Revenue. Primoris believes it is important to maintain strong customer relationships and to expand its base of recurring revenue sources and recurring customers, in order to mitigate the cyclical nature of its industry.

Ownership of Equipment. Many of the services offered by Primoris are capital intensive. The cost of construction equipment provides a significant barrier to entry into several of the businesses of Primoris. Management believes that Primoris's ownership of a large and varied construction fleet and of its own maintenance facilities enhances its access to reliable equipment at a favorable cost.

Stable Work Force. Primoris maintains a stable work force of skilled, experienced laborers, many of whom are cross-trained in projects such as pipeline and facility construction, refinery maintenance, and piping systems.

Selective Bidding. Primoris selectively bids projects that it believes offer an opportunity to meet its profitability objectives, or that offer the opportunity to enter promising new markets. In addition, Primoris reviews its bidding opportunities to attempt to minimize concentration of work with any one customer, in any one industry, or in stressed labor markets.

Concentration on Private Sector Work. Primoris focuses on private sector work, which it believes is generally more profitable than public sector work. In 2007, revenue of approximately \$405.9 million, or 74.1% of revenue, was derived from private sector projects.

Planned Merger

As discussed elsewhere in this proxy statement/prospectus, Primoris has entered into a merger agreement pursuant to which Primoris would merge with and into Rhapsody, with Rhapsody being the surviving legal entity and changing its name to Primoris Corporation. If the merger is completed, holders of all the issued and outstanding shares of common stock of Primoris and Primoris's two foreign managers will receive an aggregate of (i) 24,094,800 shares of Rhapsody common stock at the closing of the merger (subject to reduction in the event of exercise of dissenters' rights by any of the Primoris stockholders) plus (ii) the right to receive 2,500,000 shares of Rhapsody common stock for each of the fiscal years ending December 31, 2008 and 2009 during which Rhapsody achieves specified EBITDA (as defined in the merger agreement) milestones as discussed in the section of this proxy statement/prospectus entitled "The Merger Proposal - Structure of the Merger." Of the shares to be issued by Rhapsody, 1,807,110 will be placed in escrow to provide a fund to satisfy Rhapsody's rights to indemnification.

The merger will be accounted for as a reverse acquisition in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Under this method of accounting, Rhapsody will be treated as the acquired company for financial reporting purposes. This determination was primarily based on Primoris comprising the ongoing operations of the combined entity and senior management of the combined company. In accordance with guidance applicable to these circumstances, the merger will be considered to be a capital transaction in substance. Accordingly, for accounting purposes, the merger will be treated as the equivalent of Primoris issuing stock for the net assets of Rhapsody, accompanied by a recapitalization. The net assets of Rhapsody will be stated at historical cost, with no goodwill or other intangible assets recorded. Operations prior to the merger will be those of Primoris.

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Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

General

The discussion and analysis of Primoris' s financial condition and results of operations are based on Primoris' s consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with GAAP. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires Primoris to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements, and also affect the amounts of revenues and expenses reported for each period. These estimates and assumptions must be made because certain information that is used in the preparation of Primoris' s financial statements cannot be calculated with a high degree of precision from data available, is dependent on future events, or is not capable of being readily calculated based on generally accepted methodologies. Often times, these estimates are particularly difficult to determine and Primoris must exercise significant judgment. Estimates may be used in Primoris' s assessments of revenue recognition under percentage-of-completion accounting, the allowance for doubtful accounts, useful lives of property and equipment, fair value assumptions in analyzing goodwill and long-lived asset impairments, and self-insured claims liabilities. Actual results could differ from those that result from using the estimates.

SEC regulations define critical accounting policies as those that require application of management' s most difficult, subjective or complex judgments, often as a result of the need to make estimates about the effect of matters that are inherently uncertain and may change in subsequent periods.

Primoris' s significant accounting policies are described in note 2 to the notes to Primoris' s consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2007. Not all of these significant accounting policies require management to make difficult, subjective or complex judgments or estimates. However the following policies are considered to be critical within the SEC definition:

Revenue Recognition

A number of factors relating to the business of Primoris affect the recognition of contract revenue. Primoris typically structures contracts as unit-price, time and material, fixed-price or cost plus fixed fee. Primoris believes that its operating results should be evaluated over a time horizon during which major contracts in progress are completed and change orders, extra work, variations in the scope of work and cost recoveries and other claims are negotiated and realized.

Revenue is recognized on the percentage-of-completion method for all the types of contracts described in the paragraph above. Under the percentage-of-completion method, estimated contract income and resulting revenue is generally accrued based on costs incurred to date as a percentage of total estimated costs, taking into consideration physical completion. Total estimated costs, and thus contract income, are impacted by changes in productivity, scheduling, and the unit cost of labor, subcontracts, materials and equipment. Additionally, external factors such as weather, client needs, client delays in providing permits and approvals, labor availability, governmental regulation and politics may affect the progress of a project's completion and thus the timing of revenue recognition. If a current estimate of total contract cost indicates a loss on a contract, the projected loss is recognized in full when determined.

Primoris considers unapproved change orders to be contract variations on which Primoris has customer approval for scope change, but not for price associated with that scope change. Costs associated with unapproved change orders are included in the estimated cost to complete the contracts and are expensed as incurred. Primoris recognizes revenue equal to cost incurred on unapproved changed orders when realization of price approval is probable and the estimated amount is equal to or greater than its cost related to the unapproved change order. Revenue recognized on unapproved change orders is included in Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on the consolidated balance sheets.

Unapproved change orders involve the use of estimates, and it is reasonably possible that revisions to the estimated costs and recoverable amounts may be required in future reporting periods to reflect changes in estimates or final agreements with customers.

Primoris considers claims to be amounts Primoris seeks or will seek to collect from customers or others for customer-caused changes in contract specifications or design, or other customer-related causes of unanticipated additional contract costs on which there is no agreement with customers on both scope and price

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changes. Revenue from claims is recognized when agreement is reached with customers as to the value of the claims, which in some instances may not occur until after completion of work under the contract. Costs associated with claims are included in the estimated costs to complete the contracts and are expensed when incurred.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Primoris records an estimate of its anticipated bad debt expense based on Primoris's historical experience. If the financial condition of Primoris's clients were to deteriorate, or if the payment behavior were to change, resulting in either their inability or refusal to make payment to Primoris, additional allowances would be required.

Useful Lives of Property and Equipment

Primoris depreciates property, plant and equipment assets over their estimated useful lives, usually ranging from three to 30 years, and reviews these assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the related carrying amounts may not be recoverable.

Goodwill and Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

Goodwill arising from acquisitions is not amortized but is instead tested for impairment at the reporting unit level at least annually in accordance with the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 142, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets. Primoris annually performs goodwill impairment assessments. Application of the goodwill impairment test requires significant judgments including estimation of future cash flows, which is

dependent on internal forecasts, estimation of the long-term rate of growth for Primoris, the period over which cash flows will occur, and determination of the weighted average cost of capital. Changes in these estimates and assumptions could materially affect the determination of fair value and/or goodwill impairment for each reporting unit.

Changes in future market conditions, business strategy, or other factors could impact upon the future values of Primoris's reporting units, which could result in future impairment charges. At December 31, 2007, total goodwill amounted to \$2,227,000.

Primoris amortizes other intangible assets over their estimated useful lives and reviews the long-lived assets for impairment at least annually, or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the related carrying amounts may not be recoverable. Determining whether impairment has occurred typically requires various estimates and assumptions, including determining which cash flows are directly related to the potentially impaired asset, the useful life over which cash flows will occur, their amount and the asset's residual value, if any. In turn, measurement of an impairment loss requires a determination of fair value, which is based on the best information available.

Reserve for Uninsured Risks

Management estimates are inherent in the assessment of our exposure to material uninsured risks. Significant judgments by management and reliance on third-party experts are utilized in determining probable and/or reasonably estimable amounts to be recorded or disclosed in the financial statements. The results of any changes in accounting estimates are reflected in the financial statements of the period in which the changes are determined. Primoris does not believe that material changes to its current estimates are reasonably likely to occur.

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Results of Operations

Overview

Overall Results

The following table sets forth Primoris's overall results of operations for the years ended December 31, 2007, 2006 and 2005:

	Year Ended December 31,		2006		2005	
	Dollars	% of Revenue	Dollars	% of Revenue	Dollars	% of Revenue
	(Dollars in Thousands)					
Revenue	\$547,666	100.0%	\$439,405	100.0%	\$362,485	100.0%
Gross profit	59,352	10.8	39,950	9.1	25,146	6.9
Selling, general and administrative expenses	29,517	5.4	26,769	6.1	21,226	5.9
Operating income	29,835	5.4	13,181	3.0	3,920	1.1
Other (expense) income	(1,853)	(0.3)	1,244	0.3		

Provision for income taxes	(848)	(0.2)	(1,197)	(0.2)	(18)	
Income from continuing operations	27,134	5.0	13,228	3.0	3,902	1.1
(Loss) income on discontinued operations			(28)		1,519	0.5
Net income	27,134	5.0	13,200	3.0	5,421	1.5

Revenue by Segment

Primoris operates in five reportable segments. The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies in note 2 to the notes to Primoris's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2007. Primoris evaluates performance based on gross profit before allocations of selling, general and administrative expenses, other income and expense items and income taxes. Primoris accounts for intersegment sales and transfers as if the sales or transfers were to third parties, that is, at current market prices. Primoris's reportable segments are strategic business units that are managed separately because each segment offers different services. The following table sets forth Primoris's revenue by segment for the years ended December 31, 2007, 2006 and 2005:

Segment	Year Ended December 31, 2007		2006		2005	
	Revenue	% of Revenue	Revenue	% of Revenue	Revenue	% of Revenue
	(Dollars in Thousands)					
Underground	\$ 197,367	36.0 %	\$ 210,336	47.9 %	\$ 156,322	43.0 %
Industrial Structures	151,707	27.7	67,458	15.4	90,461	25.0
Engineering	60,706	11.1	70,506	16.0	45,965	12.7
Water and Wastewater	77,300	14.1	39,733	9.0	26,014	7.2
Total	60,586	11.1	51,372	11.7	43,723	12.1
	\$ 547,666	100.0 %	\$ 439,405	100.0 %	\$ 362,485	100.0 %

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Geographic Areas Financial Information

The following table sets forth Primoris's revenues from external customers attributable to its operations in the countries identified below for the years ended December 31, 2007, 2006 and 2005, and the total assets located in those countries for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006. Primoris's revenue from operations in the United States and Ecuador are related to projects primarily in those countries. Primoris's revenue from operations in Canada are primarily derived from our office in Calgary, Canada, but may relate to specific projects in other countries.

Country	External Revenue Year Ended December 31,				Total Assets At December 31,	
	2007 Revenue	%	2006 Revenue	%	2007	2006
	(Dollars in Thousands)					
United States	\$521,663	95.3 %	\$411,095	93.6 %	\$203,047	\$148,116
Canada	20,961	3.8	18,911	4.3	14,818	11,077
Ecuador	5,042	0.9	9,399	2.1	3,108	3,116

Total \$547,666 100.0% \$439,405 100.0% \$362,485 100.0% \$220,973 \$162,309

Primoris's strategy is to limit its dependence on any one segment of the construction business by providing construction and service agreements not only for the pipeline construction business, but also related markets including construction and maintenance services for power plants, petrochemical facilities and refineries.

The trend of increased revenue and earnings from 2005 to 2007 is a direct result of this strategy of diversification.

While revenue and profit of specific operating units may vary from year-to-year, Primoris's overall trend in the last three years has been positive. Management believes that the positive trend in revenue and earnings should continue in 2008.

Seasonality and Cyclicity

Our results of operations can be subject to seasonal variations. During the winter months, weather can impact our ability to work off backlog. In addition, demand for new projects is generally lower during the winter months due to reduced construction activity based on weather concerns. As a result, we generally experience higher revenues and earnings in the third and fourth quarters of the year than in the first two quarters.

Additionally, business in the construction industry is cyclical. We depend in part on spending by companies in the energy, and oil and gas industries, as well as on water and wastewater customers that are primarily municipalities. As a result, our volume of business may be adversely affected by general declines in new projects from the energy sector or water and wastewater sector. Our volume of business may also be adversely affected by the size and timing of budgetary constraints of our customers. Accordingly, our operating results in any particular quarter may not be indicative of the results that can be expected for any other quarter or for the entire year.

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Year Ended December 31, 2007 Compared to Year Ended December 31, 2006

Continuing Operations

Revenue

The year-to-year comparison of revenue by segment is as follows:

Segment	Year Ended December 31, 2007		2006		Increase (Decrease)	Percent
	Revenue	%	Revenue	%		
	(Dollars in Thousands)					
Underground	\$ 197,367	36.0 %	\$ 210,336	47.9 %	\$(12,969)	(6.2)%
Industrial Structures	151,707	27.7	67,458	15.4	84,249	124.9
Engineering	60,706	11.1	70,506	16.0	(9,800)	(13.9)
Water and Wastewater	77,300	14.1	39,733	9.0	37,567	94.6
Total	60,586	11.1	51,372	11.7	9,214	11.3
	\$ 547,666	100.0 %	\$ 439,405	100.0 %	\$ 108,261	24.6 %

The Underground segment revenue decreased in 2007 as compared to 2006 due to a planned decrease in the number of new water and sewer projects. Primoris has made the decision to limit its construction of water and sewer projects to a highly selective few projects due to the lower profitability of water and sewer projects as compared to other underground projects.

The increase in Industrial segment revenue primarily was as a result of an increase in new projects for the power sector and significant expansion in the overall refining industry. Industrial revenue was low in 2006 due in part to clients being delayed obtaining project permits, and postponement of certain projects in California.

The decrease in Structures segment revenue was due to the fact that revenues in 2006 were above normal due to an unusual increase in parking structure activity in the California university system. Management of Primoris believes that the revenue in 2007 is representative of the anticipated steady inflow of projects in this business unit in the foreseeable future.

Engineering segment revenue increased primarily as a result of significant expansion in the refining and energy sector and entering into a service agreement with a major client. While the service agreement is cancellable by either party on thirty days notice, the history of these agreements and the expectation of management is that Primoris will continue to service this major client for at least the years of 2008 and 2009.

Water and Wastewater segment revenue increased in 2007 because of the strong project backlog accumulated in 2006 and the beginning of 2007.

Gross Profit

A year-to-year comparison of gross profit by segment and gross profit as a percentage of segment revenue is as follows:

Segment	Year Ended December 31,			
	2007	% of	2006	% of
	Gross Profit	Revenue	Gross Profit	Revenue
	(Dollars in Thousands)			
Underground	\$ 29,170	14.8 %	\$ 19,759	9.4 %
Industrial	16,673	11.0	9,597	14.2
Structures	1,848	3.0	2,254	3.2
Engineering	7,759	10.0	6,028	15.2
Water and Wastewater	3,902	6.4	2,312	4.5
Total	\$ 59,352	10.8 %	\$ 39,950	9.1 %

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Underground segment gross profit increased primarily as a result of a shift in project backlog from fixed fee water and sewer projects to a broader mix of underground projects, with improved execution of those projects resulting in higher overall gross margins..

Industrial segment gross profit decreased as a percentage of revenue but increased in dollar terms because of an increase in cost-plus work for the refining industry, which typically has lower gross margins.

Structures segment gross profit decreased primarily as a result of a decrease in business volume.

Engineering segment gross profit increased primarily as a result of an increase in volume in the refining sector, and a significant joint project which was entered into by both the Engineering segment and the Industrial segment. Gross profit as a percentage of revenue decreased due to a recognition of a loss of approximately \$970,000 on a project in Canada in early 2007.

Water and Wastewater segment gross profit increased primarily as a result of an increase in volume. Gross profit as a percentage of revenue increased as a result of an increase in demand for our services, which allowed for improved pricing on projects.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Selling and general and administrative expenses as a percentage of revenue decreased to 5.4% for 2007 as compared to 6.1% for 2006. The increase in selling, general and administrative expenses of \$2,748,000, or 12.4%, to \$29,517,000 for 2007 compared to \$26,769,000 for 2006 is principally due to an increase in payroll related expenses of \$2,077,000 required to meet revenue growth. The decrease in selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of revenue is due to the achievement of certain efficiencies as a result of increased volume, as certain selling, general and administrative expenses, including some accounting, administrative and management expenses, are fixed and do not increase proportionally with expanded volume.

Operating Income

The \$16,654,000, or 126.3%, increase in operating income to \$29,835,000 for 2007 compared to \$13,181,000 for 2006 was due primarily to a rise in revenue and in gross profit. The increase in operating income was partially offset by the increase in selling, general and administrative expenses.

Other (Expense) Income

The non-operating income and expense items for 2007 and 2006 are set forth below:

	Years Ended December 31,	
	2007	2006
	(In Thousands)	
Equity income (loss) from non-consolidated joint ventures	\$ (1,359)	\$ 1,800
Foreign exchange gain (loss)	(471)	168
Interest income	1,750	595
Interest expense	(1,773)	(1,319)
Total other (expense) income	\$ (1,853)	\$ 1,244

Equity income (loss) from non-consolidated joint ventures for 2006 consisted of the 49% share in the profits of ARB Arendal, a joint venture project in Monterrey, Mexico. In 2007, Primoris made the decision to record an other than temporary impairment of its investment in ARB Arendal of \$3,588,000, because of a client dispute with an uncertain outcome. Primoris's carrying value in ARB Arendal is zero after recognizing the impairment. The impairment loss was partially offset by \$2,229,000 of profit Primoris recognized in 2007 from the OMPP joint venture, an energy plant construction project in California which is anticipated to be completed in 2009. Management's strategy has been to limit its participation in joint ventures and the expectation is that Primoris will participate only selectively in joint ventures in the future.

Foreign exchange (loss) in 2007 reflects a currency exchange loss due to a devaluation of the U.S. dollar compared to the Canadian dollar. Our contracts in Calgary, Canada are sold based on U.S. dollars, but a

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portion of the work is paid for with Canadian dollars, which can create a currency exchange difference. Primoris has started hedging its currency on these contracts to moderate any gains or losses beginning January 1, 2008.

Interest income increased in 2007 compared to 2006 due to higher average cash balances in 2007, which in turn resulted from higher revenue and profits of Primoris. Future interest income is dependent on interest rates and Primoris's cash balances. While Primoris anticipates maintaining significant cash balances, acquisitions and other opportunities may reduce cash-on-hand. In addition, the volatility of interest rates limits management's ability to predict trends in interest income.

Interest expense increased in 2007 compared to 2006 due to the financing of newly purchased equipment and the increase in long-term debt. Primoris expects to continue to finance equipment acquisitions with increases in long-term debt.

Provision for Income Taxes

Provision for income taxes for 2007 decreased \$349,000 to \$848,000 compared to a provision for income taxes of \$1,197,000 for 2006. For United States federal income tax purposes, Primoris was taxed under Sub-Chapter S of the IRC and, accordingly, any United States federal income tax obligation was the personal liability of the stockholders.

The 2007 provision for income taxes is principally the result of Canadian taxable income. The decrease in the provision for income taxes in 2007 for Primoris compared to 2006 is due to a lower Canadian taxable income.

If the anticipated merger with Rhapsody is consummated (as described elsewhere in this prospectus/proxy statement), the combined company will be taxed for federal income tax purposes under Subchapter C of the IRC. The income of a C corporation is taxed, whereas the income of an S corporation (with a few exceptions) is not taxed under the federal income tax laws. In addition Primoris will also be subject to state income tax in the jurisdictions in which it does business, including California. Accordingly management anticipates that in future years, Primoris could have a combined federal and state income tax expense approximating 40% of income before income taxes.

Net Income

Due principally to the increase in revenue and the improvement in gross profit as a percentage of revenue, net income for 2007 increased \$13,934,000, or 105.6%, to \$27,134,000 compared to \$13,200,000 for 2006.

Discontinued Operations

During September 2004, Primoris decided to cease all operations in Chile. Related assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses were insignificant at and for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006. The fixed assets, consisting mainly of construction equipment, were sold locally or repatriated in 2006. In 2006, Primoris recorded a loss on discontinued operations of \$28,000, relating to the operations of ARB in Chile. Primoris had no discontinued operations in 2007.

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Year Ended December 31, 2006 Compared to Year Ended December 31, 2005

Continuing Operations

Revenue

The year-to-year comparison of revenue by segment is as follows:

Segment	Year Ended December 31, 2006		2005		Increase (Decrease)	% Change
	Revenue	%	Revenue	%		
	(Dollars in Thousands)					
Underground	\$ 210,336	47.9 %	\$ 156,322	43.0 %	\$ 54,014	34.6 %
Industrial	67,458	15.4	90,461	25.0	(23,003)	(25.4)
Structures	70,506	16.0	45,965	12.7	24,541	53.4
Engineering	39,733	9.0	26,014	7.2	13,719	52.7
Water and Wastewater	51,372	11.7	43,723	12.1	7,649	17.5
Total	\$ 439,405	100.0 %	\$ 362,485	100.0 %	\$ 76,920	21.2 %

Underground segment revenue increased primarily as a result of a substantial project in the San Diego area that was completed in the second quarter 2007.

Industrial segment revenue decreased because of the delay in obtaining project permits, and postponement of certain projects in California.

Structures segment revenue was higher because of an increase in parking structure activity in the California university system.

Engineering segment revenue increased primarily as a result of Primoris' s acquisition of Born Heaters Canada on October 1, 2005.

Water and Wastewater segment revenue was stimulated by the increase of water infrastructure investment by various municipalities in Florida.

Gross Profit

A year-to-year comparison of gross profit by segment and gross profit as a percentage of segment revenue is as follows:

Segment	Year Ended December 31, 2006		2005	
	Gross Profit	% of Revenue	Gross Profit	% of Revenue

	(In Thousands)					
Underground	\$ 19,759	9.4	%	\$ 13,706	8.8	%
Industrial	9,597	14.2		6,934	7.7	
Structures	2,254	3.2		1,089	2.4	
Engineering	6,028	15.2		1,577	6.1	
Water and Wastewater	2,312	4.5		1,840	4.2	
Total	\$ 39,950	9.1	%	\$ 25,146	6.9	%

Underground segment gross profit was boosted by an increase in activity in the San Diego, California area. Gross profit as a percentage of revenue increased due to an increase in unit price work. Unit price work is based on a price per unit of work performed, such as a price per foot of boring completed or a price per foot of pipe installed.

Industrial segment gross profit increased because of additional activity in the refining and electrical power sectors. Gross profit as a percentage of revenue increased due to an increase in demand for our services which allowed for improved pricing on projects.

Structures segment gross profit increased primarily as a result of larger project volume. Gross profit as a percentage of revenue increased due to improved cost control on projects executed in 2006 over 2005.

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Engineering segment gross profit increased primarily as a result of the addition of Born Heaters Canada. Gross profit as a percentage of revenue increased due to the execution of several higher margin projects resulting from the acquisition of Born Heaters Canada.

Water and Wastewater segment gross profit increased primarily as a result of larger volume. Gross profit as a percentage of revenue was flat.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of revenue were 6.1% for 2006 and 5.9% for 2005. The increase in selling, general and administrative expenses by \$5,543,000 to \$26,769,000 for 2006 compared to \$21,226,000 for 2005 is principally due to a \$3,123,000 increase in payroll related expenses required to meet revenue growth.

Operating Income

Operating income increased \$9,261,000, or 236.3%, to \$13,181,000 for 2006 compared to \$3,920,000 for 2005 due to the increase in revenue and the increase in gross profit. The increase in operating income was partially offset by a rise in selling, general and administrative expenses.

Non-Operating Items

The non-operating items for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005 are set forth below:

Year Ended	
December 31,	
2006	2005

(In Thousands)

Other (expense) income:		
Equity income (loss) from non-consolidated joint ventures	\$ 1,800	\$ 789
Foreign exchange gain (loss)	168	
Interest income	595	208
Interest expense	(1,319)	(997)
Total other (expense) income	\$ 1,244	\$

Equity income (loss) from non-consolidated joint ventures for 2006 and 2005 consisted of the 49% share in the profits of ARB Arendal.

Foreign exchange gain in 2006 reflects a currency exchange gain relating to our operations in Calgary, Canada.

Interest income increased in 2006 compared to 2005 due to higher average cash balances in 2005 resulting from higher revenue and profits of Primoris.

Interest expense increased in 2006 compared to 2005 due to an increase in long-term debt.

Provision for Income Taxes

The provision for income taxes for 2006 increased by \$1,179,000 to \$1,197,000 compared to a provision for income taxes of \$18,000 in 2005. For United States federal income tax purposes, Primoris was taxed under Sub-Chapter S of the IRC and, accordingly, any United States federal income tax obligation was the personal liability of the stockholders. The tax liability in 2006 represented primarily Canadian income taxes. The increase in the provision for income taxes in 2006 compared to 2005 is primarily a result of the Born Heaters Canada acquisition and the ensuing Canadian taxes.

Net Income

Due principally to an increase in revenue, there was an improvement in gross profit as a percentage of revenue and equity income from non-consolidated joint ventures. Net income for 2006 increased \$7,779,000, or 143.5%, to \$13,200,000 compared to \$5,421,000 for 2005.

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Discontinued Operations

As noted above, assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses relating to Primoris's discontinued operations in Chile were insignificant at and for the year ended December 31, 2006, and the fixed assets, consisting mainly of construction equipment, were sold locally or repatriated in 2006. During 2006, Primoris recorded a loss on discontinued operations of \$28,000, relating to the operations of ARB in Chile. During 2005, ARB Chile prevailed in a legal action against a customer in Chile, resulting in a substantial payment included in the gain on discontinued operations for 2005 of \$1,519,000.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Results and Financial Position

Working capital at December 31, 2007, increased \$5,231,000, or 11.3%, to \$51,470,000 from \$46,239,000 at December 31, 2006. The increase in working capital was primarily driven by a \$49,851,000 increase in cash and a \$7,392,000 increase in accounts receivable, partially offset by a \$14,963,000 increase in accounts payable and \$26,512,000 of billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings.

Cash Flows

Consolidated cash flows increased by \$53,640,000 to \$49,851,000 for 2007 compared to a decrease in cash of \$3,789,000 for 2006. Primoris ended 2007 with cash of \$62,966,000 compared to a cash balance of \$13,115,000 at the end of 2006. Cash generated by operating activities during 2007 totaled \$67,684,000. Cash used in investing activities during 2007 was \$591,000. Cash used for financing activities in 2007 totaled \$18,424,000.

Operating Activities

Operating activities provided cash of \$67,684,000 during 2007 compared to a \$728,000 use of cash during 2006. Cash provided by operating activities for 2007 consisted principally of net income of \$27,134,000 plus depreciation and amortization of \$4,779,000, increases in billings in excess of costs of \$26,512,000, accounts payable of \$14,963,000, accrued expenses and other liabilities of \$976,000, other long-term liabilities of \$340,000, and a reduction in costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings of \$3,402,000. Cash was partially offset by increases in restricted cash of \$2,792,000, accounts receivable of \$7,392,000, inventory and other current assets of \$893,000, and other assets of \$446,000. The primary drivers of the increase in operating cash flows in 2007 were the increase in net income, driven in large part by the increase in revenue and the increase in billings in excess of costs. The increases in net income and revenue are discussed in *Results of Operations* above. The increases in billings in excess of costs and the reduction in costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings are principally due to improved billing and collection procedures, the nature and type of projects and the general market environment.

The increase in accounts payable, accrued expenses accounts receivable, inventory and other assets are principally due to increased activity as demonstrated by the increase in revenue in 2007.

The increase in restricted cash is principally due to Primoris entering into power, water and wastewater contracts for larger dollar amounts in 2007, where Primoris's customers agreed to pay the earned contract retention into escrow with our bank, in lieu of retaining the cash until the end of the project.

The increase in other long-term liabilities is due to the purchase of new construction equipment that was financed, and the re-financing of the long-term debt which increased working capital.

Investing Activities

Investing activities produced \$591,000 of cash during 2007 and used \$2,700,000 during 2006. Primoris purchased \$2,185,000 of property and equipment in 2007 principally for its construction projects. Primoris believes the ownership of equipment is generally preferable to renting equipment on a project by project basis to ensure the equipment is available as needed. In addition, such ownership has historically resulted in lower equipment costs. Primoris attempts to enter into contracts for projects that will keep its equipment utilized in order to increase profit. All equipment is subject to scheduled maintenance to insure reliability. Major equipment not currently utilized is rented to third parties to reduce overall equipment costs. Primoris also received

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proceeds of \$310,000 from the sale of used equipment in 2007. Primoris sells equipment typically to update its fleet. During 2007, \$2,880,000 was received in non-consolidated equity distributions of capital from the OMPP, and \$414,000 was paid for earn-out related to the Born Heaters Canada acquisition.

Financing Activities

Financing activities required the use of \$18,424,000 of cash during 2007 compared to \$361,000 during 2006. Significant transactions using cash flows from financing activities included:

\$16,807,000 of cash distributions to stockholders;
\$3,342,000 in repayment of long-term debt; and
Repurchase of \$1,065,000 of common stock.

Significant transactions providing cash flows from financing activities included:

Proceeds from short-term borrowings of \$1,221,000; and
Proceeds from the issuance of common stock of \$1,569,000.

Capital Requirements

During 2007, the operations of Primoris provided \$67,684,000 in cash. While this is a substantial cash inflow, \$26,512,000 represented billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings, meaning that Primoris has received cash prior to performing the required work and, if there is a general reduction in the amount of work being performed by Primoris, Primoris may experience decreases in cash as Primoris uses the cash paid in advance to complete the work to be performed.

Pursuant to the proposed merger between Rhapsody and Primoris, Primoris intends to distribute \$48,947,000 to its stockholders prior to the closing of the merger with Rhapsody. Upon the completion of the merger, the cash balance of approximately \$41,000,000 held by Rhapsody, less any amounts paid to Rhapsody stockholders who exercise their conversion rights as described elsewhere in the proxy statement/prospectus, will be available to be included in the working capital of the combined company.

Primoris believes that it will be able to support its ongoing working capital needs through cash on hand, operating cash flows and the availability under its existing credit facilities. In March 2007, Primoris entered into a revolving line of credit agreement payable to a bank group with an interest rate of prime or at LIBOR plus an applicable margin. The revolving line is secured by substantially all the assets of Primoris. Under the line of credit agreement, Primoris can borrow up to \$30,000,000 based on a set advanced rate on qualified collateral, and all amounts borrowed under the line of credit are due March 31, 2010.

The line of credit agreement contains substantial restrictive covenants, including, among other things, restrictions on investments, minimum working capital and tangible net worth requirements. Primoris was in compliance with all restrictive covenants during 2007.

Contractual Obligations

As of December 31, 2007, Primoris had \$27,499,000 of outstanding long-term debt and an additional \$1,221,000 in short-term borrowings. In addition, during 2007, Primoris entered into various operating leases for construction equipment and vehicles with an original value of \$2,313,000.

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A summary of contractual obligations as of December 31, 2007 is as follows:

	Total	1 Year	2-3 Years	4-5 Years	After 5 Years
	(In Thousands)				
Long-term debt	\$27,499	\$ 4,858	\$ 9,764	\$ 9,312	\$ 3,565
Interest on long-term debt ⁽¹⁾	5,181	1,603	2,276	1,134	168
Equipment operating leases	14,779	4,420	7,195	3,103	61
Equipment operating leases related parties	912	428	443	41	
Real property leases	7,006	1,366	2,177	1,908	1,555
Real property leases related parties	5,426	948	1,495	1,350	1,633
	\$60,803	\$ 13,623	\$ 23,350	\$ 16,848	\$ 6,982
Stand-by letter of credit	\$3,127	\$ 2,311	\$ 816		

Represents interest payments to be made on Primoris's fixed rate debt, which is described in note 12 to Primoris's financial statements included in this proxy statement/prospectus. All interest payments assume that principal payments are made as originally scheduled.

Primoris and its subsidiaries enter into agreements with banks for the banks to issue letters of credit to clients or potential clients for two separate purposes as follows:

(1) Born Heaters Canada, a Primoris subsidiary, has entered into contracts for the performance of delivery of engineered equipment, which require letters of credit. These letters of credit may be drawn upon by the client in instances where Born fails to provide the contracted services or equipment. Most of these letters of credit are for Canadian exports, and are guaranteed for 90% by Economic Development Bank of Canada against unfair calling.

(2) Insurance companies may from time to time require letters of credit to cover the risk of insurance deductible programs. These letters of credit can be drawn upon by the insurance company if Primoris fails to pay the deductible of certain insurance policies in case of a claim.

No liability is currently recorded on the consolidated balance sheets related to parental guarantees on behalf of its subsidiaries related to the outstanding letters of credit.

Off Balance Sheet Transactions

Other than letters of credit issued under our \$30.0 million line of credit outlined in the table above, the equipment operating leases outlined in the table above, and our obligations under the surety and performance bonds described below, we do not have any other transactions, obligations or relationships that could be considered material off-balance sheet arrangements.

In the ordinary course of our business, on some of our projects, we are required by our customers to post surety bid or completion bonds in connection with services that we provide to them. As of December 31, 2007, we had \$427,500,000 in outstanding bonds as noted in note 13 to our financial statements.

Backlog

In the industries in which Primoris operates, backlog is considered an indicator of potential future performance

because it represents a portion of the future revenue stream. Backlog consists of anticipated revenue from the uncompleted portions of existing contracts and contracts whose award is reasonably assured. Backlog is difficult to determine accurately and different companies within this industry may define backlog differently. Primoris refers to its estimated revenue on uncompleted contracts, including the amount of revenue on contracts on which work has not begun, minus the revenue Primoris has recognized under such backlog. Primoris calculates backlog differently for different types of contracts. For its fixed price contracts, Primoris includes the full remaining portion of the contract in its calculation of backlog. For unit-price, time-and-equipment, time-and-materials and cost-plus contracts, no projected revenue is included in the calculation of backlog, regardless of the durations of the contract.

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Most contracts may be terminated by Primoris customers on short notice, typically 30 to 90 days, but sometimes less. Reductions in backlog due to cancellation by a customer or for other reasons could significantly reduce the revenue and profit Primoris actually receives from contracts in backlog. In the event of a project cancellation, Primoris may be reimbursed for certain costs but typically has no contractual right to the total revenues reflected in backlog. Projects may remain in backlog for extended periods of time. Given these factors and its method of calculating backlog, Primoris's backlog at any point in time may not accurately represent the revenue that Primoris expects to realize during any period. Additionally, Primoris's backlog as of the end of a year may not be indicative of the revenue Primoris expects to earn in the following year.

At December 31, 2007, Primoris's total backlog increased \$189,912,000, or 69.5%, to \$463,121,000 from \$273,209,000 at December 31, 2006. Primoris expects that approximately \$364,580,000 or about 79%, of its existing total backlog at December 31, 2007, will be recognized as revenue during 2008.

The following table shows our backlog by operating segment as of December 31, 2007 and 2006:

Segment	As of December 31, 2007		2006	
	Backlog	%	Backlog	%
	(Dollars in Thousands)			
Underground	\$ 33,153	7.2 %	\$ 51,626	18.9 %
Industrial	207,258	44.8	74,461	27.3
Structures	54,064	11.7	56,846	20.8
Engineering	110,175	23.8	42,985	15.7
Water and Wastewater	58,471	12.6	47,291	17.3
Total	\$ 463,121	100.0 %	\$ 273,209	100.0 %

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In February 2007, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued SFAS No. 159, The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities. This Statement permits entities to choose to measure many financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value. Unrealized gains and losses on items for which the fair value option has been elected are reported in earnings. SFAS No. 159 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007.

Primoris is currently assessing the effect of SFAS No. 159 on its financial position and results of operations.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, Fair Value Measures. This Statement defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in GAAP, expands disclosures about fair value measurements, and applies under other accounting pronouncements that require or permit fair value measurements. SFAS No. 157 does

not require any new fair value measurements. However, the FASB anticipates that for some entities, the application of SFAS No. 157 will change current practice. SFAS No. 157 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007, which for Primoris would be the year beginning January 1, 2008. Primoris is currently assessing the potential effect of SFAS No. 157 on its financial statements.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 141 (revised 2007), Business Combinations (SFAS No. 141R). SFAS No. 141R replaces SFAS No. 141, Business Combinations , although it retains the fundamental requirement in SFAS No. 141 that the acquisition method of accounting be used for all business combinations. SFAS No. 141R establishes principles and requirements for how the acquirer in a business combination (a) recognizes and measures the assets acquired, liabilities assumed and any noncontrolling interest in the acquiree, (b) recognizes and measures the goodwill acquired in a business combination or a gain from a bargain purchase and (c) determines what information to disclose regarding the business combination. SFAS No. 141R applies prospectively to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after January 1, 2009. Primoris is currently assessing the potential effect of SFAS No. 141R on its financial statements.

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In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 160, Non-controlling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements. SFAS No. 160 establishes accounting and reporting standards for the noncontrolling interest in a subsidiary, commonly referred to as minority interest. Among other matters, SFAS No. 160 requires (a) the noncontrolling interest be reported within equity in the balance sheet and (b) the amount of consolidated net income attributable to the parent and to the noncontrolling interest to be clearly presented in the statement of income. SFAS No. 160 is effective for Primoris beginning January 1, 2009. SFAS No. 160 is to be applied prospectively, except for the presentation and disclosure requirements, which are to be applied retrospectively for all periods presented. Primoris is currently assessing the potential effect of SFAS No. 160 on its financial statements.

In July 2006, the FASB issued Financial Interpretation Number (FIN) 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes an interpretation of SFAS No. 109. FIN 48 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an entity s financial statements in accordance with SFAS No. 109 and prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for financial statement disclosure of tax positions taken or expected to be taken on a tax return. Additionally, FIN 48 provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure and transition. FIN 48 is effective for U.S. reporting companies for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006, with early adoption permitted. Primoris has adopted FIN 48 as of January 1, 2007, and the adoption did not have a material effect on its financial statements.

Effects of Inflation and Changing Prices

Primoris s operations are affected by increases in prices, whether caused by inflation or other economic factors. We attempt to recover anticipated increases in the cost of labor, equipment, fuel and materials through price escalation provisions in certain major contracts or by considering the estimated effect of such increases when bidding or pricing new work.

Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

The carrying amounts for cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, notes payable and accounts payable and accrued liabilities shown in the consolidated balance sheets approximate fair value at December 31, 2007 due to the generally short maturities of these items. At December 31, 2007, Primoris invested primarily in short-term dollar

denominated bank deposits. Primoris expects to hold its investments to maturity.

Primoris's long-term debt is under fixed rates. At December 31, 2007, Primoris had borrowings under variable interest rates arrangements of \$1,221,000, which were paid off in January 2008.

In January 2008, Primoris purchased two derivative financial instruments for the purpose of hedging future currency exchange in Canadian dollars. The contracts enabled Primoris to purchase Canadian dollars before certain dates in 2008 at certain exchange rates. The fair values of these contracts were \$3,000,000 and \$2,000,000 in U.S. dollars, respectively, and the related Canadian dollars sold were \$3,005,000 and \$2,004,000, respectively. These contracts expired or expire in March and June of 2008, respectively. Management intends to continue to hedge foreign currency risks in those situations where it believes such transactions are prudent.

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COMPARISON OF RIGHTS OF RHAPSODY AND PRIMORIS STOCKHOLDERS

This section describes material differences between the rights of holders of our common stock and the rights of holders of Primoris capital stock. This summary is not intended to be a complete discussion of our certificate of incorporation and bylaws and the certificate of incorporation and bylaws of Primoris and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the applicable document and applicable Delaware law and Nevada law.

Rhapsody is organized under the law of the State of Delaware and Primoris is organized under the law of the State of Nevada. Upon completion of the merger, holders of Primoris capital stock will become holders of our capital stock and their rights will be governed by Delaware law and our certificate of incorporation and bylaws.

The following discussion summarizes material differences between the rights of our stockholders and the rights of Primoris stockholders under the respective certificates of incorporation and bylaws of Rhapsody and of Primoris. Copies of the governing corporate instruments are available without charge, to any person, including any beneficial owner to whom this proxy statement/prospectus is delivered, by following the instructions listed under the section entitled *Where You Can Find More Information*.

Rhapsody

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL STOCK

Authorized Shares. Rhapsody is authorized under its amended and restated certificate of incorporation to issue 15,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share and 1,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.0001 per share. The authorized number of shares of common stock will increase to 60,000,000 if the charter amendment proposal is approved.

Preferred Stock. Rhapsody's amended and restated certificate of incorporation provides that shares of preferred stock may be issued from time to time in

Primoris

Authorized Shares. Primoris is authorized under its articles of incorporation to issue 250,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.001 per share.

one or more series by the board of directors. The board can fix voting powers, full or limited, and designations, preferences and relative, participating, option or other special rights and such qualifications, limitations or restrictions. No shares of preferred stock have been issued.

CLASSIFICATION, NUMBER AND ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

The Rhapsody board of directors is divided into three classes, with each class serving a staggered three-year term. Currently, Rhapsody's authorized number of directors shall be not less than one or more than nine, including one Class A director, two Class B directors, and one Class C director. The Class A director has a term expiring at the first special meeting of stockholders, the Class B directors have a term expiring at the second special meeting of stockholders, and the Class C director has a term expiring at the third special meeting of stockholders. The Rhapsody bylaws provide that its board of directors will consist of a number of directors to be fixed from time to time by a resolution duly adopted by the Rhapsody board of directors.

The Primoris board members are elected each year at the special meeting of the stockholders. Currently, Primoris's authorized number of directors is eleven. Primoris's bylaws provide that its board of directors will consist of a number of directors to be fixed from time to time by a resolution duly adopted by a majority of the authorized members of Primoris's board of directors. Primoris's board of directors or stockholders have the power, in the interim between annual and special meetings of the stockholders, to increase or decrease the number of directors of Primoris.

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VACANCIES ON THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

Generally, Delaware law provides that if, at the time of filling of any vacancy or newly created directorship, the directors then in office constitute less than a majority of the authorized number of directors, the Delaware Court of Chancery may, upon application of any stockholder or stockholders holding at least 10% of the voting stock of the corporation then outstanding having the right to vote for such directors, order an election to be held to fill the vacancy or replace the directors selected by the directors then in office.

Under the Nevada Revised Statutes, if Primoris fails to elect directors within 18 months after the last election of directors at its special meeting, the district court has jurisdiction in equity, upon application of any one or more stockholders holding stock entitling him or her to exercise at least 15% of the voting power, to order the election of directors in accordance with the Nevada Revised Statutes.

Newly created directorships and vacancies on the board of directors of Rhapsody resulting from death, resignation, disqualification, removal or other causes may be filled by a majority of the directors then in office, although less than a quorum, or by a sole remaining director.

Primoris's bylaws provide that a vacancy on the board exists in case of the death, resignation or removal of any director, if a director has been declared of unsound mind by order of court or convicted of a felony, if the authorized number of directors is increased or if the stockholders fail at any annual or special meeting of the stockholder at which one or more directors are to be elected to elect the full authorized number of directors to be voted for at that meeting. Any vacancy may be filled by a majority of the remaining directors, though less than

Rhapsody's bylaws provide that the entire board of directors or any individual director may be removed from office with or without cause by a majority vote of the holders of the outstanding

shares then entitled to vote at an election of directors.

a quorum, or by a sole remaining director, at any regular meeting or special meeting of the board called for that purpose, except that whenever the stockholders of any class or classes or series are entitled to elect one or more directors by the articles of incorporation of Primoris, vacancies and newly created directorships of such class or classes or series may be filled by a majority of the directors elected by such class or classes or series thereof then in office, or by a sole remaining director so elected.

Primoris's bylaws provide that one or more or all of the directors of Primoris may be removed with or without cause at any time by a vote of two-thirds of the stockholders entitled to vote thereon, at a special meeting of the stockholders called for that purpose. If a director was elected by a voting group of shareholders, then only the shareholders of that voting group may participate in the vote to remove that director.

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COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Rhapsody's board of directors may, by resolution passed by a majority of the whole board, designate one or more committees, each committee to consist of one or more members of the board. Any such committee shall have and may exercise all the powers and authority of the board of directors in the management of the business and affairs of Rhapsody, except: (i) the power to amend the certificate of incorporation; (ii) the power to adopt an agreement of merger or consolidation, (iii) recommend to stockholders the sale, lease or exchange of all or substantially all of Rhapsody's property and assets, (iv) recommend to stockholders a dissolution of Rhapsody or a revocation of a dissolution; and (v) the power to amend the bylaws. There is currently no sitting committee.

AMENDMENTS TO THE CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION

General. Under Delaware law, an amendment to the certificate of incorporation of a corporation generally requires the approval of the corporation's board of directors and the approval of the holders of a

Primoris

Primoris's board of directors may, by a majority of the authorized number of directors, designate an executive committee and any other committees, each consisting of two or more directors, to serve at the pleasure of the board. Any committee of the board will have all authority of the board, except as may be limited by a resolution of the board, and except with respect to: (i) the approval of any action for which the Nevada Revised Statutes or the articles of incorporation also require stockholder approval; (ii) the filling of vacancies on the board or in any committee; (iii) the fixing of compensation of the directors for serving on the board or on any committee; (iv) the amendment or repeal of the bylaws or the adoption of new bylaws; (v) the amendment or repeal of any resolution of the board; (vi) any distribution to the stockholders, except at a rate or in a periodic amount or within a price range determined by the board; and (vii) the appointment of other committees of the board or the members of those committees.

majority of the outstanding stock entitled to vote upon the proposed amendment (unless a higher vote is required by the corporation's certificate of incorporation).

Under Nevada law, in general the board of directors must adopt a resolution setting forth the proposed amendment and either call a special meeting of the stockholders to adopt such amendment or direct that the amendment be considered at the next special meeting of the stockholders.

Rhapsody's certificate of incorporation may be amended in accordance with the general provisions of Delaware law. However, Article Sixth of Rhapsody's certificate of incorporation, which relates to termination of our existence on October 8, 2008, and Article Seventh of Rhapsody's certificate of incorporation, which applies to certain matters in the period prior to Rhapsody accomplishing a business combination or its termination, as applicable, may not be amended prior to the consummation of a business combination (any acquisition by Rhapsody, whether by merger, capital stock exchange, asset or stock acquisition or other similar type of transaction, of an operating business).

Primoris's articles of incorporation may be amended in accordance with the Nevada Revised Statutes. In general, at the stockholder meeting, after being given due notice, stockholders holding shares entitling them to exercise at least a majority of the voting power may approve an amendment, which amendment would then be filed with the Nevada Secretary of State.

AMENDMENTS TO BYLAWS

General. Under Delaware law, stockholders entitled to vote have the power to adopt, amend or repeal bylaws. In addition, a corporation may, in its certificate of incorporation, confer this power on the board of directors. The stockholders always have the power to adopt, amend or repeal the bylaws, even though the board of directors may also be delegated the power.

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Under Nevada law, unless otherwise prohibited by the bylaws adopted by the stockholders, the directors may create the bylaws of the corporation, and they may also adopt, amend or repeal any bylaw, including any bylaw adopted by the stockholders. The articles of incorporation may also grant the authority to adopt, amend or repeal bylaws exclusively to the directors.

Rhapsody's bylaws provide that the bylaws may be amended by stockholders entitled to vote thereon at any regular or special meeting. The bylaws may also be amended by the Rhapsody board of directors if such power is conferred via the certificate of incorporation. Rhapsody's certificate of incorporation expressly confers this power.

ABILITY TO CALL SPECIAL MEETINGS OF STOCKHOLDERS

Special meetings of the Rhapsody stockholders may be called for any purpose by a majority of the entire board of directors, or the chief executive officer or the chairman of Rhapsody, and shall be called by the secretary at the request in writing of stockholders owning a majority of Rhapsody's

Primoris

Primoris's bylaws provide that they may be amended or repealed, or new bylaws may be adopted, by a majority of the outstanding shares at a meeting of the stockholders or by unanimous written consent of the stockholders entitled to vote thereon. Subject to the above noted right of the stockholders, the board of Primoris may amend or repeal the bylaws or adopt new bylaws. This power of the board may not be delegated to a committee appointed by the board.

A special meeting of Primoris's stockholders, for any purpose permitted under the Nevada Revised Statutes, the articles of incorporation of Primoris and any certificate of designation for any preferred stock, may be called at any time by the board or the chairman of the board, if any, or the chief executive

capital stock issued and outstanding and entitled to officer, if any, or the president.
vote.

PROCEDURES FOR STOCKHOLDER PROPOSALS AT STOCKHOLDER MEETINGS

Pursuant to Rhapsody's bylaws, at special meetings of the stockholders only such business shall be conducted as has been properly brought before the meeting. To be properly brought before a special meeting, business must be: (i) specified in the notice of the special meeting given by or at the direction of the board of directors; (ii) otherwise brought before the meeting by or at the direction of the board of directors; or (iii) otherwise properly brought before the meeting by a stockholder who has given timely notice in writing to the secretary of the meeting.

To be timely, a stockholder's notice must be received at the corporation's principal executive offices not less than 60 days nor more than 90 days prior to the meeting; provided, however, that in the event that less than 70 days notice or prior public disclosure of the date of the special meeting is given or made to stockholders, notice by a stockholder, to be timely, must be received no later than the close of business on the 10th day following the day on which such notice of the date of the special meeting was mailed or such public disclosure was made, whichever first occurs.

Pursuant to Primoris's bylaws, at a special meeting of the stockholders, directors will be elected, reports of the affairs of Primoris are to be considered and only such business as has been properly brought before the special meeting by the following shall be conducted: (i) by or at the direction of the board or (ii) by any stockholder who is entitled to vote and who has complied with the notice procedures set forth in the bylaws.

For a stockholder to properly bring business before a special meeting of the stockholders, the stockholder must have given timely notice in writing to the secretary of Primoris. For such notice to be timely, it must be delivered or mailed by first class mail, postage pre-paid, to the secretary of Primoris no less than 90 days prior to the special meeting.

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A stockholder's notice to the secretary shall set forth (a) the following information as to each matter the stockholder proposes to bring before the special meeting: (i) a brief description of the business desired to be brought before the special meeting and the reasons for conducting such business at the special meeting; and (ii) any material interest of the stockholder in such business, and (b) as to the stockholder giving the notice, (i) the name and record address of the stockholder proposing such business; (ii) the class, series and number of shares of capital stock of Rhapsody which are beneficially owned by the stockholder.

Nominations of persons for election to the Rhapsody board of directors may be made at a meeting of stockholders by or at the direction of the board of directors, or by any stockholder of the corporation entitled to vote in the election of directors at the

Primoris

A stockholder's notice to the secretary shall set forth as to each matter to be brought before the meeting: (i) a brief description of the business desired to be brought before the special meeting and the reasons for conducting such business at the special meeting; (ii) the name and address, as they appear on the books of Primoris of the proposing stockholder; (iii) the class and number of shares of capital stock beneficially owned by such stockholder; and (iv) any material interest of such stockholder in such business. No business shall be brought before a special meeting of the stockholders by a stockholder except in accordance with the foregoing provisions. The officer of Primoris or any other person presiding over the special meeting shall, if the facts so warrant, determine that business was not properly brought before the special meeting in accordance with the provisions of the bylaws and any such improperly brought items of business will

meeting who complies with certain notice procedures. Such nominations made by stockholders shall be made by timely notice (same requirements as notice of proposed business to be conducted at a special meeting) in writing to the secretary of the corporation. Timely notice shall set forth as to each person whom the stockholder proposes to nominate for election or re-election of a director, (i) the name, age, business address and residence address of such person; (ii) the principal occupation or employment of such person; (iii) the class and number of shares of the corporation which are beneficially owned by such person; and (iv) any other information relating to such person that is required to be disclosed in solicitations of proxies for election of directors, or is otherwise required, in each case pursuant to Section 14A under the Exchange Act.

not be transacted at the special meeting.

Except as may be provided in the articles of incorporation of Primoris or its bylaws, only such business as has been brought before the meeting by the direction of the board of directors will be conducted at any special meeting of the stockholders.

INDEMNIFICATION OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

General. Under Delaware law, a corporation may generally indemnify directors, officers, employees and agents in connection with any proceeding (other than an action by or in the right of the corporation) for actions taken in good faith and in a manner they reasonably believed to be in, or not opposed to, the best interests of the corporation; and with respect to any criminal proceeding, if they had no reasonable cause to believe that their conduct was unlawful. In addition, Delaware law provides that a corporation may advance to a director or officer expenses incurred in defending any action upon receipt of an undertaking by the director or officer to repay the amount advanced if it is ultimately determined that he or she is not entitled to indemnification.

Under Nevada law, a corporation may generally indemnify directors, officers, employees and agents in connection with any proceeding (other than an action by or in the right of the corporation) if such person is found not liable pursuant to Section 78.138 of the Nevada Revised Statutes, the actions taken were in good faith and in a manner which such person reasonably believed to be in, or not opposed to, the best interests of the corporation, or with respect to any criminal proceeding, if such person had no reasonable cause to believe that their conduct was unlawful.

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Additionally, a corporation may generally indemnify directors, officers, employees and agents in connection with an action by or in the right of the corporation if such person is found not liable pursuant to Section 78.138 of the Nevada Revised Statutes or the actions taken was in good faith and in a manner whereby they reasonably believed to be in, or not opposed to, the best interests of the corporation.

If a party is successful on the merits or otherwise in defense of an action noted above, the corporation will be required to indemnify such individual against any expenses incurred by such person in connection with the defense of the action. Discretionary indemnification by the corporation, as noted above, will only be made if a proper determination is made by the stockholders, board of directors or legal counsel, as applicable.

In addition, Nevada law provides that the articles of incorporation, bylaws or other agreement made by a corporation may provide for the advancement to a director or officer of expenses incurred in defending any action upon receipt of an undertaking by the director or officer to repay the amount advanced if it is ultimately determined that he or she is not entitled to indemnification.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act may be permitted to directors, officers or persons controlling a company pursuant to the indemnification provisions described in this proxy statement/prospectus, Rhapsody and Primoris have been informed that in the opinion of the SEC such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is therefore unenforceable.

Rhapsody's bylaws provide that Rhapsody shall indemnify any person who was or is a party or threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative by reason of the fact that he is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of Rhapsody, or is or was servicing at the request of Rhapsody as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, if he acted in good faith and in a manner he reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of Rhapsody, and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe his conduct was unlawful.

Rhapsody's bylaws further provide that any indemnification shall be made by Rhapsody only as authorized in the specific case upon a determination that indemnification of the director, officer, employee or agent is proper in the circumstances because he has met the applicable standard of conduct set forth in such section. Such determination shall be made:

- (i) by the board of directors by a majority vote of a quorum consisting of directors who were not parties to such action, suit or proceeding;
- (ii) if such quorum is not obtainable, or, even if obtainable a quorum of disinterested directors so directs, by independent legal counsel in a written opinion, or
- (iii) by stockholders.

Primoris's bylaws provide that Primoris must indemnify any person who was or is a party or threatened to be made a party to any action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative by reason of the fact that he or she is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of Primoris, or is or was serving at the request of Primoris as a director, officer, member, manager, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, limited liability company, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, to the fullest extent permitted by the laws of the state of Nevada against all costs, charges, expenses, liabilities and losses reasonably incurred or suffered by such person in connection therewith. Indemnification continues as to a person who cease to be a director, officer, employee or agent of Primoris, or who served in any other capacity on behalf of Primoris.

Primoris's bylaws further provide that Primoris will advance the costs of expenses incurred by a director or officer in defending against any such proceeding, provided, however, that such indemnified party, if Nevada law so requires, be first required to provide to Primoris an undertaking by or on behalf of such person to repay such amounts so advanced to Primoris. In no event will Primoris be required to pay any amounts where a director or officer was engaged in any action or activity known by such person to be unlawful or in any action or activity constituting willful misfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard of such person's duties and obligations to Primoris and its stockholders.

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Rhapsody's bylaws and certificate of incorporation provide that no director or officer of Rhapsody shall be personally liable to Rhapsody or to any stockholder for monetary damages for breach of fiduciary duty as a director or officer. However, liability of an officer or director shall not be limited (i) for any breach of the director's or the officer's

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Primoris's bylaws also provide that if a party entitled to indemnification as provided above is not paid fully by Primoris within 30 days after Primoris has received a written claim for payment, then such party is entitled to bring suit against Primoris to recover the unpaid amount of the claim, and, if successful, such party may also recover the

duty of loyalty to Rhapsody or its stockholders, (ii) for acts or omissions not in good faith or which involve intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law, (iii) under Section 174 of the DGCL, or (iv) for any transaction from which the director or officer derived an improper personal benefit.

Rhapsody's certificate of incorporation further provides that Rhapsody, to the fullest extent permitted by Section 145 of the DGCL, shall indemnify all persons whom it may indemnify pursuant thereto.

Rhapsody's bylaws provide that Rhapsody shall have the power to purchase and maintain insurance on behalf of any person who is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of Rhapsody, or is or was serving at the request of Rhapsody as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise against any liability asserted against him and incurred by him in any such capacity, or arising out of his status as such, whether or not Rhapsody would have the power to indemnify him against such liability of the provisions of its bylaws.

expenses incurred in prosecuting such claim.

The right to indemnification and the payment of expenses incurred in defending a proceeding in advance of its final disposition as provided in Primoris's bylaws is not exclusive of any other right that any person may have or acquire under any statute, provision of the articles of incorporation, the bylaws, other agreements, or vote of the stockholders or vote of the disinterested directors or otherwise.

Primoris's bylaws also state that Primoris may maintain insurance, at its expense, to protect itself and any director, officer, member, manager, employee or agent of Primoris or of another corporation, partnership, limited liability company, joint venture, trust or other enterprise against any expense, liability or loss, whether or not Primoris would have the power to indemnify such person against such expense, liability or loss under Nevada law.

Any director, officer, employee or agent of Primoris, if by reason of such position with Primoris or a position with another entity at the request of Primoris, is required to serve as a witness in any action, then such person will be indemnified against all costs and expenses actually and reasonably incurred in connection therewith. Primoris's bylaws further provide that Primoris may enter into indemnity agreements with board members, officers, employees and agents of Primoris as the Board may designate.

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BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP OF SECURITIES

Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management of Rhapsody

The following table sets forth information regarding the beneficial ownership of our common stock as of March 31, 2008 and immediately following consummation of the merger by:

each person known by us to be the beneficial owner of more than 5% of our outstanding shares of common stock either on March 31, 2008 or after the consummation of the merger;
each of our current executive officers and directors;

each person who will become a director upon consummation of the merger;
 all of our current executive officers and directors as a group; and
 all of our executive officers and directors as a group after the consummation of the merger.

At any time prior to the special meeting, during a period when they are not then aware of any material nonpublic information regarding Rhapsody or its securities, the Rhapsody Inside Stockholders, and/or their affiliates, may enter into a written plan to purchase Rhapsody securities pursuant to Rule 10b5-1 of the Exchange Act, and may engage in other public market purchases, as well as private purchases, of securities at anytime prior to the special meeting of stockholders. The ownership percentages listed below do not include any such shares that may be purchased after March 31, 2008.

At any time prior to the special meeting, during a period when they are not then aware of any material nonpublic information regarding Rhapsody or its securities, Rhapsody, the Rhapsody Inside Stockholders, Primoris or Primoris s stockholders and/or their respective affiliates may purchase shares from institutional and other investors, or execute agreements to purchase such shares from them in the future, or enter into transactions with such persons and others to provide them with incentives to acquire shares of Rhapsody s common stock or vote their shares in favor of the merger proposal. Certain of these transactions could be structured in a manner that would provide for settlement subsequent to the consummation of the merger using proceeds from the trust account or shares issued to the Primoris Holders in the merger. While the exact nature of any such incentives has not been determined as of the date of this proxy statement/prospectus, they might include, without limitation, arrangements to protect such investors or holders against potential loss in value of their shares, including the granting of put options, the transfer to such investors or holders of shares or warrants owned by the Rhapsody Inside Stockholders for nominal value and the grant to such investors and holders of rights to nominate directors of Rhapsody.

Entering into any such arrangements may have a depressive effect on our stock. For example, as a result of these arrangements, an investor or holder may have the ability to effectively purchase shares at a price lower than market and may therefore be more likely to sell the shares he owns, either prior to or immediately after the special meeting.

If such transactions are effected, the consequence could be to cause the merger to be approved in circumstances where such approval could not otherwise be obtained. Purchases of shares by the persons described above would allow them to exert more influence over the approval of the merger proposal and other proposals and would likely increase the chances that such proposals would be approved. Moreover, any such purchases may make it less likely that the holders of 20% or more of the Public Shares will vote against the acquisition proposal and exercise their conversion shares.

As of the date of this proxy statement/prospectus, there have been no such discussions and no agreements to such effect have been entered into with any such investor or holder. Rhapsody will file a Current Report on Form 8-K to disclose arrangements entered into or significant purchases made by any of the aforementioned persons that would affect the vote on the merger and charter amendment proposals or the conversion threshold. Any such report will include descriptions of any arrangements entered into or significant purchases by any of the aforementioned persons.

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Name and Address of Beneficial Owner ⁽¹⁾	Beneficial Ownership of Our Common Stock on March 31, 2008		Beneficial Ownership of Our Common Stock After the Consummation of the Merger	
	Number of Shares	Percent of Class	Number of Shares	Percent of Class

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Eric S. Rosenfeld	871,840	(2)	13.8	%	1,735,476	(3)	5.6	%
Arnaud Ajdler	50,632		*		50,632		*	
Leonard B. Schlemm ⁽⁴⁾	40,632	(5)	*		108,814	(6)	*	
Jon Bauer ⁽⁷⁾	40,632	(5)	*		108,814	(6)	*	
Colin D. Watson ⁽⁸⁾	40,632	(5)	*		108,814	(6)	*	
Millennium Management, L.L.C. ⁽⁹⁾	627,500	(10)	9.9	%	1,523,637	(11)	4.9	%
Fir Tree, Inc. ⁽¹²⁾	600,125	(13)	9.5	%	600,125		1.9	%
Dorset Management Corporation ⁽¹⁴⁾	385,000	(15)	6.1	%	385,000		1.3	%
D.B. Zwirn & Co., L.P. ⁽¹⁶⁾	323,500	(17)	5.1	%	323,500		1.1	%
QVT Financial LP ⁽¹⁸⁾	554,462	(19)	8.8	%	554,462		1.8	%
Brian Pratt ⁽²⁰⁾	0		0.0	%	14,153,400 ⁽²¹⁾		46.6	%
John P. Schauerman ⁽²²⁾	0		0.0	%	1,161,000		3.8	%
Peter J. Moerbeek ⁽²³⁾	0		0.0	%	0		*	
Stephen C. Cook ⁽²⁴⁾	0		0.0	%	0		*	
David D. Sgro	20,000		*		20,000		*	
John M. Perisich ⁽²⁵⁾	0		0	%	108,000		*	
Alfons Theeuwes ⁽²⁶⁾	0		0	%	351,000		1.2	%
[Director TBD]								
All Current Directors And Executive Officers As A Group (6 Individuals)	1,064,368 ⁽²⁷⁾		16.9	%	2,132,550	(28)	6.8	%
All Post-Merger Directors And Executive Officers As A Group (9) Individuals)	891,840	(29)	14.2	%	17,528,876 ⁽³⁰⁾		56.1	%

*

Less than 1%.

(1) Unless otherwise indicated, the business address of each of the individuals is 825 Third Avenue, 40th Floor, New York, New York 10022.

(2) Includes 106,840 shares of common stock held by the Rosenfeld 1991 Children's Trust, of which Mr. Rosenfeld's wife is the sole trustee. Does not include 863,636 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of warrants held by Mr. Rosenfeld that are not exercisable and will not become exercisable within 60 days.

(3) Includes the shares in footnote 2 above as well as the 863,636 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of warrants that will become exercisable upon consummation of the merger.

(4) The business address of Mr. Schlemm is c/o The Atwater Club, 3505 Avenue Atwater, Montreal, Quebec H3W 1Y2.

(5) Does not include 68,182 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of warrants held by such individual that are not exercisable and will not become exercisable within 60 days.

(6) Includes the shares in footnote 5 above as well as the 68,182 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of warrants that will become exercisable upon consummation of the merger.

(7) The business address of Mr. Bauer is 411 W. Putnam Ave., Ste 225, Greenwich, Connecticut 06830.

(8) The business address of Mr. Watson is 72 Chestnut Park Rd., Toronto, Ontario, M4W 1W8.

(9) The business address of Millennium Management, L.L.C. is 666 Fifth Avenue, New York, New York 10103.

(10) Represents 627,500 shares of common stock held by Millenco, L.L.C. Does not include 896,137 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of warrants held by Millenco, L.L.C. that are not exercisable and will not become exercisable within 60 days. Millennium Management, L.L.C. is the manager of

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Millenco, L.L.C. Israel A. Englander is the managing member of Millennium Management. The foregoing information was derived from a Schedule 13G/A filed with the SEC on February 7, 2008.

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- Includes the shares in footnote 10 above as well as the 896,137 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of warrants that will become exercisable upon consummation of the merger.
- (12) The business address of Fir Tree, Inc. is 505 Fifth Avenue, 23rd Floor, New York, New York 10017. Represents (i) 531,405 shares of common stock held by Sapling, LLC and (ii) 68,720 shares of common stock held by Fir Tree Recovery Master Fund, L.P. Fir Tree, Inc. is the investment manager of both entities. Jeff Tannenbaum is the president of each of Fir Tree, Inc. and Fir Tree Recovery Master Fund, L.P. The foregoing information was derived from a Schedule 13G/A filed with the SEC on February 14, 2008.
- (13) The business address of Dorset Management Corporation is 485 Underhill Boulevard, Suite 205, Syosset, New York 11791. Represents shares beneficially held by David M. Knott and Dorset Management Corporation, as reported in a Schedule 13G/A filed with the SEC on February 14, 2007.
- (14) The business address of D.B. Zwirn & Co., L.P. is 745 Fifth Avenue, 18th Floor, New York, New York 10151. Represents (i) 130,321 shares of common stock owned by D.B. Zwirn Opportunities Fund, L.P. and (ii) 193,179 shares of common stock owned by D.B. Zwirn Special Opportunities Fund, Ltd. D.B. Zwirn & Co., L.P. is the manager of the funds. The foregoing information was derived from a Schedule 13G/A filed with the SEC on February 5, 2008.
- (15) The business address of QVT Financial LP is 1177 Avenue of the Americas, 9th Floor, New York, New York 10036. Represents (i) 471,207 shares of common stock owned by QVT Fund LP, (ii) 51,751 shares of common stock owned by Quintessence Fund L.P. and (iii) 31,504 shares held by Deutsche Bank AG. QVT Financial LP is the investment manager of each of these funds. The foregoing information was derived from a Schedule 13G/A filed with the SEC on February 7, 2008.
- (16) The business address of Mr. Pratt is 26000 Commercentre Drive, Lake Forest, California 92630. Represents that number of shares that are owned by Mr. Pratt in his name and those shares owned by Barbara Pratt, Mr. Pratt's spouse. In addition, Mr. Pratt, with the revocable proxies that are anticipated to be granted to him, will beneficially own and have the power to vote approximately 22,680,000 shares of common stock.
- (17) The business address of Mr. Schauerman is 26000 Commercentre Drive, Lake Forest, California 92630.
- (18) The business address of Mr. Moerbeek is 10913 Metronome Drive, Houston, TX 77043.
- (19) The business address of Mr. Cook is 3120 Southwest Freeway, #615, Houston, TX 77098.
- (20) The business address of Mr. Perisich is 26000 Commercentre Drive, Lake Forest, California 92630.
- (21) The business address of Mr. Theeuwes is 26000 Commercentre Drive, Lake Forest, California 92630.
- (22) Does not include 1,068,182 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of warrants held by such individuals that are not exercisable and will not become exercisable within 60 days.
- (23) Includes the shares in footnote 27 above as well as the 1,068,182 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of warrants that will become exercisable upon consummation of the merger.
- (24) Does not include 863,636 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of warrants held by such individuals that are not exercisable and will not become exercisable within 60 days.
- (25) Includes the shares in footnote 29 above as well as the 863,636 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of warrants that will become exercisable upon consummation of the merger.
- All 1,125,000 shares of our outstanding common stock owned by our stockholders prior to our initial public offering have been placed in escrow with Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company, as escrow agent, pursuant to an escrow agreement described below under the section entitled *Certain Relationships and Related Person Transactions* *Rhapsody Related Person Transactions*.

Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management of Primoris

As of , 2008, the record date for the Rhapsody special meeting, a total of shares of Primoris common stock were outstanding. After the proposed merger of Primoris and Rhapsody, it is anticipated that 30,394,800 shares of common stock of Rhapsody will be outstanding. The following table sets forth the beneficial ownership of Primoris's common stock and beneficial ownership of Rhapsody, respectively as of , 2008 and as of the anticipated closing date, held by or will be held by the key personnel and affiliates of Primoris.

Except as described in the footnotes to the table, beneficial ownership is determined in accordance with Rule 13d-3 promulgated by the SEC under the Exchange Act, and generally includes voting or investment power with respect to securities. Except as indicated below, Rhapsody believes that each holder possesses sole voting and investment power with respect to all of the shares of the common stock owned by that holder, subject to community property laws where applicable. In computing the number of shares beneficially owned by a holder and the percentage ownership of that holder, shares of common stock subject to options and warrants underlying convertible securities held by that holder that are currently exercisable or convertible or are exercisable or convertible within the 60 days after the date of the table, as applicable, are deemed outstanding. Those shares, however, are not deemed outstanding for the purpose of computing the percentage ownership of any other person or group. The inclusion of shares in this table as beneficially owned is not an admission of beneficial ownership. The table does not include any Primoris or Rhapsody shares purchased or otherwise acquired after March 31, 2008.

Name of Beneficial Owner	Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership (Primoris Pre-merger)	Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership (Rhapsody Post-merger)		Percentage of Outstanding Shares (Rhapsody Post-merger)	
Brian Pratt ⁽¹⁾	2,606	14,153,400	⁽²⁾	46.6	%
Scott E. Summers ⁽³⁾	227	1,225,800		4.0	%
John P. Schauerman	215	1,161,000		3.8	%
Timothy R. Healy	87	469,800		1.5	%
Alfons Theeuwes	65	351,000		1.2	%
David A. Baker	30	162,000		*	
John M. Perisich	20	108,000		*	
William J. McDevitt ⁽⁴⁾	15	81,000		*	
Mark A. Thurman	9	48,000		*	
Arline Pratt as trustee of Pratt Family Trust	409	2,208,600		7.3	%
Arline Pratt as trustee of Pratt Family Bypass Trust	57	307,800		1.0	%
Barbara Pratt (spouse of Brian Pratt)	15	81,000		0.3	%

(1) Includes 81,000 shares held in the name of Barbara Pratt, Mr. Pratt's spouse.

(2) With the revocable proxies that are anticipated to be granted to Mr. Pratt, upon the consummation of the merger, he will beneficially own and have the power to vote approximately 22,680,000 shares of common stock.

(3) Includes 1,225,800 shares held by the Summers Trust, of which Mr. Summers is the trustee

(4) Includes 81,000 shares held by the William and Carolyn McDevitt Revocable Trust, of which Mr. McDevitt is the trustee.

TABLE OF CONTENTS**CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED PERSON TRANSACTIONS****Code of Ethics and Related Person Policy**

Our written Code of Ethics requires us to avoid, wherever possible, all related person transactions that could result in actual or potential conflicts of interest, except under guidelines approved by our board of directors (or the audit committee). SEC rules generally define related person transactions as transactions in which (1) the aggregate amount involved will or may be expected to exceed \$120,000 in any calendar year, (2) we or any of our subsidiaries is a participant, and (3) any (a) executive officer, director or nominee for election as a director, (b) greater than 5 percent beneficial owner of our common stock, or (c) immediate family member, of the persons referred to in clauses (a) and (b), has or will have a direct or indirect material interest (other than solely as a result of being a director or a less than 10% beneficial owner of another entity). A conflict of interest situation can arise when a person takes actions or has interests that may make it difficult to perform his or her work objectively and effectively. Conflicts of interest may also arise if a person, or a member of his or her family, receives improper personal benefits as a result of his or her position.

Our audit committee, upon its formation upon consummation of the merger, pursuant to its written charter, will be responsible for reviewing and approving related person transactions to the extent we enter into such transactions. The audit committee will consider all relevant factors when determining whether to approve a related person transaction, including whether the related person transaction is on terms no less favorable than terms generally available to an unaffiliated third-party under the same or similar circumstances and the extent of the related person's interest in the transaction. No director may participate in the approval of any transaction in which he is a related person, but that director is required to provide the audit committee with all material information concerning the transaction. Additionally, we require each of our directors and executive officers to complete a directors' and officers' questionnaire annually that elicits information about related person transactions. These written policies and procedures are intended to determine whether any such related person transaction impairs the independence of a director or presents a conflict of interest on the part of a director, employee or officer.

Rhapsody Related Person Transactions**Prior Issuances**

In April 2006, we issued 1,125,000 shares of our common stock to the individuals set forth below for approximately \$25,000 in cash, at an average purchase price of approximately \$0.02 per share, as follows:

Name	Number of Shares	Relationship to Us
Eric S. Rosenfeld	765,000	Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer and President
Rosenfeld 1991 Children's Trust	106,840	Trustee is wife of Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer and President
Arnaud Ajdler	50,632	Director
Leonard B. Schlemm	40,632	Director

Jon Bauer	40,632	Director
Colin D. Watson	40,632	Director
David D. Sgro, CFA	20,000	Chief Financial Officer
Gregory R. Monahan	20,000	Stockholder

Inside Stockholder Escrow

These shares are being held in escrow with Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company, as escrow agent, pursuant to an escrow agreement, until one year after our consummation of a business combination. These shares may be released from escrow earlier than this date if, after we've consummated a business combination, we consummate a subsequent liquidation, merger, stock exchange or other similar transaction which results in all of our stockholders having the right to exchange their shares of common stock for cash, securities or other property. During the escrow period, these shares cannot be sold, but the holders of these shares will retain all other rights as stockholders, including, without limitation, the right to vote their shares of

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common stock and the right to receive cash dividends, if declared. If dividends are declared and payable in shares of common stock, such dividends will also be placed in escrow. If we are unable to effect a business combination and liquidate, none of the holders of these shares will receive any portion of the liquidation proceeds with respect to common stock owned by them prior to our initial public offering.

Initial Stockholder Warrant Purchase

In connection with the closing of our offering, we sold 1,136,364 initial stockholder warrants to the individuals set forth below for \$1,250,000 in cash, at a purchase price of \$1.10 per warrant as follows:

Name	Number of Initial Stockholder Warrants	Relationship to Us
Eric S. Rosenfeld	863,636	Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer and President
Leonard B. Schlemm	68,182	Director
Jon Bauer	68,182	Director
Colin D. Watson	68,182	Director
Gotham Capital V LLC	68,182	Entity controlled by Joel Greenblatt, our Special Advisor

Registration Rights

The holders of the majority of the above-referenced shares, including the shares of common stock underlying the above-referenced initial stockholder warrants, will be entitled to make up to two demands that we register such shares, the initial stockholder warrants and the shares of common stock underlying the initial stockholder warrants pursuant to a registration rights agreement entered into in connection with our public offering. The holders of the majority of the initial shares can elect to exercise these registration rights at any time commencing three months prior to the date on which these shares of common stock are to be released from escrow. The holders of a majority of the insider warrants (or underlying securities) can elect to exercise these registration rights at any time after we consummate a business combination. In addition, these stockholders have certain piggy-back registration rights on registration statements filed

subsequent to such date. We will bear the expenses incurred in connection with the filing of any such registration statements.

Other Transactions

We have agreed to pay Crescendo Advisors II LLC, an affiliate of Eric S. Rosenfeld, our chairman, chief executive officer and president, approximately \$7,500 per month for office space and administrative support services. Through December 31, 2007, an aggregate of \$112,016 has been paid for such services. Amounts due for subsequent periods are being accrued.

We will reimburse our officers and directors for any out-of-pocket business expenses incurred by them in connection with certain activities on our behalf such as identifying and investigating possible target businesses and business combinations. There is no limit on the amount of accountable out-of-pocket expenses reimbursable by us, which will be reviewed only by our board or a court of competent jurisdiction if such reimbursement is challenged, provided that no proceeds held in the trust account will be used to reimburse out-of-pocket expenses prior to a business combination.

Other than the reimbursable out-of-pocket expenses payable to our officers and directors and our administrative services agreement with Crescendo Advisors II LLC, no compensation of any kind, including finder's and consulting fees, will be paid to any of our initial stockholders, including our officers and directors, or any of their respective affiliates, for services rendered prior to or in connection with a business combination.

We intend to require that all ongoing and future transactions between us and any of our officers and directors or their respective affiliates, including loans by our officers and directors, will be on terms believed by us to be no less favorable than are available from unaffiliated third parties and such transactions or loans,

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including any forgiveness of loans, will require prior approval in each instance by a majority of our non-interested independent directors (to the extent we have any) or the members of our board who do not have an interest in the transaction, in either case who had access, at our expense, to our attorneys or independent legal counsel.

Primoris Related Person Transactions

During the past three (3) years, Primoris has entered into various transactions with Stockdale Investment Group, Inc. (SIGI). The majority stockholder, chief executive officer, president and chairman of the board of directors of Primoris, Brian Pratt, also holds a majority interest in SIGI. In addition, the following officers and directors of Primoris also serve as officers and/or directors of SIGI (with their respective positions with SIGI reflected in parentheses): Brian Pratt (chairman and director), John P. Schauerman (president and director), Scott E. Summers (vice president and director), John M. Perisich (secretary), and Arline Pratt (director).

Primoris leases some of its facilities, employees and certain construction and transportation equipment from SIGI. All of these leases are at market rates and are on similar terms as would be negotiated with an independent third party in an arms-length transaction.

Primoris leases properties from SIGI located in Bakersfield, Pittsburg and San Dimas, California, as well as a property in Pasadena, Texas. In 2005, 2006 and 2007, Primoris paid \$283,140, \$358,497 and \$555,375 in lease payments to

SIGI for the use of these properties, respectively. The lease for the Bakersfield property commenced on 11/1/2003 and will terminate on 10/31/2015, with Primoris having an option to extend for two (2) additional seven (7) year terms. The lease for the Pittsburg property commenced on 10/1/2002 and will terminate on 9/30/2014, with Primoris having an option to extend for two (2) additional seven (7) year terms. The lease for the San Dimas property commenced on 4/1/2007 and will terminate on 3/30/2019, with Primoris having an option to extend for two (2) additional seven (7) year terms. The lease for the Pasadena property commenced on 8/9/2007 and will terminate on 7/31/2019, with Primoris having an option to extend for two (2) additional seven (7) year terms. Management of Primoris believes that all of these leases are at market rates and are on similar terms as would be negotiated with an independent third party in an arms-length transaction.

During the past three (3) years, SIGI has leased to Primoris certain construction equipment. In 2005, 2006 and 2007, Primoris paid \$411,600, \$445,900 and \$307,086, respectively, in lease payments to SIGI for the use of this equipment.

The Company will purchase the equipment from SIGI on the closing date of the merger for a purchase price of \$1,135,000. The purchase price was determined using a fair market value appraisal by Ritchie Bros. Auctioneers.

During the past three (3) years, SIGI has leased to Primoris certain transportation equipment. In 2005, 2006 and 2007, Primoris paid \$129,350, \$129,350 and \$240,932, respectively in lease payments to SIGI for the use of this equipment.

This lease commenced on 5/1/2004 and terminates on 4/30/2012.

Primoris leases a property from Roger Newnham, one of its managers at Born Heaters Canada. The property is located in Calgary, Canada. In 2005, 2006 and 2007, Primoris paid \$53,822, \$242,280 and \$279,348, respectively in lease payments to Mr. Newnham for the use of this property. The lease for the Calgary property commenced in 2005 and terminates in 2008, with Primoris having an option to extend for three (3) years thereafter.

From time to time, Primoris has made cash advances to certain of its stockholders. These advances are non-interest bearing and have no set repayment terms. As of December 31, 2007, no amounts advanced by Primoris to its stockholders were outstanding.

Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance

Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act requires Rhapsody directors, officers and persons owning more than 10% of Rhapsody common stock to file reports of ownership and changes of ownership with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Based on its review of the copies of such reports furnished to Rhapsody, or representations from certain reporting persons that no other reports were required, Rhapsody believes that all applicable filing requirements were complied with during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2008.

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DESCRIPTION OF RHAPSODY COMMON STOCK AND OTHER SECURITIES

General

On October 10, 2006, Rhapsody closed its initial public offering of 5,175,000 units with each unit consisting of one share of its common stock and one warrant, each to purchase one share of its common stock at an exercise price of \$5.00 per share. The units were sold at an offering price of \$8.00 per unit, generating total gross proceeds of

\$41,400,000. Rhapsody's units, common stock and warrants are traded on the OTC Bulletin Board under the symbols RPSDU, RPSD, and RPSDW, respectively. The closing price for each unit, share of common stock, warrant of Rhapsody on February 18, 2008, the last trading day before announcement of the execution of the merger agreement, was \$9.05, \$7.25 and \$1.25, respectively.

The certificate of incorporation of Rhapsody authorizes the issuance of 15,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.0001, and 1,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.0001. As of the record date, 6,300,000 shares of common stock were outstanding and no shares of preferred stock were outstanding. The number of authorized shares of common stock will be increased to 60,000,000 upon approval of the merger proposal and the charter amendment proposal and the filing of an amended and restated certificate of incorporation with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware.

Common Stock

The holders of common stock are entitled to one vote for each share held of record on all matters to be voted on by stockholders. In connection with the vote required for any business combination, all of the existing stockholders, including all officers and directors of Rhapsody, have agreed to vote their respective shares of common stock owned by them immediately prior to the IPO in accordance with the vote of the holders of a majority of the Public Shares present in person or represented by proxy and entitled to vote at the special meeting. This voting arrangement does not apply to shares included in units purchased in the IPO or purchased following the IPO in the open market by any of Rhapsody's stockholders, officers and directors. Rhapsody's stockholders, officers and directors may vote their shares in any manner they determine, in their sole discretion, with respect to any other items that come before a vote of our stockholders.

Rhapsody will proceed with the merger only if stockholders who own at least a majority of the Public Shares, present in person or by proxy at the meeting and entitled to vote, vote in favor of the merger and stockholders owning fewer than 20% of the Public Shares exercise conversion rights discussed below.

Our board of directors is divided into three classes, each of which will generally serve for a term of three years with only one class of directors being elected in each year. There is no cumulative voting with respect to the election of directors, with the result that the holders of more than 50% of the shares voted for the election of directors can elect all of the directors standing for election in each class.

If Rhapsody is required to liquidate, the holders of the Public Shares will be entitled to share ratably in the trust account, inclusive of any interest, and any net assets remaining available for distribution to them after payment of liabilities. Holders of common stock issued prior to Rhapsody's IPO have agreed to waive their rights to share in any distribution with respect to common stock owned by them prior to the IPO if Rhapsody is forced to liquidate.

Holders of Rhapsody common stock do not have any conversion, preemptive or other subscription rights and there are no sinking fund or redemption provisions applicable to the common stock, except that the holders of the Public Shares have the right to have their Public Shares converted to cash equal to their pro rata share of the trust account if they vote against the merger proposal, properly demand conversion and the merger is approved and completed. Holders of common stock who convert their stock into their shares of the trust account still have the right to exercise the warrants that they received as part of the units.

Preferred Stock

The certificate of incorporation of Rhapsody authorizes the issuance of 1,000,000 shares of a blank check preferred stock with such designations, rights and preferences as may be determined from time to time by Rhapsody's board of directors. Accordingly, Rhapsody's board of directors is empowered, without stockholder approval, to issue preferred

stock with dividend, liquidation, conversion, voting or other rights which could adversely affect the voting power or other rights of the holders of common stock, although Rhapsody has

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entered into an underwriting agreement which prohibits Rhapsody, prior to a business combination, from issuing preferred stock which participates in any manner in the proceeds of the trust account, or which votes as a class with the common stock on a business combination. Rhapsody may issue some or all of the preferred stock to effect a business combination. In addition, the preferred stock could be utilized as a method of discouraging, delaying or preventing a change in control of Rhapsody. There are no shares of preferred stock outstanding and Rhapsody does not currently intend to issue any preferred stock.

Warrants

Rhapsody currently has outstanding 6,311,364 redeemable common stock purchase warrants and a unit purchase option (exercisable at \$8.80 per unit) to purchase 450,000 units, each consisting of one share of common stock and one warrant to purchase an additional share of common stock. Each warrant, including the warrants included in the unit purchase option, and subject to registration or qualification as described below, entitles the registered holder to purchase one share of our common stock at a price of \$5.00 per share, subject to adjustment as discussed below, at any time commencing on the completion of the merger. The warrants expire on October 2, 2010 at 5:00 p.m., New York City time. Rhapsody may call the warrants for redemption:

in whole and not in part;

at a price of \$0.01 per warrant at any time after the warrants become exercisable;

upon not less than 30 days prior written notice of redemption to each warrant holder; and

if, and only if, the reported closing price of the common stock equals or exceeds \$11.50 per share for any 20 trading days within a 30-trading day period ending on the third business day prior to the notice of redemption to warrant holders.

The exercise price and number of shares of common stock issuable on exercise of the warrants may be adjusted in certain circumstances including in the event of a stock dividend, or Rhapsody's recapitalization, reorganization, acquisition or consolidation. However, the warrants will not be adjusted for issuances of common stock at a price below the exercise price.

The warrants may be exercised upon surrender of the warrant certificate on or prior to the expiration date at the offices of the warrant agent, with the exercise form on the reverse side of the warrant certificate completed and executed as indicated, accompanied by full payment of the exercise price, by certified check payable to Rhapsody, for the number of warrants being exercised. The warrant holders do not have the rights or privileges of holders of common stock and any voting rights until they exercise their warrants and receive shares of common stock. After the issuance of shares of common stock upon exercise of the warrants, each holder will be entitled to one vote for each share held of record on all matters to be voted on by stockholders.

If we call the warrants for redemption as described above, our management will have the option to require any holder that wishes to exercise his, her or its warrant (including the insider warrants) to do so on a cashless basis. If our management takes advantage of this option, all holders of warrants would pay the exercise price by surrendering his, her or its warrants for that number of shares of common stock equal to the quotient obtained by dividing (x) the product of the number of shares of common stock underlying the warrants, multiplied by the difference between the exercise price of the warrants and the fair market value (defined below) by (y) the fair market value. The fair market value shall mean the average reported last sale price of the common stock for the 10 trading days ending on the third

trading day prior to the date on which the notice of redemption is sent to the holders of warrants. If our management takes advantage of this option, the notice of redemption will contain the information necessary to calculate the number of shares of common stock to be received upon exercise of the warrants, including the fair market value in such case.

Requiring a cashless exercise in this manner will reduce the number of shares to be issued and thereby lessen the dilutive effect of a warrant redemption. We believe this feature is an attractive option to us if we do not need the cash from the exercise of the warrants after a business combination.

No warrants will be exercisable unless at the time of exercise a prospectus relating to common stock issuable upon exercise of the warrants is current and the common stock has been registered or qualified or deemed to be exempt under the securities laws of the state of residence of the holder of the warrants. Under the terms of a warrant agreement, Rhapsody has agreed to use its best efforts to maintain a current prospectus

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relating to common stock issuable upon exercise of the warrants until the expiration of the warrants. However, there is no assurance that Rhapsody will be able to do so. If the prospectus relating to the common stock issuable upon exercise of the warrants is not current, holders will be unable to exercise their warrants and Rhapsody will not be required to net cash settle or cash settle the warrant exercise. Accordingly, the warrants may be deprived of any value and the market for the warrants may be limited if the prospectus relating to the common stock issuable upon the exercise of the warrants is not current or if the common stock is not qualified or exempt from qualification in the jurisdictions in which the holders of the warrants reside.

Transfer Agent and Warrant Agent

The transfer agent for Rhapsody's securities and warrant agent for Rhapsody's warrants is Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company 17 Battery Place, New York, New York 10004; telephone (212) 509-5100.

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PRICE RANGE OF RHAPSODY SECURITIES AND DIVIDENDS

Rhapsody's units, common stock and warrants are quoted on the OTC BB under the symbols RPSDU, RPSD and RPSW, respectively. The following table sets forth the range of high and low closing bid prices for the units, common stock and warrants for the periods indicated since the units commenced public trading on October 4, 2006 and since the common stock and warrants commenced public trading on October 26, 2006.

	Units		Common Stock		Warrants	
	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low
2008:						
Second Quarter (through April 16, 2008)	10.08	10.08	7.94	7.80	2.18	2.05
First Quarter	10.70	8.70	7.99	7.56	2.67	1.10

2007:						
Fourth Quarter	9.35	8.80	7.54	7.43	1.65	1.30
Third Quarter	9.15	8.65	7.50	7.37	1.52	1.25
Second Quarter	8.95	8.60	7.42	7.28	1.51	1.30
First Quarter	9.00	8.60	7.51	7.30	1.49	1.18
2006:						
Fourth Quarter	8.50	7.96	7.25	7.10	1.25	0.78

The closing price for each share of common stock, warrant and unit of Rhapsody on February 18, 2008, the last trading day before announcement of the execution of the merger agreement, was \$7.75, \$1.25 and \$9.05, respectively.

As of , 2008, the record date for the Rhapsody special meeting, the closing price for each share of common stock, warrant and unit of Rhapsody was \$, \$ and \$, respectively.

Holders of Rhapsody common stock, warrants and units should obtain current market quotations for their securities.

The market price of Rhapsody common stock, warrants and units could vary at any time before the merger.

Holders

As of , 2008, there were holders of record of Rhapsody units, holders of record of Rhapsody common stock and holders of record of Rhapsody warrants. Rhapsody believes that the beneficial holders of the units, common stock and warrants to be in excess of 400 persons each.

Dividends

Rhapsody has not paid any dividends on its common stock to date and does not intend to pay dividends prior to the completion of the merger. The merger agreement provides that, following the closing, Rhapsody's board of directors shall initially declare and pay annual dividends on its common stock at a rate of not less than \$0.10 per share; provided, however, that the board of directors shall not declare any such dividend unless, at the time of declaration, there is adequate surplus for such declaration under the DGCL, or if the board of directors, in the exercise of their business judgment, believes that it would be prudent to cancel or modify the dividend payment. The payment of dividends subsequent to the merger will be contingent upon our revenues and earnings, if any, capital requirements and general financial condition subsequent to completion of the merger, as well as contractual restrictions and other considerations deemed relevant by our then board of directors.

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APPRAISAL AND DISSENTER'S RIGHTS

Rhapsody

Rhapsody stockholders do not have appraisal rights under the DGCL in connection with the merger.

Primoris

Holders of Primoris common stock are entitled to exercise dissenters' rights under Chapter 92A, Sections 92A.300 through 92A.500 of the Nevada Revised Statutes. A stockholder of Primoris will be entitled to relief as a dissenting stockholder if and only if he or she complies strictly with all of the procedural and other requirements of Sections

92A.300 through 92A.500 of the Nevada Revised Statutes. The following summary does not purport to be a complete statement of the method of compliance with Sections 92A.300 through 92A.500. The following summary is qualified in its entirety by reference to the copy of Sections 92A.300 through 92A.500 attached hereto as Annex I.

Nevada Revised Statutes Section 92A.380

Stockholders of a Nevada corporation have the right to dissent from certain corporate actions in certain circumstances. According to Nevada Revised Statutes Section 92A.380.1(a)(1), these circumstances include consummation of a merger requiring approval of the corporation's stockholders. Stockholders who are entitled to dissent are also entitled to demand payment in the amount of the fair value of their shares.

Nevada Revised Statutes Section 92A.410 and Section 92A.420

According to Nevada Revised Statutes Section 92A.420.1, stockholders of Primoris who wish to assert dissenters rights:

must deliver to Primoris BEFORE the vote is taken at the Primoris [special] meeting written notice of their intent to demand payment for their Primoris common stock if the merger is completed, and must not vote their shares in favor of the merger agreement.

Stockholders failing to satisfy these requirements will not be entitled to dissenters rights under Chapter 92A of the Nevada Revised Statutes.

Nevada Revised Statutes Section 92A.430

A written dissenter's notice (a Dissenter's Notice) will thereafter be sent by the subject corporation to all stockholders of Primoris who satisfied these two requirements (written notice of intent to demand payment and not voting in favor of the merger). Nevada Revised Statutes Section 92A.430.1. The written dissenters notice is required to be sent within ten days after we complete the merger. According to Section 92A.335 of the dissenters rights statute, Primoris is deemed to be the subject corporation before the merger occurs, but Rhapsody will be the subject corporation after the merger occurs. The Dissenter's Notice to be sent by Rhapsody must include:

a statement of where the demand for payment is to be sent and where and when certificates for Primoris common stock are to be deposited;
a statement informing the holders of Primoris common stock not represented by certificates to what extent the transfer of such shares will be restricted after the demand for payment is received;
a form for demanding payment. This form will require stockholders asserting dissenters rights to certify whether they acquired beneficial ownership of the shares before the date when the terms of the merger were announced to the news media or the stockholders (the Announcement Date, which was February 20, 2008);
a date by which the subject corporation must receive the demand for payment, which may not be fewer than 30 or more than 60 days after the date the Dissenter's Notice was delivered; and
a copy of Section 92A.300 through Section 92A.500 of the Nevada Revised Statutes.

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Nevada Revised Statutes Section 92A.440

Primoris stockholders exercising dissenters rights must thereafter:

demand payment;

certify whether they acquired beneficial ownership of Primoris common stock before the February 20, 2008 Announcement Date; and

deposit their certificates in accordance with the terms of the Dissenters' Notice.

Nevada Revised Statutes Section 92A.440.3 provides that stockholders of Primoris who fail to demand payment or deposit their certificates where required by the dates set forth in the Dissenters' Notice will not be entitled to payment for the shares as provided under Chapter 92A of the Nevada Revised Statutes. A stockholder who desires to exercise dissenters' rights but who fails to follow the foregoing procedures will not be entitled to demand payment of and receive the fair value of his shares of Primoris pursuant to the dissenters' rights statute included herewith as Annex I.

Instead, that stockholder would receive the same merger consideration per share as those other stockholders of Primoris who do not exercise dissenters' rights will receive.

Nevada Revised Statutes Section 92A.460

Rhapsody will be required under Nevada Revised Statutes Section 92A.460.1 to pay each dissenter who complied with Section 92A.440 (demand for payment; certification that he or she acquired the shares before the February 20, 2008 Announcement Date; and deposit of share certificates) the amount Rhapsody estimates to be the fair value of the dissenter's shares of Primoris common stock, plus accrued interest. The payment must be made by Rhapsody within 30 days after Rhapsody receives the dissenter's demand for payment. The payment must be accompanied by:

a copy of Rhapsody's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2007 as well as Rhapsody's most current interim financial statements;

a statement of Rhapsody's estimate of the fair value of the dissenter's shares of Primoris common stock; an explanation of how interest was calculated;

a statement of the dissenter's rights to demand payment under Section 92A.480 of the Nevada Revised Statutes of the dissenter's estimate of the value of the Primoris common stock (discussed below); and

a copy of Section 92A.300 through Section 92A.500 of the Nevada Revised Statutes.

Nevada Revised Statutes Section 92A.470

However, Rhapsody may withhold payment from dissenters who became the beneficial owners of shares of Primoris common stock on or after the February 20, 2008 Announcement Date. Nevada Revised Statutes Section 92A.470.1. If payment is withheld in this fashion by Rhapsody, it must estimate the fair value of the dissenter's shares of Primoris common stock (plus accrued interest) and offer to pay this amount to each dissenter in full satisfaction of his demand.

Rhapsody would have to send this offer to all dissenters with a statement of Rhapsody's estimate of the fair value of the shares of Primoris common stock, an explanation of how interest was calculated and a statement of the dissenters' rights to demand payment under Section 92A.480 of the Nevada Revised Statutes.

Nevada Revised Statutes Section 92A.480

Nevada Revised Statutes Section 92A.480 provides that a dissenter who believes that the amount paid under Section 92A.460 or offered under Section 92A.470 is less than the full value of his shares of Primoris common stock or that the interest due is incorrectly calculated, may, within 30 days after Rhapsody made or offered payment for the shares, either (i) notify Rhapsody in writing of his own estimate of the fair value of the shares of Primoris common stock and the amount of interest due and demand payment of this estimate (less any payments made under Section 92A.460 of the Nevada Revised Statutes), or (ii) reject the offer for payment made by Rhapsody under Section 92A.470 and demand payment of the fair value of his shares and interest due.

Nevada Revised Statutes Section 92A.490

If a demand for payment remains unsettled, Rhapsody must commence a court proceeding within 60 days after receiving a demand, petitioning the court to determine the fair value of the shares of Primoris common stock and accrued interest. All dissenters whose demands remain unsettled would be made a party to such proceeding, which would be conducted in the district court of Washoe County, Nevada. If Rhapsody fails to do so, it would be required under Section 92A.490 to pay the amount demanded to each dissenter whose demand remains unsettled.

Any dissenters who are made a party to the proceedings will be entitled to a judgment:

for the amount determined by the district court to represent the fair value of their shares, plus accrued interest, less any amount paid pursuant to Section 92A.460 of the Nevada Revised Statutes; or
for the amount determined by the district court to represent the fair value of shares acquired on or after the February 20, 2008 Announcement Date, plus accrued interest, if and to the extent Rhapsody withheld payment for those shares under Section 92A.470.

Nevada Revised Statutes Section 92A.500

The district court would assess the costs of the proceedings to determine the fair value of shares of Primoris common stock against Rhapsody, unless the court finds that all or some of the dissenters acted arbitrarily, vexatiously or not in good faith in demanding payment. The court may also assess against Rhapsody or the dissenters the fees and expenses of counsel and experts for the respective parties, in the amount the court finds equitable.

THE REQUIRED DISSENTERS RIGHTS PROCEDURE MUST BE FOLLOWED EXACTLY OR ANY DISSENTERS RIGHTS MAY BE LOST.

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STOCKHOLDER PROPOSALS

The Rhapsody 2009 annual meeting of stockholders will be held on or about , 2009 unless the date is changed by the board of directors. If you are a stockholder and you want to include a proposal in the proxy statement/prospectus for the year 2009 annual meeting, you need to provide it to us by no later than , 2008. You should direct any proposals to our secretary at Rhapsody s principal office which will be located at 26000 Commercentre Drive, Lake Forest, California 92630. If you want to present a matter of business to be considered at the year 2009 annual meeting, under Rhapsody s by-laws you must give timely notice of the matter, in writing, to our secretary. To be timely, the notice has to be given between , 2009 and , 2009. If Rhapsody is liquidated as a result of not consummating a business combination transaction on or before October 3, 2008, there will be no annual meeting in 2009.

LEGAL MATTERS

Graubard Miller will pass upon the validity of the common stock issued in connection with the merger and certain other legal matters related to this proxy statement/prospectus.

EXPERTS

The consolidated financial statements of Primoris Corporation and its subsidiaries for each of the fiscal years in the three year period ended December 31, 2007 included in this proxy statement/prospectus have been audited by Moss Adams LLP, independent registered public accounting firm, as set forth in their report appearing elsewhere herein.

The financial statements of Rhapsody Acquisition Corp. as of March 31, 2007, and for the period then ended, included in this proxy statement/prospectus have been so included in the reliance on a report of BDO Seidman, LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, appearing elsewhere herein given on the authority of said firm, as experts in auditing and accounting.

Representatives of Moss Adams LLP and BDO Seidman, LLP will be present at the stockholder meeting or will be available by telephone with the opportunity to make statements and to respond to appropriate questions.

DELIVERY OF DOCUMENTS TO STOCKHOLDERS

Pursuant to the rules of the SEC, Rhapsody and services that it employs to deliver communications to its stockholders are permitted to deliver to two or more stockholders sharing the same address a single copy of each of Rhapsody's annual report to stockholders and Rhapsody's proxy statement/prospectus. Upon written or oral request, Rhapsody will deliver a separate copy of the annual report to stockholder and/or proxy statement/prospectus to any stockholder at a shared address to which a single copy of each document was delivered and who wishes to receive separate copies of such documents in the future. Stockholders receiving multiple copies of such documents may likewise request that Rhapsody deliver single copies of such documents in the future. Stockholders may notify Rhapsody of their requests by calling or writing Rhapsody at its principal executive offices at 825 Third Avenue, 40th Floor, New York, NY 10022, (212) 319-7676.

WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

Rhapsody files reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC as required by the Exchange Act. You may read and copy reports, proxy statements and other information filed by Rhapsody with the SEC at the SEC public reference room located at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. You may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. You may also obtain copies of the materials described above at prescribed rates by writing to the SEC, Public Reference Section, 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. You may access information on Rhapsody at the SEC web site containing reports, proxy statement/prospectus and other information at: <http://www.sec.gov>.

Information and statements contained in this proxy statement/prospectus or any annex to this proxy statement/prospectus are qualified in all respects by reference to the copy of the relevant contract or other annex filed as an exhibit to this proxy statement/prospectus.

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All information contained in this proxy statement/prospectus relating to Rhapsody has been supplied by Rhapsody, and all such information relating to Primoris has been supplied by Primoris. Information provided by one another does not constitute any representation, estimate or projection of the other.

If you would like additional copies of this proxy statement/prospectus or if you have questions about the merger, you should contact via phone or in writing:

Arnaud Ajdler,
Secretary
Rhapsody Acquisition Corp.
825 Third Avenue, 40th Floor
New York, New York 10022
(212) 319-7676

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Stockholders and Board of Directors of
Primoris Corporation

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Primoris Corporation (the Company) as of December 31, 2007 and 2006 and the related consolidated statements of income, stockholders' equity and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2007. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audit included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Primoris Corporation as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, and the consolidated results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2007, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, in 2007, the Company adopted the provisions of FASB Interpretation No. 48 Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes, and interpretation of SFAS No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes (FIN 48).

/s/ Moss Adams, LLP

Irvine, California
April 18, 2008

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PRIMORIS CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(In Thousands, Except Share Amounts)

	December 31,	
	2007	2006
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 62,966	\$ 13,115
Restricted cash	9,984	7,192

Accounts receivable, net	113,307	105,915
Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings	11,085	14,487
Inventory	2,458	2,435
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	1,793	923
Total current assets	201,593	144,067
Property and equipment, net	16,143	12,143
Other assets	922	476
Investment in non-consolidated entities		3,590
Other intangible assets, net	88	220
Goodwill	2,227	1,813
Total assets	\$ 220,973	\$ 162,309
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 66,792	\$ 51,829
Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings	54,143	27,631
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	18,215	15,425
Distributions payable	6,115	
Current portion of long-term debt	4,858	2,943
Total current liabilities	150,123	97,828
Long-term debt, net of current portion	22,641	21,328
Other long-term liabilities	1,286	946
Total liabilities	174,050	120,102
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholders equity		
Common stock \$.001 stated value; Authorized: 250,000 shares; issued and outstanding: 4,368 and 4,320 at December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively		
Additional paid-in capital	1,307	803
Retained earnings	45,513	41,301
Accumulated other comprehensive income	103	103
Total stockholders equity	46,923	42,207
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	\$ 220,973	\$ 162,309

See accompanying notes.

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PRIMORIS CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(In Thousands)

	Year Ended December 31,		
	2007	2006	2005
Revenues	\$ 547,666	\$ 439,405	\$ 362,485
Cost of revenues	488,314	399,917	333,716
Recovery of estimated losses on uncompleted contracts		(462)	3,623
Gross profit	59,352	39,950	25,146
Selling, general and administrative expenses	29,517	26,769	21,226
Operating income	29,835	13,181	3,920
Other income (expense):			
(Loss) income from non-consolidated entities	(1,359)	1,800	789
Foreign exchange gain (loss)	(471)	168	
Interest income	1,750	595	208
Interest expense	(1,773)	(1,319)	(997)
Income before provision for income taxes	27,982	14,425	3,920
Provision for income taxes	(848)	(1,197)	(18)
Income from continuing operations	27,134	13,228	3,902
(Loss) gain on discontinued operations		(28)	1,519
Net income	\$ 27,134	\$ 13,200	\$ 5,421

See accompanying notes.

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PRIMORIS CORPORATION

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS
EQUITY
(In Thousands, Except Share Amounts)**

See accompanying notes.

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PRIMORIS CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In Thousands)

	Year Ended December 31,		
	2007	2006	2005
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net income	\$27,134	\$13,200	\$5,421
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	4,647	4,908	5,379
Amortization of other intangible assets	132	340	76
Gain on sale of property and equipment	(258)	(414)	(1,098)
Loss (income) from non-consolidated entities	1,359	(1,800)	(789)
Loss (profit) on discontinued operations		28	(1,519)
Foreign currency translation			(139)
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Restricted cash	(2,792)	473	(184)
Accounts receivable	(7,392)	(46,810)	2,496
Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings	3,402	3,883	(2,246)
Inventory, prepaid expenses and other current assets	(893)	206	3,449
Distributions received from joint venture	2,880		
Other assets	(446)	213	138
Accounts payable	14,963	8,282	4,601
Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings	26,512	15,847	(8,398)
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	976	382	1,435
Other long-term liabilities	340	227	345
Net cash from discontinued operations		307	2,029
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	70,564	(728)	10,996
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Purchase of property and equipment	(2,185)	(1,459)	(1,726)
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment	310	581	3,008
Cash paid for acquisition of subsidiaries	(414)	(1,822)	(1,287)
Net cash from discontinued operations			512
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(2,289)	(2,700)	507
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Proceeds from short-term borrowings	1,221		
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt		5,381	8,662
Repayment of long-term debt	(3,342)	(2,734)	(6,758)
Repurchase of common stock	(1,065)	(1,230)	(133)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	1,569	402	229
Cash distributions to stockholders	(16,807)	(2,180)	(2,769)
Net cash used in financing activities	(18,424)	(361)	(769)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	49,851	(3,789)	10,734
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	13,115	16,904	6,170
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	\$62,966	\$13,115	\$16,904

See accompanying notes.

TABLE OF CONTENTS**PRIMORIS CORPORATION****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH
FLOWS (continued)
(In Thousands)****SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASHFLOW
INFORMATION**

	Year Ended December 31,		
	2007	2006	2005
Cash paid during the year for:			
Interest	\$ 1,773	\$ 1,217	\$ 835
Income taxes	\$ 1,798	\$ 21	\$

**SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NONCASH
INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES**

Obligations incurred for the acquisition of property and equipment	\$ 6,570	\$	\$ 596
Obligations incurred for the refinancing of long-term debt	\$	\$ 18,188	\$ 11,424
Accrued distributions to stockholders	\$ 6,115	\$	\$

*See accompanying notes.*TABLE OF CONTENTS**PRIMORIS CORPORATION****NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Note 1 Organization, Business and Basis of Presentation

Primoris Corporation (Primoris), a Nevada corporation, is currently organized as an S-corporation. Primoris consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Primoris and its wholly-owned subsidiaries ARB, Inc., ARB Structures, Inc., Onquest, Inc., Born Heaters Canada, ULC, Cardinal Contractors, Inc., Cardinal Mechanical, L.P., Pipeline Trenching LLC, Stellaris LLC and ARB Ecuador, Ltda., collectively referred to hereinafter as the Company.

All significant intercompany transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

The Company is engaged in various construction and engineering activities. The Company's underground and directional drilling operations install, replace and repair natural gas, petroleum, telecommunications and water pipeline systems. The Company's industrial, civil and engineering operations construct and provide maintenance services to industrial facilities including power plants, petrochemical facilities, other processing plants, and construct multi-level parking structures.

ARB, Inc., ARB Structures, Inc. and Stellaris, LLC are headquartered in Lake Forest, California. Onquest, Inc. is headquartered in San Dimas, California. Born Heaters Canada, ULC is headquartered in Calgary, Alberta, Canada. Cardinal Contractors, Inc. is headquartered in Sarasota, Florida. Cardinal Mechanical, L.P. and Pipeline Trenching, LLC are headquartered in Texas. ARB Ecuador Ltda. is headquartered in Quito, Ecuador.

Note 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of presentation The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting standards generally accepted in the United States.

Principles of consolidation The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company, all majority-owned subsidiaries, and the Company's equity interests in ARB Arendal, SRL de CV, and others. All significant intercompany transactions have been eliminated.

The investment in non-consolidated entities represents the Company's investment and its share of profits and losses allocated to the Company in accordance with the provisions of each agreement, based upon the equity method of accounting.

Operating cycle Assets and liabilities relating to long-term construction contracts are included in current assets and current liabilities in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets, since they are expected to be realized or liquidated in the normal course of contract completion, although completion may require more than one year.

Cash and cash equivalents The Company considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity when purchased of ninety days or less to be cash equivalents.

Significant Risks and Uncertainties

General matters The Company has significant working capital invested in assets that may have a liquidation period extending beyond one year. The Company has claims receivable and retention due from various customers and others that are currently in dispute, the realization of which is subject to binding arbitration, final negotiation or litigation. Although management believes that it will be successful in collecting these amounts, the amounts ultimately collected upon final resolution of these matters may materially differ from the carrying value currently presented in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet.

Foreign operations The Company maintains operations outside of the United States. In addition to its investment in

ARB Arendal (Note 7) and its discontinued operations in Chile (Note 8), the Company also maintains operations in Ecuador and Canada.

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PRIMORIS CORPORATION

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Equity method accounting Partially owned equity affiliates are accounted for under the equity method of accounting. Equity method investments are recorded at cost and are adjusted periodically to recognize the Company's proportionate share of the affiliate's income or loss, additional contributions made and dividends and capital distributions received. In the event any of the partially owned equity affiliates were to incur a loss and the Company's cumulative proportionate share of the loss exceeded the carrying amount of the equity method investment, application of the equity method would be suspended and the Company's proportionate share of further losses would not be recognized until the Company committed to provide further financial support to the affiliate. The Company would resume application of the equity method once the affiliate becomes profitable and the Company's proportionate share of the affiliate's earnings equals the Company's cumulative proportionate share of losses that were not recognized during the period the application of the equity method was suspended.

Fixed-price contracts Historically, substantial portions of the Company's revenues have been generated principally under fixed-price contracts. Fixed-price contracts carry certain inherent risks, including underestimation of costs, problems with new technologies and economic and other changes that may occur over the contract period. The Company recognizes revenues using the percentage-of-completion method for fixed-price contracts, which may result in uneven and irregular results. Unforeseen events and circumstances can alter the estimate of the costs and potential profit associated with a particular contract. To the extent that original cost estimates are modified, estimated costs to complete increase, delivery schedules are delayed, or progress under a contract is otherwise impeded, cash flow, revenue recognition and profitability from a particular contract may be adversely affected.

Cash concentration The Company places its cash with high credit quality financial institutions. The Company maintains cash balances in excess of federally insured limits. Management believes that this risk is not significant.

Collective bargaining agreements A significant portion of the Company's labor force is subject to collective bargaining agreements. Upon renegotiation of such agreements, the Company could be exposed to increases in hourly costs and work stoppages.

Worker's compensation insurance The Company self-insures worker's compensation claims to a certain level. The Company maintained a self-insurance reserve totaling approximately \$4,400 and \$4,100 at December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively. The amount is included in accrued expenses and other current liabilities on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. Actual payments that may be made in the future could materially differ from such reserve.

Fair value of financial instruments The consolidated financial statements include financial instruments whereby the fair market value may differ from amounts reflected on a historical basis. Financial instruments of the Company consist of cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable, and certain accrued liabilities. The carrying value of the Company's notes payable approximates fair value based on comparison with current prevailing market rates for loans of similar risks and maturities. The Company's other financial instruments generally approximate fair market value based on the short-term nature of these instruments.

Functional currencies and foreign currency translation Through its subsidiaries, the Company maintains foreign operations in Canada, Ecuador and Chile.

The United States dollar is the functional currency in Canada and Ecuador, as substantially all monetary transactions are made in that currency, and other significant economic facts and circumstances currently support that position. As these factors may change in the future, the Company periodically assesses its position with respect to the functional currency of foreign subsidiaries. Included in other income are foreign exchange losses of \$471 in 2007 and an exchange gain of \$168 in 2006.

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PRIMORIS CORPORATION

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The Chilean peso is the functional currency in Chile as it most appropriately reflects the current economic facts and circumstances of the operations. Assets and liabilities recorded in Chilean peso are translated at the exchange rate on the balance sheet date. Income and expense accounts are translated at the average monthly exchange rate during the period. Resulting translation adjustments are recorded as a separate component of accumulated other comprehensive income or loss. The Company's operations in Chile are not significant and therefore, translation adjustments in 2007 and 2006 are nominal and not recorded.

Accounts receivable Contract receivables are primarily concentrated with public and private companies and governmental agencies located throughout the United States, Canada and Ecuador. Credit terms for payment of products and services are extended to customers in the normal course of business and no interest is charged. The Company requires no collateral from its customers, but follows the practice of filing statutory liens or stop notices on all construction projects when collection problems are anticipated. The Company uses the allowance method of accounting for losses from uncollectible accounts. Under this method an allowance is provided based upon historical experience and management's evaluation of outstanding contract receivables at the end of each year. Receivables are written off in the year deemed uncollectible. The allowance for doubtful accounts at December 31, 2007 and 2006 was \$200.

Inventory Inventory consists of materials and expendable construction equipment used in construction projects and is valued at the lower of cost, using first-in, first-out method, or market.

Property and equipment Property and equipment are recorded at cost and are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets, usually ranging from three to thirty years. Maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred. Significant renewals and betterments are capitalized. At the time of retirement or other disposition of property and equipment, the cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any resulting gain or loss is reflected in operations.

The Company assesses the recoverability of property and equipment by determining whether the depreciation of property and equipment over its remaining life can be recovered through projected undiscounted future cash flows.

The amount of property and equipment impairment, if any, is measured based on fair value and is charged to operations in the period in which property and equipment impairment is determined by management. As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, the Company's management has not identified any material impairment of its property and equipment.

Revenue recognition Revenues from fixed-priced contracts are recognized on the percentage-of-completion method based primarily on the ratio of contract costs incurred to date to total estimated contract costs on a per contract basis. Because of inherent uncertainties in estimating costs to complete, it is at least reasonably possible that the estimates used will change in the near term.

Contract costs include all direct costs of labor, subcontractors, materials and equipment as well as those indirect costs that relate to contract performance. Selling, general and administrative costs are charged to expense as incurred. The

Company maintains an allowance for contract losses for periods in which such losses are known and determinable. The Company includes the Provision for estimated losses on uncompleted contracts in accrued expenses. For the year ended December 31, 2005, the provision for estimated losses on uncompleted contracts was \$ 3,623. During the year ended December 31, 2006, the provision for estimated losses on uncompleted contracts was increased by \$559. This was offset by reductions in the provision for estimated losses on uncompleted contracts of \$1,021. There was no additional provision or recovery for estimated losses recorded in 2007. Changes in job performance, job conditions, estimated profitability, including those arising from final contract settlements, may result in revisions to costs and income. These revisions are recognized in the period in which the revisions are determined. Claims are included in revenues when realization is probable and amounts can be reliably determined. Revenues in excess of contract costs incurred on claims are recognized only when the amounts have been paid.

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PRIMORIS CORPORATION

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The caption Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings represents the excess of contract revenues from fixed-priced contracts recognized under the percentage-of-completion method over billings to date. For those fixed-priced contracts in which billings exceed contract revenues recognized to date, such excesses are included in the caption Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings .

Revenues on cost-plus and time and materials contracts are recognized as the related work is completed.

In accordance with applicable terms of construction contracts, certain retainage provisions are withheld by customers until completion and acceptance of the contracts. Final payments of the majority of such amounts are expected to be receivable in the following operating cycle.

Accounting estimates The preparation of the Company's consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the consolidated financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could materially differ from those estimates. Significant estimates used in preparing these consolidated financial statements include estimated cost to complete which have a direct effect on gross profit.

Significant revision in contract estimate During the year ended December 31, 2007, certain contracts had revisions in estimates from those projected in 2006. If the revised estimates as of December 31, 2007 had been applied in the prior year, the gross margin earned on these contracts would have resulted in a decrease of approximately \$2,600 in 2006 and an increase in 2007.

During the year ended December 31, 2006, certain contracts had revisions in estimates from those projected in 2005. If the revised estimates as of December 31, 2006 had been applied in the prior year, the gross margin earned on these contracts would have resulted in a decrease of approximately \$7,600 in 2005 and an increase in 2006.

During the year ended December 31, 2005, certain contracts had revisions in estimates from those projected in 2004. If the revised estimates as of December 31, 2005 had been applied in the prior year, the gross margin earned on these contracts would have resulted in a decrease of approximately \$4,700 in 2004 and an increase in 2005.

Comprehensive income The Company adopted SFAS No. 130, *Reporting Comprehensive Income*, which specifies the computation, presentation and disclosure requirements for comprehensive income (loss). During the reported periods herein, such amounts were not significant.

Taxes collected from customers In June 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ratified the consensus reached on Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) Issue No. 06-03, *How Taxes Collected from Customers and Remitted to Governmental Authorities Should Be Presented in the Income Statement* (that is, Gross versus Net Presentation).

The EITF reached a consensus that the presentation of taxes on either a gross or net basis is an accounting policy decision that requires disclosure. EITF 06-03 is effective for the first interim or annual reporting period beginning after December 15, 2006. Taxes collected from the Company's customers are and have been recorded on a net basis.

The adoption of EITF 06-03 did not have an effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

Goodwill and other intangible assets The Company accounts for goodwill and other intangible assets in accordance with SFAS No. 142, *Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets* (SFAS 142). Under SFAS 142, goodwill and certain intangible assets are not amortized but are subject to an annual impairment test. Goodwill and other intangible assets resulted from the acquisition of Born Heaters, a subsidiary of Onquest, Inc., in 2005 and of Cardinal Contractors, Inc. in 2004 (Note 9).

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PRIMORIS CORPORATION

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Income tax The Company is an S-Corporation for federal and state tax purposes. Therefore, the Company is not directly subject to federal income taxes at the corporate level and is subject to minimal tax in certain states, with its income or loss included in the tax returns of its stockholder. In foreign jurisdictions, income taxes are provided at the Company level. Eligible foreign tax credits are passed through to the stockholder. Substantially all of the provision for income tax relates to California state franchise tax and Canadian taxes. There were no significant deferred income taxes recognized during the years ending December 31, 2007, 2006 and 2005.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In February 2007, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 159, The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities. This Statement permits entities to choose to measure many financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value. Unrealized gains and losses on items for which the fair value option has been elected are reported in earnings. SFAS No. 159 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. Primoris is currently assessing the effect of SFAS No. 159 on its financial position and results of operations.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, Fair Value Measures. This Statement defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in GAAP, expands disclosures about fair value measurements, and applies under other accounting pronouncements that require or permit fair value measurements. SFAS No. 157 does not require any new fair value measurements. However, the FASB anticipates that for some entities, the application of SFAS No. 157 will change current practice. SFAS No. 157 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007, which for Primoris would be the year beginning January 1, 2008. Primoris is currently assessing the potential effect of SFAS No. 157 on its financial statements.

In July 2006, the FASB issued Financial Interpretation Number (FIN) 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes an interpretation of SFAS No. 109. FIN 48 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an entity s financial statements in accordance with SFAS No. 109 and prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for financial statement disclosure of tax positions taken or expected to be taken on a tax return. Additionally, FIN 48 provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure and transition. FIN 48 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006, with early adoption permitted. Effective January 1, 2007, Primoris adopted FIN 48, which did not have a material effect on its financial statements.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 141 (revised 2007), Business Combinations (SFAS No. 141R). SFAS No. 141R replaces SFAS No. 141, Business Combinations , although it retains the fundamental requirement in SFAS No. 141 that the acquisition method of accounting be used for all business combinations. SFAS No. 141R establishes principles and requirements for how the acquirer in a business combination (a) recognizes and measures the assets acquired, liabilities assumed and any noncontrolling interest in the acquiree, (b) recognizes and measures the goodwill acquired in a business combination or a gain from a bargain purchase and (c) determines what information to disclose regarding the business combination. SFAS No. 141R applies prospectively to business combinations for which the

acquisition date is on or after January 1, 2009. Primoris is currently assessing the potential effect of SFAS No. 141R on its financial statements.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 160, Non-controlling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements.

SFAS No. 160 establishes accounting and reporting standards for the noncontrolling interest in a subsidiary, commonly referred to as minority interest. Among other matters, SFAS No. 160 requires (a) the noncontrolling interest be reported within equity in the balance sheet and (b) the amount of consolidated net income attributable to the parent and to the noncontrolling interest to be clearly presented in the statement of income. SFAS No. 160 is effective for Primoris beginning January 1, 2009. SFAS No. 160 is to be applied

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PRIMORIS CORPORATION

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**Note 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies
(continued)**

prospectively, except for the presentation and disclosure requirements, which are to be applied retrospectively for all periods presented. Primoris is currently assessing the potential effect of SFAS No. 160 on its financial statements.

Note 3 Restricted Cash

Restricted cash consists of contract retention payments placed by customers into escrow cash accounts with a bank. The allowable investments, which can be made in securities in escrow for contract retentions, are limited to highly graded U.S. and municipal government debt obligations, investment grade commercial paper and certificates of deposit which limits credit risk on these balances. Balances in these escrow cash accounts are released to the Company by the customers as the projects are completed in accordance with the terms specified in the contracts.

Note 4 Accounts Receivable

The following is a summary of accounts receivable at December 31:

	2007	2006
Contracts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$200	\$ 96,576	\$ 78,465
Claim receivable		5,132
Retention	14,872	18,110
	111,448	101,707
Due from affiliates	502	2,997
Other accounts receivable	1,357	1,211
	\$ 113,307	\$ 105,915

Amounts due from affiliates primarily relate to amounts due from related parties (Notes 7 and 13) for the performance of construction contracts. Contract revenues earned from related parties were approximately \$12,993, \$4,747 and \$ 157 for the years ended December 31, 2007, 2006 and 2005, respectively. At December 31, 2007, amounts due from OMPP (Note 7) totaling \$5,708 are included in contracts receivable.

Note 5 Costs and Estimated Earnings on Uncompleted Contracts

Costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts consist of the following at December 31:

	2007	2006
Costs incurred on uncompleted contracts	\$988,472	\$813,286
Provision for estimated loss on uncompleted contracts	632	1,673
Gross profit recognized	84,606	54,080
	1,073,710	869,039
Less: billings to date	(1,116,768)	(882,183)
	\$(43,058)	\$(13,144)

This net amount is included in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet at December 31 under the following captions:

	2007	2006
Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings	\$ 11,085	\$ 14,487
Billings in excess of cost and estimated earnings	(54,143)	(27,631)
	\$(43,058)	\$(13,144)

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 6 Property and Equipment

The following is a summary of property and equipment at December 31:

	2007	2006	Useful Life
Land and buildings	\$ 48	\$ 48	30 years
Leasehold improvements	988	1,061	Lease life
Office equipment	709	682	3 - 5 years
Construction equipment	39,535	34,462	7 years
Transportation equipment	6,992	3,656	5 - 7 years
	48,272	39,909	

Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization	(32,129)	(27,766)
Net property and equipment	\$ 16,143	\$ 12,143

Note 7 Equity Method Investment and Joint Venture

During 2007, the Company established a joint-venture, Otay Mesa Power Partners (OMPP), for the sole purpose of constructing a power plant near San Diego, California. The Company has a 40% interest in the project and accounts for it using the equity method. ARB, Inc., the Company's wholly owned subsidiary, acts as one of OMPP's primary subcontractors. ARB has contracts totaling \$15,332 with OMPP and recognized \$11,741 in related revenues in 2007 which is included in the contract revenues earned from related parties as stated in Note 4. At December 31, 2007, \$5,708 was due from OMPP under these contracts and is included in accounts receivable. The following is a summary of the financial position and results of operations as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007:

Otay Mesa Power Partners		
Balance sheet data:		
Assets		\$ 37,143
Liabilities		38,769
Net assets		\$ (1,626)
Company's equity investment in affiliate		\$ (651)
Earnings data:		
Revenue		\$ 50,893
Gross profit		5,148
Earnings before taxes		\$ 5,573
Company's equity in earnings		\$ 2,229

The joint venture distributed \$7,200 during the year, the Company's share being \$2,880, which was greater than the Company's earnings allocation of \$2,229. The joint venture agreement states that distributions made prior to the completion of the contract are considered advances on account of the related partner's share as determined at the completion of the underlying contract. The deficit shown in the table above due to the excess distributions received has been classified in accrued expenses on the Company's consolidated balance sheet.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 7 Equity Method Investment and Joint Venture (continued)

The Company has a 49% interest in ARB Arendal, SRL de CV (ARB Arendal), and accounts for this investment under the equity method. ARB Arendal engages in construction activities in Mexico. The following is a summary of the financial position and results as of and for the years ended December 31:

	2007	2006	2005
ARB Arendal, SRL de CV			
Balance sheet data:			
Assets	\$ 32,358	\$ 24,217	
Liabilities	35,659	16,895	
Net assets	\$ (3,301)	\$ 7,322	
Company's equity investment in affiliate	\$	\$ 3,588	
Earnings data:			
Revenue	\$ 86,143	\$ 50,653	\$ 55,379
Gross profit	6,642	6,281	5,701
Earnings before taxes	\$ 3,421	\$ 3,673	\$ 1,610
Company's equity in earnings	\$ (3,588)	\$ 1,800	\$ 789

Because of the uncertainty on the outcome of the negotiations of ARB Arendal with a major customer in Mexico, the Company determined there was an other than temporary impairment on its investment in ARB Arendal, and has decided to write down its investment to \$0.

Note 8 Discontinued Operations ARB Chile

During September 2004, the Company decided to cease all operations in Chile. The fixed assets, consisting mainly of construction equipment, were sold locally or repatriated in 2006. Related assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses were insignificant at and for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006.

During 2005, ARB Chile prevailed in a legal action against a customer in Chile, resulting in a substantial payment included in the gain on discontinued operations for 2005 of \$1,519.

Note 9 Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

During 2004, the Company, through its wholly owned subsidiary Cardinal Contractors, Inc., (Cardinal Contractors) acquired the net assets of Cardinal Contracting, Inc. and Widell, Inc. (the Cardinal Acquisition) for approximately \$657. The Cardinal Acquisition was recorded pursuant to the purchase method of accounting, in accordance with SFAS No. 141 *Business Combinations* (SFAS 141). The seller was entitled to earn-out payments of up to \$1,400 over a five-year term, the determination of which is based on exceeding pre-established hurdle rates. Amounts paid to the seller under the earn-out agreement increased the total cost of the Cardinal Acquisition. The excess of the Cardinal Acquisition cost over the fair value of the net identifiable tangible assets acquired has been assigned to goodwill, contract backlog, covenant not to compete and trade name in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. At December 31, 2006 and 2005, \$519 and \$349 respectively was payable under the earn-out agreement. There is no unearned deferred earn-out at December 31, 2007 as all available amounts were earned in the years 2004 through 2006.

During 2005, the Company through its wholly owned subsidiary Born Heater ULC, (Born) acquired the net assets of Born Heaters Canada Ltd. and Born Canada Services Ltd. for approximately \$1,875 including a put/call option for Company stock valued at \$588 (the Born Acquisition). The Born acquisition has been

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PRIMORIS CORPORATION

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9 Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets (continued)

recorded pursuant to the purchase method of accounting in accordance with SFAS 141. The seller is entitled to earn out payments of up to \$2,481 over a five year term, the determination of which is based on exceeding pre-established hurdle rates. Amounts paid to the seller under the earn-out agreement increase the total cost of the Born Acquisition. The excess of the Born Acquisition cost over the fair value of the net identifiable tangible assets acquired has been assigned to goodwill, contract backlog, covenant not to compete and trade name in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. During the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, \$414 and \$1,303, respectively, was payable under the earn-out agreement, leaving an unearned deferred earn-out of \$764 at December 31, 2007.

At December 31, 2007 and 2006, the balance of goodwill was \$2,227 and \$1,813, respectively. The Company determined that goodwill is deductible for income tax purposes. At December 31, 2007 and 2006, other intangible assets consist of a contract backlog, covenants not to compete and tradenames totaling \$1,437 in both years, net of accumulated amortization of \$1,349 and \$1,217, respectively, related to the acquisitions of Born and Cardinal Contractors. Intangible assets with finite lives are amortized using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives. At December 31, 2007, the estimated remaining useful life for finite lived intangible assets was three years. Amortization expense on intangible assets was \$132, \$340 and \$76 for the years ended December 31, 2007, 2006 and 2005, respectively. Amortization expenses related to intangible assets at December 31, 2007 is expected to be \$37, \$36 and \$15 in each of the next three years. At December 31, 2007 and 2006 management determined there was not an impairment of goodwill.

Note 10 Accounts Payable

At December 31, 2007 and 2006, accounts payable includes retentions of approximately \$9,527 and \$9,205, respectively, due to subcontractors, which have been retained pending contract completion and customer acceptance of jobs.

Note 11 Accrued Expenses and Other Current Liabilities

The following is a summary of accrued expenses and other current liabilities at December 31:

	2007	2006
Payroll and related employee benefits	\$ 6,339	\$ 4,134
Insurance, including self-insurance reserve	6,301	4,168
Short-term borrowing	1,221	
OMPP liability (note 7)	651	
Provision for estimated losses on uncompleted contracts	632	1,673
Earn-out liability (note 9)	414	2,188
Foreign income taxes and other taxes	278	1,862
Other	2,379	1,400
	\$ 18,215	\$ 15,425

TABLE OF CONTENTS**PRIMORIS CORPORATION****NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****Note 12 Credit Arrangements**

Credit facilities and long-term debt consist of the following at December 31:

	2007	2006
Construction equipment note payable to a commercial equipment finance company, with an interest rate of 6.51% per annum. Monthly principal and interest payments are due in the amount of \$350, with the final payment due in December 2013. The note is secured by certain construction equipment of the Company.	\$20,821	\$23,569
Construction equipment notes payable to a commercial equipment financing company, with interest rates of 5.30%. Monthly principal and interest payments aggregating \$85 are due on the notes until their respective maturity dates on December 2012. The notes are secured by certain construction equipment of the Company.	4,069	
Commercial note payable to a bank with an interest rate of 6.49%. Monthly principal and interest payments are due in the amount of \$20, with the final payment due in April 2010. The note is secured by certain construction and automotive equipment of the Company.	509	702
Capital lease obligation with a financial institution, requiring monthly payments of \$83, including interest of approximately 5.86%, through December 2009 and secured by the related construction equipment.	2,100	
Total long-term debt	27,499	24,271
Less: current portion	(4,858)	(2,943)
Long-term debt, net of current portion	\$22,641	\$21,328

Scheduled maturities of long-term debt are as follows:

	Year Ending December 31,
2008	\$ 4,858
2009	5,430
2010	4,334
2011	4,770
2012	4,542
Thereafter	3,565
	\$ 27,499

Credit facilities In March 2007, the Company entered into a new revolving line of credit agreement payable to a bank group with an interest rate of prime or at LIBOR plus an applicable margin. The revolving line is secured by

substantially all the assets of the Company. The Company can borrow up to \$30,000 based on a set advanced rate on qualified collateral, and all amounts borrowed under the line of credit are due March 31, 2010.

The term loan and line of credit facilities contain substantial restrictive covenants, including, among other things, restrictions on investments, minimum working capital and tangible net worth requirements. The Company was in compliance with all restrictive covenants during the year ended December 31, 2007.

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PRIMORIS CORPORATION

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 13 Commitments and Contingencies

The Company leases certain property and equipment under noncancellable operating leases which expire at various dates through 2019. The leases require the Company to pay all taxes, insurance, maintenance, and utilities.

Certain of these leases are with entities related through similar ownership by shareholders, officers, and directors of the Company. The leases are classified as operating leases in accordance with SFAS No. 13, *Accounting for Leases*.

The future minimum lease payments required under noncancellable operating leases are as follows for the years ending after December 31, 2007:

For the Years Ending December 31,	Real Property	Real Property (Related Party)	Equipment	Equipment (Related Party)	Total Commitments
2008	\$ 1,366	\$ 948	\$ 4,420	\$ 428	\$ 7,162
2009	1,088	740	3,790	345	5,963
2010	1,089	755	3,405	98	5,347
2011	949	770	2,447	41	4,207
2012	959	580	656		2,195
Thereafter	1,555	1,633	61		3,249
	\$ 7,006	\$ 5,426	\$ 14,779	\$ 912	\$ 28,123

Total lease expense during the years ended December 31, 2007, 2006 and 2005 amounted to approximately \$7,506, \$7,259 and \$3,500, respectively, including amounts paid to related parties of \$990 and \$894 and a refund of \$ 438, respectively.

Letters of credit At December 31, 2007, the Company had a letter of credit of \$1,200 pledged as collateral on a line of credit for ARB Ecuador, Ltda. The line had \$1,200 outstanding at December 31, 2007, which is included in accrued expenses and other current liabilities on the accompanying consolidated balance sheet.

The Company had a letter of credit of \$1,000 pledged as collateral on lines of credit of ARB Arendal, SRL de CV (Note 7). The lines had \$1,329 and \$0 outstanding at December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively. The letter of credit was retired on December 31, 2007.

Additionally, at December 31, 2007 and 2006 the Company had additional letters of credit outstanding of approximately \$3,127 and \$2,533, respectively.

Litigation The Company is subject to claims and legal proceedings arising out of its business. Management believes that the Company has meritorious defenses to the claims. Although management is unable to ascertain the ultimate outcome of such matters, after review and consultation with counsel and taking into consideration relevant insurance coverage and related deductibles, management believes that the outcome of these matters will not have a materially adverse effect on the consolidated financial position of the Company.

Bonding As of December 31, 2007, 2006 and 2005, the Company had bid and completion bonds issued and outstanding totaling approximately \$427,500, \$246,500 and \$128,400, respectively.

Note 14 Reportable Operating Segments

The Company operates in five reportable segments. The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies. The Company evaluates performance based on gross profit before allocations of selling, general and administrative expenses, other income and expense items and income taxes. The Company accounts for intersegment sales and transfers as if the sales or

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PRIMORIS CORPORATION

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 14 Reportable Operating Segments (continued)

transfers were to third parties, that is, at current market prices. The Company's reportable segments are strategic business units that are managed separately because each segment offers different services. The Company's segments are as follows:

Underground The Underground group installs, replaces, repairs and rehabilitates natural gas, refined product, and water and wastewater pipelines. Substantially all of the Company's pipeline and distribution projects involve underground installation of pipe with diameters ranging from one-half to 102 inches.

Industrial The Industrial group provides a comprehensive range of services, from turnkey construction to retrofits, upgrades, repairs, and maintenance of industrial plants and facilities. It executes contracts as the prime contractor or as a subcontractor utilizing a variety of delivery methods including fixed price competitive bids, fixed fee, cost plus and a variety of negotiated incentive based contracts.

Structures The Structures group designs and constructs complex commercial and industrial cast-in-place concrete structures which specializes in construction concrete parking structures.

Engineering The Engineering group specializes in designing, supplying, and installing high-performance furnaces, heaters, burner management systems, and related combustion and process technologies for clients in the oil refining,

petrochemical, and power generation industries. It furnishes turn-key project management with technical expertise and the ability to deliver custom engineering solutions worldwide.

Water and Wastewater The Water and Wastewater group specializes in design-build, general contracting and construction management of facilities and plants dedicated to reverse osmosis, desalinization, conventional water treatment, water reclamation, wastewater treatment, sludge processing, solid waste, pump stations, lift stations, power generation cooling, cogeneration, flood control, wells and pipeline projects, primarily in the Southeastern United States.

The following table sets forth the Company's revenue by segment for the years ended December 31, 2007, 2006 and 2005:

Business Segment	Year Ended December 31, 2007		2006		2005	
	Revenue	% of Revenue	Revenue	% of Revenue	Revenue	% of Revenue
Underground	\$ 197,367	36.0 %	\$ 210,336	47.9 %	\$ 156,322	43.0 %
Industrial Structures	151,707	27.7 %	67,458	15.4 %	90,461	25.0 %
Engineering	60,706	11.1 %	70,506	16.0 %	45,965	12.7 %
Water and Wastewater	77,300	14.1 %	39,733	9.0 %	26,014	7.2 %
Total	60,586	11.1 %	51,372	11.7 %	43,723	12.1 %
	\$ 547,666	100.0 %	\$ 439,405	100.0 %	\$ 362,485	100.0 %

The following table sets forth the Company's gross profit by segment for the years ended December 31, 2007, 2006 and 2005:

Business Segment	Year Ended December 31, 2007		2006		2005	
	Gross Profit	% of Revenue	Gross Profit	% of Revenue	Gross Profit	% of Revenue
Underground	\$ 29,170	14.8 %	\$ 19,759	9.4 %	\$ 13,706	8.8 %
Industrial Structures	16,673	11.0 %	9,597	14.2 %	6,934	7.7 %
Engineering	1,848	3.0 %	2,254	3.2 %	1,089	2.4 %
Water and Wastewater	7,759	10.0 %	6,028	15.2 %	1,577	6.1 %
Total	3,902	6.4 %	2,312	4.5 %	1,840	4.2 %
	\$ 59,352	10.8 %	\$ 39,950	9.1 %	\$ 25,146	6.9 %

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PRIMORIS CORPORATION

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 14 Reportable Operating Segments (continued)

Third-party revenues as presented below are based on the geographic region in which the contracting subsidiary is located and not the location of the client or job site:

Country	External Revenues Year Ended December 31,				Total Assets At December 31,			
	2007	% of Revenue	2006	% of Revenue	2005	% of Revenue	2007	2006
United States	\$521,663	95.3 %	\$411,095	93.6 %	\$354,929	97.9 %	\$203,047	\$148,116
Canada	20,961	3.8 %	18,911	4.3 %	1,714	0.5 %	14,818	11,077
Ecuador	5,042	0.9 %	9,399	2.1 %	5,842	1.6 %	3,108	3,116
Total	\$547,666	100.0 %	\$439,405	100.0 %	\$362,485	100.0 %	\$220,973	\$162,309

Note 15 Customer Concentrations

The Company operates in a single industry segment encompassing the construction of commercial, industrial, and public works infrastructure assets throughout the United States, and in foreign countries, including Ecuador, Mexico, and others.

During the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, the Company earned 16.2% and 18.7%, respectively, of its revenue from the following sources:

	2007		2006		2005	
	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage
Public gas and electric utility	\$ 32,668	6.0 %	\$ 82,134	18.7 %	\$ 32,208	8.9 %
Pipeline operator	55,783	10.2 %			39,098	10.8 %
	\$ 88,451	16.2 %	\$ 82,134	18.7 %	\$ 71,306	19.7 %

At December 31, 2007, approximately 14% of the Company's accounts receivable were due from one customer. For the year ended December 31, 2007 the Company earned approximately 10% of its total revenues from this customer.

Note 16 Stock Purchase Agreement

The Company and its shareholders (several of whom are also officers and/or directors) have entered into stock purchase agreements which provide that: (1) if a shareholder desires to sell his shares of common stock of the Company, they must first be offered to the Company and other shareholders, and (2) in the event of the death of a shareholder, the Company has the right to repurchase the shares of common stock from the estate of the deceased shareholder. The purchase price of the shares of common stock under these agreements would be the current book value, as defined, of the shares of common stock.

The Company maintains insurance policies on certain shareholders to assist in providing funds for the purchase of stock in the event of death.

Note 17 Retirement Plans

Union Plans The Company contributes to multi-employer benefit plans for its union employees at rates determined by the various collective bargaining agreements. Eligibility and allocations of contributions and benefits are determined by the trustees and administered by the multi-employer benefit plans. The Company contributed \$8,700, \$6,400 and \$7,300, under these plans for the years ended December 31, 2007, 2006 and 2005, respectively. These costs are charged directly to the related construction contracts in process.

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PRIMORIS CORPORATION

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 17 Retirement Plans (continued)

Under U.S. legislation regarding such pension plans, a company is required to continue funding its proportionate share of a plan's unfunded vested benefits in the event of withdrawal (as defined by the legislation) from a plan or plan termination. As the Company participates in a number of these pension plans, the potential obligation may be significant. The information required to determine the total amount of this contingent obligation, as well as the total amount of accumulated benefits and net assets of such plans, is not readily available. Any adjustment for withdrawal liability will be recorded when it is probable that a liability exists and can be reasonably estimated, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The Company has no plans to withdraw from any of these agreements.

401(k) Plan The Company provides a 401(k) plan for its employees not covered by collective bargaining agreements. Under the plan, employees are allowed to contribute up to 100% of their compensation, up to the IRS prescribed annual limit. The company makes employer match contributions of 100% of the first 3% and 50% of the next 2% of employee contributions. The Company may, at the discretion of the Board of Directors, make an additional profit share contribution to the Plan. The Company's contribution to the 401(k) plan for the years ended December 31, 2007, 2006 and 2005 aggregated \$769, \$721 and \$529, respectively.

Born Heaters Canada, ULC RRSP-DPSP Plan Starting January 1, 2008, the Company will provide a RRSP-DPSP plan (Registered Retirement Saving Plan - Deferred Profit Sharing Plan) for its employees of Born Heaters Canada, ULC, not covered by collective bargaining agreements. There are two components to the plan. The RRSP portion will be contributed by the employee, whereas the company portion is paid in the DDSP. Under the plan, the company makes employer match contributions of 100% of the first 3% and 50% of the next 2% of employee contributions. Vesting in the DDSP portion is one year of employment.

The Company has no post-retirement benefits other than those discussed above.

Note 18 Deferred Compensation Agreements

Put/Call Agreement The Company has a put/call agreement (the Put/Call Agreement) with an employee that resulted from the Born Acquisition (Note 9). In the event of certain transactions, as defined in the agreement, the Company is

required to pay the employee an amount equal to the fair value of 81 shares of Company stock. In the event the Company was to convert from its S-Corporation status for tax purposes, the employee would be entitled to 81 shares of Company stock. During the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, the Company recognized expenses of approximately \$235 and \$198. At December 31, 2007 and 2006, the Company had approximately \$1,021 and \$786 in other long-term liabilities related to this agreement.

Phantom Stock Agreement The Company has a phantom stock agreement (the Phantom Stock Agreement) with an employee. In the event of certain transactions, as defined in the agreement, the Company is required to pay the employee an amount equal to the fair value of 13 shares of Company stock or issue the stock to the employee. During the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, the Company recognized deferred compensation expense of approximately \$105, \$30 and \$46, respectively, related to this agreement. At December 31, 2007, 2006 and 2005, the Company had approximately \$265, \$160 and \$46, respectively, recorded in other long-term liabilities related to this agreement.

Note 19 Income Taxes

The Company is an S-Corporation for both federal and California income tax purposes. Therefore, the Company is not directly subject to federal income taxes at the corporate level and is subject to a reduced California tax rate of 1.5%, with its income or loss included in the tax returns of its shareholders. The Company may distribute funds necessary to satisfy the stockholders' estimated personal income tax liabilities. In foreign jurisdictions, income taxes are provided at the Company level. Eligible foreign tax credits are passed through to the shareholders.

As discussed in Note 2, during 2007 the company adopted FIN 48, which did not have a material effect on the financial statements. The company is subject to income tax return filing requirements in the United

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PRIMORIS CORPORATION

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 19 Income Taxes (continued)

States, multiple state jurisdictions and a few foreign jurisdictions. The company remains open to examination by the IRS for the 2006 tax year and has been examined by the IRS for the tax years ended 2004 and 2005. The company remains open to examination in various states and foreign jurisdictions for the 2003 through 2006 tax years as the statute of limitations have not yet expired. Interest and penalties, if incurred, are recognized as tax expense.

Current income taxes for the year ended December 31, are summarized as follows:

	2007	2006	2005
Foreign	\$ (264)	\$ (1,069)	\$ (25)
State-current	(584)	(201)	(45)
State-prior year refund		73	52

\$ (848) \$ (1,197) \$ (18)

There were no significant deferred income taxes recognized during the years ended December 31, 2007, 2006 and 2005.

Note 20 Subsequent Events (unaudited)

Merger agreement On February 19, 2008, the Company entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (Merger Agreement) with Rhapsody Acquisition Corp. (Rhapsody), a public company. Pursuant to the Merger Agreement, Primoris will be merged into Rhapsody and Rhapsody will change its name to Primoris Corporation. Rhapsody will be the legal acquiring entity, however, the Company will be considered the acquiring entity for accounting purposes.

The merger is expected to be consummated in the third quarter of 2008, after the required approval by the stockholders of Rhapsody and the fulfillment of certain other conditions, as described in the Merger Agreement.

The Primoris shareholders and its foreign managers (collectively, the Primoris Holders), pursuant to certain termination agreements, and in exchange for all shares of common stock of Primoris that is outstanding immediately prior to the merger, will receive in the aggregate 24,094,800 shares of Rhapsody common stock. To secure the indemnity rights of Rhapsody under the Merger Agreement, 1,807,110 of the shares of Rhapsody common stock being issued at the time of the merger will be placed into escrow and will be governed by the terms of an Escrow Agreement. The Merger Agreement also provides for the Primoris Holders to receive up to an additional 5,000,000 shares of Rhapsody common stock, contingent upon the combined companies attaining certain defined performance targets.

As a result of the merger, assuming that no stockholders of Rhapsody elect to convert their shares into cash as permitted by Rhapsody s certificate of incorporation, the Primoris Holders will own approximately 79.3% of the shares of Rhapsody common stock to be outstanding immediately after the merger and the other Rhapsody stockholders will own approximately 20.7% of Rhapsody s outstanding shares of common stock, based on the Rhapsody shares of common stock outstanding as of December 31, 2007.

Additionally, in connection with the Merger Agreement, the Company, Rhapsody and two officers of the Company have entered into Termination Agreements related to the fulfillment of the obligations under the Put/Call Agreement and Phantom Stock Agreement (collectively the Deferred Compensation Agreements) discussed in Note 17. Upon consummation of the merger discussed above, the Termination Agreements would cancel the obligations of the parties under the Deferred Compensation Agreements and allow for the issuance of up to 507,600 shares of Rhapsody stock and for the cash payment of the amounts already accrued under the Deferred Compensation Agreements. As a result, the Company would recognize approximately \$4,000 of compensation expense related to the Termination Agreements.

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PRIMORIS CORPORATION

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 20 Subsequent Events (unaudited) (continued)

At the closing of the acquisition, the Chief Executive Officer of Primoris and eight other executive officers of Primoris will enter into employment agreements with either Primoris or one of its subsidiaries.

Foreign currency hedge In January 2008, the Company purchased two derivative financial instruments for the purpose of hedging future currency exchange in Canadian dollars. The contracts enabled the Company to purchase Canadian dollars before certain dates in 2008 at certain exchange rates. The fair values of these contracts were \$3,000 and \$2,000 in U.S. dollars, respectively, and the related Canadian dollars sold were \$3,005CDN and \$2,004CDN, respectively. These contracts expire in March and June of 2008, respectively.

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RHAPSODY ACQUISITION CORP. (A Corporation in the Development Stage)

BALANCE SHEET

	December 31, 2007 (Unaudited)	March 31, 2007 (Audited)
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$202,007	\$ 515,240
Cash held in trust, including interest (Note 2)	40,782,672	39,922,072
Prepaid expenses and other	16,224	63,940
Total assets	\$41,000,903	\$40,501,252
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accrued expenses and taxes	\$26,057	\$41,491
Deferred underwriting fee (Note 2)	414,000	414,000
Total current liabilities	440,057	455,491
Common Stock, subject to possible conversion (1,034,483 shares at conversion value) (Note 2)	8,152,460	7,980,426
Commitments (Note 4)		
Stockholders equity (Notes 3, 5 and 6)		
Preferred stock, \$.0001 par value, 1,000,000 shares authorized, 0 shares issued		
Common stock, \$.0001 par value, 15,000,000 shares authorized, 5,265,517 share issued and outstanding (excluding 1,034,483 shares subject to possible conversion)	527	527
Additional paid-in capital	31,541,672	31,713,706
Retained earnings accumulated during the development stage	866,187	351,102

Total stockholders' equity	32,408,386	32,065,335
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$41,000,903	\$40,501,252

See accompanying summary of significant accounting policies and notes to unaudited financial statements.

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**RHAPSODY ACQUISITION CORP.
(A Corporation in the Development Stage)**

STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

	Nine Months Ended December 31, 2007 (Unaudited)	Period from April 24, 2006 (Inception) to December 31, 2006 (Unaudited)	Period from April 24, 2006 (Inception) to December 31, 2007 (Unaudited)
Operating expenses:			
General and administrative costs (Notes 4 and 7)	\$433,882	\$75,313	\$663,882
Operating loss	(433,882)	(75,313)	(663,882)
Other Income:			
Interest income	5,751	5,163	15,985
Interest on Trust Fund	1,060,600	305,548	1,704,422
Net income before provision for income taxes	632,469	235,398	1,056,525
Provision for income taxes (Note 7)	(117,384)	(35,731)	(190,338)
Net Income	515,085	199,667	866,187
Accretion of Trust Account relating to common stock subject to possible conversion	(172,034)	(61,075)	(300,734)
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders	\$343,051	\$138,592	\$565,453
Common shares outstanding subject to possible conversion	1,034,483	337,959	
Basic and diluted net income per share subject to possible conversion	\$0.17	\$0.18	
Weighted average common shares outstanding	5,265,517	2,477,679	
Basic and diluted net income per share	\$0.07	\$0.06	

See accompanying summary of significant accounting policies and notes to unaudited financial statements.

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RHAPSODY ACQUISITION CORP. (A Corporation in the Development Stage)

STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY For the Period April 24, 2006 (Inception) to December 31, 2007

	Common Stock		Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings Accumulated During the Development Stage	Stockholders Equity
	Shares	Amount		\$	\$
Balance, April 24, 2006		\$	\$	\$	\$
Common shares issued to initial stockholders	1,125,000	113	24,887		25,000
Sale of 5,175,000 units, net of underwriter's discount and offering expenses (includes 1,034,483 shares subject to possible conversion)	5,175,000	517	38,419,042		38,419,559
Net proceeds subject to possible conversion (1,034,483 shares)	(1,034,483)	(103)	(7,851,623)		(7,851,726)
Proceeds from issuance of underwriter's purchase option			100		100
Proceeds from issuance of insider warrants			1,250,000		1,250,000
Accretion of trust fund relating to common stock subject to possible conversion			(128,700)		(128,700)
Net income from inception through March 31, 2007				351,102	351,102
Balance at March 31, 2007 (Audited)	5,265,517	527	31,713,706	351,102	32,065,335
Accretion of trust fund relating to common stock subject to possible conversion (Unaudited)			(172,034)		(172,034)
Net income from April 1, 2007 through December 31, 2007 (Unaudited)				515,085	515,085
Balance at December 31, 2007 (Unaudited)	5,265,517	\$527	\$31,541,672	\$866,187	\$32,408,386

See accompanying summary of significant accounting policies and notes to unaudited financial statements.

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**RHAPSODY ACQUISITION CORP.
(A Corporation in the Development Stage)**

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Nine Months Ended December 31, 2007 (Unaudited)	Period from April 24, 2006 (Inception) to December 31, 2006 (Unaudited)	Period from April 24, 2006 (Inception) to December 31, 2007 (Unaudited)
Operating Activities			
Net Income for the period	\$515,085	\$199,667	\$866,187
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used in operating activities:			
Trust Fund Interest Income	(1,060,600)	(305,548)	(1,704,422)
Change in operating assets and liabilities:			
(Increase) Decrease in prepaid expenses and other	47,716	(79,557)	(16,224)
Increase (Decrease) in accrued expenses and taxes	(15,434)	35,731	26,057
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(513,233)	(149,707)	(828,402)
Investing Activities			
Cash Contributed to Trust Fund		(39,278,250)	(39,278,250)
Cash Withdrawals from Trust Fund	200,000		200,000
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	200,000	(39,278,250)	(39,078,250)
Financing Activities			
Proceeds from sale of shares of common stock to initial stockholders		25,000	25,000
Proceeds from note payable, stockholder			
Proceeds from sale of underwriters purchase option		100	100
Proceeds from issuance of insider warrants		1,250,000	1,250,000
Portion of proceeds from sale of units through public offering, subject to possible conversion		7,851,726	7,851,726
Net proceeds from sale of units through public offering allocable to stockholders equity		30,981,833	30,981,833
Deferred offering costs			
Net cash provided by financing activities		40,108,659	40,108,659
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	(313,233)	680,702	202,007

Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	515,240		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$202,007	\$680,702	\$202,007
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash financing activities			
Fair value of underwriter purchase option included in offering costs	\$	\$1,687,500	\$1,687,500
Deferred underwriting fee	\$	\$414,000	\$414,000
Accretion of trust account relating to common stock subject to conversion	\$172,034	\$61,075	\$300,734
Cash paid for taxes	\$36,000	\$	\$182,487

See accompanying summary of significant accounting policies and notes to unaudited financial statements.

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RHAPSODY ACQUISITION CORP. (A Corporation in the Development Stage)

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Income taxes	<p>The Company follows Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 109 (SFAS No. 109), Accounting for Income Taxes which is an asset and liability approach that has been recognized in the Company's financial statements. The Company has a net operating loss carryforward of approximately \$648,000 available to reduce any future federal income taxes. The tax benefit of this loss, approximately \$259,000, has been fully offset by a valuation allowance due to the uncertainty of its realization.</p>
Net income per common share	<p>Basic earnings (loss) per share excludes dilution and is computed by dividing income (loss) available to common stockholders by the weighted average common shares outstanding for the period. Calculation of the weighted average common shares outstanding during the period is based on 1,125,000 initial shares outstanding throughout the period from April 24, 2006 (inception) to December 31, 2007 and 4,140,517 common shares outstanding after the effective date of the offering on October 3, 2006. Net income per share subject to possible conversion is calculated by dividing accretion of trust account relating to common stock subject to possible conversion by 1,034,483 common stock subject to possible conversion. Diluted earnings per share reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised or converted into common stock or resulted in the issuance of common stock that then shared in the earnings of the entity. At December 31, 2007, there were no such potentially dilutive securities.</p>
Use of estimates	<p>The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires</p>

management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Concentration of credit risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to a significant concentration of credit risk consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents. The Company maintains deposits in federally insured financial institutions in excess of federally insured limits. However, management believes the Company is not exposed to significant credit risk due to the financial position of the depository institutions in which those deposits are held.

Recently issued accounting standards

In July 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Interpretation No. 48 (FIN 48), Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes, and Interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109. FIN 48 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in a company's financial statements and prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in an income tax return. FIN 48 also provides guidance in derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosures and transition. FIN 48 is effective for the fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. The adoption of FIN 48 did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

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SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES continued

In September 2006, the FASB issued FASB Statement No. 157, Fair Value Measurements (SFAS No. 157), which defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value under GAAP, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS No. 157 applies to other accounting pronouncements that require or permit fair value measurements. The new guidance is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007, and for interim periods within those fiscal years. The Company will evaluate the potential impact, if any, of the adoption of SFAS No. 157 on its financial position, results of operations and cash flows. In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, The Fair Value Options for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities including an amendment of FASB Statement No. 115 (SFAS No. 159). SFAS No. 159 permits entities to elect to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value. Upon adoption of SFAS No. 159, an entity may elect the fair value option of eligible items that exist at the adoption date. Subsequent to the initial adoption, the election of the fair value option should only be made at initial recognition of the assets or liability or upon a remeasurement event that gives rise to new-basis accounting. SFAS No. 159 does not affect any existing accounting literature that requires certain assets and liabilities to be carried at fair value nor does it eliminate disclosure requirements included in other

accounting standards. SFAS No. 159 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007 and may be adopted earlier but only if the adoption is in the first quarter of the fiscal year. The Company is evaluating whether it will adopt SFAS No. 159.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS 141 (revised 2007), Business Combinations, (SFAS 141(R)). SFAS 141(R) retains the fundamental requirements of the original pronouncement requiring that the purchase method be used for all business combinations, but also provides revised guidance for recognizing and measuring identifiable assets and goodwill acquired and liabilities assumed arising from contingencies, the capitalization of in-process research and development at fair value, and the expensing of acquisition-related costs as incurred. SFAS 141(R) is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. In the event that the Company completes acquisitions subsequent to its adoption of SFAS 141 (R), the application of its provisions will likely have a material impact on the Company's results of operations, although the Company is not currently able to estimate that impact.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS 160, Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements an amendment of ARB No. 51. SFAS 160 requires that ownership interests in subsidiaries held by parties other than the parent, and the amount of consolidated net income, be clearly identified, labeled and presented in the consolidated financial statements. It also requires once a subsidiary is deconsolidated, any retained noncontrolling equity investment in the former subsidiary be initially measured at fair value. Sufficient disclosures are required to clearly identify and distinguish between the interests of the parent and the interests of the noncontrolling owners. It is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008, and requires retroactive adoption of the presentation and disclosure requirements for existing minority interests. All other requirements are applied prospectively. The Company does not expect the adoption of SFAS 160 to have a material impact on its financial condition or results of operations.

Management does not believe that any other recently issued, but not yet effective, accounting standards if currently adopted would have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

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**RHAPSODY ACQUISITION CORP.
(A Corporation in the Development Stage)**

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are unaudited and have been prepared in accordance with principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-QSB.

Accordingly, certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States have been omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited financial and related disclosures for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2007, included in the Company's Form 10-KSB, filed on June 25, 2007.

In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting primarily of normal accruals) have been made that are necessary to present fairly the financial position of the Company. Operating results for the interim period presented are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for a full year.

2. Organization and Business Operations

Rhapsody Acquisition Corp. (the Company) was incorporated in Delaware on April 24, 2006 as a blank check company whose objective is to acquire an operating business. The Company has selected March 31 as its fiscal year end.

The registration statement for the Company's initial public offering (Offering) was declared effective on October 3, 2006. The Company consummated the offering on October 10, 2006 and received net proceeds of approximately \$39,000,000 (Note 3). The Company's management has broad discretion with respect to the specific application of the net proceeds of this Offering, although substantially all of the net proceeds of this Offering are intended to be generally applied toward consummating a business combination with an operating business (Business Combination). Furthermore, there is no assurance that the Company will be able to successfully effect a Business Combination. An amount of \$40,782,672 (including interest of \$1,504,422, after the transfer of \$200,000 of interest income, see below), which includes \$1,250,000 relating to the sale of insider warrants and \$414,000 deferred payment to the underwriter, of the net proceeds is being held in an interest-bearing trust account (Trust Account) until the earlier of (i) the consummation of a Business Combination or (ii) liquidation of the Company. Under the agreement governing the Trust Account, funds will only be invested in United States government securities within the meaning of Section 2(a)(16) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 with a maturity of 180 days or less, or in money market funds meeting certain conditions under Rule 2a-7 promulgated under the Investment Company Act of 1940. The placing of funds in the Trust Account may not protect those funds from third party claims against the Company. Although the Company will seek to have all vendors, prospective target businesses or other entities it engages, execute agreements with the Company waiving any right, title, interest or claim of any kind in or to any monies held in the Trust Account, there is no guarantee that they will execute such agreements. The Company's Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer and President has agreed that he will be personally liable under certain circumstances to ensure that the proceeds in the Trust Account are not reduced by the claims of target businesses or vendors or other entities that are owed money by the Company for services rendered contracted for or products sold to the Company. However, there can be no assurance that he will be able to satisfy those obligations. The remaining net proceeds (not held in the Trust Account) may be used to pay for business, legal and accounting due diligence on prospective acquisitions and continuing general and administrative expenses. On October 3, 2007, pursuant to paragraph 1(j) of the Investment Management Trust Agreement between Rhapsody Acquisition Corp. and Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company (Trustee), Rhapsody requested that \$200,000 of accumulated interest be released from the Trust Fund to fund expenses related to investigating and selecting a target business, income and other taxes and other working capital requirements.

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RHAPSODY ACQUISITION CORP.

(A Corporation in the Development Stage)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. Organization and Business Operations (continued)

The Company, after signing a definitive agreement for the acquisition of a target business, will submit such transaction for stockholder approval. In the event that stockholders owning 20% or more of the shares sold in the Offering vote against the Business Combination and exercise their conversion rights described below, the Business Combination will not be consummated.

All of the Company's stockholders prior to the Offering, including all of the officers and directors of the Company (Initial Stockholders), have agreed to vote their 1,125,000 founding shares of common stock in accordance with the vote of the majority in interest of all other stockholders of the Company (Public Stockholders) with respect to any Business Combination. After consummation of a Business Combination, these voting safeguards will no longer be applicable.

With respect to a Business Combination which is approved and consummated, any Public Stockholder who voted against the Business Combination may demand that the Company convert his shares. The per share conversion price will equal the amount in the Trust Account, calculated as of two business days prior to the consummation of the proposed Business Combination, divided by the number of shares of common stock held by Public Stockholders at the consummation of the Offering. Accordingly, Public Stockholders holding 19.99% of the aggregate number of shares owned by all Public Stockholders may seek conversion of their shares in the event of a Business Combination. Such Public Stockholders are entitled to receive their per share interest in the Trust Account computed without regard to the shares held by Initial Stockholders. Accordingly, a portion of the net proceeds from the offering (19.99% of the amount held in the Trust Account and interest earned) has been classified as common stock subject to possible conversion in the accompanying December 31, 2007 balance sheet.

The Company's Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation provides for mandatory liquidation of the Company in the event that the Company does not consummate a Business Combination by October 3, 2008. In the event of liquidation, it is likely that the per share value of the residual assets remaining available for distribution (including Trust Account assets) will be less than the initial public offering price per share in the Offering due to costs related to the Offering and since no value would be attributed to the Warrants contained in the Units sold (Note 3).

3. Initial Public Offering

On October 10, 2006, the Company sold 5,175,000 units (Units) in the Offering, which included 675,000 units subject to the underwriter's over-allotment option. Each Unit consists of one share of the Company's common stock, \$.0001 par value, and one Redeemable Common Stock Purchase Warrant(s) (Warrants). Each Warrant entitles the holder to purchase from the Company one share of common stock at an exercise price of \$5.00 commencing the later of the completion of a Business Combination or one year from the effective date of the Offering and expiring four years from the effective date of the Offering. The Warrants will be redeemable, at the Company's option, with the prior consent of EarlyBirdCapital, Inc., the representative of the underwriters in the Offering (Representative), at a price of \$.01 per Warrant upon 30 days' notice after the Warrants become exercisable, only in the event that the last sale price of the common stock is at least \$11.50 per share for any 20 trading days within a 30 trading day period ending on the

third day prior to the date on which notice of redemption is given. If the Company redeems the Warrants as described above, management will have the option to require any holder that wishes to exercise his Warrant to do so on a cashless basis. In such event, the holder would pay the exercise price by surrendering his Warrants for that number of shares of Common Stock equal to the quotient obtained by dividing (x) the product of the number of shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants, multiplied by the difference between the exercise price of the Warrants and the fair market value (defined below) by (y) the fair market value. The fair market value shall mean the average reported last sale price of the Common Stock for the 10 trading days ending on the third trading day prior to the date on which the notice of redemption is sent to holders of Warrants. In accordance with the warrant agreement relating to the Warrants sold and issued in the

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**RHAPSODY ACQUISITION CORP.
(A Corporation in the Development Stage)**

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. Initial Public Offering (continued)

Offering, the Company is only required to use its best efforts to maintain the effectiveness of the registration statement covering the Warrants. The Company will not be obligated to deliver securities, and there are no contractual penalties for failure to deliver securities, if a registration statement is not effective at the time of exercise. Additionally, in the event that a registration is not effective at the time of exercise, the holder of such Warrant shall not be entitled to exercise such Warrant and in no event (whether in the case of a registration statement not being effective or otherwise) will the Company be required to net cash settle the warrant exercise. Consequently, the Warrants may expire unexercised and unredeemed.

The Company agreed to pay the underwriters in the Offering an underwriting discount of 5.5% of the gross proceeds of the Offering and a non-accountable expense allowance of 0.5% of the gross proceeds of the Offering. However, the underwriters have agreed that 1.0% of the underwriting discount will not be payable unless and until the Company completes a Business Combination and has waived their right to receive such payment upon the Company's liquidation if it is unable to complete a Business Combination. In connection with this Offering, the Company also issued an option (Option), for \$100, to the Representative to purchase 450,000 Units at an exercise price of \$8.80 per Unit. The Units issuable upon exercise of the Option are identical to the Units sold in the Offering. The Company accounted for the fair value of the Option, inclusive of the receipt of the \$100 cash payment, as an expense of the Offering resulting in a charge directly to stockholders' equity. The Company estimated that the fair value of the Option was \$1,687,500 (\$3.75 per Unit) using a Black-Scholes option-pricing model. The fair value of the Option granted to the Representative was estimated as of the date of grant using the following assumptions: (1) expected volatility of 50.99%, (2) risk-free interest rate of 4.56% and (3) expected life of 5 years. The Option may be exercised for cash or on a cashless basis, at the holder's option, such that the holder may use the appreciated value of the Option (the difference between the exercise prices of the Option and the underlying Warrants and the market price of the Units and underlying securities) to exercise the option without the payment of any cash. The Company will have no obligation to net cash settle the exercise of the unit purchase option or the Warrants underlying the unit purchase option. The holder of the unit purchase option will not be entitled to exercise the unit purchase option or the Warrants underlying the unit purchase option unless a registration statement covering the securities underlying the unit purchase

option is effective or an exemption from registration is available. If the holder is unable to exercise the Option or underlying Warrants, the Option or Warrants, as applicable, will expire worthless.

4. Commitments

The Company presently occupies office space provided by an affiliate of the Company's Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer and President. Such affiliate has agreed that, until the Company consummates a Business Combination, it will make such office space, as well as certain office and secretarial services, available to the Company, as may be required by the Company from time to time. The Company has agreed to pay such affiliate \$7,500 per month for such office space services commencing on the effective date of the Offering (October 3, 2006). Included in general and administrative costs is \$67,500 paid for the nine months ended December 31, 2007, \$22,016 paid for the period from inception to December 31, 2006 and \$112,016 paid from inception through December 31, 2007. Subsequent fee amounts have been accrued.

Pursuant to letter agreements with the Company and the Representative, the Initial Stockholders have waived their right to receive distributions with respect to their founding shares upon the Company's liquidation.

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RHAPSODY ACQUISITION CORP. (A Corporation in the Development Stage)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4. Commitments (continued)

Four of the Initial Stockholders and one affiliate of an Initial Stockholder committed to purchase 1,136,364 Warrants (Insider Warrants) at \$1.10 per Warrant (for an aggregate purchase price of \$1,250,000) privately from the Company. These purchases took place simultaneously with the consummation of the Offering. All of the proceeds received from these purchases were placed in the Trust Account. The Insider Warrants purchased by such purchasers are identical to the Warrants underlying the Units offered in the Offering except that if the Company calls the Warrants for redemption, the Insider Warrants may be exercisable on a cashless basis, at the holder's option (except in the case of a forced cashless exercise upon the Company's redemption of the Warrants, as described above), so long as such securities are held by such purchasers or their affiliates. Furthermore, the purchasers have agreed that the Insider Warrants will not be sold or transferred by them until after the Company has completed a Business Combination.

The Initial Stockholders and holders of the Insider Warrants (or underlying securities) are entitled to registration rights with respect to their founding shares or Insider Warrants (or underlying securities). The holders of the majority of the founding shares are entitled to demand that the Company register these shares at any time commencing three months prior to the first anniversary of the consummation of a Business Combination. The holders of the Insider Warrants (or underlying securities) are entitled to demand that the Company register such securities at any time after the Company consummates a Business Combination. In addition, the Initial Stockholders and holders of the Insider Warrants (or underlying securities) have certain piggy-back registration rights on registration statements filed after the Company's consummation of a Business Combination.

The Representative has been engaged by the Company to act as the Company's non exclusive investment banker in connection with a proposed Business Combination. For assisting the Company in structuring and negotiating the terms of a Business Combination, the Company will pay the Representative a cash transaction fee equal to 1% of the total consideration paid in connection with the Business Combination, with a maximum fee to be paid of \$360,000.

5. Preferred Stock

The Company is authorized to issue 1,000,000 shares of preferred stock with such designations, voting and other rights and preferences as may be determined from time to time by the Board of Directors.

The agreement with the underwriters prohibits the Company, prior to a Business Combination, from issuing preferred stock which participates in the proceeds of the Trust Account or which votes as a class with the Common Stock on a Business Combination.

6. Common Stock

The Company is authorized to issue 15,000,000 shares of common stock, of which 6,300,000 were issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2007, including 1,034,483 common shares subject to possible conversion.

At December 31, 2007, 7,211,364 shares of common stock were reserved for issuance upon exercise of the Warrants and the Option.

The Company currently has no commitments to issue any shares of common stock other than as described herein; however, the Company will, in all likelihood, issue a substantial number of additional shares in connection with a Business Combination. To the extent that additional shares of common stock are issued, dilution to the interests of the Company's stockholders who participated in the Offering will occur.

7. Income Taxes

Deferred income taxes are provided for the differences between the bases of assets and liabilities for financial reporting and income tax purposes. A valuation allowance is established when necessary to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized.

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RHAPSODY ACQUISITION CORP. (A Corporation in the Development Stage)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7. Income Taxes (continued)

Rhapsody has made state and local income tax provisions of \$117,384 for the nine months ended December 31, 2007, \$35,731 for the period from inception to December 31, 2006 and \$190,338 from inception through December 31, 2007. Since the majority of the Company's interest income is not subject to federal income taxes, Rhapsody generated a net operating loss of approximately \$648,000 since inception for federal income tax purposes. A full valuation allowance was made for the resulting deferred tax asset, as it is uncertain if and when the Company will be able to utilize this net operating loss.

Franchise taxes incurred in the State of Delaware of \$9,145 (\$44,689 since inception) are included in the general and administrative expenses.

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors
Rhapsody Acquisition Corp.

We have audited the accompanying balance sheet of Rhapsody Acquisition Corp. (a corporation in the development stage) as of March 31, 2007, and the related statements of operations, stockholders' equity and cash flows for the period from inception (April 24, 2006) to March 31, 2007. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audit included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Rhapsody Acquisition Corp. as of March 31, 2007, and its results of operations and its cash flows for the period from inception (April 24, 2006) to March 31, 2007, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

/s/ BDO Seidman, LLP

BDO Seidman, LLP
New York, New York
June 18, 2007

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RHAPSODY ACQUISITION CORP.
(A Corporation in the Development Stage)

BALANCE SHEET

	March 31, 2007
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$515,240
Cash including interest held in Trust Fund (Note 2)	39,922,072
Prepaid expenses	63,940
Total assets	\$40,501,252
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	
Current liabilities:	
Accrued expenses and taxes	\$41,491
Deferred underwriting fee (Note 2)	414,000
Total current liabilities	455,491
Common Stock, subject to possible conversion (1,034,483 shares at conversion value) (Note 2)	7,980,426
Commitments (Note 4)	
Stockholders' equity (Notes 3, 5 and 6)	
Preferred stock, \$.0001 par value, 1,000,000 shares authorized, 0 shares issued	
Common stock, \$.0001 par value, 15,000,000 shares authorized, 5,265,517 shares issued and outstanding (excluding 1,034,483 shares subject to possible conversion)	527
Additional paid-in capital	31,713,706
Retained earnings	351,102
Total stockholders' equity	32,065,335
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$40,501,252

See accompanying summary of significant accounting policies and notes to audited financial statements.

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RHAPSODY ACQUISITION CORP.
(A Corporation in the Development Stage)

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

	Period from April 24, 2006 (Inception) to March 31, 2007
Operating expenses:	
General and administrative costs (Notes 4 and 7)	\$ 229,999
Operating loss	(229,999)
Other Income:	
Interest income	10,233
Interest on Trust Fund	643,822
Net income before provision for income taxes	424,056
Provision for income taxes (Note 7)	(72,954)
Net Income	351,102
Accretion of trust account relating to common stock subject to possible conversion	(128,700)
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders	\$ 222,402
Common shares outstanding subject to possible conversion	1,034,483
Basic and diluted net income per share subject to possible conversion	\$ 0.12
Weighted average common shares outstanding	3,213,472
Basic and diluted net income per share	\$ 0.07

See accompanying summary of significant accounting policies and notes to audited financial statements.

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**RHAPSODY ACQUISITION CORP.
(A Corporation in the Development Stage)**

STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY

	Common Stock		Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings Accumulated During the Development Stage	Stockholders Equity
	Shares	Amount		\$	\$
Balance, April 24, 2006		\$	\$	\$	\$
Common shares issued to initial stockholders	1,125,000	113	24,887		25,000
Sale of 5,175,000 units, net of underwriter's discount and	5,175,000	517	38,419,042		38,419,559

offering expenses (includes 1,034,483 shares subject to possible conversion)					
Net proceeds subject to possible conversion (1,034,483 shares)	(1,034,483)	(103)	(7,851,623)		(7,851,726)
Proceeds from issuance of underwriter s purchase option			100		100
Proceeds from issuance of insider warrants			1,250,000		1,250,000
Accretion of trust account relating to common stock subject to possible conversion			(128,700)		(128,700)
Net income for the period				351,102	351,102
Balance at March 31, 2007	5,265,517	\$ 527	\$31,713,706	\$ 351,102	\$32,065,335

See accompanying summary of significant accounting policies and notes to audited financial statements.

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**RHAPSODY ACQUISITION CORP.
(A Corporation in the Development Stage)**

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	Period from April 24, 2006 (Inception) to March 31, 2007
Operating Activities	
Net Income for the period	\$351,102
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used in operating activities:	
Trust Fund interest income	(643,822)
Change in operating assets and liabilities:	
Increase in prepaid expenses	(63,940)
Increase in accrued expenses and taxes	41,491
Net cash used in operating activities	(315,169)
Investing Activities	
Cash contributed to Trust Fund	(39,278,250)
Net cash used in investing activities	(39,278,250)
Financing Activities	
Proceeds from of shares of common stock to initial stockholders	25,000
Proceeds from issuance of underwriters purchase option	100

Proceeds from issuance of insider warrants	1,250,000
Portion of proceeds from sale of units through public offering, subject to possible conversion	7,851,726
Net proceeds from sale of units through public offering allocable to stockholders equity	30,981,833
Net cash provided by financing activities	40,108,659
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	515,240
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$515,240
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash financing activities	
Fair value of underwriter purchase option included in offering costs	\$1,687,500
Deferred underwriting fee	\$414,000
Accretion of trust account relating to common stock subject to conversion	\$128,700

See accompanying summary of significant accounting policies and notes to audited financial statements.

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RHAPSODY ACQUISITION CORP. (A Corporation in the Development Stage)

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Income taxes	The Company follows Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 109 (SFAS No. 109), Accounting for Income Taxes which is an asset and liability approach that has been recognized in the Company's financial statements. The Company has a net operating loss carryforward of approximately \$220,000 to reduce any future federal income taxes. The tax benefit of this loss, approximately \$77,000, has been fully offset by a valuation allowance due to the uncertainty of its realization.
Net income per common share	Basic income per share is computed by dividing net income applicable to common stock by the weighted average common shares outstanding during the period. Basic earnings (loss) per share excludes dilution and is computed by dividing income (loss) available to common stockholders by the weighted average common shares outstanding for the period. Calculation of the weighted average common shares outstanding during the period is based on 1,125,000 initial shares outstanding throughout the period from April 24, 2006 (inception) to March 31, 2007 and 4,140,517 common shares outstanding after the effective date of the offering on October 3, 2006. Net income per share subject to possible conversion is calculated by dividing accretion of trust account relating to common stock subject to possible conversion by 1,034,483 common stock subject to possible conversion. Diluted earnings per share reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised or

converted into common stock or resulted in the issuance of common stock that then shared in the earnings of the entity. At March 31, 2007, there were no such potentially dilutive securities.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Concentration of credit risk

Financial instructions that potentially subject the Company to a significant concentration of credit risk consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents. The Company maintains deposits in federally insured financial institutions in excess of federally insured limits. However, management believes the Company is not exposed to significant credit risk due to the financial position of the depository institutions in which those deposits are held.

New accounting pronouncements

In July 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Interpretation No. 48 (FIN 48), Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes, and Interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109. FIN 48 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in a company s financial statements and prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in an income tax return. FIN 48 also provides guidance in derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosures and transition. FIN 48 is effective for the fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. The adoption of FIN 48 is not expected to have a significant effect on the Company s balance sheet or statements of operations.

Management does not believe that any other recently issued, but not yet effective, accounting standards, if currently adopted, would have a material effect on the accompanying financial statements.

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**RHAPSODY ACQUISITION CORP.
(A Corporation in the Development Stage)**

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Basis of Presentation

The financial statements include the accounts of the Company. The Company has not commenced operations. All activity through March 31, 2007, is related to the Company s formation and preparation for and consummation of the Offering. The Company has selected March 31 as its fiscal year end.

2. Organization and Business Operations

Rhapsody Acquisition Corp. (the Company) was incorporated in Delaware on April 24, 2006 as a blank check company whose objective is to acquire an operating business.

The registration statement for the Company's initial public offering (Offering) was declared effective October 3, 2006.

The Company consummated the offering on October 10, 2006 and received net proceeds of \$38,833,559. The Company's management has broad discretion with respect to the specific application of the net proceeds of this Offering, although substantially all of the net proceeds of this Offering are intended to be generally applied toward consummating a business combination with an operating business (Business Combination). Furthermore, there is no assurance that the Company will be able to successfully effect a Business Combination. An amount of \$39,278,250, which includes \$1,250,000 relating to the sale of insider warrants and a \$414,000 deferred amount payable to the underwriter, of the net proceeds is being held in an interest-bearing trust account (Trust Account) until the earlier of (i) the consummation of a Business Combination or (ii) liquidation of the Company.

Under the agreement governing the Trust Account, funds will only be invested in United States government securities within the meaning of Section 2(a)(16) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 with a maturity of 180 days or less, or in money market funds meeting certain conditions under Rule 2a-7 promulgated under the Investment Company Act of 1940. The placing of funds in the Trust Account may not protect those funds from third party claims against the Company. Although the Company will seek to have all vendors, prospective target businesses or other entities it engages, execute agreements with the Company waiving any right, title, interest or claim of any kind in or to any monies held in the Trust Account, there is no guarantee that they will execute such agreements. The Company's Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer and President has agreed that he will be personally liable under certain circumstances to ensure that the proceeds in the Trust Account are not reduced by the claims of target businesses or vendors or other entities that are owed money by the Company for services rendered contracted for or products sold to the Company. However, there can be no assurance that he will be able to satisfy those obligations. The remaining net proceeds (not held in the Trust Account) may be used to pay for business, legal and accounting due diligence on prospective acquisitions and continuing general and administrative expenses. Additionally, if the Company is unable to consummate a Business Combination by the one year anniversary of the effective date of the Offering (or October 3, 2007), up to an aggregate of \$200,000 of interest earned on the Trust Account balance may be released to the Company to fund working capital requirements.

The Company, after signing a definitive agreement for the acquisition of a target business, will submit such transaction for stockholder approval. In the event that stockholders owning 20% or more of the shares sold in the Offering vote against the Business Combination and exercise their conversion rights described below, the Business Combination will not be consummated.

All of the Company's stockholders prior to the Offering, including all of the officers and directors of the Company (Initial Stockholders), have agreed to vote their 1,125,000 founding shares of common stock in accordance with the vote of the majority in interest of all other stockholders of the Company (Public Stockholders) with respect to any Business Combination. After consummation of a Business Combination, these voting safeguards will no longer be applicable.

With respect to a Business Combination which is approved and consummated, any Public Stockholder who voted against the Business Combination may demand that the Company convert his shares. The per share conversion price will equal the amount in the Trust Account, calculated as of two business days prior to the

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RHAPSODY ACQUISITION CORP.

(A Corporation in the Development Stage)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. Organization and Business Operations (continued)

consummation of the proposed Business Combination, divided by the number of shares of common stock held by Public Stockholders at the consummation of the Offering. Accordingly, Public Stockholders holding 19.99% of the aggregate number of shares owned by all Public Stockholders may seek conversion of their shares in the event of a Business Combination. Such Public Stockholders are entitled to receive their per share interest in the Trust Account computed without regard to the shares held by Initial Stockholders. Accordingly, a portion of the net proceeds from the offering (19.99% of the amount held in the Trust Account and accretion of interest earned aggregating \$7,980,426) has been classified as common stock subject to possible conversion in the accompanying March 31, 2007 balance sheet.

The Company's Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation provides for mandatory liquidation of the Company in the event that the Company does not consummate a Business Combination by October 3, 2008. In the event of liquidation, it is likely that the per share value of the residual assets remaining available for distribution (including Trust Account assets) will be less than the initial public offering price per share in the Offering due to costs related to the Offering and since no value would be attributed to the Warrants contained in the Units sold (Note 3).

3. Initial Public Offering

On October 10, 2006, the Company sold 5,175,000 units (Units) in the Offering, which included 675,000 units subject to the underwriter's overallotment option. Each Unit consists of one share of the Company's common stock, \$.0001 par value, and one Redeemable Common Stock Purchase Warrant(s) (Warrants). Each Warrant entitles the holder to purchase from the Company one share of common stock at an exercise price of \$5.00 commencing the later of the completion of a Business Combination or one year from the effective date of the Offering and expiring four years from the effective date of the Offering. The Warrants will be redeemable, at the Company's option, with the prior consent of EarlyBirdCapital, Inc., the representative of the underwriters in the Offering (Representative), at a price of \$.01 per Warrant upon 30 days' notice after the Warrants become exercisable, only in the event that the last sale price of the common stock is at least \$11.50 per share for any 20 trading days within a 30 trading day period ending on the third day prior to the date on which notice of redemption is given. If the Company redeems the Warrants as described above, management will have the option to require any holder that wishes to exercise his Warrant to do so on a cashless basis. In such event, the holder would pay the exercise price by surrendering his Warrants for that number of shares of Common Stock equal to the quotient obtained by dividing (x) the product of the number of shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants, multiplied by the difference between the exercise price of the Warrants and the fair market value (defined below) by (y) the fair market value. The fair market value shall mean the average reported last sale price of the Common Stock for the 10 trading days ending on the third trading day prior to the date on which the notice of redemption is sent to holders of Warrants. In accordance with the warrant agreement relating to the Warrants sold and issued in the Offering, the Company is only required to use its best efforts to maintain the effectiveness of the registration statement covering the Warrants. The Company will not be obligated to deliver securities, and there are no contractual penalties for failure to deliver securities, if a registration statement is not effective at the time of exercise. Additionally, in the event that a registration is not effective at the time of exercise, the holder of such Warrant shall not be entitled to exercise such Warrant and in no event (whether in the case of a

registration statement not being effective or otherwise) will the Company be required to net cash settle the warrant exercise. Consequently, the Warrants may expire unexercised and unredeemed.

The Company agreed to pay the underwriters in the Offering an underwriting discount of 5.5% of the gross proceeds of the Offering and a non-accountable expense allowance of 0.5% of the gross proceeds of the Offering. However, the underwriters have agreed that 1.0% of the underwriting discount will not be payable unless and until the Company completes a Business Combination and has waived their right to receive such payment upon the Company's liquidation if it is unable to complete a Business Combination. In connection

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**RHAPSODY ACQUISITION CORP.
(A Corporation in the Development Stage)**

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. Initial Public Offering (continued)

with this Offering, the Company also issued an option (Option), for \$100, to the Representative to purchase 450,000 Units at an exercise price of \$8.80 per Unit. The Units issuable upon exercise of the Option are identical to the Units sold in the Offering. The Company accounted for the fair value of the Option, inclusive of the receipt of the \$100 cash payment, as an expense of the Offering resulting in a charge directly to stockholders' equity. The Company estimated that the fair value of the Option at the time of the IPO was approximately \$1,687,500 (\$3.75 per Unit) using a Black-Scholes option-pricing model. The fair value of the Option granted to the Representative was estimated as of the date of grant using the following assumptions: (1) expected volatility of 50.99%, (2) risk-free interest rate of 4.56% and (3) expected life of 5 years. The Option may be exercised for cash or on a cashless basis, at the holder's option, such that the holder may use the appreciated value of the Option (the difference between the exercise prices of the Option and the underlying Warrants and the market price of the Units and underlying securities) to exercise the option without the payment of any cash. The Company will have no obligation to net cash settle the exercise of the unit purchase option or the Warrants underlying the unit purchase option. The holder of the unit purchase option will not be entitled to exercise the unit purchase option or the Warrants underlying the unit purchase option unless a registration statement covering the securities underlying the unit purchase option is effective or an exemption from registration is available. If the holder is unable to exercise the Option or underlying Warrants, the Option or Warrants, as applicable, will expire worthless.

4. Commitments

The Company presently occupies office space provided by an affiliate of the Company's Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer and President. Such affiliate has agreed that, until the Company consummates a Business Combination, it will make such office space, as well as certain office and secretarial services, available to the Company, as may be required by the Company from time to time. The Company pays such affiliate \$7,500 per month for such services commencing on the effective date of the Offering (October 3, 2006). An amount of \$44,516 has been incurred in this respect for the period ended March 31, 2007.

Pursuant to letter agreements with the Company and the Representative, the Initial Stockholders have waived their right to receive distributions with respect to their founding shares upon the Company's liquidation.

Four of the Initial Stockholders and one affiliate of an Initial Stockholder committed to purchase 1,136,364 Warrants (Insider Warrants) at \$1.10 per Warrant (for an aggregate purchase price of \$1,250,000) privately from the Company. These purchases took place simultaneously with the consummation of the Offering. All of the proceeds received from these purchases were placed in the Trust Account. The Insider Warrants purchased by such purchasers are identical to the Warrants underlying the Units offered in the Offering except that if the Company calls the Warrants for redemption, the Insider Warrants may be exercisable on a cashless basis, at the holder's option (except in the case of a forced cashless exercise upon the Company's redemption of the Warrants, as described above), so long as such securities are held by such purchasers or their affiliates. Furthermore, the purchasers have agreed that the Insider Warrants will not be sold or transferred by them until after the Company has completed a Business Combination.

The Initial Stockholders and holders of the Insider Warrants (or underlying securities) will be entitled to registration rights with respect to their founding shares or Insider Warrants (or underlying securities). The holders of the majority of the founding shares are entitled to demand that the Company register these shares at any time commencing three months prior to the first anniversary of the consummation of a Business Combination. The holders of the Insider Warrants (or underlying securities) are entitled to demand that the Company register such securities at any time after the Company consummates a Business Combination. In addition, the Initial Stockholders and holders of the Insider Warrants (or underlying securities) have certain piggy-back registration rights on registration statements filed after the Company's consummation of a Business Combination.

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**RHAPSODY ACQUISITION CORP.
(A Corporation in the Development Stage)**

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4. Commitments (continued)

The Representative has been engaged by the Company to act as the Company's non exclusive investment banker in connection with a proposed Business Combination. For assisting the Company in structuring and negotiating the terms of a Business Combination, the Company will pay the Representative a cash transaction fee equal to 1% of the total consideration paid in connection with the Business Combination, with a maximum fee to be paid of \$360,000.

5. Preferred Stock

The Company is authorized to issue 1,000,000 shares of preferred stock with such designations, voting and other rights and preferences as may be determined from time to time by the Board of Directors.

The agreement with the underwriters prohibits the Company, prior to a Business Combination, from issuing preferred stock which participates in the proceeds of the Trust Account or which votes as a class with the Common Stock on a Business Combination.

6. Common Stock

The Company is authorized to issue 15,000,000 shares of common stock, of which 6,300,000 were issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2007, including 1,034,483 common shares subject to possible conversion.

At March 31, 2007, 7,211,364 shares of common stock were reserved for issuance upon exercise of the Warrants and the Option.

The Company currently has no commitments to issue any shares of common stock other than as described herein; however, the Company will, in all likelihood, issue a substantial number of additional shares in connection with a Business Combination. To the extent that additional shares of common stock are issued, dilution to the interests of the Company's stockholders who participated in the Offering will occur.

7. Income Taxes

Deferred income taxes are provided for the differences between the bases of assets and liabilities for financial reporting and income tax purposes. A valuation allowance is established when necessary to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized.

A provision of \$72,954 was made for state and local income taxes. Since the majority of the Company's interest income is not subject to federal income taxes, Rhapsody generated a net operating loss of approximately \$220,000 for federal income tax purposes. A full valuation allowance was made for the resulting deferred tax asset, as it is uncertain if and when the Company will be able to utilize this net operating loss.

Franchise taxes incurred in the State of Delaware of \$24,877 are included in the general and administrative expenses.

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Annex A

CONFORMED COPY

AGREEMENT AND PLAN OF MERGER BY AND AMONG RHAPSODY ACQUISITION CORP., PRIMORIS CORPORATION and

CERTAIN OF THE SHAREHOLDERS OF PRIMORIS CORPORATION DATED AS OF FEBRUARY 19, 2008

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AGREEMENT AND PLAN OF MERGER

THIS AGREEMENT AND PLAN OF MERGER is made and entered into as of February 19, 2008, by and among Rhapsody Acquisition Corp., a Delaware corporation (*Delcorp*), Primoris Corporation, a Nevada corporation (*Company*), and each of the persons listed under the caption *Signing Shareholders* on the signature page hereof, such persons being certain of the shareholders of the Company (each a *Signing Shareholder* and, collectively, the *Signing Shareholders*.)

RECITALS

A. Upon the terms and subject to the conditions of this Agreement (as defined in *Section 1.2*) and in accordance with the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware (the *DGCL*) and the Nevada General Corporation Law (the *NGCL*) and other applicable law, Delcorp and Company intend to enter into a business combination transaction by means of a merger in which the Company will merge with Delcorp and Delcorp will be the surviving entity, through an exchange of all the issued and outstanding shares of capital stock of the Company for shares of common stock of Delcorp.

B. The Boards of Directors of each of the Company and Delcorp have determined that the Merger (as defined in *Section 1.1*) is fair to, and in the best interests of, their respective companies and their respective stockholders.

C. The parties intend, by executing this Agreement, to adopt a plan of reorganization within the meaning of Section 368(a)(1)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the *Code*).

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the covenants, promises and representations set forth herein, and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the parties agree as follows (defined terms used in this Agreement are listed alphabetically in *Article IX*, together with the Section and, if applicable, paragraph number in which the definition of each such term is located):

ARTICLE I THE MERGER

1.1 **The Merger.** At the Effective Time (as defined in *Section 1.2*) and subject to and upon the terms and conditions of this Agreement and the applicable provisions of the NGCL, the Company shall be merged with and into Delcorp (the *Merger*), the separate corporate existence of the Company shall cease and Delcorp shall continue as the surviving corporation. Delcorp as the surviving corporation after the Merger is hereinafter sometimes referred to as the *Surviving Corporation*.

1.2 Effective Time; Closing. Subject to the conditions of this Agreement, the parties hereto shall cause the Merger to be consummated by (a) filing Articles of Merger (the *Articles of Merger*) with the Secretary of State of the State of Nevada in accordance with the applicable provisions of Nevada law and (b) filing with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware in accordance with applicable provisions of the DGCL a Certificate of Merger (the *Certificate of Merger*) (the time of such filing with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware, or such later time as may be agreed in writing by Company and Delcorp and specified in the Certificate of Merger, being the *Effective Time*) as soon as practicable on or after the Closing Date (as herein defined). The term *Agreement* as used herein refers to this Agreement and Plan of Merger, as the same may be amended from time to time, and all schedules hereto (including the Company Schedule and the Delcorp Schedule, as defined in the preambles to *Articles II and III* hereof, respectively). Unless this Agreement shall have been terminated pursuant to *Section 8.1*, the closing of the Merger (the *Closing*) shall take place at the offices of Graubard Miller, counsel to Delcorp, 405 Lexington Avenue, New York, New York 10174-1901 or at such other place as the parties mutually agree in writing at a time and date to be specified by the parties, which shall be no later than the second business day after the satisfaction or waiver of the conditions set forth in *Article VI*, or at such other time, date and location as the parties hereto agree in writing (the *Closing Date*). Closing signatures may be transmitted by facsimile.

1.3 Effect of the Merger. At the Effective Time, the effect of the Merger shall be as provided in this Agreement and the applicable provisions of the DGCL and NGCL and other applicable provisions of Nevada law (together, with the NGCL, *Applicable Nevada Law*). Without limiting the generality of the foregoing,

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and subject thereto, at the Effective Time all the property, rights, privileges, powers and franchises of the Company shall vest in the Surviving Corporation, and all debts, liabilities and duties of the Company shall become the debts, liabilities and duties of the Surviving Corporation.

1.4 Certificate of Incorporation; Bylaws.

(a) At the Effective Time, the Certificate of Incorporation of Delcorp shall be amended and restated in the form of *Exhibit A*, and which shall be the Certificate of Incorporation of the Surviving Corporation until thereafter amended as provided by law.

(b) Also, at the Effective Time, the Bylaws of Delcorp shall be amended and restated in the form of *Exhibit B* and which shall be the Bylaws of the Surviving Corporation.

1.5 Effect on Capital Stock. Subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, at the Effective Time, by virtue of the Merger and this Agreement and without any action on the part of the Company or the holders of any of the securities of the Company, the following shall occur:

(a) **Conversion of Company Common Stock.** Other than any shares to be canceled pursuant to *Section 1.5(c)*, each share of common stock, par value \$.001, of the Company (*Company Common Stock*) issued and outstanding immediately prior to the Effective Time will be automatically converted (subject to *Section 1.5(e)*) into (i) the number of shares of common stock, par value \$0.0001, of Delcorp (*Delcorp Common Stock*) equal to (A) 24,094,800 divided by (B) the Outstanding Common Stock Number plus (ii) the right to receive that number of EBITDA Shares (as defined in *Section 1.18(c)*) for each year with respect to which EBITDA Shares are issuable equal to (C) the number of EBITDA Shares issuable with respect to such year divided by (D) the Outstanding Common Stock Number as set forth in the attached *Exhibit C*. As used herein, *Outstanding Common Stock Number* means the number of shares of Company Common Stock outstanding immediately prior to the Effective Time plus additional shares in the amount of eighty-one (81) shares for Roger Newnham (*Born*) and thirteen (13) shares for Albert Morteboy (*Morteboy*) to treat

them, for purposes of calculating the Outstanding Common Stock Number, as if they had been shareholders prior to the Closing. Born and Morteboy are hereinafter collectively referred to as the Foreign Managers. The numbers of shares of Delcorp Common Stock that would otherwise be issuable pursuant to this *Section 1.5(a)* (including EBITDA Shares) to Persons who hold Dissenting Shares (as defined in *Section 1.17(b)*) and exercise their dissenters' rights pursuant to Applicable Nevada Law shall not be issued to such Persons and shall be canceled.

(b) **Certificates for Shares.** Certificates representing the shares of Delcorp Common Stock issuable pursuant to clause (i) of *Section 1.5(a)* (*Base Shares*) shall be issued to the holders of certificates representing the shares of Company Common Stock (*Company Certificates*) upon surrender of the Company Certificates in the manner provided in *Section 1.6* (or in the case of a lost, stolen or destroyed certificate, upon delivery of an affidavit (and indemnity, if required) in the manner provided in *Section 1.8*). Each holder shall be issued separate certificates for such holder's Escrow Shares (as defined in *Section 1.11*) and for the remaining number of shares of Delcorp Common Stock to which such holder is entitled. Certificates for shares of Delcorp Common Stock representing EBITDA Shares shall be issued to the Persons who have surrendered Company Certificates within five business days following the release of the audited financial statements of Delcorp for the year with respect to which such EBITDA Shares are issuable.

(c) **Cancellation of Treasury and Delcorp-Owned Stock.** Each share of Company Common Stock held by the Company or owned by Delcorp or any direct or indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company or of Delcorp immediately prior to the Effective Time shall be canceled and extinguished without any conversion or payment in respect thereof.

(d) **Adjustments to Exchange Ratios.** The numbers of shares of Delcorp Common Stock that the holders of the Company Common Stock are entitled to receive as a result of the Merger (including but not limited to the Base Shares and EBITDA Shares) shall be equitably adjusted to reflect appropriately the effect of any stock split, reverse stock split, stock dividend (including any dividend or distribution of securities convertible into Delcorp Common Stock or Company Common Stock), extraordinary cash dividends (other than the distributions referred to in *Section 5.24* hereof), reorganization, recapitalization,

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reclassification, combination, exchange of shares or other like change with respect to Delcorp Common Stock or Company Common Stock occurring on or after the date hereof and prior to the Effective Time.

(e) **Fractional Shares.** No fraction of a share of Delcorp Common Stock will be issued by virtue of the Merger, and each holder of shares of Company Common Stock who would otherwise be entitled to a fraction of a share of Delcorp Common Stock (after aggregating all fractional shares of Delcorp Common Stock that otherwise would be received by such holder) shall, upon compliance with *Section 1.6*, receive from Delcorp, in lieu of such fractional share, one (1) share of Delcorp Common Stock.

1.6 Surrender of Certificates.

(a) **Exchange Procedures.** Upon surrender of Company Certificates at the Closing, the holders of such Company Certificates shall receive in exchange therefor certificates representing the Base Shares into which their shares of Company Common Stock shall be converted at the Effective Time, less the Escrow Shares, and the Company Certificates so surrendered shall forthwith be canceled. Until so surrendered, outstanding Company Certificates will be deemed, from and after the Effective Time, to evidence only the right to receive the applicable number of shares of Delcorp Common Stock issuable pursuant to *Section 1.5(a)* ..

(b) **Distributions With Respect to Unexchanged Shares.** No dividends or other distributions declared or made after the date of this Agreement with respect to Delcorp Common Stock with a record date after the Effective Time will be paid to the holders of any unsurrendered Company Certificates with respect to the shares of Delcorp Common Stock to be issued upon surrender thereof until the holders of record of such Company Certificates shall surrender such Company Certificates. Subject to applicable law, following surrender of any such Company Certificates with a properly completed letter of transmittal, Delcorp shall promptly deliver to the record holders thereof, without interest, the certificates representing shares of Delcorp Common Stock issued in exchange therefor and the amount of any such dividends or other distributions with a record date after the Effective Time theretofore paid with respect to such shares of Delcorp Common Stock.

(c) **Transfers of Ownership.** If certificates representing shares of Delcorp Common Stock are to be issued in a name other than that in which the Company Certificates surrendered in exchange therefor are registered, it will be a condition of the issuance thereof that the Company Certificates so surrendered will be properly endorsed and otherwise in proper form for transfer and that the persons requesting such exchange will have paid to Delcorp or any agent designated by it any transfer or other taxes required by reason of the issuance of certificates representing shares of Delcorp Common Stock in any name other than that of the registered holder of the Company Certificates surrendered, or established to the satisfaction of Delcorp or any agent designated by it that such tax has been paid or is not payable.

(d) **Required Withholding.** Delcorp and the Surviving Corporation shall each be entitled to deduct and withhold from any consideration payable or otherwise deliverable pursuant to this Agreement to any holder or former holder of Company Common Stock such amounts as are required to be deducted or withheld therefrom under the Code or under any provision of state, local or foreign tax law or under any other applicable legal requirement. To the extent such amounts are so deducted or withheld, such amounts shall be treated for all purposes under this Agreement as having been paid to the person to whom such amounts would otherwise have been paid.

(e) **No Liability.** Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this *Section 1.6*, neither Delcorp, the Company, the Surviving Corporation nor any other party hereto shall be liable to a holder of shares of Delcorp Common Stock or Company Common Stock for any amount properly paid to a public official pursuant to any applicable abandoned property, escheat or similar law.

1.7 No Further Ownership Rights in Company Stock. All shares of Delcorp Common Stock issued in accordance with the terms hereof shall be deemed to have been issued in full satisfaction of all rights pertaining to shares of Company Common Stock and there shall be no further registration of transfers on the records of the Surviving Corporation of shares of Company Common Stock that were outstanding immediately prior to the Effective Time. If, after the Effective Time, Company Certificates are presented to the Surviving Corporation for any reason, they shall be canceled and exchanged as provided in this *Article I*.

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1.8 Lost, Stolen or Destroyed Certificates. In the event that any Company Certificates shall have been lost, stolen or destroyed, Delcorp shall issue in exchange for such lost, stolen or destroyed Company Certificates, upon the making of an affidavit of that fact by the holder thereof, the certificates representing the shares of Delcorp Common Stock that the shares of Company Common Stock formerly represented by such Company Certificates were converted into and any dividends or distributions payable pursuant to *Section 1.6(b)*; provided, however, that, as a condition precedent to the issuance of such certificates representing shares of Delcorp Common Stock and other distributions, the owner of such lost, stolen or destroyed Company Certificates shall indemnify Delcorp against any claim that may be made against Delcorp or the Surviving Corporation with respect to the Company Certificates alleged to have been lost, stolen or destroyed.

1.9 Tax Consequences. It is intended by the parties hereto that the Merger shall constitute a reorganization within the meaning of Section 368(a)(1)(A) of the Code and the regulations thereunder. The parties hereto adopt this Agreement as a plan of reorganization within the meaning of the United States Income Tax Regulations issued with respect to Section 368.

1.10 Taking of Necessary Action; Further Action. If, at any time after the Effective Time, any further action is necessary or desirable to carry out the purposes of this Agreement and to vest the Surviving Corporation with full right, title and possession to all assets, property, rights, privileges, powers and franchises of the Company, the officers and directors of the Company will take all such lawful and necessary action.

1.11 Escrow. As the sole remedy for the indemnity obligations set forth in *Article VII*, at the Closing, the Persons receiving shares of Delcorp Common Stock to be issued as a result of the Merger shall deposit in escrow an aggregate of 1,807,110 of the Base Shares received by such Persons as a result of the Merger (the *Escrow Shares*), which shares shall be allocated among the Persons entitled to receive them in the same proportions as the shares of Delcorp Common Stock are allocated among them, all in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Escrow Agreement to be entered into at the Closing between Delcorp, the Company, the Representative appointed pursuant to *Section 1.14(b)* and Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company (*Continental*), as Escrow Agent, in the form annexed hereto as *Exhibit D* (the *Escrow Agreement*). On the date (the *Basic Escrow Termination Date*) that is the later of (i) thirty (30) days after the date on which Delcorp has filed its Report on Form 10-K pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (*Exchange Act*), for its 2008 fiscal year or (ii) one year after the Closing Date, the Escrow Agent shall release 1,445,688 of the original number of Escrow Shares, less that number of Escrow Shares applied in satisfaction of or reserved with respect to indemnification claims made prior to such date, to the shareholders of the Company in the same proportions as originally deposited into escrow. The remaining Escrow Shares (the *T/E Indemnity Shares*) shall be available for indemnification only with respect to Tax Indemnification Claims and Environmental Indemnification Claims (each as hereinafter defined). On the date (the *T/E Escrow Termination Date*) that is the first business day following the date that is the third anniversary of the Closing Date, the Escrow Agent shall deliver the T/E Indemnity Shares, less any of such shares applied in satisfaction of a Tax Indemnification Claim or an Environmental Indemnification Claim and any of such shares related to a Tax Indemnification Claim or an Environmental Indemnification Claim that is then unresolved, to each shareholder of the Company in the same proportions as initially deposited in escrow. Any Escrow Shares held with respect to any unresolved claim for indemnification and not applied as indemnification with respect to such claim upon its resolution shall be delivered to such Persons promptly upon such resolution. *Tax Indemnification Claim* means a claim for indemnification pursuant to *Article VII* with respect to (x) a breach of the representations and warranties set forth in *Section 2.15* and (y) the matters referred to in *Schedule 2.15*. *Environmental Indemnification Claim* means a claim for indemnification pursuant to *Article VII* with respect to a breach of the representations and warranties set forth in *Section 2.16*.

1.12 Rule 145. All shares of Delcorp Common Stock issued pursuant to this Agreement to affiliates of the Company listed in *Schedule 1.12* will be subject to certain resale restrictions under Rule 145 promulgated under the Securities Act and all certificates representing such shares shall bear an appropriate restrictive legend.

1.13 Signing Shareholder Matters.

(a) By his, her or its execution of this Agreement, each Signing Shareholder, in his, her or its capacity as a shareholder of the Company, hereby agrees to vote in favor of the approval and adoption of this

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Agreement and to authorize the Company, its directors and officers to take all actions necessary for the consummation of the Merger and the other transactions contemplated by the provisions of this Agreement and its Exhibits at a

meeting of the shareholders of the Company to be held promptly after distribution of the Proxy Statement/Prospectus (as defined in Section 5.1(a)) to the shareholders of the Company and the stockholders of Delcorp.

(b) Each Signing Shareholder, for himself, herself or itself only, represents and warrants as follows: (i) all Delcorp Common Stock to be acquired by such Signing Shareholder pursuant to this Agreement will be acquired for his, her or its account and not with a view towards distribution thereof other than, with respect to Signing Shareholders that are entities, transfers to its stockholders, partners or members; (ii) he, she or it understands that he, she or it must bear the economic risk of the investment in the Delcorp Common Stock, which cannot be sold by he, she or it unless it is registered under the Securities Act, or an exemption therefrom is available thereunder; (iii) he, she or it has had both the opportunity to ask questions and receive answers from the officers and directors of Delcorp and all persons acting on Delcorp's behalf concerning the business and operations of Delcorp and to obtain any additional information to the extent Delcorp possesses or may possess such information or can acquire it without unreasonable effort or expense necessary to verify the accuracy of such information; and (iv) he, she or it has had access to the Delcorp SEC Reports filed prior to the date of this Agreement. Each Signing Shareholder acknowledges, as to himself, herself or itself only, that (v) he, she or it is either (A) an accredited investor as such term is defined in Rule 501(a) promulgated under the Securities Act or (B) a person possessing sufficient knowledge and experience in financial and business matters to enable it to evaluate the merits and risks of an investment in Delcorp; and (vi) he, she or it understands that the certificates representing the Delcorp Common Stock to be received by he, she or it may bear legends to the effect that the Delcorp Common Stock may not be transferred except upon compliance with (C) the registration requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the *Securities Act*), or an exemption therefrom, and (D) the provisions of this Agreement. Each Signing Shareholder that is an entity, for itself, represents, warrants and acknowledges, with respect to each holder of its equity interests, to the same effect as the foregoing provisions of this *Section 1.13(b)*.

(c) Each Signing Shareholder, for himself, herself or itself, represents and warrants that the execution and delivery of this Agreement by such Signing Shareholder does not, and the performance of his, her or its obligations hereunder will not, require any consent, approval, authorization or permit of, or filing with or notification to, any court, administrative agency, commission, governmental or regulatory authority, domestic or foreign (a *Governmental Entity*), except (i) for applicable requirements, if any, of the Securities Act, the Exchange Act, state securities laws (*Blue Sky Laws*), and the rules and regulations thereunder, and (ii) where the failure to obtain such consents, approvals, authorizations or permits, or to make such filings or notifications, would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect (as defined in *Section 10.2(a)*) on such Signing Shareholder or the Company or, after the Closing, the Delcorp, or prevent consummation of the Merger or otherwise prevent the parties hereto from performing their obligations under this Agreement.

(d) Each Signing Shareholder, for himself, herself or itself, represents and warrants that he, she or it owns the shares of Company Common Stock listed on Exhibit C as being owned by him, her or it free and clear of all Liens.

1.14 Committee and Representative for Purposes of Escrow Agreement.

(a) **Delcorp Committee.** Prior to the Closing, the Board of Directors of Delcorp shall appoint a committee consisting of one or more of its then members to act on behalf of Delcorp to take all necessary actions and make all decisions pursuant to the Escrow Agreement regarding Delcorp's right to indemnification pursuant to *Article VII* hereof. In the event of a vacancy in such committee, the Board of Directors of Delcorp shall appoint as a successor a Person who was a director of Delcorp prior to the Closing Date or some other Person who would qualify as an independent director of Delcorp and who has not had any relationship with the Company prior to the Closing. Such committee is intended to be the *Committee* referred to in *Article VII* hereof and the Escrow Agreement.

(b) **Representative.** The Signing Shareholders hereby designate Brian Pratt to represent the interests of the Persons entitled to receive Delcorp Common Stock as a result of the Merger for purposes of the Escrow Agreement (such designee and any successor, the *Representative*). If such Person ceases to serve in such capacity, for any reason, the Signing Shareholders shall designate his or her successor. Failing such designation within 10 business days after the Representative has ceased to serve, those members of the Board of Directors of Delcorp who were directors of the Company prior to the Closing shall appoint as successor a Person who was a former shareholder of the Company or such other Person as such members shall designate. Such Person or successor is intended to be the Representative referred to in *Section 1.11* and *Article VII* hereof and the Escrow Agreement.

1.15 Outstanding Company Derivative Securities. The Company shall arrange that the holders of all outstanding options, warrants and other derivative securities of the Company exercise such securities after the Special Meeting but prior to the Effective Time without the payment of any consideration therefor by the Company other than the issuance of shares of Company Common Stock and cash that is owed to any of the Foreign Managers pursuant to the Termination Agreements each of the Foreign Managers has entered into with Delcorp, the Company and certain other Persons. Such exercise may be made contingent upon the occurrence of the Closing.

1.16 Intentionally Omitted.

1.17 Shares Subject to Dissenters Rights.

(a) Notwithstanding *Section 1.5* hereof, Dissenting Shares shall not be converted into a right to receive Delcorp Common Stock and the holders thereof shall be entitled only to such rights as are granted by Applicable Nevada Law. Each holder of Dissenting Shares who becomes entitled to payment for such shares pursuant to Applicable Nevada Law shall receive payment therefor from the Surviving Corporation in accordance with Applicable Nevada Law, provided, however, that (i) if any shareholder of the Company who asserts dissenters rights in connection with the Merger (a *Dissenter*) shall have failed to establish his entitlement to such rights as provided in Applicable Nevada Law, or (ii) if any such Dissenter shall have effectively withdrawn his demand for payment for such shares or waived or lost his right to payment for his shares under the appraisal rights process under Applicable Nevada Law, the shares of Company Common Stock held by such Dissenter shall be treated as if they had been converted, as of the Effective Time, into a right to receive Delcorp Common Stock and as provided in *Section 1.5*. The Company shall give Delcorp prompt notice of any demands for payment received by the Company from a person asserting appraisal rights, and Delcorp shall have the right to participate in all negotiations and proceedings with respect to such demands. The Company shall not, except with the prior written consent of Delcorp, make any payment with respect to, or settle or offer to settle, any such demands.

(b) As used herein, *Dissenting Shares* means any shares of Company Common Stock held by shareholders of the Company who are entitled to rights to receive payment for their shares under Chapter 92A of the Nevada Revised Statutes and who have properly exercised, perfected and not subsequently withdrawn or lost or waived their rights to demand payment with respect to their shares in accordance therewith.

1.18 EBITDA Shares.

(a) If, for the fiscal year of Delcorp ending December 31, 2008, Delcorp has EBITDA equal to or greater than \$39,300,000, Delcorp shall issue to the holders of Company Certificates, in the aggregate, pursuant to *Section 1.5(b)*, 2,500,000 shares of Delcorp Common Stock.

(b) Regardless of whether Delcorp has EBITDA equal to or greater than \$39,300,000 for its fiscal year ending December 31, 2008, if for the fiscal year of Delcorp ending December 31, 2009, Delcorp has EBITDA equal to or greater than \$46,000,000, Delcorp shall issue to the holders of Company Certificates, in the aggregate, pursuant to *Section 1.5(b)*, 2,500,000 shares of Delcorp Common Stock.

(c) As used herein,

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(i) *EBITDA* means for the applicable fiscal year, using results taken from the audited financial statements of the Company, subject to certain adjustments, the following calculation: income before provision for income taxes, plus interest expense, less interest income, plus depreciation and amortization, plus amortization of intangible assets, plus any expenses arising solely from the Merger charged to income in such fiscal year, plus expense relating to the Termination Agreements with Born and Morteboy of \$1,277,340 in 2008 only, plus any GAAP expense relating to the issuance of Rhapsody common stock to Born and Morteboy as part of the Termination Agreements in 2008 only, plus any expense (non-cash only) relating to the Delcorp Plan (as defined in *Section 5.1(a)*). In addition, any Rhapsody expenses prior to the Closing that are included in the Surviving Corporation's 2008 income statement will be excluded for purposes of EBITDA calculation. Attached as *Exhibit E* is a sample calculation.

(ii) *EBITDA Shares* means shares of Delcorp Common Stock issuable pursuant to either *Section 1.18(a)* or *Section 1.18(b)*.

1.19 Registration of Shares. Delcorp shall file as soon as possible after the Closing, and use its best efforts to cause to become effective, within 12 months after the Closing Date, a registration statement under the Securities Act with respect to the shares of Delcorp Common Stock issued pursuant to this Agreement prior to the expiration of such 12-month period, including EBITDA shares issued pursuant to *Section 1.18(a)*, to those shareholders of the Company who are listed on *Schedule 1.12*.

1.20 Sale Restriction. No public market sales of shares of Delcorp Common Stock whether or not issued as a result of the Merger, including EBITDA Shares, shall be made for a period of twelve months following the Closing Date. No private sales of shares of Delcorp Common Stock issued as a result of the Merger shall be made unless the purchaser acknowledges and agrees to the restriction stated in the preceding sentence by delivery to Delcorp of a written document to such effect. Certificates representing shares of Delcorp Common Stock issued as a result of the Merger shall bear a prominent legend to such effect.

ARTICLE II

REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES REGARDING THE COMPANY

Subject to the exceptions set forth in Schedule 2 attached hereto (the *Company Schedule*), the Company and the Signing Shareholders hereby represent and warrant to, and covenant with, Delcorp as follows (as used in this *Article II*, and elsewhere in this Agreement, the term *Company* includes the Subsidiaries, as hereinafter defined, unless the context clearly otherwise indicates):

2.1 Organization and Qualification.

(a) The Company is a corporation duly incorporated, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the State of Nevada and has the requisite corporate power and authority to own, lease and operate its assets and properties and to carry on its business as it is now being or currently planned by the Company to be conducted. The Company is in possession of all franchises, grants, authorizations, licenses, permits, easements, consents, certificates, approvals and orders (*Approvals*) necessary to own, lease and operate the properties it purports to own, operate or lease and to carry

on its business as it is now being or currently planned by the Company to be conducted, except where the failure to have such Approvals could not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect on the Company. Complete and correct copies of the certificate of incorporation and by-laws (or other comparable governing instruments with different names) (collectively referred to herein as *Charter Documents*) of the Company, as amended and currently in effect, have been heretofore made available to Delcorp or Delcorp's counsel. The Company is not in violation of any of the provisions of the Company's Charter Documents.

(b) The Company is duly qualified or licensed to do business as a foreign corporation and is in good standing in each jurisdiction where the character of the properties owned, leased or operated by it or the nature of its activities makes such qualification or licensing necessary, except for such failures to be so duly qualified or licensed and in good standing that could not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect on the Company. Each jurisdiction in which the Company is so qualified or licensed is listed in Schedule 2.1.

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(c) The minute books of the Company contain true, complete and accurate records of all written minutes for meetings and written consents in lieu of meetings of its Board of Directors (and any committees thereof), similar governing bodies and stockholders (*Corporate Records*) since the time of the Company's organization. Copies of such Corporate Records of the Company have been made available to Delcorp or Delcorp's counsel.

(d) The stock transfer, warrant and option transfer and ownership records of the Company contain true, complete and accurate records of the securities ownership as of the date of such records and the transfers involving the capital stock and other securities of the Company since the time of the Company's incorporation. Copies of such records of the Company have been made available to Delcorp or Delcorp's counsel.

2.2 Subsidiaries.

(a) The Company has no direct or indirect subsidiaries or participations in joint ventures or other entities other than those listed in Schedule 2.2 (the *Subsidiaries*). Except as set forth in Schedule 2.2, the Company owns all of the outstanding equity securities of the Subsidiaries, free and clear of all Liens (as defined in *Section 10.2(e)*). Except for the Subsidiaries, the Company does not own, directly or indirectly, any ownership, equity, profits or voting interest in any Person or has any agreement or commitment to purchase any such interest, and has not agreed and is not obligated to make nor is bound by any written, oral or other agreement, contract, subcontract, lease, binding understanding, instrument, note, option, warranty, purchase order, license, sublicense, insurance policy, benefit plan, commitment or undertaking of any nature, as of the date hereof or as may hereafter be in effect under which it may become obligated to make, any future investment in or capital contribution to any other entity.

(b) Each Subsidiary that is a corporation is duly incorporated, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of its state of incorporation (as listed in Schedule 2.2) and has the requisite corporate power and authority to own, lease and operate its assets and properties and to carry on its business as it is now being or currently planned by the Company to be conducted. Each Subsidiary that is a limited liability company is duly organized or formed, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of its state of organization or formation (as listed in Schedule 2.2) and has the requisite power and authority to own, lease and operate its assets and properties and to carry on its business as it is now being or currently planned by the Company to be conducted. Each Subsidiary is in possession of all Approvals necessary to own, lease and operate the properties it purports to own, operate or lease and to carry on its business as it is now being or currently planned by the Company to be conducted, except where the failure to have such Approvals could not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect on the Company or such Subsidiary. Complete and correct copies of the Charter Documents of each Subsidiary, as amended and currently in effect, have been heretofore delivered to Delcorp or Delcorp's counsel. No Subsidiary is in

violation of any of the provisions of its Charter Documents.

(c) Each Subsidiary is duly qualified or licensed to do business as a foreign corporation or foreign limited liability company and is in good standing in each jurisdiction where the character of the properties owned, leased or operated by it or the nature of its activities makes such qualification or licensing necessary, except for such failures to be so duly qualified or licensed and in good standing that could not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect on the Company or such Subsidiary. Each jurisdiction in which each Subsidiary is so qualified or licensed is listed in Schedule 2.2.

(d) The minute books of each Subsidiary contain true, complete and accurate records of all written minutes for meetings and written consents in lieu of meetings of its Board of Directors (and any committees thereof), similar governing bodies and stockholders. Copies of the Corporate Records of each Subsidiary have been heretofore made available to Delcorp or Delcorp's counsel.

2.3 Capitalization.

(a) The authorized capital stock of the Company consists of 250,000 shares of Company Common Stock, of which 4,368 shares are issued and outstanding as of the date of this Agreement, all of which

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shares of Company Common Stock are validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable. Through Termination Agreements with the Foreign Managers, at the time of the Closing of the Merger, Rhapsody will issue common stock which would have represented an equivalent of an additional 94 shares in the aggregate to the Foreign Managers which would have resulted in 4,462 shares of Company Common Stock outstanding as of the date of the Closing.

Other than Company Common Stock, the Company has no class or series of securities authorized by its Charter Documents. Schedule 2.3(a) hereto contains a list of all of the shareholders of the Company and the Foreign Managers, the number of shares of Company Common Stock owned, or to be owned at the time of the Closing, by each shareholder and Foreign Manager and each shareholder's state of residence. Except as set forth in Schedule 2.3(a) hereto, as of the date of this Agreement, no shares of Company Common Stock are reserved for issuance upon the exercise of outstanding options to purchase Company Common Stock granted to employees of Company or other parties (*Company Stock Options*) other than those issued by Rhapsody to the Foreign Managers. No shares of Company Common Stock are reserved for issuance upon the exercise of outstanding warrants or other rights (other than Company Stock Options) to purchase Company Common Stock other than to the Foreign Managers. All shares of Company Common Stock subject to issuance as aforesaid, upon issuance on the terms and conditions specified in the instrument pursuant to which they are issuable, will be duly authorized, validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable. There are no commitments or agreements of any character to which Company is bound obligating Company to accelerate the vesting of any Company Stock Option as a result of the Merger. All outstanding shares of Company Common Stock and all outstanding Company Stock Options have been issued and granted in compliance with (x) all applicable securities laws and (in all material respects) other applicable laws and regulations, and (y) all requirements set forth in any applicable Company Contracts (as defined in *Section 2.19*). The Company has heretofore delivered to Delcorp or Delcorp's counsel true and accurate copies of the forms of documents used for the issuance of Company Stock Options and shares to the Foreign Managers and a true and complete list of the holders thereof, including their names and the numbers of shares of Company Common Stock underlying such holders' Company Stock Options or in the alternative the names of the Foreign Managers.

(b) Except as set forth in Schedule 2.3(b) hereto or as set forth in *Section 2.3(a)* hereof, there are no subscriptions, options, warrants, equity securities, partnership interests or similar ownership interests, calls, rights (including preemptive rights), commitments or agreements of any character to which the Company is a party or by which it is

bound obligating the Company to issue, deliver or sell, or cause to be issued, delivered or sold, or repurchase, redeem or otherwise acquire, or cause the repurchase, redemption or acquisition of, any shares of capital stock, partnership interests or similar ownership interests of the Company or obligating the Company to grant, extend, accelerate the vesting of or enter into any such subscription, option, warrant, equity security, call, right, commitment or agreement.

(c) Except as contemplated by this Agreement and except as set forth in Schedule 2.3(c) hereto, there are no registration rights, and there is no voting trust, proxy, rights plan, antitakeover plan or other agreement or understanding to which the Company is a party or by which the Company is bound with respect to any equity security of any class of the Company.

(d) Except as set forth in Schedule 2.3(d), no outstanding shares of Company Common Stock are unvested or subjected to a repurchase option, risk of forfeiture or other condition under any applicable agreement with the Company.

(e) The authorized and outstanding capital stock or membership interests of each Subsidiary are set forth in Schedule 2.3(e) hereto. Except as set forth in Schedule 2.3(e), the Company owns all of the outstanding equity securities of each Subsidiary, free and clear of all Liens, either directly or indirectly through one or more other Subsidiaries. There are no outstanding options, warrants or other rights to purchase securities of any Subsidiary.

2.4 Authority Relative to this Agreement. The Company has all necessary corporate power and authority to execute and deliver this Agreement and to perform its obligations hereunder and, to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby (including the Merger). The execution and delivery of this Agreement and the consummation by the Company of the transactions contemplated hereby (including the Merger) have

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been duly and validly authorized by all necessary corporate action on the part of the Company (including the approval by its Board of Directors and shareholders, subject in all cases to the satisfaction of the terms and conditions of this Agreement, including the conditions set forth in *Article VI*), and no other corporate proceedings on the part of the Company or its shareholders are necessary to authorize this Agreement or to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby pursuant to Applicable Nevada Law and the terms and conditions of this Agreement. This Agreement has been duly and validly executed and delivered by the Company and, assuming the due authorization, execution and delivery thereof by the other parties hereto, constitutes the legal and binding obligation of the Company, enforceable against the Company in accordance with its terms, except as may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization or other similar laws affecting the enforcement of creditors' rights generally and by general principles of equity.

2.5 No Conflict; Required Filings and Consents. Except as set forth in Schedule 2.5 hereto:

(a) The execution and delivery of this Agreement by the Company do not, and the performance of this Agreement by the Company shall not, (i) conflict with or violate the Company's Charter Documents, (ii) subject to obtaining the adoption of this Agreement and the Merger by the stockholders of the Company, conflict with or violate any Legal Requirements (as defined in *Section 10.2(b)*), (iii) result in any breach of or constitute a default (or an event that with notice or lapse of time or both would become a default) under, or materially impair the Company's rights or alter the rights or obligations of any third party under, or give to others any rights of termination, amendment, acceleration or cancellation of, or result in the creation of a lien or encumbrance on any of the properties or assets of the Company pursuant to, any Company Contracts or (iv) result in the triggering, acceleration or increase of any payment to any Person pursuant to any Company Contract, including any change in control or similar provision of any Company Contract, except, with respect to clauses (ii), (iii) or (iv), for any such conflicts, violations, breaches, defaults,

triggerings, accelerations, increases or other occurrences that would not, individually and in the aggregate, have a Material Adverse Effect on the Company.

(b) The execution and delivery of this Agreement by the Company does not, and the performance of its obligations hereunder will not, require any consent, approval, authorization or permit of, or filing with or notification to, any Governmental Entity or other third party (including, without limitation, lenders and lessors), except (i) for applicable requirements, if any, of the Securities Act, the Exchange Act or Blue Sky Laws, and the rules and regulations thereunder, and appropriate documents received from or filed with the relevant authorities of other jurisdictions in which the Company is licensed or qualified to do business, (ii) for the filing of any notifications required under the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976, as amended (the *HSR Act*), if required upon advice of counsel, and the expiration of the required waiting period thereunder, (iii) the consents, approvals, authorizations and permits described in Schedule 2.5, and (iv) where the failure to obtain such consents, approvals, authorizations or permits, or to make such filings or notifications, would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect on the Company or, after the Closing, the Delcorp or the Surviving Corporation, or prevent consummation of the Merger or otherwise prevent the parties hereto from performing their obligations under this Agreement.

2.6 Compliance. Except as disclosed in Schedule 2.6, during the ten year period prior to the date of the Closing the Company has complied with and is not in violation of any Legal Requirements with respect to the conduct of its business, or the ownership or operation of its business, except for failures to comply or violations which, individually or in the aggregate, have not had and are not reasonably likely to have a Material Adverse Effect on the Company. The businesses and activities of the Company have not been and are not being conducted in violation of any Legal Requirements. The Company is not in default or violation of any term, condition or provision of any applicable Charter Documents. Except as set forth in Schedule 2.6, during the ten year period prior to the date of the Closing no written notice of non-compliance with any Legal Requirements has been received by the Company (and the Company has no knowledge of any such notice delivered to any other Person). The Company is not in violation of any term of any Company Contract, except for failures to comply or violations which, individually or in the aggregate, have not had and are not reasonably likely to have a Material Adverse Effect on the Company.

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2.7 Financial Statements.

(a) The Company has provided to Delcorp a correct and complete copy of the audited consolidated financial statements (including any related notes thereto) of the Company for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2006, December 31, 2005 and December 31, 2004 (the *Audited Financial Statements*). The Audited Financial Statements were prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles of the United States (*U.S. GAAP*) applied on a consistent basis throughout the periods involved (except as may be indicated in the notes thereto), and each fairly presents in all material respects the financial position of the Company at the respective dates thereof and the results of its operations and cash flows for the periods indicated.

(b) The Company has provided to Delcorp a correct and complete copy of the unaudited consolidated financial statements of the Company for the nine month period ended September 30, 2007 (including any notes related thereto) (the *Unaudited Financial Statements*). The Unaudited Financial Statements comply as to form in all material respects, and were prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP applied on a consistent basis throughout the periods involved and in a manner consistent with the preparation of the Audited Financial Statements, and fairly present in all material respects the financial position of the Company at the date thereof and the results of its operations and cash flows for the period indicated, except that such statements are subject to normal audit adjustments that are not expected to have a Material Adverse Effect on the Company.

(c) The books of account, minute books, stock certificate books and stock transfer ledgers and other similar books and records of the Company have been maintained in accordance with good business practice, are complete and correct in all material respects and there have been no material transactions that are required to be set forth therein and which have not been so set forth.

(d) Except as otherwise noted in the Audited Financial Statements or the Unaudited Financial Statements, the accounts and notes receivable of the Company reflected on the balance sheets included in the Audited Financial Statements and the Unaudited Financial Statements: (i) arose from bona fide sales transactions in the ordinary course of business and are payable on ordinary trade terms, (ii) are legal, valid and binding obligations of the respective debtors enforceable in accordance with their terms, except as such may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, or other similar laws affecting creditors' rights generally, and by general equitable principles, (iii) are not subject to any valid set-off or counterclaim except to the extent set forth in such balance sheet contained therein other than possible back charges which to the Company's knowledge do not exist at this time, which back charges, to the Company's knowledge, either individually or in the aggregate, would not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect upon the Company and its Subsidiaries taken as a whole, (iv) are collectible in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice in the aggregate recorded amounts thereof, net of any applicable reserve reflected in such balance sheet referenced above, and (v) are not the subject of any actions or proceedings brought by or on behalf of the Company. The parties to this Agreement agree that the representations contained in this *Section 2.7(d)* are not intended to imply or represent that any job or project of the Company or its Subsidiaries under contract as of the Closing Date will have any level of profitability or may not result in a loss.

2.8 No Undisclosed Liabilities. Except as set forth in Schedule 2.8 hereto, the Company and its Subsidiaries have no liabilities (absolute, accrued, contingent or otherwise) of a nature required to be disclosed on a balance sheet or in the related notes to financial statements that are, individually or in the aggregate, material to the business, results of operations or financial condition of the Company and its Subsidiaries, except: (i) liabilities provided for in or otherwise disclosed in the interim balance sheet included in the Unaudited Financial Statements or in the notes to the Audited Financial Statements, and (ii) such liabilities arising in the ordinary course of the Company's business since December 31, 2006, none of which, individually or in the aggregate, would have a Material Adverse Effect on the Company.

2.9 Absence of Certain Changes or Events. Except as set forth in Schedule 2.9 hereto or in the Unaudited Financial Statements, since December 31, 2006, there has not been: (i) any Material Adverse Effect on the Company and its Subsidiaries, (ii) any declaration, setting aside or payment of any dividend on, or other distribution (whether in cash, stock or property) in respect of, any of the Company's stock, or any

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purchase, redemption or other acquisition by the Company of any of the Company's capital stock or any other securities of the Company or any options, warrants, calls or rights to acquire any such shares or other securities, (iii) any split, combination or reclassification of any of the Company's capital stock, (iv) any granting by the Company or its Subsidiaries of any increase in compensation or fringe benefits, except for normal increases of cash compensation in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice, or any payment by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries of any bonus, except for bonuses made in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice, or any granting by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries of any increase in severance or termination pay or any entry by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries into any currently effective employment, severance, termination or indemnification agreement or any agreement the benefits of which are contingent or the terms of which are materially altered upon the occurrence of a transaction involving the Company of the nature contemplated hereby, (v) entry by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries into any licensing or other agreement with regard to the acquisition or disposition of any Intellectual Property (as defined in *Section 2.18* hereof) other than licenses in the ordinary course of

business consistent with past practice or any amendment or consent with respect to any licensing agreement filed or required to be filed by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries with respect to any Governmental Entity, (vi) any material change by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries in its accounting methods, principles or practices, (vii) any change in the auditors of the Company, (viii) any issuance of capital stock of the Company, (ix) any revaluation by the Company of any of its assets, including, without limitation, writing down the value of capitalized inventory or writing off notes or accounts receivable or any sale of assets of the Company other than in the ordinary course of business, or (x) any agreement, whether written or oral, to do any of the foregoing.

2.10 Litigation. Except as disclosed in Schedule 2.10 hereto, there are no claims, suits, actions or proceedings pending or, to the knowledge of the Company, threatened against the Company or any of its Subsidiaries before any court, governmental department, commission, agency, instrumentality or authority, or any arbitrator that involve (a) a worker compensation claim in excess of \$100,000 or (a) any other claim in excess of \$250,000.

2.11 Employee Benefit Plans.

(a) Schedule 2.11(a) lists all employee compensation, incentive, fringe or benefit plans, programs, policies, commitments or other arrangements (whether or not set forth in a written document) covering any active or former employee, director or consultant of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, or any trade or business (whether or not incorporated) which is under common control with the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, with respect to which the Company has liability (individually, a *Plan*, and, collectively, the *Plans*). All Plans have been maintained and administered in all material respects in compliance with their respective terms and with the requirements prescribed by any and all statutes, orders, rules and regulations which are applicable to such Plans, and all liabilities with respect to the Plans have been properly reflected in the financial statements and records of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries. No suit, action or other litigation (excluding claims for benefits incurred in the ordinary course of Plan activities) has been brought, or, to the knowledge of the Company, is threatened, against or with respect to any Plan. There are no audits, inquiries or proceedings pending or, to the knowledge of the Company, threatened by any governmental agency with respect to any Plan. All contributions, reserves or premium payments required to be made or accrued as of the date hereof to the Plans have been timely made or accrued. The Company or any of its Subsidiaries do not have any plan or commitment to establish any new Plan, to modify any Plan (except to the extent required by law or to conform any such Plan to the requirements of any applicable law, in each case as previously disclosed to Delcorp in writing, or as required by this Agreement), or to enter into any new Plan. Except as disclosed in Schedule 2.11(a), each Plan can be amended, terminated or otherwise discontinued after the Closing in accordance with its terms, without liability to Delcorp, the Company or any of its Subsidiaries (other than ordinary administration expenses and expenses for benefits accrued but not yet paid).

(b) Except as disclosed in Schedule 2.11(b) hereto, neither the execution and delivery of this Agreement nor the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby will (i) result in any payment (including severance, unemployment compensation, golden parachute, bonus or otherwise) becoming due

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to any stockholder, director or employee of the Company and its Subsidiaries under any Plan or otherwise, (ii) materially increase any benefits otherwise payable under any Plan, or (iii) result in the acceleration of the time of payment or vesting of any such benefits.

2.12 Labor Matters.

(a) Except as set forth on Schedule 2.12, the Company and its Subsidiaries are not a party to any collective bargaining agreement or other labor union contract applicable to persons employed by the Company and its Subsidiaries nor, to

the Company's knowledge, are there any activities or proceedings of any labor union to organize any such employees. There are no pending grievance or similar proceedings involving the Company and its Subsidiaries and any of its employees subject to a collective bargaining agreement or other labor union contract and there are no continuing obligations of the Company and its Subsidiaries pursuant to the resolution of any such proceeding that is no longer pending.

(b) Except as provided for in the collective bargaining agreements and labor union contracts set forth on Schedule 2.12, each employee and consultant of the Company and its Subsidiaries is terminable at will subject to applicable notice periods as set forth by law or in the employment agreement, but in any event not more than ninety (90) days, and there are no agreements or understandings between the Company and its Subsidiaries and any of their employees or consultants that their employment or services will be for any particular period. The Company has no knowledge that any of its officers or key employees intends to terminate his or her employment with the Company or any of its Subsidiaries. The Company and any of its Subsidiaries are in compliance in all material respects and, to the Company's knowledge, each of the Company's and its Subsidiaries' employees and consultants is in compliance in all material respects, with the terms of the respective employment and consulting agreements between the Company or its Subsidiaries and such individuals. Except as otherwise disclosed in Schedule 2.12, there are not, and there have not been, any oral or informal arrangements, commitments or promises between the Company or its Subsidiaries and any employees or consultants of the Company or its Subsidiaries that have not been documented as part of the formal written agreements between any such individuals and the Company or its Subsidiaries that have been made available to Delcorp.

(c) The Company and its Subsidiaries are in compliance in all material respects with all Legal Requirements applicable to its employees, respecting employment, employment practices, terms and conditions of employment and wages and hours and is not liable for any arrears of wages or penalties with respect thereto. The Company's and its Subsidiaries' obligations to provide statutory severance pay to their employees are fully funded or accrued on the Unaudited Financial Statements and the Company has no knowledge of any circumstance that could give rise to any valid claim by a current or former employee for compensation on termination of employment (beyond the statutory severance pay to which employees are entitled). All amounts that the Company is legally or contractually required either (x) to deduct from its employees' salaries or to transfer to such employees' pension or provident, life insurance, incapacity insurance, continuing education fund or other similar funds or (y) to withhold from its employees' salaries and benefits and to pay to any Governmental Entity as required by applicable Legal Requirements have, in each case, been duly deducted, transferred, withheld and paid, and the Company and its Subsidiaries do not have any outstanding obligation to make any such deduction, transfer, withholding or payment. There are no pending, or to the Company's knowledge, threatened or reasonably anticipated claims or actions against the Company and its Subsidiaries by any employee in connection with such employee's employment or termination of employment by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries.

(d) No employee or former employee of the Company and its Subsidiaries is owed any wages, benefits or other compensation for past services (other than wages, benefits and compensation accrued in the ordinary course of business during the current pay period and any accrued benefits for services, which by their terms or under applicable law, are payable in the future, such as accrued vacation, recreation leave and severance pay).

2.13 Restrictions on Business Activities. Except as disclosed in Schedule 2.13 hereto, there is no agreement, commitment, judgment, injunction, order or decree binding upon the Company or its Subsidiaries or their assets or to which the Company or its Subsidiaries is a party which has or could reasonably be

expected to have the effect of prohibiting or materially impairing any business practice of the Company or its Subsidiaries, any acquisition of property by the Company or its Subsidiaries or the conduct of business by the Company or its Subsidiaries as currently conducted other than such effects, individually or in the aggregate, which have not had and could not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect on the Company or its Subsidiaries.

2.14 Title to Property.

(a) All real property owned by the Company and its Subsidiaries (including improvements and fixtures thereon, easements and rights of way) is shown or reflected on the balance sheet of the Company included in the Unaudited Financial Statements and is listed on Schedule 2.14(a) hereto. The Company and its Subsidiaries have good, valid and marketable fee simple title to the real property respectively owned by each such entity, and except as set forth in the Audited Financial Statements or on Schedule 2.14(a) hereto, all of such real property is held free and clear of (i) all leases, licenses and other rights to occupy or use such real property and (ii) all Liens, rights of way, easements, restrictions, exceptions, variances, reservations, covenants or other title defects or limitations of any kind, other than liens for taxes not yet due and payable and such liens or other imperfections of title, if any, as do not materially detract from the value of or materially interfere with the present use of the property affected thereby. Schedule 2.14(a) hereto also contains a list of all options or other contracts under which the Company and its Subsidiaries have a right to acquire or the obligation to sell any interest in real property.

(b) Except as otherwise disclosed on Schedule 2.14(b), all leases of real property held by the Company and its Subsidiaries, and all personal property and other property and assets of the Company and its Subsidiaries owned, used or held for use in connection with the business of the Company and its Subsidiaries (the *Personal Property*) are shown or reflected on the balance sheet included in the Audited Financial Statements or the Unaudited Financial Statements, to the extent required by U.S. GAAP, as of the dates of such Audited Financial Statements and Unaudited Financial Statements, other than those entered into or acquired on or after the date of the Unaudited Financial Statements in the ordinary course of business. Schedule 2.14(b) hereto contains a list of all leases of real property and Personal Property held by the Company and its Subsidiaries where the annual lease payments are greater than \$100,000 (other than leases of vehicles, office equipment, or operating equipment made in the ordinary course of business). The Company and its Subsidiaries have good and marketable title to the Personal Property owned respectively by each such entity, and all such Personal Property is in each case held free and clear of all Liens, except for Liens disclosed in the Audited Financial Statements or in Schedule 2.14(b) hereto, none of which Liens is reasonably expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Effect on such property or on the present or contemplated use of such property in the businesses of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries.

(c) All leases pursuant to which the Company an/or its Subsidiaries lease from others material real property or Personal Property are valid and effective in accordance with their respective terms, and there is not, under any of such leases, any existing material default or event of default of the Company or its Subsidiaries or, to the Company's knowledge, any other party (or any event which with notice or lapse of time, or both, would constitute a material default), except where the lack of such validity and effectiveness or the existence of such default or event of default could not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect on the Company or its Subsidiaries.

(d) The Company and its Subsidiaries are in possession of, or has valid and effective rights to, all properties, assets and rights (including Intellectual Property) required, in all material respects for the effective conduct of its business, as it is currently operated and expected to be operated in the future, in the ordinary course.

2.15 Taxes.

(a) **Definition of Taxes.** For the purposes of this Agreement, *Tax* or *Taxes* refers to any and all federal, state, local and foreign taxes, including, without limitation, gross receipts, income, profits, sales, use, occupation, value added, ad valorem, transfer, franchise, withholding, payroll, recapture, employment, excise and property taxes, assessments,

governmental charges and duties together with all

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interest, penalties and additions imposed with respect to any such amounts and any obligations under any agreements or arrangements with any other Person with respect to any such amounts and including any liability of a predecessor entity for any such amounts.

(b) **Tax Returns and Audits.** Except as set forth in Schedule 2.15 hereto:

(i) The Company and its Subsidiaries have timely filed all federal, state, local and foreign returns, estimates, information statements and reports relating to Taxes (*Returns*) required to be filed by the Company or its Subsidiaries with any Tax authority prior to the date hereof, except such Returns that are not material to the Company or its Subsidiaries. All such Returns are true, correct and complete in all material respects. The Company and its Subsidiaries have paid all Taxes shown to be due and payable on such Returns.

(ii) All Taxes that the Company and its Subsidiaries are required by law to withhold or collect have been duly withheld or collected, and have been timely paid over to the proper governmental authorities to the extent due and payable.

(iii) The Company and its Subsidiaries have not been delinquent in the payment of any material Tax nor is there any material Tax deficiency outstanding, proposed or assessed against the Company or its Subsidiaries, nor have the Company or its Subsidiaries executed any unexpired waiver of any statute of limitations on or extending the period for the assessment or collection of any Tax. The Company and its Subsidiaries have complied with all Legal Requirements with respect to payments made to third parties and the withholding of any payment of withheld Taxes and has timely withheld from employee wages and other payments and timely paid over in full to the proper taxing authorities all amounts required to be so withheld and paid over for all periods.

(iv) To the knowledge of the Company, no audit or other examination of any Return of the Company and its Subsidiaries by any Tax authority is presently in progress, nor has the Company or any Subsidiary been notified of any request for such an audit or other examination.

(v) No adjustment relating to any Returns filed by the Company or any Subsidiary has been proposed in writing, formally or informally, by any Tax authority to the Company or any Subsidiary or any representative thereof.

(vi) The Company and its Subsidiaries have no liability for any unpaid Taxes which have not been accrued for or reserved on the Company's balance sheets included in the Audited Financial Statements or the Unaudited Financial Statements, whether asserted or unasserted, contingent or otherwise, other than any liability for unpaid Taxes that may have accrued since the end of the most recent fiscal year in connection with the operation of the business of the Company in the ordinary course of business.

(vii) The Company has not taken any action and does not know of any fact, agreement, plan or other circumstance that is reasonably likely to prevent the Merger from qualifying as a reorganization within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Code.

(viii) No current shareholder of the Company is a foreign person subject to withholding under Section 1445 of the Code and the regulations promulgated thereunder and the Company will provide certification to that effect from each shareholder to Delcorp at the Closing.

2.16 Environmental Matters.

(a) Except as disclosed in Schedule 2.16 hereto and except for such matters that, individually or in the aggregate, are not reasonably likely to have a Material Adverse Effect: (i) the Company and/or its Subsidiaries have complied with all applicable Environmental Laws (as defined below); (ii) the properties currently operated or being constructed by the Company or its Subsidiaries (including soils, groundwater, surface water, air, buildings or other structures) are not contaminated with any Hazardous Substances (as defined below) as a result of the actions or omissions of the Company and its Subsidiaries ; (iii) the properties formerly owned, operated or constructed by the Company and/or its Subsidiaries were not contaminated with Hazardous Substances by the Company and/or its Subsidiaries during the period of

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ownership, operation or construction by the Company or its Subsidiaries or, to the Company's knowledge, during any prior period; (iv) the Company and/or its Subsidiaries are not subject to liability for any Hazardous Substance disposal or contamination on any third party or public property (whether above, on or below ground or in the atmosphere or water); (vi) neither the Company nor its Subsidiaries have received any notice, demand, letter, claim or request for information alleging that the Company and/or its Subsidiaries may be in violation of or liable under any Environmental Law; and (vii) the Company and/or its Subsidiaries are not subject to any orders, decrees, injunctions or other arrangements with any Governmental Entity or subject to any indemnity or other agreement with any third party relating to liability under any Environmental Law or relating to Hazardous Substances.

(b) As used in this Agreement, the term *Environmental Law* means any federal, state, local or foreign law, regulation, order, decree, permit, authorization, opinion, common law or agency requirement relating to: (A) the protection, investigation or restoration of the environment, health and safety, or natural resources; (B) the handling, use, presence, disposal, release or threatened release of any Hazardous Substance or (C) noise, odor, wetlands, pollution, contamination or any injury or threat of injury to persons or property.

(c) As used in this Agreement, the term *Hazardous Substance* means any substance that is: (i) listed, classified or regulated pursuant to any Environmental Law; (ii) any petroleum product or by-product, asbestos-containing material, lead-containing paint or plumbing, polychlorinated biphenyls, radioactive materials or radon; or (iii) any other substance which is the subject of regulatory action by any Governmental Entity pursuant to any Environmental Law.

(d) Schedule 2.16(d) sets forth all environmental studies and investigations completed within the last five (5) years or in process with respect to the Company and/or its subsidiaries or their respective properties, assets or operations, including to the knowledge of the Company all phase reports. All such written reports and material documentation relating to any such study or investigation have been provided by the Company to Delcorp.

2.17 Brokers; Third Party Expenses. Except as set forth in Schedule 2.17 hereto, the Company has not incurred, nor will it incur, directly or indirectly, any liability for brokerage, finders' fees, agent's commissions or any similar charges in connection with this Agreement or any transactions contemplated hereby. Except pursuant to *Section 1.5*, and as disclosed in Schedule 2.17 hereto, no shares of common stock, options, warrants or other securities of either Company or Delcorp are payable to any third party by Company as a result of this Merger.

2.18 Intellectual Property.

(a) Schedule 2.18 hereto contains a description of all material Intellectual Property of the Company and its Subsidiaries. For the purposes of this Agreement, the following terms have the following definitions:

(i) *Intellectual Property* shall mean any or all of the following and all worldwide common law and statutory rights in, arising out of, or associated therewith: (i) patents and applications therefor and all reissues, divisions, renewals, extensions, provisionals, continuations and continuations-in-part thereof (*Patents*); (ii) inventions (whether patentable or not), invention disclosures, improvements, trade secrets, proprietary information, know how, technology, technical data and customer lists, and all documentation relating to any of the foregoing; (iii) copyrights, copyrights registrations and applications therefor, and all other rights corresponding thereto throughout the world (*Copyrights*); (iv) software and software programs; (v) domain names, uniform resource locators and other names and locators associated with the Internet (vi) industrial designs and any registrations and applications therefor; (vii) trade names, logos, common law trademarks and service marks, trademark and service mark registrations and applications therefor (collectively, *Trademarks*); (viii) all databases and data collections and all rights therein; (ix) all moral and economic rights of authors and inventors, however denominated, and (x) any similar or equivalent rights to any of the foregoing (as applicable).

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- (ii) *Company Intellectual Property* shall mean any Intellectual Property that is owned by, or exclusively licensed to, the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, including software and software programs developed by or exclusively licensed to the Company or any of its Subsidiaries (specifically excluding any off the shelf or shrink-wrap software).
- (iii) *Registered Intellectual Property* means all Intellectual Property that is the subject of an application, certificate, filing, registration or other document issued, filed with, or recorded by any government or other legal authority.
- (iv) *Company Registered Intellectual Property* means all of the Registered Intellectual Property owned by, or filed in the name of, the Company or any of its Subsidiaries
- (v) *Company Products* means all current versions of products or service offerings of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries.
- (b) The Company and its Subsidiaries own or have enforceable rights to use all Intellectual Property required for the conduct of their respective business as presently conducted or as presently contemplated to be conducted. Except as disclosed in Schedule 2.18 hereto, no Company Intellectual Property or Company Product is subject to any material proceeding or outstanding decree, order, judgment, contract, license, agreement or stipulation restricting in any manner the use, transfer or licensing thereof by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, or which may affect the validity, use or enforceability of such Company Intellectual Property or Company Product, which in any such case could reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect on the Company or any of its Subsidiaries.
- (c) Except as disclosed in Schedule 2.18 hereto, the Company and its Subsidiaries owns and has good and exclusive title to each material item of Company Intellectual Property owned by it free and clear of any Liens (excluding non-exclusive licenses and related restrictions granted by it in the ordinary course of business); and the Company and its Subsidiaries are the exclusive owner of all material registered Trademarks and Copyrights used in connection with the operation or conduct of the business of the Company and its Subsidiaries including the sale of any products or the provision of any services by the Company and its Subsidiaries.
- (d) The operation of the business of the Company and its Subsidiaries as such business currently is conducted, including the Company's and its Subsidiaries' use of any product, device or process, has not and does not infringe or misappropriate the Intellectual Property of any third party or constitute unfair competition or trade practices under the laws of any jurisdiction and the Company and its Subsidiaries have not received any claims or threats from third parties alleging any such infringement, misappropriation or unfair competition or trade practices.

2.19 Agreements, Contracts and Commitments.

(a) Schedule 2.19 hereto sets forth a complete and accurate list of all Material Company Contracts (as hereinafter defined), specifying the parties thereto. For purposes of this Agreement, (i) the term *Company Contracts* shall mean all contracts, agreements, leases, mortgages, indentures, notes, bonds, licenses, permits, franchises, purchase orders, sales orders, and other understandings, commitments and obligations (including, without limitation, outstanding offers and proposals) of any kind, whether written or oral, to which the Company or any of its Subsidiaries is a party or by or to which any of the properties or assets of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries may be bound, subject or affected (including without limitation notes or other instruments payable to the Company or any of its Subsidiaries) and (ii) the term *Material Company Contracts* shall mean (x) each Company Contract (A) providing for payments (present or future) to the Company or any of its Subsidiaries in excess of \$5,000,000 in the aggregate or (B) under or in respect of which the Company or any of its Subsidiaries presently have any liability or obligation of any nature whatsoever (absolute, contingent or otherwise) in excess of \$5,000,000, (y) each Company Contract that otherwise is or may be material to the businesses, operations, assets, condition (financial or otherwise) or prospects of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, and (z) the limitations of subclause (x) and subclause (y) notwithstanding, each of the following Company Contracts:

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- (i) any mortgage, indenture, note, installment obligation or other instrument, agreement or arrangement for or relating to any borrowing of money by or from the Company or any of its Subsidiaries and by or to any officer, director, stockholder or holder of derivative securities of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries (*Insider*);
- (ii) any mortgage, indenture, note, installment obligation or other instrument, agreement or arrangement for or relating to any borrowing of money from an Insider by the Company;
- (iii) any guaranty, direct or indirect, by the Company, a Subsidiary or any Insider of the Company of any obligation for borrowings, or otherwise, excluding endorsements made for collection in the ordinary course of business;
- (iv) any Company Contract of employment or management;
- (v) any Company Contract made other than in the ordinary course of business or (x) providing for the grant of any preferential rights to purchase or lease any asset of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries or (y) providing for any right (exclusive or non-exclusive) to sell or distribute, or otherwise relating to the sale or distribution of, any product or service of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries;
- (vi) any obligation to register any shares of the capital stock or other securities of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries with any Governmental Entity;
- (vii) any obligation to make payments, contingent or otherwise, arising out of the prior acquisition of the business, assets or stock of other Persons;
- (viii) any collective bargaining agreement with any labor union;
- (ix) any lease or similar arrangement for the use by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries of real property or Personal Property where the annual lease payments are greater than \$100,000 (other than any lease of vehicles, office equipment or operating equipment made in the ordinary course of business);

- (x) any Company Contract granting or purporting to grant, or otherwise in any way relating to, any mineral rights or any other interest (including, without limitation, a leasehold interest) in real property;
- (xi) any Company Contract to which any Insider of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, or any entity owned or controlled by an Insider, is a party; and
- (xii) any offer or proposal which, if accepted, would constitute any of the foregoing.

(b) Each Material Company Contract was entered into at arms length and in the ordinary course, is in full force and effect and, to the Company's knowledge, is valid and binding upon and enforceable against each of the parties thereto, except insofar as enforceability may be limited by applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium or similar laws affecting creditors' rights generally or by principles governing the availability of equitable remedies. To the Company's knowledge, no other party to a Material Company Contract is the subject of a bankruptcy or insolvency proceeding. True, correct and complete copies of all Material Company Contracts and all offers and proposals that, if accepted, would constitute Material Company Contracts (or written summaries in the case of oral Material Company Contracts or offers or proposals) have been made available to Delcorp or Delcorp's counsel.

(c) Except as set forth in Schedule 2.19, neither the Company nor, to the best of the Company's knowledge, any other party thereto is in breach of or in default under, and no event has occurred which with notice or lapse of time or both would become a breach of or default under, any Company Contract, and no party to any Company Contract has given any written notice of any claim of any such breach, default or event, which, individually or in the aggregate, are reasonably likely to have a Material Adverse Effect on the Company and its Subsidiaries. Each Material Company Contract that has not expired by its terms is in full force and effect.

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2.20 Insurance. Schedule 2.20 sets forth the Company's and its Subsidiaries insurance policies and fidelity and surety bonds covering the assets, business, equipment, properties, operations, employees, officers and directors (collectively, the *Insurance Policies*). The insurances provided by such Insurance Policies are adequate in amount and scope for the Company's and its Subsidiaries' business and operations, including any insurance required to be maintained by Company Contracts.

2.21 Governmental Actions/Filings.

(a) The Company and its Subsidiaries have been granted and hold, and have made, all Governmental Actions/Filings (as defined below) (including, without limitation, Governmental Actions/Filings required for emission or discharge of effluents and pollutants into the air and the water) necessary to the conduct by the Company and its Subsidiaries of their business (as presently conducted and as presently proposed to be conducted) or used or held for use by the Company and its Subsidiaries except for any thereof that if not granted, held or made, would not have, individually or in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Effect upon the Company and its Subsidiaries taken as a whole. Each such Governmental Action/Filing is in full force and effect and will be renewed in the ordinary course of the Company's business and the Company and its Subsidiaries are in substantial compliance with all of their obligations with respect thereto. No event has occurred and is continuing which requires or permits, or after notice or lapse of time or both would require or permit, and consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or any ancillary documents will not require or permit (with or without notice or lapse of time, or both), any modification or termination of any such Governmental Actions/Filings except such events which, either individually or in the aggregate, would not have a Material Adverse Effect upon the Company or any of its Subsidiaries taken as a whole. No Governmental Action/Filing is necessary to be obtained, secured or made by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries to enable any of them to continue to conduct its business and operations and use its properties after the

Closing in a manner that is consistent with current practice except for any of such that, if not obtained, secured or made, would not, either individually or in the aggregate, have a Material Adverse Effect upon the Company or any of its Subsidiaries taken as a whole.

(b) Except as set forth in Schedule 2.21(b), no contractors' licenses are necessary to be obtained, secured or made by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries to enable any of them to continue to conduct its businesses and operations and use its properties after the Closing in a manner which is consistent with current practice. All of the contractors' licenses listed on Schedule 2.21(b) have been obtained, secured or made and are in full force and effect.

(c) For purposes of this Agreement, the term *Governmental Action/Filing* shall mean any franchise, license, certificate of compliance, authorization, consent, order, permit, approval, consent or other action of, or any filing, registration or qualification with, any federal, state, municipal, foreign or other governmental, administrative or judicial body, agency or authority.

2.22 Interested Party Transactions. Except as set forth in the Schedule 2.22 hereto, no employee, officer, director or stockholder of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries or a member of his or her immediate family is indebted to the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, nor is the Company or any of its Subsidiaries indebted (or committed to make loans or extend or guarantee credit) to any of such Persons, other than (i) for payment of salary for services rendered, (ii) reimbursement for reasonable expenses incurred on behalf of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, and (iii) for other employee benefits made generally available to all employees. Other than those Company shareholders who are also shareholders in Stockdale Investment Group, Inc., and except as set forth in Schedule 2.22, to the Company's knowledge, none of such individuals has any direct or indirect ownership interest in any Person with whom the Company or any of its Subsidiaries is affiliated or with whom the Company or any of its Subsidiaries has a contractual relationship, or in any Person that competes with the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, except that each employee, stockholder, officer or director of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries and members of their respective immediate families may own less than 5% of the outstanding stock in publicly traded companies that may compete with the Company or any of its Subsidiaries. Except as set forth in Schedule 2.22, to the knowledge of the Company, no officer, director or Signing Shareholder or any member of their immediate families is, directly or indirectly, interested in any Material Company Contract with the Company or any of its Subsidiaries (other than such contracts as

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relate to any such Person's ownership of capital stock or other securities of the Company or such Person's employment with the Company or any of its Subsidiaries).

2.23 Board Approval. The board of directors of the Company (including any required committee or subgroup thereof) has, as of the date of this Agreement, duly approved, subject to the approval of the Company's shareholders, this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby.

2.24 Signing Shareholder Approval. The shares of Company Common Stock owned by the Signing Shareholders and to which they have been granted the right to vote with respect to the Merger by other shareholders of the Company constitute, in the aggregate, the requisite amount of shares necessary for the adoption of this Agreement and the approval of the Merger by the shareholders of the Company in accordance with Applicable Nevada Law.

2.25 No Illegal or Improper Transactions. Since January 1, 2002, neither the Company nor any of its Subsidiaries nor any Signing Shareholder or any officer, director, employee, agent or Affiliate of the Company or its Subsidiaries on its behalf has offered, paid or agreed to pay to any person or entity (including any governmental official) or solicited, received or agreed to receive from any such person or entity, directly or indirectly, any money or anything of value for the purpose or with the intent of (a) obtaining or maintaining business for the Company or any of its

Subsidiaries, (b) facilitating the purchase or sale of any product or service, or (c) avoiding the imposition of any fine or penalty, in any manner which is in violation of any applicable ordinance, regulation or law, the effect of which, individually or in the aggregate, would reasonably be expected to be materially adverse to the business, assets, prospects or financial condition of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, taken as a whole. To the Company's knowledge, no employee of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries has provided or is providing information to any law enforcement agency regarding the commission or possible commission of any crime or the violation or possible violation of any applicable law. Neither the Company nor any of its Subsidiaries nor any officer, employee, contractor, subcontractor or agent of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries has discharged, demoted, suspended, threatened, harassed or in any other manner discriminated against an employee of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries in the terms and conditions of employment because of any act of such employee described in 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1514A(a).

2.26 Representations and Warranties Complete. The representations and warranties of the Company and the Signing Shareholders included in this Agreement and any list, statement, document or information set forth in, or attached to, any Schedule provided pursuant to this Agreement or delivered hereunder, are true and complete in all material respects and do not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements contained therein not misleading, under the circumstance under which they were made.

2.27 Survival of Representations and Warranties. The representations and warranties of the Company and the Signing Shareholders set forth in this Agreement shall survive the Closing as set forth in *Section 7.3(a)*.

ARTICLE III REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES OF DELCORP

Subject to the exceptions set forth in Schedule 3 attached hereto (the *Delcorp Schedule*), Delcorp represents and warrants to, and covenants with, the Company and the Signing Shareholders, as follows:

3.1 Organization and Qualification.

(a) Delcorp is a corporation duly incorporated, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the State of Delaware and has the requisite corporate power and authority to own, lease and operate its assets and properties and to carry on its business as it is now being or currently planned by Delcorp to be conducted. Delcorp is in possession of all Approvals necessary to own, lease and operate the properties it purports to own, operate or lease and to carry on its business as it is now being or currently planned by Delcorp to be conducted, except where the failure to have such Approvals could not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect on Delcorp. Complete and correct copies of the Charter Documents of Delcorp, as amended and currently in effect, have been heretofore delivered to the Company. Delcorp is not in violation of any of the provisions of Delcorp's Charter Documents.

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(b) Delcorp is duly qualified or licensed to do business as a foreign corporation and is in good standing, in each jurisdiction where the character of the properties owned, leased or operated by it or the nature of its activities makes such qualification or licensing necessary, except for such failures to be so duly qualified or licensed and in good

standing that could not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect on Delcorp.

3.2 Subsidiaries and Other Interests.

(a) Delcorp has no Subsidiaries and does not own, directly or indirectly, any ownership, equity, profits or voting interest in any Person or have any agreement or commitment to purchase any such interest, and Delcorp has not agreed and is not obligated to make nor is bound by any written, oral or other agreement, contract, subcontract, lease, binding understanding, instrument, note, option, warranty, purchase order, license, sublicense, insurance policy, benefit plan, commitment or undertaking of any nature, as of the date hereof or as may hereafter be in effect under which it may become obligated to make, any future investment in or capital contribution to any other entity.

(b) Delcorp does not own directly or indirectly any interest or investment (whether equity or debt) in any corporation, partnership, joint venture, business, trust or other entity (other than investments in short term investment securities).

3.3 Capitalization.

(a) As of the date of this Agreement, the authorized capital stock of Delcorp consists of 15,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share (*Delcorp Common Stock*) and 1,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.0001 per share (*Delcorp Preferred Stock*), of which 6,300,000 shares of Delcorp Common Stock and no shares of Delcorp Preferred Stock are issued and outstanding, all of which are validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable and free of preemptive rights or rights of first refusal created by statute, the Certificate of Incorporation or Bylaws of Delcorp or any agreement to which Delcorp is a party or by which it is bound, and free of any liens or encumbrances other than any liens or encumbrances created by or imposed upon the holders thereof or under applicable federal or state securities or blue sky laws. Delcorp has no outstanding bonds, debentures, notes or other obligations the holders of which have or upon the happening of certain events would have the right to vote (or which are convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable for securities having the right to vote) with the stockholders of Delcorp on any matter.

(b) Except as set forth in Schedule 3.3(b), there are no existing options, warrants, calls, subscriptions, convertible securities, or other rights, agreements, stock appreciation rights or similar derivative securities or instruments or commitments which obligate Delcorp to issue, transfer or sell any Delcorp Capital Stock or make any payments in lieu thereof. Other than the Voting Agreement and Lock-Up Agreement and as set forth in Schedule 3.3(b), there are no agreements or understandings to which Delcorp is a party with respect to the voting of any Delcorp Capital Stock or which restrict the transfer of any such shares, nor does Delcorp have knowledge of any such agreements or understandings with respect to the voting of any such shares or which restrict the transfer of any such shares. Other than the Voting Agreement and Lock-Up Agreement and as set forth in Schedule 3.3(b), there are no outstanding contractual obligations of Delcorp to repurchase, redeem or otherwise acquire any Delcorp Capital Stock or any other securities of Delcorp; and (i) no shares of Delcorp Common Stock or Delcorp Preferred Stock are reserved for issuance upon the exercise of outstanding options to purchase Delcorp Common Stock or Delcorp Preferred Stock granted to employees of Delcorp or other parties (*Delcorp Stock Options*) and there are no outstanding Delcorp Stock Options; (ii) no shares of Delcorp Common Stock or Delcorp Preferred Stock are reserved for issuance upon the exercise of outstanding warrants to purchase Delcorp Common Stock or Delcorp Preferred Stock (*Delcorp Warrants*) and there are no outstanding Delcorp Warrants; and (iii) no shares of Delcorp Common Stock or Delcorp Preferred Stock are reserved for issuance upon the conversion of the Delcorp Preferred Stock or any outstanding convertible notes, debentures or securities (*Delcorp Convertible Securities*). All shares of Delcorp Common Stock and Delcorp Preferred Stock subject to issuance as aforesaid, upon issuance on the terms and conditions specified in the instrument pursuant to which they are issuable, will be duly authorized, validly

issued, fully paid and nonassessable. All outstanding shares of Delcorp Common Stock and all outstanding Delcorp Warrants have been issued and granted in compliance with (x) all applicable securities laws and (in all material respects) other applicable laws and regulations, and (y) all requirements set forth in any applicable Delcorp Contracts (as defined in *Section 3.19*). Delcorp has heretofore delivered to the Company true, complete and accurate copies of the Delcorp Warrants, including any and all documents and agreements relating thereto.

- (c) The shares of Delcorp Common Stock to be issued by Delcorp in connection with the Merger, upon issuance in accordance with the terms of this Agreement, will be duly authorized and validly issued and such shares of Delcorp Common Stock will be fully paid and nonassessable.
- (d) Except as set forth in Schedule 3.3(d) or as referenced in *Section 1.19* of this Agreement, there are no registrations rights, and there is no voting trust, proxy, rights plan, antitakeover plan or other agreements or understandings to which the Delcorp is a party or by which the Delcorp is bound with respect to any security of any class of the Delcorp.
- (e) Except as provided for in this Agreement or as set forth in Schedule 3.3(e), as a result of the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby, no shares of capital stock, warrants, options or other securities of the Delcorp are issuable and no rights in connection with any shares, warrants, options or other securities of the Delcorp accelerate or otherwise become triggered (whether as to vesting, exercisability, convertibility or otherwise).

3.4 Authority Relative to this Agreement. Delcorp has full corporate power and authority to: (i) execute, deliver and perform this Agreement, and each ancillary document that Delcorp has executed or delivered or is to execute or deliver pursuant to this Agreement, and (ii) carry out Delcorp's obligations hereunder and thereunder and, to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby (including the Merger). The execution and delivery of this Agreement by Delcorp and the consummation by Delcorp of the transactions contemplated hereby (including the Merger) have been duly and validly authorized by all necessary corporate action on the part of Delcorp (including the approval by its Board of Directors), and no other corporate proceedings on the part of Delcorp are necessary to authorize this Agreement or to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby, other than the Delcorp Stockholder Approval (as defined in *Section 5.1(a)*). This Agreement has been duly and validly executed and delivered by Delcorp and, assuming the due authorization, execution and delivery thereof by the other parties hereto, constitutes the legal and binding obligation of Delcorp, enforceable against Delcorp in accordance with its terms, except as may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization or other similar laws affecting the enforcement of creditors' rights generally and by general principles of equity.

3.5 No Conflict; Required Filings and Consents.

- (a) The execution and delivery of this Agreement by Delcorp does not, and the performance of this Agreement by Delcorp shall not: (i) conflict with or violate Delcorp's Charter Documents, (ii) conflict with or violate any Legal Requirements, or (iii) result in any breach of or constitute a default (or an event that with notice or lapse of time or both would become a default) under, or materially impair Delcorp's rights or alter the rights or obligations of any third party under, or give to others any rights of termination, amendment, acceleration or cancellation of, or result in the creation of a Lien on any of the properties or assets of Delcorp pursuant to, any Delcorp Contracts, except, with respect to clauses (ii) or (iii), for any such conflicts, violations, breaches, defaults or other occurrences that would not, individually and in the aggregate, have a Material Adverse Effect on Delcorp.
- (b) The execution and delivery of this Agreement by Delcorp does not, and the performance of it hereunder will not, require any consent, approval, authorization or permit of, or filing with or notification to, any Governmental Entity, except (i) for applicable requirements, if any, of the Securities Act, the Exchange Act, Blue Sky Laws, and the rules and regulations thereunder, and appropriate documents with the relevant authorities of other jurisdictions in which Delcorp is qualified to do business, (ii) for the filing of any notifications required under the HSR Act, if required upon advice of counsel, and the expiration of the required waiting period thereunder, (iii) the qualification of Delcorp as a foreign corporation in those jurisdictions in which the business of the Company makes such qualification necessary,

and (iv)

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where the failure to obtain such consents, approvals, authorizations or permits, or to make such filings or notifications, would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect on Delcorp, or prevent consummation of the Merger or otherwise prevent the parties hereto from performing their obligations under this Agreement.

3.6 Compliance. Delcorp has complied with, and is not in violation of, any Legal Requirements with respect to the conduct of its business, or the ownership or operation of its business, except for failures to comply or violations which, individually or in the aggregate, have not had and are not reasonably likely to have a Material Adverse Effect on Delcorp. The business and activities of Delcorp have not been and are not being conducted in violation of any Legal Requirements. Neither Delcorp is not in default or violation of any term, condition or provision of its Charter Documents. No written notice of non-compliance with any Legal Requirements has been received by Delcorp.

3.7 SEC Filings; Financial Statements.

(a) Delcorp has made available to the Company and the Signing Shareholders a correct and complete copy of each report, registration statement and definitive proxy statement filed by Delcorp with the SEC (the *Delcorp SEC Reports*), which are all the forms, reports and documents required to be filed by Delcorp with the SEC prior to the date of this Agreement. All Delcorp SEC Reports required to be filed by Delcorp in the twelve (12) month period prior to the date of this Agreement were filed in a timely manner. As of their respective dates the Delcorp SEC Reports: (i) were prepared in accordance and complied in all material respects with the requirements of the Securities Act or the Exchange Act, as the case may be, and the rules and regulations of the SEC thereunder applicable to such Delcorp SEC Reports, and (ii) did not at the time they were filed (and if amended or superseded by a filing prior to the date of this Agreement then on the date of such filing and as so amended or superseded) contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary in order to make the statements therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading. Except to the extent set forth in the preceding sentence, Delcorp makes no representation or warranty whatsoever concerning any Delcorp SEC Report as of any time other than the date or period with respect to which it was filed. The certifications and statements required by (A) Rule 13a-14 under the Exchange Act and (B) 18 U.S.C. Sec.1350 (Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act) relating to the NGRU SEC Documents are accurate and complete and comply as to form and content with all applicable laws or rules of applicable governmental and regulatory authorities in all material respects.

(b) Except as set forth in Schedule 3.7(b), each set of financial statements (including, in each case, any related notes thereto) contained in Delcorp SEC Reports, including each Delcorp SEC Report filed after the date hereof until the Closing, complied or will comply as to form in all material respects with the published rules and regulations of the SEC with respect thereto, was or will be prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP applied on a consistent basis throughout the periods involved (except as may be indicated in the notes thereto or, in the case of unaudited statements, do not contain footnotes as permitted by Form 10-QSB of the Exchange Act) and each fairly presents or will fairly present in all material respects the financial position of Delcorp at the respective dates thereof and the results of its operations and cash flows for the periods indicated, except that the unaudited interim financial statements were, are or will be subject to normal adjustments which were not or are not expected to have a Material Adverse Effect on Delcorp taken as a whole.

(c) Delcorp maintains disclosure controls and procedures that satisfy the requirements of Rule 13a-15 under the Exchange Act, and such disclosure controls and procedures are designed to ensure that all material information concerning Delcorp is made known on a timely basis to the individuals responsible for the preparation of Delcorp's

filings with the SEC and other public disclosure documents.

(d) To the knowledge of Delcorp, Delcorp's auditor has at all required times since the date of enactment of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act been: (i) a registered public accounting firm (as defined in Section 2(a)(12) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act); (ii) independent with respect to Delcorp within the meaning of Regulation S-X under the Exchange Act; and (iii) in compliance with subsections (g) through (l) of Section 10A of the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations promulgated by the SEC and the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board thereunder. Schedule 3.7(d) contains an accurate and complete

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description of all non-audit services performed by Delcorp's auditors for Delcorp and the fees paid for such services. All such non-audit services were approved as required by Section 202 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.

3.8 No Undisclosed Liabilities. Delcorp has no liabilities (absolute, accrued, contingent or otherwise) of a nature required to be disclosed on a balance sheet or in the related notes to the financial statements included in Delcorp SEC Reports that are, individually or in the aggregate, material to the business, results of operations or financial condition of Delcorp, except (i) liabilities provided for in or otherwise disclosed in Delcorp SEC Reports filed prior to the date hereof, and (ii) liabilities incurred since September 30, 2007 in the ordinary course of business, none of which would have a Material Adverse Effect on Delcorp. Delcorp is not and has not been a party to any securitization transactions or off-balance sheet arrangements (as defined in Item 303(c) of Regulation S-K under the Exchange Act).

3.9 Absence of Certain Changes or Events. Except as set forth in Delcorp SEC Reports filed prior to the date of this Agreement, and except as contemplated by this Agreement, since September 30, 2007, there has not been: (i) any Material Adverse Effect on Delcorp, (ii) any declaration, setting aside or payment of any dividend on, or other distribution (whether in cash, stock or property) in respect of, any of Delcorp's capital stock, or any purchase, redemption or other acquisition by Delcorp of any of Delcorp's capital stock or any other securities of Delcorp or any options, warrants, calls or rights to acquire any such shares or other securities, (iii) any split, combination or reclassification of any of Delcorp's capital stock, (iv) any granting by Delcorp of any increase in compensation or fringe benefits, except for normal increases of cash compensation in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice, or any payment by Delcorp of any bonus, except for bonuses made in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice, or any granting by Delcorp of any increase in severance or termination pay or any entry by Delcorp into any currently effective employment, severance, termination or indemnification agreement or any agreement the benefits of which are contingent or the terms of which are materially altered upon the occurrence of a transaction involving Delcorp of the nature contemplated hereby, (v) entry by Delcorp into any licensing or other agreement with regard to the acquisition or disposition of any Intellectual Property other than licenses in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice or any amendment or consent with respect to any licensing agreement filed or required to be filed by Delcorp with respect to any Governmental Entity, (vi) any material change by Delcorp in its accounting methods, principles or practices, except as required by concurrent changes in U.S. GAAP, (vii) any change in the auditors of Delcorp, (viii) any issuance of capital stock of Delcorp, or (ix) any revaluation by Delcorp of any of its assets, including, without limitation, writing down the value of capitalized inventory or writing off notes or accounts receivable or any sale of assets of Delcorp other than in the ordinary course of business.

3.10 Litigation. There are no claims, suits, actions or proceedings pending or to Delcorp's knowledge, threatened against Delcorp, before any court, governmental department, commission, agency, instrumentality or authority, or any arbitrator.

3.11 Employee Benefit Plans. Except as may be contemplated by the Delcorp Plan (as defined in *Section 5.1(a)*), Delcorp does not maintain, and has no liability under, any Plan, and neither the execution and delivery of this

Agreement nor the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby will (i) result in any payment (including severance, unemployment compensation, golden parachute, bonus or otherwise) becoming due to any stockholder, director or employee of Delcorp, or (ii) result in the acceleration of the time of payment or vesting of any such benefits.

3.12 Labor Matters. Delcorp is not a party to any collective bargaining agreement or other labor union contract applicable to persons employed by Delcorp and Delcorp does not know of any activities or proceedings of any labor union to organize any such employees.

3.13 Business Activities. Since its organization, Delcorp has not conducted any business activities other than activities directed toward the accomplishment of a business combination. Except as set forth in the Delcorp Charter Documents, there is no agreement, commitment, judgment, injunction, order or decree binding upon Delcorp or to which Delcorp is a party which has or could reasonably be expected to have the effect

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of prohibiting or materially impairing any business practice of Delcorp, any acquisition of property by Delcorp or the conduct of business by Delcorp as currently conducted other than such effects, individually or in the aggregate, which have not had and could not reasonably be expected to have, a Material Adverse Effect on Delcorp.

3.14 Title to Property. Delcorp does not own or lease any real property or personal property. Except as set forth in Schedule 3.14, there are no options or other contracts under which Delcorp has a right or obligation to acquire or lease any interest in real property or personal property.

3.15 Taxes. Except as set forth in Schedule 3.15 hereto:

(a) Delcorp has timely filed all Returns required to be filed by Delcorp with any Tax authority prior to the date hereof, except such Returns which are not material to Delcorp. All such Returns are true, correct and complete in all material respects. Delcorp has paid all Taxes shown to be due on such Returns.

(b) All Taxes that Delcorp is required by law to withhold or collect have been duly withheld or collected, and have been timely paid over to the proper governmental authorities to the extent due and payable.

(c) Delcorp has not been delinquent in the payment of any material Tax that has not been accrued for in Delcorp's books and records of account for the period for which such Tax relates nor is there any material Tax deficiency outstanding, proposed or assessed against Delcorp, nor has Delcorp executed any unexpired waiver of any statute of limitations on or extending the period for the assessment or collection of any Tax.

(d) No audit or other examination of any Return of Delcorp by any Tax authority is presently in progress, nor has Delcorp been notified of any request for such an audit or other examination.

(e) No adjustment relating to any Returns filed by Delcorp has been proposed in writing, formally or informally, by any Tax authority to Delcorp or any representative thereof.

(f) Delcorp has no liability for any material unpaid Taxes which have not been accrued for or reserved on Delcorp's balance sheets included in the audited financial statements for the most recent fiscal year ended, whether asserted or unasserted, contingent or otherwise, which is material to Delcorp, other than any liability for unpaid Taxes that may have accrued since the end of the most recent fiscal year in connection with the operation of the business of Delcorp in the ordinary course of business, none of which is material to the business, results of operations or financial condition

of Delcorp.

(g) Delcorp has not taken any action and does not know of any fact, agreement, plan or other circumstance that is reasonably likely to prevent the Merger from qualifying as a reorganization within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Code.

3.16 Environmental Matters. Except for such matters that, individually or in the aggregate, are not reasonably likely to have a Material Adverse Effect: (i) Delcorp has complied with all applicable Environmental Laws; (ii) Delcorp is not subject to liability for any Hazardous Substance disposal or contamination on any third party property; (iii) Delcorp has not been associated with any release or threat of release of any Hazardous Substance; (iv) Delcorp has not received any notice, demand, letter, claim or request for information alleging that Delcorp may be in violation of or liable under any Environmental Law; and (v) Delcorp is not subject to any orders, decrees, injunctions or other arrangements with any Governmental Entity or subject to any indemnity or other agreement with any third party relating to liability under any Environmental Law or relating to Hazardous Substances.

3.17 Brokers. Except as set forth in Schedule 3.17, Delcorp has not incurred, nor will it incur, directly or indirectly, any liability for brokerage or finders fees or agent s commissions or any similar charges in connection with this Agreement or any transaction contemplated hereby.

3.18 Intellectual Property. Delcorp does not own, license or otherwise have any right, title or interest in any material Intellectual Property or Registered Intellectual Property except non-exclusive rights to the name Rhapsody.

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3.19 Agreements, Contracts and Commitments.

(a) Except as set forth in the Delcorp SEC Reports filed prior to the date of this Agreement, other than confidentiality and non-disclosure agreements, there are no contracts, agreements, leases, mortgages, indentures, notes, bonds, liens, license, permit, franchise, purchase orders, sales orders or other understandings, commitments or obligations (including without limitation outstanding offers or proposals) of any kind, whether written or oral, to which Delcorp is a party or by or to which any of the properties or assets of Delcorp may be bound, subject or affected, which either (a) creates or imposes a liability greater than \$25,000, or (b) may not be cancelled by Delcorp on less than 30 days or less prior notice (*Delcorp Contracts*). All Delcorp Contracts are listed in Schedule 3.19 other than those that are exhibits to the Delcorp SEC Reports.

(b) Except as set forth in the Delcorp SEC Reports filed prior to the date of this Agreement, each Delcorp Contract was entered into at arms length and in the ordinary course, is in full force and effect and is valid and binding upon and enforceable against each of the parties thereto. True, correct and complete copies of all Delcorp Contracts (or written summaries in the case of oral Delcorp Contracts) and of all outstanding offers or proposals of Delcorp have been heretofore made available to the Company.

(c) Neither Delcorp nor, to the knowledge of Delcorp, any other party thereto is in breach of or in default under, and no event has occurred which with notice or lapse of time or both would become a breach of or default under, any Delcorp Contract, and no party to any Delcorp Contract has given any written notice of any claim of any such breach, default or event, which, individually or in the aggregate, are reasonably likely to have a Material Adverse Effect on Delcorp. Each agreement, contract or commitment to which Delcorp is a party or by which it is bound that has not expired by its terms is in full force and effect, except where such failure to be in full force and effect is not reasonably likely to have a Material Adverse Effect on Delcorp.

3.20 **Insurance.** Except for directors and officers liability insurance, Delcorp does not maintain any Insurance Policies.

3.21 **Interested Party Transactions.** Except as set forth in the Delcorp SEC Reports filed prior to the date of this Agreement: (a) no employee, officer, director or stockholder of Delcorp or a member of his or her immediate family is indebted to Delcorp nor is Delcorp indebted (or committed to make loans or extend or guarantee credit) to any of them, other than reimbursement for reasonable expenses incurred on behalf of Delcorp; (b) to Delcorp's knowledge, none of such individuals has any direct or indirect ownership interest in any Person with whom Delcorp is affiliated or with whom Delcorp has a material contractual relationship, or any Person that competes with Delcorp, except that each employee, stockholder, officer or director of Delcorp and members of their respective immediate families may own less than 5% of the outstanding stock in publicly traded companies that may compete with Delcorp; and (c) to Delcorp's knowledge, no officer, director or stockholder or any member of their immediate families is, directly or indirectly, interested in any material contract with Delcorp (other than such contracts as relate to any such individual ownership of capital stock or other securities of Delcorp).

3.22 **Indebtedness.** Delcorp has no indebtedness for borrowed money.

3.23 **Over-the-Counter Bulletin Board Quotation.** Delcorp Common Stock is quoted on the Over-the-Counter Bulletin Board (*OTC BB*). There is no action or proceeding pending or, to Delcorp's knowledge, threatened against Delcorp by NASDAQ or the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (*FINRA*) with respect to any intention by such entities to prohibit or terminate the quotation of Delcorp Common Stock on the OTC BB.

3.24 **Board Approval.** The Board of Directors of Delcorp (including any required committee or subgroup of the Board of Directors of Delcorp) has, as of the date of this Agreement, unanimously (i) declared the advisability of the Merger and approved this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby, (ii) determined that the Merger is in the best interests of the stockholders of Delcorp, and (iii) determined that the fair market value of the Company is equal to at least 80% of Delcorp's net assets.

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3.25 **Trust Fund.** As of the date hereof and at the Closing Date, Delcorp has and will have no less than \$40,000,000 invested in United States Government securities in a trust account administered by Continental (the *Trust Fund*), less such amounts, if any, as Delcorp is required to pay to (i) stockholders who elect to have their shares converted to cash in accordance with the provisions of Delcorp's Charter Documents, (ii) deferred underwriters' compensation in connection with Delcorp's initial public offering, and (iii) third parties (e.g., professionals, printers, etc.) who have rendered services to Delcorp in connection with its efforts to effect a business combination, including the Merger.

3.26 **Governmental Filings.** Except as set forth in Schedule 3.26, Delcorp has been granted and holds, and has made, all Governmental Actions/Filings necessary to the conduct by Delcorp of its business (as presently conducted) or used or held for use by Delcorp, and true, complete and correct copies of which have heretofore been delivered to the Company. Each such Governmental Action/Filing is in full force and effect and, except as disclosed in Schedule 3.26, will not expire prior to December 31, 2008, and Delcorp is in compliance with all of its obligations with respect thereto. No event has occurred and is continuing which requires or permits, or after notice or lapse of time or both would require or permit, and consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or any ancillary documents will not require or permit (with or without notice or lapse of time, or both), any modification or termination of any such Governmental Actions/Filings except such events which, either individually or in the aggregate, would not have a Material Adverse Effect upon Delcorp.

3.27 Representations and Warranties Complete. The representations and warranties of Delcorp included in this Agreement and any list, statement, document or information set forth in, or attached to, any Schedule provided pursuant to this Agreement or delivered hereunder, are true and complete in all material respects and do not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements contained therein not misleading, under the circumstance under which they were made.

3.28 Survival of Representations and Warranties. The representations and warranties of Delcorp set forth in this Agreement shall survive until the Closing.

ARTICLE IV

CONDUCT PRIOR TO THE EFFECTIVE TIME

4.1 Conduct of Business by the Company, its Shareholders and Delcorp. During the period from the date of this Agreement and continuing until the earlier of the termination of this Agreement pursuant to its terms or the Closing, each of the Company, its Subsidiaries, and Delcorp shall, except to the extent that the other party shall otherwise consent in writing, carry on its business in the usual, regular and ordinary course consistent with past practices, in substantially the same manner as heretofore conducted and in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations (except where noncompliance would not have a Material Adverse Effect), pay its debts and taxes when due subject to good faith disputes over such debts or taxes, pay or perform other material obligations when due, and use its commercially reasonable efforts consistent with past practices and policies to (i) preserve substantially intact its present business organization, (ii) keep available the services of its present officers and employees and (iii) preserve its relationships with customers, suppliers, distributors, licensors, licensees, and others with which it has significant business dealings. In addition, except as required or permitted by the terms of this Agreement or set forth in Schedule 4.1 hereto, without the prior written consent of the other party, during the period from the date of this Agreement and continuing until the earlier of the termination of this Agreement pursuant to its terms or the Closing, each of the Company, its Subsidiaries and Delcorp and Merger Sub shall not do any of the following:

- (a) Waive any stock repurchase rights, accelerate, amend or (except as specifically provided for herein) change the period of exercisability of options or restricted stock, or reprice options granted under any employee, consultant, director or other stock plans or authorize cash payments in exchange for any options granted under any of such plans;
- (b) Grant any severance or termination pay to any officer or employee outside the ordinary course of business except pursuant to applicable law, written agreements outstanding, or policies existing on the date hereof and as previously or concurrently disclosed in writing or made available to the other party, or

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adopt any new severance plan, or amend or modify or alter in any manner any severance plan, agreement or arrangement existing on the date hereof;

(c) Transfer or license to any person or otherwise extend, amend or modify any material rights to any Intellectual Property of the Company, its Subsidiaries or Delcorp, as applicable, or enter into grants to transfer or license to any person future patent rights, other than in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practices provided that in no event shall the Company, its Subsidiaries or Delcorp license on an exclusive basis or sell any Intellectual Property of the Company, its Subsidiaries or Delcorp as applicable;

(d) Except as provided in *Section 5.24* or as it relates to the Foreign Managers, declare, set aside or pay any dividends on or make any other distributions (whether in cash, stock, equity securities or property) in respect of any capital stock or split, combine or reclassify any capital stock or issue or authorize the issuance of any other securities in respect of, in lieu of or in substitution for any capital stock;

(e) Purchase, redeem or otherwise acquire, directly or indirectly, any shares of capital stock of the Company, its Subsidiaries and Delcorp, as applicable, including repurchases of unvested shares at cost in connection with the termination of the relationship with any employee or consultant pursuant to agreements in effect on the date hereof and in connection with the issuance of shares of Company Common Stock to the Foreign Managers;

(f) Issue, deliver, sell, authorize, pledge or otherwise encumber, or agree to any of the foregoing with respect to, any shares of capital stock or any securities convertible into or exchangeable for shares of capital stock, or subscriptions, rights, warrants or options to acquire any shares of capital stock or any securities convertible into or exchangeable for shares of capital stock, or enter into other agreements or commitments of any character obligating it to issue any such shares or convertible or exchangeable securities;

(g) Amend its Charter Documents;

(h) Acquire or agree to acquire by merging or consolidating with, or by purchasing any equity interest in or a portion of the assets of, or by any other manner, any business or any corporation, partnership, association or other business organization or division thereof, or otherwise acquire or agree to acquire any assets which are material, individually or in the aggregate, to the business of Delcorp, the Company or its Subsidiaries as applicable, or enter into any joint ventures, strategic partnerships or alliances or other arrangements that provide for exclusivity of territory or otherwise restrict such party's ability to compete or to offer or sell any products or services. For purposes of this paragraph, material includes the requirement that, as a result of such transaction, financial statements of the acquired, merged or consolidated entity be included in the Proxy Statement (as defined in *Section 5.1*);

(i) Sell, lease, license, encumber or otherwise dispose of any properties or assets, except (A) sales of inventory and property, plant and equipment in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice, and (B) the sale, lease or disposition (other than through licensing) of property or assets that are not material, individually or in the aggregate, to the business of such party;

(j) Except, (i) with respect to Delcorp, as permitted pursuant to *Section 5.22*, and (ii) with respect to the Company, or one of its Subsidiaries securing financing in the approximate amount of \$5,000,000 for the acquisition of equipment, incur any indebtedness for borrowed money in excess of \$3,000,000 in the aggregate, other than normal usage under the existing line of credit facilities including the issuance of letters of credit in the ordinary course, or guarantee any such indebtedness of another Person or Persons in excess of \$1,000,000 in the aggregate, issue or sell any debt securities or options, warrants, calls or other rights to acquire any debt securities of Delcorp, the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, as applicable, enter into any keep well or other agreement to maintain any financial statement condition or enter into any arrangement having the economic effect of any of the foregoing;

(k) Other than the new employment agreements to be executed prior to or concurrently with the execution of this Agreement between the Company and/or its Subsidiaries and those individuals listed in *Section 6.3(h)* of this Agreement, adopt or amend any employee benefit plan, policy or arrangement, any

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employee stock purchase or employee stock option plan, or enter into any employment contract or collective bargaining agreement (other than offer letters and letter agreements entered into in the ordinary course of business

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consistent with past practice with employees who are terminable at will), pay any special bonus or special remuneration to any director or employee, or increase the salaries or wage rates or fringe benefits (including rights to severance or indemnification) of its directors, officers, employees or consultants, except in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practices and except as to;

- (l) Pay, discharge, settle or satisfy any claims, liabilities or obligations (absolute, accrued, asserted or unasserted, contingent or otherwise), or litigation (whether or not commenced prior to the date of this Agreement) other than the payment, discharge, settlement or satisfaction, in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practices or in accordance with their terms, or liabilities recognized or disclosed in the Unaudited Financial Statements or in the most recent financial statements included in the Delcorp SEC Reports filed prior to the date of this Agreement, as applicable, or incurred since the date of such financial statements, or waive the benefits of, agree to modify in any manner, terminate, release any person from or knowingly fail to enforce any confidentiality or similar agreement to which the Company is a party or of which the Company is a beneficiary or to which Delcorp is a party or of which Delcorp is a beneficiary, as applicable;
- (m) Except in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practices, modify, amend or terminate any Material Company Contract or Delcorp Contract, as applicable, or waive, delay the exercise of, release or assign any material rights or claims thereunder;
- (n) Except as required by U.S. GAAP or as set forth in Schedule 4.1(n), revalue any of its assets or make any change in accounting methods, principles or practices;
- (o) Except in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practices, incur or enter into any agreement, contract or commitment requiring such party to pay in excess of \$2,500,000 in any 12 month period;
- (p) Engage in any action that could reasonably be expected to cause the Merger to fail to qualify as a reorganization under Section 368(a)(1)(A) of the Code;
- (q) Settle any litigation where the consideration given is other than monetary or to which an Insider is a party;
- (r) Make or rescind any Tax elections that, individually or in the aggregate, could be reasonably likely to adversely affect in any material respect the Tax liability or Tax attributes of such party, settle or compromise any material income tax liability or, except as required by applicable law, materially change any method of accounting for Tax purposes or prepare or file any Return in a manner inconsistent with past practice, other than Company converting from an S Corp to a C Corp through this proposed Merger;
- (s) Form, establish or acquire any subsidiary except as contemplated by this Agreement;
- (t) Permit any Person to exercise any of its discretionary rights under any Plan to provide for the automatic acceleration of any outstanding options, the termination of any outstanding repurchase rights or the termination of any cancellation rights issued pursuant to such plans;
- (u) Make capital expenditures except in accordance with prudent business and operational practices consistent with prior practice;
- (v) Make or omit to take any action which would be reasonably anticipated to have a Material Adverse Effect;
- (w) Enter into any transaction with or distribute or advance any assets or property to any of its officers, directors, partners, stockholders or other affiliates other than the payment of salary and benefits in the ordinary course of business consistent with prior practice; or

- (x) Agree in writing or otherwise agree, commit or resolve to take any of the actions described in *Section 4.1(a)* through (w) above.

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ARTICLE V ADDITIONAL AGREEMENTS

5.1 Proxy Statement; Special Meeting.

(a) As soon as is reasonably practicable after receipt by Delcorp from the Company of all financial and other information relating to the Company as Delcorp may reasonably request for its preparation, Delcorp shall prepare with the assistance of the Company, and after the Company has given its consent to the form of the prospectus/proxy statement to be included therein, which such consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, file with the SEC under the Securities Act and the Exchange Act, and with all other applicable regulatory bodies, a registration statement on Form S-4 with respect to the shares of Delcorp Common Stock to be issued in the Merger (the *Registration Statement*), which shall include proxy materials for the purpose of soliciting proxies from holders of Delcorp Common Stock to vote, at a meeting of holders of Delcorp Common Stock to be called and held for such purpose (the *Special Meeting*), in favor of (i) the adoption of this Agreement and the approval of the Merger (*Delcorp Stockholder Approval*), (ii) amending and restating Delcorp's certificate of incorporation, effective upon the Closing, to be substantially in the form of Exhibit B hereto, providing for, among other things, (A) the change of the name of Delcorp to Primoris Corporation; (B) an increase in the number of authorized shares of Delcorp Common Stock to 60,000,000; (C) the existence of Delcorp to be perpetual; (D) and the removal of the preamble and sections A through D, inclusive, thereof and the redesignation of section E of Article Seventh as Article Seventh (the *Charter Amendment*); (iii) the adoption of an Incentive Compensation Plan (the *Delcorp Plan*); and (iv) an adjournment proposal, if necessary, to adjourn the Special Meeting if, based on the tabulated vote count, Delcorp is not authorized to proceed with the Merger. The Delcorp Plan shall provide that an aggregate of no less than 1,520,000 shares of Delcorp Common Stock shall be reserved for issuance pursuant to the Delcorp Plan. Such proxy materials shall be in the form of a prospectus/proxy statement to be used for the purpose of soliciting proxies from holders of Delcorp Common Stock for the matters to be acted upon at the Special Meeting and also for the purpose of issuing Delcorp Common Stock to holders of Company Common Stock in connection with the Merger (the *Proxy Statement/Prospectus*). The Company shall furnish to Delcorp all information concerning the Company as Delcorp may reasonably request in connection with the preparation of the Registration Statement. The Company and its counsel shall be given an opportunity to review and comment on the preliminary Registration Statement prior to its filing with the SEC. Delcorp, with the assistance of the Company, shall promptly respond to any SEC comments on the Registration Statement and shall otherwise use reasonable best efforts to cause the Registration Statement to be declared effective by the SEC as promptly as practicable. Delcorp shall also take any and all actions required to satisfy the requirements of the Securities Act and the Exchange Act. Prior to the Closing Date, Delcorp shall use its reasonable best efforts to cause the shares of Delcorp Common Stock to be issued pursuant to the Merger to be registered or qualified under all applicable Blue Sky Laws of each of the states and territories of the United States in which it is believed, based on information furnished by the Company, holders of the Company Common Stock reside and in which such registration or qualification is required and to take any other such actions that may be necessary to enable the Delcorp Common Stock to be issued pursuant to the Merger in each such jurisdiction.

(b) As soon as practicable following the declaration of effectiveness of the Registration Statement by the SEC, Delcorp shall distribute the Proxy Statement/Prospectus to the holders of Delcorp Common Stock and, pursuant thereto, shall call the Special Meeting for a date no later than thirty (30) days following the approval of the Proxy

Statement by the SEC in accordance with the DGCL and, subject to the other provisions of this Agreement, solicit proxies from such holders to vote in favor of the adoption of this Agreement and the approval of the Merger and the other matters presented to the stockholders of Delcorp for approval or adoption at the Special Meeting, including, without limitation, the matters described in *Section 5.1(a)*. Delcorp shall also distribute the Proxy Statement/Prospectus to the holders of Company Common Stock and shall include therewith a notice, prepared by the Company, advising such holders of their appraisal rights pursuant to Applicable Nevada Law.

(c) Delcorp shall comply with all applicable provisions of and rules under the Exchange Act and all applicable provisions of the DGCL in the preparation, filing and distribution of the Registration Statement

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and the Proxy Statement/Prospectus, the solicitation of proxies thereunder, and the calling and holding of the Special Meeting. Without limiting the foregoing, Delcorp shall ensure that the Proxy Statement/Prospectus does not, as of the date on which the Registration Statement is declared effective, and as of the date of the Special Meeting, contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading (provided that Delcorp shall not be responsible for the accuracy or completeness of any information relating to the Company or any other information furnished by the Company for inclusion in the Proxy Statement/Prospectus). The Company represents and warrants that the information relating to the Company supplied by the Company for inclusion in the Proxy Statement/Prospectus will not as of the date on which the Registration Statement (or any amendment or supplement thereto) is declared effective or at the time of the Special Meeting contain any statement which, at such time and in light of the circumstances under which it is made, is false or misleading with respect to any material fact, or omits to state any material fact required to be stated therein or necessary in order to make the statement therein not false or misleading. The Company shall not be responsible for the accuracy or completeness of any information relating to Delcorp or any other information furnished by Delcorp for inclusion in the Proxy Statement/Prospectus.

(d) Delcorp, acting through its board of directors, shall include in the Proxy Statement/Prospectus the recommendation of its board of directors that the holders of Delcorp Common Stock vote in favor of the adoption of this Agreement and the approval of the Merger, and shall otherwise use reasonable best efforts to obtain the Delcorp Stockholder Approval.

5.2 Directors and Officers of Delcorp After Merger; Voting Agreement. The Parties shall take all necessary action so that the persons listed in Schedule 5.2 are elected for a period of three years from the date of Closing to the positions of officers and directors of Delcorp, as set forth therein, to serve in such positions effective immediately after the Closing. In addition, the person listed in Schedule 5.2 as *Observer* shall be entitled to attend all meetings of the board of directors as an observer and receive all information distributed to the directors until the shorter of (i) such time as such person shall be elected to the board of directors and (ii) three years from the date of the Closing. During the aforesaid three year period, at any annual meeting, Delcorp may designate a person acting as an Observer for election to the board of directors in place of its then designee and such designee shall be entitled to be the Observer. If any Person listed in Schedule 5.2 is unable to serve, the Party appointing such Person shall designate a successor; provided that, if such designation is to be made after the Closing, any successor to a Person designated by Delcorp shall be made by the Person serving in the capacity of Chairman of Delcorp immediately prior to the Closing. Those Signing Shareholders and those stockholders of Delcorp stated to be parties thereto shall enter into a Voting Agreement in the form of *Exhibit F* on or before the Closing Date.

5.3 HSR Act. If required pursuant to the HSR Act, as promptly as practicable after the date of this Agreement, Delcorp and the Company shall each prepare and file the notification required of it thereunder in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement and shall promptly and in good faith respond to all information

requested of it by the Federal Trade Commission and Department of Justice in connection with such notification and otherwise cooperate in good faith with each other and such Governmental Entities. Delcorp and the Company shall (a) promptly inform the other of any communication to or from the Federal Trade Commission, the Department of Justice or any other Governmental Entity regarding the transactions contemplated by this Agreement, (b) give the other prompt notice of the commencement of any action, suit, litigation, arbitration, proceeding or investigation by or before any Governmental Entity with respect to such transactions and (c) keep the other reasonably informed as to the status of any such action, suit, litigation, arbitration, proceeding or investigation. Filing fees with respect to the notifications required under the HSR Act shall be paid by the Company.

5.4 Other Actions.

(a) As promptly as practicable after execution of this Agreement, Delcorp will prepare and file a Current Report on Form 8-K pursuant to the Exchange Act to report the execution of this Agreement (*Signing Form 8-K*), which the Company may review and comment upon prior to filing. Any language included in the Signing Form 8-K that reflects the Company's comments, as well as any text as to which

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the Company has not commented upon after being given a reasonable opportunity to comment, shall, notwithstanding the provisions of *Section 5.1(a)*, be deemed to have been approved by the Company and may henceforth be used by Delcorp in other filings made by it with the SEC and in other documents distributed by Delcorp in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement without further review or consent of the Signing Shareholders or the Company. Promptly after the execution of this Agreement, Delcorp and the Company shall also issue a mutually agreeable press release announcing the execution of this Agreement (the *Signing Press Release*).

(b) At least five (5) days prior to Closing, Delcorp shall prepare together with Company a draft Form 8-K announcing the Closing, together with, or incorporating by reference, the financial statements prepared by the Company and its accountant, and such other information that may be required to be disclosed with respect to the Merger in any report or form to be filed with the SEC (*Closing Form 8-K*), which shall be in a form reasonably acceptable to the Company.

Prior to Closing, Delcorp and the Company shall prepare a mutually agreeable press release announcing the consummation of the Merger hereunder (*Closing Press Release*). Concurrently with the Closing, Delcorp shall distribute the Closing Press Release. Concurrently with the Closing, or as soon as practicable thereafter, Delcorp shall file the Closing Form 8-K with the Commission.

(c) The Company and Delcorp shall further cooperate with each other and use their respective reasonable best efforts to take or cause to be taken all actions, and do or cause to be done all things, necessary, proper or advisable on its part under this Agreement and applicable laws to consummate the Merger and the other transactions contemplated hereby as soon as practicable, including preparing and filing as soon as practicable all documentation to effect all necessary notices, reports and other filings and to obtain as soon as practicable all consents, registrations, approvals, permits and authorizations necessary or advisable to be obtained from any third party (including the respective independent accountants of the Company and Delcorp) and/or any Governmental Entity in order to consummate the Merger or any of the other transactions contemplated hereby. This obligation shall include, on the part of Delcorp, sending a termination letter to Continental in substantially the form of *Exhibit A* attached to the Investment Management Trust Agreement by and between Delcorp and Continental dated as of October 3, 2006. Subject to applicable laws relating to the exchange of information and the preservation of any applicable attorney-client privilege, work-product doctrine, self-audit privilege or other similar privilege, each of the Company and Delcorp shall have the right to review and comment on in advance, and to the extent practicable each will consult the other on, all the information relating to such party, that appear in any filing made with, or written materials submitted to, any third party and/or any Governmental Entity in connection with the Merger and the other transactions contemplated hereby. In exercising the

foregoing right, each of the Company and Delcorp shall act reasonably and as promptly as practicable.

5.5 Required Information. In connection with the preparation of the Signing Form 8-K, the Signing Press Release, the Registration Statement, the Proxy Statement/Prospectus, the Closing Form 8-K and the Closing Press Release, or any other statement, filing notice or application made by or on behalf of Delcorp and/or the Company to any Government Entity or other third party in connection with Merger and the other transactions contemplated hereby, and for such other reasonable purposes, the Company and Delcorp each shall, upon request by the other, furnish the other with all information concerning themselves, their respective directors, officers and stockholders (including the directors of Delcorp and the Company to be elected effective as of the Closing pursuant to *Section 5.2* hereof) and such other matters as may be reasonably necessary or advisable in connection with the Merger. Each party warrants and represents to the other party that all such information shall be true and correct in all material respects and will not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements contained therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading.

5.6 Confidentiality; Access to Information.

(a) **Confidentiality.** Any confidentiality agreement previously executed by the parties shall be superseded in its entirety by the provisions of this Agreement. Each party agrees to maintain in confidence any non-public information received from the other party, and to use such non-public information only for purposes of consummating the transactions contemplated by this Agreement. Such confidentiality

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obligations will not apply to (i) information which was known to the one party or their respective agents prior to receipt from the other party; (ii) information which is or becomes generally known; (iii) information acquired by a party or their respective agents from a third party who was not bound to an obligation of confidentiality; and (iv) disclosure required by law. In the event this Agreement is terminated as provided in *Article VIII* hereof, each party (i) will destroy or return or cause to be destroyed or returned to the other all documents and other material obtained from the other in connection with the Merger contemplated hereby, and (ii) will use its reasonable best efforts to delete from its computer systems all documents and other material obtained from the other in connection with the Merger contemplated hereby.

(b) Access to Information.

(i) The Company will afford Delcorp and its financial advisors, accountants, counsel and other representatives reasonable access during normal business hours, upon reasonable notice, to the properties, books, records and personnel of the Company during the period prior to the Closing to obtain all information concerning the business, including the status of business development efforts, properties, results of operations and personnel of the Company, as Delcorp may reasonably request. No information or knowledge obtained by Delcorp in any investigation pursuant to this *Section 5.6* will affect or be deemed to modify any representation or warranty contained herein or the conditions to the obligations of the parties to consummate the Merger.

(ii) Delcorp will afford the Company and its financial advisors, underwriters, accountants, counsel and other representatives reasonable access during normal business hours, upon reasonable notice, to the properties, books, records and personnel of Delcorp during the period prior to the Closing to obtain all information concerning the business, including properties, results of operations and personnel of Delcorp, as the Company may reasonably request. No information or knowledge obtained by the Company in any investigation pursuant to this *Section 5.6* will affect or be deemed to modify any representation or warranty contained herein or the conditions to the obligations of the parties to consummate the Merger.

(iii) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, each party hereby agrees that, by proceeding with the Closing, he or it shall be conclusively deemed to have waived for all purposes hereunder any inaccuracy of representation or breach of warranty by another party that is actually known by him or it prior to the Closing, including knowledge obtained as a result of a supplement or amendment to a Disclosure Schedule (as hereinafter defined) pursuant to *Section 5.14* ; provided that no such supplement or amendment shall preclude the Company or Parent from terminating this Agreement if the Disclosure Schedule, as so supplemented or amended, does not satisfy the provisions of *Section 6.2(a)* or *Section 6.3(a)*, as the case may be.

5.7 Public Disclosure. From the date of this Agreement until Closing or termination, the parties shall cooperate in good faith to jointly prepare all press releases and public announcements pertaining to this Agreement and the transactions governed by it, and no party shall issue or otherwise make any public announcement or communication pertaining to this Agreement or the transaction without the prior consent of Delcorp (in the case of the Company and the Signing Shareholders) or the Company (in the case of Delcorp), except as required by any legal requirement or by the rules and regulations of, or pursuant to any agreement of a stock exchange or trading system. Each party will not unreasonably withhold approval from the others with respect to any press release or public announcement. If any party determines with the advice of counsel that it is required to make this Agreement and the terms of the transaction public or otherwise issue a press release or make public disclosure with respect thereto, it shall, at a reasonable time before making any public disclosure, consult with the other party regarding such disclosure, seek such confidential treatment for such terms or portions of this Agreement or the transaction as may be reasonably requested by the other party and disclose only such information as is legally compelled to be disclosed. This provision will not apply to communications by any party to its counsel, accountants and other professional advisors.

5.8 Reasonable Efforts. Upon the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in this Agreement, each of the parties agrees to use its commercially reasonable efforts to take, or cause to be taken, all actions, and to do, or cause to be done, and to assist and cooperate with the other parties in doing, all things necessary,

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proper or advisable to consummate and make effective, in the most expeditious manner practicable, the Merger and the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement, including using commercially reasonable efforts to accomplish the following: (i) the taking of all reasonable acts necessary to cause the conditions precedent set forth in *Article VI* to be satisfied, (ii) the obtaining of all necessary actions, waivers, consents, approvals, orders and authorizations from Governmental Entities and the making of all necessary registrations, declarations and filings (including registrations, declarations and filings with Governmental Entities, if any) and the taking of all reasonable steps as may be necessary to avoid any suit, claim, action, investigation or proceeding by any Governmental Entity, (iii) the obtaining of all consents, approvals or waivers from third parties required as a result of the transactions contemplated in this Agreement, including the consents referred to in Schedule 2.5 of the Company Schedule, (iv) the defending of any suits, claims, actions, investigations or proceedings, whether judicial or administrative, challenging this Agreement or the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby, including seeking to have any stay or temporary restraining order entered by any court or other Governmental Entity vacated or reversed and (v) the execution or delivery of any additional instruments reasonably necessary to consummate the transactions contemplated by, and to fully carry out the purposes of, this Agreement. In connection with and without limiting the foregoing, Delcorp and its board of directors and the Company and its board of directors shall, if any state takeover statute or similar statute or regulation is or becomes applicable to the Merger, this Agreement or any of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement, use its commercially reasonable efforts to enable the Merger and the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement to be consummated as promptly as practicable on the terms contemplated by this Agreement. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, nothing in this Agreement shall be deemed to require Delcorp or the Company to agree to any divestiture by itself or any of its affiliates of shares of capital stock or of any business, assets or property, or the imposition of any material limitation on the ability of any of them to conduct their business or to

own or exercise control of such assets, properties and stock.

5.9 Treatment as a Reorganization. Neither Delcorp nor the Company nor the Signing Shareholders shall take any action prior to or following the Merger that could reasonably be expected to cause the Merger to fail to qualify as a reorganization within the meaning of Section 368(a)(i)(A) of the Code and the regulations thereunder.

5.10 No Delcorp Common Stock Transactions. Each officer, director and Signing Shareholder of the Company shall agree that it shall not, prior to the date that is twelve months after the Closing Date, sell, transfer or otherwise dispose of an interest in any of the shares of Delcorp Common Stock it receives as a result of the Merger other than as permitted pursuant to the Lock-Up Agreement in the form of *Exhibit G* hereto executed by such Person prior to or on the Closing Date. Each officer and director of Delcorp as of the Closing Date including, but not limited to, Eric S. Rosenfeld, David Sgro, Arnaud Ajdler, Leonard B. Schlemm, Jon Bauer and Colin D. Watson shall agree that he shall not, prior to the date that is twelve (12) months after the Closing Date, sell, transfer, otherwise dispose of an interest in any of the shares of Delcorp Common Stock owned as of the Closing Date other than as permitted pursuant to the Lock-Up Agreement in the form of *Exhibit G* hereto executed by such person on or prior to the Closing Date.

5.11 Certain Claims.

(a) As additional consideration for the issuance of Delcorp Common Stock pursuant to this Agreement, each of the Signing Shareholders hereby releases and forever discharges, effective as of the Closing Date, the Company and its directors, officers, employees and agents, from any and all rights, claims, demands, judgments, obligations, liabilities and damages, whether accrued or unaccrued, asserted or unasserted, and whether known or unknown arising out of or resulting from such Signing Shareholder's (i) status as a holder of an equity interest in the Company; and (ii) employment, service, consulting or other similar agreement entered into with the Company prior to Closing to the extent that the basis for claims under any such agreement that survives the Closing arise prior to the Closing, provided, however, the foregoing shall not release any obligations of Delcorp set forth in this Agreement or any of the other documents executed in connection with the transactions contemplated hereby.

(b) As additional consideration for the Stockholders to enter into this Agreement, the Company hereby releases and forever discharges, effective as of the Closing Date, each of the Stockholders from any and all rights, claims, demands, judgments, obligations, liabilities and damages, whether accrued or

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unaccrued, asserted or unasserted, and whether known or unknown arising out of or resulting from such Stockholder's employment, service, consulting or other similar agreement entered into with the Company prior to Closing to the extent that the basis for claims under any such agreement that survives the Closing arise prior to the Closing.

5.12 No Securities Transactions. Neither the Company nor any Signing Shareholder or any of their affiliates, directly or indirectly, shall engage in any transactions involving the securities of Delcorp prior to the time of the making of a public announcement of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement. The Company shall use its best efforts to require each of its officers, directors and employees, and shall use commercially reasonable efforts to require each of its agents, advisors, contractors, associates, clients, customers and representatives, to comply with the foregoing requirement.

5.13 No Claim Against Trust Fund. Notwithstanding anything else in this Agreement, the Company and the Signing Shareholders acknowledge that they have read Delcorp's final prospectus dated October 3, 2006 and understand that Delcorp has established the Trust Fund for the benefit of Delcorp's public stockholders and that Delcorp may disburse monies from the Trust Fund only (a) to Delcorp's public stockholders in the event they elect to

convert their shares into cash in accordance with Delcorp's Charter Documents and/or the liquidation of Delcorp or (b) to Delcorp after it consummates a business combination. The Company and the Signing Shareholders further acknowledge that, if the transactions contemplated by this Agreement, or, upon termination of this Agreement, another business combination, are not consummated by October 3, 2008, Delcorp will be obligated to return to its stockholders the amounts being held in the Trust Fund. Accordingly, the Company and the Signing Shareholders, for themselves and their subsidiaries, affiliated entities, directors, officers, employees, stockholders, representatives, advisors and all other associates and affiliates, hereby waive all rights, title, interest or claim of any kind against Delcorp to collect from the Trust Fund any monies that may be owed to them by Delcorp for any reason whatsoever, including but not limited to a breach of this Agreement by Delcorp or any negotiations, agreements or understandings with Delcorp (whether in the past, present or future), and will not seek recourse against the Trust Fund at any time for any reason whatsoever. This paragraph will survive this Agreement and will not expire and will not be altered in any way without the express written consent of Delcorp, the Company and the Signing Shareholders.

5.14 Disclosure of Certain Matters. Each of Delcorp, the Company and each of the Signing Shareholders will provide the others with prompt written notice of any event, development or condition that (a) would cause any of such party's representations and warranties to become untrue or misleading or which may affect its ability to consummate the transactions contemplated by this Agreement, (b) had it existed or been known on the date hereof would have been required to be disclosed under this Agreement, (c) gives such party any reason to believe that any of the conditions set forth in *Article VI* will not be satisfied, (d) is of a nature that is or may be materially adverse to the operations, prospects or condition (financial or otherwise) of the Company, or (e) would require any amendment or supplement to the Proxy Statement/Prospectus. The parties shall have the obligation to supplement or amend the Company Schedules and Delcorp Schedules (the *Disclosure Schedules*) being delivered concurrently with the execution of this Agreement with respect to any matter hereafter arising or discovered which, if existing or known at the date of this Agreement, would have been required to be set forth or described in the Disclosure Schedules. The obligations of the parties to amend or supplement the Disclosure Schedules being delivered herewith shall terminate on the Closing Date. Notwithstanding any such amendment or supplementation, for purposes of *Sections 6.2(a), 6.3(a), 7.1(a)(i), 8.1(d) and 8.1(e)*, the representations and warranties of the parties shall be made with reference to the Disclosure Schedules as they exist at the time of execution of this Agreement, subject to such anticipated changes as are set forth in Schedule 4.1 or otherwise expressly contemplated by this Agreement or that are set forth in the Disclosure Schedules as they exist on the date of this Agreement.

5.15 Securities Listing. Delcorp and the Company shall use commercially reasonable efforts to obtain the listing for trading on either the New York Stock Exchange or on NASDAQ of the Delcorp Common Stock and the Units issued in Delcorp's initial public offering and the class of warrants included in such Units. If such listing is not obtained by the Closing, the parties shall continue to use their best efforts after the Closing to obtain such listing.

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5.16 Further Actions. The Company shall use its best efforts to take such actions as are necessary to fulfill its obligations under this Agreement and to enable Delcorp to fulfill its obligations hereunder.

5.17 No Solicitation.

(a) The Company will not, and will cause its Affiliates, employees, agents and representatives not to, directly or indirectly, solicit or enter into discussions or transactions with, or encourage, or provide any information to, any corporation, partnership or other entity or group (other than Delcorp and its designees) concerning any merger, sale of ownership interests and/or assets of the Company, recapitalization or similar transaction.

(b) Delcorp will not, and will cause its employees, agents and representatives not to, directly or indirectly, solicit or enter into discussions or transactions with, or encourage, or provide any information to, any corporation, partnership or other entity or group (other than the Company and its designees) concerning any merger, purchase of ownership interests and/or assets, recapitalization or similar transaction.

5.18 Charter Protections; Directors and Officers Liability Insurance.

(a) All rights to indemnification for acts or omissions occurring through the Closing Date now existing in favor of the current directors and officers of Delcorp as provided in the Charter Documents of Delcorp or in any indemnification agreements shall survive the Merger and shall continue in full force and effect in accordance with their terms.

(b) For a period of six (6) years after the Closing Date, each of Delcorp and the Surviving Corporation shall cause to be maintained in effect the current policies of directors and officers liability insurance maintained by Delcorp and the Company, respectively (or policies of at least the same coverage and amounts containing terms and conditions which are no less advantageous), with respect to claims arising from facts and events that occurred prior to the Closing Date.

(c) If Delcorp or any of its successors or assigns (i) consolidates with or merges into any other Person and shall not be the continuing or surviving entity of such consolidation or merger, or (ii) transfers or conveys all or substantially all of its properties and assets to any Person, then, in each such case, to the extent necessary, proper provision shall be made so that the successors and assigns of Delcorp assume the obligations set forth in this *Section 5.18*.

(d) The provisions of this *Section 5.18* are intended to be for the benefit of, and shall be enforceable by, each Person who will have been a director or officer of Delcorp for all periods ending on or before the Closing Date and may not be changed without the consent of Committee referred to in *Section 1.14(a)*.

5.19 Insider Loans; Equity Ownership in Subsidiaries. Each Signing Shareholder, at or prior to Closing, shall (i) repay to the Company any loan by the Company to such Signing Shareholder and any other amount owed by the Signing Shareholder to the Company; (ii) cause any guaranty or similar arrangement pursuant to which the Company has guaranteed the payment or performance of any obligations of such Signing Shareholder to a third party to be terminated; and (iii) cease to own any direct equity interests in any Subsidiary of the Company or in any other Person that utilizes the name Primoris. The Company shall use its best efforts to enable the Signing Shareholders to accomplish the foregoing.

5.20 Certain Financial Information. Within twenty (20) business days after the end of each month between the date hereof and the earlier of the Closing Date and the date on which this Agreement is terminated, the Company shall deliver to Delcorp unaudited consolidated financial statements of the Company and its Subsidiaries for such month, certified by the chief financial officer of the Company as being true and correct, including a balance sheet, statement of operations, and statements of stockholders equity and cash flow, prepared in accordance with the U.S. GAAP applied on a consistent basis to prior periods (except as may be indicated in the notes thereto) and that fairly present in all material respects the financial position of the Company at the date thereof and the results of its operations for the period indicated, except that statements of cash flow need be delivered only as of the end of each fiscal quarter and such statements need not

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contain notes and may be subject to normal adjustments that are not expected to have a Material Adverse Effect on the Company and its Subsidiaries, taken as a whole.

5.21 Access to Financial Information. The Company will, and will cause its auditors to (a) continue to provide Delcorp and its advisors full access to all of the Company's financial information used in the preparation of its Audited Financial Statements and Unaudited Financial Statements and the financial information furnished pursuant to *Section 5.20* hereof and (b) cooperate fully with any reviews performed by Delcorp or its advisors of any such financial statements or information.

5.22 Delcorp Borrowings. Through the Closing, Delcorp shall be allowed to borrow funds from its directors, officers and/or stockholders to meet its reasonable capital requirements, with any such loans to be made only as reasonably required by the operation of Delcorp in due course on a non-interest bearing basis and repayable at Closing. The proceeds of such loans shall not be used for the payment of salaries, bonuses or other compensation to any of Delcorp's directors, officers or stockholders.

5.23 Trust Fund Disbursement. Delcorp shall cause the Trust Fund to be dispersed to Delcorp immediately upon the Closing. All liabilities of Delcorp due and owing or incurred at or prior to the Effective Time shall be paid as and when due, including all Delcorp tax liabilities and the payment at Closing of professional fees related to these transactions, and adequate reserves shall be made against amounts distributed from the Trust Fund therefor.

5.24 Distributions by Company. The Company may make cash distributions as follows:

(a) From and after the date of this Agreement, at any time prior to the Closing Date, distributions (*Tax Distributions*) under Section 1368 of the Code to its shareholders limited, in the aggregate, to 50% of the estimated Stub Period Taxable Income (as hereinafter defined). As used herein, *Stub Period Taxable Income* means the income of the Company and its Subsidiaries that will be entered on Form 1120S, Schedule K, Line 18 of the final U.S. Income Tax Return of the Company and its Subsidiaries for the period beginning on January 1, 2008 and ending on the Closing Date, which Tax Return shall be prepared and filed by the Surviving Corporation as soon as practicable after the Closing Date. The Surviving Corporation shall submit such final Tax Return to the Representative at least ten days prior to the date it intends to file such final Tax Return. The Surviving Corporation shall not file such final Tax Return without the consent of the Representative, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld.

(b) From and after the date of this Agreement, at any time prior to the Closing Date, in addition to the distributions provided for in Section 5.24(a), distributions under Section 1368 of the Code in an amount not to exceed Forty-Eight Million Nine Hundred Forty-Six Thousand Six Hundred Sixty Dollars and Sixty-Nine Cents (\$48,946,660.69) (the *Base Distribution*). Of the Base Distribution, the Company will distribute Forty-Four Million Fifty-One Thousand Two Hundred Eighty Dollars (\$44,051,280) to its shareholders, with the balance of Four Million Eight Hundred Ninety-Five Thousand Three Hundred Eighty Dollars and Sixty-Nine Cents (\$4,895,380.69) (the *Distribution Holdback*) to be held by Delcorp and distributed in accordance with the provisions of Section 5.24(c).

(c) After the Stub Period Taxable Income and the Tax Distribution amount to which the shareholders of the Company are entitled have been finally determined, the Surviving Corporation shall release as a distribution to the former shareholders of the Company under Sections 1368 and 1371(e)(1) of the Code, no later than a date qualifying as within the post-termination transaction period defined by Section 1377(b)(1)(A) of the Code, such amount from the Distribution Holdback so that the total distribution payments to such Persons pursuant to this Section 5.24, including amounts released to such Persons from the Distribution Holdback, shall equal the sum of (i) 50% of the Stub Period Taxable Income, as finally determined, plus (ii) the Base Distribution. Any amount remaining in the Distribution Holdback shall be retained by the Surviving Corporation.

5.25 Dividend. Following the closing, Delcorp's board of directors shall initially declare and pay annual dividends on the Delcorp Common Stock at a rate of not less than \$0.10 per share; provided, however, that the board of directors shall not declare any such dividend unless, at the time of declaration, there is adequate surplus for such declaration under the DGCL or if the board of directors, in the exercise of their business judgment, believes that it would be prudent to cancel or modify the dividend payment.

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5.26 Termination of Shareholders Agreement. The Company and the Signing Shareholders shall use their reasonable best efforts to cause the Primoris Shareholders Agreement dated December 31, 2003 shall be terminated by all parties hereto.

ARTICLE VI

CONDITIONS TO THE TRANSACTION

6.1 Conditions to Obligations of Each Party to Effect the Merger. The respective obligations of each party to this Agreement to effect the Merger shall be subject to the satisfaction at or prior to the Closing Date of the following conditions:

(a) **Delcorp Stockholder Approval.** The Delcorp Stockholder Approval and the Charter Amendment each shall have been duly approved and adopted by the stockholders of Delcorp by the requisite vote under the laws of the State of Delaware and the Delcorp Charter Documents.

(b) **Delcorp Common Stock.** Holders of twenty percent (20%) or more of the shares of Delcorp Common Stock issued in Delcorp's initial public offering of securities and outstanding immediately before the Closing shall not have exercised their rights to convert their shares into a pro rata share of the Trust Fund in accordance with Delcorp's Charter Documents.

(c) **HSR Act; No Order.** All specified waiting periods under the HSR Act shall have expired and no Governmental Entity shall have enacted, issued, promulgated, enforced or entered any statute, rule, regulation, executive order, decree, injunction or other order (whether temporary, preliminary or permanent) which is in effect and which has the effect of making the Merger illegal or otherwise prohibiting consummation of the Merger, substantially on the terms contemplated by this Agreement.

(d) **Stock Quotation or Listing.** The Delcorp Common Stock at the Closing will be quoted on the OTC BB or listed for trading on the New York Stock Exchange or NASDAQ, if the application for any such listing is approved, and there will be no action or proceeding pending or threatened against Delcorp by FINRA to prohibit or terminate the quotation of Delcorp Common Stock on the OTC BB or the trading thereof on the New York Stock Exchange or NASDAQ.

6.2 Additional Conditions to Obligations of the Company. The obligations of the Company to consummate and effect the Merger shall be subject to the satisfaction at or prior to the Closing Date of each of the following conditions, any of which may be waived, in writing, exclusively by the Company:

(a) **Representations and Warranties.** Each representation and warranty of Delcorp contained in this Agreement that is (i) qualified as to materiality shall have been true and correct (A) as of the date of this Agreement and (B) subject to the provisions of the last sentence of *Section 5.14*, on and as of the Closing Date with the same force and effect as if made on the Closing Date, and (ii) not qualified as to materiality shall have been true and correct (C) as of the date of this Agreement and (D) subject to the provisions of the last sentence of *Section 5.14*, in all material respects on and as of the Closing Date with the same force and effect as if made on the Closing Date. The Company shall have received a certificate with respect to the foregoing signed on behalf of Delcorp by an authorized officer of Delcorp (*Delcorp Closing Certificate*).

(b) **Agreements and Covenants.** Delcorp and Merger Sub shall have performed or complied with all agreements and covenants required by this Agreement to be performed or complied with by them on or prior to the Closing Date, except to the extent that any failure to perform or comply (other than a willful failure to perform or comply or failure to perform or comply with an agreement or covenant reasonably within the control of Delcorp) does not, or will not, constitute a Material Adverse Effect with respect to Delcorp, and the Delcorp Closing Certificate shall include a provision to such effect.

(c) **No Litigation.** No action, suit or proceeding shall be pending or threatened before any Governmental Entity which is reasonably likely to (i) prevent consummation of any of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement, (ii) cause any of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement to be rescinded following consummation or (iii) affect materially and adversely or otherwise encumber the title of the shares of Delcorp Common Stock to be issued by Delcorp in connection with the Merger and no order, judgment, decree, stipulation or injunction to any such effect shall be in effect.

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(d) **Consents.** Delcorp shall have obtained all consents, waivers and approvals required to be obtained by Delcorp in connection with the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby, other than consents, waivers and approvals the absence of which, either alone or in the aggregate, could not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect on Delcorp and the Delcorp Closing Certificate shall include a provision to such effect.

(e) **Material Adverse Effect.** No Material Adverse Effect with respect to Delcorp shall have occurred since the date of this Agreement.

(f) **SEC Compliance.** Immediately prior to Closing, Delcorp shall be in compliance with the reporting requirements under the Exchange Act.

(g) **Opinion of Counsel.** The Company shall have received from Graubard Miller, counsel to Delcorp, an opinion of counsel in substantially the form of *Exhibit H* annexed hereto.

(h) **Other Deliveries.** At or prior to Closing, Delcorp shall have delivered to the Company (i) copies of resolutions and actions taken by Delcorp's board of directors and stockholders in connection with the approval of this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereunder, and (ii) such other documents or certificates as shall reasonably be required by the Company and its counsel in order to consummate the transactions contemplated hereunder.

(i) **Resignations.** The persons listed in Schedule 6.2(i) shall have resigned from all of their positions and offices with Delcorp.

(j) **Trust Fund.** Delcorp shall have made appropriate arrangements to have the Trust Fund, which shall contain no less than the amount referred to in *Section 3.25*, dispersed to Delcorp immediately upon the Closing.

(k) **Lock-Up Agreement.** The Lock-Up Agreement in the form of *Exhibit G* shall be executed by the Delcorp stockholders designated as parties thereto.

6.3 Additional Conditions to the Obligations of Delcorp. The obligations of Delcorp to consummate and effect the Merger shall be subject to the satisfaction at or prior to the Closing Date of each of the following conditions, any of which may be waived, in writing, exclusively by Delcorp:

(a) **Representations and Warranties.** Each representation and warranty of the Company and the Stockholders contained in this Agreement that is (i) qualified as to materiality shall have been true and correct (A) as of the date of this Agreement and (B) subject to the provisions of the last sentence of *Section 5.14*, on and as of the Closing Date with the same force and effect as if made on the Closing Date, and (ii) not qualified as to materiality shall have been true and correct (C) as of the date of this Agreement and (D) subject to the provisions of the last sentence of *Section 5.14*, in all material respects on and as of the Closing Date with the same force and effect as if made on the Closing Date. Delcorp shall have received a certificate with respect to the foregoing signed on behalf of the Company by an authorized officer of the Company (*Company Closing Certificate*).

(b) **Agreements and Covenants.** The Company and the Signing Shareholders shall have performed or complied with all agreements and covenants required by this Agreement to be performed or complied with by them at or prior to the Closing Date except to the extent that any failure to perform or comply (other than a willful failure to perform or comply or failure to perform or comply with an agreement or covenant reasonably within the control of the Company) does not, or will not, constitute a Material Adverse Effect on the Company, and the Company Closing Certificate shall include a provision to such effect.

(c) **Dissenters Rights.** Holders of no more than five percent (5%) of the shares of any class of securities of the Company outstanding immediately before the Effective Time shall have taken action to exercise their rights pursuant to Chapter 92A of the Nevada Revised Statutes and other provisions of Applicable Nevada Law.

(d) **No Litigation.** No action, suit or proceeding shall be pending or threatened before any Governmental Entity which is reasonably likely to (i) prevent consummation of any of the transactions

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contemplated by this Agreement, (ii) cause any of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement to be rescinded following consummation or (iii) affect materially and adversely the right of Delcorp to own, operate or control any of the assets and operations of the Surviving Corporation following the Merger and no order, judgment, decree, stipulation or injunction to any such effect shall be in effect.

(e) **Consents.** The Company shall have obtained all consents, waivers, permits and approvals required to be obtained by the Company in connection with the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby, other than consents, waivers and approvals the absence of which, either alone or in the aggregate, could not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect on the Company and the Company Closing Certificate shall include a provision to such effect.

(f) **Material Adverse Effect.** No Material Adverse Effect with respect to the Company shall have occurred since the date of this Agreement.

(g) **Voting and Lock-Up Agreements.** The Voting Agreement substantially in the form of *Exhibit F* and the Lock-Up Agreements substantially in the form of *Exhibit G* shall be in full force and effect.

(h) **Employment Agreements.** Employment Agreements between the Company and, separately, Brian Pratt, John Schauerman, John Perisich, Alfons Theeuwes, Scott Summers, Tim Healy, Mark Thurman, Dave Baker and Bill McDevitt in the forms of *Exhibits I through Q*, respectively, shall be in full force and effect.

(i) **Opinion of Counsel.** Delcorp shall have received from Rutan & Tucker, LLP, counsel to the Company, an opinion of counsel in substantially the form of *Exhibit R* annexed hereto.

(j) **Other Deliveries.** At or prior to Closing, the Company shall have delivered to Delcorp: (i) copies of resolutions and actions taken by the Company's board of directors and stockholders in connection with the approval of this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereunder, and (ii) such other documents or certificates as shall reasonably be required by Delcorp and its counsel in order to consummate the transactions contemplated hereunder.

(k) **Derivative Securities.** There shall be outstanding no options, warrants or other derivative securities entitling the holders thereof to acquire shares of Company Common Stock or other securities of the Company.

(l) **Insider Loans; Equity Ownership in Subsidiaries.** (i) All outstanding indebtedness owed by Insiders to the Company shall have been repaid in full, including the indebtedness and other obligations described on Schedule 2.22; (ii) all outstanding guaranties and similar arrangements pursuant to which the Company has guaranteed the payment or performance of any obligations of any Insider to a third party shall have been terminated; and (iii) no Insider shall own any direct equity interests in any Subsidiary of the Company or in any other Person that utilizes in its name *Primoris*.

(m) **Company Shareholder Vote.** The terms of this Agreement and the transactions referred to herein shall have been approved by the Company's shareholders pursuant to a properly noticed meeting of the Company's shareholders.

(n) **Termination of Shareholders Agreement.** The *Primoris Shareholders Agreement* dated December 31, 2003 shall have been terminated.

ARTICLE VII INDEMNIFICATION

7.1 Indemnification of Delcorp.

(a) Subject to the terms and conditions of this *Article VII* (including without limitation the limitations set forth in *Section 7.4*), Delcorp, the Surviving Corporation and their respective representatives, successors and permitted assigns (the *Delcorp Indemnitees*) shall be indemnified, defended and held harmless by those Persons who receive shares of Delcorp Company Stock from Delcorp upon consummation of the Merger, but only to the extent of the Escrow Shares, from and against all Losses asserted against, resulting to, imposed upon, or incurred by any Delcorp Indemnitee by reason of, arising out of or resulting from:

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(i) the inaccuracy or breach of any representation or warranty of the Company contained in or made pursuant to this Agreement, any Schedule or any certificate delivered by the Company to Delcorp pursuant to this Agreement with respect hereto or thereto in connection with the Closing; and

(ii) the non-fulfillment or breach of any covenant or agreement of the Company contained in this Agreement;

(b) As used in this *Article VII*, the term *Losses* shall include on a dollar for dollar basis all losses, liabilities, damages, judgments, awards, orders, penalties, settlements, costs and expenses (including, without limitation, interest, penalties, court costs and reasonable legal fees and expenses) including those arising from any demands, claims, suits, actions, costs of investigation, notices of violation or noncompliance, causes of action, proceedings and assessments whether or not made by third parties or whether or not ultimately determined to be valid. Solely for the purpose of determining the amount of any Losses (and not for determining any breach) for which Delcorp Indemnitee may be entitled to

indemnification pursuant to *Article VII*, any representation or warranty contained in this Agreement that is qualified by a term or terms such as material, materially, or Material Adverse Effect shall be deemed made or given without such qualification and without giving effect to such words.

7.2 Indemnification of Third Party Claims. The indemnification obligations and liabilities under this *Article VII* with respect to actions, proceedings, lawsuits, investigations, demands or other claims brought against Delcorp by a Person other than the Company (a *Third Party Claim*) shall be subject to the following terms and conditions:

(a) **Notice of Claim.** Delcorp, acting through the Committee, will give the Representative prompt written notice after receiving written notice of any Third Party Claim or discovering the liability, obligation or facts giving rise to such Third Party Claim (a *Notice of Claim*) which Notice of Third Party Claim shall set forth (i) a brief description of the nature of the Third Party Claim, (ii) the total amount of the actual out-of-pocket Loss or the anticipated potential Loss (including any costs or expenses which have been or may be reasonably incurred in connection therewith), and (iii) whether such Loss may be covered (in whole or in part) under any insurance and the estimated amount of such Loss which may be covered under such insurance, and the Representative shall be entitled to participate in the defense of Third Party Claim at its expense.

(b) **Defense.** The Representative shall have the right, at its option (subject to the limitations set forth in sub *section 7.2(c)* below) and at its own expense, by written notice to Delcorp, to assume the entire control of, subject to the right of Delcorp to participate (at its expense and with counsel of its choice) in, the defense, compromise or settlement of the Third Party Claim as to which such Notice of Claim has been given, and shall be entitled to appoint a recognized and reputable counsel reasonably acceptable to Delcorp to be the lead counsel in connection with such defense. If the Representative is permitted and elects to assume the defense of a Third Party Claim:

(i) the Representative shall diligently and in good faith defend such Third Party Claim and shall keep Delcorp reasonably informed of the status of such defense; provided, however, that in the case of any settlement providing for remedies which are not merely incidental to a primary damage claim or claims for monetary damages, Delcorp shall have the right to approve any settlement, which approval will not be unreasonably withheld, delayed or conditioned; and

(ii) Delcorp shall cooperate fully in all respects with the Representative in any such defense, compromise or settlement thereof, including, without limitation, the selection of counsel, and Delcorp shall make available to the Representative all pertinent information and documents under its control.

(c) **Limitations of Right to Assume Defense.** The Representative shall not be entitled to assume control of such defense and shall pay the fees and expenses of counsel retained by Delcorp if (i) the Third Party Claim relates to or arises in connection with any criminal proceeding, action, indictment, allegation or investigation; (ii) the Third Party Claim seeks an injunction or equitable relief against Delcorp which is not merely incidental to a primary damage claim or claims for monetary damages; or

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(iii) there is a reasonable probability that a Third Party Claim may materially and adversely affect Delcorp other than as a result of money damages or other money payments.

(d) **Other Limitations.** Failure to give prompt Notice of Claim or to provide copies of relevant available documents or to furnish relevant available data shall not constitute a defense (in whole or in part) to any Third Party Claim by Delcorp against the Representative and shall not affect the Representative's duty or obligations under this *Article VII*, except to the extent (and only to the extent that) such failure shall have adversely affected the ability of the

Representative to defend against or reduce its liability or caused or increased such liability or otherwise caused the damages for which the Representative is obligated to be greater than such damages would have been had Delcorp given the Representative prompt notice hereunder. So long as the Representative is defending any such action actively and in good faith, Delcorp shall not settle such action. Delcorp shall make available to the Representative all relevant records and other relevant materials required by them and in the possession or under the control of Delcorp, for the use of the Representative and its representatives in defending any such action, and shall in other respects give reasonable cooperation in such defense.

(e) **Failure to Defend.** If the Representative, promptly after receiving a Notice of Claim, fails to defend such Third Party Claim actively and in good faith, Delcorp, at the reasonable cost and expense of the Representative, will (upon further written notice) have the right to undertake the defense, compromise or settlement of such Third Party Claim as it may determine in its reasonable discretion, provided that the Representative shall have the right to approve any settlement, which approval will not be unreasonably withheld, delayed or conditioned.

(f) **Delcorp's Rights.** Anything in this *Section 7.2* to the contrary notwithstanding, the Representative shall not, without the written consent of Delcorp, settle or compromise any action or consent to the entry of any judgment which does not include as an unconditional term thereof the giving by the claimant or the plaintiff to Delcorp of a full and unconditional release from all liability and obligation in respect of such action without any payment by Delcorp.

(g) **Representative Consent.** Unless the Representative has consented to a settlement of a Third Party Claim, the amount of the settlement shall not be a binding determination of the amount of the Loss and such amount shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of the Escrow Agreement.

7.3 Insurance Effect. To the extent that any Losses that are subject to indemnification pursuant to this *Article VII* are covered by insurance paid for by the Company prior to or after the Closing, Delcorp shall use commercially reasonable efforts to obtain the maximum recovery under such insurance; provided that Delcorp shall nevertheless be entitled to bring a claim for indemnification under this *Article VII* in respect of such Losses and the time limitations set forth in *Section 7.4* hereof for bringing a claim of indemnification under this Agreement shall be tolled during the pendency of such insurance claim. The existence of a claim by Delcorp for monies from an insurer or against a third party in respect of any Loss shall not, however, delay any payment pursuant to the indemnification provisions contained herein and otherwise determined to be due and owing by the Representative. If Delcorp has received the payment required by this Agreement from the Representative in respect of any Loss and later receives proceeds from insurance or other amounts in respect of such Loss, then it shall hold such proceeds or other amounts in trust for the benefit of the Representative and shall pay to the Representative, as promptly as practicable after receipt, a sum equal to the amount of such proceeds or other amount received, up to the aggregate amount of any payments received from the Representative pursuant to this Agreement in respect of such Loss. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Agreement, it is the intention of the parties that no insurer or any other third party shall be (i) entitled to a benefit it would not be entitled to receive in the absence of the foregoing indemnification provisions, or (ii) relieved of the responsibility to pay any claims for which it is obligated.

7.4 Limitations on Indemnification.

(a) **Survival: Time Limitation.** The representations, warranties, covenants and agreements in this Agreement or in any writing delivered by the Company to Delcorp in connection with this Agreement (including the certificate required to be delivered by the Company pursuant to *Section 6.3(a)*) shall survive the Closing for the period that ends on the Basic Escrow Termination Date (the *Basic Survival*

Period) except that the right of Delcorp to bring (i) Tax Indemnification Claims and Environmental Indemnity Claims shall survive the Closing for the period that ends on the T/E Escrow Termination Date (the *T/E Survival Period*) and (ii) Claims for the breach of the representations and warranties in Section 2.3 and 1.13(d) shall survive without limitation as to time.

(b) Any indemnification claim made by Delcorp prior to the termination of the Basic Survival Period or the T/E Survival Period (each a *Survival Period*), as the case may be, shall be preserved despite the subsequent termination of such Survival Period and any claim set forth in a Notice of Claim sent prior to the expiration of such Survival Period shall survive until final resolution thereof. Except as set forth in the immediately preceding sentence, no claim for indemnification under this *Article VII* shall be brought after the end of the Survival Period or the T/E Survival Period, as the case may be.

(c) **Deductible.** No amount shall be payable under *Article VII* unless and until the aggregate amount of all indemnifiable Losses otherwise payable exceeds \$1,400,000 (the *Deductible*), in which event the amount payable shall only be the full amount in excess of the amount of the Deductible, and, subject to the limitations set forth in *Section 7.5(c)*, all future amounts that become payable under *Section 7.1* from time to time thereafter.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Deductible shall not apply to Losses that arise out of (i) a breach of the representations and warranties in *Section 1.13(d)* or *Section 2.3*, or (ii) an T/E Indemnification Claim all of which shall be indemnifiable as to all Losses that so arise from the first dollar thereof. It is understood and agreed that to the extent that there are reserves in the Audited Financial Statements or Unaudited Financial Statements for any matter which may be a claim against the Company, any Losses shall first apply against any such applicable reserve and thereafter to the extent permitted herein against the Deductible.

(d) **Aggregate Amount Limitation.** The aggregate liability for Losses pursuant to *Section 7.1* shall not in any event exceed the Basic Escrow Shares in the case of Basic Indemnity Claims or the T/E Indemnity Shares in the case of Tax Indemnity Claims or Environmental Indemnity Claims and Delcorp shall have no claim against the Company's shareholders other than for any of such Escrow Shares (and any proceeds of the shares or distributions with respect to the Escrow Shares).

7.5 Exclusive Remedy. Delcorp, on behalf of itself and the other Delcorp Indemnitees, hereby acknowledges and agrees that, from and after the Closing, the sole remedy of the Delcorp Indemnitees with respect to any and all claims for money damages arising out of or relating to this Agreement shall be pursuant and subject to the requirements of the indemnification provisions set forth in this *Article VII*. Notwithstanding any of the foregoing, nothing contained in this *Article VII* shall in any way impair, modify or otherwise limit a Delcorp Indemnitees right to bring any claim, demand or suit against the other party based upon such other party's actual fraud or intentional or willful misrepresentation or omission, it being understood that a mere breach of a representation and warranty, without intentional or willful misrepresentation or omission, does not constitute fraud.

7.6 Adjustment to Merger Consideration. Amounts paid for indemnification under *Article VII* shall be deemed to be an adjustment to the value of the shares of Delcorp Common Stock issued by Delcorp as a result of the Merger, except as otherwise required by Law.

7.7 Representative Capacities; Application of Escrow Shares. The parties acknowledge that the Representative's obligations under this *Article VII* are solely as a representative of the Company's stockholders in the manner set forth in the Escrow Agreement with respect to the obligations to indemnify Delcorp under this *Article VII* and that the Representative shall have no personal responsibility for any expenses incurred by him in such capacity and that all payments to Delcorp as a result of such indemnification obligations shall be made solely from, and to the extent of, the Escrow Shares. Out-of-pocket expenses of the Representative for attorneys' fees and other costs shall be borne in the first instance by Delcorp, which may make a claim for reimbursement thereof against the Escrow Shares upon the claim with respect to which such expenses are incurred becoming an Established Claim (as defined in the Escrow Agreement). The parties further acknowledge that all actions to be taken by Delcorp pursuant to this *Article VII* shall

be taken on its behalf by the Committee in accordance with the provisions of the Escrow Agreement. The Escrow Agent, pursuant to the Escrow Agreement after the Closing, may apply all or a portion of the Escrow Shares to satisfy any claim for

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indemnification pursuant to this *Article VII*. The Escrow Agent will hold the remaining portion of the Escrow Shares until final resolution of all claims for indemnification or disputes relating thereto.

7.8 Tax Benefits. The amount of any Losses for which indemnification is provided shall be reduced by any net Tax benefit to such indemnified party and its Affiliates, to the extent realized by such party as a result of such Losses, including the present value (determined by discounting at 8%) of the benefit arising from an increase in the Tax basis of assets, net of any Tax costs incurred by the indemnified party as a result of the receipt of the indemnification payments hereunder. In calculating the amount of net Tax benefit, the indemnified party and its Affiliates shall be presumed to pay Taxes at a forty percent (40%) Tax rate. The indemnified party shall provide the indemnifying party with such documentation as may be reasonably requested in order to ascertain or confirm the amount of any net Tax benefit or net Tax cost referred to herein.

7.9 Mitigation. A Delcorp Indemnitee shall use commercially reasonable efforts to mitigate Losses suffered, incurred or sustained by it arising out of any matter for which it is entitled to indemnification hereunder; provided that no Delcorp Indemnitee shall be required to (i) take any action or refrain from taking any action that is contrary to any applicable Contract, order or law binding on it or any Affiliate thereof or (ii) incur any out-of-pocket expense in connection with such mitigation (other than de minimus incidental expenses).

7.10 No Double Recovery. To the extent that any of the items or matters that would otherwise constitute a Loss pursuant to Section 7.1(b) of this Agreement have been incurred and have already been incorporated in the calculation of EBITDA for the purposes of Section 1.18 of this Agreement, such items or matters shall not also be a Loss for purposes of indemnity under this Article VII and shall not apply against the Deductible. Conversely, to the extent any Loss has been incurred that has applied against the Deductible or has been indemnified, such Loss shall not be included in the calculation of EBITDA for the purposes of *Section 1.18* of this Agreement.

ARTICLE VIII TERMINATION

8.1 Termination. This Agreement may be terminated at any time prior to the Closing:

(a) by mutual written agreement of Delcorp and the Company at any time;

(b) by either Delcorp or the Company if the Merger shall not have been consummated by October 3, 2008 for any reason; provided, however, that the right to terminate this Agreement under this *Section 8.1(b)* shall not be available to any party whose action or failure to act has been a principal cause of or resulted in the failure of the Merger to occur on or before such date and such action or failure to act constitutes a breach of this Agreement;

(c) by either Delcorp or the Company if a Governmental Entity shall have issued an order, decree, judgment or ruling or taken any other action, in any case having the effect of permanently restraining, enjoining or otherwise prohibiting the Merger, which order, decree, ruling or other action is final and nonappealable;

(d) by the Company, upon a material breach of any representation, warranty, covenant or agreement on the part of Delcorp set forth in this Agreement, or if any representation or warranty of Delcorp shall have become untrue, in either case such that the conditions set forth in *Article VI* would not be satisfied as of the time of such breach or as of the time such representation or warranty shall have become untrue, provided, that if such breach by Delcorp is curable by Delcorp prior to the Closing Date, then the Company may not terminate this Agreement under this *Section 8.1(d)* for thirty (30) days after delivery of written notice from the Company to Delcorp of such breach, provided Delcorp continues to exercise commercially reasonable efforts to cure such breach (it being understood that the Company may not terminate this Agreement pursuant to this *Section 8.1(d)* if it shall have materially breached this Agreement or if such breach by Delcorp is cured during such thirty (30)-day period);

(e) by Delcorp, upon a material breach of any representation, warranty, covenant or agreement on the part of the Company set forth in this Agreement, or if any representation or warranty of the Company shall have become untrue, in either case such that the conditions set forth in *Article VI* would not be

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satisfied as of the time of such breach or as of the time such representation or warranty shall have become untrue, provided, that if such breach is curable by the Company prior to the Closing Date, then Delcorp may not terminate this Agreement under this *Section 8.1(e)* for thirty (30) days after delivery of written notice from Delcorp to the Company of such breach, provided the Company continues to exercise commercially reasonable efforts to cure such breach (it being understood that Delcorp may not terminate this Agreement pursuant to this *Section 8.1(e)* if it shall have materially breached this Agreement or if such breach by the Company is cured during such thirty (30)-day period);

(f) by either Delcorp or the Company, if, at the Special Meeting (including any adjournments thereof), this Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereby shall fail to be approved and adopted by the affirmative vote of the holders of Delcorp Common Stock required under Delcorp's certificate of incorporation, or the holders of 20% or more of the number of shares of Delcorp Common Stock issued in Delcorp's initial public offering and outstanding as of the date of the record date of the Special Meeting exercise their rights to convert the shares of Delcorp Common Stock held by them into cash in accordance with Delcorp's certificate of incorporation; or

(g) by the Company if the Special Meeting is not called to be held within thirty (30) days after the declaration by the SEC of the effectiveness of the Registration Statement.

8.2 Notice of Termination; Effect of Termination. Any termination of this Agreement under *Section 8.1* above will be effective immediately upon (or, if the termination is pursuant to *Section 8.1(d)* or *Section 8.1(e)* and the proviso therein is applicable, thirty (30) days after) the delivery of written notice of the terminating party to the other parties hereto. In the event of the termination of this Agreement as provided in *Section 8.1*, this Agreement shall be of no further force or effect and the Merger shall be abandoned, except for and subject to the following: (i) *Sections 5.6, 5.13, 8.2 and 8.3* and *Article X* (General Provisions) shall survive the termination of this Agreement, and (ii) nothing herein shall relieve any party from liability for any breach of this Agreement, including a breach by a party electing to terminate this Agreement pursuant to *Section 8.1(b)* caused by the action or failure to act of such party constituting a principal cause of or resulting in the failure of the Merger to occur on or before the date stated therein.

8.3 Fees and Expenses. All fees and expenses incurred in connection with this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby shall be paid by the party incurring such expenses whether or not the Merger is consummated.

ARTICLE IX

DEFINED TERMS

Terms defined in this Agreement are organized alphabetically as follows, together with the Section and, where applicable, paragraph, number in which definition of each such term is located:

<i>Affiliate</i>	Section 10.2(f)
<i>Agreement</i>	Section 1.2
<i>Applicable Nevada Law</i>	Section 1.3
<i>Approvals</i>	Section 2.1(a)
<i>Articles of Merger</i>	Section 1.2
<i>Audited Financial Statements</i>	Section 2.7(a)
<i>Base Distribution</i>	Section 5.24(b)
<i>Base Shares</i>	Section 1.5(b)
<i>Basic Escrow Termination Date</i>	Section 1.11
<i>Basic Survival Period</i>	Section 7.4(a)
<i>Blue Sky Laws</i>	Section 1.13(c)
<i>Certificate of Merger</i>	Section 1.2
<i>Charter Amendment</i>	Section 5.1(a)
<i>Charter Documents</i>	Section 2.1(a)
<i>Closing</i>	Section 1.2
<i>Closing Date</i>	Section 1.2

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<i>Closing Form 8-K</i>	Section 5.4
<i>Code</i>	Recital C
<i>Company</i>	Heading
<i>Company Certificates</i>	Section 1.5(b)
<i>Company Closing Certificate</i>	Section 6.3(a)
<i>Company Common Stock</i>	Section 1.5(a)
<i>Company Contracts</i>	Section 2.19(a)
<i>Company Intellectual Property</i>	Section 2.18
<i>Company Products</i>	Section 2.18
<i>Company Registered Intellectual Property</i>	Section 2.18
<i>Company Schedule</i>	Article II Preamble
<i>Company Stock Options</i>	Section 2.3(a)
<i>Continental</i>	Section 1.11
<i>Copyrights</i>	Section 2.18
<i>Corporate Records</i>	Section 2.1(c)
<i>DGCL</i>	Recital A
<i>Deductible</i>	Section 7.4(c)
<i>Delcorp</i>	Heading
<i>Delcorp Closing Certificate</i>	Section 6.2(a)
<i>Delcorp Common Stock</i>	Section 1.5(a)
<i>Delcorp Contracts</i>	Section 3.19(a)

<i>Delcorp Convertible Securities</i>	Section 3.3(b)
<i>Delcorp Indemnitees</i>	Section 7.1
<i>Delcorp Plan</i>	Section 5.1(a)
<i>Delcorp Preferred Stock</i>	Section 3.3(a)
<i>Delcorp SEC Reports</i>	Section 3.7(a)
<i>Delcorp Schedule</i>	Article III Preamble
<i>Delcorp Stock Options</i>	Section 3.3(b)
<i>Delcorp Stockholder Approval</i>	Section 5.1(a)
<i>Delcorp Warrants</i>	Section 3.3(b)
<i>Disclosure Schedules</i>	Section 5.14
<i>Dissenter</i>	Section 1.17(a)
<i>Dissenting Shares</i>	Section 1.17(b)
<i>Distribution Holdback</i>	Section 5.24(b)
<i>EBITDA</i>	Section 1.18(c)
<i>EBITDA Shares</i>	Section 1.18(c)
<i>Effect of the Merger</i>	Section 1.3
<i>Effective Time</i>	Section 1.2
<i>Environmental Indemnification Claim</i>	Section 1.11
<i>Environmental Law</i>	Section 2.16(b)
<i>Escrow Agreement</i>	Section 1.11
<i>Escrow Termination Date</i>	Section 1.11
<i>Escrow Shares</i>	Section 1.11
<i>Exchange Act</i>	Section 1.11
<i>FINRA</i>	Section 3.23
<i>Foreign Managers</i>	Section 2.3(a)
<i>Governmental Action/Filing</i>	Section 2.21
<i>Governmental Entity</i>	Section 1.13(c)
<i>Hazardous Substance</i>	Section 2.16(c)
<i>HSR Act</i>	Section 2.5(b)
<i>Insider</i>	Section 2.19(a)(i)
<i>Insurance Policies</i>	Section 2.20

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<i>Intellectual Property</i>	Section 2.18
<i>Knowledge</i>	Section 10.2(d)
<i>Legal Requirements</i>	Section 10.2(b)
<i>Lien</i>	Section 10.2(e)
<i>Losses</i>	Section 7.1(b)
<i>Material Adverse Effect</i>	Section 10.2(a)
<i>Material Company Contracts</i>	Section 2.19(a)
<i>Merger</i>	Section 1.1
<i>NGCL</i>	Recital A
<i>Notice of Claim</i>	Section 7.2(a)
<i>OTC BB</i>	Section 3.23
<i>Outstanding Company Stock Number</i>	Section 1.5(a)
<i>Patents</i>	Section 2.18
<i>Person</i>	Section 10.2(c)
<i>Personal Property</i>	Section 2.14(b)

<i>Plans</i>	Section 2.11(a)
<i>Press Release</i>	Section 5.4(a)
<i>Proxy Statement/Prospectus</i>	Section 5.1(a)
<i>Registered Intellectual Property</i>	Section 2.18
<i>Registration Statement</i>	Section 5.1
<i>Representative</i>	Section 1.14(b)
<i>Returns</i>	Section 2.15(b)(i)
<i>Securities Act</i>	Section 1.13(b)
<i>Special Meeting</i>	Section 5.1(a)
<i>Signing Form 8-K</i>	Section 5.4
<i>Signing Press Release</i>	Section 5.4
<i>Signing Shareholder/Signing Shareholders</i>	Heading
<i>Stub Period</i>	Section 5.24(a)
<i>Stub Period Taxable Income</i>	Section 5.24(a)
<i>Subsidiary/Subsidiaries</i>	Section 2.2
<i>Survival Period</i>	Section 7.4(b)
<i>Surviving Corporation</i>	Section 1.1
<i>Tax/Taxes</i>	Section 2.15(a)
<i>Tax Distributions</i>	Section 5.24(a)
<i>Tax Indemnification Claim</i>	Section 1.11
<i>T/E Indemnity Shares</i>	Section 1.11
<i>T/E Survival Period</i>	Section 7.4(a)
<i>T/E Termination Date</i>	Section 1.11
<i>Third Party Claim</i>	Section 7.2
<i>Trademarks</i>	Section 2.18
<i>Trust Fund</i>	Section 3.25
<i>U.S. GAAP</i>	Section 2.7(a)
<i>Unaudited Financial Statements</i>	Section 2.7(b)

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ARTICLE X GENERAL PROVISIONS

10.1 **Notices.** All notices and other communications hereunder shall be in writing and shall be deemed given if delivered personally or by commercial delivery service, or sent via telecopy (receipt confirmed) to the parties at the following addresses or telecopy numbers (or at such other address or telecopy numbers for a party as shall be specified by like notice):

if to Delcorp, to:

Rhapsody Acquisition Corp.
825 Third Avenue, 40th Floor
New York, New York 10022
Attention: Eric Rosenfeld
Telephone: 212-319-7676
Telecopy: 212-319-0760
E-mail: erosenfeld@crescendopartners.com

with a copy to:

David Alan Miller, Esq.
Graubard Miller
405 Lexington Avenue
New York, New York 10174-1901
Telephone: 212-818-8880
Telecopy: 212-818-8881
Email: dmillergraubard.com

if to the Company or
Signing Shareholders, to:

John M. Perisich
Primoris Corporation
26000 Commercecentre Drive
Lake Forest, CA 92630
Telephone: 949 454-7110
Telecopy: 949 599-5532
E-mail: JPerisich@arbinc.com

with a copy to:

Rutan & Tucker, LLP
611 Anton Boulevard, Suite 1400
Costa Mesa, CA 92626-5100
Attention: George J. Wall, Esq.
Telephone: 714 662-4673
Telecopier No.: 714-546-9035
E-mail: gwallrutan.com

10.2 Interpretation. The definitions of the terms herein shall apply equally to the singular and plural forms of the terms defined. Whenever the context shall require, any pronoun shall include the corresponding masculine, feminine and neuter forms. When a reference is made in this Agreement to an Exhibit or Schedule, such reference shall be to an Exhibit or Schedule to this Agreement unless otherwise indicated. When a reference is made in this Agreement to Sections or subsections, such reference shall be to a Section or subsection of this Agreement. Unless otherwise indicated the words include, includes and including when used herein shall be deemed in each case to be followed by the words without limitation. The table of contents and headings contained in this Agreement are for reference purposes only and shall not affect in any way the meaning or interpretation of this Agreement. When reference is made herein to the business of an entity, such reference shall be deemed to include the business of all direct and indirect Subsidiaries of such entity. Reference to the Subsidiaries of an entity shall be deemed to include all direct and indirect Subsidiaries of such entity. For purposes of this Agreement:

(a) the term *Material Adverse Effect* when used in connection with an entity means any change, event, violation, inaccuracy, circumstance or effect, individually or when aggregated with other changes, events, violations, inaccuracies, circumstances or effects, that is materially adverse to the business, assets (including intangible assets), revenues, financial condition or results of operations of such entity, it being

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understood that none of the following alone or in combination shall be deemed, in and of itself, to constitute a Material Adverse Effect: (i) changes attributable to the public announcement or pendency of the transactions contemplated hereby, (ii) changes in general national or regional economic conditions, or (iii) any SEC rulemaking requiring enhanced disclosure of reverse merger transactions with a public shell;

(b) the term *Legal Requirements* means any federal, state, local, municipal, foreign or other law, statute, constitution, principle of common law, resolution, ordinance, code, edict, decree, rule, regulation, ruling or requirement issued, enacted, adopted, promulgated, implemented or otherwise put into effect by or under the authority of any Governmental Entity and all requirements set forth in applicable Company Contracts or Delcorp Contracts;

(c) the term *Person* shall mean any individual, corporation (including any non-profit corporation), general partnership, limited partnership, limited liability partnership, joint venture, estate, trust, company (including any limited liability company or joint stock company), firm or other enterprise, association, organization, entity or Governmental Entity;

(d) the term *knowledge* means actual knowledge or awareness as to a specified fact or event of Brian Pratt, John Schauerman, John Perisich and Alfons Theeuwes;

(e) the term *Lien* means any mortgage, pledge, security interest, encumbrance, lien, restriction or charge of any kind (including, without limitation, any conditional sale or other title retention agreement or lease in the nature thereof, any sale with recourse against the seller or any Affiliate of the seller, or any agreement to give any security interest);

(f) the term *Affiliate* means, as applied to any Person, any other Person directly or indirectly controlling, controlled by or under direct or indirect common control with, such Person. For purposes of this definition, control (including with correlative meanings, the terms controlling, controlled by and under common control with), as applied to any Person, means the possession, directly or indirectly, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of such Person, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract or otherwise; and

(g) all monetary amounts set forth herein are referenced in United States dollars, unless otherwise noted.

10.3 Counterparts; Facsimile Signatures. This Agreement and each other document executed in connection with the transactions contemplated hereby, and the consummation thereof, may be executed in one or more counterparts, all of which shall be considered one and the same document and shall become effective when one or more counterparts have been signed by each of the parties and delivered to the other party, it being understood that all parties need not sign the same counterpart. Delivery by facsimile to counsel for the other party of a counterpart executed by a party shall be deemed to meet the requirements of the previous sentence.

10.4 Entire Agreement; Third Party Beneficiaries. This Agreement and the documents and instruments and other agreements among the parties hereto as contemplated by or referred to herein, including the Exhibits and Schedules hereto (a) constitute the entire agreement among the parties with respect to the subject matter hereof and supersede all prior agreements and understandings, both written and oral, among the parties with respect to the subject matter hereof, it being understood that the letter of intent between Delcorp and the Company dated January 14, 2008 is hereby terminated in its entirety and shall be of no further force and effect (except to the extent expressly stated to survive the execution of this Agreement and the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby); and (b) are not intended to confer upon any other person any rights or remedies hereunder (except as specifically provided in this Agreement).

10.5 Severability. In the event that any provision of this Agreement, or the application thereof, becomes or is declared by a court of competent jurisdiction to be illegal, void or unenforceable, the remainder of this Agreement will continue in full force and effect and the application of such provision to other persons or circumstances will be interpreted so as reasonably to effect the intent of the parties hereto. The parties

further agree to replace such void or unenforceable provision of this Agreement with a valid and enforceable provision that will achieve, to the extent possible, the economic, business and other purposes of such void or unenforceable provision.

10.6 Other Remedies; Specific Performance. Except as otherwise provided herein, any and all remedies herein expressly conferred upon a party will be deemed cumulative with and not exclusive of any other remedy conferred hereby, or by law or equity upon such party, and the exercise by a party of any one remedy will not preclude the exercise of any other remedy. The parties hereto agree that irreparable damage would occur in the event that any of the provisions of this Agreement were not performed in accordance with their specific terms or were otherwise breached. It is accordingly agreed that the parties shall be entitled to seek an injunction or injunctions to prevent breaches of this Agreement and to enforce specifically the terms and provisions hereof in any court of the United States or any state having jurisdiction, this being in addition to any other remedy to which they are entitled at law or in equity.

10.7 Governing Law. This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the law of the State of Delaware regardless of the law that might otherwise govern under applicable principles of conflicts of law thereof.

10.8 Rules of Construction. The parties hereto agree that they have been represented by counsel during the negotiation and execution of this Agreement and, therefore, waive the application of any law, regulation, holding or rule of construction providing that ambiguities in an agreement or other document will be construed against the party drafting such agreement or document.

10.9 Assignment. No party may assign either this Agreement or any of its rights, interests, or obligations hereunder without the prior written approval of the other parties. Subject to the first sentence of this *Section 10.9*, this Agreement shall be binding upon and shall inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and their respective successors and permitted assigns.

10.10 Amendment. This Agreement may be amended by the parties hereto at any time by execution of an instrument in writing signed on behalf of each of the parties.

10.11 Extension; Waiver. At any time prior to the Closing, any party hereto may, to the extent legally allowed, (i) extend the time for the performance of any of the obligations or other acts of the other parties hereto, (ii) waive any inaccuracies in the representations and warranties made to such party contained herein or in any document delivered pursuant hereto and (iii) waive compliance with any of the agreements or conditions for the benefit of such party contained herein. Any agreement on the part of a party hereto to any such extension or waiver shall be valid only if set forth in an instrument in writing signed on behalf of such party. Delay in exercising any right under this Agreement shall not constitute a waiver of such right.

10.12 Arbitration. Except as otherwise provided in this Agreement, any controversy or claim arising out of or relating to this Agreement or the breach thereof shall be settled by arbitration in Orange County, California.

(a) **Judicial Arbitration and Mediation Services.** The arbitration shall be administered by Judicial Arbitration and Mediation Services (*JAMS*) in its Orange County, California, office.

(b) **Arbitrator.** The arbitrator shall be a retired superior or appellate court judge of the State of California affiliated with JAMS. The award of the arbitrator shall be binding, final, and nonappealable.

(c) **Provisional Remedies and Appeals.** Each of the parties reserves the right to file with a court of competent jurisdiction an application for temporary or preliminary injunctive relief, writ of attachment, writ of possession, temporary protective order and/or appointment of a receiver on the grounds that the arbitration award to which the applicant may be entitled may be rendered ineffectual in the absence of such relief.

(d) **Enforcement of Judgment.** Judgment upon the award rendered by the arbitrator may be entered in any court having jurisdiction thereof.

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(e) **Discovery.** The parties may obtain discovery in aid of the arbitration to the fullest extent permitted under law, including California Code of Civil Procedure Section 1283.05. All discovery disputes shall be resolved by the arbitrator.

(f) **Consolidation.** Any arbitration hereunder may be consolidated by JAMS with the arbitration of any other dispute arising out of or relating to the same subject matter when the arbitrator determines that there is a common issue of law or fact creating the possibility of conflicting rulings by more than one arbitrator. Any disputes over which arbitrator shall hear any consolidated matter shall be resolved by JAMS.

(g) **Power and Authority of Arbitrator.** The arbitrator shall not have any power to alter, amend, modify or change any of the terms of this Agreement nor to grant any remedy which is either prohibited by the terms of this Agreement, or not available in a court of law.

(h) **Governing Law.** All questions in respect of procedure to be followed in conducting the arbitration as well as the enforceability of this Agreement to arbitrate which may be resolved by state law shall be resolved according to the law of the state of California. Any action brought to enforce the provisions of this Section shall be brought in the Orange County Superior Court. All other questions in respect to this Agreement, including but not limited to the interpretation, enforcement of this Agreement (other than the right to arbitrate), and the rights, duties and liabilities of the parties to this Agreement shall be governed by California law.

(i) **Costs.** The costs of the arbitration, including any JAMS administration fee, and arbitrator's fee, and costs of the use of facilities during the hearings, shall be borne equally by the parties in the first instance. Upon issuance of an award, costs shall be awarded to the prevailing party.

(j) **Attorneys Fees.** If a party to this Agreement shall bring any action, suit, counterclaim, appeal, arbitration, or mediation for any relief against the other parties, declaratory or otherwise, to enforce the terms hereof or to declare rights hereunder (referred to herein as an *Action*), the non-prevailing party in such Action shall pay to the prevailing party in such Action a reasonable sum for the prevailing party's attorneys' fees and expenses (at the prevailing party's attorneys' then-current rates, as increased from time to time by the giving of advance written notice by such counsel to such party) incurred in prosecuting or defending such Action and/or enforcing any judgment, order, ruling or award (referred to herein as a *Decision*), granted therein, all of which shall be deemed to have accrued from the commencement of such Action, and shall be paid whether or not such Action is prosecuted to a Decision. Any Decision entered into in such Action shall contain a specific provision providing for the recovery of attorneys' fees and expenses incurred in enforcing such Decision. The court or arbitrator may fix the amount of reasonable attorneys' fees and expenses upon the request of any party. For purposes of this Section, attorneys' fees shall include, without limitation, fees incurred in connection with (1) postjudgment motions and collection actions, (2) contempt proceedings, (3) garnishment, levy and debtor and third party examination, (4) discovery and (5) bankruptcy litigation.

10.13 **Currency.** All references to currency amounts in this Agreement shall mean United States dollars.

10.14 **Power of Attorney; Proxy.** Each Signing Shareholder hereby appoints Brian Pratt and John P. Schauerman, and each of them acting without the other, as his, her or its (a) true and lawful attorney-in-fact to execute and deliver, in his, her or its name, place and stead, in any and all capacities, any and all amendments to this Agreement and any and all other agreements, instruments and other documents deemed necessary or desirable by such attorney-in-fact to

effectuate the transactions contemplated by this Agreement, including the agreements in the forms of the exhibits hereto, and (b) proxy and hereby authorizes either of them to represent and to vote all shares of Company Common Stock owned by such Signing Shareholder in the manner such proxy deems desirable in his sole judgment on all matters pertaining to the transactions contemplated by this Agreement that may be presented to the holders of Company Common Stock for their vote or consent. The power-of-attorney granted herein is coupled with an interest and it and the proxy granted herein shall be irrevocable to the full extent allowed by applicable law.

[The Signature Page is the following page.]

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Agreement to be executed as of the date first written above.

RHAPSODY ACQUISITION CORP.

By: s/ Eric Rosenfeld
Eric Rosenfeld, Chairman, CEO and President
PRIMORIS CORPORATION

By: s/ Brian Pratt
Brian Pratt, Chief Executive Officer
SIGNING SHAREHOLDERS:

s/ Brian Pratt
Brian Pratt
Pratt Family Trust

By: s/ Arline Pratt
Arline Pratt, Trustee

By: Pratt Family Bypass Trust
s/ Arline Pratt
Arline Pratt, Trustee
s/ John P. Schauerman

John P. Schauerman

Summers Trust
By: s/ Scott E. Summers
Scott E. Summers, Trustee

s/ Timothy R. Healy

Timothy R. Healy

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Exhibits

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Exhibit B	Bylaws of Delcorp
Exhibit C	Outstanding Common Stock Number
Exhibit D	Form of Escrow Agreement
Exhibit E	Sample EBITDA Calculations
Exhibit F	Form of Voting Agreement
Exhibit G	Form of Lock-Up Agreement
Exhibit H	Form of Opinion of Graubard Miller
Exhibit I	Form of Employment Agreement for Brian Pratt
Exhibit J	Form of Employment Agreement for John Schauerman
Exhibit K	Form of Employment Agreement for John Perisich
Exhibit L	Form of Employment Agreement for Alfons Theeuwes
Exhibit M	Form of Employment Agreement for Scott Summers
Exhibit N	Form of Employment Agreement for Tim Healy
Exhibit O	Form of Employment Agreement for Mark Thurman
Exhibit P	Form of Employment Agreement for Dave Baker
Exhibit Q	Form of Employment Agreement for Bill McDevitt
Exhibit R	Form of Opinion of Rutan & Tucker, LLP

Schedules

Schedule 1.12	Affiliates of the Company
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SCHEDULE 1.12 RULE 145 AFFILIATES OF THE COMPANY

Directors

Brian Pratt

John Schauerman
Alfons Theeuwes
John Perisich
Scott Summers
Timothy Healy
Arline Pratt
Tony Leggio
Mark Thurman
David Baker
Mike McGowan
Martha Walda

Officers

Brian Pratt
John Schauerman
Alfons Theeuwes
John Perisich
Scott Summers
Timothy Healy
Mark Thurman
David Baker
Bill McDevitt

The inclusion of any Officer on this list is not an admission that such Officer is in fact an *Affiliate* for the purposes of Rule 145 promulgated under the Securities Act.

Significant Shareholders

Name	Shares Owned	Percent	
Brian Pratt	2,606	58.4	%
Pratt Family Trust	409	9.2	%
Pratt Family Bypass Trust	57	1.3	%

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DELCORP SCHEDULE
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**SCHEDULE 4.1
COMPANY AND DELCORP PERMITTED ACTIONS**

The Company has reduced the value on its balance sheet of its investment in ARB/Arendal during the 2007 fiscal year, by writing down its balance sheet value by \$3,588,000 to a value of \$0. This write down is due to the uncertainty of ARB/Arendal's ability to collect on a claim on an existing project.

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SCHEDULE 5.2 DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS OF DELCORP

Directors and officers of Delcorp will be determined by the parties prior to the Closing. Five directors shall be designated by the Company and the Signing Shareholders and two directors shall be designated by the current directors of Delcorp.

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SCHEDULE 6.2(i) DELCORP RESIGNATIONS

All officers of Delcorp in office immediately prior to the Closing shall resign from all of their positions as officers.

All directors of Delcorp in office immediately prior to the Closing other than those designated to be directors after the Closing shall resign from their directorships.

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Annex B

SECOND AMENDED AND RESTATED CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION OF RHAPSODY ACQUISITION CORP.

Pursuant to Section 245 of the Delaware General Corporation Law

RHAPSODY ACQUISITION CORP., a corporation existing under the laws of the State of Delaware (the Corporation), by its Chief Executive Officer, hereby certifies as follows:

1. The name of the Corporation is Rhapsody Acquisition Corp.
2. The Corporation's Certificate of Incorporation was filed in the office of the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on April 24, 2006.
3. This Second Amended Restated Certificate of Incorporation restates, integrates and amends the Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation.
4. This Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation was duly adopted by the vote of the holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of common stock of the Corporation in accordance with Section 245 and other applicable provisions of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware (GCL).
5. The text of the Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation, as heretofore amended and restated, is hereby amended and restated to read in full as follows:

FIRST: The name of the corporation is Primoris Corporation (hereinafter sometimes referred to as the Corporation).

SECOND: The registered office of the Corporation is located at 615 S. DuPont Hwy., Kent County, Dover, Delaware. The name of its registered agent at that address is National Corporate Research, Ltd.

THIRD: The purpose of the Corporation is to engage in any lawful act or activity for which corporations may be organized under the GCL.

FOURTH: The total number of shares of all classes of capital stock which the Corporation shall have authority to issue is 61,000,000 of which 60,000,000 shares shall be Common Stock of the par value of \$.0001 per share and 1,000,000 shares shall be Preferred Stock of the par value of \$.0001 per share.

A. *Preferred Stock.* The Board of Directors is expressly granted authority to issue shares of the Preferred Stock, in one or more series, and to fix for each such series such voting powers, full or limited, and such designations, preferences and relative, participating, optional or other special rights and such qualifications, limitations or restrictions thereof as shall be stated and expressed in the resolution or resolutions adopted by the Board of Directors providing for the issue of such series (a Preferred Stock Designation) and as may be permitted by the GCL. The number of authorized shares of Preferred Stock, or any class or series thereof, may be increased or decreased (but not below the number of shares thereof then outstanding) by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the voting power of all of the then outstanding shares of the capital stock of the Corporation entitled to vote generally in the election of directors, voting together as a single class, without a separate vote of the holders of the Preferred Stock, or any class or series thereof, unless a vote of any holders of Preferred Stock, or class or series thereof, is required pursuant to any Preferred Stock Designation.

B. *Common Stock.* Except as otherwise required by law or as otherwise provided in any Preferred Stock Designation, the holders of the Common Stock shall exclusively possess all voting power and each share of Common Stock shall have one vote.

FIFTH: The Corporation's existence shall be perpetual.

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SIXTH: The Board of Directors shall be divided into three classes: Class A, Class B and Class C. The number of directors in each class shall be as nearly equal as possible. The directors in Class A shall be elected for a term expiring

at the Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be held in 2009. The directors in Class B shall be elected for a term expiring at the Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be held in 2010. The directors in Class C shall be elected for a term expiring at the Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be held in 2011. Commencing at the 2009 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, and at each annual meeting thereafter, directors elected to succeed those directors whose terms expire shall be elected for a term of office to expire at the third succeeding annual meeting of stockholders after their election. Except as the

GCL may otherwise require, in the interim between annual meetings of stockholders or special meetings of stockholders called for the election of directors and/or the removal of one or more directors and the filling of any vacancy in that connection, newly created directorships and any vacancies in the Board of Directors, including unfilled vacancies resulting from the removal of directors for cause, may be filled by the vote of a majority of the remaining directors then in office, although less than a quorum (as defined in the Corporation's Bylaws), or by the sole remaining director. All directors shall hold office until the expiration of their respective terms of office and until their successors shall have been elected and qualified. A director elected to fill a vacancy resulting from the death, resignation or removal of a director shall serve for the remainder of the full term of the director whose death, resignation or removal shall have created such vacancy and until his successor shall have been elected and qualified.

SEVENTH: The following provisions are inserted for the management of the business and for the conduct of the affairs of the Corporation, and for further definition, limitation and regulation of the powers of the Corporation and of its directors and stockholders:

- A. Election of directors need not be by ballot unless the by-laws of the Corporation so provide.
- B. The Board of Directors shall have the power, without the assent or vote of the stockholders, to make, alter, amend, change, add to or repeal the by-laws of the Corporation as provided in the by-laws of the Corporation.
- C. The directors in their discretion may submit any contract or act for approval or ratification at any annual meeting of the stockholders or at any meeting of the stockholders called for the purpose of considering any such act or contract, and any contract or act that shall be approved or be ratified by the vote of the holders of a majority of the stock of the Corporation which is represented in person or by proxy at such meeting and entitled to vote thereat (provided that a lawful quorum of stockholders be there represented in person or by proxy) shall be as valid and binding upon the Corporation and upon all the stockholders as though it had been approved or ratified by every stockholder of the Corporation, whether or not the contract or act would otherwise be open to legal attack because of directors' interests, or for any other reason.
- D. In addition to the powers and authorities hereinbefore or by statute expressly conferred upon them, the directors are hereby empowered to exercise all such powers and do all such acts and things as may be exercised or done by the Corporation; subject, nevertheless, to the provisions of the statutes of Delaware, of this Certificate of Incorporation, and to any by-laws from time to time made by the stockholders; provided, however, that no by-law so made shall invalidate any prior act of the directors which would have been valid if such by-law had not been made.

EIGHTH: A. A director of the Corporation shall not be personally liable to the Corporation or its stockholders for monetary damages for breach of fiduciary duty as a director, except for liability (i) for any breach of the director's duty of loyalty to the Corporation or its stockholders, (ii) for acts or omissions not in good faith or which involve intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law, (iii) under Section 174 of the GCL, or (iv) for any transaction from which the director derived an improper personal benefit. If the GCL is amended to authorize corporate action further eliminating or limiting the personal liability of directors, then the liability of a director of the Corporation shall be eliminated or limited to the fullest extent permitted by the GCL, as so amended. Any repeal or modification of this paragraph A by the stockholders of the Corporation shall not adversely affect any right or protection of a director of the Corporation with respect to events occurring prior to the time of such repeal or modification.

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B. The Corporation, to the full extent permitted by Section 145 of the GCL, as amended from time to time, shall indemnify all persons whom it may indemnify pursuant thereto. Expenses (including attorneys' fees) incurred by an officer or director in defending any civil, criminal, administrative, or investigative action, suit or proceeding for which such officer or director may be entitled to indemnification hereunder shall be paid by the Corporation in advance of the final disposition of such action, suit or proceeding upon receipt of an undertaking by or on behalf of such director or officer to repay such amount if it shall ultimately be determined that such officer or director is not entitled to be indemnified by the Corporation as authorized hereby.

NINTH: Whenever a compromise or arrangement is proposed between this Corporation and its creditors or any class of them and/or between this Corporation and its stockholders or any class of them, any court of equitable jurisdiction within the State of Delaware may, on the application in a summary way of this Corporation or of any creditor or stockholder thereof or on the application of any receiver or receivers appointed for this Corporation under Section 291 of Title 8 of the Delaware Code or on the application of trustees in dissolution or of any receiver or receivers appointed for this Corporation under Section 279 of Title 8 of the Delaware Code order a meeting of the creditors or class of creditors, and/or of the stockholders or class of stockholders of this Corporation, as the case may be, to be summoned in such manner as the said court directs. If a majority in number representing three fourths in value of the creditors or class of creditors, and/or of the stockholders or class of stockholders of this Corporation, as the case may be, agree to any compromise or arrangement and to any reorganization of this Corporation as a consequence of such compromise or arrangement, the said compromise or arrangement and the said reorganization shall, if sanctioned by the court to which the said application has been made, be binding on all the creditors or class of creditors, and/or on all the stockholders or class of stockholders, of this Corporation, as the case may be, and also on this Corporation.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Corporation has caused this Second Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation to be signed by Eric S. Rosenfeld, its Chief Executive Officer, as of the ___ day of , 2008.

Eric S. Rosenfeld, Chief Executive Officer

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Annex C

**PRIMORIS CORPORATION
(formerly known as Rhapsody Acquisition Corp.)**

2008 LONG-TERM INCENTIVE EQUITY PLAN

Section 1. Purpose; Definitions.

1.1. **Purpose.** The purpose of the 2008 Long-Term Incentive Equity Plan (*Plan*) is to enable the Company to offer to its employees, officers, directors and consultants whose past, present and/or potential contributions to the Company and its Subsidiaries have been, are or will be important to the success of the Company, an opportunity to acquire a proprietary interest in the Company. The various types of long-term incentive awards that may be provided under the Plan will enable the Company to respond to changes in compensation practices, tax laws, accounting regulations and the size and diversity of its businesses.

1.2. **Definitions.** For purposes of the Plan, the following terms shall be defined as set forth below:

- (a) *Agreement* means the agreement between the Company and the Holder, or such other document as may be determined by the Committee, setting forth the terms and conditions of an award under the Plan.
- (b) *Board* means the Board of Directors of the Company.
- (c) *Code* means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended from time to time.
- (d) *Committee* means the Compensation Committee of the Board or any other committee of the Board that the Board may designate to administer the Plan or any portion thereof. If no Committee is so designated, then all references in this Plan to *Committee* shall mean the Board.
- (e) *Common Stock* means the Common Stock of the Company, par value \$.0001 per share.
- (f) *Company* means Primoris Corporation, a corporation organized under the law of the State of Delaware originally under the name of *Rhapsody Acquisition Corp.*
- (g) [Intentionally omitted.]
- (h) *Disability* means physical or mental impairment as determined under procedures established by the Committee for purposes of the Plan.
- (i) *Effective Date* means the date determined pursuant to *Section 13.1.*
- (j) *Fair Market Value* , unless otherwise required by any applicable provision of the Code or any regulations issued thereunder, means, as of any given date: (i) if the Common Stock is listed on a national securities exchange or the Nasdaq Stock Market, the last sale price of the Common Stock in the principal trading market for the Common Stock on such date, as reported by the exchange or Nasdaq, as the case may be; (ii) if the Common Stock is not listed on a national securities exchange or the Nasdaq Stock Market, but is traded in the over-the-counter market, the closing bid price for the Common Stock on such date, as reported by the OTC Bulletin Board or Pink Sheets, LLC or similar publisher of such quotations; and (iii) if the fair market value of the Common Stock cannot be determined pursuant to clause (i) or (ii) above, such price as the Committee shall determine, in good faith.
- (k) *Holder* means a person who has received an award under the Plan.
- (l) *Incentive Stock Option* means any Stock Option intended to be and designated as an *Incentive Stock Option* within the meaning of Section 422 of the Code.
- (m) *Non-qualified Stock Option* means any Stock Option that is not an Incentive Stock Option.
- (n) *Normal Retirement* means retirement from active employment with the Company or any Subsidiary on or after such age which may be designated by the Committee as *retirement age* for any particular Holder. If no age is designated, it shall be 65.
- (o) *Other Stock-Based Award* means an award under *Section 9* that is valued in whole or in part by reference to, or is otherwise based upon, Common Stock.

- (p) *Parent* means any present or future parent corporation of the Company, as such term is defined in Section 424(e) of the Code.
- (q) *Plan* means the Primoris Corporation 2008 Long-Term Incentive Equity Plan, as hereinafter amended from time to time.
- (r) *Repurchase Value* shall mean the Fair Market Value if the award to be settled under *Section 2.2(e)* or repurchased under *Section 10.2* is comprised of shares of Common Stock and the difference between Fair Market Value and the Exercise Price (if lower than Fair Market Value) if the award is a Stock Option or Stock Appreciation Right; in each case, multiplied by the number of shares subject to the award.
- (s) *Restricted Stock* means Common Stock received under an award made pursuant to *Section 7* that is subject to restrictions under *Section 7*.
- (t) *SAR Value* means the excess of the Fair Market Value (on the exercise date) over the exercise price that the participant would have otherwise had to pay to exercise the related Stock Option, multiplied by the number of shares for which the Stock Appreciation Right is exercised.
- (u) *Stock Appreciation Right* means the right to receive from the Company, on surrender of all or part of the related Stock Option, without a cash payment to the Company, a number of shares of Common Stock equal to the SAR Value divided by the Fair Market Value (on the exercise date).
- (v) *Stock Option or Option* means any option to purchase shares of Common Stock which is granted pursuant to the Plan.
- (w) *Subsidiary* means any present or future subsidiary corporation of the Company, as such term is defined in Section 424(f) of the Code.
- (x) *Vest* means to become exercisable or to otherwise obtain ownership rights in an award.

Section 2. Administration.

2.1. Committee Membership. The Plan shall be administered by the Board or a committee of the Board. Committee members shall serve for such term as the Board may in each case determine, and shall be subject to removal at any time by the Board. If the administration is to be conducted by a Committee, then the Committee members, to the extent possible and deemed to be appropriate by the Board, shall be non-employee directors as defined in Rule 16b-3 promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (Exchange Act), and outside directors within the meaning of Section 162(m) of the Code. If it is not possible or appropriate to have a Committee consisting of all non-employee/outside directors, then the Plan shall be administered by the Board.

2.2. Powers of Committee. The Committee shall have full authority to award, pursuant to the terms of the Plan: (i) Stock Options, (ii) Stock Appreciation Rights, (iii) Restricted Stock, and/or (iv) Other Stock-Based Awards. For purposes of illustration and not of limitation, the Committee shall have the authority (subject to the express provisions of this Plan):

- (a) to select the officers, employees, directors and consultants of the Company or any Subsidiary to whom Stock Options, Stock Appreciation Rights, Restricted Stock and/or Other Stock-Based Awards may from time to time be awarded hereunder.

(b) to determine the terms and conditions, not inconsistent with the terms of the Plan, of any award granted hereunder (including, but not limited to, number of shares, share exercise price or types of consideration paid upon exercise of such options, such as other securities of the Company or other property, any restrictions or limitations, and any vesting, exchange, surrender, cancellation, acceleration, termination, exercise or forfeiture provisions, as the Committee shall determine);

(c) to determine any specified performance goals or such other factors or criteria which need to be attained for the vesting of an award granted hereunder;

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(d) to determine the terms and conditions under which awards granted hereunder are to operate on a tandem basis and/or in conjunction with or apart from other equity awarded under this Plan and cash and non-cash awards made by the Company or any Subsidiary outside of this Plan; and

(e) to make payments and distributions with respect to awards (*i.e.*, to settle awards) through cash payments in an amount equal to the Repurchase Value.

The Committee may not modify or amend any outstanding Option or Stock Appreciation Right to reduce the exercise price of such Option or Stock Appreciation Right, as applicable, below the exercise price as of the date of grant of such Option or Stock Appreciation Right. In addition, no Option or Stock Appreciation Right may be granted in exchange for, or in connection with, the cancellation or surrender of an Option or Stock Appreciation Right or other award having a lower exercise price.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary, the Committee shall not grant to any one Holder in any one calendar year awards for more than _____ shares in the aggregate.

2.3. Interpretation of Plan.

(a) **Committee Authority.** Subject to *Section 12*, the Committee shall have the authority to adopt, alter and repeal such administrative rules, guidelines and practices governing the Plan as it shall from time to time deem advisable to interpret the terms and provisions of the Plan and any award issued under the Plan (and to determine the form and substance of all agreements relating thereto), and to otherwise supervise the administration of the Plan. Subject to *Section 12*, all decisions made by the Committee pursuant to the provisions of the Plan shall be made in the Committee's sole discretion and shall be final and binding upon all persons, including the Company, its Subsidiaries and Holders.

(b) **Incentive Stock Options.** Anything in the Plan to the contrary notwithstanding, no term or provision of the Plan relating to Incentive Stock Options (including but not limited to Stock Appreciation rights granted in conjunction with an Incentive Stock Option) or any Agreement providing for Incentive Stock Options shall be interpreted, amended or altered, nor shall any discretion or authority granted under the Plan be so exercised, so as to disqualify the Plan under Section 422 of the Code or, without the consent of the Holder(s) affected, to disqualify any Incentive Stock Option under such Section 422.

Section 3. Stock Subject to Plan.

3.1. **Number of Shares.** Subject to the last sentence of *Section 7.1*, the total number of shares of Common Stock reserved and available for issuance under the Plan shall be 1,520,000 shares. Shares of Common Stock under the Plan

(*Shares*) may consist, in whole or in part, of authorized and unissued shares or treasury shares. If any shares of Common Stock that have been granted pursuant to a Stock Option cease to be subject to a Stock Option, or if any shares of Common Stock that are subject to any Stock Appreciation Right, Restricted Stock award or Other Stock-Based Award granted hereunder are forfeited or any such award otherwise terminates without a payment being made to the Holder in the form of Common Stock, such shares shall again be available for distribution in connection with future grants and awards under the Plan. If a Holder pays the exercise price of a Stock Option by surrendering any previously owned shares and/or arranges to have the appropriate number of shares otherwise issuable upon exercise withheld to cover the withholding tax liability associated with the Stock Option exercise, then, in the Committee's discretion, the number of shares available under the Plan may be increased by the lesser of (i) the number of such surrendered shares and shares used to pay taxes; and (ii) the number of shares purchased under such Stock Option.

3.2. Adjustment Upon Changes in Capitalization, Etc. In the event of any common stock dividend payable on shares of Common Stock, Common Stock split or reverse split, combination or exchange of shares of Common Stock, or other extraordinary or unusual event which results in a change in the shares of Common Stock of the Company as a whole, the Committee shall determine, in its sole discretion, whether such change equitably requires an adjustment in the terms of any award in order to prevent dilution or enlargement of the benefits available under the Plan (including number of shares subject to the award and the exercise price) or the aggregate number of shares reserved for issuance under the Plan. Any such adjustments will be made by the Committee, whose determination will be final, binding and conclusive.

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Section 4. Eligibility.

Awards may be made or granted to employees, officers, directors and consultants who are deemed to have rendered or to be able to render significant services to the Company or its Subsidiaries and who are deemed to have contributed or to have the potential to contribute to the success of the Company and which recipients are qualified to receive options under the regulations governing Form S-8 registration statements under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (*Securities Act*). No Incentive Stock Option shall be granted to any person who is not an employee of the Company or an employee of a Subsidiary at the time of grant or so qualified as set forth in the immediately preceding sentence.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, an award may also be made or granted to a person in connection with his hiring or retention, or at any time on or after the date he reaches an agreement (oral or written) with the Company with respect to such hiring or retention, even though it may be prior to the date the person first performs services for the Company or its Subsidiaries; provided, however, that no portion of any such award shall vest prior to the date the person first performs such services and the date of grant shall be the date hiring or retention commences.

Section 5. Stock Options.

5.1. Grant and Exercise. Stock Options granted under the Plan may be of two types: (i) Incentive Stock Options and (ii) Non-qualified Stock Options. Any Stock Option granted under the Plan shall contain such terms, not inconsistent with this Plan, or with respect to Incentive Stock Options, not inconsistent with the Plan and the Code, as the Committee may from time to time approve. The Committee shall have the authority to grant Incentive Stock Options or Non-qualified Stock Options, or both types of Stock Options which may be granted alone or in addition to other awards granted under the Plan. To the extent that any Stock Option intended to qualify as an Incentive Stock Option does not so qualify, it shall constitute a separate Non-qualified Stock Option.

5.2. Terms and Conditions. Stock Options granted under the Plan shall be subject to the following terms and conditions:

(a) **Option Term.** The term of each Stock Option shall be fixed by the Committee; provided, however, that an Incentive Stock Option may be granted only within the ten-year period commencing from the Effective Date and may only be exercised within ten years of the date of grant (or five years in the case of an Incentive Stock Option granted to an optionee who, at the time of grant, owns Common Stock possessing more than 10% of the total combined voting power of all classes of voting stock of the Company (*10% Stockholder*)).

(b) **Exercise Price.** The exercise price per share of Common Stock purchasable under a Stock Option shall be determined by the Committee at the time of grant and may not be less than 100% of the Fair Market Value on the date of grant (or, if greater, the par value of a share of Common Stock); provided, however, that the exercise price of an Incentive Stock Option granted to a 10% Stockholder will not be less than 110% of the Fair Market Value on the date of grant.

(c) **Exercisability.** Stock Options shall be exercisable at such time or times and subject to such terms and conditions as shall be determined by the Committee and as set forth in *Section 10*. The Committee intends generally to provide that Stock Options be exercisable only in installments, *i.e.*, that they vest over time, typically over a [three]-year period. The Committee may waive such installment exercise provisions at any time at or after the time of grant in whole or in part, based upon such factors as the Committee determines.

(d) **Method of Exercise.** Subject to whatever installment, exercise and waiting period provisions are applicable in a particular case, Stock Options may be exercised in whole or in part at any time during the term of the Option by giving written notice of exercise to the Company specifying the number of shares of Common Stock to be purchased. Such notice shall be accompanied by payment in full of the purchase price, which shall be in cash or, if provided in the Agreement, either in shares of Common Stock (including Restricted Stock and other contingent awards under this Plan) or partly in cash and partly in such Common Stock, or such other means which the Committee determines are consistent with the Plan's purpose and applicable law. Cash payments shall be made by wire transfer, certified or bank check or personal check, in each case payable to the order of the Company; provided, however, that the

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Company shall not be required to deliver certificates for shares of Common Stock with respect to which an Option is exercised until the Company has confirmed the receipt of good and available funds in payment of the purchase price thereof (except that, in the case of an exercise arrangement approved by the Committee and described in the last sentence of this paragraph, payment may be made as soon as practicable after the exercise). The Committee may permit a Holder to elect to pay the Exercise Price upon the exercise of a Stock Option by irrevocably authorizing a third party to sell shares of Common Stock (or a sufficient portion of the shares) acquired upon exercise of the Stock Option and remit to the Company a sufficient portion of the sale proceeds to pay the entire Exercise Price and any tax withholding resulting from such exercise.

(e) **Stock Payments.** Payments in the form of Common Stock shall be valued at the Fair Market Value on the date of exercise. Such payments shall be made by delivery of stock certificates in negotiable form that are effective to transfer good and valid title thereto to the Company, free of any liens or encumbrances. A Holder shall have none of the rights of a Stockholder with respect to the shares subject to the Option until such shares shall be transferred to the Holder upon the exercise of the Option.

(f) **Transferability.** Except as may be set forth in the next sentence of this Section or in the Agreement, no Stock Option shall be transferable by the Holder other than by will or by the laws of descent and distribution, and all Stock

Options shall be exercisable, during the Holder's lifetime, only by the Holder (or, to the extent of legal incapacity or incompetency, the Holder's guardian or legal representative). Notwithstanding the foregoing, a Holder, with the approval of the Committee, may transfer a Non-Qualified Stock Option (i) (A) by gift, for no consideration, or (B) pursuant to a domestic relations order, in either case, to or for the benefit of the Holder's *Immediate Family* (as defined below), or (ii) to an entity in which the Holder and/or members of Holder's Immediate Family own more than fifty percent of the voting interest, in exchange for an interest in that entity, subject to such limits as the Committee may establish and the execution of such documents as the Committee may require, and the transferee shall remain subject to all the terms and conditions applicable to the Non-Qualified Stock Option prior to such transfer. The term *Immediate Family* shall mean any child, stepchild, grandchild, parent, stepparent, grandparent, spouse, former spouse, sibling, niece, nephew, mother-in-law, father-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, brother-in-law or sister-in-law, including adoptive relationships, any person sharing the Holder's household (other than a tenant or employee), a trust in which these persons have more than fifty percent beneficial interest, and a foundation in which these persons (or the Holder) control the management of the assets. The Committee may, in its sole discretion, permit transfer of an Incentive Stock Option in a manner consistent with applicable tax and securities law upon the Holder's request.

(g) **Termination by Reason of Death.** If a Holder's employment by, or association with, the Company or a Subsidiary terminates by reason of death, any Stock Option held by such Holder, unless otherwise determined by the Committee and set forth in the Agreement, shall thereupon automatically terminate, except that the portion of such Stock Option that has vested on the date of death may thereafter be exercised by the legal representative of the estate or by the legatee of the Holder under the will of the Holder, for a period of one year (or such other greater or lesser period as the Committee may specify in the Agreement) from the date of such death or until the expiration of the stated term of such Stock Option, whichever period is shorter.

(h) **Termination by Reason of Disability.** If a Holder's employment by, or association with, the Company or any Subsidiary terminates by reason of Disability, any Stock Option held by such Holder, unless otherwise determined by the Committee and set forth in the Agreement, shall thereupon automatically terminate, except that the portion of such Stock Option that has vested on the date of termination may thereafter be exercised by the Holder for a period of one year (or such other greater or lesser period as the Committee may specify in the Agreement) from the date of such termination or until the expiration of the stated term of such Stock Option, whichever period is shorter.

(i) **Termination by Reason of Normal Retirement.** Subject to the provisions of *Section 14.3*, if such Holder's employment by, or association with, the Company or any Subsidiary terminates due to

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Normal Retirement, any Stock Option held by such Holder, unless otherwise determined by the Committee and set forth in the Agreement, shall thereupon automatically terminate, except that the portion of such Stock Option that has vested on the date of termination may thereafter be exercised by the Holder for a period of one year (or such other greater or lesser period as the Committee may specify in the Agreement) from the date of such termination or until the expiration of the stated term of such Stock Option, whichever period is shorter.

(j) **Other Termination.** Subject to the provisions of *Section 14.3*, if such Holder's employment by, or association with, the Company or any Subsidiary terminates for any reason other than death, Disability or Normal Retirement, any Stock Option held by such Holder, unless otherwise determined by the Committee and set forth in the Agreement, shall thereupon automatically terminate, except that, if the Holder's employment is terminated by the Company or a Subsidiary without cause, the portion of such Stock Option that has vested on the date of termination may thereafter be exercised by the Holder for a period of three months (or such other greater or lesser period as the Committee may specify in the Agreement) from the date of such termination or until the expiration of the stated term of such Stock Option, whichever period is shorter.

(k) **Additional Incentive Stock Option Limitation.** In the case of an Incentive Stock Option, the aggregate Fair Market Value (on the date of grant of the Option) with respect to which Incentive Stock Options become exercisable for the first time by a Holder during any calendar year (under all such plans of the Company and its Parent and Subsidiaries) shall not exceed \$100,000.

(l) **Buyout and Settlement Provisions.** The Committee may at any time, in its sole discretion, offer to repurchase a Stock Option previously granted, based upon such terms and conditions as the Committee shall establish and communicate to the Holder at the time that such offer is made.

Section 6. Stock Appreciation Rights.

6.1. **Grant and Exercise.** Subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan, the Committee may grant Stock Appreciation Rights in tandem with an Option or alone and unrelated to an Option. The Committee may grant Stock Appreciation Rights to participants who have been or are being granted Stock Options under the Plan as a means of allowing such participants to exercise their Stock Options without the need to pay the exercise price in cash. In the case of a Non-qualified Stock Option, a Stock Appreciation Right may be granted either at or after the time of the grant of such Non-qualified Stock Option. In the case of an Incentive Stock Option, a Stock Appreciation Right may be granted only at the time of the grant of such Incentive Stock Option.

6.2. **Terms and Conditions.** Stock Appreciation Rights shall be subject to the following terms and conditions:

(a) **Exercisability.** Stock Appreciation Rights shall be exercisable as shall be determined by the Committee and set forth in the Agreement, subject to the limitations, if any, imposed by the Code with respect to related Incentive Stock Options.

(b) **Termination.** A Stock Appreciation Right shall terminate and shall no longer be exercisable upon the termination or after the exercise of the related Stock Option.

(c) **Method of Exercise.** Stock Appreciation Rights shall be exercisable upon such terms and conditions as shall be determined by the Committee and set forth in the Agreement and by surrendering the applicable portion of the related Stock Option. Upon such exercise and surrender, the Holder shall be entitled to receive a number of shares of Common Stock equal to the SAR Value divided by the Fair Market Value on the date the Stock Appreciation Right is exercised.

(d) **Shares Affected Upon Plan.** The granting of a Stock Appreciation Right shall not affect the number of shares of Common Stock available for awards under the Plan. The number of shares available for awards under the Plan will, however, be reduced by the number of shares of Common Stock acquirable upon exercise of the Stock Option to which such Stock Appreciation Right relates.

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Section 7. Restricted Stock.

7.1. **Grant.** Shares of Restricted Stock may be awarded either alone or in addition to other awards granted under the Plan. The Committee shall determine the eligible persons to whom, and the time or times at which, grants of Restricted Stock will be awarded, the number of shares to be awarded, the price (if any) to be paid by the Holder, the time or times within which such awards may be subject to forfeiture (*Restriction Period*), the vesting schedule and

rights to acceleration thereof and all other terms and conditions of the awards. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary elsewhere in this Plan, for purposes of determining the number of Shares available for awards pursuant to *Section 3.1*, each share of Common Stock subject to a Restricted Stock award shall be deemed to be _____ Shares.

7.2. Terms and Conditions. Each Restricted Stock award shall be subject to the following terms and conditions:

(a) **Certificates.** Restricted Stock, when issued, will be represented by a stock certificate or certificates registered in the name of the Holder to whom such Restricted Stock shall have been awarded. During the Restriction Period, certificates representing the Restricted Stock and any securities constituting Retained Distributions (as defined below) shall bear a legend to the effect that ownership of the Restricted Stock (and such Retained Distributions) and the enjoyment of all rights appurtenant thereto are subject to the restrictions, terms and conditions provided in the Plan and the Agreement. Such certificates shall be deposited by the Holder with the Company, together with stock powers or other instruments of assignment, each endorsed in blank, which will permit transfer to the Company of all or any portion of the Restricted Stock and any securities constituting Retained Distributions that shall be forfeited or that shall not become vested in accordance with the Plan and the Agreement.

(b) **Rights of Holder.** Restricted Stock shall constitute issued and outstanding shares of Common Stock for all corporate purposes. The Holder will have the right to vote such Restricted Stock and to exercise all other rights, powers and privileges of a holder of Common Stock with respect to such Restricted Stock, with the exceptions that (i) the Holder will not be entitled to delivery of the stock certificate or certificates representing such Restricted Stock until the Restriction Period shall have expired and unless all other vesting requirements with respect thereto shall have been fulfilled; (ii) the Company will retain custody of the stock certificate or certificates representing the Restricted Stock during the Restriction Period; (iii) the Company will retain custody of all dividends and distributions (*Retained Distributions*) made, paid or declared with respect to the Restricted Stock (and such Retained Distributions will be subject to the same restrictions, terms and conditions as are applicable to the Restricted Stock) until such time, if ever, as the Restricted Stock with respect to which such Retained Distributions shall have been made, paid or declared shall have become vested and with respect to which the Restriction Period shall have expired; (iv) a breach of any of the restrictions, terms or conditions contained in this Plan or the Agreement or otherwise established by the Committee with respect to any Restricted Stock or Retained Distributions will cause a forfeiture of such Restricted Stock and any Retained Distributions with respect thereto.

(c) **Vesting; Forfeiture.** Upon the expiration of the Restriction Period with respect to each award of Restricted Stock and the satisfaction of any other applicable restrictions, terms and conditions (i) all or part of such Restricted Stock shall become vested in accordance with the terms of the Agreement, and (ii) any Retained Distributions with respect to such Restricted Stock shall become vested to the extent that the Restricted Stock related thereto shall have become vested. Any such Restricted Stock and Retained Distributions that do not vest shall be forfeited to the Company and the Holder shall not thereafter have any rights with respect to such Restricted Stock and Retained Distributions that shall have been so forfeited.

Section 8. [Intentionally Omitted.]

Section 9. Other Stock-Based Awards.

Other Stock-Based Awards may be awarded, subject to limitations under applicable law, that are denominated or payable in, valued in whole or in part by reference to, or otherwise based on or related to, shares of Common Stock, as deemed by the Committee to be consistent with the purposes of the Plan, including, without limitation, purchase rights, shares of Common Stock awarded which are not subject to any restrictions or

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conditions, convertible or exchangeable debentures, or other rights convertible into shares of Common Stock and awards valued by reference to the value of securities of or the performance of specified Subsidiaries. These other stock-based awards may include performance shares or options, whose award is tied to specific performance criteria. Other Stock-Based Awards may be awarded either alone or in addition to or in tandem with any other awards under this Plan or any other plan of the Company. Each other Stock-Based Award shall be subject to such terms and conditions as may be determined by the Committee.

Section 10. Accelerated Vesting and Exercisability.

10.1. Non-Approved Transactions. If any one person, or more than one person acting as a group, acquires the ownership of stock of the Company that, together with the stock held by such person or group, constitutes more than 50% of the total fair market value or combined voting power of the stock of the Company, and the Board does not authorize or otherwise approve such acquisition, then the vesting periods of any and all Stock Options and other awards granted and outstanding under the Plan shall be accelerated and all such Stock Options and awards will immediately and entirely vest, and the respective holders thereof will have the immediate right to purchase and/or receive any and all Common Stock subject to such Stock Options and awards on the terms set forth in this Plan and the respective agreements respecting such Stock Options and awards. An increase in the percentage of stock owned by any one person, or persons acting as a group, as a result of a transaction in which the Company acquires its stock in exchange for property is not treated as an acquisition of stock.

10.2. Approved Transactions. The Committee may, in the event of an acquisition by any one person, or more than one person acting as a group, together with acquisitions during the 12-month period ending on the date of the most recent acquisition by such person or persons, of assets from the Company that have a total gross fair market value equal to or more than 50% of the total gross fair market value of all of the assets of the Company immediately before such acquisition or acquisitions, or if any one person, or more than one person acting as a group, acquires the ownership of stock of the Company that, together with the stock held by such person or group, constitutes more than 50% of the total fair market value or combined voting power of the stock of the Company, which has been approved by the Company's Board of Directors, (i) accelerate the vesting of any and all Stock Options and other awards granted and outstanding under the Plan, or (ii) require a Holder of any award granted under this Plan to relinquish such award to the Company upon the tender by the Company to Holder of cash in an amount equal to the Repurchase Value of such award. For this purpose, gross fair market value means the value of the assets of the Company, or the value of the assets being disposed of, determined without regard to any liabilities associated with such assets.

10.3. Code Section 409A. Notwithstanding any provisions of this Plan or any award granted hereunder to the contrary, no acceleration shall occur with respect to any award to the extent such acceleration would cause the Plan or an award granted hereunder to fail to comply with Code Section 409A.

Section 11. Code Section 162(m) Provisions.

11.1 Committee Authority. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan, if the Committee determines at the time an award is granted to a grantee that such grantee is, or may be as of the end of the tax year for which the Company would claim a tax deduction in connection with such award, a covered employee within the meaning of Section 162(m)(3) of the Code, and to the extent the Committee considers it desirable for compensation delivered pursuant to such award to be eligible to qualify for an exemption from the limit on tax deductibility of compensation under Section 162(m) of the Code, then the Committee may provide that this Section 11 is applicable to such award under such terms as the Committee shall determine.

11.2 Performance Targets. If an award is subject to this Section 11, then the lapsing of restrictions thereon and the distribution of Shares pursuant thereto, as applicable, shall be subject to satisfaction of one, or more than one, objective performance targets. The Committee, which in this instance must be comprised of two or more outside directors, shall determine the performance targets that will be applied with respect to each award subject to this Section 11 at the time of grant, but in no event later than 90 days after the commencement of the period of service to which the performance target(s) relate (or the expiration of 25% of the performance period, if earlier). The performance criteria applicable to awards subject to this Section 11 will be one or more of the following criteria: (a) stock price; (b) average annual growth in earnings per share;

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(c) earnings per share; (d) net income; (e) return on assets; (f) return on shareholders' equity; (g) increase in cash flow; (h) operating profit or operating margins; (i) revenue growth of the Company.

11.3 No Increase in Shares. Notwithstanding any contrary provision of the Plan, the Committee may not increase the number of shares granted pursuant to any award subject to this Section 11, nor may it waive the achievement of any performance target established pursuant to this Section 11.

11.4 Certification. Prior to the payment of any award subject to this Section 11, the Committee shall certify in writing that the performance target(s) applicable to such award was met.

11.5 Restrictions. The Committee shall have the power to impose such other restrictions on awards subject to this Section 11 as it may deem necessary or appropriate to ensure that such awards satisfy all requirements for performance-based compensation within the meaning of Section 162(m)(4)(C) of the Code, the regulations promulgated thereunder, and any successors thereto.

Section 12. Amendment and Termination.

The Board may at any time, and from time to time, amend, alter, suspend or discontinue any of the provisions of the Plan, but no amendment, alteration, suspension or discontinuance shall be made that would impair the rights of a Holder under any Agreement theretofore entered into hereunder, without the Holder's consent, except as set forth in this Plan.

Section 13. Term of Plan.

13.1. Effective Date. The Plan shall be effective as of the date of the closing of the merger of Primoris Corporation, a Nevada corporation, into the Company.

13.2. Termination Date. Unless terminated by the Board, this Plan shall continue to remain effective until such time as no further awards may be granted and all awards granted under the Plan are no longer outstanding. Notwithstanding the foregoing, grants of Incentive Stock Options may be made only during the ten-year period beginning on the Effective Date.

Section 14. General Provisions.

14.1. Written Agreements. Each award granted under the Plan shall be confirmed by, and shall be subject to the terms of, the Agreement executed by the Company and the Holder, or such other document as may be determined by

the Committee. The Committee may terminate any award made under the Plan if the Agreement relating thereto is not executed and returned to the Company within 10 days after the Agreement has been delivered to the Holder for his or her execution.

14.2. Unfunded Status of Plan. The Plan is intended to constitute an unfunded plan for incentive and deferred compensation. With respect to any payments not yet made to a Holder by the Company, nothing contained herein shall give any such Holder any rights that are greater than those of a general creditor of the Company.

14.3. Employees.

(a) Engaging in Competition With the Company; Solicitation of Customers and Employees; Disclosure of Confidential Information. If a Holder's employment with the Company or a Subsidiary is terminated for any reason whatsoever, and within 12 months after the date thereof such Holder either (i) accepts employment with any competitor of, or otherwise engages in competition with, the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, (ii) solicits any customers or employees of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries to do business with or render services to the Holder or any business with which the Holder becomes affiliated or to which the Holder renders services or (iii) uses or discloses to anyone outside the Company any confidential information or material of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries in violation of the Company's policies or any agreement between the Holder and the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, the Committee, in its sole discretion, may require such Holder to return to the Company the economic value of any award (profit) that was realized or obtained by such Holder at any time during the period beginning on the date that is six months prior to the date such Holder's employment with the Company is terminated. In such event, Holder agrees to remit to the Company, in cash, an amount equal

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to the difference between the Fair Market Value of the Shares on the date of termination (or the sales price of such Shares if the Shares were sold during such six month period) and the price the Holder paid the Company for such Shares.

(b) Termination for Cause. If a Holder's employment with the Company or a Subsidiary is terminated for cause, the Committee may, in its sole discretion, require such Holder to return to the Company the economic value of any award (profit) that was realized or obtained by such Holder at any time during the period beginning on that date that is six months prior to the date such Holder's employment with the Company is terminated. In such event, Holder agrees to remit to the Company, in cash, an amount equal to the difference between the Fair Market Value of the Shares on the date of termination (or the sales price of such Shares if the Shares were sold during such six month period) and the price the Holder paid the Company for such Shares.

(c) No Right of Employment. Nothing contained in the Plan or in any award hereunder shall be deemed to confer upon any Holder who is an employee of the Company or any Subsidiary any right to continued employment with the Company or any Subsidiary, nor shall it interfere in any way with the right of the Company or any Subsidiary to terminate the employment of any Holder who is an employee at any time.

14.4. Investment Representations; Company Policy. The Committee may require each person acquiring shares of Common Stock pursuant to a Stock Option or other award under the Plan to represent to and agree with the Company in writing that the Holder is acquiring the shares for investment without a view to distribution thereof. Each person acquiring shares of Common Stock pursuant to a Stock Option or other award under the Plan shall be required to abide by all policies of the Company in effect at the time of such acquisition and thereafter with respect to the ownership and trading of the Company's securities.

14.5. Additional Incentive Arrangements. Nothing contained in the Plan shall prevent the Board from adopting such other or additional incentive arrangements as it may deem desirable, including, but not limited to, the granting of Stock Options and the awarding of Common Stock and cash otherwise than under the Plan; and such arrangements may be either generally applicable or applicable only in specific cases.

14.6. Withholding Taxes. Not later than the date as of which an amount must first be included in the gross income of the Holder for Federal income tax purposes with respect to any Stock Option or other award under the Plan, the Holder shall pay to the Company, or make arrangements satisfactory to the Committee regarding the payment of, any Federal, state and local taxes of any kind required by law to be withheld or paid with respect to such amount. If permitted by the Committee, tax withholding or payment obligations may be settled with Common Stock, including Common Stock that is part of the award that gives rise to the withholding requirement. The obligations of the Company under the Plan shall be conditioned upon such payment or arrangements and the Company or the Holder's employer (if not the Company) shall, to the extent permitted by law, have the right to deduct any such taxes from any payment of any kind otherwise due to the Holder from the Company or any Subsidiary.

14.7. Governing Law. The Plan and all awards made and actions taken thereunder shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the law of the State of Delaware (without regard to choice of law provisions).

14.8. Other Benefit Plans. Any award granted under the Plan shall not be deemed compensation for purposes of computing benefits under any retirement plan of the Company or any Subsidiary and shall not affect any benefits under any other benefit plan now or subsequently in effect under which the availability or amount of benefits is related to the level of compensation (unless required by specific reference in any such other plan to awards under this Plan).

14.9. Non-Transferability. Except as otherwise expressly provided in the Plan or the Agreement, no right or benefit under the Plan may be alienated, sold, assigned, hypothecated, pledged, exchanged, transferred, encumbered or charged, and any attempt to alienate, sell, assign, hypothecate, pledge, exchange, transfer, encumber or charge the same shall be void.

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14.10. Applicable Laws. The obligations of the Company with respect to all Stock Options and awards under the Plan shall be subject to (i) all applicable laws, rules and regulations and such approvals by any governmental agencies as may be required, including, without limitation, the Securities Act, and (ii) the rules and regulations of any securities exchange on which the Common Stock may be listed.

14.11. Conflicts. If any of the terms or provisions of the Plan or an Agreement conflict with the requirements of Section 422 of the Code, then such terms or provisions shall be deemed inoperative to the extent they so conflict with such requirements. Additionally, if this Plan or any Agreement does not contain any provision required to be included herein under Section 422 of the Code, such provision shall be deemed to be incorporated herein and therein with the same force and effect as if such provision had been set out at length herein and therein. If any of the terms or provisions of any Agreement conflict with any terms or provisions of the Plan, then such terms or provisions shall be deemed inoperative to the extent they so conflict with the requirements of the Plan. Additionally, if any Agreement does not contain any provision required to be included therein under the Plan, such provision shall be deemed to be incorporated therein with the same force and effect as if such provision had been set out at length therein.

14.12. Certain Awards Deferring or Accelerating the Receipt of Compensation. To the extent applicable, all awards granted, and all agreements entered into, under the Plan are intended to comply with Section 409A of the Code, which was added by the American Jobs Creation Act of 2004 and relates to deferred compensation under nonqualified deferred compensation plans. The Committee, in administering the Plan, intends, and the parties entering

14.3. Employees.

into any agreement intend, to restrict provisions of any awards that may constitute deferred receipt of compensation subject to Code Section 409A requirements to those consistent with this Section. The Board may amend the Plan to comply with Code Section 409A in the future.

14.13. **Non-Registered Stock.** The shares of Common Stock to be distributed under this Plan have not been, as of the Effective Date, registered under the Securities Act or any applicable state or foreign securities laws and the Company has no obligation to any Holder to register the Common Stock or to assist the Holder in obtaining an exemption from the various registration requirements, or to list the Common Stock on a national securities exchange or any other trading or quotation system, including the Nasdaq Stock Market.

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Annex D

ESCROW AGREEMENT

ESCROW AGREEMENT (Agreement) dated [Closing Date] by and among RHAPSODY ACQUISITION CORP., a Delaware corporation (Delcorp), BRIAN PRATT, as the Target Stockholders Representative, being the representative of the former stockholders of PRIMORIS CORPORATION, a Nevada corporation (the Representative), and CONTINENTAL STOCK TRANSFER & TRUST COMPANY, as escrow agent (the Escrow Agent).

Delcorp, Primoris Corporation (Target) and certain stockholders of Target are the parties to an Agreement and Plan of Merger and Reorganization dated as of February 19, 2008 (the Merger Agreement) pursuant to which Target has merged into Delcorp, with Delcorp being the surviving entity of such merger. Pursuant to the Merger Agreement, Delcorp is to be indemnified in certain respects. The parties desire to establish an escrow fund as collateral security for the indemnification obligations under the Merger Agreement. The Representative has been designated pursuant to the Merger Agreement to represent all of the former stockholders of Target (the Stockholders) and each Permitted Transferee (as hereinafter defined) of the Stockholders (the Stockholders and all such Permitted Transferees are hereinafter referred to collectively as the Owners), and to act on their behalf for purposes of this Agreement. Capitalized terms used herein that are not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Merger Agreement.

The parties agree as follows:

1. (a) Concurrently with the execution hereof, each of the Stockholders is delivering to the Escrow Agent, to be held in escrow pursuant to the terms of this Agreement, stock certificates issued in the name of such Stockholder representing seven and one-half percent (7.5%) of the total number of Base Shares received by such Stockholder pursuant to the Merger Agreement, together with two (2) assignments separate from certificate executed in blank by such Stockholder, with medallion signature guaranties. The shares of Delcorp Common Stock represented by the stock certificates so delivered by the Stockholders to the Escrow Agent are herein referred to in the aggregate as the Escrow Fund. The Escrow Agent shall maintain a separate account for each Stockholder s, and, subsequent to any transfer permitted pursuant to Paragraph 1(e) hereof, each Owner s, portion of the Escrow Fund.

(a) The Escrow Agent hereby agrees to act as escrow agent and to hold, safeguard and disburse the Escrow Fund pursuant to the terms and conditions hereof. It shall treat the Escrow Fund as a trust fund in accordance with the terms of this Agreement and not as the property of Delcorp. The Escrow Agent s duties hereunder shall terminate upon its distribution of the entire Escrow Fund in accordance with this Agreement.

(b) Except as herein provided, the Owners shall retain all of their rights as stockholders of Delcorp with respect to shares of Delcorp Common Stock constituting the Escrow Fund during the period the Escrow Fund is held by the Escrow Agent (the Escrow Period), including, without limitation, the right to vote their shares of Delcorp Common Stock included in the Escrow Fund.

(c) During the Escrow Period, all dividends payable in cash with respect to the shares of Delcorp Common Stock included in the Escrow Fund shall be paid to the Owners, but all dividends payable in stock or other non-cash property (Non-Cash Dividends) shall be delivered to the Escrow Agent to hold in accordance with the terms hereof. As used herein, the term Escrow Fund shall be deemed to include the Non-Cash Dividends distributed thereon, if any.

(d) During the Escrow Period, no sale, transfer or other disposition may be made of any or all of the shares of Delcorp Common Stock in the Escrow Fund except (i) to a Permitted Transferee (as hereinafter defined), (ii) by virtue of the laws of descent and distribution upon death of any Owner, or (iii) pursuant to a qualified domestic relations order; provided, however, that such permissive transfers may be implemented only upon the respective transferee's written agreement to be bound by the terms and conditions of this Agreement. As used in this Agreement, the term Permitted Transferee shall include: (x) members of a Stockholder's Immediate Family (as hereinafter defined); (y) an entity in which (A) a Stockholder and/or members of a Stockholder's Immediate Family beneficially own 100% of such entity's voting and non-voting equity securities, or (B) a Stockholder and/or a member of such

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Stockholder's Immediate Family is a general partner and in which such Stockholder and/or members of such Stockholder's Immediate Family beneficially own 100% of all capital accounts of such entity; and (z) a revocable trust established by a Stockholder during his lifetime for the benefit of such Stockholder or for the exclusive benefit of all or any of such Stockholder's Immediate Family. As used in this Agreement, the term Immediate Family means, with respect to any Stockholder, a spouse, Delcorp, lineal descendants, the spouse of any lineal descendant, and brothers and sisters (or a trust, all of whose current beneficiaries are members of an Immediate Family of the Stockholder). In connection with and as a condition to each permitted transfer, the Permitted Transferee shall deliver to the Escrow Agent an assignment separate from certificate executed by the transferring Stockholder, with medallion signature guaranty, or where applicable, an order of a court of competent jurisdiction, evidencing the transfer of shares to the Permitted Transferee, together with two (2) assignments separate from certificate executed in blank by the Permitted Transferee, with medallion signature guaranties, with respect to the shares transferred to the Permitted Transferee.

Upon receipt of such documents, the Escrow Agent shall deliver to Delcorp's transfer agent the original stock certificate out of which the assigned shares are to be transferred, together with the executed assignment separate from certificate executed by the transferring Stockholder, or a copy of the applicable court order, and shall request that Delcorp issue new certificates representing (m) the number of shares, if any, that continue to be owned by the transferring Stockholder, and (n) the number of shares owned by the Permitted Transferee as the result of such transfer. Delcorp, the transferring Stockholder and the Permitted Transferee shall cooperate in all respects with the Escrow Agent in documenting each such transfer and in effectuating the result intended to be accomplished thereby.

During the Escrow Period, no Owner shall pledge or grant a security interest in such Owner's shares of Delcorp Common Stock included in the Escrow Fund or grant a security interest in such Owner's rights under this Agreement.

2. (a) Delcorp, acting through the current or former member or members of Delcorp's Board of Directors who has or have been appointed by Delcorp to take all necessary actions and make all decisions on behalf of Delcorp with respect to its rights to indemnification under Article VII of the Merger Agreement (the Committee), may make a claim for indemnification pursuant to the Merger Agreement (Indemnification Claim) against the Escrow Fund by giving notice (a Notice) to the Representative (with a copy to the Escrow Agent) specifying (i) the covenant, representation, warranty, agreement, undertaking or obligation contained in the Merger Agreement which it asserts has been breached or otherwise entitles Delcorp to indemnification, (ii) in reasonable detail, the nature and dollar amount of any

Indemnification Claim, (iii) whether the Indemnification Claim is a claim is a Basic Indemnification Claim, a Tax Indemnification Claim or an Environmental Indemnification Claim, and (iv) whether the Indemnification Claim results from a Third Party Claim against Delcorp or Target. The Committee also shall deliver to the Escrow Agent (with a copy to the Representative), concurrently with its delivery to the Escrow Agent of the Notice, a certification as to the date on which the Notice was delivered to the Representative. As used herein, Basic Indemnification Claim means an Indemnification Claim other than a Tax Indemnification Claim or an Environmental Indemnification Claim.

(b) If the Representative shall give a notice to the Committee (with a copy to the Escrow Agent) (a Counter Notice), within 30 days following the date of receipt (as specified in the Committee s certification) by the Representative of a copy of the Notice, disputing whether the Indemnification Claim is indemnifiable under the Merger Agreement, the Committee and the Representative shall attempt to resolve such dispute by voluntary settlement as provided in paragraph 2(c) below. If no Counter Notice with respect to an Indemnification Claim is received by the Escrow Agent from the Representative within such 30-day period, the Indemnification Claim shall be deemed to be an Established Claim (as hereinafter defined) for purposes of this Agreement.

(c) If the Representative delivers a Counter Notice to the Escrow Agent, the Committee and the Representative shall, during the period of 60 days following the delivery of such Counter Notice or such greater period of time as the parties may agree to in writing (with a copy to the Escrow Agent), attempt to resolve the dispute with respect to which the Counter Notice was given. If the Committee and the Representative shall reach a settlement with respect to any such dispute, they shall jointly deliver written notice of such settlement to the Escrow Agent specifying the terms thereof. If the Committee and the

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Representative shall be unable to reach a settlement with respect to a dispute, such dispute shall be resolved by arbitration pursuant to paragraph 2(d) below.

(d) If the Committee and the Representative cannot resolve a dispute prior to expiration of the 60-day period referred to in paragraph 2(c) above (or such longer period as the parties may have agreed to in writing), then such dispute shall be submitted (and either party may submit such dispute) for arbitration before the Judicial Arbitration and Medication Service (JAMS) in Orange County, California, pursuant to Section 10.12 of the Merger Agreement.

(e) As used in this Agreement, Established Claim means any (i) Indemnification Claim deemed established pursuant to the last sentence of paragraph 2(b) above, (ii) Indemnification Claim resolved in favor of Delcorp by settlement pursuant to paragraph 2(c) above, resulting in a dollar award to Delcorp, (iii) Indemnification Claim established by the decision of an arbitrator pursuant to paragraph 2(d) above, resulting in a dollar award to Delcorp, (iv) Third Party Claim that has been sustained by a final determination (after exhaustion of any appeals) of a court of competent jurisdiction, or (v) Third Party Claim that the Committee and the Representative have jointly notified the Escrow Agent has been settled in accordance with the provisions of the Merger Agreement.

(f) (i) Promptly after an Indemnification Claim becomes an Established Claim, the Committee and the Representative shall jointly deliver a notice to the Escrow Agent (a Joint Notice) directing the Escrow Agent to pay to Delcorp, and the Escrow Agent promptly shall pay to Delcorp, an amount equal to the aggregate dollar amount of the Established Claim (or, if at such time there remains in the Escrow Fund less than the full amount so payable, the full amount remaining in the Escrow Fund).

(ii) Payment of an Established Claim shall be made from Escrow Shares pro rata from the account maintained on behalf of each Owner. For purposes of each payment, such shares shall be valued at the Fair Market Value (as defined below). However, in no event shall the Escrow Agent be required to calculate Fair Market Value or make a

determination of the number of shares to be delivered to Delcorp in satisfaction of any Established Claim; rather, such calculation shall be included in and made part of the Joint Notice. The Escrow Agent shall transfer to Delcorp out of the Escrow Fund that number of shares of Delcorp Common Stock necessary to satisfy each Established Claim, as set out in the Joint Notice. Any dispute between the Committee and the Representative concerning the calculation of Fair Market Value or the number of shares necessary to satisfy any Established Claim, or any other dispute regarding a Joint Notice, shall be resolved between the Committee and the Representative in accordance with the procedures specified in paragraph 2(d) above, and shall not involve the Escrow Agent. Each transfer of shares in satisfaction of an Established Claim shall be made by the Escrow Agent delivering to Delcorp one or more stock certificates held in each Owner's account evidencing not less than such Owner's pro rata portion of the aggregate number of shares specified in the Joint Notice, together with assignments separate from certificate executed in blank by such Owner and completed by the Escrow Agent in accordance with instructions included in the Joint Notice. Upon receipt of the stock certificates and assignments, Delcorp shall deliver to the Escrow Agent new certificates representing the number of shares owned by each Owner after such payment. The parties hereto (other than the Escrow Agent) agree that the foregoing right to make payments of Established Claims in shares of Delcorp Common Stock may be made notwithstanding any other agreements restricting or limiting the ability of any Owner to sell any shares of Delcorp stock or otherwise. The Committee and the Representative shall be required to exercise utmost good faith in all matters relating to the preparation and delivery of each Joint Notice. As used herein, Fair Market Value means the average reported closing price for the Delcorp Common Stock for the ten trading days ending on the last trading day prior to (x) the day the Established Claim is paid with respect to Indemnification Claims paid on or before the Basic Escrow Termination Date, (y) the Basic Escrow Termination Date with respect to shares constituting the Pending Claims Reserve (as hereinafter defined) on the Basic Escrow Termination Date, and (z) with respect to shares placed in the Pending Claims Reserve for a Tax Indemnification Claim or Environmental Indemnification Claim asserted after the Basic Escrow Termination Date, the day such Tax Indemnification Claim or Environmental Indemnification Claim is asserted.

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(iii) Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, at such time as an Indemnification Claim has become an Established Claim, the Representative shall have the right to substitute for the Escrow Shares that otherwise would be paid in satisfaction of such claim (the Claim Shares), cash in an amount equal to the Fair Market Value of the Claim Shares (Substituted Cash). In such event (i) the Joint Notice shall include a statement describing the substitution of Substituted Cash for the Claim Shares, and (ii) substantially contemporaneously with the delivery of such Joint Notice, the Representative shall cause currently available funds to be delivered to the Escrow Agent in an amount equal to the Substituted Cash. Upon receipt of such Joint Notice and Substituted Cash, the Escrow Agent shall (y) in payment of the Established Claim described in the Joint Notice, deliver the Substituted Cash to Delcorp in lieu of the Claim Shares, and (z) cause the Claim Shares to be returned to the Representative.

3. (a) On the first Business Day after the Basic Escrow Termination Date, upon receipt of a Joint Notice, the Escrow Agent shall distribute and deliver to each Owner certificates representing shares of Delcorp Common Stock then in such Owner's account in the Escrow Fund equal to four-fifths of the original number of shares placed in such Owner's account less that number of shares in such Owner's account equal to the sum of (i) the number of shares applied in satisfaction of Indemnification Claims made prior to that date and (ii) the number of shares in the Pending Claims Reserve allocated to such Owner's account, as provided in the following sentence, and shall continue to hold the remaining shares in such Owner's account as T/E Indemnity Shares. If, at such time, there are any Indemnification Claims with respect to which Notices have been received but which have not been resolved pursuant to Section 2 hereof or in respect of which the Escrow Agent has not been notified of, and received a copy of, a final determination (after exhaustion of any appeals) by a court of competent jurisdiction, as the case may be (in either case, Pending Claims), and which, if resolved or finally determined in favor of Delcorp, would result in a payment to Delcorp, the Escrow Agent shall retain in the Pending Claims Reserve that number of shares of Delcorp Common Stock having a

Fair Market Value equal to the dollar amount for which indemnification is sought in such Indemnification Claim, allocated pro rata from the account maintained on behalf of each Owner. The Committee shall certify to the Escrow Agent the Fair Market Value to be used in calculating the Pending Claims Reserve and the number of shares of Delcorp Common Stock to be retained therefor. Thereafter, if any Pending Claim becomes an Established Claim, the Committee and the Representative shall deliver to the Escrow Agent a Joint Notice directing the Escrow Agent to deliver to Delcorp the number of shares in the Pending Claims Reserve in respect thereof determined in accordance with paragraph 2(f) above and to deliver to each Owner the remaining shares in the Pending Claims Reserve allocated to such Pending Claim, all as specified in a Joint Notice. If any Pending Claim is resolved against Delcorp, the Committee and the Representative shall deliver to the Escrow Agent a Joint Notice directing the Escrow Agent to pay to each Owner its pro rata portion of the number of shares allocated to such Pending Claim in the Pending Claims Reserve.

(b) On the first Business Day after the T/E Escrow Termination Date, upon receipt of a Joint Notice, the Escrow Agent shall distribute and deliver to each Owner certificates representing the shares of Delcorp Common Stock then in such Owner's account in the Escrow Fund that are T/E Indemnity Shares other than T/E Indemnity Shares in the Pending Claims Reserve. Upon the subsequent resolution of a Claim for which shares remain in the Pending Claims Reserve, upon receipt of a Joint Notice, the Escrow Agent shall distribute and deliver such shares to the Delcorp, if the Claim is resolved in favor of Delcorp, or, if resolved against Delcorp, to the Owners pro rata to the accounts maintained for them. Upon resolution of all Pending Claims, the Committee and the Representative shall deliver to the Escrow Agent a Joint Notice directing the Escrow Agent shall pay to each Owner the remaining portion of his or her account in the Escrow Fund.

(c) As used herein, the Pending Claims Reserve shall mean, at the time any such determination is made, that number of shares of Delcorp Common Stock in the Escrow Fund having a Fair Market Value equal to the sum of the aggregate dollar amounts claimed to be due with respect to all Pending Claims (as shown in the Notices of such Claims).

4. The Escrow Agent, the Committee and the Representative shall cooperate in all respects with one another in the calculation of any amounts determined to be payable to Delcorp and the Owners in accordance with this Agreement and in implementing the procedures necessary to effect such payments.

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5. (a) The Escrow Agent undertakes to perform only such duties as are expressly set forth herein. It is understood that the Escrow Agent is not a trustee or fiduciary and is acting hereunder merely in a ministerial capacity.

(b) The Escrow Agent shall not be liable for any action taken or omitted by it in good faith and in the exercise of its own best judgment, and may rely conclusively and shall be protected in acting upon any order, notice, demand, certificate, opinion or advice of counsel (including counsel chosen by the Escrow Agent), statement, instrument, report or other paper or document (not only as to its due execution and the validity and effectiveness of its provisions, but also as to the truth and acceptability of any information therein contained) which is believed by the Escrow Agent to be genuine and to be signed or presented by the proper person or persons. The Escrow Agent shall not be bound by any notice or demand, or any waiver, modification, termination or rescission of this Agreement unless evidenced by a writing delivered to the Escrow Agent signed by the proper party or parties and, if the duties or rights of the Escrow Agent are affected, unless it shall have given its prior written consent thereto.

(c) The Escrow Agent's sole responsibility upon receipt of any notice requiring any payment to Delcorp pursuant to the terms of this Agreement or, if such notice is disputed by the Committee or the Representative, the settlement with respect to any such dispute, whether by virtue of joint resolution, arbitration or determination of a court of competent jurisdiction, is to pay to Delcorp the amount specified in such notice, and the Escrow Agent shall have no duty to

determine the validity, authenticity or enforceability of any specification or certification made in such notice.

(d) The Escrow Agent shall not be liable for any action taken by it in good faith and believed by it to be authorized or within the rights or powers conferred upon it by this Agreement, and may consult with counsel of its own choice and shall have full and complete authorization and indemnification under Section 5(g), below, for any action taken or suffered by it hereunder in good faith and in accordance with the opinion of such counsel.

(e) The Escrow Agent may resign at any time and be discharged from its duties as escrow agent hereunder by its giving the other parties hereto written notice and such resignation shall become effective as hereinafter provided. Such resignation shall become effective at such time that the Escrow Agent shall turn over the Escrow Fund to a successor escrow agent appointed jointly by the Committee and the Representative. If no new escrow agent is so appointed within the 60 day period following the giving of such notice of resignation, the Escrow Agent may deposit the Escrow Fund with any court it reasonably deems appropriate.

(f) The Escrow Agent shall be indemnified and held harmless by Delcorp from and against any expenses, including counsel fees and disbursements, or loss suffered by the Escrow Agent in connection with any action, suit or other proceeding involving any claim which in any way, directly or indirectly, arises out of or relates to this Agreement, the services of the Escrow Agent hereunder, or the Escrow Fund held by it hereunder, other than expenses or losses arising from the gross negligence or willful misconduct of the Escrow Agent. Promptly after the receipt by the Escrow Agent of notice of any demand or claim or the commencement of any action, suit or proceeding, the Escrow Agent shall notify the other parties hereto in writing. In the event of the receipt of such notice, the Escrow Agent, in its sole discretion, may commence an action in the nature of interpleader in the United States District Court for the Central Division of California in Orange County, California.

(g) The Escrow Agent shall be entitled to reasonable compensation from Delcorp for all services rendered by it hereunder. The Escrow Agent shall also be entitled to reimbursement from Delcorp for all expenses paid or incurred by it in the administration of its duties hereunder including, but not limited to, all counsel, advisors and agents fees and disbursements and all taxes or other governmental charges.

(h) From time to time on and after the date hereof, the Committee and the Representative shall deliver or cause to be delivered to the Escrow Agent such further documents and instruments and shall do or cause to be done such further acts as the Escrow Agent shall reasonably request to carry out more effectively the provisions and purposes of this Agreement, to evidence compliance herewith or to assure itself that it is protected in acting hereunder.

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(i) Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, the Escrow Agent shall not be relieved from liability hereunder for its own gross negligence or its own willful misconduct.

6. This Agreement expressly sets forth all the duties of the Escrow Agent with respect to any and all matters pertinent hereto. No implied duties or obligations shall be read into this Agreement against the Escrow Agent. The Escrow Agent shall not be bound by the provisions of any agreement among the parties hereto except this Agreement and shall have no duty to inquire into the terms and conditions of any agreement made or entered into in connection with this Agreement, including, without limitation, the Merger Agreement.

7. This Agreement shall inure to the benefit of and be binding upon the parties and their respective heirs, successors, assigns and legal representatives, shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the law of Delaware applicable to contracts made and to be performed therein except that issues relating to the rights and obligations of the Escrow Agent shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the law of New York applicable to contracts

made and to be performed therein. This Agreement cannot be changed or terminated except by a writing signed by the Committee, the Representative and the Escrow Agent.

8. The Committee and the Representative each hereby consents to the exclusive jurisdiction of the federal and state courts sitting in Orange County, California, with respect to any claim or controversy arising out of this Agreement. Service of process in any action or proceeding brought against the Committee or the Representative in respect of any such claim or controversy may be made upon it by registered mail, postage prepaid, return receipt requested, at the address specified in Section 9, with copies delivered by nationally recognized overnight carrier to Graubard Miller, The Chrysler Building, 405 Lexington Avenue, New York, N.Y. 10174-1901, Attention: David Alan Miller, Esq., and to Rutan & Tucker, 611 Anton Boulevard, Suite 1400, Costa Mesa, CA 92626-1931, Attention: George Wall, Esq.

9. All notices and other communications under this Agreement shall be in writing and shall be deemed given if given by hand or delivered by nationally recognized overnight carrier, or if given by telecopier and confirmed by mail (registered or certified mail, postage prepaid, return receipt requested), to the respective parties as follows:

If to the Committee, to it at:
Eric Rosenfeld
825 Third Avenue, 40th Floor
New York, New York 10022
Telecopier No.: 212-319-0760

A.

with a copy to:

Graubard Miller
The Chrysler Building
405 Lexington Avenue
New York, New York 10174-1901
Attention: David Alan Miller, Esq.
Telecopier No.: 212-818-8881
If to the Representative, to him at:

[To follow]

with a copy to:

B.

Rutan & Tucker
611 Anton Boulevard, Suite 1400
Costa Mesa, CA 92626-5100
Attention: George Wall, Esq.
Telecopier No.: 714-546-9035

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C.

If to the Escrow Agent, to it at:
Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company
2 Broadway
New York, New York 10004
Attention: Steven G. Nelson
Telecopier No.: 212-509-5150

or to such other person or address as any of the parties hereto shall specify by notice in writing to all the other parties hereto.

10. (a) If this Agreement requires a party to deliver any notice or other document, and such party refuses to do so, the matter shall be submitted to arbitration pursuant to paragraph 2(d) of this Agreement.
- (b) All notices delivered to the Escrow Agent shall refer to the provision of this Agreement under which such notice is being delivered and, if applicable, shall clearly specify the aggregate dollar amount due and payable to Delcorp.
- (c) This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which shall be deemed to be an original instrument and all of which together shall constitute a single agreement.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, each of the parties hereto has duly executed this Agreement on the date first above written.

[Signatures are on following page]

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[Signature Page to Escrow Agreement]

RHAPSODY ACQUISITION CORP.

By:
Name:
Title:

THE REPRESENTATIVE

Brian Pratt

ESCROW AGENT

CONTINENTAL STOCK TRANSFER
& TRUST COMPANY

By:
Name:
Title:

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Annex E

VOTING AGREEMENT

VOTING AGREEMENT, dated as of this [Closing Date] (Agreement), among each of the persons listed under the caption Target Group on Exhibit A attached hereto (the Target Group), each of the persons listed under the caption Founders Group on Exhibit A attached hereto (the Founders Group) and Rhapsody Acquisition Corp., a Delaware corporation (Delcorp). Each of the Target Group and the Founders Group is sometimes referred to herein as a Group. For purposes of this Agreement, each person who is a member of either the Target Group or the Founders Group is referred to herein individually as a Stockholder and collectively as the Stockholders. Capitalized terms used but not defined in this Agreement shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Merger Agreement;

WHEREAS, as of February 19, 2008, each of Delcorp, Primoris Corporation (the Company), a Nevada corporation, and the Signing Shareholders have entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the Merger Agreement) that provides, *inter alia*, upon the terms and subject to the conditions thereof, for the merger of the Company into Delcorp (the Merger);

WHEREAS, as of the date hereof, each Stockholder who is a member of the Founders Group owns beneficially and of record shares of common stock of Delcorp, par value \$0.0001 per share (Delcorp Common Stock), as set forth opposite such Stockholder's name on Exhibit A hereto (all such shares and any shares of which ownership of record or the power to vote is hereafter acquired by any of the Stockholders, whether by purchase, conversion or exercise, prior to the termination of this Agreement being referred to herein as the Shares);

WHEREAS, at the Effective Time, all shares of Company Common Stock beneficially owned by each Stockholder who is a member of the Target Group shall be converted into the right to receive and shall be exchanged for his, her or its pro rata portion of the shares of Delcorp Common Stock to be issued to the Company's security holders as consideration in the Merger; and

WHEREAS, as a condition to the consummation of the Merger Agreement, the Stockholders have agreed, severally, to enter into this Agreement;

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and of the mutual agreements and covenants set forth herein and in the Merger Agreement, and intending to be legally bound hereby, the parties hereto hereby agree as follows:

ARTICLE I

VOTING OF SHARES For Directors

SECTION 1.01 *Vote in Favor of the Directors.* During the term of this Agreement, each Stockholder agrees to vote the Shares of Delcorp Common Stock he, she or it now owns, or will hereafter acquire prior to the termination of this Agreement, for the election and re-election of the following persons as directors of Delcorp:⁽¹⁾

(a) Five (5) persons, (i) three (3) of whom shall at all times be independent directors, within the meaning of the NASDAQ rules, and (ii) all of whom shall be designees of the Company; with two (2) of such designees to stand for election in 2009 (Class A Directors), who shall initially be Brian Pratt and _____; one (1) of such designees to stand for election in 2010 (Class B Directors), who shall initially be _____ and who will be an independent director, and two (2) of such designees, to stand for election in 2011 (Class C Directors), who shall initially be designated prior to the Closing Date, each of whom shall be an independent director (collectively, the Target Directors);

Parties are to designate their nominees, the number to stand for election in each class and who shall be independent (1) directors. It is assumed there will be no annual meeting in 2008, as election of directors will be presented at the special meeting called to approve the merger.

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- (b) Two (2) persons all of whom shall be designees of the Founders Group, which designee initially shall be _____, who shall be elected as a Class __ Director, and _____ who shall be elected as a Class __ Director, (the Founders Directors, and together with the Target Directors, the Director Designees); and
- (c) Brian Pratt is to be elected and serve as Chairman of the Board of Directors.
- (d) The Founders Group may also designate a person to serve as an observer at all meetings of the Board of Directors and committees thereof, who shall be given all documents and other information furnished to the members of the Board of Directors at the time such information is so furnished (the *Observer*). At the election of the Founders Group, the person then acting as Observer shall be designated to serve all or a part of any unexpired term of the person designated by the Founders Group to serve as a Class __ Director, in which event the person designated by the Founders Group to serve as a Class __ Director shall serve as the Observer.

Neither the Stockholders, nor any of the officers, directors, stockholders, members, managers, partners, employees or agents of any Stockholder, makes any representation or warranty as to the fitness or competence of any Director Designee to serve on the Board of Directors by virtue of such party's execution of this Agreement or by the act of such party in designating or voting for such Director Designee pursuant to this Agreement.

Any Director Designee may be removed from the Board of Directors in the manner allowed by law and Delcorp's governing documents except that each Stockholder agrees that he, she or it will not, as a stockholder, vote for the removal of any director who is a member of a Group of which such Stockholder is not a member. If a director is removed or resigns from office, the remaining directors of the Group of which the vacating director is a member shall be entitled to appoint the successor.

SECTION 1.02 *Vote in Favor of Stock Option Plan.* During the term of this Agreement, each Stockholder agrees to vote the Shares of Delcorp Common Stock he, she or it now owns, or hereafter acquires prior to the termination of this Agreement, in favor of the adoption of the Delcorp Plan (as defined in the Merger Agreement).

SECTION 1.03 *Obligations of Delcorp.* Delcorp shall take all necessary and desirable actions within its control during the term of this Agreement to provide for the Delcorp Board of Directors to be comprised of seven (7) members and to enable the election to the Board of Directors of the Director Designees.

SECTION 1.04 *Term of Agreement.* The obligations of the Stockholders pursuant to this Agreement shall terminate immediately following the election or re-election of directors at the annual meeting of Delcorp that will be held in 2011.

SECTION 1.05 *Obligations as Director and/or Officer.* Nothing in this Agreement shall be deemed to limit or restrict any director or officer of Delcorp from acting in his or her capacity as such director or officer or from exercising his or her fiduciary duties and responsibilities, it being agreed and understood that this Agreement shall apply to each Stockholder solely in his or her capacity as a stockholder of Delcorp and shall not apply to his or her actions, judgments or decisions as a director or officer of Delcorp if he or she is such a director or officer.

SECTION 1.06 *Transfer of Shares.* If a member of the Target Group desires to transfer his, her or its Shares to a permitted transferee pursuant to the Lock-Up Agreement of even date herewith executed by such member, or if a

member of the Founders Group desires to transfer his or its shares to a permitted transferee pursuant to the Stock Escrow Agreement dated as of October [3], 2006, it shall be a condition to such transfer that the transferee agree to be bound by the provisions of this Agreement. This Agreement shall in no way restrict the transfer on the public market of Shares that are not subject to the Lock-Up Agreement or the Stock Escrow Agreement, and any such transfers on the public market of Shares not subject to the provisions of the Lock-Up Agreement or the Stock Escrow Agreement, as applicable, shall be free and clear of the restrictions in this Agreement.

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ARTICLE II

**REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES;
COVENANTS OF THE STOCKHOLDERS**

Each Stockholder hereby severally represents warrants and covenants as follows:

SECTION 2.01 *Authorization.* Such Stockholder has full legal capacity and authority to enter into this Agreement and to carry out such Stockholder's obligations hereunder. This Agreement has been duly executed and delivered by such Stockholder, and (assuming due authorization, execution and delivery by Delcorp and the other Stockholders) this Agreement constitutes a legal, valid and binding obligation of such Stockholder, enforceable against such Stockholder in accordance with its terms.

SECTION 2.02 *No Conflict; Required Filings and Consents.*

(a) The execution and delivery of this Agreement by such Stockholder does not, and the performance of this Agreement by such Stockholder will not, (i) conflict with or violate any Legal Requirement applicable to such Stockholder or by which any property or asset of such Stockholder is bound or affected, or (ii) result in any breach of or constitute a default (or an event which with notice or lapse of time or both would become a default) under, or give to others any right of termination, amendment, acceleration or cancellation of, or result in the creation of any encumbrance on any property or asset of such Stockholder, including, without limitation, the Shares, pursuant to, any note, bond, mortgage, indenture, contract, agreement, lease, license, permit, franchise or other instrument or obligation.

(b) The execution and delivery of this Agreement by such Stockholder does not, and the performance of this Agreement by such Stockholder will not, require any consent, approval, authorization or permit of, or filing with or notification to, any governmental or regulatory authority, domestic or foreign, except (i) for applicable requirements, if any, of the Exchange Act, and (ii) where the failure to obtain such consents, approvals, authorizations or permits, or to make such filings or notifications, would not prevent or materially delay the performance by such Stockholder of such Stockholder's obligations under this Agreement.

SECTION 2.03 *Title to Shares.* Such Stockholder is the legal and beneficial owner of its Shares, or will be the legal beneficial owner of the Shares that such Stockholder will receive as a result of the Merger, free and clear of all liens and other encumbrances except certain restrictions upon the transfer of such Shares.

ARTICLE III

GENERAL PROVISIONS

SECTION 3.01 *Notices*. All notices and other communications given or made pursuant hereto shall be in writing and shall be given (and shall be deemed to have been duly given upon receipt) by delivery in person, by overnight courier service, by telecopy, or by registered or certified mail (postage prepaid, return receipt requested) to the respective parties at the following addresses (or at such other addresses as shall be specified by notice given in accordance with this Section 3.01):

(a) *If to Delcorp:*

Rhapsody Acquisition Corp.
825 Third Avenue, 40th Floor
New York, N.Y. 10022
Attention: Eric Rosenfeld
Telecopy No.: 212-319-0760

with a mandatory copy to

Graubard Miller
The Chrysler Building
405 Lexington Avenue
New York, N.Y. 10174-1901
Attention: David Alan Miller, Esq.
Telecopy No.: 212-818-8881

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(b) If to any Stockholder, to the address set forth opposite his, her or its name on Exhibit A.

With a mandatory copy to

Rutan & Tucker, LLP
611 Anton Boulevard, Suite 1400
Costa Mesa, CA 92626-5100
Attention: George J. Wall, Esq.
Telecopier No.: 714-546-9035

SECTION 3.02 *Headings*. The headings contained in this Agreement are for reference purposes only and shall not affect in any way the meaning or interpretation of this Agreement.

SECTION 3.03 *Severability*. If any term or other provision of this Agreement is invalid, illegal or incapable of being enforced by any rule of law or public policy, all other conditions and provisions of this Agreement shall nevertheless remain in full force and effect so long as the economic or legal substance of the transactions contemplated hereby is not affected in any manner materially adverse to any party. Upon such determination that any term or other provision

is invalid, illegal or incapable of being enforced, the parties hereto shall negotiate in good faith to modify this Agreement so as to effect the original intent of the parties as closely as possible to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law in an acceptable manner to the end that the transactions contemplated hereby are fulfilled to the extent possible.

SECTION 3.04 *Entire Agreement*. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement of the parties and supersedes all prior agreements and undertakings, both written and oral, between the parties, or any of them, with respect to the subject matter hereof. This Agreement may not be amended or modified except in an instrument in writing signed by, or on behalf of, the parties hereto.

SECTION 3.05 *Specific Performance*. The parties hereto agree that irreparable damage would occur in the event that any provision of this Agreement was not performed in accordance with the terms hereof and that the parties shall be entitled to specific performance of the terms hereof, in addition to any other remedy at law or in equity.

SECTION 3.06 *Governing Law*. This Agreement shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of Delaware applicable to contracts executed in and to be performed in that State.

SECTION 3.07 *Arbitration*. Except as otherwise provided in this Agreement, any controversy or claim arising out of or relating to this Agreement or the breach thereof shall be settled by arbitration in Orange County, California.

(a) *Judicial Arbitration and Mediation Services*. The arbitration shall be administered by Judicial Arbitration and Mediation Services (JAMS) in its Orange County office.

(b) *Arbitrator*. The arbitrator shall be a retired superior or appellate court judge of the State of Delaware affiliated with JAMS.

(c) *Provisional Remedies and Appeals*. Each of the parties reserves the right to file with a court of competent jurisdiction an application for temporary or preliminary injunctive relief, writ of attachment, writ of possession, temporary protective order and/or appointment of a receiver on the grounds that the arbitration award to which the applicant may be entitled may be rendered ineffectual in the absence of such relief. The award of the arbitrator shall be binding, final, and nonappealable.

(d) *Enforcement of Judgment*. Judgment upon the award rendered by the arbitrator may be entered in any court having jurisdiction thereof. The award of the arbitrator shall be binding, final, and nonappealable.

(e) *Discovery*. The parties may obtain discovery in aid of the arbitration to the fullest extent permitted under law, including California Code of Civil Procedure Section 1283.05. All discovery disputes shall be resolved by the arbitrator.

(f) *Consolidation*. Any arbitration hereunder may be consolidated by JAMS with the arbitration of any other dispute arising out of or relating to the same subject matter when the arbitrator determines that

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there is a common issue of law or fact creating the possibility of conflicting rulings by more than one arbitrator. Any disputes over which arbitrator shall hear any consolidated matter shall be resolved by JAMS.

(g) *Power and Authority of Arbitrator*. The arbitrator shall not have any power to alter, amend, modify or change any of the terms of this Agreement nor to grant any remedy which is either prohibited by the terms of this Agreement, or

not available in a court of law.

(h) *Governing Law.* All questions in respect of procedure to be followed in conducting the arbitration as well as the enforceability of this Agreement to arbitrate which may be resolved by state law shall be resolved according to the law of the state of California. Any action brought to enforce the provisions of this Section shall be brought in the Orange County Superior Court. All other questions in respect to this Agreement, including but not limited to the interpretation, enforcement of this Agreement (other than the right to arbitrate), and the rights, duties and liabilities of the parties to this Agreement shall be governed by Delaware law.

(i) *Costs.* The costs of the arbitration, including any JAMS administration fee, and arbitrator's fee, and costs of the use of facilities during the hearings, shall be borne equally by the parties. Costs shall be awarded to the prevailing party.

(j) *Attorneys' Fees.* If a party to this Agreement shall bring any action, suit, counterclaim, appeal, arbitration, or mediation for any relief against the other parties, declaratory or otherwise, to enforce the terms hereof or to declare rights hereunder (referred to herein as an *Action*), the non-prevailing party in such Action shall pay to the prevailing party in such Action a reasonable sum for the prevailing party's attorneys' fees and expenses (at the prevailing party's attorneys' then-current rates, as increased from time to time by the giving of advance written notice by such counsel to such party) incurred in prosecuting or defending such Action and/or enforcing any judgment, order, ruling or award (referred to herein as a *Decision*), granted therein, all of which shall be deemed to have accrued from the commencement of such Action, and shall be paid whether or not such Action is prosecuted to a Decision. Any Decision entered into in such Action shall contain a specific provision providing for the recovery of attorneys' fees and expenses incurred in enforcing such Decision. The court or arbitrator may fix the amount of reasonable attorneys' fees and expenses upon the request of any party. For purposes of this Section, attorneys' fees shall include, without limitation, fees incurred in connection with (1) postjudgment motions and collection actions, (2) contempt proceedings, (3) garnishment, levy and debtor and third party examination, (4) discovery and (5) bankruptcy litigation.

SECTION 3.08 *No Waiver.* No failure or delay by any party in exercising any right, power or privilege hereunder shall operate as a waiver thereof nor shall any single or partial exercise thereof preclude any other or further exercise thereof or the exercise of any other right, power or privilege. The rights and remedies herein provided shall be cumulative and not exclusive of any rights or remedies provided by law.

SECTION 3.09 *Counterparts.* This Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts, and by the different parties hereto in separate counterparts, each of which when executed shall be deemed to be an original but all of which taken together shall constitute one and the same agreement.

SECTION 3.10 *Merger Agreement.* All references to the Merger Agreement herein shall be to such agreement as may be amended by the parties thereto from time to time.

[Signature Page Follows]

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have executed this Agreement as of the date first written above.

RHAPSODY ACQUISITION CORP.

By: Name: Eric Rosenfeld
Title: President and Chief Executive Officer

STOCKHOLDERS:

The Founders Group:

Eric Rosenfeld

The Target Group:

Brian Pratt

John P. Schauerman

Summers Trust

By: Scott E. Summers, Trustee

Timothy R. Healy

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EXHIBIT A

STOCKHOLDERS

Name and Address

Number of Shares

The Founders Group:

Eric Rosenfeld

The Target Group:

Brian Pratt

John P. Schauerman

Summers Trust

Timothy R. Healy

[Insert name address and fax number for each person.]

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Annex F

EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT

BETWEEN

Primoris Corporation

AND

[Name of Employee]

February 19, 2008

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EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT

THIS EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT is made and entered into as of February 19, 2008, and effective as of the Closing Date (as hereinafter defined), by and among Primoris Corporation, a Nevada corporation (the *Employer*), and _____ (the *Employee*).

WHEREAS, pursuant to that certain Agreement And Plan of Merger by and among Rhapsody Acquisition Corp., Primoris Corporation and certain of the shareholders of Primoris Corporation dated February 19, 2008 (the Merger Agreement), a closing date for the consummation of a prospective merger is defined therein (the Closing Date);

WHEREAS, the Employer desires to employ the Employee, and the Employee desires to accept such employment, on the terms and subject to the conditions hereinafter set forth;

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the covenants contained herein and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the parties hereto agree as follows.

1. Definitions.

Generally, defined terms used in this Agreement are defined in the first instance in which they appear herein. In addition, the following terms and phrases shall have the following meanings:

Board shall mean the board of directors of Employer.

Business Day shall mean any day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, or a day on which banking institutions in California are not required to be open.

Cause shall mean the Employee s:

- (i) failure to devote substantially all his working time to the business of Employer and its Affiliates and Subsidiaries;
- (ii) willful disregard of his duties, or his intentional failure to act where the taking of such action would be in the ordinary course of the Employee s duties hereunder;
- (iii) gross negligence or willful misconduct in the performance of his duties hereunder;
- (iv) commission of any act of fraud, theft or financial dishonesty, or any felony or criminal act involving moral

turpitude; or
unlawful use (including being under the influence) of alcohol or drugs or possession of illegal drugs while on the
(v) premises of the Employer or any of its Affiliates or while performing duties and responsibilities to the Employer
and its Affiliates.

Confidential Information shall mean all proprietary and other information relating to the business and operations of Employer, which has not been specifically designated for release to the public by an authorized representative of Employer, including, but not limited to the following: (i) information, observations, procedures and data concerning the business or affairs of Employer; (ii) products or services; (iii) costs and pricing structures; (iv) analyses; (v) drawings, photographs and reports; (vi) computer software, including operating systems, applications and program listings; (vii) flow charts, manuals and documentation; (viii) data bases; (ix) accounting and business methods; (x) inventions, devices, new developments, methods and processes, whether patentable or unpatentable and whether or not reduced to practice; (xi) customers, vendors, suppliers and customer, vendor and supplier lists; (xii) other copyrightable works; (xiii) all production methods, processes, technology and trade secrets and (xiv) all similar and related information in whatever form. Confidential Information will not include any information that has been published in a form generally available to the public prior to the date the Employee proposes to disclose or use such information. Confidential Information will not be deemed to have been published merely because individual portions of the information have been separately published, but only if all material features comprising such information have been published in combination.

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Disability shall mean the Employee's inability, due to physical or mental illness or disability, to perform the essential functions of his employment with the Employer, even with reasonable accommodation that does not impose an undue hardship on the Employer, for more than sixty (60) consecutive days, or for any ninety (90) days within any one year period, unless a longer period is required by federal or state law, in which case such longer period will be applicable. The Employer reserves the right, in good faith, to make the determination of Disability under this Agreement based on information supplied by the Employee and/or his medical personnel, as well as information from medical personnel selected by the Employer or its insurers.

Employer shall mean Primoris Corporation and any of its Subsidiaries.

Person shall be construed broadly and shall include, without limitation, an individual, a partnership, an investment fund, a limited liability company, a corporation, an association, a joint stock company, a trust, a joint venture, an unincorporated organization and a governmental entity or any department, agency or political subdivision thereof.

Subsidiary or *Subsidiaries* shall have the meaning as defined in the Merger Agreement.

Termination Date shall mean the effective date of the termination of the Employee's employment hereunder, which (i) in the case of termination by resignation, shall mean the date that is ninety (90) days following the date of the Employee's written notice to the Employer of his resignation; provided, however, that the Employer may accelerate the Termination Date; (ii) in the case of termination by reason of death shall mean the date of death; (iii) in the case of termination by reason of Disability, shall mean the date specified in the notice of such termination delivered to the Employee by the Employer; (iv) in the case of a Termination for Cause or a Termination without Cause, shall mean the date specified in the written notice of such termination delivered to the Employee by the Employer; (iv) in the case of termination by mutual agreement shall mean the date mutually agreed to by the parties hereto and (v) in the case of nonrenewal, shall mean the expiration of the Employment Period.

2. Employment.

a. *Initial Term.* The Employer shall employ the Employee, and the Employee accepts employment with the Employer, upon the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement. The initial term of this Agreement (the *Initial Term*) shall be for a period of five (5) years⁽²⁾ commencing on the date hereof, unless terminated earlier pursuant to Article 5 hereof; provided, however, that Employee's obligations in Article 11 and Article 12 hereof shall continue in effect after such termination.

b. *Additional Terms.* This Agreement may be extended beyond the Initial Term upon the mutual consent and agreement of Employee and Employer. The Initial Term and additional terms, if any, shall collectively be referred to herein as the *Employment Period* .

3. Position and Duties.

During the Employment Period, the Employee shall serve as the Chief Executive Officer, reporting to the Board, and shall have the usual and customary duties, responsibilities and authority of such position. During the Employment Period the Employee shall also serve as a member of the Board of Directors of Employer. In addition, during the Employment Period, if elected or appointed thereto, shall serve as an officer and/or member of the board of any Subsidiary of Employer as reasonably requested by the Employer and its Subsidiaries, in each case, without additional compensation hereunder. The Employee hereby accepts such employment and positions and agrees to diligently and conscientiously devote his full and exclusive business time, attention, and best efforts in discharging and fulfilling his duties and responsibilities hereunder. The Employee shall comply with the Employer's policies and procedures and the direction and instruction of the Board and the Employee shall not engage in any business activity which, in the reasonable judgment of the Board, conflicts with the duties of the Employee hereunder, whether or not such activity is pursued for gain, profit or other pecuniary advantage. Notwithstanding the above, nothing in this Article shall prohibit or restrict Employee from engaging in or holding any passive investment, including any equity interest, in any business activity.

(1) In certain agreements a Subsidiary will be the Employer.

(2) One (1) year for David Becker.

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4. Compensation.

(a) **Salary.** During the Employment Period, the Employer shall pay the Employee base salary (the *Base Salary*) at the rate of _____ Dollars (\$_____)⁽³⁾ per annum, payable in equal installments twice monthly on Employer's regular payroll dates, less applicable deductions and withholdings.

(b) **Performance Bonus.** In addition to the Base Salary, during the Employment Period the Employee shall be eligible to receive a cash bonus (the *Bonus*) with respect to each calendar year as of the last day of which the Employee is employed by the Employer. The amount of the Bonus, if any, payable in respect of any calendar year will be determined at the sole discretion of Employer by the Board or compensation committee of the Board (the *Compensation Committee*). The Bonus, if any, payable with respect to a calendar year shall be paid within thirty (30) days following the rendering of Employer's audited financial statements for the relevant calendar year.

(c) **Benefits and Perquisites.** In addition to the Base Salary, Employee shall be entitled to all other benefits of employment provided to other employees of Employer; provided, however, that during the term of this Agreement Employee shall be entitled to three (3) weeks of vacation per annum. Additional benefits and perquisites will be provided subject to Employer's policies and practices in effect and then in place at the Closing Date, and the terms of applicable benefit plans and arrangements as in effect from time to time.

(d) **Reimbursements.** The Employer shall reimburse the Employee for all reasonable and necessary business-related expenses incurred by him in the course of performing his duties under this Agreement which are consistent with Employer's policies and practices in effect and then in place at the Closing Date, including travel, entertainment and other business expenses, subject to the Employer's requirements with respect to reporting and documentation of such expenses.

(e) **Deductions and Withholding.** The Employer shall deduct from any payments to be made by it to or on behalf of the Employee under this Agreement any amounts required to be withheld in respect of any federal, state or local income or other taxes.

(f) **Annual Review of Base Salary.** The Board (or the Compensation Committee) shall undertake a review of the Base Salary not less frequently than annually during the Employment Period and may increase, but not decrease, the rate of Base Salary from the rate then in effect.

(g) **Use of Employer Aircraft.** In addition to all business related uses of any aircraft owned or leased by Employer during the Employment Period, Employee shall be entitled to use of said aircraft up to _____ (___) hours⁽⁴⁾ during each calendar year hereunder.

5. Termination of Employment.

The Employee's employment under this Agreement shall be terminated upon the earliest to occur of the following events:

(a) **Termination for Cause.** The Employer may in its sole discretion terminate this Agreement and the Employee's employment hereunder for Cause at any time and with or without advance notice to the Employee.

(b) **Termination without Cause.** The Employer may terminate this Agreement and the Employee's employment hereunder without Cause at any time, with or without notice, for any reason or no reason (and no reason need be given).

(c) **Mutual Agreement.** This Agreement and the Employee's employment hereunder may be terminated by the mutual written agreement of the Employer and the Employee.

(d) **Termination by Death or Disability.** This Agreement and the Employee's employment hereunder shall automatically terminate upon the Employee's death or Disability.

(e) **Resignation.** The Employee may terminate this Agreement and his employment hereunder upon ninety (90) days advance written notice to the Employer.

(3) Will vary from \$227,500 to \$500,000.

(4) Will vary up to 100 hours per year. Certain employees will not have this benefit.

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(f) **Nonrenewal.** In the event either party does not elect to renew the term of this Agreement, this Agreement and the Employee's employment hereunder shall automatically terminate as of the expiration of the current term in effect.

6. Compensation upon Termination.

(a) **General.** In the event of the Employee's termination of employment for any reason, the Employee or his estate or beneficiaries shall have the right to receive the following:

- (i) the unpaid portion of the Base Salary and paid time off accrued and payable through the Termination Date;
- (ii) reimbursement for any expenses for which the Employee shall not have been previously reimbursed, as provided in Section 4(d); and
- (iii) continuation of health insurance coverage rights, if any, as required under applicable law.

(b) **Termination for Cause, Resignation, Mutual Agreement or Nonrenewal.** In the event of the Employee's termination of employment by reason of (i) Termination for Cause, (ii) Resignation, (iii) Mutual Agreement or (iv) Nonrenewal, the Employer shall have no current or further obligations (including Base Salary) to the Employee under this Agreement other than as set forth in Section 6(a).

(c) **Termination without Cause or by Death or Disability.** Subject to Section 6(d), in the event of the Employee's termination of employment hereunder by reason of (i) Termination without Cause or (ii) death or Disability, the Employee shall be entitled to the following (the *Severance Benefits*):

- (i) a lump sum equal to one-half of the annual Base Salary in effect upon the Termination Date, payable within fifteen (15) days following the Termination Date;
- (ii) a pro rata amount of a Bonus, if any, which would have been payable to the Employee for the calendar year in which the Termination Date occurs, determined after the end of the calendar year in which such Termination Date occurs and equal to the amount which would have been payable to the Employee if his employment had not been terminated during such calendar year multiplied by the fraction, the numerator of which is the number of whole months the Employee was employed by the Employer during such calendar year and the denominator of which is 12. Any pro rata bonus payable under this Section 6(c)(ii) shall be paid in a lump sum at the time bonuses for such calendar year are otherwise payable to senior executives of the Employer; and
- (iii) in the event that the Employee elects COBRA benefits, the Employer shall pay the Employee's share of the premium for such COBRA benefits until the earlier of (i) one year after the Termination Date; or (ii) the date that Employee obtains comparable health benefits through new employment.

(d) **General Release.** Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in this Agreement, the foregoing Severance Benefits under Section 6(c) shall not apply and the Employer shall have no obligations to pay or provide any Severance Benefits (other than upon the Employee's termination of employment by reason of death), unless the Employee signs, delivers and does not rescind or revoke a general release, substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit A, of all known and unknown claims of the Employee (and his affiliates, successors, heirs and assigns and the like) against Employer and the Board.

(e) The rights of the Employee set forth in this Section 6 are intended to be the Employee's exclusive remedy for termination and, to the greatest extent permitted by applicable law, the Employee waives all other remedies.

7. Insurance.

Employer may, for its own benefit, maintain key man life and disability insurance policies covering the Employee.

The Employee will cooperate with Employer and provide such information or other assistance as they may reasonably request in connection with obtaining and maintaining such policies.

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8. Exclusive Services.

During the term of this Agreement, the Employee will not accept or perform any work, consulting, or other services for any other business entity or for remuneration of any kind, without written approval by the Board.

9. The Employee's Termination Obligations.

The Employee hereby acknowledges and agrees that all personal property and equipment furnished to or prepared by the Employee in the course of or incident to his employment hereunder belongs to Employer and shall be promptly returned to Employer upon termination of the Employee's employment. The term *personal property* includes, without limitation, all office equipment, laptop computers, cell phones, books, manuals, records, reports, notes, contracts, requests for proposals, bids, lists, blueprints, and other documents, or materials, or copies thereof (including computer files), and all other proprietary and non-proprietary information relating to the business of Employer. Following termination of his employment hereunder, the Employee will not retain any written or other tangible material containing any proprietary or non-proprietary information of Employer.

10. Acknowledgment of Protectable Interests.

The Employee acknowledges and agrees that his employment with Employer involves building and maintaining business relationships and good will on behalf of the Employer with customers, and other professional contractors, subcontractors, employees and staff, and various providers and users of services related to Employer's business; that he is entrusted with proprietary, strategic and other confidential information which is of special value to Employer; and that the foregoing matters are significant interests which the Employer is entitled to protect.

11. Confidential Information.

The Employee agrees that all Confidential Information that comes or has come into his possession by reason of his employment hereunder is the property of the Employer and shall not be used except in the course of employment by Employer and for Employer's exclusive benefit. Further, the Employee shall not, during his employment or thereafter, disclose or acknowledge the content of any Confidential Information to any person who is not an employee of Employer authorized to possess such Confidential Information. Upon termination of employment, the Employee shall deliver to Employer all documents, writings, electronic storage devices, and other tangible things containing any Confidential Information and the Employee shall not make or retain copies, excerpts, or notes of such information.

12. Nonsolicitation/Nondisparagement.

In the event of the termination of this Agreement for any reason, the Employee shall not, for a period of two (2) years thereafter, directly or indirectly:

- (a) solicit, induce or encourage any employee of Employer to terminate his or her employment with Employer;

(b) make any disparaging public statement concerning Employer; or

(c) use Employer's Confidential Information to induce, attempt to induce or knowingly encourage any Customer (as defined below) of Employer to divert any business or income from Employer, or to stop or alter the manner in which they are then doing business with Employer. The term *Customer* with respect to Employer shall mean any individual or business firm that is, or within the prior twenty-four (24) months was, a customer or client of Employer, or whose business was actively solicited by Employer at any time, regardless of whether such customer was generated, in whole or in part, by the Employee's efforts.

13. Damages For Improper Termination With Cause.

In the event that the Employer terminates this Agreement and the Employee's employment hereunder for Cause, but it subsequently is determined by an arbitrator or a court of competent jurisdiction, as the case may be, that the Employer did not have Cause for the termination, then for purposes of this Agreement, the Employer's decision to terminate shall be deemed to have been a termination without Cause, and the Employer shall be obligated to pay the Severance Benefits specified under Section 6(c), and only that amount.

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14. Arbitration.

Any controversy or dispute arising out of, based upon, or relating to this Agreement, its enforcement or interpretation, or because of an alleged breach, default, or misrepresentation in connection with any of its provisions, or arising out of, based upon, or relating in any way to the Employee's employment or association with Employer, or termination of the same, including, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, any questions regarding whether a particular dispute is arbitrable, and any alleged violation of statute, common law or public policy, including, but not limited to, any state or federal statutory claims, shall be submitted to final and binding arbitration in Orange County, California, in accordance with the JAMS Employment Arbitration Rules and Procedures, before a single neutral arbitrator selected from the JAMS panel, or if JAMS is no longer able to supply the arbitrator, such arbitrator shall be selected from the American Arbitration Association, in accordance with its National Rules for the Resolution of Employment Disputes (the arbitrator selected hereunder, the *Arbitrator*). Provisional injunctive relief may, but need not, be sought by either party to this Agreement in a court of law while arbitration proceedings are pending, pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure section 1281.8, and any provisional injunctive relief granted by such court shall remain effective until the matter is finally determined by the Arbitrator. Final resolution of any dispute through arbitration may include any remedy or relief which the Arbitrator deems just and equitable, including any and all remedies provided by applicable state or federal statutes. At the conclusion of the arbitration, the Arbitrator shall issue a written decision that sets forth the essential findings and conclusions upon which the Arbitrator's award or decision is based. Any award or relief granted by the Arbitrator hereunder shall be final and binding on the parties hereto and may be enforced by any court of competent jurisdiction. The parties acknowledge and agree that they are hereby waiving any rights to trial by jury in any action, proceeding or counterclaim brought by either of the parties against the other in connection with any matter whatsoever arising out of or in any way connected with this Agreement or the provision of services under this Agreement. The Employer will pay the arbitrator's fees and arbitration expenses and any other costs associated with the arbitration or arbitration hearing that are unique to arbitration. Subject to the provisions of Section 25, the parties shall each pay their own deposition, witness, expert and attorneys' fees and other expenses as and to the same extent as if the matter were being heard in court.

15. Representations/Warranties.

The Employee represents and warrants that he is under no contractual or other obligation that would prevent him from accepting the Employer's offer of employment as set forth herein.

16. Entire Agreement.

This Agreement is intended by the parties to be the final expression of their agreement with respect to the employment of the Employee by Employer and may not be contradicted by evidence of any prior or contemporaneous agreement (including, without limitation any term sheet or similar agreement entered into between Employer and the Employee).

The parties further intend that this Agreement shall constitute the complete and exclusive statement of its terms and that no extrinsic evidence whatsoever may be introduced in any judicial, administrative, or other legal proceeding to vary the terms of this Agreement.

17. No Representations.

No person or entity has made or has the authority to make any representations or promises on behalf of any of the parties which are inconsistent with the representations or promises contained in this Agreement, and this Agreement has not been executed in reliance on any representations or promises not set forth herein. Specifically, no promises, warranties or representations have been made by anyone on any topic or subject matter related to the Employee's relationship with the Employer or any of their executives or employees, including but not limited to any promises, warranties or representations regarding future employment, compensation, benefits, any entitlement to equity interests in Employer or regarding the termination of the Employee's employment. In this regard, the Employee agrees that no promises, warranties or representations shall be deemed to be made in the future unless they are set forth in writing and signed by an authorized representative of the Employer.

18. Amendments.

This Agreement may be modified only by agreement of the parties by a written instrument executed by the parties that is designated as an amendment to this Agreement.

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19. Severability and Non-Waiver/Survival.

Any provision of this Agreement (or portion thereof) which is deemed invalid, illegal or unenforceable in any jurisdiction shall, as to that jurisdiction and subject to this Section 19, be ineffective to the extent of such invalidity, illegality or unenforceability, without affecting in any way the remaining provisions thereof in such jurisdiction or rendering such provision or any other provision of this Agreement invalid, illegal, or unenforceable in any other jurisdiction. If any covenant should be deemed invalid, illegal or unenforceable because its scope is considered excessive, such covenant shall be modified so that the scope of the covenant is reduced only to the minimum extent necessary to render the modified covenant valid, legal and enforceable. No waiver of any provision or violation of this Agreement by the Employer shall be implied by the Employer's forbearance or failure to take action. The expiration or termination of the Employment Period and this Agreement shall not impair the rights or obligations of any party hereto which shall have accrued hereunder prior to such expiration or termination.

20. Successor/Assigns.

This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the parties and their respective heirs, representatives, executors, administrators, successors, and assigns, provided, however, that the Employee may not assign any or all of his rights or duties hereunder except following the prior written consent of the Employer. The Employee shall be entitled, to the extent permitted under applicable law, to select and change a beneficiary or beneficiaries to receive any compensation or benefit hereunder following the Employee's death by giving written notice thereof. In the event of the Employee's death or a judicial determination of his incompetence, references in this Agreement to the Employee shall be deemed, where appropriate, to refer to his beneficiary, estate or other legal representative.

21. Voluntary and Knowledgeable Act.

The Employee represents and warrants that the Employee has read and understands each and every provision of this Agreement and has freely and voluntarily entered into this Agreement.

22. Choice of Law.

This Agreement shall be governed as to its validity and effect by the laws of the state of California without regard to principles of conflict of laws.

23. Counterparts.

This Agreement may be executed in counterparts, each of which shall be deemed to be an original, but both of which together shall constitute one and the same instrument.

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24. Notices.

All notices and other communications necessary or contemplated under this Agreement shall be in writing and shall be delivered in the manner specified herein or, in the absence of such specification, shall be deemed delivered when delivered in person or sent by first-class mail (certified or registered mail, return receipt requested, postage prepaid), facsimile or overnight air courier guaranteeing next day delivery, addressed as follows:

- (a) if to the Employee, to him at his most recent address in Employer's records,
John M. Perisich
Primoris Corporation
26000 Commercentre Dr.
Lake Forest, CA 92630
Facsimile: (949) 595-5544
Rutan & Tucker
611 Anton Boulevard, Fourteenth Floor
Costa Mesa, California 92626-1931
Facsimile: (714) 546-9035
Attention: George J. Wall, Esq.
- (b) if to the Employer, to:

with a copy to:

and:

or to such other address as the recipient party to whom notice is to be given may have furnished to the other party in writing in accordance herewith.

25. Attorneys Fees.

In the event that any dispute between the parties should result in litigation or arbitration, the prevailing party in such dispute shall be entitled to recover from the other party all reasonable fees, costs and expenses of enforcing any right of the prevailing party, including without limitation, reasonable attorneys fees and expenses, all of which shall be deemed to have accrued upon the commencement of such action and shall be paid whether or not such action is prosecuted to judgment. Any judgment or order entered in such action shall contain a specific provision providing for the recovery of attorneys fees and costs incurred in enforcing such judgment and an award of prejudgment interest from the date of the breach at the maximum rate of interest allowed by law. For the purposes of this Section 25: (a) attorneys fees shall include, without limitation, fees incurred in the following: (i) postjudgment motions; (ii) contempt proceedings; (iii) garnishment, levy, and debtor and third party examinations; (iv) discovery and (v) bankruptcy litigation and (b) *prevailing party* shall mean the party who is determined in the proceeding to have prevailed or who prevails by dismissal, default or otherwise.

26. Descriptive Headings; Nouns and Pronouns.

Descriptive headings are for convenience only and shall not control or affect the meaning or construction of any provision of this Agreement. Whenever the context may require, any pronouns used herein shall include the corresponding masculine, feminine or neuter forms, and the singular form of nouns and pronouns shall include the plural and vice-versa.

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27. Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation.

The parties acknowledge and agree that, to the extent applicable, this Agreement shall be interpreted in accordance with Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the *Code*) and Department of Treasury regulations and other interpretive guidance issued thereunder, including without limitation any such regulations or other guidance that may be issued after the date hereof. Notwithstanding any provision of this Agreement to the contrary, in the event that the Employer determines that any amounts payable hereunder will be immediately taxable to the Employee under Section 409A of the Code and related Department of Treasury guidance, the Employer may (a) adopt such amendments to this Agreement and appropriate policies and procedures, including amendments and policies with retroactive effect, that the Employer determines necessary or appropriate to preserve the intended tax treatment of the benefits provided by this Agreement and/or (b) take such other actions as the Employer determines necessary or appropriate to comply with the requirements of Section 409A of the Code and related Department of Treasury guidance, including such Department of Treasury guidance and other interpretive materials as may be issued after the date hereof.

28. Waiver of Jury Trial.

EACH OF THE PARTIES HERETO HEREBY IRREVOCABLY WAIVES ALL RIGHT TO TRIAL BY JURY IN ANY ACTION, PROCEEDING OR COUNTERCLAIM ARISING OUT OF OR RELATING TO THIS

AGREEMENT.

[signature page follows]

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Employment Agreement as of the date first written above.

Primoris Corporation

By:

Name:

Title:

[Employee]

, individually

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EXHIBIT A

[Form of Release]

1. [Severance Benefits]

2. *Release of Claims.* Except as explicitly provided below, you agree that the foregoing consideration represents settlement in full of all outstanding obligations owed to you by the Company, and its respective officers, directors, partners, members, agents and employees, including, without limitation, any and all obligations under the Employment Agreement, and is satisfactory consideration for the waiver and release of all claims set forth herein. On behalf of yourself, and your respective heirs, family members, executors and assigns, you hereby fully and forever release the Company and its past, present and future officers, agents, directors, employees, investors, stockholders, partners, members, administrators, affiliates, divisions, subsidiaries, parents, predecessor and successor corporations and assigns (the *Releasees*), from, and agree not to sue concerning, or in any manner to institute, prosecute or pursue, or cause to be instituted, prosecuted, or pursued, any claim, duty, obligation or cause of action relating to any matters of any kind, whether presently *known or unknown, suspected or unsuspected*, that you may possess against any of the Releasees arising from any omissions, acts or facts that have occurred up until and including the Effective Date of this Release including, without limitation:

- (a) any and all claims relating to or arising from your employment relationship with the Company and the termination of that relationship;
- (b) any and all claims relating to, or arising from, your right to purchase, or actual purchase of shares of stock or other securities of the Company or any of its affiliates or subsidiaries, including, without limitation, any claims for fraud,

misrepresentation, breach of fiduciary duty, breach of duty under applicable state corporate law, and securities fraud under any state or federal law;

(c) any and all claims for wrongful discharge of employment; termination in violation of public policy; discrimination; harassment; retaliation; breach of contract, both express and implied, including, without limitation, any and all claims arising under or in connection with the Employment Agreement; breach of a covenant of good faith and fair dealing, both express and implied; promissory estoppel; negligent or intentional infliction of emotional distress; negligent or intentional misrepresentation; negligent or intentional interference with contract or prospective economic advantage; unfair business practices; defamation; libel; slander; negligence; personal injury; assault; battery; invasion of privacy; false imprisonment; and conversion;

(d) any and all claims for violation of any federal, state or municipal statute, including, but not limited to, Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964; the Civil Rights Act of 1991; the Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967; the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990; the Fair Labor Standards Act; the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974; The Worker Adjustment and Retraining Notification Act; the Family and Medical Leave Act; the California Fair Employment and Housing Act; the California Family Rights Act; and the California Labor Code, including, but not limited to Section 201, et seq., Section 970, et seq., Sections 1400-1408; and all amendments to each such Act as well as the regulations issued thereunder;

(e) any and all claims for violation of the federal, or any state, constitution;

(f) any and all claims arising out of any other laws and regulations relating to employment or employment discrimination; and

(g) any and all claims for attorneys' fees and costs;

provided, however, that the parties hereto agree and acknowledge that you have not, by virtue of this Release or otherwise, waived any claim, duty, obligation or cause of action relating to any of the following:

(i) any matter that arises after the Effective Date of this Release;

(ii) vested benefits under any employee benefit plan within the meaning of section 3(3) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended;

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(iii) any claim relating to indemnification in accordance with applicable laws or the Company's certificate of incorporation or by-laws or any applicable insurance policy, with respect to any liability as a director, officer or employee of the Company (including as a trustee, director or officer of any employee benefit plan);

(iv) any right to obtain contribution as permitted by law in the event of entry of judgment against you as a result of any act or failure to act for which the Company and you are held jointly liable; and

(v) any of your rights as a Limited Partner of Partnership under the Partnership Agreement.

You agree that the release set forth in this Paragraph shall be and remain in effect in all respects as a complete general release as to the matters released. This release does not extend to any obligations incurred under this Release. In the event that any of the parties brings an action to enforce or effect their rights under this Release, the prevailing party shall be entitled to recover their reasonable attorneys' fees and expenses incurred in connection with such an action.

3. *Acknowledgment of Waiver of Claims under ADEA.* You acknowledge that you are waiving and releasing any rights you may have under the Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967 (*ADEA*) and that this waiver and release is knowing and voluntary. You and the Company agree that this Release does not apply to any rights or claims that may arise under ADEA after the Effective Date of this Release. You acknowledge that the consideration given for this

Release is in addition to anything of value to which you were already entitled. You further acknowledge that you have been advised by this writing that:

(a) you should consult with an attorney *prior* to executing this Release;

(b) you have up to [____] days within which to consider this Release;

(c) you have seven days following your execution of this Release to revoke this Release; and this Release shall not be effective until the eighth day after you execute and do not revoke this Release; nothing in this Release prevents or precludes you from challenging or seeking a determination in good faith of the validity of this waiver under the ADEA, nor does it impose any condition precedent, penalties or costs from doing so, unless specifically authorized by federal law.

Any revocation must be in writing and delivered to the Company as follows: [_____] by close of business on or before the seventh day from the date that you sign this Release.

4. *Civil Code Section 1542/Unknown Claims.* You represent that you are not aware of any claims against the Company other than the claims that are released by this Release. You acknowledge that you have had the opportunity to be advised by legal counsel and are familiar with the provisions of California Civil Code 1542, below, which provides as follows:

A GENERAL RELEASE DOES NOT EXTEND TO CLAIMS WHICH THE CREDITOR DOES NOT KNOW OR SUSPECT TO EXIST IN HIS OR HER FAVOR AT THE TIME OF EXECUTING THE RELEASE, WHICH IF KNOWN BY HIM OR HER MUST HAVE MATERIALLY AFFECTED HIS OR HER SETTLEMENT WITH THE DEBTOR.

Being aware of said code section, you agree to expressly waive any rights you may have thereunder, as well as under any statute or common law principles of similar effect.

5. *No Pending or Future Lawsuits.* You represent that you have no lawsuits, claims, or actions pending in your name, or on behalf of any other person or entity, against the Company or any of the Releasees. You also represent that you do not intend to bring any claims on your own behalf or on behalf of any other person or entity against the Company or any of the Releasees.

6. *Confidentiality of Release.* You agree to keep the terms of this Release in the strictest confidence and, except as required by law, not reveal the terms of this Release to any persons except your immediate family, your attorney, and your financial advisors (and to them only provided that they also agree to keep the information completely confidential), and the court in any proceedings to enforce the terms of this Release.

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7. *Non-Disparagement.* You agree not to make any public oral or written statement, or take any other public action, that disparages or criticizes the Company's management, employees, products or services, in any case that damages the Company's reputation or impairs its normal operations.

8. *Entire Agreement.* The terms of which are specifically incorporated herein, this Release constitutes the entire agreement between you and the Company concerning your employment with and separation from the Company and all the events leading thereto and associated therewith, and supercedes and replaces any and all prior agreements and understandings, both written and oral, concerning your relationship with the Company.

9. *Successors and Assigns.* This Release shall be binding upon each of the parties and upon their respective heirs, administrators, representatives, executors, successors and assigns, and shall inure to the benefit of each party and to their heirs, administrators, representatives, executors, successors, and assigns.

10. *No Admission of Liability.* You understand and acknowledge that this Release constitutes a compromise and settlement of any and all potential disputed claims. No action taken by the Company hereto, either previously or in connection with this Release, shall be deemed or construed to be: (a) an admission of the truth or falsity of any potential claims; or (b) an acknowledgment or admission by the Company of any fault or liability whatsoever to you or to any third party.

11. *Authority.* The Company represents and warrants that the undersigned has the authority to act on behalf of the Company and to bind the Company and all who may claim through it to the terms and conditions of this Release. Similarly, you represent and warrant that you have the capacity to act on your own behalf and on behalf of all who might claim through you to bind them to the terms and conditions of this Release. The Company and you each warrant and represent that there are no liens or claims of lien or assignments in law or equity or otherwise of or against any of the claims or causes of action released herein.

12. *Effective Date.* This Release is effective after it has been signed by both parties and after seven days have passed since you have signed this Release (such date, the *Effective Date*).

13. *Voluntary Execution of Release.* This Release is executed voluntarily and without any duress or undue influence on the part or behalf of the parties hereto, with the full intent of releasing all claims except claims specifically excluded under Paragraph 4 hereof. The parties acknowledge that:

(a) They have read this Release;

(b) They have been represented in the preparation, negotiation, and execution of this Release by legal counsel of their own choice or that they have voluntarily declined to seek such counsel;

(c) They understand the terms and consequences of this Release and of the releases it contains; and

(d) They are fully aware of the legal and binding effect of this Release. The laws of the State of California govern this Release, regardless of the laws that might otherwise govern under applicable principles of conflict of law thereof. In the event that any portion of this Release or the application thereof, becomes or is declared by a court of competent jurisdiction to be illegal, void or unenforceable, the remainder of this Release will continue in full force and effect and the application of such portion to other persons or circumstances will be interpreted so as reasonable to effect the intent of the parties hereto. This Release may not be modified, amended, altered or supplemented except by the execution and delivery of a written agreement executed by you and an authorized representative of the Company or by a court of competent jurisdiction.

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Annex G

February 17, 2008

The Board of Directors
Rhapsody Acquisition Corp.
825 Third Avenue,
40th Floor
New York, NY 10022

Gentlemen:

We have been advised that, pursuant to the draft Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated February 13, 2008 (the Draft Agreement), between Rhapsody Acquisition Corp. (Rhapsody), Primoris Corporation (Primoris) and certain of the shareholders of Primoris, Rhapsody intends to acquire Primoris by means of a merger in which the Primoris will merge with Rhapsody and Rhapsody will be the surviving entity, through an exchange of all the issued and outstanding shares of capital stock of Primoris for shares of common stock of Rhapsody (the Transaction). In connection with the Transaction, Rhapsody will issue 24,094,800 shares of its common stock (the Initial Purchase Consideration) and issue up to a maximum of 5,000,000 additional shares of its common stock based upon the combined entity achieving certain EBITDA targets (the Contingent Shares). Hereinafter, the Initial Purchase Consideration and the Contingent Shares are collectively referred to as the Purchase Consideration . The terms and conditions of the Transaction are more specifically set forth in the Draft Agreement.

We have been retained to render an opinion as to whether, on the date of such opinion, (i) the Purchase Consideration is fair, from a financial point of view, to Rhapsody's stockholders, and (ii) the fair market value of Primoris is at least equal to 80% of the net assets of Rhapsody.

We have not been requested to opine as to, and our opinion does not in any manner address, the relative merits of the Transaction as compared to any alternative business strategy that might exist for Rhapsody, the decision of whether Rhapsody should complete the Transaction, and other alternatives to the Transaction that might exist for Rhapsody. The financial terms and other terms of the Transaction were determined pursuant to negotiations between Rhapsody, the shareholders of Primoris and each of their respective financial advisors, and not pursuant to our recommendations.

Ladenburg Thalmann & Co. Inc.
4400 Biscayne Boulevard, 14th Floor
Miami, FL 33137
Phone 305.572.4200 Fax 305.572.4220

MEMBER NYSE, AMEX, FINRA, SIPC

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The Board of Directors
Rhapsody Acquisition Corp.
February 17, 2008

In arriving at our opinion, we took into account an assessment of general economic, market and financial conditions as well as our experience in connection with similar transactions and securities valuations generally and, among other things:

Reviewed the Draft Agreement.

Reviewed publicly available financial information and other data with respect to the Rhapsody that we deemed relevant, including the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 2007, the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the nine months ended December 31, 2007, and the Prospectus dated October 3, 2006.

Reviewed non-public information and other data with respect to Primoris, including audited financial statements for the three years ended December 31, 2006, unaudited financial statements for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, financial projections for the four years ending December 31, 2010, and other internal financial information and management reports.

Reviewed and analyzed the Transaction's pro forma impact on Rhapsody's securities outstanding and stockholder ownership.

Considered the historical financial results and present financial condition of Rhapsody.

Reviewed certain publicly available information concerning the trading of, and the trading market for Rhapsody's common stock and units.

Reviewed and analyzed the indicated value range of the Purchase Consideration.

Reviewed and analyzed Primoris' projected unlevered free cash flows and prepared a discounted cash flow analysis. Reviewed and analyzed certain financial characteristics of publicly-traded companies that were deemed to have characteristics comparable to Primoris.

Reviewed and analyzed certain financial characteristics of target companies in transactions where such target company was deemed to have characteristics comparable to that of Primoris.

Reviewed and compared the net asset value of Rhapsody to the indicated enterprise value range of Primoris.

Reviewed and discussed with representatives of Rhapsody and Primoris management certain financial and operating information furnished by them, including financial projections and analyses with respect to Primoris' business and operations.

Performed such other analyses and examinations as were deemed appropriate.

In arriving at our opinion we have relied upon and assumed the accuracy and completeness of all of the financial and other information that was supplied or otherwise made available to us without assuming any responsibility for any independent verification of any such information and we have further relied upon the assurances of Rhapsody and Primoris management that they were not aware of any facts or circumstances that would make any such information inaccurate or misleading. With respect to the financial information and projections utilized, we assumed that such information has been reasonably prepared on a basis reflecting the best currently available estimates and judgments, and that such information provides a reasonable basis upon which we could make our analysis and form an opinion.

We have not evaluated the solvency or fair value of Rhapsody or Primoris under any foreign, state or federal laws relating to bankruptcy, insolvency or similar matters. We have not made a physical inspection of the properties and facilities of Primoris and have not made or obtained any evaluations or appraisals of Primoris' assets and liabilities (including any contingent, derivative or off-balance-sheet assets and liabilities). In addition, we have not attempted to confirm whether Primoris and Rhapsody have good title to their respective assets.

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The Board of Directors
Rhapsody Acquisition Corp.
February 17, 2008
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We assumed that the Transaction will be consummated in a manner that complies in all respects with the applicable provisions of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and all other applicable foreign, federal and state statutes, rules and regulations. We assumed that the Transaction will be consummated substantially in accordance with the terms set forth in the Draft Agreement, without any further amendments thereto, and without waiver by Rhapsody of any of the conditions to any obligations or in the alternative that any such amendments, revisions or waivers thereto will not be detrimental to Rhapsody or its stockholders in any material respect. We have further assumed that for U.S. federal tax income purposes the Transaction shall qualify as a plan of reorganization within the meaning of Section 368 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

Our analysis and opinion are necessarily based upon market, economic and other conditions, as they exist on, and could be evaluated as of, February 17, 2008. Accordingly, although subsequent developments may affect our opinion, we do not assume any obligation to update, review or reaffirm our opinion.

Our opinion is for the use and benefit of the Board of Directors of Rhapsody in connection with its consideration of the Transaction and is not intended to be and does not constitute an opinion or recommendation to any stockholder of Rhapsody as to how such stockholder should vote with respect to the Transaction. We do not express any opinion as to the underlying valuation or future performance of Rhapsody or Primoris, or the price at which Rhapsody's securities might trade at any time in the future.

Based upon and subject to the foregoing, it is our opinion that, as of the date of this letter, (i) the Purchase Consideration is fair, from a financial point of view, to Rhapsody's stockholders, and (ii) the fair market value of Primoris is at least equal to 80% of the net assets of Rhapsody.

In connection with our services, we have previously received a retainer and will receive the balance of our fee when we notify Rhapsody that we are prepared to deliver the opinion. Our fee for providing the fairness opinion is not contingent on the completion of the Transaction. We have not provided any other services to Rhapsody or Primoris in the past, except that we provided certain fairness opinion services to Rhapsody in October 2007 in connection with a then-proposed transaction which was subsequently terminated. In addition, Rhapsody has agreed to indemnify us for certain liabilities that may arise out of the rendering this opinion.

In the ordinary course of business, Ladenburg, certain of our affiliates, as well as investment funds in which we or our affiliates may have financial interests, may acquire, hold or sell, long or short positions, or trade or otherwise effect transactions, in debt, equity, and other securities and financial instruments (including bank loans and other obligations) of, or investments in, Rhapsody, any other party that may be involved in the Transaction and their respective affiliates.

Pursuant to our policies and procedures, this opinion was not required to be, and was not, approved or issued by a fairness committee. Further, our opinion does not express an opinion about the fairness of the amount or nature of the compensation, if any, to any of Primoris' officers, directors or employees, or class of such persons, relative to the compensation to Primoris' shareholders.

Our opinion is for the use and benefit of the Board of Directors of Rhapsody and is rendered in connection with its consideration of the Transaction and may not be used by Rhapsody for any other purpose or reproduced, disseminated, quoted or referred to by Rhapsody at any time, in any manner or for any purpose, without our prior written consent, except that this opinion may be reproduced in full in, and references to the opinion and to us and our relationship with Rhapsody may be included in filings made by Rhapsody with the Securities and Exchange Commission, if required by Securities and Exchange Commission rules, and in any proxy statement or similar disclosure document disseminated to stockholders if required by the Securities and Exchange Commission rules.

Very truly yours,

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Annex H

DRAFT OPINION

Graubard Miller

The Chrysler Building
405 Lexington Avenue
New York, N.Y. 10174-1901
(212) 818-8800

April __, 2008

Rhapsody Acquisition Corp.
825 Third Avenue, 40th Floor
New York, New York 10022

Re: Merger with Primoris Corporation

Dear Sirs:

We have acted as counsel to Rhapsody Acquisition Corp. (Rhapsody), a corporation organized under the laws of the state of Delaware, in connection with the proposed merger of Primoris Corporation (Primoris), a Nevada corporation, with and into Rhapsody for shares of common stock of Rhapsody. You have requested our opinion in connection with the federal income tax consequences of the proposed merger to Rhapsody and stockholders of Rhapsody.

FACTS

The relevant facts are set forth in the Registration Statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April __, 2008, File No. as amended (the Registration Statement), and the Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of February 19, 2008, among Rhapsody, Primoris and certain of the stockholders of Primoris. For purposes of this opinion we have assumed and rely upon the truth and accuracy of the facts as set forth in the aforesaid documents.

A summary of the facts are as follows: Rhapsody was organized April 24, 2006 to effect a business combination with an operating business. Its assets consist primarily of cash in a trust account. Rapsody s units, common stock and warrants are currently quoted on the Over-the-Counter Bulletin Board. Primoris, formed in November 2003, and headquartered in Lake Forest, California, is a holding company of various subsidiaries which cumulatively form a diversified engineering and construction company providing a wide range of construction, fabrication, maintenance and replacement services, as well as engineering services to major public utilities, petrochemical companies, energy companies, municipalities and other customers.

Under the Agreement and Plan of Merger, Primoris will be merged with and into Rhapsody and Rhapsody will continue as the surviving corporation and change its name to Primoris Corporation. As a result of the proposed

merger, all of the assets of Primoris will be acquired by Rhapsody. On the closing date of the merger, the holders of the outstanding shares of common stock of Primoris in exchange for such shares (and Primoris's two foreign managers pursuant to certain termination agreements) will receive an aggregate of 24,094,800 shares of Rhapsody common stock (subject to reduction in the event of exercise of dissenters' rights by any of the Primoris stockholders). Primoris stockholders will also receive up to an additional 2,500,000 shares of Rhapsody common stock for each of the fiscal years ending December 31, 2008 and 2009 during which Rhapsody achieves specified EBITDA milestones. Of the shares to be issued to the Primoris stockholders, 1,807,110 or (7.5%) will be placed in escrow as a fund for the payment to Rhapsody of indemnification rights under the merger agreement for breaches of representations and warranties and covenants by Primoris and its stockholders.

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Rhapsody Acquisition Corp.

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Holders of Rhapsody's Public Shares have the right to vote against the merger proposal and demand that Rhapsody convert such shares into a pro rata portion of the trust account. Stockholders of Primoris will become stockholders of Rhapsody and will own approximately 79.3% of the shares of Rhapsody common stock outstanding immediately after the merger, assuming no shares of Rhapsody are converted into their pro rata shares of the trust fund.

THE LAW

Section 61 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (Code) provides that gross income includes gains derived from dealings in property. Code section 1001 provides that the sale or exchange of property shall be a taxable event and gain shall be the excess of the amount realized from the sale or other disposition of property over the adjusted basis of the property.

Certain types of exchanges, however, are afforded nonrecognition treatment where the exchange does not change the taxpayer's capital investment, but merely the form in which the taxpayer holds it. In these cases, the potential gain for recognition is preserved by substituting the basis of the relinquished property for the basis of the property received.

To qualify for nonrecognition of gain and tax free exchange treatment the exchanges of property and exchange of stock or securities for stock or securities must be pursuant to a reorganization. Code section 368(a)(1)(A) defines a Reorganization to include a statutory merger. Treasury Regulations § 1.368-2(b)(1)(ii) defines a statutory merger as:

a transaction effected pursuant to the statute or statutes necessary to effect the merger..., in which transaction, as a result of the operation of such statute or statutes, the following events occur simultaneously at the effective time of the transaction

(A) All of the assets (other than those distributed in the transaction) and liabilities (except to the extent such liabilities are satisfied or discharged in the transaction or are nonrecourse liabilities to which assets distributed in the transaction are subject) of each member of one or more combining units (each a transferor unit) become the assets and liabilities of one or more members of one other combining unit (the transferee unit); and

(B) The combining entity of each transferor unit ceases its separate legal existence for all purposes;...

Code section 354 (a)(1) provides that no gain or loss shall be recognized if stock or securities in a corporation a party to a reorganization are, in pursuance of the plan of reorganization, exchanged solely for stock or securities in such corporation or in another corporation a party to the reorganization.

Code section 358 provides that in the case of an exchange to which section 354 applies, the basis of the property permitted to be received under such section without the recognition of gain or loss shall be the same as that of the property exchanged.

Code section 1032 provides that no gain or loss shall be recognized to a corporation on the receipt of money or other property in exchange for stock (including treasury stock) of such corporation.

Code section 1221 defines a capital asset as property held by the taxpayer other than stock in trade, inventory, property held primarily for sale to customers, depreciable property, real property used in trade or business, and certain other specified types of property. Code section 1222(3) defines long-term capital gain as gain from the sale or exchange of a capital asset held for more than one year.

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Code section 1223(1) provides that if a capital asset has the same basis as the property for which it is being exchanged, the taxpayer's holding period includes the period the taxpayer held the property surrendered.

OPINION

Assuming that the above factual statements are the same on the closing date, our opinion of the Federal income tax consequences of the proposed merger to Rhapsody and Rhapsody stockholders, based upon existing provisions of the Code, is:

1. The merger of Primoris with and into Rhapsody will qualify as a reorganization within the meaning of Code section 368(a).
2. No gain or loss will be recognized by Rhapsody as a result of the merger.
3. No gain or loss will be recognized by stockholders of Rhapsody if their conversion rights are not exercised.
4. A stockholder of Rhapsody who exercises conversion rights and effects a termination of the stockholders' interest in Rhapsody will generally be required to recognize gain or loss upon the exchange of that stockholders' shares of common stock of Rhapsody for cash. Such gain or loss will be measured by the difference between the amount of cash received and the tax basis of that stockholder's shares of Rhapsody common stock. This gain or loss will generally be a capital gain or loss if such shares were held as a capital asset on the date of the merger and will be a long-term capital gain or loss if the holding period for the share of Rhapsody common stock is more than one year.

In connection with the above opinion, we hereby consent to the use of our name in the Registration Statement of Rhapsody Acquisition Corp. and all amendments thereto and the filing of this opinion as an annex to the Registration Statement.

Very truly yours,

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Annex I

NEVADA REVISED STATUTES Dissenters Rights Provisions

NRS 92A.300 Definitions. As used in NRS 92A.300 to 92A.500, inclusive, unless the context otherwise requires, the words and terms defined in NRS 92A.305 to 92A.335, inclusive, have the meanings ascribed to them in those sections.

NRS 92A.305 Beneficial stockholder defined. Beneficial stockholder means a person who is a beneficial owner of shares held in a voting trust or by a nominee as the stockholder of record.

NRS 92A.310 Corporate action defined. Corporate action means the action of a domestic corporation.

NRS 92A.315 Dissenter defined. Dissenter means a stockholder who is entitled to dissent from a domestic corporation's action under NRS 92A.380 and who exercises that right when and in the manner required by NRS 92A.400 to 92A.480, inclusive.

NRS 92A.320 Fair value defined. Fair value, with respect to a dissenter's shares, means the value of the shares immediately before the effectuation of the corporate action to which he objects, excluding any appreciation or depreciation in anticipation of the corporate action unless exclusion would be inequitable.

NRS 92A.325 Stockholder defined. Stockholder means a stockholder of record or a beneficial stockholder of a domestic corporation.

NRS 92A.330 Stockholder of record defined. Stockholder of record means the person in whose name shares are registered in the records of a domestic corporation or the beneficial owner of shares to the extent of the rights granted by a nominee's certificate on file with the domestic corporation.

NRS 92A.335 Subject corporation defined. Subject corporation means the domestic corporation which is the issuer of the shares held by a dissenter before the corporate action creating the dissenter's rights becomes effective or the surviving or acquiring entity of that issuer after the corporate action becomes effective.

NRS 92A.340 Computation of interest. Interest payable pursuant to NRS 92A.300 to 92A.500, inclusive, must be computed from the effective date of the action until the date of payment, at the average rate currently paid by the entity on its principal bank loans or, if it has no bank loans, at a rate that is fair and equitable under all of the circumstances.

NRS 92A.350 Rights of dissenting partner of domestic limited partnership. A partnership agreement of a domestic limited partnership or, unless otherwise provided in the partnership agreement, an agreement of merger or exchange, may provide that contractual rights with respect to the partnership interest of a dissenting general or limited partner of a domestic limited partnership are available for any class or group of partnership interests in connection with any merger or exchange in which the domestic limited partnership is a constituent entity.

NRS 92A.360 Rights of dissenting member of domestic limited-liability company. The articles of organization or operating agreement of a domestic limited-liability company or, unless otherwise provided in the articles of organization or operating agreement, an agreement of merger or exchange, may provide that contractual rights with respect to the interest of a dissenting member are available in connection with any merger or exchange in which the domestic limited-liability company is a constituent entity.

NRS 92A.370 Rights of dissenting member of domestic nonprofit corporation.

1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, and unless otherwise provided in the articles or bylaws, any member of any constituent domestic nonprofit corporation who voted against the merger may, without prior notice, but within 30 days after the effective date of the merger, resign from membership and is thereby excused from all contractual obligations to the constituent or surviving corporations which did not occur before his resignation and is thereby entitled to those rights, if any, which would have existed if there had been no merger and the membership had been terminated or the member had been expelled.

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2. Unless otherwise provided in its articles of incorporation or bylaws, no member of a domestic nonprofit corporation, including, but not limited to, a cooperative corporation, which supplies services described in chapter 704 of NRS to its members only, and no person who is a member of a domestic nonprofit corporation as a condition of or by reason of the ownership of an interest in real property, may resign and dissent pursuant to subsection 1.

NRS 92A.380 Right of stockholder to dissent from certain corporate actions and to obtain payment for shares.

1. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 92A.370 and 92A.390, any stockholder is entitled to dissent from, and obtain payment of the fair value of his shares in the event of any of the following corporate actions:

(a) Consummation of a conversion or plan of merger to which the domestic corporation is a constituent entity:

(1) If approval by the stockholders is required for the conversion or merger by NRS 92A.120 to 92A.160, inclusive, or the articles of incorporation, regardless of whether the stockholder is entitled to vote on the conversion or plan of merger; or

(2) If the domestic corporation is a subsidiary and is merged with its parent pursuant to NRS 92A.180.

(b) Consummation of a plan of exchange to which the domestic corporation is a constituent entity as the corporation whose subject owner's interests will be acquired, if his shares are to be acquired in the plan of exchange.

(c) Any corporate action taken pursuant to a vote of the stockholders to the extent that the articles of incorporation, bylaws or a resolution of the board of directors provides that voting or nonvoting stockholders are entitled to dissent and obtain payment for their shares.

(d) Any corporate action not described in paragraph (a), (b) or (c) that will result in the stockholder receiving money or scrip instead of fractional shares except where the stockholder would not be entitled to receive such payment pursuant to NRS 78.205, 78.2055 or 78.207.

2. A stockholder who is entitled to dissent and obtain payment pursuant to NRS 92A.300 to 92A.500, inclusive, may not challenge the corporate action creating his entitlement unless the action is unlawful or fraudulent with respect to him or the domestic corporation.

3. From and after the effective date of any corporate action described in subsection 1, no stockholder who has exercised his right to dissent pursuant to NRS 92A.300 to 92A.500, inclusive, is entitled to vote his shares for any purpose or to receive payment of dividends or any other distributions on shares. This subsection does not apply to dividends or other distributions payable to stockholders on a date before the effective date of any corporate action from which the stockholder has dissented.

NRS 92A.390 Limitations on right of dissent: Stockholders of certain classes or series; action of stockholders not required for plan of merger.

1. There is no right of dissent with respect to a plan of merger or exchange in favor of stockholders of any class or series which, at the record date fixed to determine the stockholders entitled to receive notice of and to vote at the meeting at which the plan of merger or exchange is to be acted on, were either listed on a national securities exchange, included in the national market system by the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., or held by at least 2,000 stockholders of record, unless:

(a) The articles of incorporation of the corporation issuing the shares provide otherwise; or

(b) The holders of the class or series are required under the plan of merger or exchange to accept for the shares anything except:

(1) Cash, owner's interests or owner's interests and cash in lieu of fractional owner's interests of:

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(I) The surviving or acquiring entity; or

(II) Any other entity which, at the effective date of the plan of merger or exchange, were either listed on a national securities exchange, included in the national market system by the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., or held of record by a least 2,000 holders of owner's interests of record; or

2. A combination of cash and owner's interests of the kind described in sub-subparagraphs (I) and (II) of subparagraph (1) of paragraph (b).

3. There is no right of dissent for any holders of stock of the surviving domestic corporation if the plan of merger does not require action of the stockholders of the surviving domestic corporation under NRS 92A.130.

NRS 92A.400 Limitations on right of dissent: Assertion as to portions only to shares registered to stockholder; assertion by beneficial stockholder.

1. A stockholder of record may assert dissenter's rights as to fewer than all of the shares registered in his name only if he dissents with respect to all shares beneficially owned by any one person and notifies the subject corporation in writing of the name and address of each person on whose behalf he asserts dissenter's rights. The rights of a partial dissenter under this subsection are determined as if the shares as to which he dissents and his other shares were registered in the names of different stockholders.

2. A beneficial stockholder may assert dissenter's rights as to shares held on his behalf only if:

(a) He submits to the subject corporation the written consent of the stockholder of record to the dissent not later than the time the beneficial stockholder asserts dissenter's rights; and

- (b) He does so with respect to all shares of which he is the beneficial stockholder or over which he has power to direct the vote.

NRS 92A.410 Notification of stockholders regarding right of dissent.

1. If a proposed corporate action creating dissenters' rights is submitted to a vote at a stockholders' meeting, the notice of the meeting must state that stockholders are or may be entitled to assert dissenters' rights under NRS 92A.300 to 92A.500, inclusive, and be accompanied by a copy of those sections.
2. If the corporate action creating dissenters' rights is taken by written consent of the stockholders or without a vote of the stockholders, the domestic corporation shall notify in writing all stockholders entitled to assert dissenters' rights that the action was taken and send them the dissenter's notice described in NRS 92A.430.

NRS 92A.420 Prerequisites to demand for payment for shares.

1. If a proposed corporate action creating dissenters' rights is submitted to a vote at a stockholders' meeting, a stockholder who wishes to assert dissenter's rights:
 - (a) Must deliver to the subject corporation, before the vote is taken, written notice of his intent to demand payment for his shares if the proposed action is effectuated; and
 - (b) Must not vote his shares in favor of the proposed action.

2. If a proposed corporate action creating dissenters' rights is taken by written consent of the stockholders, a stockholder who wishes to assert dissenters' rights must not consent to or approve the proposed corporate action.

3. A stockholder who does not satisfy the requirements of subsection 1 or 2 and NRS 92A.400 is not entitled to payment for his shares under this chapter.

NRS 92A.430 Dissenter's notice: Delivery to stockholders entitled to assert rights; contents.

1. The subject corporation shall deliver a written dissenter's notice to all stockholders entitled to assert dissenters' rights.

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2. The dissenter's notice must be sent no later than 10 days after the effectuation of the corporate action, and must:
 - (a) State where the demand for payment must be sent and where and when certificates, if any, for shares must be deposited;
 - (b) Inform the holders of shares not represented by certificates to what extent the transfer of the shares will be restricted after the demand for payment is received;
 - (c) Supply a form for demanding payment that includes the date of the first announcement to the news media or to the stockholders of the terms of the proposed action and requires that the person asserting dissenter's rights certify whether or not he acquired beneficial ownership of the shares before that date;

- (d) Set a date by which the subject corporation must receive the demand for payment, which may not be less than 30 nor more than 60 days after the date the notice is delivered; and
- (e) Be accompanied by a copy of NRS 92A.300 to 92A.500, inclusive.

NRS 92A.440 Demand for payment and deposit of certificates; retention of rights of stockholder.

1. A stockholder to whom a dissenter's notice is sent must:

(a) Demand payment;

(b) Certify whether he or the beneficial owner on whose behalf he is dissenting, as the case may be, acquired beneficial ownership of the shares before the date required to be set forth in the dissenter's notice for this certification; and

(c) Deposit his certificates, if any, in accordance with the terms of the notice.

2. The stockholder who demands payment and deposits his certificates, if any, before the proposed corporate action is taken retains all other rights of a stockholder until those rights are cancelled or modified by the taking of the proposed corporate action.

3. The stockholder who does not demand payment or deposit his certificates where required, each by the date set forth in the dissenter's notice, is not entitled to payment for his shares under this chapter.

NRS 92A.450 Uncertificated shares: Authority to restrict transfer after demand for payment; retention of rights of stockholder.

1. The subject corporation may restrict the transfer of shares not represented by a certificate from the date the demand for their payment is received.

2. The person for whom dissenter's rights are asserted as to shares not represented by a certificate retains all other rights of a stockholder until those rights are cancelled or modified by the taking of the proposed corporate action.

NRS 92A.460 Payment for shares: General requirements. [Effective through June 30, 2008.]

1. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 92A.470, within 30 days after receipt of a demand for payment, the subject corporation shall pay each dissenter who complied with NRS 92A.440 the amount the subject corporation estimates to be the fair value of his shares, plus accrued interest. The obligation of the subject corporation under this subsection may be enforced by the district court:

(a) Of the county where the corporation's registered office is located; or

(b) At the election of any dissenter residing or having its registered office in this State, of the county where the dissenter resides or has its registered office. The court shall dispose of the complaint promptly.

2. The payment must be accompanied by:

- (a) The subject corporation's balance sheet as of the end of a fiscal year ending not more than 16 months before the date of payment, a statement of income for that year, a statement of changes in the stockholders' equity for that year and the latest available interim financial statements, if any;
- (b) A statement of the subject corporation's estimate of the fair value of the shares;
- (c) An explanation of how the interest was calculated;
- (d) A statement of the dissenter's rights to demand payment under NRS 92A.480; and
- (e) A copy of NRS 92A.300 to 92A.500, inclusive.

NRS 92A.460 Payment for shares: General requirements. [Effective July 1, 2008.]

1. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 92A.470, within 30 days after receipt of a demand for payment, the subject corporation shall pay each dissenter who complied with NRS 92A.440 the amount the subject corporation estimates to be the fair value of his shares, plus accrued interest. The obligation of the subject corporation under this subsection may be enforced by the district court:

- (a) Of the county where the corporation's principal office is located;
- (b) If the corporation's principal office is not located in this State, in Carson City; or
- (c) At the election of any dissenter residing or having its principal office in this State, of the county where the dissenter resides or has its principal office.

The court shall dispose of the complaint promptly.

2. The payment must be accompanied by:

- (a) The subject corporation's balance sheet as of the end of a fiscal year ending not more than 16 months before the date of payment, a statement of income for that year, a statement of changes in the stockholders' equity for that year and the latest available interim financial statements, if any;
- (b) A statement of the subject corporation's estimate of the fair value of the shares;
- (c) An explanation of how the interest was calculated;
- (d) A statement of the dissenter's rights to demand payment under NRS 92A.480; and
- (e) A copy of NRS 92A.300 to 92A.500, inclusive.

NRS 92A.470 Payment for shares: Shares acquired on or after date of dissenter's notice.

1. A subject corporation may elect to withhold payment from a dissenter unless he was the beneficial owner of the shares before the date set forth in the dissenter's notice as the date of the first announcement to the news media or to the stockholders of the terms of the proposed action.
2. To the extent the subject corporation elects to withhold payment, after taking the proposed action, it shall estimate the fair value of the shares, plus accrued interest, and shall offer to pay this amount to each dissenter who agrees to accept it in full satisfaction of his demand. The subject corporation shall send with its offer a statement of its estimate

of the fair value of the shares, an explanation of how the interest was calculated, and a statement of the dissenters' right to demand payment pursuant to NRS 92A.480.

NRS 92A.480 Dissenter's estimate of fair value: Notification of subject corporation; demand for payment of estimate.

1. A dissenter may notify the subject corporation in writing of his own estimate of the fair value of his shares and the amount of interest due, and demand payment of his estimate, less any payment pursuant to NRS 92A.460, or reject the offer pursuant to NRS 92A.470 and demand payment of the fair value of his shares and interest due, if he believes that the amount paid pursuant to NRS 92A.460 or offered pursuant to NRS 92A.470 is less than the fair value of his shares or that the interest due is incorrectly calculated.

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2. A dissenter waives his right to demand payment pursuant to this section unless he notifies the subject corporation of his demand in writing within 30 days after the subject corporation made or offered payment for his shares.

NRS 92A.490 Legal proceeding to determine fair value: Duties of subject corporation; powers of court; rights of dissenter. [Effective through June 30, 2008.]

1. If a demand for payment remains unsettled, the subject corporation shall commence a proceeding within 60 days after receiving the demand and petition the court to determine the fair value of the shares and accrued interest. If the subject corporation does not commence the proceeding within the 60-day period, it shall pay each dissenter whose demand remains unsettled the amount demanded.
2. A subject corporation shall commence the proceeding in the district court of the county where its registered office is located. If the subject corporation is a foreign entity without a resident agent in the State, it shall commence the proceeding in the county where the registered office of the domestic corporation merged with or whose shares were acquired by the foreign entity was located.
3. The subject corporation shall make all dissenters, whether or not residents of Nevada, whose demands remain unsettled, parties to the proceeding as in an action against their shares. All parties must be served with a copy of the petition. Nonresidents may be served by registered or certified mail or by publication as provided by law.
4. The jurisdiction of the court in which the proceeding is commenced under subsection 2 is plenary and exclusive. The court may appoint one or more persons as appraisers to receive evidence and recommend a decision on the question of fair value. The appraisers have the powers described in the order appointing them, or any amendment thereto. The dissenters are entitled to the same discovery rights as parties in other civil proceedings.
5. Each dissenter who is made a party to the proceeding is entitled to a judgment:
 - (a) For the amount, if any, by which the court finds the fair value of his shares, plus interest, exceeds the amount paid by the subject corporation; or
 - (b) For the fair value, plus accrued interest, of his after-acquired shares for which the subject corporation elected to withhold payment pursuant to NRS 92A.470.

NRS 92A.490 Legal proceeding to determine fair value: Duties of subject corporation; powers of court; rights of dissenter. [Effective July 1, 2008.]

1. If a demand for payment remains unsettled, the subject corporation shall commence a proceeding within 60 days after receiving the demand and petition the court to determine the fair value of the shares and accrued interest. If the subject corporation does not commence the proceeding within the 60-day period, it shall pay each dissenter whose demand remains unsettled the amount demanded.
2. A subject corporation shall commence the proceeding in the district court of the county where its principal office is located. If the principal office of the subject corporation is not located in the State, it shall commence the proceeding in the county where the principal office of the domestic corporation merged with or whose shares were acquired by the foreign entity was located. If the principal office of the subject corporation and the domestic corporation merged with or whose shares were acquired is not located in this State, the subject corporation shall commence the proceeding in the district court in Carson City.
3. The subject corporation shall make all dissenters, whether or not residents of Nevada, whose demands remain unsettled, parties to the proceeding as in an action against their shares. All parties must be served with a copy of the petition. Nonresidents may be served by registered or certified mail or by publication as provided by law.
4. The jurisdiction of the court in which the proceeding is commenced under subsection 2 is plenary and exclusive. The court may appoint one or more persons as appraisers to receive evidence and recommend a

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decision on the question of fair value. The appraisers have the powers described in the order appointing them, or any amendment thereto. The dissenters are entitled to the same discovery rights as parties in other civil proceedings.

5. Each dissenter who is made a party to the proceeding is entitled to a judgment:

- (a) For the amount, if any, by which the court finds the fair value of his shares, plus interest, exceeds the amount paid by the subject corporation; or
- (b) For the fair value, plus accrued interest, of his after-acquired shares for which the subject corporation elected to withhold payment pursuant to NRS 92A.470.

NRS 92A.500 Legal proceeding to determine fair value: Assessment of costs and fees.

1. The court in a proceeding to determine fair value shall determine all of the costs of the proceeding, including the reasonable compensation and expenses of any appraisers appointed by the court. The court shall assess the costs against the subject corporation, except that the court may assess costs against all or some of the dissenters, in amounts the court finds equitable, to the extent the court finds the dissenters acted arbitrarily, vexatiously or not in good faith in demanding payment.
2. The court may also assess the fees and expenses of the counsel and experts for the respective parties, in amounts the court finds equitable:
 - (a) Against the subject corporation and in favor of all dissenters if the court finds the subject corporation did not substantially comply with the requirements of NRS 92A.300 to 92A.500, inclusive; or
 - (b) Against either the subject corporation or a dissenter in favor of any other party, if the court finds that the party against whom the fees and expenses are assessed acted arbitrarily, vexatiously or not in good faith with respect to the rights provided by NRS 92A.300 to 92A.500, inclusive.

3. If the court finds that the services of counsel for any dissenter were of substantial benefit to other dissenters similarly situated, and that the fees for those services should not be assessed against the subject corporation, the court may award to those counsel reasonable fees to be paid out of the amounts awarded to the dissenters who were benefited.

4. In a proceeding commenced pursuant to NRS 92A.460, the court may assess the costs against the subject corporation, except that the court may assess costs against all or some of the dissenters who are parties to the proceeding, in amounts the court finds equitable, to the extent the court finds that such parties did not act in good faith in instituting the proceeding.

5. This section does not preclude any party in a proceeding commenced pursuant to NRS 92A.460 or 92A.490 from applying the provisions of N.R.C.P. 68 or NRS 17.115.

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PART II

INFORMATION NOT REQUIRED IN PROSPECTUS

Item 20. Indemnification of Directors and Officers.

Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation provides that all directors, officers, employees and agents of the registrant shall be entitled to be indemnified by us to the fullest extent permitted by Section 145 of the Delaware General Corporation Law.

Section 145 of the Delaware General Corporation Law concerning indemnification of officers, directors, employees and agents is set forth below.

Section 145. Indemnification of officers, directors, employees and agents; insurance.

(a) A corporation shall have power to indemnify any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative (other than an action by or in the right of the corporation) by reason of the fact that the person is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, against expenses (including attorneys' fees), judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by the person in connection with such action, suit or proceeding if the person acted in good faith and in a manner the person reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation, and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe the person's conduct was unlawful. The termination of any action, suit or proceeding by judgment, order, settlement, conviction, or upon a plea of nolo contendere or its equivalent, shall not, of itself, create a presumption that the person did not act in good faith and in a manner which the person reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation, and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had reasonable cause to believe that the person's conduct was unlawful.

(b) A corporation shall have power to indemnify any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action or suit by or in the right of the corporation to procure a judgment in its

favor by reason of the fact that the person is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise against expenses (including attorneys' fees) actually and reasonably incurred by the person in connection with the defense or settlement of such action or suit if the person acted in good faith and in a manner the person reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation and except that no indemnification shall be made in respect of any claim, issue or matter as to which such person shall have been adjudged to be liable to the corporation unless and only to the extent that the Court of Chancery or the court in which such action or suit was brought shall determine upon application that, despite the adjudication of liability but in view of all the circumstances of the case, such person is fairly and reasonably entitled to indemnity for such expenses which the Court of Chancery or such other court shall deem proper.

(c) To the extent that a present or former director or officer of a corporation has been successful on the merits or otherwise in defense of any action, suit or proceeding referred to in subsections (a) and (b) of this section, or in defense of any claim, issue or matter therein, such person shall be indemnified against expenses (including attorneys' fees) actually and reasonably incurred by such person in connection therewith.

(d) Any indemnification under subsections (a) and (b) of this section (unless ordered by a court) shall be made by the corporation only as authorized in the specific case upon a determination that indemnification of the present or former director, officer, employee or agent is proper in the circumstances because the person has met the applicable standard of conduct set forth in subsections (a) and (b) of this section. Such determination shall be made, with respect to a person who is a director or officer at the time of such determination, (1) by a majority vote of the directors who are not parties to such action, suit or proceeding, even though less than a quorum, or (2) by a committee of such directors designated by majority vote of such directors, even though less than a quorum, or (3) if there are no such directors, or if such directors so direct, by independent legal counsel in a written opinion, or (4) by the stockholders.

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(e) Expenses (including attorneys' fees) incurred by an officer or director in defending any civil, criminal, administrative or investigative action, suit or proceeding may be paid by the corporation in advance of the final disposition of such action, suit or proceeding upon receipt of an undertaking by or on behalf of such director or officer to repay such amount if it shall ultimately be determined that such person is not entitled to be indemnified by the corporation as authorized in this section. Such expenses (including attorneys' fees) incurred by former directors and officers or other employees and agents may be so paid upon such terms and conditions, if any, as the corporation deems appropriate.

(f) The indemnification and advancement of expenses provided by, or granted pursuant to, the other subsections of this section shall not be deemed exclusive of any other rights to which those seeking indemnification or advancement of expenses may be entitled under any bylaw, agreement, vote of stockholders or disinterested directors or otherwise, both as to action in such person's official capacity and as to action in another capacity while holding such office.

(g) A corporation shall have power to purchase and maintain insurance on behalf of any person who is or was director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise against any liability asserted against such person and incurred by such person in any such capacity, or arising out of such person's status as such, whether or not the corporation would have the power to indemnify such person against such liability under this section.

(h) For purposes of this section, references to the corporation shall include, in addition to the resulting corporation, any constituent corporation (including any constituent of a constituent) absorbed in a consolidation or merger which,

if its separate existence had continued, would have had power and authority to indemnify its directors, officers, and employees or agents, so that any person who is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of such constituent corporation, or is or was serving at the request of such constituent corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, shall stand in the same position under this section with respect to the resulting or surviving corporation as such person would have with respect to such constituent corporation if its separate existence had continued.

(i) For purposes of this section, references to other enterprises shall include employee benefit plans; references to fines shall include any excise taxes assessed on a person with respect to any employee benefit plan; and references to serving at the request of the corporation shall include any service as a director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation which imposes duties on, or involves services by, such director, officer, employee or agent with respect to an employee benefit plan, its participants or beneficiaries; and a person who acted in good faith and in a manner such person reasonably believed to be in the interest of the participants and beneficiaries of an employee benefit plan shall be deemed to have acted in a manner not opposed to the best interests of the corporation as referred to in this section.

(j) The indemnification and advancement of expenses provided by, or granted pursuant to, this section shall, unless otherwise provided when authorized or ratified, continue as to a person who has ceased to be a director, officer, employee or agent and shall inure to the benefit of the heirs, executors and administrators of such a person.

(k) The Court of Chancery is hereby vested with exclusive jurisdiction to hear and determine all actions for advancement of expenses or indemnification brought under this section or under any bylaw, agreement, vote of stockholders or disinterested directors, or otherwise. The Court of Chancery may summarily determine a corporation's obligation to advance expenses (including attorneys' fees).

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act may be permitted to our directors, officers, and controlling persons pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise, we have been advised that, in the opinion of the SEC, such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person in a successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, we will, unless in the opinion of our counsel the matter has been

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settled by controlling precedent, submit to the court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by us is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.

Paragraph B of Article Ninth of our amended and restated certificate of incorporation provides:

The Corporation, to the full extent permitted by Section 145 of the GCL, as amended from time to time, shall indemnify all persons whom it may indemnify pursuant thereto. Expenses (including attorneys' fees) incurred by an officer or director in defending any civil, criminal, administrative, or investigative action, suit or proceeding for which such officer or director may be entitled to indemnification hereunder shall be paid by the Corporation in advance of the final disposition of such action, suit or proceeding upon receipt of an undertaking by or on behalf of such director or officer to repay such amount if it shall ultimately be determined that he is not entitled to be indemnified by the Corporation as authorized hereby.

Rhapsody's bylaws further provide that any indemnification shall be made by Rhapsody only as authorized in the specific case upon a determination that indemnification of the director, officer, employee or agent is proper in the circumstances because he has met the applicable standard of conduct set forth in such section. Such determination shall be made: (i) by the board of directors by a majority vote of a quorum consisting of directors who were not parties to such action, suit or proceeding; (ii) if such quorum is not obtainable, or, even if obtainable a quorum of disinterested directors so directs, by independent legal counsel in a written opinion, or (iii) by stockholders.

Pursuant to Rhapsody's bylaws, Rhapsody also maintains a directors' and officers' insurance policy which insures the directors and officers of Rhapsody against liability asserted against such persons in such capacity whether or not such directors or officers have the right to indemnification pursuant to the bylaws or otherwise.

Item 21. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules.

Exhibit No.	Description
2.1	Agreement and Plan of Merger dated as of February 19, 2008 by and among Rhapsody Acquisition Corp., Primoris Corporation and certain shareholders of Primoris Corporation (included as Annex A to the proxy statement/prospectus).
3.1	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Rhapsody Acquisition Corp. (post merger) (included as Annex B to the proxy statement/prospectus)
3.2	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Rhapsody Acquisition Corp. ⁽¹⁾
3.3	By-Laws of Rhapsody Acquisition Corp. ⁽¹⁾
4.1	Form of Unit Purchase Option. ⁽¹⁾
4.2	Form of Warrant Agreement between Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company and Rhapsody Acquisition Corp. ⁽¹⁾
4.3	Letter Agreement among Rhapsody Acquisition Corp., EarlyBirdCapital, Inc. and Eric S. Rosenfeld. ⁽¹⁾
4.4	Letter Agreement among Rhapsody Acquisition Corp., EarlyBirdCapital, Inc. and Arnaud Ajdler. ⁽¹⁾
4.5	Letter Agreement among Rhapsody Acquisition Corp., EarlyBirdCapital, Inc. and Leonard B. Schlemm. ⁽¹⁾
4.6	Letter Agreement among Rhapsody Acquisition Corp., EarlyBirdCapital, Inc. and Jon Bauer. ⁽¹⁾
4.7	Letter Agreement among Rhapsody Acquisition Corp., EarlyBirdCapital, Inc. and Colin D. Watson. ⁽¹⁾
4.8	Letter Agreement among Rhapsody Acquisition Corp., EarlyBirdCapital, Inc. and David D. Sgro. ⁽¹⁾
4.9	Letter Agreement among Rhapsody Acquisition Corp., EarlyBirdCapital, Inc. and Gregory R. Monahan. ⁽¹⁾

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Exhibit No.	Description
4.10	Letter Agreement among Rhapsody Acquisition Corp., EarlyBirdCapital, Inc. and Joel Greenblatt. ⁽¹⁾
5.1	Opinion of Graubard Miller.*
8.1	Tax opinion of Graubard Miller. (included as Annex H to the proxy statement/prospectus)

- 10.1 Form of Investment Management Trust Agreement between Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company and Rhapsody Acquisition Corp.⁽¹⁾
- 10.2 Form of Stock Escrow Agreement between Rhapsody Acquisition Corp., Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company and the Initial Stockholders.⁽¹⁾
- 10.3 Form of Letter Agreement between Crescendo Advisors II LLC and Rhapsody Acquisition Corp. regarding administrative support.⁽¹⁾
- 10.4 Form of Registration Rights Agreement among Rhapsody Acquisition Corp. and the Initial Stockholders.⁽¹⁾
- 10.5 Form of Escrow Agreement among Rhapsody Acquisition Corp., Brian Pratt, as Representative, and Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company, as Escrow Agent. (included as Annex D to the proxy statement/prospectus).
- 10.6 Form of Employment Agreement. (included as Annex F to the proxy statement/prospectus)
- 10.7 Form of Voting Agreement. (included as Annex E to the proxy statement/prospectus)
- 10.8 2008 Long-Term Equity Incentive Plan. (included as Annex C to the proxy statement/prospectus)
- 10.9 Form of Lock-Up Agreement by and among Rhapsody Acquisition Corp. and the Primoris Stockholders.
- 23.1 Consent of BDO Seidman, LLP.
- 23.2 Consent of Moss Adams, LLP.
- 23.3 Consent of Ladenburg Thalmann & Co. Inc. (included in Annex G to the proxy statement/prospectus).
- 99.1 Consent of Brian Pratt. (Director nominee)*
- 99.2 Consent of Peter J. Moerbeek. (Director nominee)*
- 99.3 Consent of John P Schauerma. (Director nominee)*
- 99.4 Consent of Stephen C. Cook. (Director nominee)*
- 99.5 Consent of David D. Sgro. (Director nominee)*
- 99.6 Consent of Director TBD. (Director nominee)*
- 99.7 Proxy card of Rhapsody.

*

To be filed by Amendment.

- ⁽¹⁾ Incorporated by reference to Rhapsody Acquisition Corp. s Registration Statement on Form S-1 or amendments thereto (SEC File No. 333-134694).

Item 22. Undertakings.

(a) The undersigned Rhapsody hereby undertakes:

- (1) To file, during any period in which offers or sales are being made, a post-effective amendment to this registration statement:
 - i. To include any prospectus required by Section 10(a)(3) of the Securities Act of 1933;
 - ii. To reflect in the prospectus any facts or events arising after the effective date of the registration statement (or the most recent post-effective amendment thereof) which, individually or in the aggregate, represent a fundamental change in the information set forth in the registration statement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any increase or decrease in volume of securities offered (if the total

dollar value of securities offered would not exceed that which was registered) and any deviation from the low or high end of the estimated maximum offering range may be reflected in the form of prospectus filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 424(b) if, in the aggregate, the changes in volume and price represent no more than 20 percent change in the maximum aggregate offering price set forth in the Calculation of Registration Fee table in the effective registration statement;

iii. To include any material information with respect to the plan of distribution not previously disclosed in the registration statement or any material change to such information in the registration statement.

(2) That, for the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, each such post-effective amendment shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial *bona fide* offering thereof.

(3) To remove from registration by means of a post-effective amendment any of the securities being registered which remain unsold at the termination of the offering.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of Rhapsody pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise, Rhapsody has been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by Rhapsody of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of Rhapsody in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such Director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, Rhapsody will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.

The undersigned Rhapsody hereby undertakes as follows: that prior to any public reoffering of the securities registered hereunder through use of a prospectus which is a part of this registration statement, by any person or party who is deemed to be an underwriter within the meaning of Rule 145(c), the issuer undertakes that such reoffering prospectus will contain the information called for by the applicable registration form with respect to reofferings by persons who may be deemed underwriters, in addition to the information called for by the other items of the applicable form.

Rhapsody undertakes that every prospectus: (1) that is filed pursuant to the immediately preceding paragraph, or (2) that purports to meet the requirements of Section 10(a)(3) of the Act and is used in connection with an offering of securities subject to Rule 415, will be filed as a part of an amendment to the registration statement and will not be used until such amendment is effective, and that, for purposes of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, each such post-effective amendment shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial *bona fide* offering thereof.

The undersigned Rhapsody hereby undertakes to respond to requests for information that is incorporated by reference into the prospectus pursuant to Item 4, 10(b), 11, or 13 of this form, within one business day of receipt of such request, and to send the incorporated documents by first class mail or other equally prompt means. This includes information contained in documents filed subsequent to the effective date of the registration statement through the date of responding to the request.

The undersigned Rhapsody hereby undertakes to supply by means of a post-effective amendment all information concerning a transaction, and the company being acquired involved therein, that was not the subject of and included in the registration statement when it became effective.

TABLE OF CONTENTS**SIGNATURES**

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, that each person whose signature appears below constitutes and appoints Eric S. Rosenfeld, David D. Sgro and Arnaud Ajdler his true and lawful attorney-in-fact, with full power of substitution and resubstitution for him and in his name, place and stead, in any and all capacities to sign any and all amendments including post-effective amendments to this proxy statement/prospectus and to file the same, with all exhibits thereto, and other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact or his substitute, each acting alone, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue thereof.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this registration statement has been signed by the following person in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

RHAPSODY ACQUISITION CORP.

By: /s/ Eric S. Rosenfeld
Eric S. Rosenfeld
Chairman of the Board,
Chief Executive Officer and President
(Principal Executive Officer)

Name	Position	Date
/s/ Eric S. Rosenfeld Eric S. Rosenfeld	Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer and Director (Principal executive officer)	April 17, 2008
/s/ David D. Sgro David D. Sgro	Chief Financial Officer (Principal financial and accounting officer)	April 17, 2008
/s/ Arnaud Ajdler Arnaud Ajdler	Secretary and Director	April 17, 2008
/s/ Leonard B. Schlemm Leonard B. Schlemm	Director	April 17, 2008
/s/ Jon Bauer Jon Bauer	Director	April 17, 2008
/s/ Colin D. Watson Colin D. Watson	Director	April 17, 2008