Form 10-Q August 10, 2015	INC	
UNITED STATES		
SECURITIES AND EXC	HANGE COMMISSION	
WASHINGTON, D.C. 205	549	
FORM 10-Q		
(MARK ONE)		
QUARTERLY REPORT x 1934 FOR THE QUART	PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 1: ERLY PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 20	5(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OI 015
OR TRANSITION REPORT	PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15	(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF
1934 FOR THE TRANSI COMMISSION FILE NUI	TION PERIOD FROM TO MBER 1-10596	
ESCO TECHNOLOGIES (Exact name of registrant a		
	MISSOURI	43-1554045 (I.R.S. Employer
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)		Identification No.)
	9900A CLAYTON ROAD	
	ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI	63124-1186

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(314) 213-7200

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (Section 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer x Accelerated filer "
Non-accelerated filer " Smaller reporting company "
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes "No x

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Class Shares outstanding at July 31, 2015

Common stock, \$.01 par value per share 26,098,919

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

ESCO TECHNOLOGIES INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(Unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Three Mor	ths Ended
	June 30, 2015	2014
Net sales	\$134,191	130,495
Costs and expenses:		
Cost of sales	82,956	79,608
Selling, general and administrative expenses	32,786	33,492
Amortization of intangible assets	2,285	1,682
Interest expense, net	247	147
Other (income) expenses, net	337	283
Total costs and expenses	118,611	115,212
Earnings before income taxes	15,580	15,283
Income tax expense	4,832	3,693
Net earnings from continuing operations	10,748	11,590
Earnings from discontinued operations, net of tax expense of \$591	1,148	-
Net earnings from discontinued operations	1,148	-
Net earnings	\$11,896	11,590
Earnings per share:		
Basic - Continuing operations	\$0.41	0.44
- Discontinued operations	0.05	0.00
- Net earnings	\$0.46	0.44
Diluted - Continuing operations	\$0.41	0.43
- Discontinued operations	0.04	0.00

- Net earnings \$0.45 0.43

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(Unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Nine Mont	hs Ended
	June 30, 2015	2014
Net sales	\$383,679	379,707
Costs and expenses: Cost of sales Selling, general and administrative expenses	233,516 99,221	231,325 99,182
Amortization of intangible assets	6,378	5,047
Interest expense, net	655	1,493
Other (income) expenses, net Total costs and expenses	(238) 339,532	423 337,470
Earnings before income taxes	44,147	42,237
Income tax expense	13,924	12,551
Net earnings from continuing operations	30,223	29,686
Earnings from discontinued operations, net of tax expense of \$390 and \$5,713, respectively	776	9,858
Loss on sale of discontinued operations, net of tax benefit of \$9,499	- 776	(50,442)
Net earnings (loss) from discontinued operations	770	(40,584)
Net earnings (loss)	\$30,999	(10,898)
Earnings (loss) per share:		
Basic - Continuing operations	\$1.15	1.12
- Discontinued operations	0.04	(1.53)
- Net earnings (loss)	\$1.19	(0.41)
Diluted - Continuing operations	\$1.15	1.11
- Discontinued operations	0.03	(1.52)
- Net earnings (loss)	\$1.18	(0.41)

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

(Unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands)

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Net earnings (loss)	\$ 11,896	11,590	30,999	(10,898)
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:				
Foreign currency translation adjustments	953	239	(4,972)	1,238
Net unrealized gain (loss) on derivative instruments	135	-	(94)	-
Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	1,088	239	(5,066)	1,238
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 12,984	11,829	25,933	(9,660)

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands)

	June 30,	September 30,
	2015	2014
ASSETS	_010	2011
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$36,879	35,131
Accounts receivable, net	100,979	105,449
Costs and estimated earnings on long-term contracts, less progress billings of \$14,466 and	22.070	27.700
\$30,041, respectively	22,970	27,798
Inventories	110,124	94,292
Current portion of deferred tax assets	16,351	19,946
Other current assets	14,781	13,337
Total current assets	302,084	295,953
Property, plant and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$75,247 and \$70,694, respectively	78,140	76,465
Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization of \$43,785 and \$37,402, respectively	190,807	182,063
Goodwill	291,072	282,337
Other assets	5,741	9,088
Total assets	\$867,844	845,906
LIADH ITIEC AND CHAREHOLDERC FOLUTV		
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Current liabilities:		
Current maturities of long-term debt	\$20,407	20,000
Accounts payable	28,663	40,328
Advance payments on long-term contracts, less costs incurred of \$36,830 and \$44,110,	20,003	40,326
respectively	17,866	15,035
Accrued salaries	19,775	25,558
Current portion of deferred revenue	22,219	19,895
Accrued other expenses	23,486	26,284
Total current liabilities	132,416	147,100
Pension obligations	19,237	19,234
Deferred tax liabilities	77,215	77,440
Other liabilities	1,921	1,961
Long-term debt	45,000	20,000
Total liabilities	275,789	265,735
Shareholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, par value \$.01 per share, authorized 10,000,000 shares	_	_
	304	302

Common stock, par value \$.01 per share, authorized 50,000,000 shares, issued 30,356,303 and 30,247,512 shares, respectively

and 50,217,512 shares, respectively			
Additional paid-in capital	285,588	285,305	
Retained earnings	424,184	399,451	
Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of tax	(24,252)	(19,186)
	685,824	665,872	
Less treasury stock, at cost: 4,266,062 and 4,040,532 common shares, respectively	(93,769)	(85,701)
Total shareholders' equity	592,055	580,171	
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$867,844	845,906	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands)

	Nine Mont	hs Ended
	June 30, 2015	2014
Cash flows from operating activities: Net earnings (loss) Adjustments to recognize not comings (loss) to not each provided by operating activities.	\$30,999	(10,898)
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: Net (earnings) loss from discontinued operations, net of tax Depreciation and amortization	(776) 13,614	40,584 12,234
Stock compensation expense Changes in current assets and liabilities	3,701 (24,682)	3,695
Effect of deferred taxes Change in deferred revenue and costs, net	3,370 1,837	376 758
Pension contributions Change in uncertain tax positions	(650)	(2,080) (1,694)
Other Net cash provided by operating activities – continuing operations	3,266 30,392	(2,129) 22,636
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities - discontinued operations Net cash provided by operating activities	1,166 31,558	(1,629) 21,007
Cash flows from investing activities:	(20.500)	
Acquisition of businesses, net of cash acquired Additions to capitalized software Capital expenditures	(20,500) (4,394) (10,557)	(6,305)
Net cash used by investing activities – continuing operations Net cash provided by investing activities – discontinued operations		(8,116) (14,421) 123,512
Net cash (used) provided by investing activities Net cash (used) provided by investing activities	(35,451)	109,091
Cash flows from financing activities: Proceeds from long-term debt	97,407	62,000
Principal payments on long-term debt Dividends paid		(186,000)
Purchases of common stock into treasury Other	(9,882) 77	
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	9,320 (3,679)	(133,971) 1,238
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	1,748 35,131	(2,635) 42,850

Cash and cash equivalents, end of period

\$36,879 40,215

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1.

2.

(Unaudited)

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying consolidated financial statements, in the opinion of management, include all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring accruals, necessary for a fair presentation of the results for the interim periods presented. The consolidated financial statements are presented in accordance with the requirements of Form 10-Q and consequently do not include all the disclosures required for annual financial statements by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and related notes included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014.

The Company's business is typically not impacted by seasonality; however, the results for the three and nine-month periods ended June 30, 2015 are not necessarily indicative of the results for the entire 2015 fiscal year. References to the third quarters of 2015 and 2014 represent the fiscal quarters ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

In preparing the financial statements, the Company uses estimates and assumptions that may affect reported amounts and disclosures. The Company regularly evaluates the estimates and assumptions related to the allowance for doubtful trade receivables, inventory obsolescence, warranty reserves, value of equity-based awards, goodwill and purchased intangible asset valuations, asset impairments, employee benefit plan liabilities, income tax liabilities and assets and related valuation allowances, uncertain tax positions, and claims, litigation and other loss contingencies. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

On March 28, 2014, the Company completed the sale of Aclara Technologies LLC (Aclara) to an affiliate of Sun Capital Partners. A disagreement between the parties over the calculation of the final working capital adjustment was finally resolved by arbitration on June 15, 2015, resulting in a cash payment to the Company of \$2.3 million. Aclara is reflected as discontinued operations in the consolidated financial statements and related notes for the periods presented, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

ACQUISITION

On January 28, 2015, the Company acquired the assets of Enoserv, LLC (Enoserv), headquartered in Tulsa, Oklahoma, for \$20.5 million in cash. Enoserv provides utility customers with high quality, user-friendly multi-platform software and has annual revenues of approximately \$8 million. The operating results for Enoserv, since the date of acquisition, are included as part of Doble Engineering Company (Doble), within the Company's USG segment. Based on the preliminary purchase price allocation, the Company recorded approximately \$10.0 million of goodwill and \$9.0 million of amortizable identifiable intangible assets consisting primarily of customer relationships and developed technology.

3. EARNINGS PER SHARE (EPS)

Basic EPS is calculated using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is calculated using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period plus shares issuable upon the assumed exercise of dilutive common share options and vesting of performance-accelerated restricted shares (restricted shares) by using the treasury stock method. The number of shares used in the calculation of earnings per share for each period presented is as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	June 30, 2015	2014	June 30, 2015	2014
Weighted Average Shares Outstanding - Basic Dilutive Options and Restricted Shares	26,080 100	26,513 189	26,104 148	26,497 221
Adjusted Shares - Diluted	26,180	26,702	26,252	26,718

Approximately 149,000 and 163,000 restricted shares were excluded from the computation of diluted EPS for the three-month periods ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, based upon the application of the treasury stock method. Approximately 174,000 and 192,000 restricted shares were excluded from the computation of diluted EPS for the nine-month periods ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, based upon the application of the treasury stock method.

4. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

The Company provides compensation benefits to certain key employees under several share-based plans providing for performance-accelerated restricted shares (restricted shares), and to non-employee directors under a non-employee directors compensation plan.

Performance-Accelerated Restricted Share Awards

Pretax compensation expense related to the restricted share awards was \$0.9 million and \$3.1 million for the three and nine-month periods ended June 30, 2015, respectively, and \$0.9 million and \$3.2 million for the corresponding periods of 2014. There were 330,536 non-vested shares outstanding as of June 30, 2015.

Non-Employee Directors Plan

Pretax compensation expense related to the non-employee director grants was \$0.2 million and \$0.6 million for the three and nine-month periods ended June 30, 2015, respectively, and \$0.2 million and \$0.5 million for the corresponding periods of 2014.

The total share-based compensation cost that has been recognized in results of continuing operations and included within selling, general and administrative expenses (SG&A) was \$1.1 million and \$3.7 million for the three and nine-month periods ended June 30, 2015, respectively, and \$1.1 million and \$3.7 million for the three and nine-month periods ended June 30, 2014. The total income tax benefit recognized in results of operations for share-based compensation arrangements was \$0.4 million and \$1.4 million for the three and nine-month periods ended June 30, 2015 and \$0.1 million and \$0.7 million for the three and nine-month periods ended June 30, 2014. As of June 30, 2015, there was \$5.9 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to share-based compensation arrangements. That cost is expected to be recognized over a remaining weighted-average period of 1.8 years.

5. INVENTORIES

Inventories from continuing operations consist of the following:

(I d 1)	June 30,	September 30,	
(In thousands)	2015	2014	
Finished goods	\$20,596	18,949	
Work in process, including long-term contracts	39,093	31,634	
Raw materials	50,435	43,709	
Total inventories	\$110,124	94,292	

6. BUSINESS SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company is organized based on the products and services that it offers. Under this organizational structure, the Company has three reporting segments: Filtration/Fluid Flow (Filtration), RF Shielding and Test (Test), and Utility Solutions Group (USG). The Filtration segment's operations consist of PTI Technologies Inc. (PTI), VACCO Industries (VACCO), Crissair, Inc. (Crissair) and Thermoform Engineered Quality LLC (TEQ). The companies within this segment primarily design and manufacture specialty filtration products, including hydraulic filter elements used in commercial aerospace applications, unique filter mechanisms used in micro-propulsion devices for satellites and custom designed filters for manned and unmanned aircraft. The Test segment's operations consist primarily of ETS-Lindgren Inc. (ETS-Lindgren). ETS-Lindgren is an industry leader in providing its customers with the ability to identify, measure and contain magnetic, electromagnetic and acoustic energy. The USG segment's operations consist primarily of Doble Engineering Company (Doble). Doble provides high-end, intelligent diagnostic test solutions for the electric power delivery industry and is a leading supplier of partial discharge testing instruments used to assess the integrity of high voltage power delivery equipment.

Management evaluates and measures the performance of its operating segments based on "Net Sales" and "EBIT", which are detailed in the table below. EBIT is defined as earnings from continuing operations before interest and taxes. The table below is presented on the basis of continuing operations and excludes discontinued operations.

(In thousands)	Three Mor Ended	nths	Nine Months Ended		
(III uno doundo)	June 30,		June 30,		
	2015	2014	2015	2014	
NET SALES					
Filtration	\$60,401	57,733	166,340	171,608	
Test	42,945	45,029	124,449	125,531	
USG	30,845	27,733	92,890	82,568	
Consolidated totals	\$134,191	130,495	383,679	379,707	
EBIT					
Filtration	\$12,285	10,294	31,412	29,878	
Test	2,014	5,775	9,276	12,883	
USG	7,357	5,725	22,189	18,891	
Corporate (loss)	(5,829)	(6,364)	(18,075)	(17,922)	
Consolidated EBIT	15,827	15,430	44,802	43,730	
Less: Interest expense	(247)	(147)	(655)	(1,493)	
Earnings before income taxes	\$15,580	15,283	44,147	42,237	

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

The financial measure "EBIT" is presented in the above table and elsewhere in this Report. EBIT on a consolidated basis is a non-GAAP financial measure. Management believes that EBIT is useful in assessing the operational profitability of the Company's business segments because it excludes interest and taxes, which are generally accounted for across the entire Company on a consolidated basis. EBIT is also one of the measures used by management in determining resource allocations within the Company as well as incentive compensation. A reconciliation of EBIT from continuing operations to net earnings from continuing operations is set forth in Item 2, Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – EBIT, below.

The Company believes that the presentation of EBIT provides important supplemental information to investors by facilitating comparisons with other companies, many of which use similar non-GAAP financial measures to supplement their GAAP results. However, the Company's non-GAAP financial measures may not be comparable to other companies' non-GAAP financial performance measures. Furthermore, the use of non-GAAP financial measures is not intended to replace any measures of performance determined in accordance with GAAP.

7.DEBT

The Company's debt is summarized as follows:

	June 30,	September 30),
(In thousands)			
	2015	2014	
Total borrowings	\$65,407	40,000	
Short-term borrowings and current portion of long-term debt	(20,407)	(20,000)
Total long-term debt, less current portion	\$45,000	20,000	

On May 14, 2012, the Company entered into a \$450 million five-year revolving credit facility with JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent, PNC Bank, N.A., as syndication agent, and eight other participating lenders. Through a credit facility expansion option, the Company may elect to increase the size of the credit facility by entering into incremental term loans, in any agreed currency, at a minimum of \$25 million each up to a maximum of \$250 million aggregate.

At June 30, 2015, the Company had approximately \$376 million available to borrow under the credit facility, and a \$250 million increase option, in addition to \$36.9 million cash on hand. At June 30, 2015, the Company had \$65 million of outstanding borrowings under the credit facility in addition to outstanding letters of credit of \$8.7 million. The Company's ability to access the additional \$250 million increase option of the credit facility is subject to acceptance by participating or other outside banks.

The credit facility requires, as determined by certain financial ratios, a facility fee ranging from 17.5 to 35.0 basis points per year on the unused portion. The terms of the facility provide that interest on borrowings may be calculated at a spread over the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) or based on the prime rate, at the Company's election. The facility is secured by the unlimited guaranty of the Company's material domestic subsidiaries and a 65% pledge of the material foreign subsidiaries' share equity. The financial covenants of the credit facility also include a leverage ratio and an interest coverage ratio. The weighted average interest rates were 1.14% and 1.28% for the three and nine-month periods ending June 30, 2015, respectively. At June 30, 2015, the Company was in compliance with all debt covenants.

8. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

The third quarter 2015 effective income tax rate from continuing operations was 31.0% compared to 24.2% in the third quarter of 2014. The effective income tax rate in the first nine months of 2015 was 31.5% compared to 29.7% in the first nine months of 2014. The income tax expense in the first nine months of 2015 was favorably impacted by the extension of the research credit as a result of the Tax Increase Prevention Act of 2014 reducing the year-to-date effective tax rate by 2.1%. The income tax expense in the third quarter and first nine months of 2015 was favorably impacted by additional fiscal 2014 foreign tax credit benefit reducing the third quarter and year-to-date effective tax rate by 1.6% and 0.6%; \$0.1 million decrease of foreign uncertain tax positions primarily as a result of the settlement of an audit reducing the third quarter and year-to-date effective tax rate by 0.7% and 0.3%; rerating of foreign intangible deferred tax liabilities reducing the third quarter and year-to-date effective tax rate by 0.9% and 0.3%; and a reduction in German valuation allowance reducing the third quarter and year-to-date effective tax rate by 0.9% and 0.3%. The income tax expense in the third quarter and first nine months of 2015 was unfavorably impacted by losses in foreign jurisdictions for which no tax benefit was recorded increasing the third quarter and year-to-date effective tax rate by 0.7% and 0.8%, respectively.

The income tax expense in the third quarter and first nine months of 2014 was favorably impacted by a \$1.0 million decrease of uncertain tax positions as a result of a lapse of the applicable statute of limitations reducing the third quarter and year-to-date effective tax rate by 6.8% and 2.5%; additional fiscal 2013 research credit benefit reducing the third quarter and year-to-date effective tax rate by 2.8% and 1.0%; and additional fiscal 2013 foreign tax credit benefit reducing the third quarter and year-to-date effective tax rate by 2.1% and 0.8%.

The Company estimates the fiscal 2015 effective tax rate from continuing operations will be approximately 33%. The Company does not anticipate a material change in the amount of unrecognized tax benefits in the next twelve months.

9. RETIREMENT PLANS

A summary of net periodic benefit expense for the Company's defined benefit plans for the three and nine-month periods ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 is shown in the following table. Net periodic benefit cost for each period presented is comprised of the following:

	Three Months		Nine Months	
	Ended		Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
(In thousands)	2015	2014	2015	2014
Defined benefit plans				
Interest cost	\$951	1,002	2,852	3,005
Expected return on assets	(1,136)	(1,104)	(3,408)	(3,311)
Amortization of:				
Prior service cost	3	3	10	10
Actuarial loss	442	413	1,326	1,238
Net periodic benefit cost	\$260	314	780	942

10. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Market risks relating to the Company's operations result primarily from changes in interest rates and changes in foreign currency exchange rates. The Company is exposed to market risk related to changes in interest rates and selectively uses derivative financial instruments, including forward contracts and swaps, to manage these risks. During the second quarter of 2015, the Company entered into several forward contracts to purchase Euros to hedge the foreign currency risk related to Euro denominated inventory payments. All derivative instruments are reported on the balance sheet at fair value. The derivative instruments are designated as cash flow hedges and the gain or loss on the derivative is deferred in accumulated other comprehensive income until recognized in earnings with the underlying hedged item.

The following is a summary of the notional transaction amounts and fair values for the Company's outstanding derivative financial instruments by risk category and instrument type as of June 30, 2015:

11. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The accounting guidance establishes a three-level hierarchy for disclosure of fair value measurements, based upon the transparency of inputs to the valuation of an asset or liability as of the measurement date, as follows:

Level 1 – inputs to the valuation methodology are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

Level 2 – inputs to the valuation methodology include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument.

· Level 3 – inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

Financial Assets and Liabilities

The Company has estimated the fair value of its financial instruments as of June 30, 2015 and September 30, 2014 using available market information or other appropriate valuation methodologies. The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, receivables, inventories, payables and other current assets and liabilities approximate fair value

because of the short maturity of those instruments.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company's forward contracts are classified within Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy in accordance with FASB Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 825, as presented below as of June 30, 2015:

(In thousands) Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Total Liabilities: Forward contracts \$ - 94 \$ - 94

Valuation was based on third party evidence of similarly priced derivative instruments.

Nonfinancial Assets and Liabilities

The Company's nonfinancial assets such as property, plant and equipment, and other intangible assets are not measured at fair value on a recurring basis; however they are subject to fair value adjustments in certain circumstances, such as when there is evidence that an impairment may exist. No impairments were recorded during the nine months ended June 30, 2015.

12. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In July 2015, the FASB affirmed its proposed one-year deferral of Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* (ASU 2014-09), which requires an entity to recognize the amount of revenue to which it expects to be entitled for the transfer of promised goods or services to customers. The new standard is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those annual periods. The Company is currently in the process of evaluating the impact that the adoption of ASU 2014-09 will have on its consolidated financial statements and the selected method of transition to the new standard.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion refers to the Company's results from continuing operations, except where noted. On March 28, 2014, the Company completed the sale of Aclara Technologies LLC (Aclara) to an affiliate of Sun Capital Partners, Inc. A disagreement between the parties over the calculation of the final working capital adjustment was finally resolved by arbitration on June 15, 2015, resulting in a cash payment to the Company of \$2.3 million. Aclara is reflected as discontinued operations in the financial statements and related notes for the periods shown.

References to the third quarters and first nine months of 2015 and 2014 represent the fiscal quarters and nine-month periods ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

OVERVIEW

In the third quarter of 2015, sales, net earnings and diluted earnings per share from continuing operations were \$134.2 million, \$10.7 million and \$0.41 per share, respectively, compared to \$130.5 million, \$11.6 million and \$0.43 per share in the third quarter of 2014. In the first nine months of 2015, sales, net earnings and diluted earnings per share from continuing operations were \$383.7 million, \$30.2 million and \$1.15 per share, respectively, compared to \$379.7 million, \$29.7 million and \$1.11 per share in the first nine months of 2014.

NET SALES

Net sales increased \$3.7 million, or 2.8%, to \$134.2 million in the third quarter of 2015 from \$130.5 million in the third quarter of 2014. Net sales increased \$4.0 million to \$383.7 million in the first nine months of 2015 from \$379.7 million in the first nine months of 2014. The increase in net sales in the third quarter of 2015 as compared to the third quarter of 2014 was due to a \$3.1 million increase in the USG segment and a \$2.7 million increase in the Filtration segment, partially offset by a \$2.1 million decrease in the Test segment. The increase in net sales in the first nine months of 2015 as compared to the first nine months of 2014 was due to a \$10.4 million increase in the USG segment, partially offset by a \$5.3 million decrease in the Filtration segment and a \$1.1 million decrease in the Test segment.

-Filtration

In the third quarter of 2015, net sales of \$60.4 million were \$2.7 million, or 4.7%, higher than the \$57.7 million in the third quarter of 2014. Net sales decreased \$5.3 million, or 3.0%, to \$166.3 million in the first nine months of 2015 from \$171.6 million in the first nine months of 2014. The sales increase in the third quarter of 2015 compared to the third quarter of 2014 was mainly due to a \$3.7 million increase in net sales at PTI due to the higher shipments of aerospace assemblies and industrial products; a \$0.7 million increase in net sales to TEQ due to higher shipments of its ear thermometer probe cover product; partially offset by a \$1.7 million decrease in net sales at VACCO due to lower shipments of its Space products, primarily the Boeing Space Launch system. The sales decrease in the first nine months of 2015 compared to the first nine months of 2014 was primarily due to a \$8.0 million decrease in net sales at VACCO due to lower shipments of its Space products, primarily the Boeing Space Launch System; a \$1.7 million decrease in net sales at Crissair, mainly from timing of deliveries resulting from requirements to receive first article inspection approvals from certain customers as a result of the manufacturing location move from Palmdale, California to Valencia, California; partially offset by a \$5.3 million increase in net sales at PTI due to the timing of aerospace and industrial product shipments.

-Test

In the third quarter of 2015, net sales of \$42.9 million were \$2.1 million, or 4.7%, lower than the \$45.0 million recorded in the third quarter of 2014. Net sales decreased \$1.1 million, or 0.1%, to \$124.4 million in the first nine months of 2015 from \$125.5 million in the first nine months of 2014. The sales decrease in the third quarter and first nine months of 2015 compared to the corresponding periods of 2014 was primarily due to a decrease in net sales from the segment's U.S. operations due to the timing of projects and lower sales volumes of domestic shielding market sales.

-Utility Solutions Group (USG)

Net sales increased \$3.1 million, or 11.2%, to \$30.8 million in the third quarter of 2015 from \$27.7 million in the third quarter of 2014. Net sales increased \$10.3 million, or 12.5%, to \$92.9 million in the first nine months of 2015 from \$82.6 million in the first nine months of 2014. The sales increase in the third quarter and first nine months of 2015 compared to the corresponding periods of 2014 was mainly due to the sales contribution from Enosery (January 28, 2015 acquisition), higher shipments of the F and M series products, additional international revenues, and additional

software and service revenue at Doble.

ORDERS AND BACKLOG

Backlog from continuing operations was \$334.5 million at June 30, 2015 compared with \$302.9 million at September 30, 2014. The Company received new orders totaling \$120.6 million in the third quarter of 2015 compared to \$150.4 million in the third quarter of 2014. Of the new orders received in the third quarter of 2015, \$45.4 million related to Filtration products, \$45.6 million related to Test products, and \$29.6 million related to USG products. Of the new orders received in the third quarter of 2014, \$63.1 million related to Filtration products, \$54.5 million related to Test products, and \$32.8 million related to USG products.

The Company received new orders totaling \$415.2 million in the first nine months of 2015 compared to \$400.3 million in the first nine months of 2014. Of the new orders received in the first nine months of 2015, \$179.8 million related to Filtration products, \$146.3 million related to Test products, and \$89.1 million related to USG products. Of the new orders received in the first nine months of 2014, \$175.4 million related to Filtration products, \$138.0 million related to Test products, and \$86.9 million related to USG products.

SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Selling, general and administrative (SG&A) expenses for the third quarter of 2015 were \$32.8 million (24.4% of net sales), compared with \$33.5 million (25.6% of net sales) for the third quarter of 2014. For the first nine months of 2015, SG&A expenses were \$99.2 million (25.9% of net sales) compared to \$99.2 million (26.1% of net sales) for the first nine months of 2014. The decrease in SG&A in the third quarter compared to the corresponding periods of 2014 was mainly due to a decrease in SG&A expenses in the Test segment (force count reductions), partially offset by an increase in SG&A expenses at Doble (additional international sales and marketing expenses to support its near term growth opportunities).

AMORTIZATION OF INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Amortization of intangible assets was \$2.3 million and \$6.4 million for the third quarter and first nine months of 2015, respectively, compared to \$1.7 million and \$5.0 million for the corresponding periods of 2014. Amortization expenses consist of amortization of acquired intangible assets from recent acquisitions and other identifiable intangible assets (primarily software, patents and licenses). The increase in amortization expenses in the third quarter and first nine months of 2015 compared to the corresponding periods of 2014 was mainly due to an increase in software amortization and the amortization of intangibles related to the Enosery acquisition.

OTHER (INCOME) EXPENSES, NET

Other expenses, net, were \$0.3 million in the third quarter of 2015 compared to \$0.3 million in the third quarter of 2014. There were no individually significant items in other (income) expenses, net, in the third quarter of 2015 or 2014, respectively. Other income, net, was \$(0.2) million compared to other expenses, net, of \$0.4 million for the first nine months of 2015 and 2014, respectively. There were no individually significant items in other (income) expenses, net, in the first nine months of 2015. The principal component in other expenses, net, in the first nine months of 2014 was \$0.7 million of restructuring costs related to the Filtration segment facility consolidation.

EBIT

The Company evaluates the performance of its operating segments based on EBIT, and provides EBIT on a consolidated basis, which is a non-GAAP financial measure. Please refer to the discussion of non-GAAP financial measures in Note 6 to the Consolidated Financial Statements, above. EBIT from continuing operations was \$15.8 million (11.8% of net sales) for the third quarter of 2015 compared to \$15.4 million (11.8% of net sales) for the third quarter of 2014. For the first nine months of 2015, EBIT was \$44.8 million (11.7% of net sales) compared to \$43.7 million (11.5% of net sales) for the first nine months of 2014.

The following table presents a reconciliation of EBIT from continuing operations to net earnings from continuing operations.

(In thousands)	Three Months	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
(In thousands)	<u>June 30.</u>		<u>June 30,</u>		
	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Consolidated EBIT from continuing operatio	ons 15,827	15,430	44,802	43,730	
Less: Interest expense, net	(247)	(147)	(655)	(1,493)	
Less: Income tax expense	(4,832)	(3,693)	(13,924)	(12,551)	
Net earnings from continuing operations	\$ 10,748	11,590	30,223	29,686	

EBIT in the third quarter of 2015 was \$12.3 million (20.3% of net sales) compared to \$10.3 million (17.8% of net sales) in the third quarter of 2014. In the first nine months of 2015, EBIT was \$31.4 million (18.9% of net sales) compared to \$29.9 million (17.4% of net sales) in the first nine months of 2014. The increase in EBIT in the third quarter and first nine months of 2015 compared to the corresponding periods of 2014 was due to an increase at PTI due to higher sales volumes and an increase at Crissair due to the 2014 facility consolidation into the Valencia, California facility.

-Test

EBIT in the third quarter of 2015 was \$2.0 million (4.7% of net sales) compared to \$5.8 million (12.8% of net sales) in the third quarter of 2014. In the first nine months of 2015, EBIT was \$9.3 million (7.5% of net sales) compared to \$12.9 million (10.3% of net sales) in the first nine months of 2014. EBIT decreased in the third quarter of 2015 and first nine months of 2015 compared to the corresponding prior year periods mainly due to a mix of lower margin projects in the segment's U.S. and European operations and incremental charges related to the write -down of certain inventories and charges related to legal costs incurred in defense of patents.

-Utility Solutions Group

EBIT in the third quarter of 2015 was \$7.4 million (23.8% of net sales) compared to \$5.7 million (20.6% of net sales) in the third quarter of 2014. In the first nine months of 2015, EBIT was \$22.2 million (23.9% of net sales) compared to EBIT of \$18.9 million (22.9% of net sales) in the first nine months of 2014. The increase in EBIT in the third quarter and first nine months of 2015 compared to the corresponding periods of 2014 was primarily due to an increase in sales volumes and a favorable change in product mix.

-Corporate

Corporate costs included in EBIT were \$5.8 million and \$18.1 million in the third quarter and first nine months of 2015, respectively, compared to \$6.4 million and \$17.9 million in the corresponding periods of 2014. The decrease in Corporate costs in the third quarter of 2015 compared to the third quarter of 2014 was primarily due to lower professional fees and head count related expenses. The increase in Corporate costs in the first nine months of 2015 compared to the corresponding period of 2014 was mainly due to an increase in acquisition related costs.

INTEREST EXPENSE, NET

Interest expense was \$0.2 million and \$0.7 million in the third quarter and first nine months of 2015, respectively, and \$0.1 million and \$1.5 million in the corresponding periods of 2014. The decrease in interest expense in the first nine months of 2015 compared to the corresponding period of 2014 was mainly due to lower outstanding borrowings during the first nine months of 2015.

INCOME TAX EXPENSE

The third quarter 2015 effective income tax rate from continuing operations was 31.0% compared to 24.2% in the third quarter of 2014. The effective income tax rate in the first nine months of 2015 was 31.5% compared to 29.7% in the first nine months of 2014. The income tax expense in the first nine months of 2015 was favorably impacted by the extension of the research credit as a result of the Tax Increase Prevention Act of 2014 reducing the year-to-date effective tax rate by 2.1%. The income tax expense in the third quarter and first nine months of 2015 was favorably impacted by additional fiscal 2014 foreign tax credit benefit reducing the third quarter and year-to-date effective tax rate by 1.6% and 0.6%; \$0.1 million decrease of foreign uncertain tax positions primarily as a result of the settlement of an audit reducing the third quarter and year-to-date effective tax rate by 0.7% and 0.3%; rerating of foreign intangible deferred tax liabilities reducing the third quarter and year-to-date effective tax rate by 0.9% and 0.3%; and a reduction in German valuation allowance reducing the third quarter and year-to-date effective tax rate by 0.9% and 0.3%. The income tax expense in the third quarter and first nine months of 2015 was unfavorably impacted by losses in foreign jurisdictions for which no tax benefit was recorded increasing the third quarter and year-to-date effective tax rate by 0.7% and 0.8%, respectively.

The income tax expense in the third quarter and first nine months of 2014 was favorably impacted by a \$1.0 million decrease of uncertain tax positions as a result of a lapse of the applicable statute of limitations reducing the third quarter and year-to-date effective tax rate by 6.8% and 2.5%; additional fiscal 2013 research credit benefit reducing the third quarter and year-to-date effective tax rate by 2.8% and 1.0%; and additional fiscal 2013 foreign tax credit benefit reducing the third quarter and year-to-date effective tax rate by 2.1% and 0.8%.

The Company estimates the fiscal 2015 effective tax rate from continuing operations will be approximately 33%. The Company does not anticipate a material change in the amount of unrecognized tax benefits in the next twelve months.

The Company's foreign subsidiaries had accumulated unremitted earnings of \$37.4 million and cash of \$28.5 million at June 30, 2015. No deferred taxes have been provided on the accumulated unremitted earnings because these funds are not needed to meet the liquidity requirements of the Company's U.S. operations and it is the Company's intention to reinvest these earnings indefinitely. In the event these foreign entities' earnings were distributed, it is estimated that U.S. taxes, net of available foreign tax credits, of approximately \$6.4 million would be due, which would correspondingly reduce the Company's net earnings. No significant portion of the Company's foreign subsidiaries' earnings was taxed at a very low tax rate.

CAPITAL RESOURCES AND LIQUIDITY

The Company's overall financial position and liquidity remains strong. Working capital (current assets less current liabilities) increased to \$169.7 million at June 30, 2015 from \$148.9 million at September 30, 2014. The \$4.5 million decrease in accounts receivable at June 30, 2015 was mainly due to: a \$3.5 million decrease within the USG segment; and a \$0.5 million decrease within the Test segment, both due to increased cash collections during the first nine months of 2015. The \$15.8 million increase in inventories at June 30, 2015 was mainly due to: a \$7.7 million increase within the Filtration segment primarily from inventory on hand resulting from requirements to receive first article inspection approvals as a result of the manufacturing location move from Palmdale, California to Valencia, California as well as to support future sales growth; a \$6.4 million increase within the Test segment due to the timing of projects; and a \$1.7 million increase within the USG segment due to timing of receipt of raw materials. Accounts payable decreased \$11.7 million in the first nine months of 2015 primarily due to: a \$7.1 million decrease within the Test segment; a \$2.7 million decrease within the Filtration segment; and a \$1.9 million decrease within the USG segment, all due to timing of payments.

Net cash provided by operating activities from continuing operations was \$30.4 million and \$22.6 million for the first nine months of 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Capital expenditures from continuing operations were \$10.6 million and \$8.1 million in the first nine months of 2015 and 2014, respectively. The increase in the first nine months of 2015 was mainly due to building improvements at Crissair as a result of the facility consolidation. In addition, the Company incurred expenditures for capitalized software from continuing operations of \$4.4 million and \$6.3 million in the first nine months of 2015 and 2014, respectively. The decrease in the first nine months of 2015 was primarily due to lower capitalized software expenditures at Doble.

During the first nine months of 2015 and 2014, the Company made contributions of \$0.7 million and \$2.1 million, respectively, to its defined benefit plans.

Share Repurchases

During the first nine months of 2015, the Company repurchased approximately 283,000 shares for \$9.9 million. No shares were repurchased during the third quarter.

Credit Facility

At June 30, 2015, the Company had approximately \$376 million available to borrow under its bank credit facility, a \$250 million increase option, and \$36.9 million cash on hand. At June 30, 2015, the Company had \$65 million of outstanding borrowings under the credit facility in addition to outstanding letters of credit of \$8.7 million. Cash flow from operations and borrowings under the Company's credit facility are expected to meet the Company's capital requirements and operational needs for the foreseeable future. The Company's ability to access the additional \$250 million increase option of the credit facility is subject to acceptance by participating or other outside banks.

Acquisition

On January 28, 2015, the Company acquired the assets of Enoserv, LLC (Enoserv), headquartered in Tulsa, Oklahoma, for \$20.5 million in cash. The operating results for Enoserv since the date of acquisition are included as part of Doble, within the Company's USG segment.

Aclara Arbitration

A disagreement between the parties over the calculation of the final working capital adjustment was finally resolved by arbitration on June 15, 2015, resulting in a cash payment to the Company of \$2.3 million. Aclara is reflected as discontinued operations in the financial statements and related notes for the periods shown.

Dividends

A dividend of \$0.08 per share was paid on April 16, 2015 to stockholders of record as of April 2, 2015, totaling \$2.1 million. Subsequent to June 30, 2015, the next quarterly dividend of \$0.08 per share, or \$2.1 million, was paid on July 16, 2015 to stockholders of record as of July 2, 2015.

OUTLOOK

On a quarterly basis, Management continues to expect 2015 revenues and EPS to reflect a profile similar to 2014, including EPS being more second-half weighted. Fourth quarter 2015 EPS is expected to be in the range of \$0.55 to \$0.60 per share. Management expects 2015 EPS in the range of \$1.70 - \$1.75 per share.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Management has evaluated the accounting policies used in the preparation of the Company's financial statements and related notes and believes those policies to be reasonable and appropriate. Certain of these accounting policies require the application of significant judgment by Management in selecting appropriate assumptions for calculating financial estimates. By their nature, these judgments are subject to an inherent degree of uncertainty. These judgments are based on historical experience, trends in the industry, information provided by customers and information available from other outside sources, as appropriate. The most significant areas involving Management judgments and estimates may be found in the Critical Accounting Policies section of Management's Discussion and Analysis and in Note 1 to the Consolidated Financial Statements contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014.

OTHER MATTERS

Contingencies

As a normal incident of the business in which the Company is engaged, various claims, charges and litigation are asserted or commenced against the Company. Additionally, the Company is currently involved in various stages of investigation and remediation relating to environmental matters. In the opinion of Management, the aggregate costs involved in the resolution of these matters, and final judgments, if any, which might be rendered against the Company, are adequately reserved, are covered by insurance, or would not have a material adverse effect on the Company's results from continuing operations, capital expenditures, or competitive position.

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

Statements contained in this Form 10-Q regarding future events and the Company's future results that reflect or are based on current expectations, estimates, forecasts, projections or assumptions about the Company's performance and the industries in which the Company operates are considered "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the safe harbor provisions of the Federal securities laws. These include, but are not necessarily limited to, statements about: the amount and timing of future sales, revenues, cash flows, EBIT and EPS; the adequacy of the Company's credit facility and the Company's ability to increase it; the outcome of current litigation, claims and charges; continued reinvestment of foreign earnings and U.S. income tax liabilities in the event that foreign earnings were distributed; future income tax liabilities and effective tax rate; changes in the amount of unrecognized tax benefits; the recognition and timing of costs related to share-based compensation arrangements; returns on retirement plan assets; estimates or projections made in connection with the Company's accounting policies; market risks relating to the Company's operations and its ability to hedge against them through the use of derivative financial instruments; and any other statements contained herein which are not strictly historical. Words such as expects, anticipates, targets, goals, projects, intends, plans, believes, estimates, variations of such words, and similar expressions are intended to identify such forward-looking statements.

Investors are cautioned that such statements are only predictions and speak only as of the date of this Form 10-Q, and the Company undertakes no duty to update them except as may be required by applicable laws or regulations. The Company's actual results in the future may differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements due to risks and uncertainties that exist in the Company's operations and business environment, including but not limited to those described in Item 1A, "Risk Factors," of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014, and the following: the impacts of natural disasters on the Company's operations and those of the Company's customers and suppliers; the timing and content of future contract awards or customer orders; termination for convenience of customer contracts or orders; financial exposure in connection with Company guarantees of certain Aclara contracts; weakening of economic conditions in served markets; the success of the Company's competitors; changes in customer demands or customer insolvencies; competition; intellectual property rights; technical difficulties; the availability of selected acquisitions; delivery delays or defaults by customers; performance issues with key customers, suppliers and subcontractors; material changes in the costs of certain raw materials; labor disputes; changes in laws and regulations including but not limited to changes in accounting standards and taxation requirements; costs relating to environmental matters; litigation uncertainty; and the Company's

successful execution of internal restructuring plans.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Market risks relating to the Company's operations result primarily from changes in interest rates and changes in foreign currency exchange rates. The Company is exposed to market risk related to changes in interest rates and selectively uses derivative financial instruments, including forward contracts and swaps, to manage these risks. During the second quarter of 2015, the Company entered into several forward contracts to purchase Euros to hedge the foreign currency risk related to Euro denominated inventory payments. All derivative instruments are reported on the balance sheet at fair value. The derivative instruments are designated as cash flow hedges and the gain or loss on the derivative is deferred in accumulated other comprehensive income until recognized in earnings with the underlying hedged item. There has been no material change to the Company's market risks since September 30, 2014. Refer to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014 for further discussion about market risk.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

The Company carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of Management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based upon that evaluation, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of that date. Disclosure controls and procedures are controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in Company reports filed or submitted under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms. There has been no change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the period covered by this report that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

Exhibit Number

3.1(a) Restated Articles of Incorporation

Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3(a) to Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 1999 (File No. 1-10596)

3.1(b) Amended Certificate of Designation, Preferences and Rights of Series A Participating Cumulative Preferred Stock of the Registrant

Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4(e) to Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2000 (File No. 1-10596)

3.1(c) Articles of Merger effective July 10, 2000

Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3(c) to Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2000 (File No. 1-10596)
Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3 to Form 8-K filed

3.2 Bylaws

		May 7, 2014 (File No. 1-10596)
4.1	Specimen revised Common Stock Certificate	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2010 (File No. 1-10596)
4.2	Credit Agreement dated as of May 14, 2012 among the Registrant, the Foreign Subsidiary Borrowers from time to time party thereto, the Lenders from time to time party thereto, JP Morgan Chase Bank, N.A. as Administrative Agent, PNC Bank, National Association as Syndication Agent, and SunTrust Bank, Wells Fargo Bank, National Association and Bank of America, N.A. as Co-Documentation Agents	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to Form 8-K dated May 18, 2012 (File No. 1-10596)
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer relating to Form 10-Q for period ended June 30, 2015	Filed herewith
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer relating to Form 10-Q for period ended June 30, 2015	Filed herewith

32	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer relating to Form 10-Q for period ended June 30, 2015	Filed herewith
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document*	Submitted herewith
101.SCH	XBRL Schema Document*	Submitted herewith
101.CAL	XBRL Calculation Linkbase Document*	Submitted herewith
101.DEF	XBRL Definition Linkbase Document*	Submitted herewith
101.LAB	XBRL Label Linkbase Document*	Submitted herewith
101.PRE	XBRL Presentation Linkbase Document*	Submitted herewith

*Exhibit 101 to this report consists of documents formatted in XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language). The financial information contained in the XBRL – related documents is "unaudited" or "unreviewed".

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

ESCO TECHNOLOGIES INC.

/s/ Gary E. Muenster
Gary E. Muenster
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
(As duly authorized officer and principal accounting and financial officer of the registrant)

Dated: August 10, 2015