NETSCOUT SYSTEMS INC Form 10-Q August 07, 2007 Table of Contents

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, DC 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

X QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2007

OR

" TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from

to

Commission file number 0000-26251

NETSCOUT SYSTEMS, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Delaware (State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization) 04-2837575 (IRS Employer Identification No.)

310 Littleton Road, Westford, MA 01886

(978) 614-4000

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES x NO "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of accelerated filer and large accelerated filer in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer " Accelerated filer x Non-accelerated filer "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). YES "NO x

The number of shares outstanding of the registrant s common stock, par value \$0.001 per share, as of August 6, 2007 was 32,300,766.

NETSCOUT SYSTEMS, INC.

FORM 10-Q

FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART I: FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Unaudited Financial Statements:	
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets: As of June 30, 2007 and March 31, 2007	3
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations: For the three months ended June 30, 2007 and June 30, 2006	4
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows: For the three months ended June 30, 2007 and June 30, 2006	5
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	6
Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	15
Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	23
Item 4. Controls and Procedures	24
PART II: OTHER INFORMATION	
Item 1. Legal Proceedings	25
Item 1A. Risk Factors	25
Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	25
Item 6. Exhibits	25
<u>SIGNATURES</u>	26
EXHIBIT INDEX	27

2

PART I: FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Unaudited Financial Statements

NetScout Systems, Inc.

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

(Unaudited)

	June 30, 2007	March 31, 2007
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,650	\$ 18,925
Marketable securities	80,530	69,204
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$20 and \$9 at June 30, 2007 and March 31, 2007,		
respectively	15,894	18,317
Inventories	4,932	4,562
Refundable income taxes	284	657
Deferred income taxes	2,679	2,535
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	3,401	3,380
Total current assets	120,370	117,580
Fixed assets, net	8,868	8,262
Goodwill	36,561	36,561
Acquired intangible assets, net	331	442
Capitalized software development costs, net	129	170
Deferred income taxes	5,391	5,382
Long-term marketable securities	12,035	11,975
Other assets	100	47
Total assets	\$ 183,785	\$ 180,419
Liabilities and Stockholders Equity		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 2,973	\$ 3,023
Accrued compensation	8,011	8,271
Accrued other liabilities	2,467	2,609
Income taxes payable	809	192
Deferred revenue	24,234	23,992
Total current liabilities	38,494	38,087
Other long-term liabilities	1,007	1,008
Accrued long-term retirement benefits	1,235	1,155
Long-term deferred revenue	1,332	1,762
Total liabilities	42,068	42,012

Commitments and contingencies (Note 7)		
Stockholders equity:		
Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value:		
5,000,000 shares authorized; no shares issued or outstanding at June 30, 2007 and March 31, 2007		
Common stock, \$0.001 par value: 150,000,000 shares authorized; 36,733,642 and 36,581,852 shares issued and		
32,201,625 and 32,049,835 shares outstanding at June 30, 2007 and March 31, 2007, respectively	37	36
Additional paid-in capital	122,720	122,074
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(63)	(46)
Treasury stock at cost, 4,532,017 shares at June 30, 2007 and March 31, 2007	(28,939)	(28,939)
Retained earnings	47,962	45,282
Total stockholders equity	141,717	138,407
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	\$ 183,785	\$ 180,419

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

NetScout Systems, Inc.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations

(In thousands, except per share data)

(Unaudited)

Revenue: 2007 2006 Product \$17,512 \$14,227 Service 10,400 9,348 Total revenue 27,912 23,575 Cost of revenue: *** *** Product (1) 4,652 3,856 Service (1) 1,487 1,267 Total cost of revenue 6,139 5,123 Gross profit 21,773 18,452 Operating expenses: *** 4,242 Research and development (1) 4,534 4,422 Sales and markering (1) 11,541 10,330 General and administrative (1) 2,833 2,106 Amortization of acquired intangible assets 6 39 Total operating expenses 18,914 17,397 Income from operations 2,859 1,055 Interest and other income, net: 1,018 1,025 Interest expense 9 1,15 Other income, net 1,059 1,015 Income before income tax expense and cumulative effect of accounting change 3,			Three Months Ended June 30,		
Product Service \$17,512 \$14,227 \$1,040 \$1,4227 \$1,040 \$9,348 Total revenue 27,912 \$23,575 23,575 Cost of revenue: *** *** \$2,856 \$2,856 \$2,856 \$2,856 \$2,677 \$3,856 \$2,677 \$3,856 \$4,652 \$3,856 \$3,856 \$4,652 \$3,856 \$4,252 \$4,856 \$4,252 \$4,856 \$4,252 \$4,856 \$4,252 \$4,856 \$4,252 \$4,856 \$4,252 \$4,856 \$4,252 \$4,856 \$4,252 \$4,856 \$4,252 \$4,856 \$4,252 \$4,856 \$4,252 \$4,856 \$4,252 \$4,856 \$4,252 \$4,856 \$4,252 \$4,856 \$4,252 \$4,856 \$4,252 \$4,856 \$4,134 \$4,252 \$4,856 \$4,134 \$4,252		_	,		
Service 10,400 9,348 Total revenue 27,912 23,575 Cost of revenue: ————————————————————————————————————	Revenue:				
Cost of revenue: 27,912 23,575 Cost of revenue: Product (1) 4,652 3,856 Service (1) 1,487 1,267 Total cost of revenue 6,139 5,123 Gross profit 21,773 18,452 Operating expenses: 2 3 Research and development (1) 4,534 4,422 Sales and marketing (1) 11,541 10,830 General and administrative (1) 2,833 2,106 Amortization of acquired intangible assets 6 30 Total operating expenses 18,914 17,397 Income from operations 2,859 1,055 Interest and other income, net: 1,018 1,025 Interest income 1,018 1,025 Interest expense (9) 1,015 Other income, net 1,009 1,015 Income before income tax expense and cumulative effect of accounting change 3,868 2,070 Income before cumulative effect of accounting change 2,680 1,304 Cumulative effect of accounting change,	Product		. ,		
Cost of revenue: Fonduct (1) 4.652 3.856 Service (1) 4.652 3.856 Service (1) 1.487 1.267 Total cost of revenue 6.139 5.123 Gross profit 21,773 18,452 Operating expenses: Research and development (1) 4,534 4,422 Alses and marketing (1) 1,541 10,830 General and administrative (1) 2,833 2,106 Amortization of acquired intangible assets 6 39 Total operating expenses 18,914 17,397 Income from operations 2,859 1,055 Interest and other income, net: 1 1,025 Interest expense (9) (13) Other income, net 1,08 1,025 Income before income tax expense and cumulative effect of accounting change 3,868 2,070 Income before income tax expense and cumulative effect of accounting change 2,680 1,304 Cumulative effect of accounting change, net of taxes of \$41 70 Net income \$ 2,680 <td>Service</td> <td>10,400</td> <td>9,348</td>	Service	10,400	9,348		
Product (1) 4,652 3,856 Service (1) 1,487 1,267 Total cost of revenue 6,139 5,123 Gross profit 21,773 18,452 Operating expenses: 8 4,524 Research and development (1) 4,534 4,422 Sales and marketing (1) 11,541 10,830 General and administrative (1) 2,833 2,106 Amortization of acquired intangible assets 6 39 Total operating expenses 18,914 17,397 Income from operations 2,859 1,055 Interest and other income, net: 1,018 1,025 Interest expense (9) (13) Other income, net 1,03 3 Total interest and other income, net 1,009 1,015 Income before income tax expense and cumulative effect of accounting change 3,868 2,070 Income before cumulative effect of accounting change 2,680 1,304 Cumulative effect of accounting change, net of taxes of \$41 70 Net income \$ 2,680 <td>Total revenue</td> <td>27,912</td> <td>23,575</td>	Total revenue	27,912	23,575		
Service (1) 1,487 1,267 Total cost of revenue 6,139 5,123 Gross profit 21,773 18,452 Operating expenses: 2 Research and development (1) 4,534 4,422 Sales and marketing (1) 11,541 10,830 General and administrative (1) 2,833 2,106 Amortization of acquired intangible assets 6 39 Total operating expenses 18,914 17,397 Income from operations 2,859 1,055 Interest and other income, net: 1,018 1,025 Interest expense (9) (13) Other income, net 1,009 1,015 Income before income tax expense and cumulative effect of accounting change 3,868 2,070 Income before income tax expense and cumulative effect of accounting change 2,680 1,304 Income before cumulative effect of accounting change 2,680 1,304 Cumulative effect of accounting change, net of taxes of \$41 70 Net income \$ 2,680 \$ 1,374 Basic net incom	Cost of revenue:				
Total cost of revenue 6,139 5,123 Gross profit 21,773 18,452 Operating expenses: 8 8 Research and development (1) 4,534 4,422 Sales and marketing (1) 11,541 10,830 General and administrative (1) 2,833 2,106 Amortization of acquired intangible assets 6 39 Total operating expenses 18,914 17,397 Income from operations 2,859 1,055 Interest and other income, net: 1,018 1,025 Interest st and other income, net: 9 (13 Other income, net 1,018 1,025 Interest expense (9) (13 Other income, net 1,009 1,015 Income before income tax expense and cumulative effect of accounting change 3,868 2,070 Income before income tax expense and cumulative effect of accounting change 2,680 1,304 Income before cumulative effect of accounting change 2,680 1,304 Cumulative effect of accounting change, net of taxes of \$41 70 <td>Product (1)</td> <td>4,652</td> <td>3,856</td>	Product (1)	4,652	3,856		
Gross profit 21,773 18,452 Operating expenses: **** **** Research and development (1) 4,534 4,422 Sales and marketing (1) 2,833 2,106 General and administrative (1) 2,833 2,106 Amortization of acquired intangible assets 6 39 Total operating expenses 18,914 17,397 Income from operations 2,859 1,055 Interest and other income, net: 1,108 1,025 Interest expense (9) (13) Other income, net 1,009 1,015 Income before income tax expense and cumulative effect of accounting change 3,868 2,070 Income before income tax expense and cumulative effect of accounting change 2,680 1,304 Cumulative effect of accounting change, net of taxes of \$41 70 Net income \$ 2,680 \$ 1,374 Basic net income per share \$ 0,08 \$ 0,04 Diluted net income per share \$ 0,08 \$ 0,04	Service (1)	1,487	1,267		
Operating expenses: A 4,534 (4,22) Research and development (1) 4,534 (1,23) 4,422 Sales and marketing (1) 2,833 (2,106) 2,833 (2,106) Amortization of acquired intangible assets 6 (39) Total operating expenses 18,914 (17,397) Income from operations 2,859 (1,055) Interest and other income, net: 1,018 (1,025) Interest expense (9) (13) Other income, net 3 Total interest and other income, net 1,009 (1,015) Income before income tax expense and cumulative effect of accounting change 3,868 (2,070) Income before cumulative effect of accounting change 2,680 (1,304) Income before cumulative effect of accounting change 2,680 (1,304) Cumulative effect of accounting change, net of taxes of \$41 70 Net income \$ 2,680 (1,304) Basic net income per share \$ 0.08 (1,304) Diluted net income per share \$ 0.08 (1,304) Diluted net income per share \$ 0.08 (1,304) Diluted net income per share \$ 0.08 (1,304)	Total cost of revenue	6,139	5,123		
Operating expenses: A 4,534 (4,22) Research and development (1) 4,534 (1,23) 4,422 Sales and marketing (1) 2,833 (2,106) 2,833 (2,106) Amortization of acquired intangible assets 6 (39) Total operating expenses 18,914 (17,397) Income from operations 2,859 (1,055) Interest and other income, net: 1,018 (1,025) Interest expense (9) (13) Other income, net 3 Total interest and other income, net 1,009 (1,015) Income before income tax expense and cumulative effect of accounting change 3,868 (2,070) Income before cumulative effect of accounting change 2,680 (1,304) Income before cumulative effect of accounting change 2,680 (1,304) Cumulative effect of accounting change, net of taxes of \$41 70 Net income \$ 2,680 (1,304) Basic net income per share \$ 0.08 (1,304) Diluted net income per share \$ 0.08 (1,304) Diluted net income per share \$ 0.08 (1,304) Diluted net income per share \$ 0.08 (1,304)	Gross profit	21,773	18,452		
Research and development (1) 4,534 4,422 Sales and marketing (1) 11,541 10,830 General and administrative (1) 2,833 2,106 Amortization of acquired intangible assets 6 39 Total operating expenses 18,914 17,397 Income from operations 2,859 1,055 Interest and other income, net: 1,018 1,025 Interest expense (9) (13) Other income, net 3 3 Total interest and other income, net 1,009 1,015 Income before income tax expense and cumulative effect of accounting change 3,868 2,070 Income before income tax expense and cumulative effect of accounting change 2,680 1,304 Income before cumulative effect of accounting change 2,680 1,304 Cumulative effect of accounting change, net of taxes of \$41 70 Net income \$ 2,680 \$ 1,374 Basic net income per share \$ 0,08 \$ 0,04 Diluted net income per share \$ 0,08 \$ 0,04					
Sales and marketing (1) 11,541 10,830 General and administrative (1) 2,833 2,106 Amortization of acquired intangible assets 6 39 Total operating expenses 18,914 17,397 Income from operations 2,859 1,055 Interest and other income, net: 1,018 1,025 Interest expense (9) (13) Other income, net 3 3 Total interest and other income, net 1,009 1,015 Income before income tax expense and cumulative effect of accounting change 3,868 2,070 Income tax expense 1,188 766 Income before cumulative effect of accounting change 2,680 1,304 Cumulative effect of accounting change, net of taxes of \$41 70 Net income \$ 2,680 \$ 1,374 Basic net income per share \$ 0.08 \$ 0.04 Diluted net income per share \$ 0.08 \$ 0.04					
General and administrative (1) 2,833 2,106 Amortization of acquired intangible assets 6 39 Total operating expenses 18,914 17,397 Income from operations 2,859 1,055 Interest and other income, net: 1,018 1,025 Interest income 1,018 1,025 Interest expense (9) (13) Other income, net 3 3 Total interest and other income, net 1,009 1,015 Income before income tax expense and cumulative effect of accounting change 3,868 2,070 Income tax expense 1,188 766 Income before cumulative effect of accounting change 2,680 1,304 Cumulative effect of accounting change, net of taxes of \$41 70 Net income \$ 2,680 \$ 1,374 Basic net income per share \$ 0.08 \$ 0.04 Diluted net income per share \$ 0.08 \$ 0.04		•			
Amortization of acquired intangible assets 6 39 Total operating expenses 18,914 17,397 Income from operations 2,859 1,055 Interest and other income, net: 1,018 1,025 Interest expense (9) (13) Other income, net 3 3 Total interest and other income, net 1,009 1,015 Income before income tax expense and cumulative effect of accounting change 3,868 2,070 Income tax expense 1,188 766 Income before cumulative effect of accounting change 2,680 1,304 Cumulative effect of accounting change, net of taxes of \$41 70 Net income \$ 2,680 \$ 1,374 Basic net income per share \$ 0.08 \$ 0.04 Diluted net income per share \$ 0.08 \$ 0.04					
Total operating expenses 18,914 17,397 Income from operations 2,859 1,055 Interest and other income, net: 1,018 1,025 Interest expense (9) (13) Other income, net 3 3 Total interest and other income, net 1,009 1,015 Income before income tax expense and cumulative effect of accounting change 3,868 2,070 Income tax expense 1,188 766 Income before cumulative effect of accounting change 2,680 1,304 Cumulative effect of accounting change, net of taxes of \$41 70 Net income \$ 2,680 \$ 1,374 Basic net income per share \$ 0.08 \$ 0.04 Diluted net income per share \$ 0.08 \$ 0.04		2,833	2,106		
Income from operations 2,859 1,055 Interest and other income, net:	Amortization of acquired intangible assets	6	39		
Interest and other income, net: 1,018 1,025 Interest expense (9) (13) Other income, net 3 Total interest and other income, net 1,009 1,015 Income before income tax expense and cumulative effect of accounting change 3,868 2,070 Income tax expense 1,188 766 Income before cumulative effect of accounting change 2,680 1,304 Cumulative effect of accounting change, net of taxes of \$41 70 Net income \$ 2,680 \$ 1,374 Basic net income per share \$ 0.08 \$ 0.04 Diluted net income per share \$ 0.08 \$ 0.04	Total operating expenses	18,914	17,397		
Interest and other income, net: 1,018 1,025 Interest expense (9) (13) Other income, net 3 Total interest and other income, net 1,009 1,015 Income before income tax expense and cumulative effect of accounting change 3,868 2,070 Income tax expense 1,188 766 Income before cumulative effect of accounting change 2,680 1,304 Cumulative effect of accounting change, net of taxes of \$41 70 Net income \$ 2,680 \$ 1,374 Basic net income per share \$ 0.08 \$ 0.04 Diluted net income per share \$ 0.08 \$ 0.04	Income from operations	2,859	1,055		
Interest income 1,018 1,025 Interest expense (9) (13) Other income, net 3 Total interest and other income, net 1,009 1,015 Income before income tax expense and cumulative effect of accounting change 3,868 2,070 Income tax expense 1,188 766 Income before cumulative effect of accounting change 2,680 1,304 Cumulative effect of accounting change, net of taxes of \$41 70 Net income \$ 2,680 \$ 1,374 Basic net income per share \$ 0.08 \$ 0.04 Diluted net income per share \$ 0.08 \$ 0.04					
Interest expense (9) (13) Other income, net 3 Total interest and other income, net 1,009 1,015 Income before income tax expense and cumulative effect of accounting change 3,868 2,070 Income tax expense 1,188 766 Income before cumulative effect of accounting change 2,680 1,304 Cumulative effect of accounting change, net of taxes of \$41 70 Net income \$ 2,680 \$ 1,374 Basic net income per share \$ 0.08 \$ 0.04 Diluted net income per share \$ 0.08 \$ 0.04	Interest income	1,018	1,025		
Other income, net 3 Total interest and other income, net 1,009 1,015 Income before income tax expense and cumulative effect of accounting change 3,868 2,070 Income tax expense 1,188 766 Income before cumulative effect of accounting change 2,680 1,304 Cumulative effect of accounting change, net of taxes of \$41 70 Net income \$2,680 \$1,374 Basic net income per share \$0.08 \$0.04 Diluted net income per share \$0.08 \$0.04	Interest expense				
Income before income tax expense and cumulative effect of accounting change Income tax expense Income before cumulative effect of accounting change Income before cumulative effect of accounting change Cumulative effect of accounting change, net of taxes of \$41 Net income Substitute 1,304 To Net income Substitute 1,304 Substitute 1	•	,			
Income before income tax expense and cumulative effect of accounting change Income tax expense Income before cumulative effect of accounting change Income before cumulative effect of accounting change Cumulative effect of accounting change, net of taxes of \$41 Net income Substitute 1,304 To Net income Substitute 1,304 Substitute 1	Total interest and other income, net	1,009	1,015		
Income tax expense 1,188 766 Income before cumulative effect of accounting change 2,680 1,304 Cumulative effect of accounting change, net of taxes of \$41 70 Net income \$2,680 \$1,374 Basic net income per share \$0.08 \$0.04 Diluted net income per share \$0.08 \$0.04		·			
Income before cumulative effect of accounting change Cumulative effect of accounting change, net of taxes of \$41 Net income Basic net income per share \$ 0.08 \$ 0.04 Diluted net income per share \$ 0.08 \$ 0.04	Income before income tax expense and cumulative effect of accounting change	3,868	2,070		
Cumulative effect of accounting change, net of taxes of \$4170Net income\$ 2,680\$ 1,374Basic net income per share\$ 0.08\$ 0.04Diluted net income per share\$ 0.08\$ 0.04	Income tax expense	1,188	766		
Net income \$ 2,680 \$ 1,374 Basic net income per share \$ 0.08 \$ 0.04 Diluted net income per share \$ 0.08 \$ 0.04	Income before cumulative effect of accounting change Cumulative effect of accounting change, net of taxes of \$41	2,680			
Diluted net income per share \$ 0.08 \$ 0.04		\$ 2,680	\$ 1,374		
Diluted net income per share \$ 0.08 \$ 0.04	Basic net income per share	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.04		
	Shares used in computing:				

Basic net income per share	3	2,140	3	1,480
Diluted net income per share	3	3,253	3	3,049
(1) Share-based compensation expenses included in these amounts are as follows:				
Cost of product revenue	\$	11	\$	9
Cost of service revenue		12		13
Research and development		114		133
Sales and marketing		171		157
General and administrative		77		75
Total share-based compensation expense, before income tax effect	\$	385	\$	387

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

NetScout Systems, Inc.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(In thousands)

(Unaudited)

Three Months Ended

	June 2007	30, 2006
Cash flows from operating activities:	2007	2000
Net income	\$ 2,680	\$ 1,374
Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash provided by operating activities:	+ =,000	+ -,
Depreciation and amortization	884	856
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	8	17
Share-based compensation expense associated with equity awards	385	387
Cumulative effect of accounting change		(111)
Deferred income taxes	(153)	145
Changes in assets and liabilities	` '	
Accounts receivable	2,423	1,744
Inventories	(370)	(1,570)
Refundable income taxes	373	783
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(28)	161
Other assets	(53)	3
Accounts payable	(50)	(258)
Accrued compensation and other expenses	(323)	(1,385)
Income taxes payable	617	467
Deferred revenue	(188)	14
Net cash provided by operating activities	6,205	2,627
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchase of marketable securities	(13,011)	(17,622)
Proceeds from maturity of marketable securities	1,615	4,613
Purchase of fixed assets	(981)	(474)
Capitalized expenditures for internal use software	(365)	(402)
Capitalized software development costs		(15)
Net cash used in investing activities	(12,742)	(13,900)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	231	1,485
Tax benefit from stock options exercised	31	111
Net cash provided by financing activities	262	1,596
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(6,275)	(9,677
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	18,925	61,676
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 12,650	\$ 51,999

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

5

NetScout Systems, Inc.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2007 and for the three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively, have been prepared by NetScout Systems, Inc. (NetScout or the Company) in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial reports and the instructions for Form 10-Q and Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared under generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such regulations. In the opinion of the Company s management, the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements include all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair presentation of the Company s financial position, results of operations and cash flows. The results of operations for the three months ended June 30, 2007 are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations for the year ending March 31, 2008. The balance sheet at March 31, 2007 has been derived from the audited consolidated financial statements at that date but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements.

For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2007, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on June 4, 2007.

2. Share-Based Compensation

The 1999 Stock Option Plan permits the granting of stock options, restricted stock and restricted stock units, collectively referred to as share-based awards. Periodically, the Company grants share-based awards to employees and officers of the Company. The Company accounts for these share-based awards in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 123R, Share-Based Payment (SFAS 123R) which requires the measurement and recognition of compensation expense based on estimated fair values for all share-based payment awards made to our employees and directors. Share-based award grants are generally measured at fair value on the date of grant based on the number of shares granted and the quoted price of the Company s common stock. Such value is recognized as a cost of revenue or an operating expense over the corresponding vesting period. During the three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, share-based compensation expense was \$385 thousand and \$387 thousand, respectively.

The Company adopted SFAS 123R using the modified prospective transition method beginning April 1, 2006. Accordingly, the Company recorded share-based compensation expense for awards granted prior to but not yet vested as of April 1, 2006 as if the fair value method required for pro forma disclosure under SFAS 123 were in effect for expense recognition purposes, but adjusted for estimated forfeitures. The Company recorded a pre-tax cumulative benefit of accounting change of \$111 related to estimating forfeitures for share-based awards that were unvested as of April 1, 2006.

6

NetScout Systems, Inc.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Unaudited)

3. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Marketable Securities

The Company considers all highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents and those investments with original maturities greater than three months to be marketable securities. Cash equivalents and short-term marketable securities are stated at cost plus accrued interest, which approximates fair value. Long-term marketable securities are stated at fair value based on quoted market prices. Cash equivalents and marketable securities consist primarily of money market instruments, U.S. Treasury bills and municipal obligations.

Marketable Securities

The following is a summary of marketable securities held by NetScout at June 30, 2007, with maturity dates of July 2007 through March 2009 (in thousands):

			Fair
	Amortized Costs	Unrealized Losses	Value
U.S. government and municipal obligations	\$ 93,739	\$ (63)	\$ 93,676
Less: restricted investment	1,132	(21)	1,111
Marketable securities	\$ 92,607	\$ (42)	\$ 92,565

The following is a summary of marketable securities as classified between short and long-term at June 30, 2007 (in thousands):

Short-term marketable securities	\$ 80,530
Long-term marketable securities	12,035
Total marketable securities	\$ 92,565

The following is a summary of marketable securities held by NetScout at March 31, 2007, with maturity dates of April 2007 through March 2009 (in thousands):

			Fair
	Amortized Costs	Unrealized Losses	Value
U.S. government and municipal obligations	\$ 82,336	\$ (46)	\$ 82,290
Less: restricted investment	1,124	(13)	1,111
Marketable securities	\$ 81,212	\$ (33)	\$ 81,179

The following is a summary of marketable securities as classified between short and long-term at March 31, 2007 (in thousands):

Short-term marketable securities	\$ 69,204
Long-term marketable securities	11,975
Total marketable securities	\$ 81,179

7

NetScout Systems, Inc.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Unaudited)

Restricted Investment

The Company has a restricted investment account related to a deferred compensation plan of \$1.1 million, which is currently included in prepaid expenses and other current assets. As of June 30, 2007 and March 31, 2007, there were unrealized losses of \$21 thousand and \$13 thousand, respectively, recorded as other comprehensive income (loss), net of \$0 tax.

4. Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of actual cost or net realizable value. Cost is determined by using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories consist of the following (in thousands):

	June 30, 2007	arch 31, 2007
Raw materials	\$ 3,566	\$ 3,270
Work in process	359	143
Finished goods	1,007	1,149
-		
	\$ 4.932	\$ 4.562

5. Goodwill & Acquired Intangible Assets Goodwill

The carrying amount of goodwill was \$36.6 million as of June 30, 2007 and March 31, 2007. The Company s goodwill resulted from the acquisition of NextPoint Networks, Inc. in July 2000 and substantially all of the assets of Quantiva on April 14, 2005. In accordance with SFAS No. 142, goodwill is not amortized, but instead is reviewed for impairment at least annually or more frequently when events and circumstances occur indicating that the recorded goodwill may be impaired. If the book value of the Company s enterprise exceeds its fair value for a sustained period, the implied fair value of goodwill will be compared with the carrying amount of goodwill. If the carrying amount of goodwill exceeds the implied fair value, an impairment loss will be recorded in an amount equal to that excess.

Acquired Intangible Assets

The carrying amounts of acquired intangible assets were \$331 thousand and \$442 thousand as of June 30, 2007 and March 31, 2007, respectively. Intangible assets acquired in a business combination are recorded under the purchase method of accounting at their estimated fair values at the date of acquisition. The Company amortizes acquired intangible assets over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis.

Acquired intangible assets consist of the following as of June 30, 2007 (in thousands):

Cost June 30, 2007 Net Accumulated

Edgar Filing: NETSCOUT SYSTEMS INC - Form 10-Q

		Amortization		
Software	\$ 1,255	\$	924	\$ 331
Non-compete agreements	310		310	
	\$ 1,565	\$	1,234	\$ 331

NetScout Systems, Inc.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Unaudited)

Amortization of acquired software included as cost of product revenue was \$105 thousand for the three months ended June 30, 2007. Amortization of other acquired intangible assets included as operating expense was \$6 thousand for the three months ended June 30, 2007.

Acquired intangible assets consist of the following as of March 31, 2007 (in thousands):

		March 31, 2007 Accumulated		
	Cost	Amo	ortization	Net
Software	\$ 1,255	\$	819	\$ 436
Non-compete agreements	310		304	6
	\$ 1,565	\$	1,123	\$ 442

Amortization of acquired software included as cost of product revenue was \$104 thousand for the three months ended June 30, 2006. Amortization of other acquired intangible assets included as operating expense was \$39 thousand for the three months ended June 30, 2006.

The following is the expected future amortization expense as of June 30, 2007 for the years ended March 31 (in thousands):

2008 (remaining nine months)	\$ 314
2009	17
Total	\$ 331

The weighted average useful life of acquired intangible assets is 2.8 years.

6. Capitalized Software Development Costs and Purchased Software

Costs incurred in the research and development of the Company s products are expensed as incurred, except for certain software development costs. Costs associated with the development of software products are expensed prior to the establishment of technological feasibility (as defined by SFAS No. 86, Accounting for the Costs of Computer Software to Be Sold, Leased or Otherwise Marketed) and capitalized thereafter until the related software products are available for first customer shipment. During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006, the Company met technological feasibility for its *nGenius* Analytics product. As of June 30, 2007 and March 31, 2007, capitalized software development costs for the *nGenius* Analytics product totaled \$327 thousand. Beginning in April 2006, the Company commenced amortization of the capitalized software development costs for the *nGenius* Analytics project on a straight-line basis over two years. Amortization of capitalized software development costs included as cost of product revenue was \$41 thousand and \$34 thousand for the three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

The Company also capitalizes purchased software in accordance with SFAS No. 86. During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006, the Company capitalized \$1.3 million of purchased software obtained in connection with the acquisition of substantially all of the assets of Quantiva. Purchased software is recorded under acquired intangible assets (see Note 5).

Capitalized software development costs are periodically assessed for recoverability in the event of changes to the anticipated future revenue for the software products or changes in product technologies. Unamortized capitalized software development costs that are determined to be in excess of the net realizable value of the software products would be expensed in the period in which such a determination is made.

9

NetScout Systems, Inc.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Unaudited)

7. Commitments and Contingencies Contingencies

From time to time NetScout is subject to legal proceedings and claims in the ordinary course of business. On December 14, 2006, Diagnostic Systems Corporation (DSC) filed a lawsuit against the Company and six other co-defendants in the United States District Court for the Central District of California claiming patent infringement. The complaint seeks damages in an unspecified amount and injunctive relief. In the lawsuit, DSC alleges that NetScout is infringing United States Patent No. 5,701,400, and No. 5,537,590. On February 23, 2007, the Company filed its Answer denying all claims and asserted counterclaims seeking a declaration of non-infringement and invalidity of the patents. The Company believes the plaintiff s claims have no merit, and will defend the lawsuit vigorously. No amounts have been accrued for the potential settlement of these claims. Legal expenses in association with the defense of these claims are expensed as incurred.

Employment Agreements

In January 2007 the Company announced the retirement of Narendra Popat, co-founder and outgoing Chairman of the Board of Directors effective January 19, 2007. The Company and Mr. Popat entered into a separation agreement effective January 19, 2007, whereupon Mr. Popat became an advisor, through January 2010, to the Company s Chief Executive Officer. The separation agreement provides for the payment of severance of \$16 thousand per month, along with continued health and dental benefits, until Mr. Popat, now age 58, reaches the age of 65. Should Mr. Popat die before the age of 65, the balance of any such severance payments due Mr. Popat would be paid to his estate in one lump sum payment equal to the net present value of such remaining monthly payments. During the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2007, the Company recorded a pre-tax charge of \$1.4 million under General and Administrative expenses in its Consolidated Statement of Operations, representing the net present value of expected future severance and benefit payments for this fully vested obligation. The Company s accrued cost for this unfunded retirement obligation was \$1.4 million as of June 30, 2007, of which \$280 thousand is included under Accrued compensation and \$1.1 million is included under Accrued long-term retirement benefits in the Company s Consolidated Balance Sheet. The Company has projected its future payments for this unfunded obligation at \$1.6 million, with benefit payments expected to commence in the second quarter of fiscal year 2008.

In January 2007, the Company announced that Anil Singhal, co-founder and President and Chief Executive Officer, would also assume the role of Chairman of the Board of Directors, effective January 19, 2007. In conjunction with his additional responsibilities the Company entered into a new employment agreement with Mr. Singhal, which provides that he will receive a base salary of at least \$300 thousand. The employment agreement provides for a three-year term commencing January 19, 2007 with automatic one-year renewals. During the term of this agreement, Mr. Singhal will also be eligible to receive an annual bonus based on company performance and individual objectives. The employment agreement is terminable at will by either party, and provides that if the Company elects not to renew the agreement for any reason, or if Mr. Singhal s employment is terminated by NetScout without cause, or by Mr. Singhal at any time following the consummation of a sale of the Company, or upon the death or disability of Mr. Singhal, Mr. Singhal, or his estate, is entitled to receive in a lump sum, a payment equal to the net present value of \$16 thousand per month for a period of 7 years. If Mr. Singhal terminates his employment with the Company for any reason prior to the consummation of a sale of the Company, he is entitled to such lump sum payment for the period for which his severance benefits have vested (not to exceed 7 years). Mr. Singhal shall also receive continued health and dental benefits during such period. Mr. Singhal s severance benefits will vest at a rate of 1.5 years for every year of future service, prorated for any partial year. The Company has projected its future payments for this unfunded obligation at approximately \$1.4 million, with benefit payments estimated to commence in fiscal year 2012. Estimated pre-tax

NetScout Systems, Inc.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Unaudited)

expense of approximately \$1.3 million, representing the present value of this future obligation, will be recognized ratably over the vesting period of approximately 4 years and 8 months which began in the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2007. The Company s accrued cost for this unfunded retirement obligation was \$148 thousand as of June 30, 2007, of which \$7 thousand is included under Accrued compensation and \$141 thousand is included under Accrued long-term retirement benefits in the Company s Consolidated Balance Sheet.

Guarantor s Agreements

The Company warrants that its software and hardware products will substantially conform to the documentation accompanying such products on their original date of shipment. For software, which also includes software embedded in probes sold to customers, the standard warranty commences upon shipment and expires ninety (90) days thereafter. With regard to hardware, the standard warranty commences upon shipment and expires twelve (12) months thereafter. Additionally, this warranty is subject to various exclusions which include, but are not limited to, non-conformance resulting from modifications made to the software or hardware by a party other than the Company. The Company also warrants that all support services will be performed in a good and workmanlike manner. The Company believes that its product and support service warranties are consistent with commonly accepted industry standards. No warranty cost information is presented since service revenue associated with warranty is deferred at the time of sale and recognized over the warranty period. Therefore, no warranty costs are accrued.

Contracts that the Company enters into in the ordinary course of business may contain standard indemnification provisions. Pursuant to these agreements, the Company may agree to defend any third party claims brought against a partner or direct customer claiming infringement of such third party s (i) U.S. patent and/or European Union (EU) or other selected countries patents, (ii) Berne convention member country copyright, and/or (iii) U.S., EU, and/or other selected countries trademark or intellectual property rights. Moreover, this indemnity may require the Company to pay any damages awarded against the partner or direct customer in such type of lawsuit as well as reimburse the partner or direct customer for any reasonable attorney s fees incurred by them from the lawsuit.

On limited occasions, the Company may agree to provide other forms of indemnification to partners or direct customers, such as indemnification that would obligate the Company to defend and pay any damages awarded to a third party against a partner or direct customer based on a lawsuit alleging that such third party has suffered personal injury and/or tangible property damage legally determined to have been caused by negligently designed or manufactured products.

The terms associated with these indemnification agreements are generally perpetual. The maximum potential amount of future payments that the Company could be required to pay arising from indemnification agreements may be limited to a certain monetary value. However, the monetary exposure associated with the majority of these indemnification agreements is unlimited. Historically, the Company has incurred no costs to defend lawsuits or settle claims relating to such indemnity agreements and believes the estimated fair value of these agreements is immaterial. If the Company were to have to defend a lawsuit and settle claims, the costs could potentially have a material impact on the Company s financial results.

8. Treasury Stock

On September 17, 2001, the Company announced an open market stock repurchase program to purchase up to one million shares of outstanding Company common stock, subject to market conditions and other factors. Any purchases under the Company s stock repurchase program may be made from time to time without prior

NetScout Systems, Inc.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Unaudited)

notice. Through June 30, 2006, the Company had repurchased 158,000 shares of common stock under this original program. On July 26, 2006, the Company announced that it had expanded the existing open market stock repurchase program to enable the Company to purchase up to an additional three million shares of the Company s outstanding common stock, bringing the total number of shares authorized for repurchase to 4,000,000. During the year ended March 31, 2007, the Company repurchased 328,794 additional shares of common stock. The Company did not repurchase any shares during the three months ended June 30, 2007 or 2006.

9. Net Income Per Share

Calculations of the basic and diluted net income per share and potential common shares are as follows (in thousands, except share and per share data):

Three Months Ended

	June 30,			
		2007		006
Basic:				
Net income applicable to common stockholders	\$	2,680	\$	1,374
Weighted average common shares outstanding	3	2,139,801	31,4	180,493
Basic net income per share	\$	0.08	\$	0.04
Diluted:				
Net income applicable to common stockholders	\$	2,680	\$	1,374
Weighted average common shares outstanding	3	2,139,801	31,4	180,493
Weighted average stock options		984,588	1,3	363,481
Weighted average restricted stock units		128,490	2	205,508
Diluted weighted average shares	3	3,252,879	33,0	049,482
Diluted net income per share	\$	0.08	\$	0.04

The following table sets forth common stock and restricted stock units excluded from the calculation of diluted net income per share, since their inclusion would be antidilutive:

	Three Mo	Three Months Ended		
	Jun	ie 30,		
	2007	2006		
Stock options	490,654	528,839		
Restricted stock units	14,397	15,753		

Total 505,051 544,592

10. Comprehensive Income

Other comprehensive income typically consists of unrealized gains and losses on marketable securities and restricted investments. Other comprehensive income for the three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 is as follows (in thousands):

	Three Mon June	
	2007	2006
Net income	\$ 2,680	\$ 1,374
Unrealized (loss) on cash equivalents, marketable securities and restricted investment, net of \$0 tax	(17)	(12)
Total comprehensive income	\$ 2,663	\$ 1,362

11. Income Taxes

In June 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Interpretation No. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes (FIN 48). FIN 48 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes by prescribing the minimum recognition threshold a tax position is required to meet before being recognized in the financial statements. FIN 48 utilizes a two-step approach for evaluating tax positions. Recognition (Step 1) occurs when an enterprise concludes that a tax position, based solely on its technical merits is more likely than not to be sustained upon examination. Measurement (Step 2) is only addressed if Step 1 has been satisfied. Under Step 2, the tax benefit is measured at the largest amount of benefit, determined on a cumulative probability basis, that is more likely than not to be realized upon settlement. As used in FIN 48, the term—more likely than not—means that the likelihood of an occurrence is greater than 50%. The Company adopted FIN 48 as of April 1, 2007 as required. There was no cumulative adjustment to beginning retained earnings related to the implementation of FIN 48.

As of the beginning of fiscal year 2008, the Company had no unrecognized tax benefits. No unrecognized tax benefits were recorded in the three months ended June 30, 2007. The Company does not believe it is reasonably possible that its unrecognized tax benefits will change significantly within the next twelve months. The Company s policy to include interest and penalties, related to unrecognized tax benefits, as a component of interest expense on the condensed consolidated statements of operations did not change as a result of implementing FIN 48. There was no accrued interest or penalties as of June 30, 2007 or March 31, 2007.

The company files income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction, and various states and foreign jurisdictions. With respect to the U.S. federal and primary state jurisdictions, the Company is no longer subject to examinations by tax authorities for tax years before 2002.

12. Geographic Information

The Company reports revenues and income under one reportable industry segment. The Company s management assesses operating results on an aggregate basis to make decisions about the allocation of resources.

The Company manages its business in the following geographic areas: North America (including the US, Canada and Mexico), EMEA (including Europe, the Middle East, and Africa) and Asia Pacific (including Australia, China, Hong Kong, Japan, Malaysia, Singapore and Taiwan).

Total revenue was distributed geographically as follows (in thousands):

		nths Ended e 30,
	2007	2006
North America	\$ 23,754	\$ 19,806
EMEA	2,631	2,319
Asia Pacific	1,527	1,450
	\$ 27.912	\$ 23,575

The North America revenue includes sales to North American resellers. These North American resellers fulfill customer orders based upon joint selling efforts in conjunction with the Company s direct sales force and may subsequently ship the Company s products to international locations. The Company reports these shipments as North America revenue since the Company ships the products to a North American location. Revenue attributable to locations outside of North America is a result of export sales. Substantially all of the Company s identifiable assets are located in the United States of America.

13. Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No.157, Fair Value Measurements (SFAS 157). SFAS 157 clarifies the principle that fair value should be based on the assumptions market participants would use when pricing an asset or liability and establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the information used to develop those assumptions. Under the standard, fair value measurements would be separately disclosed by level within the fair value hierarchy. SFAS 157 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007 and interim periods within those fiscal years, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently assessing the impact of adopting SFAS 157 but does not expect that it will have a material effect on its consolidated financial position or results of operations.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities Including an Amendment of FASB Statement No. 115 (SFAS 159). SFAS 159 permits entities to choose fair value measurement for many financial instruments and certain other items as of specified election dates. Business entities will thereafter report in earnings the unrealized gains and losses on items for which the fair value option has been chosen. The fair value option may be applied instrument by instrument, may not be applied to portions of instruments and is irrevocable unless a new election date occurs. SFAS 159 is effective for an entity s first fiscal year beginning after November 15, 2007. The Company is currently evaluating the potential impact of adoption of SFAS 159, but does not expect that it will have a material effect on its consolidated financial position or results of operations.

14

Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following information should be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed consolidated financial information and the notes thereto included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. In addition to historical information, the following discussion and other parts of this Quarterly Report contain forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. You should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. Actual events or results may differ materially due to competitive factors and other factors referred to in Item 1A. *Risk Factors* and elsewhere in this Quarterly Report. These factors may cause our actual results to differ materially from any forward-looking statement.

Overview

NetScout Systems, Inc. (NetScout or the Company) designs, develops, manufactures, markets, sells and supports a family of integrated products that enable performance management and optimization of complex, high-speed networks, enabling delivery of critical business applications, services, and content efficiently to customers and end-users. We manufacture and market these products in an integrated hardware and software solution that has been used by commercial enterprises, large governmental agencies and telecommunication service providers worldwide. We have a single operating segment and substantially all of our identifiable assets are located in the United States.

NetScout was incorporated in 1984 as a consulting services company. In 1992, we began to develop, manufacture and market our first infrastructure performance management products. Our operations have been financed principally through cash provided by operations. In addition, we completed an initial public offering of 3,000,000 shares of common stock in August 1999.

Our operating results are influenced by a number of factors, including, but not limited to, the mix of products and services sold, pricing, costs of materials used in our products and the expansion of our operations during the fiscal year. Factors that affect our ability to maximize our operating results include, but are not limited to, our ability to introduce new and to enhance existing products, the marketplace acceptance of those new or enhanced products, continued expansion into international markets and current economic conditions.

For the three months ended June 30, 2007, our total revenue increased \$4.3 million, or 18%, to \$27.9 million compared to \$23.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006. Our cost of revenue increased by \$1.0 million, or 20%, to \$6.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2007 compared to \$5.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006. Gross profit of \$21.8 million, or 78.0% of revenue, for the three months ended June 30, 2007 increased from \$18.5 million, or 78.2% of revenue, for the three months ended June 30, 2006. Our gross margin is primarily impacted by the mix and volume of product and service revenue. We realize significantly higher gross margins on service revenue relative to product revenue. Service revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2007 increased \$1.1 million, or 11%, to \$10.4 million from \$9.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006.

For the three months ended June 30, 2007, our total operating expenses, which include research and development, sales and marketing, and general and administrative expenses and, amortization of intangibles, were \$18.9 million, increasing by \$1.5 million compared to the \$17.4 million of total operating expenses in the three months ended June 30, 2006. The primary contributors to this increase in operating expenses were higher incentive compensation on improved operating results and increased sales compensation resulting from higher sales volume. Net income for the three months ended June 30, 2007 increased by \$1.3 million to \$2.7 million compared to net income of \$1.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006. This increase is primarily due to an increase in gross profit of \$3.3 million, resulting from the \$4.3 million increase in revenue, partially offset by the increase in operating expenses of \$1.5 million and an increase of \$422 thousand in income tax expense due to higher income before tax.

15

We are focused on expanding our operating margins through revenue growth coupled with appropriate expense control. During fiscal year 2007, we began shipping two new products, our *nGenius* Analytics and our new *nGenius* Application Fabric Monitor. These products are market-leading solutions that proactively identify and resolve performance problems faster and assure business service reliability in increasingly complex, high-speed networks. The *nGenius* Analytics product adds intelligent early warning capabilities to our solution set, and is based on a sophisticated behavior modeling technology for which we have recently been granted a U.S. patent. In combination with our recently completed integration capabilities with HP Software s Network Management Center and Operations Center products, and with IBM Tivoli NetView, intelligent early warnings enable *nGenius* Performance Manager and nGenius Analytics to provide highly qualified, proactive alarms concerning network and application performance anomalies to the leading enterprise management consoles, helping customers prevent, recognize and resolve operational problems faster, improving information technology (IT) efficiency and business service reliability. The *nGenius* Application Fabric Monitor represents a new class of instrumentation, combining the capabilities of our *nGenius* Probe and *nGenius* Flow Recorder products in a single high capacity, high performance platform that puts us in a superior cost-to-capability position versus our key competitors.

Critical Accounting Policies

Our discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based upon our consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America consistently applied. The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires us to make significant estimates and judgments that affect the amounts reported in our consolidated financial statements and the accompanying notes. These items are regularly monitored and analyzed by management for changes in facts and circumstances, and material changes in these estimates could occur in the future. Changes in estimates are recorded in the period in which they become known. We base our estimates on historical experience and various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from our estimates.

While all of our accounting policies impact the consolidated financial statements, certain policies are viewed to be critical. Critical accounting policies are those that are both most important to the portrayal of our financial condition and results of operations and that require management s most subjective or complex judgments and estimates. We consider the following accounting policies to be critical in fully understanding and evaluating our financial results:

revenue recognition;
valuation of inventories;
valuation of goodwill and acquired intangible assets;
capitalization of software development costs, purchased software and internal use software;
share-based compensation; and
income taxes.

Please refer to the critical accounting policies set forth in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2007, filed with the SEC on June 4, 2007, for a description of all critical accounting policies.

Results of Operations

The following table sets forth for the periods indicated the percentage of total revenue of certain line items included in our Consolidated Statements of Operations:

NetScout Systems, Inc.

Statements of Operations

Percentages of Total Revenue

	Three Month June 3	
	2007	2006
Revenue:		
Product	62.7%	60.3%
Service	37.3	39.7
Total revenue	100.0	100.0
Cost of revenue:		
Product	16.7	16.4
Service	5.3	5.4
Total cost of revenue	22.0	21.8
Gross margin	78.0	78.2
Operating expenses: Research and development	16.2	18.8
Sales and marketing	41.3	45.9
General and administrative	10.1	8.9
Amortization of other intangible assets		0.2
Total operating expenses	67.6	73.8
Income from operations	10.4	4.4
Interest income and other expenses, net	3.6	4.3
Income before income tax expense and cumulative effect of accounting change	14.0	8.7
Income tax expense	4.3	3.2
Income before cumulative effect of accounting change	9.7	5.5
Cumulative effect of accounting change, net of taxes	7.1	0.3
Net income	9.7%	5.8%

Three Months Ended June 30, 2007 and 2006

Revenue

Product revenue consists of sales of our hardware products and licensing of our software products. Service revenue consists of customer support agreements, consulting and training. No one customer or indirect channel partner accounted for more than 10% of our total revenue during the three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006.

Three Months Ended June 30, (Dollars in Thousands)

	200	2007		06	Chang	ge	
		% of Revenue		% of Revenue	\$	%	
Revenue:							
Product	\$ 17,512	63%	\$ 14,227	60%	\$ 3,285	23%	
Service	10,400	37	9,348	40	1,052	11%	
Total Revenue	\$ 27,912	100%	\$ 23,575	100%	\$4,337	18%	

Product. The 23%, or \$3.3 million, increase in product revenue, which includes hardware and software products, was primarily due to an increase of approximately 6% in the average selling price per unit, due to product mix, combined with a 17% increase in the number of units sold during the three month period ended June 30, 2007. The increase in both average selling price and units sold was due to continued traction of our higher capacity products, including some of our new product introductions.

Service. The 11%, or \$1.1 million, increase in service revenue was primarily due to an increase in the number of customer support agreements attributable to new product sales generated during the last 12 months, combined with continued renewals of customer support agreements from our expanding installed base. In fiscal year 2007 certain older probe products were removed from service eligibility.

Total product and service revenue from direct and indirect channels are as follows:

		Three Mont June (Dollars in T	30,			
	2007	, `	20	06	Chang	ge
		% of		% of		
		Revenue		Revenue	\$	%
Indirect	\$ 17,727	64%	\$ 14,047	60%	\$ 3,680	26%
Direct	10,185	36	9,528	40	657	7%
Total Revenue	\$ 27,912	100%	\$ 23,575	100%	\$4,337	18%

Sales to customers outside North America are primarily export sales through indirect channel partners, who are generally responsible for assisting in sales and contract operations with customers as well as providing first line technical support and service to these customers within their territory. All sales arrangements are transacted in United States dollars. Our reported international revenue does not include any revenue from sales to customers outside North America that are shipped through our North American-based indirect channel partners. These domestic resellers fulfill customer orders based upon joint selling efforts in conjunction with our direct sales force and may subsequently ship our products to international locations; however, we report these shipments as North America revenue since we ship the products to a domestic location.

Total revenue was distributed geographically as follows:

		Three Months Ended June 31, (Dollars in Thousands)				
	2007	, `	20	06	Change	
		% of Revenue		% of Revenue	\$	%
Geographic mix:						
North America	\$ 23,754	85%	\$ 19,806	84%	\$ 3,948	20%
International:						
Europe Middle East Africa	2,631	9	2,319	10	312	13%
Asia Pacific	1,527	6	1,450	6	77	5%
Subtotal International:	4,158	15	3,769	16	389	10%
Total Revenue	\$ 27,912	100%	\$ 23,575	100%	\$4,337	18%

Revenue from sales to customers outside North America increased 10% primarily as a result of a 13% increase in EMEA revenue. We expect revenue from sales to customers outside North America to continue to account for a significant portion of our total revenue in the future.

18

Cost of Revenue and Gross Profit

Cost of product revenue consists primarily of material components, personnel expenses, media duplication, manuals, packaging materials, licensed technology fees, overhead and amortization of capitalized software. Cost of service revenue consists primarily of personnel, material, overhead and support costs.

	Ended June 30, (Dollars in Thousands)				
	2007	•	2006	Change	
		% of Revenue	% of Revenue	\$	%
Cost of revenue					
Product	\$ 4,652	17% \$ 3,85	56 16%	\$ 796	21%
Service	1,487	5 1,20	57 5	220	17%
Total cost of revenue	\$ 6,139	22% \$ 5,12	23 21%	\$ 1,016	20%
Gross profit:					
Product \$	\$ 12,860	46% \$ 10,37	71 44%	\$ 2,489	24%
Product %	73%		73%		
Service \$	\$ 8,913	32% \$ 8,08	34%	\$ 832	10%
Service %	86%	8	37%		
Total gross profit \$	\$ 21,773	\$ 18,45	52	\$ 3,321	18%
Total gross margin %	78%	-	78%		

Product. The 21%, or \$796 thousand, increase in cost of product revenue was primarily due to the 23% increase in product revenue during the three months ended June 30, 2007, partially offset by product mix. The product gross margin percentage remained flat at 73%. Average cost per unit and units sold during the three months ended June 30, 2007 both increased compared to average cost per unit and units sold for the three months ended June 30, 2006.

Service. The 17%, or \$220 thousand, increase in cost of service revenue was primarily due to a \$94 thousand increase in personnel costs associated with our customer support group, a \$31 thousand increase in third party consulting services and increases in allocated costs, which resulted from increased legal and IT spending. The 10%, or \$832 thousand, increase in service gross profit corresponds with the 11%, or \$1.1 million, increase in service revenue, offset by the 17%, or \$220 thousand, increase in cost of services.

Gross profits. Our gross profit in absolute dollars increased 18%, or \$3.3 million. This increase was consistent with our revenue growth of 18%. Gross margin remained flat at 78% for both the three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006.

Operating Expenses

Three Months Ended June 30, (Dollars in Thousands)

Three Months

(Donars in Thousands)					
2007		20	06	Chan	ge
% of			% of		
	Revenue		Revenue	\$	%
\$ 4,534	16%	\$ 4,422	19%	\$ 112	3%
11,541	41	10,830	46	711	7%
2,833	10	2,106	9	727	35%
6		39		(33)	(85)%
	\$ 4,534 11,541	2007 % of Revenue \$ 4,534 16% 11,541 41	2007 20 % of Revenue \$ 4,534 16% \$ 4,422 11,541 41 10,830 2,833 10 2,106	2007 % of Revenue % of Revenue \$ 4,534 16% \$ 4,422 19% 11,541 41 10,830 46 2,833 10 2,106 9	2007 2006 Chan % of Revenue Revenue Revenue \$ 4,534 16% \$ 4,422 19% \$ 112 11,541 41 10,830 46 711 2,833 10 2,106 9 727

Total Operating Expenses \$18,914 67% \$17,397 74% \$1,517 9%

19

Table of Contents

Research and development. Research and development expenses consist primarily of personnel expenses, fees for outside consultants, overhead and related expenses associated with the development of new products and the enhancement of existing products.

The 3%, or \$112 thousand, increase in research and development expenses was primarily due to increases in incentive compensation, partially offset by decreases in headcount. Average headcount in research and development was 104 and 109 for the three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

Sales and marketing. Sales and marketing expenses consist primarily of personnel expenses, including commissions, overhead and other expenses associated with selling activities and marketing programs such as trade shows, seminars, advertising and new product launch activities.

The 7%, or \$711 thousand, increase in total sales and marketing expenses was primarily due to a \$619 thousand increase in employee related expenses primarily due to increased sales compensation tied directly to the quarterly revenue increase, and a \$144 thousand increase in trade show expenses primarily due to increased participation in a previously attended trade show as well as participation in a new trade show during the three months ended June 30, 2007. Average headcount in sales and marketing was 153 and 154 for the three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

General and administrative. General and administrative expenses consist primarily of personnel expenses for executive, financial, legal and human resource employees, overhead and other corporate expenditures.

The 35%, or \$727 thousand, increase in general and administrative expenses was primarily due to a \$488 thousand increase in employee related expenses mainly due to higher incentive compensation and increased headcount, a \$115 thousand increase in legal expenses related to patent infringement defense, and a \$75 thousand increase in retirement benefit costs related to the employment agreements with the co-founders. Average headcount in general and administrative was 55 and 54 for the three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

Amortization of acquired intangible assets. Amortization of acquired intangible assets consists of amortization of non-compete agreements related to the acquisition of substantially all of the assets of Quantiva in the first quarter of fiscal 2006.

The 85% or \$33 thousand decrease in amortization of acquired intangible assets was due to completion of the amortization of the non-compete agreements during April of 2007.

Interest and other income, net. Interest and other income, net includes interest earned on our cash, cash equivalents, marketable securities and restricted investments, gain (loss) on disposal of equipment and interest expense.

	,	Three Mont	ths Ended			
		June	30,			
	C	Dollars in T	housands)			
	2007 2006		Change			
		% of		% of		
	R	evenue		Revenue	\$	%
Interest and other income net	\$ 1,009	1%	\$ 1.015	4%	\$ (6)	(1)%

Interest and other income, net remained flat with a 0.5% or \$6 thousand decrease. Interest and other income, net remained flat even though combined cash, cash equivalents, marketable securities and restricted investments increased reflecting a shift in our investment strategy to lower yield tax-exempt investments in an effort to increase our overall after tax return.

Income tax expense. We estimate our income tax expense based on our estimated annual effective tax rate. The estimated annual effective tax rate as of June 30, 2007 for fiscal year 2008 is 30.8%, compared to an estimated annual effective tax rate of 37.4% as of June 30, 2006 for fiscal year 2007. The decrease in our effective tax rate is primarily due to a change in our investment strategy in late 2007 towards tax exempt securities. Generally, the estimated annual effective tax rates differ from the federal statutory and state tax rates primarily due to the impact of federal and state tax credits and tax-exempt interest income. The estimated effective tax rate for the three months ended June 30, 2007 is 30.7%.

	7	Three Montl	ns Ended			
		June 3	30,			
	(I	Oollars in Tl	nousands)			
	2007		2	006	Chan	ge
		% of		% of		
	R	evenue		Revenue	\$	%
Income tax expenses	\$ 1,188	4%	\$ 766	3%	\$ 422	55%

Net income. Net income for the three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 is as follows:

	7	hree Mon June	ths Ended			
	(I	Oollars in T	Thousands)			
	2007		20	06	Chang	ge
	•	% of		% of		
	Re	venue		Revenue	\$	%
Net income	\$ 2 680	10%	\$ 1 374	6%	\$ 1 306	95%

The 95% or \$1.3 million increase in net income for the three months ended June 30, 2007 was mainly attributable to the increase in total product and service gross profit of \$3.3 million, offset by a \$1.5 million increase in operating expenses mainly due to increased employee related expenses of incentive compensation, and sales compensation and a \$422 thousand increase in the income tax provision.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not have any relationships with unconsolidated entities or financial partnerships, such as entities often referred to as structured finance or special purpose entities, which would have been established for the purpose of facilitating off-balance sheet arrangements or other contractually narrow or limited purposes. As such, we are not exposed to any financing, liquidity, market or credit risk that could arise if we had engaged in such relationships.

Commitment and Contingencies

From time to time we are subject to legal proceedings and claims in the ordinary course of business. In our opinion, the amount of ultimate expense with respect to any current legal proceedings and claims will not have a significant adverse effect on our financial position or results of operations.

There have been no substantial changes to our commitments and contingencies since March 31, 2007, as reported in our Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities consist of the following:

		Three Months Ended June 30,		
	(In The	(In Thousands)		
	2007	2006		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,650	\$ 51,999		
Short-term marketable securities	80,530	32,761		
Long-term marketable securities	12,035	6,030		
Cash, cash equivalents, and marketable securities	\$ 105,215	\$ 90,790		

We have a line of credit with a bank, which allows us to borrow up to \$10.0 million for working capital purposes and to obtain letters of credit. Amounts available under the line of credit are a function of eligible accounts receivable, bear interest at the bank s prime rate and are collateralized by our inventory and accounts receivable. Under the agreement we are required to comply with certain financial covenants, which require that NetScout maintain minimum amounts of liquidity, the most restrictive of which is a minimum tangible net worth of no less than \$70 million. As of June 30, 2007, we were in compliance with all such covenants. As of June 30, 2007, no amounts were outstanding under the line of credit.

Cash and cash equivalents were impacted by the following:

	June	Three Months Ended June 30, (In Thousands)		
	2007	2006		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 6,205	\$ 2,627		
Net cash used in investing activities	\$ (12,742)	\$ (13,900)		
Net cash provided by financing activities	\$ 262	\$ 1,596		

Net cash provided by operating activities

Net cash provided by operating activities amounted to \$6.2 million and \$2.6 million during the three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. The primary sources of operating cash flow in the three months ended June 30, 2007 included net income of \$2.7 million, adjusted to exclude the effects of non-cash items of \$1.1 million, including depreciation and amortization and share-based compensation expense, a \$2.4 million decrease in accounts receivable resulting from the timing of cash collections and sales, a \$617 thousand increase in income taxes payable resulting from the increase in income tax expense, and a \$373 thousand decrease in refundable income taxes, offset by a \$370 thousand increase in inventory due to build up of inventory due to increased order volume, and a \$323 thousand decrease in accrued compensation resulting from the timing of payments for payroll, commissions and incentive compensation. The primary sources of operating cash flow in the three months ended June 30, 2006 included net income of \$1.4 million, the add back of non-cash charges of \$1.3 million, a decrease in accounts receivable of \$1.7 million due to the timing of cash collections and sales, and a net decrease in refundable income taxes of \$783 thousand due to the receipt of a one-time federal income tax refund, offset by an increase in inventory of \$1.6 million due to an unanticipated slowdown in orders at the end of June 2006 as well as a \$1.4 million decrease in accrued compensation due to the payment of fiscal 2006 year end commissions and the timing of payroll payments in the first quarter of 2007.

Net cash used in investing activities

Net cash used in investing activities was \$12.8 million and \$13.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. For the three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, cash used in investing activities reflects the purchase of marketable securities of \$13.0 million

and \$17.6 million, respectively, offset by

the proceeds from the maturity of marketable securities due to cash management activities of \$1.6 million and \$4.6 million, respectively, the purchase of fixed assets to support our infrastructure of \$981 thousand and \$474 thousand, respectively, and capitalized expenditures for internal use software of \$365 thousand and \$402 thousand, respectively. We anticipate that our investment in our infrastructure will continue in future quarters. For the three months ended June 30, 2006, net cash used in investing activities also reflects \$15 thousand of capitalized expenditures for software development costs.

Net cash provided by financing activities

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$262 thousand and \$1.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. For the three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, cash provided by financing activities was mainly due to proceeds from the issuance of common stock in connection with the exercise of stock options in the amount of \$231 thousand and \$1.5 million, respectively. For the three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, cash provided by financing activities was also due to a tax benefit from stock options exercised of \$31 thousand and \$111 thousand, respectively.

We believe that our cash balances, marketable securities classified as available-for-sale and any future cash flows generated by operations will be sufficient to meet our anticipated cash needs for working capital and capital expenditures for at least the next 12 months. If demand for our product were to decrease substantially, our ability to generate cash flow sufficient for our short-term working capital and expenditure needs could be materially impacted.

Additionally, a portion of our cash may be used to acquire or invest in complementary businesses or products or to obtain the right to use complementary technologies. From time to time, in the ordinary course of business, we evaluate potential acquisitions of such businesses, products or technologies. If our existing sources of liquidity are insufficient to satisfy our liquidity requirements, we may seek to sell additional equity or debt securities. The sale of additional equity or debt securities could result in additional dilution to our stockholders.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No.157, Fair Value Measurements (SFAS 157). SFAS 157 clarifies the principle that fair value should be based on the assumptions market participants would use when pricing an asset or liability and establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the information used to develop those assumptions. Under the standard, fair value measurements would be separately disclosed by level within the fair value hierarchy. SFAS 157 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007 and interim periods within those fiscal years, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently assessing the impact of adopting SFAS 157 but does not expect that it will have a material effect on our consolidated financial position or results of operations.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities Including an Amendment of FASB Statement No. 115 (SFAS 159). SFAS 159 permits entities to choose fair value measurement for many financial instruments and certain other items as of specified election dates. Business entities will thereafter report in earnings the unrealized gains and losses on items for which the fair value option has been chosen. The fair value option may be applied instrument by instrument, may not be applied to portions of instruments and is irrevocable unless a new election date occurs. SFAS 159 is effective for an entity s first fiscal year beginning after November 15, 2007. The Company is currently evaluating the potential impact of adoption of SFAS 159, but does not expect that it will have a material effect on its consolidated financial position or results of operations.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

We consider all highly liquid marketable securities purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents and those with maturities greater than three months are considered to be marketable securities.

Table of Contents

Cash equivalents and short-term marketable securities are stated at cost plus accrued interest, which approximates fair value. Long-term marketable securities are stated at fair value based on quoted market prices. Cash equivalents and marketable securities consist primarily of money market instruments and U.S. Treasury bills. NetScout s primary market risk exposures are in the areas of interest rate risk and foreign currency exchange rate risk. We currently do not hedge interest rate exposure, but do not believe that a fluctuation in interest rates would have a material impact on the value of our cash equivalents and marketable securities. NetScout s exposure to interest rates based on outstanding debt has been and is expected to continue to be modest due to the fact that we currently have a \$10.0 million line of credit with no amounts outstanding under the line and no other outstanding interest-bearing debt.

NetScout s exposure to currency exchange rate fluctuations has been limited. All revenue transactions are executed in U.S. dollars. NetScout pays for certain foreign operating expenses such as payroll, rent and office expense in the local currency and, therefore, currency exchange rate fluctuations could have a material and adverse impact on our operating results and financial condition. Currently, NetScout does not engage in foreign currency hedging activities. The impact of currency exchange rate fluctuations on the translation of foreign currency denominated account balances and transactions is recorded in the period incurred.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

As of June 30, 2007, NetScout, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including the Company s principal executive officer and principal financial officer, evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Rule 13a-15(b) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Based upon that evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that, as of June 30, 2007, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective in ensuring that material information relating to NetScout, including its consolidated subsidiaries, required to be disclosed by NetScout in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC s rules and forms, including ensuring that such material information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

There were no changes in our internal controls that occurred during our last fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

24

PART II: OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

From time to time we are subject to legal proceedings and claims in the ordinary course of business. On December 14, 2006, Diagnostic Systems Corporation (DSC) filed a lawsuit against us and six other co-defendants in the United States District Court for the Central District of California claiming patent infringement. The complaint seeks damages in an unspecified amount and injunctive relief. In the lawsuit, DSC alleges that we are infringing United States Patent No. 5,701,400, and No. 5,537,590. On February 23, 2007, we filed our Answer denying all claims and asserted counterclaims seeking a declaration of non-infringement and invalidity of the patents. We believe the plaintiff s claims have no merit, and will defend the lawsuit vigorously. No amounts have been accrued for these claims.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

In addition to the other information set forth in this report, you should carefully consider the factors discussed in Part I, Item 1A. Risk Factors in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for our fiscal year ended March 31, 2007. The risks discussed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K could materially affect our business, financial condition and future results. The risks described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K are not the only risks facing us. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial also may materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition or operating results.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

During the first quarter of fiscal year 2008, the Company did not repurchase any shares of its outstanding common stock pursuant to its open market stock repurchase program further described above in Note 8 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements attached hereto.

Item 6. Exhibits

- (a) Exhibits
- 31.1 Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 31.2 Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.1 Certification Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.2 Certification Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

25

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

NETSCOUT SYSTEMS, INC.

Date: August 7, 2007 /s/ ANIL K. SINGHAL
Anil K. Singhal

President, Chief Executive Officer and Chairman

(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: August 7, 2007 /s/ David P. Sommers

David P. Sommers

Senior Vice President, General Operations

and Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial Officer)

Date: August 7, 2007 /s/ Jeffrey R. Wakely Jeffrey R. Wakely

Vice President, Finance and Chief Accounting Officer (Principal Accounting Officer)

26

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit No.	Description
31.1	Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1	Certification Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2	Certification Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

27