JOHN HANCOCK LIFE INSURANCE CO USA Form 424B3 April 30, 2012 Table of Contents

PART A

INFORMATION REQUIRED IN A PROSPECTUS

April 30, 2012

This Prospectus describes interests in the deferred Purchase Payment Variable Annuity Contracts listed above that were previously issued by **John Hancock Variable Life Insurance Company** (**JHVLICO**) and subsequently assumed by **John Hancock Life Insurance Company** (**U.S.A.**) (**John Hancock USA**). These Contracts are no longer offered for sale; however, you may make Additional Purchase Payments as permitted under your Contract. In this Prospectus, we, us, our, or the Company refers to John Hancock USA. You, the Contract Owner, should refer to the first page of your Contract, to determine which of the above Contracts you purchased.

This Prospectus describes the variable portion of the Contracts to which you may allocate Additional Purchase Payments, to the extent permitted by your Contract. If you do, your Contract Value (other than value allocated to a Fixed Investment Option) and Variable Annuity payments will vary according to the investment performance of the applicable Subaccounts of the **John Hancock Life Insurance Company (U.S.A.)**Separate Account T (the Separate Account). Each Subaccount invests in one of the following Portfolios of John Hancock Variable Insurance Trust that corresponds to a Variable Investment Option that we make available on the date of this Prospectus. Certain Variable Investment Options may not be available under a Contract.

JOHN HANCOCK

VARIABLE INSURANCE
TRUST

JOHN HANCOCK VARIABLE
JOHN HANCOCK VARIABLE
INSURANCE TRUST

JOHN HANCOCK VARIABLE
INSURANCE TRUST
INSURANCE TRUST

500 Index Trust B Global Bond Trust¹ Mid Cap Stock Trust² Small Cap Value Trust²

Active Bond Trust Health Sciences Trust² Mid Value Trust¹ Total Bond Market Trust B

Blue Chip Growth Trust ¹	High Yield Trust ¹	Money Market Trust B	Total Return Trust ²
Capital Appreciation Trust ¹	International Equity Index Trust B ¹	Real Estate Securities Trust ¹	Total Stock Market Index Trust ²
Equity-Income Trust ¹	International Value Trust	Short Term Government Income Trust	
Financial Services Trust	Lifestyle Balanced Trust	Small Cap Growth Trust	
Fundamental All Cap Core Trust ³	Mid Cap Index Trust ²	Small Cap Index Trust ²	

- ¹ Available on Revolution Access, Revolution Extra, Revolution Value Variable Annuities and Patriot Variable Annuity Contracts only.
- Available on Revolution Access, Revolution Extra, Revolution Value Variable Annuity Contracts only.
- Formerly Optimized All Cap Trust.

Contracts are not deposits or obligations of, or insured, guaranteed or endorsed by any bank, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Federal Reserve Board, or any other agency. Please read this Prospectus carefully and keep it for future reference. It contains information about the Separate Account and the variable portion of the Contract that you should know before investing. The Contracts have not been approved or disapproved by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Neither the SEC nor any state has determined whether this Prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

** If you purchased a Revolution Extra Contract, we will add an extra credit of at least 3.5% of each Purchase Payment that you make under that Contract. Because of this feature, the withdrawal charge applicable to certain withdrawals of Contract Value may be higher than those imposed under Contracts without an extra credit or bonus feature. The amount of the extra credit may be more than offset by the withdrawal charge if you prematurely surrender or otherwise withdraw money in excess of the free Withdrawal Amounts while this charge is in effect.

JOHN HANCOCK LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY (U.S.A.)

John Hancock Annuities Service

Center Mailing Address

27 DryDock Avenue, Suite 3 P.O. Box 55444

Boston, MA 02210-2382 Boston, MA 02205-5444

(800) 824-0335 www.jhannuities.com

0412:JHVPRO RevDecPat 2012

Table of Contents

<u>I. GLOSSARY</u>	1
II. OVERVIEW	3
III. FEE TABLES	5
<u>Examples</u>	6
IV. BASIC INFORMATION	9
What is the Contract?	9
Who owns the Contract?	9
Is the Owner also the Annuitant?	9
How can I invest money in a Contract?	9
Purchase Payments	9
Initial Purchase Payment	9
Issue Date and Contract Year	10
<u>Limits on Additional Purchase Payments</u>	10
How will the value of my investment in the Contract change over time?	10
<u>Variable Investment Options</u>	10
Fixed Investment Options	11
Extra Credit Feature	11
What Annuity Benefits does the Contract provide?	11
To what extent can John Hancock USA vary the terms and conditions of the Contracts?	11
What are the tax consequences of owning a Contract?	12
How can I change my Contract s Investment Options?	12
Allocation of Purchase Payments	12
<u>Transfers Among Investment Options</u>	12
Procedure for Transfers among Investment Options	13
<u>Telephone and Electronic Transactions</u>	14
Dollar-Cost Averaging Programs	14
Strategic Rebalancing Program	15
What fees and charges will be deducted from my Contract?	15
Asset-Based Charges	16
Annual Contract Fee	16
<u>Premium Taxes</u>	16
Withdrawal Charge	17
Other Charges	18
How can I withdraw money from my Contract?	19
Surrenders and Withdrawals	19
Signature Guarantee Requirements for Surrenders and Withdrawals	20
Nursing Home Waiver of Withdrawal Charge	20
Waiver of Withdrawal Charge Rider	20
Systematic Withdrawal Plan	20
<u>Telephone Withdrawals</u>	21
What happens if the Owner or Annuitant dies before my Contract s Maturity Date?	21
Death Benefits In General	21
Distribution Requirements Following Death of Owner	21
Death Benefits Following Death of Annuitant	22
Standard Death Benefit	22
Enhanced Death Benefit Riders	22
Calculation and Payment of Death Benefit Value	22
What other optional benefits may have been available when I purchased a Contract?	23
Accumulated Value Enhancement Benefit	23
Guaranteed Retirement Income Benefit	24
Can I return my Contract?	24
V. GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT US, THE SEPARATE ACCOUNT AND THE PORTFOLIOS	25
The Company	25

The Separate Account	25 26
-	26
The Portfolios	20
VI. INFORMATION ABOUT FIXED INVESTMENT OPTIONS	32
In General	32
How the Fixed Investment Options Work	32
Guaranteed Interest Rates	32
Calculation of Market Value Adjustment (MVA)	32
What Additional Guarantee Applies to the Fixed Investment Options Under My Contract?	33
VII. THE ACCUMULATION PERIOD	36
Your Value in Our Variable Investment Options	36
Valuation of Accumulation Units	36
Variable Investment Option Valuation Procedures	36
Your Value in the Fixed Investment Options	36
VIII. THE ANNUITY PERIOD	37
Maturity Date	37
Choosing Fixed or Variable Annuity Payments	37
Selecting an Annuity Option	37
Variable Monthly Annuity Payments	38
Assumed Investment Rate	38
Transfers During the Annuity Period	38
Fixed Monthly Annuity Payments	38
Annuity Options	39
IX. FEDERAL TAX MATTERS	40
Introduction	40
Our Tax Status	40
Special Considerations for Optional Benefits	40
Nongualified Contracts	41
Qualified Contracts	44
X. OTHER INFORMATION	49
Assignment; Change of Owner or Beneficiary	49
Beneficiary	49
Spouse Spouse	49
Performance Information	49
Reports	50
Voting Privileges	50
Changes to the Separate Account	50
Variations in Charges or Rates for Eligible Classes	50
Distribution of Contracts	51
Transaction Confirmations	51
Statement of Additional Information	52
Financial Statements	52 52
APPENDIX A: DETAILS ABOUT OUR FIXED INVESTMENT OPTIONS	A-1
APPENDIX B: EXAMPLES OF WITHDRAWAL CHARGE CALCULATIONS	B-1
APPENDIX C: OPTIONAL ENHANCED DEATH BENEFITS	C-1
APPENDIX C: OF FIGURE ENHANCED DEATH BENEFITS APPENDIX D: EXAMPLES OF EARNINGS ENHANCEMENT DEATH BENEFIT CALCULATION	D-1
APPENDIX E: QUALIFIED PLAN TYPES	E-1
APPENDIX II: ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE TABLES	U-1

I. Glossary

The following terms as used in this Prospectus have the indicated meanings. We also define other terms in specific sections of this Prospectus.

1940 Act: The Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended.

Accumulation Period: The period between the issue date of the Contract and its Maturity Date.

Additional Purchase Payment: Any Purchase Payment made after the initial Purchase Payment.

Annuitant: Any natural person or persons to whom annuity payments are made and whose life is used to determine the duration of annuity payments involving life contingencies. If the Contract Owner names more than one person as an Annuitant, the second person named is referred to as co-Annuitant. The Annuitant and co-Annuitant are referred to collectively as Annuitant. The Annuitant is as designated on the Contract specification page or in the application.

Annuities Service Center: The mailing address of our service office is listed on the first page of this Prospectus. You can send overnight mail to us at the street address of the service office, 27 DryDock Avenue, Suite 3, Boston, Massachusetts 02210-2382.

Annuity Option: The method selected by the Contract Owner (or as specified in the Contract if no selection is made) for annuity payments made by us.

Annuity Period: The period when we make annuity payments to you following the Maturity Date.

Annuity Unit: A unit of measure that is used after the election of an Annuity Option to calculate Variable Annuity payments.

Beneficiary: The person, persons or entity entitled to the death benefit under the Contract upon the death of a Contract Owner. The Beneficiary is as specified in the application, unless changed.

Business Day: Any day on which the New York Stock Exchange is open for business. The end of a Business Day is the close of daytime trading of the New York Stock Exchange, which generally is 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time.

Code: The Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

Company: John Hancock Life Insurance Company (U.S.A.).

Contract: The Variable Annuity contract described by this Prospectus.

Contract Anniversary: The day in each calendar year after the Contract Date that is the same month and day as the Contract Date.

Contract Date: The date of issue of the Contract.

Contract Value: The total of the Investment Account values attributable to the Contract.

Contract Year: A period of twelve consecutive months beginning on the date as of which the Contract is issued, or any anniversary of that date.

Fixed Annuity: An Annuity Option with payments for a set dollar amount that we guarantee.

Fixed Investment Option: An Investment Option in which a Company guarantees the principal value and the rate of interest credited to the Investment Account for the term of any guarantee period.

General Account: All of the Company s assets other than assets in its Separate Account or any other separate account that it may maintain.

Good Order: The standard that we apply when we determine whether an instruction is satisfactory. An instruction will be considered in Good Order if it is received at our Annuities Service Center: (a) in a manner that is satisfactory to us such that it is sufficiently complete and clear that we do not need to exercise any discretion to follow such instruction and it complies with all relevant laws and regulations and Company requirements; (b) on specific forms, or by other means we then permit (such as via telephone or electronic submission); and/or (c) with any signatures and dates we may require. We will notify you if an instruction is not in Good Order.

1

Investment Account: An account we establish for you which represents your interests in an Investment Option during the Accumulation Period.

Investment Options: The investment choices available to Contract Owners. We refer to the Variable Investment Options and the Fixed Investment Option together as Investment Options.

JHVLICO: John Hancock Variable Life Insurance Company.

John Hancock USA: John Hancock Life Insurance Company (U.S.A.).

Maturity Date: The date on which we begin to make annuity payments to the Annuitant. The Maturity Date is the date specified on the Contract specifications page, unless changed with our consent.

Nonqualified Contract: A Contract which is not issued under a Qualified Plan.

Owner or Contract Owner (you): The person, persons, co-Owners or entity entitled to all of the ownership rights under the Contract. The Owner has the legal right to make all changes in contractual designations where specifically permitted by the Contract. The Owner is as specified in the application, unless changed. We may refer to the Owner in this prospectus as you.

Portfolio: A series of a registered open-end management investment company which corresponds to a Variable Investment Option.

Prospectus: This prospectus that describes interests in a Contract.

Purchase Payment: An amount you pay to us for the benefits provided by the Contract.

Qualified Contract: A Contract issued under a Qualified Plan.

Qualified Plan: A retirement plan that receives favorable tax treatment under section 401, 403, 408 (IRAs), 408A (Roth IRAs) or 457 of the Code.

Rider: An optional benefit that you may have elected for an additional charge.

Separate Account: John Hancock Life Insurance Company (U.S.A.) Separate Account T. A Separate Account is a segregated asset account of a Company that is not commingled with the general assets and obligations of the Company.

Subaccount: A separate division of the Separate Account.

Surrender Value: The total value of a Contract, after any market value adjustment, minus the annual Contract fee, any applicable premium tax, and any applicable Rider charges, and any withdrawal charges (if applicable). We will determine the amount surrendered or withdrawn as of the date we receive your request in proper form at the Annuities Service Center.

Unpaid Loan: The unpaid amount (including any accrued interest) of loans a Qualified Contract Owner may have taken from us, using certain Contract Value as collateral.

Variable Annuity: An Annuity Option with payments which: (1) are not predetermined or guaranteed as to dollar amount; and (2) vary in relation to the investment experience of one or more specified Subaccounts.

Variable Investment Option: An Investment Option corresponding to a Subaccount of the Separate Account that invests in shares of a specific Portfolio.

Withdrawal Amount: The total amount taken from your Contract Value, including any applicable withdrawal charge, tax, proportional share of administrative fee and market value adjustment, to process a withdrawal.

2

II. Overview

This overview tells you some key points you should know about the Contract. Because this is an overview, it does not contain all the information that may be important to you. You should read carefully this entire Prospectus, including its Appendices and the Statement of Additional Information (SAI) for more detailed information.

We disclose all material features and benefits of the Contracts in this Prospectus. Insurance laws and regulations apply to us in every state in which our Contracts are sold. As a result, some terms and conditions of your Contract may vary from the terms and conditions described in this Prospectus, depending upon where you purchase a Contract. These variations will be reflected in your Contract or in a Rider attached to your Contract. We disclose all material variations in this Prospectus.

The Contracts described in this Prospectus are no longer offered for sale; however, you may make Additional Purchase Payments as permitted under your Contract.

Prospectuses for Contracts often undergo certain changes in their terms from year to year to reflect changes in the Contracts. The changes include such things as the liberalization of benefits, the exercise of rights reserved under a Contract, the alteration of administrative procedures and changes in the Investment Options available. Any such change may or may not apply to Contracts issued prior to the effective date of the change. This Prospectus reflects the status of the product as of the date of this Prospectus. This Prospectus contains information about other products. Therefore, this Prospectus may contain information that is inapplicable to your Contract. You should consult your Contract to verify whether any particular provision applies to you and whether you may elect any particular Investment Option.

The Variable Investment Options shown on the first page of this Prospectus are those available under the Contracts described in this Prospectus as of the date of this Prospectus. There may be Variable Investment Options that are <u>not available</u> to you. We may add, modify or delete Variable Investment Options in the future.

When you select one or more of these Variable Investment Options, we invest your money in NAV shares of a corresponding Portfolio of the John Hancock Variable Insurance Trust (the Trust). The Trust is a so-called series type mutual fund registered with the SEC. The investment results of each Variable Investment Option you select will depend on those of the corresponding Portfolio of the Trust. Each of the Portfolios is separately managed and has its own investment objective and strategies. The Trust prospectus contains detailed information about each available Portfolio. Be sure to read that prospectus before selecting any of the Variable Investment Options.

For amounts you don't wish to invest in a Variable Investment Option, you may be able to invest these amounts in a currently offered Fixed Investment Option if permitted by your Contract. We invest the assets allocated to a Fixed Investment Option in our General Account and they earn interest at a fixed rate, declared by us, subject to a minimum rate stated in your Contract. If you remove money from any Fixed Investment Option prior to its expiration, however, we may increase or decrease your Contract Value to compensate for changes in interest rates that may have occurred subsequent to the beginning of that Fixed Investment Option. This is known as a *market value adjustment*.

In addition to the transfer restrictions that we impose, the John Hancock Variable Insurance Trust also has adopted policies under Rule 22c-2 of the 1940 Act to detect and deter abusive short term trading. Accordingly, a Portfolio may require us to impose trading restrictions if it discovers violations of its frequent short-term trading policy. We will provide tax identification numbers and other Contract Owner transaction information to the John Hancock Variable Insurance Trust upon request, which it may use to identify any pattern or frequency of activity that violates its short-term trading policy.

We refer to the Variable Investment Options and any available Fixed Investment Option together as Investment Options.

The annuity described in this Prospectus may have been sold on a group basis. If you purchased the annuity under a group contract, you would have been issued a group certificate. If that is the case, the word Contract as used in this Prospectus should be interpreted as meaning the certificate issued to you under the group contract.

Section 403(b) Plans. If you purchased this Contract for use in a retirement plan intended to qualify under section 403(b) of the Code (a Section 403(b) Plan or a 403(b) Plan), we may restrict your ability to make Additional Purchase Payments unless: (i) we receive the Additional Purchase Payment for the Contract directly from the Section 403(b) Plan through your employer, the 403(b)Plan s administrator, the 403(b) Plan s sponsor or in the form of a transfer acceptable to us; (ii) we have entered into an agreement with your Section 403(b) Plan concerning the sharing of information related to your Contract (an Information Sharing Agreement); and, (iii) unless contained in an Information Sharing Agreement, we have received a written determination by your employer, the 403(b) Plan administrator or the 403(b) Plan sponsor that the plan qualifies under

section 403(b) of the Code and complies with applicable Treasury regulations (a Certificate of Compliance) (Information Sharing Agreement and Certificate of Compliance, together the Required Documentation).

3

Table of Contents

We may accept, reject or modify any of the terms of a proposed Information Sharing Agreement presented to us, and make no representation that we will enter into an Information Sharing Agreement with your Section 403(b) Plan.

For more information regarding Section 403(b) Plans, please see Appendix E: Qualified Plan Types, or you may request a copy of the SAI from the Annuities Service Center.

The Contracts were not available in all states. Certain features of the Contracts, including optional benefit Riders, may not have been available or may have been modified for Contracts issued in various states. **You should review your Contract, or contact the Annuities Service Center, for additional information.** You should disregard all references in the Prospectus to benefits that are **not** available in your state.

This Prospectus does not constitute an offer to sell, or a solicitation of an offer to buy, securities in any state to any person to whom it is unlawful to make or solicit an offer in that state.

4

III. Fee Tables

The following tables describe the fees and expenses applicable to buying, owning and surrendering a Contract. The first table describes the fees and expenses that you paid at the time that you bought the Contract as well as the fees and expenses you will pay when you make Additional Purchase Payments under the Contract, surrender the Contract, or transfer Contract Value between Investment Options. State premium taxes may also be deducted.

		Patriot			
	Declaration Variable	Variable	Revolution	Revolution	Revolution
Contract Owner Transaction Expenses ¹	Annuity	Annuity	Access Variable Annuity	Extra Variable Annuity	Value Variable Annuity
Withdrawal Charge (as % of amount of the Purchase Payment	6% for the 1st year	6% for the 1st year		7% for the 1st year	7% for the 1st year
that we consider to have been withdrawn) ²	6% for the 2nd year	6% for the 2nd year		7% for the 2nd year	6% for the 2nd year
	5% for the 3rd year	5% for the 3rd year		7% for the 3rd year	5% for the 3rd year
	5% for the 4th year	5% for the 4th year	None	7% for the 4th year	4% for the 4th year
	4% for the 5th year	4% for the 5th year		6% for the 5th year	3% for the 5th year
	3% for the 6th year	3% for the 6th year		5% for the 6th year	2% for the 6th year
	2% for the 7th year	2% for the 7th year		4% for the 7th year	1% for the 7th year
	0% thereafter	0% thereafter		0% thereafter	0% thereafter
Maximum transfer charge ³	\$25	N/A	\$25	\$25	\$25

- 1 State premium taxes may also apply to your Contract, which currently range from 0.04% to 4.00% of each Purchase Payment.
- $2 \quad \text{This charge is taken upon withdrawal or surrender within the specified period of years measured from the date of Purchase Payment.} \\$
- 3 This charge is not currently imposed, but we reserve the right to do so in the Contract. If we do, it will be taken upon each transfer into or out of any Investment Option beyond an annual limit of not less than 12.

The next table describes the fees and expenses that you will pay periodically during the time you own the Contract. This table does *not* include fees and expenses paid at the Portfolio level.

		Patriot			
	Declaration	Variable Annuity	Revolution Access	Revolution Extra	Revolution Value
	Variable Annuity	Variable Annuity	Variable Annuity	Variable Annuity	Variable Annuity
Maximum Annual Contract					
Fee ⁴	\$50	\$50	\$50	\$50	\$50
Current Annual Contract Fee ⁵	\$30	\$30	\$30	\$30	\$30
Separate Account Annual Exi	nenses (as a nercentag	e of average account	value) ⁶		

(Contracts with initial Purchase Pay	ment less than \$250,000	9)			
Asset-Based Charge ⁷	1.25%	1.25%	1.25%	1.25%	1.25%

(Contracts with initial Purchase Payment greater than \$250,000)

Asset-Based Charge⁷ 1.00% 1.25% 1.25% 1.25%

Optional Benefit Rider Charges⁸ (as a percentage of your Contract s total value unless otherwise stated)

Accidental Death Benefit Rider	0.10%	0.10%	Not Offered	Not Offered	Not Offered
Accumulated Value	Not Offered	Not Offered	Maximum: 1.00%	Maximum: 1.00%	Maximum: 1.00%
Enhance-ment (CARESolutions					
Plus) Rider(as a percentage of			Current: 0.40%	Current: 0.35%	Current: 0.35%
your initial Purchase Payment)					
Earnings Enhancement	Not Offered	Not Offered	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%
(Beneficiary Tax Relief) Death	ì				
Benefit Rider					
Enhanced Stepped-Up Death	0.15%	0.15%	Not Offered	Not Offered	Not Offered
Benefit Rider					
Enhanced Death Benefit Rider ¹⁰	Not Offered	Not Offered	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%
Guaranteed Retirement Income	Not Offered	Not Offered	0.30%	0.30%	0.30%
Benefit Rider ¹¹					
Nursing Home Waiver ¹¹	0.05%	0.05%	Not Offered	Not Offered	Not Offered
Waiver of Withdrawal Charge	Not Offered	Not Offered	Not Offered	0.10%	0.10%
(CARESolutions) Rider					

- 4 This charge is not currently imposed and would apply only to Declaration and Patriot Contracts of less than \$10,000; and Revolution Access, Revolution Extra, and Revolution Value Contracts of less than \$50,000.
- This charge applies only to Declaration and Patriot Contracts of less than \$10,000; and Revolution Access, Revolution Extra, and Revolution Value Variable Annuities Contracts of less than \$50,000. It is taken at the end of each Contract Year but, if you surrender a Contract before then, it will be taken at the time of surrender.
- This charge applies only to that portion of account value held in the Variable Investment Options. The charge does not apply to amounts in the Fixed Investment Options. For Revolution Access, Revolution Extra and Revolution Value Variable Annuities Contracts, the charge does not apply to the guarantee rate account under our dollar-cost averaging value program.
- 7 This charge is assessed on all active Contracts, including Contracts continued by a Beneficiary upon the death of the Contract Owner.
- 8 Charges for optional benefit Riders are assessed monthly. The monthly charge is 1/12 th of the annual charge shown in this table.

- 9 This Rider is available only if you purchased the Waiver of Withdrawal Charge Rider as well. We do not currently impose the maximum charge shown, but reserve the right to do so on a uniform basis for all Accumulated Value Enhancement Riders issued in the same state.
- 10 In certain states (and for Riders issued prior to May 1, 2002), the rate for Enhanced Death Benefit Rider may be lower than the amount shown.
- 11 This Rider is not available for Contracts issued after April 30, 2004.
- 12 This charge is imposed as a percentage of that portion of your Contract s total value attributable to Purchase Payments that are still subject to withdrawal charges.

The next table describes the minimum and maximum total operating expenses charged by the Portfolios that you may pay periodically during the time that you own the Contract. More detail concerning each Portfolios fees and expenses is contained in the Portfolios prospectus.

Total Annual Portfolio Operating Expenses	Minimum	Maximum
Range of expenses that are deducted from Portfolio assets, including management fees, and		
other expenses	0.25%	1.28%

Examples

The following two examples are intended to help you compare the cost of investing in Contracts with the cost of investing in other variable annuity contracts. These costs include Contract Owner transaction expenses, Contract fees, Separate Account annual expenses and Portfolio fees and expenses.

EXAMPLE 1

The first example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in a Contract with all the optional benefit Riders that may have been available. The first example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and assumes the maximum annual Contract fee and the maximum fees and expenses of any of the Portfolios. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions, your costs would be:

Maximum Portfolio Level Total Operating Expenses

Declaration Variable Annuity with:

Enhanced Stepped-Up Death Benefit Rider;

Accidental Death Benefit Rider;

and Nursing Home Waiver Rider	1 Year		3 Years		5 Years		10 Year	
If you surrender the Contract at the end of the applicable time period:	\$	831	\$	1,338	\$	1,872	\$	3,200
If you annuitize, or do not surrender the Contract at the end of the								
applicable time period:	\$	291	\$	890	\$	1,516	\$	3,200
Doduica Vanichla America mith.								

Patriot Variable Annuity with:

Enhanced Stepped-Up Death Benefit Rider;

Accidental Death Benefit Rider:

and Nursing Home Waiver Rider	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
If you surrender the Contract at the end of the applicable time period:	\$ 829	\$ 1,334	\$ 1,866	\$ 3,187
If you annuitize, or do not surrender the Contract at the end of the				
applicable time period:	\$ 289	\$ 886	\$ 1,509	\$ 3,187
Revolution Access Variable Annuity with:	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years

Enhanced Death Benefit Rider

Earnings Enhancement Death Benefit Rider

Accumulated Value Enhancement Rider; and

Guaranteed Retirement Income Benefit Rider

If you surrender the Contract at the end of the applicable time period:	\$ 437	\$ 1,318	\$ 2,208	\$ 4,474
If you annuitize, or do not surrender the Contract at the end of the				
applicable time period:	\$ 437	\$ 1,318	\$ 2,208	\$ 4,474

Revolution Extra Variable Annuity with:

Waiver of Withdrawal Charge Rider;

Enhanced Death Benefit Rider;

Earnings Enhancement Death Benefit Rider;

Accumulated Value Enhancement Rider; and

Guaranteed Retirement Income Benefit Rider		ar 3	3 Years		5 Years		0 Years
If you surrender the Contract at the end of the applicable time period:	\$ 1,0	78 \$	1,979	\$	2,797	\$	4,566
If you annuitize, or do not surrender the Contract at the end of the							
applicable time period:	\$ 44	48 \$	1.349	\$	2.258	\$	4.566

6

Maximum Portfolio Level Total Operating Expenses

Revolution Value Variable Annuity with:

Waiver of Withdrawal Charge Rider;

Enhanced Death Benefit Rider;

Earnings Enhancement Death Benefit Rider;

Accumulated Value Enhancement Rider; and

Guaranteed Retirement Income Benefit Rider.	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
If you surrender the Contract at the end of the applicable time period:	\$ 1,077	\$ 1,795	\$ 2,522	\$ 4,555
If you annuitize, or do not surrender the Contract at the end of the				
applicable time period:	\$ 447	\$ 1,346	\$ 2,252	\$ 4,555

EXAMPLE 2

The next example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in a Contract with no optional benefit Riders for the time periods indicated. This example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and assumes the average annual Contract fee we expect to receive for the Contracts and the minimum fees and expenses of any of the Portfolios.

Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions, your costs would be:

Minimum Portfolio Level Total Operating Expenses

Declaration Variable Annuity	1 Ye	ar 3	Years	5	Years	10) Years
If you surrender the Contract at the end of the applicable time period:	\$ 6	95 \$	929	\$	1,187	\$	1,820
If you annuitize, or do not surrender the Contract at the end of the							
applicable time period:	\$ 1	55 \$	482	\$	833	\$	1,820
Patriot Variable Annuity	1 Ye	ar 3	Years	5	Years	10) Years
If you surrender the Contract at the end of the applicable time period:	\$ 6	95 \$	926	\$	1,183	\$	1,811
If you annuitize, or do not surrender the Contract at the end of the							
applicable time period:	\$ 1	55 \$	480	\$	828	\$	1,811
Revolution Access Variable Annuity	1 Ye	ar 3	Years	5	Years	10) Years
If you surrender the Contract at the end of the applicable time period:	\$ 1	55 \$	480	\$	828	\$	1,811
If you annuitize, or do not surrender the Contract at the end of the							
applicable time period:	\$ 1	55 \$	480	\$	828	\$	1,811
Revolution Extra Variable Annuity	1 Ye	ar 3	Years	5	Years	10) Years
If you surrender the Contract at the end of the applicable time period:	\$ 7	85 \$	1,107	\$	1,362	\$	1,817
If you annuitize, or do not surrender the Contract at the end of the							
applicable time period:	\$ 1	55 \$	482	\$	831	\$	1,817
Revolution Value Variable Annuity	1 Ye	ar 3	Years	5	Years	10) Years
If you surrender the Contract at the end of the applicable time period:	\$ 7	84 \$	925	\$	1,092	\$	1,808
If you annuitize, or do not surrender the Contract at the end of the							
applicable time period:	\$ 1	54 \$	479	\$	827	\$	1,808

The following table describes the operating expenses for each Portfolio, as a percentage of the Portfolio s average net assets for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2011. More detail concerning each Portfolio s fees and expenses is contained in the Portfolio s prospectus and in the notes following the table.

As noted in the footnotes to the table, for certain Portfolios John Hancock Investment Management Services, Inc. (the Adviser) has agreed to waive a portion of its fees or reimburse the Portfolio for expenses when, and to the extent that, the net operating expenses exceed an agreed upon expense limitation. The Adviser may recapture operating expenses reimbursed or fees waived under previous expense limitation or waiver arrangements for a period of three years following the beginning of the month in which such reimbursement or waiver occurred.

Portfolio Annual Expenses (as a percentage of Portfolio average net assets for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011, except as stated in the Notes that follow this table, rounded to two decimal places).

All of the Portfolios shown in the table are NAV class shares that are not subject to Rule 12b-1 fees. These NAV class shares commenced operations on April 29, 2005. These NAV class shares of a Portfolio are based upon the expense ratios of the Portfolio s Series I shares for the year ended December 31, 2011 (adjusted to reflect the absence of any Rule 12b-1 fee applicable to the NAV shares).

Portfolio/Series	Management Fee	Distribution and Service	Other	Acquired Portfolio Fees and	Total Annual Operating	Contractual Expense Reimbursement	Net Operating
	ree	(120-1) Fees	Expenses	Expenses	Expenses	Kennour sement	Expenses
500 Index Trust B							
Series NAV	0.47%	0.00%	0.02%		0.49%	$-0.24\%^2$	0.25%
Active Bond							
Series NAV	0.60%	0.00%	0.03%	0.01%	0.64%	0.00%	0.64%
Blue Chip Growth							
Series NAV	0.78%	0.00%	0.03%		0.81%	0.00%	0.81%

	Management		Other	Acquired Portfolio Fees and	Total Annual Operating	Contractual Expense	Net Operating
Portfolio/Series	Fee	(12b-1) Fees	Expenses	Expenses ¹	Expenses	Reimbursement	Expenses
Capital Appreciation	0.50%	0.000	0.046		0.516	0.000	0.746
Series NAV	0.70%	0.00%	0.04%		0.74%	0.00%	0.74%
Equity-Income	0 = 0 ~	0.00~	0.00		0.04.64	0.00~	0.04.64
Series NAV	0.78%	0.00%	0.03%		0.81%	0.00%	0.81%
Financial Services	0.00~2	0.00~	0.00~		0.00~	0.00~	0.00~
Series NAV	$0.80\%^{3}$	0.00%	0.08%		0.88%	0.00%	0.88%
Fundamental All Cap Core	0.60%	0.00%	0.026		0.516	0.000	0.51.67
Series NAV	0.68%	0.00%	0.03%		0.71%	0.00%	0.71%
Global Bond	0.=0~	0.00~	0.0=~		~	0.00~	0 == ~
Series NAV	0.70%	0.00%	0.07%		0.77%	0.00%	0.77%
Health Sciences	1.050	0.00%	0.000		1.120	0.000	1.120
Series NAV	1.05%	0.00%	0.08%		1.13%	0.00%	1.13%
High Yield	0.678	0.000	0.050		0.700	0.000	0.700
Series NAV	0.67%	0.00%	0.05%		0.72%	0.00%	0.72%
International Equity Index B	0.546	0.000	0.040		0.50%	0.2407	0.246
Series NAV	0.54%	0.00%	0.04%		0.58%	$-0.24\%^2$	0.34%
International Value	0.000	0.000	0.100		0.020	0.000	0.020
Series NAV	0.80%	0.00%	0.12%		0.92%	0.00%	0.92%
Lifestyle Balanced	0.046	0.000	0.020	0.60%	0.75%	0.000	0.759
Series NAV	0.04%	0.00%	0.02%	0.69%	0.75%	0.00%	0.75%
Mid Cap Index	0.4707	0.00%	0.0207		0.4007	0.0007	0.4007
Series NAV	0.47%	0.00%	0.02%		0.49%	0.00%	0.49%
Mid Cap Stock	0.020	0.000	0.050		0.000	0.000	0.000
Series NAV	0.83%	0.00%	0.05%		0.88%	0.00%	0.88%
Mid Value	0.050	0.000	0.0407	0.026	1.0107	0.000	1.010/
Series NAV	0.95%	0.00%	0.04%	0.02%	1.01%	0.00%	1.01%
Money Market B Series NAV	0.5007	0.0007	0.0207		0.5207	0.24072	0.2907
	0.50%	0.00%	0.02%		0.52%	$-0.24\%^2$	0.28%
Real Estate Securities	0.7007	0.0007	0.0407		0.7407	0.0007	0.7407
Series NAV	0.70%	0.00%	0.04%		0.74%	0.00%	0.74%
Short Term Government Income Series NAV	0.56%	0.00%	0.04%		0.60%	0.00%	0.60%
Small Cap Growth	0.36%	0.00%	0.04%		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Series NAV	1.06%	0.00%	0.05%		1.11%	0.00%	1.11%
	1.00%	0.00%	0.03%		1.11%	0.00%	1.11%
Small Cap Index Series NAV	0.47%	0.00%	0.03%	0.05%	0.55%	0.00%	0.55%
Small Cap Value	0.47%	0.00%	0.05%	0.05%	0.55%	0.00%	0.55%
Series NAV	1.05%	0.00%	0.04%	0.19%	1.28%	0.00%	1.28%
Total Bond Market B	1.0370	0.00%	0.0470	0.1970	1.4070	0.00%	1.2070
Series NAV	0.47%	0.00%	0.06%		0.53%	-0.28%2	0.25%
Total Return	0.47%	0.00%	0.00%		0.55%	-0.28%-	0.23%
Series NAV	0.68%	0.00%	0.05%		0.73%	0.00%	0.73%
Total Stock Market Index	0.00 /0	0.00 /0	0.03/0		0.73/0	0.00 /0	0.7370
Series NAV	0.49%	0.00%	0.03%		0.52%	0.00%	0.52%
Delies IVA V	0.4970	0.0070	0.05%		0.5270	0.00%	0.5270

Acquired Portfolio Fees and Expenses are based on the indirect net expenses associated with the Portfolio s investment in underlying portfolios and are included in Total Annual Operating Expenses. The Total Annual Operating Expenses shown may not correlate to the Portfolio s ratio of expenses to average net assets shown in the Financial Highlights section of the Portfolio prospectus, which does not include Acquired Portfolio Fees and Expenses.

JHVIT sells shares of the Portfolio only to certain variable life insurance and variable annuity separate accounts of John Hancock Life Insurance Company (U.S.A.) and its affiliates. As reflected in the table, the Portfolio is subject to an expense cap pursuant to an agreement between JHVIT and the Adviser as follows: the Adviser has agreed to waive its advisory fee (or, if necessary, reimburse expenses of the Portfolio) in an amount so that the Portfolio is annual operating expenses do not exceed its. Net Operating Expenses as shown in the table above. A Portfolio is Total Annual Operating Expenses includes all of its operating expenses including advisory and Rule 12b-1 fees, but excludes taxes, brokerage commissions, interest, short dividends, acquired portfolio fees, litigation and indemnification expenses and extraordinary expenses of the Portfolio not incurred in the ordinary course of the Portfolio is business. Under the

agreement, the Adviser's obligation to provide the expense cap will remain in effect until April 30, 2013 and will terminate after that date only if JHVIT, without the prior written consent of the Adviser, sells shares of the Portfolio to (or has shares of the Portfolio held by) any person other than the separate accounts and other persons specified in the agreement.

The Management Fee has been restated to reflect contractual changes to the Advisory Agreement.

A Table of Accumulation Unit Values relating to the Contract is included in Appendix U to this Prospectus.

8

IV. Basic Information

What is the Contract?

Each of the five (5) Contracts listed on the first page of this Prospectus is a *deferred purchase payment variable annuity contract*. An annuity contract provides a person (known as the Annuitant or payee) with a series of periodic payments. Because this Contract is also a deferred payment contract, the annuity payments will begin on a future date, called the Contract s Maturity Date. Under a variable annuity contract, the amount you have invested can increase or decrease in value daily based upon the value of the Variable Investment Options chosen. If your annuity was provided under a master group contract, the term Contract as used in this Prospectus refers to the certificate you were issued and not to the master group contract.

Who owns the Contract?

Unless the Contract provides otherwise, the Owner of the Contract is the person who can exercise the rights under the Contract, such as the right to choose the Investment Options or the right to surrender the Contract. In many cases, the person who bought the Contract is the Owner. However, you are free to name another person or entity (such as a trust) as Owner. In writing this Prospectus, we ve assumed that you, the reader, are the person or persons entitled to exercise the rights and obligations under discussion. If a Contract has joint Owners, both must join in any written notice or request.

Is the Owner also the Annuitant?

In many cases, the same person is both the Annuitant and the Owner of a Contract. The Annuitant is the person whose lifetime is used to measure the period of time when we make various forms of annuity payments. Also, the Annuitant receives payments from us under any Annuity Option that commences during the Annuitant s lifetime. We may have permitted you to name another person as Annuitant or joint Annuitant if that person met our underwriting standards. We may also have permitted you to name as joint Annuitants two persons other than yourself if those persons met our underwriting standards.

How can I invest money in a Contract?

Purchase Payments

We call the investments you make in your Contract Payments or Purchase Payments. The Contracts described in this Prospectus are no longer available for sale; however, the minimum initial Purchase Payment requirements for the Contracts are outlined in the table below, along with the minimum Purchase Payment for each Additional Purchase Payment into the Contracts. If you purchased your Contract through the automatic investment plan, different minimums may apply. If your Contract Value ever falls to zero, we may terminate it. Therefore, you may need to pay more Additional Purchase Payments to keep the Contract in force.

Contract	Minimum Initial Purchase Payment		n Additional e Payment	Minimum Direct Deposit Additional Purchase Payment		
Declaration	\$ 1,000	\$	500	\$	100	
Patriot	\$ 1,000	\$	500	\$	100	
Revolution Access	\$ 25,000	\$	200	\$	100	
Revolution Extra	\$ 10,000	\$	200	\$	100	
Revolution Value	\$ 5,000	\$	200	\$	100	

Currently, we do not enforce these minimum Additional Purchase Payment amounts, but may do so in the future.

Initial Purchase Payment

When we received your initial Purchase Payment and all necessary information, we issued your Contract and invested your initial Purchase Payment. If the information was not in Good Order, we contacted you to get the necessary information. If for some reason, we were unable to complete this process within 5 Business Days, we either sent back your money or received your permission to keep it until we received all of the

necessary information.

In certain situations, we may have issued a Contract upon receiving the order of your broker-dealer or financial institution but delayed the *effectiveness* of the Contract until we received your signed application. In those situations, if we did not receive your signed application within our required time period, we deemed the Contract void from the beginning and returned your Purchase Payment. We may not have issued a Contract if any proposed Owner or Annuitant was older than age 84. We may also have limited your ability to purchase multiple Contracts on the same Annuitants or Owners. We may, however, have waived either of these underwriting limits.

9

Issue Date and Contract Year

We measure the years and anniversaries of your Contract from its *date of issue*. We use the term Contract Year to refer to each period of time between anniversaries of your Contract s date of issue. We did not issue a Contract if the proposed Annuitant was older than age 84. We may, however, have waived this underwriting limit.

Limits on Additional Purchase Payments

You can make Additional Purchase Payments of up to \$1,000,000 in any one Contract Year. The total of all new Purchase Payments and transfers that you may allocate to any one Variable Investment Option or Fixed Investment Option, in any one Contract Year may not exceed \$1 million. While the Annuitant is alive and the Contract is in force, you can make Purchase Payments at any time before the Maturity Date until the age limit shown below:

	You may not make any Purchase
	Payments after the Annuitant
If your Contract is used to fund	reaches age
A Qualified Plan	70 1/21
A Nonqualified plan	85^{2}

- except for a Roth IRA, which has an age limit of 85
- 2 84 1/2 for Declaration Variable Annuity

We may waive any of these limits on Purchase Payments.

Ways to Make Additional Purchase Payments. Additional Purchase Payments made by check must be:

drawn on a U.S. bank;

drawn in U.S. dollars; and

made payable to John Hancock and sent to the Annuities Service Center.

We credit any Additional Purchase Payments to your Contract received by mail or wire transfer at the close of the Business Day in which we receive them in Good Order at the Annuities Service Center. If we receive an Additional Purchase Payment after the close of a Business Day, we will credit it to your Contract on the next Business Day. We will promptly return any Purchase Payment not in Good Order.

We will not accept credit card checks or money orders. Nor will we accept starter or third party checks that fail to meet our administrative requirements. Additional Purchase Payments should be sent to the Annuities Service Center at the address shown on the first page of this Prospectus. You can find information about other methods of making Purchase Payments by contacting us.

Additional Purchase Payments by Wire. You may transmit Additional Purchase Payments by wire through your bank to our bank, as long as you provide appropriate instructions with the transmittal to identify your Contract, and the selected Investment Options (unless you have provided us with standing allocation instructions). Information about our bank, our account number, and the ABA routing number may be obtained from the Annuities Service Center. Banks may charge a fee for wire services.

If your wire order is complete, we will invest the Additional Purchase Payment in your selected Investment Options as of the day we received the wire order. If the wire order is incomplete for an identified Contract, we will immediately return it.

How will the value of my investment in the Contract change over time?

Variable Investment Options

You may invest in any of the Variable Investment Options. Each Variable Investment Option is a Subaccount of a Separate Account that invests in a corresponding Portfolio. The Portfolio prospectus contains a full description of a Portfolio. The amount you ve invested in any Variable Investment Option will increase or decrease based upon the investment performance of the corresponding Portfolio (reduced by certain charges we deduct - see III. Fee Tables). Your Contract Value during the Accumulation Period and the amounts of annuity payments will depend upon the investment performance of the underlying Portfolio of the Variable Investment Option you select and/or upon the interest we credit on each Fixed Investment Option you select.

You bear the investment risk that your Contract Value will increase or decrease to reflect the investment results of the Contract s investment Portfolios. Although a Portfolio may invest in other underlying portfolios, you will not have the ability to make those investment decisions. You (and your financial advisor) should carefully consider the features of other variable annuity contracts offered by us or by other life insurance companies before submitting an Additional Purchase Payment if you would prefer a broader range of investment options.

10

Fixed Investment Options

The amount you we invested in a Fixed Investment Option will earn interest at the rate we have set for that Fixed Investment Option. The interest rate depends upon the length of the guarantee period of the Fixed Investment Option you select. In states where approved, we currently make available various Fixed Investment Options with durations of up to five years, and we may make one or more additional Fixed Investment Options available for Contracts issued before September 30, 2002. As long as you keep your money in a Fixed Investment Option until its expiration date, we bear all the investment risk on that money.

However, if you prematurely transfer, surrender or otherwise withdraw money from a Fixed Investment Option we will increase or reduce the remaining value in your Contract by an amount that approximates the impact that any changes in interest rates would have had on the market value of a debt instrument with terms comparable to that Fixed Investment Option. This market value adjustment (or MVA) imposes investment risks on you. We describe how the market value adjustments work in Calculation of Market Value Adjustment (MVA).

Extra Credit Feature

(Available only on the Revolution Extra Variable Annuity Contracts)

Each time you make a Purchase Payment, we will credit an extra amount to your Contract Value in addition to the amount of the Purchase Payment. If your Purchase Payment is greater than \$10,000 and less than \$2.5 million, the extra amount will be equal to 3.5% of the Purchase Payment. If your Purchase Payment is \$2.5 million or more, the extra amount will be equal to 5.0% of the Purchase Payment. These extra amounts are referred to as *extra credits*. Each extra credit will be credited to your Contract at the same time the Purchase Payment is credited and will be allocated among the Variable Investment Options and the Fixed Investment Options in the same way that the Purchase Payment is allocated (see Allocation of Purchase Payments). However, each extra credit will be treated as earnings under your Contract, not as a Purchase Payment for determining withdrawal charges. Amounts attributable to extra credits will be considered earnings under a Contract for federal tax purposes and earnings with respect to our determination of certain benefits under your Contract and any optional benefit Riders that you may have purchased.

We expect to make a profit from the Contracts and anticipate that a portion of the withdrawal charge, and any profits derived from other Contract fees and charges will be used to help recover our cost of providing the extra credit feature. (For a description of these fees and charges, see the response to the question What fees and charges will be deducted from my Contract?) Under certain circumstances (such as a withdrawal of money that is in excess of the free Withdrawal Amounts, while a withdrawal charge is in effect) the cost associated with the extra credit feature may exceed the extra credit amount and any related earnings. You should consider this possibility before remitting any Additional Purchase Payments for a Revolution Extra Contract.

What Annuity Benefits does the Contract provide?

If your Contract is still in effect on its Maturity Date, it enters what is called the Annuity Period. During the Annuity Period, we make a series of fixed or variable payments to you as provided under one of our several Annuity Options. The form in which we will make the annuity payments, and the proportion of such payments that will be on a fixed basis and on a variable basis, depend on the elections that you have in effect on the Maturity Date. Therefore, you should exercise care in selecting your Maturity Date and your choices that are in effect on that date.

You should carefully review the discussion under VIII. The Annuity Period for information about all of these choices you can make.

To what extent can John Hancock USA vary the terms and conditions of the Contracts?

State Law Insurance Requirements

Insurance laws and regulations apply to us in every state in which our Contracts are sold. As a result, a Contract purchased in one state may have terms and conditions that vary from the terms and conditions of a Contract purchased in a different jurisdiction. We disclose all material features and benefits of the Contracts in this Prospectus.

Variations in Charges or Rates

We may vary the charges, durations of Fixed Investment Options, rates and other terms of our Contracts where special circumstances result in sales or administrative expenses, or mortality risks or other risks that are different from those normally associated with the Contracts. These

include the types of variations discussed under the Variations in Charges or Rates for Eligible Classes section of this Prospectus.

11

What are the tax consequences of owning a Contract?

In most cases, no income tax will have to be paid on amounts you earn under a Contract until these earnings are paid out. All or part of the following distributions from a Contract may constitute a taxable payout of earnings:

withdrawals (including surrenders and systematic withdrawals);
payment of any death benefit proceeds;
periodic payments under one of our annuity payment options;
certain ownership changes; and
any loan, assignment or pledge of the Contract as collateral. you will be taxed on a distribution is based upon complex tax rules and depends on matters such as:
the type of the distribution;
when the distribution is made;
the nature of any Qualified Plan for which the Contract is being used; and
the circumstances under which the payments are made. attract was issued in connection with a Qualified Plan, all or part of your Purchase Payments may be tax-deductible or excludible from

A 10% penalty tax applies in many cases to the taxable portion of any distributions taken from a Contract before you reach age 59 ½. Also, most Qualified Plans require that minimum distributions from a Contract commence and/or be completed within a certain period of time. This effectively limits the period of time during which you can continue to derive tax deferral benefits from any tax-deductible or tax-deferred Purchase Payments you paid or on any earnings under the Contract.

A Contract purchased as an investment vehicle for a Qualified Plan, including an IRA, does not provide any additional tax-deferral benefits beyond the treatment provided by the Qualified Plan. The favorable tax-deferral benefits available for Qualified Plans that invest in annuity contracts are also generally available if the Qualified Plans purchase other types of investments, such as mutual funds, equities and debt instruments. However, the Contract offers features and benefits that other investments may not offer, including the Investment Options and protection through living guarantees, death benefits and other benefits.

We provide additional information on taxes in the Federal Tax Matters section of this Prospectus. We make no attempt to provide more than general information about use of the Contract with the various types of retirement plans.

How can I change my Contract s Investment Options?

Allocation of Purchase Payments

When you applied for your Contract, you specified the Variable Investment Options or Fixed Investment Options (together, your Investment Options) into which your Purchase Payments would be allocated. You may change this investment allocation for future Purchase Payments at any time. Any change in allocation will be effective as of the receipt of your request at the Annuities Service Center.

We do not impose a limit on the number of Investment Options to which you may allocate Purchase Payments at any one time during the Accumulation Period. For limits imposed during the Annuity Period, please see Choosing Fixed or Variable Annuity Payments in VIII. The Annuity Period.

Transfers Among Investment Options

During the Accumulation Period, you may transfer amounts among the Investment Options, subject to the restrictions set forth below. To make a transfer, you must tell us how much to transfer, either as a whole number percentage or as a specific dollar amount. A confirmation of each transfer will be sent to you.

You may make a transfer by providing written notice to us, by telephone or by other electronic means that we may provide through the Internet (see Telephone and Electronic Transactions, below). We will cancel accumulation units from the Investment Account from which you transfer amounts and we will credit to the Investment Account to which you transfer amounts. Your Contract Value on the date of the transfer will not be affected by a transfer. Although your Contract may impose restrictions on the maximum dollar amount that may be transferred among Variable Investment Options, we currently do not enforce these restrictions.

Currently, we do not impose a charge for transfer requests. The first twelve transfers in a Contract Year are free of any transfer charge. For each additional transfer in a Contract Year, except for the Patriot variable annuity which has no transfer charge, we do not currently assess a charge but reserve the right (to the extent permitted by your Contract) to impose a charge of up to \$25 for any transfer beyond the annual limit (transfers out of a Fixed Investment Option may, however, incur a market value adjustment either positive or negative).

12

We have adopted a policy and procedures to restrict frequent transfers of Contract Value among Variable Investment Options.

Variable investment options in variable annuity and variable life insurance products can be a target for abusive transfer activity. To discourage disruptive frequent trading activity, we have adopted a policy for the Separate Account to restrict transfers you make to two per calendar month per Contract, with certain exceptions, and have established procedures to count the number of transfers made under a Contract.

Under the current procedures of the Separate Accounts, we count all transfers made during each Business Day as a **single** transfer. We do **not** count: (a) scheduled transfers made pursuant to any of our dollar cost averaging programs (only the Revolution Value Variable Annuity has more than one dollar cost averaging program) or our Strategic Rebalancing Program, (b) transfers from a Fixed Investment Option at the end of its fixed investment period, (c) transfers made within a prescribed period before and after a substitution of underlying Portfolios and (d) transfers made during the Annuity Period (these transfers are subject to a 30-day notice requirement, however, as described below). Under the Separate Account s policy and procedures, a Contract Owner may transfer Contract Value to the Money Market Investment Option even if the Contract Owner reaches the two-transfer-per-month limit, as long as 100% of the Contract Value in *all* Variable Investment Option is made, for a 30-day period after such transfer a Contract Owner may not make any subsequent transfers from the Money Market Investment Option to another Variable Investment Option. We apply the Separate Account s policy and procedures uniformly to all Contract Owners.

We reserve the right to take other actions to restrict trading, including, but not limited to:

restricting the number of transfers made during a defined period;

restricting the dollar amount of transfers;

restricting the method used to submit transfers (e.g., requiring transfer requests to be submitted in writing via U.S. mail); and

restricting transfers into and out of certain Subaccount(s).

In addition, we reserve the right to defer a transfer at any time we are unable to purchase or redeem shares of the Portfolios. We also reserve the right to modify or terminate the transfer privilege at any time (to the extent permitted by applicable law), and to prohibit a transfer less than 30 days prior to the Contract s Maturity Date, and to reimpose the annual limit of 12 transfers as stated in your Contract.

In addition to the transfer restrictions that we impose, the John Hancock Variable Insurance Trust also has adopted policies under Rule 22c-2 of the 1940 Act to detect and deter abusive short-term trading. Accordingly, a Portfolio may require us to impose trading restrictions if it discovers violations of its frequent short-term trading policy. We will provide tax identification numbers and other Contract Owner transaction information to John Hancock Variable Insurance Trust upon request, which it may use to identify any pattern or frequency of activity that violates its short-term trading policy.

During the Annuity Period, you may not make any transfer that would result in more than four Investment Options being used at once. You must submit your transfer request to our Annuities Service Center at least **30 days before** the due date of the first annuity payment to which your transfer will apply.

While we seek to identify and prevent disruptive frequent trading activity, it is not always possible to do so. Therefore, we cannot provide assurance that the restrictions we impose will be successful in restricting disruptive frequent trading activity and avoiding harm to long-term investors.

Procedure for Transfers among Investment Options

You may request a transfer in writing or, if you have authorized telephone transfers, by telephone. All transfer requests should be directed to the Annuities Service Center. Your request should include:

your name;
daytime telephone number;
Contract number;
the names of the Investment Options to and from which assets are being transferred;
the amount of each transfer; and

your signature and date of the request.

Your request becomes effective at the close of the Business Day in which we receive it, in proper form at the Annuities Service Center. Each Business Day ends at the close of daytime trading for the day on the New York Stock Exchange (usually 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time). If we receive a transfer request, in proper form, after the close of a Business Day, it will become effective at the end of the next Business Day.

13

Telephone and Electronic Transactions

If you complete a special authorization form, we will permit you to request transfers and withdrawals by telephone. We additionally encourage you to access information about your Contract, request transfers and perform some transactions (other than withdrawals) electronically through the Internet. Please contact the John Hancock Annuities Service Center at the applicable telephone number or Internet address shown on the first page of this Prospectus for more information on electronic transactions.

To access information and perform electronic transactions through our website, we require you to create an account with a username and password, and to maintain a valid e-mail address. You may also authorize other people to make certain transaction requests by telephone or by sending us instructions in a form acceptable to us. If you register for electronic delivery, we keep your personal information confidential and secure, and we do not share this information with outside marketing agencies.

We will not be liable for following instructions communicated by telephone or electronically that we reasonably believe to be genuine. We employ reasonable procedures to confirm that instructions we receive are genuine. Our procedures require you to provide information to verify your identity when you call us and we will record all conversations with you. When someone contacts us by telephone and follows our procedures, we will assume that you are authorizing us to act upon those instructions. For electronic transactions through the Internet, you will need to provide your username and password. You are responsible for keeping your password confidential and must notify us of:

any loss or theft of your password; or

any unauthorized use of your password.

We may be liable for any losses due to unauthorized or fraudulent instructions only where we fail to employ our procedures properly.

All transaction instructions we receive by telephone or electronically will be followed by either a hardcopy or electronic delivery of a transaction confirmation. Transaction instructions we receive by telephone or electronically before the close of any Business Day will usually be effective at the end of that day. Your ability to access or transact business electronically may be limited due to circumstances beyond our control, such as system outages, or during periods when our telephone lines or our website may be busy. We may, for example, experience unusual volume during periods of substantial market change.

We may suspend, modify or terminate our telephone or electronic transaction procedures at any time. We may, for example, impose limits on the maximum Withdrawal Amount available to you through a telephone transaction. Also, as stated earlier in this Prospectus, we have imposed restrictions on transfers and reserve the right to take other actions to restrict trading, including the right to restrict the method used to submit transfers (e.g., by requiring transfer requests to be submitted in writing via U.S. mail). We also reserve the right to suspend or terminate the transfer privilege altogether with respect to anyone who we feel is abusing the privilege to the detriment of others.

Dollar-Cost Averaging Programs

Under our *standard dollar-cost averaging program*, you may elect, at no cost, to automatically transfer assets from any Variable Investment Option to one or more other Variable Investment Options on a monthly, quarterly, semiannual, or annual basis. The following conditions apply to the standard dollar cost averaging program:

you may change your Variable Investment Option allocation instructions at any time in writing or, if you have authorized telephone transfers, by telephone;

you may discontinue the program at any time;

the program automatically terminates when the Variable Investment Option from which we are taking the transfers has been exhausted; and

automatic transfers to or from Fixed Investment Options are not permitted under this program. We reserve the right to suspend or terminate the program at any time.

(Available only on the Revolution Value Variable Annuity.) Under our dollar-cost averaging value program, you may elect to deposit any new Purchase Payment of \$5,000 or more in a guarantee rate account that we call the DCA rate account. For Contracts issued after April 30, 2004, your deposits under this program will be depleted over a 6 month period. For Contracts issued prior to May 1, 2004, the assets in this account attributable to a new Purchase Payment will be transferred automatically to one or more Variable Investment Options over a period that is equal in length (i.e., either 6 months or 12 months) to the period you initially selected. A new period will begin on the date each new Purchase Payment is deposited in the DCA rate account program with respect to that Purchase Payment. At the time of each deposit into this program, you must tell us in writing:

that your deposit should be allocated to this program; and
the Variable Investment Options to which assets will be transferred; and

the percentage amount to be transferred to each such Variable Investment Option.

14

Transfers to Fixed Investment Options are not permitted under this program, and transfers of your account value from a Variable Investment Option are not currently permitted to initiate the program. (You may, however, change your variable investment allocation instructions at any time in writing or, if you have authorized telephone transfers, by telephone.)

Your participation in the dollar-cost averaging value program will end if you request a withdrawal from the DCA rate account, or if you request a transfer from the DCA rate account that is in addition to the automatic transfers.

You may not use the standard dollar-cost averaging program and the dollar-cost averaging value program at the same time.

The dollar-cost averaging programs allow investments to be made in equal installments over time in an effort to reduce the risk posed by market fluctuations. Therefore, you may achieve a lower purchase price over the long-term by purchasing more accumulation units of a particular Subaccount when the unit value is low, and less when the unit value is high. However, the dollar-cost averaging programs do not guarantee profits or prevent losses in a declining market and require regular investment regardless of fluctuating price levels. In addition, the dollar-cost averaging programs do not protect you from market fluctuations in the Variable Investment Option from which we are taking the transfers. If you are interested in either dollar-cost averaging program, you may obtain an authorization form and full information concerning the program and its restrictions from your financial advisor or our Annuities Service Center. You may elect out of the dollar-cost averaging programs at any time.

You should consult with your financial advisor to assist you in determining whether the dollar-cost averaging programs and the Variable Investment Option from which we are taking the transfers are suited for your financial needs and investment risk tolerance. *Strategic Rebalancing Program*

This program automatically resets the percentage of your account value allocated to the Variable Investment Options. Over time, the variations in the investment results for each Variable Investment Option you we selected for this program will shift the percentage allocations among them. The strategic rebalancing program will periodically transfer your account value among these Variable Investment Options to reestablish the preset percentages you have chosen. (You may, however, change your Variable Investment Option allocation instructions at any time in writing or, if you have authorized telephone transfers, by telephone). Strategic rebalancing would usually result in transferring amounts from a Variable Investment Option with relatively higher investment performance since the last rebalancing to one with relatively lower investment performance. However, rebalancing can also result in transferring amounts from a Variable Investment Option with relatively lower current investment performance to one with relatively higher current investment performance.

This program can be elected by sending the appropriate form to the Annuities Service Center. You must specify the frequency for rebalancing (monthly, quarterly, semi-annually or annually), the preset percentage for each Variable Investment Option, and a future beginning date. Once elected, strategic rebalancing will continue until we receive notice of cancellation of the option or notice of the death of the insured person.

We permit strategic rebalancing only on the following time schedules:

quarterly on the 25th day of the last month of the calendar quarter (or the next Business Day if the 25th is not a Business Day);

semi-annually on June 25th and December 26th (or the next Business Day if these dates are not Business Days); or

annually on December 26th (or the next Business Day if December 26th is not a Business Day).

The Fixed Investment Options do not participate in and are not affected by strategic rebalancing. There is no charge for the strategic rebalancing program. Also, fund transfers under this program do not trigger transfer fees (where applicable) nor do they count towards any applicable transfer limits. We reserve the right to modify, terminate or suspend the strategic rebalancing program at any time.

What fees and charges will be deducted from my Contract?

We assess charges and deductions under the Contract against Purchase Payments, Contract Values or withdrawals. Currently, there are no deductions made from Purchase Payments. In addition, there are deductions from and expenses paid out of the assets of the Portfolios that are described in the Portfolios prospectuses.

15

Asset-Based Charges

We deduct asset-based charges daily, as a percentage of average account value, to compensate us primarily for our administrative expenses and for the mortality and expense risks that we assume under the Contracts, as follows:

Separate Account Annual Expenses (as a percentage of average account value)

	Declaration			Revolution Extra	Revolution Value
	Variable	Patriot Variable	Revolution Access Variable	Variable	Variable
	Annuity	Annuity	Annuity	Annuity	Annuity
(Contracts with initial Purchase Payment less			_		
than \$250,000)					
Asset-Based Charge	1.25%	1.25%	1.25%	1.25%	1.25%
(Contracts with initial Purchase Payment					
greater than \$250,000)					
Asset-Based Charge	1.00%	1.00%	1.25%	1.25%	1.25%
This charge does not apply to assets you have i	n our Fixed Invest	ment Ontions We	take the deduction	on proportionally from	each Variable

This charge does not apply to assets you have in our Fixed Investment Options. We take the deduction proportionally from each Variable Investment Option you are then using.

In return for the mortality risk charge, we assume the risk that Annuitants as a class will live longer than expected, requiring us to pay a greater number of annuity payments. In return for the expense risk charge, we assume the risk that our expenses relating to the Contracts may be higher than we expected when we set the level of the Contracts—other fees and charges, or that our revenues from such other sources will be less than expected. The rate of the mortality and expense risks charge cannot be increased. The charge is assessed on all active Contracts, including Contracts continued by a Beneficiary upon the death of the Contract Owner or continued under any Annuity Option payable on a variable basis. If the charge is insufficient to cover the actual cost of the mortality and expense risks assumed, we will bear the loss. Conversely, if the charge proves more than sufficient, the excess will be profit to us and will be available for any proper corporate purpose including, among other things, payment of distribution expenses. In cases where no death proceeds are payable (e.g., for Contracts continued by a Beneficiary upon the death of the Owner), or under the Period Certain Only Annuity Option, if you elect benefits payable on a variable basis, we continue to assess the Contractual mortality and expense risks charge, although we bear only the expense risk and not any mortality risk.

Annual Contract Fee

We currently deduct a \$30 annual Contract fee at the end of each Contract Year for a *Declaration or Patriot Contract with a total value of less than \$10,000* and also for a *Revolution Access, Revolution Extra or Revolution Value Contract with a total value of less than \$50,000*. We also deduct the annual fee before then if you surrender your Contract, unless your Contract s total value, at the time of surrender, is above either \$10,000 for Declaration and *Patriot Contracts*, or \$50,000 for Revolution Access, Revolution Extra, and Revolution Value Contracts.

We take the deduction proportionally from each Variable Investment Option and each Fixed Investment Option you are then using. We reserve the right to increase the annual Contract fee up to \$50.

Premium Taxes

We make deductions for any applicable premium or similar taxes. Currently, certain local jurisdictions assess a tax of up to 4% of each Purchase Payment.

In most cases, and subject to applicable state law, we deduct a charge in the amount of the tax from the total value of the Contract only at the time of annuitization, death, surrender, or withdrawal. We reserve the right, however, to deduct the charge from each Purchase Payment at the time it is made. We compute the amount of the charge by multiplying the applicable premium tax percentage by the amount you are withdrawing, surrendering, annuitizing or applying to a death benefit.

16

	Premium Tax Rate ¹	
State or	Qualified	Nonqualified
Territory	Contracts	Contracts
CA	0.50%	2.35%
GUAM	4.00%	4.00%
ME^2	0.00%	2.00%
NV	0.00%	3.50%
PR	1.00%	1.00%
SD^2	0.00%	$1.25\%^{3}$
TX^4	0.04%	0.04%
WV	1.00%	1.00%
WY	0.00%	1.00%

- Based on the state of residence at the time the tax is assessed.
- We pay premium tax upon receipt of Purchase Payment.
- 3 0.80% on Purchase Payments in excess of \$500,000.
- Referred to as a maintenance fee.

Withdrawal Charge

(Not applicable to the Revolution Access Variable Annuity)

If you withdraw some of your Purchase Payments from your Contract prior to the Maturity Date or if you surrender (turn in) your Contract, in its entirety, for cash prior to the Maturity Date, we may assess a withdrawal charge. Some people refer to this charge as a contingent deferred withdrawal load. The amount of this charge will depend on the type of Contract you purchased and the number of years that have passed since we received your Purchase Payments, as shown below:

		Patriot			Revolution Value
	Declaration Variable Annuity	Variable Annuity	Revolution Access Variable Annuity	Revolution Extra Variable Annuity	Variable Annuity
Withdrawal Charge (as % of amount withdrawn or	6% for the 1st year	6% for the 1st year	·	7% for the 1st year	7% for the 1st year
surrendered) ¹	6% for the 2nd year	6% for the 2nd year	None	7% for the 2nd year	6% for the 2nd year
	5% for the 3rd year	5% for the 3rd year		7% for the 3rd year	5% for the 3rd year
	5% for the 4th year	5% for the 4th year		7% for the 4th year	4% for the 4th year
	4% for the 5th year	4% for the 5th year		6% for the 5th year	3% for the 5th year
	3% for the 6th year	3% for the 6th year		5% for the 6th year	2% for the 6th year
	2% for the 7th year	2% for the 7th year		4% for the 7th year	1% for the 7th year
	0% thereafter	0% thereafter		0% thereafter	0% thereafter

This charge is taken upon withdrawal or surrender within the specified period of years measured from the date of Purchase Payment.

Withdrawal charges help to compensate us for the cost of selling the Contracts, including expenses relating to the extra credit feature under Revolution Extra Variable Annuity Contracts. The amount of the charges in any Contract Year does not specifically correspond to sales expenses for that year. We expect to recover our total sales expenses over the life of the Contracts. To the extent that the withdrawal charges do

not cover total sales expenses, the sales expenses may be recovered from other sources, including gains from the asset-based risk charge and other gains with respect to the Contracts or from our general assets. Similarly, administrative expenses not fully recovered by the administration fee may also be recovered from such other sources.

Free Withdrawal Amounts (applicable to Revolution Extra and Revolution Value Contracts). If you purchased a Revolution Extra or Revolution Value Contract and have any earnings in your Contract, you can always withdraw that profit without any withdrawal charge. By earnings, we mean the amount by which your Contract Value exceeds the Purchase Payments you have paid and have not (as discussed below) already withdrawn. For Revolution Extra Contracts, earnings also includes any amounts attributable to an extra credit. If your Contract doesn t have any earnings (or you have withdrawn it all) you can still make charge free withdrawals, unless and until all of your withdrawals during the same Contract Year exceed 10% of all of the Purchase Payments you have paid to date.

Free Withdrawal Amounts (applicable to Patriot and Declaration Contracts). If you purchased a Patriot or Declaration Contract, you can make withdrawals without any withdrawal charge, unless and until all of your withdrawals during the same Contract Year exceed 10% of all of the Purchase Payments you have paid to date.

How we determine and deduct the charge: If the amount you withdraw or surrender totals more than the free Withdrawal Amount during the Contract Year, we will assess a withdrawal charge shown in the Fee Tables on any amount of the excess that we attribute to Purchase Payments you made within a withdrawal charge period. Solely for purposes of determining the amount of the withdrawal charge, we assume that the amount of each withdrawal that exceeds the free Withdrawal Amount (together with any associated withdrawal charge) is a withdrawal first from the earliest Purchase Payment, and then from the next earliest Purchase Payment, and so

17

forth until all payments have been exhausted. Once a Purchase Payment has been considered to have been withdrawn under these procedures, that Purchase Payment will not enter into any future withdrawal charge calculations.

We deduct the withdrawal charge <u>proportionally</u> from each Variable Investment Option and each Fixed Investment Option being reduced by the surrender or withdrawal. For example, if 60% of the Withdrawal Amount comes from Investment Option A and 40% from Investment Option B, then we will deduct 60% of the withdrawal charge from Investment Option A and 40% from Investment Option B. If any such option has insufficient remaining value to cover the charge, we will deduct any shortfall from all of your other Investment Options, pro rata based on the value in each. If your Contract as a whole has insufficient Surrender Value to pay the entire charge, we will pay you no more than the Surrender Value.

You will find examples of how we compute the withdrawal charge in Appendix B to this Prospectus.

When withdrawal charges don t apply: We don t assess a withdrawal charge in the following situations:

on amounts applied to an Annuity Option at the Contract s Maturity Date or to pay a death benefit;

on certain withdrawals if you have elected the Rider that waives the withdrawal charge (nursing home Rider for Declaration and Patriot Variable Annuities); or

on amounts withdrawn to satisfy the minimum distribution requirements for Qualified Plans, with respect to this Contract. (Amounts above the minimum distribution requirements are subject to any applicable withdrawal charge, however.)

How an MVA affects the withdrawal charge. If you make a withdrawal from a Fixed Investment Option at a time when the related MVA results in an upward adjustment in your remaining value, we will calculate the withdrawal charge as if you had withdrawn that much more. Similarly, if the MVA results in a downward adjustment, we will compute any withdrawal charge as if you had withdrawn that much less.

Other Charges

If you purchased an optional benefit Rider, we will deduct the applicable charges for that benefit proportionally from each of your Investment Options, including the Fixed Investment Options, based on your value in each. We list these charges below:

Optional Benefit Rider Charges¹ (as a percentage of your Contract s total value unless otherwise stated)

Revolution

					Revolution
	Declaration	Patriot	D 14 A		Value Variable
	Variable Annuity	Variable Annuity	Revolution Access Variable Annuity	Revolution Extra Variable Annuity	Annuity
Accidental Death Benefit Rider	0.10%	0.10%	Not Offered	Not Offered	Not Offered
Accumulated Value Enhancement (CARESolutions Plus) Rider (as a percentage of your initial Purchase Payment)	Not Offered	Not Offered	Maximum: 1.00% Current: 0.40%	Maximum: 1.00% Current: 0.35%	Maximum: 1.00% Current: 0.35%
Earnings Enhancement (Beneficiary Tax Relief)	Not Offered	Not Offered	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%

Death Benefit Rider					
Enhanced Stepped-Up	0.15%	0.15%	Not Offered	Not Offered	Not Offered
Death Benefit Rider					
Enhanced Death Benefit Rider ³	Not Offered	Not Offered	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%
Guaranteed Retirement Income Benefit Rider ⁴	Not Offered	Not Offered	0.30%	0.30%	0.30%
Nursing Home Waiver ⁴	0.05%	0.05%	Not Offered	Not Offered	Not Offered
Waiver of Withdrawal Charge (CARESolutions) Rider	Not Offered	Not Offered	Not Offered	0.10%	0.10%

¹ Charges for optional benefit Riders are assessed monthly. The monthly charge is 1/12th of the annual charge shown in this table.

² This Rider is available only if you purchased the Waiver of Withdrawal Charge Rider as well. We do not currently impose the maximum charge shown, but reserve the right to do so on a uniform basis for all Accumulated Value Enhancement Riders issued in the same state.

In certain states (and for Riders issued prior to May 1, 2002), the rate for Enhanced Death Benefit Rider may be lower than the amount shown.

⁴ This Rider was not available for Contracts issued after April 30, 2004.

⁵ The charge shown is a percentage of that portion of your Contract s total value attributable to Purchase Payments that are still subject to withdrawal charges.

How can I withdraw money from my Contract?

Surrenders and Withdrawals

Prior to your Contract s Maturity Date, if the Annuitant is living, you may:

surrender your Contract for a cash payment of its Surrender Value ; or

make a withdrawal of a portion of your Surrender Value.

The Surrender Value of a Contract is the Contract Value <u>minus</u> the annual Contract fee and any applicable premium tax. We will determine the amount surrendered or withdrawn as of the date we receive your request in Good Order at the Annuities Service Center.

Certain surrenders and withdrawals may result in taxable income to you or other tax consequences as described under IX. Federal Tax Matters. Among other things, if you make a full surrender or withdrawal from your Contract before you reach age 59 ½, a 10% penalty tax (in addition to any income tax due) generally applies to any taxable portion of the withdrawal.

We will deduct any withdrawal proportionally from each of your Investment Options based on the value in each, unless you direct otherwise. When you take a withdrawal, we deduct any applicable withdrawal charge as a percentage of the total amount withdrawn. We take any applicable withdrawal charge from the amount remaining in a Contract after we process the amount you request.

We reserve the right to terminate your Contract if the value of your Contract becomes zero. You generally may not make any surrenders or withdrawals once we begin making payments under an Annuity Option. *For Declaration and Patriot Variable Annuities only*: if your free withdrawal value at any time is less than \$100, you must withdraw that amount in full, in a single sum, before you make any other withdrawals.

Your request to surrender your Contract or to make a withdrawal becomes effective at the close of the Business Day in which we receive it in Good Order at the Annuities Service Center. Each Business Day ends at the close of daytime trading for the day on the New York Stock Exchange (usually 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time). If we receive a request, in Good Order, after the close of a Business Day, it will become effective at the end of the next Business Day.

We do not permit you to apply any amount less than your entire Contract Value to the Annuity Options available under your Contract. If you want to use a part of your Contract Value to purchase an immediate annuity contract, you must make a withdrawal request, which will be subject to any applicable withdrawal charge. Such a withdrawal may also have tax consequences.

When we receive a withdrawal request in Good Order at our Annuities Service Center, we will pay the amount of the withdrawal from the Variable Investment Options promptly, and in any event within seven days of receipt of the request. We reserve the right to defer the right of withdrawal or postpone payments for any period when:

the New York Stock Exchange is closed (other than customary weekend and holiday closings);

trading on the New York Stock Exchange is restricted;

an emergency exists as determined by the SEC, as a result of which disposal of securities held in the Separate Account is not reasonably practicable or it is not reasonably practicable to determine the value of the Separate Account s net assets;

pursuant to SEC rules, the Money Market Subaccount suspends payment of redemption proceeds in connection with a liquidation of the underlying Portfolio; or

the SEC, by order, so permits for the protection of security holders. Applicable rules and regulations of the SEC shall govern as to whether trading is restricted or an emergency exists.

Impact of Divorce. In the event that you and your spouse become divorced after you purchase a Contract, we will treat any request to reduce or divide benefits under a Contract as a request for a withdrawal of Contract Value. The transaction may be subject to any applicable tax or withdrawal charge. If you determine to continue the remaining Contract, we will reduce the benefit under any existing optional benefit Rider to the Contract in accordance with its terms.

Tax Considerations. Withdrawals from the Contract may be subject to income tax and a 10% penalty tax (see IX. Federal Tax Matters). Withdrawals are permitted from Contracts issued in connection with Section 403(b) Plans only under limited circumstances (see IX. Federal Tax Matters and the section titled Qualified Plan Types in the SAI).

We will deduct any withdrawal proportionally from each of your Investment Options based on the value in each, unless you direct otherwise. When you take a withdrawal, we deduct any applicable withdrawal charge as a percentage of the total amount withdrawn. We take any applicable withdrawal charge from the amount remaining in a Contract after we process the amount you request.

19

Table of Contents

Signature Guarantee Requirements for Surrenders and Withdrawals

(Not applicable to Contracts issued in New Jersey)

We may require that you provide a signature guarantee on a surrender or withdrawal request in the following circumstances:

you are requesting that we mail the amount withdrawn to an alternate address; or

you have changed your address within 30 days of the withdrawal request; or

you are requesting a withdrawal in the amount of \$250,000 or greater.

We must receive the original signature guarantee on your withdrawal request. We will not accept copies or faxes of a signature guarantee. You may obtain a signature guarantee at most banks, financial institutions or credit unions. A notarized signature is not the same as a signature guarantee and will not satisfy this requirement. There may be circumstances, of which we are not presently aware, in which we would not impose a signature guarantee on a surrender or withdrawal as described above.

Nursing Home Waiver of Withdrawal Charge

(Applicable only to the Declaration and Patriot Variable Annuities)

If you own a Declaration or Patriot Contract, you have may purchased an optional nursing home waiver of withdrawal charge Rider when you applied for your Contract, as permitted by state law. If you purchased this Rider, we will waive the withdrawal charges on any withdrawals, provided all the following conditions apply:

You become confined to a nursing home beginning at least 90 days after we issue your Contract.

You remain in the nursing home for at least 90 consecutive days and receive skilled nursing care.

We receive your request for a withdrawal and adequate proof of confinement no later than 90 days after discharge from the facility.

Your confinement is prescribed by a doctor and medically necessary.

At the time of application, you could not purchase this Rider if (1) you were older than 75 years at application or (2) in most states, if you were confined to a nursing home within the two years preceding your application.

Waiver of Withdrawal Charge Rider

(Applicable only to Revolution Extra and Revolution Value Variable Annuities)

If you own a Revolution Extra or Revolution Value Contract, you may have purchased an optional waiver of withdrawal charge Rider when you applied for your Contract, as permitted by state law. The covered persons under the Rider are the Owner and the Owner s spouse, unless the Owner is a trust. If the Owner is a trust, the covered persons are the Annuitant and the Annuitant s spouse.

Under this Rider, we will waive withdrawal charges on any withdrawals, if all the following conditions apply to a covered person:

a covered person becomes confined to a nursing home beginning at least 30 days after we issue your Contract;

such covered person remains in the nursing home for at least 90 consecutive days receiving nursing care; and

the covered person s confinement is prescribed by a doctor and medically necessary because of a covered physical or mental impairment.

In addition, depending on your state, the Rider may also provide for a waiver of withdrawal charges if a covered person has been diagnosed with a chronic, critical or terminal illness to the extent so provided in the Rider.

At the time of application, you could not purchase this Rider: (1) if either of the covered persons was older than 74 years at application or (2) in most states, if either of the covered persons was confined to a nursing home within the past two years at application.

There is a charge for this Rider, as set forth in the Fee Tables. This Rider (and the related charges) will terminate on the Contract s Maturity Date, upon your surrendering the Contract, or upon your written request that we terminate it.

If you purchased this Rider, you and your immediate family may have had access to a national program of eldercare services, including access to a list of long-term care providers who provide special discounts. This benefit is no longer available with the Rider.

You should carefully review the tax considerations for optional benefit Riders under IX. Federal Tax Matters. For a more complete description of the terms and conditions of this benefit, you should refer directly to the Rider. We will provide you with a copy on request. In certain marketing materials, this Rider may be referred to as CARESolutions.

There are or may be situations other than those described above or elsewhere in the Prospectus (e.g., Variations in Charges or Rates), that merit waiver of withdrawal charges, which we may consider on a case-by-case basis.

Systematic Withdrawal Plan

Our optional systematic withdrawal plan enables you to preauthorize periodic withdrawals. If you elect this plan, we will withdraw a percentage or dollar amount from your Contract on a monthly, quarterly, semiannual, or annual basis, based upon your instructions. Unless otherwise directed, we will deduct the requested amount from each applicable Investment Option in the ratio that the value of

20

each bears to the Contract Value. Each systematic withdrawal is subject to any market value adjustment or withdrawal charge (withdrawal charge not applicable to Revolution Access Variable Annuities) that would apply to an otherwise comparable non-systematic withdrawal. See How will the value of my investment in the Contract change over time? and What fees and charges will be deducted from my Contract? The same tax consequences that apply to other withdrawals also generally apply.

You may cancel the systematic withdrawal plan at any time.

Telephone Withdrawals

If you complete a separate authorization form, you may make requests to withdraw a portion of your Contract Value by telephone. We reserve the right to impose maximum Withdrawal Amount and procedural requirements regarding this privilege. For additional information regarding telephone procedures, see IV. Basic Information Telephone and Electronic Transactions in this Prospectus.

What happens if the Owner or Annuitant dies before my Contract s Maturity Date?

Death Benefits In General

The Contracts described in this Prospectus generally provide for distribution of death benefits if you die before a Contract s Maturity Date. The minimum death benefits provided under the Contracts differ, depending on when you purchased a Contract, our maximum limits on death benefits at that time, the jurisdiction in which we issued a Contract, and the age of the oldest Owner (or Annuitant) on the date of issue. We may pay death benefits in some cases on the Annuitant s death, instead of the Owner s death, if the Annuitant predeceases the Owner. In addition, you may have purchased a Contract with an optional death benefit Rider that will enhance the amount of death benefit. You should read your Contract carefully to determine the minimum death benefit and any enhanced death benefit payable during the Accumulation Period.

Distribution Requirements Following Death of Owner

If you did *not* purchase your Contract under a Qualified Plan, the Code requires that the following distribution provisions apply if you die. We summarize these provisions (and the effect of spousal continuation) below. If your Contract has joint Owners, these provisions apply upon the death of the first to die.

If you die before annuity payments have begun:

If the Contract s designated Beneficiary is your surviving spouse who falls within the definition of spouse under the federal Defense of Marriage Act, your spouse may continue the Contract as the new Owner without triggering adverse federal tax consequences. See X. Other Information Spouse. In that case:

- under **Declaration** and **Patriot** Contracts, we will not pay a death benefit but your Contract Value will equal the death benefit that would have been payable, *excluding* amounts payable under any optional benefit Riders; and
- under **Revolution Access**, **Revolution Extra** and **Revolution Value** Contracts, we will not pay a death benefit but your Contract Value will equal the death benefit that would have been payable, *including* amounts payable under any optional benefit Riders; and
- under Patriot, Declaration, Revolution Access, Revolution Extra and Revolution Value Contracts, any additional amount that we may credit to your Contract will be allocated to the Investment Options in the same ratio as the investment allocations held at the time of death and will not be subject to any future surrender or withdrawal charges. If your spouse makes any Additional Purchase Payments (and if there are any unliquidated Purchase Payments at the time of your death), however, they will be subject to future surrender or withdrawal charges as provided in your Contract;

if the Beneficiary is not your surviving spouse or if the Beneficiary is your surviving spouse but chooses not to continue the Contract, the entire interest (as discussed below) in a Contract on the date of your death must be:

- paid out in full within five years of your death; or
- where the Beneficiary is an individual, applied in full towards the purchase of a life annuity on the Beneficiary, or for a similar benefit payable over a period not extending beyond the life expectancy of the Beneficiary, with payments commencing within one year of your death.

Your entire interest in a **Revolution Access**, **Revolution Extra** and **Revolution Value** Contract, as issued in most states, equals the standard death benefit (or any enhanced death benefit) for the Contract on the date of your death. If an Earnings Enhancement benefit Rider is then in force, the entire interest in most states will also include any Earnings Enhancement death benefit amount that may then be payable. Your entire interest in a **Declaration** or **Patriot** Contract on the date of your death, if you are the last surviving Annuitant as well as the Owner, equals the death benefit that then becomes payable. If you are the Owner of a **Declaration** or **Patriot** Contract (or an owner of a **Revolution Access**, **Revolution Extra** or **Revolution Value** Contract in certain states such as **IL** or **MN**) but not the last surviving Annuitant, the entire interest equals:

the Surrender Value if paid out in full within five years of your death; or

where the Beneficiary is an individual, your Contract Value applied in full towards the purchase of a life annuity on the Beneficiary, or for a similar benefit payable over a period not extending beyond the life expectancy of the Beneficiary, with payments commencing within one year of your death.

21

You should review your Contract carefully to determine the entire interest that will be distributed upon an Owner s death.

If you die on or after annuity payments have begun, any remaining amount that we owe must be paid out at least as rapidly as under the method of making annuity payments that is then in use.

We continue to assess the asset-based charges during this period, even though we bear only the expense risk and not any mortality risk (see IV. Basic Information What fees and charges will be deducted from my Contract? Asset-Based Charges).

The Code imposes very similar distribution requirements on Contracts used to fund Qualified Plans. We provide the required provisions for Qualified Plans in separate disclosures and endorsements.

Death Benefits Following Death of Annuitant

Under **Declaration** and **Patriot** Contracts, if the Annuitant dies before your Contract s date of maturity, we will pay a standard death benefit, unless you have elected an enhanced death benefit Rider. Under **Revolution Access**, **Revolution Extra** and **Revolution Value** Contracts, our payment of the standard death benefit, and any enhanced death benefits, depends on the form of ownership and whether there is one Annuitant or joint Annuitants:

If your Contract is owned by a single natural person and has a single Annuitant, the death benefit is payable on the earlier of the Owner's death and the Annuitant's death.

If your Contract is owned by a single natural person and has joint Annuitants, the death benefit is payable on the earliest of the Owner s death (whether or not the Owner is also an Annuitant) and the last Annuitant s death.

If your Contract is owned by joint Owners and has a single Annuitant, the death benefit is payable on the earliest of the first Owner s death (whether or not the Owner is also an Annuitant) and the Annuitant s death.

If your Contract is owned by joint Owners and has joint Annuitants, the death benefit is payable on the earliest of the first Owner s death (whether or not the Owner is also an Annuitant) and the last Annuitant s death.

In certain states, such as **IL** and **MN**, the death benefit under **Revolution Access**, **Revolution Extra** and **Revolution Value** Contracts is payable only upon an Annuitant s death. *You should review your Contract carefully to determine when a standard death benefit is payable*.

If your **Patriot**, **Declaration**, **Revolution Access**, **Revolution Extra** or **Revolution Value** Contract has joint Owners, each Owner will automatically be deemed to be the Beneficiary of the other. This means that any death benefit payable upon the death of one Owner will be paid to the other Owner. In that case, any other Beneficiary you have named would receive the death benefit only if neither joint Owner remains alive at the time the death benefit becomes payable.

Standard Death Benefit

The standard death benefit under Declaration, Patriot, Revolution Access, Revolution Extra and Revolution Value Contracts is the greater of:

your Contract Value, adjusted by any then-applicable market value adjustment; or

the total amount of Purchase Payments made, minus any withdrawals and related withdrawal charges. Enhanced Death Benefit Riders

We offered several optional death benefit Riders under **Declaration**, **Patriot**, **Revolution Access**, **Revolution Extra** and **Revolution Value** Contracts that, depending on state availability and our underwriting rules, were available to you at the time you purchased your Contract. For an extra fee, these optional death benefit Riders could enhance the standard death benefit payable under your Contract, subject to the terms and limitations contained in the Rider.

Under **Declaration** and **Patriot** Contracts, we offered a Stepped-Up death benefit Rider and an Accidental Death Benefit Rider to applicants under age 80 at the time of purchase. Under **Revolution Access**, **Revolution Extra** and **Revolution Value** Contracts, we offered an enhanced death benefit Rider if each Owner and each Annuitant was under age 80 at the time of purchase. We also offered an Earnings Enhancement Death Benefit Rider to purchasers of **Revolution Access**, **Revolution Extra** and **Revolution Value** Contracts if each Owner and each Annuitant was under age 75 at the time of purchase. The Earnings Enhancement Death Benefit Rider was not available, however, to Contracts issued in connection with Qualified Plans.

We provide a general description of each of these Riders in Appendix C to this Prospectus.

Calculation and Payment of Death Benefit Value

We calculate the death benefit value as of the day we receive in Good Order at the Annuities Service Center:

proof of death before the Contract s date of maturity; and

any required instructions as to method of settlement.

22

We will generally pay the death benefit in a lump sum under our current administrative procedures to the Beneficiary you chose, unless:

the death benefit is payable because of the Owner s death, the designated Beneficiary is the Owner s spouse, and he or she elects to continue the Contract in force; or

an optional method of settlement is in effect. If you have not elected an optional method of settlement, the Beneficiary may do so. However, if the death benefit is less than the minimum stated in your Contract (in most states, \$5,000), we will pay it in a lump sum, regardless of any election. You can find more information about optional methods of settlement under Annuity Options.

We will pay the death benefit within seven calendar days of the date that we determine the amount of the death benefit, subject to postponement under the same circumstances for which payment of withdrawals may be postponed (see IV. Basic Information How can I withdraw money from my Contract?). Beneficiaries who opt for a lump sum payout of their portion of the death benefit may choose to receive the funds either in a single check or wire transfer or in a John Hancock Safe Access Account (JHSAA). Similar to a checking account, the JHSAA provides the Beneficiary access to the payout funds via a checkbook, and account funds earn interest at a variable interest rate. Any interest paid may be taxable. The Beneficiary can obtain the remaining death benefit proceeds in a single sum at any time by cashing one check for the entire amount. Note, however, that a JHSAA is not a true checking account, but is solely a means of distributing the death benefit. The Beneficiary can only make withdrawals, and not deposits. The JHSAA is part of our General Account; it is not a bank account and it is not insured by the FDIC or any other government agency. As part of our General Account, it is subject to the claims of our creditors. We receive a benefit from all amounts left in the JHSAA.

You can find more information about optional methods of settlement under Annuity Options.

What other optional benefits may have been available when I purchased a Contract?

(Applicable only to Revolution Access, Revolution Extra and Revolution Value Variable Annuities)

Accumulated Value Enhancement Benefit

If you elected this benefit when you purchased a Contract, we will make a contribution to the Contract Value on a monthly basis if the covered person (who must be an Owner and the Annuitant):

is unable to perform at least 2 activities of daily living without human assistance or has a cognitive impairment; and

is receiving certain qualified services described in the Rider.

The amount of the contribution (called the Monthly Benefit) is shown in the specifications page of the Contract. However, the benefit contains an inflation protection feature that will increase the Monthly Benefit by 5% each year after the 7th Contract Year. The specifications page of the Contract also contains a limit on how much the Contract Value can be increased by this benefit (the benefit limit). The Rider must be in effect for 7 years before any increase will occur.

You could only elect this benefit when you applied for the Contract, if it was then available in your state. Under our current administrative rules, the Monthly Benefit (without regard to the inflation protection feature) is equivalent to 1% of your initial Purchase Payment, up to a maximum Purchase Payment of \$300,000. We may reduce this \$300,000 limit further, however, if you own additional annuity contracts issued by John Hancock USA and its affiliates that provide a similar benefit. The \$300,000 limit applies only to the calculation of the Monthly Benefit under the accumulated value enhancement Rider. (See Limits on Purchase Payments for a general description of other Purchase Payment limits under the Contract.)

You could not have elected this Rider unless you also elected the waiver of withdrawal charge Rider. There is a monthly charge for this benefit as described in the Fee Tables.

The Rider will terminate if the Contract terminates, if the covered person dies, if the benefit limit is reached, if the Owner is the covered person and the ownership of the Contract changes, or if, before annuity payments start, the Contract Value falls below an amount equal to 25% of your initial Purchase Payment. You may cancel the Rider by written notice at any time. The Rider charge will terminate when the Rider terminates.

If you choose to continue the Rider after the Contract s Maturity Date, charges for the Rider will be deducted from annuity payments and any Monthly Benefit for which the covered person qualifies will be added to the next annuity payment.

In certain marketing materials, this Rider may have been referred to as CARESolutions Plus.

You should carefully review the tax considerations for optional benefit Riders under IX. Federal Tax Matters in this Prospectus.

23

Guaranteed Retirement Income Benefit

Contracts issued before May 1, 2004 may have been issued with Guaranteed Retirement Income Benefit Rider:

If you elected this benefit, we will guarantee the amount of annuity payments you receive, if the following conditions are satisfied:

The Maturity Date must be within the 30 day period following a Contract Anniversary.

If the Annuitant was age 45 or older on the date of issue, the Contract must have been in effect for at least 10 Contract Years on the Maturity Date and the Maturity Date must be on or after the Annuitant s 60th birthday and on or before the Annuitant s 90th birthday.

If the Annuitant was less than age 45 on the date of issue, the Contract must have been in effect for at least 15 Contract Years on the Maturity Date and the Maturity Date must be on or before the Annuitant s 90th birthday.

If your Contract was issued with this Rider, you need not choose to receive the guaranteed income benefit that it provides. Rather, unless and until such time as you exercise your option to receive a guaranteed income benefit under this Rider, you will continue to have the option of exercising any other right or option that you would have under the Contract (including withdrawal and annuity payment options) if the Rider had not been added to it.

If you decided to add this Rider to your Contract, and if you ultimately decide to take advantage of the guaranteed income it provides, we will automatically provide that guaranteed income in the form of fixed payments under our Option A: Life Annuity with Payments for a Guaranteed Period described below under Annuity Options. The guaranteed period will automatically be a number of years that the Rider specifies, based on the Annuitant s age at the annuity date and whether your Contract is purchased in connection with a Qualified Plan. (These specified periods range from 5 to 10 years.) You will have no discretion to vary this form of payment, if you choose the guaranteed income benefit under this Rider.

We guarantee that the amount you can apply to this Annuity Option will be at least equal to the amount of each Purchase Payment you have paid, accumulated at the rate(s) specified in the Contract, but adjusted for any withdrawals you have taken. The accumulation rates differ between (a) Contract Value allocated to a Fixed Investment Option or Money Market Investment Option (currently 4%) and (b) Contract Value allocated to all other Variable Investment Options (currently 5%). Withdrawals reduce the accumulated amount in direct proportion to the percentage of Contract Value that was reduced by the withdrawal (including any withdrawal charges). After a withdrawal, the accumulation rate(s) will only be applied to the remaining accumulated amount. If your total Contract Value is higher than the amount we guarantee, we will apply the higher amount to the Annuity Option instead of the guaranteed amount.

There is a monthly charge for this Rider as described in the Fee Tables. The Rider (and the related charges) automatically terminate if your Contract is surrendered or the Annuitant dies. After you ve held your Contract for 10 years, you can terminate the Rider by written request.

Can I return my Contract?

In most cases, you had the right to cancel your Contract within 10 days (or longer in some states) after you received it. To have canceled your Contract, you would have delivered or mailed it to us or to the financial advisor who delivered the Contract to you.

In most states, you would have received a refund equal to your Contract Value on the date of cancellation, minus the extra credit deduction (applicable only to Revolution Extra Variable Annuity Contracts, as defined below), adjusted by any then-applicable market value adjustments and increased by any charges for premium taxes deducted by us to that date. In some states, or during the first 7 days of the right to review period if your Contract was issued as an IRA, you would have received a refund of all Purchase Payments during the first seven days of the right to review period, if that amount were greater than the amount otherwise payable. The date of cancellation would have been the date we received the Contract.

The extra credit deduction is equal to the lesser of (1) the portion of your Contract Value that is attributable to any extra credits and (2) the amount of all extra credits. Thus, you would have received any gain and we would have borne any loss on extra credits if you returned your Contract within the time period specified above.

Will I receive a Transaction Confirmation?

We will send you a confirmation statement for certain transactions in your Investment Accounts. You should carefully review these transaction confirmations to verify their accuracy. You should immediately report any mistakes to our Annuities Service Center (at the address or phone number shown on the first page of this Prospectus). If you fail to notify our Annuities Service Center of any mistake within 60 days of the delivery of the transaction confirmation, you will be deemed to have ratified the transaction. Please contact the John Hancock Annuities Service Center at the applicable telephone number or Internet address shown on the first page of this Prospectus for more information on electronic transactions.

24

V. General Information about Us, the Separate Account and the Portfolios

The Company

We are a stock life insurance company originally organized under the laws of Maine on August 20, 1955 by a special act of the Maine legislature. We redomesticated under the laws of Michigan on December 30, 1992. We are authorized to transact life insurance and annuity business in all states (except New York), the District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands. Our principal office is located at 601 Congress Street, Boston, Massachusetts 02210-2805. We also have an Annuities Service Center at 27 DryDock Avenue, Suite 3, Boston, Massachusetts 02210-2382.

Our ultimate parent is Manulife Financial Corporation, a publicly traded company, based in Toronto, Canada. Manulife Financial Corporation is the holding company of The Manufacturers Life Insurance Company and its subsidiaries, collectively known as Manulife Financial. The Company changed its name to John Hancock Life Insurance Company (U.S.A.) on January 1, 2005 following Manulife Financial Corporation s acquisition of John Hancock Financial Services, Inc.

The Company incurs obligations under the Contract to guarantee certain amounts, and investors must depend on the financial strength of the Company for satisfaction of the Company s obligations such as the death benefit and fixed Annuity Options. You should be aware that, unlike the Separate Account, the Company s General Account is not segregated or insulated from the claims of the Company s creditors. The General Account consists of securities and other investments that may decline in value during periods of adverse market conditions. The Company s financial statements contained in the SAI include a further discussion of risks inherent within the Company s General Account investments.

The Separate Account

We use our Separate Account to support the Variable Investment Options. Effective December 31, 2009, we entered into a merger agreement with John Hancock Life Insurance Company (JHLICO) and John Hancock Variable Life Insurance Company (JHVLICO) and assumed legal ownership of all of the assets of JHLICO and JHVLICO, including those assets related to the John Hancock Life Insurance Company (U.S.A.) Separate Account T (formerly John Hancock Variable Annuity Account JF). Effective at the time of the merger, we became the depositor of John Hancock Life Insurance Company (U.S.A.) Separate Account T.

Except for the succession of John Hancock USA as the depositor for the Separate Account and to the liabilities and obligations arising under the Contracts, the merger did not affect the Separate Account or any provisions of, any rights and obligations under, or any of your allocations among investment options under, the Contracts. We will continue to administer and service inforce contracts of JHLICO and JHVLICO in all jurisdictions where issued and will assume the direct responsibility for the payment of all claims and benefits and other obligations under these contracts.

You do not invest directly in the Portfolios made available under the Contract. When you direct or transfer money to a Variable Investment Option, we will purchase shares of a corresponding Portfolio through John Hancock Life Insurance Company (U.S.A.) Separate Account T. We hold the Portfolio s shares in a Subaccount (usually with a name similar to that of the corresponding Portfolio).

The Company established John Hancock Life Insurance Company (U.S.A.) Separate Account T under Massachusetts law. The Separate Account s assets, including the Portfolios shares, belong to John Hancock USA. Each Contract provides that amounts we hold in the Separate Account pursuant to the Contract cannot be reached by any other persons who may have claims against the Company.

The income, gains and losses, whether or not realized, from assets of the Separate Account are credited to or charged against the Separate Account without regard to our other income, gains, or losses. Nevertheless, all obligations arising under the Contracts are general corporate obligations of the Company. Assets of our Separate Accounts may not be charged with liabilities arising out of any of our other business.

We reserve the right, subject to compliance with applicable law: to add other Subaccounts; to eliminate existing Subaccounts; or to combine Subaccounts or transfer assets in one Subaccount to another Subaccount that we, or an affiliated company, may establish. We will not eliminate

existing Subaccounts or combine Subaccounts without the prior approval of the appropriate state and/or federal regulatory authorities.

We registered the Separate Account with the SEC under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the 1940 Act) as a unit investment trust. Registration under the 1940 Act does not involve supervision by the SEC of the management or investment policies or practices of the Separate Account. If we determine that it would be in the best interests of persons having voting rights under the

25

Contracts, the Separate Account may be operated as a management investment company under the 1940 Act or it may be deregistered if 1940 Act registration were no longer required.

The Portfolios

When you select a Variable Investment Option, we invest your money in a Subaccount of our Separate Account and it invests in NAV shares of a corresponding Portfolio of John Hancock Variable Insurance Trust.

The Portfolios in the Separate Account are NOT publicly traded mutual funds. The Portfolios are available to you only as Investment Options in the Contracts or, in some cases, through other variable annuity contracts or variable life insurance policies issued by us or by other life insurance companies. In some cases, the Portfolios also may be available through participation in certain tax-qualified pension, retirement or college savings plans.

Investment Management

The Portfolios investment advisers and managers may manage publicly traded mutual funds with similar names and investment objectives. However, the Portfolios are NOT directly related to any publicly traded mutual fund. You should not compare the performance of any Portfolio described in this Prospectus with the performance of a publicly traded mutual fund. The performance of any publicly traded mutual fund could differ substantially from that of any of the Portfolios held in our Separate Account.

In selecting the Portfolios that will be available as Investment Options under the Contract or its optional benefit Riders, we may establish requirements that are intended, among other things, to mitigate market price and interest rate risk for compatibility with our obligations to pay guarantees and benefits under the Contract and its optional benefit Riders. We seek to make available Investment Options that use strategies that are intended to lower potential volatility, including, but not limited to, strategies that: encourage diversification in asset classes and style; combine equity exposure with exposure to fixed income securities; and allow us to effectively and efficiently manage our exposure under the Contracts and optional benefit Riders. The requirements we impose may increase a Portfolio s transaction costs or otherwise affect both the performance and the availability of Investment Options under the Contract and optional benefit Riders.

The John Hancock Variable Insurance Trust is a so-called series type mutual fund and is registered under the 1940 Act as an open-end management investment company. John Hancock Investment Management Services, LLC (JHIMS LLC) provides investment advisory services to the John Hancock Variable Insurance Trust and receives investment management fees for doing so. JHIMS LLC pays a portion of its investment management fees to other firms that manage the John Hancock Variable Insurance Trust s Portfolios (i.e., subadvisers). JHIMS LLC is our affiliate and we indirectly benefit from any investment management fees JHIMS LLC retains.

The John Hancock Variable Insurance Trust has obtained an order from the SEC permitting JHIMS LLC, subject to approval by the Board of Trustees, to change a subadviser for a Portfolio or the fees paid to subadvisers and to enter into new subadvisory agreements from time to time without the expense and delay associated with obtaining shareholder approval of the change. This order does not, however, permit JHIMS LLC to appoint a subadviser that is an affiliate of JHIMS LLC or the John Hancock Variable Insurance Trust (other than by reason of serving as subadviser to a Portfolio) (an Affiliated Subadviser) or to change a subadvisory fee of an Affiliated Subadviser without the approval of shareholders.

If shares of a Portfolio are no longer available for investment or in our judgment investment in a Portfolio becomes inappropriate, we may eliminate the shares of a Portfolio and substitute shares of another Portfolio, or of another open-end registered investment company. A substitution may be made with respect to both existing investments and the investment of future Purchase Payments. However, we will make no such substitution without first notifying you and obtaining approval of the SEC (to the extent required by the 1940 Act).

Portfolio Expenses

The table in the Fee Tables section of the Prospectus shows the investment management fees and other operating expenses for these Portfolio shares as a percentage (rounded to two decimal places) of each Portfolio s average daily net assets for 2011, except as indicated in the footnotes appearing at the end of the table. Fees and expenses of the Portfolios are not fixed or specified under the terms of the Contracts and may vary from year to year. These fees and expenses differ for each Portfolio and reduce the investment return of each Portfolio. Therefore, they also indirectly reduce the return you will earn on any Separate Account Investment Options.

The Portfolios pay us or certain of our affiliates compensation for some of the distribution, administrative, shareholder support, marketing and other services we or our affiliates provide to the Portfolios. The amount of this compensation is based on a percentage of the assets of the Portfolios attributable to the variable insurance products that we and our affiliates issue. These percentages may differ from Portfolio to Portfolio and among classes of shares within a Portfolio. Compensation payments may be made by a Portfolio s investment adviser or its affiliates. None of these compensation payments results in any charge to you in addition to what is shown in the Total Annual Portfolio Operating Expenses table.

26

Funds of Funds

The John Hancock Variable Insurance Trust s Lifestyle Balanced Trust is a fund of funds that invests in other underlying mutual funds. Expenses for a fund of funds may be higher than those for other Portfolios because a fund of funds bears its own expenses and indirectly bears its proportionate share of expenses of the underlying portfolios in which it invests. The prospectus for the John Hancock Variable Insurance Trust s Lifestyle Balanced Trust contains a description of the underlying portfolios for that Portfolio, including expenses of the Portfolio, associated investment risks, and deductions from and expenses paid out of the assets of the Portfolio. JHIMS LLC retains QS Investors, LLC to provide direct subadvisory consulting services in its management of the Lifestyle Balanced Portfolio.

The John Hancock Variable Insurance Trust has adopted a policy to post holdings of the John Hancock Variable Insurance Trust s Lifestyle Balanced Trust in other portfolios on a website within 30 days after each calendar quarter end and within 30 days after any material changes are made to the holdings of the John Hancock Variable Insurance Trust s Lifestyle Balanced Trust. In addition, the ten largest holdings of John Hancock Variable Insurance Trust s Lifestyle Balanced Trust will be posted to the website 30 days after each calendar quarter end. Please read the SAI for additional details about information posted to the website.

Portfolio Investment Objectives and Strategies

You bear the investment risk of any Portfolio you choose as a Variable Investment Option for your Contract. The following table contains a general description of the Portfolios that we make available under the Contracts. You can find a full description of each Portfolio, including the investment objectives, policies and restrictions of, and the risks relating to, investment in the Portfolio in the prospectus for that Portfolio. You can obtain a copy of a Portfolio s prospectus, without charge, by contacting us at the Annuities Service Center shown on the first page of this Prospectus. You should read the Portfolio s prospectus carefully before investing in the corresponding Variable Investment Option.

JOHN HANCOCK VARIABLE INSURANCE TRUST

We show the Portfolio s investment adviser or subadviser (manager) in bold above the name of the Portfolio.	Available In:
--	--	---------------

Davis Selected Advisers, L.P.

Financial Services Trust Seeks growth of capital. To do this, the Portfolio invests at least 80% of

its net assets in common stocks of companies that are principally

engaged in financial services.

Revolution Access

Revolution Extra

Revolution Value

Patriot

Declaration

Declaration Management & Research LLC

Total Bond Market Trust B Seeks to track the performance of the Barclays Capital U.S. Aggregate

Bond Index (which represents the U.S. investment grade bond market). To do this, the Portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets in securities listed in the Barclays Capital U.S. Aggregate Bond Index.

Revolution Access

Revolution Extra

Revolution Value

Patriot

Declaration Management & Research LLC and John Hancock Asset Management a division of Manulife Asset Management (US) LLC¹

Active Bond Trust Seeks income and capital appreciation. To do this, the Portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets in a diversified mix of debt securities and

at least 80% of its net assets in a diversified mix of debt securities and instruments with maturity durations of approximately 4 to 6 years. As part of its investment strategy, the Portfolio may invest in

Revolution Extra

Revolution Access

mortgage-backed securities to a significant extent.

Revolution Value

Patriot

Declaration

Deutsche Investment Management Americas Inc. (DIMA)

Real Estate Securities Trust²

Seeks to achieve a combination of long-term capital appreciation and current income. To do this, the Portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets in equity securities of real estate investment trusts (REITs) and real estate companies.

Revolution Access

Revolution Extra

Revolution Value

Patriot

27

JOHN HANCOCK VARIABLE INSURANCE TRUST

We show the Portfolio s investment adviser or subadviser (manager) in bold above the name of the Portfolio. Available In: Jennison Associates LLC Revolution Access Capital Appreciation Trust Seeks long-term growth of capital. To do this, the Portfolio invests at least 65% of its total assets in equity and equity-related securities of companies that exceed \$1 billion in capitalization and are attractively Revolution Extra valued and have above-average growth prospects. Revolution Value Patriot John Hancock Asset Management a division of Manulife Asset Management (US) LLC Fundamental All Cap Core Trust Seeks long-term growth of capital. To do this, the Portfolio invests at Revolution Access least 80% of its net assets in equity securities of highly differentiated companies across the capitalization spectrum with key growth drivers, Revolution Extra (formerly, Optimized All Cap Trust) sustainable cash flow production and high returns on capital. Revolution Value Patriot Declaration Short Term Government Income Trust Revolution Access Seeks a high level of current income consistent with preservation of capital. Maintaining a stable share price is a secondary goal. To do this, the Portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets in obligations issued Revolution Extra or guaranteed by the U.S. government or its agencies, authorities, or instrumentalities. Under normal circumstances, the Portfolio s effective Revolution Value duration is no more than 3 years. Patriot John Hancock Asset Management (North America) a division of Manulife Asset Management (US) LLC 500 Index Trust B Seeks to approximate the aggregate total return of a broad-based U.S. Revolution Access domestic equity market index. To do this, the Portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets in the common stocks in the S&P 500[®] Index and Revolution Extra securities that as a group will behave in a manner similar to the Index.³ Revolution Value Patriot Declaration Mid Cap Index Trust Seeks to approximate the aggregate total return of a mid cap U.S. Revolution Access domestic equity market index. To do this, the Portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets in the common stocks in the S&P MidCap 400® Revolution Extra Index³ and securities that as a group behave in a manner similar to the Index. Revolution Value Money Market Trust B Seeks to obtain maximum current income consistent with preservation Revolution Access of principal and liquidity. To do this, the Portfolio invests in high quality, U.S. dollar denominated money market instruments. Revolution Extra Revolution Value

Note: Although the Money Market Portfolio seeks to preserve the principal value of your investment, it is possible to lose money by investing in this Investment Option. For example, the Money Market Portfolio could lose money if a security purchased by the Portfolio is downgraded, and the Portfolio must sell the security at less than the original cost of the security. Also, the returns of the Money Market Subaccount in your Contract may become extremely low or possibly negative whenever the net income earned, if any, by the underlying Money Market Portfolio is not sufficient to offset the Contract s expense deductions.

Patriot

Declaration

Small Cap Index Trust⁴

Seeks to approximate the aggregate total return of a small cap U.S. domestic equity market index. To do this, the Portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets in the common stocks in the Russell $2000^{\$}$ Index⁵ and securities that will as a group behave in a manner similar to the Index.

Revolution Access

Revolution Extra

Revolution Value

28

Equity-Income Trust

JOHN HANCOCK VARIABLE INSURANCE TRUST

We show the Portfolio s investment adviser or subadviser (manager) in bold above the name of the Portfolio. Available In: Total Stock Market Index Trust Seeks to approximate the aggregate total return of a broad-based U.S. Revolution Access domestic equity market index. To do this, the Portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets in the common stocks in the Wilshire 5000® Total Revolution Extra Market Index⁶ and securities that as a group will behave in a manner similar to the Index. Revolution Value John Hancock Asset Management a division of Manulife Asset Management (US) LLC and John Hancock Asset Management (North America) a division of Manulife Asset Management (North America) Limited Lifestyle Balanced Trust Seeks a balance between a high level of current income and growth of Revolution Access capital, with a greater emphasis on growth of capital. The Portfolio operates as a fund of funds and normally invests approximately 50% of Revolution Extra its assets in portfolios that invest primarily in equity securities, and approximately 50% in portfolios which invest primarily in fixed-income Revolution Value securities. Patriot **Pacific Investment Management Company LLC** Global Bond Trust Seeks maximum total return, consistent with preservation of capital and Revolution Access prudent investment management. To do this, the Portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets in fixed-income instruments that are Revolution Extra economically tied to at least three countries (one of which may be the U.S.), which may be represented by futures contracts and options on Revolution Value such securities. Patriot Total Return Trust Seeks maximum total return, consistent with preservation of capital and Revolution Access prudent investment management. To do this, the Portfolio invests at least 65% of its total assets in a diversified portfolio of fixed-income Revolution Extra instruments of varying maturities, which may be represented by forwards or derivatives. Revolution Value SSgA Funds Management, Inc. International Equity Index Trust B Seeks to track the performance of a broad-based equity index of foreign Revolution Access companies primarily in developed countries and, to a lesser extent, in emerging markets. To do this, the Portfolio invests at least 80% of its Revolution Extra assets in securities listed in the Morgan Stanley Capital International All Country World Excluding U.S. Index, 7 or American Depository Revolution Value Receipts or Global Depository Receipts representing such securities. Patriot T. Rowe Price Associates, Inc. Blue Chip Growth Trust Seeks to provide long-term growth of capital. Current income is a Revolution Access secondary objective. To do this, the Portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets in the common stocks of large and medium-sized blue chip Revolution Extra growth companies that are well established in their industries and have the potential for above-average earnings growth. Revolution Value

Table of Contents 62

Seeks to provide substantial dividend income and also long-term growth of capital. To do this, the Portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets

Patriot

Revolution Access

in equity securities, with at least 65% in common stocks of well-established companies paying above-average dividends.

Revolution Extra

Revolution Value

Patriot

29

JOHN HANCOCK VARIABLE INSURANCE TRUST

We show the Portfolio s investment advise	er or subadviser (manager) in bold above the name of the Portfolio.	Available In:
Health Sciences Trust	Seeks long-term capital appreciation. To do this, the Portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets in common stocks of companies engaged in the research, development, production, or distribution of products or services related to health care, medicine, or the life sciences.	
		Revolution Value
Mid Value Trust	Seek long-term capital appreciation. To do this, the Portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets in companies with market capitalizations that	Revolution Access
	are within the S&P Midcap 400 [®] Index ³ or the Russell Midcap [®] Value Index. ⁵	Revolution Extra
		Revolution Value
		Patriot
Templeton Investment Counsel, LLC		
International Value Trust ⁸	Seeks long-term growth of capital. To do this, the Portfolio invests at least 85% of its net assets in foreign (non-U.S.) equity securities.	Revolution Access
		Revolution Extra
		Revolution Value
		Patriot
		Declaration
Wellington Management Company, LLP		
Wellington Management Company, LLP Mid Cap Stock Trust	Seeks long-term growth of capital. To do this, the Portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets in equity securities of medium-sized	Revolution Access
		Revolution Access Revolution Extra
	least 80% of its net assets in equity securities of medium-sized	
	least 80% of its net assets in equity securities of medium-sized companies with significant capital appreciation potential. Seeks long-term capital appreciation. To do this, the Portfolio invests at	Revolution Extra
Mid Cap Stock Trust	least 80% of its net assets in equity securities of medium-sized companies with significant capital appreciation potential.	Revolution Extra Revolution Value
Mid Cap Stock Trust	least 80% of its net assets in equity securities of medium-sized companies with significant capital appreciation potential. Seeks long-term capital appreciation. To do this, the Portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets in small-cap companies that are believed to	Revolution Extra Revolution Value Revolution Access
Mid Cap Stock Trust	least 80% of its net assets in equity securities of medium-sized companies with significant capital appreciation potential. Seeks long-term capital appreciation. To do this, the Portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets in small-cap companies that are believed to	Revolution Extra Revolution Value Revolution Access Revolution Extra
Mid Cap Stock Trust	least 80% of its net assets in equity securities of medium-sized companies with significant capital appreciation potential. Seeks long-term capital appreciation. To do this, the Portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets in small-cap companies that are believed to	Revolution Extra Revolution Value Revolution Access Revolution Extra Revolution Value
Mid Cap Stock Trust	least 80% of its net assets in equity securities of medium-sized companies with significant capital appreciation potential. Seeks long-term capital appreciation. To do this, the Portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets in small-cap companies that are believed to offer above-average potential for growth in revenues and earnings.	Revolution Extra Revolution Value Revolution Access Revolution Extra Revolution Value Patriot
Mid Cap Stock Trust Small Cap Growth Trust	least 80% of its net assets in equity securities of medium-sized companies with significant capital appreciation potential. Seeks long-term capital appreciation. To do this, the Portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets in small-cap companies that are believed to offer above-average potential for growth in revenues and earnings.	Revolution Extra Revolution Value Revolution Access Revolution Extra Revolution Value Patriot Declaration
Mid Cap Stock Trust Small Cap Growth Trust	least 80% of its net assets in equity securities of medium-sized companies with significant capital appreciation potential. Seeks long-term capital appreciation. To do this, the Portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets in small-cap companies that are believed to offer above-average potential for growth in revenues and earnings. Seeks long-term capital appreciation. To do this, the Portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets in small-cap companies that are believed to be	Revolution Extra Revolution Value Revolution Access Revolution Extra Revolution Value Patriot Declaration Revolution Access
Mid Cap Stock Trust Small Cap Growth Trust Small Cap Value Trust Western Asset Management Company	least 80% of its net assets in equity securities of medium-sized companies with significant capital appreciation potential. Seeks long-term capital appreciation. To do this, the Portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets in small-cap companies that are believed to offer above-average potential for growth in revenues and earnings. Seeks long-term capital appreciation. To do this, the Portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets in small-cap companies that are believed to be undervalued.	Revolution Extra Revolution Value Revolution Access Revolution Extra Revolution Value Patriot Declaration Revolution Access Revolution Extra Revolution Extra
Small Cap Growth Trust Small Cap Value Trust	least 80% of its net assets in equity securities of medium-sized companies with significant capital appreciation potential. Seeks long-term capital appreciation. To do this, the Portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets in small-cap companies that are believed to offer above-average potential for growth in revenues and earnings. Seeks long-term capital appreciation. To do this, the Portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets in small-cap companies that are believed to be	Revolution Extra Revolution Value Revolution Access Revolution Extra Revolution Value Patriot Declaration Revolution Access Revolution Extra

including corporate bonds, preferred stocks, U.S. government and foreign securities, mortgage-backed securities, loan assignments or participations, and convertible securities.

Revolution Value

Patriot

- The Active Bond Trust is subadvised by Declaration Management & Research LLC and MFC Global Investment Management (U.S.), LLC., with each subadviser subadvising approximately one half of the assets of the Portfolio. Since the Portfolio is only rebalanced periodically, the actual percentage of the Portfolio managed by each subadviser will vary.
- 2 RREEF America L.L.C. provides sub-subadvisory services to DIMA in its management of the All Cap Core Trust and the Real Estate Securities Trust.
- 3 Standard & Poor s, S&P 500, and S&P MidCap 400 are trademarks of The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc. None of the Index Trusts are sponsored, endorsed, managed, advised, sold or promoted by any of these companies, and none of these companies make any representation regarding the advisability of investing in the Trust. As of February 29, 2012, the market capitalizations of companies included in the S&P 500® Index ranged from \$1.4 billion to \$505.7 billion, and as of February 29, 2012, the market capitalizations of companies included in the S&P MidCap 400® Index ranged from \$533 million to \$10.1 billion.

⁴ The Small Cap Index Trust is not available for Contracts issued after April 30, 2003.

30

Table of Contents

- Russell 3000 , Russell 2000 , Russell 1000 and Russell Midcap Value are trademarks of Frank Russell Company. None of the Index Trusts are sponsored, endorsed, managed, advised, sold or promoted by the Frank Russell Company, nor does Frank Russell Company make any representation regarding the advisability of investing in the Trust. As of February 29, 2012, the market capitalizations of companies included in the Russell 3000® Index ranged from \$26 million to \$505.7 billion, Russell 2000® Index ranged from \$26 million to \$3.6 billion, as of February 29, 2012, the market capitalizations of companies included in the Russell 1000® Value Index ranged from \$162 million to \$505.7 billion, and as of February 29, 2012, the market capitalizations of companies included in the Russell Midcap® Value Index ranged from \$162 million to \$21.5 billion.
- Wilshire 5000 is a trademark of Wilshire Associates. None of the Index Trusts are sponsored, endorsed, managed, advised, sold or promoted by Wilshire Associates, nor does Wilshire Associates make any representation regarding the advisability of investing in the Trust. As of February 29, 2012, the market capitalizations of companies included in the Wilshire 5000® Total Market Index ranged from less than \$1.2 million to \$505.7 billion.
- MSCI All Country World ex-USA Index is a service mark of Morgan Stanley Capital International Inc. and its affiliates (MSCI). None of the Index Trusts are sponsored, endorsed, managed, advised, sold or promoted by MSCI, nor does MSCI make any representation regarding the advisability of investing in the Trust. As of February 29, 2012, the market capitalization range of the Index was \$24 million to \$277 billion.
- The International Value Trust is sub-subadvised by Templeton Global Advisors Limited under an agreement with Templeton Investment Counsel, LLC.
- ⁹ High Yield Trust is sub-subadvised by Western Asset Management Company Limited.

31

VI. Information About Fixed Investment Options

In General

All of John Hancock USA s general assets (discussed above) support its obligations under the Fixed Investment Options (as well as all of its other obligations and liabilities). To hold the assets that support primarily the Fixed Investment Options, we have established a non-unitized separate account. With a non-unitized separate account, you have no interest in or preferential claim on any of the assets held in the account. The investments we purchase with amounts you allocated to the Fixed Investment Options belong to us; any favorable investment performance on the assets allocated to the Fixed Investment Options belongs to us. Instead, you earn interest at the guaranteed interest rate of the Fixed Investment Option you selected, provided that you don t surrender, transfer, or withdraw your assets prior to the end of your selected Fixed Investment Option.

Because of exemptive and exclusionary provisions, interests in the Fixed Investment Options have not been registered under the Securities Act of 1933, and our non-unitized separate account has not been registered as an investment company under the Investment Company Act of 1940. Accordingly, neither the General Account nor any of its assets are subject to the provision of these acts. We have been advised that the SEC staff has not reviewed the disclosure in this Prospectus relating to the Fixed Investment Options. Disclosure regarding the Fixed Investment Options is, however, subject to certain generally-applicable provisions of the federal securities laws relating to accuracy and completeness of statements made in prospectuses.

How the Fixed Investment Options Work

Amounts you allocate to the Fixed Investment Options earn interest at a guaranteed rate commencing with the date of allocation. At the expiration of the Fixed Investment Option, we will automatically transfer its total value to a Money Market Variable Investment Option under your Contract, unless you elect to:

withdraw all or a portion of any such amount from the Contract;

allocate all or a portion of such amount to a new Fixed Investment Option or periods of the same or different duration as the expiring Fixed Investment Option; or

allocate all or a portion of such amount to one or more of the Variable Investment Options.

You must notify us of any such election, by mailing a request to us at the Annuities Service Center at least 30 days prior to the end of the expiring Fixed Investment Option. We will notify you of the end of the Fixed Investment Option at least 30 days prior to its expiration. The first day of the new Fixed Investment Option or other reallocation will begin the day after the end of the expiring Fixed Investment Option.

We currently make available Fixed Investment Options with durations of *five years*. For Contracts issued before September 30, 2002, however, we may permit you to select different durations. If you select any Fixed Investment Option with a duration that extends beyond your Contract s Maturity Date, your Maturity Date will automatically be changed to the Annuitant s 95th birthday (or a later date, if we approve). We reserve the right to add or delete Fixed Investment Options for new allocations to or from those that are available at any time.

Guaranteed Interest Rates

Each Fixed Investment Option has its own guaranteed interest rate. We may, at our discretion, change the guaranteed rate for future Fixed Investment Options. These changes will not affect the guaranteed rates being paid on Fixed Investment Options that have already commenced. Each time you allocate or transfer money to a Fixed Investment Option, a new Fixed Investment Option, with a new interest rate, begins to run with respect to that amount. The amount allocated or transferred earns a guaranteed rate that will continue unchanged until the end of that period.

We make the final determination of guaranteed rates and Fixed Investment Options to be declared. We cannot predict or assure the level of any future guaranteed rates or the availability of any future Fixed Investment Options.

You may obtain information concerning the guaranteed rates applicable to the various Fixed Investment Options, and the durations of the Fixed Investment Options offered at any time by calling the Annuities Service Center.

Calculation of Market Value Adjustment (MVA)

If you withdraw, surrender, transfer, or otherwise remove money from a Fixed Investment Option prior to its expiration date, we will apply a market value adjustment.

32

Table of Contents
A market value adjustment also generally applies to:
death benefits pursuant to your Contract;
amounts you apply to an Annuity Option; and
amounts paid in a single sum in lieu of an annuity. The market value adjustment increases or decreases your remaining value in the Fixed Investment Option. If the value in that Fixed Investment Option is insufficient to pay any negative MVA, we will deduct any excess from the value in your other Investment Options pro rata based on the value in each. If there is insufficient value in your other Investment Options, we will in no event pay out more than the Surrender Value of the Contract.
Here is how the MVA works:
We compare:
the guaranteed rate of the Fixed Investment Option from which the assets are being taken; with:
the guaranteed rate we are currently offering for Fixed Investment Options of the same duration as remains on the Fixed Investment Option from which the assets are being taken. If the first rate exceeds the second by more than ½%, the market value adjustment produces an increase in your Contract s value.
If the first rate does not exceed the second by at least \(^{1}/2\%\), the market value adjustment produces a decrease in your Contract \(^{1}/2\%\), when \(^{1}/2\%\), the market value adjustment produces a decrease in your Contract \(^{1}/2\%\).

For this purpose, we consider that the amount withdrawn from the Fixed Investment Option includes the amount of any negative MVA and is reduced by the amount of any positive MVA.

The mathematical formula and sample calculations for the MVA appear in Appendix A.

What Additional Guarantee Applies to the Fixed Investment Options Under My Contract?

John Hancock USA s ultimate parent, Manulife Financial Corporation (MFC), has guaranteed John Hancock USA s obligations with respect to any Fixed Investment Options you elect (the MFC Subordinated Guarantee). The MFC Subordinated Guarantee will apply unless and until we notify you otherwise. If we give you such notice, however, the MFC Subordinated Guarantee would remain in effect for all guarantee periods under the Fixed Investment Options that had already started, and would be inapplicable only to guarantee periods starting after the date of such notice. The MFC Subordinated Guarantee does not relieve John Hancock USA of any obligations under your Contract it is in addition to all of the rights and benefits that the Contract provides. There is no charge or cost to you for the MFC Subordinated Guarantee, and there are no disadvantages to you of having this additional guarantee.

Under the rules of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), the MFC Subordinated Guarantee exempts us from the obligation to file with the SEC annual, quarterly and current reports on Form 10-K, Form 10-Q and Form 8-K, respectively, and thereby saves us the expense of being an SEC reporting company. MFC, the company that is providing the MFC Subordinated Guarantee, is the ultimate parent of all of the companies in the John Hancock group of companies, including John Hancock USA. MFC is a company organized under the laws of Canada and its common shares are listed principally on the Toronto Stock Exchange and the New York Stock Exchange. MFC files with the SEC annual reports on Form 40-F and other reports on Form 6-K. The financial results of John Hancock USA are included in MFC s

consolidated financial statements in a footnote containing condensed consolidating financial information with separate columns for MFC, John Hancock USA and other subsidiaries of MFC, together with consolidating adjustments.

What are the terms of the MFC subordinated guarantee? MFC guarantees your full interest in any Fixed Investment Option. This means that, if John Hancock USA fails to honor any valid request to surrender, transfer, or withdraw any amount from a guarantee period, or fails to allocate amounts from a Fixed Investment Option to an Annuity Option when it is obligated to do so, MFC guarantees the full amount that you would have received, or value that you would have been credited with, had John Hancock USA fully met its obligations under your Contract with respect to such Fixed Investment Option. If John Hancock USA fails to pay any amount that becomes payable under the Contract upon the death of an Owner or Annuitant, MFC guarantees the unpaid amount, up to the Contract Value in any Fixed Investment Option on the date of death, increased by any accrued but uncredited interest attributable thereto and increased by any upward market value adjustment that would have been payable upon any surrender of the Contract at that time (but not decreased by any negative market value adjustment). There is no charge or cost to you for receiving the MFC Subordinated Guarantee. If John Hancock USA fails to make payment when due of any amount that is guaranteed by MFC, you could directly request MFC to satisfy John Hancock USA sobligation, and MFC must do so. You would not have to make any other demands on John Hancock USA as a precondition to making a claim against MFC under the MFC Subordinated Guarantee.

The MFC Subordinated Guarantee constitutes an unsecured obligation of MFC as guarantor, and is subordinated in right of payment to the prior payment in full of all other obligations of MFC, except for other guarantees or obligations of MFC which by their terms

are designated as ranking equally in right of payment with or subordinated to the MFC Subordinated Guarantee, and effectively rank senior to MFC s preferred and common shares. As a result, in the event of MFC s bankruptcy, liquidation, dissolution, winding-up or reorganization or upon acceleration of any series of debt securities due to an event also triggering payment obligations on other debt, MFC s assets will be available to pay its obligations on the MFC Subordinated Guarantee only after all secured indebtedness and other indebtedness senior to the MFC Subordinated Guarantee has been paid in full. There may not be sufficient assets remaining to pay amounts due on all or any portion of the MFC Subordinated Guarantee.

The MFC Subordinated Guarantee will be governed by the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. The MFC Subordinated Guarantee will provide that any claim or proceeding brought by a holder to enforce the obligations of MFC, as guarantor, may be brought in a court of competent jurisdiction in the City of Boston, Commonwealth of Massachusetts, and that MFC submits to the non-exclusive jurisdiction of such courts in connection with such action or proceeding. MFC has designated John Hancock USA as its authorized agent upon whom process may be served in any legal action or proceeding against MFC arising out of or in connection with the MFC Subordinated Guarantee. All payments on the Contracts offered by this Prospectus by MFC under the MFC Subordinated Guarantee will be made without withholding or deduction for, or on account of, any present or future taxes, duties, assessments or governmental charges of whatever nature imposed or levied by or on behalf of the Government of Canada, or any province, territory or political subdivision thereof, or any authority therein or thereof having power to tax, unless the withholding or deduction of such taxes, duties, assessments or governmental charges by MFC is required by law or by the administration or interpretation of such law. In the event of any withholding or deduction, MFC will pay such additional amounts as may be necessary in order that the net amounts received by the holders of the Contracts offered by this Prospectus after such withholding or deduction (Guarantor Additional Amounts), except as described herein and except that no such Guarantor Additional Amounts shall be payable with respect to any Contract offered by this Prospectus:

- (a) (i) by reason of his being a person with whom John Hancock USA or MFC is not dealing at arm s length for the purposes of the Income Tax Act (Canada), or (ii) by reason of his having a connection with Canada or any province or territory thereof other than the mere holding, use or ownership or deemed holding, use or ownership of such Contract;
- (b) by reason of his being liable for or subject to such withholding or deduction because of his failure to make a claim for exemption to the relevant tax authority; or
- (c) more than 10 days after the Relevant Date (as defined below) except to the extent that the holder thereof would have been entitled to Guarantor Additional Amounts on presenting the same for payment on the last day of such period of 10 days.

 As used herein Relevant Date shall mean the date on which such payment first becomes due.

How can I find additional information about MFC? MFC is subject to the information requirements of the U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and, in accordance with that Act, files reports and other information with the SEC. Under a multijurisdictional disclosure system adopted by the United States and Canada, these reports and other information (including financial information) may be prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of Canada, which are different from those of the United States.

You may read and copy any reports, statements or other information filed by MFC (Registrant 001-14942) at the SEC s Public Reference Room, Station Place, 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on the operation of the Public Reference Room. You can also inspect reports, proxy statements and other information about MFC at the offices of the New York Stock Exchange, 20 Broad Street, New York, New York 10005.

You may also obtain copies of this information by mail from the Public Reference Section of the SEC, Station Place, 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549, at prescribed rates, or from commercial document retrieval services.

The SEC maintains a website that contains reports, proxy statements and other information, including those filed by MFC, at http://www.sec.gov. You may also access the SEC filings and obtain other information about MFC through the website maintained by MFC, which is http://www.manulife.com. The information contained in, or accessible through, MFC s website is not incorporated by reference into this Prospectus.

MFC and John Hancock USA filed a joint registration statement on Form F-3 (the Registration Statement) relating to the Contracts offered by this Prospectus with the SEC under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. This Prospectus is a part of that Registration Statement. As permitted by SEC rules, this Prospectus does not contain all the information you can find in the Registration Statement. The SEC allows MFC to incorporate by reference information into this Prospectus, which means that we can disclose important information to you by referring you to other documents filed separately with the SEC. For more information about the Contracts and us, you may obtain a copy of the Registration Statement in the manner set forth in the preceding paragraphs.

34

Table of Contents

The information incorporated by reference is deemed to be part of this Prospectus, except for any information superseded by information in this Prospectus. These documents contain important information about the companies and their financial condition.

MFC incorporates by reference the documents listed below, which were filed with the SEC:

- (a) MFC s Annual Report on Form 40-F for the year ended December 31, 2011, as filed on March 16, 2012 and as amended and filed on Form 40-F/A on March 25, 2011, other than the section of the Annual Information Form entitled Ratings;
- (b) Exhibit 99.3 to MFC s Report of Foreign Issuer on Form 6-K filed on March 25, 2011, other than the sections entitled Report of the Management Resources and Compensation Committee, Performance Graph and Supplemental Shareholder Return;
- (c) MFC s Reports of Foreign Issuer on Form 6-K filed on April 14, May 13, July 18, July 25, August 12, and November 10, 2011;
- (d) MFC s Annual Report on Form 40-F for the year ended December 31, 2010, as filed on March 18, 2011 and as amended and filed on Form 40-F/A on March 25, 2011, other than the section of the Annual Information Form entitled Ratings;
- (e) MFC s Management s Discussion and Analysis and Unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements for the quarter ended September 30, 2010 included on pages 7 to 32 and 33 to 77, respectively, of MFC s 2010 Third Quarter Report to Shareholders filed with MFC s Reports of Foreign Private Issuer as Exhibit 99.1 on Form 6-K, filed November 12, 2010;
- (f) MFC s Management s Discussion and Analysis and Unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements for the quarter ended June 30, 2010 included on pages 9 to 36 and 37 to 84, respectively, of MFC s 2010 Second Quarter Report to Shareholders filed with MFC s Report of Foreign Private Issuer as Exhibit 99.1 on Form 6-K, filed August 12, 2010;
- (g) MFC s Management s Discussion and Analysis and Unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements for the quarter ended March 31, 2010 included on pages 6 to 23 and 24 to 62, respectively, of MFC s 2010 First Quarter Report to Shareholders filed with MFC s Report of Foreign Private Issuer as Exhibit 99.1 on Form 6-K, filed May 12, 2010;
- (h) MFC s Report of Foreign Issuer on Form 6-K filed March 29, 2010;
- (i) MFC s Report of Foreign Issuer on Form 6-K filed March 26, 2010, other than the sections of the Notice of Annual Meeting and Proxy Circular entitled Report of the Management Resources and Compensation Committee, Performance Graph and Supplemental Shareholder Return and other than the consolidated financial statements as at, and for the years then ended December 31, 2009 and 2008; and
- (j) MFC s Annual Report on Form 40-F for the year ended December 31, 2009, as filed on March 19, 2010 and as amended and filed on Form 40-F/A on March 29, 2010, other than the section of the Annual Information Form entitled Ratings.
 Copies of the documents incorporated in this Prospectus by reference may be obtained upon written or oral request without charge from:

Manulife Financial Corporation

ATTN: Corporate Secretary

200 Bloor Street East, NT-10

Toronto, Ontario Canada M4W 1E5

Telephone: (416) 926-3000

Any annual reports on Form 20-F, Form 40-F or Form 10-K, any reports on Form 10-Q or Form 8-K, other than current reports furnished to the SEC pursuant to Item 2.02 or Item 7.01 of Form 8-K, and any Form 6-K specifying that it is being incorporated by reference in this Prospectus to the extent expressly provided on such report, as well as all Prospectus supplements disclosing additional or updated information, filed by MFC with the SEC subsequent to the date of this Prospectus shall be deemed to be incorporated by reference into this Prospectus except that any section of any annual information form entitled Ratings or another similar caption shall not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into this Prospectus and the Registration Statements of which this Prospectus forms a part.

Any statement contained in this Prospectus or in a document incorporated or deemed to be incorporated by reference in this Prospectus shall be deemed to be modified or superseded for purposes of this Prospectus to the extent that a statement contained in this Prospectus or in any other subsequently filed document which also is or is deemed to be incorporated by reference in this Prospectus modifies or supersedes such prior statement. Any statement or document so modified or superseded shall not, except to the extent so modified or superseded, be incorporated by reference and constitute a part of this Prospectus.

You should rely on the information contained in or incorporated by reference in this Prospectus or any applicable Prospectus supplement and on the other information included in the Registration Statement of which this Prospectus forms a part. We have not authorized anyone to provide you with different or additional information. We are not making an offer of the MFC guarantees covered by this Prospectus in any jurisdiction where the offer is not permitted by law.

35

VII. The Accumulation Period

Your Value in Our Variable Investment Options

Each Purchase Payment or transfer that you allocate to a Variable Investment Option purchases *accumulation units* of that Variable Investment Option. Similarly, each withdrawal or transfer that you take from a Variable Investment Option (as well as certain charges that may be allocated to that option) result in a cancellation of such accumulation units.

Valuation of Accumulation Units

To determine the number of accumulation units that a specific transaction will purchase or cancel, we use the following formula:

dollar amount of transaction

divided by

value of one accumulation unit for the applicable

Variable Investment Option at the time of such

transaction

The value of each accumulation unit will change daily depending upon the investment performance of the Portfolio that corresponds to that Variable Investment Option and certain charges we deduct from such Investment Option. (See below under Variable Investment Option Valuation Procedures.)

Therefore, at any time prior to the Maturity Date, the portion of the Contract Value in any Variable Investment Option can be computed according to the following formula:

number of accumulation units in the applicable

Variable Investment Option

multiplied by

value of one accumulation unit for the Variable

Investment Option at that time

Variable Investment Option Valuation Procedures

We compute the net investment return and accumulation unit values for each Variable Investment Option as of the end of each Business Day. On any date other than a Business Day, the accumulation unit value will be the same as the value at the close of the next following Business Day.

Your Value in the Fixed Investment Options

On any date, the total value of your Contract in a Fixed Investment Option equals:

the amount of Purchase Payments or transferred amounts allocated to the Fixed Investment Option, minus

the amount of any withdrawals or transfers paid out of the Fixed Investment Option, minus

the amount of any negative market value adjustments resulting from such withdrawals or transfers, plus

the amount of any positive market value adjustments resulting from such withdrawals and transfers, minus

the amount of any charges and fees deducted from that Fixed Investment Option, plus

interest compounded daily on any amounts in the Fixed Investment Option from time to time at the effective annual rate of interest we have declared for that Fixed Investment Option.

36

VIII. The Annuity Period

Annuity payments are made to the Annuitant, if still living. If more than one Annuitant is living at the Maturity Date, the payments are made to the younger co-Annuitant.

Maturity Date

Your Contract specifies the Maturity Date, when payments from one of our Annuity Options are scheduled to begin. You initially choose a Maturity Date when you complete your application for a Contract. Unless we otherwise permit, the Maturity Date must be:

at least 6 months after the date the first Purchase Payment is applied to your Contract; and

no later than the maximum age specified in your Contract (normally age 95).

Subject always to these requirements, you may subsequently change the Maturity Date. Maturity Dates which occur when the Annuitant is at an advanced age, *e.g.*, past age 90, may have adverse income tax consequences. Also, if you are selecting or changing your Maturity Date for a Contract issued under a Qualified Plan, special limits apply (see IX. Federal Tax Matters). The Annuities Service Center must receive your new selection at least 31 days prior to the new Maturity Date.

Notice of Maturity Date. Under our current administrative procedures, we will send you one or more notices at least 30 days before your scheduled Maturity Date and request that you verify information we currently have on file. If you fail to verify this information, or if you do not choose an Annuity Option, do not make a total withdrawal of the Surrender Value, or do not ask us to change the Maturity Date to a later date, we will provide as a default Annuity Option A a life annuity with monthly payments guaranteed for ten years, as described in Annuity Options below.

Choosing Fixed or Variable Annuity Payments

During the Annuity Period, the total value of your Contract must be allocated to no more than four Investment Options. During the Annuity Period, we do not offer the Fixed Investment Options. Instead, we offer annuity payments on a fixed basis as one Investment Option, and annuity payments on a variable basis for *each* Variable Investment Option.

We will generally apply (1) amounts allocated to the Fixed Investment Options as of the Maturity Date to provide annuity payments on a fixed basis and (2) amounts allocated to Variable Investment Options to provide annuity payments on a variable basis. If you are using more than four Investment Options on the Maturity Date, we will divide your Contract Value pro rata among the four Investment Options with the largest values (considering all Fixed Investment Options as a single option), based on the amount of the total value of your Contract that you have in each.

We will make a market value adjustment to any remaining Fixed Investment Option amounts on the Maturity Date before we apply such amounts to an Annuity Option. We will also deduct any premium tax charge.

Once annuity payments commence, you may not make transfers from fixed to variable or from variable to fixed.

Selecting an Annuity Option

Each Contract provides, at the time of its issuance, for annuity payments to commence on the Maturity Date pursuant to Option A: Life Annuity with Payments for a Guaranteed Period for a 10 year period (discussed under Annuity Options).

Prior to the Maturity Date, you may select a different Annuity Option. However, if your Contract Value on the Maturity Date is less than \$5,000, you may only select Option A: Life Annuity with Payments for a Guaranteed Period for the 10 year period as an Annuity Option, regardless of any other election that you have made. You may not change the form of Annuity Option once payments commence.

If the initial monthly payment under an Annuity Option would be less than \$50, we may make a single sum payment equal to the total Surrender Value of your Contract on the date the initial payment would be payable. Such single payment would replace all other benefits.

Subject to that \$50 minimum limitation, your Beneficiary may elect an Annuity Option if:

you have not made an election prior to the Annuitant s death;

the Beneficiary is entitled to payment of a death benefit of at least \$5,000 in a single sum; and

the Beneficiary notifies us of the election prior to the date the proceeds become payable.

37

Variable Monthly Annuity Payments

During the Annuity Period, the Contract Value must be allocated to no more than four Investment Options. During the Annuity Period, we offer annuity payments on a variable basis for each Variable Investment Option. If you are using more than four Investment Options on the Maturity Date, under a deferred Contract, we will divide your Contract Value (after deducting any premium tax charge that was not deducted from Purchase Payments) among the four Investment Options with the largest values, pro rata based on the amount of the Contract Value that you have in each.

We determine the amount of the first variable monthly payment under any Variable Investment Option by using the applicable annuity purchase rate for the Annuity Option under which the payment will be made. The Contract sets forth these annuity purchase rates. In most cases they vary by the age and gender of the Annuitant or other payee.

The amount of each subsequent Variable Annuity payment under that Variable Investment Option depends upon the investment performance of that Variable Investment Option.

Here s how it works:

We calculate the actual net investment return of the Variable Investment Option (after deducting all charges) during the period between the dates for determining the current and immediately previous monthly payments.

If that actual net investment return exceeds the assumed investment rate (explained below), the current monthly payment will be larger than the previous one.

If the actual net investment return is less than the assumed investment rate, the current monthly payment will be smaller than the previous one.

Variable Investment Option Valuation Procedures

We compute the net investment return and Annuity Unit values for each Variable Investment Option as of the end of each Business Day. On any date other than a Business Day, the Annuity Unit value will be the same as the value at the close of the next following Business Day.

Assumed Investment Rate

The assumed investment rate for any variable portion of your annuity payments will be $3^{1}/2\%$ per year, except as follows.

You may elect an assumed investment rate of 5% or 6%, provided such a rate is available in your state. If you elect a higher assumed investment rate, your initial Variable Annuity payment will also be higher. Eventually, however, the monthly Variable Annuity payments may be smaller than if you had elected a lower assumed investment rate.

Transfers During the Annuity Period

Some transfers are permitted during the Annuity Period, but subject to different limitations than during the Accumulation Period. Once annuity payments on a variable basis have begun, you may transfer all or part of the investment upon which those payments are based from one Subaccount to another. You must submit your transfer request to the Annuities Service Center at least 30 days before the due date of the first annuity payment to which your transfer will apply. Transfers after the Maturity Date will be made by converting the number of Annuity Units being transferred to the number of Annuity Units of the Subaccount to which the transfer is made, so that the next annuity payment if it were made at that time would be the same amount that it would have been without the transfer. Thereafter, annuity payments will reflect changes in the value of the Annuity Units for the new Subaccount selected. Once annuity payments begin, no transfers may be made from payments on a fixed basis to payments on a variable basis or from payments on a variable basis to payments on a fixed basis. In addition, we reserve the right to defer the transfer privilege at any time that we are unable to purchase or redeem shares of a Portfolio. We also reserve the right to modify or terminate the transfer privilege at any time in accordance with applicable law.

Fixed Monthly Annuity Payments

The dollar amount of each fixed monthly annuity payment is specified during the entire period of annuity payments, according to the provisions of the Annuity Option selected. To determine such dollar amounts we first, in accordance with the procedures described above, calculate the amount to be applied to the **Fixed Annuity Option** as of the Maturity Date. We then subtract any applicable premium tax charge, if applicable, and divide the difference by \$1,000.

We then multiply the result by the greater of:

the applicable Fixed Annuity purchase rate shown in the appropriate table in the Contract; or

the rate we currently offer at the time of annuitization. (This current rate may be based on the sex of the Annuitant, unless prohibited by law.)

38

Annuity Options

Here are some of the Annuity Options that are available, subject to the terms and conditions described above. We reserve the right to make available optional methods of payment in addition to those Annuity Options listed here and in your Contract.

Option A Life Annuity with Payments for a Guaranteed Period We will make monthly payments for a guaranteed period of 5, 10, or 20 years, as selected by you or your Beneficiary, and after such period for as long as the payee lives. If the payee dies prior to the end of such guaranteed period, we will continue payments for the remainder of the guaranteed period to a contingent payee, subject to the terms of any supplemental agreement issued.

Federal income tax requirements currently applicable to contracts used with Qualified Plans provide that the period of years guaranteed under Option A cannot be any greater than the joint life expectancies of the payee and his or her designated Beneficiary.

Option B Life Annuity without Further Payment on Death of Payee We will make monthly payments to the payee as long as he or she lives. We guarantee no minimum number of payments.

Option C Joint and Last Survivor We will provide payments monthly, quarterly, semiannually, or annually, for the payee s life and the life of the payee s spouse/joint payee. Upon the death of one payee, we will continue payments to the surviving payee. All payments stop at the death of the surviving payee.

Option D Joint and 1/2 Survivor; or Joint and 2/3 Survivor We will provide payments monthly, quarterly, semiannually, and annually for the payee s life and the life of the payee s spouse/joint payee. Upon the death of one payee, we will continue payments (reduced to 1/2 or 2/3 the full payment amount) to the surviving payee. All payments stop at the death of the surviving payee.

Option E Life Income with Cash Refund We will provide payments monthly, quarterly, semiannually, or annually for the payee s life. Upon the payee s death, we will provide a contingent payee with a lump sum payment, if the total payments to the payee were less than the accumulated value at the time of annuitization. The lump sum payment, if any, will be for the balance.

Option F Income for a Fixed Period We will provide payments monthly, quarterly, semiannually, or annually for a pre-determined period of time to a maximum of 30 years. If the payee dies before the end of the fixed period, payments will continue to a contingent payee until the end of the period.

Option G Income of a Specific Amount We will provide payments for a specific amount. Payments will stop only when the amount applied and earnings have been completely paid out. If the payee dies before receiving all the payments, we will continue payments to a contingent payee until the end of the Contract.

With Options A, B, C, and D, we offer both Fixed and/or Variable Annuity payments. With Options E, F, and G, we offer only Fixed Annuity payments. Payments under Options F and G must continue for 10 years, unless your Contract has been in force for 5 years or more.

If the payee is more than 85 years old on the Maturity Date, the following two options are not available without our consent:

Option A: Life Annuity with Payments for a Guaranteed Period for the 5 year period and

Option B: Life Annuity without Further Payment on Death of Payee.

39

IX. Federal Tax Matters

Introduction

The following discussion of the federal income tax treatment of the Contract is not exhaustive, does not purport to cover all situations, and is not intended as tax advice. The federal income tax treatment of an annuity contract is unclear in certain circumstances, and you should consult a qualified tax advisor with regard to the application of the law to your circumstances. This discussion is based on the Code, Treasury Department regulations, and Internal Revenue Service (IRS) rulings and interpretations existing on the date of this Prospectus. These authorities, however, are subject to change by Congress, the Treasury Department and judicial decisions.

This discussion does not address state or local tax consequences associated with the purchase of a Contract. The discussion also does not address the potential tax and withholding rules that might apply to a Contract held by or distributions paid to any foreign person, including any foreign financial institution, other entity or individual. Please consult with your tax advisor if there is a possibility that a Contract might be held by or payable to a foreign person. In addition, we make no guarantee regarding any tax treatment federal, state, or local of any Contract or of any transaction involving a Contract.

Our Tax Status

We are taxed as a life insurance company. Under current tax law rules, we include the investment income (exclusive of capital gains) of a Separate Account in our taxable income and take deductions for investment income credited to our policyholder reserves. We are also required to capitalize and amortize certain costs instead of deducting those costs when they are incurred. We do not currently charge a Separate Account for any resulting income tax costs. We also claim certain tax credits or deductions relating to foreign taxes paid and dividends received by the Portfolios. These benefits can be material. We do not pass these benefits through to a Separate Account, principally because: (i) the deductions and credits are allowed to the Company and not the Contract owners under applicable tax law; and (ii) the deductions and credits do not represent investment return on Separate Account assets that is passed through to Contract owners.

The Contracts permit us to deduct a charge for any taxes we incur that are attributable to the operation or existence of the Contracts or a Separate Account. Currently, we do not anticipate making a charge for such taxes. If the level of the current taxes increases, however, or is expected to increase in the future, we reserve the right to make a charge in the future. (Please note that this discussion applies to federal income tax but not to any state or local taxes.)

Special Considerations for Optional Benefits

At present, the IRS has not provided guidance as to the tax treatment of charges for optional benefits to an annuity contract. The IRS might take the position that each charge associated with these optional benefits is deemed a withdrawal from the contract subject to current income tax to the extent of any gains and, if applicable, a 10% penalty tax for premature withdrawals. We do not currently report charges for optional benefits as withdrawals, but we may do so in the future if we believe that the IRS would require us to report them as such.

If the Contract you purchased is not intended for use with a tax-qualified retirement plan or as an IRA (a Nonqualified Contract):

Any withdrawal you take ordinarily is taxable only to the extent it does not exceed gain in the Contract, if any, at the time of the withdrawal.

Under current IRS guidance, we expect to determine gain on a withdrawal using the Contract Value. See IV. Basic Information What other optional benefits may have been available to me under a Contract? for a description of the optional benefit Riders available under the Contracts. It is possible, however, that the IRS may take the position that the value of amounts guaranteed to be available in the future should also be taken into account in computing the taxable portion of a withdrawal. In that event, you may be subject to a higher amount of tax on a withdrawal.

If the Contract you purchased is intended for use with a tax-qualified retirement plan or as an IRA (a Qualified Contract):

Please see Qualified Contracts Conversions and Rollovers to Roth IRAs below for additional information on the tax impact of optional benefit Riders on a conversion to a Roth IRA.

The amount of any required minimum distributions may be increased under the requirements of your Qualified Plan if your Contract has an optional death benefit or other optional benefit Rider. See Qualified Contracts below.

You should consult a qualified tax advisor for information on any optional benefit Riders.

Charitable Remainder Trusts

This federal tax discussion does not address tax consequences of a Contract used in a charitable remainder trust. The tax consequences of charitable remainder trusts may vary depending on the particular facts and circumstances of each individual case. Additionally, the tax rules governing charitable remainder trusts, or the taxation of a Contract used with a charitable remainder trust, may be subject to

40

change by legislation, regulatory changes, judicial decrees or other means. You should consult competent legal or tax counsel regarding the tax treatment of a charitable remainder trust before purchasing a Contract for use within it.

Nonqualified Contracts

(Contracts Not Purchased to Fund an Individual Retirement Account or Other Qualified Plan)

Tax Deferral During Accumulation Period

Except where the Owner is not an individual, we expect our Contracts to be considered annuity contracts under section 72 of the Code. This means that, ordinarily, federal income tax on any gains in your Contract will be deferred until we actually make a distribution to you or you assign or pledge an interest in your Contract.

However, a Contract held by an Owner other than a natural person (for example, a corporation, partnership, limited liability company, trust, or other such entity) does not generally qualify as an annuity contract for tax purposes. Any increase in value therefore would constitute ordinary taxable income to such an Owner in the year earned. Notwithstanding this general rule, a Contract will ordinarily be treated as held by a natural person if the nominal Owner is a trust or other entity which holds the Contract as an agent for a natural person. This exception does not apply in the case of any employer which is the nominal owner of an annuity contract under a nonqualified deferred compensation arrangement for its employees.

In addition to the foregoing, if the Contract s Maturity Date occurs, or is scheduled to occur, at a time when the Annuitant is at an advanced age, such as over age 95, it is possible that the Owner will be taxable currently on the annual increase in the Contract Value.

The remainder of this discussion assumes that the Contract will constitute an annuity for federal tax purposes.

Aggregation of Contracts

In certain circumstances, the IRS may determine the portion of an annuity payment or a withdrawal from a contract that is includible in income by combining some or all of the annuity contracts owned by an individual which are not issued in connection with a Qualified Plan.

For example, if you purchase two or more deferred annuity contracts from the same insurance company (or its affiliates) during any calendar year, all such contracts will be treated as one contract for purposes of determining whether any payment not received as an annuity (including withdrawals prior to the Maturity Date) is includible in income. Thus, if during a calendar year you buy two or more of the Contracts offered by this Prospectus (which might be done, for example, in order to purchase different guarantees and/or benefits under different contracts), all of such Contracts would be treated as one Contract in determining whether withdrawals from any of such Contracts are includible in income. The IRS may also require aggregation in other circumstances and you should consult a qualified tax advisor if you own or intend to purchase more than one annuity contract.

The effects of such aggregation are not always clear and depend on the circumstances. However, aggregation could affect the amount of a withdrawal that is taxable and the amount that might be subject to the 10% penalty tax described below.

Exchanges of Annuity Contracts

We may have issued the Contract in exchange for all or part of another annuity contract that you owned. Such an exchange would be tax free if certain requirements were satisfied. If you satisfied these requirements, your investment in the Contract immediately after the exchange will generally be the same as that of the annuity contract you exchanged, increased by any Additional Purchase Payment you made as part of the exchange. Your investment in the Contract may be more, less or the same as the Contract Value immediately after the exchange. If your Contract Value exceeds your investment in the Contract, that excess represents gain in the Contract. You may have to include that gain in your gross income if you subsequently take a withdrawal or distribution from the Contract (e.g., as a partial surrender, full surrender, annuity payment, or death benefit), or are deemed to receive a distribution (e.g., through a collateral assignment) from the Contract.

In Revenue Procedure 2011-38, the IRS amended the tax rules applicable to the partial exchange of an annuity contract for another annuity contract, effective for partial exchanges that occur after October 23, 2011. If you exchange part of an existing Contract after that date, and within 180 days of the exchange you receive a payment (e.g., you make a withdrawal) from either contract, all or a portion of the amount received could be includible in your income and also subject to a 10% penalty tax. The IRS has announced that it will apply general tax principles to

determine the consequences of receiving such a payment. For example, the IRS could treat the payment as taxable only to the extent of the gain in the particular contract from which the payment was received. Alternatively, the IRS could determine that the payment was an integrated part of the exchange. In that case, the payment would be taxable to the extent of all the gain accumulated in the original Contract at the time of the partial exchange, regardless of whether the payment came from the existing Contract or from the contract received in the exchange. Application of general tax principles is dependent on the facts and circumstances of each case. However, amounts received as an annuity during the 180-day period are not subject to the new rules, provided that the annuity payments will be made for a period of at least 10 years or for a life or joint lives.

EXAMPLE: An annuity Contract had \$100,000 of Contract Value, of which \$56,000 was gain and \$44,000 was the Owner s investment in the Contract, or cost basis. After October 23, 2011, the Owner did a partial exchange of 25% of the Contract Value for a new annuity contract. Of the \$25,000 transferred to the new contract, \$14,000 represents gain and \$11,000 represents cost basis transferred from the original Contract. Two months after the partial exchange, the Owner takes a withdrawal from the new contract in the amount of \$17,000. If the IRS treats the withdrawal as a distribution from the new contract, only \$14,000 will be taxable as a distribution of income (\$25,000 of contract value \$11,000 of cost basis in the new contract). If instead the IRS determines that the withdrawal is part of the exchange, the entire \$17,000 is taxable as income because there was \$56,000 of gain in the original Contract at the time of the exchange.

You should consult with your own qualified tax advisor in connection with an exchange of all or part of a Contract for another annuity contract, especially if you make a withdrawal from either contract within 180 days after the exchange. The date a partial exchange occurs will be a factor in determining the tax treatment of subsequent withdrawals and other distributions from the Contract.

Loss of Interest Deduction Where Contracts are Held by or for the Benefit of Certain Non-Natural Persons

In the case of Contracts issued after June 8, 1997 to a non-natural taxpayer (such as a corporation or a trust), or held for the benefit of such an entity, a portion of otherwise deductible interest may not be deductible by the entity, regardless of whether the interest relates to debt used to purchase or carry the Contract. However, this interest deduction disallowance does not affect Contracts where the income on such Contracts is treated as ordinary income that is received or accrued by the Owner during the taxable year. Entities that have purchased the Contract, or entities that will be beneficiaries under the Contract, should consult a qualified tax advisor.

Taxation of Annuity Payments

When we make payments under a Contract in the form of an annuity, normally a portion of each annuity payment is taxable as ordinary income. The taxable portion of an annuity payment is equal to the excess of the payment over the *exclusion amount*.

In the case of variable annuity payments, the exclusion amount is the investment in the Contract when payments begin to be made divided by the number of payments expected to be made (taking into account the Annuitant's life expectancy and the form of annuity benefit selected). In the case of Fixed Annuity payments, the exclusion amount is based on the investment in the Contract and the total expected value of Fixed Annuity payments for the term of the Contract (determined under Treasury Department regulations). In general, your investment in the Contract equals the aggregate amount of premium payments you have made over the life of the Contract, reduced by any amounts previously distributed from the Contract that were not subject to income tax. (A simplified method of determining the taxable portion of annuity payments applies to Contracts issued in connection with certain Qualified Plans other than IRAs.)

Once you have recovered your total investment in the Contract tax free, further annuity payments will be fully taxable. If annuity payments cease because the Annuitant dies before all of the investment in the Contract is recovered, the unrecovered amount generally will be allowed as a deduction on the Annuitant s last tax return or, if there is a beneficiary entitled to receive further payments, will be distributed to the Beneficiary as described more fully below under Taxation of Death Benefit Proceeds.

Effective January 1, 2011, section 72(a)(2) of the Code permits partial annuitization of an annuity contract and specifies that the cost basis, or investment in the contract, be allocated pro rata between the portion of the contract being annuitized and the portion of the contract remaining deferred. Currently, we do not permit you to apply any amount less than your entire Contract Value to the Annuity Options available under your Contract. Accordingly, any portion of your Contract that you withdraw to be annuitized will be reported to the IRS as a taxable distribution unless you transfer it into another contract (issued by John Hancock or by another company) in a partial exchange conforming to the rules of section 1035 of the Code and Rev. Proc. 2011-38. Any such withdrawal, whether carried out as a tax-deferred partial exchange or as a taxable withdrawal, will be subject to withdrawal charges.

Surrenders, Withdrawals and Death Benefits

When we make a single sum payment consisting of the entire value of your Contract, you have ordinary taxable income to the extent the payment exceeds your investment in the Contract (discussed above). Such a single sum payment can occur, for example, if you surrender your Contract before the Maturity Date or if no extended payment option is selected for a death benefit payment.

When you take a withdrawal from a Contract before the Maturity Date, including a payment under a systematic withdrawal plan or guaranteed minimum withdrawal benefit, all or part of the payment may constitute taxable ordinary income to you. If, on the date of withdrawal, the total value of your Contract exceeds the investment in the Contract, the excess will be considered gain and the withdrawal will be taxable as ordinary income up to the amount of such gain. Taxable withdrawals may also be subject to a penalty tax for premature withdrawals as explained below.

When there is no gain included in the Contract s value and only the investment in the Contract remains, any subsequent withdrawal made before the Maturity Date will be a tax-free return of investment, until you have recovered your entire investment in the Contract. If you assign or pledge any part of your Contract s value, the value so pledged or assigned is taxed the same way as if it were a withdrawal.

As mentioned above, amounts received in either a withdrawal or full surrender are taxable to the extent that the Contract Value exceeds the investment in the Contract. There is some uncertainty regarding the effect a Fixed Investment Option s market value

42

Table of Contents

adjustment might have on the amount treated as Contract Value for this purpose. As a result, the taxable portion of amounts received in either a withdrawal or full surrender could be greater or less depending on how the market value adjustment is treated.

For purposes of determining the amount of taxable income resulting from a single sum payment or a withdrawal, all nonqualified annuity contracts issued by us or our affiliates to the Owner within the same calendar year will be treated as if they were a single contract.

There may be special income tax issues present in situations where the Owner and the Annuitant are not the same person and are not married to each other. A qualified tax advisor should be consulted in those situations.

Taxation of Death Benefit Proceeds

All or part of *any* death benefit proceeds may constitute a taxable payout of earnings. A death benefit payment generally results in taxable ordinary income to the extent of gain in the Contract.

Amounts may be distributed from a Contract because of the death of an Owner or the Annuitant. During the Accumulation Period, death benefit proceeds are includible in income as follows:

if distributed in a single sum payment under our current administrative procedures, they are taxed in the same manner as a full withdrawal, as described above; or

if distributed under an Annuity Option, they are taxed in the same manner as annuity payments, as described above; or

if distributed as a series of withdrawals over the Beneficiary s life expectancy, they are taxable to the extent there is gain in the Contract.

After a Contract matures and annuity payments begin, if the Contract guarantees payments for a stated period and the Owner dies before the end of that period, payments made to the Beneficiary for the remainder of that period are includible in the Beneficiary s income as follows:

if received in a single sum under our current administrative procedures, they are includible in income to the extent that they exceed the unrecovered investment in the Contract at that time; or

if distributed in accordance with an existing Annuity Option other than a Period Certain Only Annuity Option, they are fully excludible from income until the remaining investment in the Contract has been recovered, and all annuity benefit payments thereafter are fully includible in income; or

if distributed in accordance with an existing Period Certain Only Annuity Option, the payments are taxed the same as the annuity payments made before death. A portion of each annuity payment is includible in income and the remainder is excluded from income as a return of the investment in the Contract.

Penalty Tax on Premature Distributions

There is a 10% penalty tax on the taxable portion of any payment from a Nonqualified Contract. Exceptions to this penalty tax include distributions:

received on or after the date on which the Contract Owner reaches age 59 1/2;

attributable to the Contract Owner becoming disabled (as defined in the tax law);

made to a Beneficiary on or after the death of the Contract Owner or, if the Contract Owner is not an individual, on or after the death of an Annuitant;

made as a series of substantially equal periodic payments for the life (or life expectancy) of the Owner or for the joint lives (or joint life expectancies) of the Owner and designated individual Beneficiary;*

made under a single-premium immediate annuity contract; or

made with respect to certain annuities issued in connection with structured settlement agreements.

* You may be subject to a retroactive application of the penalty tax, plus interest, if you begin taking a series of substantially equal periodic payments (Life Expectancy Distribution) and then modify the payment pattern (other than by reason of death or disability) before the **later** of your turning age 59 ½ and the passage of five years after the date of the first payment.

Diversification Requirements

Your Contract will not qualify for the tax benefits of an annuity contract unless the Separate Account follows certain rules requiring diversification of investments underlying the Contract. In addition, the rules require that the Contract Owner not have investment control over the underlying assets.

In certain circumstances, the owner of a variable annuity contract may be considered the owner, for federal income tax purposes, of the assets of the separate account used to support the contract. In those circumstances, income and gains from the separate account assets would be includible in the Contract Owner s gross income. The IRS has stated in published rulings that a variable contract owner will be considered the owner of separate account assets if the contract owner possesses incidents of ownership in those assets, such as the ability to exercise investment control over the assets. A Treasury Decision issued in 1986 stated that guidance would be issued in the form of regulations or rulings on the extent to which Policyholders may direct their investments to particular

43

subaccounts of a separate account without being treated as owners of the underlying assets. As of the date of this Prospectus, no comprehensive guidance on this point has been issued. In Rev. Rul. 2003-91, however, the IRS ruled that a contract holder would not be treated as the owner of assets underlying a variable annuity contract despite the owner s ability to allocate funds among as many as twenty subaccounts.

The ownership rights under your Contract are similar to, but different in certain respects from, those described in IRS rulings in which the IRS determined that contract owners were not owners of separate account assets. It is *possible* that you would be treated as the owner of your Contract s proportionate share of the assets of the Separate Account since the Contract provides greater flexibility in allocating premiums and contract values than those annuity contracts described in the rulings.

We do not know what future Treasury Department regulations or other guidance may require. We cannot guarantee that an underlying Portfolio will be able to operate as currently described in its prospectus, or that a Portfolio will not have to change any of its investment objectives or policies. We have reserved the right to modify your Contract if we believe doing so will prevent you from being considered the owner of your Contract s proportionate share of the assets of the Separate Account, but we are under no obligation to do so.

Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010

On March 30, 2010, President Barack Obama signed the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010 (the Act) into law. The Act contains provisions for a new Medicare tax to be imposed at a maximum rate of 3.8% in taxable years beginning in 2013. The tax will be imposed on an amount equal to the lesser of (a) net investment income or (b) the excess of the taxpayer s modified adjusted gross income over a specified income threshold (\$250,000 for married couples filing jointly, \$125,000 for married couples filing separately, and \$200,000 for everyone else). Net investment income, for these purposes, includes the excess (if any) of gross income from annuities, interest, dividends, royalties and rents, and certain net gain, over allowable deductions, as such terms are defined in the Act or as may be defined in future Treasury Regulations or IRS guidance. The term net investment income does not include any distribution from a plan or arrangement described in Code section 401(a), 403(a), 403(b), 408 (i.e., IRAs), 408A (i.e., Roth IRAs) or 457(b).

You should consult a qualified tax advisor for further information about the impact of the Act on your individual circumstances.

Puerto Rico Nonqualified Contracts

If you are a resident of Puerto Rico, you should consult a qualified tax adviser. Distributions from Puerto Rico annuity contracts issued by us are subject to federal income taxation, withholding and reporting requirements as well as Puerto Rico tax laws. Both jurisdictions impose a tax on distributions. Under federal requirements, distributions are deemed to be income first. Under the Puerto Rico tax laws, however, distributions from a Contract not purchased to fund a Qualified Plan (Nonqualified Contract) are generally treated as a nontaxable return of principal until the principal is fully recovered. Thereafter, all distributions under a Nonqualified Contact are fully taxable. Puerto Rico does not currently impose a penalty tax on premature distributions from a Nonqualified Contract. The Code, however, does impose such a penalty and bases it on the amount that is taxable under federal rules.

Distributions under a Nonqualified Contract after annuitization are treated as part taxable income and part nontaxable return of principal. After annuitization, the annual amount excluded from gross income under Puerto Rico tax law is equal to the amount of the distribution in excess of 3% of the total Purchase Payments paid, until an amount equal to the total Purchase Payments paid has been excluded. Thereafter, the entire distribution from a Nonqualified Contract is included in gross income. For federal income tax purposes, however, the portion of each annuity payment that is subject to tax is computed on the basis of investment in the Contract and the Annuitant s life expectancy. Generally Puerto Rico does not require income tax to be withheld from distributions of income from Nonqualified Contracts. Although Puerto Rico allows a credit against its income tax for taxes paid to the federal government, you may not be able to use the credit fully.

Qualified Contracts

(Contracts Purchased to Fund an Individual Retirement Account or Other Qualified Plan)

You may have purchased a Contract for use in connection with certain types of retirement plans that receive favorable treatment under the Code (Qualified Plans). If so, numerous special tax rules apply to the participants in Qualified Plans and to the Contracts used in connection with these plans. We provide a brief description of types of Qualified Plans in Appendix E of this Prospectus and in the SAI, but make no attempt to provide more than general information in this Prospectus and the SAI about use of the Contracts with the various types of Qualified Plans. We have discontinued making new Contracts available to any Qualified Plan. If you intend to maintain a Contract for use in connection with a Qualified Plan you should consult a qualified tax advisor.

In the case of a Contract held by the trustee of a Qualified Plan, references to the Owner in the discussion below should be read to mean the employee named as the Annuitant on the Contract.

We have no responsibility for determining whether a particular retirement plan or a particular contribution to the plan satisfies the applicable requirements of the Code, or whether a particular employee is eligible for inclusion under a plan. In general, the Code

44

imposes limitations on the amount of annual compensation that can be contributed into a Qualified Plan and contains rules to limit the amount you can contribute to all of your Qualified Plans. Trustees and administrators of Qualified Plans may, however, generally invest and reinvest existing plan assets without regard to such Code imposed limitations on contributions. Certain distributions from Qualified Plans may be transferred directly to another plan, unless funds are added from other sources, without regard to such limitations.

The tax rules applicable to Qualified Plans vary according to the type of plan and the terms and conditions of the plan itself. For example, for both withdrawals and annuity benefit payments under certain Qualified Contracts, there may be no investment in the Contract and the total amount received may be taxable. Also, loans from Qualified Contracts intended for use under retirement plans qualified under section 403(b) of the Code, where allowed, are subject to a variety of limitations, including restrictions as to the amount that may be borrowed, the duration of the loan, and the manner in which the loan must be repaid. (You should always consult your tax adviser and retirement plan fiduciary prior to exercising your loan privileges.) Both the amount of the contribution that may be made and the tax deduction or exclusion that you may claim for that contribution are limited under Qualified Plans. Under the tax rules, the Owner and the Annuitant may *not* be different individuals if a Contract is used in connection with a Qualified Plan. If a co-Annuitant is named, all distributions made while the Annuitant is alive must be made to the Annuitant. Also, if a co-Annuitant is named who is not the Annuitant as spouse, the Annuity Options which are available may be limited, depending on the difference in ages between the Annuitant and co-Annuitant. Additionally, for Contracts issued in connection with Qualified Plans subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA), the spouse or ex-spouse of the Owner will have rights in the Contract. In such a case, the Owner may need the consent of the spouse or ex-spouse to change Annuity Options or make a withdrawal from the Contract.

Required Minimum Distributions

Treasury Department regulations prescribe required minimum distribution (RMD) rules governing the time at which distributions to the Owner and beneficiaries must commence and the form in which the distributions must be paid. These special rules may also require the length of any guarantee period to be limited. They also affect the restrictions that the Owner may impose on the timing and manner of payment of death benefits to beneficiaries or the period of time over which a Beneficiary may extend payment of the death benefits under the Contract. In addition, the presence of the death benefit or a benefit provided under an optional rider may affect the amount of the required minimum distributions that must be made under the Contract. Failure to comply with RMD requirements will result in the imposition of an excise tax, generally 50% of the amount by which the amount required to be distributed exceeds the actual distribution. In the case of IRAs (other than Roth IRAs), distributions of minimum amounts (as specified in the tax law) to the Owner must generally commence by April 1 of the calendar year following the calendar year in which the Owner turns age 70 ½. In the case of certain other Qualified Plans, such distributions of such minimum amounts must generally commence by the later of this date or April 1 of the calendar year following the calendar year in which the employee retires from the employer who sponsored the Qualified Plan. Distributions made under certain Qualified Plans, including IRAs and Roth IRAs, after the Owner s death must also comply with RMD requirements, and different rules governing the timing and the manner of payments apply, depending on whether the designated Beneficiary is an individual and, if so, the Owner s spouse, or an individual other than the Owner s spouse. If you wish to impose restrictions on the timing and manner of payment of death benefits to your designated beneficiaries or if your Beneficiary wishes to extend over a period of time the payment of the death benefits under

Penalty Tax on Premature Distributions

A 10% penalty tax may be imposed on the taxable amount of any payment from certain Qualified Contracts (but not section 457 plans). (The amount of the penalty tax is 25% of the taxable amount of any payment received from a SIMPLE retirement account during the 2-year period beginning on the date the individual first participated in any qualified salary reduction arrangement maintained by the individual s employer.) There are exceptions to this penalty tax which vary depending on the type of Qualified Plan. In the case of an Individual Retirement Annuity or an IRA, including a SIMPLE IRA, the penalty tax does not apply to a payment:

received on or after the date on which the Contract Owner reaches age 59 ¹/2;

received on or after the Owner s death or because of the Owner s disability (as defined in the tax law); or

made as a series of substantially equal periodic payments (not less frequently than annually) for the life (or life expectancy) of the Owner or for the joint lives (or joint life expectancies) of the Owner and designated beneficiary (as defined in the tax law).

You may be subject to a retroactive application of the penalty tax, plus interest, if you begin taking a series of substantially equal periodic payments and then modify the payment pattern (other than by reason of death or disability) before the **later** of your turning age 59 ½ and the passage of five years after the date of the first payment.

These exceptions, as well as certain others not described herein, generally apply to taxable distributions from other Qualified Plans (although, in the case of plans qualified under sections 401 and 403 of the Code, the exception for substantially equal periodic payments applies only if the Owner has separated from service). In addition, the penalty tax does not apply to certain distributions from IRAs that are used for first time home purchases or for higher education expenses, or to distributions made to certain eligible individuals called to active duty after September 11, 2001. Special conditions must be met to qualify for these three exceptions to the penalty tax. If you wish to take a distribution from an IRA for these purposes, you should consult your own qualified tax advisor.

45

When we issue a Contract in connection with a Qualified Plan, we will amend the Contract as necessary to conform to the requirements of the plan. However, your rights to any benefits under the plan may be subject to the terms and conditions of the plan itself, regardless of the terms and conditions of the Contracts. We will not be bound by terms and conditions of Qualified Plans to the extent those terms and conditions contradict a Contract, unless we consent.

Rollovers and Transfers

If permitted under your plan, you may make a distribution:

from a traditional IRA and make a tax-free rollover to another traditional IRA;

from a traditional IRA and make a tax-free rollover to a retirement plan qualified under sections 401(a), 403(a), or 403(b) of the Code or a governmental deferred compensation plan described in section 457(b) of the Code;

from any Qualified Plan (other than a section 457 deferred compensation plan maintained by a tax-exempt organization) and make a tax-free rollover to a traditional IRA; or

from a retirement plan qualified under sections 401(a), 403(a), or 403(b) of the Code or a governmental deferred compensation plan described in section 457(b) of the Code and make a tax-free rollover to any such plans.

In addition, if your spouse is your designated Beneficiary and survives you, he or she is permitted to take a distribution from your tax-qualified retirement account and make a tax-free rollover to another tax-qualified retirement account in which your surviving spouse participates, to the extent permitted by your surviving spouse s plan. A beneficiary who is not your surviving spouse may, if permitted by the plan, make a direct transfer to a traditional IRA of the amount otherwise distributable to him or her upon your death under a Contract that is held as part of a retirement plan described in sections 401(a), 403(a), or 403(b) of the Code or a governmental deferred compensation plan described in section 457(b) of the Code. The IRA is treated as an inherited IRA of the non-spouse beneficiary. A beneficiary who is not your spouse may also make a direct transfer to an inherited IRA of the amount otherwise distributable to him or her under a Contract which is a traditional IRA.

You may also make a taxable rollover from a traditional IRA to a Roth IRA. In addition, distributions from a retirement plan described in sections 401(a), 403(a), or 403(b) of the Code or a governmental deferred compensation plan described in section 457(b) of the Code may be rolled over directly to a Roth IRA. This type of rollover is taxable. You may make a tax-free rollover to a Roth IRA from a Roth IRA or from a Roth account in a retirement plan described in section 401(a) or section 403(b) of the Code or a governmental deferred compensation plan described in section 457(b) of the Code.

Although we may have allowed a beneficiary of an IRA who was eligible to roll the IRA over to a Contract as a traditional or Roth IRA to do so, we did not allow such an IRA beneficiary to purchase any of our optional benefit Riders on that Contract.

In lieu of taking a distribution from your plan (including a section 457 deferred compensation plan maintained by a tax-exempt organization), your plan may permit you to make a direct trustee-to-trustee transfer of plan assets.

Withholding on Eligible Rollover Distributions

Eligible rollover distributions from a retirement plan that is qualified under sections 401(a), 403(a), or 403(b) of the Code, or from a governmental deferred compensation plan described in section 457(b) of the Code are subject to mandatory withholding. An eligible rollover distribution generally is any taxable distribution from such plans except (i) minimum distributions required under section 401(a)(9) of the Code, (ii) certain distributions for life, life expectancy, or for 10 years or more which are part of a series of substantially equal periodic payments, and (iii) if applicable, certain hardship withdrawals.

Federal income tax of 20% will be withheld from an eligible rollover distribution. The withholding is mandatory and you cannot elect to have it not apply. This 20% withholding will not apply, however, if instead of receiving the eligible rollover distribution, you choose to have it directly transferred to an eligible retirement plan, including a traditional IRA, or to a Roth IRA.

If you take a distribution from a Qualified Contract, we may have to withhold a portion of the distribution and remit it to the IRS. The amount we may be required to withhold can be up to 20% of the taxable portion of your distribution. We treat any amount we withhold as a withdrawal from your Contract, which could result in a reduction of the guarantees and benefits that you may have purchased under an optional benefits Rider to your Contract. Please read What other optional benefits may have been available to me under a Contract? in IV. Basic Information earlier in this Prospectus for information about the impact of withdrawals on optional benefit Riders.

We do not need to withhold any amounts if you provide us with information, on the forms we require for this purpose, that you wish to assign a Qualified Contract and/or transfer amounts from that Contract directly to another Qualified Plan. Similarly, if you wish to make Additional Purchase Payments to a Qualified Contract, you may find it advantageous to instruct your existing retirement plan to transfer amounts directly to us in lieu of making a distribution to you. You should seek independent tax advice if you maintain a Contract for use with a Qualified Plan.

46

Conversions and Rollovers to Roth IRAs

You can convert a traditional IRA to a Roth IRA or directly roll over distributions from a retirement plan described in sections 401(a), 403(a), or 403(b) of the Code or a governmental deferred compensation plan described in section 457(b) of the Code to a Roth IRA. The Roth IRA annual contribution limit does not apply to converted or rollover amounts.

You must, however, pay tax on any portion of the converted or rollover amount that would have been taxed if you had not converted or rolled over to a Roth IRA. No similar limitations apply to rollovers to one Roth IRA from another Roth IRA or from a Roth account in a retirement plan described in section 401(a) or section 403(b) of the Code or a governmental deferred compensation plan described in section 457(b) of the Code. Please note that the amount deemed to be the converted amount for tax purposes may be higher than the Contract Value because of the deemed value of guarantees.

If you convert a Contract issued as a traditional IRA (or other type of Qualified Contract, if permitted under your plan) to a Roth IRA, or instruct us to transfer a rollover amount from a Qualified Contract to a Roth IRA, you may instruct us to not withhold any of the conversion for taxes and remittance to the IRS. A direct rollover or conversion is not subject to mandatory tax withholding, even if the distribution is includible in gross income. If you instruct us to withhold for taxes when converting an existing Contract to a Roth IRA, we will treat any amount we withhold as a withdrawal from your Contract, which could result in a reduction of the guarantees and benefits you may have purchased under an optional benefits Rider to your Contract. Please read What other optional benefits may have been available to me under a Contract? in IV. Basic Information earlier in this Prospectus for information about the impact of withdrawals on optional benefit Riders.

Current tax law no longer imposes a restriction, based on adjusted gross income, on a taxpayer s ability to convert a traditional IRA or other qualified retirement account to a Roth IRA. Accordingly, taxpayers with more than \$100,000 of adjusted gross income may now convert such assets to a Roth IRA. However, an early distribution penalty tax may apply if amounts converted to a Roth IRA are distributed within the 5-taxable year period beginning in the year the conversion is made. Generally, the amount converted to a Roth IRA is included in ordinary income for the year in which the account was converted. Given the taxation of Roth IRA conversions and the potential for an early distribution penalty tax, you should consider the resources that you have available, other than your retirement plan assets, for paying any taxes that would become due the year of any such conversion or a subsequent year. You should seek independent qualified tax advice if you intend to use the Contract in connection with a Roth IRA.

Section 403(b) Plans

Section 403(b) of the Code permits public school employees and employees of certain types of tax-exempt organizations to have their employers purchase annuity contracts for them and, subject to certain limitations, to exclude the Purchase Payments from gross income for tax purposes. If you purchased a Contract for use in a retirement plan intended to qualify under Section 403(b) of the Code (a Section 403(b) Plan or a 403(b) Plan), we may restrict your ability to make Additional Purchase Payments unless (a) we receive the Additional Purchase Payment directly from the Section 403(b) Plan through your employer, the Plan s administrator, the Plan s sponsor or in the form of a transfer acceptable to us; (b) we have entered into an agreement with your Section 403(b) Plan concerning the sharing of information related to your Contract (an Information Sharing Agreement); and (c) unless contained in the Information Sharing Agreement, we have received a written determination by your employer, the Plan administrator or the Plan sponsor of your Section 403(b) Plan that the plan qualifies under section 403(b) of the Code and complies with applicable Treasury Department regulations (a Certificate of Compliance) (Information Sharing Agreement and Certificate of Compliance, together, the Required Documentation).

We may accept, reject or modify any of the terms of a proposed Information Sharing Agreement presented to us, and make no representation that we will enter into an Information Sharing Agreement with your Section 403(b) Plan.

In the event that we do not receive the Required Documentation and you nonetheless direct us to accept a Purchase Payment involving a rollover transfer of funds, the transfer may be treated as a taxable transaction.

Loans

You may be eligible for a loan of some or all of your Contract Value if we issued your Contract in connection with a section 403(b) retirement arrangement that is not subject to Title 1 of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA).

Loans are subject to the Code, Treasury regulations, IRS rulings, and our procedures in effect at the time you apply for a loan. Because the rules governing loans under section 403(b) Contracts are complicated, you should consult your tax adviser before exercising any loan privilege for

which you are eligible. Failure to meet the requirements for loans may result in adverse income tax consequences to you. The loan agreement you sign will describe the restrictions and limitations applicable to the loan at the time you apply.

Federal tax law generally requires loans to be repaid within 5 years (except in cases where the loan was used to acquire the principal residence of a plan participant), with repayments made at least quarterly and in level payments over the term of the loan. Interest will be charged on your Loan Amount. Failure to make a loan repayment when due will result in adverse income tax consequences to you.

47

Table of Contents

We deduct the amount of any Unpaid Loans from the death benefit otherwise payable under the Contract. In addition, loans, whether or not repaid, will have a permanent effect on the Contract Value because the investment results of the Investment Accounts will apply only to the unborrowed portion of the Contract Value. The longer a loan is unpaid, the greater the effect is likely to be. The effect could be favorable or unfavorable.

If you are considering making a rollover transfer from a retirement plan described in section 403(b) of the Code to a traditional IRA or a Roth IRA, you should consult with a qualified tax advisor regarding possible tax consequences. If you have a loan outstanding under the Section 403(b) Plan, the transfer may subject you to income taxation on the amount of the loan balance.

Please see Appendix E: Qualified Plan Types or request a copy of the SAI from the Annuities Service Center for more detailed information regarding Section 403(b) Plans.

Puerto Rico Contracts Issued to Fund Retirement Plans

The tax laws of Puerto Rico vary significantly from the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of the United States that are applicable to various Qualified Plans. Although we may offer variable annuity contracts in Puerto Rico in connection with Puerto Rica tax qualified retirement plans, the text of this Prospectus addresses federal tax law only and is inapplicable to the tax laws of Puerto Rico.

Designated Roth Accounts within Qualified Plans

The Small Business Jobs Act of 2010 authorizes: (1) participants in 457(b) plans to contribute deferred amounts to designated Roth accounts within their 457(b) plan; and (2) participants in 401(k), 403(b) and certain other plans to roll over qualified distributions into a designated Roth account within their plans, *if allowed by their plans*. The Contract, however, was not designed to separately account for any Contract Value in a single Contract that is split between Roth and non-Roth accounts, *even if your 401(k) Plan, 403(b) Plan or 457 Plan allows you to split your account*. If your plan allows it, and you split your Contract Value into Roth and non-Roth accounts, you or your plan administrator (in the case of 401(k) Plans) will be responsible for the accounting of your Contract Value for tax purposes: calculating withholding, income tax reporting, and verifying Required Minimum Distributions made under our Life Expectancy Distribution program. We are not responsible for the calculations of any service provider that you may use to split Contract Value between Roth and non-Roth accounts. We will deny any request that would create such a split.

See Your Own Tax Advisor

The foregoing description of federal income tax topics and issues is only a brief summary and is not intended as tax advice. It does not include a discussion of federal estate and gift tax or state tax consequences. The rules under the Code governing Qualified Plans are extremely complex and often difficult to understand. Changes to the tax laws may be enforced retroactively. Anything less than full compliance with the applicable rules, all of which are subject to change from time to time, can have adverse tax consequences. The taxation of an Annuitant or other payee has become so complex and confusing that great care must be taken to avoid pitfalls. For further information you should always consult a qualified tax advisor.

48

X. Other Information

Assignment; Change of Owner or Beneficiary

To qualify for favorable tax treatment, certain Contracts can t be sold, assigned, discounted, or pledged as collateral for a loan, as security for the performance of an obligation, or for any other purpose, unless the Owner is a trustee under section 401(a) of the Code.

Subject to these limits, while the Annuitant is alive, you may designate someone else as the Owner by written notice to the Annuities Service Center. You chose the Beneficiary in the application for the Contract. You may change the Beneficiary by written notice no later than receipt of due proof of the death of the Annuitant. Changes of Owner or Beneficiary will take effect when we receive them, whether or not you or the Annuitant is then alive. However, these changes are subject to:

the rights of any assignees of record; and

certain other conditions referenced in the Contract.

An assignment, pledge, or other transfer may be a taxable event. See IX. Federal Tax Matters above. Therefore, you should consult a competent tax advisor before taking any such action.

Beneficiary

The Beneficiary is the person, persons or entity designated in the Contract specifications page (or as subsequently changed). However, if there is a surviving Contract Owner, we will treat that person as the Beneficiary. You may change the Beneficiary subject to the rights of any irrevocable Beneficiary. You must make any change in writing and the change must be received at our Annuities Service Center. We must approve any change. If approved, we will effect such change as of the date on which it was written. We assume no liability for any payments made or actions taken before the change is approved. If no Beneficiary is living, any designated Contingent Beneficiary will be the Beneficiary. The interest of any Beneficiary is subject to that of any assignee. If no Beneficiary or Contingent Beneficiary is living, the Beneficiary is the estate of the deceased Contract Owner. In the case of certain Qualified Contracts, Treasury Department regulations may limit designations of Beneficiaries.

Spouse

Federal Definition of Spouse. Any federal tax provisions related to status as a spouse are governed by the federal Defense of Marriage Act (DOMA), which does not recognize civil unions or same-sex marriages that may be allowed under state law. Please consult with your own qualified tax advisor for information on how federal tax rules may affect Contracts where civil union or same-sex marriage partners, either singularly or jointly own the Contract, or are designated Annuitant(s), Beneficiary(ies) and/or Covered Person(s).

State Variations. Some states require that civil union and same-sex marriage partners receive the same contractual benefits as spouses who fall within the DOMA definition. To see a table of states with such a requirement, you may request an SAI from the Annuities Service Center. You should consult with a qualified financial advisor for additional information on your state s regulations regarding civil unions and same-sex marriages.

Code Section 72(s)

In order for our Nonqualified Contracts (i.e., Contracts not purchased to fund an IRA or other Qualified Plan) to be treated as annuities under the Code, we will interpret the provisions of the Contract so as to comply with the requirements of section 72(s) of the Code, which prescribes certain required provisions governing distributions after the death of the Owner.

Performance Information

We may advertise total return information about investments made in the Variable Investment Options. We refer to this information as Separate Account level performance. In our Separate Account level advertisements, we usually calculate total return for 1, 5, and 10 year periods or since the beginning of the applicable Variable Investment Option.

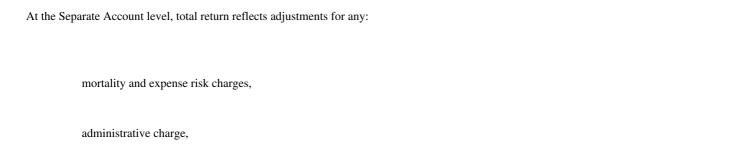
Total return at the Separate Account level is the percentage change between:

the value of a hypothetical investment in a Variable Investment Option at the beginning of the relevant period; and

the value at the end of such period.

49

annual Contract fee, and



withdrawal charge payable if the Owner surrenders his Contract at the end of the relevant period.

Total return at the Separate Account level does not, however, reflect any premium tax charges or any charges for optional benefit Riders. Total return at the Separate Account level will be lower than that at the Trust level where comparable charges are not deducted.

We may also advertise total return in a non-standard format in conjunction with the standard format described above. The non-standard format is generally the same as the standard format except that it will not reflect any Contract fee or withdrawal charge and it may be for additional durations.

We may advertise current yield and effective yield for investments in the Money Market Investment Option. *Current yield* refers to the income earned on your investment in the Money Market Investment Option over a 7-day period and then annualized. In other words, the income earned in the period is assumed to be earned every 7 days over a 52-week period and stated as a percentage of the investment.

Effective yield is calculated in a similar manner but, when annualized, the income earned by your investment is assumed to be reinvested and thus compounded over the 52-week period. Effective yield will be slightly higher than current yield because of this compounding effect of reinvestment.

Current yield and effective yield reflect all the recurring charges at the Separate Account level, but will not reflect any premium tax, any withdrawal charge, if applicable, or any charge for optional benefit Riders.

Reports

At least annually, we will send you (1) a report showing the number and value of the accumulation units in your Contract and (2) the financial statements of the Portfolios.

Voting Privileges

At meetings of the Portfolios shareholders, we will generally vote all the shares of each Portfolio that we hold in the Separate Account in accordance with timely instructions we receive from the Owners of Contracts that participate in the corresponding Variable Investment Option.

Changes to the Separate Account

We reserve the right, subject to applicable law, including any required shareholder approval:

to transfer assets from the Separate Account to another Separate Account or Investment Option by withdrawing the same percentage of each investment in the Separate Account with proper adjustments to avoid odd lots and fractions;

to add or delete Variable Investment Options;

to change the underlying investment vehicles;

to operate the Separate Account in any form permitted by law; and

to terminate the Separate Account s registration under the 1940 Act, if such registration should no longer be legally required. Unless otherwise required under applicable laws and regulations, notice to or approval of Owners will not be necessary for us to make such changes.

Variations in Charges or Rates for Eligible Classes

We may have allowed a reduction in or the elimination of any Contract charges, or an increase in a credited interest rate for a Fixed Investment Option. The affected Contracts would have involved sales to groups or classes of individuals under special circumstances that we expected to result in a reduction in our expenses associated with the sale or maintenance of the Contracts, or that we expected to result in mortality or other risks that were different from those normally associated with the Contracts.

50

The entitlement to such variation in charges or rates would have been determined by us based upon such factors as the following:

the size of the initial Purchase Payment;

the size of the group or class;

the total amount of Purchase Payments expected to be received from the group or class and the manner in which the Purchase Payments were to be remitted;

the nature of the group or class for which the Contracts were being purchased and the persistency expected from that group or class as well as the mortality or morbidity risks associated with that group or class;

the purpose for which the Contracts were being purchased and whether that purpose made it likely that the costs and expenses would be reduced; or

the level of commissions paid to selling broker-dealers or certain financial institutions with respect to Contracts within the same group or class.

We made any reduction in charges or increase in initial guarantee rates according to our rules in effect at the time an application for a Contract was approved. We reserve the right to change these rules from time to time. Any variation in charges, rates, or fees reflects differences in costs and services, applies uniformly to all prospective Contract purchasers in the group or class, and is not unfairly discriminatory to the interests of any Owner.

Distribution of Contracts

John Hancock Distributors, LLC (JH Distributors), a Delaware limited liability company and an affiliate of ours, is the principal underwriter and distributor of the Contract interests offered by this Prospectus and of other annuity and life insurance products we and our affiliates offer. JH Distributors also acts as the principal underwriter of John Hancock Variable Insurance Trust, whose securities are used to fund certain Variable Investment Options under the Contract and under other annuity and life insurance products we offer.

JH Distributors principal address is 200 Bloor Street East, Toronto, Canada M4W 1E5. It also maintains offices with us at 601 Congress Street, Boston, Massachusetts 02210. JH Distributors is a broker-dealer registered under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the 1934 Act) and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA).

We offered the Contract for sale through broker-dealers that entered into selling agreements for the sale of the Contracts. Broker-dealers sold the Contract through their registered representatives who were appointed by us to act as our insurance agents. Signator Investors, Inc. (Signator), a subsidiary of ours, or any of its affiliates that is registered under the 1934 Act and a member of FINRA, may also have offered the Contract.

JH Distributors may continue to pay compensation to broker-dealers in connection with the promotion, sale and servicing of the Contracts. In turn, the broker-dealers pay a portion of the compensation to their registered representatives, under their own arrangements. We may also reimburse Signator for direct and indirect expenses actually incurred in connection with the distribution of these Contracts.

Signator representatives may have received additional cash or non-cash incentives (including expenses for conference or seminar trips and certain gifts) in connection with the sale of Contracts issued by us. From time to time, Signator, at its expense, may also have provided significant additional amounts to broker dealers or other financial services firms which sold or arranged for the sale of the Contracts. Such compensation may have included, for example, financial assistance to financial services firms in connection with their conferences or seminars, sales or training programs for invited registered representatives and other employees, payment for travel expenses, including lodging, incurred by registered representatives and other employees for such seminars or training programs, seminars for the public, advertising and sales

campaigns regarding the Contracts, and/or other events or activities sponsored by the financial services firms. As a consequence of such additional compensation, representatives and financial services firms, including but not limited to Signator and its representatives, may have been motivated to sell our Contracts instead of Contracts issued by other insurance companies.

We may also continue to pay commissions or overrides to a limited number or affiliated and/or non-affiliated broker-dealers that provided marketing support and training services to the broker-dealer firms that sold and serviced the Contracts.

Transaction Confirmations

We will send you confirmation statements for certain transactions in your Investment Accounts. You should carefully review these transaction confirmations to verify their accuracy. You should report any mistakes immediately to our Annuities Service Center. If you fail to notify our Annuities Service Center of any mistake within 60 days of the delivery of the transaction confirmation, we will deem you to have ratified the transaction. We encourage you to register for electronic delivery of your transaction confirmations. Please contact the John Hancock Annuities Service Center at the applicable telephone number or Internet address shown on the first page of this Prospectus for more information on electronic transactions.

51

Statement of Additional Information

Our Statement of Additional Information (SAI) provides additional information about the Contract, including the optional benefit Riders and the Separate Account, including information on our history, services provided to the Separate Account and legal and regulatory matters. We filed the SAI with the SEC on the same date as this Prospectus and incorporate it herein by reference. You may obtain a copy of the current SAI without charge by contacting us at the Annuities Service Center shown on the first page of this Prospectus. The SEC also maintains a website (http://www.sec.gov) that contains the SAI and other information about us, the Contract and the Separate Account. We list the Table of Contents of the SAI below.

JOHN HANCOCK LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY (U.S.A.) SEPARATE ACCOUNT T

(formerly JOHN HANCOCK VARIABLE ANNUITY ACCOUNT JF)

Statement of Additional Information

Table of Contents	page of SAI
General Information and History	1
Accumulation Unit Values	1
Services	1
Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	1
Servicing Agent	1
Compensation	2
State Variations Regarding Recognition of Same-Sex Couples	2
Qualified Plan Types	3
Traditional IRAs	3
Roth IRAs	3
Simple IRA Plans	4
Simplified Employee Pensions (SEP-IRAs)	4
Restrictions Under the Texas Optional Retirement Program	6
Corporate and Self-Employed (H.R. 10 and Keogh) Pension and Profit-Sharing Plans	6
Deferred Compensation Plans of State and Local Governments and Tax-Exempt Organizations	7
Calculation of Annuity Payments	7
Calculation of Annuity Units	7
Annuity Unit Values	8
Mortality Tables	8
Additional Information About Determining Unit Values	9
Net Investment Rate	9
Adjustment of Units and Values	9
Hypothetical Example Illustrating the Calculation of Accumulation Unit Values and Annuity Unit Values	9
Purchases and Redemptions of Portfolio Shares	9
The Separate Account	9
Liability for Telephone Transfers	9
Voting Privileges	10
Legal and Regulatory Matters	10
Appendix A: Audited Financial Statements	A-1
Financial Statements	

The Statement of Additional Information also contains the Company s financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, and its Separate Account financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2011 (the Financial Statements). Our Financial Statements provide information on our financial strength as of December 31, 2011, including information on our General Account assets that were available at that time to support our guarantees under the Contracts and any optional benefit Riders. The Company s General Account consists of securities and other investments, the value of which may decline during periods of adverse market conditions.

APPENDIX A: Details About Our Fixed Investment Options

Investments That Support Our Fixed Investment Options

We back our obligations under the Fixed Investment Options with John Hancock USA s general assets. Subject to applicable law, we have sole

discretion over the investment of our general assets (including those held in our non-unitized separate account that primarily supports the Investment Options). We invest these amounts in compliance with applicable state insurance laws and regulations concerning the nature and quality of our general investments.
We invest the non-unitized separate account assets, according to our detailed investment policies and guidelines, in fixed income obligations including:
corporate bonds;
mortgages;
mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities; and
government and agency issues. We invest primarily in domestic investment-grade securities. In addition, we use derivative contracts only for hedging purposes, to reduce ordinary business risks associated with changes in interest rates, and not for speculating on future changes in the financial markets. Notwithstanding the foregoing, we are not obligated to invest according to any particular strategy.
Guaranteed Interest Rates
We declare the guaranteed rates from time to time as market conditions and other factors dictate. We advise you of the guaranteed rate for a selected Fixed Investment Option at the time we:
receive your Purchase Payment;
effectuate your transfer; or
renew your Fixed Investment Option.

We have no specific formula for establishing the guaranteed rates for the Fixed Investment Options. The rates may be influenced by interest rates generally available on the types of investments acquired with amounts allocated to the Fixed Investment Option. In determining guarantee rates, we may also consider, among other factors, the duration of the Fixed Investment Option, regulatory and tax requirements, sales and administrative expenses we bear, risks we assume, our profitability objectives, and general economic trends.

Computation of Market Value Adjustment

We determine the amount of the market value adjustment by multiplying the amount being taken from the Fixed Investment Option (before any applicable withdrawal charge) by a factor expressed by the following formula:

where,

g is the guaranteed rate in effect for the current Fixed Investment Option.

c is the current guaranteed rate in effect for new Fixed Investment Options with duration equal to the number of years remaining in the current Fixed Investment Option (rounded to the nearest whole number of years). If we are not currently offering such a Fixed Investment Option, we will declare a guarantee rate, solely for this purpose, consistent with interest rates currently available.

n is the number of complete months from the date of withdrawal to the end of the current Fixed Investment Option. (If less than one complete month remains, n equals one unless the withdrawal is made on the last day of the Fixed Investment Option, in which case no adjustment applies.)

A-1

Table of Contents

SAMPLE CALCULATION 1: POSITIVE ADJUSTMENT

Amount withdrawn or transferred \$10,000 Guarantee period 5 years

Time of withdrawal or transfer beginning of 3rd year of guarantee period

Guaranteed rate (g) 4% Guaranteed rate for new 3 year guarantee (c) 3% Remaining guarantee period (n) 36 months

Market Value Adjustment:

Amount withdrawn or transferred (adjusted for market value adjustment): \$10,000 + \$145.63 = \$10,145.63

SAMPLE CALCULATION 2: NEGATIVE ADJUSTMENT

Amount withdrawn or transferred \$10,000 Guarantee period 5 years

Time of withdrawal or transfer beginning of 3rd year of guarantee period

Guaranteed rate (g) 4% Guaranteed rate for new 3 year guarantee (c) 5% Remaining guarantee period (n) 36 months

Market Value Adjustment:

Amount withdrawn or transferred (adjusted for market value adjustment): \$10,000 - \$420.50 = \$9,579.50

A-2

^{*} All interest rates have been arbitrarily chosen for purposes of this example. In most cases they will bear little or no relation to the rates we are actually guaranteeing at any time.

^{*} All interest rates shown have been arbitrarily chosen for purposes of this example. In most cases they will bear little or no relation to the rates we are actually guaranteeing at any time.

APPENDIX B: Examples of Withdrawal Charge Calculations

Declaration and Patriot Variable Annuities

Assume the Following Facts:

On January 1, 1997, you make a \$5000 initial Purchase Payment and we issue you a Contract.

On January 1, 1998, you make a \$1000 Purchase Payment.

On January 1, 1999, you make a \$1000 Purchase Payment.

On January 1, 2000, the total value of your Contract is \$9000 because of good investment earnings. Now assume you make a withdrawal of \$6000 (no tax withholding) on January 2, 2000. In this case, assuming no prior withdrawals, we would deduct a CDSL of \$272.23. We withdraw a total of \$6272.23 from your Contract.

- \$ 6,000.00 withdrawal request payable to you + 272.23 withdrawal charge payable to us
- \$ 6,272.23 total amount withdrawn from your Contract

Here Is How We Determine the Withdrawal Charge:

(1) We *first* reduce your *\$5000 initial Purchase Payment* by the three annual \$30 Contract fees we assessed on January 1, 1998, 1999, and 2000. We withdraw the remaining \$4910 from your Contract.

```
$ 5,000
30 1998 Contract fee payable to us
30 1999 Contract fee payable to us
30 2000 Contract fee payable to us
```

\$ 4,910 amount of your initial Purchase Payment we would consider to be withdrawn

Under the free withdrawal provision, we deduct 10% of the total value of your Contract at the beginning of the Contract Year, or \$900 (.10 x \$9000). We pay the \$900 to you as part of your withdrawal request, and we assess a withdrawal charge on the remaining balance of \$4010. Because you made the initial Purchase Payment 3 years ago, the withdrawal charge percentage is 5%. We deduct the resulting \$200.50 from your Contract to cover the withdrawal charge on your initial Purchase Payment. We pay the remainder of \$3809.50 to you as a part of your withdrawal request.

```
$ 4,910.00
- 900 free Withdrawal Amount (payable to you)
$ 4.010
```

×	.05	
\$	200.50	withdrawal charge on initial Purchase Payment (payable to us)
\$	4,010.00 200.50	

^{\$ 3,809.50} part of withdrawal request payable to you

⁽²⁾ We *next* deem the entire amount of your *1998 Purchase Payment* to be withdrawn and we assess a withdrawal charge on that \$1000 amount. Because you made this Purchase Payment 2 years ago, the withdrawal charge percentage is 5%. We deduct the resulting \$50 from your Contract to cover the withdrawal charge on your 1998 Purchase Payment. We pay the remainder of \$950 to you as a part of your withdrawal request.

\$ ×	1,000 .05	
\$	50	withdrawal charge on 1998 Purchase Payment (payable to us)
\$	1,000 50	
\$	950	part of withdrawal request payable to you

B-1

Examples of Withdrawal Charge Calculations - continued

Declaration and Patriot Variable Annuities - continued

(3) We *next* determine what additional amount we need to withdraw to provide you with the total \$6000 you requested, after the deduction of the withdrawal charge on that additional amount. We have already allocated \$900 from the free Withdrawal Amount, \$3809.50 from your initial Purchase Payment, and \$950 from your 1998 Purchase Payment. Therefore, \$340.50 is needed to reach \$6000.

\$	6,000.00	total Withdrawal Amount requested
-	900.00	free Withdrawal Amount
-	3,809.50	payment deemed from initial Purchase Payment
-	950.00	payment deemed from 1998 Purchase Payment

\$ 340.50 additional payment to you needed to reach \$6000

We know that the withdrawal charge percentage for this remaining amount is 6%, because you are already deemed to have withdrawn all Purchase Payments you paid prior to 1999. We use the following formula to determine how much more we need to withdraw:

Remainder due to you = Withdrawal needed [applicable withdrawal charge percentage times withdrawal needed]

```
$
          340.50
                    = x [.06x]
$
          340.50
                       .94x
$
      340.50/0.94
                        X
$
          362.23
$
          362.23
                        deemed withdrawn from 1999 Purchase Payment
$-
          340.50
                        part of withdrawal request payable to you
$
            21.73
                        withdrawal charge on 1999 Purchase Payment deemed withdrawn (payable to us)
$
          200.50
                        withdrawal charge on the initial Purchase Payment
            50.00
                        withdrawal charge on the 1998 Purchase Payment
$+
            21.73
                        withdrawal charge on the 1999 Purchase Payment
$+
          272.23
                        Total withdrawal charge
```

Revolution Extra Variable Annuities

Assume the Following Facts:

On January 1, 2001, you make a \$5,000 initial Purchase Payment and we issue you a Contract.

On January 1, 2002, you make a \$1,000 Purchase Payment.

On January 1, 2003, you make a \$1,000 Purchase Payment.

On January 1, 2004, the total value of your Contract is \$7,500 because of the extra credits and favorable investment earnings. Now assume you make a withdrawal of \$7,000 (no tax withholding) on January 2, 2004. In this case, assuming no prior withdrawals, we would deduct a CDSL of \$474.19. We withdraw a total of \$7,474.19 from your Contract.

\$ 7,000.00 withdrawal request payable to you + 474.19 withdrawal charge payable to us

\$ 7,474.19 total amount withdrawn from your Contract

Here Is How We Determine the Withdrawal Charge:

- (1) We first distribute to you the \$500 profit you have in your Contract (\$7,500 total Contract Value less \$7,000 of Purchase Payments you have paid) under the free withdrawal provision.
- (2) Next we repay to you the \$5,000 Purchase Payments you paid in 2001 Under the free withdrawal provision, \$200 of that Purchase Payment is charge free (\$7,000 total Purchase Payments paid x 10%; less the \$500 free withdrawal in the same Contract Year described in paragraph 1 above). We assess a withdrawal charge on the remaining balance of \$4,800 from your 2001 Purchase Payment. Because you made that Purchase Payment 3 years ago, the withdrawal charge percentage is 7%. We deduct the resulting \$336 from your Contract to cover the withdrawal charge on your 2001 Purchase Payment. We pay the remainder of \$4,464 to you as a part of your withdrawal request.

B-2

Examples of Withdrawal Charge Calculations - continued

Revolution Extra Variable Annuities - continued

\$	5,000 200	free Withdrawal Amount (payable to you)
\$ ×	4,800 .07	
\$ \$ -	336 4,800 336	withdrawal charge on 2001 Purchase Payment (payable to us)
\$	4,464	part of withdrawal request payable to you

(1) We *next* deem the entire amount of your *2002 Purchase Payment* to be withdrawn and we assess a withdrawal charge on that \$1,000 amount. Because you made this Purchase Payment 2 years ago, the withdrawal charge percentage is 7%. We deduct the resulting \$70 from your Contract to cover the withdrawal charge on your 2002 Purchase Payment. We pay the remainder of \$930 to you as a part of your withdrawal request.

```
$ 1,000
x .07

$ 70 withdrawal charge on 2002 Purchase Payment (payable to us)
$ 1,000
- 70

$ 930 part of withdrawal request payable to you
```

(2) We *next* determine what additional amount we need to withdraw to provide you with the total \$7,000 you requested, after the deduction of the withdrawal charge on that additional amount. We have already allocated \$500 from profits under paragraph 1 above, \$200 of additional free Withdrawal Amount under paragraph 2, \$4,464 from your 2001 Purchase Payment under paragraph 2, and \$930 from your 2003 Purchase Payment under paragraph 3. Therefore, \$906 is needed to reach \$7,000.

```
$ 7,000 total Withdrawal Amount requested
- 500 profit
- 200 free Withdrawal Amount
- 4,464 payment deemed from initial Purchase Payment
- 930 payment deemed from initial Purchase Payment
$ 906 additional payment to you needed to reach $7,000
```

We know that the withdrawal charge percentage for this remaining amount is 7%, because you are already deemed to have withdrawn all Purchase Payments you paid prior to 2003. We use the following formula to determine how much more we need to withdraw:

Remainder due to you = Withdrawal needed [applicable withdrawal charge percentage times withdrawal needed]

```
$
                   906
                          = x [.07x]
          $
                   906
                          = .93x
          $
                906/.93
                          = X
           $
                974.19
                974.19
                             deemed withdrawn from 2003 Purchase Payment
           $
                906.00
                             part of withdrawal request payable to you
           $
                 68.19
                             withdrawal charge on 2003 Purchase Payment deemed withdrawn (payable to us)
Revolution Value Variable Annuities
```

Assume the Following Facts:

On January 1, 2001, you make a \$5,000 initial Purchase Payment and we issue you a Contract.

On January 1, 2002, you make a \$1,000 Purchase Payment.

On January 1, 2003, you make a \$1,000 Purchase Payment.

On January 1, 2004, the total value of your Contract is \$7,500 because of favorable investment earnings.

B-3

Examples of Withdrawal Charge Calculations - continued

Revolution Value Variable Annuities - continued

Now assume you make a withdrawal of \$7,000 (no tax withholding) on January 2, 2004. In this case, assuming no prior withdrawals, we would deduct a withdrawal charge of \$289.36. We withdraw a total of \$7,289.36 from your Contract.

\$	7,000.00	withdrawal request payable to you
+	289.36	withdrawal charge payable to us

\$ 7,289.36 total amount withdrawn from your Contract

Here Is How We Determine the Withdrawal Charge:

(1) We *first* distribute to you the \$500 profit you have in your Contract (\$7,500 total Contract Value less \$7,000 of Purchase Payments you have paid) under the free withdrawal provision.

Next we repay to you the \$5,000 Purchase Payments you paid in 2001. Under the free withdrawal provision, \$200 of that Purchase Payment is charge free (\$7,000 total Purchase Payments paid x 10%; less the \$500 free withdrawal in the same Contract Year described in paragraph 1 above). We assess a withdrawal charge on the remaining balance of \$4,800 from your 2001 Purchase Payment. Because you made that Purchase Payment 3 years ago, the withdrawal charge percentage is 4%. We deduct the resulting \$192 from your Contract to cover the withdrawal charge on your 2001 Purchase Payment. We pay the remainder of \$4,608 to you as a part of your withdrawal request.

\$	5,000	
-	200	free Withdrawal Amount (payable to you)
\$	4,800	
×	.04	
\$	192	withdrawal charge on 2001 Purchase Payment (payable to us)
\$	4,800	
-	192	
\$	4,608	part of withdrawal request payable to you

(2) We *next* deem the entire amount of your **2002 PURCHASE PAYMENT** to be withdrawn and we assess a withdrawal charge on that \$1,000 amount. Because you made this Purchase Payment 2 years ago, the withdrawal charge percentage is 5%. We deduct the resulting \$50 from your Contract to cover the withdrawal charge on your 2002 Purchase Payment. We pay the remainder of \$950 to you as a part of your withdrawal request.

```
$ 1,000 \times .05 $ 50 withdrawal charge on 2002 Purchase Payment (payable to us) $ 1,000
```

- 50
- \$ 950 part of withdrawal request payable to you
- (3) We *next* determine what additional amount we need to withdraw to provide you with the total \$7,000 you requested, after the deduction of the withdrawal charge on that additional amount. We have already allocated \$500 from profits under paragraph 1 above, \$200 of additional free Withdrawal Amount under paragraph 2, \$4,608 from your 2001 Purchase Payment under paragraph 2, and \$950 from your 2003 Purchase Payment under paragraph 3. Therefore, \$742 is needed to reach \$7,000.

\$	7,000	total Withdrawal Amount requested
-	500	Profit
-	200	free Withdrawal Amount
-	4,608	payment deemed from initial Purchase Payment
-	950	payment deemed from 2002 Purchase Payment
\$	742	additional payment to you needed to reach \$7,000

(4) We know that the withdrawal charge percentage for this remaining amount is 6%, because you are already deemed to have withdrawn all Purchase Payments you paid prior to 2003. We use the following formula to determine how much more we need to withdraw:

B-4

Examples of Withdrawal Charge Calculations - continued

Revolution Value Variable Annuities - continued

Remainder due to you = Withdrawal needed [applicable withdrawal charge percentage times withdrawal needed]

\$	742.00	=	x = [.06x]
\$	742.00	=	.94x
\$	742.00/.94	=	X
\$	789.36	=	X
\$	789.36		Deemed withdrawn from 2003 Purchase Payment
\$-	742.00		part of withdrawal request payable to you
\$	47.36		withdrawal charge on 2003 Purchase Payment deemed withdrawn (payable to us)

B-5

APPENDIX C: Optional Enhanced Death Benefits

Declaration and Patriot Variable Annuities

Stepped-Up Death Benefit Rider

If you were under age 80 when you applied for your Contract, you may have elected to enhance the standard death benefit by purchasing a stepped-up death benefit. Under this benefit, if the Annuitant dies before the Contract s Maturity Date, we will pay the Beneficiary the *greater* of:

the standard death benefit (described above); or

the highest total value of your Contract (adjusted by any market value adjustment) as of any anniversary of your Contract to date, *plus* any Purchase Payments you have made since that anniversary, *minus* any withdrawals you have taken (and any related withdrawal charges) since that anniversary.

For these purposes, however, we count only those Contract Anniversaries that occur (1) *before* we receive proof of death and any required settlement instructions and (2) *before* the Annuitant turns age 81 (80 ½ for *Patriot Variable Annuities*).

You may have elected this benefit *only* when you applied for the Contract and *only* if this benefit is available in your state. As long as the benefit is in effect, you will pay a monthly charge for this benefit as shown in the Fee Tables. For a description of this charge, refer to What Fees and Charges will be Deducted from My Contract?

You should carefully review the tax considerations for optional benefits under IX. Federal Tax Matters if you selected this optional benefit. For a more complete description of the terms and conditions of this benefit, you should refer directly to the benefit. We will provide you with a copy upon request.

Accidental Death Benefit Rider

If you are under age 80 when you apply for your Contract, you may elect to purchase an accidental death benefit. In addition to any other death benefit, this benefit provides a benefit upon the accidental death of the Annuitant prior to the earlier of:

the Contract s Maturity Date; and

the Annuitant s 80 birthday.

Under this benefit, the Beneficiary will receive an amount equal to the Contract Value as of the date of the accident, up to a maximum of \$200,000. We will pay the benefit after we receive, at the Annuities Service Center:

proof of the Annuitant s death; and

any required instructions as to method of settlement.

You may elect this benefit *only* when you apply for the Contract. As long as the benefit is in effect, you will pay a monthly charge for this benefit as shown in the Fee Tables.

You should carefully review the tax considerations for optional benefit Riders under IX. Federal Tax Matters if you selected this optional benefit Rider. For a complete description of the terms and conditions of this benefit, you should refer directly to the Rider. We will provide you with a copy upon request. Not all states allowed this benefit.

Revolution Access, Revolution Extra, and Revolution Value Variable Annuities

)	lou may l	have ele	ected a	a deat	h benet	it that	t differs	s from t	he stanc	lard	death	benefit b	y į	ourchasing a	an opt	ional	death	benefit	Ride	r:
--	---	-----------	----------	---------	--------	---------	---------	-----------	----------	----------	------	-------	-----------	-----	--------------	--------	-------	-------	---------	------	----

only if the Rider was available in your state when you applied for the Contract;

if you elected the Enhanced Death Benefit Rider, only if each Owner and each Annuitant was under age 80 at the time you applied for the Contract; and

if you elected the Earnings Enhancement Death Benefit Rider, only if each Owner and each Annuitant was under age 75 at the time you applied for the Contract.

We may have waived either or both of the last two restrictions for Contracts purchased prior to the date a Rider was available in your state.

As long as an optional death benefit Rider is in effect, you will pay the monthly charge shown in the Fee Tables for that benefit. The Rider and its related charges terminate on:

the Contract s Maturity Date; or

upon your surrendering the Contract; or

a change of ownership, except where a spousal Beneficiary continues the Rider after an Owner s death (we explain Contract continuation by a spouse in Distribution Requirements Following Death of Owner).

C-1

In addition, you may terminate the Enhanced Death Benefit Rider at any time by providing written notification to us at the Annuities Service Center shown on the first page of this Prospectus. If you purchased an Earnings Enhancement Death Benefit Rider, however, you *cannot* request us to terminate the Rider and its charges.

Enhanced Death Benefit Rider

Under this benefit, we will pay the greatest of:

the standard death benefit;

the amount of each Purchase Payment you have paid (but not including any extra credits), accumulated at 5% effective annual interest during the benefit s measuring period (less any withdrawals you have taken and not including any interest on such amounts after they are withdrawn); or

the highest total value of your Contract (adjusted by any market value adjustment) as of any anniversary of your Contract during the benefit s measuring period, plus any Purchase Payments you have made since that anniversary, minus any withdrawals you have taken since that anniversary.

The benefit s measuring period includes only those Contract Anniversaries that occur (1) before we receive proof of death and (2) before the measuring life turns age 81. The benefit s measuring life is:

the Owner, if there is only one Owner under your Contract and the death benefit is payable because the Owner dies before the Maturity Date;

the oldest Owner, if there are joint Owners under your Contract and the death benefit is payable because either Owner dies before the Maturity Date;

the Annuitant, if there is only one Annuitant under your Contract and the death benefit is payable because the Annuitant dies before the Maturity Date;

the youngest Annuitant, if there are joint Annuitants under your Contract and the death benefit is payable because the surviving Annuitant dies during the Owner(s) lifetime(s) but before the Maturity Date.

If an Owner is also an Annuitant, we generally consider that person to be an Owner instead of an Annuitant for purposes of determining the benefit s measuring life.

For a more complete description of the terms and conditions of this benefit, you should refer directly to the benefit. We will provide you with a copy on request.

You should carefully review the tax considerations for optional benefits under IX. Federal Tax Matters if you selected this optional benefit.

Earnings Enhancement Death Benefit Rider

(not available for Contracts issued to Qualified Plans)

Under this benefit, the death benefit may be increased by an *earnings enhancement amount* that will vary based on the age of the Owners and Annuitants when you purchased the benefit. In certain marketing materials, this benefit may have been referred to as the Beneficiary Tax Relief benefit because any amounts paid under this benefit can be used to cover taxes that may be due on death benefit proceeds under your Contract. Amounts paid under this benefit, however, may also be subject to tax and may be greater than or less than the amount of taxes due on the death benefits.

The Earnings Enhancement amount is determined as follows:

if all of the Owners and the Annuitant are under age 70 on the date your benefit is issued, the Earnings Enhancement amount will be 40% of the difference between the Standard Death Benefit (or Enhanced Death Benefit, if that benefit is in effect) and your Net Purchase Payments, up to a maximum benefit amount of 80% of your Adjusted Net Purchase Payments prior to the date of the decedent s death;

if any of the Owners or the Annuitant is age 70 or older on the date your benefit is issued, the Earnings Enhancement amount will be 25% of the difference between the Standard Death Benefit (or Enhanced Death Benefit, if that benefit is in effect) and your Net Purchase Payments, up to a maximum benefit amount of 50% of your Adjusted Net Purchase Payments prior to the date of the decedent s death; but

if there are joint Annuitants under your Contract, we will not count the age of the older Annuitant for either of these purposes unless the older Annuitant is also an Owner.

Net Purchase Payments, for purposes of this benefit, means Purchase Payments you paid for the Contract, less any withdrawals in excess of earnings from your Contract (including any surrender charges imposed on these withdrawals). For this purpose, we consider withdrawals to be taken first from earnings on your Contract before they are taken from your Purchase Payments. Adjusted Net Purchase Payments means Net Purchase Payments minus any Purchase Payments you paid in the 12 month period prior to the decedent s death (excluding the initial Purchase Payments).

For a more complete description of the terms and conditions of this benefit, you should refer directly to the Rider. We will provide you with a copy on request.

You should carefully review the tax considerations for optional benefit Riders under IX. Federal Tax Matters if you selected any of these optional death benefit Riders. The death benefits under these Riders will decrease if you make withdrawals under your Contract.

C-2

APPENDIX D: Examples of Earnings Enhancement Death Benefit Calculation

(Not applicable to the Declaration or Patriot Variable Annuities)

The following are examples of the optional Earnings Enhancement death benefit. We have assumed that there are earnings under the Contracts in each case. Actual investment performance may be greater or lower than the amounts shown.

Example 1

Earnings Enhancement death benefit with standard death benefit, no adjustments for withdrawals or Additional Purchase Payments

Assume:

You elect the Earnings Enhancement death benefit Rider (but not the enhanced death benefit Rider) when you purchase your Contract.

At the time of purchase, you and the Annuitant are each under age 70 and you pay an initial Purchase Payment of \$100,000,

You allocate the Purchase Payment to a Variable Investment Option, and make no transfers of Contract Value to other Investment Options,

We determine the death benefit before the Maturity Date, in the fourth year of your Contract on a day when the total value of your Contract is \$180,000

Calculation of Standard Death Benefit. We compare the total value of your Contract (\$180,000, with no market value adjustment) to the total amount of Purchase Payments you paid (\$100,000, with no adjustment for withdrawals). The standard death benefit is the higher of the two, or \$180,000.

Calculation of Earnings Enhancement Amount. Because you and the Annuitant were both under age 70 when the Rider was issued, the Earnings Enhancement amount is 40% of the difference between the standard death benefit and your Net Premiums, up to a maximum benefit amount equal to 80% of your Adjusted Net Premiums.

Calculation of Net Purchase Payments and Adjusted Net Purchase Payments. To determine Net Purchase Payments, we reduce the Purchase Payments you paid (\$100,000) by the amount of any withdrawals in excess of earnings (\$0, with no adjustment for withdrawal charges). In this example, the Net Purchase Payments is \$100,000. To determine Adjusted Net Purchase Payments, we reduce the Net Purchase Payments (\$100,000) by any Purchase Payments you made, other than the initial Purchase Payment, during the 12 months before we calculated the death benefit (\$0). In this example, the Adjusted Net Purchase Payments is \$100,000.

Calculation of Maximum Benefit Amount. The maximum benefit amount under the Earnings Enhancement death benefit Rider in this example is 80% of the Adjusted Net Premiums (\$100,000), or \$80,000.

The Earnings Enhancement amount is 40% of the difference between the standard death benefit (\$180,000) and your Net Premiums (\$100,000), up to the maximum benefit amount. In this example, 40% of the difference is \$32,000, which is less than the maximum benefit amount (\$80,000). The Earnings Enhancement amount is therefore \$32,000.

The total Death Benefit in this example is the standard death benefit (\$180,000) plus the Earnings Enhancement amount (\$32,000), or \$212,000.

Example 2

Earnings Enhancement death benefit with enhanced death benefit, adjusted for withdrawal and Additional Purchase Payments.

Assume:

you elect the Earnings Enhancement death benefit Rider and the enhanced death benefit Rider when you purchase your Contract;

at the time of purchase, you are over age 70 and you pay an initial Purchase Payment of \$100,000;

you allocate the Purchase Payments to a Variable Investment Option, and make no transfers of Contract Value to other Investment Options;

on the seventh anniversary of your Contract, your total value in the Contract is \$175,000, which is the highest value on any anniversary date;

on the day after the seventh anniversary of your Contract, you make a withdrawal of \$80,000;

on the eighth anniversary of your Contract, the total value of your Contract is \$110,000, and you make an Additional Purchase Payment of \$10,000 at the end of the eighth year of your Contract;

we determine the death benefit before the Maturity Date in the middle of the ninth year of your Contract, on a day when the total value of your Contract is \$120,000.

D-1

Table of Contents

Calculation of Enhanced Death Benefit. In this example, the enhanced death benefit is the highest of an accumulated premium roll-up amount, a highest anniversary value amount and the value of your Contract on the date the death benefit is determined.

Calculation of Premium Roll-up. We calculate the amount of each Purchase Payment you have paid, accumulated at a 5% effective annual rate, minus any withdrawals. In this example, the accumulated value of your initial Purchase Payment, after adjustment for the \$80,000 withdrawal, is \$65,319.75, and the accumulated value of your second Purchase Payment is \$10,246.95. The total amount of the premium roll-up is \$75,566.70.

Calculation of Highest Anniversary Value. We determine the highest anniversary value of your Contract on any anniversary date during the Rider s measuring period (\$175,000), plus any Purchase Payments since that date (\$10,000), minus any withdrawals since that date (\$80,000). In this example, the highest anniversary value is \$105,000.

The total value of your Contract on the date the death benefit is determined (\$120,000, with no market value adjustment) is higher than the premium roll-up amount (\$75,566.70) and higher than the highest anniversary value amount (\$105,000). The enhanced death benefit is therefore \$120,000.

Calculation of Earnings Enhancement Amount. Because you were over age 70 when the Rider was issued, the Earnings Enhancement amount is 25% of the difference between the enhanced death benefit and your Net Premiums, up to a maximum benefit amount equal to 50% of your Adjusted Net Premiums.

Calculation of Net Premiums and Adjusted Net Premiums. To determine Net Premiums, we reduce the Purchase Payments you paid by the amount of any withdrawals in excess of earnings (including withdrawal charges). In this example, you withdrew \$80,000 at a time when your earnings were \$75,000 and no withdrawal charges were imposed. The amount withdrawn in excess of earnings is therefore \$5,000. Net Premiums is the amount of Purchase Payments paid (\$110,000) less amounts withdrawn in excess of earnings (\$5,000), or \$105,000. To determine Adjusted Net Premiums, we reduce the Net Premiums (\$105,000) by any Purchase Payments you made during the 12 months before we calculated the death benefit (\$10,000). In this example, the Adjusted Net Premiums is \$95,000.

Calculation of Maximum Benefit Amount. The maximum benefit amount under the Earnings Enhancement death benefit Rider in this example is 50% of your Adjusted Net Premiums (\$95,000), or \$47,500.

The Earnings Enhancement amount is 25% of the difference between the enhanced death benefit (\$120,000) and your Net Premiums (\$105,000), up to the maximum benefit amount. In this example, 25% of the difference is \$3,750, which is less than the maximum benefit amount (\$47,500). The Earnings Enhancement amount is therefore \$3,750.

The total Death Benefit in this example is the enhanced death benefit (\$120,000) plus the Earnings Enhancement amount (\$3,750), or \$123,750.

D-2

APPENDIX E: Qualified Plan Types

For more detailed information about these plan types, you may request a Statement of Additional Information.

Plan Type

Traditional IRAs

Section 408 of the Code permits eligible individuals to contribute to an individual retirement program known as an Individual Retirement Annuity or IRA (sometimes referred to as a traditional IRA to distinguish it from the Roth IRA discussed below). IRAs are subject to limits on the amounts that may be contributed and deducted, the persons who may be eligible and the time when distributions may commence. Also, distributions from certain other types of qualified retirement plans may be rolled over on a tax-deferred basis into an IRA. The Contract may not, however, be used in connection with an Education IRA under section 530 of the Code. In general, unless you have made nondeductible contributions to your IRA, all amounts paid out from a traditional IRA contract (in the form of an annuity, a single sum, death benefits or withdrawal), are taxable to the payee as ordinary income.

Roth IRAs

Section 408A of the Code permits eligible individuals to contribute to a type of IRA known as a Roth IRA. Roth IRAs are generally subject to the same rules as non-Roth IRAs, but they differ in certain significant respects. Among the differences are that contributions to a Roth IRA are not deductible and qualified distributions from a Roth IRA are excluded from income.

SIMPLE IRA Plans

In general, under section 408(p) of the Code a small business employer may establish a SIMPLE IRA plan if the employer employed no more than 100 employees earning at least \$5,000 during the preceding year. Under a SIMPLE IRA plan both employees and the employer make deductible contributions. SIMPLE IRAs are subject to various requirements, including limits on the amounts that may be contributed, the persons who may be eligible, and the time when distributions may commence. The requirements for minimum distributions from a SIMPLE IRA plan are generally the same as those discussed above for distributions from a traditional IRA. The rules on taxation of distributions are also similar to those that apply to a traditional IRA with a few exceptions.

Simplified Employee Pensions (SEP IRAs)

Section 408(k) of the Code allows employers to establish simplified employee pension plans for their employees, using the employees IRAs for such purposes, if certain criteria are met. Under these plans the employer may, within specified limits, make deductible contributions on behalf of the employees to IRAs. The requirements for minimum distributions from a SEP-IRA, and rules on taxation of distributions from a SEP-IRA, are generally the same as those discussed above for distributions from a traditional IRA.

Section 403(b) Plans or

Tax-Sheltered Annuities

Section 403(b) of the Code permits public school employees and employees of certain types of tax-exempt organizations to have their employers purchase annuity contracts for them and, subject to certain limitations, to exclude the Purchase Payments from gross income for tax purposes. There also are limits on the amount of incidental benefits that may be provided under a tax-sheltered annuity. These contracts are commonly referred to as tax-sheltered annuities.

Corporate and Self-Employed Pension and Profit-Sharing Plans (H.R. 10 and Keogh)

Sections 401(a) and 403(a) of the code permit corporate employers to establish various types of tax-deferred retirement plans for employees. The Self-Employed Individuals Tax Retirement Act of 1962, as amended, commonly referred to as H.R. 10 or Keogh, permits self-employed individuals to establish tax-favored retirement plans for themselves and their employees. Such retirement plans may permit the purchase of annuity contracts in order to provide benefits under the plans, but there are limits on the amount of incidental benefits that may be provided under pension and profit sharing plans.

Deferred Compensation Plans of State and Local Governments and Section 457 of the Code permits employees of state and local governments and tax-exempt organizations to defer a portion of their compensation without paying current taxes. The employees

Tax-Exempt Organizations

must be participants in an eligible deferred compensation plan. A section 457 plan must satisfy several conditions, including the requirement that it must not permit distributions prior to the participant s separation from service (except in the case of an unforeseen emergency). When we make payments under a section 457 Contract, the payment is taxed as ordinary income.

E-1

Appendix U: Accumulation Unit Value Tables

The following table provides information about Variable Investment Options available under the Contracts described in this Prospectus. We present this information in columns that compare the value of various classes of Accumulation Units for each Variable Investment Option during the periods shown.

We use Accumulation Units to measure the value of your investment in a particular Variable Investment Option. Each Accumulation Unit reflects the value of underlying shares of a particular Portfolio (including dividends and distributions made by that Portfolio), as well as the charges we deduct on a daily basis for Separate Account Annual Expenses. (See III. Fee Tables for additional information on these charges.)

The table contains information on different classes of Accumulation Units because we deduct different levels of daily charges. In particular, the table shows Accumulation Units reflecting the daily charges for:

Patriot Contracts with Initial Purchase of less than \$250,000;
Patriot Contracts with Initial Purchase of \$250,000, or more;
Declaration Contracts with Initial Purchase of less than \$250,000;
Declaration Contracts with Initial Purchase of \$250,000, or more;
Revolution Access Contracts;
Revolution Extra Contracts;
Revolution Value Contracts. er of units listed in the Accumulation Unit Value Tables for Revolution Contracts for the years 2000 and 2001 are listed for the entire a series (Revolution Access, Revolution Extra, and Revolution Value).

U-1

Revolution, Declaration

John Hancock Life Insurance Company (U.S.A.) Separate Account T

Accumulation Unit Values

Revolution Value Variable Annuity, Revolution Access Variable Annuity, Revolution Extra Variable Annuity

and

Declaration Variable Annuity and Patriot Variable Annuity

	Year Ended	Year Ended	Year Ended	Year Ended	Year Ended	Year Ended	Year Ended	Year Ended	Year Ended	Year Ended		
FOOT IN TO A D. NAVIO	12/31/11	12/31/10	12/31/09	12/31/08	12/31/07	12/31/06	12/31/05	12/31/04	12/31/03	12/31/02		
500 Index Trust B NAV Shares (units first credited 4-29-2005) Contracts with no Optional Benefits												
•		7.27	7.27	22.02	22.06	10.22	10.70					
Value at Start of Year Value at End of Year	7.37 7.37	7.37 7.37	7.37 7.37	22.93 7.37	22.06 22.93	19.32 22.06	18.70 19.32					
Rev Value No. of Units	528,040	658,665	808,695	964,580	1,237,659	1,647,151	1,911,056					
Rev. Access No. of Units	105,923	114,130	133,208	150,214	1,237,039	201,117	236,963					
Rev. Extra No. of Units 184,695 204,018 239,593 286,531 384,693 524,530 609,115 Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits with initial premium payments greater than \$250,000												
Value at Start of Year	риона: Бе г	iejus wun ini	на ргетит	payments gr	eaier inan \$2.	00,000	10.08					
Value at End of Year							10.08					
No. of Units							4,262					
Patriot Contracts with no C	Intional Res	afite with in	itial premium	navments le	ee than \$250 0	000	4,202					
Value at Start of Year	риона <i>Бег</i> 10.69	9.43	иш ртетит 7.55	12.18	ss man \$250,0 11.72	10.27	9.93					
Value at End of Year	10.76	10.69	9.43	7.55	12.18	11.72	10.27					
No. of Units	9.302	9,708	11.304	12.827	21,214	34,915	39,274					
Declaration Contracts with	- /	- ,	,	,	,	,	37,214					
Value at Start of Year	17.05	15.00	11.99	19.28	18.50	16.17	15.61					
Value at End of Year	17.20	17.05	15.00	11.99	19.28	18.50	16.17					
No. of Units	3,219	394	397	400	655	25,069	75,382					
Declaration Contracts with	,					,	75,502					
Value at Start of Year	20.13	17.75	14.22	22.93	22.06	19.32	18.70					
Value at End of Year	20.25	20.13	17.75	14.22	22.93	22.06	19.32					
No. of Units	57,042	63,057	74,590	80,207	102,600	140,106	197,318					
Active Bond Fund (merge					,	,	,					
Contracts with no Optional		ve Bolla 110	.st cm 1 25 0	e) ivity si	ares (unites jurs	i creatica 5 of	2001)					
Value at Start of Year	Benegus							11.57	11.00	10.39		
Value at End of Year								11.97	11.57	11.00		
Rev Value No. of Units								1,549,579	1,767,167	1,018,456		
Rev. Access No. of Units								152,483	172,975	191,092		
Rev. Extra No. of Units								508,142	561,305	391,520		
Patriot Contracts with no C	otional Ber	nefits with ini	tial premium	payments gi	reater than \$25	50,000		2 3 3 7 3 1		0,0,000		
Value at Start of Year	,	v	,	1 , 0				14.78	14.02	13.20		
Value at End of Year								15.33	14.78	14.02		
No. of Units								13,113	24,515	24,867		
Patriot Contracts with no C	otional Ber	nefits with ini	tial premium	payments le	ss than \$250.0	000		- , -	,	,		
Value at Start of Year	1	,	F	T				11.57	11.00	10.39		
Value at End of Year								11.97	11.57	11.00		
No. of Units								55,188	65,067	22,897		
Declaration Contracts with	no Optiona	ıl Benefits wi	th initial pre	mium paymei	nts greater tha	n \$250,000						
Value at Start of Year	,	,		1	J			14.78	14.02	13.20		
Value at End of Year								15.33	14.78	14.02		
No. of Units								31,793	36,530	8,785		

Dec	claration Contracts with no Optional Benefits with initial premium payments less than \$250,000			
	Value at Start of Year	11.57	11.00	10.39
	Value at End of Year	11.97	11.57	11.00
	No. of Units	534,099	670,444	400,122

Revolution, Declaration

	Year Ended 12/31/11	Year Ended 12/31/10	Year Ended 12/31/09	Year Ended 12/31/08	Year Ended 12/31/07	Year Ended 12/31/06	Year Ended 12/31/05	Year Ended 12/31/04	Year Ended 12/31/03	Year Ended 12/31/02
Active Bond Trust NAV S					12/01/07	12/01/00	12/01/00	12/01/01	12/01/00	12/01/02
Contracts with no Optional	,	,		,						
Value at Start of Year	15.78	14.02	11.37	12.86	12.52	12.13	11.97			
Value at End of Year	16.51	15.78	14.02	11.37	12.86	12.52	12.13			
Rev Value No. of Units	322,139	373,648	508,844	651,030	897,422	1,118,514	1,299,356			
Rev. Access No. of Units	66,323	83,002	89,771	110,460	117,286	126,015	156,946			
Rev. Extra No. of Units	111,911	131,109	161,489	228,290	265,929	354,955	433,037			
Patriot Contracts with no O	ptional Ber	nefits with ini	itial premiun	n payments g	reater than \$25	50,000				
Value at Start of Year							15.33			
Value at End of Year							15.57			
No. of Units							12,777			
Patriot Contracts with no O Value at Start of Year	ptional Bei 15.78	nefits with ini 14.02	tial premiun 11.37	ı payments le 12.86	ess than \$250,0 12.52	12.13	11.07			
Value at Start of Year Value at End of Year	16.51	15.78	14.02	12.86	12.32	12.13	11.97 12.13			
No. of Units	14,333	17,659	15,612	16,226	18,927	24,243	50,914			
Declaration Contracts with							30,914			
Value at Start of Year	18.19	u benejus wi	in iniliai pre 14.71	16.60	16.12	15.57	15.33			
Value at End of Year	21.52		18.19	14.71	16.60	16.12	15.57			
No. of Units	2,575		15,896	7,210	20,258	24,714	35,544			
Declaration Contracts with		ıl Benefits wi				,	33,344			
Value at Start of Year	15.78	14.02	11.37	12.86	12.52	12.13	11.97			
Value at End of Year	16.51	15.78	14.02	11.37	12.86	12.52	12.13			
No. of Units	104,465	120,768	152,723	172,100	243,065	282,341	375,146			
AIM V.I. Capital Develop	,			,				first credited	5-01-2002)	
Contracts with no Optional		Ţ	•		· ·		,		ĺ	
Value at Start of Year								9.93	7.45	10.00
Value at End of Year								11.31	9.93	7.45
Rev Value No. of Units								45,281	37,054	11,177
Rev. Access No. of Units								1,080	6,387	2,620
Rev. Extra No. of Units								4,632	4,066	
AIM V.I. Premier Equity		res merged i	nto 500 Indo	ex Trust B e	ff 4-29-05) Se	eries I Class Sl	hares (units fir	rst credited 8-1	0-1999)	
Contracts with no Optional	Benefits							7.00	7 .00	0.55
Value at Start of Year								7.29	5.90	8.57
Value at End of Year								7.62	7.29	5.90
Rev Value No. of Units								1,894,411	2,169,567	1,779,003
Rev. Access No. of Units								227,332	268,348	230,661
Rev. Extra No. of Units Blue Chip Growth Trust	NAV Shor	oc (unite fire	eraditad 1	20. 2005)				675,995	791,576	646,051
Contracts with no Optional		es (unus jursi	Creanea 4 -2	29-2003)						
Value at Start of Year	8.68	7.56	5.35	9.43	8.47	7.82	7.41			
Value at End of Year	8.70	8.68	7.56	5.35	9.43	8.47	7.82			
Rev Value No. of Units	475,132	589,755	719,504	849,908	1,132,219	1,200,356	1,324,980			
Rev. Access No. of Units	66,925	71,995	77,527	84,973	103,249	106,105	121,357			
	156,851	181,643	223,476	246,938	310,455	395,008	445,212			
Patriot Contracts with no O					reater than \$25		ĺ			
Value at Start of Year	•	•	•				7.52			
Value at End of Year							35.40			
No. of Units							3,877			
Patriot Contracts with no O	ptional Ber	nefits with ini	tial premiun	n payments le	ess than \$250,0	000				
Value at Start of Year	8.68	7.56	5.35	9.43	8.47	7.82	7.41			
Value at End of Year	8.70	8.68	7.56	5.35	9.43	8.47	7.82			
No. of Units	19,493	20,255	26,574	26,771	38,624	63,374	53,262			
Declaration Contracts with	•									
Value at Start of Year	39.77	34.56	24.41	42.90	38.40	35.40	7.52			
Value at End of Year	39.95	39.77	34.56	24.41	42.90	38.40	35.40			
No. of Units	11,862	6,096	6,096	6,096	6,124	9,367	9,370			

U-3

Revolution, Declaration

Value at Start of Year Section		Year Ended 12/31/11	Year Ended 12/31/10	Year Ended 12/31/09	Year Ended 12/31/08	Year Ended 12/31/07	Year Ended 12/31/06	Year Ended 12/31/05	Year Ended 12/31/04	Year Ended 12/31/03	Year Ended 12/31/02
Value at Start of Year No. of Units Value at End of Year No. of Units Value at End of Year Age Value at End of Year Value at	Declaration Contracts with no										
Value at End of Year 1,000				•				7.41			
Mon Clay	Value at End of Year										
Value at End of Year	No. of Units							127,019			
Value at End of Year	Bond Index Fund (replaced by	y Bond Ind	ex Trust B e	ff 4-29-05) (now Total B	ond Market	Trust B) N	NAV Shares	units first crea	lited 5-03-1999))
Value at End of Year									·		
Rev. Acces No. of Units Rev. Extra No. of Units Rev.	Value at Start of Year								12.57	12.28	11.31
Rev. Access No. of Units	Value at End of Year								12.91	12.57	12.28
Rev. Extra No. of Units Value at Start of Year Value at Start of Year Value at Start of Year No. of Units No. of Units No. of Units No. of Units Value at End of Year Value at Start of Year Value at End of Year Value at Start of Year Value at End of Year Value at Start of Year Value at	Rev Value No. of Units								731,490	911,341	737,019
Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits with initial premium payments (range) 1,24	Rev. Access No. of Units								78,974	105,438	145,149
Value at Start of Year 12,74 12,42 11,41 12,42 10,00 10,101 10,00 10,101 10,00 10,101 10,00 10,101 10,100 10,101 10,100 1	Rev. Extra No. of Units								176,431	215,193	232,070
Value at End of Year No. of Units 9,826	Patriot Contracts with no Optio	nal Benefits	with initial	premium pay	ments greate	er than \$250,	000				
No. of Units	Value at Start of Year								12.74		11.41
Patriof Contracts with no Optional Benefits with initial premium payments less than of Year 12.58 12.29 12.58 12.29 13.28 12.29 13.28 12.29 13.28 12.29 13.28 13.29 13.28 13.29 13.28 13.29 13.28 13.29 13.28 13.29 13.28 13.29 13.28 13.29 13.28 13.29 13.28 13.29 13.28 13.29 13.28 13.29 13.28 13.29 13.28 13.29											
Value at End of Year									9,826	9,826	9,826
Value at End of Year		nal Benefits	with initial j	premium pay	ments less th	ian \$250,000	1				
Part											
Capatic Appreciation Trust VA Shares Lambs Shares Lambs Shares Lambs Shares Lambs Shares Lambs Shares Value at Start of Year Alos 3.67 2.61 4.21 3.81 3.71 3.81 3.71 3.81											
Value at Start of Year									7,901	9,232	18,388
Value at End of Year			s (units first c	redited 4-28	-2006)						
Value at End of Year 4.01 4.05 3.67 2.61 4.21 3.81											
Rev Value No. of Units											
Rev. Access No. of Units											
Rev. Extra No. of Units 87,590 96,636 87,769 104,980 139,604 151,570		-	-								
Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits with initial premium payments greater than \$250,000											
Value at Start of Year 13.01 11.74 8.33 13.41 12.12 11.77											
Value at End of Year 12.89 13.01 11.74 8.33 13.41 12.12											
No. of Units											
Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits with initial premium payments less than \$250,000											
Value at End of Year 4.05 3.67 2.61 4.21 3.81 3.71 Value at End of Year 4.01 4.05 3.67 2.61 4.21 3.81 3.71 No. of Units 26.264 26.964 36.270 43.157 50.245 86.214 Earnings Growth Fund (replaced by Large Cap Growth Trust eff 4-29-05) NAV Shares (units first credited 5-03-1999) Contracts with no Optional Benefits Value at Start of Year 3.65 2.96 4.43 Value at End of Year 3.70 3.65 2.96 4.43 Value at End of Year 3.70 3.65 2.96 4.43 Value at End of Year 3.70 3.65 2.96 4.43 Rev Value No. of Units 1.068,977 1.209,120 1.222,455 Rev. Access No. of Units 1.18,540 129,095 154,964 Rev. Extra No. of Units 1.74,391 227,056 239,167 Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits with initial premium payments greater than \$250,000 Value at Start of Year 7.19 5.82 8.69 Value at End of Year 7.31 7.19 5.82 Value at Start of Year 7.31 7.19 5.82 Value at Start of Year 7.30 7.50 7.50 Value at End of Year 7.10 5.76 8.63 Value at End of Year 7.10 5.76 8.63 Value at End of Year 7.20 7.10 5.76 Value at Start of Year 7.10 5.76 8.63 Value at End of Year 7.10 7.70 7.70 Value at Start of Year 7.70 7.70 7.70 Value at Start of Year 7.70 7.70 7.70 Value at End of Year											
Value at End of Year 4.01 4.05 3.67 2.61 4.21 3.81 No. of Units 26.264 26.964 36.270 43.157 50.245 86.214 86	•										
No. of Units 26,264 26,964 36,270 43,157 50,245 86,214											
Parnings Growth Fund (replaced by Large Cap Growth Trust eff 4-29-05) NAV Shares (units first credited 5-03-1999) Contracts with no Optional Benefits											
Contracts with no Optional Benefits Value at Start of Year 3.65 2.96 4.43 Value at End of Year 3.70 3.65 2.96 Rev Value No. of Units 1,068,977 1,209,120 1,222,455 Rev. Access No. of Units 118,540 129,095 154,964 Rev. Extra No. of Units 174,391 227,056 239,167 Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits with initial premium payments greater than \$250,000 Value at Start of Year 7.19 5.82 8.69 Value at End of Year 7.31 7.19 5.82 No. of Units 7,532 20,004 20,872 Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits with initial premium payments less than \$250,000 7,10 5.76 8.63 Value at End of Year 7.10 5.76 8.63 Value at End of Year 7.20 7.10 5.76 No. of Units 78,767 90,017 98,370 Equity Index Fund (replaced by 500 Index Trust B eff 4-29-05) NAV Shares (units first credited 5-03-1999) Contracts with no Optional Benefits Value at End of Year 17.10								raditad 5 03	1000)		
Value at Start of Year 3.65 2.96 4.43 Value at End of Year 3.70 3.65 2.96 Rev Value No. of Units 1,068,977 1,209,120 1,222,455 Rev. Access No. of Units 118,540 129,095 154,964 Rev. Extra No. of Units 174,391 227,056 239,167 Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits with initial premium payments greater than \$250,000 Value at Start of Year 7.19 5.82 8.69 Value at End of Year 7,31 7.19 5.82 No. of Units 7,32 20,004 20,872 Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits with initial premium payments less than \$250,000 7,10 5.76 8.63 Value at Start of Year 7,10 5.76 8.63 Value at End of Year 7,20 7,10 5.76 No. of Units 78,767 90,017 98,370 Equity Index Fund (replaced by 500 Index Trust B eff 4-29-05) NAV Shares (units first credited 5-03-1999) Contracts with no Optional Benefits Value at Start of Year 17,10 13.49 17.58 Value at End of Year			ge Cap Gio	will frust er	1 4-29-03) 1	NA V Silaites	(units jirsi C	reattea 5-05-	1999)		
Value at End of Year 3.70 3.65 2.96 Rev Value No. of Units 1,068,977 1,209,120 1,222,455 Rev. Access No. of Units 118,540 129,095 154,964 Rev. Extra No. of Units 174,391 227,056 239,167 Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits with initial premium payments greater than \$250,000 Value at Start of Year 7.19 5.82 8.69 Value at End of Year 7.31 7.19 5.82 Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits with initial premium payments less than \$250,000 7,532 20,004 20,872 Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits with initial premium payments less than \$250,000 71.0 5.76 8.63 Value at Start of Year 7.10 5.76 8.63 Value at End of Year 7.20 7.10 5.76 No. of Units 78,767 90,017 98,370 Equity Index Fund (replaced by 500 Index Trust B eff 4-29-05) NAV Shares (units first credited 5-03-1999) Contracts with no Optional Benefits Value at End of Year 17.10 13.49 17.58 Value at End of Year 17.		ejus							3 65	2 96	4 43
Rev Value No. of Units 1,068,977 1,209,120 1,222,455 Rev. Access No. of Units 118,540 129,095 154,964 Rev. Extra No. of Units 174,391 227,056 239,167 Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits with initial premium payments greater than \$250,000 Value at End of Year 7.19 5.82 8.69 Value at End of Year 7.31 7.19 5.82 No. of Units 7,532 20,004 20,872 Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits with initial premium payments less than \$250,000 7.10 5.76 8.63 Value at Start of Year 7.20 7.10 5.76 8.63 Value at End of Year 7.20 7.10 5.76 8.63 No. of Units 78,767 90,017 98,370 Equity Index Fund (replaced by 500 Index Trust B eff 4-29-05) NAV Shares (units first credited 5-03-1999) Contracts with no Optional Benefits Value at Start of Year 17.10 13.49 17.58 Value at End of Year 18.70 17.10 13.49 Action of Units 651,999 728,312 673,856											
Rev. Access No. of Units 118,540 129,095 154,964 Rev. Extra No. of Units 174,391 227,056 239,167 Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits with initial premium payments greater than \$250,000 Value at Start of Year 7.19 5.82 8.69 Value at End of Year 7.31 7.19 5.82 No. of Units 7,532 20,004 20,872 Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits with initial premium payments less than \$250,000 7.10 5.76 8.63 Value at Start of Year 7.20 7.10 5.76 8.63 Value at End of Year 7.20 7.10 5.76 8.63 No. of Units 78,767 90,017 98,370 Equity Index Fund (replaced by 500 Index Trust B eff 4-29-05) NAV Shares (units first credited 5-03-1999) 78,767 90,017 98,370 Contracts with no Optional Benefits 17.10 13.49 17.58 Value at End of Year 17.10 13.49 17.58 Value at End of Year 18.70 17.10 13.49 Rev Value No. of Units 651,999 728,312 673,856 R											
Rev. Extra No. of Units 174,391 227,056 239,167 Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits with initial premium payments greater than \$250,000 7.19 5.82 8.69 Value at End of Year 7.31 7.19 5.82 8.69 Value at End of Year 7.31 7.19 5.82 8.69 Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits with initial premium payments less than \$250,000 7.532 20,004 20,872 Value at End of Year 7.10 5.76 8.63 Value at End of Year 7.20 7.10 5.76 No. of Units 78,767 90,017 98,370 Equity Index Fund (replaced by 500 Index Trust B eff 4-29-05) NAV Shares (units first credited 5-03-1999) 78,767 90,017 98,370 Contracts with no Optional Benefits 70,00<											
Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits with initial premium payments greater than \$250,000 Value at Start of Year 7.19 5.82 8.69 Value at End of Year 7.31 7.19 5.82 No. of Units 7,532 20,004 20,872 Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits with initial premium payments less than \$250,000 Value at Start of Year 7.10 5.76 8.63 Value at End of Year 7.20 7.10 5.76 No. of Units 78,767 90,017 98,370 Equity Index Fund (replaced by 500 Index Trust B eff 4-29-05) NAV Shares (units first credited 5-03-1999) Contracts with no Optional Benefits Value at Start of Year 17.10 13.49 17.58 Value at End of Year 18.70 17.10 13.49 Rev Value No. of Units 651,999 728,312 673,856 Rev. Access No. of Units 85,101 85,894 86,077											
Value at Start of Year 7.19 5.82 8.69 Value at End of Year 7.31 7.19 5.82 No. of Units 7,532 20,004 20,872 Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits with initial premium payments less than \$250,000 7.10 5.76 8.63 Value at Start of Year 7.20 7.10 5.76 No. of Units 78,767 90,017 98,370 Equity Index Fund (replaced by 500 Index Trust B eff 4-29-05) NAV Shares (units first credited 5-03-1999) 8.70 8.70 Contracts with no Optional Benefits 17.10 13.49 17.58 Value at Start of Year 18.70 17.10 13.49 Rev Value No. of Units 651,999 728,312 673,856 Rev. Access No. of Units 85,101 85,894 86,077		nal Benefits	with initial	premium pay	ments greate	er than \$250.	000		21 1,022		
No. of Units 7,532 20,004 20,872 Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits with initial premium payments less than \$250,000 7.10 5.76 8.63 Value at Start of Year 7.20 7.10 5.76 No. of Units 78,767 90,017 98,370 Equity Index Fund (replaced by 500 Index Trust B eff 4-29-05) NAV Shares (units first credited 5-03-1999) 5.76 5.76 Contracts with no Optional Benefits 17.10 13.49 17.58 Value at Start of Year 18.70 17.10 13.49 Rev Value No. of Units 651,999 728,312 673,856 Rev. Access No. of Units 85,101 85,894 86,077	-		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,		, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			7.19	5.82	8.69
No. of Units 7,532 20,004 20,872 Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits with initial premium payments less than \$250,000 7.10 5.76 8.63 Value at Start of Year 7.20 7.10 5.76 No. of Units 78,767 90,017 98,370 Equity Index Fund (replaced by 500 Index Trust B eff 4-29-05) NAV Shares (units first credited 5-03-1999) 5.76 5.76 Contracts with no Optional Benefits 17.10 13.49 17.58 Value at Start of Year 18.70 17.10 13.49 Rev Value No. of Units 651,999 728,312 673,856 Rev. Access No. of Units 85,101 85,894 86,077										7.19	
Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits with initial premium payments less than \$250,000 Value at Start of Year 7.10 5.76 8.63 Value at End of Year 7.20 7.10 5.76 No. of Units 78,767 90,017 98,370 Equity Index Fund (replaced by 500 Index Trust B eff 4-29-05) NAV Shares (units first credited 5-03-1999) Contracts with no Optional Benefits Value at Start of Year 17.10 13.49 17.58 Value at End of Year 18.70 17.10 13.49 Rev Value No. of Units 651,999 728,312 673,856 Rev. Access No. of Units 85,101 85,894 86,077											
Value at Start of Year 7.10 5.76 8.63 Value at End of Year 7.20 7.10 5.76 No. of Units 78,767 90,017 98,370 Equity Index Fund (replaced by 500 Index Trust B eff 4-29-05) NAV Shares (units first credited 5-03-1999) Contracts with no Optional Benefits Value at Start of Year 17.10 13.49 17.58 Value at End of Year 18.70 17.10 13.49 Rev Value No. of Units 651,999 728,312 673,856 Rev. Access No. of Units 85,101 85,894 86,077	Patriot Contracts with no Optio	nal Benefits	with initial	premium pay	ments less th	an \$250,000)		•		·
No. of Units 78,767 90,017 98,370 Equity Index Fund (replaced by 500 Index Trust B eff 4-29-05) NAV Shares (units first credited 5-03-1999) Contracts with no Optional Benefits Value at Start of Year 17.10 13.49 17.58 Value at End of Year 18.70 17.10 13.49 Rev Value No. of Units 651,999 728,312 673,856 Rev. Access No. of Units 85,101 85,894 86,077	-	v	•						7.10	5.76	8.63
No. of Units 78,767 90,017 98,370 Equity Index Fund (replaced by 500 Index Trust B eff 4-29-05) NAV Shares (units first credited 5-03-1999) Contracts with no Optional Benefits Value at Start of Year 17.10 13.49 17.58 Value at End of Year 18.70 17.10 13.49 Rev Value No. of Units 651,999 728,312 673,856 Rev. Access No. of Units 85,101 85,894 86,077	Value at End of Year								7.20	7.10	5.76
Contracts with no Optional Benefits Value at Start of Year 17.10 13.49 17.58 Value at End of Year 18.70 17.10 13.49 Rev Value No. of Units 651,999 728,312 673,856 Rev. Access No. of Units 85,101 85,894 86,077	No. of Units										
Contracts with no Optional Benefits Value at Start of Year 17.10 13.49 17.58 Value at End of Year 18.70 17.10 13.49 Rev Value No. of Units 651,999 728,312 673,856 Rev. Access No. of Units 85,101 85,894 86,077		by 500 Inde	ex Trust B ef	ff 4-29-05) 1	NAV Shares	(units first c	redited 5-03	-1999)	-	•	
Value at End of Year 18.70 17.10 13.49 Rev Value No. of Units 651,999 728,312 673,856 Rev. Access No. of Units 85,101 85,894 86,077						•					
Value at End of Year 18.70 17.10 13.49 Rev Value No. of Units 651,999 728,312 673,856 Rev. Access No. of Units 85,101 85,894 86,077									17.10	13.49	17.58
Rev Value No. of Units 651,999 728,312 673,856 Rev. Access No. of Units 85,101 85,894 86,077											
Rev. Access No. of Units 85,894 86,077	Rev Value No. of Units										
	Rev. Access No. of Units								85,101		86,077
Rev. Extra No. of Units 171,065 164,996 154,223	Rev. Extra No. of Units								171,065	164,996	154,223

U-4

Revolution, Declaration

	Year Ended 12/31/11	Year Ended 12/31/10	Year Ended 12/31/09	Year Ended 12/31/08	Year Ended 12/31/07	Year Ended 12/31/06	Year Ended 12/31/05	Year Ended 12/31/04	Year Ended 12/31/03	Year Ended 12/31/02
Patriot Contracts with no O	ptional Ben	efits with ini	tial premiun	n payments g	reater than \$25	50,000				
Value at Start of Year	•		•	1 2 0				9.20	7.23	9.41
Value at End of Year								10.08	9.20	7.23
No. of Units								4,262	75,959	75,959
Patriot Contracts with no O	ptional Ben	efits with ini	tial premiun	n payments le	ess than \$250,0	000				
Value at Start of Year								9.08	7.16	9.33
Value at End of Year								9.93	9.08	7.16
No. of Units								47,638	51,022	60,758
Declaration Contracts with	no Optiona	l Benefits wi	th initial pre	тіит рауте	nts greater tha	n \$250,000				
Value at Start of Year								14.24	11.20	14.56
Value at End of Year								15.61	14.24	11.20
No. of Units								78,336	52,830	59,634
Declaration Contracts with	no Optiona	l Benefits wi	th initial pre	тіит рауте	nts less than \$2	250,000				
Value at Start of Year								17.10	13.49	17.58
Value at End of Year								18.70	17.10	13.49
No. of Units								279,282	352,181	366,608
Equity-Income Trust NA		ınits first cre	dited 4-29-2	005)						
Contracts with no Optional	Benefits									
Value at Start of Year	15.13	13.29	10.70	16.92	16.57	14.09	13.72			
Value at End of Year	14.83	15.13	13.29	10.70	16.92	16.57	14.09			
Rev Value No. of Units	511,537	595,136	740,319	946,430	1,201,392	1,446,739	1,650,936			
Rev. Access No. of Units	96,619	103,624	119,371	139,325	153,610	164,653	186,140			
Rev. Extra No. of Units	157,198	180,987	217,757	267,263	371,493	471,158	525,745			
Patriot Contracts with no O	*									
Value at Start of Year	24.29	21.29	17.10	26.96	26.36	22.34	13.93			
Value at End of Year	23.86	24.29	21.29	17.10	26.96	26.36	22.34			
No. of Units	941	942	944	945	947		14,210			
Patriot Contracts with no O			_							
Value at Start of Year	15.13	13.29	10.70	16.92	16.57	14.09	13.72			
Value at End of Year	14.83	15.13	13.29	10.70	16.92	16.57	14.09			
No. of Units	12,299	12,643	14,007	14,103	19,101	36,627	48,062			
Fidelity VIP Contrafund (o Total Stoc	k Market II	ndex Trust e	eff 4-29-05) Se	ervice Class S	hares (units fi	rst credited 8	10-1999)	
Contracts with no Optional	Benefits							10.10	0.00	0.27
Value at Start of Year								10.49	8.28	9.25
Value at End of Year								11.95	10.49	8.28
Rev Value No. of Units								1,199,675	1,230,521	1,168,106
Rev. Access No. of Units								157,444	179,239	202,789
Rev. Extra No. of Units	1	0 T . 1 . T	4 D . 66 4 26	. 05) G	CI CI		1: 10 10 10	371,068	386,807	377,519
Fidelity VIP Growth (mer	_	o index i ru	IST B ell 4-25	-us) servic	e Class Snare	s (units first cr	reaitea 8-10-19	999)		
Contracts with no Optional Value at Start of Year	Бепејиѕ							7.76	5.92	8.59
Value at Start of Year								7.76	7.76	5.92
Rev Value No. of Units								1,424,488	1,601,890	133,140
								157,843		
Rev. Access No. of Units Rev. Extra No. of Units								400,455	203,487 480,716	198,959 507,521
Fidelity VIP Overseas (me	rand into I	ntornationa	l Fauity Ind	lov Truct R	eff (1-20-05) S	orvico Close S	horos (units f			307,321
Contracts with no Optional	_	ntei nationa	Equity Inc	ica Trust D	III 4- 27-03) 5	ci vice Class b	mares (units ji	irsi credited 0-	10-1777)	
Value at Start of Year	Бенејиз							8.62	6.10	7.73
Value at End of Year								9.66	8.62	6.10
Rev Value No. of Units								470,234	501,964	523,589
Rev. Access No. of Units								108,986	126,285	143,079
Rev. Extra No. of Units								165,213	170,854	193,599
Financial Industries Fund	(renlaced l	ov Financial	Services T	rust eff 4. 20.	.05) NAV Sh	ares (units fire	t credited 4.30		170,034	173,377
Contracts with no Optional	` •	., . mancial	. Services II	. a.s. tii T -27'	50) 1111 BII	so (mins jus	acu 7-30	. 1////		
Value at Start of Year	Denejus							14.43	11.60	14.58
Value at End of Year								15.49	14.43	11.60
Rev Value No. of Units								418,976	488,871	542,851
Rev. Access No. of Units								18,431	21,825	49,964
								,	,0_0	,

Rev. Extra No. of Units 126,349 132,174 145,392

U-5

Revolution, Declaration

	Year Ended 12/31/11	Year Ended 12/31/10	Year Ended 12/31/09	Year Ended 12/31/08	Year Ended 12/31/07	Year Ended 12/31/06	Year Ended 12/31/05	Year Ended 12/31/04	Year Ended 12/31/03	Year Ended 12/31/02
Patriot Contracts with no Option	al Benefits	with initial pr								
Value at Start of Year								14.67	11.76	14.75
Value at End of Year								15.79	14.67	11.76
No. of Units								5,074	7,562	10,776
Patriot Contracts with no Option	al Benefits	with initial pr	етіит раутє	ents less than	\$250,000					
Value at Start of Year								14.43	11.60	14.58
Value at End of Year								15.49	14.43	11.60
No. of Units	.: 1 D	C			1 \$250	000		22,357	24,757	29,786
Declaration Contracts with no Op Value at Start of Year	ptional Ben	efits with initi	аі ргетіит р	ayments grea	iter than \$250	0,000		14.67	11.76	14.74
Value at End of Year								14.67 15.79	11.76 14.67	11.76
No. of Units								91,290	88,045	95,524
Declaration Contracts with no O	ntional Ran	ofite with initi	al premium p	avmente lece	than \$250,00	0		91,290	00,043	93,324
Value at Start of Year	риона Бен	ejus wun mui	ш ргениин р	ayments tess	ιπαπ φ250,000	O		14.43	11.60	14.58
Value at End of Year								15.49	14.43	11.60
No. of Units								656,027	791,313	946,719
Financial Services Trust NAV	Shares (un	its first credit	ed 4-29-2005)				030,027	771,313	710,717
Contracts with no Optional Benej		in just of each	2 2000	,						
Value at Start of Year	15.60	14.08	10.07	18.42	20.00	16.44	15.49			
Value at End of Year	13.96	15.60	14.08	10.07	18.42	20.00	16.44			
Rev Value No. of Units	122,872	139,558	165,351	177,539	225,906	301,610	367,963			
Rev. Access No. of Units	5,942	6,179	8,724	7,682	9,704	10,516	12,681			
Rev. Extra No. of Units	19,552	20,966	29,745	40,298	63,214	86,689	102,683			
Patriot Contracts with no Option	al Benefits	with initial pr	emium payme	ents greater th	han \$250,000					
Value at Start of Year							15.79			
Value at End of Year							16.80			
No. of Units							4,460			
Patriot Contracts with no Option										
Value at Start of Year	15.60	14.08	10.07	18.42	20.00	16.44	15.49			
Value at End of Year	13.96	15.60	14.08	10.07	18.42	20.00	16.44			
No. of Units	3,652	4,050	4,956	5,086	7,948	13,625	19,140			
Declaration Contracts with no O	ptional Ben	efits with initi	al premium p	ayments grea	iter than \$250		15.70			
Value at Start of Year						16.80	15.79			
Value at End of Year No. of Units						20.49 22,512	16.80 59,620			
Declaration Contracts with no O	ntional Ran	afite with initi	al pramium p	avmante lace	than \$250.00		39,020			
Value at Start of Year	15.60	14.08	10.07	18.42	20.00	16.44	15.49			
Value at End of Year	13.96	15.60	14.08	10.07	18.42	20.00	16.44			
No. of Units	131,658	154,795	173.183	236,100	308,095	377,881	502,999			
Fundamental All Cap Core Tru			,							
Contracts with no Optional Bene		• •	•	ĺ	, ,		,			
Value at Start of Year	7.65	6.48	5.11	8.56						
Value at End of Year	7.41	7.65	6.48	5.11						
Rev Value No. of Units	457,816	577,029	737,377	914,124						
Rev. Access No. of Units	67,180	69,273	78,073	107,884						
Rev. Extra No. of Units	172,216	219,547	282,711	351,659						
Patriot Contracts with no Option					\$250,000					
Value at Start of Year	7.65	6.48	5.11	8.56						
Value at End of Year	7.41	7.65	6.48	5.11						
No. of Units	51,052	54,105	82,225	100,794						
Declaration Contracts with no O				•	than \$250,00	0				
Value at Start of Year	7.65	6.48	5.11	8.56						
Value at End of Year	7.41	7.65	6.48	5.11						
No. of Units	364,175	418,357	504,020	567,826						

U-6

Revolution, Declaration

				Year Ended 12/31/08				Year Ended 12/31/04	Year Ended 12/31/03	Year Ended 12/31/02
Fundamental Growth Fund (merged into L	arge Cap	Growth F	und eff 11	-01-04) N	AV Share	s (units fir.	st credited .	11-15-2001)		
Contracts with no Optional Benefits									6.70	0.06
Value at Start of Year									6.79	9.86
Value at End of Year									8.84	6.79
Rev Value No. of Units									328,022	337,037
Rev. Access No. of Units									49,535 135,376	66,283 123,943
Rev. Extra No. of Units Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits w	ith initial		armante er	oaton than	\$250,000				155,570	123,943
Value at Start of Year	un iniliai j	эгетит р	aymenis gr	eater man	\$250,000				7.20	10.43
Value at Start of Year Value at End of Year									9.39	7.20
No. of Units									5,248	5,264
Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits w Value at Start of Year	ith initial j	premium po	ayments le	ss than \$25	0,000				6.79	9.86
Value at End of Year									8.84	6.79
No. of Units									11,404	10,008
Declaration Contracts with no Optional Bene	fits with in	itial premi	ит раутен	ıts greater	than \$250.	.000			11,101	10,000
Value at Start of Year		p. c	- F-30,110C1	0. 0	φ200,				7.20	10.43
Value at End of Year									9.39	7.20
No. of Units									46,190	33,826
Declaration Contracts with no Optional Bene	fits with in	itial premi	ит раутеі	its less tha	n \$250,000)			•	·
Value at Start of Year		•	• •						6.79	9.86
Value at End of Year									8.84	6.79
No. of Units									117,743	114,921
Fundamental Value Fund (replaced by Equ Contracts with no Optional Benefits	ity Incor	ne Trust e	ff 4-29-05)	NAV Sh	ares (units	first credi	ted 11-15-2	001)		
Value at Start of Year								11.12	8.75	10.73
Value at End of Year								12.70	11.12	8.75
Rev Value No. of Units								1,256,245	603,015	569,649
Rev. Access No. of Units								143,234	78,791	85,139
Rev. Extra No. of Units								371,180	210,263	177,846
Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits w	ith initial j	premium po	ayments gr	eater than	\$250,000					
Value at Start of Year								9.76	7.66	9.37
Value at End of Year								11.17	9.76	7.66
No. of Units	!a1. !!a!1 .			41 626	0.000				50,632	50,632
Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits w Value at Start of Year	un initiai j	oremium po	ayments te	ss tnan \$23	0,000			11.12	0 75	10.73
Value at Start of Tear Value at End of Year								12.70	8.75 11.12	8.75
No. of Units								22,289	21,714	23,612
Fundamental Value Fund B (formerly Large	re Can Va	lue CORE	SM) (me	rged into I	Tundamen	tal Value	Fund eff 11			
credited 8-10-1999) Contracts with no Optional Benefits	с сар та	iuc CORL	z Sivi) (inc	i geu into i	unuamen	tai value	r unu cir 11	1-01-04) 11/11	Shares (unit	3 J.11 31
Value at Start of Year									8.13	10.07
Value at Start of Tear Value at End of Year									10.35	8.13
Rev Value No. of Units									816,510	826,588
Rev. Access No. of Units									71,994	80,764
Rev. Extra No. of Units									204,107	195,857
Global Bond Fund (replaced by Global Bon Contracts with no Optional Benefits	d Trust e	ff 4-29-05)	NAV Sh	ares (units	first cred	lited 5-03-	1999)		, , , , ,	,
Value at Start of Year								13.85	12.10	10.31
Value at End of Year								15.13	13.85	12.10
Rev Value No. of Units								150,408	180,511	141,303
Rev. Access No. of Units								31,596	32,488	28,155
Rev. Extra No. of Units								76,355	87,529	39,131
Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits w	ith initial j	premium p	ayments le	ss than \$25	0,000					
Value at Start of Year		·						13.96	12.20	10.39
Value at End of Year								15.26	13.96	12.20
No. of Units								9,431	9,647	11,396

U-7

Revolution, Declaration

	Year Ended	Year Ended	Year Ended	Year Ended	Year Ended	Year Ended	Year Ended	Year Ended	Year Ended	Year Ended
		12/31/10		12/31/08	12/31/07	12/31/06	12/31/05	12/31/04	12/31/03	12/31/02
Global Bond Trust NAV Sh	ares (units	first credit	ted 4-29-20	95)						
Contracts with no Optional Be	enefits									
Value at Start of Year	18.30	16.78	14.73	15.60	14.41	13.86	15.13			
Value at End of Year	19.71	18.30	16.78	14.73	15.60	14.41	13.86			
Rev Value No. of Units	73,547	80,753	95,920	129,165	153,973	122,036	137,434			
Rev. Access No. of Units	18,481	19,722	19,205	18,840	21,525	24,419	26,043			
Rev. Extra No. of Units	27,689	31,044	35,818	40,352	51,292	54,079	67,446			
Patriot Contracts with no Opti										
Value at Start of Year	18.30	16.78	14.73	15.60	14.41	13.86	15.26			
Value at End of Year	19.71	18.30	16.78	14.73	15.60	14.41	13.86			
No. of Units	480	2,448	517	517	3,653	3,657	5,725	A W Z COL		
Growth & Income Fund (me	rged into	Growth &	Income Tr	ust 11 eff 4-2	9-05) (now G	rowth & Inco	me Trust) N.	A V Shares (ui	uts first credit	ed
11-15-2001)	C.									
Contracts with no Optional Be	enefits							6.95	5.66	7.36
Value at Start of Year Value at End of Year								7.61	6.95	5.66
Rev Value No. of Units								2,011,770	2,127,364	1,293,111
Rev. Access No. of Units								149,584	160,565	1,293,111
Rev. Extra No. of Units								747,950	802,120	416,961
Patriot Contracts with no Opti	ional Rene	fite with ini	tial promin	n navmants a	reater than \$7	50,000		747,930	802,120	410,901
Value at Start of Year	они вене,	jus wun uu	иш ргении	п раутеніз д	reater than φ2	50,000		12.30	9.99	12.97
Value at End of Year								13.52	12.30	9.99
No. of Units								15,633	16,765	11,472
Patriot Contracts with no Opti	ional Bene	fits with ini	tial premiui	n payments l	ess than \$250.	000		10,000	10,700	11,1,2
Value at Start of Year	ondi Benej	, tes metre tree	iteli pi cinitii	i payments t	000 mem \$200,			6.95	5.66	7.36
Value at End of Year								7.61	6.95	5.66
No. of Units								283,703	306,082	182,202
Declaration Contracts with no	Optional .	Benefits wi	th initial pro	етіит рауте	ents greater the	an \$250,000				
Value at Start of Year	_		_					12.30	9.99	12.97
Value at End of Year								13.52	12.30	9.99
No. of Units								54,413	145,833	26,987
Declaration Contracts with no	Optional .	Benefits wi	th initial pro	emium payme	ents less than \$	\$250,000				
Value at Start of Year								6.95	5.66	7.36
Value at End of Year								7.61	6.95	5.66
No. of Units								2,038,882	2,463,202	1,034,165
Growth & Income Trust (me		Optimized	All Cap T	rust eff 4-25	-08) NAV Sh	ares (units firs	t credited 4-2	9-2005)		
Contracts with no Optional Be	nefits									
Value at Start of Year					9.12	8.19	7.61			
Value at End of Year					9.37	9.12	8.19			
Rev Value No. of Units					1,233,324	1,509,917	1,762,597			
Rev. Access No. of Units					120,175	132,498	142,242			
Rev. Extra No. of Units	1 D	C	4: -1		436,434	522,234	682,260			
Patriot Contracts with no Opti	onal Bene	tits with ini	tial premiui	n payments g	reater than \$2	30,000	10.50			
Value at Start of Year							13.52 14.58			
Value at End of Year										
No. of Units	· 1 D	C:4 :41. : :	4!1				14,829			
Patriot Contracts with no Opti	опаі Вепеј	jiis wiin ini	наі ргетіш	n payments u	ess inan \$					
250,000					2.5	0.10				
Value at Start of Year					9.12	8.19	7.61			
Value at End of Year					9.37	9.12	8.19			
No. of Units	0	D	41. 1141 1		151,847	206,970	254,401			
Declaration Contracts with no	Орпопа!	Dene Jits wii	ın ınınaı pro	гтит раутв			12.50			
Value at Start of Year Value at End of Year					16.28	14.58	13.52			
					16.77	16.28	14.58			
No. of Units	Ontional	Ranafita	th initial	amium save	6,823	36,469	54,549			
Declaration Contracts with no	Optional .	<i>ьепејн</i> ѕ wn	т типа рг	гтит рауте	enis iess than ‡	220,000				

Value at Start of Year	9.12	8.19	7.61
Value at End of Year	9.37	9.12	8.19
No. of Units	818,413	1,071,538	1,515,204

U-8

Revolution, Declaration

Realth Sciences Fund (replaced by Health Sciences Fund (replaced by Value at Start of Year Value Albert of Verlage Value at Start of Year Value Albert of Verlage Value A		Year	Year	Year	Year	Year	Year	Year	Year	Year	Year
Contract with no Optional Benefits											
Part	Health Sciences Fund (replaced by Healt								12/31/04	12/31/03	12/31/02
Value a Edin of Year	` •	ii Sciences	Trust cir 4	29-03) NA	v Shares (u	nus jusi cre	иней 5-01-2	.001)			
Value a Find of Your Rev Value No. of Units Find State Find St	1 0								10.00	7 69	9 73
Rev Values No. of Units											
Rev. Access No. of Units Health Sciences Trust NAV Shares (amits 7 or vertice) Formaces with no Optional Benefits Walue at Start of Year Rev Alcue No. of Units Alcue 1 of Order of Start 1 or Value at Start of Year Rev Alcue No. of Units Alcue 1 order of Start 1 or Value at Start of Year Rev Alcue No. of Units Alcue 1 order of Year Rev Alcue No. of Units Alcue 1 order of Year Rev Alcue No. of Units Alcue 1 order of Year Rev Alcue No. of Units Alcue 1 order of Year Rev Alcue No. of Units Alcue 1 order of Year Rev Alcue No. of Units Alcue 2 order of Year Rev Alcue No. of Units Alcue 3 order of Year Rev Alcue No. of Units Alcue 3 order of Year Alcue 4 order of Year Rev Year No. of Units Alcue 4 order of Year Alcue 5 order of Year Alcue 6 order of Year Alcue 7 order of Year Alcue 6 order of Year Alcue 7 order of Year Alcue 6 order of Year Alcue 6 order of Year Alcue 7 order of Year Alcue 6 order of											
Rev. Extra No. of Units **Total Contracts with no Optional Benefits**											
Path											
Contracts with no Optional Benefits Value at Start of Year 16.38		s first credi	ted 4-29-20	25)					05,010	00,027	33,411
Value at End of Year	,	s jirsi ereai	1 25 20.	,,							
Part	1 0	16 38	14 32	11.00	15.88	13.65	12 75	10.98			
Rev Value No. of Units 2,628 43,959 59,438 80,891 123,102 13,102 14,983 12,884 14,983 14,98											
Rev. Access No. of Units 2,628 1,229 1,258 1,468 1,523 1,574 4,983 6,732 1,574 1,575 1,468 1,573 1,574 1,575 1,574 1,575 1,574 1,575 1,574 1,575 1,574 1,575 1,574 1,575 1,574 1,575 1,574 1,575 1,574 1,575 1,574 1,575 1,575 1,574 1,575 1											
Rev. Extra No. of Units											
## Contracts with no Optional Benefits Value at Eard of Year 1908 1909											
Contracts with no Optional Benefits											
Value at Start of Year Value at End of Ye		i iidiu iit	150 011 4-27-	05) 14/1 b	iai cs (unus	jirsi creaiie	u 5 05 1777)			
National End of Year	1 0								9.90	8 60	0.12
Rev Value No. of Units											
Rev. Access No. of Units											
Rev. Extra No. of Units											
Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits with initial premium payments greater than \$250,000											
Value at Start of Year		with initia	l pramium p	avments are	ator than \$2	50,000			236,100	234,120	149,911
Value at End of Year No. of Units No. of Units Value at Start of Year No. of Units Value at Start of Year No. of Units No. of		wiin iniiia	і ргетит р	aymenis gre	uier inan \$2	30,000			10.10	8 76	0.26
Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits With initial premium purents less than \$250 \$0.000											
Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits with initial premium patriot less than \$250.00 Value at End of Year 10.66 9.88 8.67 9.10 Value at End of Year 10.66 9.88 8.67 10.66 9.88 8.67 Value at End of Year 14.17 12.61 8.26 11.87 11.82 10.84 10.57 Value at End of Year 14.15 14.16 12.61 8.26 11.87 11.82 10.84 10.57 Value at End of Year 14.15 14.16 14.28 14.									10.82		
Value at Start of Year Value at End of Year No. of Units N		with initia	l nuamium n	anmanta lasi	than \$250 i	200				0,229	2,400
National End of Year 10.66 0.98 0.70 0.01 0.05		wiin iniiia	і ргетит р	aymenis iess	mun \$250,0	<i>500</i>			0.08	9 67	0.10
Migh Yield Trust NAV Shares (units first verticeted 4-y-2005) 11.87 11.82 10.84 10.57 11.82 10.84 11.82 10.84 10.57 11.82 10.84 11.82 10.84 11.82 10.84 11.82 10.84 11.82 10.84 11.82 10.84 11.82 10.84 11.82 11.82 10.84 11.82 11.82 10.84 11.82 11.82 11.82 10.84 11.82 11.8											
No. of Initise Nav Shares (units first credited 4-29-2005) Nav Shares (units first credited 5-29-2005) Nav Shares (units first credited 5-29-2005) Nav Shares (units first credited 5-29-2005) Nav Shares (units first credited 5-29-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-											
Contracts with no Optional Benefits		t anaditad 1	20. 2005)						3,093	0,393	11,100
Value at Start of Year 14.17 12.61 8.26 11.87 11.82 10.84 10.57		і стешней 4	-29-2003)								
Value at End of Year 14.15 14.17 12.61 8.26 11.87 11.82 10.84	1	14.17	12.61	9.26	11 07	11.02	10.94	10.57			
Rev Value No. of Units 126,843 146,483 204,197 227,866 317,293 410,632 471,887											
Rev. Access No. of Units 37,330 42,887 47,839 34,468 60,756 71,458 77,829 Rev. Extra No. of Units 62,387 71,477 72,858 85,158 116,666 150,806 212,388 Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits with initial premium payments less than \$250,000 Value at Start of Year 14,17 12,61 8,26 11,87 11,82 10,84 No. of Units 860 2,034 2,285 1,517 3,542 3,881 4,281 International Equity Index Fund (replaced by International Equity Index Trust B eff 4-29-05) NAV Shares (units first credited 5-03-1999)											
Rev. Extra No. of Units											
Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits with initial premium payments less than \$250,000											
Value at Start of Year 14.17 12.61 8.26 11.87 11.82 10.84 10.66							150,806	212,388			
Value at End of Year 14.15 14.17 12.61 8.26 11.87 11.82 10.84 No. of Units 860 2,034 2,285 1,517 3,542 3,881 4,281 International Equity Index Fund (replaced by International Equity Index Trust B eff 4-29-05) NAV Shares (units first credited 5-03-1999)							10.04	10.66			
No. of Units 860 2,034 2,285 1,517 3,542 3,881 4,281											
International Equity Index Fund (replaced by International Equity Index Trust B eff 4-29-05) NAV Shares (units first credited 5-03-1999) Contracts with no Optional Benefits 9.49 6.77 10.00 Value at Start of Year 11.27 9.49 6.77 Rev Value No. of Units 211,686 206,714 9,558 Rev. Access No. of Units 34,893 31,853 906 Rev. Extra No. of Units 100,560 101,328 4,383 Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits with initial premium payments greater than \$250,000 8,050 6.84 8.14 Value at End of Year 11.44 9.61 6.84 8.14 Value at End of Year 8,050 8,075 8,099 Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits with initial premium payments less than \$250,000 8,050 8,075 8,089 Value at Start of Year 9.49 6.77 8.08 Value at End of Year 11.27 9.49 6.77 8.08											
Contracts with no Optional Benefits Value at Start of Year 9.49 6.77 10.00 Value at End of Year 11.27 9.49 6.77 Rev Value No. of Units 211,686 206,714 9,558 Rev. Access No. of Units 34,893 31,853 906 Rev. Extra No. of Units 100,560 101,328 4,383 Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits with initial premium payments greater than \$250,000 50,000 6.84 8.14 Value at End of Year 9.61 6.84 8.14 No. of Units 8,050 8,075 8,099 Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits with initial premium payments less than \$250,000 50,000 50,000 6.77 8.08 Value at Start of Year 9.49 6.77 8.08 Value at End of Year 11.27 9.49 6.77 8.08									1:4. 1 5.00	1000	
Value at Start of Year 9.49 6.77 10.00 Value at End of Year 11.27 9.49 6.77 Rev Value No. of Units 211,686 206,714 9,558 Rev. Access No. of Units 34,893 31,853 906 Rev. Extra No. of Units 100,560 101,328 4,383 Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits with initial premium payments greater than \$250,000 80 6.84 8.14 Value at Start of Year 9.61 6.84 8.14 No. of Units 8,050 8,075 8,099 Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits with initial premium payments less than \$250,000 8,050 8,075 8,089 Value at Start of Year 9.49 6.77 8.08 Value at End of Year 11.27 9.49 6.77 8.08		ed by Inter	rnational Ed	juity Index	rust B eff	4-29-05) N	A V Shares	(units first o	creatted 5-05	1999)	
Value at End of Year 11.27 9.49 6.77 Rev Value No. of Units 211,686 206,714 9,558 Rev. Access No. of Units 34,893 31,853 906 Rev. Extra No. of Units 100,560 101,328 4,383 Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits with initial premium payments greater than \$250,000 801 6.84 8.14 Value at Start of Year 9.61 6.84 8.14 No. of Units 8,050 8,075 8,099 Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits with initial premium payments less than \$250,000 8,050 8,075 8,089 Value at Start of Year 9.49 6.77 8.08 Value at End of Year 11.27 9.49 6.77									0.40	(77	10.00
Rev Value No. of Units 211,686 206,714 9,558 Rev. Access No. of Units 34,893 31,853 906 Rev. Extra No. of Units 100,560 101,328 4,383 Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits with initial premium payments greater than \$250,000 Value at Start of Year 9.61 6.84 8.14 Value at End of Year 11.44 9.61 6.84 No. of Units 8,050 8,075 8,099 Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits with initial premium payments less than \$250,000 9.49 6.77 8.08 Value at Start of Year 9.49 6.77 8.08 Value at End of Year 11.27 9.49 6.77											
Rev. Access No. of Units 34,893 31,853 906 Rev. Extra No. of Units 100,560 101,328 4,383 Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits with initial premium payments greater than \$250,000 \$\$\$\$-\$\$\$ \$\$\$\$\$ 8.14 Value at Start of Year 9.61 6.84 8.14 Value at End of Year 11.44 9.61 6.84 No. of Units 8,050 8,075 8,099 Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits with initial premium payments less than \$250,000 \$											
Rev. Extra No. of Units 100,560 101,328 4,383 Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits with initial premium payments greater than \$250,000 5 5 5 8.14 8.14 11.44 9.61 6.84 8.14 9.61 6.84 8.05 8.05 8.05 8.05 8.09 <td></td>											
Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits with initial premium payments greater than \$250,000 Value at Start of Year 9.61 6.84 8.14 Value at End of Year 11.44 9.61 6.84 No. of Units 8,050 8,075 8,099 Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits with initial premium payments less than \$250,000 9.49 6.77 8.08 Value at Start of Year 9.49 6.77 8.08 Value at End of Year 11.27 9.49 6.77											
Value at Start of Year 9.61 6.84 8.14 Value at End of Year 11.44 9.61 6.84 No. of Units 8,050 8,075 8,099 Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits with initial premium payments less than \$250,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 Value at Start of Year 9.49 6.77 8.08 Value at End of Year 11.27 9.49 6.77						50.000			100,560	101,328	4,383
Value at End of Year 11.44 9.61 6.84 No. of Units 8,050 8,075 8,099 Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits with initial premium payments less than \$250,000 Value at Start of Year 9.49 6.77 8.08 Value at End of Year 11.27 9.49 6.77		s with initia	ı premium p	ayments gre	ater than \$2	50,000					
No. of Units 8,050 8,075 8,099 Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits with initial premium payments less than \$250,000 \$9.49 6.77 8.08 Value at Start of Year 11.27 9.49 6.77 Value at End of Year 11.27 9.49 6.77											
Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefits with initial premium payments less than \$250,000 Value at Start of Year 9.49 6.77 8.08 Value at End of Year 11.27 9.49 6.77											
Value at Start of Year 9.49 6.77 8.08 Value at End of Year 11.27 9.49 6.77									8,050	8,075	8,099
Value at End of Year 11.27 9.49 6.77	1 "	s with initia	l premium p	ayments less	than \$250,0	000					
No. of Units 10,689 10,664 13,070											
	No. of Units								10,689	10,664	13,070

U-9

Revolution, Declaration

	Year Ended	Year Ended	Year Ended	Year Ended	Year Ended	Year Ended	Year Ended	Year Ended	Year Ended	Year Ended
Table 1 Table 10	12/31/11	12/31/10	12/31/09	12/31/08	12/31/07	12/31/06	12/31/05	12/31/04	12/31/03	12/31/02
International Equity Index Trus		nares (units	first creaitea	(4-29-2005)						
Contracts with no Optional Benefi Value at Start of Year	15.47	14.06	10.26	18.67	16.33	13.01	11.29			
	13.47		14.06	10.26	18.67	16.33				
Value at End of Year Rev Value No. of Units		15.47					13.01			
	258,088 72,794	295,189 81,987	360,135 96,102	430,124	588,679 106,507	670,804 116,598	713,779 128,613			
Rev. Access No. of Units				97,211						
Rev. Extra No. of Units	76,986	92,013	115,464	133,152	194,823	246,859	257,900			
Patriot Contracts with no Optiona	ı benejiis w	un ınınaı pre	тит рауте	nis greaier ii	nan \$250,000	,	11 44			
Value at Start of Year Value at End of Year				10.52			11.44 13.24			
No. of Units				10.32			8,026			
Patriot Contracts with no Optional	l Danafita w	ith initial nua		nto loso than	\$250,000		8,020			
Value at Start of Year	15.47	un iniliai pre. 14.06	тит рауте. 10.26	nis iess inan 18.67	16.33	13.01	9.49			
Value at End of Year	13.47	15.47	14.06	10.26	18.67	16.33	13.01			
No. of Units	4,085	4,313	7,681	7,712	8,833	9,829	9,943			
International Value Trust NAV		,			0,033	9,629	9,943			
Contracts with no Optional Benefit		us jirsi creau	iea 5-05-201	0)						
Value at Start of Year	11.65	12.50								
Value at Start of Year Value at End of Year	10.03									
Rev Value No. of Units	217,322	11.65 238,049								
Rev. Access No. of Units	36,382	36,871								
Rev. Extra No. of Units	98,426	105,863								
Patriot Contracts with no Optional		/		nto loss than	\$250,000					
Value at Start of Year	11.65	12.50	тит рауте	nis iess inan	\$250,000					
Value at End of Year	10.03	11.65								
No. of Units	3,439	3,691								
Declaration Contracts with no Opt			d promium p	anmanta laga	than \$250.00	20				
Value at Start of Year	иопан Б епеј 11.65	12.50	и ртетит р	ayments tess	man \$250,00	<i>,</i>				
Value at End of Year	10.03	11.65								
No. of Units	34,489	40,017								
Janus Aspen Global Technology			ck Market I	ndov Trust (off 4-29-05)	Sarvica Class	Shares (uni	te first cradita	15-01-2003)	
Contracts with no Optional Benefi.		io Total Sto	CK Maiket I	nuex Trust	tii 4- 29-03) k	service Clas	s snares (uni	is jirsi creanet	<i>i 3-01-2003)</i>	
Value at Start of Year	ıs							13.67	10.04	
Value at End of Year								13.58	13.67	
Rev Value No. of Units								10,639	18,973	
Rev. Access No. of Units								1,095	1,101	
Rev. Extra No. of Units								4,092	2,704	
Janus Aspen Worldwide Growth	(merged i	nto Internati	onal Equity	Index Trus	t R eff 4-29-0)5) Service (lace Shares			(000)
Contracts with no Optional Benefi.	_	ito internati	onai Equity	muca 11 us	t B cm 4-25-0	os) ser vice (Juss Shares	(units just cree	anca 11 01 2	000)
Value at Start of Year	13							6.19	5.07	6.90
Value at End of Year								6.39	6.19	5.07
Rev Value No. of Units								178,127	214,502	229,005
Rev. Access No. of Units								35,764	47,215	42,016
Rev. Extra No. of Units								52,533	53,367	51,239
Large Cap Growth Fund (replace	ed by Rlue	Chin Growt	h Trust eff /	4-29-05) NA	V Shares (11	nits first cree	lited 3-03-19		55,501	21,239
Contracts with no Optional Benefi.		Chip Growt	11451 011	. 2 7 00) 117	i , bilai co (u	s jusi crei		/		
Value at Start of Year								7.19	5.79	8.13
Value at End of Year								7.17	7.19	5.79
Rev Value No. of Units								1,439,838	540,715	167,749
Rev. Access No. of Units								146,532	49,259	107,749
Rev. Extra No. of Units								489,849	128,549	20,683
Patriot Contracts with no Optiona	l Renefits w	ith initial nra	mium navma	nts oreater t	han \$250 000)		707,077	120,577	20,003
Value at Start of Year	e Benejus W	т тиш рге	пиит риуте	ms greuter ti	iuπ ψ230,000	·		7.28	5.85	8.19
Value at End of Year								7.52	7.28	5.85
No. of Units								17,276	12,579	13,586
Patriot Contracts with no Optional	l Renefite w	ith initial nea	mium pavma	nte loce than	\$250,000			17,270	12,317	13,300
Value at Start of Year	. э спејиз W	т тиш рге	пиит риуте	ms iess mun	φ250,000			7.19	5.79	8.13
Value at Start of Year Value at End of Year								7.19	7.19	5.79
value at End of Teal								7.71	1.17	3.17

No. of Units 59,258 50,560 53,908

U-10

Revolution, Declaration

	Year Ended 12/31/11	Year Ended 12/31/10	Year Ended 12/31/09	Year Ended 12/31/08	Ended		Year Ended 12/31/05	Year Ended 12/31/04	Year Ended 12/31/03	Year Ended 12/31/02
Declaration Contracts with no Optional Be	enefits with in	itial premiun	n payments g	reater than	\$250,000					
Value at Start of Year								6.97		
Value at End of Year								7.52		
No. of Units				1 000				34,293		
Declaration Contracts with no Optional Be	enefits with in	itial premiun	n payments le	ess than \$25	0,000			6.05		
Value at Start of Year								6.87		
Value at End of Year No. of Units								7.41 142,526		
Large Cap Growth Fund B (formerly La NAV Shares (units first credited 8-10-199		gressive Gro	wth Fund) (merged int	o Large (Cap Grov	vth Fund ef			
Contracts with no Optional Benefits	,									
Value at Start of Year									5.48	8.09
Value at End of Year									7.13	5.48
Rev Value No. of Units									609,843	681,954
Rev. Access No. of Units									45,760	78,966
Rev. Extra No. of Units									294,010	322,673
Large Cap Growth Trust (merged into C Contracts with no Optional Benefits	Capital Appr	eciation Tru	st eff 4-28-0	6) NAV SI	nares (uni	ts first cr	edited 4-29-	2005)		
Value at Start of Year							3.70			
Value at End of Year							3.71			
Rev Value No. of Units							975,667			
Rev. Access No. of Units							100,095			
Rev. Extra No. of Units				1 0050	. 000		159,332			
Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefit. Value at Start of Year	s with initial	ргетит рау	ments greate	r than \$250	,000		7.31			
Value at Start of Tear Value at End of Year							11.77			
No. of Units							4,708			
Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefit.	s with initial	premium pay	ments less th	an \$250.000)		4,700			
Value at Start of Year		,		, ,	-		3.70			
Value at End of Year							3.71			
No. of Units							118,078			
Large Cap Value Fund (replaced by Equ Contracts with no Optional Benefits	iity-Income '	Frust eff 4-2	9-05) NAV	Shares (uni	its first cre	edited 5-0)3-1999)			
Value at Start of Year								12.08	9.75	11.38
Value at End of Year								13.72	12.08	9.75
Rev Value No. of Units								619,096	601,394	483,868
Rev. Access No. of Units								94,674	91,386	50,708
Rev. Extra No. of Units	.,,			1 00.50	. 000			209,987	155,358	97,450
Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefit. Value at Start of Year	s with initial	ргетит рау	ments greate	r than \$250	,000			12.23	9.84	11.46
Value at Start of Tear								13.93	12.23	9.84
No. of Units								22,174	54,141	54.818
Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefit	s with initial	premium pay	ments less th	an \$250,000	9			·	ĺ	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Value at Start of Year Value at End of Year								12.08 13.72	9.75 12.08	11.38 9.75
No. of Units								35,552	40,103	45,084
Lifestyle Balanced Trust NAV Shares (a	units first crei	dited 11-07-2	2008)					33,332	40,103	45,004
Contracts with no Optional Benefits	anno jursi crei	cu 11-0/-2	.000)							
Value at Start of Year	11.99	10.86	8.40	8.49						
Value at End of Year	11.92	11.99	10.86	8.40						
Rev Value No. of Units	338,591	416,097	466,251	579,379						
Rev. Access No. of Units	67,350	68,164	25,481	21,983						
Rev. Extra No. of Units	89,278	92,437	103,362							
Patriot Contracts with no Optional Benefit Value at Start of Year	s with initial	premium pay	ments greate	r than \$250 9.54	,000					
Value at End of Year										
No. of Units										

U-11

Revolution, Declaration

	Year Ended 12/31/11	Year Ended 12/31/10	Year Ended 12/31/09	Year Ended 12/31/08	Year Ended 12/31/07	Year Ended 12/31/06	Year Ended 12/31/05	Year Ended 12/31/04	Year Ended 12/31/03	Year Ended 12/31/02
Patriot Contracts with no Option										
Value at Start of Year	13.14	11.91	9.21	9.31						
Value at End of Year	13.07	13.14	11.91	9.21						
No. of Units	3,199	3,302	2,888	4,005						
Managed Fund (merged into	Managed '	Trust eff 4-	29-05) NA	V Shares (1	units first cre	dited 5-03-19	99)			
Contracts with no Optional Ber	nefits									
Value at Start of Year								9.41	8.00	9.34
Value at End of Year								10.05	9.41	8.00
Rev Value No. of Units								1,168,263	1,277,365	1,159,355
Rev. Access No. of Units								65,821	73,227	80,473
Rev. Extra No. of Units								166,993	185,973	154,757
Patriot Contracts with no Option	onal Benefi	ts with initio	al premium	payments le	ss than \$250	,000				
Value at Start of Year	Ů		•					10.31	8.77	10.24
Value at End of Year								11.02	10.31	8.77
No. of Units								16,131	17,668	19,124
Managed Trust (merged into	Lifestyle F	Balanced Ti	rust eff 11-	07-08) NA	V Shares (un	its first credit	ed 4-29-2005)	•	•	•
Contracts with no Optional Ber				ĺ	,	J	,			
Value at Start of Year	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				10.82	10.19	10.05			
Value at End of Year					10.90	10.82	10.19			
Rev Value No. of Units					735,180	837,115	1,037,978			
Rev. Access No. of Units					27,832	31,340	61,630			
Rev. Extra No. of Units					139,748	153,056	163,956			
Patriot Contracts with no Option	onal Benefi	ts with initio	al premium	payments le			,			
Value at Start of Year			F	p or y or or or or	11.86	11.17	11.02			
Value at End of Year					11.94	11.86	11.17			
No. of Units					6,463	10,572	14,098			
MFS Investors Growth Stock	(merged i	nto 500 Ind	lex Trust R	eff 4-29-05				8-10-1999)		
Contracts with no Optional Ber	` 0	11000001110	ion Trust D) Illitial Cla	oo omareo (min	is first creatica	0 10 1,,,,		
Value at Start of Year								7.46	6.14	8.58
Value at End of Year								8.05	7.46	6.14
Rev Value No. of Units								641,118	715,159	723,032
Rev. Access No. of Units								121,589	132,909	146,522
Rev. Extra No. of Units								253,985	281,892	331,636
MFS New Discovery (merged	into Smal	l Can Index	Trust eff	4-29-05) Ir	nitial Class S	hares (units t	irst credited 5-1	,	201,072	331,030
Contracts with no Optional Ber		r cap mac	· II ust cii	T-25-05) II	iitiai Ciass S	nares (unus j	irsi credited 5	31 2001)		
Value at Start of Year	regiis							12.35	9.35	13.85
Value at End of Year								12.99	12.35	9.35
Rev Value No. of Units								225,250	256,805	277.963
Rev. Access No. of Units								57,556	76,297	83,268
Rev. Extra No. of Units								103,634	117,145	144,140
MFS Research Fund (merged	l into Total	l Stock Mai	rket Indev	Trust off 4_	29-05) Initi	al Class Shar	os (unite firet e	,		177,170
Contracts with no Optional Ber		I GIUCK Mai	KCt HIUCA	Trust CII 4-	27-03) IIII	ai Class Silai	cs (units jirsi c	realiea 0-10-1)	,,,,	
Value at Start of Year	riejiis							7.95	6.46	8.67
Value at End of Year Rev Value No. of Units								9.10 517,686	7.95 578,045	6.46
Rev. Access No. of Units								38,062	49,422	68,797
Rev. Extra No. of Units										177,806
Mid Cap Growth Fund (repla	acad by Mi	d Can Stac	k Truct off	(4.20.05) N	JAV Shares	(unite first and	ditad 8 10 100	160,507	183,241	177,000
Contracts with no Optional Ber		iu Cap Stoc	k iiust eli	4-47-UO) I	AA V SHAFES	unus jirsi cre	инеи 0-10-199	7)		
	nejus							22.40	16 10	20.70
Value at Start of Year								23.49	16.19	20.79
Value at End of Year								25.90	23.49	16.19
Rev Value No. of Units								210,494	228,854	200,020
Rev. Access No. of Units								28,188	29,359	29,475
Rev. Extra No. of Units								65,986	67,961	57,788

Revolution, Declaration

	Year Ended 12/31/11	Year Ended 12/31/10	Year Ended 12/31/09	Year Ended 12/31/08	Year Ended 12/31/07	Year Ended 12/31/06	Year Ended 12/31/05	Year Ended 12/31/04	Year Ended 12/31/03	Year Ended 12/31/02
Mid Cap Index Trust NAV Shares	(units first	credited 4-2	29-2005)							
Contracts with no Optional Benefits										
Value at Start of Year	14.78	11.87	8.79	13.99	13.17	12.15	11.31			
Value at End of Year	14.29	14.78	11.87	8.79	13.99	13.17	12.15			
Rev Value No. of Units	23,719	26,559	26,515	34,418	43,736	56,057	52,742			
Rev. Access No. of Units	6,147	1,243	4,330	4,933	7,744	10,746	11,718			
Rev. Extra No. of Units	9,906	10,408	9,480	9,935	10,108	6,412	6,834			
Mid Cap Stock Trust NAV Shares	(units first	credited 4-2	29-2005)							
Contracts with no Optional Benefits										
Value at Start of Year	23.89	23.89	22.94	41.30	33.84	30.14	25.90			
Value at End of Year	23.89	23.89	23.89	22.94	41.30	33.84	30.14			
Rev Value No. of Units	72,147	82,978	96,492	127,520	161,299	181,786	207,932			
Rev. Access No. of Units	14,186	14,872	16,484	18,794	21,306	24,574	25,048			
Rev. Extra No. of Units	15,936	17,886	23,543	29,692	46,933	60,077	63,351			
Mid Cap Value B Fund (formerly S	Small Mid(Cap CORE	Fund) (mer	ged into Mic	d Value Trus	st eff 4-29-05) NAV Sha	r es (units firs	t credited 5-0	13-1999)
Contracts with no Optional Benefits										
Value at Start of Year								15.68	10.94	13.06
Value at End of Year								18.39	15.68	10.94
Rev Value No. of Units								293,358	231,918	215,620
Rev. Access No. of Units								54,371	39,919	41,956
Rev. Extra No. of Units								128,593	70,945	67,848
Patriot Contracts with no Optional B	enefits with	initial pren	iium paymer	its greater th	an \$250,000					
Value at Start of Year								14.91	10.38	12.36
Value at End of Year								17.53	14.91	10.38
No. of Units								9,924	4,305	5,358
Patriot Contracts with no Optional B	enefits with	initial pren	iium paymer	its less than \$	\$250,000					
Value at Start of Year								14.73	10.27	12.27
Value at End of Year										