

FLEETCOR TECHNOLOGIES INC

Form 10-Q

November 09, 2015

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**UNITED STATES**

**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

**Washington, D.C. 20549**

**FORM 10-Q**

x **QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

**For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2015**

**OR**

.. **TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

**For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_**

**Commission file number: 001-35004**

**FleetCor Technologies, Inc.**

**(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)**

<p><b>Delaware</b>                  (State or other jurisdiction of                  incorporation or organization)</p> <p><b>5445 Triangle Parkway, Norcross, Georgia</b>                  (Address of principal executive offices)</p> <p><b>Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (770) 449-0479</b></p>	<p><b>72-1074903</b>                  (I.R.S. Employer                  Identification No.)</p> <p><b>30092</b>                  (Zip Code)</p>
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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer  (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

<b>Class</b>	<b>Outstanding at October 23, 2015</b>
<b>Common Stock, \$0.001 par value</b>	<b>92,161,210</b>

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**FLEETCOR TECHNOLOGIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**FORM 10-Q**

**For the Three and Nine Month Periods Ended September 30, 2015**

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Table of Contents**PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION****Item 1. Financial Statements****FleetCor Technologies, Inc. and Subsidiaries****Consolidated Balance Sheets***(In Thousands, Except Share and Par Value Amounts)*

	<b>September 30, 2015 (Unaudited)</b>	<b>December 31, 2014</b>
<b>Assets</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 422,390	\$ 477,069
Restricted cash	129,446	135,144
Accounts receivable (less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$22,543 and \$23,842, respectively)	731,957	673,797
Securitized accounts receivable restricted for securitization investors	665,000	675,000
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	51,669	74,889
Deferred income taxes	33,081	101,451
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>2,033,543</b>	<b>2,137,350</b>
Property and equipment	154,987	135,062
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(79,127)	(61,499)
Net property and equipment	75,860	73,563
Goodwill	3,712,326	3,811,862
Other intangibles, net	2,270,524	2,437,367
Equity method investment	125,176	141,933
Other assets	67,704	72,431
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 8,285,133</b>	<b>\$ 8,674,506</b>
<b>Liabilities and stockholders equity</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 760,413	\$ 716,676
Accrued expenses	178,974	178,375
Customer deposits	461,958	492,257
Securitization facility	665,000	675,000
Current portion of notes payable and lines of credit	336,624	749,764
Other current liabilities	38,290	84,546
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>2,441,259</b>	<b>2,896,618</b>

Notes payable and other obligations, less current portion	2,086,664	2,168,953
Deferred income taxes	759,871	815,169
Other noncurrent liabilities	34,768	40,629
Total noncurrent liabilities	2,881,303	3,024,751
Commitments and contingencies (Note 11)		
Stockholders' equity:		
Common stock, \$0.001 par value; 475,000,000 shares authorized; 120,323,916 shares issued and 92,161,210 shares outstanding at September 30, 2015; and 119,771,155 shares issued and 91,662,043 shares outstanding at December 31, 2014	120	120
Additional paid-in capital	1,935,262	1,852,442
Retained earnings	1,713,506	1,403,905
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(332,610)	(156,933)
Less treasury stock (28,162,706 and 28,109,112 shares at September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively)	(353,707)	(346,397)
Total stockholders' equity	2,962,571	2,753,137
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 8,285,133	\$ 8,674,506

*See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.*

**Table of Contents****FleetCor Technologies, Inc. and Subsidiaries****Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Income***(In Thousands, Except Per Share Amounts)*

	<b>Three months ended September 30,</b>		<b>Nine months ended September 30,</b>	
	<b>2015</b>	<b>2014</b>	<b>2015</b>	<b>2014</b>
Revenues, net	\$ 451,493	\$ 295,283	\$ 1,272,264	\$ 822,693
Expenses:				
Merchant commissions	31,726	25,014	80,777	62,964
Processing	90,959	41,451	246,879	117,152
Selling	27,383	17,950	81,011	52,885
General and administrative	64,439	40,947	196,777	122,304
Depreciation and amortization	48,526	25,714	145,435	74,561
Operating income	188,460	144,207	521,385	392,827
Equity method investment loss	6,108	2,200	13,926	3,689
Other (income) expense, net	(168)	594	2,345	870
Interest expense, net	17,163	4,859	54,818	15,628
Total other expense	23,103	7,653	71,089	20,187
Income before taxes	165,357	136,554	450,296	372,640
Provision for income taxes	48,587	41,045	140,695	113,473
Net income	\$ 116,770	\$ 95,509	\$ 309,601	\$ 259,167
Earnings per share:				
Basic earnings per share	\$ 1.27	\$ 1.14	\$ 3.37	\$ 3.12
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 1.24	\$ 1.11	\$ 3.29	\$ 3.02
Weighted average shares outstanding:				
Basic weighted average shares outstanding	92,110	83,611	91,923	83,118
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding	94,157	86,134	94,069	85,688

*See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.*

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**FleetCor Technologies, Inc. and Subsidiaries**  
**Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income**

*(In Thousands)*

	<b>Three Months Ended</b>		<b>Nine Months Ended</b>	
	<b>September 30,</b>		<b>September 30,</b>	
	<b>2015</b>	<b>2014</b>	<b>2015</b>	<b>2014</b>
Net income	\$ 116,770	\$ 95,509	\$ 309,601	\$ 259,167
Other comprehensive income:				
Foreign currency translation loss, net of tax	(89,467)	(68,478)	(175,677)	(45,719)
Total other comprehensive loss	(89,467)	(68,478)	(175,677)	(45,719)
Total comprehensive income	\$ 27,303	\$ 27,031	\$ 133,924	\$ 213,448

*See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.*

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**FleetCor Technologies, Inc. and Subsidiaries**  
**Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**  
*(In Thousands)*

	<b>Nine months ended September 30,</b>	
	<b>2015</b>	<b>2014</b>
<b>Operating activities</b>		
Net income	\$ 309,601	\$ 259,167
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation	22,941	14,780
Stock-based compensation	44,387	26,292
Provision for losses on accounts receivable	18,287	18,109
Amortization of deferred financing costs and discounts	5,295	1,599
Amortization of intangible assets	120,055	55,737
Amortization of premium on receivables	2,439	2,445
Deferred income taxes	(27,640)	(1,280)
Equity method investment loss	13,926	3,689
Other non-cash operating expenses	(2,476)	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities (net of acquisitions):		
Restricted cash	5,697	6,109
Accounts receivable	(71,310)	(137,942)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	2,724	(3,036)
Other assets	(3,297)	460
Excess tax benefits related to stock-based compensation	(24,455)	(53,251)
Accounts payable, accrued expenses, income taxes and deferred revenue	108,278	124,614
Net cash provided by operating activities	524,452	317,492
<b>Investing activities</b>		
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(17,021)	(261,919)
Purchases of property and equipment	(29,526)	(18,279)
Net cash used in investing activities	(46,547)	(280,198)
<b>Financing activities</b>		
Excess tax benefits related to stock-based compensation	24,455	53,251
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	13,977	21,922
Borrowings on securitization facility, net	(10,000)	44,600
Deferred financing costs paid		(546)
Principal payments on notes payable	(77,625)	(20,625)
Borrowings from revolver A Facility		182,330
Payments on revolver A Facility	(411,818)	(381,385)
Payments on foreign revolver B Facility		(7,337)

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Borrowings from swing line of credit, net	(601)	52,059
Payment of contingent consideration	(40,310)	
Other	(342)	(462)
<b>Net cash used in financing activities</b>	<b>(502,264)</b>	<b>(56,193)</b>
Effect of foreign currency exchange rates on cash	(30,320)	(15,097)
<b>Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>(54,679)</b>	<b>(33,996)</b>
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	477,069	338,105
<b>Cash and cash equivalents, end of period</b>	<b>\$ 422,390</b>	<b>\$ 304,109</b>
<b>Supplemental cash flow information</b>		
Cash paid for interest	\$ 55,959	\$ 19,238
Cash paid for income taxes	\$ 47,339	\$ 63,553

*See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.*

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**FleetCor Technologies, Inc. and Subsidiaries**

**Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements**

**September 30, 2015**

**1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

**Basis of Presentation**

Throughout this report, the terms our, we, us, and the Company refers to FleetCor Technologies, Inc. and its subsidiaries. The Company prepared the accompanying interim consolidated financial statements in accordance with Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ( GAAP ). The unaudited consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments considered necessary for fair presentation. These adjustments consist primarily of normal recurring accruals and estimates that impact the carrying value of assets and liabilities. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Operating results for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2015 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2015.

The unaudited interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

**Foreign Currency Translation**

Assets and liabilities of foreign subsidiaries are translated into U.S. dollars at the rates of exchange in effect at period-end. The related translation adjustments are made directly to accumulated other comprehensive income. Income and expenses are translated at the average monthly rates of exchange in effect during the period. Gains and losses from foreign currency transactions of these subsidiaries are included in net income. The Company recognized no foreign exchange losses or gains for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and foreign exchange losses of \$0.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014. The Company recognized foreign exchange losses of \$2.6 million and \$0.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, which are recorded within other expense, net in the Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Income.

**Adoption of New Accounting Standards**

*Going Concern*

In August 2013, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the FASB ) issued Accounting Standards Update ( ASU ) 2014-15 Disclosure of Uncertainties About an Entity s Ability to Continue as a Going Concern , which requires entities to perform interim and annual assessments of the entity s ability to continue as a going concern within one year of the date of issuance of the entity s financial statements. This ASU is effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2016 and interim periods thereafter, with early adoption permitted. The Company s adoption of this ASU is not expected to have a material impact on the results of operations, financial condition, or cash flows, as it is disclosure based.

*Discontinued Operations Reporting*

In April 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-08, *Discounted Operations Reporting* that changes the requirements for reporting discontinued operations. This update will have the impact of reducing the frequency of disposals reported as discontinued operations, by requiring such a disposal to represent a strategic shift that has a major effect on an entity's operations and financial results. This update also expands the disclosures for discontinued operations, and requires new disclosures related to individually significant disposals that do not qualify as discontinued operations. The Company adopted this new guidance on January 1, 2015. The adoption of this ASU did not have a material impact on the results of operations, financial condition, or cash flows, as the Company did not have discontinued operations.

#### *Revenue Recognition*

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASC 606, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*, which amends the guidance in former ASC 605, *Revenue Recognition*. This amended guidance requires revenue to be recognized in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the company expects to be entitled for those goods and services when the performance obligation has been satisfied. This amended guidance also requires enhanced disclosures regarding the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and related cash flows arising from contracts with customers. In August 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-14, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers: Deferral of the Effective Date*, which defers the effective date of the new revenue recognition standard by one year. This ASU is effective for the Company for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017, but permits companies the option to adopt as of the original effective date. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the provisions of ASC 606.

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**Table of Contents***Stock-Based Payment Awards with Performance Targets*

In June 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-12, *Share-Based Payment Awards With Performance Targets That Are Attainable After the Requisite Service Period*, for companies that grant their employees share-based payments in which the terms of the award provide that a performance target that affects vesting could be achieved after the requisite service period. The Company adopted this new guidance on January 1, 2015. The adoption of this ASU did not have a material impact on the results of operations, financial condition, or cash flows.

*Simplification of Guidance on Debt Issuance Costs*

In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-03, *Interest Imputation of Interest*, which changes the presentation of debt issuance costs in financial statements as a direct deduction from the related debt liability rather than as an asset. This ASU is effective for the Company for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2015 and interim periods. Early adoption is permitted. While the adoption of this ASU is not expected to have a material impact on the results of operations, financial condition, or cash flows, it will impact the presentation on the Company's balance sheet. In August 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-15, *Interest Imputation of Interest: Presentation and Subsequent Measurement of Debt Issuance Costs Associated with Line-of-Credit Arrangements*, which is effective immediately. This ASU states that entities may continue presenting unamortized debt issuance costs for line-of-credit arrangements as an asset. As of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company had deferred financing costs of \$19.4 million and \$23.2 million, respectively.

*Simplification of Business Combination Measurement-Period Adjustments*

In September 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-16, *Business Combinations: Simplifying the Accounting for Measurement-Period Adjustments*, which requires that an acquirer recognize adjustments to provisional amounts that are identified during the measurement period in the reporting period in which the adjustment amounts are determined. Prior to the issuance of the standard, entities were required to retrospectively apply adjustments made to provisional amounts recognized in a business combination. The Company adopted this new guidance during the three months ended September 30, 2015. The adoption of this ASU did not have a material impact on the results of operations, financial condition, or cash flows. Furthermore, measurement period adjustments recorded in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 did not have a material impact on our consolidated statements of income.

**2. Accounts Receivable**

The Company maintains a \$1.2 billion revolving trade accounts receivable Securitization Facility. Accounts receivable collateralized within our Securitization Facility relate to trade receivables resulting from charge card activity. Pursuant to the terms of the Securitization Facility, the Company transfers certain of its domestic receivables, on a revolving basis, to FleetCor Funding LLC (Funding) a wholly-owned bankruptcy remote subsidiary. In turn, Funding sells, without recourse, on a revolving basis, up to \$1.2 billion of undivided ownership interests in this pool of accounts receivable to a multi-seller, asset-backed commercial paper conduit (Conduit). Funding maintains a subordinated interest, in the form of over-collateralization, in a portion of the receivables sold to the Conduit. Purchases by the Conduit are financed with the sale of highly-rated commercial paper.

The Company utilizes proceeds from the sale of its accounts receivable as an alternative to other forms of financing, to reduce its overall borrowing costs. The Company has agreed to continue servicing the sold receivables for the financial institution at market rates, which approximates the Company's cost of servicing. The Company retains a residual interest in the accounts receivable sold as a form of credit enhancement. The residual interest's fair value approximates carrying value due to its short-term nature. Funding determines the level of funding achieved by the sale

of trade accounts receivable, subject to a maximum amount.

The Company's accounts receivable and securitized accounts receivable include the following at September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 (in thousands):

	<b>September 30, 2015</b>	<b>December 31, 2014</b>
Gross domestic accounts receivable	\$ 367,919	\$ 330,466
Gross domestic securitized accounts receivable	665,000	675,000
Gross foreign receivables	386,581	367,173
Total gross receivables	1,419,500	1,372,639
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	(22,543)	(23,842)
Net accounts and securitized accounts receivable	\$ 1,396,957	\$ 1,348,797

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Foreign receivables are not included in the Company's accounts receivable securitization program. At September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, there was \$665 million and \$675 million, respectively, of short-term debt outstanding under the Company's accounts receivable Securitization Facility.

A rollforward of the Company's allowance for doubtful accounts related to accounts receivable for nine months ended September 30 is as follows (in thousands):

	<b>2015</b>	<b>2014</b>
Allowance for doubtful accounts beginning of period	\$ 23,842	\$ 22,416
Add:		
Provision for bad debts	18,287	18,109
Less:		
Write-offs	(19,586)	(17,234)
Allowance for doubtful accounts end of period	\$ 22,543	\$ 23,291

**3. Fair Value Measurements**

Fair value is a market-based measurement that reflects assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability. GAAP discusses valuation techniques, such as the market approach (comparable market prices), the income approach (present value of future income or cash flow), and the cost approach (cost to replace the service capacity of an asset or replacement cost). These valuation techniques are based upon observable and unobservable inputs. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources, while unobservable inputs reflect the Company's market assumptions.

As the basis for evaluating such inputs, a three-tier value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value as follows:

Level 1: Observable inputs such as quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

Level 2: Observable inputs other than quoted prices that are directly or indirectly observable for the asset or liability, including quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for similar or identical assets or liabilities in markets that are not active; and model-derived valuations whose inputs are observable or whose significant value drivers are observable.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs for which there is little or no market data, which require the reporting entity to develop its own assumptions. The fair value hierarchy also requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value.

The following table presents the Company's financial assets and liabilities which are measured at fair values on a recurring basis as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, (in thousands).

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	Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
<b>September 30, 2015</b>				
Assets:				
Repurchase agreements	\$ 138,931	\$	\$ 138,931	\$
Money market	55,043		55,043	
Certificates of deposit	7,562		7,562	
Total cash equivalents	\$ 201,536	\$	\$ 201,536	\$
<b>December 31, 2014</b>				
Assets:				
Repurchase agreements	\$ 196,616	\$	\$ 196,616	\$
Money market	50,000		50,000	
Certificates of deposit	3,570		3,570	
Total cash equivalents	\$ 250,186	\$	\$ 250,186	\$
Liabilities:				
Acquisition related contingent consideration	\$ 43,486	\$	\$	\$ 43,486

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The Company has highly liquid investments classified as cash equivalents, with original maturities of 90 days or less, included in our Consolidated Balance Sheets. The Company utilizes Level 2 fair value determinations derived from directly or indirectly observable (market based) information to determine the fair value of these highly liquid investments. The Company has certain cash and cash equivalents that are invested on an overnight basis in repurchase agreements, money markets and certificates of deposit. The value of overnight repurchase agreements is determined based upon the quoted market prices for the treasury securities associated with the repurchase agreements. Certificates of deposit are valued at cost, plus interest accrued. Given the short term nature of these instruments, the carrying value approximates fair value.

The level within the fair value hierarchy and the measurement technique are reviewed quarterly. Transfers between levels are deemed to have occurred at the end of the quarter. There were no transfers between fair value levels during the periods presented for 2015 and 2014.

The Company's nonfinancial assets that are measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis in connection with periodic testing for impairment include property, plant and equipment, equity method investment, goodwill and other intangible assets. As necessary, the Company generally uses projected cash flows, discounted as appropriate, to estimate the fair values of the assets using key inputs such as management's projections of cash flows on a held-and-used basis (if applicable), management's projections of cash flows upon disposition and discount rates. Accordingly, these fair value measurements are in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. These assets and liabilities are recognized at fair value on a nonrecurring basis if an impairment is identified.

The fair value of the Company's cash, accounts receivable, securitized accounts receivable and related facility, prepaid expenses and other current assets, accounts payable, accrued expenses, customer deposits and short-term borrowings approximate their respective carrying values due to the short-term maturities of the instruments. The carrying value of the Company's debt obligations approximates fair value as the interest rates on the debt are variable market based interest rates that reset on a quarterly basis. These are each Level 2 fair value measurements, except for cash, which is a Level 1 fair value measurement.

**4. Share Based Compensation**

The Company has Stock Incentive Plans (the Plans) pursuant to which the Company's board of directors may grant stock options or restricted stock to employees. The table below summarizes the expense recognized related to share-based payments recognized for the three and nine month periods ended September 30 (in thousands):

	<b>Three Months Ended</b>		<b>Nine Months Ended</b>	
	<b>September 30,</b>		<b>September 30,</b>	
	<b>2015</b>	<b>2014</b>	<b>2015</b>	<b>2014</b>
Stock options	\$ 4,348	\$ 3,207	\$ 13,190	\$ 9,507
Restricted stock	9,539	4,786	31,197	16,785
<b>Stock-based compensation</b>	<b>\$ 13,887</b>	<b>\$ 7,993</b>	<b>\$ 44,387</b>	<b>\$ 26,292</b>

The tax benefits recorded on stock based compensation were \$13.9 million and \$8.8 million for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

The following table summarizes the Company's total unrecognized compensation cost related to stock-based compensation as of September 30, 2015 (in thousands):

	<b>Unrecognized Compensation Cost</b>	<b>Weighted Average Period of Expense Recognition (in Years)</b>
Stock options	\$ 72,976	1.74
Restricted stock	13,198	0.82
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 86,174</b>	

### **Stock Options**

Stock options are granted with an exercise price estimated to be equal to the fair market value on the date of grant as authorized by the Company's board of directors. Options granted have vesting provisions ranging from one to six years. Certain stock option awards also have performance vesting provisions. Stock option grants are generally subject to forfeiture if employment terminates prior to vesting.

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The following summarizes the changes in the number of shares of common stock under option for the nine month period ended September 30, 2015 (shares and aggregate intrinsic value in thousands):

	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Options Exercisable at End of Period	Weighted Average Exercise Price of Exercisable Options	Weighted Average Fair Value of Options Granted During the Period	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding at December 31, 2014	5,131	\$ 58.71	2,370	\$ 21.75		\$ 461,770
Granted	575	155.69			\$ 35.89	
Exercised	(477)	29.31				51,624
Forfeited	(112)	106.66				
Outstanding at September 30, 2015	5,117	\$ 71.30	2,578	\$ 26.49		\$ 339,387
Expected to vest as of September 30, 2015	5,117	\$ 71.30				

The aggregate intrinsic value of stock options exercisable at September 30, 2015 was \$286.4 million. The weighted average contractual term of options exercisable at September 30, 2015 was 5.3 years.

The fair value of stock option awards granted was estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, with the following weighted-average assumptions for grants during the period:

	September 30	
	2015	2014
Risk-free interest rate	1.27%	1.10%
Dividend yield		
Expected volatility	27.71%	34.76%
Expected life (in years)	3.8	3.8

**Restricted Stock**

Awards of restricted stock and restricted stock units are independent of stock option grants and are generally subject to forfeiture if employment terminates prior to vesting. The vesting of the restricted stock and restricted stock units granted is generally based on the achievement of performance conditions, market conditions and the passage of time. Shares vesting based on the passage of time have vesting provisions ranging from one to four years.

The following table summarizes the changes in the number of shares of restricted stock and restricted stock units for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 (shares in thousands):

	<b>Shares</b>	<b>Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value</b>
Unvested at December 31, 2014	716	\$ 121.38
Granted	124	149.72
Vested	(183)	77.59
Cancelled	(50)	133.94
Unvested at September 30, 2015	607	\$ 138.89

## 5. Acquisitions

For the nine months ended September 30, 2015, the Company completed acquisitions with an aggregate purchase price of \$13.6 million and has made deferred payments of purchase price of \$3.4 million related to 2014 and 2013 acquisitions.

**Table of Contents****2014 Acquisitions**

During 2014, the Company completed acquisitions with an aggregate purchase price of \$3.67 billion, net of cash acquired of \$165.8 million.

**Comdata**

On November 14, 2014, the Company acquired Comdata Inc. ( Comdata ) from Ceridian LLC, a portfolio company of funds affiliated with Thomas H. Lee Partners, L.P. ( THL ) and Fidelity National Financial Inc. (NYSE: FNF), for \$3.4 billion, net of cash acquired. Comdata is a business-to-business provider of innovative electronic payment solutions. As an issuer and a processor, Comdata provides fleet, virtual card and gift card solutions. This acquisition will complement the Company's current fuel card business in the U.S. and add a new product with the virtual payments business. FleetCor financed the acquisition with approximately \$2.4 billion of new debt and the issuance of approximately 7.6 million shares of FleetCor common stock, including amounts applied at the closing to the repayment of Comdata's debt. Results from the acquired business have been reported in the Company's North America segment since the date of acquisition. The following table summarizes the preliminary acquisition accounting for Comdata (in thousands):

Restricted cash	\$ 93,312
Trade and other receivables	633,960
Prepaid expenses and other	16,052
Property and equipment	17,984
Goodwill	2,258,748
Other intangible assets	1,630,700
Notes and other liabilities assumed	(801,516)
Deferred tax liabilities	(427,516)
Other long term liabilities	(6,841)
Aggregate purchase price	\$ 3,414,883

Acquisition accounting adjustments recorded during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 at Comdata included the reallocation of certain deferred tax liabilities among certain of the Comdata entities, a change in the estimated fair value of acquired accounts receivable and settlement of working capital provisions.

The preliminary fair value of intangible assets acquired and the related estimated useful lives consisted of the following (in thousands):

	Useful Lives (in Years)	Value
Customer relationships	19	\$ 1,269,700
Trade names and trademarks indefinite	N/A	237,100
Software	4 - 7	123,300
Non-competes	3	600

\$ 1,630,700

The acquisition accounting related to this acquisition is preliminary as the Company is still completing the valuation for intangible assets, income taxes, certain acquired contingencies and off market contract reviews. Goodwill recognized is comprised primarily of expected synergies from combining the operations of the Company and Comdata and assembled workforce. The goodwill acquired with this business is not deductible for tax purposes.

Other

During 2014, the Company acquired Pacific Pride, a U.S. fuel card business, and a fuel card business from Shell in Germany. The following table summarizes the final acquisition accounting for these acquisitions during 2014 (in thousands):

Trade and other receivables	\$ 62,604
Prepaid expenses and other	232
Property and equipment	71
Goodwill	30,596
Other intangible assets	47,992
Notes and other liabilities assumed	(66,499)
Aggregate purchase price	\$ 74,996

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Acquisition accounting adjustments recorded during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 at our other business acquisitions included the impact of working capital settlements and a change in the estimated fair value of acquired accounts receivable.

The final estimated fair value of intangible assets acquired and the related estimated useful lives consisted of the following (in thousands):

	Useful Lives (in Years)	Value
Customer relationships	8	\$ 15,592
Trade names and trademarks indefinite	N/A	2,900
Franchisee Agreements	20	29,500
		\$ 47,992

These acquisitions were not material individually or in the aggregate to the Company's consolidated financial statements.

**6. Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets**

A summary of changes in the Company's goodwill by reportable business segment is as follows (in thousands):

Segment	December 31, 2014	Acquisition Accounting Adjustments	Foreign Currency	September 30, 2015
North America	\$ 2,659,417	\$ (10,995)	\$	\$ 2,648,422
International	1,152,445	(2,237)	(86,304)	1,063,904
	\$ 3,811,862	\$ (13,232)	\$ (86,304)	\$ 3,712,326

As of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, other intangible assets consisted of the following (in thousands):

	September 30, 2015				December 31, 2014		
	Weighted- Avg Useful Lives (Years)	Gross Carrying Amounts	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount	Gross Carrying Amounts	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount
Customer and vendor agreements	17.1	\$ 2,102,994	\$ (298,699)	\$ 1,804,295	\$ 2,139,339	\$ (205,365)	\$ 1,933,974
	N/A	332,296		332,296	337,467		337,467

Trade names and  
trademarks indefinite  
lived

Trade names and trademarks other	14.5	3,303	(2,006)	1,297	3,332	(1,847)	1,485
Software	5.1	172,140	(46,100)	126,040	174,507	(21,511)	152,996
Non-compete agreements	6.0	14,848	(8,252)	6,596	17,724	(6,279)	11,445

Total other intangibles	\$ 2,625,581	\$ (355,057)	\$ 2,270,524	\$ 2,672,369	\$ (235,002)	\$ 2,437,367
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Changes in foreign exchange rates resulted in a \$52.2 million decrease to the carrying values of other intangible assets in the nine months ended September 30, 2015. Amortization expense related to intangible assets for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 was \$120.1 million and \$55.7 million, respectively.

**Table of Contents****7. Debt**

The Company's debt instruments consist primarily of term notes, revolving lines of credit and a Securitization Facility as follows (in thousands):

	<b>September 30, 2015</b>	<b>December 31, 2014</b>
Term note payable - domestic(a), net of discounts	\$ 2,184,835	\$ 2,261,005
Revolving line of credit A Facility - domestic(a)	235,000	595,000
Revolving line of credit A Facility - foreign(a)		53,204
Other debt(c)	3,453	9,508
<b>Total notes payable and other obligations</b>	<b>2,423,288</b>	<b>2,918,717</b>
Securitization Facility(b)	665,000	675,000
<b>Total notes payable, credit agreements and Securitization Facility</b>	<b>\$ 3,088,288</b>	<b>\$ 3,593,717</b>
Current portion	\$ 1,001,624	\$ 1,424,764
Long-term portion	2,086,664	2,168,953
<b>Total notes payable, credit agreements and Securitization Facility</b>	<b>\$ 3,088,288</b>	<b>\$ 3,593,717</b>

- (a) On October 24, 2014, the Company entered into a new \$3.355 billion Credit Agreement, which provides for senior secured credit facilities consisting of (a) a revolving A credit facility in the amount of \$1.0 billion, with sublimits for letters of credit, swing line loans and multicurrency borrowings, (b) a revolving B facility in the amount of \$35 million for loans in Australian Dollars or New Zealand Dollars, (c) a term loan A facility in the amount of \$2.02 billion and (d) a term loan B facility in the amount \$300 million. The Credit Agreement also contains an accordion feature for borrowing an additional \$500 million in term A or revolver A and term B. Interest on amounts outstanding under the Credit Agreement (other than the term loan B facility) accrues based on the British Bankers Association LIBOR Rate (the Eurocurrency Rate), plus a margin based on a leverage ratio, or our option, the Base Rate (defined as the rate equal to the highest of (a) the Federal Funds Rate plus 0.50%, (b) the prime rate announced by Bank of America, N.A., or (c) the Eurocurrency Rate plus 1.00%) plus a margin based on a leverage ratio. Interest is payable quarterly in arrears. Interest on the term loan B facility accrues based on the Eurocurrency Rate or the Base Rate, as described above, except that the applicable margin is fixed at 3% for Eurocurrency Loans and at 2% for Base Rate Loans. In addition, the Company pays a quarterly commitment fee at a rate per annum ranging from 0.20% to 0.40% of the daily unused portion of the credit facility. The stated maturity dates for the term loan A, revolving loans, and letters of credit under the New Credit Agreement is November 14, 2019 and November 14, 2021 for the term loan B. The Company has unamortized debt discounts of \$6.3 million related to the term A facility and \$1.3 million related to the term B facility at September 30, 2015.
- (b) The Company is party to a \$1.2 billion receivables purchase agreement (Securitization Facility) that was amended and restated for the fifth time on November 14, 2014 in connection with the Comdata acquisition. There is a program fee equal to one month LIBOR and the Commercial Paper Rate of 0.22% plus 0.90% and 0.18%

plus 0.90% as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively. The unused facility fee is payable at a rate of 0.40% per annum as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

- (c) Other debt includes other deferred liabilities associated with certain of our businesses and is recorded within notes payable and other obligations, less current portion in the consolidated Balance Sheets.

The Company was in compliance with all financial and non-financial covenants at September 30, 2015.

**Table of Contents****8. Income Taxes**

The provision for income taxes differs from amounts computed by applying the U.S. federal tax rate of 35% to income before income taxes for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 due to the following (in thousands):

	2015		2014	
Computed expected tax expense	\$ 57,875	35.0%	\$ 47,794	35.0%
Changes resulting from:				
Foreign income tax differential	(5,860)	(3.5)	(6,073)	(4.5)
State taxes net of federal benefits	2,501	1.5	1,597	1.2
Foreign-sourced nontaxable income	(2,344)	(1.4)	(4,218)	(3.1)
Domestic production activities deduction	(7,950)	(4.8)		
Other	4,365	2.6	1,945	1.5
Provision for income taxes	\$ 48,587	29.4%	\$ 41,045	30.1%

The Company recorded favorable tax adjustments related to U.S. planning initiatives that were implemented during the third quarter of 2015. The impact of those adjustments, which involved amending tax returns for several prior years, was approximately \$7.9 million.

**9. Earnings Per Share**

The Company reports basic and diluted earnings per share. Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing net income attributable to shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the reported period. Diluted earnings per share reflect the potential dilution related to equity-based incentives using the treasury stock method. The calculation and reconciliation of basic and diluted earnings per share for the three and nine months ended September 30 (in thousands, except per share data) follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Net income	\$ 116,770	\$ 95,509	\$ 309,601	\$ 259,167
Denominator for basic and diluted earnings per share:				
Denominator for basic earnings per share	92,110	83,611	91,923	83,118
Dilutive securities	2,047	2,523	2,146	2,570
Denominator for diluted earnings per share	94,157	86,134	94,069	85,688
Basic earnings per share	\$ 1.27	\$ 1.14	\$ 3.37	\$ 3.12
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 1.24	\$ 1.11	\$ 3.29	\$ 3.02

Diluted earnings per share for the three month period ended September 30, 2015 excludes the effect of 0.6 million shares of common stock that may be issued upon the exercise of employee stock options because such effect would be

antidilutive. There were no antidilutive shares during the three month period ended September 30, 2014. Diluted earnings per share also excludes the effect of 0.4 million and 0.1 million shares of performance based restricted stock for which the performance criteria have not yet been achieved for the three month period ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

## **10. Segments**

The Company reports information about its operating segments in accordance with the authoritative guidance related to segments. The Company's reportable segments represent components of the business for which separate financial information is evaluated regularly by the chief operating decision maker in determining how to allocate resources and in assessing performance. The Company operates in two reportable segments, North America and International. Certain operating segments are aggregated in both our North America and International reportable segments. The Company has aggregated these operating segments due to commonality of the products in each of their business lines having similar economic characteristics, services, customers and processes. There were no intersegment sales.

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The Company's segment results are as follows as of and for the three and nine month periods ended September 30 (in thousands):

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
<b>Revenues, net:</b>				
North America	\$ 334,944	\$ 156,343	\$ 918,333	\$ 421,579
International	116,549	138,940	353,931	401,114
	\$ 451,493	\$ 295,283	\$ 1,272,264	\$ 822,693
<b>Operating income:</b>				
North America	\$ 132,428	\$ 78,797	\$ 351,778	\$ 203,311
International	56,032	65,410	169,607	189,516
	\$ 188,460	\$ 144,207	\$ 521,385	\$ 392,827
<b>Depreciation and amortization:</b>				
North America	\$ 32,257	\$ 6,635	\$ 96,200	\$ 19,647
International	16,269	19,079	49,235	54,914
	\$ 48,526	\$ 25,714	\$ 145,435	\$ 74,561
<b>Capital expenditures:</b>				
North America	\$ 6,493	\$ 1,561	\$ 14,510	\$ 5,397
International	6,799	5,166	15,016	12,882
	\$ 13,292	\$ 6,727	\$ 29,526	\$ 18,279

**11. Commitments and Contingencies**

In the ordinary course of business, the Company is involved in various pending or threatened legal actions. The Company has recorded reserves for certain legal proceedings. The amounts recorded are estimated and as additional information becomes available, the Company will reassess the potential liability related to its pending litigation and revise its estimate in the period that information becomes known. In the opinion of management, the amount of ultimate liability, if any, with respect to these actions will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations, or liquidity.

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### **Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the unaudited consolidated financial statements and related notes appearing elsewhere in this report. In addition to historical information, this discussion contains forward-looking statements that involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions that could cause actual results to differ materially from management's expectations. See Special Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements. All foreign currency amounts that have been converted into U.S. dollars in this discussion are based on the exchange rate as reported by OANDA Corporation for the applicable periods.

This management's discussion and analysis should also be read in conjunction with the management's discussion and analysis and consolidated financial statements and related notes included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

### **General Business**

FleetCor is a leading independent global provider of fuel cards, commercial payment and data solutions, stored value solutions, and workforce payment products and services to businesses, retailers, commercial fleets, major oil companies, petroleum marketers and government entities in countries throughout North America, South America, Europe, Australia and New Zealand. Our payment programs enable our customers to better manage and control their commercial payments, card programs, and employee spending and provide card-accepting merchants with a high volume customer base that can increase their sales and customer loyalty. We also provide a suite of fleet related and workforce payment solution products, including a mobile telematics service, fleet maintenance management and employee benefit and transportation related payments. In 2014, we processed approximately 652 million transactions on our proprietary networks and third-party networks (which includes approximately 270 million transactions related to our SVS product, acquired with Comdata). We believe that our size and scale, geographic reach, advanced technology and our expansive suite of products, services, brands and proprietary networks contribute to our leading industry position.

We provide our payment products and services in a variety of combinations to create customized payment solutions for our customers and partners. We collectively refer to our suite of product offerings as workforce productivity enhancement products for commercial businesses. We sell a range of customized fleet and lodging payment programs directly and indirectly to our customers through partners, such as major oil companies, leasing companies and petroleum marketers. We refer to these major oil companies, leasing companies, petroleum marketers, value-added resellers (VARs) and other referral partners with whom we have strategic relationships as our partners. We provide our customers with various card products that typically function like a charge card to purchase fuel, lodging, food, toll, transportation and related products and services at participating locations.

We support our products with specialized issuing, processing and information services that enable us to manage card accounts, facilitate the routing, authorization, clearing and settlement of transactions, and provide value-added functionality and data, including customizable card-level controls and productivity analysis tools. In order to deliver our payment programs and services and process transactions, we own and operate proprietary closed-loop networks through which we electronically connect to merchants and capture, analyze and report customized information in North America and internationally. We also use third-party networks to deliver our payment programs and services in order to broaden our card acceptance and use. To support our payment products, we also provide a range of services, such as issuing and processing, as well as specialized information services that provide our customers with value-added functionality and data. Our customers can use this data to track important business productivity metrics, combat fraud and employee misuse, streamline expense administration and lower overall workforce and fleet operating costs. Depending on our customer's and partner's needs, we provide these services in a variety of outsourced

solutions ranging from a comprehensive end-to-end solution (encompassing issuing, processing and network services) to limited back office processing services.

## **Executive Overview**

### ***Segments***

We operate in two segments, which we refer to as our North America and International segments. Our revenue is reported net of the wholesale cost for underlying products and services. In this report, we refer to this net revenue as revenue. See Results of Operations for additional segment information.

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For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, our North America and International segments generated the following revenue:

(dollars in millions)	Three months ended September 30,				Nine months ended September 30,			
	2015		2014		2015		2014	
	Revenue	% of total revenue	Revenue	% of total revenue	Revenue	% of total revenue	Revenue	% of total revenue
North America	\$ 334.9	74.2%	\$ 156.4	52.9%	\$ 918.4	72.2%	\$ 421.6	51.2%
International	116.6	25.8%	138.9	47.1%	353.9	27.8%	401.1	48.8%
	\$ 451.5	100.0%	\$ 295.3	100.0%	\$ 1,272.3	100.0%	\$ 822.7	100.0%

**Sources of Revenue**

*Transactions.* In both of our segments, we derive revenue from transactions. As illustrated in the diagram below, a transaction is defined as a purchase by a customer. Our customers include holders of our card products and those of our partners, for whom we manage card programs, members of our proprietary networks who are provided access to our products and services and commercial businesses to whom we provide workforce payment productivity solutions. Revenue from transactions is derived from our merchant and network relationships, as well as our customers and partners. Through our merchant and network relationships we primarily offer fuel cards, corporate cards, virtual cards, purchasing cards, T&E cards, gift cards, stored value payroll cards, vehicle maintenance, food, fuel, toll and transportation cards and vouchers or lodging services to our customers.

The following diagram illustrates a typical card transaction flow, but may also be applied to our vehicle maintenance, lodging and food, fuel, toll and transportation card and voucher products. This representative model may not include all of our businesses.

**Illustrative Transaction Flow**

From our customers and partners, we derive revenue from a variety of program fees, including transaction fees, card fees, network fees and charges, which can be fixed fees, cost plus a mark-up or based on a percentage discount from retail prices. Our programs include other fees and charges associated with late payments and based on customer credit risk.

From our merchant and network relationships, we derive revenue mostly from the difference between the price charged to a customer for a transaction and the price paid to the merchant or network for the same transaction, as well as network fees and charges in certain businesses. As illustrated in the table below, the price paid to a merchant or network may be calculated as (i) the merchant's wholesale cost of the product plus a markup; (ii) the transaction purchase price less a percentage discount; or (iii) the transaction purchase price less a fixed fee per unit.

The following table presents an illustrative revenue model for transactions with the merchant, which is primarily applicable to fuel based product transactions, but may also be applied to our vehicle maintenance, lodging and food,

fuel, toll and transportation card and voucher products, substituting transactions for gallons. This representative model may not include all of our businesses.

Table of Contents**Illustrative Revenue Model for Fuel Purchases**

(unit of one gallon)

**Illustrative Revenue**

Model	Merchant Payment Methods						
	i) Cost Plus Mark-up:		ii) Percentage Discount:		iii) Fixed Fee:		
Retail Price	\$ 3.00	Wholesale Cost	\$ 2.86	Retail Price	\$ 3.00	Retail Price	\$ 3.00
Wholesale Cost	(2.86)	Wholesale Cost	\$ 2.86	Discount (3%)	(0.09)	Fixed Fee	(0.09)
FleetCor Revenue	\$ 0.14	Price Paid to Merchant	\$ 2.91	Price Paid to Merchant	\$ 2.91	Price Paid to Merchant	\$ 2.91
Merchant Commission	\$ (0.05)	Price Paid to Merchant	\$ 2.91	Price Paid to Merchant	\$ 2.91	Price Paid to Merchant	\$ 2.91
Price Paid to Merchant	\$ 2.91						

Set forth below are our sources of revenue for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, expressed as a percentage of consolidated revenues:

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Revenue from customers and partners	64.8%	53.8%	64.5%	54.9%
Revenue from merchants and networks	35.2%	46.2%	35.5%	45.1%
	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Revenue tied to fuel-price spreads <sup>1</sup>	13.0%	16.7%	12.4%	15.1%
Revenue influenced by the absolute price of fuel <sup>1</sup>	15.1%	17.8%	15.2%	18.2%
Revenue from program fees, late fees, interest and other	71.9%	65.5%	72.4%	66.7%
	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

<sup>1</sup> Although we cannot precisely calculate the impact of fuel price spreads and the absolute price of fuel on our consolidated revenues, we believe these percentages approximate their relative impacts.

*Revenue per transaction.* Set forth below is revenue per transaction information for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014:

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
<b>Transactions (in millions)<sup>2</sup></b>				
North America	371.5	45.3	1,145.3	128.4
International	45.6	49.1	138.0	143.9
Total transactions	417.1	94.4	1,283.3	272.3
<b>Revenue per transaction</b>				
North America	\$ 0.90	\$ 3.45	\$ 0.80	\$ 3.28
International	2.56	2.83	2.56	2.79
Consolidated revenue per transaction	1.08	3.13	0.99	3.02
<b>Adjusted revenue per transaction</b>				
Consolidated adjusted revenue per transaction <sup>3</sup>	\$ 1.01	\$ 2.86	\$ 0.93	\$ 2.79

<sup>2</sup> Transactions in the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2015 include approximately 274 million and 872 million transactions, respectively, related to our SVS product, which is part of the Comdata business acquired in November 2014. SVS, Stored Value Solutions, is our global provider of gift card and stored value solutions. The SVS product has a lower revenue per transaction.

<sup>3</sup> Adjusted revenues is a non-GAAP financial measure defined as revenues, net of merchant commissions. We believe this measure is a more effective way to evaluate our revenue performance. We use adjusted revenues as a basis to evaluate our revenues, net of the commissions that are paid to merchants to participate in our card programs. Adjusted revenues is a supplemental non-GAAP financial measure of operating performance. See the heading entitled Management's Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures.

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Revenue per transaction is derived from the various revenue types as discussed above and can vary based on geography, the relevant merchant relationship, the payment product utilized and the types of products or services purchased, the mix of which would be influenced by our acquisitions, organic growth in our business, and the overall macroeconomic environment, including fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates. Revenue per transaction per customer changes as the level of services we provide to a customer increases or decreases, as macroeconomic factors change and as adjustments are made to merchant and customer rates. See *Results of Operations* for further discussion of transaction volumes and revenue per transaction.

For the three months ended September 30, 2015, transaction volumes increased 341.8% to 417.1 million transactions compared to 94.4 million transactions in the comparable period of 2014. For the nine months ended September 30, 2015, transaction volumes increased 371.4% to 1,283.3 million transactions compared to 272.3 million transactions in the comparable period of 2014. North American segment transactions grew 721.0% and 792.0%, in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 over the comparable period in 2014, respectively, primarily due to our acquisition of Comdata in November 2014, of which 274 million and 872 million transactions are attributable to SVS, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively, as well as from organic growth in our U.S. businesses. Transaction volumes in our international segment decreased by 7.2% and 4.0%, in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 over the comparable period in 2014, respectively, primarily due to market softness in Russia and Brazil.

***Sources of Expenses***

We incur expenses in the following categories:

*Merchant commissions* In certain of our card programs, we incur merchant commissions expense when we reimburse merchants with whom we have direct, contractual relationships for specific transactions where a customer purchases products or services from the merchant. In the card programs where it is paid, merchant commissions equal the difference between the price paid by us to the merchant and the merchant's wholesale cost of the underlying products or services.

*Processing* Our processing expense consists of expenses related to processing transactions, servicing our customers and merchants, bad debt expense and cost of goods sold related to our hardware sales in certain businesses.

*Selling* Our selling expenses consist primarily of wages, benefits, sales commissions (other than merchant commissions) and related expenses for our sales, marketing and account management personnel and activities.

*General and administrative* Our general and administrative expenses include compensation and related expenses (including stock-based compensation) for our executives, finance and accounting, information technology, human resources, legal and other administrative personnel. Also included are facilities expenses, third-party professional services fees, travel and entertainment expenses, and other corporate-level expenses.

*Depreciation and amortization* Our depreciation expenses include depreciation of property and equipment, consisting of computer hardware and software (including proprietary software development amortization expense), card-reading equipment, furniture, fixtures, vehicles and buildings and leasehold improvements related to office space. Our amortization expenses include amortization of intangible assets related to customer and vendor relationships, trade names and trademarks and non-compete agreements. We are amortizing intangible assets related to business acquisitions and certain private label contracts associated with the purchase of accounts receivable.

*Equity method investment loss* Our equity method investment loss relates to our minority interest in Masternaut, a provider of telematics solutions to commercial fleets in Europe, which we account for using the equity method.

*Other (income) expense, net* Our other (income) expense, net includes foreign currency transaction gains or losses, proceeds/costs from the sale of assets and other miscellaneous operating costs and revenue.

*Interest expense, net* Our interest expense, net includes interest income on our cash balances and interest expense on our outstanding debt and on our Securitization Facility. We have historically invested our cash primarily in short-term money market funds.

*Provision for income taxes* Our provision for income taxes consists primarily of corporate income taxes related to profits resulting from the sale of our products and services in the United States and internationally. Our worldwide effective tax rate is lower than the U.S. statutory rate of 35%, due primarily to lower rates in foreign jurisdictions and foreign-sourced non-taxable income.

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**Adjusted Revenues, Adjusted Net Income and Adjusted Net Income Per Diluted Share.** Set forth below are adjusted revenues, adjusted net income and adjusted net income per diluted share for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014.

(in thousands, except per share amounts)	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Adjusted revenues	\$ 419,767	\$ 270,269	\$ 1,191,487	\$ 759,729
Adjusted net income	\$ 157,570	\$ 117,625	\$ 432,424	\$ 322,617
Adjusted net income per diluted share	\$ 1.67	\$ 1.37	\$ 4.60	\$ 3.77

We use adjusted revenues as a basis to evaluate our revenues, net of the commissions that are paid to merchants that participate in certain of our card programs. The commissions paid to merchants can vary when market spreads fluctuate in much the same way as revenues are impacted when market spreads fluctuate. Thus, we believe this is a more effective way to evaluate our revenue performance on a consistent basis. We use adjusted net income and adjusted net income per diluted share to eliminate the effect of items that we do not consider indicative of our core operating performance on a consistent basis. Adjusted revenues, adjusted net income and adjusted net income per diluted share are supplemental non-GAAP financial measures of operating performance. See the heading entitled Management's Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures.

**Factors and Trends Impacting our Business**

We believe that the following factors and trends are important in understanding our financial performance:

**Fuel prices** Our fleet customers use our products and services primarily in connection with the purchase of fuel. Accordingly, our revenue is affected by fuel prices, which are subject to significant volatility. A change in retail fuel prices could cause a decrease or increase in our revenue from several sources, including fees paid to us based on a percentage of each customer's total purchase. Changes in the absolute price of fuel may also impact unpaid account balances and the late fees and charges based on these amounts. See Sources of Revenue above for further information related to the absolute price of fuel.

**Fuel-price spread volatility** A portion of our revenue involves transactions where we derive revenue from fuel-price spreads, which is the difference between the price charged to a fleet customer for a transaction and the price paid to the merchant for the same transaction. In these transactions, the price paid to the merchant is based on the wholesale cost of fuel. The merchant's wholesale cost of fuel is dependent on several factors including, among others, the factors described above affecting fuel prices. The fuel price that we charge to our customer is dependent on several factors including, among others, the fuel price paid to the merchant, posted retail fuel prices and competitive fuel prices. We experience fuel-price spread contraction when the merchant's wholesale cost of fuel increases at a faster rate than the fuel price we charge to our customers, or the fuel price we charge to our customers decreases at a faster rate than the merchant's wholesale cost of fuel. See Sources of Revenue above for further information related to fuel-price spreads.

*Acquisitions* Since 2002, we have completed over 65 acquisitions of companies and commercial account portfolios. Acquisitions have been an important part of our growth strategy, and it is our intention to continue to seek opportunities to increase our customer base and diversify our service offering through further strategic acquisitions. The impact of acquisitions has, and may continue to have, a significant impact on our results of operations and may make it difficult to compare our results between periods.

*Interest rates* Our results of operations are affected by interest rates. We are exposed to market risk due to changes in interest rates on our cash investments and debt.

*Global economic downturn* Our results of operations are materially affected by conditions in the economy generally, both in North America and internationally. Factors affected by the economy include our transaction volumes and the credit risk of our customers. These factors affected our businesses in both our North America and International segments.

*Foreign currency changes* Our results of operations are significantly impacted by changes in foreign currency rates; namely, by movements of the Australian dollar, Brazilian real, British pound, Canadian dollar, Czech koruna, Euro, Mexican peso, New Zealand dollar and Russian ruble, relative to the U.S. dollar. Approximately 72% and 51% of our revenue in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, was derived in U.S. dollars and was not affected by foreign currency exchange rates as compared to approximately 56%, 51% and 56% of our revenue for the year in 2014, 2013 and 2012, respectively. See *Results of Operations* for information related to foreign currency impact on our total revenue, net.

*Expenses* Over the long term, we expect that our general and administrative expense will decrease as a percentage of revenue as our revenue increases. To support our expected revenue growth, we plan to continue to incur additional sales and marketing expense by investing in our direct marketing, third-party agents, internet marketing, telemarketing and field sales force.

**Table of Contents****Results of Operations****Three months ended September 30, 2015 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2014**

The following table sets forth selected consolidated statement of income data for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 (in thousands).

	<b>Three months ended</b>					
	<b>Three months ended</b>	<b>% of total</b>	<b>September 30,</b>	<b>% of total</b>	<b>Increase</b>	<b>% Change</b>
	<b>September 30, 2015</b>	<b>revenue</b>	<b>2014</b>	<b>revenue</b>	<b>(decrease)</b>	
<b>Revenues, net:</b>						
North America	\$ 334,944	74.2%	\$ 156,343	52.9%	\$ 178,601	114.2%
International	116,549	25.8%	138,940	47.1%	(22,391)	(16.1)%
<b>Total revenues, net</b>	<b>451,493</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>295,283</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>156,210</b>	<b>52.9%</b>
<b>Consolidated operating expenses:</b>						
Merchant commissions	31,726	7.0%	25,014	8.5%	6,712	26.8%
Processing	90,959	20.1%	41,451	14.0%	49,508	119.4%
Selling	27,383	6.1%	17,950	6.1%	9,433	52.6%
General and administrative	64,439	14.3%	40,947	13.9%	23,492	57.4%
Depreciation and amortization	48,526	10.7%	25,714	8.7%	22,812	88.7%
<b>Operating income</b>	<b>188,460</b>	<b>41.7%</b>	<b>144,207</b>	<b>48.8%</b>	<b>44,253</b>	<b>30.7%</b>
Equity method investment loss	6,108	1.4%	2,200	0.7%	3,908	177.6%
Other (income) expense, net	(168)	NM	594	0.2%	(762)	NM
Interest expense, net	17,163	3.8%	4,859	1.6%	12,304	253.2%
Provision for income taxes	48,587	10.8%	41,045	13.9%	7,542	18.4%
<b>Net income</b>	<b>\$ 116,770</b>	<b>25.9%</b>	<b>\$ 95,509</b>	<b>32.3%</b>	<b>\$ 21,261</b>	<b>22.3%</b>
<b>Operating income for segments:</b>						
North America	\$ 132,428		\$ 78,797		\$ 53,631	68.1%
International	56,032		65,410		(9,378)	(14.3)%
<b>Operating income</b>	<b>\$ 188,460</b>		<b>\$ 144,207</b>		<b>\$ 44,253</b>	<b>30.7%</b>
<b>Operating margin for segments:</b>						

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North America	39.5%	50.4%	(10.9)%
International	48.1%	47.1%	1%
Total	41.7%	48.8%	(7.1)%

**Three months ended September 30,**

	<b>2015</b>	<b>2014</b>
<b>Transactions (in millions)<sup>1</sup></b>		
North America	371.5	45.3
International	45.6	49.1
Total transactions	417.1	94.4
<b>Revenue per transaction</b>		
North America	\$ 0.90	\$ 3.45
International	2.56	2.83
Consolidated revenue per transaction	1.08	3.13
Consolidated adjusted revenue per transaction	1.01	2.86

<sup>1</sup> Transactions in the three months ended September 30, 2015 includes approximately 274 million transactions related to our SVS product, which is part of the Comdata business acquired in November 2014. Revenue per transaction for the SVS product is lower than that generated by our other products.

NM = Not meaningful

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***Revenues and revenue per transaction***

Our consolidated revenues increased from \$295.3 million in the three months ended September 30, 2014 to \$451.5 million in the three months ended September 30, 2015, an increase of \$156.2 million, or 52.9%. The increase in our consolidated revenue was primarily due to:

The impact of acquisitions completed in 2014, which contributed approximately \$167 million in additional revenue in the three months ended September 30, 2015 over the comparable period in 2014.

Organic growth in certain of our payment programs driven primarily by increases in both volume and revenue per transaction.

Included within organic growth, is the impact of the macroeconomic environment. Although we cannot precisely measure the impact of the macroeconomic environment, in total we believe it had a negative impact on our consolidated revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2015 over the comparable period in 2014. The macroeconomic environment was primarily impacted by lower fuel prices and foreign exchange rates, partially offset by higher fuel spread margins.

We use adjusted revenues as a basis to evaluate our revenues, net of the commissions that are paid to merchants that participate in certain of our card programs. The commissions paid to merchants can vary when market spreads fluctuate in much the same way as revenues are impacted when market spreads fluctuate. Thus, we believe this is a more effective way to evaluate our revenue performance on a consistent basis. Although we cannot precisely measure the impact of the macroeconomic environment, in total we believe it negatively impacted our consolidated adjusted revenues for the three months ended September 30, 2015 over the comparable period in 2014 by approximately \$47 million. Changes in foreign exchange rates had an unfavorable impact on consolidated adjusted revenues of approximately \$27 million due to unfavorable fluctuations in rates in all geographies in the three months ended September 30, 2015 over 2014. In addition, we believe the impact of lower fuel prices, partially offset by higher fuel spread margins, had an additional unfavorable impact on consolidated adjusted revenues of approximately \$20 million.

Consolidated revenue per transaction decreased from \$3.13 in the three months ended September 30, 2014 to \$1.08 in the three months ended September 30, 2015, a decrease of \$2.05 or 65.4%. Excluding the impact of the SVS business, which had approximately 274 million transactions in the quarter at a lower revenue per transaction, revenue per transaction for the third quarter of 2015 decreased 11.0% to \$2.78 from \$3.13 in the third quarter of 2014. Revenue per transaction can vary based on the geography, the relevant merchant and customer relationship, the payment product utilized, and the types of products or services purchased. The revenue mix was influenced by our acquisitions, organic growth in the business, and fluctuations in the macroeconomic environment, primarily fuel prices and foreign exchange rates.

***North America segment revenues and revenue per transaction***

North America revenues increased from \$156.3 million in the three months ended September 30, 2014 to \$334.9 million in the three months ended September 30, 2015, an increase of \$178.6 million, or 114.2%. The increase in our North America segment revenue was primarily due to:

The impact of acquisitions completed in 2014, which contributed approximately \$167 million in additional revenue in the three months ended September 30, 2015 over the comparable period in 2014.

Organic growth in certain of our payment programs driven primarily by increases in both volume and revenue per transaction.

Included within organic growth, is the impact of the macroeconomic environment. Although we cannot precisely measure the impact of the macroeconomic environment, in total we believe it had a negative impact on our North America segment revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2015 over the comparable period in 2014, primarily due to the impact of lower fuel prices in the U.S., partially offset by higher fuel spread margins.

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North America segment revenue per transaction decreased from \$3.45 in the three months ended September 30, 2014 to \$0.90 in the three months ended September 30, 2015, a decrease of \$2.55 or 73.9%. Excluding the impact of the SVS business, which had approximately 274 million transactions in the quarter at a lower revenue per transaction, revenue per transaction in our North America segment for the third quarter of 2015 decreased 16.3% to \$2.89 from \$3.45 in the third quarter of 2014. Revenue per transaction can vary based on the geography, the relevant merchant and customer relationship, the payment product utilized, and the types of products or services purchased. Revenue per transaction decreased due primarily to lower fuel prices during the quarter versus the prior year quarter, partially offset by higher spread margins; and the mix impact of the Comdata acquisition, excluding SVS, which has revenue per transaction products lower than the historical FleetCor average.

***International segment revenues and revenue per transaction***

International segment revenues decreased from \$138.9 million in the three months ended September 30, 2014 to \$116.5 million in the three months ended September 30, 2015, a decrease of \$22.4 million, or 16.1%. The decrease in our International segment revenue was primarily due to:

The impact of the macroeconomic environment, which is included within organic growth. Although we cannot precisely measure the impact of the macroeconomic environment, in total we believe it had a negative impact on our International segment revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2015 over the comparable period in 2014, primarily due to changes in foreign exchange rates.

As discussed, we use adjusted revenues as a basis to evaluate our revenues, net of the commissions that are paid to merchants that participate in certain of our card programs. Changes in foreign exchange rates had an unfavorable impact on international adjusted revenues of approximately \$27 million due to unfavorable fluctuations in rates in all geographies in the three months ended September 30, 2015 over 2014.

Organic growth in certain of our payment programs driven primarily by increases in both volume and revenue per transaction.

International segment revenue per transaction decreased from \$2.83 in the three months ended September 30, 2014 to \$2.56 in the three months ended September 30, 2015, a decrease of \$0.27 per transaction or 9.6%, due primarily to the unfavorable impact of foreign exchange rates across all of our geographies. This unfavorable impact was partially offset by organic revenue growth in several products.

***Consolidated operating expenses***

***Merchant commissions*** Merchant commissions increased from \$25.0 million in the three months ended September 30, 2014 to \$31.7 million in the three months ended September 30, 2015, an increase of \$6.7 million, or 26.8%. This increase was due primarily to the fluctuation of the margin between the wholesale cost and retail price of fuel, which impacted merchant commissions in certain card programs, as well as the impact of higher volume in certain revenue streams where merchant commissions are paid, partially offset by decreases due to changes in foreign exchange rates.

***Processing*** Processing expenses increased from \$41.5 million in the three months ended September 30, 2014 to \$91.0 million in the three months ended September 30, 2015, an increase of \$49.5 million, or 119.4%. Our processing expenses primarily increased due to the impact of our acquisition of Comdata completed in the fourth quarter of 2014,

partially offset by decreases due to changes in foreign exchange rates.

**Selling** Selling expenses increased from \$18.0 million in the three months ended September 30, 2014 to \$27.4 million in the three months ended September 30, 2015, an increase of \$9.4 million, or 52.6%. The increase was primarily due to our acquisition of Comdata completed in the fourth quarter of 2014, as well as additional sales and marketing spending in certain markets, partially offset by decreases due to changes in foreign exchange rates.

**General and administrative** General and administrative expenses increased from \$40.9 million in the three months ended September 30, 2014 to \$64.4 million in the three months ended September 30, 2015, an increase of \$23.5 million, or 57.4%. The increase was primarily due to the impact of our acquisition of Comdata completed in the fourth quarter of 2014 and incremental stock based compensation of \$5.9 million, partially offset by decreases due to changes in foreign exchange rates.

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***Depreciation and amortization*** Depreciation and amortization increased from \$25.7 million in the three months ended September 30, 2014 to \$48.5 million in the three months ended September 30, 2015, an increase of \$22.8 million, or 88.7%. The increase was primarily due to the acquisition of Comdata completed during the fourth quarter of 2014, which resulted in an increase of \$26.4 million related to the amortization of acquired intangible assets for customer and vendor relationships, trade names and trademarks, non-compete agreements and software, as well as depreciation of acquired fixed assets, partially offset by decreases due to changes in foreign exchange rates.

***Operating income and operating margin******Consolidated operating income***

Operating income increased from \$144.2 million in the three months ended September 30, 2014 to \$188.5 million in the three months ended September 30, 2015, an increase of \$44.3 million, or 30.7%. Our operating margin was 48.8% and 41.7% for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2015, respectively. The increase in operating income was due primarily to the impact of our acquisition of Comdata completed in November 2014. These increases were partially offset by the negative impact of the macroeconomic environment, primarily due to lower fuel prices in North America and unfavorable changes in foreign exchange rates, as previously discussed. Changes in foreign exchange rates had an unfavorable impact on consolidated operating income of approximately \$15 million due to unfavorable fluctuations in rates in all geographies. Results were also negatively impacted by the increase in amortization and depreciation expense related to Comdata acquired in November 2014 and increased stock based compensation expense during the quarter. The decrease in operating margin was due primarily to the impact of increased operating expenses associated with Comdata, including increased depreciation and amortization.

For the purpose of segment operating results, we calculate segment operating income by subtracting segment operating expenses from segment revenue. Segment operating margin is calculated by dividing segment operating income by segment revenue.

***North America segment operating income***

North America operating income increased from \$78.8 million in the three months ended September 30, 2014 to \$132.4 million in the three months ended September 30, 2015, an increase of \$53.6 million, or 68.1%. North America operating margin was 50.4% and 39.5% for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2015, respectively. The increase in operating income was due primarily to the impact of our acquisition of Comdata in November 2014, as well as organic growth in the business. The decrease in operating margin was due primarily to the impact of increased operating expenses associated with Comdata, including increased depreciation and amortization. In addition, we had increased stock based compensation expense, the majority of which is recorded in our North American segment. Furthermore, operating results were also negatively impacted by the macroeconomic environment, primarily lower fuel prices, partially offset by higher fuel spread margins.

***International segment operating income***

International operating income decreased from \$65.4 million in the three months ended September 30, 2014 to \$56.0 million in the three months ended September 30, 2015, a decrease of \$9.4 million, or 14.3%. International operating margin was 47.1% and 48.1% for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2015, respectively. The decrease in operating income was due primarily to the unfavorable impact of the macroeconomic environment, specifically unfavorable changes in foreign exchange rates, which we believe negatively impacted operating income by approximately \$15 million. The negative impact of the environment was partially offset by the impact of organic growth in the business driven by increases in volume and revenue per transaction, in local currency. The impact of

changes in fuel price and fuel price spreads was negligible.

***Equity method investment loss***

On April 28, 2014, we acquired a minority interest in Masternaut, a provider of telematics solutions to commercial fleets in Europe, which we account for as an equity method investment. The increase in equity method investment loss from \$2.2 million in the three months ended September 30, 2014 to \$6.1 million in the three months ended September 30, 2015 was partially due to the impact of restructuring the operations of the business.

***Interest expense, net***

Interest expense increased from \$4.9 million in the three months ended September 30, 2014 to \$17.2 million in the three months ended September 30, 2015, an increase of \$12.3 million, or 253.2%. The increase is due to an increase in borrowings in 2015 over 2014, primarily due to funding of purchase price for our acquisition of Comdata. The following table sets forth the average interest rates paid on borrowings under our Credit Facility, including the relevant unused credit facility fees.

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	<b>Three months ended September 30,</b>	
	<b>2015</b>	<b>2014</b>
Term loan A & Domestic Revolver A, including unused credit facility fee	2.29%	2.20%
Term loan B, including unused credit facility fee	4.10%	
Foreign Revolver A		2.25%
Foreign swing line	2.23%	2.19%

***Provision for income taxes***

The provision for income taxes increased from \$41.0 million in the three months ended September 30, 2014 to \$48.6 million in the three months ended September 30, 2015, an increase of \$7.5 million, or 18.4%. We provide for income taxes during interim periods based on an estimate of our effective tax rate for the year. Discrete items and changes in the estimate of the annual tax rate are recorded in the period they occur. Our effective tax rate decreased from 30.1% for three months ended September 30, 2014 to 29.4% for the three months ended September 30, 2015.

We pay taxes in many different taxing jurisdictions, including the U.S., most U.S. states and many non-U.S. jurisdictions. The tax rates in certain non-U.S. taxing jurisdictions are lower than the U.S. tax rate. Consequently, as our earnings fluctuate between taxing jurisdictions, our effective tax rate fluctuates. The decrease in the effective tax rate was due primarily to favorable net tax adjustments related to U.S. planning initiatives that were implemented during the third quarter. The impact of those adjustments, which involved amending tax returns for several prior years, was approximately \$7.9 million. We expect that the impact from this planning initiative will have a favorable impact on tax rates in future years. Partially offsetting the impact of this positive impact was the inclusion of the Comdata business which operates primarily in the U.S. with a higher overall tax rate versus the average FleetCor rate.

***Net income***

For the reasons discussed above, our net income increased from \$95.5 million in the three months ended September 30, 2014 to \$116.8 million in the three months ended September 30, 2015, an increase of \$21.3 million, or 22.3%.

**Table of Contents****Results of Operations****Nine months ended September 30, 2015 compared to the Nine months ended September 30, 2014**

The following table sets forth selected consolidated statement of income data for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 (in thousands).

	Nine months ended % of total		Nine months ended % of total		Increase	% Change
	September 30, 2015	revenue	September 30, 2014	revenue	(decrease)	
<b>Revenues, net:</b>						
North America	\$ 918,333	72.2%	\$ 421,579	51.2%	\$ 496,754	117.8%
International	353,931	27.8%	401,114	48.8%	(47,183)	(11.8)%
<b>Total revenues, net</b>	<b>1,272,264</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>822,693</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>449,571</b>	<b>54.6%</b>
<b>Consolidated operating expenses:</b>						
Merchant commissions	80,777	6.3%	62,964	7.7%	17,813	28.3%
Processing	246,879	19.4%	117,152	14.2%	129,727	110.7%
Selling	81,011	6.4%	52,885	6.4%	28,126	53.2%
General and administrative	196,777	15.5%	122,304	14.9%	74,473	60.9%
Depreciation and amortization	145,435	11.4%	74,561	9.1%	70,874	95.1%
<b>Operating income</b>	<b>521,385</b>	<b>41.0%</b>	<b>392,827</b>	<b>47.7%</b>	<b>128,558</b>	<b>32.7%</b>
<b>Equity method investment loss</b>						
Equity method investment loss	13,926	1.1%	3,689	0.4%	10,237	277.5%
<b>Other expense, net</b>	<b>2,345</b>	<b>0.2%</b>	<b>870</b>	<b>0.1%</b>	<b>1,475</b>	<b>169.5%</b>
<b>Interest expense, net</b>	<b>54,818</b>	<b>4.3%</b>	<b>15,628</b>	<b>1.9%</b>	<b>39,190</b>	<b>250.8%</b>
<b>Provision for income taxes</b>	<b>140,695</b>	<b>11.1%</b>	<b>113,473</b>	<b>13.8%</b>	<b>27,222</b>	<b>24.0%</b>
<b>Net income</b>	<b>\$ 309,601</b>	<b>24.3%</b>	<b>\$ 259,167</b>	<b>31.5%</b>	<b>\$ 50,434</b>	<b>19.5%</b>
<b>Operating income for segments:</b>						
North America	\$ 351,778		\$ 203,311		\$ 148,467	73.0%
International	169,607		189,516		(19,909)	10.5%
<b>Operating income</b>	<b>\$ 521,385</b>		<b>\$ 392,827</b>		<b>\$ 128,558</b>	<b>32.7%</b>
<b>Operating margin for segments:</b>						
North America	38.3%		48.2%		(9.9)%	
International	47.9%		47.2%		0.7%	

Total 41.0% 47.7% (6.7)%

	<b>Nine months ended September 30,</b>	
	<b>2015</b>	<b>2014</b>
<b>Transactions (in millions)<sup>1</sup></b>		
North America	1,145.3	128.4
International	138.0	143.9
Total transactions	1,283.3	272.3
<b>Revenue per transaction</b>		
North America	\$ 0.80	\$ 3.28
International	2.56	2.79
Consolidated revenue per transaction	0.99	3.02
Consolidated adjusted revenue per transaction	0.93	2.79

- <sup>1</sup> Transactions in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 includes approximately 872 million transactions related to our SVS product, which is part of the Comdata business acquired in November 2014. Revenue per transaction for the SVS product is lower than that generated by our other products.

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***Revenues and revenue per transaction***

Our consolidated revenues increased from \$822.7 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2014 to \$1,272.3 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2015, an increase of \$449.6 million, or 54.6%. The increase in our consolidated revenue was primarily due to:

The impact of acquisitions completed in 2014, which contributed approximately \$455 million in additional revenue in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 over the comparable period in 2014.

Organic growth in certain of our payment programs driven primarily by increases in both volume and revenue per transaction.

Included within organic growth, is the impact of the macroeconomic environment. Although we cannot precisely measure the impact of the macroeconomic environment, in total we believe it had a negative impact on our consolidated revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 over the comparable period in 2014. The macroeconomic environment was primarily impacted by lower fuel prices and foreign exchange rates, partially offset by higher fuel spread margins.

We use adjusted revenues as a basis to evaluate our revenues, net of the commissions that are paid to merchants that participate in certain of our card programs. The commissions paid to merchants can vary when market spreads fluctuate in much the same way as revenues are impacted when market spreads fluctuate. Thus, we believe this is a more effective way to evaluate our revenue performance on a consistent basis. Although we cannot precisely measure the impact of the macroeconomic environment, in total we believe it negatively impacted our consolidated adjusted revenues for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 over the comparable period in 2014 by approximately \$123 million. Changes in foreign exchange rates had an unfavorable impact on consolidated adjusted revenues of approximately \$70 million due to unfavorable fluctuations in rates in all geographies in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 over 2014. In addition, we believe the impact of lower fuel prices, partially offset by higher fuel spread margins, had an additional unfavorable impact on consolidated adjusted revenues of approximately \$53 million.

Consolidated revenue per transaction decreased from \$3.02 in the nine months ended September 30, 2014 to \$0.99 in the nine months ended September 30, 2015, a decrease of \$2.03 or 67.2%. Excluding the impact of the SVS business, which had approximately 872 million transactions in the nine months ended September 30, 2015, at a lower revenue per transaction, revenue per transaction for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 decreased 8.0 % to \$2.78 from \$3.02 over the comparable period in 2014. Revenue per transaction can vary based on the geography, the relevant merchant and customer relationship, the payment product utilized, and the types of products or services purchased. The revenue mix was influenced by our acquisitions, organic growth in the business, and fluctuations in the macroeconomic environment.

***North America segment revenues and revenue per transaction***

North America revenues increased from \$421.6 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2014 to \$918.3 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2015, an increase of \$496.8 million, or 117.8%. The increase in our North America segment revenue was primarily due to:

The impact of acquisitions completed in 2014, which contributed approximately \$455 million in additional revenue in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 over the comparable period in 2014.

Organic growth in certain of our payment programs driven primarily by increases in both volume and revenue per transaction.

Included within organic growth, is the impact of the macroeconomic environment. Although we cannot precisely measure the impact of the macroeconomic environment, in total we believe it had a negative impact on our North America segment revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 over the comparable period in 2014, primarily due to the impact of lower fuel prices in the U.S, partially offset by higher fuel spread margins.

North America segment revenue per transaction decreased from \$3.28 in the nine months ended September 30, 2014 to \$0.80 in the nine months ended September 30, 2015, a decrease of \$2.48 or 75.6%. Excluding the impact of the SVS business, which had approximately 872 million transactions in the nine months ended September 30, 2015, at a lower revenue per transaction, revenue per transaction in our North America segment in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 decreased 12.1% to \$2.89 from \$3.28 over the comparable period in 2014. Revenue per transaction decreased primarily due to the impact of lower fuel prices during the quarter versus the prior year quarter and the mix impact of the Comdata acquisition, excluding SVS, which has revenue per transaction products lower than the historical FleetCor average, partially offset by the impact of organic growth in revenue and volume in certain of our products and higher fuel spread margins.

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**Table of Contents*****International segment revenues and revenue per transaction***

International segment revenues decreased from \$401.1 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2014 to \$353.9 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2015, a decrease of \$47.2 million, or 11.8%. The decrease in our International segment revenue was primarily due to:

The impact of the macroeconomic environment, which is included within organic growth. Although we cannot precisely measure the impact of the macroeconomic environment, in total we believe it had a negative impact on our International segment revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 over the comparable period in 2014, primarily due to changes in foreign exchange rates and lower fuel prices internationally. Unfavorable fluctuations in foreign exchange rates in all geographies had an unfavorable impact on revenues in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 over the comparable period in 2014.

As discussed, we use adjusted revenues as a basis to evaluate our revenues, net of the commissions that are paid to merchants that participate in certain of our card programs. Changes in foreign exchange rates had an unfavorable impact on international adjusted revenues of approximately \$70 million due to unfavorable fluctuations in rates in all geographies in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 over 2014.

Organic growth in certain of our payment programs driven primarily by increases in both volume and revenue per transaction.

International segment revenue per transaction decreased from \$2.79 in the nine months ended September 30, 2014 to \$2.56 in the nine months ended September 30, 2015, a decrease of \$0.22 per transaction or 8.0%, due primarily to the unfavorable impact of foreign exchange rates across all of our geographies. This unfavorable impact was partially offset by organic revenue growth in several products.

***Consolidated operating expenses***

***Merchant commissions*** Merchant commissions increased from \$63.0 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2014 to \$80.8 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2015, an increase of \$17.8 million, or 28.3%. This increase was due primarily to the fluctuation of the margin between the wholesale cost and retail price of fuel, which impacted merchant commissions in certain card programs, as well as the impact of higher volume in certain revenue streams where merchant commission are paid, partially offset by decreases due to changes in foreign exchange rates.

***Processing*** Processing expenses increased from \$117.2 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2014 to \$246.9 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2015, an increase of \$129.7 million, or 110.7%. Our processing expenses primarily increased due to the impact of our acquisition of Comdata completed in the fourth quarter of 2014, partially offset by decreases due to changes in foreign exchange rates.

***Selling*** Selling expenses increased from \$52.9 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2014 to \$81.0 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2015, an increase of \$28.1 million, or 53.2%. The increase was primarily due to our acquisition of Comdata completed in the fourth quarter of 2014, as well as additional sales and marketing spending in certain markets, partially offset by decreases due to changes in foreign exchange rates.

***General and administrative*** General and administrative expenses increased from \$122.3 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2014 to \$196.8 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2015, an increase of \$74.5

million, or 60.9%. The increase was primarily due to the impact of our acquisition of Comdata completed in the fourth quarter of 2014 and incremental stock based compensation of \$18.1 million, partially offset by decreases due to changes in foreign exchange rates.

***Depreciation and amortization*** Depreciation and amortization increased from \$74.6 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2014 to \$145.4 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2015, an increase of \$70.9 million, or 95.1%. The increase was primarily due to our acquisition of Comdata completed during the fourth quarter of 2014, which resulted in an increase of \$78.6 million related to the amortization of acquired intangible assets for customer and vendor relationships, trade names and trademarks, non-compete agreements and software, as well as depreciation of acquired fixed assets, partially offset by decreases due to changes in foreign exchange rates.

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**Table of Contents*****Operating income and operating margin******Consolidated operating income***

Operating income increased from \$392.8 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2014 to \$521.4 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2015, an increase of \$128.6 million, or 32.7%. Our operating margin was 47.7% and 41.0% for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2015, respectively. The increase in operating income was due primarily to the impact of our acquisition of Comdata completed in November 2014. These increases were partially offset by the negative impact of the macroeconomic environment, primarily due to lower fuel prices in North America and unfavorable changes in foreign exchange rates, as previously discussed. Changes in foreign exchange rates had an unfavorable impact on consolidated operating income of approximately \$37 million due to unfavorable fluctuations in rates in all geographies. Results were also negatively impacted by the increase in amortization and depreciation expense related to assets acquired in 2014 and increased stock based compensation expense during the first half of 2015. The decrease in operating margin was due primarily to the impact of increased operating expenses associated with Comdata, including increased depreciation and amortization.

For the purpose of segment operating results, we calculate segment operating income by subtracting segment operating expenses from segment revenue. Similarly, segment operating margin is calculated by dividing segment operating income by segment revenue.

***North America segment operating income***

North America operating income increased from \$203.3 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2014 to \$351.8 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2015, an increase of \$148.5 million, or 73.0%. North America operating margin was 48.2% and 38.3% for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2015, respectively. The increase in operating income was due primarily to the impact of our acquisition of Comdata in November 2014, as well as organic growth in the business. The decrease in operating margin was due primarily to the impact of increased operating expenses associated with Comdata, including increased depreciation and amortization. In addition, we had increased stock based compensation expense, the majority of which is recorded in our North American segment. Furthermore, operating results were also negatively impacted by the macroeconomic environment, primarily due to lower fuel prices, partially offset by higher fuel spread margins.

***International segment operating income***

International operating income decreased from \$189.5 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2014 to \$169.6 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2015, a decrease of \$19.9 million, or 10.5%. International operating margin was 47.2% and 47.9% for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2015, respectively. The decrease in operating income was due primarily to the unfavorable impact of the macroeconomic environment, specifically unfavorable changes in foreign exchange rates, which we believe negatively impacted operating income by approximately \$37 million, as well as the negative impact of fuel prices internationally. The negative impact of the environment was partially offset by the impact of organic growth in the business driven by increases in volume and revenue per transaction, in local currency. We believe the impact of changes in fuel price spreads was negligible.

***Equity method investment loss***

On April 28, 2014, we acquired a minority interest in Masternaut, a provider of telematics solutions to commercial fleets in Europe, which we account for as an equity method investment. The increase in equity method investment loss from \$3.7 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2014 to \$13.9 million in the nine months ended

September 30, 2015 was partially due to the impact of restructuring the operations of the business.

**Table of Contents*****Interest expense, net***

Interest expense increased from \$15.6 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2014 to \$54.8 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2015, an increase of \$39.2 million, or 250.8%. The increase is due to an increase in borrowings in 2015 over 2014, primarily due to funding of purchase price for our acquisition of Comdata. The following table sets forth the average interest rates paid on borrowings under our Credit Facility, including the relevant unused credit facility fees.

	<b>Nine months ended September 30,</b>	
	<b>2015</b>	<b>2014</b>
Term loan A & Domestic Revolver A, including unused credit facility fee	2.35%	2.21%
Term loan B, including unused credit facility fee	4.11%	
Foreign Revolver A	2.36%	2.24%
Foreign Revolver B, including unused credit facility fee		4.73%
Foreign swing line	2.29%	2.20%

***Provision for income taxes***

The provision for income taxes increased from \$113.5 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2014 to \$140.7 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2015, an increase of \$27.2 million, or 24.0%. We provide for income taxes during interim periods based on an estimate of our effective tax rate for the year. Discrete items and changes in the estimate of the annual tax rate are recorded in the period they occur. Our effective tax rate increased from 30.5% for nine months ended September 30, 2014 to 31.2% for the nine months ended September 30, 2015.

We pay taxes in many different taxing jurisdictions, including the U.S., most U.S. states and many non-U.S. jurisdictions. The tax rates in certain non-U.S. taxing jurisdictions are lower than the U.S. tax rate. Consequently, as our earnings fluctuate between taxing jurisdictions, our effective tax rate fluctuates. The increase in the effective tax rate was due primarily to the inclusion of the Comdata business which operates primarily in the U.S. with a higher overall tax rate. Partially offsetting the impact of the increases from the addition of the Comdata business was the impact of favorable net tax adjustments related to U.S. planning initiatives that were implemented during the third quarter. The impact of those adjustments, which involved amending tax returns for several prior years, was approximately \$7.9 million. We expect that the impact from this planning initiative will have a favorable impact on tax rates in future years.

***Net income***

For the reasons discussed above, our net income increased from \$259.2 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2014 to \$309.6 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2015, an increase of \$50.4 million, or 19.5%.

**Liquidity and capital resources**

Our principal liquidity requirements are to service and repay our indebtedness, make acquisitions of businesses and commercial account portfolios and meet working capital, tax and capital expenditure needs.

*Sources of liquidity*

At September 30, 2015, our unrestricted cash and cash equivalent balance totaled \$422.4 million. Our restricted cash balance at September 30, 2015 totaled \$129.4 million. Restricted cash primarily represents customer deposits in the Czech Republic and Comdata US, which we are restricted from using other than to repay customer deposits.

At September 30, 2015, cash and cash equivalents held in foreign subsidiaries where we have determined we are permanently reinvested is \$301.0 million. All of the cash and cash equivalents held by our foreign subsidiaries, excluding restricted cash, are available for general corporate purposes. Our current intent is to permanently reinvest these funds outside of the U.S. Our current expectation for funds held in our foreign subsidiaries is to use the funds to finance foreign organic growth, to pay for potential future foreign acquisitions and to repay any foreign borrowings that may arise from time to time. We currently believe that funds generated from our U.S. operations, along with available borrowing capacity in the U.S. will be sufficient to fund our U.S. operations for the foreseeable future, and therefore do not foresee a need to repatriate cash held by our foreign subsidiaries in a taxable transaction to fund our U.S. operations. However, if at a future date or time these funds are needed for our operations in the U.S. or we otherwise believe it is in our best interests to repatriate all or a portion of such funds, we may be required to accrue and pay U.S. taxes to repatriate these funds. No assurances can be provided as to the amount or timing thereof, the tax consequences related thereto or the ultimate impact any such action may have on our results of operations or financial condition.

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We utilize an accounts receivable Securitization Facility to finance a majority of our domestic fuel card receivables, to lower our cost of borrowing and more efficiently use capital. We generate and record accounts receivable when a customer makes a purchase from a merchant using one of our card products and generally pay merchants within seven days of receiving the merchant billing. As a result, we utilize the Securitization Facility as a source of liquidity to provide the cash flow required to fund merchant payments while we collect customer balances. These balances are primarily composed of charge balances, which are typically billed to the customer on a weekly, semimonthly or monthly basis, and are generally required to be paid within 14 days of billing. We also consider the undrawn amounts under our Securitization Facility and Credit Facility as funds available for working capital purposes and acquisitions. At September 30, 2015, we had the ability to generate approximately \$66 million of additional liquidity under our Securitization Facility. At September 30, 2015, we had approximately \$800 million available under our Credit Facility.

Based on our current forecasts and anticipated market conditions, we believe that our current cash balances, our available borrowing capacity and our ability to generate cash from operations, will be sufficient to fund our liquidity needs for at least the next twelve months. However, we regularly evaluate our cash requirements for current operations, commitments, capital requirements and acquisitions, and we may elect to raise additional funds for these purposes in the future, either through the issuance of debt or equity securities. We may not be able to obtain additional financing on terms favorable to us, if at all.

***Cash flows***

The following table summarizes our cash flows for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014.

(in millions)	Nine months ended September 30,	
	2015	2014
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 524.5	\$ 317.5
Net cash used in investing activities	(46.5)	(280.2)
Net cash used in financing activities	(502.3)	(56.2)

**Operating activities** Net cash provided by operating activities increased from \$317.5 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2014 to \$524.5 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2015. The increase is primarily due to changes in working capital and increases in certain non-cash expenses, including amortization of intangible assets and stock-based compensation, as well as additional net income of \$50.4 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 over the comparable period in 2014.

**Investing activities** Net cash used in investing activities decreased from \$280.2 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2014 to \$46.5 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2015. This decrease is primarily due to the reduction in cash outlay for acquisitions, including equity method investments, in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 over the comparable period.

**Financing activities** Net cash used in financing activities increased from \$56.2 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2014 to \$502.3 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2015. The increase is primarily due to an increase in net paydowns of outstanding balances on our Credit Facility of \$315.1 million and an increase in payments made on contingent consideration arrangements of \$40.3 million. Additionally, we made payments under our Securitization Facility of \$10.0 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to borrowings under our Securitization Facility of \$44.6 million for the comparable period in 2014.

***Capital spending summary***

Our capital expenditures increased from \$18.3 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2014 to \$29.5 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2015, an increase of \$11.2 million, or 61.5%. The increase was primarily due to the impact of our acquisition of Comdata in November 2014.

***Credit Facility***

We are party to a \$3.355 billion Credit Agreement (the *New Credit Agreement* ) with a syndicate of banks, which we originally entered into on October 24, 2014. The *New Credit Agreement* provides for (a) a revolving A credit facility in the amount of \$1.0 billion, with sublimits for letters of credit, swing line loans and multicurrency borrowings, (b) a revolving B facility in the amount of \$35 million for loans in Australian Dollars or New Zealand Dollars, (c) a term loan A facility in the amount of \$2.02 billion and (d) a term loan B facility in the amount \$300 million. The *New Credit Agreement* also contains an accordion feature for borrowing an additional \$500 million in term A or revolver A and term B. The *New Credit Agreement* contains representations, warranties and events of default, as well as certain affirmative and negative covenants, customary for financings of this nature. These covenants include limitations on our ability to pay dividends and make other restricted payments under certain circumstances and compliance

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with certain financial ratios. As of September 30, 2015, we were in compliance with each of the covenants under the Credit Facility. The proceeds of the New Credit Facility were used to pay down borrowings under the Existing Credit Facility, which was a five-year, \$900 million Credit Agreement (the Existing Credit Agreement ) with a syndicate of financial institutions entered into on June 22, 2011. On November 14, 2014 in order to finance a portion of the Comdata Acquisition and to refinance our Existing Credit Agreement, we made initial borrowings under the New Credit Agreement.

Interest on amounts outstanding under the New Credit Agreement (other than the term loan B facility) accrues based on the British Bankers Association LIBOR Rate (the Eurocurrency Rate), plus a margin based on a leverage ratio, or our option, the Base Rate (defined as the rate equal to the highest of (a) the Federal Funds Rate plus 0.50%, (b) the prime rate announced by Bank of America, N.A., or (c) the Eurocurrency Rate plus 1.00%) plus a margin based on a leverage ratio. Interest is payable quarterly in arrears. Interest on the term loan B facility accrues based on the Eurocurrency Rate or the Base Rate, as described above, except that the applicable margin is fixed at 3% for Eurocurrency Loans and at 2% for Base Rate Loans. In addition, we have agreed to pay a quarterly commitment fee at a rate per annum ranging from 0.20% to 0.40% of the daily unused portion of the credit facility. At September 30, 2015, the interest rate on the term loan A facility was 1.94%, domestic revolving A facility was 1.95%, term loan B facility was 3.75% and foreign swing line of credit was 2.23%. The rate on the unused credit facility was 0.35% for all facilities at September 30, 2015. There were no borrowings outstanding on the foreign revolving A and B facilities at September 30, 2015.

The stated maturity dates for our term loan A, revolving loans, and letters of credit under the New Credit Agreement is November 14, 2019 and November 14, 2021 for our term loan B. The term loans are payable in quarterly installments and are due on the last business day of each March, June, September, and December with the final principal payment due on the respective maturity date. Borrowings on the revolving line of credit are repayable at our option of one, two, three or nine months after borrowing, depending on the term of the borrowing on the facility. Borrowings on the foreign swing line of credit are due no later than ten business days after such loan is made.

At September 30, 2015, we had \$1,944.2 million in outstanding term loan A, \$248.1 million in outstanding term loan B and \$235 million in borrowings outstanding on the domestic revolving A facility. During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, we made principal payments of \$75.8 million on the term loan A, \$1.9 million on the term loan B, \$360 million on the domestic revolving A facility and \$51.8 million on the foreign revolving A facility.

***New Zealand Facility***

On April 29, 2013, we entered into a \$12 million New Zealand dollar facility with Westpac Bank in New Zealand. This facility was for purposes of funding the working capital needs of our CardLink business, in New Zealand. This facility was terminated in February 2015.

***Securitization Facility***

We are a party to a receivables purchase agreement among FleetCor Funding LLC, as seller, PNC Bank, National Association as administrator, and various purchaser agents, conduit purchasers and related committed purchasers parties thereto, which was amended and restated for the fifth time as of November 14, 2014. We refer to this arrangement as the Securitization Facility. The current purchase limit under the Securitization Facility is \$1.2 billion. There is a program fee equal to one month LIBOR and the Commercial Paper Rate of 0.22% plus 0.90% at September 30, 2015. The unused facility fee is payable at a rate of 0.40% per annum at September 30, 2015.

The Securitization Facility provides for certain termination events, which includes nonpayment, upon the occurrence of which the administrator may declare the facility termination date to have occurred, may exercise certain enforcement rights with respect to the receivables, and may appoint a successor servicer, among other things. We were in compliance with the financial covenant requirements related to our Securitization Facility as of September 30, 2015.

Under a related purchase and sale agreement, dated as of December 20, 2004, amended on July 7, 2008 and most recently amended on November 14, 2014 to include Comdata as an originator, between FleetCor Funding LLC, as purchaser, and certain of our subsidiaries, as originators, the receivables generated by the originators are deemed to be sold to FleetCor Funding LLC immediately and without further action upon creation of such receivables. At the request of FleetCor Funding LLC, as seller, undivided percentage ownership interests in the receivables are ratably purchased by the purchasers in amounts not to exceed their respective commitments under the facility. Collections on receivables are required to be made pursuant to a written credit and collection policy and may be reinvested in other receivables, may be held in trust for the purchasers, or may be distributed. Fees are paid to each purchaser agent for the benefit of the purchasers and liquidity providers in the related purchaser group in accordance with the Securitization Facility and certain fee letter agreements.

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### ***Other Liabilities***

In connection with our acquisition of certain businesses, we owe final payments of \$8.0 million, which are payable \$6.3 million in the next twelve months and \$1.7 million in periods beyond a year.

### **Critical accounting policies and estimates**

In applying the accounting policies that we use to prepare our consolidated financial statements, we necessarily make accounting estimates that affect our reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Some of these estimates require us to make assumptions about matters that are highly uncertain at the time we make the accounting estimates. We base these assumptions and the resulting estimates on historical information and other factors that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances, and we evaluate these assumptions and estimates on an ongoing basis. In many instances, however, we reasonably could have used different accounting estimates and, in other instances, changes in our accounting estimates could occur from period to period, with the result in each case being a material change in the financial statement presentation of our financial condition or results of operations. We refer to estimates of this type as critical accounting estimates.

Accounting estimates necessarily require subjective determinations about future events and conditions. During the three months ended September 30, 2015, we have not adopted any new critical accounting policies that had a significant impact upon our consolidated financial statements, have not changed any critical accounting policies and have not changed the application of any critical accounting policies from the year ended December 31, 2014. For critical accounting policies, refer to the Critical Accounting Estimates in Item 7 Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 and our summary of significant accounting policies in Note 1 of our notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements in this Form 10-Q.

We evaluate our equity method investments whenever events or circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the investment might not be recoverable. We have experienced losses at our equity method investment, however, as of September 30, 2015, the Company believes that the carrying value of the investment is appropriate. Failure to realize benefits of implemented operational improvements or failure to achieve forecasted operating results could lead to an other than temporary impairment in the future.

### **Management's Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures**

We have included in the discussion above certain financial measures that were not prepared in accordance with GAAP. Any analysis of non-GAAP financial measures should be used only in conjunction with results presented in accordance with GAAP. Below, we define the non-GAAP financial measures, provide a reconciliation of the non-GAAP financial measure to the most directly comparable financial measure calculated in accordance with GAAP, and discuss the reasons that we believe this information is useful to management and may be useful to investors.

### ***Adjusted revenues***

We have defined the non-GAAP measure adjusted revenues as revenues, net less merchant commissions as reflected in our income statement.

We use adjusted revenues as a basis to evaluate our revenues, net of the commissions that are paid to merchants to participate in our card programs. The commissions paid to merchants can vary when market spreads fluctuate in much the same way as revenues are impacted when market spreads fluctuate. We believe that adjusted revenue is an

appropriate supplemental measure of financial performance and may be useful to investors to understanding our revenue performance on a consistent basis. Adjusted revenues are not intended to be a substitute for GAAP financial measures and should not be used as such.

Set forth below is a reconciliation of adjusted revenues to the most directly comparable GAAP measure, revenues, net (in thousands):

	<b>Three Months Ended September 30,</b>		<b>Nine Months Ended September 30,</b>	
	<b>2015</b>	<b>2014</b>	<b>2015</b>	<b>2014</b>
Revenues, net	\$ 451,493	\$ 295,283	\$ 1,272,264	\$ 822,693
Merchant commissions	(31,726)	(25,014)	(80,777)	(62,964)
<b>Total adjusted revenues</b>	<b>\$ 419,767</b>	<b>\$ 270,269</b>	<b>\$ 1,191,487</b>	<b>\$ 759,729</b>

**Table of Contents*****Adjusted net income and adjusted net income per diluted share***

We have defined the non-GAAP measure adjusted net income as net income as reflected in our statement of income, adjusted to eliminate (a) non-cash stock-based compensation expense related to share-based compensation awards, (b) amortization of deferred financing costs, discounts and intangible assets, (c) amortization of the premium recognized on the purchase of receivables, (d) loss on the early extinguishment of debt, (e) our proportionate share of amortization of intangible assets at our equity method investment, and (f) other non-cash adjustments.

We have defined the non-GAAP measure adjusted net income per diluted share as the calculation previously noted divided by the weighted average diluted shares outstanding as reflected in our statement of income.

We use adjusted net income to eliminate the effect of items that we do not consider indicative of our core operating performance. We believe it is useful to exclude non-cash stock based compensation expense from adjusted net income because non-cash equity grants made at a certain price and point in time do not necessarily reflect how our business is performing at any particular time and stock based compensation expense is not a key measure of our core operating performance. We also believe that amortization expense can vary substantially from company to company and from period to period depending upon their financing and accounting methods, the fair value and average expected life of their acquired intangible assets, their capital structures and the method by which their assets were acquired. Therefore, we have excluded amortization expense from adjusted net income. We believe that adjusted net income and adjusted net income per diluted share are appropriate supplemental measures of financial performance and may be useful to investors to understanding our operating performance on a consistent basis. Adjusted net income and adjusted net income per diluted share are not intended to be a substitute for GAAP financial measures and should not be used as such.

Set forth below is a reconciliation of adjusted net income and adjusted net income per diluted share to the most directly comparable GAAP measure, net income and net income per diluted share (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Net income	\$ 116,770	\$ 95,509	\$ 309,601	\$ 259,167
Net income per diluted share	1.24	1.11	3.29	3.02
Stock based compensation	13,887	7,993	44,387	26,292
Amortization of intangible assets	39,869	19,255	120,055	55,737
Amortization of premium on receivables	812	815	2,439	2,445
Amortization of deferred financing costs and discounts	1,778	537	5,295	1,599
Amortization from equity method investment	3,032	3,021	8,404	5,158
Total pre-tax adjustments	59,378	31,621	180,580	91,231
Income tax impact of pre-tax adjustments at the effective tax rate	(18,579) <sup>1</sup>	(9,505)	(57,758)	(27,781)
Adjusted net income	\$ 157,570	\$ 117,625	\$ 432,424	\$ 322,617

Adjusted net income per diluted share	\$ 1.67	\$ 1.37	\$ 4.60	\$ 3.77
Diluted shares	94,157	86,134	94,069	85,688

- <sup>1</sup> Effective tax rate utilized excludes the impact of a one-time tax benefit recognized during the three months ended September 30, 2015 of approximately \$7.9 million.

### Special Cautionary Notice Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This report contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the federal securities laws. Statements that are not historical facts, including statements about our beliefs, expectations and future performance, are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of words such as anticipate, intend, believe, estimate, plan, seek, project or expect, may, will, would, could or should, the negative of these terms and comparable terminology.

These forward-looking statements are not a guarantee of performance, and you should not place undue reliance on such statements. We have based these forward-looking statements largely on our current expectations and projections about future events. Forward-looking statements are subject to many uncertainties and other variable circumstances, such as delays or failures associated with implementation; fuel price and spread volatility; changes in credit risk of customers and associated losses; the actions of regulators relating to payment cards or investigations; failure to maintain or renew key business relationships; failure to maintain competitive offerings; failure to maintain or renew sources of financing; failure to complete, or delays in completing, anticipated new partnership arrangements or acquisitions and the failure to successfully integrate or otherwise achieve anticipated benefits from such partnerships or acquired businesses; failure to successfully expand business internationally; the impact of foreign exchange rates on operations, revenue and income; the effects of general economic conditions on fueling patterns and the commercial activity of fleets, as well as the other risks and uncertainties identified under the caption Risk Factors in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014. These factors could cause our actual results and experience to differ materially from any forward-looking

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statement. Given these risks and uncertainties, you are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements included in this report are made only as of the date hereof. We do not undertake, and specifically decline, any obligation to update any such statements or to publicly announce the results of any revisions to any of such statements to reflect future events or developments.

### **Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk**

As of September 30, 2015, there have been no material changes to our market risk from that disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

### **Item 4. Controls and Procedures**

As of September 30, 2015, management carried out, under the supervision and with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934). Based on this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of September 30, 2015, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective in ensuring that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in applicable rules and forms and are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in those reports is accumulated and communicated to management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended September 30, 2015, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

## **PART II OTHER INFORMATION**

### **Item 1. Legal Proceedings**

As of the date of this filing, we are not currently party to any legal proceedings or governmental inquiries or investigations that we consider to be material and we were not involved in any material legal proceedings that terminated during the third quarter. We are and may become, however, subject to lawsuits from time to time in the ordinary course of our business.

### **Item 1A. Risk Factors**

In addition to the other information set forth in this report, you should carefully consider the factors discussed in Part I, Item 1A. Risk Factors in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014, which could materially affect our business, financial condition or future results.

### **Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds**

Not applicable.

**Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities**

Not applicable.

**Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures**

Not applicable.

**Item 5. Other Information**

Not applicable.

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**Item 6. Exhibits**

**Exhibit**

<b>No.</b>	
3.1	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of FleetCor Technologies, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K, File No. 001-35004, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC) on March 25, 2011)
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws of FleetCor Technologies, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K, File No. 001-35004, filed with the SEC on March 25, 2011)
4.1	Form of Stock Certificate for Common Stock (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to Amendment No. 3 to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-1, File No. 333-166092, filed with the SEC on June 29, 2010)
10.1	Offer Letter, dated July 29, 2014, between FleetCor Technologies, Inc. and Armando Lins Netto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Form 10-Q, File No. 001-35004, filed with the SEC on May 11, 2015)
10.2	Amended and Restated Fleet Card Agreement, dated November 2, 2015, between FleetCor Technologies Operating Company, LLC and BP Products North America Inc.
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act, as amended
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act, as amended
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2001
32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2001
101	The following financial information for the Registrant formatted in XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language): (i) the Consolidated Balance Sheets, (ii) the Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Income, (iii) the Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income; (iv) the Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows and (v) the Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

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**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned; thereunto duly authorized, in their capacities indicated on November 9, 2015.

<b>Signature</b>	<b>Title</b>
	FleetCor Technologies, Inc. (Registrant)
/s/ Ronald F. Clarke Ronald F. Clarke	President, Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board of Directors (Duly Authorized Officer and Principal Executive Officer)
/s/ Eric R. Dey Eric R. Dey	Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)