

LINCOLN NATIONAL CORP
 Form 424B5
 February 09, 2018
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Filed Pursuant to Rule 424(b)(5)

Registration No. 333-220731

CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

| Title of each class of securities to be registered | Amount to be registered(1) | Maximum offering price per unit | Maximum aggregate offering price | Amount of registration fee |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|---|-----------------------------------|
| 4.00% Senior Notes due 2023 | \$ 150,000,000 | 103.431% | \$ 155,146,500 | \$ 19,315.74 |
| 3.80% Senior Notes due 2028 | \$ 500,000,000 | 99.767% | \$ 498,835,000 | \$ 62,104.96 |
| 4.35% Senior Notes due 2048 | \$ 450,000,000 | 99.964% | \$ 449,838,000 | \$ 56,004.83 |
| Total | \$ 1,100,000,000 | | \$ 1,103,819,500 | \$ 137,425.53 |

(1) Calculated in accordance with Rule 457(r) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

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PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

(To prospectus dated September 29, 2017)

Lincoln National Corporation

\$150,000,000 4.00% Senior Notes due September 1, 2023

\$500,000,000 3.80% Senior Notes due March 1, 2028

\$450,000,000 4.35% Senior Notes due March 1, 2048

We are offering \$150,000,000 aggregate principal amount of our 4.00% Senior Notes due September 1, 2023 (the new 2023 notes), \$500,000,000 aggregate principal amount of our 3.80% Senior Notes due March 1, 2028 (the 2028 notes) and \$450,000,000 aggregate principal amount of our 4.35% Senior Notes due March 1, 2048 (the 2048 notes).

The new 2023 notes are being offered as additional notes under the indenture pursuant to which we previously issued \$350,000,000 in aggregate principal amount of 4.00% Senior Notes due 2023 (the existing 2023 notes). Unless the context otherwise requires, the term the 2023 notes refers to both the new 2023 notes and the existing 2023 notes. The new 2023 notes constitute a further issuance of, and will be fungible with, the existing 2023 notes and form a single class of debt securities with the existing 2023 notes for all purposes under the indenture governing the 2023 notes. Immediately after giving effect to the issuance of the new 2023 notes by this prospectus supplement, we will have \$500,000,000 in aggregate principal amount of the 2023 notes outstanding.

The notes refers collectively to the new 2023 notes, the 2028 notes and the 2048 notes.

Interest on the new 2023 notes will accrue from September 1, 2017, the most recent interest payment date to which interest has been paid on the 2023 notes. Interest on the 2028 notes and the 2048 notes will accrue from February 12, 2018. The new 2023 notes will bear interest at a rate of 4.00% per year and will mature on September 1, 2023. The 2028 notes will bear interest at a rate of 3.80% per year and will mature on March 1, 2028. The 2048 notes will bear interest at a rate of 4.35% per year and will mature on March 1, 2048.

We will pay interest on the new 2023 notes on each March 1 and September 1, commencing on March 1, 2018, to the person in whose name such notes are registered at the close of business on the immediately preceding February 15 or August 15, as applicable. We will pay interest on the 2028 notes on each June 1 and December 1, commencing on

June 1, 2018. We will pay interest on the 2048 notes on each March 1 and September 1, commencing on September 1, 2018.

The notes will be issued in denominations of \$2,000 and integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess thereof, will be our senior unsecured obligations and will rank equally in right of payment with all existing and future unsecured unsubordinated indebtedness.

We may redeem the notes under the circumstances described in Description of Notes Optional Redemption of the New 2023 Notes and Description of Notes Optional Redemption of the 2028 Notes and the 2048 Notes. If the Transaction (as defined herein) has not been consummated by November 18, 2018 or if we notify the trustee that we will not pursue the consummation of the Transaction, we will be required to redeem the 2028 notes then outstanding. See Description of the Notes Special Mandatory Redemption of the 2028 Notes.

The notes are not savings accounts, deposits or other obligations of a bank or non-bank subsidiary of Lincoln National Corporation. They are not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency.

The notes will not be listed on any securities exchange. Currently, there is no public market for the notes.

Investing in the notes involves risks. See Risk Factors beginning on page S-8 of this prospectus supplement.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus supplement or the accompanying base prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

| | Price to public ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ | Underwriting discounts and commissions | Proceeds to us, before expenses |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| Per new 2023 note | 103.431% | 0.600% | 102.831% |
| New 2023 note total | \$ 155,146,500 | \$ 900,000 | \$ 154,246,500 |
| Per 2028 note | 99.767% | 0.650% | 99.117% |
| 2028 note total | \$ 498,835,000 | \$ 3,250,000 | \$ 495,585,000 |
| Per 2048 note | 99.964% | 0.875% | 99.089% |
| 2048 note total | \$ 449,838,000 | \$ 3,937,500 | \$ 445,900,500 |
| Total | \$ 1,103,819,500 | \$ 8,087,500 | \$ 1,095,732,000 |

(1) Plus accrued interest on the new 2023 notes from and including September 1, 2017 to, but excluding, the settlement date, totaling approximately \$2,683,333.33 (assuming the settlement date is February 12, 2018). Such accrued interest must be paid by the purchasers of new 2023 notes offered hereby.

(2) Plus accrued interest, if any, on the 2028 notes and the 2048 notes from and including February 12, 2018, if settlement occurs after that date.

The underwriters expect to deliver the notes in book-entry form only, through the facilities of The Depository Trust Company, Clearstream Bank, *soci t  anonyme* or Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V., as the case may be, on or about February 12, 2018 against payment therefor in immediately available funds.

Joint Book-Running Managers

Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC

BofA Merrill Lynch

Citigroup

Credit Suisse

Barclays

Citizens Capital Markets

Deutsche Bank Securities

MUFG

PNC Capital Markets LLC

US Bancorp

Co-Manager

The Williams Capital Group, L.P.

February 7, 2018

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No dealer, salesperson or other person is authorized to give any information or to represent anything not contained, or incorporated by reference, in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying base prospectus. You must not rely on any unauthorized information or representations. This prospectus supplement and the accompanying base prospectus are an offer to sell only the notes offered hereby, but only under circumstances and in jurisdictions where it is lawful

to do so. The information contained in this prospectus supplement, the accompanying base prospectus and the documents incorporated by reference is accurate only as of their respective dates.

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ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

You should rely only on the information contained, or incorporated by reference, in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying base prospectus. We have not, and the underwriters have not, authorized anyone to provide you with information that is different. If anyone provides you with different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. We are not, and the underwriters are not, making an offer to sell the notes in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted or in which the person making such offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation. You should not assume that the information in this prospectus supplement, the accompanying base prospectus or any document incorporated by reference is accurate or complete as of any date other than the date of the applicable document. Our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects may have changed since that date.

This document is in two parts. The first part is this prospectus supplement, which describes the specific terms of this offering and also adds to and updates information contained in the accompanying base prospectus and the documents incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement and the accompanying base prospectus. The second part, the accompanying base prospectus, gives more general information, some of which may not apply to this offering. If the description of the offering varies between this prospectus supplement and the accompanying base prospectus, you should rely on the information contained in this prospectus supplement.

Unless otherwise indicated, or the context otherwise requires, references in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying base prospectus to LNC, we, us, and our or similar terms are to Lincoln National Corporation and not to its subsidiaries.

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CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Except for historical information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying base prospectus, statements made, or incorporated by reference, in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying base prospectus are forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 (PSLRA). A forward-looking statement is a statement that is not a historical fact and, without limitation, includes any statement that may predict, forecast, indicate or imply future results, performance or achievements, and may contain words like: believe, anticipate, expect, estimate, project, will, shall and other phrases with similar meaning in connection with a discussion of future operating or financial performance. In particular, these include statements relating to future actions, trends in our businesses, prospective services or products, future performance or financial results and the outcome of contingencies, such as legal proceedings. We claim the protection afforded by the safe harbor for forward- looking statements provided by the PSLRA.

Forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to differ materially from the results contained in the forward-looking statements. Risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to vary materially, some of which are described within the forward-looking statements, include, among others:

Our ability to consummate this offering in the size and manner described herein;

Deterioration in general economic and business conditions that may affect account values, investment results, guaranteed benefit liabilities, premium levels, claims experience and the level of pension benefit costs, funding and investment results;

Adverse global capital and credit market conditions could affect our ability to raise capital, if necessary, and may cause us to realize impairments on investments and certain intangible assets, including goodwill and the valuation allowance against deferred tax assets, which may reduce future earnings and/ or affect our financial condition and ability to raise additional capital or refinance existing debt as it matures;

Because of our holding company structure, the inability of our subsidiaries to pay dividends to the holding company in sufficient amounts could harm the holding company's ability to meet its obligations;

Legislative, regulatory or tax changes, both domestic and foreign, that affect: the cost of, or demand for, our subsidiaries' products; the required amount of reserves and/or surplus; our ability to conduct business and our captive reinsurance arrangements as well as restrictions on revenue sharing and 12b-1 payments; the impact of recently enacted U.S. Federal tax reform legislation on our business, earnings and capital; and the effect of the Department of Labor's regulation defining fiduciary;

Actions taken by reinsurers to raise rates on in-force business;

Declines in or sustained low interest rates causing a reduction in investment income, the interest margins of our businesses, estimated gross profits and demand for our products;

Rapidly increasing interest rates causing contract holders to surrender life insurance and annuity policies, thereby causing realized investment losses, and reduced hedge performance related to variable annuities;

Uncertainty about the effect of rules and regulations to be promulgated under the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act on us and the economy and financial services sector in particular;

The initiation of legal or regulatory proceedings against us, and the outcome of any legal or regulatory proceedings, such as: adverse actions related to present or past business practices common in businesses in which we compete; adverse decisions in significant actions including, but not limited to, actions

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brought by federal and state authorities and class action cases; new decisions that result in changes in law; and unexpected trial court rulings;

A decline in the equity markets causing a reduction in the sales of our subsidiaries' products, a reduction of asset-based fees that our subsidiaries charge on various investment and insurance products, an acceleration of the net amortization of deferred acquisition costs (DAC), value of business acquired (VOBA), deferred sales inducements (DSI) and deferred front-end loads (DFEL) and an increase in liabilities related to guaranteed benefit features of our subsidiaries' variable annuity products;

Ineffectiveness of our risk management policies and procedures, including various hedging strategies used to offset the effect of changes in the value of liabilities due to changes in the level and volatility of the equity markets and interest rates;

A deviation in actual experience regarding future persistency, mortality, morbidity, interest rates or equity market returns from the assumptions used in pricing our subsidiaries' products, in establishing related insurance reserves and in the net amortization of DAC, VOBA, DSI and DFEL, which may reduce future earnings;

Changes in accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, or GAAP that may result in unanticipated changes to our net income;

Lowering of one or more of our debt ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations and the adverse effect such action may have on our ability to raise capital and on our liquidity and financial condition;

Lowering of one or more of the insurer financial strength ratings of our insurance subsidiaries and the adverse effect such action may have on the premium writings, policy retention, profitability of our insurance subsidiaries and liquidity;

Significant credit, accounting, fraud, corporate governance or other issues that may adversely affect the value of certain investments in our portfolios, as well as counterparties to which we are exposed to credit risk, requiring that we realize losses on investments;

Inability to protect our intellectual property rights or claims of infringement of the intellectual property rights of others;

Interruption in telecommunication, information technology or other operational systems or failure to safeguard the confidentiality or privacy of sensitive data on such systems from cyberattacks or other breaches of our data security systems;

The effect of acquisitions and divestitures, restructurings, product withdrawals and other unusual items, including the successful implementation of integration strategies or the achievement of anticipated synergies and operational efficiencies related to an acquisition;

The adequacy and collectability of reinsurance that we have purchased;

Acts of terrorism, a pandemic, war or other man-made and natural catastrophes that may adversely affect our businesses and the cost and availability of reinsurance;

Competitive conditions, including pricing pressures, new product offerings and the emergence of new competitors, that may affect the level of premiums and fees that our subsidiaries can charge for their products;

The unknown effect on our subsidiaries' businesses resulting from evolving market preferences and the changing demographics of our client base;

The unanticipated loss of key management, financial planners or wholesalers;

The impact of recently enacted U.S. tax reform legislation;

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The possibility that expected benefits associated with the proposed acquisition of Liberty Life Assurance Company of Boston (as further defined below, the Transaction) may not be realized as expected, or at all, and the Transaction not being timely completed, if completed at all, including risks relating to the timing, receipt and terms and conditions of any required governmental or regulatory approvals for the Transaction;

The failure to realize the expected benefits from our business process initiatives, including our strategic digitization initiative; and

The risks, challenges and uncertainties associated with our capital management plan, expense reduction initiatives and other action which may include acquisitions, divestitures or restructurings.

The risks included here are not exhaustive. Other sections of this prospectus supplement, including Risk Factors beginning on page S-8, our annual report on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K and other documents filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC) include additional factors that could affect our businesses and financial performance. Moreover, we operate in a rapidly changing and competitive environment. New risk factors emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for management to predict all such risk factors.

Further, it is not possible to assess the effect of all risk factors on our businesses or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements. Given these risks and uncertainties, investors should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements as a prediction of actual results. In addition, we disclaim any obligation to update any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances that occur after the date of this prospectus

supplement.

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AVAILABLE INFORMATION

We file reports, proxy statements and other information with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC. Such reports, proxy statements and other information can be inspected and copied at the SEC's Public Reference Room at Station Place, 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. Information relating to the operation of the Public Reference Room may be obtained by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330.

The SEC maintains an Internet site that contains reports, proxy and information statements, and other information regarding issuers that file electronically with the SEC. The address of the SEC's Internet site is <http://www.sec.gov>.

We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form S-3 (File No. 333-220731) with respect to the securities that we are offering through this prospectus supplement and the accompanying base prospectus. This registration statement, together with all amendments, exhibits and documents incorporated by reference, is referred to as the registration statement. This prospectus supplement does not contain all of the information included in the registration statement. Certain parts of the registration statement are omitted in accordance with the rules and regulations of the SEC. For further information, reference is made to the registration statement.

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DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

The SEC allows us to incorporate by reference the information in documents that we file with them. This means that we can disclose important information to you by referring you to those documents. The information incorporated by reference is an important part of this prospectus supplement and the accompanying base prospectus, and information in documents that we file after the date of this prospectus supplement and before the termination of the offering will automatically update information in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying base prospectus.

We incorporate by reference into this prospectus supplement:

our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016;

our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2017;

our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2017;

our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2017;

Current Reports on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on January 30, 2017, March 17, 2017, June 1, 2017, August 14, 2017, November 13, 2017 and January 22, 2018;

those portions of our Proxy Statement for our 2017 Annual Meeting of Shareholders which were also incorporated by reference into Part III of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016; and

any future filings which we make with the SEC under Sections 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, until we sell all of the securities offered by this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

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SUMMARY

*This summary highlights information contained elsewhere in this prospectus supplement, the accompanying base prospectus and the documents incorporated by reference. This summary sets forth the material terms of this offering, but does not contain all of the information you should consider before investing in our notes. You should read carefully this entire prospectus supplement and the accompanying base prospectus, including the documents incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying base prospectus, before making an investment decision to purchase our notes, especially the risks of investing in our notes discussed in the section entitled *Risk Factors* in this prospectus supplement as well as the consolidated financial statements and notes to those consolidated financial statements incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying base prospectus.*

*For the latest financial statements of LNC, a detailed description of LNC's business, management's discussion and analysis of LNC's financial condition and results of operations, and other important information concerning LNC, please refer to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016, our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for the quarters ended March 31, 2017, June 30, 2017 and September 30, 2017 and other documents filed with the SEC, which are incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement and the accompanying base prospectus. For more information, see *Documents Incorporated by Reference* in this prospectus supplement.*

LNC

LNC is a holding company which operates multiple insurance and retirement businesses through subsidiary companies. Through our business segments, we sell a wide range of wealth protection, accumulation and retirement income products and solutions. These products include fixed and indexed annuities, variable annuities, universal life insurance (UL), variable universal life insurance, linked-benefit UL, term life insurance, indexed universal life insurance, employer-sponsored retirement plan services and group life, disability and dental.

We provide products and services and report results through our Annuities, Retirement Plan Services, Life Insurance and Group Protection segments. We also have Other Operations, includes the financial data for operations that are not directly related to the business segments.

Recent Developments

The Transaction

As previously announced, on January 18, 2018, The Lincoln National Life Insurance Company, our wholly owned subsidiary, and for the limited purposes set forth therein, Lincoln National Corporation, entered into a Master Transaction Agreement (as amended, the Transaction Agreement) with Liberty Mutual Insurance Company (LMIC), Liberty Mutual Fire Insurance Company (collectively with LMIC, Sellers), for the limited purposes set forth therein, Liberty Mutual Group Inc. (Liberty), Protective Life Insurance Company (Reinsurer), and for the limited purposes set forth therein, Protective Life Corporation, to acquire all of the issued and outstanding capital stock of Liberty Life Assurance Company of Boston (the Company), which currently operates Liberty's Group Benefits Business (the Group Business) and Individual Life and Annuity Business, for cash consideration of approximately \$3.3 billion (the Transaction).

Under the terms of the Transaction Agreement, we will pay approximately \$3.3 billion for the Group Business, subject to customary closing adjustments. The consideration includes approximately \$1.446 billion total net investment for the Group Business, including a purchase price of \$1.021 billion and \$425 million in required capital.

The remaining components of the payment to Sellers include \$410 million of individual life and annuity value paid by Reinsurer, \$1.202 billion associated with excess capital in the Company and \$211 million of tax items.

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We intend to use the net proceeds of the offering of the 2028 notes, together with cash on hand, to fund the cash portion of the purchase price of the Transaction. See Use of Proceeds. The remainder of the funding for the \$1.446 billion net investment is expected to include \$571 million from excess capital and \$375 million from a reduction in share repurchases. Taking into account the effect of the Transaction, we expect our key financial metrics to remain strong, and in particular, we expect our leverage ratio (which we calculate as our total debt less certain operating debt, capital securities and carrying value of fair value hedges divided by stockholders equity, excluding unrealized investment gains (losses), and adding in 25% of our capital securities) to be approximately 25% and holding company cash in excess of \$450 million after the closing of the Transaction.

The Transaction is subject to the satisfaction or waiver of customary closing conditions, including regulatory approvals and the execution of certain ancillary documents. This offering is not conditioned on, and is expected to be consummated before, the closing of the Transaction.

Preliminary Financial Results for the Quarter and Full Year Ended December 31, 2017

On January 31, 2018, we reported preliminary fourth quarter and full year 2017 results. The information below regarding our financial results for the quarter and full year ended December 31, 2017 has been prepared by, and is the responsibility of, our management. These preliminary results have not been audited or reviewed by our independent registered public accountants, nor have any other review procedures been performed by them with respect to these results.

We have not yet completed the preparation of our financial statements for the quarter ended December 31, 2017 and the twelve months ended December 31, 2017. The results presented below are preliminary and are not final until the filing of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 and, therefore, remain subject to adjustment.

Our long-term debt as of December 31, 2017 was \$4.894 billion.

| (in millions, except per share data) | For the Quarter Ended | | For the Year Ended | |
|--|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| | December 31, 2017 | December 31, 2016 | December 31, 2017 | December 31, 2016 |
| Total Revenues | \$ 3,669 | \$ 3,254 | \$ 14,257 | \$ 13,330 |
| Less: | | | | |
| Excluded realized gain (loss) | (106) | (265) | (336) | (518) |
| Amortization of DFEL on benefit ratio unlocking | | (1) | 3 | 1 |
| Amortization of deferred gains arising from reserve changes on business sold through reinsurance | | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| Total Operating Revenues ⁽¹⁾ | \$ 3,775 | \$ 3,519 | \$ 14,589 | \$ 13,844 |
| Net Income (Loss) Available to Common Stockholders Diluted | \$ 818 | \$ 190 | \$ 2,086 | \$ 1,192 |
| Less: | | | | |
| Adjustment for deferred units of LNC stock in our deferred compensation plans | 2 | | 7 | |

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| | | | | |
|--|--------|--------|----------|----------|
| Net Income (Loss) | 816 | 190 | 2,079 | 1,192 |
| Less ⁽²⁾ : | | | | |
| Excluded realized gain (loss) | (69) | (172) | (218) | (337) |
| Benefit ratio unlocking | 28 | (6) | 129 | 28 |
| Net impact from the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act | 1,322 | | 1,322 | |
| Impairment of intangibles | (905) | | (905) | |
| Income (loss) from reserve changes (net of related amortization) on business sold through reinsurance | | | | 2 |
| Gain (loss) on early extinguishment of debt | | (41) | (3) | (41) |
| Income (Loss) from Operations ⁽¹⁾ | \$ 440 | \$ 409 | \$ 1,754 | \$ 1,540 |

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| | As of December 31, | |
|---|---------------------------|-------------|
| | 2017 | 2016 |
| | (in millions) | |
| Book value, including AOCI ⁽³⁾ | \$ 17,322 | \$ 14,478 |
| AOCI | 3,230 | 1,566 |
| Book value, excluding AOCI | 14,092 | 12,912 |

⁽¹⁾ Income (loss) from operations and operating revenues are financial measures we use to evaluate and assess our results. Income (loss) from operations and operating revenues are non-GAAP financial measures and do not replace GAAP revenues and net income (loss), the most directly comparable GAAP measures.

Operating revenues represent GAAP revenues excluding the pre-tax effects of the following items, as applicable:

Excluded realized gain (loss);

Amortization of deferred front-end loads (DFEL) arising from changes in GDB and GLB benefit ratio unlocking;

Amortization of deferred gains arising from the reserve charges on business sold through reinsurance;

Revenue adjustments from the initial adoption of new accounting standards.

We exclude the after-tax effects of the following items from GAAP net income (loss) to arrive at income (loss) from operations:

Realized gains and losses associated with the following (excluded realized gain (loss)):

Sale or disposal of securities;

Impairments of securities;

Change in the fair value of derivative investments, embedded derivatives within certain reinsurance arrangements and our trading securities;

Change in the fair value of the derivatives we own to hedge our guaranteed death benefit (GDB) riders within our variable annuities, which is referred to as GDB derivatives results ;

Change in the fair value of the embedded derivatives of our guaranteed living benefit (GLB) riders within our variable annuities accounted for under the Derivatives and Hedging and the Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures Topics of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) (embedded derivative reserves), net of the change in the fair value of the derivatives we own to hedge the changes in the embedded derivative reserves, the net of which is referred to as GLB net derivative results ;

Changes in the fair value of the embedded derivative liabilities related to index call options we may purchase in the future to hedge contract holder index allocations applicable to future reset periods for our indexed annuity products accounted for under the Derivatives and Hedging and the Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures Topics of the FASB ASC (indexed annuity forward-starting option);

Change in reserves accounted for under the Financial Services Insurance Claim Costs and Liabilities for Future Policy Benefits Subtopic of the FASB ASC resulting from benefit ratio unlocking on our GDB and GLB riders (benefit ratio unlocking);

Income (loss) from reserve changes (net of related amortization) on business sold through reinsurance;

Gain (loss) on early extinguishment of debt;

Losses from the impairment of intangible assets;

Income (loss) from discontinued operations;

Acquisition and integration costs related to mergers and acquisitions; and

Income (loss) from the initial adoption of new accounting standards, regulations and policy changes including the net impact from the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act.

Management believes that income from operations and operating revenues better explain the results of the company's ongoing businesses in a manner that allows for a better understanding of the underlying trends in the company's current business because the excluded items are unpredictable and not necessarily indicative of current operating fundamentals or future performance of the business segments, and, in most instances, decisions regarding these items do not necessarily relate to the operations of the individual segments.

(2) We use our prevailing federal income tax rate of 35%, where applicable, while taking into account any permanent differences for events recognized differently in our financial statements and federal income tax returns when reconciling our non-GAAP measures to the most comparable GAAP measure.

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- (3) We provide book value per share, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income (AOCI), to enable investors to analyze the amount of our net worth that is attributable primarily to our business operations. Management believes book value excluding AOCI is useful to investors because it eliminates the effect of items that can fluctuate significantly from period to period, primarily based on changes in interest rates. Book value is the most directly comparable GAAP measure.

Corporate Information

LNC was organized under the laws of the state of Indiana in 1968. We currently maintain our principal executive offices at 150 N. Radnor Chester Road, in Radnor, Pennsylvania 19087, and our telephone number is (484) 583-1400. Lincoln Financial Group is the marketing name for LNC and its subsidiary companies.

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The Offering

| | |
|--------------------|---|
| Issuer | Lincoln National Corporation. |
| Securities Offered | <p>\$150,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 4.00% Senior Notes due September 1, 2023, \$500,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 3.80% Senior Notes due March 1, 2028 and \$450,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 4.35% Senior Notes due March 1, 2048.</p> <p>The new 2023 notes are being offered as additional notes under the indenture pursuant to which we previously issued \$350,000,000 in aggregate principal amount of 4.00% Senior Notes due 2023. The new 2023 notes constitute a further issuance of, and will be fungible with, the existing 2023 notes and form a single class of debt securities with the existing 2023 notes for all purposes under the indenture governing the notes. Immediately after giving effect to the issuance of the new 2023 notes offered by this prospectus supplement, we will have \$500,000,000 in aggregate principal amount of the 2023 notes outstanding.</p> |
| Denominations | The notes will be issued in denominations of \$2,000 principal amount and integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess thereof. |
| Maturity Date | The 2023 notes will mature on September 1, 2023, the 2028 notes will mature on March 1, 2028 and the 2048 notes will mature on March 1, 2048. |
| Interest | <p>Interest on the new 2023 notes will accrue from September 1, 2017 until maturity at 4.00% per year, interest on the 2028 notes will accrue from the issue date until maturity at 3.80% per year and interest on the 2048 notes will accrue from the issue date until maturity at 4.35% per year.</p> <p>We will pay interest on the 2023 notes on each March 1 and September 1, commencing on March 1, 2018, to the person in whose name such notes are registered at the close of business on the immediately preceding February 15 or August 15, as applicable.</p> <p>We will pay interest on the 2028 notes on each June 1 and December 1, commencing on June 1, 2018.</p> |

We will pay interest on the 2048 notes on each March 1 and September 1, commencing on September 1, 2018.

Interest on the notes will be calculated using a 360-day year comprised of twelve 30-day months.

Further Issuances

The aggregate principal amount of 2023 notes outstanding on the issue date will be \$500,000,000, the aggregate principal amount of 2028 notes outstanding on the issue date will be \$500,000,000 and the aggregate principal amount of 2048 notes outstanding on the issue date will be \$450,000,000.

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We may, without the consent of any then-existing holders of any series of the notes, reopen a series of notes and issue an unlimited principal amount of additional notes in the future. Provided that such additional notes are fungible for U.S. federal income tax purposes with any then-existing notes, these additional notes will be deemed part of the same series as the notes offered hereby.

Use of Proceeds

We estimate that, after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated expenses payable by us, our net proceeds from this offering will be approximately \$1,092,732,000. We intend to use the net proceeds of the offering of the 2028 notes, together with cash on hand, to fund the cash portion of the purchase price of the Transaction. This offering is not conditioned on, and is expected to be consummated before, the closing of the Transaction.

We intend to use the net proceeds of the offering of the new 2023 notes and the 2048 notes for the repayment, on or prior to the maturity thereof, of \$200 million aggregate principal amount of our outstanding 7.00% Senior Notes due 2018, and for the repayment, on or prior to the maturity thereof, of \$287 million aggregate principal amount of our outstanding 8.75% Senior Notes due 2019, together with any applicable make-whole interest amounts thereon, with the remainder to be used for general corporate purposes. See Use of Proceeds.

Indenture

The existing 2023 notes are, and the new 2023 notes, the 2028 notes and the 2048 notes will be, issued under an indenture between us and The Bank of New York Mellon, as indenture trustee.

Ranking

The notes will be our senior unsecured debt obligations and will rank equally among themselves and with all of our other present and future unsecured unsubordinated indebtedness.

As of September 30, 2017, our consolidated indebtedness aggregated approximately \$5.4 billion. See Capitalization for the pro forma effect of this offering on our capitalization.

The indenture places no limitation on the amount of additional senior indebtedness that may be incurred by us, which will rank equally to the notes. We expect from time to time to incur additional indebtedness constituting senior indebtedness. In addition, the indenture does not limit our ability to grant security interests over our assets.

Optional Redemption

We may redeem the notes in whole or in part prior to maturity at any time at the redemption price described in Description of Notes Optional Redemption of the New 2023 Notes and Description of Notes Optional Redemption of the 2028 Notes and the 2048 Notes.

Special Mandatory Redemption

If (x) the consummation of the Transaction does not occur on or before November 18, 2018 or (y) we notify the trustee that we will

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not pursue the consummation of the Transaction, we will be required to redeem the 2028 notes then outstanding at a redemption price equal to 101% of the principal amount of the 2028 notes to be redeemed plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the Special Mandatory Redemption Date. Neither the new 2023 notes nor the 2048 notes are subject to the Special Mandatory Redemption.

See Description of Notes Special Mandatory Redemption of the 2028 Notes.

| | |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Form | The notes will be represented by global securities registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for The Depository Trust Company, referred to as DTC. Beneficial interests in the notes will be evidenced by, and transfers thereof will be effected only through, records maintained by participants in DTC. |
| Trustee and Principal Paying Agent | The Bank of New York Mellon. |
| Delivery and Clearance | We will deposit the global securities representing the notes with DTC in New York. You may hold an interest in the notes through DTC, Clearstream Bank, <i>société anonyme</i> or Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V., as operator of the Euroclear System, directly as a participant of any such system or indirectly through organizations that are participants in such systems. |
| Governing Law | The State of New York. |
| Risk Factors | See Risk Factors beginning on page S-8 of this prospectus supplement and other information included or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying base prospectus for a discussion of factors you should consider carefully before investing in the notes. |

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RISK FACTORS

Your investment in the notes involves risks. You should carefully consider the risks described below as well as other information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying base prospectus, including our financial statements and the notes thereto, before making an investment decision. For a discussion of the risks related to our business, see Item 1A. Risk Factors in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016, and our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2017, which are incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement. The risks and uncertainties described below and incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement and the accompanying base prospectus are not the only ones facing our company. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to us or that we currently deem immaterial may also impair our business operations. If any of these risks actually occur, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be materially affected. In that case, the value of the notes could decline substantially.

Risk Factors Relating to the Ownership of the Notes

We Operate Through Our Subsidiaries and, as a Result, the Notes will Effectively be Subordinated to the Liabilities of Our Subsidiaries.

We are a holding company operating primarily through our insurance subsidiaries, and our primary assets are our equity interests in those subsidiaries. As a result, our right to receive assets upon the liquidation or recapitalization of any of our subsidiaries and your consequent right to participate in those assets, is subject to the claims of such subsidiary's creditors. Accordingly, our obligations, including the notes, are effectively subordinated to all existing and future indebtedness and other liabilities, including insurance policy-related liabilities, of our subsidiaries, other than any such obligations guaranteed on a senior basis by our subsidiaries. As of September 30, 2017, our subsidiaries had approximately \$5.4 billion of outstanding liabilities that effectively rank and would effectively rank senior to our current and future senior debt securities. Our subsidiaries may incur further indebtedness in the future. The notes are exclusively obligations of LNC. Our subsidiaries are not guarantors of the notes and have no obligation to pay any amounts due on the notes. Our subsidiaries are not required to provide us with funds for our payment obligations, whether by dividends, distributions, loans or other payments. In addition, any payment of dividends, distributions, loans or advances by our subsidiaries to us could be subject to statutory or contractual restrictions. Payments to us by our subsidiaries will also be contingent upon our subsidiaries' earnings and business considerations. The notes are unsecured.

We and Our Subsidiaries May Incur Additional Indebtedness that May Adversely Affect Our Ability to Meet Our Financial Obligations Under the Notes.

The terms of the indenture and the notes do not limit the incurrence by us or our subsidiaries of indebtedness. We and our subsidiaries may incur additional indebtedness in the future, which could have important consequences to holders of the notes. For example, we may have insufficient cash to meet our financial obligations, including our obligations under the notes. Furthermore, our ability to obtain additional financing for the repayment of the notes, working capital, capital expenditures or general corporate purposes could be impaired. Additional debt could make us more vulnerable to changes in general economic conditions and also could affect the financial strength ratings of our insurance subsidiaries and the ratings of our notes.

We May Be Unable to Repay the Notes if Our Subsidiaries are Unable to Pay Dividends or Make Advances to Us.

At maturity, the entire outstanding principal amount of the notes will become due and payable by us. We may not have sufficient funds to pay the principal amount due. If we do not have sufficient funds on hand or available through existing borrowing facilities or through the declaration and payment of dividends by our subsidiaries, we will need to seek additional financing. Additional financing may not be available to us in the

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amounts necessary. We, as a holding company, are dependent upon dividends from our subsidiaries to enable us to service our outstanding debt, including the notes. For more information, see [Liquidity and Capital Position](#). Because we are a holding company with no direct operations, the inability of our subsidiaries to pay dividends to us in sufficient amounts would harm our ability to meet our obligations in [Item 1A Risk Factors](#) of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016.

An Active Trading Market for the Notes May Not Develop.

The 2028 notes and the 2048 notes are a new issue of securities for which there is currently no public market. Any trading of any of the notes, including the new 2023 notes, may be at a discount from their initial offering price, depending on prevailing interest rates, the market for similar securities, our performance and other factors. In addition, we do not know whether an active trading market will be maintained for the 2023 notes or develop for the 2028 and 2048 notes. To the extent that an active trading market is not maintained for the 2023 notes or does not develop for the 2028 and 2048 notes, the liquidity and trading prices for the notes may be harmed.

The existing 2023 notes are not listed on any securities exchange or quoted on any quotation system. We do not intend to apply for the new 2023 notes or the 2028 and 2048 notes to be listed on any securities exchange or to arrange for the notes to be quoted on any quotation system. Certain of the underwriters have advised us that they currently intend to continue to make a market in the 2023 notes and to make a market in the 2028 and 2048 notes. However, they are not obligated to do so, and may discontinue any market making with respect to the notes at any time, for any reason or for no reason, without notice. If the underwriters cease to act as a market maker for the notes, we cannot assure you another firm or person will make a market in the notes.

The liquidity of any market for the notes will depend upon the number of holders of the notes, our results of operations and financial condition, the market for similar securities, the interest of securities dealers in making a market in the notes and other factors. An active or liquid trading market for the 2023 notes may not be maintained and an active or liquid trading market for the 2028 and 2048 notes may not develop. We cannot assure you that you will be able to sell your notes at favorable prices or at all.

A Downgrade, Suspension or Withdrawal of the Rating Assigned by a Rating Agency to the Notes, if any, Could Cause the Liquidity or Market Value of the Notes to Decline Significantly.

Our credit ratings are an assessment by rating agencies of our ability to pay our debts when due. Consequently, real or anticipated changes in our credit ratings will generally affect the market value of the notes. These credit ratings may not reflect the potential impact of risks relating to the structure or marketing of the notes. Credit ratings are not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold any security, and may be revised or withdrawn at any time by the issuing organization in its sole discretion. Neither we nor any underwriter undertakes any obligation to maintain the ratings or to advise holders of notes of any changes in ratings. Each agency's rating should be evaluated independently of any other agency's rating.

In addition, credit rating agencies continually review their ratings for the companies that they follow, including us. The credit rating agencies also evaluate the insurance industry as a whole and may change their credit rating for us based on their overall view of our industry. A negative change in our rating could have an adverse effect on the price of the notes.

The notes will be rated by Standard & Poor's Ratings Services, Moody's Investors Service, Inc. and/or Fitch Ratings. There can be no assurance that these ratings will remain for any given period of time or that these ratings will not be lowered or withdrawn entirely by a rating agency if in that rating agency's judgment future circumstances relating to

the basis of the rating, such as adverse changes in our company, so warrant. For more information, see [Liquidity and Capital Position](#). A decrease in the capital and surplus of our insurance subsidiaries may result in a downgrade to our credit and insurer financial strength ratings in [Item 1A Risk Factors](#) of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016.

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We Have Made Only Limited Covenants in the Indenture, which May Not Protect Your Investment if We Experience Significant Adverse Changes in Our Financial Condition or Results of Operations.

The indenture governing the notes does not:

require us to maintain any financial ratios or specified levels of net worth, revenues, income, cash flow or liquidity, and therefore, does not protect holders of the notes in the event that we experience significant adverse changes in our financial condition, results of operations or liquidity;

limit our ability or the ability of any of our subsidiaries to incur additional indebtedness, including indebtedness that is equal in right of payment to the notes or, subject to certain exceptions, indebtedness that is secured by liens on capital stock of our subsidiaries; or

limit the aggregate principal amount of senior debt securities that may be issued.

Our ability to incur additional debt and take a number of other actions that are not limited by the terms of the notes could negatively affect the value of the notes.

Risk Related to the Pending Transaction

The completion of the Transaction is subject to a number of conditions, including certain governmental and regulatory conditions that may not be satisfied, and the Transaction may not be completed on a timely basis, on the terms set forth in the Transaction Agreement, or at all. Failure to complete the Transaction for any reason, whether or not the fault of the Company, could have material and adverse effects on us.

The Transaction is subject to the satisfaction or waiver of customary closing conditions, including regulatory approvals and the execution of certain ancillary documents. There can be no assurance that the required approvals will be obtained or that the required closing conditions will be satisfied by any particular time or at all.

If the Transaction is not completed on a timely basis, is completed on terms other than those set forth in the Transaction Agreement, or is not completed at all, our ongoing business may be adversely affected. Additionally, in the event the Transaction is not completed, we will be subject to a number of risks without realizing any of the benefits of having completed the Transaction, including, but not limited to: (i) the payment of certain fees and costs, including legal, accounting, debt financing source, and financial advisor fees, (ii) the potential decline in the market price of our shares of common stock, (iii) the loss of time and resources and (iv) potential litigation that may arise as a result of the failure to complete the Transaction.

We may be unable to redeem any or all of the 2028 notes in the event of a Special Mandatory Redemption. In addition, if we are required to redeem any notes, you may not obtain your expected return on the redeemed notes.

If (x) the consummation of the Transaction does not occur on or before November 18, 2018 or (y) we notify the trustee that we will not pursue the consummation of the Transaction, we will be required to redeem the 2028 notes then outstanding at a redemption price equal to 101% of the principal amount of the 2028 notes to be redeemed plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the Special Mandatory Redemption Date. See Description of

Notes - Special Mandatory Redemption of the 2028 Notes. We are not obligated to place the proceeds of the offering in escrow prior to the completion of the Transaction or to provide a security interest in those proceeds. Accordingly, we will need to fund any Special Mandatory Redemption of the 2028 notes using proceeds that we have voluntarily retained and from other sources of liquidity. In the event of a Special Mandatory Redemption, it is possible that we will not have sufficient financial resources available to satisfy our obligations to redeem the notes required to be redeemed in connection with the Special Mandatory Redemption. In addition, even if we are able to redeem the 2028 notes pursuant to the provisions relating to the Special Mandatory Redemption, you may not obtain your expected return on the 2028 notes to be redeemed in

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connection therewith and may not be able to reinvest the proceeds from the Special Mandatory Redemption in an investment that results in a comparable return. You will have no rights under the provisions relating to the Special Mandatory Redemption so long as the Transaction closes, nor will you have any right to require us to repurchase your 2028 notes if, between the closing of this offering and the completion of the Transaction, we experience any changes (including any material adverse changes) in our business or financial condition, or if the terms of the Transaction Agreement change, including in material respects.

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USE OF PROCEEDS

We estimate that, after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated expenses payable by us, our net proceeds from this offering will be approximately \$1,092,732,000. We intend to use the net proceeds of the offering of the 2028 notes, together with cash on hand, to fund the cash portion of the purchase price of the Transaction. This offering is not conditioned on, and is expected to be consummated before, the closing of the Transaction.

We intend to use the net proceeds of the offering of the new 2023 notes and the 2048 notes for the repayment, on or prior to the maturity thereof, of \$200 million aggregate principal amount of our outstanding 7.00% Senior Notes due 2018, and for the repayment, on or prior to the maturity thereof, of \$287 million aggregate principal amount of our outstanding 8.75% Senior Notes due 2019, together with any applicable make-whole interest amounts thereon, with the remainder to be used for general corporate purposes.

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| | Nine Months | | Year Ended December 31, | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|----------|-------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | Ended September 30, 2017 | 2016 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 |
| (in millions) | | | | | | | |
| Earnings | | | | | | | |
| Income (loss) from continuing operations before taxes | \$ 1,518 | \$ 1,262 | \$ 1,458 | \$ 1,430 | \$ 1,997 | \$ 1,631 | \$ 1,568 |
| Sub-total of fixed charges | 201 | 202 | 269 | 284 | 270 | 279 | 282 |
| Sub-total of adjusted income (loss) | 1,719 | 1,464 | 1,727 | 1,714 | 2,267 | 1,910 | 1,850 |
| Interest on annuities and financial products | 1,933 | 1,910 | 2,554 | 2,506 | 2,508 | 2,486 | 2,478 |
| Adjusted income (loss) base | \$ 3,652 | \$ 3,374 | \$ 4,281 | \$ 4,220 | \$ 4,775 | \$ 4,396 | \$ 4,328 |
| Fixed Charges | | | | | | | |
| Interest and debt expense ⁽¹⁾ | \$ 190 | \$ 202 | \$ 268 | \$ 272 | \$ 267 | \$ 265 | \$ 268 |
| Interest expense (income) related to uncertain tax positions | | (11) | (14) | (2) | (11) | 2 | 1 |
| Portion of rent expense representing interest | 11 | 11 | 15 | 14 | 14 | 12 | 13 |
| Sub-total of fixed charges excluding interest on annuities and financial products | 201 | 202 | 269 | 284 | 270 | 279 | 282 |
| Interest on annuities and financial products | 1,933 | 1,910 | 2,554 | 2,506 | 2,508 | 2,486 | 2,478 |
| Total fixed charges | \$ 2,134 | \$ 2,112 | \$ 2,823 | \$ 2,790 | \$ 2,778 | \$ 2,765 | \$ 2,760 |
| Ratio of sub-total of adjusted income (loss) to sub-total of fixed charges excluding interest on annuities and financial products | 8.55 | 7.25 | 6.42 | 6.04 | 8.40 | 6.85 | 6.56 |
| Ratio of adjusted income (loss) base to total fixed charges | 1.71 | 1.60 | 1.52 | 1.51 | 1.72 | 1.59 | 1.57 |

⁽¹⁾ Interest and debt expense excludes a \$63 million loss and a \$5 million loss related to the early retirement of debt in 2016 and 2012, respectively.

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The following table sets forth our consolidated capitalization as of September 30, 2017:

on an actual basis;

on an as-adjusted basis to give effect to the receipt of estimated net proceeds of approximately \$1.1 billion in this offering and to the use of the net proceeds of the offering of the new 2023 notes and the 2048 notes to repay, on or prior to the maturity date thereof, \$200 million in aggregate principal amount of outstanding 7.00% Senior Notes due 2018 and \$287 million in aggregate principal amount of outstanding 8.75% Senior Notes due 2019, together with any applicable make-whole interest amounts thereon.

The data presented below is as of September 30, 2017, and does not include any adjustments for the proposed Transaction or the use of the net proceeds of the offering of the 2028 notes to finance a portion of the consideration thereof.

The following data is qualified in its entirety by, and should be read in conjunction with, our audited annual and unaudited quarterly consolidated financial statements and notes thereto incorporated in this prospectus supplement by reference.

| | | As of September 30, 2017 | |
|--|--------|--|--|
| | Actual | As Adjusted for the Offering (In millions) | As Further Adjusted for Transaction |
| Short-term debt | | | |
| 7.00% Senior Notes, due 2018 ⁽²⁾ | \$ 200 | \$ | \$ |
| LIBOR + 110 bps loan, due 2018 | 250 | 250 | 250 |
| Total short-term debt | \$ 450 | \$ 250 | \$ 250 |
| Long-term debt, excluding current portion | | | |
| Senior notes: | | | |
| 8.75% notes, due 2019 ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾ | 287 | | |
| 6.25% notes, due 2020 ⁽⁴⁾ | 300 | 300 | 300 |
| 4.85% notes, due 2021 ⁽⁴⁾ | 300 | 300 | 300 |
| 4.20% notes, due 2022 ⁽⁴⁾ | 300 | 300 | 300 |
| 4.00% notes, due 2023, offered hereby ⁽⁵⁾ | 350 | 500 | 500 |
| 3.35% notes, due 2025 ⁽⁴⁾ | 300 | 300 | 300 |
| 3.63% notes, due 2026 ⁽⁴⁾ | 400 | 400 | 400 |
| 3.80% notes, due 2028, offered hereby ⁽⁵⁾ | | 500 | 500 |
| 6.15% notes, due 2036 ⁽⁴⁾ | 348 | 348 | 348 |

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| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 6.30% notes, due 2037 ⁽⁴⁾ | 375 | 375 | 375 |
| 7.00% notes, due 2040 ⁽⁴⁾ | 500 | 500 | 500 |
| 4.35% notes, due 2048, offered hereby ⁽⁵⁾ | | 450 | 450 |
| Total senior notes | \$ 3,460 | \$ 4,273 | \$ 4,273 |
| Capital securities: | | | |
| 7.00%, due 2066 | 722 | 722 | 722 |
| 6.05%, due 2067 | 491 | 491 | 491 |
| Total capital securities | 1,213 | 1,213 | 1,213 |
| Unamortized premiums (discounts) | (8) | (8) | (8) |
| Unamortized debt issuance costs | (26) | (25) | (25) |
| Fair value hedge on interest rate swap agreements | 261 | 261 | 261 |
| Total unamortized premiums (discounts), unamortized debt issuance cost and fair value hedge on interest rate swap agreements | 227 | 228 | 228 |
| Total long-term debt | \$ 4,900 | \$ 5,714 | \$ 5,714 |
| Total debt | \$ 5,350 | \$ 5,964 | \$ 5,964 |

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| | | As of September 30, 2017 | |
|---|---------------|---|--|
| | Actual | As Adjusted for the Offering (In millions) | As Further Adjusted for Transaction |
| Stockholders equity | | | |
| Common stock | \$ 5,717 | \$ 5,717 | \$ 5,717 |
| Retained earnings | 7,738 | 7,738 | 7,738 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) | 2,859 | 2,859 | 2,859 |
| Total stockholders equity | \$ 16,314 | \$ 16,314 | \$ 16,314 |
| Total capitalization | \$ 21,664 | \$ 22,278 | \$ 22,278 |

- (1) Includes adjustments related to the notes offered hereby. Does not reflect other increases or decreases.
- (2) We expect to use a portion of the net proceeds of this offering to fund the repayment of our 7.00% Senior Notes due 2018. See Use of Proceeds.
- (3) We expect to use a portion of the net proceeds of this offering to fund the repayment of our 8.75% Senior Notes due 2019. See Use of Proceeds.
- (4) We have the option to repurchase the outstanding notes by paying the greater of 100% of the principal amount of the notes to be redeemed or the make-whole amount (as defined in each indenture or supplemental indenture), plus in each case any accrued and unpaid interest as of the date of redemption.
- (5) We will have the option to repurchase the outstanding notes on the terms described herein. See Description of Notes.

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DESCRIPTION OF NOTES

The following description of the particular terms of the notes offered hereby supplements, and to the extent inconsistent therewith replaces, the description of the general terms and provisions described under the caption **Description of Securities We May Sell Senior and Subordinated Debt Securities** in the accompanying base prospectus.

General

The existing 2023 notes are, and the new 2023 notes, the 2028 notes and the 2048 notes will be, issued under an indenture dated as of March 10, 2009 between us and The Bank of New York Mellon, as trustee, referred to as the indenture. The 2023 notes will mature on September 1, 2023, the 2028 notes will mature on March 1, 2028 and the 2048 notes will mature on March 1, 2048.

The aggregate principal amount of the 2023 notes outstanding on the issue date will be \$500,000,000, the aggregate principal amount of the 2028 notes issued on the issue date will be \$500,000,000 and the aggregate principal amount of the 2048 notes issued on the issue date will be \$450,000,000.

We may, without the consent of any then-existing holders of a series of notes, reopen a series of notes and issue an unlimited principal amount of additional notes in the future. Provided that such additional notes of a series are fungible for U.S. federal income tax purposes with any then-existing notes of the same series, these additional notes will be deemed part of the same series as the existing series of notes and the new notes offered hereby.

Unless previously redeemed or purchased and cancelled, we will repay the notes in cash at 100% of their principal amount together with accrued and unpaid interest thereon at maturity. We will pay principal and interest on the notes in U.S. dollars.

The notes will be our senior unsecured debt obligations and will rank equally among themselves and with all of our other present and future unsecured unsubordinated obligations. The indenture does not limit the aggregate principal amount of senior debt securities that may be issued.

Each series of notes will be redeemable by us at any time prior to maturity as described below.

The notes will not be subject to a sinking fund. The notes will be issued in fully registered book-entry form only in minimum denominations of \$2,000 and integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess thereof. The notes will be issued in the form of global securities. The global securities will be deposited with, or on behalf of, DTC, and registered in the name of DTC or a nominee, as further described below.

The provisions of the indenture relating to defeasance, which are described under the caption **Description of the Securities We May Sell Senior and Subordinated Debt Securities Defeasance and Covenant Defeasance** in the accompanying base prospectus, will apply to the notes.

If the scheduled maturity date of the 2023 notes, the 2028 notes or the 2048 notes falls on a day that is not a business day, the payment of interest and principal will be made on the next succeeding business day, and no interest on such payment shall accrue for the period from and after the scheduled maturity date.

Interest

The new 2023 notes will bear interest at a rate of 4.00%, the 2028 notes will bear interest at a rate of 3.80% and the 2048 notes will bear interest at a rate of 4.35%. Interest on the new 2023 notes will accrue from September 1, 2017 or from the most recent interest payment date to which interest has been paid or provided for,

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to but excluding the relevant interest payment date. Interest on the 2028 notes and the 2048 notes will accrue from February 12, 2018 or from the most recent interest payment date to which interest has been paid or provided for, to but excluding the relevant interest payment date.

We will make interest payments on the 2023 notes semi-annually in arrears on March 1 and September 1 of each year, beginning on March 1, 2018, to the person in whose name such notes are registered at the close of business on the immediately preceding February 15 or August 15, as applicable. We will make interest payments on the 2028 notes semi-annually in arrears on June 1 and December 1 of each year, beginning on June 1, 2018, to the person in whose name such notes are registered at the close of business on the immediately preceding May 15 or November 15, as applicable. We will make interest payments on the 2048 notes semi-annually in arrears on March 1 and September 1 of each year, beginning on September 1, 2018, to the person in whose name such notes are registered at the close of business on the immediately preceding February 15 and August 15, as applicable. Interest on the notes will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year comprised of twelve 30-day months.

If an interest payment date for the notes falls on a day that is not a business day, the interest payment shall be postponed to the next succeeding business day, and no interest on such payment shall accrue for the period

from and after such interest payment date.

Optional Redemption of the New 2023 Notes

The 2023 notes are redeemable, in whole or in part, at our option, at any time or from time to time, upon sending notice to the registered holders of the applicable notes at their addresses as shown on the security register at least 30 days but not more than 60 days prior to the redemption. The redemption price will be the greater of (i) 100% of the principal amount of the notes to be redeemed and (ii) the make-whole amount, plus in each case accrued and unpaid interest to the date of redemption.

Comparable treasury issue means the U.S. Treasury security selected by a reference treasury dealer as having an actual or interpolated maturity comparable to the remaining term of the notes, that would be utilized, at the time of selection and in accordance with customary financial practice, in pricing new issues of corporate debt securities with a term comparable to such period.

Comparable treasury price means, with respect to a redemption date, (1) the average of five reference treasury dealer quotations for such redemption date, after excluding the highest and lowest reference treasury dealer quotations, or (2) if the quotation agent obtains fewer than five such reference treasury dealer quotations, the average of all such quotations.

Make-whole amount means the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments (as defined below) on the notes to be redeemed, discounted to the date of redemption on a semi-annual basis (assuming a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months), at a rate equal to the sum of the applicable treasury rate (as defined below) plus 20 basis points.

Quotation agent means the entity appointed by us, which in any case shall not be the trustee, to determine the make-whole amount.

Reference treasury dealer means (1) Credit Suisse Securities (USA) and Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated and each of their respective successors and (2) any additional primary U.S. government securities dealers, including dealers outside New York City (each, a **primary treasury dealer**), selected by us and their

successors; provided, however, that if any of them ceases to be a primary treasury dealer we will substitute another primary treasury dealer.

Reference treasury dealer quotations means, with respect to each reference treasury dealer and any redemption date, the average, as determined by the quotation agent, of the bid and ask prices for the comparable

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treasury issue (expressed in each case as a percentage of its principal amount) quoted in writing to the quotation agent at 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the third business day preceding such redemption date.

Remaining scheduled payments means the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest on the notes that would be due after the related redemption date but for that redemption. If that redemption date is not an interest payment date with respect to the notes called for redemption, the amount of the next succeeding scheduled interest payment on such notes will be reduced by the amount of interest accrued to such redemption date.

Treasury rate means, with respect to any redemption date, the rate per annum equal to the semi-annual equivalent yield to maturity (computed as of the third business day immediately preceding that redemption date) of the comparable treasury issue, assuming a price for the comparable treasury issue (expressed as a percentage of its principal amount) equal to the comparable treasury price for that redemption date.

We will prepare and send a notice of redemption to each holder of notes to be redeemed at least 30 but not more than 60 days prior to the date fixed for redemption. On and after a redemption date, interest will cease to accrue on the notes called for redemption (unless we default in the payment of the redemption price and accrued interest). On or before a redemption date, we will deposit with a paying agent (or the trustee) money sufficient to pay the redemption price of and accrued interest on the notes to be redeemed on that date. If less than all of the notes are to be redeemed, the notes to be redeemed shall be selected by the trustee pro rata or by lot or by a method the trustee deems to be fair and appropriate, provided that, to the extent the notes to be redeemed are represented by a global certificate, such notes shall be selected in accordance with the procedures of DTC.

Optional Redemption of the 2028 Notes and the 2048 Notes

At any time and from time to time prior to, with respect to the 2028 notes, December 1, 2027 and with respect to the 2048 notes, September 1, 2047 (each such date with respect to the 2028 notes and the 2048 notes, the **Par Call Date**), such series of notes will be redeemable at our option, in whole or in part, at a redemption price equal to the greater of:

100% of the principal amount of the notes to be redeemed; and

as determined by the quotation agent, the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest on the notes to be redeemed that would be due if such notes matured on the applicable **Par Call Date** (not including any portion of such payments of interest accrued to the date of redemption) discounted to the redemption date on a semi-annual basis (assuming a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months) at the **Adjusted treasury rate**, plus 15 basis points in the case of the 2028 notes and 20 basis points in the case of the 2048 notes.

At any time and from time to time on or after the applicable **Par Call Date** for the 2028 notes and the 2048 notes, the notes of such series will be redeemable at our option, in whole or in part, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the notes to be redeemed.

In each case, we will pay accrued and unpaid interest on the principal amount being redeemed to the date of redemption.

Adjusted treasury rate means, with respect to any redemption date:

the yield, under the heading which represents the average for the immediately preceding week, appearing in the most recently published statistical release designated H.15 published by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (or any successor publication which is published weekly by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System and which establishes yields on actively traded United States Treasury securities adjusted to constant maturity) under the caption Treasury Constant Maturities, for the maturity corresponding to the Comparable treasury issue. If no maturity is within

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three months before or after the Remaining life, yields for the two published maturities most closely corresponding to the Comparable treasury issue shall be determined and the Adjusted treasury rate shall be interpolated or extrapolated from such yields on a straight line basis, rounding to the nearest month; or

if such release (or any successor release) is not published during the week preceding the calculation date or does not contain such yields, the rate per year equal to the semi-annual equivalent yield to maturity of the Comparable treasury issue, calculated using a price for the Comparable treasury issue (expressed as a percentage of its principal amount) equal to the Comparable treasury price for such redemption date.

The adjusted treasury rate shall be calculated on the third business day preceding the Redemption Date.

Comparable treasury issue means the U.S. Treasury security selected by a reference treasury dealer as having an actual or interpolated maturity comparable to the remaining term of the notes to be redeemed (assuming, for this purpose, that the notes matured on the applicable Par Call Date), that would be utilized, at the time of selection and in accordance with customary financial practice, in pricing new issues of corporate debt securities of comparable maturity to the remaining term of the notes (assuming, for this purpose, that the notes matured on the applicable Par Call Date) (Remaining life).

Comparable treasury price means, with respect to a redemption date, (1) the average of five reference treasury dealer quotations for such redemption date, after excluding the highest and lowest reference treasury dealer quotations, or (2) if the quotation agent obtains fewer than five such reference treasury dealer quotations, the average of all such quotations.

Quotation agent means one of the Reference treasury dealers appointed by us, which in any case shall not be the trustee, to determine the make-whole amount.

Reference treasury dealer means each of (1) Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC, Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated, Citigroup Global Markets Inc. and Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC, and each of their respective successors and (2) at least one additional primary U.S. government securities dealers, including dealers outside New York City (each, a primary treasury dealer), selected by us and their successors; provided, however, that if any of them ceases to be a primary treasury dealer we will substitute another primary treasury dealer.

Reference treasury dealer quotations means, with respect to each reference treasury dealer and any redemption date, the average, as determined by the quotation agent, of the bid and ask prices for the comparable treasury issue (expressed in each case as a percentage of its principal amount) quoted in writing to the quotation agent at 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the third business day preceding such redemption date.

We will prepare and send a notice of redemption to each holder of notes to be redeemed at least 30 but not more than 60 days prior to the date fixed for redemption. On and after a redemption date, interest will cease to accrue on the notes called for redemption (unless we default in the payment of the redemption price and accrued interest). On or before a redemption date, we will deposit with a paying agent (or the trustee) money sufficient to pay the redemption price of and accrued interest on the notes to be redeemed on that date. If less than all of the notes of any series are to be redeemed, the notes of such series to be redeemed shall be selected by the trustee by lot, provided that, to the extent the notes to be redeemed are represented by a global certificate, such notes shall be selected in accordance with the procedures of DTC.

Special Mandatory Redemption of the 2028 Notes

There is no Special Mandatory Redemption of the new 2023 notes or the 2048 notes.

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If (x) the consummation of the Transaction does not occur on or before November 18, 2018 or (y) we notify the trustee that we will not pursue the consummation of the Transaction, we will be required to redeem the 2028 notes then outstanding at a redemption price equal to 101% of the principal amount of the 2028 notes to be redeemed plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the Special Mandatory Redemption Date (the Special Mandatory Redemption Price).

In the event that we become obligated to redeem notes pursuant to the Special Mandatory Redemption, we will promptly, and in any event not more than 60 days after the occurrence of the event triggering the Special Mandatory Redemption, deliver notice to the trustee of the Special Mandatory Redemption and the date upon which such notes will be redeemed (the Special Mandatory Redemption Date, which date shall be no later than the 30th day following the date of such notice or, if such day is not a business day, the first business day thereafter) together with a notice of Special Mandatory Redemption for the trustee to deliver to each registered holder of 2028 notes to be redeemed. The trustee will then promptly mail, or deliver electronically if such notes are held by any depository (including, without limitation, DTC) in accordance with such depository's customary procedures, such notice of Special Mandatory Redemption to each registered holder of 2028 notes to be redeemed at its registered address. Unless we default in payment of the Special Mandatory Redemption Price, on and after such Special Mandatory Redemption Date, interest will cease to accrue on the 2028 notes to be redeemed.

If funds sufficient to pay the Special Mandatory Redemption Price on the special mandatory redemption date (plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the Special Mandatory Redemption Date) are deposited with the trustee on or before such Special Mandatory Redemption Date, 2028 notes will cease to bear interest on and after the Special Mandatory Redemption Date.

Regarding the Trustee

We and our affiliates maintain various commercial and service relationships with the trustee and its affiliates in the ordinary course of business. In particular, the trustee is a lender in our \$2.5 billion credit facility. The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. also maintains other various relationships with us and some of our affiliates.

Book-Entry System

Upon issuance, each series of notes will be represented by fully registered global certificates, each of which we refer to as a global security. Each such global security will be deposited with, or on behalf of, DTC, and registered in the name of DTC or a nominee thereof. Unless and until it is exchanged in whole or in part for notes in definitive form, no global security may be transferred except as a whole by DTC to a nominee of DTC or by a nominee of DTC to DTC or another nominee of DTC or by DTC or any such nominee to a successor of DTC or a nominee of such successor.

Beneficial interests in the notes will be represented through book-entry accounts of financial institutions acting on behalf of beneficial owners as direct and indirect participants in DTC. Investors may elect to hold interest in the notes held by DTC through Clearstream Bank, *société anonyme*, referred to as Clearstream, Luxembourg, or Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V., as operator of the Euroclear System, referred to as the Euroclear operator, if they are participants in such systems, or indirectly through organizations that are participants in such systems. Clearstream, Luxembourg and the Euroclear operator will hold interests on behalf of their participants through customers' securities accounts in Clearstream, Luxembourg's and the Euroclear operator's names on the books of their respective depositories, which in turn will hold such interests in customers' securities accounts in the depositories' names on the books of DTC.

So long as DTC, or its nominee, is a registered owner of a note, DTC or its nominee, as the case may be, will be considered the sole owner or holder of the notes represented by such note for all purposes under the

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indenture or other governing documents. Except as provided below, the actual owners of the notes represented by a note, referred to as the beneficial owner, will not be entitled to have the notes represented by such note registered in their names, will not receive or be entitled to receive physical delivery of the notes in definitive form and will not be considered the registered owners or holders thereof under the indenture.

Accordingly, each person owning a beneficial interest in a note must rely on the procedures of DTC and, if such person is not a participant of DTC, referred to as a participant, on the procedures of the participant through which such person owns its interest, to exercise any rights of a holder under the indenture. We understand that under existing industry practices, in the event that LNC requests any action of holders or that an owner of a beneficial interest that a holder is entitled to give or take under the indenture, DTC would authorize the participants holding the relevant beneficial interests to give or take such action, and such participants would authorize beneficial owners owning through such participants to give or take such action or would otherwise act upon the instructions of beneficial owners. Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to participants, by participants to indirect participants, as defined below, and by participants and indirect participants to beneficial owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time.

The following is based on information furnished by DTC:

DTC will act as securities depository for the notes. Offered securities will be issued as fully registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. Global securities will be issued for the notes, in the aggregate principal amount of the notes, and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a banking organization within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a clearing corporation within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a clearing agency registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. DTC holds securities that its participants deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between participants accounts, thereby eliminating the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct participants of DTC, referred to as direct participants, include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation, referred to as DTCC. DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to DTC's system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks and trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a direct participant, either directly or indirectly, referred to as indirect participants. The rules applicable to DTC and its participants are on file with the SEC.

Purchases of the notes under DTC's system must be made by or through direct participants, which will receive a credit for the notes on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each beneficial owner is in turn to be recorded on the records of direct participants and indirect participants. Beneficial owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase, but beneficial owners are expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the direct participants or indirect participants through which such beneficial owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the notes are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of direct participants and indirect participants acting on behalf of beneficial owners. Beneficial owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in the notes, except in the event that the use of the book-entry system for the notes is discontinued or other limited circumstances that may be provided

in the indenture.

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To facilitate subsequent transfers, all notes deposited by direct participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of the notes with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual beneficial owners of the notes. DTC's records reflect only the identity of the direct participants to whose accounts such notes are credited, which may or may not be the beneficial owners. The direct participants and indirect participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to direct participants, by direct participants to indirect participants, and by direct participants and indirect participants to beneficial owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to the notes. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to LNC as soon as possible after the applicable record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those direct participants to whose accounts securities are credited on the applicable record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Payments on the notes will be made in immediately available funds to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit direct participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from LNC or the applicable agent, on the applicable payment date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by participants to beneficial owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in street name, and will be the responsibility of such participant and not of DTC, the applicable agent or LNC, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Any payment to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of LNC or the applicable agent, disbursement of such payments to direct participants shall be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the beneficial owners shall be the responsibility of direct participants and indirect participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as securities depository with respect to the notes at any time by giving reasonable notice to LNC or the applicable agent. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor securities depository is not obtained, offered security certificates are required to be printed and delivered. LNC may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, offered security certificates will be printed and delivered.

Clearstream, Luxembourg advises that it is incorporated under the laws of Luxembourg as a professional depository. Clearstream, Luxembourg holds securities for its participating organizations, referred to as Clearstream participants, and facilitates the clearance and settlement of securities transactions between Clearstream participants through electronic book-entry changes in accounts of Clearstream participants, thereby eliminating the need for physical movement of certificates. Clearstream, Luxembourg provides to Clearstream participants, among other things, services for safekeeping, administration, clearance and settlement of internationally traded securities and securities lending and borrowing. Clearstream, Luxembourg interfaces with domestic markets in several countries. As a professional depository, Clearstream, Luxembourg is subject to regulation by the Luxembourg Monetary Institute.

Clearstream participants are recognized financial institutions around the world, including underwriters, securities brokers and dealers, trust companies, clearing corporations and certain other organizations and may include the underwriters. Indirect access to Clearstream, Luxembourg is also available to others, such as banks, brokers, dealers and trust companies that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Clearstream participant either

directly or indirectly.

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Distributions with respect to the notes held beneficially through Clearstream, Luxembourg will be credited to cash accounts of Clearstream participants in accordance with its rules and procedures, to the extent received by the U.S. depository for Clearstream, Luxembourg.

Euroclear advises that it was created in 1968 to hold securities for its participants, referred to as Euroclear participants, and to clear and settle transactions between Euroclear participants through simultaneous electronic book-entry delivery against payment, thereby eliminating the need for physical movement of certificates and any risk from lack of simultaneous transfers of securities and cash. Euroclear includes various other services, including securities lending and borrowing and interfaces with domestic markets in several countries. Euroclear is owned by Euroclear Clearance System Public Limited Company and operated through a license agreement by the Euroclear operator.

Euroclear participants include banks (including central banks), securities brokers and dealers and other professional financial intermediaries and may include the underwriters or agents for the notes. Indirect access to Euroclear is also available to others that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Euroclear participant, either directly or indirectly.

The Euroclear operator is regulated and examined by the Belgian Banking and Finance Commission and the National Bank of Belgium. Securities clearance accounts and cash accounts with the Euroclear operator are governed by the Terms and Conditions Governing Use of Euroclear and the related Operating Procedures of Euroclear, and applicable Belgian law, collectively referred to as the Terms and Conditions. The Terms and Conditions govern transfers of securities and cash within Euroclear, withdrawals of securities and cash from Euroclear, and receipts of payments with respect to securities in Euroclear. All securities in Euroclear are held on a fungible basis without attribution of specific certificates to specific securities clearance accounts. The Euroclear operator acts under the Terms and Conditions only on behalf of Euroclear participants, and has no record of or relationship with persons holding through Euroclear participants.

Distributions with respect to the notes held beneficially through Euroclear will be credited to the cash accounts of Euroclear participants in accordance with the Terms and Conditions, to the extent received by the U.S. depository for Euroclear.

Global Clearance and Settlement Procedures

Initial settlement for the notes will be made in immediately available funds. Secondary market trading between DTC participants will occur in the ordinary way in accordance with DTC's rules and will be settled in immediately available funds using DTC's Same-Day Funds Settlement System. If and to the extent this prospectus supplement with respect to any of the notes indicates that investors may elect to hold interests in the notes through Clearstream, Luxembourg or Euroclear, secondary market trading between Clearstream participants and/or Euroclear participants will occur in the ordinary way in accordance with the applicable rules and operating procedures of Clearstream, Luxembourg and Euroclear and will be settled using the procedures applicable to conventional eurobonds in immediately available funds. No assurance can be given as to the effect, if any, of settlement in immediately available funds on trading activity in the notes.

Cross-market transfers between persons holding directly or indirectly through DTC, on the one hand, and directly or indirectly through Clearstream or Euroclear participants, on the other, will be effected in DTC in accordance with DTC rules on behalf of the relevant European international clearing system by its U.S. depository; however, such cross-market transactions will require delivery of instructions to the relevant European international clearing system by the counterparty in such system in accordance with its rules and procedures and within its established deadlines (European time). The relevant European international clearing system will, if the transaction meets its settlement

requirements, deliver instructions to its U.S. depository to take action to effect final settlement on its behalf by delivering or receiving the notes in DTC, and making or receiving payment in accordance with normal procedures for same-day funds settlement applicable to DTC. Clearstream participants and Euroclear participants may not deliver instructions directly to DTC.

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Because of time-zone differences, credits of the notes received in Clearstream, Luxembourg or Euroclear as a result of a transaction with a DTC participant will be made during subsequent securities settlement processing and will be credited the business day following the DTC settlement date. Such credits or any transactions in the notes settled during such processing will be reported to the relevant Euroclear or Clearstream participants on such business day. Cash received in Clearstream, Luxembourg or Euroclear as a result of sales of the notes by or through a Clearstream participant or a Euroclear participant to a DTC participant will be received with value on the DTC settlement date but will be available in the relevant Clearstream, Luxembourg or Euroclear cash account only as of the business day following settlement in DTC.

Although DTC, Clearstream, Luxembourg and Euroclear have agreed to the foregoing procedures in order to facilitate transfers of the notes among participants of DTC, Clearstream, Luxembourg and Euroclear, they are under no obligation to perform or continue to perform such procedures and such procedures may be discontinued at any time.

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CERTAIN MATERIAL U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS

The following is a general discussion of certain material U.S. federal income tax considerations that may be relevant to U.S. Holders and non-U.S. Holders (each as defined below and collectively referred to as Holders) with respect to the ownership and disposition of the notes acquired in this offering, but does not purport to be a complete analysis of all the potential tax considerations. This discussion is based on the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, which we refer to as the Code, U.S. Treasury regulations promulgated thereunder, judicial opinions, published positions of the Internal Revenue Service (the IRS) and other applicable authorities, each as in effect as of the date hereof. These authorities are subject to differing interpretations and may change possibly with retroactive effect, and any such change could affect the accuracy of the statements and conclusions set forth herein.

This discussion applies only to beneficial owners who purchase notes for cash pursuant to this offering at the applicable offer price indicated on the cover page of this prospectus supplement (which offer price in the case of new 2023 notes includes accrued interest from September 1, 2017) and hold the notes as capital assets within the meaning of Section 1221 of the Code (generally, property held for investment). This discussion does not address tax considerations applicable to subsequent purchasers of the notes. In addition, this discussion does not describe any tax consequences of the ownership or disposition of the notes arising under the unearned income Medicare contribution tax pursuant to the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, and does not address any U.S. federal tax laws other than those pertaining to the income tax, nor does it address any foreign, state or local tax consequences. We believe, and this discussion assumes, that the notes will be treated as debt instruments for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

This discussion does not address all aspects of U.S. federal income taxation that may be relevant to particular investors in light of their individual circumstances or status or the U.S. federal income tax consequences that may be relevant to Holders subject to special rules under the U.S. federal income tax laws, such as banks or other financial institutions, broker-dealers, insurance companies, regulated investment companies, tax-exempt entities, dealers or traders in securities or currencies, traders in securities that elect the mark-to-market method of accounting for their securities holdings, Holders subject to the alternative minimum tax, a U.S. Holder (as defined below) whose functional currency is not the U.S. dollar, entities treated as partnerships for U.S. federal income tax purposes or partners or members therein, controlled foreign corporations, passive foreign investment companies, U.S. Holders holding the notes through non-U.S. brokers or other intermediaries, non-U.S. trusts and estates that have U.S. beneficiaries, individual retirement and other tax-deferred accounts, real estate investment trusts, pass-through entities, certain former citizens or long-term residents of the United States subject to U.S. federal income tax as expatriates, persons holding the notes through a hybrid entity, or persons holding the notes as a hedge against currency risks, as a position in a straddle or as part of a wash sale, hedging, conversion, constructive sale, or other integrated transaction for tax purposes. This discussion does not address the tax considerations that may be relevant to subsequent purchasers of the notes.

If a partnership or an entity treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes is a beneficial owner of the notes, the U.S. federal income tax treatment of a partner in the partnership or an equity interest owner of such other entity will generally depend upon the status of the person and the activities of the partnership or other entity treated as a partnership. Thus, persons who for U.S. federal income tax purposes are treated as partners in a partnership or equity interest owners of another entity treated as a partnership holding any of the notes should consult their own tax advisors. We have not sought and will not seek any ruling from the IRS with respect to the statements made and the conclusions reached in this discussion and there can be no assurance that the IRS will agree with such statements and conclusions.

Under certain circumstances, we will be discharged from any and all obligations in respect of the indenture. Such discharge may be treated as a taxable exchange for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Holders should consult their own tax advisors regarding the U.S. federal, state, and local tax consequences of such a discharge.

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As described above in Description of Notes Optional Redemption of the New 2023 Notes, Description of Notes Optional Redemption of the 2028 Notes and the 2048 Notes and Description of Notes Special Mandatory Redemption of the 2028 Notes, the terms of the notes provide for payments by us in excess of stated interest or principal, or prior to their scheduled payment dates, on that series of notes, under certain circumstances. The possibility of such payments may implicate special rules under U.S. Treasury Regulations governing contingent payment debt instruments. According to those Treasury Regulations, the possibility that such payments of excess or accelerated amounts will be made will not affect the amount of income a Holder recognizes in advance of the payment of such excess or accelerated amounts, if there is only a remote chance as of the date the notes are issued that such payments will be made. We intend to take the position that the likelihood that such payments of excess or accelerated amounts will be made is remote within the meaning of the applicable Treasury Regulations and therefore the notes do not constitute contingent payment debt instruments. The remainder of this discussion assumes that this position will be respected. Our position that the notes do not constitute contingent payment debt instruments is binding on a Holder unless such Holder discloses its contrary position to the IRS in the manner required by applicable Treasury Regulations. Our position is not, however, binding on the IRS. Although not entirely clear, if the IRS were to challenge this position successfully, a Holder might be required, among other things, to (1) accrue interest income based on a projected payment schedule and comparable yield, which may be in excess of stated interest, and (2) treat as ordinary income rather than capital gain any income realized on the taxable disposition of a note. In the event a contingency described above occurs, it could affect the timing, amount and character of the income or loss recognized by a Holder. Prospective investors should consult their own tax advisors regarding the tax consequences if the notes were treated as contingent payment debt instruments.

THIS DISCUSSION IS FOR GENERAL INFORMATION ONLY AND IS NOT INTENDED TO CONSTITUTE A COMPLETE DESCRIPTION OF ALL TAX CONSIDERATIONS RELEVANT TO U.S. AND NON-U.S. HOLDERS RELATING TO THE OWNERSHIP AND DISPOSITION OF THE NOTES. PROSPECTIVE HOLDERS SHOULD CONSULT THEIR OWN TAX ADVISORS REGARDING THE PARTICULAR TAX CONSEQUENCES TO THEM OF ACQUIRING, OWNING AND DISPOSING OF THE NOTES, INCLUDING THE APPLICATION AND EFFECT OF ANY STATE, LOCAL AND FOREIGN INCOME, ESTATE AND OTHER TAX LAWS.

U.S. Holders of the Notes

As used in this discussion, the term U.S. Holder means a beneficial owner of a note offered hereby that is, for U.S. federal income tax purposes:

an individual who is a citizen or resident of the United States;

a corporation created or organized in or under the laws of the United States, any state thereof or the District of Columbia (and certain non-U.S. entities taxed as U.S. corporations under specialized sections of the Code);

an estate, the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income taxation regardless of its source; or

a trust, if it (1) is subject to the primary supervision of a court within the United States and one or more U.S. persons have authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust or (2) has a valid election in effect under

applicable U.S. Treasury regulations to be treated as a U.S. person.

Qualified Reopening. We expect, and this discussion assumes, that the new 2023 notes will be treated, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, as issued in a qualified reopening of the existing 2023 notes. For U.S. federal income tax purposes, debt instruments issued in a qualified reopening are deemed to be part of the same issue as the original debt instruments, and have the same issue date and the same price as the original debt instruments for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

Pre-Acquisition Accrued Interest. Interest on the new 2023 notes accrues from September 1, 2017. A portion of the price paid for a new 2023 note in this offering will be attributable to interest that accrued prior to

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the date the new 2023 note is purchased (pre-acquisition accrued interest). We intend to take the position that a portion of the first payment of stated interest on the new 2023 notes equal to the amount of any such pre-acquisition accrued interest is a return of such pre-acquisition accrued interest, rather than an amount payable on the new 2023 notes. Assuming this treatment is respected, the portion of the first payment of stated interest on the new 2023 notes equal to any pre-acquisition accrued interest will not be treated as taxable interest income and a U.S. Holder's adjusted tax basis in the new 2023 notes will be reduced by a corresponding amount. The remainder of this discussion assumes that this treatment will be respected, and references in this discussion to stated interest do not include such portion of the first interest payment equal to the pre-acquisition accrued interest. U.S. Holders should consult their tax advisors concerning the treatment of pre-acquisition accrued interest.

Interest on the Notes. It is expected, and this discussion assumes, that the offering price of the notes (excluding any portion of the offering price of the new 2023 notes allocable to pre-acquisition accrued interest) will be at least equal to the stated principal amount or, if the offering price (excluding any portion of the offering price of the new 2023 notes allocable to pre-acquisition accrued interest) is less than the stated principal amount, the difference will be less than a de minimis amount of original issue discount for U.S. federal income tax purposes (as set forth in the applicable Treasury regulations). Accordingly, payments of stated interest on a note will generally be taxable to U.S. Holders as ordinary interest income at the time such interest payments are accrued or received, depending on the U.S. Holder's regular method of accounting for U.S. federal income tax purposes. It is possible that a series of notes will be issued with a de minimis amount of original issue discount. Although U.S. Holders are generally not required to include de minimis original issue discount in income prior to the sale or maturity of a note, under recently enacted legislation, U.S. Holders that maintain certain types of financial statements and that are subject to the accrual method of tax accounting may be required to include de minimis original issue discount on the notes in income no later than the time upon which they include such amounts in income on their financial statements. U.S. Holders that maintain financial statements should consult their tax advisors regarding the tax consequences to them of this legislation.

Bond Premium. If a U.S. Holder purchases a note for an amount (excluding any portion of the amount paid for a new 2023 note allocable to pre-acquisition accrued interest) that exceeds the principal amount of the note, the U.S. Holder will be considered to have purchased such note with amortizable bond premium generally equal to the excess of the purchase price over the amount payable at maturity. Generally, a U.S. Holder may elect to amortize the bond premium as an offset to stated interest income, using a constant yield method, over the remaining term of the note. A U.S. Holder who elects to amortize bond premium must reduce its tax basis in the note by the amount of the bond premium used to offset stated interest income as set forth above. An election to amortize bond premium applies to all taxable debt obligations held or subsequently acquired by the U.S. Holder on or after the first day of the first taxable year to which the election applies and may be revoked only with the consent of the IRS. If a U.S. Holder does not make such election, bond premium will be included in its basis for purposes of computing the amount of gain or loss recognized on a taxable disposition of the note. The possibility that we could make payments with respect to the notes in excess of stated interest, as described above, could affect the amount of bond premium and the timing of any amortization thereof. U.S. Holders should consult their own tax advisor before making this election and regarding the calculation and amortization of any bond premium on the notes (including the effect of any of the contingencies described above on such calculation and amortization).

Disposition of Notes. Upon the sale, exchange, redemption, retirement or other taxable disposition of a note offered hereby (collectively, a Disposition), a U.S. Holder generally will recognize taxable gain or loss equal to the difference, if any, between (i) the sum of all cash plus the fair market value of all other property received on such Disposition (other than amounts properly attributable to accrued and unpaid interest (other than, with respect to the new 2023 notes, pre-acquisition accrued interest), which, to the extent not previously included in income, will be taxable as ordinary interest income) and (ii) such U.S. Holder's adjusted tax basis in the note. A U.S. Holder's adjusted tax basis in a note generally will be equal to the amount that such U.S. Holder paid for the note (less, with respect to the new

2023 notes, any amount received attributable to pre-acquisition accrued

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interest), reduced by the amount of any bond premium previously amortized by such U.S. Holder with respect to the note. Any gain or loss recognized on the Disposition of a note generally will be capital gain or loss, and will be long-term capital gain or loss if, at the time of the Disposition, the U.S. Holder held the note for a period of more than one year. Long-term capital gains recognized by certain non-corporate U.S. Holders, including individuals, will generally be subject to a reduced tax rate. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to limitations.

Information Reporting and Backup Withholding. Information reporting generally will apply to certain payments of interest on the notes and to payments of the proceeds of a Disposition of a note paid to a U.S. Holder unless such U.S. Holder is an exempt recipient. In general, a U.S. Holder may be subject to U.S. federal backup withholding (currently at a rate of 24%) on such payments on the notes and the proceeds of a Disposition of a note if such U.S. Holder fails to (i) provide a properly completed and executed IRS Form W-9 to the applicable withholding agent providing such U.S. Holder's correct taxpayer identification number and complying with certain certification requirements or (ii) otherwise establish an exemption from backup withholding. Backup withholding is not an additional tax. Any amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules may be refunded or allowed as a credit against the U.S. Holder's U.S. federal income tax liability, provided that the required information is timely furnished to the IRS. U.S. Holders should consult their own tax advisors regarding their qualification for an exemption from backup withholding and the procedures for establishing such exemption, if applicable.

Non-U.S. Holders of the Notes

As used in this discussion, the term **non-U.S. Holder** means a beneficial owner of a note offered hereby that is not, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, a U.S. Holder as defined above, other than an entity or arrangement that is treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

Interest on the Notes. Subject to the discussions below under **Backup Withholding, Information Reporting and Other Reporting Requirements, and Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act**, payments of interest on the notes to a non-U.S. Holder generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income or withholding tax under the **portfolio interest exemption**, provided that:

such interest is not effectively connected with the non-U.S. Holder's conduct of a trade or business within the United States;

the non-U.S. Holder does not actually or constructively own 10% or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of our voting stock within the meaning of the Code and the Treasury regulations;

the non-U.S. Holder is not a **controlled foreign corporation** with respect to which we are a **related person** within the meaning of the Code; and

either (i) the beneficial owner of the notes provides the applicable withholding agent with a properly completed and executed IRS Form W-8BEN or W-8BEN-E (or successor form), as applicable, certifying, under penalties of perjury, that it is not a **United States person** (as defined in the Code) and providing its name and address and renews the certificate periodically as required by the Treasury Regulations, or (ii) a financial institution that holds the notes on behalf of the non-U.S. Holder certifies to the applicable withholding agent,

under penalties of perjury, that it has received such properly completed and executed IRS Form W-8BEN or W-8BEN-E (or successor form), as applicable, from the beneficial owner and provides the applicable withholding agent with a copy thereof.

If a non-U.S. Holder does not satisfy the requirements of the portfolio interest exemption described above, payments of interest on the notes made to such non-U.S. Holder generally will be subject to U.S. federal withholding tax at a rate of 30%, unless such interest is effectively connected with such non-U.S. Holder's conduct of a trade or business in the United States. If an applicable income tax treaty provides for a lower rate of

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withholding, a non-U.S. Holder generally must provide to the applicable withholding agent a properly completed and executed IRS Form W-8BEN or W-8BEN-E (or successor form), as applicable and renew the certificate periodically as required by the Treasury Regulations in order to be eligible for the lower rate of withholding. Non-U.S. Holders should consult their own tax advisors regarding their entitlement to benefits under an applicable income tax treaty and the requirements for claiming any such benefits.

Interest paid to a non-U.S. Holder that is effectively connected with such non-U.S. Holder's conduct of a trade or business within the United States generally will not be subject to the U.S. federal withholding tax discussed above, provided that the non-U.S. Holder provides the applicable withholding agent with a properly completed and executed IRS Form W-8ECI or other applicable IRS Form W-8 (or successor form) and renews such certificate periodically as required by the Treasury Regulations. Instead, such interest generally will be subject to U.S. federal income tax on a net income basis at regular graduated U.S. federal income tax rates in the same manner as if such non-U.S. Holder were a U.S. person, unless an applicable income tax treaty provides otherwise. A non-U.S. Holder that is a corporation may be subject to an additional branch profits tax at a rate of 30% (or such lower rate as may be specified by an applicable income tax treaty) on its effectively connected earnings and profits for the taxable year, subject to certain adjustments.

Non-U.S. Holders should be aware that an applicable withholding agent may treat amounts attributable to pre-issuance accrued interest as interest for purposes of the foregoing rules.

Disposition of Notes. Subject to the discussions below under Backup Withholding, Information Reporting and Other Reporting Requirements, and Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act, generally, any gain realized on the Disposition of a note by a non-U.S. Holder (other than amounts properly attributable to accrued and unpaid interest, which, to the extent not previously included in income, generally will be treated as described under Non-U.S. Holder of the Notes Interest on the Notes) will not be subject to U.S. federal income or withholding tax unless: (i) such gain is effectively connected with the non-U.S. Holder's conduct of a trade or business within the United States (and, if required under an applicable income tax treaty, is attributable to a permanent establishment (or, in the case of an individual, a fixed base) maintained by such non-U.S. Holder in the United States), in which event such gain generally will be subject to U.S. federal income tax on a net income basis at regular graduated U.S. federal income tax rates in the same manner as if such non-U.S. Holder were a U.S. person, or (ii) such non-U.S. Holder is an individual who is present in the United States for a period or periods aggregating 183 days or more during the taxable year of the Disposition and certain other conditions are met, in which event such gain (net of certain U.S.-source capital losses, if any, of the non-U.S. Holder) generally will be subject to U.S. federal income tax at a 30% flat rate (or such lower rate as may be specified under an applicable income tax treaty).

Backup Withholding, Information Reporting and Other Reporting Requirements. U.S. backup withholding tax (currently at a rate of 24%) is imposed on certain payments to persons that fail to furnish the information required under the U.S. information reporting rules. Interest paid to a non-U.S. Holder generally will be exempt from backup withholding if the non-U.S. Holder provides the applicable withholding agent with a properly completed and executed IRS Form W-8BEN or W-8BEN-E (or successor form), as applicable, or otherwise establishes an exemption.

In addition, we must report annually to the IRS and to each non-U.S. Holder the amount of interest paid to such non-U.S. Holder and the amount of tax, if any, withheld with respect to such payments. These reporting requirements apply regardless of whether withholding was reduced or eliminated by an applicable income tax treaty. This information may also be made available to the tax authorities in the country in which a non-U.S. Holder resides or is established under the provisions of an applicable tax treaty or agreement with those tax authorities.

Under Treasury Regulations, the payment of proceeds from the Disposition of a note by a non-U.S. Holder effected at a U.S. office of a broker generally will be subject to information reporting and backup withholding,

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unless such non-U.S. Holder provides a properly completed and executed IRS Form W-8BEN or W-8BEN-E, or other applicable IRS Form W-8 (or successor form), as applicable, certifying such non-U.S. Holder's non-U.S. status or otherwise establishes an exemption. The payment of proceeds from the Disposition of a note by a non-U.S. Holder effected at a non-U.S. office of a broker with certain specified U.S. connections generally will be subject to information reporting (but not backup withholding), unless such non-U.S. Holder provides a properly executed IRS Form W-8BEN or W-8BEN-E or other applicable IRS Form W-8 (or successor form), as applicable, certifying such non-U.S. Holder's non-U.S. status or otherwise establishes an exemption. Backup withholding will apply if the Disposition is subject to information reporting and the broker has actual knowledge that the non-U.S. Holder is a U.S. person.

Backup withholding is not an additional tax. Any amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules may be refunded or allowed as a credit against the non-U.S. Holder's U.S. federal income tax liability, if any, provided that the required information is furnished to the IRS in a timely manner. Non-U.S. Holders should consult their tax advisors regarding the application of the information reporting and backup withholding rules to them.

Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act. Under Sections 1471 through 1474 of the Code, Treasury Regulations and administrative guidance thereunder (such provisions, regulations and administrative guidance collectively referred to as "FATCA"), a U.S. federal withholding tax at a rate of 30% generally is imposed on any U.S.-source interest and a U.S. federal withholding tax at a rate of 30% generally will be imposed on sale or redemption proceeds of a note (beginning January 1, 2019) paid to (i) a foreign financial institution (as defined under FATCA) unless such institution enters into an agreement with the U.S. tax authorities to withhold on certain payments and to collect and provide to the U.S. tax authorities substantial information regarding U.S. account holders of such institution (which includes certain equity and debt holders of such institution, as well as certain account holders that are foreign entities with U.S. owners), and (ii) certain other foreign entities unless such entity provides the applicable withholding agent with a certification identifying its direct and indirect substantial U.S. owners (as defined under FATCA) or alternatively, provides a certification that no such owners exist and, in either case, complies with certain other requirements. The withholding tax described above will not apply if the foreign financial institution or non-financial foreign entity otherwise qualifies for an exemption from the rules and properly certifies its exempt status to a withholding agent or is deemed to be in compliance with FATCA. Application of this FATCA tax does not depend on whether the payment otherwise would be exempt from U.S. federal withholding tax under the other exemptions described above or whether the payee is a beneficial owner or intermediary with respect to the payment. Under certain circumstances, a non-U.S. Holder may be eligible for refunds or credits of such taxes. Foreign financial institutions and non-financial foreign entities located in jurisdictions that have an intergovernmental agreement with the United States governing FATCA may be subject to different rules.

Based on the rules described above, payments on, or amounts realized from, the 2028 notes and the 2048 notes could be subject to the FATCA withholding tax. However, the FATCA withholding tax does not apply to debt securities that have an issue date before January 1, 2014. As discussed above under "U.S. Holders of the Notes - Qualified Reopening," we expect that the new 2023 notes will be issued in a qualified reopening of the existing 2023 notes and that therefore the new 2023 notes will have the same issue date as the existing 2023 notes (which was August 13, 2013). Accordingly, we expect that the new 2023 notes will not be subject to the FATCA withholding tax described above.

Prospective investors should consult their own tax advisors regarding the effects of FATCA on their investment in the notes.

THE FOREGOING DISCUSSION DOES NOT DISCUSS ALL ASPECTS OF U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAXATION THAT MAY BE RELEVANT TO INVESTORS IN LIGHT OF THEIR PARTICULAR CIRCUMSTANCES AND INCOME TAX SITUATION. INVESTORS SHOULD CONSULT THEIR OWN

TAX ADVISORS AS TO THE SPECIFIC TAX CONSEQUENCES THAT WOULD RESULT FROM THEIR PURCHASE, OWNERSHIP AND DISPOSITION OF THE NOTES, INCLUDING THE APPLICATION AND EFFECT OF STATE, LOCAL AND OTHER TAX LAWS AND THE POSSIBLE EFFECTS OF CHANGES IN FEDERAL OR OTHER TAX LAWS.

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Table of Contents**CERTAIN ERISA CONSIDERATIONS**

Each person considering the use of plan assets of a pension, profit-sharing or other employee benefit plan, individual retirement account (IRA), Keogh plan or other retirement plan, account or arrangement, or a plan, to acquire or hold the notes should consider whether an investment in the notes would be consistent with the documents and instruments governing the plan and with its fiduciary duties, including satisfaction of applicable prudence and diversification requirements, and whether the investment would involve a prohibited transaction under Section 406 of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended (ERISA) or Section 4975 of the Code, or under any other applicable federal, state, local or non-U.S. or other laws, rules or regulations that are similar to the provisions of ERISA or Section 4975 of the Code, or Similar Laws.

Section 406 of ERISA and Section 4975 of the Code prohibit plans subject to Title I of ERISA and/or Section 4975 of the Code, including entities such as collective investment funds, partnerships and separate accounts or insurance company pooled separate accounts or insurance company general accounts whose underlying assets include the assets of such plans, or collectively, Plans, from engaging in certain transactions involving Plan assets with persons who are parties in interest under ERISA or disqualified persons under the Code with respect to the Plan. A violation of these prohibited transaction rules may result in civil penalties or other liabilities under ERISA, loss of tax-exempt status and/or an excise tax under Section 4975 of the Code for those persons, unless exemptive relief is available under an applicable statutory, regulatory or administrative exemption. Certain plans including those that are governmental plans (as defined in Section 3(32) of ERISA), certain church plans (as defined in Section 3(33) of ERISA) and foreign plans (as described in Section 4(b)(4) of ERISA) are not subject to the requirements of ERISA or Section 4975 of the Code, but may be subject to similar provisions under Similar Laws.

The acquisition or holding of the notes by or on behalf of a Plan with respect to which we or certain of our affiliates or the underwriters or certain of their affiliates are or become a party in interest or a disqualified person may constitute or result in prohibited transactions under ERISA or Section 4975 of the Code, unless the notes are acquired or held pursuant to and in accordance with an applicable exemption.

Certain prohibited transaction class exemptions (PTCEs) issued by the U.S. Department of Labor may provide exemptive relief for direct or indirect prohibited transactions resulting from the purchase or holding of the notes. Those class exemptions are PTCE 96-23 (for certain transactions determined by in-house asset managers), PTCE 95-60 (for certain transactions involving insurance company general accounts), PTCE 91-38 (for certain transactions involving bank collective investment funds), PTCE 90-1 (for certain transactions involving insurance company separate accounts) and PTCE 84-14 (for certain transactions determined by independent qualified asset managers). In addition, ERISA Section 408(b)(17) and Section 4975(d)(20) of the Code may provide a limited exemption for the purchase and sale of the notes and related lending transactions, provided that neither the issuer of the notes nor any of its affiliates have or exercise any discretionary authority or control or render any investment advice with respect to the assets of the Plan involved in the transaction and provided further that the Plan pays no more, and receives no less, than adequate consideration in connection with the transaction (the so-called service provider exemption). There can be no assurance that any of these statutory or class exemptions will be available with respect to transactions involving the notes.

Accordingly, the notes may not be purchased or held by any Plan, any entity whose underlying assets include Plan assets by reason of any Plan's investment in the entity or any person investing Plan assets of any Plan, unless such purchase or holding is eligible for the exemptive relief available under PTCE 96-23, 95-60, 91-38, 90-1 or 84-14 or the service-provider exemption or there is some other basis on which the purchase and holding of the notes will not constitute a non-exempt prohibited transaction under ERISA or Section 4975 of the Code.

Each purchaser or holder of the notes or any interest therein, and each person making the decision to purchase or hold the notes on behalf of any such purchaser or holder, will be deemed to have represented and

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warranted in both its individual capacity and its representative capacity (if any), that on each day from the date on which the purchaser or holder acquires its interest in the notes to the date on which the purchaser or holder disposes of its interest in the notes, that such purchaser or holder, by its purchase or holding of the notes or any interest therein, that (i) it is not a Plan and its purchase and holding of the notes is not made on behalf of or with Plan assets of any Plan, or (ii) if it is a Plan or its purchase or holding of the notes is made on behalf of or with Plan assets of a Plan, then (A) its purchase and holding of the notes will not result in a non-exempt prohibited transaction under Section 406 of ERISA or Section 4975 of the Code and (B) neither LNC, the underwriters nor any of our or their affiliates (the Transaction Parties) is acting as a fiduciary (within the meaning of Section 3(21) of ERISA) in connection with the purchase or holding of the notes and has not provided any advice that has formed or may form a basis for any investment decision concerning the purchase or holding of the notes and the decision to invest in the notes has been made at the recommendation or direction of an independent fiduciary (Independent Fiduciary) described in U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 C.F.R. Section 2510.3-21(c)(1)(i), as amended from time to time, who (a) is independent of the Transaction Parties; (b) is capable of evaluating investment risks independently, both in general and with respect to particular transactions and investment strategies; (c) is a fiduciary (under ERISA and/or Section 4975 of the Code) with respect to the purchaser's investment in the notes and is responsible for exercising independent judgment in evaluating the investment in the notes; (d) is either (A) a bank as defined in Section 202 of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended (the Advisers Act), or similar institution that is regulated and supervised and subject to periodic examination by a state or federal agency of the United States; (B) an insurance carrier which is qualified under the laws of more than one state of the United States to perform the services of managing, acquiring or disposing of assets of such an Plan; (C) an investment adviser registered under the Advisers Act or, if not registered as an investment adviser under the Advisers Act by reason of paragraph (1) of Section 203A of the Advisers Act, is registered as an investment adviser under the laws of the state (referred to in such paragraph (1)) in which it maintains its principal office and place of business; (D) a broker dealer registered under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and/or (E) an Independent Fiduciary (not described in clauses (A), (B), (C) or (D) above) that holds or has under management or control total assets of at least \$50 million, and will at all times that such purchaser holds the notes hold or have under management or control total assets of at least \$50 million and in the case of a Plan that is an IRA, is not the IRA owner, a beneficiary of the IRA or a relative of an owner of beneficiary of the IRA and (e) is aware of and acknowledges that the Transaction Parties have a financial interest in the purchaser's investment in notes on account of the fees and other remuneration the Transaction Parties expect to receive in connection with transactions contemplated hereunder and that it has been fairly informed of the existence and nature of such financial interests. Each purchaser or holder of the notes or any interest therein, and each person making the decision to purchase or hold the notes on behalf of any such purchaser or holder, on behalf of any governmental plan, church plan or foreign plan, will be deemed to have represented and warranted in both its individual capacity and its representative capacity (if any), by its purchase or holding of the notes or any interest therein, that such purchase and holding does not violate any applicable Similar Laws.

Due to the complexity of these rules and the penalties that may be imposed upon persons involved in non-exempt prohibited transactions, it is important that fiduciaries or other persons considering purchasing the notes on behalf of or with Plan assets of any Plan consult with their counsel regarding the relevant provisions of ERISA, the Code and any Similar Laws and the availability of exemptive relief under any of the PTCEs listed above, the service provider exemption or other applicable exemption or basis on which the acquisition or holding will not constitute a non-exempt prohibited transaction under ERISA, Section 4975 of the Code or a violation of any applicable Similar Laws.

Each purchaser or holder of the notes has exclusive responsibility for ensuring that its purchase, holding and subsequent disposition of the notes does not violate the fiduciary or prohibited transaction rules of ERISA, the Code or any applicable Similar Laws. The sale of any notes to any Plan is in no respect a representation by us or any of our affiliates or representatives that such an investment meets all relevant legal requirements with respect to investments by Plans generally or any particular Plan, or that such an investment is appropriate for Plans generally or any

particular Plan.

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Under the terms and subject to the conditions contained in an underwriting agreement dated February 7, 2018, among us and the underwriters named below, for whom Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC, Citigroup Global Markets Inc., Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC and Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated, are acting as representatives, each of the underwriters has agreed to purchase, and we have agreed to sell to each of the underwriters, the respective aggregate principal amount listed opposite their name below.

| Underwriter | Principal Amount of 2023 Notes due to be Purchased | Principal Amount of 2028 Notes due to be Purchased | Principal Amount of 2048 Notes due to be Purchased |
|--|---|---|---|
| Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC. | \$ 23,864,000 | \$ 79,544,000 | \$ 71,589,000 |
| Citigroup Global Markets Inc. | 20,455,000 | 68,182,000 | 61,364,000 |
| Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC | 20,455,000 | 68,182,000 | 61,364,000 |
| Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated | 20,455,000 | 68,182,000 | 61,364,000 |
| Barclays Capital Inc. | 13,636,000 | 45,455,000 | 40,909,000 |
| Citizens Capital Markets, Inc. | 6,818,000 | 22,727,000 | 20,455,000 |
| Deutsche Bank Securities Inc. | 13,636,000 | 45,455,000 | 40,909,000 |
| MUFG Securities Americas Inc. | 6,818,000 | 22,727,000 | 20,455,000 |
| PNC Capital Markets LLC | 6,818,000 | 22,727,000 | 20,455,000 |
| U.S. Bancorp Investments, Inc. | 13,636,000 | 45,455,000 | 40,909,000 |
| The Williams Capital Group, L.P. | 3,409,000 | 11,364,000 | 10,227,000 |
| Total | \$ 150,000,000 | \$ 500,000,000 | \$ 450,000,000 |

Under the terms and conditions of the underwriting agreement, if the underwriters purchase any of the notes, then the underwriters are committed to purchase all of the notes. The underwriting agreement also provides that if an underwriter defaults, the purchase commitments of the non-defaulting underwriter may be increased or the offering may be terminated.

Notes sold by the underwriters to the public will initially be offered at the applicable initial public offering price set forth on the cover of this prospectus supplement. Any notes sold by the underwriters to securities dealers may be sold at a discount from the initial public offering price of (a) in the case of the new 2023 notes, up to 0.360% of the principal amount of the new 2023 notes, (b) in the case of the 2028 notes, up to 0.390% of the principal amount of the 2028 notes, and (c) in the case of the 2048 notes, up to 0.525% of the principal amount of the 2048 notes. Any such securities dealers may resell any notes to certain other brokers or dealers at a discount from the initial public offering price of (a) in the case of the new 2023 notes, up to 0.200% of the principal amount of the new 2023 notes, (b) in the case of the 2028 notes, up to 0.250% of the principal amount of the 2028 notes, and (c) in the case of the 2048 notes, up to 0.250% of the principal amount of the 2048 notes. If all the notes are not sold at the initial offering price, the underwriters may change the offering price and the other selling terms. The offering of the notes by the underwriters is subject to receipt and acceptance and subject to the underwriters' right to reject any order in whole or in part.

The aggregate proceeds to us are set forth on the cover page hereof after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions, but before deducting our expenses in offering the notes. We estimate that the total expenses of this offering, including registration and filing fees, printing fees, rating agency, trustee and legal and accounting fees, but excluding underwriting discounts and commissions, will be approximately \$3,000,000.

We have agreed to indemnify the several underwriters against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or to contribute to payments the underwriters may be required to make in respect thereof.

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The notes are offered for sale only in those jurisdictions in the United States where it is legal to make such offers. The 2028 notes and the 2048 notes are a new issue of securities with no established trading market. The existing 2023 notes are not listed on any securities exchange or quoted on any quotation system. We do not intend to apply for the new 2023 notes or the 2028 and 2048 notes to be listed on any securities exchange or to arrange for the notes to be quoted on any quotation system. We have been advised by the underwriters that they intend to continue to make a market in the 2023 notes and to make a market in the 2028 and 2048 notes, but they are not obligated to do so and may discontinue market-making at any time without notice. No assurance can be given as to the liquidity of, or the trading market for, the notes.

In connection with the offering, the underwriters may purchase and sell notes in the open market. These transactions may include short sales, stabilizing transactions and purchases to cover positions created by short sales. Short sales involve the sale by the underwriters of a greater number of notes than they are required to purchase in the offering. Stabilizing transactions consist of certain bids or purchases made for the purpose of preventing or retarding a decline in the market price of the notes while the offering is in progress. The underwriters may impose a penalty bid. This occurs when a particular underwriter repays to the other underwriter a portion of the underwriting discount received by it because the underwriter has repurchased notes sold by or for the account of that underwriter in stabilizing or short covering transactions.

We expect that delivery of the notes will be made against payment therefor on or about the closing date of this offering specified on the cover page, which is three business days following the date of pricing of the notes (this settlement cycle being referred to as T+3). Under Rule 15c6-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, trades in the secondary market generally are required to settle in two business days, unless the parties to any such trade expressly agree otherwise. Accordingly, purchasers who wish to trade their notes on the date of pricing will be required, by virtue of the fact that the notes initially will settle in T+3, to specify an alternate settlement cycle at the time of any such trade to prevent a failed settlement. Purchasers of notes who wish to trade their notes on the date of pricing should consult their own advisor.

These activities, as well as other purchases by the underwriters for their own account, may stabilize, maintain or otherwise affect the market price of the notes. As a result, the price of the notes may be higher than the price that otherwise might exist in the open market. If these activities are commenced, they may be discontinued by the underwriters at any time. These transactions may be effected in the over-the-counter market or otherwise.

Neither we nor any of the underwriters make any representation or prediction as to the direction or magnitude of any effect that the transactions described above may have on the price of the notes. In addition, neither we nor any of the underwriters make any representation that the underwriters will engage in these transactions or that these transactions, once commenced, will not be discontinued without notice.

The underwriters and their respective affiliates are full service financial institutions engaged in various activities, which may include securities trading, commercial and investment banking, financial advisory, investment management, investment research, principal investment, hedging, financing and brokerage activities.

From time to time, in the ordinary course of their business, certain of the underwriters and their affiliates have provided, and may in the future provide, various financial advisory, investment banking, commercial banking or investment management services to us and our affiliates, for which they have received and may continue to receive customary fees and commissions. In particular, Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC served as our financial adviser for the Transaction. In addition, Merrill Lynch, Pierce Fenner & Smith Incorporated serves as joint lead arranger and joint bookrunner, Bank of America, N.A. serves as syndication agent and Bank of America, N.A., Barclays PLC, Citibank, N.A., Citizens Bank, N.A., Credit Suisse AG, New York Branch, Deutsche Bank AG New York Branch, Goldman

Sachs Bank USA, PNC Bank, National Association, U.S. Bank, National Association and The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd., each an affiliate of an underwriter, serve as

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lenders on our revolving credit facility. The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd., New York Branch serves as administrative agent and lead arranger, PNC Bank National Association serves as syndication agent and The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd., New York Branch and PNC Bank National Association, each an affiliate of an underwriter, serve as lenders on our term loan. Certain of the underwriters or their affiliates may also hold our outstanding 7.00% Senior Notes due 2018 or 8.75% Senior Notes due 2019 and, as a result, may receive a portion of the proceeds from this offering upon the repayment of such notes. As part of our ordinary course of business, we enter into bilateral open derivative transactions with certain of the underwriters. In addition, the underwriters and their affiliates may, from time to time, engage in transactions with or perform services for us in the ordinary course of business, including acting as distributors of various life, annuity, defined contribution and investment products of our subsidiaries. From time to time, certain of the underwriters and their affiliates may effect transactions for their own account or the account of customers, and hold on behalf of themselves or their customers, long or short positions in our debt or equity securities or loans, and may do so in the future.

In the ordinary course of their various business activities, the underwriters and their respective affiliates may make or hold a broad array of investments and actively trade debt and equity securities (or related derivative securities) and financial instruments (including bank loans) for their own account and for the accounts of their customers, and such investment and securities activities may involve securities and/or instruments of the issuer. The underwriters and their respective affiliates may also make investment recommendations and/or publish or express independent research views in respect of such securities or instruments and may at any time hold, or recommend to clients that they acquire, long and/or short positions in such securities and instruments. Certain of the underwriters or their affiliates that have a lending relationship with us routinely hedge, and certain other of the underwriters or their affiliates may hedge, their credit exposure to us consistent with their customary risk management policies. Typically, such underwriters and their affiliates would hedge such exposure by entering into transactions which consist of either the purchase of credit default swaps or the creation of short positions in our securities, including potentially the notes offered hereby. Any such credit default swaps or short positions could adversely affect future trading prices of the notes offered hereby.

Notice to Prospective Investors in Canada

The notes may be sold only to purchasers purchasing, or deemed to be purchasing, as principal that are accredited investors, as defined in National Instrument 45-106 Prospectus Exemptions or subsection 73.3(1) of the Securities Act (Ontario), and are permitted clients, as defined in National Instrument 31-103 Registration Requirements, Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations. Any resale of the notes must be made in accordance with an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the prospectus requirements of applicable securities laws.

Securities legislation in certain provinces or territories of Canada may provide a purchaser with remedies for rescission or damages if this prospectus supplement (including any amendment thereto) contains a misrepresentation, provided that the remedies for rescission or damages are exercised by the purchaser within the time limit prescribed by the securities legislation of the purchaser's province or territory. The purchaser should refer to any applicable provisions of the securities legislation of the purchaser's province or territory for particulars of these rights or consult with a legal advisor.

Pursuant to section 3A.3 of National Instrument 33-105 Underwriting Conflicts (NI 33-105), the underwriters are not required to comply with the disclosure requirements of NI 33-105 regarding underwriter conflicts of interest in connection with this offering.

Notice to Prospective Investors in the EEA

The notes are not intended to be offered, sold or otherwise made available to and should not be offered, sold or otherwise made available to any retail investor in the European Economic Area (EEA). For these purposes, a

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retail investor means a person who is one (or more) of: (i) a retail client as defined in point (11) of Article 4(1) of Directive 2014/65/EU (as amended, "MiFID II"); or (ii) a customer within the meaning of Directive 2002/92/EC (as amended, the "Insurance Mediation Directive"), where that customer would not qualify as a professional client as defined in point (10) of Article 4(1) of MiFID II; or (iii) not a qualified investor as defined in Directive 2003/71/EC (as amended). Consequently no key information document required by Regulation (EU) No 1286/2014 (as amended, the "PRIIPs Regulation") for offering or selling the notes or otherwise making them available to retail investors in the EEA has been prepared and therefore offering or selling the notes or otherwise making them available to any retail investor in the EEA may be unlawful under the PRIIPs Regulation. This prospectus supplement and the accompanying base prospectus have been prepared on the basis that any offer of notes in any Member State of the EEA will be made pursuant to an exemption under the Prospectus Directive from the requirement to publish a prospectus for offers of notes.

Notice to Prospective Investors in Hong Kong

The notes may not be offered or sold by means of any document other than (i) in circumstances which do not constitute an offer to the public within the meaning of the Companies Ordinance (Cap.32, Laws of Hong Kong), or (ii) to professional investors within the meaning of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap.571, Laws of Hong Kong) and any rules made thereunder, or (iii) in other circumstances which do not result in the document being a prospectus within the meaning of the Companies Ordinance (Cap.32, Laws of Hong Kong), and no advertisement, invitation or document relating to the notes may be issued or may be in the possession of any person for the purpose of issue (in each case whether in Hong Kong or elsewhere), which is directed at, or the contents of which are likely to be accessed or read by, the public in Hong Kong (except if permitted to do so under the laws of Hong Kong) other than with respect to notes which are or are intended to be disposed of only to persons outside Hong Kong or only to professional investors within the meaning of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap.571, Laws of Hong Kong) and any rules made thereunder.

Notice to Prospective Investors in Japan

The notes have not been and will not be registered under the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law of Japan (the "Financial Instruments and Exchange Law") and each underwriter has agreed that it will not offer or sell any notes, directly or indirectly, in Japan or to, or for the benefit of, any resident of Japan (which term as used herein means any person resident in Japan, including any corporation or other entity organized under the laws of Japan), or to others for re-offering or resale, directly or indirectly, in Japan or to a resident of Japan, except pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements of, and otherwise in compliance with, the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law and any other applicable laws, regulations and ministerial guidelines of Japan.

Notice to Prospective Investors in Singapore

Where the notes are subscribed or purchased under Section 275 by a relevant person which is: (a) a corporation (which is not an accredited investor) the sole business of which is to hold investments and the entire share capital of which is owned by one or more individuals, each of whom is an accredited investor; or (b) a trust (where the trustee is not an accredited investor) whose sole purpose is to hold investments and each beneficiary is an accredited investor, shares, debentures and units of shares and debentures of that corporation or the beneficiaries' rights and interest in that trust shall not be transferable for 6 months after that corporation or that trust has acquired the notes under Section 275 except: (1) to an institutional investor under Section 274 of the SFA or to a relevant person, or any person pursuant to Section 275(1A), and in accordance with the conditions, specified in Section 275 of the SFA; (2) where no consideration is given for the transfer; or (3) by operation of law.

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Notice to Prospective Investors in the United Kingdom

The prospectus supplement and the accompanying base prospectus may only be communicated or caused to be communicated to persons in the United Kingdom in circumstances where section 21(1) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 does not apply. Accordingly, this prospectus supplement and the accompanying base prospectus are only being distributed to and are only directed at (i) persons who are outside the United Kingdom or (ii) to investment professionals falling within Article 19(5) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotion) Order 2005, as amended (the Order) or (iii) high net worth entities, and other persons to whom it may lawfully be communicated, falling within Article 49(2)(a) to (d) of the Order, all such persons together being referred to as relevant persons. The notes are only available to, and any invitation, offer or agreement to subscribe, purchase or otherwise acquire such notes will be engaged in only with, relevant persons. Any person who is not a relevant person should not act or rely on this prospectus supplement, the accompanying base prospectus or any of their contents.

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VALIDITY OF NOTES

The validity of the notes will be passed upon for us by Wachtell, Lipton, and Rosen & Katz and for the underwriters by Sullivan & Cromwell LLP. Wachtell, Lipton, Rosen & Katz will rely upon the opinion of Eric B. Wilmer, Esquire, Assistant Vice President and Senior Counsel of LNC, as to matters of Indiana law.

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EXPERTS

The consolidated financial statements of Lincoln National Corporation appearing in its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016 (including schedules appearing therein), and the effectiveness of Lincoln National Corporation's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2016 have been audited by Ernst & Young LLP, independent registered public accounting firm, as set forth in their reports thereon, included therein, and incorporated herein by reference. Such consolidated financial statements (and schedules) are incorporated herein by reference in reliance upon such reports given on the authority of such firm as experts in accounting and auditing.

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PROSPECTUS

LINCOLN NATIONAL CORPORATION

Debt Securities

Common Stock

Preferred Stock

Warrants

Stock Purchase Contracts

Depository Shares

Stock Purchase Units

We will provide you with more specific terms of these securities in supplements to this prospectus. The securities we may offer may be convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable for our other securities.

By this prospectus, we or the selling securityholders may offer, from time to time, the securities described in this prospectus separately or together in any combination.

We and the selling securityholders may offer and sell these securities to or through one or more underwriters, dealers and agents, or directly to purchasers, on a continuous or delayed basis, at prices and on other terms to be determined at the time of offering. We and the selling securityholders reserve the sole right to accept, and together with any agents, dealers and underwriters, reserve the right to reject, in whole or in part, any proposed purchase of securities. If any agents, dealers or underwriters are involved in the sale of any securities, the applicable prospectus supplement will set forth any applicable commissions or discounts. The net proceeds to us and the selling securityholders from the sale of securities also will be set forth in the applicable prospectus supplement.

Unless otherwise stated in a prospectus supplement, none of these securities will be listed on any securities exchange. Our common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol LNC.

Before you invest, you should carefully read this prospectus, any applicable prospectus supplement and information described under the headings **Where You Can Find More Information** and **Documents Incorporated by Reference**.

Investing in our securities involves risks. See Risk Factors beginning on page 5 of this prospectus.

For North Carolina Residents: The Commissioner of Insurance for the State of North Carolina has not approved or disapproved these securities nor has the Commissioner ruled upon the accuracy or adequacy of this prospectus.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved these securities or passed upon the adequacy or accuracy of this prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The date of this prospectus is September 29, 2017.

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ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS

This prospectus is one part of a shelf registration statement that we have filed on Form S-3 with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or the SEC, under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Act. Under the shelf registration statement, we are registering an unspecified amount of each class of the securities described in this prospectus, as applicable, and we and the selling securityholders may sell, from time to time, in one or more offerings, any combination of the securities described in this prospectus. In addition, we or any of our respective affiliates may use this prospectus and the applicable prospectus supplement in a remarketing or other sale transaction involving the securities after their initial sale.

This prospectus provides you with a general description of the securities we may offer. Each time we, or the selling securityholders, sell securities, we and, if applicable, the selling securityholders will provide a prospectus supplement that will contain specific information about the terms of that offering. The prospectus supplement may also add to, update, supplement or clarify information contained in this prospectus. This prospectus does not contain all of the information set forth in the registration statement and the exhibits to the registration statement. For further information concerning us and the securities, you should read the entire registration statement and the additional information described under Documents Incorporated by Reference below.

You should rely only on the information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus. We have not, and any underwriter, dealer, agent or remarketing firm has not, authorized any person to provide you with different information. If anyone provides you with different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. We are not, and any underwriter, dealer, agent or remarketing firm is not, making an offer to sell these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted or in which the person making such offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation. You should assume that the information appearing in this prospectus is accurate as of the date on the front cover. Our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects may have changed since that date.

Unless otherwise indicated, or the context otherwise requires, all references in this prospectus to LNC, we, our, us, similar terms refer to Lincoln National Corporation.

WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information and documents with the SEC. You may read and copy any document we file with the SEC:

in the public reference room maintained by the SEC in Washington, D.C. (100 F Street, N.E., Room 1580, Washington, D.C. 20549). Copies of such materials can be obtained from the SEC's public reference section at prescribed rates. You may obtain information on the operation of the public reference room by calling the SEC at (800) SEC-0330, or

on the SEC website located at www.sec.gov.

This prospectus is part of a Registration Statement filed on Form S-3 with the SEC under the Securities Act. This prospectus does not contain all of the information set forth in the Registration Statement and the exhibits and schedules to the Registration Statement. For further information concerning us, the trusts and the securities, you

should read the entire Registration Statement and the additional information described under Documents Incorporated by Reference below. The Registration Statement has been filed electronically and may be obtained in any manner listed above. Any statements contained in this prospectus concerning the provisions of any document are not necessarily complete, and, in each instance, reference is made to the copy of such document filed as an exhibit to the Registration Statement or otherwise filed with the SEC. Each such statement is qualified in its entirety by such reference.

Information about us is also available on our website at <http://www.lincolnfinancial.com>. This URL and the SEC's URL above are intended to be inactive textual references only. Information on our or the SEC's website is not a part of this prospectus.

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DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

The SEC's rules allow us to incorporate by reference information into this prospectus. This means that we can disclose important information to you by referring you to another document. Any information referred to in this way is considered part of this prospectus from the date we file that document. Any reports filed by us with the SEC after the date of this prospectus and before the date that the offering of the securities by means of this prospectus is terminated will automatically update and, where applicable, supersede any information contained in this prospectus or incorporated by reference in this prospectus.

We incorporate by reference into this prospectus the following documents or information filed (File No. 001-06028) with the SEC (other than, in each case, information deemed to have been furnished or not filed in accordance with the SEC rules):

Those portions of our Proxy Statement for our 2017 Annual Meeting of Shareholders which were also incorporated by reference into Part III of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016;

Our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016;

Our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for the quarters ended March 31, and June 30, 2017; and

Our Current Reports on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on January 30, March 17, June 1 and August 14, 2017; and

The description of our Common Stock contained in the Form 10 filed with the SEC on April 28, 1969, including any amendments or reports filed for the purpose of updating that description.

Each document filed subsequent to the date of this Registration Statement pursuant to Sections 13(a), 13(c), 14 and 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, prior to the filing of a post-effective amendment which indicates that all securities offered have been sold or which deregisters all securities then remaining unsold, shall be deemed to be incorporated by reference in this Registration Statement and to be a part hereof from the date of the filing of such documents. Any statement contained in a document incorporated or deemed to be incorporated herein by reference shall be deemed to be modified or superseded for purposes of this Registration Statement to the extent that a statement contained herein (or in any other subsequently filed document which also is or is deemed to be incorporated by reference herein) modifies or supersedes such statement. Any such statement so modified or superseded shall not be deemed, except as so modified or superseded, to constitute part of this Registration Statement.

We will provide without charge to each person to whom this prospectus is delivered, upon the written or oral request of such person, a copy of the documents incorporated by reference as described above (other than exhibits to such documents unless such exhibits are specifically incorporated by reference into such documents). Please direct your oral or written request to:

Andrea D. Goodrich

Senior Vice President & Secretary

150 N. Radnor Chester Road

Radnor, PA 19087

484-583-1400

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LNC

LNC is a holding company which operates multiple insurance and retirement businesses through subsidiary companies. Through our business segments, we sell a wide range of wealth protection, accumulation and retirement income products and solutions. These products include fixed and indexed annuities, variable annuities, universal life insurance (UL), variable universal life insurance, linked-benefit UL, term life insurance, indexed universal life insurance, employer-sponsored retirement plan services and group life, disability and dental. LNC was organized under the laws of the state of Indiana in 1968. We currently maintain our principal executive offices at 150 N. Radnor Chester Road, Radnor, Pennsylvania 19087, and our telephone number is (484) 583-1400. Lincoln Financial Group is the marketing name for LNC and its subsidiary companies. As of June 30, 2017, LNC had consolidated assets of \$271.7 billion and consolidated stockholders equity of \$16.0 billion. For the year ended December 31, 2016, LNC had total revenue of \$13.3 billion and net income of \$1.192 billion.

We provide products and services and report results through four business segments, as follows:

Business Segments

Annuities

Retirement Plan Services

Life Insurance

Group Protection

We also have Other Operations, which includes the financial data for operations that are not directly related to the business segments.

Table of Contents**RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES****Lincoln National Corporation and Subsidiaries****Historical Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges**

(dollars in millions)

| (dollars in millions) | For the Six Months Ended June 30, | | For the Years Ended December 31, | | | | |
|---|---|----------|----------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | 2017 | 2016 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 |
| Earnings | | | | | | | |
| Income (loss) from continuing operations before taxes | \$ 1,008 | \$ 650 | \$ 1,458 | \$ 1,430 | \$ 1,997 | \$ 1,631 | \$ 1,568 |
| Sub-total of fixed charges | 146 | 143 | 269 | 284 | 270 | 279 | 282 |
| Sub-total of adjusted income (loss) | 1,154 | 793 | 1,727 | 1,714 | 2,267 | 1,910 | 1,850 |
| Interest on annuities and financial products | 1,292 | 1,273 | 2,554 | 2,506 | 2,508 | 2,486 | 2,478 |
| Adjusted income (loss) base | \$ 2,446 | \$ 2,066 | \$ 4,281 | \$ 4,220 | \$ 4,775 | \$ 4,396 | \$ 4,328 |
| Fixed Charges | | | | | | | |
| Interest and debt expense (1) | \$ 127 | \$ 136 | \$ 268 | \$ 272 | \$ 267 | \$ 265 | \$ 268 |
| Interest expense (income) related to uncertain tax positions | 12 | | (14) | (2) | (11) | 2 | 1 |
| Portion of rent expense representing interest | 7 | 7 | 15 | 14 | 14 | 12 | 13 |
| Sub-total of fixed charges excluding interest on annuities and financial products | 146 | 143 | 269 | 284 | 270 | 279 | 282 |
| Interest on annuities and financial products | 1,292 | 1,273 | 2,554 | 2,506 | 2,508 | 2,486 | 2,478 |
| Total fixed charges | \$ 1,438 | \$ 1,416 | \$ 2,823 | \$ 2,790 | \$ 2,778 | \$ 2,765 | \$ 2,760 |
| Ratio of sub-total of adjusted income (loss) to sub-total of fixed charges excluding interest on annuities and financial products | 7.90 | 5.55 | 6.42 | 6.04 | 8.40 | 6.85 | 6.56 |
| Ratio of adjusted income (loss) base to total fixed charges | 1.70 | 1.46 | 1.52 | 1.51 | 1.72 | 1.59 | 1.57 |

(1) Interest and debt expense excludes a \$63 million loss and a \$5 million loss related to the early retirement of debt as of December 31, 2016 and 2012, respectively.

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RISK FACTORS

Investing in our securities involves risks. You should carefully consider the risks described in any prospectus supplement and those incorporated by reference into this prospectus before making an investment decision. The risks and uncertainties described in any prospectus supplement and incorporated by reference into this prospectus are not the only ones facing our company. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to us or that we currently deem immaterial may also impair our business operations. If any of these risks actually occur, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be materially affected. In that case, the value of our securities could decline substantially.

USE OF PROCEEDS

We intend to use the net proceeds from the sales of the securities as set forth in the applicable prospectus supplement.

DESCRIPTION OF SECURITIES WE MAY SELL

Senior and Subordinated Debt Securities

General

We may issue senior debt securities in one or more series under the indenture, dated as of March 10, 2009, between LNC and The Bank of New York Mellon, as trustee, which we refer to as the senior indenture. We may also issue subordinated debt securities in one or more series under the indenture to be entered into between LNC and The Bank of New York Mellon, as trustee, which we refer to as the subordinated indenture and together with the senior indenture as the indentures or each of the senior indenture and the subordinated indenture individually, as the applicable indenture. For purposes of this section, we refer to: (i) the senior debt securities together with the subordinated debt securities as the debt securities; and (ii) The Bank of New York Mellon, or any successor or additional trustee, in its respective capacity as trustee under the applicable indenture, as the trustee. The indentures are filed as exhibits to the registration statement that includes this prospectus. See *Where You Can Find More Information* for information on how to obtain copies of the indentures. The indentures have been qualified under the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended, which we refer to as the Trust Indenture Act.

This summary of the indentures and the debt securities relates to terms and conditions applicable to the debt securities generally. We will summarize the particular terms of any series of debt securities in the applicable prospectus supplement. If indicated in the prospectus supplement, the terms of any series may differ from the terms summarized below. Because the summary of the material provisions of the indentures and the debt securities set forth below and the summary of the material terms of a particular series of debt securities set forth in the applicable prospectus supplement are not complete, you should refer to the indentures and the debt securities for complete information regarding the terms and provisions of the indentures (including defined terms) and the debt securities. Wherever we refer to particular articles, sections or defined terms of the indentures in this prospectus or in a prospectus supplement, those articles, sections or defined terms are incorporated in this prospectus and the prospectus supplement by reference, and the statement with respect to which such reference is made is qualified in its entirety by such reference. In addition, unless specified otherwise, references to such particular articles, sections or defined terms are applicable to both the senior indenture and the subordinated indenture.

The senior debt securities will be unsecured and will rank on parity with all of our other unsecured and unsubordinated obligations. Unless otherwise provided in the prospectus supplement, each series of subordinated debt securities will rank equally with all other series of subordinated debt securities issued under the subordinated

indenture and will be unsecured and subordinate and junior in right of payment to all of our senior debt (as defined below). See Subordination Under Subordinated Indenture.

We are a non-operating holding company and our consolidated subsidiaries own almost all of our operating assets. We rely primarily on dividends from our subsidiaries to meet our obligations. The payment of dividends by our insurance company subsidiaries is limited under the insurance company holding company laws of the states in which those subsidiaries are domiciled. Accordingly, the debt securities will be effectively subordinated to all existing and future liabilities of our subsidiaries, and holders of debt securities should look only to our assets for payments on the debt securities.

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Unless we state otherwise in the applicable prospectus supplement, the indentures do not limit us in incurring or issuing other secured or unsecured debt under either of the indentures or any other indenture that we may have entered into or enter into in the future.

Terms of Debt Securities

We may issue the debt securities in one or more series through an indenture that supplements the senior indenture or the subordinated indenture, as applicable, or through a resolution of our board of directors, an authorized committee of our board of directors or any of our officers delegated the power of either our board of directors or an authorized committee of our board of directors.

You should refer to the applicable prospectus supplement for the specific terms of the debt securities. These terms may include the following:

title of the debt securities of the series;

any limit upon the aggregate principal amount of the debt securities of the series;

maturity date(s) or the method of determining the maturity date(s);

interest rate(s), if any, or the method of determining the interest rate(s);

date(s) from which interest will accrue;

date(s) on which interest will be payable;

place(s) where we may pay principal, premium, if any, and interest, if any, and where you may present the debt securities for registration of transfer or exchange;

place(s) where notices and demands relating to the debt securities and the applicable indenture may be made;

redemption or early payment provisions;

sinking fund or similar provisions;

attachment to the debt securities of the series of warrants, options or other rights to purchase or sell our stock or other securities;

authorized denominations if other than denominations of \$1,000;

if other than the principal amount of the debt securities, the portion of the principal amount of the debt securities that is payable upon declaration of acceleration of maturity;

any deletions or modifications of or additions to the events of default or covenants specified in the applicable indenture;

form(s) of the debt securities of the series;

currency, currencies, or currency unit(s), if other than U.S. dollars, in which the debt securities are denominated and/or in which the principal of, premium, if any, and interest, if any, on the debt securities is payable;

if the principal of and premium, if any, or interest, if any, on any of the debt securities of the series is to be payable, at our election or at the election of the holder of the debt securities, in a currency or currencies, or currency unit(s), other than that in which the debt securities are denominated, the period(s) within which, and the terms and conditions upon which, such election may be made, or the other circumstances under which any of the debt securities are to be so payable;

if the amount of payments of principal of and premium, if any, or interest, if any, on any of the debt securities of the series may be determined with reference to an index or indices, the manner in which such amounts are determined;

any additions or changes to the applicable indenture relating to a series of debt securities necessary to permit or facilitate the issuance of the debt securities in bearer form, registrable or not registrable as to principal, and with or without interest coupons;

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whether any debt securities of the series are to be issuable initially in temporary global form or definitive global form and, if so, whether beneficial owners of interests in any such definitive global debt security may exchange such interests for debt securities of such series and of like tenor of any authorized form and denomination and the circumstances under which and the place or places where any such exchanges may occur, if other than in the manner set forth in the applicable indenture;

if the debt securities of the series are to be issued upon the exercise of warrants, the time, manner and place for such debt securities to be authenticated and delivered;

whether and under what circumstances and with what procedures and documentation we will pay additional amounts on any of the debt securities of the series to any holder who is not a U.S. person, in respect of any tax assessment or governmental charge withheld or deducted and, if so, whether we will have the option to redeem such debt securities rather than pay additional amounts;

the person to whom any interest on any debt security of the series is payable, if other than the person in whose name that debt security is registered and the extent to which any interest payable on a temporary global debt security will be paid if other than in the manner provided in the applicable indenture;

the terms and conditions of any right or obligation we would have, or any option you would have, to convert or exchange the debt securities into cash or any other securities or property of our company or any other person and any changes to the applicable indenture with respect to the debt securities to permit or facilitate such conversion or exchange;

in the case of the subordinated indenture, any provisions regarding subordination; and

additional terms not inconsistent with the provisions of the applicable indenture.

Debt securities may also be issued under the indentures upon the exercise of warrants. See Warrants.

We may, in certain circumstances, without notice to or consent of the holders of the debt securities, issue additional debt securities having the same terms and conditions as the debt securities previously issued under this prospectus and any applicable prospectus supplement, so that such additional debt securities and the debt securities previously offered under this prospectus and any applicable prospectus supplement form a single series, and references in this prospectus and any applicable prospectus supplement to the debt securities shall include, unless the context otherwise requires, any further debt securities issued as described in this paragraph.

Special Payment Terms of Debt Securities

We may issue one or more series of debt securities at a discount below their stated principal amount. These may bear no interest or interest at a rate which at the time of issuance is below market rates. We will describe U.S. federal tax consequences and special considerations relating to any series in the applicable prospectus supplement.

The purchase price of any of the debt securities may be payable in one or more foreign currencies or currency units. The debt securities may be denominated in one or more foreign currencies or currency units, or the principal of, premium, if any, or interest, if any, on any debt securities may be payable in one or more foreign currencies or currency units. We will describe the restrictions, elections, U.S. federal income tax considerations, specific terms and other information relating to the debt securities and any foreign currencies or currency units in the applicable prospectus supplement.

If we use any index to determine the amount of payments of principal of, premium, if any, or interest, if any, on any series of debt securities, we will also describe in the applicable prospectus supplement the special U.S. federal income tax, accounting and other considerations applicable to the debt securities.

Payment and Paying Agents

Unless we state otherwise in an applicable prospectus supplement, we will pay principal of, premium, if any, and interest, if any, on your debt securities at the office of the trustee for your debt securities in the City of New York or at the office of any other paying agent that we may designate.

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Unless we state otherwise in an applicable prospectus supplement, we will pay any interest on debt securities to the registered owner of the debt security at the close of business on the record date for the interest, except in the case of defaulted interest.

Any moneys or U.S. government obligations (including the proceeds thereof) deposited with the trustee or any paying agent, or then held by us in trust, for the payment of the principal of, premium, if any, or interest, if any, on any debt security that remains unclaimed for two years after the principal, premium or interest has become due and payable will be repaid to us. After repayment to us, you are entitled to seek payment only from us as a general unsecured creditor.

Denominations, Registration and Transfer

Except as we may describe in the applicable prospectus supplement, we will issue debt securities in fully registered form without coupons and in denominations of \$1,000 and any integral multiple of \$1,000.

Debt securities of any series will be exchangeable for other debt securities of the same series, in any authorized denominations, of a like tenor and aggregate principal amount and having the same terms. You may present debt securities for exchange, as described above, or for registration of transfer, at the office of the security registrar or at the office of any transfer agent we designate for that purpose. You will not incur a service charge but you must pay any taxes, assessments and other governmental charges as described in the applicable indenture. We will appoint the trustee as the initial security registrar under the applicable indenture. We may at any time rescind the designation of any transfer agent that we initially designate or approve a change in the location through which the transfer agent acts. We will specify the transfer agent in the applicable prospectus supplement. We may at any time designate additional transfer agents.

Global Debt Securities

We may issue all or any part of a series of debt securities in the form of one or more global debt securities. We will appoint the depository holding the global debt securities. Unless we otherwise state in the applicable prospectus supplement, the depository will be The Depository Trust Company, or DTC. We will issue global debt securities in registered form and in either temporary or definitive form. Unless it is exchanged for individual debt securities, a global debt security may not be transferred except:

by the depository to its nominee;

by a nominee of the depository to the depository or another nominee; or

by the depository or any nominee to a successor of the depository, or a nominee of the successor.

We will describe the specific terms of the depository arrangement in the applicable prospectus supplement. We expect that the following provisions will generally apply to these depository arrangements.

Beneficial Interests in a Global Debt Security

If we issue a global debt security, the depository for the global debt security or its nominee will credit on its book-entry registration and transfer system the principal amounts of the individual debt securities represented by the

global debt security to the accounts of persons that have accounts with it. We refer to those persons as participants in this prospectus. The accounts will be designated by the dealers, underwriters or agents for the debt securities, or by us if the debt securities are offered and sold directly by us. Ownership of beneficial interests in a global debt security will be limited to participants or persons who may hold interests through participants. Ownership and transfers of beneficial interests in the global debt security will be shown on, and transactions can be effected only through, records maintained by the applicable depository or its nominee, for interests of participants, and the records of participants, for interests of persons who hold through participants. The laws of some states require that you take physical delivery of securities in definitive form. These limits and laws may impair your ability to transfer beneficial interests in a global debt security.

So long as the depository or its nominee is the registered owner of a global debt security, the depository or its nominee will be considered the sole owner or holder of the debt securities represented by the global debt security for all purposes under the applicable indenture. Except as provided below, you:

will not be entitled to have any of the individual debt securities represented by the global debt security registered in your name;

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will not receive or be entitled to receive physical delivery of any debt securities in definitive form; and

will not be considered the registered owner or holder of the debt securities under the applicable indenture.

Payments of Principal, Premium and Interest

We will make principal, premium, if any, and interest, if any, payments on global debt securities to the depository that is the registered holder of the global debt security or its nominee. The depository for the global debt securities will be solely responsible and liable for all payments made on account of your beneficial ownership interests in the global debt security and for maintaining, supervising and reviewing any records relating to your beneficial ownership interests.

We expect that the depository or its nominee, upon receipt of any principal, premium, if any, or interest, if any, payment immediately will credit participants' accounts with amounts in proportion to their respective beneficial interests in the principal amount of the global debt security as shown on the records of the depository or its nominee. We also expect that payments by participants to you, as an owner of a beneficial interest in the global debt security held through those participants, will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is now the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in street name. These payments will be the responsibility of those participants.

Issuance of Individual Debt Securities

Unless we state otherwise in the applicable prospectus supplement, if a depository for a series of debt securities is at any time unwilling, unable or ineligible to continue as depository, we will appoint a successor depository or we will issue individual debt securities in exchange for the global debt security.

Redemption

Unless we state otherwise in an applicable prospectus supplement, debt securities will not be subject to any sinking fund, and we may, at our option, redeem all or any part of debt securities of any series prior to their stated maturity.

Except as we may otherwise specify in the applicable prospectus supplement, the redemption price for any debt security which we redeem will equal 100% of the principal amount plus any accrued and unpaid interest up to, but excluding, the redemption date.

We will mail notice of any redemption of debt securities at least 30 days but not more than 60 days before the redemption date to the registered holders of the debt securities at their addresses as shown on the security register. On and after the redemption date, interest will cease to accrue on the debt securities or the portions of the debt securities called for redemption.

Consolidation, Merger and Transfer of Assets

We will not consolidate with or merge into any other person or convey or transfer our assets substantially as an entirety to any person, unless:

the person formed by such consolidation or into which we merge or the person which acquires by conveyance or transfer our assets substantially as an entirety expressly assumes our obligations relating to the debt securities;

immediately after giving effect to the consolidation, merger, conveyance or transfer, there exists no event of default, and no event which, after notice or lapse of time, or both, would become an event of default; and

other conditions described in the applicable indenture are met.

This covenant would not apply to the direct or indirect conveyance or transfer of all or any portion of the stock, assets or liabilities of any of our wholly owned subsidiaries to us or to our other wholly owned subsidiaries.

Limitation on Liens on Stock of Restricted Subsidiaries

We will not, nor will we permit any restricted subsidiary to, issue, assume or guarantee any debt for borrowed money, which we refer to in this prospectus as debt, secured by a mortgage, security interest, pledge, lien or other encumbrance upon any shares of stock of any restricted subsidiary without effectively providing that the senior debt securities (together

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with, if we so determine, any other debt of or guarantee by us ranking equally with the senior debt securities and then existing or thereafter created) will be secured equally and ratably with that debt.

For purposes of this prospectus, *restricted subsidiary* means The Lincoln National Life Insurance Company so long as it remains a subsidiary, as well as any successor to all or a principal part of the assets of that subsidiary and any other subsidiary which our board of directors designates as a restricted subsidiary.

Limitation on Issuance or Disposition of Stock of Restricted Subsidiaries

We will not, nor will we permit any restricted subsidiary to, issue, sell, assign, transfer or otherwise dispose of, directly or indirectly, any capital stock, other than nonvoting preferred stock, of any restricted subsidiary, except for:

the purpose of qualifying directors;

sales or other dispositions to us or one or more restricted subsidiaries;

the disposition of all or any part of the capital stock of any restricted subsidiary for consideration which is at least equal to the fair value of that capital stock as determined by our board of directors acting in good faith; or

an issuance, sale, assignment, transfer or other disposition required to comply with an order of a court or regulatory authority of competent jurisdiction, other than an order issued at our request or the request of any restricted subsidiary.

For the purposes of this prospectus, *capital stock* means any and all shares, interests, rights to purchase, warrants, options, participations or other equivalents of or interests in corporate stock.

Modification and Waiver

Modification

We and the trustee may modify and amend the applicable indenture by entering into a supplemental indenture with the consent of the holders of not less than a majority in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of all series affected by such supplemental indenture (acting as one class). However, no modification or amendment may, without the consent of the holder of each outstanding debt security affected:

change the stated maturity of the principal of, or any installment of principal of or interest payable on, any debt security;

reduce the principal amount of, or the rate of interest on or any premium payable upon the redemption of, or the amount of the principal of an original issue discount security that would be due and payable upon a

declaration of acceleration of the maturity of such debt security;

change any place of payment where, or the currency, currencies or currency unit(s) in which any debt security or any premium or the interest on any debt security is payable;

impair your right to institute suit for the enforcement of any payment on any debt security on or after the stated maturity or redemption date;

affect adversely the terms, if any, of conversion or exchange of any debt security into cash, any other securities or property of our company or any other person;

reduce the percentage in aggregate principal amount of outstanding debt securities, the consent of whose holders is necessary to modify or amend the applicable indenture, to waive compliance with certain provisions of the applicable indenture or certain defaults and consequences of such defaults set forth in the applicable indenture;

change any of our obligations to maintain an office or agency as set forth in the applicable indenture;

modify any of these provisions or any of the provisions relating to the waiver of certain past defaults, except to increase the required percentage to effect such action, to provide, with respect to any particular series, the right to condition the effectiveness of any applicable supplemental indenture as to that series on the consent of holders of a specified percentage of the aggregate principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of such series, or to provide that certain other provisions may not be modified or waived without the consent of all of the holders of the outstanding debt securities affected; or

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in case of the subordinated indenture, modify the provisions with respect to the subordination of outstanding subordinated debt securities in a manner materially adverse to the holders of such outstanding subordinated debt securities.

Waiver

The holders of at least a majority in aggregate principal amount of all outstanding debt securities and the holders of at least a majority in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of each series to be affected may waive compliance by us with certain restrictive covenants of the applicable indenture.

The holders of not less than a majority in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of a series may, on behalf of the holders of all debt securities of that series, waive any past default under the applicable indenture relating to that series of debt securities and the consequences of such default. However, a default in the payment of the principal of, or premium, if any, or interest, if any, on any debt security of that series or relating to a covenant or provision which under the applicable indenture relating to that series of debt security cannot be modified or amended without the consent of the holder of each outstanding debt security of that series affected cannot be so waived.

Events of Default

Unless we state otherwise in the applicable prospectus supplement, under the terms of the applicable indenture, each of the following constitutes an event of default for a series of debt securities:

default for 30 days in the payment of any installment of interest, if any, when due;

default in the payment of principal, or premium, if any, when due (subject to the bullet point below);

default for 30 days in the payment for a sinking, purchase or analogous fund when due;

default in the performance, or breach, of any covenant or warranty in the applicable indenture for 60 days after written notice;

certain events of bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization; and

any other event of default provided with respect to debt securities of that series.

We are required to furnish the trustee annually with a statement as to the fulfillment of our obligations under the applicable indenture.

The indentures provide that the trustee may withhold notice to you of any default, except in respect of the payment of the principal of or premium, if any, or interest on any debt securities or the payment of any sinking fund installment with respect to debt securities, if the trustee considers the withholding of such notice to be in the interests of the holders of the debt securities.

Effect of an Event of Default

If an event of default exists (other than an event of default in the case of certain events of bankruptcy as described below), the trustee or the holders of not less than 25% in aggregate principal amount of a series of outstanding debt securities may declare the principal amount, or, if the debt securities are original issue discount securities, such portion of the principal amount of such debt securities as may be specified in the terms of that series, of all of the debt securities of that series, together with accrued interest, if any, on such debt securities, to be due and payable immediately, by a notice in writing to us and to the trustee if given by holders. Upon that declaration, the principal (or specified) amount, together with accrued interest, if any, on such debt securities, will become immediately due and payable, subject to applicable subordination provisions in case of the subordinated indenture. However, at any time after a declaration of acceleration has been made, but before a judgment or decree for payment of the money due has been obtained, the holders of not less than a majority in aggregate principal amount of a series of outstanding debt securities may, subject to conditions specified in the applicable indenture, rescind and annul that declaration and its consequences.

If an event of default in the case of certain events of bankruptcy exists with respect to debt securities of any series at that time outstanding, the principal amount of all debt securities of that series or, if any debt securities of that series are original issue discount securities, such portion of the principal amount of such debt securities as may be specified in the terms of

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that series, will automatically, and without any declaration or other action on the part of the trustee or any holder of such outstanding debt securities, become immediately due and payable.

Subject to the provisions of the applicable indenture relating to the duties of the trustee, if an event of default exists, the trustee will be under no obligation to exercise any of its rights or powers under the applicable indenture at your request or direction, unless you have offered to the trustee security or indemnity satisfactory to it against the costs, expenses and liabilities which the trustee might incur in compliance with such request or direction.

Subject to the provisions for the security or indemnification of the trustee, the holders of not less than a majority in aggregate principal amount of a series of outstanding debt securities have the right to direct the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the trustee, or exercising any trust or power conferred on the trustee in connection with the debt securities of that series.

Legal Proceedings and Enforcement of Right to Payment

You will not have any right to institute any proceeding in connection with the applicable indenture or for any remedy under the applicable indenture, unless you have previously given to the trustee written notice of a continuing event of default with respect to debt securities of that series. In addition, the holders of at least 25% in aggregate principal amount of a series of the outstanding debt securities or, in the case of an event of default in case of certain events of bankruptcy, of all series (voting as a class) with respect to which such event of default is continuing, must have made written request, and offered indemnity satisfactory, to the trustee to institute that proceeding as trustee, and, within 60 days following the receipt of that notice, the trustee must not have received from such holders a direction inconsistent with that request, and must have failed to institute the proceeding.

However, you will have an absolute and unconditional right to receive payment of the principal of, premium, if any, and interest, if any, on that debt security on the due dates expressed in the debt security (or, in the case of redemption, on the redemption date) and to institute a suit for the enforcement of that payment.

Satisfaction and Discharge

The indentures provide that when, among other things, all debt securities not previously delivered to the trustee for cancellation:

have become due and payable;

will become due and payable at their stated maturity within one year; or

are to be called for redemption within one year under arrangements satisfactory to the trustee for the giving of notice of redemption by the trustee in our name and at our expense, and

we deposit or cause to be deposited with the trustee, money or U.S. government obligations or a combination thereof, as trust funds, in an amount and in the currency or currency unit in which such debt securities are payable to be sufficient to pay and discharge the entire indebtedness on the debt securities not previously

delivered to the trustee for cancellation, for the principal, and premium, if any, and interest, if any, to the date of the deposit or to the stated maturity or redemption date, as the case may be, then the applicable indenture will cease to be of further effect with respect to a series of debt securities, and we will be deemed to have satisfied and discharged the applicable indenture with respect to such series. However, we will continue to be obligated to pay all other sums due under the applicable indenture and to provide the officer's certificate and opinion of counsel described in the applicable indenture.

Defeasance and Covenant Defeasance

Unless we state otherwise in the applicable prospectus supplement, the indentures provide that we may discharge all of our obligations, other than as to transfers and exchanges and certain other specified obligations, under any series of the debt securities at any time, and that we may also be released from our obligations described above under

Consolidation, Merger and Transfer of Assets, Limitation on Liens on Stock of Restricted Subsidiaries, Limitation Issuance or Disposition of Stock of Restricted Subsidiaries and from certain other obligations, as applicable, including obligations imposed by supplemental indentures with respect to that series, if any, and elect not to comply with those sections and

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obligations without creating an event of default. Discharge under the first procedure is called defeasance and under the second procedure is called covenant defeasance.

Defeasance or covenant defeasance may be effected only if:

we irrevocably deposit with the trustee money or U.S. government obligations or a combination thereof, as trust funds in an amount sufficient to pay on the respective stated maturities or the redemption date, the principal of and any premium and interest on, all debt securities of that series along with an opinion of a nationally recognized firm of independent accountants expressed in a written certification as to the sufficiency of the deposit;

we deliver to the trustee an opinion of counsel to the effect that:

the holders of the debt securities of that series will not recognize gain or loss for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a result of the deposit, defeasance and discharge or as a result of the deposit and covenant defeasance; and

the deposit, defeasance and discharge or the deposit and covenant defeasance will not otherwise alter those holders' U.S. federal income tax treatment of payments on the debt securities of that series (in the case of a defeasance, this opinion must be based on a ruling of the Internal Revenue Service or a change in U.S. federal income tax law occurring after the date of execution of the applicable indenture);

no event of default under the applicable indenture has occurred and is continuing;

such defeasance or covenant defeasance does not result in a breach or violation of, or constitute a default under, any indenture or other agreement or instrument for borrowed money to which we are a party or by which we are bound;

such defeasance or covenant defeasance does not result in the trust arising from such deposit constituting an investment company within the meaning of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, unless such trust will be registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 or exempt from registration thereunder;

we deliver to the trustee an officer's certificate and an opinion of counsel, each stating that all conditions precedent with respect to such defeasance or covenant defeasance have been complied with; and

other conditions specified in the applicable indenture are met.

The subordinated indenture will not be discharged as described above if we have defaulted in the payment of principal of, premium, if any, or interest, if any, on any senior debt, as defined below under Subordination Under Subordinated Indenture, and that default is continuing or an event of default on the senior debt then exists and has resulted in the senior debt becoming or being declared due and payable prior to the date it otherwise would have become due and payable.

Conversion or Exchange

We may issue debt securities that we may convert or exchange into cash or other securities or property of our company or any other person. If so, we will describe the specific terms on which the debt securities may be converted or exchanged in the applicable prospectus supplement. The conversion or exchange may be mandatory, at your option, or at our option. The applicable prospectus supplement will describe the manner in which the shares of common stock or other securities, property or cash you would receive would be issued or delivered.

Subordination Under Subordinated Indenture

In the subordinated indenture, we have agreed, and holders of subordinated debt securities will be deemed to have agreed, that any subordinated debt securities are subordinate and junior in right of payment to all senior debt to the extent provided in the subordinated indenture.

Upon any payment or distribution of assets to creditors upon any liquidation, dissolution, winding up, reorganization, assignment for the benefit of creditors, marshaling of assets or any bankruptcy, insolvency, debt restructuring or similar proceeding in connection with our insolvency or bankruptcy, the holders of senior debt will first be entitled to receive payment in full of principal of, premium, if any, and interest, if any, on the senior debt before the holders of subordinated

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debt securities will be entitled to receive or retain any payment of the principal of, premium, if any, or interest, if any, on the subordinated debt securities.

If the maturity of any subordinated debt securities is accelerated, the holders of all senior debt outstanding at the time of the acceleration will first be entitled to receive payment in full of all amounts due, including any amounts due upon acceleration, before you will be entitled to receive any payment of the principal of, premium, if any, or interest on the subordinated debt securities, other than sinking fund payments.

We will not make any payments of principal of, premium, if any, or interest, if any, on the subordinated debt securities (other than any sinking fund payment) if:

a default in any payment on senior debt then exists,

an event of default on any senior debt resulting in the acceleration of its maturity then exists, or

any judicial proceeding is pending in connection with any such default.

When we use the term **debt** we mean, with respect to any person, the principal of, premium, if any, and interest, if any, on debt of such person, whether incurred on, prior to, or after, the date of the subordinated indenture, whether recourse is to all or a portion of the assets of that person and whether or not contingent, which includes:

every obligation of, or any obligation guaranteed by, that person for money borrowed,

every obligation of, or any obligation guaranteed by, that person evidenced by bonds, debentures, notes or other similar instruments, including obligations incurred in connection with the acquisition of property, assets or businesses but excluding the obligation to pay the deferred purchase price of any such property, assets or business if payable in full within 90 days from the date such debt was created,

every capital lease obligation of that person,

leases of property or assets made as part of any sale and lease-back transaction to which that person is a party, and

any amendments, renewals, extensions, modifications and refundings of any such debt.

The term **debt** does not include trade accounts payable or accrued liabilities arising in the ordinary course of business.

When we use the term **senior debt** we mean the principal of, premium, if any, and interest, if any, on debt, whether incurred on, prior to, or after, the date of the subordinated indenture, unless the instrument creating or evidencing that debt or pursuant to which that debt is outstanding states that those obligations are not superior in right of payment to

the subordinated debt securities or to other debt which ranks equally with, or junior to, the subordinated debt securities. Interest on this senior debt includes interest accruing on or after the filing of any petition in bankruptcy or for reorganization relating to us, whether or not the claim for post-petition interest is allowed in that proceeding.

However, senior debt will not include:

any debt of our company which, when incurred and without regard to any election under Section 1111(b) of Title 11 of the United States Code, was without recourse to our company,

any debt of our company to any of our subsidiaries,

debt to any employee of our company or any of our subsidiaries,

any liability for taxes,

debt or other monetary obligations to trade creditors or assumed by our company or any of our subsidiaries in the ordinary course of business in connection with the obtaining of goods, materials or services, and

the subordinated debt securities.

The subordinated indenture provides that we may change the subordination provisions relating to any particular issue of subordinated debt securities prior to issuance. We will describe any change in the prospectus supplement relating to the subordinated debt securities.

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Governing Law

The indentures and the debt securities will be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York.

Concerning the Trustees

The trustee will have all the duties and responsibilities of an indenture trustee specified in the Trust Indenture Act. The trustee is not required to expend or risk its own funds or otherwise incur financial liability in performing its duties or exercising its rights and powers if it reasonably believes that it is not reasonably assured of repayment or adequate indemnity.

We and our affiliates maintain various commercial and service relationships with the trustee and its affiliates in the ordinary course of business.

Junior Subordinated Debt Securities

We may issue junior subordinated debt securities in one or more series under a junior subordinated indenture, dated as of March 10, 2009, between LNC and The Bank of New York Mellon, as junior subordinated indenture trustee. The junior subordinated indenture (including the form of the junior subordinated debt securities) is filed as an exhibit to the registration statement that includes this prospectus. The junior subordinated indenture has been qualified under the Trust Indenture Act. See [Where You Can Find More Information](#) for information on how to obtain the junior subordinated indenture.

This summary of the junior subordinated indenture and the junior subordinated debt securities relates to terms and conditions applicable to the junior subordinated debt securities generally. We will summarize the particular terms of any series of junior subordinated debt securities in the applicable prospectus supplement. If indicated in the prospectus supplement, the terms of any series may differ from the terms summarized below. Because the summary of the material provisions of the junior subordinated indenture and the junior subordinated debt securities set forth below and the summary of the material terms of a particular series of junior subordinated debt securities set forth in the applicable prospectus supplement are not complete, you should refer to the forms of the junior subordinated indenture and the junior subordinated debt securities for complete information regarding the terms and provisions of the junior subordinated indenture (including defined terms) and the junior subordinated debt securities. Wherever we refer to particular articles, sections or defined terms of the junior subordinated indenture in this prospectus or in a prospectus supplement, those articles, sections or defined terms are incorporated in this prospectus and the prospectus supplement by reference, and the statement with respect to which such reference is made is qualified in its entirety by such reference.

General

Each series of junior subordinated debt securities will rank equally with all other series of junior subordinated debt securities, unless otherwise provided in the supplemental indenture, and will be unsecured and subordinate and junior in right of payment to the extent and in the manner set forth in the junior subordinated indenture to all of our senior debt as defined in the junior subordinated indenture, which includes all debt issued under our senior indenture or subordinated indenture. See [Subordination](#).

We are a non-operating holding company and our consolidated subsidiaries own almost all of our operating assets. We rely primarily on dividends from our subsidiaries to meet our obligations. The payment of dividends by our insurance

company subsidiaries is limited under the insurance company holding company laws of the states in which those subsidiaries are domiciled. Accordingly, the junior subordinated debt securities will be effectively junior subordinated to all existing and future liabilities of our subsidiaries, and holders of junior subordinated debt securities should look only to our assets for payments on the junior subordinated debt securities. Except as otherwise provided in the applicable prospectus supplement, the junior subordinated indenture does not limit our incurrence or issuance of other secured or unsecured debt, whether under the junior subordinated indenture or any other indenture that we may have entered into or may enter into in the future or otherwise. See Subordination and the prospectus supplement relating to any offering of junior subordinated debt securities.

We will issue the junior subordinated debt securities in one or more series pursuant to an indenture supplemental to the junior subordinated indenture or a resolution of our board of directors (as defined in the junior subordinated indenture) or a committee thereof.

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The applicable prospectus supplement will describe the following terms of the junior subordinated debt securities:

the title of the junior subordinated debt securities;

any limit upon the aggregate principal amount of the junior subordinated debt securities;

the date or dates on which the principal of the junior subordinated debt securities is payable (which we refer to as the stated maturity) or the method of determination of the stated maturity;

the rate or rates, if any, at which the junior subordinated debt securities will bear interest, the interest payment dates on which interest will be payable, our right, if any, to defer or extend an interest payment date and the regular record date for interest payable on any interest payment date or the method by which any of these items will be determined;

the place or places where the principal of and premium, if any, and interest on the junior subordinated debt securities will be payable and where the junior subordinated debt securities may be presented for registration of transfer or exchange and the place or places where notices and demands to or upon us regarding the junior subordinated debt securities and the junior subordinated indenture may be made;

the periods, terms and conditions upon which junior subordinated debt securities may be redeemed, in whole or in part, at our option;

our obligation or right, if any, or the obligation or right of, if any, a holder to redeem, purchase or repay the junior subordinated debt securities and the terms and conditions upon which the junior subordinated debt securities shall be redeemed, repaid or purchased, in whole or in part, pursuant to such obligation;

the denominations in which any junior subordinated debt securities shall be issuable if other than denominations of \$25 and any integral multiple thereof;

if other than in U.S. dollars, the currency or currencies (including currency unit or units) in which the principal of and premium and interest, if any, on the junior subordinated debt securities shall be payable, or in which the junior subordinated debt securities shall be denominated;

any additions, modifications or deletions in the events of default or covenants specified in the junior subordinated indenture with respect to the junior subordinated debt securities;

if other than the principal amount, the portion of the principal amount of junior subordinated debt securities that shall be payable upon declaration of acceleration of the maturity thereof;

any additions or changes to the junior subordinated indenture with respect to a series of junior subordinated debt securities as shall be necessary to permit or facilitate the issuance of the series in bearer form, registrable or not registrable as to principal, and with or without interest coupons;

any index or indices used to determine the amount of payments of principal of and premium, if any, on the junior subordinated debt securities and the manner in which these amounts will be determined;

the terms and conditions relating to the issuance of a temporary global security representing all of the junior subordinated debt securities of the series and the exchange of the temporary global security for definitive junior subordinated debt securities of the series;

whether the junior subordinated debt securities of the series will be issued in whole or in part in the form of one or more global securities and, in such case, the depository for the global securities, which depository will be a clearing agency registered under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended;

the appointment of any paying agent or agents;

the terms and conditions of any right of us or a holder to convert or exchange the junior subordinated debt securities into our other securities or property;

the form of trust agreement and guarantee agreement, if applicable;

the relative degree, if any, to which junior subordinated debt securities of the series shall be senior or subordinated to other series of our junior subordinated debt securities in right of payment, whether other series of junior subordinated debt securities are outstanding or not; and

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any other terms of the junior subordinated debt securities not inconsistent with the provisions of the junior subordinated indenture.

We may, in certain circumstances, without notice to or consent of the holders of the junior subordinated debt securities, issue additional junior subordinated debt securities having the same terms and conditions as junior subordinated debt securities as previously issued under this prospectus and any applicable prospectus supplement, so that such additional junior subordinated debt securities and the junior subordinated debt securities previously offered under this prospectus and any applicable prospectus supplement form a single series, and references in this prospectus and any applicable prospectus supplement to the junior subordinated debt securities shall include, unless the context otherwise requires, any further junior subordinated debt securities issued as described in this paragraph.

We may sell junior subordinated debt securities at a substantial discount below their stated principal amount, bearing no interest or interest at a rate which is below market rates at the time of issuance. We will describe certain U.S. federal income tax consequences and special considerations applicable to any junior subordinated debt securities in the applicable prospectus supplement.

The purchase price of any junior subordinated debt securities may be payable in one or more foreign currencies or currency units. Junior subordinated debt securities may be denominated in one or more foreign currencies or currency units, or the principal of, or premium or interest, if any, on any junior subordinated debt securities may be payable in one or more foreign currencies or currency units. We will describe the restrictions, elections, certain U.S. federal income tax consequences, specific terms and other information with respect to the junior subordinated debt securities and foreign currency or currency units in the applicable prospectus supplement.

If we use any index to determine the amount of any principal, premium or interest payable with respect to any series of junior subordinated debt securities, we will describe the special U.S. federal income tax, accounting and other considerations in the applicable prospectus supplement.

Denominations, Registration and Transfer

Except as we may describe in the applicable prospectus supplement, we will issue debt securities in fully registered form without coupons and in denominations of \$25 and any integral multiple of \$25.

Debt securities of any series will be exchangeable for other debt securities of the same series, in any authorized denominations, of a like tenor and aggregate principal amount and having the same terms.

You may present debt securities for exchange, as described above, or for registration of transfer, at the office of the security registrar or at the office of any transfer agent we designate for that purpose. You will not incur a service charge but you must pay any taxes, assessments and other governmental charges as described in the junior subordinated indenture. We will appoint the trustee as the initial security registrar as specified in the junior subordinated indenture. We may at any time rescind the designation of any transfer agent that we initially designate or approve a change in the location through which the transfer agent acts. We will specify the transfer agent in the applicable prospectus supplement. We may at any time designate additional transfer agents.

Global Junior Subordinated Debt Securities

We may issue all or any part of a series of junior subordinated debt securities in the form of one or more global junior subordinated debt securities. We will appoint the depository holding the global junior subordinated debt securities. Unless we otherwise state in the applicable prospectus supplement, the depository will be The Depository Trust Company, or DTC. We will issue global junior subordinated debt securities in registered form and in either temporary

or definitive form. Unless it is exchanged for individual debt securities, a global junior subordinated debt security may not be transferred except:

by the depository to its nominee;

by a nominee of the depository to the depository or another nominee; or

by the depository or any nominee to a successor of the depository, or a nominee of the successor.

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We will describe the specific terms of the depository arrangement in the applicable prospectus supplement. We expect that the following provisions will generally apply to these depository arrangements.

Beneficial Interests in a Global Junior Subordinated Debt Security

If we issue a global junior subordinated debt security, the depository for the global junior subordinated debt security or its nominee will credit on its book-entry registration and transfer system the principal amounts of the individual debt securities represented by the global junior subordinated debt security to the accounts of persons that have accounts with it. We refer to those persons as *participants* in this prospectus. The accounts will be designated by the dealers, underwriters or agents for the debt securities, or by us if the debt securities are offered and sold directly by us. Ownership of beneficial interests in a global junior subordinated debt security will be limited to participants or persons who may hold interests through participants. Ownership and transfers of beneficial interests in the global junior subordinated debt security will be shown on, and transactions can be effected only through, records maintained by the applicable depository or its nominee, for interests of participants, and the records of participants, for interests of persons who hold through participants. The laws of some states require that you take physical delivery of securities in definitive form. These limits and laws may impair your ability to transfer beneficial interests in a global junior subordinated debt security.

So long as the depository or its nominee is the registered owner of a global junior subordinated debt security, the depository or its nominee will be considered the sole owner or holder of the junior subordinated debt securities represented by the global junior subordinated debt security for all purposes under the junior subordinated indenture. Except as provided below, you:

will not be entitled to have any of the individual junior subordinated debt securities represented by the global junior subordinated debt security registered in your name;

will not receive or be entitled to receive physical delivery of any junior subordinated debt securities in definitive form; and

will not be considered the registered owner or holder of the junior subordinated debt securities under the junior subordinated indenture.

Payments of Principal, Premium and Interest

We will make principal, premium, if any, and interest, if any, payments on global junior subordinated debt securities to the depository that is the registered holder of the global junior subordinated debt security or its nominee. The depository for the global junior subordinated debt securities will be solely responsible and liable for all payments made on account of your beneficial ownership interests in the global junior subordinated debt security and for maintaining, supervising and reviewing any records relating to your beneficial ownership interests.

We expect that the depository or its nominee, upon receipt of any principal, premium, if any, or interest, if any, payment immediately will credit participants' accounts with amounts in proportion to their respective beneficial interests in the principal amount of the global junior subordinated debt security as shown on the records of the depository or its nominee. We also expect that payments by participants to you, as an owner of a beneficial interest in the global junior subordinated debt security held through those participants, will be governed by standing instructions

and customary practices, as is now the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in street name. These payments will be the responsibility of those participants.

Issuance of Individual Debt Securities

Unless we state otherwise in the applicable prospectus supplement, if a depository for a series of debt securities is at any time unwilling, unable or ineligible to continue as depository, we will appoint a successor depository or we will issue individual debt securities in exchange for the global junior subordinated debt security.

Payment and Paying Agents

Unless otherwise indicated in the applicable prospectus supplement, we will pay the principal of and any premium and interest on junior subordinated debt securities at the office of the junior subordinated indenture trustee in the City of New York, or at the office of any paying agent or paying agents as we may designate from time to time in the applicable prospectus supplement.

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Unless otherwise indicated in the applicable prospectus supplement, we will make payments of interest on junior subordinated debt securities to the person or entity in whose name the junior subordinated debt security is registered at the close of business on the regular record date for such interest, except in the case of defaulted interest. We may at any time designate additional paying agents or rescind the designation of any paying agent. However, we will be required to maintain at all times a paying agent in each place of payment for each series of junior subordinated debt securities.

Any moneys that we deposit with the junior subordinated indenture trustee or any paying agent, or then held by us in trust, for the payment of the principal of and any premium or interest on any junior subordinated debt security that remains unclaimed for two years after becoming due and payable will be repaid to us at our request. After that time, the holder of the junior subordinated debt security will look, as a general unsecured creditor, only to us for payment of those amounts.

Option to Extend Interest Payment Date

If provided in the applicable prospectus supplement and subject to any terms, conditions and covenants contained in the prospectus supplement, we will have the right at any time and from time to time during the term of any series of junior subordinated debt securities to defer payment of interest for that number of consecutive interest payment periods as may be specified in the applicable prospectus supplement (each of which we refer to as an extension period). However, no extension period may extend beyond the stated maturity of the applicable series of junior subordinated debt securities. We will describe certain U.S. federal income tax consequences and special considerations applicable to the junior subordinated debt securities in the applicable prospectus supplement.

Redemption

Unless otherwise indicated in the applicable prospectus supplement:

junior subordinated debt securities will not be subject to any sinking fund;

we may, at our option, redeem the junior subordinated debt securities of any series in whole at any time or in part from time to time. We may redeem junior subordinated debt securities in denominations larger than \$25 in part but only in integral multiples of \$25;

the redemption price for any junior subordinated debt security shall equal the principal amount of the security, plus any accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date; and

if a special event as described below has occurred and is continuing with respect to a series of junior subordinated debt securities, we may, at our option, redeem that series of junior subordinated debt securities in whole, but not in part, after the occurrence of the special event, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the junior subordinated debt securities of that series then outstanding plus accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date.

A special event means a tax event or an investment company event. A tax event occurs when we receive an opinion of counsel experienced in such matters to the effect that as a result of any amendment to, or change or announced

prospective change in, the laws or regulations of the U.S. or any political subdivision or taxing authority in the U.S., or as a result of any official administrative pronouncement or judicial decision interpreting or applying those laws or regulations, which amendment or change is effective or which pronouncement or decision is announced on or after the date of issuance of the preferred securities of a trust, there is more than an insubstantial risk that:

the trust is, or will be within 90 days of the date of the opinion, subject to U.S. federal income tax with respect to income received or accrued on the corresponding series of junior subordinated debt securities;

interest payable by us on the series of subordinated debt securities is not, or within 90 days of the date of the opinion will not be, deductible by us, in whole or in part, for U.S. federal income tax purposes; or

the trust is, or will be within 90 days of the date of the opinion, subject to more than a de minimis amount other taxes, duties or other governmental changes.

An investment company event occurs when, in respect of a trust, we receive an opinion of counsel experienced in such matters to the effect that, as a result of a change in law or regulation or a change in interpretation or application of law or regulation by any legislative body, court, governmental agency or regulatory authority, the trust is, or will be considered an investment company that is required to be registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, which becomes effective on or after the date of original issuance of the preferred securities of the trust.

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We will mail notice of any redemption at least 30 days but not more than 60 days before the redemption date to each holder of junior subordinated debt securities to be redeemed at its registered address. Unless we default in payment of the redemption price, interest will cease to accrue on those junior subordinated debt securities called for redemption on and after the redemption date.

Restrictions on Certain Payments

We will also covenant, as to each series of junior subordinated debt securities issued to a trust, that we will not, and will not permit any of our subsidiaries to:

declare or pay any dividends or distributions on, or redeem, purchase, acquire or make a liquidation payment with respect to, any of our capital stock;

make any payment of principal, interest or premium, if any, on or repay, repurchase or redeem any of our debt securities that rank equally with or junior in interest to the junior subordinated debt securities; or

make any guarantee payments with respect to any guarantee by us of the debt securities of any of our subsidiaries if that guarantee ranks equally or junior in interest to the junior subordinated debt securities; if at such time:

any event has occurred of which we have actual knowledge that, with the giving of notice or the lapse of time, or both, would constitute a junior subordinated debt security event of default with respect to the junior subordinated debt securities of that series, which default we have not taken reasonable steps to cure;

we are in default with respect to its payment of any obligations under the guarantee relating to those trust preferred securities; or

we have given notice of our selection of an extension period as provided in the junior subordinated indenture with respect to the junior subordinated debt securities of that series and have not rescinded such notice, or that extension period, or any extension of that extension period, shall be continuing.

The following actions are not subject to the restrictions described above:

dividends or distributions in our common stock;

redemptions or purchases of any rights pursuant to a rights plan, if any, and the declaration of a dividend of rights or the issuance of stock under a plan in the future;

payments under any guarantee; and

purchases of common stock related to the issuance of common stock under any of our benefit plans for its directors, officers or employees.

Modification of Junior Subordinated Indenture

From time to time, we and the junior subordinated indenture trustee may, without the consent of the holders of any series of junior subordinated debt securities, amend, waive or supplement the junior subordinated indenture for specified purposes, including, among other things:

curing ambiguities, defects or inconsistencies, as long as the cure does not materially adversely affect the interest of the holders of any series of junior subordinated debt securities or, in the case of corresponding junior subordinated debt securities, the holders of the related trust preferred securities so long as they remain outstanding; and

qualifying, or maintaining the qualification of, the junior subordinated indenture under the Trust Indenture Act.

We and the junior subordinated indenture trustee may generally modify the junior subordinated indenture in a manner affecting the rights of the holders of one or more series of the junior subordinated debt securities with the consent of the holders of not less than a majority in principal amount of each outstanding series of junior subordinated debt securities affected. However, no modification may, without the consent of the holder of each outstanding junior subordinated debt security affected:

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change the stated maturity or reduce the principal amount of any series of junior subordinated debt securities, or reduce the rate or extend the time of payment of interest on those securities, other than an extension as contemplated by the junior subordinated indenture; or

reduce the percentage of principal amount of junior subordinated debt securities of any series, the holders of which are required to consent to a modification of the junior subordinated indenture.

In the case of junior subordinated debt securities that correspond to a series of trust preferred securities, so long as any of the related trust preferred securities remain outstanding:

no modification described in the previous paragraph may be made that adversely affects the holders of such trust preferred securities,

no termination of the junior subordinated indenture may occur, and

no waiver of any junior subordinated debt security event of default or compliance with any covenant under the junior subordinated indenture may be effective,

without the prior consent of the holders of at least a majority of the aggregate liquidation preference of the related trust preferred securities unless and until the principal of and all accrued and unpaid interest on the corresponding junior subordinated debt securities has been paid in full and certain other conditions are satisfied.

In addition, we and the junior subordinated indenture trustee may execute a supplemental junior subordinated indenture for the purpose of creating any new series of junior subordinated debt securities without the consent of any holder of junior subordinated debt securities.

Junior Subordinated Debt Security Events of Default

The junior subordinated indenture provides that any one or more of the following events with respect to a series of junior subordinated debt securities that has occurred and is continuing constitutes an event of default with respect to that series of junior subordinated debt securities:

failure for 30 days to pay any interest on the series of the junior subordinated debt securities when due, other than the deferral of any due date in the case of an extension period;

failure to pay any principal or premium, if any, on the series of junior subordinated debt securities when due whether at maturity, upon redemption, by declaration or otherwise;

failure to observe or perform in any material respect certain other covenants contained in the junior subordinated indenture for 90 days after written notice has been provided to us by the junior subordinated indenture trustee or to us and the junior subordinated trustee by the holders of at least 25% in aggregate

principal amount of the outstanding junior subordinated debt securities of that series;

our bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization; or

any other event of default described in the applicable board resolution or supplemental indenture under which the series of junior subordinated debt securities is issued.

The holders of a majority in aggregate outstanding principal amount of an applicable series of junior subordinated debt securities have the right to direct the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the junior subordinated indenture trustee. The junior subordinated indenture trustee or the holders of not less than 25% in aggregate outstanding principal amount of an applicable series of junior subordinated debt securities may declare the principal due and payable immediately upon a junior subordinated debt security event of default. In the case of junior subordinated debt securities that correspond to a series of trust preferred securities, if the junior subordinated indenture trustee or the holders of the corresponding junior subordinated debt securities fail to declare the principal due and payable immediately upon a junior subordinated debt security event of default, then the holders of at least 25% in aggregate liquidation preference of the related trust preferred securities may exercise that right. The holders of a majority in aggregate outstanding principal amount of a series of junior subordinated debt securities may annul the declaration and its consequences if the default (other than the non-payment of the principal of the series of junior subordinated debt securities which has become due solely by such acceleration) has been cured or waived and a sum sufficient to pay all matured installments of interest and principal due otherwise than by acceleration and the fees and expenses of the junior

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subordinated indenture trustee has been deposited with the junior subordinated indenture trustee. In the case of junior subordinated debt securities that correspond to a series of trust preferred securities, if the holders of the corresponding junior subordinated debt securities fail to annul the declaration and waive the default, the holders of a majority in aggregate liquidation preference of the related trust preferred securities may exercise that right.

The holders of a majority in aggregate outstanding principal amount of a series of junior subordinated debt securities may, on behalf of the holders of all the affected junior subordinated debt securities of that series, waive any past default, except:

a default in the payment of principal or interest, unless the default has been cured and a sum sufficient to pay all matured installments of interest and principal due otherwise than by acceleration has been deposited with the junior subordinated indenture trustee; or

a default with respect to a covenant which cannot be modified or amended pursuant to the terms of the junior subordinated indenture without the consent of the holder of each outstanding junior subordinated debt security.

We must file annually with the junior subordinated indenture trustee a certificate as to whether or not we are in compliance with all the conditions and covenants applicable to it under the junior subordinated indenture.

If a junior subordinated debt security event of default has occurred and is continuing as to a series of junior subordinated debt securities that correspond to a series of trust preferred securities, the property trustee will have the right to declare the principal of and the interest on the corresponding junior subordinated debt securities, and any other amounts payable under the junior subordinated indenture, to be immediately due and payable and to enforce its other rights as a creditor with respect to the corresponding junior subordinated debt securities.

Enforcement of Certain Rights by Holders of Trust Preferred Securities

If a junior subordinated debt security event of default has occurred and is continuing and the default is attributable to our failure to pay interest or principal on the related junior subordinated debt securities on the date such interest or principal is otherwise payable, a holder of trust preferred securities may, subject to the terms of the junior subordinated indenture, institute a legal proceeding directly against us for enforcement of payment to the holder of the principal of or interest on related junior subordinated debt securities having a principal amount equal to the aggregate liquidation amount of the related trust preferred securities held by the holder (which we refer to as a *direct action*). We may not amend the junior subordinated indenture to remove this right to bring a direct action without the prior written consent of the holders of all of the trust preferred securities. If we remove the right to bring a direct action, the applicable trust may become subject to the reporting obligations under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. We will have the right under the junior subordinated indenture to set-off any payment made to the holder of trust preferred securities by us in connection with a direct action.

The holders of the trust preferred securities will not be able to exercise directly any remedies, other than those set forth in the preceding paragraph, available to the holders of the related junior subordinated debt securities unless a trust agreement event of default has occurred and is continuing under the applicable trust agreement. See *Description of Securities We May Sell Trust Preferred Securities Events of Default; Notice*.

Consolidation, Merger and Sale of Assets

We may not consolidate with or merge into any other person or entity or convey or transfer our assets substantially as an entirety to any person or entity, unless:

the successor person or entity expressly assumes our obligations under the junior subordinated debt securities and the junior subordinated indenture;

immediately after giving effect to the transaction, no event of default exists, and no event which, after notice or lapse of time, or both, would become an event of default;

in the case of junior subordinated debt securities that correspond to a series of trust preferred securities, the transaction is permitted under the related trust agreement or guarantee and does not give rise to any breach or violation of the related trust agreement and guarantee; and

other conditions described in the junior subordinated indenture are met.

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The general provisions of the junior subordinated indenture do not afford holders of the junior subordinated debt securities protection in the event of a highly leveraged or other transaction involving us that may adversely affect holders of the junior subordinated debt securities.

Satisfaction and Discharge

The junior subordinated indenture provides that when:

all junior subordinated debt securities not previously delivered to the junior subordinated indenture trustee for cancellation have become due and payable or will become due and payable at their stated maturity within one year;

we deposit or cause to be deposited with the junior subordinated indenture trustee funds, in trust, in the currency or currencies in which those junior subordinated debt securities are payable;

the deposited amount is sufficient to pay and discharge the entire amount of principal, premium and interest on those junior subordinated debt securities to the date of the deposit if those debt securities have become due and payable or to the stated maturity, as the case may be;

we have paid or caused to be paid all other sums payable pursuant to the junior subordinated indenture; and

certain other conditions prescribed in the junior subordinated debenture are met, then with certain exceptions the junior subordinated indenture will cease to be of further effect and we will be deemed to have satisfied and discharged the junior subordinated indenture.

Defeasance and Covenant Defeasance

Unless we state otherwise in the applicable prospectus supplement, the junior subordinated indenture provides that we may discharge all of our obligations, other than as to transfers and exchanges and certain other specified obligations, under any series of the debt securities at any time, and that we may also be released from our obligations described above under Consolidation, Merger and Sale of Assets and from certain other obligations, including obligations imposed by supplemental indentures with respect to that series, if any, and elect not to comply with those sections and obligations without creating an event of default. Discharge under the first procedure is called defeasance and under the second procedure is called covenant defeasance.

Defeasance or covenant defeasance may be effected only if:

we irrevocably deposit with the trustee money or U.S. government obligations or a combination thereof, as trust funds in an amount sufficient to pay on the respective stated maturities, the principal of and any premium and interest on, all outstanding debt securities of that series,

we deliver to the trustee an opinion of counsel to the effect that:

the holders of the debt securities of that series will not recognize gain or loss for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a result of the deposit, defeasance and discharge or as a result of the deposit and covenant defeasance, and

the deposit, defeasance and discharge or the deposit and covenant defeasance will not otherwise alter those holders' United States federal income tax treatment of principal and interest payments on the debt securities of that series (in the case of a defeasance, this opinion must be based on a ruling of the Internal Revenue Service or a change in United States federal income tax law occurring after the date of execution of the junior subordinated indenture),

no event of default under the indenture has occurred and is continuing,

such defeasance or covenant defeasance does not result in a breach or violation of, or constitute a default under, any indenture or other agreement or instrument for borrowed money to which we are a party or by which we are bound,

such defeasance or covenant defeasance does not result in the trust arising from such deposit constituting an investment company within the meaning of the Investment Company Act of 1940 unless such trust shall be registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 or exempt from registration thereunder,

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we deliver to the trustee an officers' certificate and an opinion of counsel, each stating that all conditions precedent with respect to such defeasance or covenant defeasance have been complied with, and

other conditions specified in the indentures are met.

The junior subordinated indenture will not be discharged as described above if we have defaulted in the payment of principal of, premium, if any, or interest on any senior debt, as defined below under "Subordination," and that default is continuing or another event of default on the senior debt then exists and has resulted in the senior debt becoming or being declared due and payable prior to the date it otherwise would have become due and payable.

Conversion or Exchange

If and to the extent indicated in the applicable prospectus supplement, the junior subordinated debt securities of any series may be convertible or exchangeable into trust preferred securities or other securities. We will describe the specific terms on which junior subordinated debt securities of any series may be so converted or exchanged in the applicable prospectus supplement. Such terms may include provisions for conversion or exchange, either mandatory, at the option of the holder, or at our option, in which case the number of shares of trust preferred securities or other securities to be received by the holders of junior subordinated debt securities would be calculated as of a time and in the manner stated in the applicable prospectus supplement.

Subordination

In the junior subordinated indenture, we have agreed that any junior subordinated debt securities will be subordinate and junior in right of payment to all senior debt to the extent provided in the junior subordinated indenture. Upon any payment or distribution of our assets to creditors upon any liquidation, dissolution, winding up, reorganization, assignment for the benefit of creditors, marshaling of assets or any bankruptcy, insolvency, debt restructuring or similar proceedings in connection with our insolvency, the holders of senior debt will first be entitled to receive payment in full of principal and premium and interest, if any, on the senior debt before the holders of junior subordinated debt securities or, in the case of corresponding junior subordinated debt securities, before the property trustee on behalf of the holders, will be entitled to receive or retain any payment with respect to the corresponding junior subordinated debt securities.

In the event of the acceleration of the maturity of any junior subordinated debt securities, the holders of all senior debt outstanding at the time of such acceleration will first be entitled to receive payment in full of all amounts due on the outstanding senior debt (including any amounts due upon acceleration) before the holders of junior subordinated debt securities will be entitled to receive or retain any payment with respect to the junior subordinated debt securities.

No payments on account of principal, premium or interest, if any, in respect of the junior subordinated debt securities may be made if there has occurred and is continuing:

a default in any payment with respect to senior debt, or

an event of default with respect to any senior debt resulting in the acceleration of its maturity, or

if any judicial proceeding is pending with respect to any default.

Debt means with respect to any person or entity, whether recourse is to all or a portion of the assets of that person or entity and whether or not contingent,

every obligation of that person or entity for money borrowed;

every obligation of that person or entity evidenced by bonds, debentures, notes or other similar instruments, including obligations incurred in connection with the acquisition of property, assets or businesses;

every reimbursement obligation of that person or entity with respect to letters of credit, bankers' acceptances or similar facilities issued for the account of that person or entity;

every obligation of that person or entity issued or assumed as the deferred purchase price of property or services, other than trade accounts payable or accrued liabilities arising in the ordinary course of business;

every capital lease obligation of that person or entity; and

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every obligation of the type described above of another person or entity and all dividends of another person or entity the payment of which, in either case, that person or entity has guaranteed or is responsible or liable, directly or indirectly, as obligor or otherwise.

Senior debt means the principal of, and premium and interest, if any, on debt, whether incurred on, prior to, or after the date of the junior subordinated indenture, unless, in the instrument creating or evidencing the debt or pursuant to which the debt is outstanding states that those obligations are not superior in right of payment to the junior subordinated debt securities or to other debt which ranks equally with, or junior to, the junior subordinated debt securities. Interest on this senior debt includes interest accruing on or after the filing of any petition in bankruptcy or for reorganization relating to us, whether or not the claim for post-petition interest is allowed in that proceeding.

However, senior debt will not include:

any of our debt which was without recourse to us when incurred and without respect to any election under Section 1111(b) of the Bankruptcy Code,

any of our debt to any of our subsidiaries,

any of our debt to any of our employees,

any liability for taxes,

indebtedness or monetary obligations to trade creditors or assumed by us or any of our subsidiaries in the ordinary course of business in connection with the obtaining of materials or services, and

any other debt securities issued pursuant to the junior subordinated indenture.

The junior subordinated indenture provides that the subordination provisions described above, insofar as they relate to any particular issue of junior subordinated debt securities, may be changed prior to such issuance. We will describe any change in the applicable prospectus supplement.

Governing Law

The junior subordinated indenture and the junior subordinated debt securities will be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the state of New York.

Information Concerning the Junior Subordinated Indenture Trustee

The junior subordinated indenture trustee will have and be subject to all the duties and responsibilities specified with respect to an indenture trustee under the Trust Indenture Act. Subject to those provisions, the junior subordinated indenture trustee is under no obligation to exercise any of the powers vested in it by the junior subordinated indenture at the request of any holder of junior subordinated debt securities, unless offered by the holder security or indemnity satisfactory to such trustee against the costs, expenses and liabilities which the junior subordinated trustee might incur

in connection with its exercise of those powers. The junior subordinated indenture trustee is not required to expend or risk its own funds or otherwise incur personal financial liability in the performance of its
dut> **35,083 10.1 14,804 5.1** 37,571 9.8 20,061 6.2

Total Investments

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------|---------------|------------------|---------------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|
| \$348,988 | 100.0% | \$288,246 | 100.0% | \$381,801 | 100.0% | \$322,114 | 100.0% |
|------------------|---------------|------------------|---------------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|

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Our investments at fair value consisted of the following industry classifications at December 31, 2016 and September 30, 2016:

| Industry Classification | December 31, 2016 | | September 30, 2016 | |
|---|--------------------------|--|---------------------------|--|
| | Fair Value | Percentage of Total Investments | Fair Value | Percentage of Total Investments |
| Diversified/Conglomerate Service | \$ 53,572 | 18.6% | \$ 48,898 | 15.2% |
| Diversified/Conglomerate Manufacturing | 42,802 | 14.8 | 50,106 | 15.6 |
| Healthcare, education, and childcare | 34,933 | 12.1 | 70,577 | 21.9 |
| Oil and gas | 27,615 | 9.6 | 31,279 | 9.7 |
| Automobile | 19,283 | 6.7 | 14,837 | 4.6 |
| Beverage, food and tobacco | 15,092 | 5.2 | 15,022 | 4.7 |
| Diversified natural resources, precious metals and minerals | 13,809 | 4.8 | 14,821 | 4.6 |
| Cargo Transportation | 13,130 | 4.6 | 13,000 | 4.0 |
| Buildings and real estate | 11,391 | 4.0 | 11,223 | 3.5 |
| Leisure, Amusement, Motion Pictures, Entertainment | 8,532 | 3.0 | 8,769 | 2.7 |
| Personal and non-durable consumer products | 7,733 | 2.7 | 7,858 | 2.4 |
| Hotels, motels, inns, and gaming | 7,000 | 2.4 | | |
| Telecommunications | 5,865 | 2.0 | 5,790 | 1.8 |
| Machinery | 5,828 | 2.0 | 5,597 | 1.7 |
| Printing and publishing | 5,629 | 2.0 | 6,033 | 1.9 |
| Broadcast and entertainment | 4,997 | 1.7 | 4,682 | 1.5 |
| Textiles and leather | 3,757 | 1.3 | 3,836 | 1.2 |
| Finance | 3,250 | 1.1 | 3,000 | 0.9 |
| Electronics | 510 | 0.2 | 2,980 | 0.9 |
| Other, < 2.0% | 3,518 | 1.2 | 3,806 | 1.2 |
| Total Investments | \$ 288,246 | 100.0% | \$ 322,114 | 100.0% |

Our investments at fair value were included in the following U.S. geographic regions at December 31, 2016 and September 30, 2016:

| Geographic Region | December 31, 2016 | | September 30, 2016 | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|--|---------------------------|--|
| | Fair Value | Percentage of Total Investments | Fair Value | Percentage of Total Investments |
| South | \$ 139,549 | 48.4% | \$ 131,181 | 40.8% |
| West | 56,121 | 19.5 | 57,786 | 17.9 |
| Midwest | 55,547 | 19.3 | 100,142 | 31.1 |
| Northeast | 37,029 | 12.8 | 33,005 | 10.2 |

| | | | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------|---------------|------------|--------|
| Total Investments | \$ 288,246 | 100.0% | \$ 322,114 | 100.0% |
|--------------------------|-------------------|---------------|------------|--------|

The geographic region indicates the location of the headquarters of our portfolio companies. A portfolio company may also have a number of other business locations in other geographic regions.

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The following table summarizes the contractual principal repayments and maturity of our investment portfolio by fiscal year, assuming no voluntary prepayments, as of December 31, 2016:

| | Amount |
|---|-------------------|
| For the remaining nine months ending September 30: | |
| 2017 | \$ 21,008 |
| For the fiscal years ending September 30: | |
| 2018 | 53,949 |
| 2019 | 44,496 |
| 2020 | 78,593 |
| 2021 | 60,831 |
| Thereafter | 60,593 |
| | |
| Total contractual repayments | \$ 319,470 |
| Equity investments | 35,083 |
| Adjustments to cost basis on debt investments | (5,565) |
| | |
| Investments Held as of December 31, 2016, at Cost: | \$ 348,988 |

Receivables from Portfolio Companies

Receivables from portfolio companies represent non-recurring costs incurred on behalf of such portfolio companies and are included in other assets on our accompanying *Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities*. As of December 31, 2016 and September 30, 2016, we had gross receivables from portfolio companies of \$0.3 million. The allowance for uncollectible receivables was \$0 at both December 31, 2016 and September 30, 2016. In addition, as of December 31, 2016 and September 30, 2016, we had an allowance for uncollectible interest receivables of \$0.1 million and \$0, respectively, which is reflected in interest receivable, net on our accompanying *Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities*. We generally maintain an allowance for uncollectible receivables from portfolio companies when the receivable balance becomes 90 days or more past due or if it is determined based upon management's judgment that the portfolio company is unable to pay its obligations.

NOTE 4. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS*Transactions with the Adviser*

We have been externally managed by the Adviser pursuant to the Advisory Agreement since October 1, 2004 pursuant to which we pay the Adviser a base management fee and an incentive fee for its services. The Advisory Agreement originally included administrative services; however, it was amended and restated on October 1, 2006. Simultaneously, we entered into the Administration Agreement with the Administrator (discussed further below) to provide those services. With the unanimous approval of our Board of Directors, the Advisory Agreement was later amended in October 2015 to reduce the base management fee payable under the agreement from 2.0% per annum to 1.75% per annum, effective July 1, 2015, with all other terms remaining unchanged. On July 12, 2016, our Board of Directors unanimously approved the annual renewal of the Advisory Agreement through August 31, 2017.

We also pay the Adviser a loan servicing fee for its role of servicer pursuant to our Credit Facility (defined in Note 5 *Borrowings*). The entire loan servicing fee paid to the Adviser by Business Loan is voluntarily, irrevocably and unconditionally credited against the base management fee otherwise payable to the Adviser, since Business Loan is a consolidated subsidiary of ours, and overall, the base management fee (including any loan servicing fee) cannot exceed 1.75% of total assets (as reduced by cash and cash equivalents pledged to creditors) during any given fiscal year pursuant to the Advisory Agreement.

Two of our executive officers, David Gladstone (our chairman and chief executive officer) and Terry Brubaker (our vice chairman and chief operating officer) serve as directors and executive officers of the Adviser, which is 100% indirectly owned and controlled by Mr. Gladstone. Robert Marcotte (our president) also serves as an executive managing director of the Adviser.

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The following table summarizes fees paid to the Adviser, including the base management fee, incentive fee, and loan servicing fee and associated unconditional, non-contractual and irrevocable voluntary credits reflected in our accompanying *Consolidated Statements of Operations*:

| | Three Months Ended December 31, | |
|--|--|-------------|
| | 2016 | 2015 |
| Average total assets subject to base management fee ^(A) | \$ 315,000 | \$ 349,300 |
| Multiplied by prorated annual base management fee of 1.75% | 0.4375% | 0.4375% |
| Base management fee^(B) | \$ 1,378 | \$ 1,528 |
| Portfolio company fee credit | (649) | (65) |
| Senior syndicated loan fee credit | (13) | (33) |
| Net Base Management Fee | \$ 716 | \$ 1,430 |
| Loan servicing fee^(B) | 983 | 1,088 |
| Credit to base management fee - loan servicing fee ^(B) | (983) | (1,088) |
| Net Loan Servicing Fee | \$ | \$ |
| Incentive fee^(B) | 1,293 | 1,118 |
| Incentive fee credit | (37) | (288) |
| Net Incentive Fee | \$ 1,256 | \$ 830 |
| Portfolio company fee credit | (649) | (65) |
| Senior syndicated loan fee credit | (13) | (33) |
| Incentive fee credit | (37) | (288) |
| Credits to Fees From Adviser - other^(B) | \$ (699) | \$ (386) |

(A) Average total assets subject to the base management fee is defined as total assets, including investments made with proceeds of borrowings, less any uninvested cash or cash equivalents resulting from borrowings, valued at the end of the applicable quarters within the respective periods and adjusted appropriately for any share issuances or repurchases during the periods.

(B) Reflected, on a gross basis, as a line item on our accompanying *Consolidated Statements of Operations*.

Base Management Fee

The base management fee is payable quarterly to the Adviser pursuant to our Advisory Agreement and is assessed at an annual rate of 1.75%, computed on the basis of the value of our average total assets at the end of the two most recently-completed quarters (inclusive of the current quarter), which are total assets, including investments made with

proceeds of borrowings, less any uninvested cash or cash equivalents resulting from borrowings and adjusted appropriately for any share issuances or repurchases during the period.

Additionally, pursuant to the requirements of the 1940 Act, the Adviser makes available significant managerial assistance to our portfolio companies. The Adviser may also provide other services to our portfolio companies under certain agreements and may receive fees for services other than managerial assistance. Such services may include, but are not limited to: (i) assistance obtaining, sourcing or structuring credit facilities, long term loans or additional equity from unaffiliated third parties; (ii) negotiating important contractual financial relationships; (iii) consulting services regarding restructuring of the portfolio company and financial modeling as it relates to raising additional debt and equity capital from unaffiliated third parties; and (iv) primary role in interviewing, vetting and negotiating employment contracts with candidates in connection with adding and retaining key portfolio company management team members. The Adviser voluntarily, unconditionally, and irrevocably credits 100% of these fees against the base management fee that we would otherwise be required to pay to the Adviser; however, pursuant to the terms of the Advisory Agreement, a small percentage of certain of such fees, totaling \$28 and \$40 for the three months ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively, was retained by the Adviser in the form of reimbursement, at cost, for tasks completed by personnel of the Adviser primarily for the valuation of portfolio companies.

Our Board of Directors accepted an unconditional, non-contractual and irrevocable voluntary credit from the Adviser to reduce the annual base management fee on senior syndicated loan participations to 0.5%, to the extent that proceeds resulting from borrowings were used to purchase such senior syndicated loan participations, for each of the three months ended December 31, 2016 and 2015.

Incentive Fee

The incentive fee consists of two parts: an income-based incentive fee and a capital gains incentive fee. The income-based incentive fee rewards the Adviser if our quarterly net investment income (before giving effect to any incentive fee) exceeds 1.75% of our net assets (the hurdle rate). The income-based incentive fee with respect to our pre-incentive fee net investment income is generally payable quarterly to the Adviser and is computed as follows:

no incentive fee in any calendar quarter in which our pre-incentive fee net investment income does not exceed the hurdle rate (7.0% annualized);

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100.0% of our pre-incentive fee net investment income with respect to that portion of such pre-incentive fee net investment income, if any, that exceeds the hurdle rate but is less than 2.1875% of our net assets, adjusted appropriately for any share issuances or repurchases during the period, in any calendar quarter (8.75% annualized); and

20.0% of the amount of our pre-incentive fee net investment income, if any, that exceeds 2.1875% of our net assets, adjusted appropriately for any share issuances or repurchases during the period, in any calendar quarter (8.75% annualized).

The second part of the incentive fee is a capital gains-based incentive fee that will be determined and payable in arrears as of the end of each fiscal year (or upon termination of the Advisory Agreement, as of the termination date) and equals 20.0% of our realized capital gains as of the end of the fiscal year. In determining the capital gains-based incentive fee payable to the Adviser, we calculate the cumulative aggregate realized capital gains and cumulative aggregate realized capital losses since our inception, and the entire portfolio's aggregate unrealized capital depreciation, if any and excluding any unrealized capital appreciation, as of the date of the calculation. For this purpose, cumulative aggregate realized capital gains, if any, equals the sum of the differences between the net sales price of each investment, when sold, and the original cost of such investment since inception. Cumulative aggregate realized capital losses equals the sum of the amounts by which the net sales price of each investment, when sold, is less than the original cost of such investment since inception. The entire portfolio's aggregate unrealized capital depreciation, if any, equals the sum of the difference, between the valuation of each investment as of the applicable calculation date and the original cost of such investment. At the end of the applicable fiscal year, the amount of capital gains that serves as the basis for our calculation of the capital gains-based incentive fee equals the cumulative aggregate realized capital gains less cumulative aggregate realized capital losses, less the entire portfolio's aggregate unrealized capital depreciation, if any. If this number is positive at the end of such fiscal year, then the capital gains-based incentive fee for such year equals 20.0% of such amount, less the aggregate amount of any capital gains-based incentive fees paid in respect of our portfolio in all prior years. No capital gains-based incentive fee has been recorded or paid since our inception through December 31, 2016, as cumulative unrealized capital depreciation has exceeded cumulative realized capital gains net of cumulative realized capital losses.

Additionally, in accordance with GAAP, a capital gains-based incentive fee accrual is calculated using the aggregate cumulative realized capital gains and losses and aggregate cumulative unrealized capital depreciation included in the calculation of the capital gains-based incentive fee. If such amount is positive at the end of a period, then GAAP requires us to record a capital gains-based incentive fee equal to 20.0% of such amount, less the aggregate amount of actual capital gains-based incentive fees paid in all prior years. If such amount is negative, then there is no accrual for such period. GAAP requires that the capital gains-based incentive fee accrual consider the cumulative aggregate unrealized capital appreciation in the calculation, as a capital gains-based incentive fee would be payable if such unrealized capital appreciation were realized. There can be no assurance that such unrealized capital appreciation will be realized in the future. No GAAP accrual for a capital gains-based incentive fee has been recorded or paid since our inception through December 31, 2016.

Our Board of Directors accepted an unconditional, non-contractual and irrevocable voluntary credit from the Adviser to reduce the income-based incentive fee to the extent net investment income did not 100.0% cover distributions to common stockholders for the three months ended December 31, 2016, and 2015.

Loan Servicing Fee

The Adviser also services the loans held by Business Loan (the borrower under the Credit Facility), in return for which the Adviser receives a 1.5% annual fee payable monthly based on the aggregate outstanding balance of loans

pledged under our Credit Facility (defined in Note 5 *Borrowings*). As discussed in the notes to the table above, we treat payment of the loan servicing fee pursuant to our line of credit as a pre-payment of the base management fee under the Advisory Agreement. Accordingly, these loan servicing fees are 100% voluntarily, irrevocably and unconditionally credited back to us by the Adviser.

Transactions with the Administrator

We pay the Administrator pursuant to the Administration Agreement for the portion of expenses the Administrator incurs while performing services for us. The Administrator's expenses are primarily rent and the salaries, benefits and expenses of the Administrator's employees, including, but not limited to, our chief financial officer and treasurer, chief compliance officer, chief valuation officer, and general counsel and secretary (who also serves as the Administrator's president, general counsel and secretary) and their respective staffs.

Two of our executive officers, David Gladstone (our chairman and chief executive officer) and Terry Brubaker (our vice chairman and chief operating officer) serve as members of the board of managers and executive officers of the Administrator, which is 100% indirectly owned and controlled by Mr. Gladstone.

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Our portion of the Administrator's expenses are generally derived by multiplying the Administrator's total expenses by the approximate percentage of time during the current quarter the Administrator's employees performed services for us in relation to their time spent performing services for all companies serviced by the Administrator. These administrative fees are accrued at the end of the quarter when the services are performed and recorded on our accompanying *Consolidated Statements of Operations* and generally paid the following quarter to the Administrator. On July 12, 2016, our Board of Directors approved the annual renewal of the Administration Agreement through August 31, 2017.

Other Transactions

Gladstone Securities, LLC (Gladstone Securities), a privately-held broker-dealer registered with the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority and insured by the Securities Investor Protection Corporation, which is 100% indirectly owned and controlled by Mr. Gladstone, our chairman and chief executive officer, has provided other services, such as investment banking and due diligence services, to certain of our portfolio companies, for which Gladstone Securities receives a fee. Any such fees paid by portfolio companies to Gladstone Securities do not impact the fees we pay to the Adviser or the unconditional, non-contractual and irrevocable voluntary credits against the base management fee or incentive fee. Gladstone Securities received fees from portfolio companies totaling \$0.1 million and \$0 during the three months ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Related Party Fees Due

Amounts due to related parties on our accompanying *Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities* were as follows:

| | December 31, 2016 | September 30, 2016 |
|---|-------------------|--------------------|
| Base management fee due (from) to Adviser | \$ (267) | \$ 162 |
| Loan servicing fee due to Adviser | 222 | 236 |
| Incentive fee due to Adviser | 1,256 | 824 |
| Total fees due to Adviser | 1,211 | 1,222 |
| Fee due to Administrator | 300 | 282 |
| Total Related Party Fees Due | \$ 1,511 | \$ 1,504 |

In addition to the above fees, other operating expenses due to the Adviser as of December 31, 2016 and September 30, 2016, totaled \$25 and \$10, respectively. In addition, other net co-investment expenses payable to Gladstone Investment (for reimbursement purposes) totaled \$2 and \$8 as of December 31, 2016 and September 30, 2016, respectively. These amounts were received or paid in full in the quarter subsequent to being incurred and have been included in other assets, net and other liabilities, as appropriate, on the accompanying *Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities* as of December 31, 2016 and September 30, 2016, respectively.

NOTE 5. BORROWINGS*Revolving Credit Facility*

On May 1, 2015, we, through Business Loan, entered into a Fifth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement with KeyBank National Association (KeyBank), as administrative agent, lead arranger and a lender (our Credit Facility), which increased the commitment amount from \$137.0 million to \$140.0 million, extended the revolving period end date by three years to January 19, 2019, decreased the marginal interest rate added to 30-day LIBOR from 3.75% to 3.25% per annum, set the unused commitment fee at 0.50% on all undrawn amounts, expanded the scope of eligible collateral, and amended certain other terms and conditions. If our Credit Facility is not renewed or extended by January 19, 2019, all principal and interest will be due and payable on or before April 19, 2020 (fifteen months after the revolving period end date). Subject to certain terms and conditions, our Credit Facility may be expanded up to a total of \$250.0 million through additional commitments of new or existing lenders. We incurred fees of approximately \$1.1 million in connection with this amendment, which are being amortized through our Credit Facility s revolving period end date of January 19, 2019.

On June 19, 2015, we through Business Loan, entered into certain joinder and assignment agreements with three new lenders to increase borrowing capacity under our Credit Facility by \$30.0 million to \$170.0 million. We incurred fees of approximately \$0.6 million in connection with this expansion, which are being amortized through our Credit Facility s revolving period end date of January 19, 2019.

On October 9, 2015 and August 18, 2016, we entered into Amendments No. 1 and 2 to our Credit Facility, respectively, each of which clarified various constraints on available borrowings.

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The following tables summarize noteworthy information related to our Credit Facility (at cost) as of December 31, 2016 and September 30, 2016 and during the three months ended December 31, 2016 and 2015:

| | December 31, 2016 | September 30, 2016 |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| Commitment amount | \$ 170,000 | \$ 170,000 |
| Borrowings outstanding, at cost | 28,200 | 71,300 |
| Availability ^(A) | 84,227 | 31,053 |

| | For the Three Months Ended December 31, | |
|--|--|-----------|
| | 2016 | 2015 |
| Weighted average borrowings outstanding, at cost | \$ 39,278 | \$ 74,132 |
| Weighted average interest rate ^(B) | 5.7% | 4.2% |
| Commitment (unused) fees incurred | \$ 166 | \$ 121 |

(A) Available borrowings are subject to various constraints imposed under our Credit Facility, based on the aggregate loan balance pledged by Business Loan, which varies as loans are added and repaid, regardless of whether such repayments are prepayments or made as contractually required.

(B) Includes unused commitment fees and excludes the impact of deferred financing fees.

Our Credit Facility also requires that any interest or principal payments on pledged loans be remitted directly by the borrower

into a lockbox account with KeyBank. KeyBank is also the trustee of the account and generally remits the collected funds to us once a month.

Our Credit Facility contains covenants that require Business Loan to maintain its status as a separate legal entity, prohibit certain significant corporate transactions (such as mergers, consolidations, liquidations or dissolutions), and restrict material changes to our credit and collection policies without the lenders' consent. Our Credit Facility also generally limits distributions to our stockholders on a fiscal year basis to the sum of our net investment income, net capital gains and amounts deemed to have been paid during the prior year in accordance with Section 855(a) of the Code. Business Loan is also subject to certain limitations on the type of loan investments it can apply as collateral towards the borrowing base to receive additional borrowing availability under our Credit Facility, including restrictions on geographic concentrations, sector concentrations, loan size, payment frequency and status, average life and lien property. Our Credit Facility further requires Business Loan to comply with other financial and operational covenants, which obligate Business Loan to, among other things, maintain certain financial ratios, including asset and interest coverage and a minimum number of 20 obligors required in the borrowing base.

Additionally, we are subject to a performance guaranty that requires us to maintain (i) a minimum net worth (defined in our Credit Facility to include our mandatorily redeemable preferred stock) of \$205.0 million plus 50.0% of all equity and subordinated debt raised after May 1, 2015 less 50% of any equity and subordinated debt retired or redeemed after May 1, 2015, which equates to \$223.2 million as of December 31, 2016, (ii) asset coverage with respect to senior securities representing indebtedness of at least 200%, in accordance with Section 18 of the 1940 Act, and (iii) our status as a BDC under the 1940 Act and as a RIC under the Code.

As of December 31, 2016, and as defined in the performance guaranty of our Credit Facility, we had a net worth of \$273.0 million, asset coverage on our senior securities representing indebtedness of 1,058.3%, calculated in compliance with the requirements of Section 18 of the 1940 Act, and an active status as a BDC and RIC. In addition, we had 32 obligors in our Credit Facility's borrowing base as of December 31, 2016. As of December 31, 2016, we were in compliance with all of our Credit Facility covenants.

Fair Value

We elected to apply the fair value option of ASC 825, *Financial Instruments*, specifically for the Credit Facility, which was consistent with our application of ASC 820 to our investments. Generally, the fair value of our Credit Facility is determined using a yield analysis which includes a DCF calculation and also takes into account the Valuation Team's own assumptions, including, but not limited to, the estimated remaining life, counterparty credit risk, current market yield and interest rate spreads of similar securities as of the measurement date. As of December 31, 2016, the discount rate used to determine the fair value of our Credit Facility was 30-day LIBOR, plus 3.15% per annum, plus a 0.64% unused fee. As of September 30, 2016, the discount rate used to determine the fair value of our Credit Facility was 30-day LIBOR, plus 3.25% per annum, plus a 0.50% unused fee. Generally, an increase or decrease in the discount rate used in the DCF calculation may result in a corresponding increase or decrease, respectively, in the fair value of our Credit Facility. As of December 31, 2016 and September 30, 2016, our Credit Facility was valued using Level 3 inputs and any changes in its fair value are recorded in net unrealized depreciation (appreciation) of other on our accompanying *Consolidated Statements of Operations*.

The following tables present our Credit Facility carried at fair value as of December 31, 2016 and September 30, 2016, on our accompanying *Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities* for Level 3 of the hierarchy established by ASC 820 and the changes in fair value of our Credit Facility during the three months ended December 31, 2016 and 2015:

| Total Recurring Fair Value Measurement Reported in <i>Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities</i> Using Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) | | |
|--|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| | December 31, 2016 | September 30, 2016 |
| Credit Facility | \$ 27,987 | \$ 71,300 |

Table of Contents**Fair Value Measurements Using Significant****Unobservable Data Inputs (Level 3)**

| | Three Months Ended December 31, | |
|--|--|------------------|
| | 2016 | 2015 |
| Fair value as of September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively | \$ 71,300 | \$ 127,300 |
| Borrowings | 24,200 | 14,500 |
| Repayments | (67,300) | (84,300) |
| Net unrealized depreciation ^(A) | (213) | |
| Fair Value as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively | \$ 27,987 | \$ 57,500 |

^(A) Included in net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of other on our accompanying *Consolidated Statements of Operations* for the three months ended December 31, 2016 and 2015.

The fair value of the collateral under our Credit Facility was \$250.7 million and \$282.0 million as of December 31, 2016 and September 30, 2016, respectively.

NOTE 6. MANDATORILY REDEEMABLE PREFERRED STOCK

In May 2014, we completed a public offering of approximately 2.4 million shares of 6.75% Series 2021 Term Preferred Stock, par value \$0.001 per share (Series 2021 Term Preferred Stock), at a public offering price of \$25.00 per share. Gross proceeds totaled \$61.0 million and net proceeds, after deducting underwriting discounts, commissions and offering expenses borne by us, were approximately \$58.5 million, a portion of which was used to voluntarily redeem all 1.5 million outstanding shares of our then existing 7.125% Series 2016 Term Preferred Stock, par value \$0.001 per share and the remainder was used to repay a portion of outstanding borrowings under our Credit Facility. We incurred \$2.5 million in total offering costs related to the issuance of our Series 2021 Term Preferred Stock, which are recorded as deferred financing fees on our accompanying *Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities* and are being amortized over the period ending June 30, 2021, the mandatory redemption date.

The shares of our Series 2021 Term Preferred Stock are traded under the ticker symbol **GLADO** on the NASDAQ Global Select Market. Our Series 2021 Term Preferred Stock is not convertible into our common stock or any other security and provides for a fixed dividend equal to 6.75% per year, payable monthly (which equates in total to approximately \$4.1 million per year). We are required to redeem all of the outstanding Series 2021 Term Preferred Stock on June 30, 2021 for cash at a redemption price equal to \$25.00 per share plus an amount equal to all unpaid dividends and distributions on such share accumulated to (but excluding) the date of redemption (the **Redemption Price**). We may additionally be required to mandatorily redeem some or all of the shares of our Series 2021 Term Preferred Stock early, at the **Redemption Price**, in the event of the following: (1) upon the occurrence of certain events that would constitute a change in control, and (2) if we fail to maintain an asset coverage ratio of at least 200% on our senior securities that are stock (which is currently only our Series 2021 Term Preferred Stock) and the failure remains for a period of 30 days following the filing date of our next SEC quarterly or annual report. We may also voluntarily redeem all or a portion of the Series 2021 Term Preferred Stock at our option at the **Redemption Price** at any time on or after June 30, 2017.

The asset coverage on our senior securities that are stock as of December 31, 2016 was 335.5%, calculated in accordance with Section 18 of the 1940 Act. If we fail to redeem our Series 2021 Term Preferred Stock pursuant to the mandatory redemption required on June 30, 2021, or in any other circumstance in which we are required to mandatorily redeem our Series 2021 Term Preferred Stock, then the fixed dividend rate will increase by 4.0% for so long as such failure continues. As of December 31, 2016, we have not redeemed, nor have we been required to redeem, any shares of our outstanding Series 2021 Term Preferred Stock.

We paid the following monthly distributions on our Series 2021 Term Preferred Stock for the three months ended December 31, 2015:

| Fiscal Year | Declaration Date | Record Date | Payment Date | Distribution per Series 2021 Term Preferred Share |
|--|-------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--|
| 2016 | October 13, 2015 | October 26, 2015 | November 4, 2015 | \$ 0.1406250 |
| | October 13, 2015 | November 17, 2015 | November 30, 2015 | 0.1406250 |
| | October 13, 2015 | December 18, 2015 | December 31, 2015 | 0.1406250 |
| Three Months Ended December 31, 2015: | | | | \$ 0.4218750 |

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We paid the following monthly distributions on our Series 2021 Term Preferred Stock for the three months ended December 31, 2016:

| Fiscal Year | Declaration Date | Record Date | Payment Date | Distribution per Series 2021 Term Preferred Share |
|--------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--|
| 2017 | October 11, 2016 | October 21, 2016 | October 31, 2016 | \$ 0.1406250 |
| | October 11, 2016 | November 17, 2016 | November 30, 2016 | 0.1406250 |
| | October 11, 2016 | December 20, 2016 | December 30, 2016 | 0.1406250 |

Three Months Ended December 31, 2016: \$ 0.4218750

In accordance with ASC 480, *Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity*, mandatorily redeemable financial instruments should be classified as liabilities in the balance sheet and we have recorded our mandatorily redeemable preferred stock as a liability, at cost, as of December 31, 2016 and September 30, 2016. The related distribution payments to our mandatorily redeemable preferred stockholders are treated as dividend expense on our statement of operations as of the ex-dividend date. For disclosure purposes, the fair value, based on the last quoted closing price, for our Series 2021 Term Preferred Stock as of December 31, 2016 and September 30, 2016, was approximately \$62.2 million and \$62.4 million, respectively. We consider our mandatorily redeemable preferred stock to be a Level 1 liability within the ASC 820 hierarchy.

Aggregate preferred stockholder dividends declared and paid on our Series 2021 Term Preferred Stock for the three months ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, was \$1.0 million. For federal income tax purposes, distributions paid by us to preferred stockholders generally constitute ordinary income to the extent of our current and accumulated earnings and profits.

NOTE 7. REGISTRATION STATEMENT, COMMON EQUITY OFFERINGS AND SHARE REPURCHASES

Registration Statement

We filed Post-Effective Amendment No. 2 to our current universal shelf registration statement (our Registration Statement) on Form N-2 (File No. 333-208637) with the SEC on December 22, 2016, which was declared effective by the SEC on February 6, 2017. Our Registration Statement permits us to issue, through one or more transactions, up to an aggregate of \$300.0 million in securities, consisting of common stock, preferred stock, subscription rights, debt securities and warrants to purchase common stock, preferred stock or debt securities. After our common stock offering in October 2016, we currently have the ability to issue up to \$282.7 million in securities under the Registration Statement.

Common Stock Offerings

Pursuant to our current registration statement, in October 2016, we completed a public offering of 2.0 million shares of our common stock at a public offering price of \$7.98 per share, which was below our then current NAV per share. In November 2016, the underwriters partially exercised their overallotment option to purchase an additional 173,444 shares of our common stock. Gross proceeds totaled \$17.3 million and net proceeds, after deducting underwriting discounts and offering costs borne by us, were approximately \$16.4 million.

Pursuant to our prior registration statement, on October 27, 2015, we completed a public offering of 2.0 million shares of our common stock at a public offering price of \$8.55 per share, which was below our then current NAV per share. In November 2015, the underwriters exercised their option to purchase an additional 300,000 shares. Gross proceeds totaled \$19.7 million and net proceeds, after deducting underwriting discounts and offering costs borne by us, were approximately \$18.4 million.

Pursuant to our prior registration statement, on February 27, 2015, we entered into equity distribution agreements (commonly referred to as at-the-market agreements or the Sales Agreements) with KeyBanc Capital Markets Inc. and Cantor Fitzgerald & Co., each a Sales Agent, under which we may issue and sell, from time to time, through the Sales Agents, up to an aggregate offering price of \$50.0 million shares of our common stock. We did not sell any shares under the Sales Agreements during the year ended September 30, 2016 or the three months ended December 31, 2016.

Share Repurchases

In January 2016, our Board of Directors authorized a share repurchase program for up to an aggregate of \$7.5 million of the Company's common stock. The repurchases are intended to be implemented through open market transactions on U.S. exchanges or in privately negotiated transactions, in accordance with applicable securities laws, and any market purchases will be made during open trading window periods or pursuant to any applicable Rule 10b5-1 trading plans. The timing, prices, and amounts of repurchases will depend upon prevailing market prices, general economic and market conditions and other considerations. The repurchase program does not obligate us to acquire any particular number of shares of common stock. The termination date was the earlier of repurchasing the total authorized amount of \$7.5 million or January 31, 2017. During the year ended September 30, 2016, we repurchased 87,200

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shares of our common stock at an average share price of \$6.53, resulting in gross purchases of \$0.6 million. We did not repurchase any shares during the three months ended December 31, 2016 and there were no repurchases through the termination date of the program on January 31, 2017.

Table of Contents**NOTE 8. NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN NET ASSETS RESULTING FROM OPERATIONS PER COMMON SHARE**

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations per weighted average common share for the three months ended December 31, 2016 and 2015:

| | Three Months Ended December 31, | |
|--|--|------------------|
| | 2016 | 2015 |
| Numerator for basic and diluted net (decrease) increase in net assets resulting from operations per common share | \$ 916 | \$ (8,704) |
| Denominator for basic and diluted weighted average common shares | 24,778,970 | 22,687,057 |
| Basic and diluted net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations per common share | \$ 0.04 | \$ (0.38) |

NOTE 9. DISTRIBUTIONS TO COMMON STOCKHOLDERS

To qualify to be taxed as a RIC, we are required to distribute to our stockholders 90.0% of our investment company taxable income. The amount to be paid out as distributions to our stockholders is determined by our Board of Directors quarterly and is based on management's estimate of the fiscal year earnings. Based on that estimate, our Board of Directors declares three monthly distributions to common stockholders each quarter.

The federal income tax characteristics of all distributions will be reported to stockholders on the Internal Revenue Service Form 1099 at the end of each calendar year.

We paid the following monthly distributions to common stockholders for the three months ended December 31, 2016 and 2015:

| Fiscal Year | Declaration | | | Distribution per Common Share |
|--|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|
| | Date | Record Date | Payment Date | |
| 2017 | October 11, 2016 | October 21, 2016 | October 31, 2016 | \$ 0.07 |
| | October 11, 2016 | November 17, 2016 | November 30, 2016 | 0.07 |
| | October 11, 2016 | December 20, 2016 | December 30, 2016 | 0.07 |
| Three Months Ended December 31, 2016: | | | | \$ 0.21 |
| 2016 | October 13, 2015 | October 26, 2015 | November 4, 2015 | \$ 0.07 |
| | October 13, 2015 | November 17, 2015 | November 30, 2015 | 0.07 |
| | October 13, 2015 | December 18, 2015 | December 31, 2015 | 0.07 |

Three Months Ended December 31,
2015: \$ 0.21

Aggregate distributions declared and paid to our common stockholders for the three months ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, were each approximately \$5.2 million and \$4.8 million, respectively, and were declared based on estimates of investment company taxable income for the respective periods. For our federal income tax reporting purposes, we determine the tax characterization of our common stockholder distributions at fiscal year-end based upon our investment company taxable income for the full fiscal year and distributions paid during the full fiscal year. Therefore, a determination of tax characterization made on a quarterly basis may not be representative of the actual tax characterization of distributions for the full year. If we determined the tax characterization of our distributions as of December 31, 2016, 100% would be from ordinary income and 0% would be a return of capital. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, our current and accumulated earnings and profits (after taking into account our mandatorily redeemable preferred stock dividends), exceeded common stock distributions declared and paid, and, in accordance with Section 855(a) of the Code, we elected to treat \$5.5 million of the first common distributions paid in fiscal year 2016 as having been paid in the respective prior year.

For the three months ended December 31, 2016 and the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, we recorded the following adjustments for book-tax differences to reflect tax character.

| | Three Months Ended December 31, 2016 | Year Ended September 30, 2016 |
|--|---|--|
| Under (over) distributed net investment income | \$ (4,821) | \$ 5,818 |
| Accumulated net realized losses | 5,020 | (7,754) |
| Capital in excess of par value | (199) | 1,936 |

Table of Contents**NOTE 10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES***Legal Proceedings*

We are party to certain legal proceedings incidental to the normal course of our business. We are required to establish reserves for litigation matters where those matters present loss contingencies that are both probable and estimable. When loss contingencies are not both probable and estimable, we do not establish reserves. Based on current knowledge, we do not believe that loss contingencies, if any, arising from pending investigations, litigation or regulatory matters will have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations or cash flows. Additionally, based on our current knowledge, we do not believe such loss contingencies are both probable and estimable and therefore, as of December 31, 2016 and September 30, 2016, we have not established reserves for such loss contingencies.

Financial Commitments and Obligations

We have lines of credit, delayed draw term loans, and an uncalled capital commitment with certain of our portfolio companies that have not been fully drawn. Since these commitments have expiration dates and we expect many will never be fully drawn, the total commitment amounts do not necessarily represent future cash requirements. We estimate the fair value of the combined unused lines of credit, the unused delayed draw term loan and the uncalled capital commitment as of December 31, 2016 and September 30, 2016 to be immaterial.

The following table summarizes the amounts of our unused lines of credit, delayed draw term loans and uncalled capital commitment, at cost, as of December 31, 2016 and September 30, 2016, which are not reflected as liabilities in the accompanying *Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities*:

| | December 31, 2016 | September 30, 2016 |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| Unused line of credit commitments | \$ 6,692 | \$ 6,397 |
| Delayed draw term loans | 3,200 | 1,300 |
| Uncalled capital commitment | 1,581 | 2,004 |
| Total | \$ 11,473 | \$ 9,701 |

Table of Contents**NOTE 11. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

| | Three Months Ended December 31, | |
|--|--|-------------|
| | 2016 | 2015 |
| <u>Per Common Share Data^(A):</u> | | |
| Net asset value at beginning of period ^(A) | \$ 8.62 | \$ 9.06 |
| Net investment income ^(B) | 0.21 | 0.21 |
| Net realized and unrealized (loss) ^(B) | (0.17) | (0.59) |
| Total from operations | 0.04 | (0.38) |
| Distributions to common stockholders ^{(A)(C)} | (0.21) | (0.21) |
| Offering costs for issuance of common stock | (0.04) | (0.05) |
| Dilutive effect of common stock issuance ^(D) | (0.06) | (0.05) |
| Other, net ^(E) | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| Net asset value at end of period ^(A) | \$ 8.36 | \$ 8.38 |
| Market value at beginning of period | \$ 8.13 | \$ 8.13 |
| Market value at end of period | 9.39 | 7.31 |
| Total return ^(F) | 18.4% | (7.76)% |
| Common shares outstanding at end of period | 25,517,866 | 23,431,622 |
| <u>Statement of Assets and Liabilities Data:</u> | | |
| Net assets at end of period | \$ 213,385 | \$ 196,470 |
| Average net assets ^(G) | 214,052 | 205,123 |
| <u>Senior Securities Data:</u> | | |
| Borrowings under Credit Facility, at cost | \$ 28,200 | \$ 57,500 |
| Mandatorily redeemable preferred stock, at liquidation preference | 61,000 | 61,000 |
| <u>Ratios/Supplemental Data:</u> | | |
| Ratio of net expenses to average net assets-annualized ^{(H)(I)} | 8.91% | 10.34% |
| Ratio of net investment income to average net assets-annualized ^(J) | 9.73 | 9.28 |

(A) Based on actual common shares outstanding at the end of the corresponding period.

(B) Based on weighted average basic common share data for the corresponding period.

(C) Distributions to common stockholders are determined based on taxable income calculated in accordance with income tax regulations which may differ from income amounts determined under GAAP.

(D) During the fiscal quarters ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, the dilution was a result of issuing common shares during the respective periods at a price below the then current NAV per share.

(E) Represents the impact of the different share amounts (weighted average basic common shares outstanding for the corresponding period and actual common shares outstanding at the end of the corresponding period) in the Per Common Share Data calculations and rounding impacts.

- (F) Total return equals the change in the ending market value of our common stock from the beginning of the period, taking into account common stockholder distributions reinvested in accordance with the terms of the dividend reinvestment plan. Total return does not take into account common stockholder distributions that may be characterized as a return of capital. For further information on the estimated character of our distributions to common stockholders, please refer to Note 9 *Distributions to Common Stockholders*.
- (G) Average net assets are computed using the average of the balance of net assets at the end of each month of the reporting period.
- (H) Ratio of net expenses to average net assets is computed using total expenses, net of credits from the Adviser, to the base management, loan servicing and incentive fees.
- (I) Had we not received any credits to the incentive fee due to the Adviser, the ratio of net expenses to average net assets would have been 8.98% and 10.9% for the fiscal quarters ended December 31, 2016 and 2015.
- (J) Had we not received any credits to the incentive fee due to the Adviser, the ratio of net investment income to average net assets would have been 9.66% and 8.72% for the fiscal quarters ended December 31, 2016 and 2015.

Table of Contents**NOTE 12. UNCONSOLIDATED SIGNIFICANT SUBSIDIARIES**

In accordance with the SEC's Regulation S-X, we do not consolidate portfolio company investments. Further, in accordance with ASC 946, we are precluded from consolidating any entity other than another investment company, except that ASC 946 provides for the consolidation of a controlled operating company that provides substantially all of its services to the investment company or its consolidated subsidiaries.

We had three unconsolidated subsidiaries, Defiance Integrated Technologies, Inc., PIC 360, LLC, and Sunshine Media Holdings, that met at least one of the significance conditions under Rule 1-02(w) of the SEC's Regulation S-X as of or during at least one of the three month periods ended December 31, 2016 and 2015. Accordingly, summarized, comparative financial information, in aggregate, is presented below for the three months ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 for our unconsolidated significant subsidiaries.

| Income Statement | Three Months Ended December 31, | |
|-------------------------|--|-------------|
| | 2016 | 2015 |
| Net sales | \$ 8,648 | \$ 10,566 |
| Gross profit | 2,172 | 2,696 |
| Net loss | (702) | (258) |

NOTE 13. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS*Portfolio Activity*

In February 2017, we invested \$10.0 million in Belnick, Inc. through secured second lien debt.

Distributions to Stockholders

In January 2017, our Board of Directors declared the following monthly cash distributions to common and preferred stockholders:

| Record Date | Payment Date | Distribution per Common Share | Distribution per Series 2021 Term Preferred Share |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| January 20, 2017 | January 31, 2017 | \$ 0.07 | \$ 0.140625 |
| February 16, 2017 | February 28, 2017 | 0.07 | 0.140625 |
| March 22, 2017 | March 31, 2017 | 0.07 | 0.140625 |
| Total for the Quarter: | | \$ 0.21 | \$ 0.421875 |

Table of Contents**ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

All statements contained herein, other than historical facts, may constitute forward-looking statements. These statements may relate to, among other things, our future operating results, our business prospects and the prospects of our portfolio companies, actual and potential conflicts of interest with Gladstone Management Corporation, our adviser, and its affiliates, the use of borrowed money to finance our investments, the adequacy of our financing sources and working capital, and our ability to co-invest, among other factors. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as estimate, may, might, believe, will, provided, anticipate, future, could, growth, plan, intend, expect, should, would, if, likely or the negative of such terms or comparable terminology. These forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results, levels of activity, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Such factors include, but are not limited to: (1) the recurrence or impact of adverse events in the economy and the capital markets, including stock price volatility; (2) risks associated with negotiation and consummation of pending and future transactions; (3) the loss of one or more of our executive officers, in particular David Gladstone, Terry Lee Brubaker or Robert L. Marcotte; (4) changes in our investment objectives and strategy; (5) availability, terms (including the possibility of interest rate volatility) and deployment of capital; (6) changes in our industry, interest rates, exchange rates or the general economy; (7) the degree and nature of our competition; (8) our ability to maintain our qualification as a RIC and as business development company; and (9) those factors described herein, including Item 1A. Risk Factors and in the Risk Factors sections of our Annual Report on Form 10-K (our Annual Report) filed with the U.S Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on November 21, 2016. We caution readers not to place undue reliance on any such forward-looking statements. Actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in our forward-looking statements and future results could differ materially from historical performance. We have based forward-looking statements on information available to us on the date of this report. Except as required by the federal securities laws, we undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise or any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, after the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Although we undertake no obligation to revise or update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, you are advised to consult any additional disclosures that we may make directly to you or through reports that we have filed or in the future may file with the SEC, including annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and current reports on Form 8-K.

The following analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our accompanying *Consolidated Financial Statements* and the notes thereto contained elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and in our Annual Report. Historical financial condition and results of operations and percentage relationships among any amounts in the financial statements are not necessarily indicative of financial condition or results of operations for any future periods.

OVERVIEW**General**

We were incorporated under the Maryland General Corporation Law on May 30, 2001. We operate as an externally managed, closed-end, non-diversified management investment company, and have elected to be treated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. In addition, for federal income tax purposes we have elected to be treated as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code. As a BDC and a RIC, we are subject to certain constraints, including limitations imposed

by the 1940 Act and the Code.

We were established for the purpose of investing in debt and equity securities of established private business operating in the U.S. Our investment objectives are to: (1) achieve and grow current income by investing in debt securities of established businesses that we believe will provide stable earnings and cash flow to pay expenses, make principal and interest payments on our outstanding indebtedness and make distributions to stockholders that grow over time; and (2) provide our stockholders with long-term capital appreciation in the value of our assets by investing in equity securities of established businesses that we believe can grow over time to permit us to sell our equity investments for capital gains. To achieve our investment objectives, our investment strategy is to invest in several categories of debt and equity securities, with each investment generally ranging from \$8 million to \$30 million, although investment size may vary, depending upon our total assets or available capital at the time of investment. We expect that our investment portfolio over time will consist of approximately 90.0% debt investments and 10.0% equity investments, at cost. As of December 31, 2016, our investment portfolio was made up of approximately 89.9% debt investments and 10.1% equity investments, at cost.

We focus on investing in lower middle market companies (which we generally define as companies with annual earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization of \$3 million to \$15 million) in the U.S. that meet certain criteria, including, but not limited to, the following: the sustainability of the business free cash flow and its ability to grow it over time, adequate assets for loan collateral, experienced management teams with a significant ownership interest in the borrower, reasonable capitalization of the borrower, including an ample equity contribution or cushion based on prevailing enterprise valuation multiples and, to a lesser extent, the potential to realize appreciation and gain liquidity in our equity position, if any. We lend to borrowers that need funds for growth

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capital or to finance acquisitions or recapitalize or refinance their existing debt facilities. We seek to avoid investing in high-risk, early-stage enterprises. Our targeted portfolio companies are generally considered too small for the larger capital marketplace. We invest by ourselves or jointly with other funds and/or management of the portfolio company, depending on the opportunity and have opportunistically made several co-investments with our affiliate Gladstone Investment, pursuant to the Co-Investment Order. We believe this ability to co-invest will continue to enhance our ability to further our investment objectives and strategies. If we are participating in an investment with one or more co-investors, our investment is likely to be smaller than if we were investing alone.

We are externally managed by Gladstone Management Corporation (the *Adviser*), an investment adviser registered with the SEC and an affiliate of ours, pursuant to an investment advisory and management agreement (the *Advisory Agreement*). The Adviser manages our investment activities. We have also entered into an administration agreement (the *Administration Agreement*) with Gladstone Administration, LLC (the *Administrator*), an affiliate of ours and the Adviser, whereby we pay separately for administrative services.

Additionally, since February 2011, Gladstone Securities, LLC (*Gladstone Securities*), a privately-held broker-dealer registered with the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority and insured by the Securities Investor Protection Corporation, which is 100% indirectly owned and controlled by Mr. Gladstone, our chairman and chief executive officer, has provided other services, such as investment banking and due diligence services, to certain of our portfolio companies, for which Gladstone Securities receives a fee.

Our shares of common stock and 6.75% Series 2021 Term Preferred Stock (our *Series 2021 Term Preferred Stock*) are traded on the NASDAQ Global Select Market (*NASDAQ*) under the trading symbols *GLAD* and *GLADO*, respectively.

Business

Portfolio and Investment Activity

During the three months ended December 31, 2016, we invested \$17.2 million in three new portfolio companies and extended \$3.9 million of investments to existing portfolio companies. In addition, during the three months ended December 31, 2016, we exited 4 portfolio companies through sales and early payoffs. We received a total of \$50.5 million in combined net proceeds and principal repayments from the aforementioned portfolio company exits as well as existing portfolio companies during the three months ended December 31, 2016. This activity resulted in a net reduction in our overall portfolio of one portfolio company to 44 and a net decrease of 8.6% in our portfolio at cost since September 30, 2016. Continuing into fiscal year 2017, we intend to continue to show our stockholders new conservative investments in businesses with steady cash flows. We are focused on building our pipeline and making investments that meet our objectives and strategies and that provide appropriate returns, in light of the accompanying risks. Since our initial public offering in August 2001, we have made 449 different loans to, or investments in, 209 companies for a total of approximately \$1.6 billion, before giving effect to principal repayments on investments and divestitures.

During the three months ended December 31, 2016, the following significant transactions occurred:

In October 2016, RP Crown Parent, LLC paid off at par for proceeds of \$2.0 million.

In October 2016, our \$3.9 million secured first lien debt investment in Vertellus Specialties, Inc. was restructured. As a result of the restructure, we received a new \$1.1 million secured second lien debt investment in Vertellus Holdings LLC and common equity with a cost basis of \$3.0 million.

In November 2016, we completed the sale of substantially all the assets of RBC Acquisition Corp. (RBC) for net proceeds of \$36.3 million, which resulted in a realized loss of \$2.3 million. In connection with the sale, we received success fee income of \$1.1 million and net receivables of \$1.5 million, which are recorded within Other assets, net.

In November 2016, we invested \$5.2 million in Sea Link International IRB, Inc. through secured second lien debt and equity.

In December 2016, we sold our investment in Behrens Manufacturing, LLC (Behrens), which resulted in success fee income of \$0.4 million and a realized gain of \$2.5 million. In connection with the sale, we received net cash proceeds of \$8.2 million, including the repayment of our debt investment of \$4.3 million at par.

In December 2016, we invested \$7.0 million in Vacation Rental Pros Property Management, LLC through secured second lien debt.

In December 2016, Autoparts Holdings Limited paid off at par for proceeds of \$0.7 million.

In December 2016, we invested \$5.0 million in LDiscovery, LLC through secured second lien debt.

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Refer to Note 13 *Subsequent Events* in the accompanying *Consolidated Financial Statements* included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for portfolio activity occurring subsequent to December 31, 2016.

Capital Raising

We have been able to meet our capital needs through extensions of and increases to the Credit Facility and by accessing the capital markets in the form of public equity offerings. We have successfully extended the Credit Facility's revolving period multiple times, most recently to January 2019, and currently have a total commitment amount of \$170.0 million. Additionally, we issued 2.3 million shares of common stock for gross proceeds of \$19.8 million in October 2015, inclusive of the November 2015 overallotment, and we issued approximately 2.2 million shares of our common stock for gross proceeds of \$17.3 million in October 2016, inclusive of the November 2016 overallotment. Refer to *Liquidity and Capital Resources - Equity - Common Stock* for further discussion of our common stock and *Liquidity and Capital Resources - Revolving Credit Facility* for further discussion of our Credit Facility.

Although we were able to access the capital markets over the last year, we believe uncertain market conditions continue to affect the trading price of our capital stock and thus may inhibit our ability to finance new investments through the issuance of equity. The current volatility in the credit market and the uncertainty surrounding the U.S. economy have led to significant stock market fluctuations, particularly with respect to the stock of financial services companies like ours. During times of increased price volatility, our common stock may be more likely to trade at a price below our NAV per share, which is not uncommon for BDCs like us.

When our stock trades below NAV per common share, as it has fairly consistently over the last several years, our ability to issue equity is constrained by provisions of the 1940 Act, which generally prohibits the issuance and sale of our common stock below NAV per common share without first obtaining approval from our stockholders and our independent directors, other than through sales to our then-existing stockholders pursuant to a rights offering. At our annual meeting of stockholders held on February 11, 2016, our stockholders approved a proposal which authorizes us to sell shares of our common stock at a price below our then current NAV per common share subject to certain limitations (including, but not limited to, that the number of shares issued and sold pursuant to such authority does not exceed 25.0% of our then outstanding common stock immediately prior to each such sale) for a period of one year from the date of approval, provided that our Board of Directors makes certain determinations prior to any such sale. We completed the abovementioned October 2016 common stock offering as a result of the stockholder approval of the proposal at our 2016 Annual Meeting of Stockholders and additional Board of Directors approval. We are not requesting that our stockholders approve the Company's ability to issue shares of common stock at a price below NAV at the Company's 2017 Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be held in February. Should we decide to issue shares of common stock at a price below NAV, we will seek the requisite approval of our stockholders.

On February 7, 2016, the closing market price of our common stock was \$9.91, an 18.5% premium to our December 31, 2016 NAV per share of \$8.36.

Regulatory Compliance

Our ability to seek external debt financing, to the extent that it is available under current market conditions, is further subject to the asset coverage limitations of the 1940 Act, which require us to have an asset coverage ratio (as defined in Section 18(h) of the 1940 Act) of at least 200% on our senior securities representing indebtedness and our senior securities that are stock. As of December 31, 2016, our asset coverage ratio on our senior securities representing indebtedness was 1,058.3% and our asset coverage ratio on our senior securities that are stock was 335.5%.

Recent Developments

Common Stock Offering

In October 2016, we completed a public offering of 2.0 million shares of our common stock. In November 2016, the underwriters partially exercised their overallotment option to purchase an additional 173,444 shares of our common stock. Gross proceeds totaled \$17.3 million and net proceeds, after deducting underwriting discounts and offering costs borne by us, were approximately \$16.4 million. Refer to *Liquidity and Capital Resources Equity Common Stock* of this Item 7 for further discussion of our common stock offerings.

Registration Statement

We filed Post-Effective Amendment No. 2 to our current universal shelf registration statement (our Registration Statement) on Form N-2 (File No. 333-208637) with the SEC on December 22, 2016, which was declared effective by the SEC on February 6, 2017. Our Registration Statement permits us to issue, through one or more transactions, up to an aggregate of \$300.0 million in securities, consisting of common stock, preferred stock, subscription rights, debt securities and warrants to purchase common stock, preferred stock or debt securities. We currently have the ability to issue up to \$282.7 million in securities under the Registration Statement.

Table of Contents***Distributions***

On January 10, 2017, our Board of Directors declared the following monthly cash distributions to common and preferred stockholders:

| Record Date | Payment Date | Distribution per Common Share | Distribution per Series 2021 Term Preferred Share |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| January 20, 2017 | January 31, 2017 | \$ 0.07 | \$ 0.140625 |
| February 16, 2017 | February 28, 2017 | 0.07 | 0.140625 |
| March 22, 2017 | March 31, 2017 | 0.07 | 0.140625 |
| Total for the Quarter: | | \$ 0.21 | \$ 0.421875 |

Table of Contents**RESULTS OF OPERATIONS****Comparison of the Three Months Ended December 31, 2016, to the Three Months Ended December 31, 2015**

| | Three Months Ended December 31, | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | \$ | | | |
| | 2016 | 2015 | Change | % Change |
| INVESTMENT INCOME | | | | |
| Interest income | \$ 8,633 | \$ 9,184 | \$ (551) | (6.0)% |
| Other income | 1,341 | 876 | 465 | 53.1 |
| Total investment income | 9,974 | 10,060 | (86) | (0.9) |
| EXPENSES | | | | |
| Base management fee | 1,378 | 1,528 | (150) | (9.8) |
| Loan servicing fee | 983 | 1,008 | (25) | (2.5) |
| Incentive fee | 1,293 | 1,118 | 175 | 15.7 |
| Administration fee | 300 | 336 | (36) | (10.7) |
| Interest expense on borrowings | 556 | 785 | (229) | (29.2) |
| Dividend expense on mandatorily redeemable preferred stock | 1,029 | 1,029 | | |
| Amortization of deferred financing fees | 273 | 255 | 18 | 7.1 |
| Other expenses | 637 | 636 | 1 | NM |
| Expenses, before credits from Adviser | 6,449 | 6,695 | (246) | (3.7) |
| Credit to base management fee loan servicing fee | (983) | (1,008) | 25 | (2.5) |
| Credits to fees from Adviser - other | (699) | (386) | (313) | 81.1 |
| Total expenses, net of credits | 4,767 | 5,301 | (534) | (10.1) |
| NET INVESTMENT INCOME | 5,207 | 4,759 | 448 | 9.4 |
| NET REALIZED AND UNREALIZED GAIN (LOSS) | | | | |
| Net realized (loss) gain on investments and other | (3,448) | 15,380 | (18,828) | (122.4) |
| Net unrealized (depreciation) appreciation of investments | (1,055) | (28,843) | 27,788 | (96.3) |
| Net unrealized depreciation of other | 212 | | 212 | NM |
| Net loss from investments and other | (4,291) | (13,463) | 9,172 | (68.1)% |
| NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN NET ASSETS RESULTING FROM OPERATIONS | \$ 916 | \$ (8,704) | \$ 9,620 | (110.5)% |

NM = Not Meaningful

Investment Income

Interest income decreased by 6.0% for the three months ended December 31, 2016, as compared to the prior year period. The decrease was driven by a decrease in the principal balance of our interest bearing investment portfolio outstanding during the period. The weighted average principal balance of our interest-bearing investment portfolio during the three months ended December 31, 2016, was \$298.8 million, compared to \$338.3 million for the prior year period, a decrease of 11.7%. This decrease was due primarily to exits that occurred during the first quarter of fiscal year 2017, discussed under *Portfolio and Investment Activity* above. The weighted average yield on our interest-bearing investment portfolio is based on the current stated interest rate on interest-bearing investments which was 11.3% for the three months ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, inclusive of any allowances on interest receivables made during those periods.

As of December 31, 2016 and 2015, one portfolio company, Sunshine Media Holdings (*Sunshine*), was partially on non-accrual status, with an aggregate debt cost basis of approximately \$19.1 million and \$22.6 million, or 6.1% and 6.7%, of the cost basis of all debt investments in our portfolio, respectively.

For the three months ended December 31, 2016, other income, consisting primarily of success fee income, increased by 53.1% as compared to the prior year period. For the three months ended December 31, 2015, other income consisted primarily of \$0.5 million in dividend income received and \$0.3 million in success fees recognized.

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The following tables list the investment income for our five largest portfolio company investments at fair value during the respective periods:

| Company | As of December 31, 2016 | | Three Months Ended December 31, 2016 | |
|--|-------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------|
| | Fair Value | % of Portfolio | Investment Income | % of Total Income |
| IA Tech, LLC | \$ 23,345 | 8.1% | \$ 705 | 7.1% |
| WadeCo Specialties, Inc. | 18,443 | 6.4 | 477 | 4.8 |
| United Flexible, Inc. | 18,196 | 6.3 | 568 | 5.7 |
| Lignetics, Inc. | 13,809 | 4.8 | 429 | 4.3 |
| AG Transportation Holdings, LLC | 13,130 | 4.6 | 440 | 4.4 |
| Subtotal five largest investments | 86,923 | 30.2 | 2,619 | 26.3 |
| Other portfolio companies | 201,323 | 69.8 | 7,355 | 73.7 |
| Total Investment Portfolio | \$ 288,246 | 100.0% | \$ 9,974 | 100.0% |

| Company | As of December 31, 2015 | | Three Months Ended December 31, 2015 | |
|--|-------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------|
| | Fair Value | % of Portfolio | Investment Income | % of Total Income |
| WadeCo Specialties, Inc. | \$ 21,446 | 7.2% | \$ 524 | 5.2% |
| RBC Acquisition Corp. | 20,754 | 6.9 | 784 | 7.8 |
| United Flexible, Inc. | 20,112 | 6.7 | 475 | 4.7 |
| Francis Drilling Fluids, Ltd. | 17,415 | 5.8 | 642 | 6.4 |
| Lignetics, Inc. | 16,366 | 5.5 | 460 | 4.6 |
| Subtotal five largest investments | 96,093 | 32.1 | 2,885 | 28.7 |
| Other portfolio companies | 203,598 | 67.9 | 7,175 | 71.3 |
| Total Investment Portfolio | \$ 299,691 | 100.0% | \$ 10,060 | 100.0% |

Expenses

Expenses, net of any unconditional, non-contractual and irrevocable voluntary credits to fees from the Adviser, decreased by 10.1% for the three months ended December 31, 2016, as compared to the prior year period. This decrease was primarily due to a decrease in interest expense on borrowings and a decrease in net base management fees, partially offset by an increase in net incentive fee.

Interest expense on borrowings decreased by \$0.2 million, or 29.2%, during the three months ended December 31, 2016, as compared to the prior year period, due primarily to a decrease in the borrowings outstanding under our Credit Facility during the period due to the sales and payoffs discussed above. The weighted average balance outstanding under our Credit Facility during the three months ended December 31, 2016, was \$39.3 million, as compared to

\$74.1 million in the prior year period, a decrease of 47.0%.

Net base management fee earned by the Adviser decreased by \$0.7 million, or 49.9%, during the three months ended December 31, 2016, as compared to the prior year period, resulting from a decrease in the average total assets outstanding. This decrease was offset by a \$0.4 million increase in net incentive fees. Our Board of Directors accepted an unconditional, non-contractual and irrevocable voluntary credit of \$37 from the Adviser to reduce the income-based incentive fee to the extent net investment income for the quarter ended December 31, 2016 did not cover 100.0% of the distributions to common stockholders during the period. The credit granted for the quarter ended December 31, 2015, was \$0.3 million.

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The base management, loan servicing and incentive fees, and associated unconditional, non-contractual, and irrevocable voluntary credits, are computed quarterly, as described under *Transactions with the Adviser* in Note 4 *Related Party Transactions* of the notes to our accompanying *Consolidated Financial Statements* and are summarized in the following table:

| | Three Months Ended December 31, | |
|--|--|-------------|
| | 2016 | 2015 |
| Average total assets subject to base management fee ^(A) | \$ 315,000 | \$ 349,300 |
| Multiplied by prorated annual base management fee of 1.75% | 0.4375% | 0.4375% |
| Base management fee^(B) | \$ 1,378 | \$ 1,528 |
| Portfolio company fee credit | (649) | (65) |
| Senior syndicated loan fee credit | (13) | (33) |
| Net Base Management Fee | \$ 716 | \$ 1,430 |
| Loan servicing fee^(B) | 983 | 1,088 |
| Credit to base management fee - loan servicing fee ^(B) | (983) | (1,088) |
| Net Loan Servicing Fee | \$ | \$ |
| Incentive fee^(B) | 1,293 | 1,118 |
| Incentive fee credit | (37) | (288) |
| Net Incentive Fee | \$ 1,256 | \$ 830 |
| Portfolio company fee credit | (649) | (65) |
| Senior syndicated loan fee credit | (13) | (33) |
| Incentive fee credit | (37) | (288) |
| Credits to Fees From Adviser - other^(B) | \$ (699) | \$ (386) |

^(A) Average total assets subject to the base management fee is defined as total assets, including investments made with proceeds of borrowings, less any uninvested cash or cash equivalents resulting from borrowings, valued at the end of the applicable quarters within the respective periods and adjusted appropriately for any share issuances or repurchases during the periods.

^(B) Reflected, on a gross basis, as a line item on our accompanying *Consolidated Statements of Operations*.
Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss)

Net Realized Loss on Investments

For the three months ended December 31, 2016, we recorded a net realized loss on investments of \$3.4 million, which resulted primarily from the sale of substantially all the assets of RBC for a \$2.3 million realized loss and the write-off

of \$5.0 million of our investment in Sunshine, partially offset by the sale of Behrens for a \$2.5 million realized gain and a \$1.3 million realized gain related to an additional earn-out from Funko, LLC (Funko), which was exited in the prior year.

For the three months ended December 31, 2015, we recorded a net realized gain on investments of \$15.4 million, which resulted primarily from the sale of Funko for a \$17.0 million realized gain, partially offset by the sale of Heartland Communications Group for a \$2.4 million realized loss during the period.

Table of Contents**Net Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation) of Investments**

The net realized gain (loss) and unrealized appreciation (depreciation) across our investments for the three months ended December 31, 2016, were as follows:

| Portfolio Company | Three Months Ended December 31, 2016 | | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|--|--|-------------------|
| | Realized Gain (Loss) | Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation) | Reversal of Unrealized Depreciation (Appreciation) | Net Gain (Loss) |
| Funko, LLC | \$ 1,251 | \$ 53 | \$ | \$ 1,304 |
| Edge Adhesives Holdings, Inc. | | 666 | | 666 |
| Meridian Rack & Pinion, Inc. | | 605 | | 605 |
| Mikaway | | 276 | | 276 |
| New Trident Holdcorp, Inc. | | (281) | | (281) |
| Sunshine Media Holdings | (5,000) | 983 | 3,613 | (404) |
| Vertellus Specialties Inc. | 109 | (574) | | (465) |
| Behrens Manufacturing, LLC | 2,505 | | (3,211) | (706) |
| Defiance Integrated Technologies, Inc. | | (710) | | (710) |
| Lignetics, Inc. | | (1,011) | | (1,011) |
| RBC Acquisition Corp. | (2,330) | | 1,119 | (1,211) |
| Francis Drilling Fluids, Ltd. | | (3,797) | | (3,797) |
| Other, net (<\$250) | 17 | 1,148 | 66 | 1,231 |
| Total: | \$ (3,448) | \$ (2,642) | \$ 1,587 | \$ (4,503) |

The primary driver of net unrealized depreciation for the three months ended December 31, 2016, was a decline in the financial and operational performance of certain portfolio companies, most notably Francis Drilling Fluids, Ltd. (FDF) of \$3.8 million, Lignetics of \$1.0 million, the reversal of previously recorded depreciation on our investment in Sunshine upon partial write-off and the reversal of previously recorded unrealized appreciation on our investment on Behrens upon exit. This depreciation was partially offset by the reversal of previously recorded unrealized depreciation on RBC upon exit and an additional earn-out receivable earned and included in the realized gain on the sale of Funko.

The net realized gains (losses) and unrealized appreciation (depreciation) across our investments for the three months ended December 31, 2015, were as follows:

| Portfolio Company | Three Months Ended December 31, 2015 | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|-----------------|
| | Realized Gain (Loss) | Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation) | Reversal of Unrealized Depreciation (Appreciation) | Net Gain (Loss) |
| Legend Communications of Wyoming, LLC | \$ | \$ 2,857 | \$ | \$ 2,857 |

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| | | | | |
|--|------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Funko, LLC | 17,000 | | (16,009) | 991 |
| J.America, Inc. | | 482 | | 482 |
| Behrens Manufacturing, LLC | | 395 | | 395 |
| Triple H Food Processors | | 347 | | 347 |
| Lignetics, Inc. | | 295 | | 295 |
| Heartland Communications Group | (2,356) | | 2,390 | 34 |
| Autoparts Holdings Limited | | (377) | | (377) |
| AG Transportation Holdings, LLC | | (409) | | (409) |
| Southern Petroleum Laboratories, Inc. | | (445) | | (445) |
| Vision Government Solutions, Inc. | | (562) | | (562) |
| Vertellus Specialties Inc. | | (719) | | (719) |
| Vision Solutions, Inc. | | (764) | | (764) |
| LWO Acquisitions Company LLC | | (797) | | (797) |
| Precision Acquisition Group Holdings, Inc. | | (938) | | (938) |
| Sunshine Media Holdings | | (1,750) | | (1,750) |
| Targus Group International, Inc. | | (2,126) | | (2,126) |
| Defiance Integrated Technologies, Inc. | | (2,406) | | (2,406) |
| RBC Acquisition Corp. | 1,207 | (3,847) | | (2,640) |
| Francis Drilling Fluids, Ltd. | | (2,700) | | (2,700) |
| Other, net (<\$250) | (471) | (2,274) | 514 | (2,231) |
| Total: | \$ 15,380 | \$ (15,738) | \$ (13,105) | \$ (13,463) |

The largest driver of our net unrealized depreciation for the three months ended December 31, 2015 was a decline in financial and operational performance on several portfolio companies and, to a lesser extent, decreases in comparable multiples used in valuations, most notably, RBC of \$3.8 million, FDF of \$2.7 million, and Defiance Integrated Technologies, Inc. of \$2.4 million. This depreciation was partially offset by the appreciation on Legend Communications of Wyoming of \$2.9 million and an additional earn-out receivable earned and included in the realized gain on the sale of Funko.

As of December 31, 2016, the fair value of our investment portfolio was less than its cost basis by approximately \$60.7 million and our entire investment portfolio was valued at 82.6% of cost, as compared to cumulative net unrealized depreciation of \$73.2 million and a valuation of our entire portfolio at 80.4% of cost as of December 31, 2015.

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The cumulative net unrealized depreciation of our investments does not have an impact on our current ability to pay distributions to stockholders; however, it may be an indication of future realized losses, which could ultimately reduce our income available for distribution to stockholders.

Net Unrealized Depreciation of Other

During the three months ended December 31, 2016, we recorded \$0.2 million of net unrealized depreciation on our credit facility recorded at fair value whereas no such amounts were incurred in the prior year period.

Table of Contents**LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES****Operating Activities**

Our cash flows from operating activities are primarily generated from the interest payments on debt securities that we receive from our portfolio companies, as well as net proceeds received through repayments or sales of our investments. We utilize this cash primarily to fund new investments, make interest payments on our Credit Facility, make distributions to our stockholders, pay management fees to the Adviser, and for other operating expenses. Net cash provided by operating activities for the three months ended December 31, 2016 was \$31.5 million as compared to \$66.1 million for the three months ended December 31, 2015. The change was primarily due to the increase in purchases of investments and the decrease in net unrealized depreciation period over period. Purchases of investments were \$20.0 million during the three months ended December 31, 2016 compared to \$5.1 million during the three months ended December 31, 2015. Net unrealized depreciation totaled \$1.1 million during the three months ended December 31, 2016 compared to \$28.8 million during the three months ended December 31, 2015.

As of December 31, 2016, we had loans to, syndicated participations in or equity investments in 44 private companies, with an aggregate cost basis of approximately \$349.0 million. As of December 31, 2015, we had loans to, syndicated participations in or equity investments in 44 private companies, with an aggregate cost basis of approximately \$372.9 million.

The following table summarizes our total portfolio investment activity during the three months ended December 31, 2016 and 2015:

| | Three Months Ended December 31, | |
|--|--|-------------|
| | 2016 | 2015 |
| Beginning investment portfolio, at fair value | \$ 322,114 | \$ 365,891 |
| New investments | 17,240 | 3,800 |
| Disbursements to existing portfolio companies | 2,807 | 1,287 |
| Scheduled principal repayments on investments | (1,683) | (369) |
| Unscheduled principal repayments on investments | (40,551) | (40,962) |
| Net proceeds from sale of investments | (8,219) | (19,876) |
| Net unrealized depreciation of investments | (2,642) | (15,738) |
| Reversal of prior period (appreciation) depreciation of investments on realization | 1,587 | (13,105) |
| Net realized gain (loss) on investments | (3,448) | 15,382 |
| Increase in investments due to PIK ^(A) or other | 1,095 | 2,936 |
| Cost adjustments on non-accrual loans | | 388 |
| Net change in premiums, discounts and amortization | (54) | 57 |
| Investment Portfolio, at Fair Value | \$ 288,246 | \$ 299,691 |

^(A) Paid-in-kind (PIK) interest is a non-cash source of income and is calculated at the contractual rate stated in a loan agreement and added to the principal balance of a loan.

The following table summarizes the contractual principal repayment and maturity of our investment portfolio by fiscal year, assuming no voluntary prepayments, as of December 31, 2016:

| | | Amount |
|--|---|-------------------|
| For the remaining nine months ending September 30: | 2017 | \$ 21,008 |
| For the fiscal years ending September 30: | 2018 | 53,949 |
| | 2019 | 44,496 |
| | 2020 | 78,593 |
| | 2021 | 60,831 |
| | Thereafter | 60,593 |
| | Total contractual repayments | \$ 319,470 |
| | Equity investments | 35,083 |
| | Adjustments to cost basis on debt investments | (5,565) |

Investments Held as of December 31, 2016,

at Cost: \$ 348,988

Table of Contents**Financing Activities**

Net cash used in financing activities for the three months ended December 31, 2016 was \$31.8 million, which consisted primarily of \$43.1 million in net repayments on our Credit Facility and \$5.2 million in distributions to common stockholders, partially offset by \$16.4 million in proceeds from the issuance of common stock, net of underwriting costs. Net cash used in financing activities totaled \$56.1 million for the three months ended December 31, 2015 and consisted primarily of net repayments on our Credit Facility of \$69.8 million and \$4.8 million of distributions to common stockholders, partially offset by \$18.4 million in proceeds from the issuance of common stock, net of underwriting costs during the quarter.

Distributions to Stockholders***Common Stock Distributions***

To qualify to be taxed as a RIC and thus avoid corporate level federal income tax on the income we distribute to our stockholders, we are required to distribute to our stockholders on an annual basis at least 90.0% of our investment company taxable income. Additionally, our Credit Facility has a covenant that generally restricts the amount of distributions to stockholders that we can pay out to be no greater than our aggregate net investment income, net capital gains and amounts deemed to have been paid during the prior year in accordance with Section 855(a) of the Code. In accordance with these requirements, we paid monthly cash distributions of \$0.07 per common share for each month during the three months ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, which totaled an aggregate of \$5.2 million and \$4.8 million, respectively. In January 2017, our Board of Directors declared a monthly distribution of \$0.07 per common share for each of January, February and March 2017. Our Board of Directors declared these distributions based on our estimates of our investment company taxable income for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2017.

For the year ended September 30, 2016, our current and accumulated earnings and profits (after taking into account mandatorily redeemable preferred stock dividends) exceeded distributions declared and paid, and, in accordance with Section 855(a) of the Code, we elected to treat \$5.5 million of the first common distributions paid in fiscal year 2017 as having been paid in the respective prior year. For the year ended September 30, 2015, our current and accumulated earnings and profits (after taking into account mandatorily redeemable preferred stock dividends) exceeded distributions declared and paid, and, in accordance with Section 855(a) of the Code, we elected to treat \$1.7 million of the first common distributions paid in fiscal year 2016 as having been paid in the respective prior year.

The characterization of the common stockholder distributions declared and paid for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2017 will be determined at fiscal year-end based upon our investment company taxable income for the full fiscal year and distributions paid during the full fiscal year. Such a characterization made on a quarterly basis may not be representative of the actual full fiscal year characterization.

Preferred Stock Dividends

We paid monthly cash dividends of \$0.140625 per share of our Series 2021 Term Preferred Stock for each month during the three months ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, which totaled an aggregate of \$1.0 million during each of the three months ended December 31, 2016 and 2015. In January 2017, our Board of Directors declared a monthly distribution of \$0.140625 per share of Series 2021 Term Preferred stock for each of January, February and March 2017. For federal income tax purposes, distributions paid by us to preferred stockholders generally constitute ordinary income to the extent our current and accumulated earnings and profits have been characterized as ordinary income to our preferred stockholders.

Equity

Registration Statement

We filed Post-Effective Amendment No. 2 to our current Registration Statement on Form N-2 (File No. 333-208637) with the SEC on December 22, 2016, which was declared effective by the SEC on February 6, 2017. Our Registration Statement permits us to issue, through one or more transactions, up to an aggregate of \$300.0 million in securities, consisting of common stock, preferred stock, subscription rights, debt securities and warrants to purchase common stock, preferred stock or debt securities. We currently have the ability to issue up to \$282.7 million in securities under the Registration Statement.

Common Stock

Pursuant to our current Registration Statement, in October 2016, we completed a public offering of 2.0 million shares of our common stock at a public offering price of \$7.98 per share, which was below our then current NAV per share. In November 2016, the underwriters partially exercised their over-allotment option to purchase an additional 173,444 shares of our common stock. Gross proceeds totaled \$17.3 million and net proceeds, after deducting underwriting discounts and offering costs borne by us, were approximately \$16.4 million. The net proceeds of this offering were used to repay borrowings under our Credit Facility.

In January 2016, our Board of Directors authorized a share repurchase program for up to an aggregate of \$7.5 million of the

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Company's common stock. During the twelve months ended September 30, 2016, we repurchased 87,200 shares of our common stock at an average share price of \$6.53, resulting in gross purchases of \$0.6 million. We did not repurchase any shares of our common stock during the three months ended December 31, 2016 and there were no repurchases through the termination date of the program on January 31, 2017.

Pursuant to our prior registration statement, on October 27, 2015, we completed a public offering of 2.0 million shares of our common stock at a public offering price of \$8.55 per share, which was below our then current NAV per share. In November 2015, the underwriters exercised their option to purchase an additional 300,000 shares. Gross proceeds totaled \$19.7 million and net proceeds, after deducting underwriting discounts and offering costs borne by us, were approximately \$18.4 million. The net proceeds of this offering were used to repay borrowings under our Credit Facility.

Pursuant to our prior registration statement, on February 27, 2015, we entered into equity distribution agreements (commonly referred to as at-the-market agreements or the Sales Agreements) with KeyBanc Capital Markets Inc. and Cantor Fitzgerald & Co., each a Sales Agent, under which we may issue and sell, from time to time, through the Sales Agents, up to an aggregate offering price of \$50.0 million shares of our common stock. We did not sell any shares under the Sales Agreements during the year ended September 30, 2016 or the three months ended December 31, 2016.

We anticipate issuing equity securities to obtain additional capital in the future. However, we cannot determine the terms of any future equity issuances or whether we will be able to issue equity on terms favorable to us, or at all. To the extent that our common stock trades at a market price below our NAV per share, we will generally be precluded from raising equity capital through public offerings of our common stock, other than pursuant to stockholder and independent director approval or a rights offering to existing common stockholders. We completed the abovementioned October 2016 common stock offering as a result of the stockholder approval of the proposal at our 2016 Annual Meeting of Stockholders and additional Board of Directors approval. We are not requesting that our stockholders approve the Company's ability to issue shares of common stock at a price below NAV at the Company's 2017 Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be held in February. Should we decide to issue shares of common stock at a price below NAV, we will seek the requisite approval of our stockholders.

On February 7, 2016, the closing market price of our common stock was \$9.91, an 18.5% premium to our December 31, 2016 NAV per share of \$8.36.

Term Preferred Stock

Pursuant to our prior registration statement on Form N-2, in May 2014, we completed a public offering of approximately 2.4 million shares of our Series 2021 Term Preferred Stock, par value \$0.001 per share, at a public offering price of \$25.00 per share and a 6.75% rate. Gross proceeds totaled \$61.0 million and net proceeds, after deducting underwriting discounts, commissions and offering expenses borne by us, were \$58.5 million, a portion of which was used to voluntarily redeem all 1.5 million outstanding shares of our then existing 7.125% Series 2016 Term Preferred Stock, par value \$0.001 per share, and the remainder was used to repay a portion of outstanding borrowings under our Credit Facility.

Our Series 2021 Term Preferred Stock is not convertible into our common stock or any other security and provides for a fixed dividend rate equal to 6.75% per year, payable monthly (which equates in total to approximately \$4.1 million per year). We are required to redeem all of the outstanding Series 2021 Term Preferred Stock on June 30, 2021 for cash at a redemption price equal to \$25.00 per share plus an amount equal to all unpaid dividends and distributions on such share accumulated to (but excluding) the date of redemption (the Redemption Price). We may additionally be required to mandatorily redeem some or all of the shares of our Series 2021 Term Preferred Stock early, at the

Redemption Price, in the event of the following: (1) upon the occurrence of certain events that would constitute a change in control, and (2) if we fail to maintain an asset coverage ratio of at least 200% on our senior securities that are stock (which, currently is only the Series 2021 Term Preferred Stock) and the failure remains for a period of 30 days following the filing date of our next SEC quarterly or annual report. We may also voluntarily redeem all or a portion of the Series 2021 Term Preferred Stock at our option at the Redemption Price at any time on or after June 30, 2017. The asset coverage on our senior securities that are stock (thus, our Series 2021 Term Preferred Stock) as of December 31, 2016 was 335.5%.

If we fail to redeem our Series 2021 Term Preferred Stock pursuant to the mandatory redemption required on June 30, 2021, or in any other circumstance in which we are required to mandatorily redeem our Series 2021 Term Preferred Stock, then the fixed dividend rate will increase by 4.0% for so long as such failure continues. As of December 31, 2016, we have not redeemed, nor have we been required to redeem, any shares of our outstanding Series 2021 Term Preferred Stock.

Revolving Credit Facility

On May 1, 2015, we, through Business Loan, entered into a Fifth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement with KeyBank, as administrative agent, lead arranger and a lender, which increased the commitment amount of our Credit Facility from \$137.0 million to \$140.0 million, extended the revolving period end date by three years to January 19, 2019, decreased the marginal interest rate added to 30-day LIBOR from 3.75% to 3.25% per annum, set the unused commitment fee at 0.50% on all undrawn amounts, expanded the scope of eligible collateral, and amended other terms and conditions to among other items. If our Credit Facility is not renewed or extended by January 19, 2019, all principal and interest will be due and payable on or before April 19, 2020. Subject to

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certain terms and conditions, our Credit Facility may be expanded up to a total of \$250.0 million through additional commitments of new or existing lenders. We incurred fees of approximately \$1.1 million in connection with this amendment, which are being amortized through our Credit Facility's revolving period end date of January 19, 2019. On June 19, 2015, we, through Business Loan, entered into certain joinder and assignment agreements with three new lenders to increase borrowing capacity on our Credit Facility by \$30.0 million to \$170.0 million. We incurred fees of approximately \$0.6 million in connection with this expansion, which are being amortized through our Credit Facility's revolving period end date of January 19, 2019.

On October 9, 2015 and August 18, 2016, we entered into Amendments No. 1 and 2 to our Credit Facility, respectively, each of which clarified various constraints on available borrowings.

Interest is payable monthly during the term of our Credit Facility. Available borrowings are subject to various constraints imposed under our Credit Facility, based on the aggregate loan balance pledged by Business Loan, which varies as loans are added and repaid, regardless of whether such repayments are prepayments or made as contractually required. Our Credit Facility also requires that any interest or principal payments on pledged loans be remitted directly by the borrower into a lockbox account with KeyBank and with The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. as custodian. KeyBank, which also serves as the trustee of the account, generally remits the collected funds to us once a month.

Our Credit Facility contains covenants that require Business Loan to maintain its status as a separate legal entity, prohibit certain significant corporate transactions (such as mergers, consolidations, liquidations or dissolutions), and restrict material changes to our credit and collection policies without the lenders' consents. Our Credit Facility generally limits distributions to our stockholders on a fiscal year basis to the sum of our net investment income, net capital gains and amounts deemed to have been paid during the prior year in accordance with Section 855(a) of the Code. Business Loan is also subject to certain limitations on the type of loan investments it can apply as collateral towards the borrowing base to receive additional borrowing availability under our Credit Facility, including restrictions on geographic concentrations, sector concentrations, loan size, payment frequency and status, average life, portfolio company leverage and lien property. Our Credit Facility further requires Business Loan to comply with other financial and operational covenants, which obligate Business Loan to, among other things, maintain certain financial ratios, including asset and interest coverage and a minimum number of 20 obligors required in the borrowing base. Additionally, we are subject to a performance guaranty that requires us to maintain (i) a minimum net worth (defined in our Credit Facility to include our mandatorily redeemable preferred stock) of \$205.0 million plus 50% of all equity and subordinated debt raised after May 1, 2015 less 50% of any equity and subordinated debt retired or redeemed after May 1, 2015, which equates to \$223.2 million as of December 31, 2016, (ii) asset coverage with respect to senior securities representing indebtedness of at least 200%, in accordance with Section 18 of the 1940 Act and (iii) our status as a BDC under the 1940 Act and as a RIC under the Code.

As of December 31, 2016, and as defined in the performance guaranty of our Credit Facility, we had a net worth of \$273.0 million, asset coverage on our senior securities representing indebtedness of 1,058.3% and an active status as a BDC and RIC. In addition, we had 32 obligors in our Credit Facility's borrowing base as of December 31, 2016. As of December 31, 2016, we were in compliance with all of our Credit Facility covenants. Refer to Note 5 *Borrowings* of the notes to our accompanying *Consolidated Financial Statements* included elsewhere in this quarterly report for additional information regarding our Credit Facility.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We generally recognize success fee income only when the payment has been received. As of December 31, 2016 and September 30, 2016, we had off-balance sheet success fee receivables on our accruing debt investments of

\$2.4 million and \$3.4 million (or approximately \$0.09 per common share and \$0.14 per common share), respectively, that would be owed to us based on our current portfolio if fully paid off. Consistent with GAAP, we have not recognized our success fee receivable on our balance sheet or income statement. Due to our success fees' contingent nature, there are no guarantees that we will be able to collect all of these success fees or know the timing of such collections.

Contractual Obligations

We have lines of credit, delayed draw term loans, and an uncalled capital commitment with certain of our portfolio companies that have not been fully drawn. Since these commitments have expiration dates and we expect many will never be fully drawn, the total commitment amounts do not necessarily represent future cash requirements. We estimate the fair value of the combined unused lines of credit, the unused delayed draw term loan and the uncalled capital commitment as of December 31, 2016 and September 30, 2016 to be immaterial. The following table shows our contractual obligations as of December 31, 2016, at cost:

| Contractual Obligations^(A) | Payments Due by Fiscal Years | | | | Total |
|---|-------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| | Less than 1 Year | 1-3 Years | 4-5 Years | After 5 Years | |
| Credit Facility ^(B) | \$ | \$ 28,200 | \$ | \$ | \$ 28,200 |
| Series 2021 Term Preferred Stock | | | 61,000 | | 61,000 |
| Interest expense on debt obligations ^(C) | 4,492 | 14,849 | 3,088 | | 22,429 |
| Total | \$ 4,492 | \$ 43,049 | \$ 64,088 | \$ | \$ 111,629 |

(A) Excludes our unused lines of credit commitments, unused delayed draw term loans, and an uncalled capital commitment in an aggregate amount of \$11.5 million as of December 31, 2016.

(B) Principal balance of borrowings under our Credit Facility as of December 31, 2016, based on the current revolving period end date of January 19, 2019.

(C) Includes estimated interest payments on our Credit Facility and distribution obligations on our Series 2021 Term Preferred Stock. The amount of interest expense calculated for purposes of this table was based upon rates and outstanding balances as of December 31, 2016. Distribution payments on our Series 2021 Term Preferred Stock assume quarterly distribution declarations and monthly distributions to stockholders through the date of mandatory redemption.

Table of Contents**CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The preparation of financial statements and related disclosures in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported consolidated amounts of assets and liabilities, including disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and revenues and expenses during the period reported. Actual results could differ materially from those estimates under different assumptions or conditions. We have identified our investment valuation policy (which has been approved by our Board of Directors) (the Policy) as our most critical accounting policy.

Investment Valuation

Fair value measurements of our investments may involve subjective judgments and estimates and due to the inherent uncertainty of determining these fair values, the fair value of our investments may fluctuate from period to period. Additionally, changes in the market environment and other events that may occur over the life of the investment may cause the gains or losses ultimately realized on these investments to be different than the valuations currently assigned. Refer to Note 2 *Summary of Significant Accounting Policies* and Note 3 *Investments* in the notes to our accompanying *Consolidated Financial Statements* included elsewhere in this report for additional information regarding fair value measurements.

Credit Monitoring and Risk Rating

The Adviser monitors a wide variety of key credit statistics that provide information regarding our portfolio companies to help us assess credit quality and portfolio performance and, in some instances, used as inputs in our valuation techniques. Generally, we, through the Adviser, participate in periodic board meetings of our portfolio companies in which we hold board seats and also require them to provide annual audited and monthly unaudited financial statements. Using these statements or comparable information and board discussions, the Adviser calculates and evaluates certain credit statistics.

The Adviser risk rates all of our investments in debt securities. The Adviser does not risk rate our equity securities. For syndicated loans that have been rated by a Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization (NRSRO) (as defined in Rule 2a-7 under the 1940 Act), the Adviser generally uses the average of two corporate level NRSRO s risk ratings for such security. For all other debt securities, the Adviser uses a proprietary risk rating system. While the Adviser seeks to mirror the NRSRO systems, we cannot provide any assurance that the Adviser s risk rating system will provide the same risk rating as an NRSRO for these securities. The Adviser s risk rating system is used to estimate the probability of default on debt securities and the expected loss if there is a default. The Adviser s risk rating system uses a scale of 0 to >10, with >10 being the lowest probability of default. It is the Adviser s understanding that most debt securities of medium-sized companies do not exceed the grade of BBB on an NRSRO scale, so there would be no debt securities in the middle market that would meet the definition of AAA, AA or A. Therefore, the Adviser s scale begins with the designation >10 as the best risk rating which may be equivalent to a BBB from an NRSRO; however, no assurance can be given that a >10 on the Adviser s scale is equal to a BBB or Baa2 on an NRSRO scale. The Adviser s risk rating system covers both qualitative and quantitative aspects of the business and the securities we hold.

The following table reflects risk ratings for all proprietary loans in our portfolio at December 31, 2016 and September 30, 2016, representing approximately 89.0% and 90.0%, respectively, of the principal balance of all debt investments in our portfolio at the end of each period:

| Rating | As of December 31, 2016 | As of September 30, 2016 |
|------------------|--|---|
| Highest | 9.0 | 8.0 |
| Average | 5.4 | 5.3 |
| Weighted Average | 5.5 | 5.3 |
| Lowest | 1.0 | 1.0 |

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The following table reflects the risk ratings for all syndicated loans in our portfolio that were rated by an NRSRO at December 31, 2016 and September 30, 2016, representing approximately 9.0% and 7.3%, respectively, of the principal balance of all debt investments in our portfolio at the end of each period:

| Rating | As of December 31, 2016 | As of September 30, 2016 |
|------------------|--|---|
| Highest | 5.0 | 5.0 |
| Average | 3.9 | 3.9 |
| Weighted Average | 3.8 | 4.0 |
| Lowest | 2.0 | 2.0 |

The following table reflects the risk ratings for all syndicated loans in our portfolio that were not rated by an NRSRO at December 31, 2016 and September 30, 2016, representing approximately 2.0% and 2.7%, respectively, of the principal balance of all debt investments in our portfolio at the end of each period:

| Rating | As of December 31, 2016 | As of September 30, 2016 |
|------------------|--|---|
| Highest | 5.0 | 5.0 |
| Average | 4.0 | 4.0 |
| Weighted Average | 3.7 | 3.5 |
| Lowest | 3.0 | 3.0 |

Tax Status

We intend to continue to maintain our qualification as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code for federal income tax purposes and also to limit certain federal excise taxes imposed on RICs. Refer to Note 9 *Distributions to Common Stockholders* in the notes to our accompanying *Consolidated Financial Statements* included elsewhere in this report for additional information regarding our tax status.

Revenue Recognition**Interest Income Recognition**

Interest income, including the amortization of premiums, acquisition costs and amendment fees, the accretion of OID, and PIK interest, is recorded on the accrual basis to the extent that such amounts are expected to be collected. Generally, when a loan becomes 90 days or more past due or if our qualitative assessment indicates that the debtor is unable to service its debt or other obligations, we will place the loan on non-accrual status and cease recognizing interest income on that loan for financial reporting purposes until the borrower has demonstrated the ability and intent to pay contractual amounts due. However, we remain contractually entitled to this interest.

Other Income Recognition

We generally record success fees upon receipt of cash. Success fees are contractually due upon a change of control in a portfolio company, typically from an exit or sale. Dividend income on equity investments is accrued to the extent

that such amounts are expected to be collected and if we have the option to collect such amounts in cash. We generally record prepayment fees upon receipt of cash. Prepayment fees are contractually due at the time of an investment's exit, based on the prepayment fee schedule. Success fees, prepayment fees and dividend income are all recorded in other income in our accompanying *Consolidated Statements of Operations*.

Refer to Note 2 *Summary of Significant Accounting Policies* in the notes to our accompanying *Consolidated Financial Statements* included elsewhere in this report for additional information regarding revenue recognition.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Refer to Note 2 *Summary of Significant Accounting Policies* in the notes to our accompanying *Consolidated Financial Statements* included elsewhere in this report for a description and our application of recent accounting pronouncements.

Table of Contents**ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK**

Market risk includes risks that arise from changes in interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates, commodity prices, equity prices and other market changes that affect market sensitive instruments. The prices of securities held by us may decline in response to certain events, including those directly involving the companies whose securities are owned by us; conditions affecting the general economy; overall market changes; local, regional or global political, social or economic instability; and interest rate fluctuations.

The primary risk we believe we are exposed to is interest rate risk. Because we borrow money to make investments, our net investment income is dependent upon the difference between the rate at which we borrow funds and the rate at which we invest those funds. As a result, there can be no assurance that a significant change in market interest rates will not have a material adverse effect on our net investment income. We use a combination of debt and equity capital to finance our investing activities. We may use interest rate risk management techniques from time to time to limit our exposure to interest rate fluctuations. Such techniques may include various interest rate hedging activities to the extent permitted by the 1940 Act.

All of our variable-rate debt investments have rates generally associated with either the current LIBOR or prime rate. As of December 31, 2016, our portfolio of debt investments on a principal basis consisted of the following:

| | |
|----------------|---------------|
| Variable rates | 90.9% |
| Fixed rates | 9.1 |
| Total: | 100.0% |

There have been no material changes in the quantitative and qualitative market risk disclosures for the three months ended December 31, 2016 from that disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, as filed with the SEC on November 21, 2016.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES**a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

As of December 31, 2016 (the end of the period covered by this report), our management, including our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, evaluated the effectiveness and design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures. Based on that evaluation, our management, including the chief executive officer and chief financial officer, concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective at a reasonable assurance level in timely alerting management, including the chief executive officer and chief financial officer, of material information about us required to be included in periodic SEC filings. However, in evaluation of the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognized that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives, and management necessarily was required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures.

b) Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in internal controls for the three months ended December 31, 2016 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

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PART II OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.

From time to time, we may become involved in various investigation, claims and legal proceedings that arise in the ordinary course of our business. Furthermore, third parties may try to seek to impose liability on us in connection with the activities of our portfolio companies. While we do not expect that the resolution of these matters, if they arise, would materially affect our business, financial condition, results of operations or cash flows, resolution of these matters will be subject to various uncertainties and could result in the expenditure of significant financial and managerial resources. Neither we, nor any of our subsidiaries are currently subject to any material legal proceeding, nor, to our knowledge, is any material legal proceeding pending or threatened against us or any of our subsidiaries.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS.

Our business is subject to certain risks and events that, if they occur, could adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations and the trading price of our securities. For a discussion of these risks, please refer to this section, the section captioned *Item 1A. Risk Factors* in Part I of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, as filed with the SEC on November 21, 2016. The risks described in our Annual Report are not the only risks we face. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial also may materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition and/or operating results.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS.

Sales of Unregistered Securities

Not applicable.

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

Not applicable.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES.

Not applicable.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES.

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION.

Not applicable.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS.

See the exhibit index.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

GLADSTONE CAPITAL CORPORATION

By: */s/ Nicole Schaltenbrand*
Nicole Schaltenbrand
Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

Date: February 8, 2017

Table of Contents**EXHIBIT INDEX**

| Exhibit | Description |
|----------------|---|
| 3.1 | Articles of Amendment and Restatement to the Articles of Incorporation, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.a.2 to Pre-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement on Form N-2 (File No. 333-63700), filed July 27, 2001. |
| 3.2 | Articles Supplementary Establishing and Fixing the Rights and Preferences of Term Preferred Shares, including Appendix A thereto relating to the Term Preferred Shares, 7.125% Series 2016, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.a.2 to Post-Effective Amendment No. 5 to the Registration Statement on Form N-2 (File No. 333-162592), filed October 31, 2011. |
| 3.3 | Articles Supplementary Establishing and Fixing the Rights and Preferences of Term Preferred Shares, 6.75% Series 2021, including Exhibit A thereto, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.3 to Form 8-A (File No. 001-35332), filed May 15, 2014. |
| 3.4 | Certificate of Correction to Articles Supplementary Establishing and Fixing the Rights and Preferences of Term Preferred Shares, 6.75% Series 2021, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.4 to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No.811-000000), filed July 30, 2014. |
| 3.5 | Certificate of Correction to Articles Supplementary Establishing and Fixing the Rights and Preferences of Term Preferred Shares, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 814-00237), filed October 29, 2015. |
| 3.6 | By-laws, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.b to Pre-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement on Form N-2 (File No. 333-63700), filed July 27, 2001. |
| 3.7 | Amendment to By-laws, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.3 to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 814-00237), filed February 17, 2004. |
| 3.8 | Second Amendment to By-laws, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 814-00237), filed July 10, 2007. |
| 3.9 | Third Amendment to By-laws, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 814-00237), filed June 10, 2011. |
| 3.10 | Fourth Amendment to Bylaws, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 814-00237), filed November 29, 2016. |
| 4.1 | Form of Certificate for Common Stock, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.d.2 to Pre-Effective Amendment No. 3 to the Registration Statement on Form N-2 (File No. 333-63700), filed August 23, 2001. |
| 4.2 | Form of Certificate for 6.75% Series 2021 Term Preferred Stock, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.3 to Form 8-A (File No. 001-35332), filed May 15, 2014. |
| 11 | Computation of Per Share Earnings (included in the notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements contained in this report).* |
| 31.1 | Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.* |
| 31.2 | Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.* |

- 32.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.+
- 32.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.+

* Filed herewith

+ Furnished herewith

All other exhibits for which provision is made in the applicable regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission are not required under the related instruction or are inapplicable and therefore have been omitted.