SITO MOBILE, LTD.

SITO MOBILE LTD.

Form 10-Q

February 09, 2016
UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549
FORM 10-Q
(Mark One)
QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OI 1934
For the quarterly period ended December 31, 2015
TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OI 1934
For the transition period from to
Commission file number: 000-53744

(Exact name of small business issuer as specified in its charter)

Delaware	13-4122844			
(State or other jurisdiction of	(IRS Employer			
incorporation or organization)	Identification No.)			
100 Town Square Place, Suite	204			
Jersey City, NJ 07310				
(Address of principal executive	e offices)			
(201) 275-0555				
(Registrants telephone number	, including area code)			
	n/a	_		
(Former name, former address	and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)			
Securities Exchange Act of 193	er the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be a 34 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorte and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for	r period that the regis		
required to the such reports), a	nd (2) has been subject to such thing requirements for	the past 90 days.	103	110

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

The number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock as of February 9, 2016: 17,157,520 shares of common stock.

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1 – Financial Statements

SITO Mobile, Ltd.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	December 31, 2015 (Unaudited)	September 30, 2015
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$2,615,184	\$ 2,004,139
Accounts receivable, net - current portion	6,273,838	4,265,481
Other prepaid expenses	123,692	312,606
Total current assets	9,012,714	6,582,226
Property and equipment, net	585,356	610,161
Other assets		
Accounts receivable, net	-	225,000
Capitalized software development costs, net	1,600,813	1,403,397
Intangible assets:		
Patents	445,473	493,952
Patent applications cost	897,087	826,074
Other intangible assets, net	1,714,477	1,837,227
Goodwill	6,444,225	6,444,225
Deferred loan costs, net	78,116	92,842
Other assets including security deposits	84,829	83,576
Total other assets	11,265,020	11,406,293
Total assets	\$20,863,090	\$18,598,680

See accompanying notes.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	December 31, 2015 (Unaudited)	September 30, 2015
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	,	
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$4,885,600	\$2,339,189
Accrued expenses	1,181,373	809,081
Accrued compensation - related party	96,523	253,016
Deferred revenue	532,909	595,669
Current obligation under capital lease	11,699	15,858
Note payable, net - current portion	3,984,219	3,575,024
Titolo pur uoto, noti current portion	3,501,215	3,573,621
Total current liabilities	10,692,323	7,587,837
Total cultons hadmides	10,072,323	7,007,007
Long-term liabilities		
Obligations under capital lease	6,201	7,023
Note payable	4,934,966	5,690,124
Tiote payable	1,55 1,500	2,070,121
Total long-term liabilities	4,941,167	5,697,147
Total long term machines	1,5 11,107	2,077,117
Total liabilities	15,633,490	13,284,984
2000 1000 1000	10,000,00	10,20 .,>0 .
Commitments and contingencies - See notes 17	_	_
Communitation and Comminguistics 200 motes 17		
Stockholders' Equity		
Preferred stock, \$.0001 par value, 5,000,000 shares authorized; none outstanding	_	_
Common stock, \$.001 par value; 300,000,000 shares authorized, 17,155,478 shares		
issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2015 and as of September 30, 2015,	17,156	17,156
respectively	17,130	17,130
Additional paid-in capital	144,538,247	144,234,264
Accumulated deficit	(139,325,803)	· ·
Accumulated deficit	(137,323,003)	(130,737,724)
Total stockholders' equity	5,229,600	5,313,696
Total stockholders equity	3,227,000	5,515,070
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$20,863,090	\$18,598,680
rotal habilities and stockholders equity	φ 20,003,090	φ10,270,000

See accompanying notes.

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

	For the Three Months Ended December 31,			
	2015	-,	2014	
Revenue				
Wireless applications	\$1,622,325		\$2,424,766	
Licensing and royalties	245,328		133,581	
Media placement	5,345,470		1,289,089	
Total Revenue	7,213,123		3,847,436	
Total Revenue	7,213,123		3,047,430	
Costs and Expenses				
Cost of revenue	3,449,256		1,848,187	
Sales and marketing	1,877,339		672,071	
General and administrative	1,583,583		1,380,854	
Depreciation and amortization	219,225		65,197	
r	- , -		,	
Total costs and expenses	7,129,403		3,966,309	
•				
Income (Loss) from operations	83,720		(118,873)
Other Income (Expenses)				
Interest expense	(471,799)	(417,378)
Net loss before income taxes	(388,079)	(536,251)
Provision for income taxes	-		-	
AY 1	Φ.(2 00.0 π 0	,	Φ. (5 .2.6.2.5.1	,
Net loss	\$(388,079)	\$(536,251)
Pagia and diluted loss per share	\$ (0,02	`	\$ (0.02	`
Basic and diluted loss per share	\$(0.02	J	\$(0.03)
Weighted average shares outstanding	17,155,478	2	15,326,275	5
weighted average shares outstallding	17,133,470	,	13,320,27.	J

See accompanying notes.

SITO Mobile, Ltd.

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Common Sto	ock Amount	Additional Paid-in Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Total
Balance - September 30, 2014	15,072,863	\$ 15,073	\$137,051,172	\$(134,409,531)	\$2,656,714
Shares issued on exercise of stock warrants Shares issued for payment of services Sale of shares in connection with debt Additional shares issued in acquisition of DoubleVision Additional shares issued in acquisition of intangible assets Compensation recognized on option and warrant grants Stock issuance costs Warrant receivable Net loss for the year ended September 30, 2015	833,700 70,000 261,954 296,401 620,560	834 70 262 296 621	2,108,221 209,930 999,738 1,066,748 2,543,676 479,834 (75,000 (150,055	- - - - - (4,528,193)	2,109,055 210,000 1,000,000 1,067,044 2,544,297 479,834 (75,000) (150,055) (4,528,193)
Balance - September 30, 2015	17,155,478	17,156	144,234,264	(138,937,724)	5,313,696
Compensation recognized on option and warrant grants Warrant receivable Net loss for the three months ended December 31, 2015	- -	- - -	153,928 150,055	- (388,079)	153,928 150,055 (388,079)
Balance - December 31, 2015	17,155,478	\$ 17,156	\$144,538,247	\$(139,325,803)	\$5,229,600

See accompanying notes.

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	For the Three Months Ended December 31,	
	2015	2014
Cook Flows from Organities Astivities		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Net loss	\$(388,079) \$(536,251)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$(300,079) \$(330,231)
	47,996	24 174
Depreciation expense	•	24,174 123,547
Amortization expense - software development costs	219,776	,
Amortization expense - patents	48,479	41,023
Amortization expense - discount of debt	168,516	128,897
Amortization expense - deferred costs	14,726	11,264
Amortization expense - intangible assets	122,750	-
Loss on disposition of assets	152.020	2,950
Stock based compensation	153,928	180,814
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	(1.702.257	\(\(\frac{1}{2} \) \(\lambda \) \(\lambda \)
(Increase) in accounts receivable, net	(1,783,357	
Decrease in prepaid expenses	188,914	67,078
(Increase) in other assets	. ,) (50,655)
Increase in accounts payable	2,546,411	737,907
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses	215,799	(119,839)
(Decrease) Increase in deferred revenue	(62,760) 374,067
Increase (decrease) in accrued interest	152,189	(506,031)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	1,644,035	(236,704)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Patents and patent applications costs	(71,013) (119,067)
Purchase of property and equipment	(23,191) (21,843)
Capitalized software development costs	(417,192) (246,791)
Net cash used in investing activities	\$(511,396) \$(387,701)

See accompanying notes.

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	For the Thre Ended December 3 2015	
Cash Flows from Financing Activities Proceeds from issuance of common stock Proceeds from issuance of note payable Principal reduction on obligation under capital lease Principal reduction on repayment of debt Principal reduction on convertible debt	\$150,055 - (4,981) (666,668)	\$1,000,000 8,205,816 (4,924)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(521,594)	5,492,892
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	611,045	4,868,487
Cash and cash equivalents – Beginning of period	2,004,139	620,185
Cash and cash equivalents – Ending of period	\$2,615,184	\$5,488,672
Supplemental Information:		
Interest expense paid Income taxes paid	\$136,369 \$-	\$781,143 \$-

Non-cash investing and financing activities:

For the three months ended December 31, 2014

On October 21, 2014, the Company entered into a capital lease agreement to purchase a copy machine in the amount of \$13,160 payable over a 48-month term.

During the three months ended December 31, 2014, the Company accrued an additional \$1,000,000 in purchase price consideration in connection with the acquisition of DoubleVision Networks Inc. ("DoubleVision"). Under the terms of the Purchase and Sale Agreement, the earn-out provision could cause the Company to issue additional shares of the

Company's common stock equal to \$1,000,000 (valued at the average closing price for the ninety days ending July 31, 2015) to the former DoubleVision shareholders if the Company's media placement revenues for the twelve-month period from August 1, 2014 to July 31, 2015 are at least \$3,000,000, subject to certain conditions such as receipt of customer payments and achievement of a gross margin threshold. In anticipation of meeting this threshold, an additional \$1,000,000 was accrued.

During the three months ended December 31, 2014, the Company recognized stock-based compensation expense totaling \$180,814, of which \$99,267 was recognized through the vesting of 125,000 common stock options, and \$81,547 from the amortization of prepaid consulting fees compensated through the granting of 575,000 options.

See accompanying notes.

SITO	Mobile	Ltd.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

1. Organization, History and Business

SITO Mobile, Ltd. ("the Company") was incorporated in Delaware on May 31, 2000, under its original name, Hosting Site Network, Inc. On May 12, 2008, the Company changed its name to Single Touch Systems, Inc. and on September 26, 2014, it changed its name to SITO Mobile, Ltd.

The Company provides a mobile engagement platform that enables brands to increase awareness, loyalty, and ultimately sales.

Reverse Stock Split

On July 29, 2015, the Company filed an amendment to its Restated Certificate of Incorporation to effect a 1-for-10 reverse split of its issued and outstanding common stock. The reverse split became effective in the market on July 30, 2015. Unless otherwise noted, all references herein to the number of common shares, price per common share or weighted average number of common shares outstanding have been adjusted to reflect this reverse stock split on a retroactive basis.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reclassification

Certain reclassifications have been made to conform the 2014 amounts to the 2015 classifications for comparative purposes.

Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of SITO Mobile, Ltd. and it's wholly-owned subsidiaries, SITO Mobile Solutions Inc., SITO Mobile R&D IP, LLC, SITO Mobile Media Inc. and DoubleVision Networks Inc. ("DoubleVision"). Intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers cash and cash equivalents to include all stable, highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less.

Accounts Receivable, net

Accounts receivable are reported at the customers' outstanding balances, less any allowance for doubtful accounts. Interest is not accrued on overdue accounts receivable.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

An allowance for doubtful accounts on accounts receivable is charged to operations in amounts sufficient to maintain the allowance for uncollectible accounts at a level management believes is adequate to cover any probable losses. Management determines the adequacy of the allowance based on historical write-off percentages and information collected from individual customers. Accounts receivable are charged off against the allowance when collectability is determined to be permanently impaired.

SITO Mobile, Ltd.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Property and Equipment, net

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Major renewals and improvements are charged to the asset accounts while replacements, maintenance and repairs that do not improve or extend the lives of the respective assets are expensed. At the time property and equipment are retired or otherwise disposed of, the asset and related accumulated depreciation accounts are relieved of the applicable amounts. Gains or losses from retirements or sales are credited or charged to income.

Depreciation is computed on the straight-line and accelerated methods for financial reporting and income tax reporting purposes based upon the following estimated useful lives:

Software development 2- 3 years
Equipment and computer hardware 5 years
Office furniture 7 years
Leasehold Improvements 5 years

Long-Lived Assets

The Company accounts for its long-lived assets in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 360-10-05, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets." ASC Topic 360-10-05 requires that long-lived assets be reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the historical cost carrying value of an asset may no longer be appropriate. The Company assesses recoverability of the carrying value of an asset by estimating the future net cash flows expected to result from the asset, including eventual disposition. If the future net cash flows are less than the carrying value of the asset, an impairment loss is recorded equal to the difference between the asset's carrying value and fair value or disposable value.

Capitalized Software Development Costs

The Company accounts for costs incurred to develop or purchase computer software for internal use in accordance with ASC Topic 350-40 "Internal-Use Software." As required by ASC 350-40, the Company capitalizes the costs incurred during the application development stage, which include costs to design the software configuration and interfaces, coding, installation, and testing.

Costs incurred during the preliminary project stage along with post-implementation stages of internal use computer software are expensed as incurred. Capitalized development costs are amortized over a period of two to three years. Costs incurred to maintain existing product offerings are expensed as incurred. The capitalization and ongoing assessment of recoverability of development costs requires considerable judgment by management with respect to certain external factors, including, but not limited to, technological and economic feasibility, and estimated economic life.

Capital Leases

Assets and liabilities under capital leases are recorded at the lower of the present value of the minimum lease payments or the fair value of the leased assets. The assets are depreciated over the lower of their related lease terms or their estimated productive lives. Depreciation of the assets under capital leases is included in depreciation expense.

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Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Debt issuance costs

Deferred debt issuance costs are amortized using the effective interest method over the related term of the debt and are included in other assets. The amortization of deferred debt issuance costs is included in interest expense.

Income Taxes

The Company accounts for its income taxes under the provisions of ASC Topic 740, "Income Taxes." The method of accounting for income taxes under ASC 740 is an asset and liability method. The asset and liability method requires the recognition of deferred tax liabilities and assets for the expected future tax consequences of temporary differences between tax bases and financial reporting bases of other assets and liabilities. The Company had no material unrecognized income tax assets or liabilities for the three months ended December 31, 2015 or for the three months ended December 31, 2014. The Company recognizes income tax interest and penalties as a separately identified component of general and administrative expense. During the three months ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, there were no income taxes, or related interest and penalty items in the statements of operations, or liabilities on the balance sheets.

Issuances Involving Non-cash Consideration

All issuances of the Company's stock for non-cash consideration have been assigned a dollar amount equaling the market value of the shares issued on the date the shares were issued for such services and property. The non-cash consideration paid pertains to consulting services, the acquisition of a software license, the acquisition of DoubleVision Networks Inc. and assets purchased from Hipcricket, Inc. (See Notes 5 and 7).

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes media placement revenue based on the activity of mobile users viewing ads through developer applications and mobile websites. Media placement revenues are recognized when the Company's advertising services are delivered based on the specific terms of the advertising contract, which are commonly based on the number of ads delivered, or views, clicks or actions by users on mobile advertisements. At such time, the Company's services have been provided, the fees charged are fixed or determinable, persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, and collectability is reasonably assured.

The Company evaluates whether it is appropriate to recognize media placement revenue based on the gross amount billed to the customers or the net amount earned as revenue. When the Company is primarily obligated in a transaction, has latitude in establishing prices, is responsible for fulfillment of the transaction, has credit risk, or has several but not all of these indicators, revenue is recorded on a gross basis. While none of the factors individually are considered presumptive or determinative, in reaching conclusions on gross versus net revenue recognition, the Company places the most weight on the analysis of whether or not it is the primary obligor in the arrangement. The Company records the net amounts as media placement revenue earned if it is not primarily obligated or does not have latitude in establishing prices or credit risk.

The Company recognizes wireless applications revenue based on the delivery of Short Message Service (SMS) text messages and voice messages and messaging program management services. Wireless applications revenues are recognized when the Company's services are delivered based on the specific terms of the Company's contracts with customers, which are commonly based on the number of messages delivered. At such time, the Company's services have been provided, the fees charged are fixed or determinable, persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, and collectability is reasonably assured.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

In general, licensing and royalty revenue arrangements provide for the payment of contractually determined fees in consideration for the patented technologies owned by or controlled by the Company's operating subsidiary. The intellectual property rights granted may be perpetual in nature, extending until the expiration of the related patents, or can be granted for a defined, relatively short period of time, with the licensee possessing the right to renew the agreement at the end of each contractual term for an additional minimum upfront payment. Pursuant to the terms of these agreements, the Company's operating subsidiary may have no further obligation with respect to the grant of the non-exclusive retroactive and future licenses, covenants-not-to-sue, releases, and other deliverables, including no express or implied obligation on the Company's operating subsidiary's part to maintain or upgrade the technology, or provide future support or services Generally, the agreements provide for the grant of licenses, covenants-not-to-sue, releases, and other significant deliverables upon the execution of the agreement, or upon the receipt off the minimum upfront payment for term agreement renewals. As such, when the Company has no further obligation under the agreement, the earnings process is complete and revenue is recognized upon the execution of the agreement, when collectability is reasonably assured, or upon receipt of the minimum upfront fee for term agreement renewals, and when all the other revenue recognition criteria have been met, otherwise the Company recognizes revenue on a straight-line basis over the life of the agreement based on the contractually determined fees.

Deferred revenue arises as a result of differences between the timing of revenue recognition and receipt of cash from the Company's customers.

Stock Based Compensation

Stock-based compensation is accounted for based on the requirements of the Share-Based Payment topic of ASC Topic 718 which requires recognition in the financial statements of the cost of employee and director services received in exchange for an award of equity instruments over the period the employee or director is required to perform the services in exchange for the award (presumptively, the vesting period). The Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") also requires measurement of the cost of employee and director services received in exchange for an award based on the grant-date fair value of the award.

Pursuant to ASC Topic 505-50, for share-based payments to consultants and other third-parties, compensation expense is determined at the "measurement date." The expense is recognized over the vesting period of the award. The Company records compensation expense based on the fair value of the award at the reporting date.

The value of the stock-based award is determined using the Binomial or Black-Scholes option-pricing models, whereby compensation cost is the excess of the fair value of the award as determined by the pricing model at the grant date or other measurement date over the amount that must be paid to acquire the stock. The resulting amount is charged to expense on the straight-line basis over the period in which the Company expects to receive the benefit, which is generally the vesting period.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Loss per Share

The Company reports earnings (loss) per share in accordance with ASC Topic 260-10, "Earnings per Share." Basic earnings (loss) per share are computed by dividing income (loss) available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares available. Diluted earnings (loss) per share is computed similar to basic earnings (loss) per share except that the denominator is increased to include the number of additional common shares that would have been outstanding if the potential common shares had been issued and if the additional common shares were dilutive. Diluted loss per share has not been presented since the effect of the assumed conversion of warrants and debt to purchase common shares would have an anti-dilutive effect. Potential common shares as of December 31, 2015 that have been excluded from the computation of diluted net loss per share amounted to 2,524,257 shares and include 2,524,257 options. Potential common shares as of December 31, 2014 that have been excluded from the computation of diluted net loss per share amounted to 3,140,400 shares and included 988,950 warrants, and 2,151,450 options.

On July 29, 2015, the Company filed an amendment to the Certificate of Incorporation to effect a 1-for-10 reverse split of its issued and outstanding common stock the reverse split became effective in the market on July 30, 2015. Following the reverse split, every ten shares of the Company's issued and outstanding common stock were automatically combined and converted into one issued and outstanding share of common stock with a par value of \$0.001 per share. No fractional shares are to be issued. As a result, all prior per share calculations reflect the effects of this reverse stock split.

Concentrations of Credit Risk

The Company primarily transacts its business with one financial institution. The amount on deposit in that one institution may from time to time exceed the federally-insured limit.

Of the Company's revenue earned during the three months ended December 31, 2015, approximately 21% was generated from contracts with five customers covered under the Company's master services agreement with AT&T. Of the Company's revenue earned during the three months ended December 31, 2014, approximately 64% was generated from contracts with five customers covered under the Company's master services agreement with AT&T.

The Company's accounts receivable is typically unsecured and are derived from U.S. customers in different industries. The Company performs ongoing credit evaluations of its customers and maintains allowances for potential credit losses. Historically, such losses have been within management's expectations. As of December 31, 2015 and 2014, two customers accounted for 41% and 51%, respectively, of the Company's net accounts receivable balance, respectively.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

SITO Mobile, Ltd.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Business Combinations

The Company accounts for all business combinations using the acquisition method of accounting. Under this method, assets and liabilities are recognized at fair value at the date of acquisition. The excess of the purchase price over the fair value of assets acquired, net of liabilities assumed is recognized as goodwill. Certain adjustments to the assessed fair values of the assets, liabilities made subsequent to the acquisition date, but within the measurement period, which is up to one year, are recorded as adjustments to goodwill. Any adjustments subsequent to the measurement period are recorded in income. Results of operations of the acquired entity are included in the Company's results from the date of the acquisition onward and include amortization expense arising from acquired tangible and intangible assets. The Company expenses all costs as incurred related to an acquisition under general and administrative in the consolidated statements of operations.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In November 2015, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2015-17, Income Taxes (Topic 740): Balance Sheet Classification of Deferred Taxes (ASU 2015-17), which simplifies the presentation of deferred income taxes by requiring deferred tax assets and liabilities be classified as noncurrent on the balance sheet. The updated standard is effective for the Company beginning on October 1, 2017 with early application permitted as of the beginning of any interim or annual reporting period. The Company does not expect that the adoption of this standard will have a material effect on its consolidated financial statements.

3. Accounts Receivable, net

Accounts receivable consist of the following:

December 31,	September 30,	
2015	2015	
\$ 6,316,966	\$ 4,738,859	

Accounts receivable \$ 6,316,966 \$ 4,73

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Less allowance for bad debts	(43,128)	(248,378)	
	6,273,838		4,490,481		
Less current portion	(6,273,838)	(4,265,481)	
Long-term portion	\$ -	5	8 225,000		

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

On November 12, 2013, the Company entered into an agreement with an unrelated third party regarding its usage since October 2010 of certain Company patented intellectual property. Under the agreement, the Company receives a total of \$750,000 and granted extended payment terms that consist of a \$100,000 payment received in November 2013, a \$200,000 payment received in November 2014, a \$225,000 payment to be received in November 2015 and a \$225,000 payment to be received in November 2016. The Company has no obligations under the agreement. An amendment to the patent license agreement was signed on December 4, 2015 in which the Company received the November 2015 and November 2016 payments plus an additional \$100,000 in exchange for SITO relinquishing certain rights under the agreement.

4. Property and Equipment, net

The following is a summary of property and equipment:

	December 31, 2015	September 30,	
		2015	
Equipment and computer hardware	\$ 727,289	\$ 723,844	
Office furniture	233,219	213,473	
Leasehold Improvements	186,902	186,902	
Equipment held under capital lease	66,272	66,272	
	1,213,682	1,190,491	
Less: accumulated depreciation	(628,326)	(580,330)	
	\$ 585,356	\$ 610,161	

Depreciation expense for the three months ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 was \$47,996 and \$24,174, respectively.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

5. Capitalized Software Development Costs, net

The following is a summary of capitalized software development costs:

	December 31, 2015	September 30, 2015
Beginning balance	\$ 1,403,397	\$ 639,416
Additions	417,192	1,444,629
Amortization	(219,776	(680,648)
Ending balance	\$ 1,600,813	\$ 1,403,397

Amortization expense for the three months ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 was \$219,776 and \$123,547, respectively.

As of December 31, 2015, amortization expense for the remaining estimated lives of these costs is as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	
2016	\$769,649
2017	570,179
2018	260,985
	\$1,600,813

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

6. Intangible Assets

Patents

The following is a summary of capitalized patent costs:

	December 31, 2015	September 30, 2015	
Patent costs Amortization	\$ 1,357,407 (911,934	\$ 1,357,407) (863,455)	
	\$ 445,473	\$ 493.952	

Amortization expenses for the three months ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 was \$48,479 and \$41,023, respectively.

A schedule of amortization expense over the estimated remaining lives of the patents is as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	
2016	\$186,753
2017	80,836
2018	45,423
2019	41,881
2020	41,880
Thereafter	48,700
	\$445,473

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Other Intangible Assets, net

The following is a summary of other intangible asset costs:

	2015	2015	
Technology	\$ 970,000	\$ 970,000	
Customer relationships	870,000	870,000	
Backlog	110,000	110,000	
Amortization	(235,523) (112,773)
	\$ 1,714,477	\$ 1,837,227	

Amortization expenses for the three months ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 was \$122,750 and \$0, respectively.

A schedule of amortization expense over the estimated remaining lives of the patents is as follows:

Year Ending December 31.	1
2016	\$275,470
2017	271,000
2018	271,000
2019	271,000
2020	187,536
Thereafter	438,471
	\$1,714,477

SITO Mobile, Ltd.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Goodwill

On July 24, 2014, the Company and DoubleVision and the shareholders of DoubleVision entered into a Share Purchase Agreement pursuant to which the Company acquired all of the shares of DoubleVision. The Company paid a purchase price of \$3,680,000 by issuing 800,000 shares of the Company's common stock to DoubleVision's shareholders and paid \$400,000 to one of DoubleVision's creditors. In connection with the acquisition the Company recognized \$3,482,884 in goodwill. The Share Purchase Agreement included an earn-out provision that contemplated the issuance of additional shares of the Company's common stock equal to \$1,000,000 (valued at the average closing price for the ninety days ending July 31, 2015) as additional purchase price consideration if the Company's media placement revenues for the twelve-month period from August 1, 2014 to July 31, 2015 were at least \$3,000,000, subject to certain conditions such as receipt of customer payments and achievement of a gross margin threshold. In anticipation of achieving the earn-out provision, the Company accrued \$1,000,000 in purchase price payable and increased goodwill to \$4,482,884 as of March 31, 2015. During the quarter ended June 30, 2015, the Company issued 296,401 shares of its common stock at \$3.60 per share for an aggregate amount of \$1,067,044 in satisfaction of the earn-out and recognized an increase to goodwill of \$67,044.

On July 8, 2015, the Company and Hipcricket, Inc. entered into an Asset Purchase Agreement pursuant to which the Company acquired assets of Hipcricket's mobile advertising platform. The Company paid \$3,844,297 for the assets by issuing to Hipcricket 620,560 shares of the Company's common stock at an agreed-upon valuation of \$2,544,297, and \$1,300,000 in cash. The Company expensed additional legal and professional fees in conjunction with the asset acquisition totaling \$95,000. The acquisition resulted in the Company recognizing \$1,894,297 in goodwill. The Company does not amortize goodwill, but reduces the carrying amount of goodwill if management determines that its implied fair value has been impaired.

7. Accrued Expenses

The following is a summary of accrued expenses:

December 31, September 30,

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Accrued cost of revenues	\$ 544,809	\$ 359,753
Accrued payroll and related expenses - unrelated parties	570,016	339,451
Accrued professional fees	62,225	109,077
Other accrued expenses	4,323	800
	\$ 1,181,373	\$ 809,081

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

8. Capital Leases

The Company leases various office equipment under multiple capital leases that expire in 2016 and 2018. The equipment has a cost of \$66,272.

Minimum future lease payments under the capital leases at December 31, 2015 for each of the next four years and in the aggregate are as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	
2016	\$12,340
2017	3,790
2018	2,842
2019	-
Total minimum lease payments	18,972
Less amount representing interest	(1,072)
Present value of net minimum lease payments	\$17,900

The effective interest rate charged on the capital leases range from approximately 2.25% to 7.428% per annum. The leases provide for a \$1 purchase option. Interest charged to operations for the three months ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 was \$241 and \$298, respectively. Depreciation charged to operations for the three months ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 was \$3,314 and \$3,165, respectively.

9. Income Taxes

As of December 31, 2015, the Company has a net operating loss carryover of approximately \$39,600,000 available to offset future income for income tax reporting purposes, which will expire in various years through 2035, if not previously utilized. However, the Company's ability to use the carryover net operating loss may be substantially limited or eliminated pursuant to Internal Revenue Code Section 382. We adopted the provisions of ASC 740-10-50. We had no material unrecognized income tax assets or liabilities for the three months ended December 31, 2015 or for the three months ended December 31, 2014.

Our policy regarding income tax interest and penalties is to expense those items as general and administrative expense but to identify them for tax purposes. During the three months ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, there were no federal income tax, or related interest and penalty items in the income statement, or liability on the balance sheet. We file income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and various state jurisdictions. The Company is no longer subject to U.S. federal income tax examinations by tax authorities for years ending on or before September 30, 2012 or California state income tax examination by tax authorities for years ending on or before September 30, 2011. We are not currently involved in any income tax examinations.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

10. Note Payable

	December 31, 2015	September 30,	0,	
		2015		
Notes Payable:				
Principal outstanding	\$ 9,333,332	\$ 10,000,000		
Accrued Interest	319,418	202,975		
Accrued Termination Fee	160,376	124,630		
	9,813,126	10,327,605		
Less: discount on note payable	(893,941	(1,062,457)	
	8,919,185	9,265,148		
Less: current portion, net	(3,984,219	(3,575,024)	
Long-term portion, net	\$4,934,966	\$ 5,690,124		

Scheduled maturities on long term debt are as follows:

Years ending December 31	Principal	Discount Amortization	Accrued Interest	Accrued Termination Fee	Total
2016	\$4,333,334	\$ (415,044	\$65,929	\$ -	\$3,984,219
2017	4,000,000	(383,118) -	-	3,616,882
2018	999,998	(95,779	253,489	160,376	1,318,084
	\$9,333,332	\$ (893,941	\$319,418	\$ 160,376	\$8,919,185

On October 3, 2014, the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries, SITO Mobile Solutions Inc. and SITO Mobile R&D IP, LLC, entered into a Revenue Sharing and Note Purchase Agreement (the "Agreement") with Fortress Credit Co LLC, as collateral agent (the "Collateral Agent"), and CF DB EZ LLC (the "Revenue Participant") and Fortress Credit Co LLC (the "Note Purchaser" and together with the Revenue Participant, the "Investors").

At the closing of the Agreement, the Company issued and sold a senior secured note (the "Note") with an aggregate original principal amount of \$10,000,000 (the "Original Principal Amount") and issued, pursuant to a Subscription Agreement, 261,954 new shares of common stock to Fortress at \$3.817 per share (which represents the trailing 30-day average closing price) for an aggregate amount of \$1,000,000. After deducting original issue discount of 10% on the

Notes and a structuring fee to the Investors, the Company received \$8,850,000 before paying legal and due diligence expenses.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

The principal amount of the Note bears interest at a rate equal to LIBOR plus 9% per annum. Such interest is payable in cash except that 2% per annum of the interest shall be paid-in-kind, by increasing the principal amount of the Note by the amount of such interest. The term of the Note is 42 months and the Company must make, beginning in October 2015, monthly amortization payments on the Note, each in a principal amount equal to \$333,334 until the Note is paid in full. The Company shall also apply 85% of Monetization Revenues (as defined in the Agreement) from the Company's patents to the payment of accrued and unpaid interest on, and then to repay outstanding principal (at par) of, the Note until all amounts due with respect to the Note have been paid in full. After the repayment of the Note, in addition to the interest, the Company shall pay the Revenue Participants up to 50% of Monetization Revenues totaling (i) \$5,000,000, if paid in full prior to March 31, 2018 and (ii) \$7,500,000 thereafter (the "Revenue Stream"). The Company must also pay \$350,000 to the Note Purchaser upon repayment of the Note.

The Company may prepay the Note in whole or in part, without penalty or premium, except that any optional prepayments of the Note prior to the first anniversary of the Effective Date shall be accompanied by a prepayment premium equal to 5% of the principal amount prepaid.

The Agreement contains certain standard Events of Default. The Company granted to the Collateral Agent, for the benefit of the Secured Parties, a non-exclusive, royalty free, license (including the right to grant sublicenses) with respect to the Patents, which shall be evidenced by, and reflected in, the Patent License Agreement. The Collateral Agent and the Investors agree that the Collateral Agent shall only use such license following an Event of Default. Pursuant to a Security Agreement among the parties, the Company granted the Investors a first priority senior security interest in all of the Company's assets. The Company and the Investors assigned a value of \$500,000 to the revenue sharing terms of the Agreement and in accordance with ASC 470-10-25 "Debt Recognition", the Company recognized \$500,000 as deferred revenue and a discount on the Note that is amortized over the 42-month term of the Note using the effective interest method. For the three months ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, the Company recognized \$51,066 and \$39,060, respectively, in licensing revenue and interest expense from amortization of the deferred revenue.

Interest expense on the Note for the three months ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 was \$252,571 and \$247,629, respectively. Amortization of the discounts for the three months ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 totaled \$168,516 and \$128,897, respectively, which was charged to interest expense. Accrual of termination fees for the three months ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 was \$35,746 and \$27,342, respectively, which was charged to interest expense.

11. Stock Based Compensation

During the three months ended December 31, 2015, the Company recognized stock-based compensation expense totaling \$153,928, through the vesting of 32,836 common stock options. Of the \$153,928 in stock compensation expense, \$86,409 is included in general and administrative expense and \$67,519 is included in sales and marketing expense. During the three months ended December 31, 2014, the Company recognized stock-based compensation expense totaling \$180,814, of which \$99,267 was recognized through the vesting of 125,000 common stock options, and \$81,547 from the amortization of prepaid consulting fees compensated through the granting of 575,000 common stock options. Of the \$180,814 in stock compensation expense, \$172,729 is included in general and administrative expense and \$8,085 is included in sales and marketing expense.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

12. Related Party Transactions

On April 21, 2014 (the "Effective Date"), SITO Mobile R&D IP, LLC, the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary, through a joint venture arrangement organized as a limited liability company (the "JV") with Personalized Media Communications, LLC ("PMC"), entered into a Joint Licensing Program Agreement (the "Agreement") with a national broadcasting entity ("Licensee") pursuant to which the JV granted the Licensee a term-limited license (the "License") to all patents licensable by the JV ("Patents"), including an exclusive license to assert the Patents against certain infringing parties in the media distribution industry. In exchange for the License, the Licensee will pay an annual fee of \$1,250,000 for a minimum of three years ("Annual Fee"). Commencing three years from the Effective Date, the Licensee may each year, at its sole option, pay a \$1,250,000 license fee to renew the License for every year for four additional years. Once the Licensee has paid a total of \$8,750,000 in license fees, either in one lump sum or after paying \$1,250,000 annually for seven years, the License is deemed to be perpetual. For Patents infringement actions provided for under the License, the Licensee will pay 20% of the gross proceeds from settlements received less any Annual Fee amounts paid and litigation costs incurred ("Share of Proceeds"). SITO Mobile R&D IP, LLC and its joint venture partner will serve as co-plaintiffs with the Licensee in infringement actions under the License and the Licensee will be responsible for any out-of-pocket costs of the JV associated with being a co-plaintiff in supporting Licensee in such litigation, including attorneys' fees. The Licensee will pay the Annual Fee and any Share of Proceeds to the JV. Proceeds received by the JV are shared by SITO Mobile R&D IP, LLC and PMC on a 30% and 70% basis, respectively. In the event that the Licensee does not assert any infringement actions under its rights in the License within five years of the Effective Date, the JV may, at its sole option, choose to terminate Licensee's exclusive right to assert infringement claims with no reduction or adjustment to the Annual Fee. For the three months ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, the Company amortized \$94,262 and \$94,521, respectively, in revenue. As of December 31, 2015, the Company has \$114,754 in deferred revenue under the Licensing Agreement.

The Company entered into a Separation and General Release Agreement (the "Separation Agreement") with its former Chief Executive Officer, James Orsini, which confirmed his removal from all positions held with the Company, including its subsidiaries, divisions, affiliates, partnerships, joint ventures and related business entities, effective September 19, 2014. Pursuant to the terms of the Separation Agreement and in accordance with the terms of his employment agreement, the Company agreed to pay Mr. Orsini, one year of his base salary, accrued but unused vacation time and provide continued medical coverage for a period of one year. In addition, the Company reimbursed Mr. Orsini \$10,000 for his attorneys' fees in connection with his Separation Agreement. In exchange for these payments, and other provisions, Mr. Orsini agreed to a general release in favor of the Company. The Separation Agreement became effective September 19, 2014. For the three months ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, the Company paid \$0 and \$107,410 under terms of the Separation Agreement and has accrued \$10,000 in remaining obligations.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

13. Fair Value

The Company's balance sheet includes certain financial instruments. The carrying amounts of current assets and current liabilities approximate their fair values because of the relatively short period of time between the origination of these instruments and their expected realization. The Company determines the fair value of obligations under capital lease, notes payable and convertible debentures based on the effective yields of similar obligations (Level 2).

ASC 820-10 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. ASC 820-10 establishes a fair value hierarchy that distinguishes between (1) market participant assumptions developed based on market data obtained from independent sources (observable inputs) and (2) an entity's own assumptions, about market participant assumptions, which are developed based on the best information available in the circumstances (unobservable inputs). The fair value hierarchy consists of three broad levels, which gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under ASC 820-10 are described below:

Level 1. Valuations based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that an entity has the ability to access.

Level 2. Valuations based on quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

Level 3. Valuations based on inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

The Company did not identify any assets and liabilities that are required to be presented on the consolidated balance sheets at fair value. The Company does not have any assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis at December 31, 2015. The Company did not have any fair value adjustments for assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis during the year ended December 31, 2015.

14. Stockholders' Equity

Common Stock

The holders of the Company's common stock are entitled to one vote per share of common stock held.

During the three months ended December 31, 2015, the Company did not issue any shares of its common stock.

During the three months ended December 31, 2014, the Company issued 261,954 shares of common stock for which the Company received \$1,000,000 in gross proceeds.

Warrants

During the three months ended December 31, 2015, no warrants were granted or exercised, and 250 warrants expired.

During the three months ended December 31, 2014, no warrants were granted or exercised, and 360,000 warrants expired.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Options

During the three months ended December 31, 2015, the Company granted options to its Directors and employees as follows:

Grant Date	Options Granted	Exercise Price	Expiration	Vesting	Total Value	Risk Free Interest Rate		Volatility	y
November 17, 2015	20,000	\$ 3.58	November 17, 2020	3-years	\$47,180	1.70	%	102.67	%
November 17, 2015	4,548	\$ 3.58	November 17, 2020	Immediate	\$10,729	1.70	%	102.67	%
November 17, 2015	3,288	\$ 3.58	November 17, 2020	Immediate	\$7,756	1.70	%	102.67	%
November 18, 2015	150,000	\$ 3.51	November 18, 2020	3-years	\$338,100	1.72	%	102.63	%
November 18, 2015	70,000	\$ 3.51	November 18, 2020	3-years	\$157,780	1.72	%	102.63	%
November 18, 2015	28,000	\$ 3.51	November 18, 2020	3-years	\$63,112	1.72	%	102.63	%
November 18, 2015	28,000	\$ 3.51	November 18, 2020	3-years	\$63,112	1.72	%	102.63	%
November 18, 2015	28,000	\$ 3.51	November 18, 2020	3-years	\$63,112	1.72	%	102.63	%
	331,836								

The Company values options under the Binomial Option Model. The full value of option grants is charged to operations over the vesting period with option grants that vest immediately being fully charged on the date of grant.

During the three months ended December 31, 2015, the Company recognized stock-based compensation expense totaling \$153,928, through the vesting of 32,836 common stock options. During the three months ended December 31, 2014, the Company recognized stock-based compensation expense totaling \$180,814, of which \$99,267 was recognized through the vesting of 125,000 common stock options, and \$81,547 from the amortization of prepaid consulting fees compensated through the granting of 575,000 common stock options.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

A summary of outstanding stock warrants and common stock options is as follows:

	Number of	Weighted	ł
	Shares	Average Exercise	
		Price	
Outstanding – September 30, 2014	3,983,900	\$ 4.80	
Granted	352,271	\$ 3.20	
Exercised	(833,700)	\$ (2.50)
Cancelled	(1,240,800)	\$ (5.40)
Outstanding – September 30, 2015	2,261,671	\$ 5.00	
Granted	331,836	\$ 3.50	
Exercised	(-)	\$ (-)
Cancelled	(250)	\$ (1.20)
Outstanding – December 31, 2015	2,593,257	\$ 4.80	

Of the 2,593,257 common stock options and warrants outstanding, 1,972,931 are fully vested and currently available for exercise.

15. Commitments and Contingency

Operating Leases

The Company leases office space in Rogers, Arkansas; Jersey City, New Jersey; Boise, Idaho; and Royal Oak, Michigan. The Rogers office is leased for a term of five years, effective January 1, 2012. The Company's Boise office space is subject to a 38-month lease that commenced on May 1, 2014. The Jersey City office lease, amended on November 6, 2014, expires on November 30, 2018 and the Company has the option to extend the term for an additional five years. In addition to paying rent, under the terms of the Jersey City office lease the Company is also required to pay its pro rata share of the property's operating expenses. The Company entered into a sub-lease agreement on May 22, 2015 for an office in Michigan. The term for the office space is month to month. Rent expense for the three months ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 was \$98,150 and \$56,616, respectively. Minimum future rental payments under non-cancellable operating leases with terms in excess of one year as of December 31, 2015 for the next five years and in the aggregate are:

2016 \$329,360 2017 269,982 2018 235,224 2019 -\$834,566

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Incentive Compensation

On November 21, 2014, the Company approved a compensation plan for the executive officers of the Company which provides for the payment of a cash bonus and an equity grant of performance options to the Company's Chief Executive Officer and its Chief Financial Officer (the "Executives"). Each Executive is eligible for an annual cash bonus, based upon net revenue, gross margins, and individual key performance indicators, set annually by the Company's Compensation Committee (the "Target Performance"). For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, the target bonus for the Chief Executive Officer was 50% of his base salary and for the Chief Financial Officer, the target bonus was 40% of his base salary. Eighty percent of the cash bonus is based upon the target net revenues and gross margins of the Company with 20% of the cash bonus based upon individual key performance indicators. Fifty percent of the target cash bonus will be paid if threshold performance of 80% of the Target Performance is achieved, 100% of the target cash bonus will be paid if the Target Performance is reached, with 150% of the cash bonus paid if 120% of the Target Performance is achieved. As of December 31, 2015, the Company has paid \$172,437 in compensation expense for the incentive cash bonuses. The equity grant component of the compensation plan provided for the grant of 105,000 performance options to purchase shares of common stock to the Chief Executive Officer and 42,000 performance options to purchase shares of common stock to the Chief Financial Officer, with the number of performance options to be received by each of the Executives based upon the achievement by the Company of certain net revenues and gross margins targets. The performance options vest in three year increments commencing on the grant date and are exercisable at a price of \$2.805. Based upon the Target Performance for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2105, our Chief Executive Officer earned 63,090 options and our Chief Financial Officer earned 25,236 options. During the three months ended December 31, 2015, the company recognized \$19,682 in stock compensation expense for the performance options.

For the fiscal year ending September 30, 2016, the target bonus for the Chief Executive Officer is 50% of his base salary, and for the Chief Financial Officer the target bonus is 40% of his base salary. Seventy percent of the target cash bonus will be paid if threshold performance of 70% of the Target Performance is achieved, 100% of the target cash bonus will be paid if the Target Performance is reached, with 120% of the cash bonus paid if 120% of the Target Performance is achieved. As of December 31, 2015, the Company has accrued \$52,080 in compensation expense for the potential incentive cash bonuses. The equity grant component of the compensation plan provides for the grant of 150,000 performance options to purchase shares of Company common stock to the Chief Executive Officer and 70,000 performance options to purchase shares of Company common stock to the Chief Financial Officer, with the number of performance options to be received by each of the Executives based upon the achievement of the Target Performance. The performance options will vest in three year increments commencing on the grant date and are exercisable at a price of \$3.51. During the three months ended December 31, 2015, the Company recognized \$26,324 in stock compensation expense for the performance options.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

16. Double Vision Acquisition

On July 24, 2014, the Company acquired all of the outstanding capital stock of DoubleVision, a provider of mobile media for clients looking to place advertisements in mobile devices based on real-time data. With this acquisition, the Company integrated DoubleVision's ability to provide real-time advertising in its mobile media market with our product offerings. The contractual price for the acquisition was \$3,680,000, which was paid by issuing 800,000 shares of the Company's common stock to DoubleVision's shareholders at an agreed-upon valuation of \$4.10 per share, plus a cash payment of \$400,000 to one of DoubleVision's creditors.

In addition to the initial purchase price, the agreement called for \$1,000,000 in contingent consideration based on the Company achieving \$3,000,000 in media placement revenue in the twelve months ended July 31, 2015. At March 31, 2015, the Company recorded the additional \$1,000,000 purchase price payable in anticipation of achieving the revenue milestone and increased the goodwill to \$4,482,884. During the year ended September 30, 2015, the Company issued 296,402 of its common stock at \$3.60 per share for an aggregate amount of \$1,067,044 in satisfaction of the purchase price payable and increased goodwill by \$67,044.

As of December 31, 2015, the allocation of the purchase price to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed on the acquisition date was as follows:

\$10,102
43,574
10,000
21,764
260,524
6,150
3,482,884
(154,998)
\$3,680,000

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

The following table summarizes the fair value of identifiable intangible assets acquired:

Software development costs	\$260,524
Total intangible assets acquired, excluding goodwill	\$260,524

The excess of the fair value of the total consideration over the estimated fair value of the net assets was recorded as goodwill, which was primarily attributable to the synergies expected from combining the technologies, including complementary products that will enhance the Company's overall product portfolio, and the value of the workforce that became our employees following the closing of the acquisition. The goodwill recognized is not deductible for income tax purposes.

Pro forma Information

The following unaudited pro forma information presents the consolidated results of operation of the Company as if the acquisition completed during the year ended September 30, 2014 had occurred at the beginning of the applicable annual reporting period, with pro forma adjustments to give effect to intercompany transactions to be eliminated, amortization of intangible assets, share-based compensation, and transaction costs directly associated with the acquisition:

Net revenue	\$10,681,740
Net loss	(4,046,089)
Net loss per share	(0.30)
Net loss per share-diluted	(0.30)

These unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial results have been prepared for illustrative purposes only and do not purport to be indicative of the results of operations that actually would have resulted had the acquisition occurred on the first day of the earliest period presented, or of the future results of the consolidated entities. The unaudited pro forma consolidated financial information does not reflect any operating efficiencies and cost savings that may be realized from the integration of the acquisition.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

17. Hipcricket Acquisition

On July 8, 2015, the Company, Hipcricket, Inc. and, solely as a guarantor of Hipcricket's indemnity obligations, ESW Capital LLC entered into an Asset Purchase Agreement pursuant to which the Company acquired assets of Hipcricket's mobile advertising business. The Company paid a consideration of \$1,300,000 in cash and issued to Hipcricket 620,560 shares of the Company's common stock that the parties agreed to value at \$2,544,297. The Company acquired all rights in, to contracts with Hipcricket's mobile advertising customers, customer lists and records as well as certain intellectual assets and properties used in Hipcricket's mobile advertising business. The Company hired certain employees of Hipcricket to service the Hipcricket customers which we acquired.

As of December 31, 2015, the allocation of the purchase price to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed on the acquisition date was as follows:

Technology	\$970,000
Customer relationships	870,000
Backlog	110,000
Goodwill	1,894,297
Total purchase price	\$3,844,297

The following table summarizes the fair value of identifiable intangible assets acquired:

Technology	\$970,000
Customer relationships	870,000
Backlog	110,000
Total intangible assets acquired, excluding goodwill	\$1,950,000

The excess of the fair value of the total consideration over the estimated fair value of the net assets was recorded as goodwill, which was primarily attributable to the synergies expected from combining the technologies, including complementary products that will enhance the Company's overall product portfolio, and the value of the workforce that became our employees following the closing of the acquisition. The goodwill recognized is deductible for income tax purposes.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Pro forma Information

The following unaudited pro forma information presents the consolidated results of operation of the Company as if the acquisition completed during the year ended September 30, 2015 had occurred at the beginning of the applicable annual reporting period, with pro forma adjustments to give effect to intercompany transactions to be eliminated, amortization of intangible assets, share-based compensation, and transaction costs directly associated with the acquisition:

Net revenue	\$21,373,171
Net loss	(10,083,640)
Net loss per share	(0.65)
Net loss per share-diluted	(0.65)

These unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial results have been prepared for illustrative purposes only and do not purport to be indicative of the results of operations that actually would have resulted had the acquisition occurred on the first day of the earliest period presented, or of the future results of the consolidated entities. The unaudited pro forma consolidated financial information does not reflect any operating efficiencies and cost savings that may be realized from the integration of the acquisition.

Item 2 - Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

This report contains forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements include, without limitation, statements containing the words "believes," "anticipates," "expects," "intends," "projects," "will," and other words of similar import or the negative of those terms or expressions. Forward-looking statements in this report include, but are not limited to, expectations of future levels of research and development spending, general and administrative spending, levels of capital expenditures and operating results, sufficiency of our capital resources, our intention to pursue and consummate strategic opportunities available to us, including sales of certain of our assets. Forward-looking statements subject to certain known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to those described in "Risk Factors" of the reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included elsewhere herein.

Overview

We provide a mobile engagement platform that enables brands to increase awareness, loyalty, and ultimately sales.

Our business has focused on leveraging our solution in the areas of messaging/notifications and media placement on mobile devices. Our Verified Walk-In platform is a proprietary attribution technology that utilizes geo-fencing to reach customers within a certain radius of location and uses technology to push coupons, advertisements, and promotions to mobile apps and mobile websites in real-time, allowing for a more accurate advertising approach. This technology identifies consumers who visit physical storefronts after seeing advertisements that we distribute. This platform allows our clients to assess mobile-to-offline attribution allowing the ability to quantify and measure the impact of campaigns on in-store visits, leveraging real-time insights on campaign performance through key metrics such as user demographics, psychographics, visitation rates, click-through and time of engagement.

Our portfolio of intellectual property represents our many years' of innovation in the wireless industry through patented technology that we developed, as well as patented technology we purchased from Microsoft and others. We are dedicated to the monetization of our patents, primarily through licensing agreements that allow others to use our patents in exchange for royalty income and other consideration.

As we expand operational activities and seek new opportunities to monetize our patented technology, we may from time to time experience operating losses and/or negative cash flows from operations and we may be required to obtain additional financing to fund operations. There can be no assurance that such financing will be available to us. We are heavily reliant on the revenue we generate from a single customer relationship. Our core mobile media business operates in a relatively new and evolving industry that seeks to gain a larger share of business spending which has traditionally been directed toward older established media solutions. There can be no assurance that we will be successful in addressing these challenges and others that we face, and the failure to do so can have a material adverse effect on our business prospects, financial condition and results of operations.

Results of Operations

Results of Operations for the Three Months Ended December 31, 2015 and 2014

During the three months ended December 31, 2015, our revenue increased by 87% over revenue generated during the three months ended December 31, 2014 (\$7,213,123 in the three months ended December 31, 2015 compared to \$3,847,436 in the three months ended December 31, 2014). Our revenue growth was comprised of a \$4,056,381 or 315% increase in media placement revenue, a \$802,441 or 33% decrease in wireless application revenues and a \$111,747 or 84% increase in licensing and royalty revenue. Media placement revenue increased as a result of expanding our direct sales force and acquiring the Hipcricket, Inc. mobile advertising business in July 2015. Media placement revenue has increased on a sequential quarterly basis for each quarter since we launched the business in December 2013. Wireless applications revenue declined primarily due to a decrease in the number of text and voice messages that we sent on behalf of our largest customer within our AT&T relationship. During the first six months of fiscal 2015, the customer transitioned its database of customers who receive our messages to a new standard rate messaging program and the transition caused a decline in the number of customers who elected to continue to receive messages. The increase in licensing and royalty revenue resulted from \$100,000 in additional revenue from an amendment in December 3, 2015 to our agreement with Zoove Corporation.

Of our revenue earned during the three months ended December 31, 2015, approximately 21% was generated from contracts with five customers covered under our agreements with AT&T. Of our revenue earned during the quarter ended December 31, 2014, approximately 64% was generated from contracts with five customers covered under our agreements with AT&T.

Our cost of revenue, which represents the costs associated with wireless applications and media placement revenues, increased \$1,601,069 or 86% to \$3,449,256 for the three months ended December 31, 2015 as compared to \$1,848,187 for the three months ended December 31, 2014. Our cost of revenue varies substantially in line with wireless applications and media placement revenues and includes depreciation and amortization expense of our mobile engagement technology platforms that we use to operate our wireless applications and media placement business. Cost of revenue for the three months ended December 31, 2015 increased as compared to the three months December 31, 2014 primarily as result of the 315% increase in media placement revenues over the same comparable periods and an \$96,229 increase in software development amortization expense. For the three months ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, software development cost amortization and depreciation expense included in cost of revenue was \$219,776 and \$123,547, respectively.

General and administrative expense, excluding stock based compensation, was \$1,488,309 for the three months ended December 31, 2015 as compared to \$1,197,809 for the three months ended December 31, 2014, an increase of \$290,500 or 20%, that is primarily attributable to the increased number of our personnel and increased expenditure for professional services. We include research and development expense in general and administrative expense, and for the three months ended December 31, 2015, the expense decreased to \$8,865 from \$10,316 in the three months ended December 31, 2014. Our technology investment in revenue growth is focused on our mobile engagement platform through software development efforts. We capitalize the cost of developing our mobile engagement platform and amortize our investment over three years. For the three-month periods ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, we recognized \$219,776 and \$123,547, respectively, in amortization of software development costs, with the increased amortization attributable to the increased investment in developing our platform.

Sales and marketing expense, excluding stock based compensation, was \$1,809,820 for the three months ended December 31, 2015 as compared to \$663,986 for the three months ended December 31, 2014, an increase of \$1,145,834 or 173%, that is primarily attributable to increased sales and marketing spending, including expansion of our direct sales force and customer management personnel in connection with our media placement business that we launched in December 2013 and expanded by acquiring Hipcricket's mobile advertising business in July 2015. As a percentage of revenue, sales and marketing expense was 25% and 17% for the three-month periods ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, a 45% increase in the percentage of revenue. Our media placement revenues have carried relatively higher spending levels than our wireless application revenues. Sales and marketing expense has increased in line with media placement revenue growing to 74% of total revenue in the current quarter from 34% in the comparable quarter last year.

For the three months ended December 31, 2015, total stock based compensation expense decreased 15% to \$153,928 from \$180,814 for the three months ended December 31, 2014. The decrease is attributable to fewer stock based compensation issuances as part of our effort to reduce the number of issued and potentially issuable shares of our common stock.

Interest expense for the three months ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 was \$471,799 and \$417,378, respectively, an increase of \$54,421 or 13%. The increase in interest expense is attributable to the principal of our Note to Fortress being outstanding for the full quarter ended December 31, 2015 as compared to a partial quarter in the preceding year. In October 2014, we sold a secured \$10,000,000 42-month note having an interest rate of 9% plus the greater of LIBOR, which was 0.36% as of December 31, 2015, or 1%. Included in interest expense for the three months ended December 31, 2015 is \$183,242 in amortization of discounts on the debt for a structuring fee, termination fees and the rights assigned to Fortress to share in our potential future new intellectual property monetization revenue streams.

Our net loss for the three months ended December 31, 2015 was \$388,079 as compared to a net loss of \$536,251 for the three months ended December 31, 2014, a decrease of \$148,172 or 28% that is primarily attributable to the \$4,046,381 increase in media placement revenue that was partially offset by the \$1,601,069 increase in cost of revenue, the \$1,145,834 increase in sales and marketing expense, net of stock compensation expense, and \$54,421 increase in interest expense. Excluding stock based compensation, our net loss for the three month periods ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 were \$234,151 and \$355,437, respectively.

Our net loss on a basic and fully diluted basis was \$0.02 per share the three months ended December 31, 2015 based on our weighted average shares outstanding of 17,155,478 as compared to a net loss of \$0.03 per share for the three months ended December 31, 2014 based on our weighted average shares outstanding of 15,326,275. The increase in the number of weighted shares outstanding primarily reflects the issuance of shares of common stock, of which 833,700 shares were issued for warrants which were exercised, 261,954 shares were issued to Fortress, 70,000 shares were issued for consulting services, 296,401 were issued to DoubleVision in satisfaction of the earnout provision and 620,560 shares were issued for the acquisition of Hipcricket's mobile advertising business.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

At December 31, 2015, we had total assets of \$20,863,090, including \$9,012,714 in current assets, and total liabilities of \$15,633,490, including \$10,692,323 in current liabilities. At September 30, 2015, we had total assets of \$18,598,680, including \$6,582,226 in current assets, and total liabilities of \$13,284,984, including \$7,587,837 in current liabilities. The \$2,264,410 or 12% increase in assets is primarily attributable to the increase in current assets that largely consisted of a \$611,045 increase in cash attributable to net positive operating cash flows and the \$1,783,357 increase in accounts receivable attributable to increased revenues. The \$2,348,506 increase in liabilities is primarily attributable to the increase in current liabilities that largely consisted of a \$2,546,411 increase in accounts

payable attributable to the growth in our costs of revenue and operations that resulted from the expansion of our business.

During the three months ended December 31, 2015, we generated \$1,644,035 in cash for operating activities that is primarily attributable to our net loss for the period that was partially offset by noncash expenses of \$622,243 in depreciation and amortization expense and \$153,928 in stock compensation expense. In addition, we used \$1,783,357 for growth in our accounts receivable this quarter which has resulted from increased media placement revenue, which typically remains outstanding in accounts receivable longer than our wireless applications revenue.

Cash used in investing activities for the three months ended December 31, 2015 was \$511,396, of which \$417,192 represented capitalized internal costs of our software development for our core operations, \$71,013 was attributable to investments in our intellectual property which is designed to strengthen our intellectual property portfolio and expand our mobile communications/advertising offerings, and \$23,191 was attributable to purchases of property and equipment in connection with our personnel expansion.

Cash used in financing activities for the three months ended December 31, 2015 totaled \$521,594, which primarily consisted of \$666,668 in principal repayments on our Note to Fortress that was partially offset by \$150,055 in proceeds from investors who purchased our common stock by exercising warrants at share prices of \$2.50 and \$3.05.

Our Note to Fortress bears interest at a rate equal to 9% plus the greater of LIBOR or 1%, of which 2% per annum of the interest shall be paid through the issuance of shares of common stock at maturity. The term of the Note is 42 months and we began making monthly interest payments in October 2014. In October 2015, we began making monthly amortization payments on the Note, each in the amount of \$333,334. We agreed to apply 85% of any revenues from new licensing and royalty arrangements that we generate using our patents ("Monetization Revenues") to the payment of accrued and unpaid interest on, and then to repay outstanding principal (at par) of, the Note until all amounts due with respect to the Note has been paid in full. After the repayment of the Note, we will pay Fortress up to 50% of Monetization Revenues totaling (i) \$5,000,000, if paid in full prior to March 31, 2018 and (ii) \$7,500,000 thereafter. In addition, we must also pay \$350,000 to Fortress upon repayment of the Note.

We are seeking to increase our working capital to facilitate anticipated revenue growth, invest in our technology platform, develop our patent portfolio for new monetization opportunities and to improve liquidity. Over the next twelve months we believe that existing capital and anticipated funds from operations may be sufficient to sustain current level of operations and debt service. Inasmuch as the Company is pursuing the monetization of its intellectual property, which plans are subject to change, additional external financing relating to such efforts may be required. Increased acceleration in our core business, monthly principal payments on our debt and/or other economic influences might also necessitate additional financing.

There can be no assurance that we will be able obtain additional financing, if at all or upon terms that will be acceptable to us or our existing secured lender.

As a result of the recent economic recession, and the continuing economic uncertainty, it has been difficult for companies to obtain equity or debt financing. While the credit markets have improved over the last year, it remains difficult for smaller companies to obtain financing on reasonable terms.

Any additional capital raised through the sale of equity or equity-backed securities may dilute current stockholders' ownership percentages and could also result in a decrease in the fair market value of our equity securities. The terms of the securities issued by us in future capital transactions may be more favorable to new investors and may include preferences, superior voting rights and the issuance of warrants or other derivative securities which may have a further dilutive effect.

If we raise additional funds through collaboration and licensing arrangements with third parties, it may be necessary to relinquish some rights to our technologies or our services or grant licenses on terms that are not favorable to us.

Furthermore, any additional debt or equity or other financing that we may need may not be available on terms favorable to us, or at all. If we are unable to obtain required additional capital, we may have to curtail our growth plans or cut back on existing business. Further, we may not be able to continue operations if we do not generate sufficient revenues from operations.

We may incur substantial costs in pursuing future capital financing, including investment banking fees, legal fees, accounting fees, securities law compliance fees, printing and distribution expenses and other costs. We may also be required to recognize non-cash expenses in connection with certain securities we issue, such as convertible notes and warrants, which may adversely impact our reported financial results.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have no off-balance sheet arrangements or financing activities with special purpose entities.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based upon our consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. We have identified the following accounting policies that we believe are key to an understanding of our financial statements. These are important accounting policies that require management's most difficult, subjective judgments.

Revenue Recognition and Deferred Revenue

The Company recognizes media placement revenue based on the activity of mobile users viewing ads through developer applications and mobile websites. Media placement revenues are recognized when the Company's advertising services are delivered based on the specific terms of the advertising contract, which are commonly based on the number of ads delivered, or views, clicks or actions by users on mobile advertisements. At such time, the Company's services have been provided, the fees charged are fixed or determinable, persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, and collectability is reasonably assured.

The Company evaluates whether it is appropriate to recognize media placement revenue based on the gross amount billed to the customers or the net amount earned as revenue. When the Company is primarily obligated in a transaction, has latitude in establishing prices, is responsible for fulfillment of the transaction, has credit risk, or has several but not all of these indicators, revenue is recorded on a gross basis. While none of the factors individually are considered presumptive or determinative, in reaching conclusions on gross versus net revenue recognition, the Company places the most weight on the analysis of whether or not it is the primary obligor in the arrangement. The Company records the net amounts as media placement revenue earned if it is not primarily obligated or does not have latitude in establishing prices or credit risk.

The Company recognizes wireless applications revenue based on the delivery of Short Message Service (SMS) text messages and voice messages and messaging program management services. Wireless applications revenues are recognized when the Company's services are delivered based on the specific terms of the Company's contracts with customers, which are commonly based on the number of messages delivered. At such time, the Company's services have been provided, the fees charged are fixed or determinable, persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, and collectability is reasonably assured.

In general, licensing and royalty revenue arrangements provide for the payment of contractually determined fees in consideration for the patented technologies owned by or controlled by the Company's operating subsidiary. The intellectual property rights granted may be perpetual in nature, extending until the expiration of the related patents, or can be granted for a defined, relatively short period of time, with the licensee possessing the right to renew the agreement at the end of each contractual term for an additional minimum upfront payment. Pursuant to the terms of these agreements, the Company's operating subsidiary may have no further obligation with respect to the grant of the non-exclusive retroactive and future licenses, covenants-not-to-sue, releases, and other deliverables, including no express or implied obligation on the Company's operating subsidiary's part to maintain or upgrade the technology, or provide future support or services. Generally, the agreements provide for the grant of licenses, covenants-not-to-sue, releases, and other significant deliverables upon the execution of the agreement, or upon the receipt off the minimum upfront payment for term agreement renewals. As such, when the Company has no further obligation under the agreement, the earnings process is complete and revenue is recognized upon the execution of the agreement, when collectability is reasonably assured, or upon receipt of the minimum upfront fee for term agreement renewals, and when all the other revenue recognition criteria have been met, otherwise the Company recognizes revenue on a straight-line basis over the life of the agreement based on the contractually determined fees.

Deferred revenue arises as a result of differences between the timing of revenue recognition and receipt of cash from the Company's customers.

Software Development Costs

The Company accounts for costs incurred to develop or purchase computer software for internal use in accordance with ASC Topic 350-40 "Internal-Use Software." As required by ASC 350-40, the Company capitalizes the costs incurred during the application development stage, which include costs to design the software configuration and interfaces, coding, installation, and testing.

Costs incurred during the preliminary project stage along with post-implementation stages of internal use computer software are expensed as incurred. Capitalized development costs are amortized over a period of two to three years. Costs incurred to maintain existing product offerings are expensed as incurred. The capitalization and ongoing assessment of recoverability of development costs requires considerable judgment by management with respect to certain external factors, including, but not limited to, technological and economic feasibility, and estimated economic life.

Long-Lived Assets

We account for our long-lived assets in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 360-10-05, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets." ASC Topic 360-10-05 requires that long-lived assets be reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the historical cost carrying value of an asset may no longer be appropriate. We assess recoverability of the carrying value of an asset by estimating the future net cash flows expected to result from the asset, including eventual disposition. If the future net cash flows are less than the carrying value of the asset, an impairment loss is recorded equal to the difference between the asset's carrying value and fair value or disposable value.

Fair Value Measurement

The Company complies with the provisions of ASC No. 820-10 (ASC 820-10), "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures." ASC 820-10 relates to financial assets and financial liabilities. ASC 820-10 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. The provisions of this standard apply to other accounting pronouncements that require or permit fair value measurements and are to be applied prospectively with limited exceptions.

ASC 820-10 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. ASC 820-10 establishes a fair value hierarchy that distinguishes between (1) market participant assumptions developed based on market data obtained from independent sources (observable inputs) and (2) an entity's own assumptions about market participant assumptions that are developed based on the best information available in the circumstances (unobservable inputs). The fair value hierarchy consists of three broad levels, which gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under ASC 820-10 are described below:

Level 1. Valuations based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that an entity has the ability to access.

Level 2. Valuations based on quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

Level 3. Valuations based on inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

Item 4 - Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Company's Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer have evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report pursuant to Rule 13a-15(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act"). Based on that evaluation, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this report, our disclosure controls and procedures are effective in ensuring that information required to be disclosed in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is (1) recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the periods specified in the Commission's rules and forms, and (2) accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

We have not made a change in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the fiscal quarter ended December 31, 2015 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Internal control systems, no matter how well designed and operated, have inherent limitations. Therefore, even a system which is determined to be effective cannot provide absolute assurance that all control issues have been detected or prevented. Our systems of internal controls are designed to provide reasonable assurance with respect to financial statement preparation and presentation.

Under the oversight of the Audit Committee, Management will continue to review and make any changes it deems necessary to the overall design of the Company's internal control over financial reporting, including implementing improvements in policies and procedures. We are committed to a proper internal control environment and will continue to implement measures to improve the Company's internal control over financial reporting in response to our continued operational development.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1 - Legal Proceedings

To the best of our knowledge, we are not a party to any legal proceedings that, individually or in the aggregate, are deemed to be material to our financial condition or results of operations.

Item 1A - Risk Factors

Our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 31, 2015, Part I –Item 1A, Risk Factors, describes important risk factors that could cause our business, financial condition, results of operations and growth prospects to differ materially from those indicated or suggested by forward-looking statements made in this Form 10-Q or presented elsewhere by management from time to time.

There have been no material changes in our risk factors since the filing of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for our fiscal year ended September 30, 2015.

Item 2 - Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

None.

Item 3 - Defaults Upon Senior Securities

No disclosure required.	
Item 4 - Mine Safety Disclosures	
No disclosure required.	
Item 5 - Other Information	
No disclosure required.	
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Item 6 - Exhibits

Index to Exhibits

Exhibit No. Description

Amendment 9 to Service Agreement 20071210.103.C by and between the Company and AT&T Services, Inc. dated December 24, 2015. Amended and Restated Service Agreement 20071210.103.C by and between the Company and AT&T Services, Inc. dated January 4, 2016.

- 31.1* Certification of Principal Executive Officer, pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) of the Securities
- Exchange Act of 1934.
- Certification of Principal Financial Officer, pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
- Certification of Principal Executive Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.2* Certification of Principal Financial Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 101.INS** XBRL Instance Document.
- 101.SCH** XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
- 101.CAL** XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
- 101.DEF** XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.
- 101.LAB** XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.
- 101.PRE** XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.

^{*} Filed herewith

^{**}Furnished herewith

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

SITO Mobile Ltd.

Date: February 9, 2016 By:/s/ Jerry Hug

Jerry Hug, Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

Date: February 9, 2016 By:/s/ Kurt Streams

Kurt Streams, Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)