PROSPECT CAPITAL CORP

Form 497

October 30, 2015

Prospect Capital Corporation

Prospect Capital InterNotes®

4.750% Senior Notes due 2020 (the "2020 Notes")

5.250% Senior Notes due 2022 (the "2022 Notes"

and together with the 2020 Notes, the "Notes")

Filed under Rule 497, Registration Statement No. 333-198505

74348YSK8US74348YSK81\$1,673,000.00100.000%1.250%

74348YSL6 US74348YSL64 \$873,000.00 100.000% 1.750%

Pricing Supplement Nos. 397 and 398 — Dated Friday, October 30, 2015

(To: Prospectus Dated November 4, 2014, and Prospectus Supplement Dated August 28, 2015)

CUSIP ISIN Principal Selling Gross Net CouponCouponCoupon Maturity 1st (Number Number Price Concession Proceeds Type Rate Frequency Amount Date Date

\$1,652,087.50 Fixed 4.750% Semi-Annual 11/15/2020 5/15

\$857,722.50 Fixed 5.250% Semi-Annual 5/15/2022 5/15

Redemption Information: Callable at 100.000% on 11/15/2016 and every coupon date thereafter.

CUSIP ISIN Principal Net CouponCouponCoupon Selling Gross Maturity 1st (Number Number Concession Proceeds Type Rate Frequency Amount Price Date Date

Redemption Information: Callable at 100.000% on 11/15/2016 and every coupon date thereafter.

Trade Date: Friday, October 30, 2015 @ 3:00 PM ET

Settle Date: Wednesday, November 4, 2015

Minimum Denomination/Increments: \$1,000.00/\$1,000.00 Initial trades settle flat and clear SDFS: DTC Book Entry only

The Notes will be issued pursuant to the Indenture, dated as of February 16, 2012, as amended and supplemented by that certain Three Hundred Ninety-Seventh Supplemental Indenture and Three Hundred Ninety-Eighth Supplemental Indenture, respectively, each dated as of November 4, 2015.

The date from which interest shall accrue on the Notes is Wednesday, November 4, 2015. The "Interest Payment Dates" for the Notes shall be May 15 and November 15 of each year, commencing May 15, 2016; the interest payable on any Interest Payment Date, will be paid to the Person in whose name the Notes (or one or more predecessor Notes) is registered at the close of business on the Regular Record Date (as defined in the Indenture) for such interest, which shall be May 1 or November 1, as the case may be, next preceding such Interest Payment Date.

The Notes will be redeemable in whole or in part at any time or from time to time, at the option of Prospect Capital Corporation, on or after November 15, 2016 at a redemption price of \$1,000 per Notes plus accrued and unpaid interest payments otherwise payable for the then-current semi-annual interest period accrued to, but excluding, the date fixed for redemption and upon not less than 30 days nor more that 60 days prior notice to the noteholder and the trustee, as described in the prospectus.

Prospect Capital Corporation is a financial services company that lends to and invests in middle market, privately-held companies. We are organized as an externally-managed, non-diversified closed-end management investment company that has elected to be treated as a business development company under the Investment Company Act of 1940. Prospect Capital Management L.P. manages our investments and Prospect Administration LLC provides the administrative services necessary for us to operate.

This pricing supplement relates only to the securities described in the accompanying prospectus supplement and prospectus, is only a summary of changes and should be read together with the accompanying prospectus supplement and prospectus, including among other things the section entitled "Risk Factors" beginning on page S-8 of such prospectus supplement and page 10 of such prospectus. This pricing supplement and the accompanying prospectus supplement and prospectus contain important information you should know before investing in our securities. Please

read it before you invest and keep it for future reference. We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information about us with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or the "SEC." This information is available free of charge by contacting us at 10 East 40th Street, 42nd Floor, New York, NY 10016 or by telephone at (212) 448-0702. The SEC maintains a website at www.sec.gov where such information is available without charge upon written or oral request. Our internet website address is www.prospectstreet.com. Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus and you should not consider information contained on our website to be part of this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus.

Neither the SEC nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or passed on the adequacy or accuracy of this pricing supplement. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense. Obligations of Prospect Capital Corporation and any subsidiary of Prospect Capital Corporation are not guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America. Neither Prospect Capital Corporation nor any subsidiary of Prospect Capital Corporation is a government-sponsored enterprise or an instrumentality of the United States of America. InterNotes® is a registered trademark of Incapital Holdings LLC.

Recent Developments:

On September 1, 2015, BNN Holdings Corp. repaid the \$42.9 million loans receivable to us.

On September 16, 2015, we made an investment of \$26.8 million to purchase 75.09% of the subordinated notes in Apidos CLO XXII in a co-investment transaction with Priority Income Fund, Inc., a closed-end fund managed by an affiliate of Prospect Capital Management L.P.

On September 16, 2015, GTP Operations, LLC repaid the \$116.4 million loan receivable to us.

On September 22, 2015, we sold 19.4% of the outstanding principal balance of the senior secured Term Loan A investment in Instant Web, LLC for \$29.4 million. There was no gain or loss realized on the sale.

On September 25, 2015, we sold an additional 8.39% of the total outstanding principal balance of the senior secured Term Loan A investment in InterDent, Inc. for \$10.5 million. There was no gain or loss realized on the sale.

On September 25, 2015, Therakos, Inc. repaid the \$13.0 million loan receivable to us.

On October 2, 2015, we provided \$17.5 million of first lien senior secured debt to Easy Gardener Products, Inc., a designer, marketer, and manufacturer of branded lawn and garden products.

On October 9, 2015, BAART Programs, Inc. repaid the \$42.9 million loans receivable to us.

On October 16, 2015, we made a \$37.0 million second lien secured debt investment in Universal Fiber Systems, LLC, a manufacturer of custom and specialty fiber products used in high performance applications.

During the period from September 11, 2015 through October 22, 2015, we issued \$20.9 million aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® for net proceeds of \$20.6 million.

During the period from August 29, 2015 through October 26, 2015, we made seven follow-on investments in National Property REIT Corp. ("NPRC") totaling \$54.0 million to support the online consumer lending initiative. We invested \$8.1 million of equity through NPH Property Holdings, LLC and \$45.9 million of debt directly to ACL Loan Holdings, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of NPRC.

During the period from September 4, 2015 through October 26, 2015 we repurchased 350,000 shares of our common stock at an average price of \$7.65 per share, including commissions.

Legal Matters:

In the opinion of Joseph Ferraro, General Counsel of Prospect Administration, administrator for Prospect Capital Corporation, a Maryland corporation (the "Company"), the certificates evidencing the Notes (the "Note Certificates") constitute the valid and binding obligations of the Company, entitled to the benefits of the Indenture and enforceable against the Company in accordance with their terms under the laws of the State of New York subject to applicable bankruptcy, insolvency and similar laws affecting creditors' rights generally, concepts of reasonableness and equitable principles of general applicability (including, without limitation, concepts of good faith, fair dealing and the lack of bad faith), provided that such counsel expresses no opinion as to the effect of fraudulent conveyance, fraudulent transfer or similar provision of applicable law on the conclusions expressed above. This opinion is given as of the date hereof and is limited to the law of the State of New York as in effect on the date hereof. In addition, this opinion is subject to the same assumptions and qualifications stated in the letter of Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom, LLP dated March 8, 2012, filed as Exhibit (1)(5) to the Company's registration statement on Form N-2 (File No. 333-176637) and to the further assumptions that (i) the Note Certificates have been duly authorized by all requisite corporate action on the part of the Company and duly executed by the Company under Maryland law, and (ii) they were duly authenticated by the Trustee and issued and delivered by the Company against payment therefor in accordance with the terms of the Fourth Amended and Restated Selling Agent Agreement and the Indenture. Capitalized terms used in this paragraph without definition have the meanings ascribed to them in the accompanying prospectus supplement.

Prospect Capital Corporation 10 East 40th Street, 42nd Floor New York, New York 10016

In the opinion of Venable LLP, as Maryland counsel to the Company, (i) the execution and delivery by the Company of the Indenture, dated as of February 16, 2012, as supplemented through the Three Hundred Ninety-Seventh Supplemental Indenture, between the Company and American Stock Transfer & Trust Company, and the Three Hundred Ninety-Eighth Supplemental Indenture, between the Company and American Stock Transfer & Trust

Company, and the global notes representing the Notes issued pursuant to such Supplemental Indentures, and the performance by the Company of its obligations thereunder, have been duly authorized by the Company and (ii) the issuance of the Notes has been duly authorized by the Company. This opinion is given to the Company as of October 30, 2015 and is limited to the laws of the State of Maryland as in effect on October 30, 2015. In addition, this opinion is subject to the same assumptions, qualifications and limitations stated in the opinion letter to the Company of Venable LLP, dated March 8, 2012, filed as Exhibit (l)(4) to the Company's Registration Statement on Form N-2 (File No. 333-176637). Capitalized terms used in this paragraph without definition have the meanings ascribed to them in the accompanying prospectus supplement.

Very truly yours, /s/ Venable LLP

Filed pursuant to Rule 497 File No. 333-198505

PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

(To Prospectus dated November 4, 2014)

Prospect Capital Corporation

Prospect Capital InterNotes®

We may offer to sell our Prospect Capital InterNotes® from time to time. The specific terms of the notes will be set prior to the time of sale and described in a pricing supplement. You should read this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and the applicable pricing supplement carefully before you invest. We may offer other debt securities from time to time other than the notes under our Registration Statement or in private placements. We may offer the notes to or through agents for resale. The applicable pricing supplement will specify the purchase price, agent discounts and net proceeds of any particular offering of notes. The agents are not required to sell any specific amount of notes but will use their reasonable best efforts to sell the notes. We also may offer the notes directly. We have not set a date for termination of our offering.

The agents have advised us that from time to time they may purchase and sell notes in the secondary market, but they are not obligated to make a market in the notes and may suspend or completely stop that activity at any time. Unless otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement, we do not intend to list the notes on any stock exchange. Investing in the notes involves certain risks, including those described in the "Risk Factors" section beginning on page S-8 of this prospectus supplement and page 10 of the accompanying prospectus.

This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus contain important information you should know before investing in our securities. Please read it before you invest and keep it for future reference. We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information about us with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or the "SEC." This information is available free of charge by contacting us at 10 East 40Street, 42nd Floor, New York, NY 10016 or by telephone at (212) 448-0702. The SEC maintains a website at www.sec.gov where such information is available without charge upon written or oral request. Our internet website address is www.prospectstreet.com. Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus and you should not consider information contained on our website to be part of this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus.

Neither the SEC nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or passed on the adequacy or accuracy of this prospectus supplement. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense. Obligations of Prospect Capital Corporation and any subsidiary of Prospect Capital Corporation are not guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America. Neither Prospect Capital Corporation nor any subsidiary of Prospect Capital Corporation is a government-sponsored enterprise or an instrumentality of the United States of America.

We may sell the notes to or through one or more agents or dealers, including the agents listed below.

Incapital LLC BofA Merrill Lynch Citigroup
Prospectus Supplement dated August 28, 2015.

®InterNotes is a registered trademark of Incapital Holdings LLC

RBC Capital Markets

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus may contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the "Exchange Act," which involve substantial risks and uncertainties. Forward-looking statements predict or describe our future operations, business plans, business and investment strategies and portfolio management and the performance of our investments and our investment management business. These forward-looking statements are not historical facts, but rather are based on current expectations, estimates and projections about our industry, our beliefs, and our assumptions. Words such as "intends," "intended," "goal," "estimate," "expects," "expects," "expect," "projected," "project "seeks," "anticipates," "anticipated," "should," "could," "may," "will," "designed to," "foreseeable future," "believe," "believe "scheduled" and variations of these words and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Our actual results or outcomes may differ materially from those anticipated. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward looking statements, which speak only as of the date the statement was made. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to risks, uncertainties, and other factors, some of which are beyond our control and difficult to predict and could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or forecasted in the forward-looking statements, including without limitation:

our future operating results,

our business prospects and the prospects of our portfolio companies,

the impact of investments that we expect to make,

our contractual arrangements and relationships with third parties,

the dependence of our future success on the general economy and its impact on the industries in which we invest, the ability of our portfolio companies to achieve their objectives,

difficulty in obtaining financing or raising capital, especially in the current credit and equity environment, the level and volatility of prevailing interest rates and credit spreads, magnified by the current turmoil in the credit markets,

adverse developments in the availability of desirable loan and investment opportunities whether they are due to competition, regulation or otherwise,

a compression of the yield on our investments and the cost of our liabilities, as well as the level of leverage available to us,

our regulatory structure and tax treatment, including our ability to operate as a business development company and a regulated investment company,

the adequacy of our cash resources and working capital,

the timing of cash flows, if any, from the operations of our portfolio companies,

the ability of our investment adviser to locate suitable investments for us and to monitor and administer our investments,

authoritative generally accepted accounting principles or policy changes from such standard-setting bodies as the Financial Accounting Standards Board, the SEC, Internal Revenue Service, the NASDAQ Global Select Market, and other authorities that we are subject to, as well as their counterparts in any foreign jurisdictions where we might do business, and

the risks, uncertainties and other factors we identify in "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus and in our filings with the SEC.

Although we believe that the assumptions on which these forward-looking statements are based are reasonable, any of those assumptions could prove to be inaccurate, and as a result, the forward-looking statements based on those assumptions also could be inaccurate. Important assumptions include our ability to originate new loans and investments, ability to obtain certain margins and levels of profitability and the availability of additional capital. In light of these and other uncertainties, the inclusion of a projection or forward-looking statement in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, respectively, should not be regarded as a representation by us that our plans and objectives will be achieved. These risks and uncertainties include those described or identified in "Risk"

Factors" and elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, respectively. You should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which apply

only as of the date of this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus, as applicable. These forward-looking statements do not meet the safe harbor for forward-looking statements pursuant to Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the "Securities Act."

You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus supplement, including any pricing supplement included hereto, and the accompanying prospectus. We have not, and the agent(s) or dealer(s) has not, authorized any other person to provide you with information that is different from that contained in this prospectus supplement, including any pricing supplement included hereto, or the accompanying prospectus. If anyone provides you with different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. We are not, and the agents are not, making an offer of these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer is not permitted. You should assume that the information appearing in this prospectus supplement, including any pricing supplement included hereto, and the accompanying prospectus is accurate only as of their respective dates and we assume no obligation to update any such information. Our business, financial condition and results of operations may have changed since those dates. Although we undertake no obligation to revise or update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, you are advised to consult any additional disclosures that we may make directly to you or through reports that we have filed with the SEC, including annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and current reports on Form 8-K.

This prospectus supplement, including any pricing supplement included hereto, supersedes the accompanying prospectus to the extent it contains information that is different from or in addition to the information in that prospectus.

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PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

This section summarizes the legal and financial terms of the notes that are described in more detail in "Description of Notes" beginning on page S-15. Final terms of any particular notes will be determined at the time of sale and will be contained in the pricing supplement, which will be included with this prospectus supplement, relating to those notes. The terms in that pricing supplement may vary from and supersede the terms contained in this summary and in "Description of Notes." In addition, you should read the more detailed information appearing elsewhere in this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and in that pricing supplement.

The terms "we," "us," "our" and "Company" refer to Prospect Capital Corporation; "Prospect Capital Management," "Investm Adviser" and "PCM" refer to Prospect Capital Management L.P., formerly Prospect Capital Management LLC; and "Prospect Administration" and the "Administrator" refer to Prospect Administration LLC.

The Company

Prospect Capital Corporation is a financial services company that primarily lends to and invests in middle market privately-held companies. We are a closed-end investment company incorporated in Maryland. We have elected to be regulated as a business development company ("BDC") under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the "1940 Act"). As a BDC, we have elected to be treated as a regulated investment company ("RIC") under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code"). We were organized on April 13, 2004 and were funded in an initial public offering completed on July 27, 2004. We are one of the largest BDCs with approximately \$6.8 billion of total assets as of June 30, 2015.

We are externally managed by our investment adviser, Prospect Capital Management. Prospect Administration provides administrative services and facilities necessary for us to operate.

On May 15, 2007, we formed a wholly-owned subsidiary Prospect Capital Funding LLC ("PCF"), a Delaware limited liability company and a bankruptcy remote special purpose entity, which holds certain of our portfolio loan investments that are used as collateral for the revolving credit facility at PCF. Our wholly-owned subsidiary Prospect Small Business Lending, LLC ("PSBL") was formed on January 27, 2014 and purchases small business whole loans on a recurring basis from online small business loan originators, including OnDeck Capital, Inc. ("OnDeck") and Direct Capital Corporation ("Direct Capital"). On September 30, 2014, we formed a wholly-owned subsidiary Prospect Yield Corporation, LLC ("Prospect Yield") and effective October 23, 2014, Prospect Yield holds our investments in collateralized loan obligations ("CLOs"). Each of these subsidiaries have been consolidated since operations commenced.

We currently have nine origination strategies in which we make investments: (1) lending in private equity sponsored transactions, (2) lending directly to companies not owned by private equity firms, (3) control investments in corporate operating companies, (4) control investments in financial companies, (5) investments in structured credit, (6) real estate investments, (7) investments in syndicated debt, (8) aircraft leasing and (9) online lending. We continue to evaluate other origination strategies in the ordinary course of business with no specific tops-down allocation to any single origination strategy.

Lending in Private Equity Sponsored Transactions – We make loans to companies which are controlled by leading private equity firms. This debt can take the form of first lien, second lien, unitranche or unsecured loans. In making these investments, we look for a diversified customer base, recurring demand for the product or service, barriers to entry, strong historical cash flow and experienced management teams. These loans typically have significant equity subordinate to our loan position. Historically, this strategy has comprised approximately 50%-60% of our business, but more recently it is less than 50% of our business.

Lending Directly to Companies – We provide debt financing to companies owned by non-private equity firms, the company founder, a management team or a family. Here, in addition to the strengths we look for in a sponsored transaction, we also look for the alignment with the management team with significant invested capital. This strategy often has less competition than the private equity sponsor strategy because such company financing needs are not easily addressed by banks and often require more diligence preparation. Direct lending can result in higher returns and lower leverage than sponsor transactions and may include warrants or equity to us. Historically, this strategy has comprised approximately 5%-15% of our business, but more recently it is less than 5% of our business.

Control Investments in Corporate Operating Companies – This strategy involves acquiring controlling stakes in non-financial operating companies. Our investments in these companies are generally structured as a combination of yield-producing debt and equity. We provide certainty of closure to our counterparties, give the seller personal liquidity and generally look for management to continue on in their current roles. This strategy has comprised approximately 10%-15% of our business.

Control Investments in Financial Companies – This strategy involves acquiring controlling stakes in financial companies, including consumer direct lending, sub-prime auto lending and other strategies. Our investments in these companies are generally structured as a combination of yield-producing debt and equity. These investments are often structured in a tax-efficient RIC-compliant partnership, enhancing returns. This strategy has comprised approximately 5%-15% of our business.

Investments in Structured Credit – We make investments in CLOs, generally taking a significant position in the subordinated interests (equity) of the CLOs. The CLOs include a diversified portfolio of broadly syndicated loans and do not have direct exposure to real estate, mortgages, sub-prime debt, or consumer based debt. The CLOs in which we invest are managed by top-tier collateral managers that have been thoroughly diligenced prior to investment. This strategy has comprised approximately 10%-20% of our business.

Real Estate Investments – We make investments in real estate through our three wholly-owned tax-efficient real estate investment trusts ("REITs"), American Property REIT Corp. ("APRC"), National Property REIT Corp. ("NPRC") and United Property REIT Corp. ("UPRC" and, collectively with APRC and NPRC, "our REITs"). Our real estate investments are in various classes of fully developed and occupied real estate properties that generate current yields. We seek to identify properties that have historically high occupancy and steady cash flow generation. Our REITs partner with established property managers with experience in managing the property type to manage such properties after acquisition. This is a more recent investment strategy that has comprised approximately 5%-10% of our business. Investments in Syndicated Debt – On an opportunistic basis, we make investments in loans and high yield bonds that have been sold to a syndicate of buyers. Here we look for investments with attractive risk-adjusted returns after we have completed a fundamental credit analysis. These investments are purchased with a long term, buy-and-hold outlook and we look to provide significant structuring input by providing anchoring orders. This strategy has comprised approximately 5%-10% of our business.

Aircraft Leasing – We invest debt as well as equity in aircraft assets subject to commercial leases to credit-worthy airlines across the globe. These investments present attractive return opportunities due to cash flow consistency from long-lived assets coupled with hard asset collateral. We seek to deliver risk-adjusted returns with strong downside protection by analyzing relative value characteristics across the spectrum of aircraft types of all vintages. Our target portfolio includes both in-production and out-of-production jet and turboprop aircraft and engines, operated by airlines across the globe. This strategy comprised approximately 1.5% of our business in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 and approximately 1% as of June 30, 2015.

Online Lending – We make investments in loans originated by certain consumer loan and small and medium sized business ("SME") originators. We purchase each loan in its entirety (i.e., a "whole loan"). The borrowers are consumers and SMEs. The loans are typically serviced by the originators of the loans. This strategy comprised approximately 1% of our business in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 and less than 5% as of June 30, 2015.

Typically, we concentrate on making investments in companies with annual revenues of less than \$750 million and enterprise values of less than \$1 billion. Our typical investment involves a secured loan of less than \$250 million. We also acquire controlling interests in companies in conjunction with making secured debt investments in such companies. In most cases, companies in which we invest are privately held at the time we invest in them. We refer to these companies as "target" or "middle market" companies and these investments as "middle market investments." We seek to maximize total returns to our investors, including both current yield and equity upside, by applying rigorous credit analysis and asset-based and cash-flow based lending techniques to make and monitor our investments. We are constantly pursuing multiple investment opportunities, including purchases of portfolios from private and public companies, as well as originations and secondary purchases of particular securities. We also regularly evaluate control investment opportunities in a range of industries, and some of these investments could be material to us. There can be no assurance that we will successfully consummate any investment opportunity we are currently pursuing. If any of these opportunities are consummated, there can be no assurance that investors will share our view of valuation or that any assets acquired will not be subject to future write downs, each of which could have an adverse effect on our stock price.

As of June 30, 2015, we had investments in 131 portfolio companies. The aggregate fair value as of June 30, 2015 of investments in these portfolio companies held on that date is approximately \$6.6 billion. Our portfolio across all our

performing interest-bearing investments had an annualized current yield of 12.7% as of June 30, 2015.

Recent Developments

Investment Transactions

On July 1, 2015, we provided \$31.0 million of first lien senior secured financing, of which \$30.2 million was funded at closing, to Intelius, Inc. ("Intelius"), an online information commerce company.

On July 8, 2015, we sold 27.45% of the outstanding principal balance of the senior secured Term Loan A investment in InterDent, Inc. for \$34.4 million. There was no gain or loss realized on the sale.

On July 23, 2015, we made an investment of \$38.0 million to purchase 80.73% of the subordinated notes in Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2015-3 Ltd. in a co-investment transaction with Priority Income Fund, Inc., a closed-end fund managed by an affiliate of Prospect Capital Management.

On July 24, 2015, TB Corp. repaid the \$23.6 million loan receivable to us.

On August 6, 2015, we provided \$92.5 million of first lien senior secured debt to support the refinancing of Crosman Corporation. Concurrent with the refinancing, we received repayment of the \$40.0 million second lien term loan previously outstanding.

On August 7, 2015, Ryan, LLC repaid the \$72.7 million loan receivable to us.

On August 11, 2015, we made a \$13.5 million follow-on first lien senior secured debt investment in Intelius, of which \$13.0 million was funded at closing, to support an acquisition.

On August 12, 2015, we made an investment of \$23.0 million to purchase 50.04% of the subordinated notes in Octagon Investment Partners XVIII, Ltd.

On August 12, 2015, we sold 780 of our small business whole loans purchased from OnDeck to Jefferies Asset Funding LLC for proceeds of \$26.6 million, net of related transaction expenses, and a trust certificate representing a 41.54% interest in the MarketPlace Loan Trust, Series 2015-OD2.

On August 21, 2015, we committed to funding a \$16.0 million second lien secured investment in a provider of customer care outsourcing services.

During the period from July 1, 2015 through August 28, 2015, we made seven follow-on investments in NPRC totaling \$52.9 million to support the online consumer lending initiative. We invested \$12.5 million of equity through NPH Property Holdings, LLC ("NPH") and \$40.3 million of debt directly to ACL Loan Holdings, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of NPRC.

During the period from July 1, 2015 through August 28, 2015, our wholly-owned subsidiary PSBL purchased \$14.5 million of small business whole loans from OnDeck.

Debt Issuances and Conversion Rate Adjustments

On August 14, 2015, we announced the then current conversion rate on the convertible notes that mature on March 15, 2018 (the "2018 Notes") as 84.1497 shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of the 2018 Notes converted, which is equivalent to a conversion price of approximately \$11.88.

During the period from July 1, 2015 through August 28, 2015, we issued \$33.8 million aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® for net proceeds of \$33.3 million.

Common Stock Issuances and Repurchases

On July 23, 2015, we issued 193,892 shares of our common stock in connection with the dividend reinvestment plan. On August 20, 2015, we issued 152,896 shares of our common stock in connection with the dividend reinvestment plan.

During the period from July 28, 2015 through August 28, 2015 (with settlement dates of July 31, 2015 to September 2, 2015), we repurchased 4,208,750 shares of our common stock at an average price of \$7.23 per share, including commissions.

Dividends

On August 24, 2015, we announced the declaration of monthly dividends in the following amounts and with the following dates:

\$0.08333 per share for September 2015 to holders of record on September 30, 2015 with a payment date of October 22, 2015; and

\$0.08333 per share for October 2015 to holders of record on October 30, 2015 with a payment date of November 19, 2015.

"Spin-Offs" of Certain Business Strategies

We previously announced that we intend to unlock value by "spinning off" certain "pure play" business strategies to our shareholders. We desire through these transactions to (i) transform some of the business strategies we have successfully grown and developed inside Prospect into pure play public companies with the potential for increased earnings multiples, (ii) allow for continued revenue and earnings growth through more flexible non-BDC formats (which are expected to benefit from not having one or more of the (a) 30% basket, (b) leverage, and (c) control basket constraints with which BDCs must comply), and (iii) free up our 30% basket and leverage capacity for new originations at Prospect. The business strategies we intend to enable our shareholders to participate in on a "pure play" basis have grown faster than our overall growth rate in the past few years, with outlets in less constraining structures required to continue this strong growth. We anticipate these non-BDC companies will have tax efficient structures. We initially intend on focusing these efforts on three separate companies consisting of portions of our (i) consumer online lending business, (ii) real estate business and (iii) structured credit business. We are seeking to divest these businesses in conjunction with rights offering capital raises in which existing Prospect shareholders could elect to participate in each offering or sell their rights. The goals of these dispositions include leverage and earnings neutrality for Prospect. Our primary objective is to maximize the valuation of each offering (declining to proceed with any offering if we find any valuation not to be attractive).

The sizes and likelihood of these dispositions, some of which are expected to be partial rather than complete spin-offs, remain to be determined, but we currently expect the collective size of these three dispositions to be approximately 10% of our asset base. We seek to complete the first of these dispositions late in calendar year 2015 and the others in 2016 in a sequential fashion. The consummation of any of the spin-offs depends upon, among other things: market conditions, regulatory and exchange listing approval, and sufficient investor demand, and there can be no guarantee that we will consummate any of these spin-offs.

On March 11, 2015, Prospect Yield Corporation, LLC ("Prospect Yield"), our wholly owned subsidiary, filed a registration statement with the SEC in connection with our rights offering disposition of a portion of our structured credit business, and Prospect Yield filed an amendment on April 17. 2015. We are a selling stockholder under the registration statement. We seek but cannot guarantee consummation of this disposition, which is subject to regulatory review, during calendar year 2016.

On May 6, 2015, Prospect Finance Company, LLC ("Prospect Finance"), our indirect wholly-owned subsidiary, filed a confidential registration statement with the SEC in connection with our rights offering disposition of our online consumer lending business, and Prospect Finance filed confidential amendments on June 16, July 20 and August 12, 2015. We are a selling stockholder under the registration statement. We seek but cannot guarantee consummation of this disposition, which is subject to regulatory review, late in calendar year 2015.

On May 6, 2015, Prospect Realty Income Trust Corp. ("Prospect Realty"), our wholly-owned subsidiary, filed a confidential registration statement with the SEC in connection with our rights offering disposition of a portion of our real estate business, and Prospect Realty filed confidential amendments on June 30, July 27 and August 12, 2015. We are a selling stockholder under the registration statement. We seek but cannot guarantee consummation of this disposition, which is subject to regulatory review, during calendar year 2016.

On May 19, 2015, the Company, Prospect Capital Management, Prospect Yield, Prospect Finance and Prospect Realty filed an application for an exemptive order authorizing certain joint transactions that may otherwise be prohibited by Section 57(a)(4) of the 40 Act in order to complete each of the rights offerings described above and are awaiting comments from the SEC.

We expect to continue as a BDC in the future to pursue our multi-line origination strategy (including continuing to invest in the businesses discussed above) as a value-added differentiating factor compared with other BDCs.

The Offering

Agents

Amount

Status

Principal

Redemption and

Repayment

Issuer Prospect Capital Corporation

Purchasing Agent Incapital LLC

Citigroup Global Markets Inc., Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated and

RBC Capital Markets, LLC. From time to time, we may sell the notes to or through

additional agents.

Title of Notes Prospect Capital InterNotes®

We may issue notes from time to time in various offerings up to \$1.5 billion, the aggregate principal amount authorized by our board of directors for notes. As of August 27, 2015, \$997.0 million aggregate principal amount of notes has been issued. We have, from time to time, repurchased certain notes and, therefore, as of August 27, 2015, \$860.7 million aggregate principal amount of notes were outstanding. There are no limitations on our ability to issue additional indebtedness in the form of Prospect Capital InterNotes® or otherwise other than under the 1940 Act and the marginally more

restrictive 175% asset coverage requirement under our credit facility.

Denominations The notes will be issued and sold in denominations of \$1,000 and multiples of \$1,000

(unless otherwise stated in the pricing supplement).

The notes will be our direct unsecured senior obligations and will rank equally in right of payment with all of our other unsecured senior indebtedness from time to time

outstanding.

Maturities Each note will mature 12 months or more from its date of original issuance.

Notes may be issued with a fixed or floating interest rate; a floating interest rate note

will be based on the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR").

Interest on each fixed or floating interest rate note will be payable either monthly, quarterly, semi-annually or annually on each interest payment date and on the stated maturity date. Interest also will be paid on the date of redemption or repayment if a note

is redeemed or repaid prior to its stated maturity in accordance with its terms.

Interest on the notes will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day

months, often referred to as the 30/360 (ISDA) day count convention.

The principal amount of each note will be payable on its stated maturity date at the

corporate trust office of the paying agent or at any other place we may designate.

Unless otherwise stated in the applicable pricing supplement, a note will not be redeemable at our option or be repayable at the option of the holder prior to its stated

maturity date. The notes will not be subject to any sinking fund.

Survivor's Option Specific notes may contain a provision permitting the optional repayment of those notes prior to stated maturity, if requested by the authorized representative of the beneficial

owner of those notes, following the death of the beneficial owner of the notes, so long as the notes were owned by the beneficial owner or his or her estate at least six months prior to the request. This feature is referred to as a "Survivor's Option." Your notes will not

be repaid in this manner unless the pricing supplement for your notes provides for the Survivor's Option. If the pricing supplement for your notes provides for the Survivor's Option, your right to exercise the Survivor's Option will be subject to limits set by us on (1) the permitted dollar amount of total exercises by all holders of notes in any calendar year, and (2) the permitted dollar amount of an individual exercise by a holder of a note in any calendar year. Additional details on the Survivor's Option are described in the section entitled "Description of Notes—Survivor's Option."

Sale and Clearance

We will sell notes in the United States only. Notes will be issued in book-entry only form and will clear through The Depository Trust Company. We do not intend to issue notes in certificated form.

Trustee

The trustee for the notes is U.S. Bank National Association, under an indenture dated as of February 16, 2012, as amended and as supplemented from time to time.

Selling Group

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The agents and dealers comprising the selling group are broker-dealers and securities firms. Each of the Purchasing Agent, Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated, Citigroup Global Markets Inc. and RBC Capital Markets, LLC entered into a Fourth Amended and Restated Selling Agent Agreement with us dated November 7, 2014 (as amended, the "Selling Agent Agreement"). Additional agents appointed by us from time to time in connection with the offering of the notes contemplated by this prospectus supplement will become parties to the Selling Agent Agreement. Dealers who are members of the selling group have executed a Master Selected Dealer Agreement with the Purchasing Agent. The agents and the dealers have agreed to market and sell the notes in accordance with the terms of those respective agreements and all other applicable laws and regulations. You may contact the Purchasing Agent at info@incapital.com for a list of selling group members.

SELECTED CONDENSED FINANCIAL DATA

You should read the condensed consolidated financial information below with the Consolidated Financial Statements and notes thereto included in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. Financial information below for the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, 2013, 2012 and 2011 has been derived from the financial statements that were audited by our independent registered public accounting firm. Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior period financial information to conform to the current period presentation. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" starting on page S-24 for more information.

•	Year Ended June 30,									
	2015		2014		2013		2012		2011	
	(in thousands except data relating to shares,									
	per share and number of portfolio companies)									
Summary of Operations										
Total investment income	\$791,084		\$712,291		\$576,336		\$320,910		\$169,476	
Total operating expenses	428,337		355,068		251,412		134,226		75,255	
Net investment income	362,747		357,223		324,924		186,684		94,221	
Net realized and unrealized (losses) gains on investments	(12,458)	(38,203)	(104,068)	4,220		24,017	
Net realized losses on extinguishment of debt	(3,950)	_		_		_			
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	346,339		319,020		220,856		190,904		118,238	
Per Share Data										
Net investment income(1)	\$1.03		\$1.19		\$1.57		\$1.63		\$1.10	
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations(1)	0.98		1.06		1.07		1.67		1.38	
Dividends to shareholders	(1.19)	(1.32)	(1.28)	(1.22)	(1.21)
Net asset value at end of year	10.31		10.56		10.72		10.83		10.36	
Balance Sheet Data									_	
Total assets	\$6,798,054		\$6,477,269		\$4,448,217		\$2,255,254		\$1,549,317	
Total debt outstanding	2,983,736		2,773,051 1,683,002			664,138		406,700		
Net assets	3,703,049		3,618,182 2,656,494			1,511,974 1,114,357				
Other Data										
Investment purchases for the year	\$2,088,988	8	\$2,952,356	5	\$3,103,217	7	\$1,120,659)	\$953,337	
Investment sales and repayments for the year	\$1,633,073	3	\$786,969		\$931,534		\$500,952		\$285,562	
Number of portfolio companies at year end	131		142		124		85		72	
Total return based on market value(2)	(20.8	%)	10.9	%	6.2	%	27.2	%	17.2	%
Total return based on net asset value(2)	11.5	%	11.0	%	10.9	%	18.0	%	12.5	%
Weighted average yield on debt portfolio at year end(3)	12.7	%	12.1	%	13.6	%	13.9	%	12.8	%

⁽¹⁾ Per share data is based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period presented (except for dividends to shareholders which is based on actual rate per share).

⁽²⁾ Total return based on market value is based on the change in market price per share between the opening and ending market prices per share in each period and assumes that dividends are reinvested in accordance with our dividend reinvestment plan. Total return based on net asset value is based upon the change in net asset value per

share between the opening and ending net asset values per share in each period and assumes that dividends are reinvested in accordance with our dividend reinvestment plan.

(3) Excludes equity investments and non-performing loans.

RISK FACTORS

Your investment in the notes will involve certain risks. This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus do not describe all of those risks.

You should, in consultation with your own financial and legal advisors, carefully consider the following discussion of risks before deciding whether an investment in the notes is suitable for you. The notes will not be an appropriate investment for you if you are not knowledgeable about significant features of the notes or financial matters in general. You should not purchase the notes unless you understand, and know that you can bear, these investment risks. Our amount of debt outstanding will increase as a result of this offering. Our current indebtedness could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations and our ability to meet our payment obligations under the notes and our other debt.

As of August 27, 2015, we and our subsidiaries had \$294.7 million of secured indebtedness outstanding and approximately \$2.6 billion of unsecured senior indebtedness outstanding.

The use of debt could have significant consequences on our future operations, including:

making it more difficult for us to meet our payment and other obligations under the notes and our other outstanding debt;

resulting in an event of default if we fail to comply with the financial and other restrictive covenants contained in our debt agreements, which event of default could result in all of our debt becoming immediately due and payable; reducing the availability of our cash flow to fund investments, acquisitions and other general corporate purposes, and limiting our ability to obtain additional financing for these purposes;

subjecting us to the risk of increased sensitivity to interest rate increases on our indebtedness with variable interest rates, including borrowings under our amended senior credit facility; and

limiting our flexibility in planning for, or reacting to, and increasing our vulnerability to, changes in our business, the industry in which we operate and the general economy.

Any of the above-listed factors could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations and our ability to meet our payment obligations under the notes and our other debt.

Our ability to meet our payment and other obligations under our debt instruments depends on our ability to generate significant cash flow in the future. This, to some extent, is subject to general economic, financial, competitive, legislative and regulatory factors as well as other factors that are beyond our control. We cannot assure you that our business will generate cash flow from operations, or that future borrowings will be available to us under our existing or amended senior credit facility or otherwise, in an amount sufficient to enable us to meet our payment obligations under the notes and our other debt and to fund other liquidity needs. If we are not able to generate sufficient cash flow to service our debt obligations, we may need to refinance or restructure our debt, including any notes sold, sell assets, reduce or delay capital investments, or seek to raise additional capital. If we are unable to implement one or more of these alternatives, we may not be able to meet our payment obligations under the notes and our other debt. The notes will be effectively subordinated to any existing and future secured indebtedness and structurally subordinated to existing and future liabilities and other indebtedness of our subsidiaries.

The notes will be our general, unsecured obligations and will rank equally in right of payment with all of our existing and future unsubordinated, unsecured indebtedness, including without limitation, the \$150.0 million aggregate principal amount of 6.25% Convertible Notes due 2015 (the "2015 Notes"), the \$167.5 million aggregate principal amount of 5.50% Convertible Notes due 2016 (the "2016 Notes"), the \$130.0 million aggregate principal amount of 5.375% Convertible Notes due 2017 (the "2017 Notes"), the \$200.0 million aggregate principal amount of 5.875% Convertible Notes due 2018 (the "2018 Notes"), the \$200.0 million aggregate principal amount of 5.00% Unsecured Notes due 2019 (the "2019 Notes"), the \$300.0 million aggregate principal amount of 5.00% Unsecured Notes due 2019 (the "5.00% 2019 Notes"), the \$392.0 million aggregate principal amount of 4.75% Convertible Notes due 2020 (the "2020 Notes") and the \$250.0 million aggregate principal amount of 5.875% Unsecured Notes due 2023 (the "2023 Notes"). As a result, the notes will be effectively subordinated to our existing and future secured indebtedness (including indebtedness that is initially unsecured to which we subsequently grant security) to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness and structurally subordinated to any existing and future liabilities and other indebtedness of our subsidiaries. Effective subordination means that in any liquidation, dissolution, bankruptcy or

other similar proceeding, the holders of any of our existing or future secured indebtedness and the secured indebtedness of our subsidiaries may assert rights against the assets pledged to secure that indebtedness in order to receive full payment of their indebtedness before the assets may be used to pay other creditors. Structural subordination means that creditors of a parent entity are subordinate to creditors of a subsidiary entity with respect to the subsidiary's assets. These

liabilities may include indebtedness, trade payables, guarantees, lease obligations and letter of credit obligations. The notes do not restrict us or our subsidiaries from incurring indebtedness, including senior secured indebtedness in the future, nor do they limit the amount of indebtedness we can issue that is equal in right of payment to the notes. As of August 27, 2015, we had \$294.7 million borrowings under our credit facility. Our credit facility is secured by certain of our assets and the indebtedness thereunder is therefore effectively senior to the notes to the extent of the value of such assets.

Each of the 2015 Notes, the 2016 Notes, the 2017 Notes, the 2018 Notes, the 2019 Notes, the 5.00% 2019 Notes, the 2020 Notes and the 2023 Notes may be due prior to the notes. We do not currently know whether we will be able to replace any of the 2015 Notes, the 2016 Notes, the 2017 Notes, the 2018 Notes, the 2019 Notes, the 5.00% 2019 Notes, the 2020 Notes or the 2023 Notes upon their respective maturities, or if we do, whether we will be able to do so on terms that are as favorable as such notes. In the event that we are not able to replace the 2015 Notes, the 2016 Notes, the 2017 Notes, the 2018 Notes, the 2019 Notes, the 5.00% 2019 Notes, the 2020 Notes or the 2023 Notes at the time of their respective maturities, this could have a material adverse effect on our liquidity and ability to fund new investments, our ability to make distributions to our stockholders, our ability to repay the notes and our ability to qualify as a regulated investment company, or "RIC."

The indenture and supplemental indentures under which the notes will be issued will contain limited protection for holders of the notes.

The indenture and supplemental indentures (collectively, the "indenture") under which the notes will be issued offer limited protection to holders of the notes. The terms of the indenture and the notes do not restrict our or any of our subsidiaries' ability to engage in, or otherwise be a party to, a variety of corporate transactions, circumstances or events that could have an adverse impact on your investment in the notes. In particular, the terms of the indenture and the notes will not place any restrictions on our or our subsidiaries' ability to:

issue securities or otherwise incur additional indebtedness or other obligations, including (1) any indebtedness or other obligations that would be equal in right of payment to the notes, (2) any indebtedness or other obligations that would be secured and therefore rank effectively senior in right of payment to the notes to the extent of the values of the assets securing such debt, (3) indebtedness of ours that is guaranteed by one or more of our subsidiaries and which therefore is structurally senior to the notes and (4) securities, indebtedness or obligations issued or incurred by our subsidiaries that would be senior to our equity interests in our subsidiaries and therefore rank structurally senior to the notes with respect to the assets of our subsidiaries, in each case other than an incurrence of indebtedness or other obligation that would cause a violation of Section 18(a)(1)(A) as modified by Section 61(a)(1) of the 1940 Act or any successor provisions;

pay dividends on, or purchase or redeem or make any payments in respect of, capital stock or other securities ranking junior in right of payment to the notes;

sell assets (other than certain limited restrictions on our ability to consolidate, merge or sell all or substantially all of our assets);

enter into transactions with affiliates;

ereate liens (including liens on the shares of our subsidiaries) or enter into sale and leaseback transactions; make investments; or

create restrictions on the payment of dividends or other amounts to us from our subsidiaries.

In addition, the indenture will not require us to offer to purchase the notes in connection with a change of control or any other event.

Furthermore, the terms of the indenture and the notes do not protect holders of the notes in the event that we experience changes (including significant adverse changes) in our financial condition, results of operations or credit ratings, as they do not require that we or our subsidiaries adhere to any financial tests or ratios or specified levels of net worth, revenues, income, cash flow, or liquidity other than certain limited restrictions on dividends and certain board structures or default provisions mandated by the 1940 Act.

Our ability to recapitalize, incur additional debt and take a number of other actions that are not limited by the terms of the notes may have important consequences for you as a holder of the notes, including making it more difficult for us to satisfy our obligations with respect to the notes or negatively affecting the trading value of the notes.

Certain of our current debt instruments include more protections for their holders than the indenture and the notes. See in the accompanying prospectus "Risk Factors—Risks Relating to Our Business—The Notes present other risks to holders of our common stock, including the possibility that the Notes could discourage an acquisition of the Company by a third party and accounting uncertainty" and "—In addition to regulatory restrictions that restrict our ability to raise capital, our credit facility contains various covenants which, if not complied with, could accelerate repayment under the facility, thereby materially and adversely affecting our liquidity, financial condition and results of operations." In addition, other debt we issue or incur in the

future could contain more protections for its holders than the indenture and the notes, including additional covenants and events of default. The issuance or incurrence of any such debt with incremental protections could affect the market for and trading levels and prices of the notes.

We may choose to redeem notes when prevailing interest rates are relatively low.

If your notes will be redeemable at our option, we may choose to redeem your notes from time to time, especially when prevailing interest rates are lower than the rate borne by the notes. If prevailing rates are lower at the time of redemption, you would not be able to reinvest the redemption proceeds in a comparable security at an effective interest rate as high as the interest rate on the notes being redeemed. Our redemption right also may adversely impact your ability to sell your notes as the optional redemption date or period approaches. Survivor's Option may be limited in amount.

We will have a discretionary right to limit the aggregate principal amount of notes subject to the Survivor's Option that may be exercised in any calendar year to an amount equal to the greater of \$2,000,000 or 2% of the outstanding principal amount of all notes outstanding as of the end of the most recent calendar year. We also have the discretionary right to limit to \$250,000 in any calendar year the aggregate principal amount of notes subject to the Survivor's Option that may be exercised in such calendar year on behalf of any individual deceased beneficial owner of notes. Accordingly, no assurance can be given that exercise of the Survivor's Option for the desired amount will be permitted in any single calendar year.

We cannot assure that a trading market for your notes will ever develop or be maintained.

In evaluating the notes, you should assume that you will be holding the notes until their stated maturity. The notes are a new issue of securities. We cannot assure you that a trading market for your notes will ever develop, be liquid or be maintained. Many factors independent of our creditworthiness affect the trading market for and market value of your notes. Those factors include, without limitation:

the method of calculating the principal and interest for the notes;

• the time remaining to the stated maturity of the notes;

the outstanding amount of the notes;

the redemption or repayment features of the notes; and

the level, direction and volatility of interest rates generally.

There may be a limited number of buyers when you decide to sell your notes. This may affect the price you receive for your notes or your ability to sell your notes at all.

Changes in banks' inter-bank lending rate reporting practices or the method pursuant to which the LIBOR rates are determined may adversely affect the value of your floating rate notes.

In the recent past, concerns have been publicized that some of the member banks surveyed by the British Bankers' Association ("BBA") in connection with the calculation of LIBOR across a range of maturities and currencies may have been under-reporting or otherwise manipulating the inter-bank lending rate applicable to them in order to profit on their derivatives positions or to avoid an appearance of capital insufficiency or adverse reputational or other consequences that may have resulted from reporting inter-bank lending rates higher than those they actually submitted. A number of BBA member banks entered into settlements with their regulators and law enforcement agencies with respect to alleged manipulation of LIBOR, and investigations by regulators and governmental authorities in various jurisdictions are ongoing.

Actions by the BBA, regulators or law enforcement agencies as a result of these or future events, may result in changes to the manner in which LIBOR is determined. Potential changes, or uncertainty related to such potential changes may adversely affect the market for LIBOR-based securities, including our portfolio of LIBOR-indexed, floating-rate debt securities. In addition, any further changes or reforms to the determination or supervision of LIBOR may result in a sudden or prolonged increase or decrease in reported LIBOR, which could have an adverse impact on the market for LIBOR-based securities or the value of our portfolio of LIBOR-indexed, floating-rate debt securities. If that were to occur, the level of interest payments and the value of the floating rate notes may be adversely affected. If your floating rate notes are subject to a maximum rate specified in your pricing supplement, you may not benefit

from any such increase in LIBOR rates because the interest on your floating rate notes will be subject to the maximum rate. As a result, the amount of interest payable for your floating rate notes may be significantly less than it would have been had you invested in a similar investment instrument not subject to such a maximum interest rate.

Your investment in the floating rate notes will involve certain risks not associated with an investment in conventional debt securities. You should consider carefully the following discussion of risks before you decide that an investment in the floating rate notes is suitable for you.

Floating rate notes present different investment considerations than fixed rate notes. For notes with only floating rates, the rate of interest paid by us on the notes for each applicable interest period is not fixed, but will vary depending on LIBOR and accordingly could be substantially less than the rates of interest we would pay on fixed rate notes of the same maturity. Additionally, the notes may change the interest rate or interest rate formula in relation to LIBOR at one or more points during the term of such notes (often referred to as a "step up" feature) or may switch from floating to fixed rate or from a fixed to a floating rate during the term of the notes. Consequently, the return on the notes may be less than returns otherwise payable on fixed rate debt securities issued by us with similar maturities whose interest rates cannot change. The variable interest rate on the notes, while determined, in part, by reference to LIBOR, may not actually pay at such rates. Furthermore, we have no control over any fluctuations in LIBOR.

If the relevant pricing supplement specifies a maximum rate, the interest rate for any interest period will be limited by the maximum rate. The maximum rate will limit the amount of interest you may receive for each such interest period, even if the fixed or floating rate component, as adjusted by any spread factor, if applicable, and/or a spread, if applicable, would have otherwise resulted in an interest rate greater than the maximum rate. As a result, if the interest rate for any interest period without taking into consideration the maximum rate would have been greater than the maximum rate, the notes will provide you less interest income than an investment in a similar instrument that is not subject to a maximum interest rate.

The downgrade of the U.S. credit rating and economic crisis in Europe could negatively impact our business, financial condition and earnings.

Although U.S. lawmakers passed legislation to raise the federal debt ceiling and Standard & Poor's Ratings Services affirmed its 'AA+' long-term sovereign credit rating on the United States and revised the outlook on the long-term rating from negative to stable in June of 2013, U.S. debt ceiling and budget deficit concerns together with signs of deteriorating sovereign debt conditions in Europe continue to present the possibility of a credit-rating downgrade, economic slowdowns, or a recession for the United States. The impact of any further downgrades to the U.S. government's sovereign credit rating or downgraded sovereign credit ratings of European countries or the Russian Federation, or their perceived creditworthiness could adversely affect the U.S. and global financial markets and economic conditions. These developments, along with any further European sovereign debt issues, could cause interest rates and borrowing costs to rise, which may negatively impact our ability to access the debt markets on favorable terms. Continued adverse economic conditions could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

In October 2014, the Federal Reserve announced that it was concluding its bond-buying program. It is unknown what effect, if any, the conclusion of this program will have on credit markets and the value of our investments. These and any future developments and reactions of the credit markets toward these developments could cause interest rates and borrowing costs to rise, which may negatively impact our ability to obtain debt financing on favorable terms. Additionally, in January 2015, the Federal Reserve reaffirmed its view that the current target range for the federal funds rate was appropriate based on current economic conditions. However, if key economic indicators, such as the unemployment rate or inflation, do not progress at a rate consistent with the Federal Reserve's objectives, the target range for the federal funds rate may increase and cause interest rates and borrowing costs to rise, which may negatively impact our ability to access the debt markets on favorable terms.

Rising interest rates may adversely affect the value of our portfolio investments which could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our debt investments may be based on floating rates, such as London Interbank Offer Rate ("LIBOR"), EURIBOR, the Federal Funds Rate or the Prime Rate. General interest rate fluctuations may have a substantial negative impact on our investments, the value of our common stock and our rate of return on invested capital. A reduction in the interest rates on new investments relative to interest rates on current investments could also have an adverse impact on our net interest income. An increase in interest rates could decrease the value of any investments we hold which earn fixed interest rates, including subordinated loans, senior and junior secured and unsecured debt securities and loans and high

yield bonds, and also could increase our interest expense, thereby decreasing our net income. Also, an increase in interest rates available to investors could make investment in our common stock less attractive if we are not able to increase our dividend rate, which could reduce the value of our common stock.

Because we have borrowed money, and may issue preferred stock to finance investments, our net investment income depends, in part, upon the difference between the rate at which we borrow funds or pay distributions on preferred stock and the rate that our investments yield. As a result, we can offer no assurance that a significant change in market interest rates will not

have a material adverse effect on our net investment income. In periods of rising interest rates, our cost of funds would increase except to the extent we have issued fixed rate debt or preferred stock, which could reduce our net investment income.

You should also be aware that a change in the general level of interest rates can be expected to lead to a change in the interest rate we receive on many of our debt investments. Accordingly, a change in the interest rate could make it easier for us to meet or exceed the performance threshold and may result in a substantial increase in the amount of incentive fees payable to our Investment Adviser with respect to the portion of the Incentive Fee based on income. Changes relating to the LIBOR calculation process may adversely affect the value of our portfolio of LIBOR-indexed, floating-rate debt securities.

In the recent past, concerns have been publicized that some of the member banks surveyed by the British Bankers' Association ("BBA") in connection with the calculation of LIBOR across a range of maturities and currencies may have been under-reporting or otherwise manipulating the inter-bank lending rate applicable to them in order to profit on their derivatives positions or to avoid an appearance of capital insufficiency or adverse reputational or other consequences that may have resulted from reporting inter-bank lending rates higher than those they actually submitted. A number of BBA member banks entered into settlements with their regulators and law enforcement agencies with respect to alleged manipulation of LIBOR, and investigations by regulators and governmental authorities in various jurisdictions are ongoing.

Actions by the BBA, regulators or law enforcement agencies as a result of these or future events, may result in changes to the manner in which LIBOR is determined. Potential changes, or uncertainty related to such potential changes may adversely affect the market for LIBOR-based securities, including our portfolio of LIBOR-indexed, floating-rate debt securities. In addition, any further changes or reforms to the determination or supervision of LIBOR may result in a sudden or prolonged increase or decrease in reported LIBOR, which could have an adverse impact on the market for LIBOR-based securities or the value of our portfolio of LIBOR-indexed, floating-rate debt securities. Volatility in the global financial markets resulting from relapse of the Eurozone crisis, geopolitical developments in Eastern Europe, turbulence in the Chinese stock markets and global commodity markets or otherwise could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Volatility in the global financial markets could have an adverse effect on the economic recovery in the United States and could result from a number of causes, including a relapse in the Eurozone crisis, geopolitical developments in Eastern Europe, turbulence in the Chinese stock markets and global commodity markets or otherwise. The effects of the Eurozone crisis, which began in late 2009 as part of the global economic and financial crisis, continued to impact the global financial markets through 2015. Numerous factors continued to fuel the Eurozone crisis, including continued high levels of government debt, the undercapitalization and liquidity problems of many banks in the Eurozone and relatively low levels of economic growth. These factors made it difficult or impossible for some countries in the Eurozone, including Greece, Ireland and Portugal, to repay or refinance their debt without the assistance of third parties. As a combination of austerity programs, debt write-downs and the European Central Bank's commitment to restore financial stability to the Eurozone and the finalization of the primary European Stability Mechanism bailout fund, in 2013 and into 2014 interest rates began to fall and stock prices began to increase. Although these trends helped to stabilize the effects of the Eurozone crisis in the first half of 2014, the underlying causes of the crisis were not completely eliminated. As a result, the financial markets relapsed toward the end of 2014. In particular, Greece's newly elected government, which campaigned against austerity measures, has been unable to reach an acceptable solution to the country's debt crisis with the European Union, and in June 2015, Greece failed to make a scheduled debt repayment to the International Monetary Fund, falling into arrears. Following further unsuccessful negotiations between the government of Greece and the European Union to solve the Greek debt crisis, on July 5, 2015, Greek voters rejected a bailout package submitted by the European Commission, the European Central Bank and the International Monetary Fund, and while the European Central Bank continues to extend credit to Greece, it is uncertain how long such support will last, whether Greece will receive and accept any future bailout packages and whether Greece will default on future payments. The result of continued defaults and the removal of credit support for Greek banks may cause Greece to exit the European Union, which could lead to significant economic uncertainty and abandonment of the Euro common currency, resulting in destabilization in the financial

markets. Continued financial instability in Greece and in other similarly situated Eurozone countries could have a continued contagion effect on the financial markets. Stock prices in China have experienced a significant drop in the second quarter of 2015, resulting primarily from continued sell-off of shares trading in Chinese markets. The volatility has been followed by volatility in stock markets around the world, including in the United States, as well as increased turbulence in commodity markets, such as reductions in prices of crude oil. Although the Chinese government has already taken steps to halt the collapse, it is uncertain what effect such measures will have, if any. Continued sell-off and price drops in the Chinese stock markets may have a contagion effect across the financial markets. In addition, Russian intervention in Ukraine during 2014 significantly increased regional geopolitical tensions. In response to Russian actions, U.S. and European governments have imposed

sanctions on a limited number of Russian individuals and business entities. The situation remains fluid with potential for further escalation of geopolitical tensions, increased severity of sanctions against Russian interests, and possible Russian counter-measures. Further economic sanctions could destabilize the economic environment and result in increased volatility. Should the economic recovery in the United States be adversely impacted by increased volatility in the global financial markets caused by continued contagion from the Eurozone crisis, developments in respect of the Russian sanctions, further turbulence in Chinese stock markets and global commodity markets or for any other reason, loan and asset growth and liquidity conditions at U.S. financial institutions, including us, may deteriorate. If we fail to maintain an effective system of internal control over financial reporting, we may not be able to accurately report our financial results or prevent fraud. As a result, stockholders could lose confidence in our financial and other public reporting, which would harm our business.

Effective internal controls over financial reporting are necessary for us to provide reliable financial reports and, together with adequate disclosure controls and procedures, are designed to prevent fraud. Any failure to implement required new or improved controls, or difficulties encountered in their implementation could cause us to fail to meet our reporting obligations. In addition, any testing by us conducted in connection with Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, or the subsequent testing by our independent registered public accounting firm (when undertaken, as noted below), may reveal deficiencies in our internal controls over financial reporting that are deemed to be material weaknesses or that may require prospective or retroactive changes to our consolidated financial statements or identify other areas for further attention or improvement. Inferior internal controls could also cause investors and lenders to lose confidence in our reported financial information, which could have a negative effect on our business.

We face cyber-security risks.

Our business operations rely upon secure information technology systems for data processing, storage and reporting. Despite careful security and controls design, implementation and updating, our information technology systems could become subject to cyber-attacks. Network, system, application and data breaches could result in operational disruptions or information misappropriation, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

The failure in cyber-security systems, as well as the occurrence of events unanticipated in our disaster recovery systems and management continuity planning, could impair our ability to conduct business effectively. The occurrence of a disaster such as a cyber-attack, a natural catastrophe, an industrial accident, a terrorist attack or war, events unanticipated in our disaster recovery systems, or a support failure from external providers, could have an adverse effect on our ability to conduct business and on our results of operations and financial condition, particularly if those events affect our computer-based data processing, transmission, storage, and retrieval systems or destroy data. If a significant number of our managers were unavailable in the event of a disaster, our ability to effectively conduct our business could be severely compromised.

We depend heavily upon computer systems to perform necessary business functions. Despite our implementation of a variety of security measures, our computer systems could be subject to cyber-attacks and unauthorized access, such as physical and electronic break-ins or unauthorized tampering. Like other companies, we may experience threats to our data and systems, including malware and computer virus attacks, unauthorized access, system failures and disruptions. If one or more of these events occurs, it could potentially jeopardize the confidential, proprietary and other information processed and stored in, and transmitted through, our computer systems and networks, or otherwise cause interruptions or malfunctions in our operations, which could result in damage to our reputation, financial losses, litigation, increased costs, regulatory penalties and/or customer dissatisfaction or loss.

We are dependent on information systems and systems failures could significantly disrupt our business, which may, in turn, negatively affect our financial condition and results of operations, and our ability to pay interest on the notes and repay principal of the notes

Our business is dependent on our and third parties' communications and information systems. Any failure or interruption of those systems, including as a result of the termination of an agreement with any third-party service providers, could cause delays or other problems in our activities. Our financial, accounting, data processing, backup or other operating systems and facilities may fail to operate properly or become disabled or damaged as a result of a

number of factors including events that are wholly or partially beyond our control and adversely affect our business. There could be:

sudden electrical or telecommunications outages;

natural disasters such as earthquakes, tornadoes and hurricanes;

disease pandemics;

events arising from local or larger scale political or social matters, including terrorist acts; and eyber-attacks.

These events, in turn, could have a material adverse effect on our operating results and negatively affect the our financial condition, financial condition and results of operations, and our ability to pay interest on the notes and repay principal of the notes.

DESCRIPTION OF NOTES

The following description of the particular terms of the notes being offered supplements and, to the extent inconsistent with or otherwise specified in an applicable pricing supplement, replaces the description of the general terms and provisions of the debt securities set forth under the heading "Description of Our Debt Securities" in the accompanying prospectus. Unless otherwise specified in an applicable pricing supplement, the notes will have the terms described below. Capitalized terms used but not defined below have the meanings given to them in the accompanying prospectus and in the indenture relating to the notes.

The notes being offered by this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and the applicable pricing supplement will be issued under an indenture, dated as of February 16, 2012, as amended and as supplemented from time to time. U.S. Bank National Association was appointed as trustee, as successor to American Stock Transfer & Trust Company, LLC, pursuant to an Agreement of Resignation, Appointment and Acceptance dated as of March 9, 2012. The indenture is more fully described in the accompanying prospectus. The indenture does not limit the aggregate amount of debt securities that may be issued under it and provides that the debt securities may be issued under it from time to time in one or more series. The following statements are summaries of the material provisions of the indenture and the notes. These summaries do not purport to be complete and are qualified in their entirety by reference to the indenture, including for the definitions of certain terms. From time to time we may offer other debt securities either publicly or through private placement having maturities, interest rates, covenants and other terms that may differ materially from the terms of the notes described herein and in any pricing supplement.

The notes constitute a single series of debt securities for purposes of the indenture and are unlimited in aggregate principal amount under the terms of the indenture. Our board of directors has authorized the issuance and sale of the notes from time to time, up to an aggregate principal amount of \$1.5 billion. As of August 27, 2015, \$997.0 million aggregate principal amount of notes has been issued. We have, from time to time, repurchased certain notes and, therefore, as of August 27, 2015, \$860.7 million aggregate principal amount of notes were outstanding.

Notes issued in accordance with this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and the applicable pricing supplement will have the following general characteristics:

the notes will be our direct unsecured senior obligations and will rank equally with all of our other unsecured senior indebtedness from time to time outstanding;

the notes may be offered from time to time by us through the Purchasing Agent and each note will mature on a day that is at least 12 months from its date of original issuance;

each note may be issued with a fixed or floating interest rate; any floating interest rate will be based on LIBOR; the notes will not be subject to any sinking fund; and

the minimum denomination of the notes will be \$1,000 (unless otherwise stated in the pricing supplement). In addition, the pricing supplement relating to each offering of notes will describe specific terms of the notes, including but not limited to:

the stated maturity;

the denomination of your notes;

the price at which we originally issue your notes, expressed as a percentage of the principal amount, and the original issue date;

whether your notes are fixed rate notes or floating rate notes;

if your notes are fixed rate notes, the annual rate at which your notes will bear interest, or the periodic rates in the case of notes that bear different rates at different times during the term of the notes, and the interest payment dates, if different from those stated below under "—Interest Rates—Fixed Rate Notes;"

if your notes are floating rate notes, the interest rate, spread or spread multiplier or initial base rate, maximum rate and/or minimum rate; if there is more than one spread to be applied at different times during the term of the notes for your interest rate, which spread during which periods applies to your notes; and the interest reset, determination, calculation and payment dates, all of which we describe under "—Interest Rates—Floating Rate Notes" below; if applicable, the circumstances under which your notes may be redeemed at our option or repaid at the holder's option before the stated maturity, including any redemption commencement date, repayment date(s), redemption price(s) and redemption period(s), all of which we describe under "—Redemption and Repayment" below;

whether the authorized representative of the holder of a beneficial interest in the notes will have the right to seek repayment upon the death of the holder as described under "—Survivor's Option;" any special U.S. federal income tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and disposition of the notes; and any other significant terms of your notes, which could be different from those described in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, but in no event inconsistent with the indenture.

We may at any time purchase notes at any price or prices in the open market or otherwise. Notes so purchased by us may, at our discretion, be held, resold or surrendered to the trustee for cancellation.

Types of Notes

We may issue either of the two types of notes described below. Notes may have elements of each of the two types of notes described below. For example, notes may bear interest at a fixed rate for some periods and at a floating rate in others.

Fixed Rate Notes. Notes of this type will bear interest at one or more fixed rates described in your pricing supplement.

Fixed rate notes will bear interest from their original issue date or from the most recent date to which interest on the notes has been paid or made available for payment. Interest will accrue on the principal of fixed rate notes at the fixed rate or rates per annum stated in your pricing supplement during the applicable time periods as stated in your pricing supplement, until the principal is paid or made available for payment. Each payment of interest due on an interest payment date or the maturity will include interest accrued from and including the last date to which interest has been paid, or made available for payment, or from the issue date if none has been paid or made available for payment, to but excluding the interest payment date or maturity. We will compute interest on fixed rate notes on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months (the 30/360 (ISDA) day count convention) unless your pricing supplement provides that we will compute interest on a different basis. We will pay interest on each interest payment date and at maturity as described below under "—Payments of Principal and Interest." Notes may be offered that switch from a fixed rate to a floating rate or from a floating rate to a fixed rate during the term of the notes.

Floating Rate Notes. Notes of this type will bear interest at rates that are determined by reference to an interest rate formula based on LIBOR. In some cases, the rates may also be adjusted by adding or subtracting a spread in relation to LIBOR or multiplying by a spread multiplier and may be subject to a minimum rate and/or a maximum rate. The various interest rate formulas and these other features are described below in "—Interest Rates—Floating Rate Notes." If your notes are floating rate notes, the formula and any adjustments that apply to the interest rate will be specified in your pricing supplement.

Floating rate notes will bear interest from their original issue date or from the most recent date to which interest on the notes has been paid or made available for payment. Interest will accrue on the principal of floating rate notes at a rate per annum determined according to the interest rate formula stated in your pricing supplement during the applicable interest rate periods as stated in your pricing supplement, until the principal is paid or made available for payment. We will pay interest on each interest payment date and at maturity as described below "—Payments of Principal and Interest." Notes may be offered that switch from a fixed rate to a floating rate or from a floating rate to a fixed rate during the term of the notes.

Interest Rates

This subsection describes the different kinds of interest rates that may apply to your notes, as specified in your pricing supplement.

Fixed Rate Notes. Fixed rate notes will bear interest from their original issue date or from the most recent date to which interest on the notes has been paid or made available for payment. Interest will accrue on the principal of fixed rate notes at the fixed yearly rate or rates stated in your pricing supplement during the applicable time periods as stated in your pricing supplement, until the principal is paid or made available for payment. Your pricing supplement will describe the interest periods and relevant interest payment dates on which interest on fixed rate notes will be payable. Each payment of interest due on an interest payment date or the maturity will include interest accrued from and including the last date to which interest has been paid, or made available for payment, or from the issue date if none has been paid or made available for payment, to but excluding the interest payment date or the maturity. We will compute interest on fixed rate notes on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months (the 30/360 (ISDA) day count convention), unless your pricing supplement provides that we will compute interest on a different basis. We will pay interest on each interest payment date and at maturity as described below under "—Payments of Principal and Interest."

Floating Rate Notes. Floating rate notes will bear interest at rates that are determined by reference to an interest rate formula based on LIBOR. In some cases, the rates may also be adjusted by adding or subtracting a spread in relation

to LIBOR or multiplying by a spread multiplier and may be subject to a minimum rate and/or a maximum rate. If your note is a floating rate note, the formula and any adjustments that apply to the interest rate will be specified in your pricing supplement.

Each floating rate note will bear interest from its original issue date or from the most recent date to which interest on the note has been paid or made available for payment. Interest will accrue on the principal of a floating rate note at a rate per annum determined according to the interest rate formula stated in the pricing supplement during the applicable interest rate period specified in your pricing supplement, until the principal is paid or made available for payment. We will pay interest on each interest payment date and at maturity as described below under "—Payment of Principal and Interest."

In addition, the following will apply to floating rate notes.

Initial Base Rate

Unless otherwise specified in your pricing supplement, for floating rate notes, the initial base rate will be the applicable LIBOR base rate in effect from and including the original issue date to but excluding the initial interest reset date. We will specify the initial LIBOR base rate in your pricing supplement.

Spread or Spread Multiplier

In some cases, the base rate for floating rate notes may be adjusted:

by adding or subtracting a specified number of basis points, called the spread, with one basis point being 0.01%; or by multiplying the base rate by a specified percentage, called the spread multiplier.

If you purchase floating rate notes, your pricing supplement will specify whether a spread or spread multiplier will apply to your notes and, if so, the amount of the applicable spread or spread multiplier and any increases or decreases in the spread or spread multiplier during the term of your notes.

Maximum and Minimum Rates

The actual interest rate, after being adjusted by the spread or spread multiplier, may also be subject to either or both of the following limits:

n maximum rate—i.e., a specified upper limit that the actual interest rate in effect at any time may not exceed; and/or n minimum rate—i.e., a specified lower limit that the actual interest rate in effect at any time may not fall below.

If you purchase floating rate notes, your pricing supplement will specify whether a maximum rate and/or minimum rate will apply to your notes and, if so, what those rates are.

Whether or not a maximum rate applies, the interest rate on floating rate notes will in no event be higher than the maximum rate permitted by New York law, as it may be modified by U.S. law of general application. Under current New York law, the maximum rate of interest, with some exceptions, for any loan in an amount less than \$250,000 is 16% and for any loan in the amount of \$250,000 or more but less than \$2,500,000 is 25%, per year on a simple interest basis. These limits do not apply to loans of \$2,500,000 or more.

The rest of this subsection describes how the interest rate and the interest payment dates will be determined, and how interest will be calculated, on floating rate notes.

Interest Reset Dates

Except as otherwise specified in your pricing supplement, the rate of interest on floating rate notes will be reset, by the calculation agent described below, daily, weekly, monthly, quarterly, semi-annually or annually (each, an "interest reset period"). The date on which the interest rate resets and the reset rate becomes effective is called the interest reset date. Except as otherwise specified in your pricing supplement, the interest reset date will be as follows:

for floating rate notes that reset daily, each London business day (as defined below);

for floating rate notes that reset weekly, the Wednesday of each week;

for floating rate notes that reset monthly, the third Wednesday of each month;

for floating rate notes that reset quarterly, the third Wednesday of each of four months of each year as specified in your pricing supplement;

for floating rate notes that reset semi-annually, the third Wednesday of each of two months of each year as specified in your pricing supplement; and

for floating rate notes that reset annually, the third Wednesday of one month of each year as specified in your pricing supplement.

For floating rate notes, the interest rate in effect on any particular day will be the interest rate determined with respect to the latest interest reset date that occurs on or before that day. There are several exceptions, however, to the reset provisions described above.

Interest reset dates are subject to adjustment, as described below under "—Business Day Conventions."

The base rate in effect from and including the original issue date to but excluding the first interest reset date will be the initial base rate. For floating rate notes that reset daily or weekly, the base rate in effect for each day following the fifth business

day before an interest payment date to, but excluding, the interest payment date, and for each day following the fifth business day before the maturity to, but excluding, the maturity, will be the base rate in effect on that fifth business day.

Interest Determination Dates

The interest rate that takes effect on an interest reset date will be determined by the calculation agent for the LIBOR base rates by reference to a particular date called an interest determination date. Except as otherwise specified in your pricing supplement, the interest determination date relating to a particular interest reset date will be the second London business day preceding the interest reset date. We refer to an interest determination date for LIBOR notes as a LIBOR interest determination date.

Interest Calculation Date

The interest rate that takes effect on a particular interest reset date will be determined by reference to the corresponding interest determination date or interest reset date, as applicable. For some notes, however, the calculation agent will set the rate on a day no later than the corresponding interest calculation date. Unless otherwise specified in your pricing supplement, the interest calculation date for rates to which a calculation date applies will be the business day immediately preceding the date on which interest will next be paid (on an interest payment date or the maturity, as the case may be). The calculation agent need not wait until the relevant interest calculation date to determine the interest rate if the rate information it needs to make the determination is available from the relevant sources sooner.

Interest Rate Calculations

Interest payable on floating rate notes for any particular interest period will be calculated as described below using an interest factor, expressed as a decimal, applicable to each day during the applicable interest period, unless otherwise specified in your pricing supplement.

Calculations relating to floating rate notes will be made by the calculation agent, an institution that we appoint as our agent for this purpose. We have initially appointed U.S. Bank National Association as our calculation agent for any floating rate notes. We may specify a different calculation agent in your pricing supplement. The applicable pricing supplement for your floating rate note will name the institution that we have appointed to act as the calculation agent for that note as of its original issue date. We may appoint a different institution to serve as calculation agent from time to time after the original issue date of your floating rate note without your consent and without notifying you of the change. Absent manifest error, all determinations of the calculation agent will be final and binding on you and us, without any liability on the part of the calculation agent.

For floating rate notes, the calculation agent will determine, on the corresponding interest calculation date or interest determination date, as described below, the interest rate that takes effect on each interest reset date. In addition, the calculation agent will calculate the amount of interest that has accrued during each interest period—i.e., the period from and including the original issue date, or the last date to which interest has accrued (which may be the interest payment date or any interest reset date in accordance with the business day convention), to but excluding the next date to which interest will accrue (which may be the interest payment date or any interest reset date in accordance with the business day convention). For each interest period, the calculation agent will calculate the amount of accrued interest by multiplying the face amount of the floating rate note by an accrued interest factor for the interest period. Such accrued interest rate factor is determined by multiplying the applicable interest rate for the period by the day count fraction. The day count fraction will be determined in accordance with the 30/360 (ISDA) day count convention, where the number of days in the interest period in respect of which payment is being made is divided by 360, calculated on a formula basis as follows:

where

- "Y1" is the year, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the interest period falls;
- "Y2" is the year, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the interest period falls;
- "M1" is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the interest period falls;
- "M2" is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the interest period falls;

"D1" is the first calendar day, expressed as a number, of the interest period, unless such number would be 31, in which case D1 will be 30; and

"D2" is the calendar day, expressed as a number, immediately following the last day included in the interest period, unless such number would be 31 and D1 is greater than 29, in which case D2 will be 30.

Upon the request of the holder of any floating rate note, the calculation agent will provide the interest rate then in effect, and, if determined, the interest rate that will become effective on the next interest reset date with respect to such floating rate note.

All percentages resulting from any calculation relating to any note will be rounded upward or downward, as appropriate, to the next higher or lower one hundred-thousandth of a percentage point, e.g., 9.876541% (or .09876541) being rounded down to 9.87654% (or .0987654) and 9.876545% (or .09876545) being rounded up to 9.87655% (or .0987655). All amounts used in or resulting from any calculation relating to any note will be rounded upward or downward to the nearest cent.

Sources and Corrections

If we refer to a rate as set forth on a display page, other published source, information vendor or other vendor officially designated by the sponsor of that rate, if there is a successor source for the display page, other published source, information vendor or other official vendor, we refer to that successor source as applicable as determined by the calculation agent. When we refer to a particular heading or headings on any of those sources, those references include any successor or replacement heading or headings as determined by the calculation agent.

If the applicable rate is based on information obtained from a Reuters screen, that rate will be subject to the corrections, if any, published on that Reuters screen within one hour of the time that rate was first displayed on such source.

LIBOR Calculation

LIBOR, with respect to the base rate and any interest reset date, will be the London interbank offered rate for deposits in U.S. dollars for the index maturity specified in your pricing supplement, appearing on the Reuters screen LIBOR page as of approximately 11:00 A.M., London time, on the relevant LIBOR interest determination date. If the rate described above does not so appear on the Reuters screen LIBOR page, then LIBOR will be determined on the basis of the rates at which deposits in U.S. dollars are offered by four major banks in the London interbank market selected by the calculation agent at approximately 11:00 A.M., London time, on the relevant LIBOR interest determination date, to prime banks in the London interbank market for a period of the specified index maturity, beginning on the relevant interest reset date, and in a representative amount. The calculation agent will request the principal London office of each of these major banks to provide a quotation of its rate. If at least two quotations are provided, LIBOR for the relevant interest reset date will be the arithmetic mean of the quotations.

If fewer than two of the requested quotations described above are provided, LIBOR for the relevant interest reset date will be the arithmetic mean of the rates quoted by major banks in New York City selected by the calculation agent, at approximately 11:00 A.M., New York City time (or the time in the relevant principal financial center), on the relevant interest reset date, for loans in U.S. dollars (or the index currency) to leading European banks for a period of the specified index maturity, beginning on the relevant interest reset date, and in a representative amount.

If no quotation is provided as described in the preceding paragraph, then the calculation agent, after consulting such sources as it deems comparable to any of the foregoing quotations or display page, or any such source as it deems reasonable from which to estimate LIBOR or any of the foregoing lending rates, shall determine LIBOR for that interest reset date in its sole discretion.

For the purpose of this section, we define the term "index maturity" as the interest rate period of LIBOR on which the interest rate formula is based as specified in your pricing supplement.

In all cases, if the stated maturity or any earlier redemption date or repayment date with respect to any note falls on a day that is not a business day, any payment of principal, premium, if any, and interest otherwise due on such day will be made on the next succeeding business day, and no interest on such payment shall accrue for the period from and after such stated maturity, redemption date or repayment date, as the case may be.

Business Days

The term "London business day" will apply to your floating rate notes, as specified in your pricing supplement, and it means each Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday that is not a day on which banking institutions in London generally are authorized or obligated by law, regulation or executive order to close and is also a day on which dealings in the applicable index currency are transacted in the London interbank market.

Business Day Convention

The business day convention that will apply to your notes is the "following business day convention." The "following business day convention" means, for any interest payment date or interest reset date, other than the maturity, if such date would otherwise fall on a day that is not a business day, then such date will be postponed to the next day that is a business day.

Payment of Principal and Interest

Principal of and interest on beneficial interests in the notes will be made in accordance with the arrangements then in place between the paying agent and The Depository Trust Company (referred to as "DTC") and its participants as described under "Registration and Settlement—The Depository Trust Company." Payments in respect of any notes in certificated form will be made as described under "Registration and Settlement—Registration, Transfer and Payment of Certificated Notes."

Interest on each note will be payable either monthly, quarterly, semi-annually or annually on each interest payment date and at the note's stated maturity or on the date of redemption or repayment if a note is redeemed or repaid prior to maturity. Interest is payable to the person in whose name a note is registered at the close of business on the regular record date before each interest payment date. Interest due at a note's stated maturity or on a date of redemption or repayment will be payable to the person to whom principal is payable.

We will pay any administrative costs imposed by banks in connection with making payments in immediately available funds, but any tax, assessment or governmental charge imposed upon any payments on a note, including, without limitation, any withholding tax, is the responsibility of the holders of beneficial interests in the note in respect of which such payments are made.

Payment and Record Dates for Interest

Interest on the notes will be paid as follows:

Interest Payment

Interest Payment Dates

Frequency

Fifteenth day of each calendar month, beginning in the first calendar month following the

month the note was issued.

Quarterly

Monthly

Fifteenth day of every third month, beginning in the third calendar month following the month

the note was issued.

Semi-annually

Fifteenth day of every sixth month, beginning in the sixth calendar month following the month

the note was issued.

Annually

Fifteenth day of every twelfth month, beginning in the twelfth calendar month following the

month the note was issued.

The regular record date for any interest payment date will be the first day of the calendar month in which the interest payment date occurs, except that the regular record date for interest due on the note's stated maturity date or date of earlier redemption or repayment will be that particular date. For the purpose of determining the holder at the close of business on a regular record date when business is not being conducted, the close of business will mean 5:00 P.M., New York City time, on that day.

Interest on a note will be payable beginning on the first interest payment date after its date of original issuance to holders of record on the corresponding regular record date.

"Business day" means any day, other than a Saturday or Sunday, that is neither a legal holiday nor a day on which banking institutions are authorized or required by law or regulation to close in The City of New York.

Redemption and Repayment

Unless we otherwise provide in the applicable pricing supplement, a note will not be redeemable or repayable prior to its stated maturity date.

If the pricing supplement states that the note will be redeemable at our option prior to its stated maturity date, then on such date or dates specified in the pricing supplement, we may redeem those notes at our option either in whole or from time to time in part, upon not less than 30 nor more than 60 days' written notice to the holder of those notes. If the pricing supplement states that your note will be repayable at your option prior to its stated maturity date, we will require receipt of notice of the request for repayment at least 30 but not more than 60 days prior to the date or dates

the pricing supplement. We also must receive the completed form entitled "Option to Elect Repayment." Exercise of the repayment option by the holder of a note is irrevocable.

Since the notes will be represented by a global note, DTC or its nominee will be treated as the holder of the notes; therefore DTC or its nominee will be the only entity that receives notices of redemption of notes from us, in the case of our redemption of notes, and will be the only entity that can exercise the right to repayment of notes, in the case of optional repayment. See "Registration and Settlement."

To ensure that DTC or its nominee will timely exercise a right to repayment with respect to a particular beneficial interest in a note, the beneficial owner of the interest in that note must instruct the broker or other direct or indirect participant through which it holds the beneficial interest to notify DTC or its nominee of its desire to exercise a right to repayment. Because different firms have different cut-off times for accepting instructions from their customers, each beneficial owner should consult the broker or other direct or indirect participant through which it holds an interest in a note to determine the cut-off time by which the instruction must be given for timely notice to be delivered to DTC or its nominee. Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC or its nominee to participants, by participants to indirect participants and by participants and indirect participants to beneficial owners of the notes will be governed by agreements among them and any applicable statutory or regulatory requirements.

The redemption or repayment of a note normally will occur on the interest payment date or dates following receipt of a valid notice. Unless otherwise specified in the pricing supplement, the redemption or repayment price will equal 100% of the principal amount of the note plus unpaid interest accrued to the date or dates of redemption or repayment. We may at any time purchase notes at any price or prices in the open market or otherwise. We may also purchase notes otherwise tendered for repayment by a holder or tendered by a holder's duly authorized representative through exercise of the Survivor's Option described below. If we purchase the notes in this manner, we have the discretion to either hold, resell or surrender the notes to the trustee for cancellation.

Survivor's Option

The "Survivor's Option" is a provision in a note pursuant to which we agree to repay that note, if requested by the authorized representative of the beneficial owner of that note, following the death of the beneficial owner of the note, so long as the note was owned by that beneficial owner or the estate of that beneficial owner at least six months prior to the request. The pricing supplement relating to each offering of notes will state whether the Survivor's Option applies to those notes.

If a note is entitled to a Survivor's Option, upon the valid exercise of the Survivor's Option and the proper tender of that note for repayment, we will, at our option, repay or repurchase that note, in whole or in part, at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the deceased beneficial owner's interest in that note plus unpaid interest accrued to the date of repayment.

To be valid, the Survivor's Option must be exercised by or on behalf of the person who has authority to act on behalf of the deceased beneficial owner of the note (including, without limitation, the personal representative or executor of the deceased beneficial owner or the surviving joint owner with the deceased beneficial owner) under the laws of the applicable jurisdiction.

The death of a person holding a beneficial ownership interest in a note as a joint tenant or tenant by the entirety with another person, or as a tenant in common with the deceased holder's spouse, will be deemed the death of a beneficial owner of that note, and the entire principal amount of the note so held will be subject to repayment by us upon request. However, the death of a person holding a beneficial ownership interest in a note as tenant in common with a person other than such deceased holder's spouse will be deemed the death of a beneficial owner only with respect to such deceased person's interest in the note.

The death of a person who, during his or her lifetime, was entitled to substantially all of the beneficial ownership interests in a note will be deemed the death of the beneficial owner of that note for purposes of the Survivor's Option, regardless of whether that beneficial owner was the registered holder of that note, if entitlement to those interests can be established to the satisfaction of the trustee. A beneficial ownership interest will be deemed to exist in typical cases of nominee ownership, ownership under the Uniform Transfers to Minors Act or Uniform Gifts to Minors Act, community property or other joint ownership arrangements between a husband and wife. In addition, a beneficial ownership interest will be deemed to exist in custodial and trust arrangements where one person has all of the

beneficial ownership interests in the applicable note during his or her lifetime.

We have the discretionary right to limit the aggregate principal amount of notes as to which exercises of the Survivor's Option shall be accepted by us from authorized representatives of all deceased beneficial owners in any calendar year to an amount equal to the greater of \$2,000,000 or 2% of the principal amount of all notes outstanding as of the end of the most recent calendar year. We also have the discretionary right to limit to \$250,000 in any calendar year the aggregate principal amount of notes as to which exercises of the Survivor's Option shall be accepted by us from the authorized representative of

any individual deceased beneficial owner of notes in such calendar year. In addition, we will not permit the exercise of the Survivor's Option except in principal amounts of \$1,000 and multiples of \$1,000.

An otherwise valid election to exercise the Survivor's Option may not be withdrawn. Each election to exercise the Survivor's Option will be accepted in the order that elections are received by the trustee, except for any note the acceptance of which would contravene any of the limitations described in the preceding paragraph. Notes accepted for repayment through the exercise of the Survivor's Option normally will be repaid on the first interest payment date that occurs 20 or more calendar days after the date of the acceptance. For example, if the acceptance date of a note tendered through a valid exercise of the Survivor's Option is September 1, 2016, and interest on that note is paid monthly, we would normally, at our option, repay that note on the interest payment date occurring on October 15, 2016, because the September 15, 2016 interest payment date would occur less than 20 days from the date of acceptance. Each tendered note that is not accepted in any calendar year due to the application of any of the limitations described in the preceding paragraph will be deemed to be tendered in the following calendar year in the order in which all such notes were originally tendered. If a note tendered through a valid exercise of the Survivor's Option is not accepted, the trustee will deliver a notice by first-class mail to the registered holder, at that holder's last known address as indicated in the note register, that states the reason that note has not been accepted for repayment. With respect to notes represented by a global note, DTC or its nominee is treated as the holder of the notes and will be the only entity that can exercise the Survivor's Option for such notes. To obtain repayment pursuant to exercise of the Survivor's Option for a note, the deceased beneficial owner's authorized representative must provide the following items to the broker or other entity through which the beneficial interest in the note is held by the deceased beneficial owner:

a written instruction to such broker or other entity to notify DTC of the authorized representative's desire to obtain repayment pursuant to exercise of the Survivor's Option;

appropriate evidence satisfactory to the trustee (a) that the deceased was the beneficial owner of the note at the time of death and his or her interest in the note was owned by the deceased beneficial owner or his or her estate at least six months prior to the request for repayment, (b) that the death of the beneficial owner has occurred, (c) of the date of death of the beneficial owner, and (d) that the representative has authority to act on behalf of the beneficial owner; if the interest in the note is held by a nominee of the deceased beneficial owner, a certificate satisfactory to the trustee from the nominee attesting to the deceased's beneficial ownership of such note;

written request for repayment signed by the authorized representative of the deceased beneficial owner with the signature guaranteed by a member firm of a registered national securities exchange or of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. or a commercial bank or trust company having an office or correspondent in the United States;

•f applicable, a properly executed assignment or endorsement;

tax waivers and any other instruments or documents that the trustee reasonably requires in order to establish the validity of the beneficial ownership of the note and the claimant's entitlement to payment; and any additional information the trustee reasonably requires to evidence satisfaction of any conditions to the exercise of the Survivor's Option or to document beneficial ownership or authority to make the election and to cause the repayment of the note.

In turn, the broker or other entity will deliver each of these items to the trustee, together with evidence satisfactory to the trustee from the broker or other entity stating that it represents the deceased beneficial owner.

The death of a person owning a note in joint tenancy or tenancy by the entirety with another or others shall be deemed the death of the holder of the note, and the entire principal amount of the note so held shall be subject to repayment, together with interest accrued thereon to the repayment date. The death of a person owning a note by tenancy in common shall be deemed the death of a holder of a note only with respect to the deceased holder's interest in the note so held by tenancy in common; except that in the event a note is held by husband and wife as tenants in common, the death of either shall be deemed the death of the holder of the note, and the entire principal amount of the note so held shall be subject to repayment. The death of a person who, during his or her lifetime, was entitled to substantially all of the beneficial interests of ownership of a note, shall be deemed the death of the holder thereof for purposes of this provision, regardless of the registered holder, if such beneficial interest can be established to the satisfaction of the

trustee and us. Such beneficial interest shall be deemed to exist in typical cases of nominee ownership, ownership under the Uniform Gifts to Minors Act, the Uniform Transfers to Minors Act, community property or other joint ownership arrangements between a husband and wife and trust arrangements where one person has substantially all of the beneficial ownership interest in the note during his or her lifetime.

We retain the right to limit the aggregate principal amount of notes as to which exercises of the Survivor's Option applicable to the notes will be accepted in any one calendar year as described above. All other questions regarding the eligibility or validity of any exercise of the Survivor's Option will be determined by the trustee, in its sole discretion, which determination will be final and binding on all parties.

The broker or other entity will be responsible for disbursing payments received from the trustee to the authorized representative. See "Registration and Settlement."

Forms for the exercise of the Survivor's Option may be obtained from the Trustee at 100 Wall Street, Suite 1600, New York, NY 10005, Attention: General Counsel.

If applicable, we will comply with the requirements of Section 14(e) of the Exchange Act, and the rules promulgated thereunder, and any other securities laws or regulations in connection with any repayment of notes at the option of the registered holders or beneficial owners thereof.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

(All figures in this item are in thousands except share, per share and other data.)

References herein to "we," "us" or "our" refer to Prospect Capital Corporation and its subsidiary unless the context specifically requires otherwise.

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and accompanying prospectus. Historical results set forth are not necessarily indicative of our future financial position and results of operations.

Overview

Prospect Capital Corporation is a financial services company that primarily lends to and invests in middle market privately-held companies. We are a closed-end investment company incorporated in Maryland. We have elected to be regulated as a business development company ("BDC") under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the "1940 Act"). As a BDC, we have elected to be treated as a regulated investment company ("RIC"), under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code"). We were organized on April 13, 2004 and were funded in an initial public offering completed on July 27, 2004.

On May 15, 2007, we formed a wholly-owned subsidiary Prospect Capital Funding LLC ("PCF"), a Delaware limited liability company and a bankruptcy remote special purpose entity, which holds certain of our portfolio loan investments that are used as collateral for the revolving credit facility at PCF. Our wholly-owned subsidiary Prospect Small Business Lending, LLC ("PSBL") was formed on January 27, 2014 and purchases small business whole loans on a recurring basis from online small business loan originators, including OnDeck Capital, Inc. ("OnDeck") and Direct Capital Corporation ("Direct Capital"). On September 30, 2014, we formed a wholly-owned subsidiary Prospect Yield Corporation, LLC ("PYC") and effective October 23, 2014, PYC holds our investments in collateralized loan obligations ("CLOs"). Each of these subsidiaries have been consolidated since operations commenced. Effective July 1, 2014, we began consolidating certain of our wholly-owned and substantially wholly-owned holding companies formed by us in order to facilitate our investment strategy. The following companies have been included in our consolidated financial statements since July 1, 2014: AMU Holdings Inc.; APH Property Holdings, LLC; Arctic Oilfield Equipment USA, Inc.; CCPI Holdings Inc.; CP Holdings of Delaware LLC; Credit Central Holdings of Delaware, LLC; Energy Solutions Holdings Inc.; First Tower Holdings of Delaware LLC; Harbortouch Holdings of Delaware Inc.; MITY Holdings of Delaware Inc.; Nationwide Acceptance Holdings LLC; NMMB Holdings, Inc.; NPH Property Holdings, LLC; STI Holding, Inc.; UPH Property Holdings, LLC; Valley Electric Holdings I, Inc.; Valley Electric Holdings II, Inc.; and Wolf Energy Holdings Inc. On October 10, 2014, concurrent with the sale of the operating company, our ownership increased to 100% of the outstanding equity of ARRM Services, Inc. which was renamed SB Forging Company, Inc. ("SB Forging"). As such, we began consolidating SB Forging on October 11, 2014. We collectively refer to these entities as the "Consolidated Holding Companies."

We are externally managed by our investment adviser, Prospect Capital Management L.P. ("Prospect Capital Management" or the "Investment Adviser"). Prospect Administration LLC ("Prospect Administration" or the "Administrator") provides administrative services and facilities necessary for us to operate.

Our investment objective is to generate both current income and long-term capital appreciation through debt and equity investments. We invest primarily in senior and subordinated debt and equity of private companies in need of capital for acquisitions, divestitures, growth, development, recapitalizations and other purposes. We work with the management teams or financial sponsors to seek investments with historical cash flows, asset collateral or contracted pro-forma cash flows.

We currently have nine origination strategies in which we make investments: (1) lending in private equity sponsored transactions, (2) lending directly to companies not owned by private equity firms, (3) control investments in corporate operating companies, (4) control investments in financial companies, (5) investments in structured credit, (6) real estate investments, (7) investments in syndicated debt, (8) aircraft leasing and (9) online lending. We continue to evaluate other origination strategies in the ordinary course of business with no specific tops-down allocation to any single origination strategy.

Lending in Private Equity Sponsored Transactions – We make loans to companies which are controlled by leading private equity firms. This debt can take the form of first lien, second lien, unitranche or unsecured loans. In making these investments, we look for a diversified customer base, recurring demand for the product or service, barriers to entry, strong historical cash flow and experienced management teams. These loans typically have significant equity subordinate to our loan position. Historically, this strategy has comprised approximately 50%-60% of our business, but more recently it is less than 50% of our business.

Lending Directly to Companies – We provide debt financing to companies owned by non-private equity firms, the company founder, a management team or a family. Here, in addition to the strengths we look for in a sponsored transaction, we also look for the alignment with the management team with significant invested capital. This strategy often has less competition than the private equity sponsor strategy because such company financing needs are not easily addressed by banks and often require more diligence preparation. Direct lending can result in higher returns and lower leverage than sponsor transactions and may include warrants or equity to us. Historically, this strategy has comprised approximately 5%-15% of our business, but more recently it is less than 5% of our business. Control Investments in Corporate Operating Companies – This strategy involves acquiring controlling stakes in non-financial operating companies. Our investments in these companies are generally structured as a combination of yield-producing debt and equity. We provide certainty of closure to our counterparties, give the seller personal liquidity and generally look for management to continue on in their current roles. This strategy has comprised approximately 10%-15% of our business.

Control Investments in Financial Companies – This strategy involves acquiring controlling stakes in financial companies, including consumer direct lending, sub-prime auto lending and other strategies. Our investments in these companies are generally structured as a combination of yield-producing debt and equity. These investments are often structured in a tax-efficient RIC-compliant partnership, enhancing returns. This strategy has comprised approximately 5%-15% of our business.

Investments in Structured Credit – We make investments in CLOs, generally taking a significant position in the subordinated interests (equity) of the CLOs. The CLOs include a diversified portfolio of broadly syndicated loans and do not have direct exposure to real estate, mortgages, sub-prime debt or consumer based debt. The CLOs in which we invest are managed by top-tier collateral managers that have been thoroughly diligenced prior to investment. This strategy has comprised approximately 10%-20% of our business.

Real Estate Investments – We make investments in real estate through our three wholly-owned tax-efficient real estate investment trusts ("REITs"), American Property REIT Corp. ("APRC"), National Property REIT Corp. ("NPRC") and United Property REIT Corp. ("UPRC" and collectively with APRC and NPRC, "our REITs"). Our real estate investments are in various classes of fully developed and occupied real estate properties that generate current yields. We seek to identify properties that have historically high occupancy and steady cash flow generation. Our REITs partner with established property managers with experience in managing the property type to manage such properties after acquisition. This is a more recent investment strategy that has comprised approximately 5%-10% of our business. Investments in Syndicated Debt – On an opportunistic basis, we make investments in loans and high yield bonds that have been sold to a syndicate of buyers. Here we look for investments with attractive risk-adjusted returns after we have completed a fundamental credit analysis. These investments are purchased with a long term, buy-and-hold outlook and we look to provide significant structuring input by providing anchoring orders. This strategy has comprised approximately 5%-10% of our business.

Aircraft Leasing – We invest debt as well as equity in aircraft assets subject to commercial leases to credit-worthy airlines across the globe. These investments present attractive return opportunities due to cash flow consistency from long-lived assets coupled with hard asset collateral. We seek to deliver risk-adjusted returns with strong downside protection by analyzing relative value characteristics across the spectrum of aircraft types of all vintages. Our target portfolio includes both in-production and out-of-production jet and turboprop aircraft and engines, operated by airlines across the globe. This strategy comprised approximately 1.5% of our business in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 and approximately 1% as of June 30, 2015.

Online Lending – We make investments in loans originated by certain consumer loan and small and medium sized business ("SME") originators. We purchase each loan in its entirety (i.e., a "whole loan"). The borrowers are consumers and SMEs. The loans are typically serviced by the originators of the loans. This strategy comprised approximately 1% of our business in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 and less than 5% as of June 30, 2015.

We invest primarily in first and second lien secured loans and unsecured debt, which in some cases includes an equity component. First and second lien secured loans generally are senior debt instruments that rank ahead of unsecured debt of a given portfolio company. These loans also have the benefit of security interests on the assets of the portfolio company, which may rank ahead of or be junior to other security interests. Our investments in CLOs are subordinated

to senior loans and are generally unsecured. We invest in debt and equity positions of CLOs which are a form of securitization in which the cash flows of a portfolio of loans are pooled and passed on to different classes of owners in various tranches. Our CLO investments are derived from portfolios of corporate debt securities which are generally risk rated from BB to B.

We hold many of our control investments in a two-tier structure consisting of a holding company and one or more related operating companies for tax purposes. These holding companies serve various business purposes including concentration of management teams, optimization of third party borrowing costs, improvement of supplier, customer, and insurance terms, and enhancement of co-investments by the management teams. In these cases, our investment in the holding company, generally as equity, its equity investment in the operating company and along with any debt from us directly to the operating company structure represents our total exposure for the investment. As of June 30, 2015, as shown in our Consolidated Schedule of Investments, the cost basis and fair value of our investments in controlled companies was \$1,894,644 and \$1,974,202, respectively. This structure gives rise to several of the risks described in our public documents and highlighted in Part I, Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2015. On July 1, 2014, we began consolidating all wholly-owned and substantially wholly-owned holding companies formed by us for the purpose of holding our controlled investments in operating companies. There were no significant effects of consolidating these holding companies as they hold minimal assets other than their investments in the controlled operating companies. Investment company accounting prohibits the consolidation of any operating companies.

We seek to be a long-term investor with our portfolio companies. The aggregate fair value of our portfolio investments was \$6,609,558 and \$6,253,739 as of June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively. During the year ended June 30, 2015, our net cost of investments increased by \$187,854, or 2.9%, as a result of the following: twenty-three new investments, several follow-on investments, and thirteen revolver advances totaling \$2,059,711 (including structuring fees of \$20,916); payment-in-kind interest of \$29,277; net amortization of discounts and premiums of \$87,638; and full repayments on eighteen investments, sale of twelve investments, and several partial prepayments and amortization payments totaling \$1,633,073, net of realized losses totaling \$180,423.

Compared to the end of last fiscal year (ended June 30, 2014), net assets increased by \$84,867, or 2.3%, during the year ended June 30, 2015, from \$3,618,182 to \$3,703,049. This increase resulted from the issuance of new shares of our common stock (less offering costs) in the amount of \$145,441, dividend reinvestments of \$14,681, and \$346,339 from operations. These increases, in turn, were offset by \$421,594 in dividend distributions to our stockholders. The \$346,339 from operations is net of the following: net investment income of \$362,747, net realized losses on investments of \$180,423, net change in unrealized appreciation on investments of \$167,965, and net realized losses on extinguishment of debt of \$3,950.

Fourth Quarter Highlights

Investment Transactions

During the three months ended June 30, 2015, we acquired \$257,053 of new investments, completed follow-on investments in existing portfolio companies totaling approximately \$171,426, funded \$18,696 of revolver advances, and recorded PIK interest of \$12,792, resulting in gross investment originations of \$459,967. During the three months ended June 30, 2015, we received full repayments on eight investments and received several partial prepayments and amortization payments totaling \$437,729, including realized losses totaling \$29,450. The more significant of these transactions are discussed in "Portfolio Investment Activity."

Debt Issuances and Redemptions

During the three months ended June 30, 2015, we issued \$50,729 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® for net proceeds of \$49,910. These notes were issued with stated interest rates ranging from 3.375% to 5.10% with a weighted average interest rate of 4.74%. These notes mature between August 15, 2020 and June 15, 2022. The following table summarizes the Prospect Capital InterNotes® issued during the three months ended June 30, 2015.

Tenor at Origination (in years)	Principal Amount	Interest Rate Range	Weighted Average Interest Rate	Maturity Date Range
5.25	\$7,126	4.625%	4.625	% August 15, 2020 – September 15, 2020
5.5	31,397	4.75%	4.75	% October 15, 2020 – November 15, 2020
6	2,197	3.375%	3.375	% April 15, 2021 – May 15, 2021
6.5	3,912	5.10%	5.10	% December 15, 2021

7	6,097 \$50,729	5.10%	5.10	% May 15, 2022 – June 15, 2022
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On May 15, 2015, we redeemed \$100,000 aggregate principal amount of the 2022 Notes (as defined below) at par. As a result of this transaction, we recorded a loss in the amount of the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the notes, net of the proportionate amount of unamortized debt issuance costs. The net loss on the extinguishment of the 2022 Notes in the three months ended June 30, 2015 was \$2,600.

During the three months ended June 30, 2015, we repaid \$2,005 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® at par in accordance with the Survivor's Option, as defined in the InterNotes® Offering prospectus. As a result of these transactions, we recorded a loss in the amount of the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the notes, net of the proportionate amount of unamortized debt issuance costs. The net loss on the extinguishment of Prospect Capital InterNotes® in the three months ended June 30, 2015 was \$126. Equity Issuances

On April 23, 2015, May 21, 2015 and June 18, 2015, we issued 131,971, 137,878 and 159,469 shares of our common stock in connection with the dividend reinvestment plan, respectively.

"Spin-Offs" of Certain Business Strategies

We previously announced that we intend to unlock value by "spinning off" certain "pure play" business strategies to our shareholders. We desire through these transactions to (i) transform some of the business strategies we have successfully grown and developed inside Prospect into pure play public companies with the potential for increased earnings multiples, (ii) allow for continued revenue and earnings growth through more flexible non-BDC formats (which are expected to benefit from not having one or more of the (a) 30% basket, (b) leverage, and (c) control basket constraints with which BDCs must comply), and (iii) free up our 30% basket and leverage capacity for new originations at Prospect. The business strategies we intend to enable our shareholders to participate in on a "pure play" basis have grown faster than our overall growth rate in the past few years, with outlets in less constraining structures required to continue this strong growth. We anticipate these non-BDC companies will have tax efficient structures. We initially intend on focusing these efforts on three separate companies consisting of portions of our (i) consumer online lending business, (ii) real estate business and (iii) structured credit business. We are seeking to divest these businesses in conjunction with rights offering capital raises in which existing Prospect shareholders could elect to participate in each offering or sell their rights. The goals of these dispositions include leverage and earnings neutrality for Prospect. Our primary objective is to maximize the valuation of each offering (declining to proceed with any offering if we find any valuation not to be attractive).

The sizes and likelihood of these dispositions, some of which are expected to be partial rather than complete spin-offs, remain to be determined, but we currently expect the collective size of these three dispositions to be approximately 10% of our asset base. We seek to complete the first of these dispositions late in calendar year 2015 and the others in 2016 in a sequential fashion. The consummation of any of the spin-offs depends upon, among other things: market conditions, regulatory and exchange listing approval, and sufficient investor demand, and there can be no guarantee that we will consummate any of these spin-offs.

On March 11, 2015, Prospect Yield Corporation, LLC ("Prospect Yield"), our wholly-owned subsidiary, filed a registration statement with the SEC in connection with our rights offering disposition of a portion of our structured credit business, and Prospect Yield filed an amendment on April 17, 2015. We are a selling stockholder under the registration statement. We seek but cannot guarantee consummation of this disposition, which is subject to regulatory review, during calendar year 2016.

On May 6, 2015, Prospect Finance Company, LLC ("Prospect Finance"), our indirect wholly-owned subsidiary, filed a confidential registration statement with the SEC in connection with our rights offering disposition of our online consumer lending business, and Prospect Finance filed confidential amendments on June 16, July 20 and August 12, 2015. We are a selling stockholder under the registration statement. We seek but cannot guarantee consummation of this disposition, which is subject to regulatory review, late in calendar year 2015.

On May 6, 2015, Prospect Realty Income Trust Corp. ("Prospect Realty"), our wholly-owned subsidiary, filed a confidential registration statement with the SEC in connection with our rights offering disposition of a portion of our real estate business, and Prospect Realty filed confidential amendments on June 30, July 27 and August 12, 2015. We are a selling stockholder under the registration statement. We seek but cannot guarantee consummation of this disposition, which is subject to regulatory review, during calendar year 2016.

On May 19, 2015, Prospect, Prospect Capital Management, Prospect Yield, Prospect Finance and Prospect Realty filed an application for an exemptive order authorizing a joint transaction that may otherwise be prohibited by Section 57(a)(4) of the 1940 Act in order to complete each of the rights offerings described above and are awaiting comments from the SEC.

We expect to continue as a BDC in the future to pursue our multi-line origination strategy (including continuing to invest in the businesses discussed above) as a value-added differentiating factor compared with other BDCs. Investment Holdings

As of June 30, 2015, we continue to pursue our investment strategy. At June 30, 2015, approximately \$6,609,558, or 178.5%, of our net assets are invested in 131 long-term portfolio investments and CLOs.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, we originated \$2,088,988 of new investments, primarily composed of \$1,435,647 of debt and equity financing to non-controlled portfolio investments, \$432,562 of debt and equity financing to controlled investments, and \$220,779 of subordinated notes in CLOs. Our origination efforts are focused primarily on secured lending to non-control investments to reduce the risk in the portfolio by investing primarily in first lien loans, though we also continue to close select junior debt and equity investments. Our annualized current yield was 12.1% and 12.7% as of June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2015, respectively, across all performing interest bearing investments. The increase in our current yield is primarily the result of an increase in the interest rate for First Tower, LLC and increased investments in small business whole loans as well as online consumer lending. Monetization of equity positions that we hold and loans on non-accrual status are not included in this yield calculation. In many of our portfolio companies we hold equity positions, ranging from minority interests to majority stakes, which we expect over time to contribute to our investment returns. Some of these equity positions include features such as contractual minimum internal rates of returns, preferred distributions, flip structures and other features expected to generate additional investment returns, as well as contractual protections and preferences over junior equity, in addition to the yield and security offered by our cash flow and collateral debt protections.

We are a non-diversified company within the meaning of the 1940 Act. As required by the 1940 Act, we classify our investments by level of control. As defined in the 1940 Act, "Control Investments" are those where there is the ability or power to exercise a controlling influence over the management or policies of a company. Control is generally deemed to exist when a company or individual possesses or has the right to acquire within 60 days or less, a beneficial ownership of 25% or more of the voting securities of an investee company. Under the 1940 Act, "Affiliate Investments" are defined by a lesser degree of influence and are deemed to exist through the possession outright or via the right to acquire within 60 days or less, beneficial ownership of 5% or more of the outstanding voting securities of another person. "Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments" are those that are neither Control Investments nor Affiliate Investments.

As of June 30, 2015, we own controlling interests in the following portfolio companies: American Property REIT Corp.; Arctic Energy Services, LLC; CCPI Inc.; CP Energy Services Inc.; Credit Central Loan Company, LLC; Echelon Aviation LLC; Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC; First Tower Finance Company LLC; Freedom Marine Solutions, LLC; Gulf Coast Machine & Supply Company; Harbortouch Payments, LLC; MITY, Inc.; National Property REIT Corp.; Nationwide Loan Company LLC (f/k/a Nationwide Acceptance LLC); NMMB, Inc.; R-V Industries, Inc.; United Property REIT Corp.; Valley Electric Company, Inc.; and Wolf Energy, LLC. We also own an affiliated interest in BNN Holdings Corp.

The following shows the composition of our investment portfolio by level of control as of June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014:

	June 30, 2015				June 30, 2014					
Level of Control	Cost	% of Portfo	lio Fair Value	% of Portfol	io	Cost	% of Portfo	lio Fair Value	% of Portfo	lio
Control Investments	\$1,894,644	28.9	%\$1,974,202	29.9	%	\$1,719,242	27.0	%\$1,640,454	26.2	%
Affiliate Investments	45,150	0.7	%45,945	0.7	%	31,829	0.5	%32,121	0.5	%
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments	4,619,582	70.4	%4,589,411	69.4	%	4,620,451	72.5	%4,581,164	73.3	%
Total Investments	\$6,559,376	100.0	%\$6,609,558	100.0	%	\$6,371,522	100.0	%\$6,253,739	100.0	%

The following shows the composition of our investment portfolio by type of investment as of June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014:

	June 30, 2015				June 30, 2014					
Type of Investment	Cost	% of	Fair Value	% of		Cost	% of	. Fair Value	% of	
Type of investment	Cost	Portfo	lio	Portfo	lio	Cost	Portfo	lio	Portfo]	lio
Revolving Line of Credit	\$30,546	0.5	%\$30,546	0.5	%	\$3,445	0.1	%\$2,786		%
Senior Secured Debt	3,617,111	55.1	%3,533,447	53.5	%	3,578,339	56.2	%3,514,198	56.2	%
Subordinated Secured Debt	1,234,701	18.8	% 1,205,303	18.2	%	1,272,275	20.0	%1,200,221	19.2	%
Subordinated Unsecured Debt	145,644	2.2	% 144,271	2.2	%	85,531	1.3	% 85,531	1.4	%
Small Business Loans	50,558	0.8	%50,892	0.8	%	4,637	0.1	%4,252	0.1	%
CLO Debt	28,613	0.4	% 32,398	0.5	%	28,118	0.4	%33,199	0.5	%
CLO Residual Interest	1,072,734	16.4	% 1,113,023	16.8	%	1,044,656	16.4	%1,093,985	17.5	%
Preferred Stock	41,047	0.6	%4,361	0.1	%	78,448	1.2	%9,370	0.1	%
Common Stock	181,404	2.8	% 164,984	2.5	%	83,129	1.3	%78,074	1.3	%
Membership Interest	148,192	2.3	% 278,537	4.2	%	190,671	3.0	% 221,168	3.6	%
Participating Interest(1)			% 42,787	0.6	%			%213	_	%
Escrow Receivable	7,144	0.1	% 5,984	0.1	%	_		% 1,589		%
Warrants	1,682		% 3,025		%	2,273		%9,153	0.1	%
Total Investments	\$6,559,376	100.0	%\$6,609,558	100.0	%	\$6,371,522	100.0	%\$6,253,739	100.0	%

⁽¹⁾ Participating Interest includes our participating equity investments, such as net profits interests, net operating income interests, net revenue interests, and overriding royalty interests.

The following shows our investments in interest bearing securities by type of investment as of June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014:

,	June 30, 2015					June 30, 2014					
Type of Investment	Cost	% of Portfol	lio Fair Value	% of Portfol	io	Cost	% of Portfol	io Fair Value	% of Portfol	lio	
First Lien	\$3,642,761	58.9	%\$3,559,097	58.3	%	\$3,581,784	59.5	%\$3,516,984	59.3	%	
Second Lien	1,239,597	20.0	%1,210,199	19.8	%	1,272,275	21.1	%1,200,221	20.2	%	
Unsecured	145,644	2.4	% 144,271	2.4	%	85,531	1.4	%85,531	1.4	%	
Small Business Loans	50,558	0.8	%50,892	0.8	%	4,637	0.1	%4,252	0.1	%	
CLO Debt	28,613	0.5	%32,398	0.5	%	28,118	0.5	%33,199	0.6	%	
CLO Residual Interest	1,072,734	17.4	%1,113,023	18.2	%	1,044,656	17.4	%1,093,985	18.4	%	
Total Debt Investments	\$6 179 907	100.0	%\$6 109 880	100.0	%	\$6,017,001	100.0	%\$5 934 172	100.0	%	

The following shows the composition of our investment portfolio by geographic location as of June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014:

	June 30, 2015				June 30, 2014					
Geographic Location	Cost	% of Fair Value		% of		Cost	% of	. Fair Value	% of	
Geographic Location	Cost	% of Portfolio Fair Value Portfolio Cost Portfolio Fair Value Portfolio Cost Port	Cost	Portfolio Pan Value			lio			
Canada	\$15,000	0.2	%\$15,000	0.2	%	\$15,000	0.2	%\$15,000	0.2	%
Cayman Islands	1,101,347	16.8	% 1,145,421	17.3	%	1,072,774	16.8	%1,127,184	18.0	%
France	10,145	0.2	%9,734	0.2	%	10,170	0.2	% 10,339	0.2	%
Midwest US	797,002	12.2	%822,591	12.4	%	787,864	12.4	%753,932	12.1	%
Northeast US	1,085,569	16.5	%1,151,510	17.4	%	1,224,403	19.2	%1,181,533	18.9	%
Puerto Rico	40,911	0.6	%37,539	0.6	%	41,307	0.6	% 36,452	0.6	%
Southeast US	1,561,990	23.8	%1,606,305	24.3	%	1,570,451	24.6	%1,539,076	24.6	%
Southwest US	762,454	11.6	%693,138	10.5	%	680,351	10.8	%659,322	10.5	%
Western US	1,184,958	18.1	%1,128,320	17.1	%	969,202	15.2	%930,901	14.9	%
Total Investments	\$6,559,376	100.0	%\$6,609,558	100.0	%	\$6,371,522	100.0	%\$6,253,739	100.0	%
S-30										

The following shows the composition of our investment portfolio by industry as of June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014:

June 30, 2015

June 30, 2014

	June 30, 2013			Julic 30, 2014						
Industry	Cost % of Fair Va		. Fair Value	% of		Cost	% of Fair Value		% of	
maasay	Cost	Portfo	lio Tan Value	Portfo	lio	Cost	Portfo	lio Tan Value	Portfo	lio
Aerospace & Defense	\$70,860	1.1	%\$78,675	1.2	%	\$102,803	1.6	%\$102,967	1.6	%
Auto Finance			% —		%	11,139	0.2	%11,139	0.2	%
Automobile			% —		%	22,296	0.3	% 22,452	0.4	%
Business Services	646,021	9.8	%711,541	10.8	%	598,940	9.4	%611,286	9.8	%
Chemicals	4,963	0.1	%5,000	0.1	%	19,648	0.3	% 19,713	0.3	%
Commercial Services	245,913	3.8	%241,620	3.6	%	301,610	4.7	%301,610	4.8	%
Construction & Engineering	58,837	0.9	%30,497	0.4	%	56,860	0.9	%33,556	0.5	%
Consumer Finance	426,697	6.5	% 486,977	7.4	%	425,497	6.7	%434,348	6.9	%
Consumer Services	190,037	2.9	% 190,216	2.9		502,862	7.9	%504,647	8.1	%
Contracting			% —			3,831	0.1	% —		%
Diversified Financial Services	120.327	1.8	%119,919	1.8		37,937	0.6	%37,937	0.6	%
Durable Consumer Products	439,172	6.7	% 422,033	6.4		377,205	5.9	%375,329	6.0	%
Food Products	282,185	4.3	% 281,365	4.3		173,375	2.7	% 174,603	2.8	%
Healthcare	435,893	6.6	% 434,446	6.6		329,408	5.2	%326,142	5.2	%
Hotels, Restaurants & Leisure		2.7	% 177,926	2.7		132,193	2.1	% 132,401	2.1	%
Machinery	376		% 563			396	_	%621		%
Manufacturing	163,380	2.5	% 126,921	1.9		204,394	3.2	% 171,577	2.7	%
Media	361,825	5.5	% 350,365	5.3		362,738	5.7	%344,278	5.5	%
Metal Services & Minerals	25,670	0.4	% 23,745	0.4		48,402	0.8	%51,977	0.8	%
Oil & Gas Production	3,000	_	% 22 % 22	_		55,451	0.9	%3,599	0.1	%
Oil & Gas Services	289,803	4.4	% 246,817	3.7		305,418	4.8	%312,532	5.0	%
Online Lending	213,143	3.2	% 213,477	3.2		4,637	0.1	%4,252	0.1	%
Personal & Nondurable			•			•				
Consumer Products	213,796	3.4	% 193,046	2.8	%	10,604	0.2	%11,034	0.2	%
Pharmaceuticals	74,951	1.1	%74,588	1.1	%	78,069	1.2	%73,690	1.2	%
Property Management	5,880	0.1	% 3,814	0.1		57,500	0.9	%45,284	0.7	%
Real Estate	462,895	7.1	% 512,245	7.8		353,506	5.5	% 355,236	5.7	%
Retail	63		% 260			14,231	0.2	% 14,625	0.2	%
Software & Computer										
Services	217,429	3.3	%217,472	3.3	%	240,469	3.8	%241,260	3.9	%
Telecommunication Services	4,573	0.1	%4,595	0.1	%	79,630	1.2	%79,654	1.3	%
Textiles, Apparel & Luxury	252,200	3.8	% 252,200	3.8	0%	275,023	4.3	%259,690	4.2	%
Goods	232,200	3.6	70 232,200	3.6	70	273,023	4.3	70 239,090	4.2	70
Transportation	70,392	1.1	%63,792	1.0	%	112,676	1.8	%69,116	1.1	%
Subtotal	\$5,458,029	83.2	%\$5,464,137	82.7	%	\$5,298,748	83.2	%\$5,126,555	82.0	%
Structured Finance(1)	1,101,347	16.8	%1,145,421	17.3	%	1,072,774	16.8	%1,127,184	18.0	%
Total Investments	\$6,559,376	100.0	%\$6,609,558	100.0	%	\$6,371,522	100.0	%\$6,253,739	100.0	%
(1)Our CLO investments do n	ot have indu	stry coi	ncentrations an	d as su	ch l	have been se	parated	in the table ab	ove.	
		-								

Portfolio Investment Activity

During the year ended June 30, 2015, we acquired \$929,023 of new investments, completed follow-on investments in existing portfolio companies totaling approximately \$1,073,492, funded \$57,196 of revolver advances, and recorded PIK interest of \$29,277, resulting in gross investment originations of \$2,088,988. The more significant of these transactions are briefly described below.

On July 17, 2014, we restructured our investments in BXC Company, Inc. ("BXC") and Boxercraft Incorporated ("Boxercraft"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of BXC. The existing Senior Secured Term Loan A and a portion of the existing Senior Secured Term Loan B were replaced with a new Senior Secured Term Loan A to Boxercraft. The remainder of the existing Senior Secured Term Loan B and the existing Senior Secured Term Loan C, Senior Secured Term Loan D, and Senior Secured Term Loan E were replaced with a new Senior Secured Term Loan B to Boxercraft. The existing Senior Secured Term Loan to Boxercraft was converted into Series D Preferred Stock in BXC. On August 5, 2014, we made an investment of \$39,105 to purchase 70.94% of the subordinated notes in CIFC Funding 2014-IV Investor, Ltd. in a co-investment transaction with Priority Income Fund, Inc., a closed-end fund managed by an affiliate of Prospect Capital Management.

On August 13, 2014, we provided \$210,000 of first lien senior secured financing, of which \$200,000 was funded at closing, to support the recapitalization of Trinity Services Group, Inc. ("Trinity"), a leading food services company in the H.I.G. Capital portfolio. We invested \$100,000 in Term Loan A notes and \$100,000 in Term Loan B notes. The Term Loan A bears interest in cash at the greater of 6.5% or LIBOR plus 5.5% and has a final maturity of August 13, 2019. The Term Loan B bears interest in cash at the greater of 11.5% or LIBOR plus 10.5% and has a final maturity of August 13, 2019. The \$10,000 senior secured revolver, which was unfunded at closing, bore interest in cash at the greater of 9.0% or LIBOR plus 8.0% and was terminated upon maturity on June 5, 2015.

On August 19, 2014 and August 27, 2014, we made a combined \$10,670 follow-on investment in UPRC to acquire Michigan Storage, LLC, a portfolio of seven self-storage facilities located in Michigan. We invested \$1,281 of equity through UPH Property Holdings, LLC and \$9,389 of debt directly to UPRC. The senior secured term loan bears interest in cash at the greater of 6.0% or LIBOR plus 4.0% and payment-in-kind interest of 5.5% and has a final maturity of April 1, 2019. These properties were subsequently contributed to NPRC.

On August 29, 2014, we made a first lien senior secured investment of \$44,000 to support the recapitalization of BNN Holdings Corp. We invested an equal amount in Term Loan A notes and Term Loan B notes. The Term Loan A bears interest in cash at the greater of 6.5% or LIBOR plus 5.5% and has a final maturity of August 29, 2019. The Term Loan B bears interest in cash at the greater of 11.5% or LIBOR plus 10.5% and has a final maturity of August 29, 2019. As part of the recapitalization, we received repayment of the \$28,950 loan previously outstanding. On September 10, 2014, we made a \$55,869 follow-on first lien senior secured debt investment in Onyx Payments ("Onyx"), of which \$50,869 was funded at closing, to fund an acquisition. We invested an additional \$25,028 in Term Loan A notes and \$25,841 in Term Loan B notes. The Term Loan A bears interest in cash at the greater of 6.5% or LIBOR plus 5.5% and has a final maturity of September 10, 2019. The Term Loan B bears interest in cash at the greater of 13.5% or LIBOR plus 12.5% and has a final maturity of September 10, 2019. The \$5,000 senior secured revolver, which was unfunded at closing, originally bore interest in cash at the greater of 9.0% or LIBOR plus 7.75%. Effective November 25, 2014, the terms of the revolver changed to the greater of 9.0% or LIBOR plus 8.0%. The revolver has a final maturity of September 10, 2015.

On September 26, 2014, we provided \$215,000 of first lien senior secured financing, of which \$202,500 was funded at closing, to Pacific World Corporation ("Pacific World"), a supplier of nail and beauty care products to food, drug, mass, and value retail channels worldwide. The \$200,000 term loan originally bore interest in cash at the greater of 8.0% or LIBOR plus 7.0%. On December 31, 2014, the outstanding \$200,000 term loan was split into equal tranches of Term Loan A notes and Term Loan B notes. The Term Loan A bears interest in cash at the greater of 6.0% or LIBOR plus 5.0% and has a final maturity of September 26, 2020. The Term Loan B bears interest in cash at the greater of 10.0% or LIBOR plus 9.0% and has a final maturity of September 26, 2020. The \$15,000 senior secured revolver, of which \$2,500 was funded at closing, bears interest in cash at the greater of 8.0% or LIBOR plus 7.0% and has a final maturity of September 26, 2020.

On September 29, 2014, we made a second lien secured investment of \$144,000 to support the recapitalization of PGX Holdings, Inc. ("Progrexion"). The second lien term loan bears interest in cash at the greater of 10.0% or LIBOR plus 9.0% and has a final maturity of September 29, 2021. As part of the recapitalization, we received repayment of the \$436,647 loan previously outstanding.

On September 29, 2014, we made a \$22,618 follow-on investment in UPRC to acquire Canterbury Green Apartments Holdings, LLC, a multi-family property located in Fort Wayne, Indiana. We invested \$3,393 of equity through UPH and \$19,225 of debt directly to UPRC. The senior secured term loan bears interest in cash at the greater of 6.0% or LIBOR plus 4.0% and payment-in-kind interest of 5.5% and has a final maturity of April 1, 2019.

On September 30, 2014, we made a \$26,431 follow-on first lien senior secured debt investment in Harbortouch Payments, LLC ("Harbortouch") to support an acquisition. The Term Loan C bears interest in cash at the greater of 13.0% or LIBOR plus 9.0% and has a final maturity of September 29, 2018.

On September 30, 2014, we made a \$42,200 follow-on first lien senior secured debt investment in PrimeSport, Inc. ("PrimeSport") to fund a dividend recapitalization. We invested an equal amount in Term Loan A notes and Term Loan B notes. The Term Loan A originally bore interest in cash at the greater of 7.5% or LIBOR plus 6.5% and had a final maturity of December 23, 2019. The Term Loan B originally bore interest in cash at the greater of 11.5% or LIBOR plus 10.5% and payment-in-kind interest of 1.0% and had a final maturity of December 23, 2019. On February 11, 2015, we made a \$20,268 follow-on first lien senior secured debt investment in PrimeSport to support its acquisition by a new financial sponsor. We invested an additional \$10,680 in Term Loan A notes and \$9,588 in Term Loan B notes. In connection with the incremental funding, we amended the terms of the investments. The Term Loan A bears interest in cash at the greater of 7.0% or LIBOR plus 6.0% and has a final maturity of February 11, 2021. The Term Loan B bears interest in cash at the greater of 12.0% or LIBOR plus 11.0% and has a final maturity of February 11, 2021.

On September 30, 2014 and October 29, 2014, we made a combined \$22,688 follow-on investment in UPRC to acquire Columbus OH Apartment Holdco, LLC, a portfolio of eight multi-family residential properties located in Ohio. We invested \$3,398 of equity through UPH and \$19,290 of debt directly to UPRC. The senior secured term loan bears interest in cash at the greater of 6.0% or LIBOR plus 4.0% and payment-in-kind interest of 5.5% and has a final maturity of April 1, 2019.

On October 6, 2014, we made a \$35,221 follow-on first lien senior secured debt investment in Onyx to fund an acquisition. We invested an equal amount in Term Loan A notes and Term Loan B notes. The Term Loan A bears interest in cash at the greater of 6.5% or LIBOR plus 5.5% and has a final maturity of September 10, 2019. The Term Loan B bears interest in cash at the greater of 13.5% or LIBOR plus 12.5% and has a final maturity of September 10, 2019.

On October 8, 2014, we made a \$65,000 second lien secured debt investment in Capstone Logistics Acquisition, Inc. ("Capstone"), a logistics services portfolio company. The second lien term loan originally bore interest in cash at the greater of 8.75% or LIBOR plus 7.75%. On June 12, 2015, we made a \$37,500 follow-on second lien senior secured debt investment in Capstone to support an acquisition. In connection with the incremental funding, we amended the terms of this investment to the greater of 9.25% or LIBOR plus 8.25%. The investment has a final maturity of October 7, 2022.

On October 9, 2014, we made an investment of \$50,743 to purchase 83.60% of the subordinated notes in Babson CLO Ltd. 2014-III in a co-investment transaction with Priority Income Fund, Inc., a closed-end fund managed by an affiliate of Prospect Capital Management.

On October 17, 2104, we made an investment of \$48,994 to purchase 90.54% of the subordinated notes in Symphony CLO XV, Ltd.

On October 21, 2014, we made a \$22,500 first lien senior secured debt investment in Hollander Sleep Products, LLC, a manufacturer of bed pillows and mattress pads in the United States. The first lien term loan bears interest in cash at the greater of 9.0% or LIBOR plus 8.0% and has a final maturity of October 21, 2020.

On November 17, 2014, we made a \$35,000 follow-on first lien senior secured debt investment in System One Holdings, LLC, of which \$23,500 was funded at closing, to fund a dividend recapitalization. We invested an additional \$23,500 of first lien term loan which bears interest in cash at the greater of 10.5% or LIBOR plus 9.5% and has a final maturity of November 17, 2020. We also provided \$11,500 of delayed draw term loan commitment to support a future dividend recapitalization. The delayed draw term loan, which was unfunded at closing, would increase the existing first lien term loan and bear the same terms and conditions as the initial loan, if drawn.

On November 25, 2014, we made a \$127,000 follow-on first lien senior secured debt investment in InterDent, Inc. ("InterDent"), of which \$120,000 was funded at closing, as part of an add-on acquisition growth and recapitalization strategy. We invested an additional \$60,000 in Term Loan A notes and \$60,000 in Term Loan B notes. The Term Loan A bears interest in cash at the greater of 6.25% or LIBOR plus 5.25% and has a final maturity of August 3, 2017. The Term Loan B bears interest in cash at the greater of 11.25% or LIBOR plus 10.25% and has a final maturity of August 3, 2017. We also provided \$7,000 of delayed draw term loan commitment to support future acquisitions. The delayed draw term loan, which was unfunded at

closing, was fully drawn on December 23, 2014, increasing the existing Term Loan A and Term Loan B on a pro rata basis and bearing the same terms and conditions as the initial loans.

On December 19, 2014, we provided a \$25,000 loan to support the growth of Security Alarm Financing Enterprises, L.P., a national security alarm company. The senior subordinated note bears interest in cash at the greater of 11.5% or LIBOR plus 9.5% and has a final maturity of December 19, 2020.

On January 16, 2015, we made a \$13,871 follow-on investment in NPRC to acquire five additional properties in Michigan Storage, LLC, a portfolio of twelve self-storage facilities located in Michigan. We invested \$2,061 of equity through NPH Property Holdings, LLC and \$11,810 of debt directly to NPRC. The senior secured Term Loan A bears interest in cash at the greater of 6.0% or LIBOR plus 4.0% and payment-in-kind interest of 5.5% and has a final maturity of April 1, 2019.

On March 30, 2015, we made a \$74,700 follow-on first lien senior secured debt investment in Instant Web, LLC ("IWCO"), of which \$58,700 was funded at closing, to support a recapitalization of the business. We invested an additional \$22,100 in Term Loan A notes, \$22,100 in Term Loan B notes, and \$14,500 in Term Loan C notes. The Term Loan A bears interest in cash at the greater of 5.5% or LIBOR plus 4.5% and has a final maturity of March 28, 2019. The Term Loan B bears interest in cash at the greater of 12.0% or LIBOR plus 11.0% and has a final maturity of March 28, 2019. The Term Loan C bears interest in cash at the greater of 12.75% or LIBOR plus 11.75% and has a final maturity of March 28, 2019. We also provided \$16,000 of delayed draw term loan commitment to support a future dividend recapitalization. The delayed draw term loan, which was unfunded at closing, would increase the existing Term Loan A and Term Loan B on a pro rata basis and bear the same terms and conditions as the initial loans, if drawn.

On April 15, 2015, we provided \$48,500 of first lien senior secured financing, of which \$43,500 was funded at closing, to USG Intermediate, LLC, an entrepreneur-owned direct marketing company. The Term Loan A bears interest in cash at the greater of 7.5% or LIBOR plus 6.5% and has a final maturity of April 15, 2020. The Term Loan B bears interest in cash at the greater of 12.5% or LIBOR plus 11.5% and has a final maturity of April 15, 2020. The \$5,000 senior secured revolver, which was unfunded at closing, bears interest in cash at the greater of 10.0% or LIBOR plus 9.0% and has a final maturity of April 15, 2016.

On April 16, 2015, we made a \$10,000 second lien secured debt investment in SESAC Holdco II LLC, a performance rights organization based in Nashville, Tennessee. The second lien term loan bears interest in cash at the greater of 9.0% or LIBOR plus 8.0% and has a final maturity of April 22, 2021.

On May 13, 2015, we made an investment of \$44,645 to purchase 81.48% of the subordinated notes in Mountain View CLO IX Ltd. in a co-investment transaction with Priority Income Fund, Inc., a closed-end fund managed by an affiliate of Prospect Capital Management.

On May 28, 2015, we made a \$15,000 follow-on first lien senior secured debt investment in Traeger Pellet Grills LLC in connection with a delayed purchase price payment. We invested an additional \$7,500 in Term Loan A notes and \$7,500 in Term Loan B notes. The Term Loan A bears interest in cash at the greater of 6.5% or LIBOR plus 4.5% and has a final maturity of June 18, 2018. The Term Loan B bears interest in cash at the greater of 11.5% or LIBOR plus 9.5% and has a final maturity of June 18, 2018.

On June 5, 2015, we made an investment of \$15,106 to purchase 50.07% of the subordinated notes in HarbourView CLO VII, Ltd. in a co-investment transaction with Priority Income Fund, Inc., a closed-end fund managed by an affiliate of Prospect Capital Management.

On June 9, 2015, we provided additional debt and equity financing to support the recapitalization of Edmentum, Inc. ("Edmentum"). As part of the recapitalization, we exchanged 100% of the \$50,000 second lien term loan previously outstanding for \$26,365 of junior PIK notes and 370,964.14 Class A common units representing 37.1% equity ownership in Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC ("Edmentum Holdings"). In addition, we invested \$5,875 in senior PIK notes and committed \$7,834 as part of a second lien revolving credit facility, of which \$4,896 was funded at closing. The unsecured senior PIK note issued by Edmentum Holdings bears payment-in-kind interest of 8.5% and has a final maturity of June 9, 2020. The unsecured junior PIK note issued by Edmentum Holdings bears payment-in-kind interest of 10.0% and has a final maturity of June 9, 2020. The second lien revolver issued by Edmentum bears interest in cash at 5.0% and has a final maturity of June 9, 2020. On June 9, 2015, we determined that the impairment

of Edmentum was other-than-temporary and recorded a realized loss of \$22,116 for the amount that the amortized cost exceeded the fair value, reducing the amortized cost to \$37,216.

On June 12, 2015, we made a second lien secured investment of \$5,000 to support the recapitalization of Royal Holdings, Inc., a manufacturer of high-value specialty adhesives and sealants. The second lien term loan bears interest in cash at the greater of 8.5% or LIBOR plus 7.5% and has a final maturity of June 19, 2023. As part of the recapitalization, on June 22, 2015, we received repayment of the \$20,000 loan previously outstanding from Royal Adhesives and Sealants, LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Royal Holdings, Inc.

On June 19, 2015, we made a \$10,000 second lien secured investment in Prime Security Services Borrower, LLC to support the simultaneous acquisitions of two providers of alarm monitoring services in the United States. The second lien term loan bears interest in cash at the greater of 9.75% or LIBOR plus 8.75% and has a final maturity of July 1, 2022.

On June 23, 2015, we made a \$10,000 second lien secured investment in PlayPower, Inc., a global designer and manufacturer of commercial playgrounds as well as indoor and outdoor recreational equipment. The second lien term loan bears interest in cash at the greater of 9.75% or LIBOR plus 8.75% and has a final maturity of June 23, 2022. On June 26, 2015, we made a \$21,400 follow-on first lien senior secured debt investment in Global Employment Solutions, Inc. to support an acquisition. In connection with the incremental funding, we amended the terms of this investment to the greater of 10.25% or LIBOR plus 9.25% and extended the final maturity to June 26, 2020. On June 26, 2015, we made an investment of \$16,928 to purchase 56.52% of the subordinated notes in Jefferson Mill CLO Ltd. in a co-investment transaction with Priority Income Fund, Inc., a closed-end fund managed by an affiliate of Prospect Capital Management.

On June 30, 2015, we provided \$58,500 of first lien senior secured financing, of which \$44,000 was funded at closing, to BAART Programs, Inc., an operator of outpatient opioid treatment service clinics. We invested \$21,500 in Term Loan A notes and \$21,500 in Term Loan B notes. The Term Loan A bears interest in cash at the greater of 6.25% or LIBOR plus 5.75% and has a final maturity of June 30, 2020. The Term Loan B bears interest in cash at the greater of 11.25% or LIBOR plus 10.75% and has a final maturity of June 30, 2020. The \$5,000 senior secured revolver, of which \$1,000 was funded at closing, bears interest in cash at the greater of 8.75% or LIBOR plus 8.25% and has a final maturity of June 30, 2018. We also provided \$10,500 of delayed draw term loan commitment to fund a future earnout payment to the sellers. The delayed draw term loan, which was unfunded at closing, would increase the existing Term Loan A and Term Loan B on a pro rata basis and bear the same terms and conditions as the initial loans, if drawn.

In addition to the purchases noted above, during the year ended June 30, 2015, we made thirty-six follow-on investments in NPRC totaling \$224,200 to support the online consumer lending initiative. We invested \$52,350 of equity through NPH Property Holdings, LLC and \$171,850 of debt directly to NPRC and its wholly-owned subsidiaries.

Additionally, during the year ended June 30, 2015, our wholly-owned subsidiary PSBL purchased \$96,380 of small business whole loans from OnDeck and Direct Capital.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, we received full repayments on eighteen investments, sold twelve investments, and received several partial prepayments and amortization payments totaling \$1,633,073, net of realized losses totaling \$180,423. The more significant of these transactions are briefly described below.

On July 22, 2014, Injured Workers Pharmacy, LLC repaid the \$22,678 loan receivable to us.

On July 23, 2014, Correctional Healthcare Holding Company, Inc. repaid the \$27,100 loan receivable to us.

On July 28, 2014, Tectum Holdings, Inc. repaid the \$10,000 loan receivable to us.

On August 1, 2014, we sold our investments in Airmall Inc. ("Airmall") for net proceeds of \$51,379 and realized a loss of \$3,473 on the sale. In addition, there is \$6,000 being held in escrow, of which 98% is due to Prospect, which will be recognized as an additional realized loss if it is not received. On October 22, 2014, we received a tax refund of \$665 related to our investment in Airmall for which we realized a gain of the same amount.

On August 20, 2014, we sold the assets of Borga, Inc. ("Borga"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of STI Holding, Inc., for net proceeds of \$382 and realized a loss of \$2,589 on the sale. On December 29, 2014, Borga was dissolved.

On August 22, 2014, Byrider Systems Acquisition Corp. repaid the \$11,177 loan receivable to us.

On August 22, 2014, Capstone Logistics, LLC repaid the \$189,941 loans receivable to us.

On August 22, 2014, TriMark USA, LLC repaid the \$10,000 loan receivable to us.

On August 25, 2014, we sold Boxercraft, a wholly-owned subsidiary of BXC, for net proceeds of \$750 and realized a net loss of \$16,949 on the sale.

On September 15, 2014, Echelon Aviation LLC ("Echelon") repaid \$37,313 of the \$78,121 loan receivable to us. On October 3, 2014, we sold our \$35,000 investment in Babson CLO Ltd. 2011-I and realized a loss of \$6,410 on the sale.

On October 7, 2014, Grocery Outlet, Inc. repaid the \$14,457 loan receivable to us.

On October 10, 2014, ARRM Services, Inc. ("ARRM") sold Ajax Rolled Ring & Machine, LLC ("Ajax") to a third party and repaid the \$19,337 loan receivable to us and we recorded a realized loss of \$23,560 related to the sale. Concurrent with the sale, our ownership increased to 100% of the outstanding equity of ARRM Services, Inc. which was renamed SB Forging Company, Inc. ("SB Forging"). As such, we began consolidating SB Forging on October 11, 2014. In addition, there is \$3,000 being held in escrow of which \$802 was received on May 6, 2015 for which we realized a gain of the same amount. The remainder will be recognized as additional gain if and when received.

On October 20, 2014, we sold our \$22,000 investment in Galaxy XII CLO, Ltd. and realized a loss of \$2,435 on the sale.

On December 4, 2014, we sold our \$29,075 investment in Babson CLO Ltd. 2012-I and realized a loss of \$3,767 on the sale.

On December 4, 2014, we sold our \$27,850 investment in Babson CLO Ltd. 2012-II and realized a loss of \$2,949 on the sale

On December 24, 2014, Focus Products Group International, LLC repaid the \$19,745 loan receivable to us.

On February 13, 2015, CRT MIDCO, LLC repaid the \$46,754 loan receivable to us.

On April 2, 2015, we sold our \$74,654 investment in American Broadband Holding Company. There was no gain or loss realized on the sale.

On April 8, 2015, we sold 60% of the outstanding principal balance of the senior secured Term Loan A investment in Trinity for \$59,253. There was no gain or loss realized on the sale.

On April 10, 2015, Sandow Media, LLC repaid the \$24,425 loan receivable to us.

On April 16, 2015, Ikaria, Inc. repaid the \$20,000 loan receivable to us.

On May 22, 2015, Blue Coat Systems, Inc. repaid the \$11,000 loan receivable to us.

On June 2, 2015, we sold 100% of the outstanding principal balance of the senior secured Term Loan A investment in Fleetwash, Inc. for \$24,079. There was no gain or loss realized on the sale.

On June 5, 2015, we sold our equity investment in Vets Securing America, Inc. ("VSA") and realized a net loss of \$975 on the sale. In connection with the sale, VSA was released as a borrower on the secured promissory notes, leaving The Healing Staff, Inc. ("THS") as the sole borrower. During the year ended June 30, 2015, THS ceased operations and we recorded a realized loss of \$2,956, reducing the amortized cost to zero.

On June 8, 2015, we sold an additional 10% of the total outstanding principal balance of the senior secured Term Loan A investment in Trinity for \$9,876. There was no gain or loss realized on the sale.

On June 22, 2015, IDQ Holdings, Inc. repaid the \$12,500 loan receivable to us.

On June 22, 2015, we sold 26.85% of the outstanding principal balance of the senior secured Term Loan A investment in PrimeSport for \$19,950. There was no gain or loss realized on the sale.

On June 22, 2015, we sold an additional 20% of the total outstanding principal balance of the senior secured Term Loan A investment in Trinity for \$19,751. There was no gain or loss realized on the sale.

On June 25, 2015, Deltek, Inc. repaid the \$12,000 loan receivable to us.

In addition to the repayments noted above, during the year ended June 30, 2015, we received partial repayments of \$31,365 of the NPRC loan previously outstanding and \$5,577 as a return of capital on the equity investment in NPRC. The following table provides a summary of our investment activity for each quarter within the three years ending June 30, 2015:

19,269
02,527
21,615
64,167
55,238
97,947
69,617
53,144
24,076
08,124
37,729

Includes investments in new portfolio companies, follow-on investments in existing portfolio companies, refinancings and PIK interest.

Investment Valuation

In determining the fair value of our portfolio investments at June 30, 2015, the Audit Committee considered valuations from the independent valuation firms and from management having an aggregate range of \$6,304,870 to \$6,736,378, excluding money market investments.

In determining the range of value for debt instruments except CLOs and debt investments in controlled portfolio companies, management and the independent valuation firm generally estimate corporate and security credit ratings and identify corresponding yields to maturity for each loan from relevant market data. A discounted cash flow analysis was then prepared using the appropriate yield to maturity as the discount rate, to determine range of value. For non-traded equity investments, the enterprise value was determined by applying EBITDA multiples or book value multiples for similar guideline public companies and/or similar recent investment transactions. For stressed equity investments, a liquidation analysis was prepared.

In determining the range of value for our investments in CLOs, management and the independent valuation firm used a discounted cash flow model. The valuations were accomplished through the analysis of the CLO deal structures to identify the risk exposures from the modeling point of view as well as to determine an appropriate call date. For each CLO security, the most appropriate valuation approach was chosen from alternative approaches to ensure the most accurate valuation for such security. A waterfall engine is used to store the collateral data, generate collateral cash flows from the assets based on various assumptions for the risk factors, and distribute the cash flows to the liability structure based on the payment priorities, and discount them back using proper discount rates to anticipated maturity and call dates.

The Board of Directors looked at several factors in determining where within the range to value the asset including: recent operating and financial trends for the asset, independent ratings obtained from third parties, comparable multiples for recent sales of companies within the industry and discounted cash flow models for our investments in CLOs. The composite of all these analyses, applied to each investment, was a total valuation of \$6,609,558. Our portfolio companies are generally lower middle market companies, outside of the financial sector, with less than \$150,000 of annual EBITDA. We believe our market has experienced less volatility than others because we believe there are more buy and hold investors who own these less liquid investments.

⁽²⁾ Includes sales, scheduled principal payments, prepayments and refinancings.

Control investments offer increased risk and reward over straight debt investments. Operating results and changes in market multiples can result in dramatic changes in values from quarter to quarter. Significant downturns in operations can further result in our looking to recoveries on sales of assets rather than the enterprise value of the investment. Transactions between our controlled investments and us have been detailed in Note 14 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements. Several control investments in our portfolio are under enhanced scrutiny by our senior management and our Board of Directors and are discussed below.

American Property REIT Corp.

APRC is a Maryland corporation and a qualified REIT for federal income tax purposes. APRC was formed to hold for investment, operate, finance, lease, manage, and sell a portfolio of real estate assets and engage in any and all other

investment, operate, finance, lease, manage, and sell a portfolio of real estate assets and engage in any and all other activities as may be necessary, incidental or convenient to carry out the foregoing. APRC acquires real estate assets, including, but not limited to, industrial, commercial, and multi-family properties. APRC may acquire real estate assets directly or through joint ventures by making a majority equity investment in a property-owning entity. As of June 30,

2015, we own 100% of the fully-diluted common equity of APRC.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, we provided \$1,381 and \$107 of debt and equity financing, respectively, to APRC for the acquisition of real actete properties and to fund conited expenditures for existing properties. During

APRC for the acquisition of real estate properties and to fund capital expenditures for existing properties. During the year ended June 30, 2015, APRC transferred its investments in certain properties to NPRC. As a result, our investments in APRC related to these properties also transferred to NPRC. The investments transferred consisted of \$12,985 of equity and \$95,576 of debt. There was no gain or loss realized on these transactions. In addition, during the year ended June 30, 2015, we received \$8 as a return of capital on the equity investment in APRC.

As of June 30, 2015, APRC's real estate portfolio was comprised of twelve multi-family properties and one commercial property. The following table shows the location, acquisition date, purchase price, and mortgage outstanding due to other parties for each of the properties held by APRC as of June 30, 2015.

No.	Property Name	City	Acquisition	Purchase	Mortgage
110.	Troperty Name	City	Date	Price	Outstanding
1	1557 Terrell Mill Road, LLC	Marietta, GA	12/28/2012	\$23,500	\$15,164
2	Lofton Place, LLC	Tampa, FL	4/30/2013	26,000	16,965
3	Vista Palma Sola, LLC	Bradenton, FL	4/30/2013	27,000	17,550
4	Arlington Park Marietta, LLC	Marietta, GA	5/8/2013	14,850	9,650
5	Cordova Regency, LLC	Pensacola, FL	11/15/2013	13,750	9,026
6	Crestview at Oakleigh, LLC	Pensacola, FL	11/15/2013	17,500	11,488
7	Inverness Lakes, LLC	Mobile, AL	11/15/2013	29,600	19,400
8	Kings Mill Pensacola, LLC	Pensacola, FL	11/15/2013	20,750	13,622
9	Plantations at Pine Lake, LLC	Tallahassee, FL	11/15/2013	18,000	11,817
10	Verandas at Rock Ridge, LLC	Birmingham, AL	11/15/2013	15,600	10,205
11	Plantations at Hillcrest, LLC	Mobile, AL	1/17/2014	6,930	4,972
12	Crestview at Cordova, LLC	Pensacola, FL	1/17/2014	8,500	4,950
13	Taco Bell, OK	Yukon, OK	6/4/2014	1,719	
				\$223,699	\$ 144,809

Due to an increase in same property values driven by an increase in net operating income and a decrease in observed market capitalization rates for the properties, the Board of Directors increased the fair value of our investment in APRC to \$118,256 as of June 30, 2015, a premium of \$18,064 to its amortized cost, compared to the \$3,392 unrealized appreciation recorded at June 30, 2014.

First Tower Finance Company LLC

We own 80.1% of First Tower Finance Company LLC ("First Tower Finance"), which owns 100% of First Tower, LLC ("First Tower"), the operating company. First Tower is a multiline specialty finance company based in Flowood, Mississippi with over 170 branch offices.

On June 15, 2012, we acquired 80.1% of First Tower businesses for \$110,200 in cash and 14,518,207 unregistered shares of our common stock. Based on our share price of \$11.06 at the time of issuance, we acquired our 80.1% interest in First Tower for approximately \$270,771. The assets of First Tower acquired include, among other things, the subsidiaries owned by First Tower, which hold finance receivables, leaseholds, and tangible property associated with First Tower's businesses. As part of the transaction, we received \$4,038 in structuring fee income from First Tower. On October 18, 2012, we funded an additional \$20,000 of senior secured debt to support seasonally high demand during the holiday season. On December 30, 2013, we funded an additional \$10,000 to again support seasonal demand and received \$8,000 of structuring fees related to the renegotiation and expansion of First Tower's revolver with a third party which was recognized as other income. As of June 30, 2015, First Tower had total assets of approximately \$605,260 including \$400,451 of finance receivables net of unearned charges. As of June 30, 2015, First Tower's total debt outstanding to parties senior to us was \$334,637.

Due to First Tower's maintained positive momentum driven by strong volumes and historically low delinquencies, the Board of Directors increased the fair value of our investment in First Tower Finance to \$365,950 as of June 30, 2015, a premium of \$47,899 to its amortized cost, compared to the \$7,134 unrealized appreciation recorded at June 30, 2014.

Harbortouch Payments, LLC

Harbortouch is a merchant processor headquartered in Allentown, Pennsylvania. The company offers a range of payment processing equipment and services that facilitate the exchange of goods and services provided by small to medium-sized merchants located in the United States for payments made by credit, debit, prepaid, electronic gift, and loyalty cards. Harbortouch provides point-of-sale equipment free of cost to merchants and then manages the process whereby transaction information is sent to a consumer's bank from the point-of-sale (front-end processing), and then funds are transferred from the consumer's account to the merchant's account (back-end processing).

On March 31, 2014, we acquired a controlling interest in Harbortouch for \$147,898 in cash and 2,306,294 unregistered shares of our common stock. We funded \$130,796 of senior secured term debt, \$123,000 of subordinated term debt and \$24,898 of equity at closing. As part of the transaction, we received \$7,536 of structuring fee income from Harbortouch. On April 1, 2014, we restructured our investment in Harbortouch and \$14,226 of equity was converted into additional debt investment. On September 30, 2014, we made a \$26,431 follow-on investment in Harbortouch to support an acquisition. As part of the transaction, we received \$529 of structuring fee income and \$50 of amendment fee income from Harbortouch which was recorded as other income. On December 19, 2014, we made an additional \$1,292 equity investment in Harbortouch Class C voting units. As of June 30, 2015, we own 100% of the Class C voting units of Harbortouch, which provide for a 53.5% residual profits allocation.

Due to improved operating results and a corresponding increase in Harbortouch's enterprise value, the Board of Directors increased the fair value of our investment in Harbortouch to \$376,936 as of June 30, 2015, a premium of \$71,477 to its amortized cost, compared to the \$12,620 unrealized appreciation recorded at June 30, 2014. National Property REIT Corp.

NPRC is a Maryland corporation and a qualified REIT for federal income tax purposes. NPRC was formed to hold for investment, operate, finance, lease, manage, and sell a portfolio of real estate assets and engage in any and all other activities as may be necessary, incidental or convenient to carry out the foregoing. NPRC acquires real estate assets, including, but not limited to, industrial, commercial, and multi-family properties. NPRC may acquire real estate assets directly or through joint ventures by making a majority equity investment in a property-owning entity. Additionally, through its wholly-owned subsidiaries, NPRC invests in online consumer loans. As of June 30, 2015, we own 100% of the fully-diluted common equity of NPRC.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, we provided \$171,850 and \$52,350 of debt and equity financing, respectively, to NPRC to enable certain of its wholly-owned subsidiaries to invest in online consumer loans. In addition, during the year ended June 30, 2015, we received partial repayments of \$32,883 of the loans previously outstanding and \$5,577

as a return of capital on the equity investment in NPRC.

The online consumer loan investments held by certain of NPRC's wholly-owned subsidiaries are unsecured obligations of individual borrowers that are issued in amounts ranging from \$1 to \$35, with fixed interest rates and fixed terms of either 36 or 60 months. As of June 30, 2015, the investment in online consumer loans by certain of NPRC's wholly-owned subsidiaries had a fair value of \$366,014. The average outstanding individual loan balance is approximately \$9 and the loans mature on dates ranging from October 31, 2016 to June 29, 2020. Fixed interest rates range from 5.3% to 29.0% with a weighted-average current interest rate of 19.6%.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, we provided \$12,046 and \$2,077 of debt and equity financing, respectively, to NPRC for the acquisition of real estate properties and to fund capital expenditures for existing properties. During the year ended June 30, 2015, APRC and UPRC transferred their investments in certain properties to NPRC. As a result, our investments in APRC and UPRC related to these properties also transferred to NPRC. The investments transferred consisted of \$14,266 of equity and \$105,020 of debt. There was no gain or loss realized on these transactions. As of June 30, 2015, NPRC's real estate portfolio was comprised of eleven multi-family properties and thirteen commercial properties. The following table shows the location, acquisition date, purchase price, and mortgage outstanding due to other parties for each of the properties held by NPRC as of June 30, 2015.

No.	Property Name	City	Acquisition	Purchase	Mortgage
110.	Troperty Name	City	Date	Price	Outstanding
1	146 Forest Parkway, LLC	Forest Park, GA	10/24/2012	\$7,400	\$—
2	5100 Live Oaks Blvd, LLC	Tampa, FL	1/17/2013	63,400	39,600
3	NPRC Carroll Resort, LLC	Pembroke Pines, FL	6/24/2013	225,000	157,500
4	APH Carroll 41, LLC	Marietta, GA	11/1/2013	30,600	22,097
5	Matthews Reserve II, LLC	Matthews, NC	11/19/2013	22,063	17,571
6	City West Apartments II, LLC	Orlando, FL	11/19/2013	23,562	18,533
7	Vinings Corner II, LLC	Smyrna, GA	11/19/2013	35,691	26,640
8	Uptown Park Apartments II, LLC	Altamonte Springs, FL	11/19/2013	36,590	27,471
9	Mission Gate II, LLC	Plano, TX	11/19/2013	47,621	36,148
10	St. Marin Apartments II, LLC	Coppell, TX	11/19/2013	73,078	53,863
11	APH Carroll Bartram Park, LLC	Jacksonville, FL	12/31/2013	38,000	28,500
12	APH Carroll Atlantic Beach, LLC	Atlantic Beach, FL	1/31/2014	13,025	8,916
13	23 Mile Road Self Storage, LLC	Chesterfield, MI	8/19/2014	5,804	4,350
14	36th Street Self Storage, LLC	Wyoming, MI	8/19/2014	4,800	3,600
15	Ball Avenue Self Storage, LLC	Grand Rapids, MI	8/19/2014	7,281	5,460
16	Ford Road Self Storage, LLC	Westland, MI	8/29/2014	4,642	3,480
17	Ann Arbor Kalamazoo Self Storage, LLC	Ann Arbor, MI	8/29/2014	4,458	3,345
18	Ann Arbor Kalamazoo Self Storage, LLC	Scio, MI	8/29/2014	8,927	6,695
19	Ann Arbor Kalamazoo Self Storage, LLC	Kalamazoo, MI	8/29/2014	2,363	1,775
20	Jolly Road Self Storage, LLC	Okemos, MI	1/16/2015	7,492	5,620
21	Eaton Rapids Road Self Storage, LLC	Lansing West, MI	1/16/2015	1,741	1,305
22	Haggerty Road Self Storage, LLC	Novi, MI	1/16/2015	6,700	5,025
23	Waldon Road Self Storage, LLC	Lake Orion, MI	1/16/2015	6,965	5,225
24	Tyler Road Self Storage, LLC	Ypsilanti, MI	1/16/2015	3,507	2,630
				\$680,710	\$485,349

Due to an increase in same property values driven by an increase in net operating income and a decrease in observed market capitalization rates for the properties, the Board of Directors increased the fair value of our investment in NPRC to \$471,889 as of June 30, 2015, a premium of \$22,229 to its amortized cost, compared to the \$2,088 unrealized depreciation recorded at June 30, 2014.

United Property REIT Corp.

UPRC is a Delaware limited liability company and a qualified REIT for federal income tax purposes. UPRC was formed to hold for investment, operate, finance, lease, manage, and sell a portfolio of real estate assets and engage in any and all other activities as may be necessary, incidental or convenient to carry out the foregoing. UPRC acquires real estate assets, including, but not limited to, industrial, commercial, and multi-family properties. UPRC may acquire real estate assets directly or through joint ventures by making a majority equity investment in a property-owning entity. As of June 30, 2015, we own 100% of the fully-diluted common equity of UPRC. During the year ended June 30, 2015, we provided \$53,022 and \$9,100 of debt and equity financing, respectively, to UPRC for the acquisition of certain properties and to fund capital expenditures for existing properties. During the year ended June 30, 2015, UPRC transferred its investments in certain properties to NPRC. As a result, our investments in UPRC related to these properties also transferred to NPRC. The investments transferred consisted of \$1,281 of equity and \$9,444 of debt. There was no gain or loss realized on the transaction.

As of June 30, 2015, UPRC's real estate portfolio was comprised of fifteen multi-families properties and one commercial property. The following table shows the location, acquisition date, purchase price, and mortgage outstanding due to other parties for each of the properties held by UPRC as of June 30, 2015.

No.	Property Name	City	Acquisition	Purchase	Mortgage
INO.	Property Name	City	Date	Price	Outstanding
1	Atlanta Eastwood Village LLC	Stockbridge, GA	12/12/2013	\$25,957	\$19,785
2	Atlanta Monterey Village LLC	Jonesboro, GA	12/12/2013	11,501	9,193
3	Atlanta Hidden Creek LLC	Morrow, GA	12/12/2013	5,098	3,619
4	Atlanta Meadow Springs LLC	College Park, GA	12/12/2013	13,116	10,180
5	Atlanta Meadow View LLC	College Park, GA	12/12/2013	14,354	11,141
6	Atlanta Peachtree Landing LLC	Fairburn, GA	12/12/2013	17,224	13,575
7	Taco Bell, MO	Marshall, MO	6/4/2014	1,405	_
8	Canterbury Green Apartments Holdings	Fort Wayne, IN	9/29/2014	85,500	65,825
0	LLC	ron wayne, nv	912912014	85,500	03,623
9	Abbie Lakes OH Partners, LLC	Canal Winchester, OH	9/30/2014	12,600	10,440
10	Kengary Way OH Partners, LLC	Reynoldsburg, OH	9/30/2014	11,500	11,000
11	Lakeview Trail OH Partners, LLC	Canal Winchester, OH	9/30/2014	26,500	20,142
12	Lakepoint OH Partners, LLC	Pickerington, OH	9/30/2014	11,000	10,080
13	Sunbury OH Partners, LLC	Columbus, OH	9/30/2014	13,000	10,480
14	Heatherbridge OH Partners, LLC	Blacklick, OH	9/30/2014	18,416	15,480
15	Jefferson Chase OH Partners, LLC	Blacklick, OH	9/30/2014	13,551	12,240
16	Goldenstrand OH Partners, LLC	Hilliard, OH	10/29/2014	7,810	8,040
				\$288,532	\$231,220

Due to an increase in same property values driven by an increase in net operating income and a decrease in observed market capitalization rates for the properties, the Board of Directors increased the fair value of our investment in UPRC to \$84,685 as of June 30, 2015, a premium of \$9,057 to its amortized cost, compared to the \$426 unrealized appreciation recorded at June 30, 2014.

Valley Electric Company, Inc.

We own 94.99% of Valley Electric Company, Inc. ("Valley Electric") as of June 30, 2015. Valley Electric owns 100% of the equity of VE Company, Inc., which owns 100% of the equity of Valley Electric Co. of Mt. Vernon, Inc. ("Valley"). Valley is a leading provider of specialty electrical services in the state of Washington and is among the top 50 electrical contractors in the U.S. The company, with its headquarters in Everett, Washington, offers a comprehensive array of contracting services, primarily for commercial, industrial, and transportation infrastructure applications, including new installation, engineering and design, design-build, traffic lighting and signalization, low to medium voltage power distribution, construction management, energy management and control systems, 24-hour electrical maintenance and testing, as well as special projects and tenant improvement services. Valley was founded in 1982 by the Ward family, who held the company until the end of 2012.

On December 31, 2012, we acquired 96.3% of the outstanding shares of Valley. We funded the recapitalization of Valley with \$42,572 of debt and \$9,526 of equity financing. Through the recapitalization, we acquired a controlling interest in Valley for \$7,449 in cash and 4,141,547 unregistered shares of our common stock. On June 24, 2014, Prospect and management of Valley formed Valley Electric and contributed their shares of Valley stock to Valley Electric. Valley management made an additional equity investment in Valley Electric, reducing our ownership to 94.99%.

Due to soft operating results, the Board of Directors decreased the fair value of our investment in Valley Electric to \$30,497 as of June 30, 2015, a discount of \$28,340 from its amortized cost, compared to the \$23,304 unrealized depreciation recorded at June 30, 2014.

Equity positions in the portfolio are susceptible to potentially significant changes in value, both increases as well as decreases, due to changes in operating results. Several of our controlled companies experienced such volatility and we recorded corresponding fluctuations in valuations during the year ended June 30, 2015. See above for discussions regarding the fluctuations in APRC, First Tower, Harbortouch, NPRC, UPRC, and Valley Electric. During the year ended June 30, 2015, the value of our investment in CP Energy Services Inc. ("CP Energy") decreased by \$41,927 as a result of depressed earnings resulting from softness of the energy markets; Gulf Coast Machine & Supply Company ("Gulf Coast") decreased by \$16,041 due to a decline in operating results; and R-V Industries, Inc. ("R-V") decreased by \$16,052 due to lower sales profitability. In total, thirteen of the controlled investments are valued at the original investment amounts or higher, and six of the controlled investments have been valued at discounts to the original investment. Overall, at June 30, 2015, control investments are valued at \$79,558 above their amortized cost. We hold one affiliate investment at June 30, 2015. Our affiliate portfolio company did not experience a significant change in valuation during the year ended June 30, 2015.

With the non-control/non-affiliate investments, generally, there is less volatility related to our total investments because our equity positions tend to be smaller than with our control/affiliate investments, and debt investments are generally not as susceptible to large swings in value as equity investments. For debt investments, the fair value is generally limited on the high side to each loan's par value, plus any prepayment premia that could be imposed. Many of the debt investments in this category have not experienced a significant change in value, as they were previously valued at or near par value. Non-control/non-affiliate investments did not experience significant changes and are generally performing as expected or better than expected. During the year ended June 30, 2015, the value of our investment in Pacific World decreased by \$21,328 due to a decline in operating results. Overall, at June 30, 2015, non-control/non-affiliate investments are valued at \$30,171 below their amortized cost.

Capitalization

Our investment activities are capital intensive and the availability and cost of capital is a critical component of our business. We capitalize our business with a combination of debt and equity. Our debt as of June 30, 2015 consists of: a Revolving Credit Facility availing us of the ability to borrow debt subject to borrowing base determinations; Convertible Notes which we issued in December 2010, February 2011, April 2012, August 2012, December 2012 and April 2014; Public Notes which we issued in March 2013 and April 2014; and Prospect Capital InterNotes® which we may issue from time to time. Our equity capital is comprised entirely of common equity.

The following table shows the maximum draw amounts and outstanding borrowings of our Revolving Credit Facility, Convertible Notes, Public Notes and Prospect Capital InterNotes® as of June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014.

	June 30, 2015		June 30, 2014	
	Maximum	Amount	Maximum	Amount
	Draw Amount	Outstanding	Draw Amount	Outstanding
Revolving Credit Facility	\$885,000	\$368,700	\$857,500	\$92,000
Convertible Notes	1,239,500	1,239,500	1,247,500	1,247,500
Public Notes	548,094	548,094	647,881	647,881
Prospect Capital InterNotes®	827,442	827,442	785,670	785,670
Total	\$3,500,036	\$2,983,736	\$3,538,551	\$2,773,051

The following table shows the contractual maturities of our Revolving Credit Facility, Convertible Notes, Public Notes and Prospect Capital InterNotes® as of June 30, 2015.

	Payments Due by Period						
	Total]		Total Less than $1 - 3$		1 _ 3 Vears	3 – 5 Years	After 5
	Total	Year	1 – 3 1 cars	3 – 3 T cars	Years		
Revolving Credit Facility	\$368,700	\$	\$ <i>-</i>	\$368,700	\$ —		
Convertible Notes	1,239,500	150,000	497,500	592,000	_		
Public Notes	548,094		_	300,000	248,094		
Prospect Capital InterNotes®	827,442	_	54,509	369,938	402,995		
Total Contractual Obligations	\$2,983,736	\$150,000	\$552,009	\$1,630,638	\$651,089		

The following table shows the contractual maturities of our Revolving Credit Facility, Convertible Notes, Public Notes and Prospect Capital InterNotes® as of June 30, 2014.

	Payments Due by Period				
	Total	Less than 1 Year	1-3 Years	3 – 5 Years	After 5 Years
Revolving Credit Facility	\$92,000	\$ —	\$92,000	\$—	\$—
Convertible Notes	1,247,500	_	317,500	530,000	400,000
Public Notes	647,881	_			647,881
Prospect Capital InterNotes®	785,670	_	8,859	261,456	515,355
Total Contractual Obligations	\$2,773,051	\$ —	\$418,359	\$791,456	\$1,563,236

Historically, we have funded a portion of our cash needs through borrowings from banks, issuances of senior securities, including secured, unsecured and convertible debt securities, or issuances of common equity. For flexibility, we maintain a universal shelf registration statement that allows for the public offering and sale of our debt securities, common stock, preferred stock, subscription rights, and warrants and units to purchase such securities in an amount up to \$5,000,000 less issuances to date. As of June 30, 2015, we can issue up to \$4,822,626 of additional debt and equity securities in the public market under this shelf registration. We may from time to time issue securities pursuant to the shelf registration statement or otherwise pursuant to private offerings. The issuance of debt or equity securities will depend on future market conditions, funding needs and other factors and there can be no assurance that any such issuance will occur or be successful.

Each of our Unsecured Notes (as defined below) are our general, unsecured obligations and rank equal in right of payment with all of our existing and future unsecured indebtedness and will be senior in right of payment to any of our subordinated indebtedness that may be issued in the future. The Unsecured Notes are effectively subordinated to our existing secured indebtedness, such as our credit facility, and future secured indebtedness to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness and structurally subordinated to any existing and future liabilities and other indebtedness of any of our subsidiaries.

Revolving Credit Facility

On March 27, 2012, we closed on an extended and expanded credit facility with a syndicate of lenders through PCF (the "2012 Facility"). The lenders had extended commitments of \$857,500 under the 2012 Facility as of June 30, 2014, which was increased to \$877,500 in July 2014. The 2012 Facility included an accordion feature which allowed commitments to be increased up to \$1,000,000 in the aggregate. Interest on borrowings under the 2012 Facility was one-month LIBOR plus 275 basis points with no minimum LIBOR floor. Additionally, the lenders charged a fee on the unused portion of the 2012 Facility equal to either 50 basis points if at least half of the credit facility is drawn or 100 basis points otherwise.

On August 29, 2014, we renegotiated the 2012 Facility and closed an expanded five and a half year revolving credit facility (the "2014 Facility" and collectively with the 2012 Facility, the "Revolving Credit Facility"). The lenders have extended commitments of \$885,000 under the 2014 Facility as of June 30, 2015. The 2014 Facility includes an accordion feature which allows commitments to be increased up to \$1,500,000 in the aggregate. The revolving period of the 2014 Facility extends through March 2019, with an additional one year amortization period (with distributions allowed) after the completion of the revolving period. During such one year amortization period, all principal payments on the pledged assets will be applied to reduce the balance. At the end of the one year amortization period, the remaining balance will become due, if required by the lenders.

The 2014 Facility contains restrictions pertaining to the geographic and industry concentrations of funded loans, maximum size of funded loans, interest rate payment frequency of funded loans, maturity dates of funded loans and minimum equity requirements. The 2014 Facility also contains certain requirements relating to portfolio performance, including required minimum portfolio yield and limitations on delinquencies and charge-offs, violation of which could result in the early termination of the 2014 Facility. The 2014 Facility also requires the maintenance of a minimum liquidity requirement. As of June 30, 2015, we were in compliance with the applicable covenants.

Interest on borrowings under the 2014 Facility is one-month LIBOR plus 225 basis points with no minimum LIBOR floor. Additionally, the lenders charge a fee on the unused portion of the 2014 Facility equal to either 50 basis points if at least 35% of the credit facility is drawn or 100 basis points otherwise. The 2014 Facility requires us to pledge assets as collateral in order to borrow under the credit facility.

As of June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, we had \$721,800 and \$780,620, respectively, available to us for borrowing under the Revolving Credit Facility, of which the amount outstanding was \$368,700 and \$92,000, respectively. As additional eligible investments are transferred to PCF and pledged under the Revolving Credit Facility, PCF will generate additional availability up to the current commitment amount of \$885,000. As of June 30, 2015, the investments, including money market funds, used as collateral for the Revolving Credit Facility had an aggregate fair value of \$1,539,763, which represents 22.9% of our total investments and money market funds. These assets are held and owned by PCF, a bankruptcy remote special purpose entity, and as such, these investments are not available to our general creditors. The release of any assets from PCF requires the approval of the facility agent.

In connection with the origination and amendments of the Revolving Credit Facility, we incurred \$8,866 of new fees and \$3,539 of fees carried over for continuing participants from the previous facility, which are being amortized over the term of the facility in accordance with ASC 470-50, of which \$10,280 remains to be amortized and is included within deferred financing costs on the Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities as of June 30, 2015. In accordance with ASC 470-50, we expensed \$332 of fees relating to credit providers in the 2012 Facility who did not commit to the 2014 Facility.

During the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013, we recorded \$14,424, \$12,216 and \$9,082, respectively, of interest costs, unused fees and amortization of financing costs on the Revolving Credit Facility as interest expense. Convertible Notes

On December 21, 2010, we issued \$150,000 aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that mature on December 15, 2015 (the "2015 Notes"), unless previously converted or repurchased in accordance with their terms. The 2015 Notes bear interest at a rate of 6.25% per year, payable semi-annually on June 15 and December 15 of each year, beginning June 15, 2011. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2015 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$145,200.

On February 18, 2011, we issued \$172,500 aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that mature on August 15, 2016 (the "2016 Notes"), unless previously converted or repurchased in accordance with their terms. The 2016 Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.50% per year, payable semi-annually on February 15 and August 15 of each year, beginning August 15, 2011. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2016 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$167,325. Between January 30, 2012 and February 2, 2012, we repurchased \$5,000 aggregate principal amount of the 2016 Notes at a price of 97.5, including commissions. The transactions resulted in our recognizing \$10 of loss in the year ended June 30, 2012.

On April 16, 2012, we issued \$130,000 aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that mature on October 15, 2017 (the "2017 Notes"), unless previously converted or repurchased in accordance with their terms. The 2017 Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.375% per year, payable semi-annually on April 15 and October 15 of each year, beginning October 15, 2012. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2017 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$126,035.

On August 14, 2012, we issued \$200,000 aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that mature on March 15, 2018 (the "2018 Notes"), unless previously converted or repurchased in accordance with their terms. The 2018 Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.75% per year, payable semi-annually on March 15 and September 15 of each year, beginning March 15, 2013. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2018 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$193,600.

On December 21, 2012, we issued \$200,000 aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that mature on January 15, 2019 (the "2019 Notes"), unless previously converted or repurchased in accordance with their terms. The 2019 Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.875% per year, payable semi-annually on January 15 and July 15 of each year, beginning July 15, 2013. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2019 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$193,600.

On April 11, 2014, we issued \$400,000 aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that mature on April 15, 2020 (the "2020 Notes"), unless previously converted or repurchased in accordance with their terms. The 2020 Notes bear interest at a rate of 4.75% per year, payable semi-annually on April 15 and October 15 each year, beginning October 15, 2014. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2020 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$387,500. On January 30, 2015, we repurchased \$8,000 aggregate principal amount of the 2020 Notes at a price of 93.0, including commissions. As a result of this transaction, we recorded a gain in the amount of the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the notes, net of the proportionate amount of unamortized debt issuance costs. The net gain on the extinguishment of the 2020 Notes in the year ended June 30, 2015 was \$332.

Certain key terms related to the convertible features for the 2015 Notes, the 2016 Notes, the 2017 Notes, the 2018 Notes, the 2019 Notes and the 2020 Notes (collectively, the "Convertible Notes") are listed below.

	•	•				
	2015 Notes	2016	2017	2018	2019 Notes	2020
	2013 Notes	Notes	Notes	Notes	2019 Notes	Notes
Initial conversion rate(1)	88.0902	78.3699	85.8442	82.3451	79.7766	80.6647
Initial conversion price	\$ 11.35	\$12.76	\$11.65	\$12.14	\$ 12.54	\$12.40
Conversion rate at June 30, 2015(1)(2)	89.9752	80.2196	87.7516	83.6661	79.8248	80.6670
Conversion price at June 30, 2015(2)(3)	\$11.11	\$12.47	\$11.40	\$11.95	\$ 12.53	\$12.40
Last conversion price calculation date	12/21/2014	2/18/2015	4/16/2015	8/14/2014	12/21/2014	4/11/2015
Dividend threshold amount (per share)(4)	\$ 0.101125	\$0.101150	\$0.101500	\$0.101600	\$ 0.110025	\$0.110525

- (1) Conversion rates denominated in shares of common stock per \$1 principal amount of the Convertible Notes converted.
- (2) Represents conversion rate and conversion price, as applicable, taking into account certain de minimis adjustments that will be made on the conversion date.
- The conversion price in effect at June 30, 2015 was calculated on the last anniversary of the issuance and will be (3) adjusted again on the next anniversary, unless the exercise price shall have changed by more than 1% before the anniversary.
- (4) The conversion rate is increased if monthly cash dividends paid to common shares exceed the monthly dividend threshold amount, subject to adjustment.

In no event will the total number of shares of common stock issuable upon conversion exceed 96.8992 per \$1 principal amount of the 2015 Notes (the "conversion rate cap"), except that, to the extent we receive written guidance or a no-action letter from the staff of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Guidance") permitting us to adjust the conversion rate in certain instances without regard to the conversion rate cap and to make the 2015 Notes convertible

into certain reference property in accordance with certain reclassifications, business combinations, asset sales and corporate events by us without regard to the conversion rate cap, we will make such adjustments without regard to the conversion rate cap and will also, to the extent that we make any such adjustment without regard to the conversion rate cap pursuant to the Guidance, adjust the conversion rate cap accordingly. We will use our commercially reasonable efforts to obtain such Guidance as promptly as practicable.

Prior to obtaining the Guidance, we will not engage in certain transactions that would result in an adjustment to the conversion rate increasing the conversion rate beyond what it would have been in the absence of such transaction unless we have engaged in a reverse stock split or share combination transaction such that in our reasonable best estimation, the conversion rate following the adjustment for such transaction will not be any closer to the conversion rate cap than it would have been in the absence of such transaction.

Upon conversion, unless a holder converts after a record date for an interest payment but prior to the corresponding interest payment date, the holder will receive a separate cash payment with respect to the notes surrendered for conversion representing accrued and unpaid interest to, but not including, the conversion date. Any such payment will be made on the settlement date applicable to the relevant conversion on the Convertible Notes.

No holder of Convertible Notes will be entitled to receive shares of our common stock upon conversion to the extent (but only to the extent) that such receipt would cause such converting holder to become, directly or indirectly, a beneficial owner (within the meaning of Section 13(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder) of more than 5.0% of the shares of our common stock outstanding at such time. The 5.0% limitation shall no longer apply following the effective date of any fundamental change. We will not issue any shares in connection with the conversion or redemption of the Convertible Notes which would equal or exceed 20% of the shares outstanding at the time of the transaction in accordance with NASDAQ rules.

Subject to certain exceptions, holders may require us to repurchase, for cash, all or part of their Convertible Notes upon a fundamental change at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Convertible Notes being repurchased plus any accrued and unpaid interest up to, but excluding, the fundamental change repurchase date. In addition, upon a fundamental change that constitutes a non-stock change of control we will also pay holders an amount in cash equal to the present value of all remaining interest payments (without duplication of the foregoing amounts) on such Convertible Notes through and including the maturity date.

In connection with the issuance of the Convertible Notes, we incurred \$39,678 of fees which are being amortized over the terms of the notes, of which \$21,274 remains to be amortized and is included within deferred financing costs on the Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities as of June 30, 2015.

During the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013, we recorded \$74,365, \$58,042 and \$45,880, respectively, of interest costs and amortization of financing costs on the Convertible Notes as interest expense.

Public Notes

On May 1, 2012, we issued \$100,000 aggregate principal amount of unsecured notes that were scheduled to mature on November 15, 2022 (the "2022 Notes"). The 2022 Notes bore interest at a rate of 6.95% per year, payable quarterly on February 15, May 15, August 15 and November 15 of each year, beginning August 15, 2012. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2022 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$97,000. On May 15, 2015, we redeemed \$100,000 aggregate principal amount of the 2022 Notes at par. As a result of this transaction, we recorded a loss in the amount of the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the notes, net of the proportionate amount of unamortized debt issuance costs. The net loss on the extinguishment of the 2022 Notes in the year ended June 30, 2015 was \$2,600.

On March 15, 2013, we issued \$250,000 aggregate principal amount of unsecured notes that mature on March 15, 2023 (the "2023 Notes"). The 2023 Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.875% per year, payable semi-annually on March 15 and September 15 of each year, beginning September 15, 2013. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2023 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$245,885.

On April 7, 2014, we issued \$300,000 aggregate principal amount of unsecured notes that mature on July 15, 2019 (the "5.00% 2019 Notes"). Included in the issuance is \$45,000 of Prospect Capital InterNotes® that were exchanged for the 5.00% 2019 Notes. The 5.00% 2019 Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.00% per year, payable semi-annually on January 15 and July 15 of each year, beginning July 15, 2014. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 5.00% 2019 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$250,775.

The 2022 Notes, the 2023 Notes and the 5.00% 2019 Notes (collectively, the "Public Notes") are direct unsecured obligations and rank equally with all of our unsecured indebtedness from time to time outstanding.

In connection with the issuance of the 2023 Notes and the 5.00% 2019 Notes, we incurred \$8,036 of fees which are being amortized over the term of the notes, of which \$6,604 remains to be amortized and is included within deferred financing costs on the Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities as of June 30, 2015.

During the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013, we recorded \$37,063, \$25,988 and \$11,672, respectively, of interest costs and amortization of financing costs on the Public Notes as interest expense.

Prospect Capital InterNotes®

On February 16, 2012, we entered into a selling agent agreement (the "Selling Agent Agreement") with Incapital LLC, as purchasing agent for our issuance and sale from time to time of up to \$500,000 of Prospect Capital InterNotes® (the "InterNotes® Offering"), which was increased to \$1,500,000 in May 2014. Additional agents may be appointed by us from time to time in connection with the InterNotes® Offering and become parties to the Selling Agent Agreement.

These notes are direct unsecured obligations and rank equally with all of our unsecured indebtedness from time to time outstanding. Each series of notes will be issued by a separate trust. These notes bear interest at fixed interest rates and offer a variety of maturities no less than twelve months from the original date of issuance.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, we issued \$125,696 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® for net proceeds of \$123,641. These notes were issued with stated interest rates ranging from 3.375% to 5.10% with a weighted average interest rate of 4.65%. These notes mature between May 15, 2020 and June 15, 2022. The following table summarizes the Prospect Capital InterNotes® issued during the year ended June 30, 2015.

Tenor at Origination (in years)	Principal Amount	Interest Rate Range	Weighted Average Interest Rate	Maturity Date Range
5.25	\$7,126	4.625%	4.625	% August 15, 2020 – September 15, 2020
5.5	106,364	4.25%-4.75%	4.63	% May 15, 2020 – November 15, 2020
6	2,197	3.375%	3.375	% April 15, 2021 – May 15, 2021
6.5	3,912	5.10%	5.10	% December 15, 2021
7	6,097	5.10%	5.10	% May 15, 2022 – June 15, 2022
	\$125.696			

During the year ended June 30, 2014, we issued \$473,762 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® for net proceeds of \$465,314. These notes were issued with stated interest rates ranging from 3.75% to 6.75% with a weighted average interest rate of 5.12%. These notes mature between October 15, 2016 and October 15, 2043. The following table summarizes the Prospect Capital InterNotes® issued during the year ended June 30, 2014.

Tenor at	Principal	Interest Rate	Weighted	
Origination	•		Average	Maturity Date Range
(in years)	Amount	Range	Interest Rate	
3	\$5,710	4.00%	4.00	% October 15, 2016
3.5	3,149	4.00%	4.00	% April 15, 2017
4	45,751	3.75%-4.00%	3.92	% November 15, 2017 – May 15, 2018
5	207,915	4.25% - 5.00%	4.92	% July 15, 2018 – May 15, 2019
5.5	53,820	4.75%-5.00%	4.86	% February 15, 2019 – August 15, 2019
6.5	1,800	5.50%	5.50	% February 15, 2020
7	62,409	5.25%-5.75%	5.44	% July 15, 2020 – May 15, 2021
7.5	1,996	5.75%	5.75	% February 15, 2021
10	23,850	5.75%-6.50%	5.91	% January 15, 2024 – May 15, 2024
12	2,978	6.00%	6.00	% November 15, 2025 – December 15, 2025
15	2,495	6.00%	6.00	% August 15, 2028 – November 15, 2028
18	4,062	6.00% - 6.25%	6.21	% July 15, 2031 – August 15, 2031
20	2,791	6.00%	6.00	% September 15, 2033 – October 15, 2033
25	34,886	6.25% - 6.50%	6.39	% August 15, 2038 – May 15, 2039
30	20,150	6.50% - 6.75%	6.60	% July 15, 2043 – October 15, 2043
	\$473,762			

During the year ended June 30, 2015, we redeemed \$76,931 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® at par with a weighted average interest rate of 6.06% in order to replace debt with higher interest rates with debt with lower rates. During the year ended June 30, 2015, we repaid \$6,993 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® at par in accordance with the Survivor's Option, as defined in the InterNotes® Offering prospectus. As a result of these transactions, we recorded a loss in the amount of the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the notes, net of the proportionate amount of unamortized debt issuance costs. The net loss on the extinguishment of Prospect Capital InterNotes® in the year ended June 30, 2015 was \$1,682. The following table summarizes the Prospect Capital InterNotes® outstanding as of June 30, 2015.

Tenor at Origination (in years)	Principal Amount	Interest Rate Range	Weighted Average Interest Rate	Maturity Date Range
3	\$5,710	4.00%	4.00	% October 15, 2016
3.5	3,109	4.00%	4.00	% April 15, 2017
4	45,690	3.75%-4.00%	3.92	% November 15, 2017 – May 15, 2018
5	207,719	4.25% - 5.00%	4.92	% July 15, 2018 – May 15, 2019
5.25	7,126	4.625%	4.63	% August 15, 2020 – September 15, 2020
5.5	115,184	4.25% - 5.00%	4.65	% February 15, 2019 – November 15, 2020
6.0	2,197	3.375%	3.38	% April 15, 2021 – May 15, 2021
6.5	5,712	5.10%-5.50%	5.23	% February 15, 2020 – December 15, 2021
7	191,549	4.00% - 5.85%	5.13	% September 15, 2019 – June 15, 2022
7.5	1,996	5.75%	5.75	% February 15, 2021
10	36,925	3.29%-7.00%	6.11	% March 15, 2022 – May 15, 2024
12	2,978	6.00%	6.00	% November 15, 2025 – December 15, 2025
15	17,385	5.00%-6.00%	5.14	% May 15, 2028 – November 15, 2028
18	22,729	4.125%-6.25%	5.52	% December 15, 2030 – August 15, 2031
20	4,530	5.75%-6.00%	5.89	% November 15, 2032 – October 15, 2033
25	36,320	6.25% - 6.50%	6.39	% August 15, 2038 – May 15, 2039
30	120,583 \$827,442	5.50%-6.75%	6.23	% November 15, 2042 – October 15, 2043
	φ 02 / , 44 2			

During the year ended June 30, 2014, we repaid \$6,869 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® in accordance with the Survivor's Option, as defined in the InterNotes® Offering prospectus. In connection with the issuance of the 5.00% 2019 Notes, \$45,000 of previously-issued Prospect Capital InterNotes® were exchanged for the 5.00% 2019 Notes. The following table summarizes the Prospect Capital InterNotes® outstanding as of June 30, 2014.

Tenor at	Principal	Interest Rate	Weighted	
Origination	Amount	Range	Average	Maturity Date Range
(in years)	Amount	Range	Interest Rate	
3	\$5,710	4.00%	4.00	% October 15, 2016
3.5	3,149	4.00%	4.00	% April 15, 2017
4	45,751	3.75%-4.00%	3.92	% November 15, 2017 – May 15, 2018
5	207,915	4.25% - 5.00%	4.92	% July 15, 2018 – August 15, 2019
5.5	8,820	5.00%	4.86	% February 15, 2019
6.5	1,800	5.50%	5.50	% February 15, 2020
7	256,903	4.00%-6.55%	5.39	% June 15, 2019 – May 15, 2021
7.5	1,996	5.75%	5.75	% February 15, 2021
10	41,952	3.23%-7.00%	6.18	% March 15, 2022 – May 15, 2024
12	2,978	6.00%	6.00	% November 15, 2025 – December 15, 2025
15	17,465	5.00%-6.00%	5.14	% May 15, 2028 – November 15, 2028
18	25,435	4.125%-6.25%	5.49	% December 15, 2030 – August 15, 2031
20	5,847	5.625%-6.00%	5.85	% November 15, 2032 – October 15, 2033
25	34,886	6.25%-6.50%	6.39	% August 15, 2038 – May 15, 2039
30	125,063	5.50%-6.75%	6.22	% November 15, 2042 – October 15, 2043
	\$785,670			

In connection with the issuance of Prospect Capital InterNotes®, we incurred \$20,168 of fees which are being amortized over the term of the notes, of which \$16,262 remains to be amortized and is included within deferred financing costs on the Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities as of June 30, 2015.

During the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013, we recorded \$44,808, \$33,857 and \$9,707, respectively, of interest costs and amortization of financing costs on the Prospect Capital InterNotes® as interest expense. Net Asset Value

During the year ended June 30, 2015, we issued \$160,122 of additional equity, net of underwriting and offering costs, by issuing 16,464,122 shares of our common stock. During the year ended June 30, 2015, we sold 14,845,556 shares of our common stock at an average price of \$9.89 per share, and raised \$146,827 of gross proceeds, under our at-the-market offering program (the "ATM Program"). Net proceeds were \$145,441 after commissions to the broker-dealer on shares sold and offering costs. During the year ended June 30, 2015, we issued 1,618,566 shares of our common stock in connection with the dividend reinvestment plan. The following table shows the calculation of net asset value per share as of June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014.

	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
Net assets	\$3,703,049	\$3,618,182
Shares of common stock issued and outstanding	359,090,759	342,626,637
Net asset value per share	\$10.31	\$10.56
Results of Operations		

Net increase in net assets resulting from operations for the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013 was \$346,339, \$319,020 and \$220,856, respectively. During the year ended June 30, 2015, the significant increase in the asset base resulted in an additional \$135,233 of interest income which was partially offset by increased interest costs from the leverage utilized of \$40,557 and increased base management fees of \$25,600. Also reducing the net increase in net assets resulting from operations for the year ended June 30, 2015 versus June 30, 2014 were significant declines in the dividends received from Airmall, Borga, and Credit Central, and a decrease in other income of \$37,266. The decrease in other income is primarily from a reduction in structuring fees from lower origination levels and purchases of online

consumer and commercial loans, which do not generate structuring fees. (See "Investment Income" for more details on our originations in each period.) These decreases were partially offset by a \$25,745

favorable decrease in net realized and unrealized losses on investments. (See "Net Realized Losses" and "Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)" for further discussion.)

During the year ended June 30, 2014, the significant increase in the asset base resulted in an additional \$178,286 of interest income which was partially offset by increased interest costs from the leverage utilized of \$53,762 and increased base management fees of \$39,190. Also reducing the net increase in net assets resulting from operations for the year ended June 30, 2014 versus June 30, 2013 were significant declines in the dividends received from Energy Solutions. These decreases were partially offset by a \$65,865 favorable decrease in net realized and unrealized losses on investments. (See "Net Realized Losses" and "Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)" for further discussion.)

Net increase in net assets resulting from operations for the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013 was \$0.98, \$1.06 and \$1.07 per weighted average share, respectively. During the year ended June 30, 2015, the decrease is primarily due to a \$0.14 per weighted average share decrease in other income driven by reduced structuring fees and a \$0.07 per weighted average share decrease in dividend income received from our investments in Airmall, Borga, and Credit Central. These decreases were partially offset by a \$0.04 per weighted average share decrease in income incentive fees and a \$0.09 per weighted average share favorable decrease in net realized and unrealized losses on investments.

During the year ended June 30, 2014, the decrease is primarily due to a \$0.41 per weighted average share decrease in investment income driven by a \$0.31 per weighted average share decrease in dividend income received from our investment in Energy Solutions. The decrease is also attributable to a \$0.06 per weighted average share increase in interest costs from the leverage utilized. These decreases were partially offset by a \$0.09 per weighted average share decrease in income incentive fees and a \$0.37 per weighted average share favorable decrease in net realized and unrealized losses on investments.

While we seek to maximize gains and minimize losses, our investments in portfolio companies can expose our capital to risks greater than those we may anticipate. These companies are typically not issuing securities rated investment grade, have limited resources, have limited operating history, have concentrated product lines or customers, are generally private companies with limited operating information available and are likely to depend on a small core of management talents. Changes in any of these factors can have a significant impact on the value of the portfolio company.

Investment Income

We generate revenue in the form of interest income on the debt securities that we own, dividend income on any common or preferred stock that we own, and fees generated from the structuring of new deals. Our investments, if in the form of debt securities, will typically have a term of one to ten years and bear interest at a fixed or floating rate. To the extent achievable, we will seek to collateralize our investments by obtaining security interests in our portfolio companies' assets. We also may acquire minority or majority equity interests in our portfolio companies, which may pay cash or in-kind dividends on a recurring or otherwise negotiated basis. In addition, we may generate revenue in other forms including prepayment penalties and possibly consulting fees. Any such fees generated in connection with our investments are recognized as earned.

Investment income, which consists of interest income, including accretion of loan origination fees and prepayment penalty fees, dividend income and other income, including settlement of net profits interests, overriding royalty interests and structuring fees, was \$791,084, \$712,291 and \$576,336 for the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The increases are primarily the result of a larger income producing portfolio. The following table describes the various components of investment income and the related levels of debt investments:

Year Ended June 30

	Teal Ended Julie 50,			
	2015	2014	2013	
Interest income	\$748,974	\$613,741	\$435,455	
Dividend income	7,663	26,837	82,705	
Other income	34,447	71,713	58,176	
Total investment income	\$791,084	\$712,291	\$576,336	

Average debt principal of performing investments Weighted average interest rate earned on performing debt and equity investments	\$6,183,163		\$4,886,910		\$2,878,417	
	12.11	%	12.56	%	15.13	%
S-50						

Average interest income producing assets increased from \$2,878,417 for the year ended June 30, 2013 to \$4,886,910 for the year ended June 30, 2014 to \$6,183,163 for the year ended June 30, 2015. The average interest earned on interest bearing performing assets decreased from 15.13% for the year ended June 30, 2013 to 12.56% for the year ended June 30, 2014 to 12.11% for the year ended June 30, 2015. The decrease in returns during the respective periods is primarily due to originations at lower rates than our average existing portfolio yield and, to a lesser extent, a decline in prepayment penalty income. Excluding the adjustment for prepayment penalty income, our annual return would have been 14.13% for the year ended June 30, 2013, 12.28% for the year ended June 30, 2014, and 11.97% for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Investment income is also generated from dividends and other income. Dividend income decreased from \$26,837 for the year ended June 30, 2014 to \$7,663 for the year ended June 30, 2015. The decrease in dividend income is primarily attributed to a \$12,000 decrease in the level of dividends received from our investment in Airmall. We received dividends of \$12,000 from Airmall during the year ended June 30, 2014. No such dividends were received from Airmall during the year ended June 30, 2015. The decrease in dividend income is further attributed to a \$4,682 and \$3,246 decrease in the level of dividends received from our investments in Credit Central and Borga (f/k/a STI Holding, Inc.), respectively. We received dividends of \$159 and \$4,841 from Credit Central during the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively. We received dividends of \$3,246 from Borga during the year ended June 30, 2014. No dividends were received from Borga during the year ended June 30, 2015. The decrease in dividend income was partially offset by dividends of \$1,929 received from our investment in First Tower during the year ended June 30, 2015. No dividends were received from First Tower during the year ended June 30, 2014. Dividend income decreased from \$82,705 for the year ended June 30, 2013 to \$26,837 for the year ended June 30, 2014. The decrease in dividend income is primarily attributed to a \$53,820 decrease in the level of dividends received from our investment in Energy Solutions. The sale of Gas Solutions by Energy Solutions resulted in significant earnings and profits, as defined by the Code, at Energy Solutions for calendar year 2012. In accordance with ASC 946, the distributions we received from Energy Solutions during calendar year 2012 were required to be recognized as dividend income, as there were current year earnings and profits sufficient to support such recognition. As a result, we recognized dividends of \$53,820 from Energy Solutions during the year ended June 30, 2013. No such dividends were received from Energy Solutions during the year ended June 30, 2014. The decrease in dividend income is also attributed to a \$23,362 decrease in the level of dividends received from our investment in R-V. We received dividends of \$1,100 and \$24,462 from R-V during the years ended June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2013, respectively. The dividends from R-V during the year ended June 30, 2013 included a distribution received as part of the portfolio company's recapitalization in November 2012 for which we provided an additional \$9,500 of senior secured financing. The decrease in dividend income was partially offset by dividends of \$12,000, \$4,841 and \$5,000 received from our investments in Airmall, Credit Central and Nationwide, respectively, during the year ended June 30, 2014. The dividends from Credit Central and Nationwide included distributions received as part of the portfolio companies' recapitalizations in March 2014 for which we provided an additional \$2,500 and \$4,000 of financing, respectively. No dividends were received from Airmall, Credit Central or Nationwide during the year ended June 30, 2013. Other income has come primarily from structuring fees, royalty interests, and settlement of net profits interests. Income from other sources decreased from \$71,713 for the year ended June 30, 2014 to \$34,447 for the year ended June 30, 2015. The decrease is primarily due to a \$30,568 decrease in structuring fees. These fees are primarily generated from originations and will fluctuate as levels of originations and types of originations fluctuate. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, we elected to suspend our equity raising activities. The curtailment of capital raising activities suppressed our levels of origination. Total originations decreased from \$2,952,356 in the year ended June 30, 2014 to \$2,088,988 in the year ended June 30, 2015. As a result, structuring fees fell from \$57,697 in the year ended June 30, 2014 to \$27,129 in the year ended June 30, 2015. Included within the \$27,129 of structuring fees recognized during the year ended June 30, 2015 is a \$3,000 fee from Airmall related to the sale of the operating company for which a fee was received in August 2014 and a \$2,000 fee from Ajax related to the sale of the operating company for which a fee was received in October 2014. The remaining \$22,129 of structuring fees recognized during the year ended June 30, 2015 resulted from follow-on investments in existing portfolio companies and new originations, primarily from our investments in InterDent, IWCO, Pacific World, PrimeSport, Trinity, and UPRC, as

discussed above. To a lesser extent, the decrease in other income resulted from a decrease in miscellaneous income due to the receipt of \$5,825 of legal cost reimbursement from a litigation settlement during the year ended June 30, 2014 which had been expensed in prior years. No such income was received during the year ended June 30, 2015. Income from other sources increased from \$58,176 for the year ended June 30, 2013 to \$71,713 for the year ended June 30, 2014. The increase is primarily due to a \$4,998 increase in structuring fees, \$5,825 of legal cost reimbursement from a litigation settlement which had been expensed in prior years, and a \$1,771 increase in royalty interests from our controlled investments, particularly APH, Credit Central, First Tower, Nationwide, NPH and UPH. During the years ended June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2013, we recognized structuring fees of \$57,697 and \$52,699, respectively, from new originations, restructurings and follow-on investments. Included within the \$57,697 of structuring fees recognized during the year ended June 30, 2014 is an \$8,000 fee from First Tower Delaware related to the renegotiation and expansion of First Tower's third party revolver for which a fee was received

in December 2013. The remaining \$49,697 of structuring fees recognized during the year ended June 30, 2014 resulted from follow-on investments and new originations, primarily from our investments in Echelon, Harbortouch, IWCO and Matrixx.

Operating Expenses

Our primary operating expenses consist of investment advisory fees (base management and income incentive fees), borrowing costs, legal and professional fees and other operating and overhead-related expenses. These expenses include our allocable portion of overhead under the Administration Agreement with Prospect Administration under which Prospect Administration provides administrative services and facilities for us. Our investment advisory fees compensate the Investment Adviser for its work in identifying, evaluating, negotiating, closing and monitoring our investments. We bear all other costs and expenses of our operations and transactions. Operating expenses were \$428,337, \$355,068 and \$251,412 for the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

The base management fee was \$134,590, \$108,990 and \$69,800 for the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively (\$0.38, \$0.36 and \$0.34 per weighted average share, respectively). The increases are directly related to our growth in total assets and the per weighted average share increase is also attributable to our increase in leverage year-over-year.

For the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013, we incurred \$90,687, \$89,306 and \$81,231 of income incentive fees, respectively (\$0.26, \$0.30 and \$0.39 per weighted average share, respectively). Income incentive fees remained stable year-over-year on a dollars basis, but the per share decreases were driven by corresponding decreases in pre-incentive fee net investment income from \$1.96 per weighted average share for the year ended June 30, 2013 to \$1.49 per weighted average share for the year ended June 30, 2014 to \$1.28 per weighted average share for the year ended June 30, 2015, primarily due to decreases in dividend and other income per share. No capital gains incentive fee has yet been incurred pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement.

During the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013, we incurred \$170,660, \$130,103 and \$76,341, respectively, of interest expenses related to our Revolving Credit Facility, Convertible Notes, Public Notes and Prospect Capital InterNotes® (collectively, our "Notes"). These expenses are related directly to the leveraging capacity put into place for each of those periods and the levels of indebtedness actually undertaken in those periods.

The table below describes the various expenses of our Notes and the related indicators of leveraging capacity and indebtedness during these periods.

	Year Ended June 30,		
	2015	2014	2013
Interest on borrowings	\$149,312	\$111,900	\$62,657
Amortization of deferred financing costs	14,266	11,491	8,232
Accretion of discount on Public Notes	213	156	50
Facility commitment fees	6,869	6,556	5,402
Total interest and credit facility expenses	\$170,660	\$130,103	\$76,341
Average principal debt outstanding	\$2,830,727	\$1,984,164	\$1,066,368
Weighted average stated interest rate on borrowings(1)	5.27 %	5.64	5.88 %
Weighted average interest rate on borrowings(2)	6.03 %	6.56	7.16 %
Revolving Credit Facility amount at beginning of period	\$857,500	\$552,500	\$492,500
(1) Includes only the stated interest expense.			

Includes the stated interest expense, amortization of deferred financing costs, accretion of discount on Public Notes and commitment fees on the undrawn portion of our Revolving Credit Facility.

The increase in interest expense during the year ended June 30, 2015 is primarily due to utilizing more debt in 2015 and late 2014 including the issuance of additional Prospect Capital InterNotes®, the 5.00% 2019 Notes and the 2020 Notes, for which we incurred an incremental \$38,898 of collective interest expense. The weighted average stated interest rate on borrowings (excluding amortization, accretion and undrawn facility fees) decreased from 5.64% for the year ended June 30, 2014 to 5.27% for the year ended June 30, 2015. This decrease is primarily due to issuances of debt at lower rates.

The increase in interest expense during the year ended June 30, 2014 compared to the year ended June 30, 2013 is primarily due to the issuance of additional Prospect Capital InterNotes®, the 2019 Notes, the 5.00% 2019 Notes, the 2020 Notes and the

2023 Notes, for which we incurred an incremental \$49,101 of collective interest expense. The weighted average interest rate on borrowings (excluding amortization, accretion and undrawn facility fees) decreased from 5.88% for the year ended June 30, 2013 to 5.64% for the year ended June 30, 2014. This decrease is primarily due to issuances of debt at lower coupon rates.

The allocation of overhead expense from Prospect Administration was \$21,906, \$14,373 and \$8,737 for the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively. During the year ended June 30, 2015, Prospect Administration received payments of \$6,929 directly from our portfolio companies for legal, tax and portfolio level accounting services. We were given a credit for these payments as a reduction of the administrative services cost payable by us to Prospect Administration, resulting in net overhead expense of \$14,977 during the year ended June 30, 2015. Had Prospect Administration not received these payments, Prospect Administration's charges for its administrative services would have increased by these amounts. As our portfolio continues to grow, we expect Prospect Administration to continue to increase the size of its administrative and financial staff.

We accrued an expense of \$6,500 for excise taxes for the year ended June 30, 2013. During the year ended June 30, 2014, we amended our excise tax returns resulting in the \$4,200 reversal of previously recognized expense and we recorded a \$2,200 prepaid asset for the amount our \$4,500 excise tax payment exceeded the excise tax liability estimated through June 30, 2014. During the year ended June 30, 2015, we amended our historical excise tax returns which resulted in the increased excise tax expense of \$2,505 and we recorded an excise tax payable of \$305. Total operating expenses, net of investment advisory fees, interest and credit facility expenses, allocation of overhead from Prospect Administration and excise tax ("Other Operating Expenses") were \$14,918, \$16,496 and \$8,803 for the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The decrease of \$1,578 during the year ended June 30, 2015 is primarily due to a decrease in the expenses related to potential investments that did not materialize. The increase of \$7,693 during the year ended June 30, 2014 is primarily due to an increase in our investor relations expense which is included within other general and administrative expenses. Investor relations expense increased due to increased proxy costs incurred for our larger investor base.

Net Investment Income

Net investment income represents the difference between investment income and operating expenses. Net investment income was \$362,747, \$357,223 and \$324,924 for the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively. During the year ended June 30, 2015, the significant increase in the asset base resulted in an additional \$135,233 of interest income which was offset by increased interest costs from the leverage utilized of \$40,557 and increased base management fees of \$25,600. Also reducing net investment income for the year ended June 30, 2015 versus June 30, 2014 were significant declines in the dividends received from Airmall, Borga, and Credit Central, and a decrease in other income of \$37,266. The decrease in other income is primarily from a reduction in structuring fees from lower origination levels and purchases of online consumer and commercial loans, which do not generate structuring fees. During the year ended June 30, 2014, the significant increase in the asset base resulted in an additional \$178,286 of interest income which was partially offset by increased interest costs from the leverage utilized of \$53,762 and increased base management fees of \$39,190. Also reducing net investment income for the year ended June 30, 2014 versus June 30, 2013 were significant declines in the dividends received from Energy Solutions. Net investment income for the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013 was \$1.03, \$1.19 and \$1.57 per weighted average share, respectively. During the year ended June 30, 2015, the decrease is primarily due to a \$0.14 per weighted average share decrease in other income driven by reduced structuring fees and a \$0.07 per weighted average share decrease in dividend income received from our investments in Airmall, Borga, and Credit Central. These decreases were partially offset by a \$0.04 per weighted average share decrease in income incentive fees. During the year ended June 30, 2014, the decrease is primarily due to a \$0.41 per weighted average share decrease in investment income driven by a \$0.31 per weighted average share decrease in dividend income received from our investment in Energy Solutions. The decrease is also attributable to a \$0.06 per weighted average share increase in interest costs from the leverage utilized. These decreases were partially offset by a \$0.09 per weighted average share decrease in income incentive fees.

Net Realized Losses

During the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013, we recognized net realized losses on investments of \$180,423, \$3,346 and \$26,234, respectively. The net realized loss during the year ended June 30, 2015 was primarily due to the sale of our investments in Airmall, Ajax, Borga, BXC and VSA for which we recognized total realized losses of \$47,546, and the sale of four of our CLO investments for which we realized total losses of \$15,561, as discussed above. During the year ended June 30, 2015, we determined that the impairments of several of our investments (e.g., Appalachian Energy, Change Clean Energy Company, Coalbed, Edmentum, Manx, New Century Transportation, Stryker Energy, THS, Wind River Resources Corporation, and Yatesville Coal Company) were other-than-temporary and recorded total realized losses of \$123,555 (which were previously recognized as unrealized losses) for the amount that the amortized cost exceeded the fair value. These losses were partially offset by net realized gains from the proceeds collected on warrants redeemed from Snacks Parent Corporation, litigation settlements, partial sales, and the release of escrowed amounts due to us from several portfolio companies, for which we recognized total realized gains of \$6.239.

The net realized loss during the year ended June 30, 2014 was due primarily to realized losses of \$7,853 and \$1,669 related to the sale of our investments in National Bankruptcy Services, LLC and ICON Health & Fitness, Inc. ("ICON"), respectively. These losses were partially offset by net realized gains from the redemption of the Apidos CLO VIII subordinated notes, partial sales, and the release of escrowed amounts due to us from several portfolio companies, for which we recognized total realized gains of \$6,176. The net realized loss during the year ended June 30, 2013 was primarily due to the H&M debt restructuring which resulted in a capital loss of \$19,647 in connection with the foreclosure on the assets, and the sale of our investment in New Meatco Provisions, LLC for which we recognized a realized loss of \$10,814. During the year ended June 30, 2013, we determined that the impairment of THS/VSA was other-than-temporary and recorded a realized loss of \$12,117 (which was previously recognized as unrealized losses) for the amount that the amortized cost exceeded the fair value. These losses were partially offset by net realized gains from the sale of the assets formerly held by H&M, partial sales, and the release of escrowed amounts due to us from several portfolio companies, for which we recognized total realized gains of \$16,344.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, we repurchased \$8,000 aggregate principal amount of the 2020 Notes, redeemed \$100,000 aggregate principal amount of the 2022 Notes, and redeemed \$83,924 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® (including amounts repaid in accordance with the Survivor's Option). As a result of these transactions, we recognized net realized losses on debt extinguishment of \$3,950 in the year ended June 30, 2015. We did not recognize any gains or losses on debt extinguishment during the years ended June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2013. Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)

Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) was \$167,965, \$(34,857) and \$(77,834) for the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The variability in results is primarily due to the valuation of equity positions in our portfolio susceptible to significant changes in value, both increases as well as decreases, due to operating results. For the year ended June 30, 2015, the \$202,822 increase in net change in unrealized appreciation was primarily the result of realizing losses that were previously unrealized related to the sale of our investments in Airmall, Ajax, Borga, BXC and VSA, and the impairment of certain investments for which we eliminated the unrealized depreciation balances related to these investments. We also experienced significant write-ups in our investments in APRC, First Tower, Harbortouch, NPRC, and UPRC. These instances of unrealized appreciation were partially offset by unrealized depreciation related to CP Energy, Gulf Coast, Pacific World, R-V, and Valley Electric. For the year ended June 30, 2014, the \$42,977 increase in net change in unrealized depreciation was primarily the result of significant write-ups in our investments in CP Well, First Tower, Harbortouch, and our CLO equity investments. These instances of unrealized appreciation were partially offset by the significant write-down of our investment in NCT, which filed for bankruptcy in June 2014. As we held a second lien position and did not expect liquidation proceeds to exceed the first lien liability, we decreased the fair value of our debt investment in NCT to zero. We also experienced significant write-downs in our investments in Airmall, Ajax, Gulf Coast, and Valley Electric.

Financial Condition, Liquidity and Capital Resources

For the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013, our operating activities provided (used) \$45,464, \$(1,725,231) and \$(1,786,158) of cash, respectively. There were no investing activities for the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013. Financing activities (used) provided \$(69,663), \$1,656,220 and \$1,868,200 of cash during the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively, which included dividend payments of \$414,833, \$377,070 and \$242,301, respectively.

Our primary uses of funds have been to continue to invest in portfolio companies, through both debt and equity investments, repay outstanding borrowings and to make cash distributions to holders of our common stock.

Our primary sources of funds have historically been issuances of debt and equity. More recently, we have and may continue to fund a portion of our cash needs through repayments and opportunistic sales of our existing investment portfolio. We may also securitize a portion of our investments in unsecured or senior secured loans or other assets. Our objective is to put in place such borrowings in order to enable us to expand our portfolio. During the year ended June 30, 2015, we borrowed \$1,567,000 and made repayments totaling \$1,290,300 under our Revolving Credit Facility. As of June 30, 2015, we had \$368,700 outstanding on our Revolving Credit Facility, \$1,239,500 outstanding on the Convertible Notes, Public Notes with a carrying value of \$548,094, and \$827,442 outstanding on the Prospect Capital InterNotes®. (See "Capitalization" above.)

Undrawn committed revolvers and delayed draw term loans to our portfolio companies incur commitment and unused fees ranging from 0.00% to 2.00%. As of June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, we had \$88,288 and \$72,118, respectively, of undrawn revolver and delayed draw term loan commitments to our portfolio companies.

Our shareholders' equity accounts as of June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014 reflect cumulative shares issued as of those respective dates. Our common stock has been issued through public offerings, a registered direct offering, the exercise of over-allotment options on the part of the underwriters, our dividend reinvestment plan and in connection with the acquisition of certain controlled portfolio companies. When our common stock is issued, the related offering expenses have been charged against paid-in capital in excess of par. All underwriting fees and offering expenses were borne by us.

On August 24, 2011, our Board of Directors approved a share repurchase plan (the "Repurchase Program") under which we may repurchase up to \$100,000 of our common stock at prices below our net asset value per share. Prior to any repurchase, we are required to notify shareholders of our intention to purchase our common stock. Our last notice was delivered on June 16, 2015. This notice lasts for six months after notice is given. We did not make any purchases of our common stock during the period from August 24, 2011 to June 30, 2015 pursuant to the Repurchase Program. See "Recent Developments" for shares purchased under the Repurchase Program subsequent to June 30, 2015. Our Board of Directors, pursuant to the Maryland General Corporation Law, executed Articles of Amendment to increase the number of shares authorized for issuance from 500,000,000 to 1,000,000,000 in the aggregate. The amendment became effective May 6, 2014.

On November 4, 2014, our Registration Statement on Form N-2 was declared effective by the SEC. Under this Shelf Registration Statement, we can issue up to \$4,822,626 of additional debt and equity securities in the public market as of June 30, 2015.

On August 29, 2014, we entered into an ATM Program with BB&T Capital Markets, Goldman Sachs, KeyBanc Capital Markets, and RBC Capital Markets through which we could sell, by means of at-the-market offerings from time to time, up to 50,000,000 shares of our common stock. During the period from September 8, 2014 through October 29, 2014 (with settlement dates of September 11, 2014 to November 3, 2014), we sold 9,490,975 shares of our common stock at an average price of \$10.03 per share and raised \$95,149 of gross proceeds under the ATM Program. Net proceeds were \$94,500 after commissions to the broker-dealer on shares sold and offering costs. On November 7, 2014, we entered into an ATM Program with BB&T Capital Markets, Goldman Sachs, KeyBanc Capital Markets, RBC Capital Markets and Santander Investment Securities through which we could sell, by means of at-the-market offerings from time to time, up to 50,000,000 shares of our common stock. During the period from November 12, 2014 through November 28, 2014 (with settlement dates of November 17, 2014 to December 3, 2014), we sold 5,354,581 shares of our common stock at an average price of \$9.65 per share and raised \$51,678 of gross proceeds under the ATM Program. Net proceeds were \$50,941 after commissions to the broker-dealer on shares sold and offering costs. There have been no issuances under the ATM Program subsequent to December 3, 2014. Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

As of June 30, 2015, we did not have any off-balance sheet liabilities or other contractual obligations that are reasonably likely to have a current or future material effect on our financial condition, other than those which originate from 1) the investment advisory and management agreement and the administration agreement and 2) the portfolio companies.

Recent Developments

On July 1, 2015, we provided \$31,000 of first lien senior secured financing, of which \$30,200 was funded at closing, to Intelius, Inc. ("Intelius"), an online information commerce company.

On July 8, 2015, we sold 27.45% of the outstanding principal balance of the senior secured Term Loan A investment in InterDent for \$34,415. There was no gain or loss realized on the sale.

On July 23, 2015, we made an investment of \$37,969 to purchase 80.73% of the subordinated notes in Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2015-3 Ltd. in a co-investment transaction with Priority Income Fund, Inc., a closed-end fund managed by an affiliate of Prospect Capital Management.

On July 23, 2015, we issued 193,892 shares of our common stock in connection with the dividend reinvestment plan. On July 24, 2015, TB Corp. repaid the \$23,628 loan receivable to us.

On August 6, 2015, we provided \$92,500 of first lien senior secured debt to support the refinancing of Crosman Corporation. Concurrent with the refinancing, we received repayment of the \$40,000 second lien term loan previously outstanding.

On August 7, 2015, Ryan, LLC repaid the \$72,701 loan receivable to us.

On August 11, 2015, we made a \$13,500 follow-on first lien senior secured debt investment in Intelius, of which \$13,000 was funded at closing, to support an acquisition.

On August 12, 2015, we made an investment of \$22,898 to purchase 50.04% of the subordinated notes in Octagon Investment Partners XVIII, Ltd.

On August 12, 2015, we sold 780 of our small business whole loans purchased from OnDeck to Jefferies Asset Funding LLC for proceeds of \$26,562, net of related transaction expenses, and a trust certificate representing a 41.54% interest in the MarketPlace Loan Trust, Series 2015-OD2.

On August 14, 2015, we announced the then current conversion rate on the 2018 Notes as 84.1497 shares of common stock per \$1 principal amount of the 2018 Notes converted, which is equivalent to a conversion price of approximately \$11.88.

On August 20, 2015, we issued 152,896 shares of our common stock in connection with the dividend reinvestment plan.

On August 21, 2015, we committed to funding a \$16,000 second lien secured investment in a provider of customer care outsourcing services.

During the period from July 1, 2015 through August 26, 2015, we made seven follow-on investments in NPRC totaling \$52,852 to support the online consumer lending initiative. We invested \$12,508 of equity through NPH and \$40,344 of debt directly to ACL Loan Holdings, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of NPRC.

During the period from July 1, 2015 through August 26, 2015, our wholly-owned subsidiary PSBL purchased \$14,101 of small business whole loans from OnDeck.

During the period from July 1, 2015 through August 26, 2015, we issued \$32,362 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® for net proceeds of \$31,870. In addition, we sold \$1,425 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® for net proceeds of \$1,405 with expected closing on August 27, 2015.

During the period from July 28, 2015 through August 14, 2015 (with settlement dates of July 31, 2015 to August 19, 2015), we repurchased 4,158,750 shares of our common stock at an average price of \$7.22 per share, including commissions.

On August 24, 2015, we announced the declaration of monthly dividends in the following amounts and with the following dates:

0.08333 per share for September 2015 to holders of record on September 30, 2015 with a payment date of October 22, 2015; and

\$0.08333 per share for October 2015 to holders of record on October 30, 2015 with a payment date of November 19, 2015.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Basis of Presentation and Consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") pursuant to the requirements for reporting on Form 10-K, ASC 946, Financial Services—Investment Companies ("ASC 946"), and Articles 6, 10 and 12 of Regulation S-X. Under the 1940 Act, ASC 946, and the regulations

pursuant to Article 6 of Regulation S-X, we are precluded from consolidating any entity other than another investment company or an operating company which provides substantially all of its services to benefit us. Our consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Prospect, PCF, PSBL, PYC, and the Consolidated Holding Companies. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. The financial results of our non-substantially wholly-owned holding companies and operating portfolio company investments are not consolidated in the financial statements. Any operating companies owned by the Consolidated Holding Companies are not consolidated.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of income, expenses, and gains and losses during the reported period. Changes in the economic environment, financial markets, creditworthiness of our portfolio companies and any other parameters used in determining these estimates could cause actual results to differ, and these differences could be material. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include funds deposited with financial institutions and short-term, highly-liquid overnight investments in money market funds. Cash and cash equivalents are carried at cost which approximates fair value. Investment Classification

We are a non-diversified company within the meaning of the 1940 Act. As required by the 1940 Act, we classify our investments by level of control. As defined in the 1940 Act, "Control Investments" are those where there is the ability or power to exercise a controlling influence over the management or policies of a company. Control is generally deemed to exist when a company or individual possesses or has the right to acquire within 60 days or less, a beneficial ownership of more than 25% of the voting securities of an investee company. Under the 1940 Act, "Affiliate Investments" are defined by a lesser degree of influence and are deemed to exist through the possession outright or via the right to acquire within 60 days or less, beneficial ownership of 5% or more of the outstanding voting securities of another person. "Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments" are those that are neither Control Investments nor Affiliate Investments.

Investments are recognized when we assume an obligation to acquire a financial instrument and assume the risks for gains or losses related to that instrument. Investments are derecognized when we assume an obligation to sell a financial instrument and forego the risks for gains or losses related to that instrument. Specifically, we record all security transactions on a trade date basis. Amounts for investments recognized or derecognized but not yet settled are reported in due to broker for investments purchased or as a receivable for investments sold in the consolidated statements of assets and liabilities.

Investment Risks

Our investments are subject to a variety of risks. Those risks include the following:

Market Risk

Market risk represents the potential loss that can be caused by a change in the fair value of the financial instrument. Credit Risk

Credit risk represents the risk that we would incur if the counterparties failed to perform pursuant to the terms of their agreements with us.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk represents the possibility that we may not be able to rapidly adjust the size of our investment positions in times of high volatility and financial stress at a reasonable price.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk represents a change in interest rates, which could result in an adverse change in the fair value of an interest-bearing financial instrument.

Prepayment Risk

Many of our debt investments allow for prepayment of principal without penalty. Downward changes in interest rates may cause prepayments to occur at a faster than expected rate, thereby effectively shortening the maturity of the security and making the security less likely to be an income producing instrument.

Investment Valuation

To value our investments, we follow the guidance of ASC 820, Fair Value Measurement ("ASC 820"), that defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in conformity with GAAP, and requires disclosures about fair value measurements. In accordance with ASC 820, the fair value of our investments is defined as the price that we would receive upon selling an investment in an orderly transaction to an independent buyer in the principal or most advantageous market in which that investment is transacted.

ASC 820 classifies the inputs used to measure these fair values into the following hierarchy:

Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities, accessible by us at the measurement date.

Level 2: Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, or quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, or other observable inputs other than quoted prices.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

In all cases, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement in its entirety falls has been determined based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Our assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to each investment.

Our Board of Directors has established procedures for the valuation of our investment portfolio. These procedures are detailed below.

Investments for which market quotations are readily available are valued at such market quotations.

For most of our investments, market quotations are not available. With respect to investments for which market quotations are not readily available or when such market quotations are deemed not to represent fair value, our Board of Directors has approved a multi-step valuation process each quarter, as described below.

- 1. Each portfolio company or investment is reviewed by our investment professionals with independent valuation firms engaged by our Board of Directors.
- 2. The independent valuation firms conduct independent valuations and make their own independent assessments.
- The Audit Committee of our Board of Directors reviews and discusses the preliminary valuation of the Investment Adviser and that of the independent valuation firms.
 - The Board of Directors discusses valuations and determines the fair value of each investment in our portfolio in
- 4. good faith based on the input of the Investment Adviser, the respective independent valuation firm and the Audit Committee.

Our non-CLO investments are valued utilizing a yield analysis, enterprise value ("EV") analysis, net asset value analysis, liquidation analysis, discounted cash flow analysis, or a combination of methods, as appropriate. The yield analysis uses loan spreads, dividend yields for certain investments and other relevant information implied by market data involving identical or comparable assets or liabilities. Under the EV analysis, the EV of a portfolio company is first determined and allocated over the portfolio company's securities in order of their preference relative to one another (i.e., "waterfall" allocation). To determine the EV, we typically use a market multiples approach that considers relevant and applicable market trading data of guideline public companies, transaction metrics from precedent M&A transactions and/or a discounted cash flow analysis. The net asset value analysis is used to derive a value of an underlying investment (such as real estate property) by dividing a relevant earnings stream by an appropriate capitalization rate. For this purpose, we consider capitalization rates for similar properties as may be obtained from guideline public companies and/or relevant transactions. The liquidation analysis is intended to approximate the net recovery value of an investment based on, among other things, assumptions regarding liquidation proceeds based on a hypothetical liquidation of a portfolio company's assets. The discounted cash flow analysis uses valuation techniques to convert future cash flows or earnings to a range of fair values from which a single estimate may be derived utilizing an appropriate discount rate. The measurement is based on the net present value indicated by current market expectations about those future amounts.

In applying these methodologies, additional factors that we consider in valuing our investments may include, as we deem relevant: security covenants, call protection provisions, and information rights; the nature and realizable value of any collateral; the portfolio company's ability to make payments; the principal markets in which the portfolio company does business; publicly available financial ratios of peer companies; the principal market; and enterprise values, among other factors.

Our investments in CLOs are classified as ASC 820 Level 3 securities and are valued using a discounted cash flow model. The valuations have been accomplished through the analysis of the CLO deal structures to identify the risk exposures from the modeling point of view as well as to determine an appropriate call date. For each CLO security, the most appropriate valuation approach has been chosen from alternative approaches to ensure the most accurate valuation for such security. To value a CLO, both the assets and the liabilities of the CLO capital structure are modeled. We use a waterfall engine to store the collateral data, generate collateral cash flows from the assets based on various assumptions for the risk factors, distribute the cash flows to the liability structure based on the payment priorities, and discount them back using current market discount rates. The main risk factors are: default risk, interest rate risk, downgrade risk, and credit spread risk.

Valuation of Other Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

ASC 825, Financial Instruments, specifically ASC 825-10-25, permits an entity to choose, at specified election dates, to measure eligible items at fair value (the "Fair Value Option"). We have not elected the Fair Value Option to report selected financial assets and financial liabilities. See Note 8 for further discussion of our financial liabilities that are measured using another measurement attribute.

Convertible Notes

We have recorded the Convertible Notes at their contractual amounts. The Convertible Notes were analyzed for any features that would require bifurcation and such features were determined to be immaterial. See Note 5 for further discussion.

Revenue Recognition

Realized gains or losses on the sale of investments are calculated using the specific identification method. Interest income, adjusted for amortization of premium and accretion of discount, is recorded on an accrual basis. Origination, closing and/or commitment fees associated with investments in portfolio companies are accreted into interest income over the respective terms of the applicable loans. Accretion of such purchase discounts or amortization of premiums is calculated by the effective interest method as of the purchase date and adjusted only for material amendments or prepayments. Upon the prepayment of a loan or debt security, any prepayment penalties and unamortized loan origination, closing and commitment fees are recorded as interest income. The purchase discount for portfolio investments acquired from Patriot Capital Funding, Inc. ("Patriot") was determined based on the difference between par value and fair value as of December 2, 2009, and continued to accrete until maturity or repayment of the respective loans. As of December 31, 2013, the purchase discount for the assets acquired from Patriot had been fully accreted. See Note 3 for further discussion.

Loans are placed on non-accrual status when there is reasonable doubt that principal or interest will be collected. Unpaid accrued interest is generally reversed when a loan is placed on non-accrual status. Interest payments received on non-accrual loans may be recognized as income or applied to principal depending upon management's judgment. Non-accrual loans are restored to accrual status when past due principal and interest is paid and in management's judgment, is likely to remain current. As of June 30, 2015, approximately 0.1% of our total assets are in non-accrual status.

Interest income from investments in the "equity" class of security of CLO funds (typically income notes or subordinated notes) is recorded based upon an estimation of an effective yield to expected maturity utilizing assumed cash flows in accordance with ASC 325-40, Beneficial Interests in Securitized Financial Assets. We monitor the expected cash inflows from our CLO equity investments, including the expected residual payments, and the effective yield is determined and updated periodically.

Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date.

Structuring fees and similar fees are recognized as income as earned, usually when paid. Structuring fees, excess deal deposits, net profits interests and overriding royalty interests are included in other income. See Note 10 for further

discussion.

Federal and State Income Taxes

We have elected to be treated as a regulated investment company and intend to continue to comply with the requirements of the Code applicable to regulated investment companies. We are required to distribute at least 90% of our investment company taxable income and intend to distribute (or retain through a deemed distribution) all of our investment company taxable income

and net capital gain to stockholders; therefore, we have made no provision for income taxes. The character of income and gains that we will distribute is determined in accordance with income tax regulations that may differ from GAAP. Book and tax basis differences relating to stockholder dividends and distributions and other permanent book and tax differences are reclassified to paid-in capital.

If we do not distribute (or are not deemed to have distributed) at least 98% of our annual ordinary income and 98.2% of our capital gains in the calendar year earned, we will generally be required to pay an excise tax equal to 4% of the amount by which 98% of our annual ordinary income and 98.2% of our capital gains exceed the distributions from such taxable income for the year. To the extent that we determine that our estimated current year annual taxable income will be in excess of estimated current year dividend distributions from such taxable income, we accrue excise taxes, if any, on estimated excess taxable income. For the calendar year ended December 31, 2014, we incurred an excise tax expense of \$461 because our annual taxable income exceeded our distributions. As of June 30, 2015, we had a payable of \$305 for excise taxes as our expected excise tax liability exceeded our excise tax payments through June 30, 2015. This amount is included within accrued expenses on the Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities as of June 30, 2015.

If we fail to satisfy the annual distribution requirement or otherwise fail to qualify as a RIC in any taxable year, we would be subject to tax on all of our taxable income at regular corporate rates. We would not be able to deduct distributions to stockholders, nor would we be required to make distributions. Distributions would generally be taxable to our individual and other non-corporate taxable stockholders as ordinary dividend income eligible for the reduced maximum rate applicable to qualified dividend income to the extent of our current and accumulated earnings and profits, provided certain holding period and other requirements are met. Subject to certain limitations under the Code, corporate distributions would be eligible for the dividends-received deduction. To qualify again to be taxed as a RIC in a subsequent year, we would be required to distribute to our shareholders our accumulated earnings and profits attributable to non-RIC years reduced by an interest charge of 50% of such earnings and profits payable by us as an additional tax. In addition, if we failed to qualify as a RIC for a period greater than two taxable years, then, in order to qualify as a RIC in a subsequent year, we would be required to elect to recognize and pay tax on any net built-in gain (the excess of aggregate gain, including items of income, over aggregate loss that would have been realized if we had been liquidated) or, alternatively, be subject to taxation on such built-in gain recognized for a period of ten years. We follow ASC 740, Income Taxes ("ASC 740"). ASC 740 provides guidance for how uncertain tax positions should be recognized, measured, presented, and disclosed in the consolidated financial statements. ASC 740 requires the evaluation of tax positions taken or expected to be taken in the course of preparing our tax returns to determine whether the tax positions are "more-likely-than-not" of being sustained by the applicable tax authority. Tax positions not deemed to meet the more-likely-than-not threshold are recorded as a tax benefit or expense in the current year. As of June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2015 and for the years then ended, we did not have a liability for any tax benefits. Management's determinations regarding ASC 740 may be subject to review and adjustment at a later date based upon factors including, but not limited to, an on-going analysis of tax laws, regulations and interpretations thereof. Although we file both federal and state income tax returns, our major tax jurisdiction is federal. Our tax returns for our federal tax years ending August 31, 2012 and thereafter remain subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service.

Dividends and Distributions

Dividends and distributions to common stockholders are recorded on the ex-dividend date. The amount, if any, to be paid as a monthly dividend or distribution is approved by our Board of Directors quarterly and is generally based upon our management's estimate of our future earnings. Net realized capital gains, if any, are distributed at least annually. Financing Costs

We record origination expenses related to our Revolving Credit Facility and Convertible Notes, Public Notes and Prospect Capital InterNotes® (collectively, our "Unsecured Notes") as deferred financing costs. These expenses are deferred and amortized as part of interest expense using the straight-line method for our Revolving Credit Facility and the effective interest method for our Unsecured Notes over the respective expected life or maturity. In the event that we modify or extinguish our debt before maturity, we follow the guidance in ASC 470-50, Modification and Extinguishments ("ASC 470-50"). For modifications to or exchanges of our Revolving Credit Facility, any unamortized

deferred costs relating to lenders who are not part of the new lending group are expensed. For extinguishments of our Unsecured Notes, any unamortized deferred costs are deducted from the carrying amount of the debt in determining the gain or loss from the extinguishment.

We record registration expenses related to shelf filings as prepaid assets. These expenses consist principally of SEC registration fees, legal fees and accounting fees incurred. These prepaid assets are charged to capital upon the receipt of proceeds from an equity offering or charged to expense if no offering is completed.

Guarantees and Indemnification Agreements

We follow ASC 460, Guarantees ("ASC 460"). ASC 460 elaborates on the disclosure requirements of a guarantor in its interim and annual consolidated financial statements about its obligations under certain guarantees that it has issued. It also requires a guarantor to recognize, at the inception of a guarantee, for those guarantees that are covered by ASC 460, the fair value of the obligation undertaken in issuing certain guarantees.

Per Share Information

Net increase or decrease in net assets resulting from operations per share is calculated using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period presented. In accordance with ASC 946, convertible securities are not considered in the calculation of net asset value per share.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In August 2014, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2014-15, Disclosure of Uncertainties about an Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern ("ASU 2014-15"). ASU 2014-15 will explicitly require management to assess an entity's ability to continue as a going concern, and to provide related footnote disclosure in certain circumstances. ASU 2014-15 is effective for annual and interim periods ending after December 15, 2016. Early application is permitted. The adoption of the amended guidance in ASU 2014-15 is not expected to have a significant effect on our consolidated financial statements and disclosures.

In January 2015, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2015-01, Simplifying Income Statement Presentation by Eliminating the Concept of Extraordinary Items ("ASU 2015-01"). ASU 2015-01 simplifies income statement presentation by eliminating the need to determine whether to classify an item as an extraordinary item. ASU 2015-01 is effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Early adoption is permitted; however, adoption must occur at the beginning of an annual period. The adoption of the amended guidance in ASU 2015-01 is not expected to have a significant effect on our consolidated financial statements and disclosures.

In February 2015, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2015-02, Amendments to the Consolidation Analysis ("ASU 2015-02"). ASU 2015-02 eliminates the deferral of FAS 167, which allowed reporting entities with interests in certain investment funds to follow the previous consolidation guidance in FIN 46(R), and makes other changes to both the variable interest model and the voting model. ASU 2015-02 is effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Early adoption is permitted, including adoption in an interim period. A reporting entity may apply the amendments using a modified retrospective approach by recording a cumulative-effect adjustment to equity as of the beginning of the period of adoption or may apply the amendments retrospectively. We are currently evaluating the effect the adoption of the amended guidance in ASU 2015-02 may have on our consolidated financial statements and disclosures.

In April 2015, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2015-03, Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs ("ASU 2015-03"). ASU 2015-03 requires debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability to be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the debt liability rather than as an asset. The new guidance will make the presentation of debt issuance costs consistent with the presentation of debt discounts or premiums. ASU 2015-03 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted for financial statements that have not been previously issued. The new guidance must be applied on a retrospective basis to all prior periods presented in the financial statements. The adoption of the amended guidance in ASU 2015-03 is not expected to have a significant effect on our consolidated financial statements and disclosures.

QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We are subject to financial market risks, including changes in interest rates and equity price risk. Some of the loans in our portfolio have floating interest rates.

We may hedge against interest rate fluctuations by using standard hedging instruments such as futures, options and forward contracts subject to the requirements of the 1940 Act. While hedging activities may insulate us against adverse changes in interest rates, they may also limit our ability to participate in the benefits of higher interest rates with respect to our portfolio of investments. During the year ended June 30, 2015, we did not engage in hedging activities.

REGISTRATION AND SETTLEMENT

The Depository Trust Company

All of the notes we offer will be issued in book-entry only form. This means that we will not issue certificates for notes, except in the limited case described below. Instead, we will issue global notes in registered form. Each global note will be held through DTC and will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of DTC.

Accordingly, Cede & Co. will be the holder of record of the notes. Each note represented by a global note evidences a beneficial interest in that global note.

Beneficial interests in a global note will be shown on, and transfers are effected through, records maintained by DTC or its participants. In order to own a beneficial interest in a note, you must be an institution that has an account with DTC or have a direct or indirect account with such an institution. Transfers of ownership interests in the notes will be accomplished by making entries in DTC participants' books acting on behalf of beneficial owners.

So long as DTC or its nominee is the registered holder of a global note, DTC or its nominee, as the case may be, will be the sole holder and owner of the notes represented thereby for all purposes, including payment of principal and interest, under the indenture. Except as otherwise provided below, you will not be entitled to receive physical delivery of certificated notes and will not be considered the holder of the notes for any purpose under the indenture.

Accordingly, you must rely on the procedures of DTC and the procedures of the DTC participant through which you own your note in order to exercise any rights of a holder of a note under the indenture. The laws of some jurisdictions require that certain purchasers of notes take physical delivery of such notes in certificated form. Those limits and laws may impair the ability to transfer beneficial interests in the notes.

Each global note representing notes will be exchangeable for certificated notes of like tenor and terms and of differing authorized denominations in a like aggregate principal amount, only if (1) DTC notifies us that it is unwilling or unable to continue as depositary for the global notes or we become aware that DTC has ceased to be a clearing agency registered under the Exchange Act and, in any such case we fail to appoint a successor to DTC within 60 calendar days, (2) we, in our sole discretion, determine that the global notes shall be exchangeable for certificated notes or (3) an event of default has occurred and is continuing with respect to the notes under the indenture. Upon any such exchange, the certificated notes shall be registered in the names of the beneficial owners of the global note representing the notes.

The following is based on information furnished by DTC:

DTC will act as securities depositary for the notes. The notes will be issued as fully-registered notes registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. Generally, one fully registered global note will be issued for all of the principal amount of the notes

DTC is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Exchange Act. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 2 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues and money market instruments from over 85 countries that DTC's direct participants deposit with DTC.

DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among direct participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between direct participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct participants include both U.S. and non U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC, in turn, is owned by a number of direct participants of DTC and members of the National Securities Clearing Corporation, Government Securities Clearing Corporation, MBS Clearing Corporation, and Emerging Markets Clearing Corporation, as well as by The New York Stock Exchange, Inc., the American Stock Exchange LLC, and the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a direct participant, either directly or indirectly. The DTC rules applicable to its

participants are on file with the SEC. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com. Purchases of the notes under the DTC system must be made by or through direct participants, which will receive a credit for the notes on DTC's records. The beneficial interest of each actual purchaser of each note is in turn to be recorded on the direct and indirect participants' records. Beneficial owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase.

Beneficial owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the direct or indirect participant through which the beneficial owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of beneficial interests in the notes are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of direct and indirect participants acting on behalf of beneficial owners. Beneficial owners will not receive certificates representing their beneficial interests in notes, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the notes is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all notes deposited by direct participants with DTC will be registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co. or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of the notes with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual beneficial owners of the notes; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the direct participants to whose accounts such notes will be credited, which may or may not be the beneficial owners. The direct and indirect participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to direct participants, by direct participants to indirect participants, and by direct participants and indirect participants to beneficial owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Beneficial owners of the notes may wish to take certain steps to augment the transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the notes, such as redemption, tenders, defaults, and proposed amendments to the security documents. For example, beneficial owners of the notes may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the notes for their benefit has agreed to obtain and transmit notices to beneficial owners. In the alternative, beneficial owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the registrar of the notes and request that copies of the notices be provided to them directly. Any such request may or may not be successful.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to the notes unless authorized by a direct participant in accordance with DTC's procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to us as soon as possible after the regular record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those direct participants to whose accounts the notes are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

We will pay principal and or interest payments on the notes in same-day funds directly to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit direct participants' accounts on the applicable payment date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding

detail information. Payments by participants to beneficial owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of these participants and not of DTC or any other party, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements that may be in effect from time to time. Payment of principal and interest to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC, is our responsibility, disbursement of such payments to direct participants is the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the beneficial owners is the responsibility of the direct or indirect participant.

We will send any redemption notices to DTC. If less than all of the notes are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each direct participant in such issue to be redeemed.

A beneficial owner, or its authorized representative, shall give notice to elect to have its notes repaid by us, through its direct or indirect participant, to the trustee, and shall effect delivery of such notes by causing the direct participant to transfer that participant's interest in the global note representing such notes, on DTC's records, to the trustee. The requirement for physical delivery of notes in connection with a demand for repayment will be deemed satisfied when the ownership rights in the global note representing such notes are transferred by the direct participants on DTC's records.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as securities depository for the notes at any time by giving us reasonable notice. Under such circumstances, if a successor securities depositary is not obtained, we will print and deliver certificated notes. We may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry transfers through DTC (or a

successor securities depositary). In that event, we will print and deliver certificated notes.

The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's system has been obtained from sources that we believe to be reliable, but neither we, the Purchasing Agent nor any agent takes any responsibility for its accuracy.

Registration, Transfer and Payment of Certificated Notes

If we ever issue notes in certificated form, those notes may be presented for registration, transfer and payment at the office of the registrar or at the office of any transfer agent designated and maintained by us. We have originally designated

American Stock Transfer & Trust Company, LLC to act in those capacities for the notes. The registrar or transfer agent will make the transfer or registration only if it is satisfied with the documents of title and identity of the person making the request. There will not be a service charge for any exchange or registration of transfer of the notes, but we may require payment of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge that may be imposed in connection with the exchange. At any time, we may change transfer agents or approve a change in the location through which any transfer agent acts. We also may designate additional transfer agents for any notes at any time. We will not be required to: (1) issue, exchange or register the transfer of any note to be redeemed for a period of 15 days after the selection of the notes to be redeemed; (2) exchange or register the transfer of any note that was selected, called or is being called for redemption, except the unredeemed portion of any note being redeemed in part; or (3) exchange or register the transfer of any note as to which an election for repayment by the holder has been made, except the unrepaid portion of any note being repaid in part.

We will pay principal of and interest on any certificated notes at the offices of the paying agents we may designate from time. Generally, we will pay interest on a note by check on any interest payment date other than at stated maturity or upon earlier redemption or repayment to the person in whose name the note is registered at the close of business on the regular record date for that payment. We will pay principal and interest at stated maturity or upon earlier redemption or repayment in same-day funds against presentation and surrender of the applicable notes.

SUPPLEMENT TO MATERIAL U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS

The following summary of U.S. federal income tax considerations supplements the discussion set forth under the heading "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations" in the accompanying prospectus and is subject to the qualifications and assumptions set forth therein.

The following is a general summary of the material U.S. federal income tax considerations relating to the purchase, ownership and disposition of the notes. This discussion is based upon the Code, Treasury Regulations and judicial decisions and administrative interpretations thereof, all as of the date hereof and all of which are subject to change or differing interpretations, possibly with retroactive effect. No ruling from the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") has been or will be sought regarding any matter discussed herein. No assurance can be given that the IRS would not assert, or that a court would not sustain, a position contrary to any of the tax aspects set forth below.

This discussion applies only to a holder of notes that acquires the notes pursuant to this offering at their "issue price" within the meaning of the applicable provisions of the Code and who holds the notes as a capital asset (generally, property held for investment) under the Code. This discussion does not address any U.S. federal estate or gift tax consequences or any state, local or non-U.S. tax consequences. In addition, this discussion does not address all aspects of U.S. federal income taxation that may be applicable to investors in light of their particular circumstances, or to investors subject to special treatment under U.S. federal income tax law, including, but not limited to:

banks, insurance companies or other financial institutions;

pension plans or trusts;

U.S. noteholders (as defined below) whose functional currency is not the U.S. dollar;

real estate investment trusts;

regulated investment companies;

persons subject to the alternative minimum tax;

cooperatives;

fax-exempt organizations;

dealers in securities;

expatriates;

foreign persons or entities (except to the extent set forth below);

persons deemed to sell the notes under the constructive sale provisions of the Code; or

persons that hold the notes as part of a straddle, hedge, conversion transaction or other integrated investment. If a partnership (including any entity or arrangement treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes) owns notes, the tax treatment of a partner in the partnership will depend upon the status of the partner and the activities of the partnership. Partners in a partnership that owns the notes should consult their tax advisors as to the particular U.S. federal income tax consequences applicable to them.

We encourage investors to consult their tax advisors regarding the specific consequences of an investment in our notes, including tax reporting requirements, the applicability of U.S. federal, state or local and foreign tax laws, eligibility for the benefits of any applicable tax treaty and the effect of any possible changes in the tax laws. Consequences to U.S. Noteholders

The following is a general summary of the material U.S. federal income tax consequences that will apply to you if you are a U.S. noteholder. Material U.S. federal income tax consequences to non-U.S. noteholders are described under "Consequences to Non-U.S. Noteholders" below. For purposes of this summary, the term "U.S. noteholder" means a beneficial owner of a note that is, for U.S. federal income tax purposes (i) an individual who is a citizen or resident of the U.S., (ii) a corporation, or other entity treated as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes, that is created or organized under the laws of the U.S., any of the States or the District of Columbia, (iii) an estate the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income taxation regardless of its source, or (iv) a trust (A) if a court within the U.S. is able to exercise primary supervision over its administration and one or more U.S. persons have the authority to control all substantial decisions of such trust, or (B) that has made a valid election to be treated as a U.S. person for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

Stated interest and OID on the notes

Except as discussed below, a U.S. noteholder generally will be required to recognize stated interest as ordinary income at the time it is paid or accrued on the notes in accordance with its regular method of accounting for U.S. federal income tax purposes. In addition, if the notes' "issue price" (the first price at which a substantial amount of the notes is sold to investors) is less than their "stated redemption price at maturity" (the sum of all payments to be made on the notes other than "qualified stated interest") by more than a statutorily defined de minimis threshold, the notes will be issued with original issue discount

("OID") for U.S. federal income tax purposes. The term "qualified stated interest" generally means stated interest that is unconditionally payable at least annually at a single fixed rate or, if certain requirements are met (as described below), certain variable rates.

If the notes are issued with OID, a U.S. noteholder generally will be required to include the OID in gross income as ordinary interest income in advance of the receipt of cash attributable to that income and regardless of such holder's regular method of tax accounting. Such OID will be included in gross income for each day during each taxable year in which the note is held using a constant yield-to-maturity method that reflects the compounding of interest. This means that the holder will have to include in income increasingly greater amounts of OID over time. Notice will be given in the applicable pricing supplement if we determine that a particular note will be issued with OID. We are required to provide information returns stating the amount of OID accrued on the notes held by persons of record other than certain exempt holders.

If the notes are "step-up notes" (i.e., notes with a fixed interest rate that increases at pre-determined intervals), the tax treatment described in the first sentence under "—Consequences to U.S. Noteholders—Stated interest and OID on the notes" assumes that we will have the right to call the notes at par (plus accrued but unpaid interest) on each date that the interest rate increases. If this is not the case, interest that exceeds the lowest rate payable under the step-up note may not be treated as qualified stated interest and, depending on the amount of such excess, may thus cause the step-up note to be treated as issued with OID, in which case the notes generally would be subject to the OID rules discussed above. Prospective investors are urged to consult their own tax advisors regarding the treatment of step-up notes or similar notes.

If you own a note issued with de minimis OID (i.e., discount that is not OID), you generally must include the de minimis OID in income at the time principal payments on the notes are made in proportion to the amount paid. Any amount of de minimis OID that you have included in income will be treated as capital gain.

Short-term notes

Notes that have a fixed maturity of one year or less ("short-term notes") will be subject to the following special rules. All of the interest on a short-term note is treated as part of the short-term note's stated redemption price at maturity, thereby giving rise to OID. Thus, all short-term notes will be OID debt securities. OID will be treated as accruing on a short-term debt instrument ratably or, at the election of a U.S. noteholder, under a constant yield method. A U.S. noteholder that uses the cash method of tax accounting (with certain exceptions) will generally not be required to include OID in respect of the short-term note in income on a current basis, though they may be required to include stated interest in income as the income is received. Such a U.S. noteholder may not be allowed to deduct all of the interest paid or accrued on any indebtedness incurred or maintained to purchase or carry such a short-term note until the maturity of the note or its earlier disposition in a taxable transaction. In addition, such a U.S. noteholder will be required to treat any gain realized on a disposition of the note as ordinary income to the extent of the holder's accrued OID on the note, and short-term capital gain to the extent the gain exceeds accrued OID. A U.S. noteholder that uses the cash method of tax accounting may, however, elect to include OID on a short-term note in income on a current basis. In such case, the limitation on the deductibility of interest described above will not apply. A U.S. noteholder that uses the accrual method of tax accounting and certain cash method holders generally will be required to include OID on a short-term note in income on a current basis.

Floating rate notes

In the case of a note that is a floating rate note (including a note based on LIBOR), special rules apply. In general, if a note qualifies for treatment as a "variable rate debt instrument" under Treasury Regulations and provides for stated interest that is unconditionally payable at least annually at a variable rate that, subject to certain exceptions, is a single "qualified floating rate" or "objective rate," each as defined below, all stated interest on the note is treated as qualified stated interest. In that case, both the note's "yield to maturity" and "qualified stated interest" will be determined, for purposes of calculating the accrual of OID, if any, as though the note will bear interest in all periods throughout its term at a fixed rate generally equal to the rate that would be applicable to interest payments on the note on its issue date or, in the case of an objective rate (other than a "qualified inverse floating rate"), the rate that reflects the yield to maturity that is reasonably expected for the note. A U.S. noteholder of a variable rate debt instrument would then recognize OID, if any, that is calculated based on the note's assumed yield to maturity. If the interest actually accrued

or paid during an accrual period exceeds or is less than the assumed fixed interest, the qualified stated interest allocable to that period is increased or decreased under rules set forth in Treasury Regulations. Special rules apply for determining the amount of OID for other variable rate debt instruments, such as instruments with more than one qualified floating rate or instruments with a single fixed rate and one or more qualified floating rates. U.S. noteholders should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the specific U.S. federal income tax considerations regarding any investment in a note that qualifies a "variable rate debt instrument."

A note will generally qualify as a variable rate debt instrument if (a) the note's issue price does not exceed the total noncontingent principal payments by more than the lesser of: (i) .015 multiplied by the product of the total noncontingent principal payments and the number of complete years to maturity from the issue date, or (ii) 15% of the total noncontingent principal payments; (b) the note provides for stated interest, compounded or paid at least annually, only at one or more qualified floating rates, a single fixed rate and one or more qualified floating rates, a single objective rate that is a qualified inverse floating rate; and (c) the value of the rate on any date during the term of the note is set no earlier than three months prior to the first day on which that value is in effect or no later than one year following that first day.

Generally, a rate is a qualified floating rate if variations in the rate can reasonably be expected to measure contemporaneous fluctuations in the cost of newly borrowed funds in the currency in which the debt instrument is denominated. A rate that equals LIBOR or LIBOR plus or minus a fixed spread is, in general, a qualified floating rate. However, a rate (including a rate based on LIBOR) will generally not be a qualified floating rate if, among other circumstances:

the rate is subject to one or more minimum or maximum rate floors or ceilings or one or more governors limiting the amount of increase or decrease in each case which are not fixed throughout the term of the note and which are reasonably expected as of the issue date to cause the rate in some accrual periods to be significantly higher or lower than the overall expected return on the note determined without the floor, ceiling, or governor; or the rate is a multiple of a qualified floating rate unless the multiple is a fixed multiple that is greater than 0.65 but not more than 1.35 (provided, however, that if a multiple of a qualified floating rate is not within such limits and thus is not itself a qualified floating rate, it may nevertheless qualify as an "objective rate").

If a note provides for two or more qualified floating rates that are within 0.25 percentage points of each other on the issue date or can reasonably be expected to have approximately the same values throughout the term of the note, the qualified floating rates together constitute a single qualified floating rate.

Generally, an objective rate is a rate that is determined using a single fixed formula that is based on objective financial or economic information such as one or more qualified floating rates. An objective rate is a qualified inverse floating rate if that rate is equal to a fixed rate minus a qualified floating rate and variations in the rate can reasonably be expected to inversely reflect contemporaneous variations in the qualified floating rate. A variable rate will generally not qualify as an objective rate if, among other circumstances, it is reasonably expected that the average value of the variable rate during the first half of the term of the note will be either significantly less than or significantly greater than the average value of the rate during the final half of the term of the note.

If a floating rate note does not qualify as a "variable rate debt instrument," the note generally will be subject to taxation under special rules applicable to contingent payment debt instruments. U.S. noteholders should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the specific U.S. federal income tax considerations regarding such notes.

Sale, exchange, redemption or other taxable disposition of the notes

Subject to the special rules for short-term notes discussed above, upon the sale, exchange, redemption or other taxable disposition of a note, a U.S. noteholder generally will recognize capital gain or loss in an amount equal to the difference between (1) the sum of cash plus the fair market value of all other property received on such disposition (except to the extent such cash or property is attributable to accrued but unpaid interest, which, to the extent not previously included in income, generally will be taxable as ordinary income) and (2) its adjusted tax basis in the note. A U.S. noteholder's adjusted tax basis in a note generally will equal the price the U.S. noteholder paid for the note increased by OID (including with respect to a short-term note), if any, previously included in income with respect to that note, and reduced by any cash payments on the note other than qualified stated interest. Such capital gain or loss will be long-term capital gain or loss if, at the time of such taxable disposition, the U.S. noteholder has held the note for more than one year. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to limitations.

Medicare tax

Certain U.S. noteholders who are individuals, estates or trusts and whose income exceeds certain thresholds will be required to pay a 3.8% Medicare tax on all or a portion of their "net investment income," which includes interest on the notes and capital gains from the sale or other disposition of the notes.

Information reporting and backup withholding

In general, information reporting requirements will apply to certain payments of principal and interest (including OID) and to the proceeds of sale of a note paid to a U.S. noteholder (unless such noteholder is an exempt recipient). A backup

withholding tax may apply to such payments if a U.S. noteholder fails to provide a taxpayer identification number or certification of exempt status, or if it is otherwise subject to backup withholding.

Any amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules will be allowed as a refund or credit against a U.S. noteholder's United States federal income tax liability provided the required information is timely furnished to the IRS. Consequences to Non-U.S. Noteholders

The following is a general summary of the material U.S. federal income tax consequences that will apply to you if you are a non-U.S. noteholder. A beneficial owner of a note that is not a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes (including any entity or arrangement otherwise treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes) or a U.S. noteholder is referred to herein as a "non-U.S. noteholder."

Stated interest and OID on the notes

Stated interest and OID, if any, paid or accrued to a non-U.S. noteholder will generally not be subject to U.S. federal income or withholding tax if the interest or OID is not effectively connected with its conduct of a trade or business within the United States and is not considered contingent interest within the meaning of Section 871(h)(4)(A) of the Code (generally relating to interest payments that are determined by reference to the income, profits, receipts, cash flow, changes in the value of non-publicly-traded property or other attributes of, or distributions or similar payments paid by, the debtor or a related party), and the non-U.S. noteholder:

does not own, actually or constructively, 10% or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of our stock entitled to vote;

•is not a "controlled foreign corporation" with respect to which we are, directly or indirectly, a "related person"; is not a bank whose receipt of interest on the notes is described in section 881(c)(3)(A) of the Code; and provides its name and address, and certifies, under penalties of perjury, that it is not a U.S. person (on a properly executed IRS Form W-8BEN (or other applicable form)), or holds its notes through certain foreign intermediaries and satisfies the certification requirements of applicable Treasury Regulations.

If a non-U.S. noteholder does not qualify for an exemption under these rules, interest income and OID, if any, from the notes may be subject to withholding tax at the rate of 30% (or lower applicable treaty rate). Stated interest and OID, if any, effectively connected with a non-U.S. noteholder's conduct of a U.S. trade or business (and, if required by an applicable income tax treaty, which is attributable to a United States permanent establishment), however, would not be subject to a 30% withholding tax so long as the non-U.S. noteholder provides us or our paying agent an adequate certification (currently on IRS Form W-8ECI); such payments of interest generally would be subject to U.S. federal income tax on a net basis at the rates applicable to U.S. persons generally. In addition, if a non-U.S. noteholder is a foreign corporation and the stated interest and OID, if any, is effectively connected with its conduct of a U.S. trade or business, it may also be subject to a 30% (or lower applicable treaty rate) branch profits tax on its effectively connected earnings and profits for the taxable year, subject to adjustments. To claim the benefit of a tax treaty, a non-U.S. noteholder must provide a properly executed IRS Form W-8BEN (or other applicable form) to us or our paying agent before the payment of stated interest or OID, and may be required to obtain a U.S. taxpayer identification number and provide documentary evidence issued by foreign governmental authorities to prove residence in the foreign country.

Sale, exchange, redemption or other taxable disposition of the notes

Any gain recognized by a non-U.S. noteholder on the sale, exchange, redemption or other taxable disposition of the notes (except with respect to accrued and unpaid interest, which would be taxed as described under "Consequences to Non-U.S. Noteholders—Stated interest and OID on the notes" above) generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax unless:

the gain is effectively connected with its conduct of a U.S. trade or business (and, if required by an applicable income tax treaty, is attributable to a United States permanent establishment); or

the non-U.S. noteholder is a nonresident alien individual present in the U.S. for 183 or more days in the taxable year within which the sale, exchange, redemption or other disposition takes place and certain other requirements are met. If a non-U.S. noteholder is a holder described in the first bullet point above, the net gain derived from the sale, exchange, redemption or other taxable disposition of its notes generally will be subject to U.S. federal income tax on a net basis at the rates applicable to U.S. persons generally. In addition, if such non-U.S. noteholder is a foreign

corporation, it may also be subject to a 30% (or lower applicable treaty rate) branch profits tax on its effectively connected earnings and profits for the taxable year, subject to adjustments. If a non-U.S. noteholder is a holder described in the second bullet point above, it will be subject to a flat 30% U.S. federal income tax on the gain derived from the sale, exchange, redemption or other taxable

disposition of its notes, which may be offset by U.S. source capital losses, even though it is not considered a resident of the United States.

Information Reporting and Backup Withholding

Generally, we must report to the IRS and to a non-U.S. noteholder the amount of interest (including OID) on the notes paid to a non-U.S. noteholder and the amount of tax, if any, withheld with respect to those payments if the notes are in registered form. Copies of the information returns reporting such interest payments and any withholding may also be made available to the tax authorities in the country in which a non-U.S. noteholder resides under the provisions of an applicable income tax treaty.

In general, a non-U.S. noteholder will not be subject to backup withholding with respect to payments on the notes that we make to such noteholder provided that we do not have actual knowledge or reason to know that such noteholder is a U.S. person as defined under the Code, and we have received from you the statement described above under the fourth bullet point under "Consequences to Non-U.S. Noteholders—Stated interest and OID on the notes." In addition, no information reporting requirements or backup withholding will be required regarding the proceeds of the sale of a note made within the United States or conducted through certain United States-related financial intermediaries, if the payor receives the statement described above and does not have actual knowledge or reason to know that the non-U.S. noteholder is a U.S. person as defined under the Code, or the non-U.S. noteholder otherwise establishes an exemption.

Any amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules will be allowed as a refund or credit against a non-U.S. noteholder's United States federal income tax liability provided the required information is timely furnished to the IRS. Other withholding rules

Withholding at a rate of 30% will be required on interest in respect of, and after December 31, 2016, on gross proceeds from the sale of, notes held by or through certain foreign financial institutions (including investment funds), unless such institution enters into an agreement with the Secretary of the Treasury to report, on an annual basis, information with respect to shares in, and accounts maintained by, the institution to the extent such shares or accounts are held by certain United States persons or by certain non-U.S. entities that are wholly or partially owned by United States persons and to withhold on certain payments. Accordingly, the entity through which notes are held will affect the determination of whether such withholding is required. An intergovernmental agreement between the United States and an applicable foreign country, or future guidance, may modify these requirements. Similarly, interest in respect of, and gross proceeds from the sale of, notes held by an investor that is a non-financial non-U.S. entity will be subject to withholding at a rate of 30%, unless such entity either (i) certifies to us that such entity does not have any "substantial United States owners" or (ii) provides certain information regarding the entity's "substantial United States owners," which we will in turn provide to the Secretary of the Treasury. Non-U.S. noteholders are encouraged to consult with their tax advisors regarding the possible implications of these requirements on their investment in notes. Non-U.S. noteholders should consult any applicable income tax treaties that may provide for different rules. In addition, non-U.S. noteholders are urged to consult their tax advisors regarding the tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and disposition of the notes.

CERTAIN CONSIDERATIONS APPLICABLE TO ERISA, GOVERNMENTAL AND OTHER PLAN INVESTORS

A fiduciary of a pension plan or other employee benefit plan (including a governmental plan, an individual retirement account or a Keogh plan) proposing to invest in the notes should consider this section carefully.

A fiduciary of an employee benefit plan subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended (commonly referred to as "ERISA"), should consider fiduciary standards under ERISA in the context of the particular circumstances of such plan before authorizing an investment in the notes. Such fiduciary should consider whether the investment is in accordance with the documents and instruments governing the plan.

In addition, ERISA and the Code prohibit certain transactions (referred to as "prohibited transactions") involving the assets of a plan subject to ERISA or the assets of an individual retirement account or plan subject to Section 4975 of the Code (referred to as an "ERISA plan"), on the one hand, and persons who have certain specified relationships to the plan ("parties in interest" within the meaning of ERISA or "disqualified persons" within the meaning of the Code), on the other. If we (or an affiliate) are considered a party in interest or disqualified person with respect to an ERISA plan, then the investment in notes by the ERISA plan may give rise to a prohibited transaction. The purchase and holding of notes by an ERISA plan may be subject to one or more statutory or administrative exemptions from the prohibited transaction rules under ERISA and the Code. Even if the conditions for relief under such exemptions were satisfied, however, there can be no assurance that such exemptions would apply to all of the prohibited transactions that may be deemed to arise in connection with a plan's investment in the notes.

By purchasing and holding the notes, the person making the decision to invest on behalf of an ERISA plan is representing that the purchase and holding of the notes will not result in a prohibited transaction under ERISA or the Code. Therefore, an ERISA plan should not invest in the notes unless the plan fiduciary or other person acquiring securities on behalf of the ERISA plan determines that neither we nor an affiliate is a party in interest or a disqualified person or, alternatively, that an exemption from the prohibited transaction rules is available. If an ERISA plan engages in a prohibited transaction, the transaction may require "correction" and may cause the ERISA plan fiduciary to incur certain liabilities and the parties in interest or disqualified persons to be subject to excise taxes.

Employee benefit plans that are governmental plans and non-U.S. plans are not subject to ERISA requirements. However, non-U.S., federal, state or local laws or regulations governing the investment and management of the assets of governmental or non-U.S. plans may contain fiduciary and prohibited transaction requirements similar to those under ERISA and Section 4975 of the Code discussed above. By purchasing and holding the notes, the person making the decision to invest on behalf of such plans is representing that the purchase and holding of the notes will not violate any law applicable to such governmental or non-U.S. plan that is similar to the prohibited transaction provisions of ERISA or the Code.

If you are the fiduciary of an employee benefit plan or ERISA plan and you propose to invest in the notes with the assets of such employee benefit plan or ERISA plan, you should consult your own legal counsel for further guidance. The sale of notes to an employee benefit plan is in no respect a representation by us, the Purchasing Agent or any other person that such an investment meets all relevant legal requirements with respect to investments by employee benefit plans generally or any particular plan or that such an investment is appropriate for employee benefit plans generally or any particular plan.

USE OF PROCEEDS

Unless otherwise indicated in a pricing supplement for the notes, we expect to use the net proceeds from the sale of the notes initially to maintain balance sheet liquidity, involving repayment of debt under our credit facility, if any, and redemption of outstanding Prospect Capital InterNotes® and other debt, investments in high quality short-term debt instruments or a combination thereof, and thereafter to make long-term investments in accordance with our investment objective. We anticipate that substantially all of the net proceeds from each offering will be used for the above purposes within six months, depending on the availability of appropriate investment opportunities consistent with our investment objective and market conditions.

As of August 27, 2015, we had \$294.7 million of borrowings under our credit facility and, based on the assets currently pledged as collateral on the facility, a total of approximately \$703.9 million was available to us for borrowing under our credit facility. Interest on borrowings under the credit facility is one-month LIBOR plus 225 basis points, with no minimum LIBOR floor. Additionally, the lenders charge a fee on the unused portion of the credit facility equal to either 50 basis points if at least 35% of the credit facility is used or 100 basis points otherwise.

SENIOR SECURITIES

Information about our senior securities is shown in the following table as of each fiscal year ended June 30 since the Company commenced operations and as of June 30, 2015.

Company commenced operations and as of June 30, 2013.						
Credit Facility	Total Amount Outstanding(1)	Asset Coverage per Unit(2)	Involuntary Liquidating Preference per Unit(3)	Average Market Value per Unit(4)		
Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015)	\$368,700	\$18,136	_			
Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014)	92,000	69,470				
Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013)	124,000	34,996	_	_		
Fiscal 2012 (as of June 30, 2012)	96,000	22,668	_	_		
Fiscal 2011 (as of June 30, 2011)	84,200	18,065				
Fiscal 2010 (as of June 30, 2010)	100,300	8,093				
Fiscal 2009 (as of June 30, 2009)	124,800	5,268				
Fiscal 2008 (as of June 30, 2008)	91,167	5,712				
Fiscal 2007 (as of June 30, 2007)		N/A	_	_		
Fiscal 2006 (as of June 30, 2006)	28,500	4,799	_	_		
2015 Notes						
Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015)	\$150,000	\$44,579				
Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014)	150,000	42,608				
Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013)	150,000	28,930	_	_		
Fiscal 2012 (as of June 30, 2012)	150,000	14,507				
Fiscal 2012 (as of June 30, 2012)	150,000	10,140	_			
Fiscal 2011 (as of June 30, 2011)	130,000	10,140	_			
2016 Notes						
Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015)	\$167,500	\$39,921				
Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014)	167,500	38,157				
Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013)	167,500	25,907				
Fiscal 2012 (as of June 30, 2012)	167,500	12,992				
Fiscal 2011 (as of June 30, 2011)	172,500	8,818				
2017 Notes						
Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015)	\$130,000	\$51,437				
Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014)	130,000	49,163				
Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013)	130,000	33,381				
Fiscal 2012 (as of June 30, 2012)	130,000	16,739	<u> </u>	<u></u>		
1 iscar 2012 (as 01 June 30, 2012)	130,000	10,737				
2018 Notes						
Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015)	\$200,000	\$33,434				
Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014)	200,000	31,956				
Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013)	200,000	21,697	_			
2019 Notes						
Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015)	\$200,000	\$33,434				
Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014)	200,000	31,956				
Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013)	200,000	21,697	_			
(,	,				

Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015)	\$300,000	\$22,289	_	_
Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014)	300,000	21,304	_	_

	Total Amount Outstanding(1)	Asset Coverage per Unit(2)	Involuntary Liquidating Preference per Unit(3)	Average Market Value per Unit(4)
2020 Notes	ф 202 000	φ1 π 0 5 0		
Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015)	\$392,000	\$17,058		_
Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014)	400,000	15,978	_	
2022 Notes(5)				
Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015)	\$—	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014)	100,000	63,912		103,920
Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013)	100,000	43,395	_	101,800
Fiscal 2012 (as of June 30, 2012)	100,000	21,761	_	99,560
,	,	,		,
2023 Notes				
Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015)	\$248,094	\$26,953	_	
Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014)	247,881	25,783		
Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013)	247,725	17,517	_	
Prospect Capital InterNotes®				
Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015)	\$827,442	\$8,081		
	·	•	_	_
Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014)	785,670	8,135	_	_
Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013)	363,777	11,929		
Fiscal 2012 (as of June 30, 2012)	20,638	105,442		
All Senior Securities				
Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015)(6)	\$2,983,736	\$2,241		
Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014)	2,773,051	2,305	_	
Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013)	1,683,002	2,578	_	
Fiscal 2012 (as of June 30, 2012)	664,138	3,277		
Fiscal 2011 (as of June 30, 2011)	406,700	3,740	_	_
(-,		

⁽¹⁾ Total amount of each class of senior securities outstanding at the end of the year/period presented (in 000's). The asset coverage ratio for a class of senior securities representing indebtedness is calculated as our consolidated (2) total assets, less all liabilities and indebtedness not represented by senior securities, divided by senior securities representing indebtedness. This asset coverage ratio is multiplied by \$1,000 to determine the Asset Coverage Per

Unit.

⁽³⁾ This column is inapplicable.

⁽⁴⁾ This column is inapplicable, except for the 2022 Notes. The average market value per unit is presented in thousands.

⁽⁵⁾ We redeemed the 2022 Notes on May 15, 2015.

While we do not consider commitments to fund under revolving arrangements to be Senior Securities, if we were (6) to elect to treat such unfunded commitments as Senior Securities for purposes of Section 18 of the 1940 Act, our asset coverage per unit would be \$2,205.

RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES

For the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, 2013, 2012 and 2011, the ratios of earnings to fixed charges of the Company, computed as set forth below, were as follows:

	For the Year				
	Ended	Ended	Ended	Ended	Ended
	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2013	June 30, 2012	June 30, 2011
Earnings to Fixed Charges(1)	3.04	3.45	3.89	5.95	7.72

For purposes of computing the ratios of earnings to fixed charges, earnings represent net increase in net assets resulting from operations plus (or minus) income tax expense including excise tax expense plus fixed charges. Fixed charges include interest and credit facility fees expense and amortization of debt issuance costs.

Earnings include the net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation. Net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation can vary substantially from year to year. Excluding the net change in unrealized appreciation or

⁽¹⁾ depreciation, the earnings to fixed charges ratio would be 2.06 for the year ended June 30, 2015, 3.72 for the year ended June 30, 2014, 4.91 for the year ended June 30, 2013, 6.79 for the year ended June 30, 2012, and 7.29 for the year ended June 30, 2011.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

Under the terms of the Fourth Amended and Restated Selling Agent Agreement dated November 7, 2014, which we refer to as the "Selling Agent Agreement," the notes will be offered from time to time by us to the Purchasing Agent for subsequent resale to agents, including Citigroup Global Markets Inc., Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated, and RBC Capital Markets, LLC and other dealers who are broker-dealers and securities firms. The agents, including the Purchasing Agent, and the additional agents named from time to time pursuant to the Selling Agent Agreement, are, or will be, parties to the Selling Agent Agreement. The notes will be offered for sale in the United States only. Dealers who are members of the selling group have executed a Master Selected Dealer Agreement with the Purchasing Agent. We also may appoint additional agents to sell the notes. Any sale of the notes through those additional agents, however, will be on the same terms and conditions to which the original agents have agreed. The Purchasing Agent will purchase the notes at a discount ranging from 0.4% to 3.8% of the non-discounted price for each note sold. However, we also may sell the notes to the Purchasing Agent at a discount greater than or less than the range specified above. The discount at which we sell the notes to the Purchasing Agent will be set forth in the applicable pricing supplement. The Purchasing Agent also may sell notes to dealers at a concession not in excess of the discount it received from us. In certain cases, the Purchasing Agent and the other agents and dealers may agree that the Purchasing Agent will retain the entire discount. We will disclose any particular arrangements in the applicable pricing supplement.

Following the solicitation of orders, each of the agents, severally and not jointly, may purchase notes as principal for its own account from the Purchasing Agent. Unless otherwise set forth in the applicable pricing supplement, these notes will be purchased by the agents and resold by them to one or more investors at a fixed public offering price. After the initial public offering of notes, the public offering price (in the case of notes to be resold at a fixed public offering price), discount and concession may be changed.

We have the sole right to accept offers to purchase notes and may reject any proposed offer to purchase notes in whole or in part. Each agent also has the right, in its discretion reasonably exercised, to reject any proposed offer to purchase notes in whole or in part. We reserve the right to withdraw, cancel or modify any offer without notice. We also may change the terms, including the interest rate we will pay on the notes, at any time prior to our acceptance of an offer to purchase.

Each agent, including the Purchasing Agent, may be deemed to be an "underwriter" within the meaning of the Securities Act. We have agreed to indemnify the agents against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act, or to contribute to any payments they may be required to make in respect of such liabilities. We also have agreed to reimburse the agents for certain expenses.

No note will have an established trading market when issued. We do not intend to apply for the listing of the notes on any securities exchange. However, we have been advised by the agents that they may purchase and sell notes in the secondary market as permitted by applicable laws and regulations. The agents are not obligated to make a market in the notes, and they may discontinue making a market in the notes at any time without notice. Neither we nor the agents can provide any assurance regarding the development, liquidity or maintenance of any trading market for any notes. All secondary trading in the notes will settle in same-day funds. See "Registration and Settlement." In connection with certain offerings of notes, the rules of the SEC permit the Purchasing Agent to engage in transactions that may stabilize the price of the notes. The Purchasing Agent will conduct these activities for the agents. These transactions may consist of short sales, stabilizing transactions and purchases to cover positions created by short sales. A short sale is the sale by the Purchasing Agent of a greater amount of notes than the amount the Purchasing Agent has agreed to purchase in connection with a specific offering of notes. Stabilizing transactions consist of certain bids or purchases made by the Purchasing Agent to prevent or retard a decline in the price of the notes while an offering of notes is in process. In general, these purchases or bids for the notes for the purpose of stabilization or to reduce a syndicate short position could cause the price of the notes to be higher than it might otherwise be in the absence of those purchases or bids. Neither we nor the Purchasing Agent makes any representation or prediction as to the direction or magnitude of any effect that these transactions may have on the price of any notes. In addition, neither we nor the Purchasing Agent makes any representation that, once commenced, these transactions will not be discontinued without notice. The Purchasing Agent is not required to engage in these activities and may end any of

these activities at any time.

Some of the agents and their affiliates have engaged in, and may in the future engage in, investment banking and other commercial dealings in the ordinary course of business with us or our affiliates. They have received, or may in the future receive, customary fees and commissions for these transactions.

In addition, in the ordinary course of their business activities, the agents and their affiliates may make or hold a broad array of investments and actively trade debt and equity securities (or related derivative securities) and financial instruments (including bank loans) for their own account and for the accounts of their customers. Such investments and securities activities

may involve securities and/or instruments of ours or our affiliates. The agents and their affiliates may also make investment recommendations and/or publish or express independent research views in respect of such securities or financial instruments and may hold, or recommend to clients that they acquire, long and/or short positions in such securities and instruments.

LEGAL MATTERS

The legality of the notes will be passed upon for the Company by Joseph Ferraro, our General Counsel, Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP ("Skadden, Arps"), New York, New York, and Venable LLP, as special Maryland counsel, Baltimore, Maryland, will pass on certain matters for the Company. Troutman Sanders LLP will pass on certain matters for the agents. Skadden, Arps and Venable LLP each have from time to time acted as counsel for us and our subsidiaries and may do so in the future.

INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

BDO USA, LLP is the independent registered public accounting firm for the Company.

AVAILABLE INFORMATION

We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form N-2, together with all amendments and related exhibits, under the Securities Act, with respect to the notes offered by this prospectus supplement and accompanying prospectus. The registration statement contains additional information about us and the notes being registered by this prospectus supplement and accompanying prospectus. We file with or submit to the SEC annual, quarterly and current periodic reports, proxy statements and other information meeting the informational requirements of the Exchange Act. This information and the information specifically regarding how we voted proxies relating to portfolio securities for the period ended June 30, 2015, are available free of charge by contacting us at 10 East 40th Street, 42nd floor, New York, NY 10016 or by telephone at toll-free (888) 748-0702. You may inspect and copy these reports, proxy statements and other information, as well as the registration statement and related exhibits and schedules, at the Public Reference Room of the SEC at 100 F Street NE, Washington, D.C. 20549. You may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at (202) 551-8090. The SEC maintains an Internet site that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information filed electronically by us with the SEC which are available on the SEC's Internet site at http://www.sec.gov. Copies of these reports, proxy and information statements and other information may be obtained, after paying a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following E-mail address: publicinfo@sec.gov, or by writing the SEC's Public Reference Section, Washington, D.C. 20549-0102.

No dealer, salesperson or other individual has been authorized to give any information or to make any representation other than those contained in this prospectus supplement and accompanying prospectus and, if given or made, such information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by us or the Purchasing Agent or any agent. This prospectus supplement does not constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy any securities in any jurisdiction in which such an offer or solicitation is not authorized or in which the person making such offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so, or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation. Neither the delivery of this prospectus supplement and accompanying prospectus nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in our affairs or that information contained herein is correct as of any time subsequent to the date hereof.

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Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm Board of Directors and Stockholders **Prospect Capital Corporation**

New York, New York

We have audited the accompanying consolidated statements of assets and liabilities of Prospect Capital Corporation (the "Company"), including the consolidated schedules of investments, as of June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in net assets, and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended June 30, 2015, and the financial highlights for each of the five years in the period ended June 30, 2015. These consolidated financial statements and financial highlights are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements and financial highlights based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements and financial highlights are free of material misstatement. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our procedures included confirmation of securities owned as of June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014 by correspondence with the custodian, trustees, online lending servicers and portfolio companies, or by other appropriate auditing procedures where replies were not received. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements and financial highlights referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Prospect Capital Corporation at June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, the results of its operations, the changes in its net assets, and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended June 30, 2015, and the financial highlights for each of the five years in the period ended June 30, 2015, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), Prospect Capital Corporation's internal control over financial reporting as of June 30, 2015, based on criteria established in Internal Control—Integrated Framework (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) and our report dated August 26, 2015 expressed an unqualified opinion thereon. /s/ BDO USA, LLP

BDO USA, LLP

New York, New York

August 26, 2015

	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
Assets		
Investments at fair value:		
Control investments (amortized cost of \$1,894,644 and \$1,719,242, respectively)	\$1,974,202	\$1,640,454
Affiliate investments (amortized cost of \$45,150 and \$31,829, respectively)		32,121
Non-control/non-affiliate investments (amortized cost of \$4,619,582 and \$4,620,451, respectively)	4,589,411	4,581,164
Total investments at fair value (amortized cost of \$6,559,376 and \$6,371,522,		
respectively)	6,609,558	6,253,739
Cash and cash equivalents	110,026	134,225
Receivables for:		
Interest, net	20,408	21,997
Other	2,885	2,587
Prepaid expenses	757	2,828
Deferred financing costs	54,420	61,893
Total Assets	6,798,054	6,477,269

Liabilities			
Revolving Credit Facility (Notes 4 and 8)	368,700	92,000	
Convertible Notes (Notes 5 and 8)	1,239,500	1,247,500	
Public Notes (Notes 6 and 8)	548,094	647,881	
Prospect Capital InterNotes® (Notes 7 and 8)	827,442	785,670	
Due to broker	26,778	_	
Dividends payable	29,923	37,843	
Due to Prospect Administration (Note 13)	4,238	2,208	
Due to Prospect Capital Management (Note 13)	2,550	3	
Accrued expenses	3,408	4,790	
Interest payable	39,659	37,459	
Other liabilities	4,713	3,733	
Total Liabilities	3,095,005	2,859,087	
Net Assets	\$3,703,049	\$3,618,182	
Components of Net Assets			
Common stock, par value \$0.001 per share (1,000,000,000 common shares authorized; 359,090,759 and 342,626,637 issued and outstanding, respectively) (Note 9)	\$359	\$343	
Paid-in capital in excess of par (Note 9)	3,975,672	3,814,634	
Accumulated (overdistributed) underdistributed net investment income	(21,077)	42,086	
Accumulated net realized loss on investments and extinguishment of debt	(302,087)	(121,098)
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments	50,182	(117,783)
Net Assets	\$3,703,049	\$3,618,182	
Net Asset Value Per Share (Note 16)	\$10.31	\$10.56	

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

	Year Ended Jun 2015	ne 30, 2014	2013
Investment Income	2013	2014	2013
Interest income:			
Control investments	\$200,409	\$153,307	\$106,425
Affiliate investments	3,799	4,358	6,515
Non-control/non-affiliate investments	385,710	4,556 334,039	234,013
Structured credit securities	·	122,037	•
Total interest income	159,056	·	88,502
	748,974	613,741	435,455
Dividend income:	6 011	26 697	70 202
Control investments	6,811	26,687	78,282
Affiliate investments	778		728
Non-control/non-affiliate investments	46	98	3,656
Money market funds	28	52	39
Total dividend income	7,663	26,837	82,705
Other income:	10.075	10.671	16.001
Control investments	12,975	43,671	16,821
Affiliate investments	226	17	623
Non-control/non-affiliate investments	21,246	28,025	40,732
Total other income (Note 10)	34,447	71,713	58,176
Total Investment Income	791,084	712,291	576,336
Operating Expenses			
Investment advisory fees:			
Base management fee (Note 13)	134,590	108,990	69,800
Income incentive fee (Note 13)	90,687	89,306	81,231
Total investment advisory fees	225,277	198,296	151,031
Interest and credit facility expenses	170,660	130,103	76,341
Legal fees	2,375	2,771	1,918
Valuation services	1,686	1,836	1,579
Audit, compliance and tax related fees	3,772	2,959	1,566
Allocation of overhead from Prospect Administration (Note 13)	14,977	14,373	8,737
Insurance expense	583	373	356
Directors' fees	379	325	300
Excise tax	2,505	(4,200)	6,500
Other general and administrative expenses	6,123	8,232	3,084
Total Operating Expenses	428,337	355,068	251,412
Net Investment Income	362,747	357,223	324,924
Net realized losses on investments	(180,423)	(3,346)	(26,234)
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments	167,965	(34,857)	(77,834)
Net realized and unrealized losses on investments	(12,458)	(38,203)	(104,068)
Net realized losses on extinguishment of debt	(3,950)	_	_
Net Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Operations	\$346,339	\$319,020	\$220,856
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations per share	\$0.98	\$1.06	\$1.07
Dividends declared per share	\$(1.19)	\$(1.32)	\$(1.28)
-			•

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (in thousands, except share data)

	Year Ended J 2015	June 30, 2014	2013
Operations Net investment income Net realized losses on investments Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments	167,965	(34,857	\$ 324,924) (26,234) (77,834
Net realized losses on extinguishment of debt Net Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Operations	(3,950 346,339) — 319,020	<u></u>
Distributions to Shareholders Distribution from net investment income	(421,594) (403,188) (271,507)
Distribution of return of capital	(421,334	— (405,166 —) (2/1,50/) —
Net Decrease in Net Assets Resulting from Distributions to Shareholders	(421,594) (403,188) (271,507)
Common Stock Transactions			
Issuance of common stock, net of underwriting costs	146,085	973,832	1,121,648
Less: Offering costs from issuance of common stock	(644) (1,815)
Value of shares issued to acquire controlled investments		57,830	59,251
Value of shares issued through reinvestment of dividends	14,681	15,574	16,087
Net Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Common Stock Transactions	160,122	1,045,856	1,195,171
Total Increase in Net Assets	84,867	961,688	1,144,520
Net assets at beginning of year	3,618,182	2,656,494	1,511,974
Net Assets at End of Year	\$3,703,049	\$3,618,182	\$2,656,494
Common Stock Activity			
Shares sold	14,845,556	88,054,653	101,245,136
Shares issued to acquire controlled investments		5,326,949	5,507,381
Shares issued through reinvestment of dividends	1,618,566	1,408,070	1,450,578
Total shares issued due to common stock activity	16,464,122	94,789,672	108,203,095
Shares issued and outstanding at beginning of year	342,626,637	247,836,965	139,633,870
Shares Issued and Outstanding at End of Year	359,090,759	342,626,637	247,836,965
See notes to consolidated financial statements. F-4			

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Year Ended	Ju	ne 30,			
	2015		2014		2013	
Operating Activities						
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$346,339		\$319,020		\$220,856	
Net realized losses on extinguishment of debt	3,950					
Net realized losses on investments	180,423		3,346		26,234	
Net change in unrealized (appreciation) depreciation on investments	(167,965)	34,857		77,834	
Amortization (accretion) of discounts and premiums, net	87,638		46,297		(11,016)
Accretion of discount on Public Notes (Note 6)	213		156		50	
Amortization of deferred financing costs	14,266		11,491		8,232	
Payment-in-kind interest	(29,277)	(15,145)	(10,947)
Structuring fees	(20,916	-	(45,087	-	(52,699)
Change in operating assets and liabilities:	,					
Payments for purchases of investments	(2,038,795)	(2,834,294)	(2,980,320)
Proceeds from sale of investments and collection of investment principa		Í	786,969	ĺ	931,534	
Decrease (increase) in interest receivable, net	1,589		866		(8,644)
(Increase) decrease in other receivables	(298)	1,810		(3,613)
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses	2,071		(2,288)	(119)
Increase (decrease) in due to broker	26,778		(43,588	-	(945)
Increase in due to Prospect Administration	2,030		842	,	708	
Increase (decrease) in due to Prospect Capital Management	2,547		(5,321)	(2,589)
(Decrease) increase in accrued expenses	(1,382)	2,445	,	(580)
Increase in interest payable	2,200	,	13,075		17,661	
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities	980		(682)	2,205	
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	45,464		(1,725,231		(1,786,158)
Financing Activities	,		(-,,	,	(-,,,	
Borrowings under Revolving Credit Facility (Note 4)	1,567,000		1,078,500		223,000	
Principal payments under Revolving Credit Facility (Note 4)	(1,290,300)	(1,110,500)	(195,000)
Issuances of Convertible Notes (Note 5)	_	,	400,000	,	400,000	
Repurchases of Convertible Notes, net (Note 5)	(7,668)	_		_	
Issuances of Public Notes, net of original issue discount (Note 6)	_	,	255,000		247,675	
Redemptions of Public Notes, net (Note 6)	(102,600)	_		_	
Issuances of Prospect Capital InterNotes® (Note 7)	125,696	,	473,762		343,139	
Redemptions of Prospect Capital InterNotes®, net (Note 7)	(85,606)	(6,869)	_	
Financing costs paid and deferred	(6,793)	(29,055)	(28,146)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock, net of underwriting costs	146,085	,	973,832	,	1,121,648	,
Offering costs from issuance of common stock	(644)	(1,380)	(1,815)
Dividends paid	(414,833	-	(377,070	-	(242,301)
Net Cash (Used in) Provided by Financing Activities	(69,663		1,656,220	,	1,868,200	,
The Cush (Cised in) Horided by I maneing Heavities	(0),003	,	1,030,220		1,000,200	
Total (Decrease) Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(24,199)	(69,011)	82,042	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	134,225	,	203,236	,	121,194	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$110,026		\$134,225		\$203,236	
w 2110 of 10th	7 1 1 0,0 20		+ 10 1,220		+ = 00 ,= 00	
Supplemental Disclosures						
Cash paid for interest	\$153,982		\$105,410		\$45,363	
Non-Cash Financing Activities	,		, ~		/	

Value of shares issued through reinvestment of dividends	\$14,681	\$15,574	\$16,087
Value of shares issued to acquire controlled investments	\$ —	\$57,830	\$59,251
Exchange of Prospect Capital InterNotes® for Public Notes	\$ —	\$45,000	\$ —

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	June 30, Principal Value	2015 Cost	Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets			
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS									
Control Investments	(greater than 25	5.00% voting control)(49)							
American Property	Various / Real	Senior Secured Term Loan (6.00% (LIBOR + 4.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 5.50% PIK, due 4/1/2019)(4)	\$78,077	\$78,077	\$78,077	2.1%			
REIT Corp.(32)	Estate	Common Stock (301,845 shares)		22,115	32,098	0.9%			
		Net Operating Income Interest (5% of Net Operating Income)		_	8,081	0.2%			
		Senior Secured Term Loan (12.00%		100,192	118,256	3.2%			
Arctic Energy	Wyoming / Oil	(LIBOR + 9.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due 5/5/2019)(3)(4) Senior Subordinated Term Loan	31,640	31,640	31,640	0.9%			
Services, LLC(30)	•	(14.00% (LIBOR + 11.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due 5/5/2019)(3)(4)	20,230	20,230	20,230	0.5%			
		Class A Units (700 units) Class C Units (10 units)		8,879 127 60,876	8,374 120 60,364	0.2% —% 1.6%			
		Senior Secured Term Loan A (10.00%, due 12/31/2017)(3)	16,763	16,763	16,763	0.5%			
CCPI Inc.(33)	Ohio / Manufacturing	Senior Secured Term Loan B (12 00%	8,844	8,844	8,844	0.2%			
		Common Stock (14,857 shares)		8,553 34,160	15,745 41,352	0.4% 1.1%			
		Senior Secured Term Loan A to CP Well Testing, LLC (7.00% (LIBOR + 5.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/1/2019)(4)	11,035	11,035	11,035	0.3%			
CP Energy Services Inc.(38)	Oklahoma / Oil & Gas Services	Senior Secured Term Loan B to CP Well Testing, LLC (10.00% (LIBOR + 8.00%) with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 7.50% PIK, due 4/1/2019)(3)(4)	74,493	74,493	74,493	2.0%			
		Second Lien Term Loan to CP Well Testing, LLC (9.00% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 9.00% PIK, due 4/1/2019)(4)	15,563	15,563	5,481	0.2%			
		Common Stock (2,924 shares)	36,333	15,227 116,318 36,333	91,009 36,333	—% 2.5% 1.0%			

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Credit Central Loan Company, LLC(34)		Subordinated Term Loan (10.00% plus 10.00% PIK, due 6/26/2019)(22)				
	Finance	Class A Shares (7,500,000 shares)(22)		11,633	14,529	0.4%
		Net Revenues Interest (25% of Net Revenues)(22)			4,310	0.1%
		, ,		47,966	55,172	1.5%
	New York /	Senior Secured Term Loan (11.75% (LIBOR + 9.75% with 2.00% LIBOR				
Echelon Aviation	Aerospace &	floor) plus 2.25% PIK, due	40,808	40,808	40,808	1.1%
LLC	Defense	3/31/2022)(4)				
		Class A Shares (11,335,318 shares)		19,907	28,133	0.8%
				60,715	68,941	1.9%
		Second Lien Revolving Credit Facility				
		to Edmentum, Inc. – \$7,834 Commitme	n#,896	4,896	4,896	0.1%
		(5.00%, due 6/9/2020)(25)(26)				
Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC(47)	Minnesota / Consumer	Unsecured Senior PIK Note (8.50% PIK, due 6/9/2020)	5,875	5,875	5,875	0.2%
Holdings, LLC(47)	Services	Unsecured Junior PIK Note (10.00% PIK, due 6/9/2020)	19,868	19,868	19,868	0.5%
		Class A Common Units (370,964.14 units)		6,577	6,577	0.2%
				37,216	37,216	1.0%

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

(in thousands, except share data)

			June 30, 2015		
Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	Principal Value Cost	Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets

LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS

Control Investments (greater than 25.00% voting control)(49)

	0	\mathcal{E}				
First Tower Finance Company LLC(29)	Consumer	Subordinated Term Loan to First Tower, LLC (10.00% plus 12.00% PIK, due 6/24/2019)(22)	\$251,578	\$251,578	\$251,578	6.8%
1 2	Finance	Class A Shares (83,729,323 shares)(22)		66,473 318,051	114,372 365,950	3.1% 9.9%
		Senior Secured Note to Vessel Company, LLC (18.00%, due 12/12/2016)	3,500	3,500		0.1%
Freedom Marine Solutions, LLC(8)	Louisiana / Oil & Gas Services	Senior Secured Note to Vessel Company II, LLC (13.00%, due 11/25/2018) Senior Secured Note to Vessel	13,000	12,504	8,680	0.2%
		Company III, LLC (13.00%, due 12/3/2018)	16,000	16,000	13,790	0.4%
		Membership Interest (100%)		7,808 39,812	1,120 27,090	—% 0.7%
Gulf Coast Machine & Supply Company		Senior Secured Term Loan (10.50% (LIBOR + 8.50% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), in non-accrual status effective 1/1/2015, due 10/12/2017)(4)	26,844	26,000	6,918	0.2%
	C	Series A Convertible Preferred Stock (99,900 shares)		25,950	_	—%
		Senior Secured Term Loan A (9.00%		51,950	6,918	0.2%
		(LIBOR + 7.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/30/2017)(3)(4)	128,980	128,980	128,980	3.5%
Harbortouch Payments, LLC(43)	Pennsylvania / Business Services	Senior Secured Term Loan B (5.50% (LIBOR + 4.00% with 1.50% LIBOR floor) plus 5.50% PIK, due 3/31/2018)(4)	144,878	144,878	144,878	3.9%
		Senior Secured Term Loan C (13.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 4.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/29/2018)(4)	22,876	22,876	22,876	0.6%
		Class C Shares (535 shares)		8,725 305,459	80,202 376,936	2.2% 10.2%
		Senior Secured Note A (10.00% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/19/2019)(3)(4)	18,250	18,250	18,250	0.5%

Utah / Durable Consumer

Products

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		Senior Secured Note B (10.00% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor) plus 10.00% PIK, due 3/19/2019)(4)	16,301	16,301	16,301	0.4%
		Subordinated Unsecured Note to Broda Enterprises ULC (10.00%, due on demand)(22)	7,200	7,200	5,827	0.2%
		Common Stock (42,053 shares)		6,849 48,600	10,417 50,795	0.3% 1.4%
		Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.00%		•	·	
		(LIBOR + 4.00% with 2.00% LIBOR	202,629	202,629	202,629	5.5%
		floor) plus 5.50% PIK, due 4/1/2019)(4))			
		Senior Secured Term Loan C (6.00%				
		(LIBOR + 4.00% with 2.00% LIBOR	44,147	44,147	44,147	1.2%
		floor) plus 7.50% PIK, due 4/1/2019)(4))			
		Senior Secured Term Loan D (14.00%				
		(LIBOR + 12.00% with 2.00% LIBOR		67,443	67,443	1.8%
		floor) plus 4.50% PIK, due 4/1/2019)(4))			
National Property	Various	Senior Secured Term Loan A to ACL				
REIT Corp.(40)		Loan Holdings, Inc. (6.00% (LIBOR +	20,413	20,413	20,413	0.6%
		4.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus	•	•	,	
		7.50% PIK, due 4/1/2019)(4) Senior Secured Term Loan B to ACL				
		Lean Holdings, Inc. (14,00% (LIBOR)				
		Loan Holdings, Inc. (14.00% (LIBOR + 12.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus	30,582	30,582	30,582	0.8%
		4.50% PIK, due 4/1/2019)(4)				
		Common Stock (643,175 shares)		84,446	87,002	2.3%
		Net Operating Income Interest (5% of		,	•	
		Net Operating Income)		_	19,673	0.5%
		-		449,660	471,889	12.7%

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	June 30, Principal Value		Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets				
LEVEL 3 PORTFO	LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS									
Control Investment	s (greater than 2:	5.00% voting control)(49)								
Nationwide Loan Company LLC (f/k/a Nationwide	Illinois / Consumer	Senior Subordinated Term Loan to Nationwide Acceptance LLC (10.00% plus 10.00% PIK, due 6/18/2019)(22)		\$14,820	\$14,820	0.4%				
Acceptance LLC)(36)	Finance	Class A Shares (26,974,454.27 shares)(22)		14,795	19,730	0.5%				
LLC)(30)		51141°C5)(22)		29,615	34,550	0.9%				
		Senior Secured Note (14.00%, due 5/6/2016)	3,714	3,714	3,714	0.1%				
	Novy Vouls /	Senior Secured Note to Armed Force Communications, Inc. (14.00%, due	s 7,000	7,000	7,000	0.2%				
NMMB, Inc.(24)	New York / Media	5/6/2016)		7,200	1,338	— %				
		Series B Preferred Stock (5,669 shares)		5,669	_	%				
		,		23,583	12,052	0.3%				
		Senior Subordinated Note (10.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.00% LIBOR	29,237	29,237	29,237	0.8%				
R-V Industries, Inc	•	nsylvania / floor), due 6/12/2018)(3)(4) nufacturing Common Stock (545,107 shares) Warrant (to purchase 200,000 shares		5,087	8,246	0.2%				
	Manufacturing									
		of Common Stock, expires 6/30/2017	')	1,682	3,025	0.1%				
		Senior Term Loan (6.00% (LIBOR +		36,006	40,508	1.1%				
United Property	Various / Real	4.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 5.50% PIK, due 4/1/2019)(4)		62,768	62,768	1.7%				
REIT Corp.(41)	Estate Estate	Common Stock (74,449 shares)		12,860	11,216	0.3%				
		Net Operating Income Interest (5% of	f		10,701	0.3%				
		Net Operating Income)		75,628	84,685	2.3%				
Valley Electric Company, Inc.(35)	Washington / Construction &	Senior Secured Note to Valley Electric Co. of Mt. Vernon, Inc. (8.00% (LIBOR + 5.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.50% PIK, due (12/31/2017)(3)(4)	10,340	10,340	10,340	0.3%				
	Engineering	Senior Secured Note (10.00% plus	22,293	22,293	20,157	0.5%				
		8.50% PIK, due 12/31/2018) Common Stock (50,000 shares)		26,204	_	— %				

			58,837	30,497	0.8%
		Senior Secured Promissory Note secured by assets formerly owned by			
		H&M (18.00%, in non-accrual status 32,112	_	_	<u></u> %
Wolf Energy, LLC(12)		effective 4/15/2013, due n 4/15/2018)(37)			
LLC(12)	Gas i foduction	Membership Interest (100%)			<u></u> %
		Net Profits Interest (8% of Equity Distributions)(7)	_	22	—%
		, ,	_	22	— %
Total Control Inves	tments		\$1,894,644	\$1,974,202	2 53.3%
Affiliate Investmen	ts (5.00% to 24.	99% voting control)(50)			
		G : T I A (6.50% (I IDOD			
		Senior Term Loan A (6.50% (LIBOR +	2 021 102	¢21 102	0.607
		5.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due \$21,18 8/29/2019)(3)(4)	\$2 \$21,182	\$21,182	0.6%
		Senior Term Loan B (11.50% (LIBOR +			
BNN Holdings	Michigan /	10.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 21,740	21,740	21,740	0.6%
Corp.	Healthcare	8/29/2019)(3)(4)			
		Series A Preferred Stock (9,925.455	1,780	2,569	<u></u> %
		shares)(13)	1,700	2,307	70
		Series B Preferred Stock (1,753.636	448	454	— %
		shares)(13)			
T 1 4 00111 Y			45,150	45,945	1.2%
Total Affiliate Inve	stments		\$45,150	\$45,945	1.2%
See notes to consoli	idated financial	stataments			

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	June 30, 2015 Principal Value Cost		Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets
LEVEL 3 PORTFO	LIO INVESTM	ENTS				
Non-Control/Non-A	Affiliate Investm	ents (less than 5.00% voting control)				
Aderant North America, Inc.	Georgia / Software & Computer Services	Second Lien Term Loan (10.00% (LIBOR + 8.75% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 6/20/2019)(4)(16)	\$7,000	\$6,928	\$7,000	0.2%
AFI Shareholder, LLC (f/k/a Aircraft Fasteners	California / Machinery	Class A Units (32,500 units)		6,928 376	7,000 563	0.2%
International, LLC) Airmall Inc.(27)	Pennsylvania / Property Management	Escrow Receivable		376 5,880	563 3,814	—% 0.1%
Ajax Rolled Ring & Machine, LLC(42)	South Carolina / Manufacturin	Escrow Receivable		5,880 1,264 1,264	3,814 2,170 2,170	0.1% 0.1% 0.1%
ALG USA Holdings, LLC	Pennsylvania / Hotels, Restaurants & Leisure	Second Lien Term Loan (10.25% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 2/28/2020)(4)(16)	11,771	11,593	11,771	0.3%
American Gilsonite Company	Utah / Metal	Second Lien Term Loan (11.50%, due 9/1/2017)(16) Membership Interest (99.9999%)(15)	15,755	11,593 15,755 —	11,771 14,287 —	0.3% 0.4% —%
Apidos CLO IX	Cayman Island / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 22.56%)(11)(22)	23,525	15,755 20,644	14,287 22,325	0.4%
Apidos CLO XI	Cayman Island / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 15.64%)(11)(22)	38,340	20,644 31,485	22,325 32,108	0.6%
Apidos CLO XII		Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 17.68%)(11)(22)	44,063	31,485 37,751	32,108 38,817	0.9%

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				37,751	38,817	1.0%
Apidos CLO XV	Cayman Island / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 15.07%)(11)(22)	36,515	33,958	30,911	0.8%
				33,958	30,911	0.8%
Arctic Glacier U.S.A., Inc.	Minnesota / Food Products	Second Lien Term Loan (10.50% (LIBOR + 9.25% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 11/10/2019)(3)(4)	150,000	150,000	149,180	4.0%
		,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,,		150,000	149,180	4.0%
Ark-La-Tex	Louisiana / Oil	Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.50% (LIBOR + 5.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/8/2019)(4)	21,743	21,743	20,042	0.5%
Wireline Services, LLC	& Gas Service	S Senior Secured Term Loan B (10.50% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/8/2019)(4)	23,697	23,697	21,675	0.6%
		11001), due 4/0/2017)(4)		45,440	41,717	1.1%
Armor Holding II LLC	New York / Diversified Financial Services	Second Lien Term Loan (10.25% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 12/26/2020)(3)(4)(16)	7,000	6,888	6,480	0.2%
		D 1: 1: 6G 1: 64 000		6,888	6,480	0.2%
Atlantis Health Care Group (Puerto Rico), Inc.	^e Puerto Rico / Healthcare	Revolving Line of Credit – \$4,000 Commitment (13.00% (LIBOR + 11.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 8/21/2016)(4)(25)(26)	2,350	2,350	2,350	0.1%
		Senior Term Loan (10.00% (LIBOR + 8.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 2/21/2018)(3)(4)	38,561	38,561	35,189	0.9%
				40,911	37,539	1.0%

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED) (in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	June 30, Principal Value	2015 l Cost	Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets				
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS										
Non-Control/Non-A	Affiliate Investme	ents (less than 5.00% voting control)								
BAART Programs, Inc.	California / Healthcare	Revolving Line of Credit – \$5,000 Commitment (8.75% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 0.50% LIBOR floor), due 6/30/2018)(25)(26)	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000	—%				
		Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.25% (LIBOR + 5.75% with 0.50% LIBOR floor), due 6/30/2020)(4)	21,500	21,500	21,500	0.6%				
		Senior Secured Term Loan B (11.25% (LIBOR + 10.75% with 0.50% LIBOR floor), due 6/30/2020)(4) Delayed Draw Term Loan – \$10,500 Commitment (expires 12/31/2015)(25)	21,500	21,500	21,500	0.6%				
				 44,000	 44,000	—% 1.2%				
Babson CLO Ltd. 2014-III	Cayman Island / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 14.25%)(11)(22)(48)	52,250	47,799	47,148	1.3%				
				47,799	47,148	1.3%				
Broder Bros., Co.	Pennsylvania / Textiles, Apparel & Luxury Goods	Senior Secured Notes (10.25% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 4/8/2019)(3)(4)(46)	252,200	252,200	252,200	6.8%				
	•			252,200	252,200	6.8%				
Brookside Mill CLC Ltd.	Cayman Island / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 19.25%)(11)(22)	26,000	21,432	24,566	0.7%				
	Colomodo /			21,432	24,566	0.7%				
Caleel + Hayden, LLC	Colorado / Personal & Nondurable Consumer Products	Membership Interest(31)		_	227	—%				
		G 11' T 1 (0.25% (1.1DO)			227	<u></u> %				
Capstone Logistics Acquisition, Inc.	Georgia / Business Services	Second Lien Term Loan (9.25% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 10/7/2022)(3)(4)		101,891	101,891	2.8%				
Cent CLO 17 Limited	Cayman Island / Structured	sSubordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 14.90%)(11)(22)	24,870	101,891 20,309	101,891 20,922	2.8% 0.6%				

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	Finance					
	C 11 1			20,309	20,922	0.6%
Cent CLO 20 Limited	/ Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 12.49%)(11)(22)	40,275	35,724	33,505	0.9%
				35,724	33,505	0.9%
Cent CLO 21 Limited	Cayman Island / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 13.42%)(11)(22)(48)	48,528	43,038	41,910	1.1%
				43,038	41,910	1.1%
CIFC Funding	Cayman Island / Structured	(LIBOR + 5.00%, due 1/19/2023)(4)(22)	19,000	15,604	18,175	0.5%
2011-I, Ltd.	Finance	Class E Subordinated Notes (7.28% (LIBOR + 7.00%, due 1/19/2023)(4)(22)	15,400	13,009	14,223	0.4%
		(LIBOK 1 7.00%, due 1/19/2023)(4)(22)		28,613	32,398	0.9%
CIFC Funding 2013-III, Ltd.	Cayman Island / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 14.56%)(11)(22)	44,100	35,412	35,599	1.0%
				35,412	35,599	1.0%
CIFC Funding 2013-IV, Ltd.	Cayman Island / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 14.87%)(11)(22)	45,500	36,124	38,265	1.0%
				36,124	38,265	1.0%
CIFC Funding 2014-IV Investor, Ltd.	Cayman Island / Structured Finance	SIncome Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 13.83%)(11)(22)(48)	41,500	34,921	36,195	1.0%
Liu.	Tindice			34,921	36,195	1.0%
Cinedigm DC Holdings, LLC	New York / Software & Computer Services	Senior Secured Term Loan (11.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.50% PIK, due 3/31/2021)(4)	67,449	67,399	67,449	1.8%
				67,399	67,449	1.8%

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED) (in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	June 30, Principa Value	2015 l Cost	Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets					
LEVEL 3 PORTFO	LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS										
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)											
Coverall North America, Inc.	Florida / Commercial Services	Senior Secured Term Loan (11.50% (LIBOR + 8.50% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due 12/17/2017)(3)(4)	\$49,922	\$49,922	\$49,922	1.3%					
Crosman Corporation	New York / Manufacturing	Second Lien Term Loan (12.00% (LIBOR + 10.50% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 12/30/2019)(3)(4)	40,000	49,922 40,000	49,922 35,973	1.3%					
Diamondback Operating, LP	Oklahoma / Oil & Gas Production	Net Profits Interest (15% of Equity Distributions)(7)		40,000	35,973	1.0%					
Empire Today, LLC	Illinois /	Senior Secured Note (11.375%, due 2/1/2017)(16)	15,700		13,070 13,070	—% 0.4%					
Fleetwash, Inc.	New Jersey / Business Services	Senior Secured Term Loan B (10.50% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/30/2019)(3)(4) Delayed Draw Term Loan – \$15,000 Commitment (expires 4/30/2019)(25)	24,446	24,446	24,446	0.7%					
Focus Brands, Inc.	Georgia / Consumer Services	Second Lien Term Loan (10.25% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 8/21/2018)(4)(16)	18,000	24,446 17,821	24,446 18,000	0.7%					
Galaxy XV CLO, Ltd.	Cayman Island / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 15.65%)(11)(22)	35,025	17,821 27,762	18,000 29,739	0.5%					
Galaxy XVI CLO, Ltd.	Cayman Island / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 13.97%)(11)(22)	24,575	27,76220,434	29,739 20,849	0.8%					
Galaxy XVII CLO, Ltd.	Cayman Island / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 13.43%)(11)(22)(48)	39,905	20,434 33,493	20,849 33,742	0.6%					

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				33,493	33,742	0.9%
Global Employment	Colorado /	Senior Secured Term Loan (10.25%				
Solutions, Inc.	Dusiness	(LIBOR + 9.25% with 1.00% LIBOR	49,567	49,567	49,567	1.3%
2	Services	floor), due 6/26/2020)(3)(4)		49,567	49,567	1.3%
	Texas /			49,307	49,307	1.5%
GTP Operations,	Software &	Senior Secured Term Loan (10.00%	116 111	116 111	116411	2.16
LLC(10)	Computer	(LIBOR + 5.00% with 5.00% LIBOR floor), due 12/11/2018)(3)(4)	116,411	116,411	116,411	3.1%
	Services	11001), due 12/11/2018)(3)(4)				
II.1 I	C 1-1 1	_		116,411	116,411	3.1%
Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding	Cayman Islands / Structured	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest,	23,188	19,941	23,172	0.6%
2012-1 Ltd.	Finance	current yield 30.89%)(11)(22)	23,100	17,771	23,172	0.070
				19,941	23,172	0.6%
Halcyon Loan	Cayman Islands	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest,				
Advisors Funding	/ Structured	current yield 21.41%)(11)(22)	40,400	34,936	39,208	1.1%
2013-1 Ltd.	Finance			34,936	39,208	1.1%
Halcyon Loan	Cayman Islands			34,930	39,200	1.1%
Advisors Funding	/ Structured	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest,	24,500	21,020	22,096	0.6%
2014-1 Ltd.	Finance	current yield 17.17%)(11)(22)	ŕ	,	,	
				21,020	22,096	0.6%
Halcyon Loan	Cayman Islands	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest,	41 164	24.722	27.555	1.00
Advisors Funding 2014-2 Ltd.	/ Structured Finance	current yield 18.73%)(11)(22)(48)	41,164	34,723	37,555	1.0%
2014-2 Ltd.	Tillance			34,723	37,555	1.0%
HadaaaWaaa CLO	Cayman Islands	S Cook and in the 1 Notice (Door to all Internet		- 1,7 ==	,	
HarbourView CLO VII, Ltd.	/ Structured	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 17.84%)(11)(22)(48)	19,025	15,252	15,197	0.4%
VII, Lta.	Finance	current yield 17.0+70)(11)(22)(40)		15050	4.5.40.5	0.4~
				15,252	15,197	0.4%

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED) (in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	June 30, 2015 Principal Value		Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets				
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS										
Non-Control/Non-A	Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)									
Harley Marine Services, Inc.	Washington / Transportation	Second Lien Term Loan (10.50% (LIBOR + 9.25% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 12/20/2019)(3)(4)(16)	\$9,000	\$8,855	\$8,748	0.2%				
Hollander Sleep Products, LLC	Florida / Durable Consumer Products	Senior Secured Term Loan (9.00% (LIBOR + 8.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 10/21/2020)(3)(4)	22,444	8,855 22,444	8,748 22,444	0.2%				
ICON Health & Fitness, Inc.	Utah / Durable Consumer Products	Senior Secured Note (11.875%, due 10/15/2016)(16)	16,100	22,444 16,103	22,444 16,100	0.6%				
ICV-CSI Holdings, LLC	New York / Transportation	Membership Units (1.6 units)		16,103 1,639	16,100 2,400	0.4%				
	Minnesota / Media	Senior Secured Term Loan A (5.50% (LIBOR + 4.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/28/2019)(4)	146,363	1,639 146,363	2,400 146,363	0.1%4.0%				
Instant Web, LLC		Senior Secured Term Loan B (12.00% (LIBOR + 11.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/28/2019)(3)(4) Senior Secured Term Loan C (12.75%	150,100	150,100	150,100	4.0%				
		(LIBOR + 11.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/28/2019)(4)	27,000	27,000	27,000	0.7%				
		Delayed Draw Term Loan – \$16,000 Commitment (expires 5/29/2016)(25)				—%				
InterDent Inc	California /	Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.25% (LIBOR + 5.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 8/3/2017)(4)	125,350	323,463 125,350	323,463 125,350	8.7% 3.4%				
InterDent, Inc.	Healthcare	Senior Secured Term Loan B (11.25%	131,125	131,125	131,125	3.5%				
JAC Holding Corporation	Michigan / Transportation	Senior Secured Note (11.50%, due 10/1/2019)(16)	3,000	256,475 3,000 3,000	256,475 3,000 3,000	6.9%0.1%0.1%				

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Jefferson Mill CLO Ltd.	Cayman Island / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 15.65%)(11)(22)(48)	19,500	16,928	16,928	0.5%
		G 11' T 1 (11.25%		16,928	16,928	0.5%
JHH Holdings, Inc.	Texas / Healthcare	Second Lien Term Loan (11.25% (LIBOR + 10.00% with 1.25% LIBOR floor) plus 0.50% PIK, due 3/30/2019)(3)(4)	35,297	35,297	35,297	1.0%
		g : g . IT		35,297	35,297	1.0%
		Senior Secured Term Loan A (10.25% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.00% default interest, due 3/18/2019)(3)(4)	35,156	35,156	30,778	0.8%
LaserShip, Inc.	Virginia / Transportation	Senior Secured Term Loan B (10.25% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.00% default interest, due 3/18/2019)(3)(4)	21,555	21,555	18,866	0.5%
		Delayed Draw Term Loan – \$6,000 Commitment (expires 12/31/2016)(25)	_	_	_	%
		•		56,711	49,644	1.3%
LCM XIV Ltd.	Cayman Island / Structured Finance	SIncome Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 16.70%)(11)(22)	t 26,500	22,636	23,163	0.6%
				22,636	23,163	0.6%
Madison Park Funding IX, Ltd.	Cayman Island / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 21.64%)(11)(22)	31,110	23,663	25,804	0.7%
				23,663	25,804	0.7%

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	yInvestments(1)	June 30, Principal Value	2015 Cost	Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets				
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS										
Non-Control/Non-A	Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)									
Matrixx Initiatives, Inc.	•	Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.50% (LIBOR + 6.00% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 8/9/2018)(3)(4) Senior Secured Term Loan B (12.50%	\$34,389	\$34,389	\$34,026	0.9%				
		(LIBOR + 11.00% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 8/9/2018)(3)(4)	40,562	40,562	40,562	1.1%				
Maverick Healthcare Equity, LLC	Arizona / Healthcare	Preferred Units (1,250,000 units) Class A Common Units (1,250,000 units)		74,951 1,252 —	74,588 2,190	2.0% 0.1% —%				
	Cayman Islands	,		1,252	2,190	0.1%				
Mountain View CLO 2013-I Ltd.	/ Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 18.47%)(11)(22)	43,650	37,168	40,480	1.1%				
				37,168	40,480	1.1%				
Mountain View CLO IX Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 15.43%)(11)(22)(48)	47,830	44,739	44,666	1.2%				
N. d. d. F.		G 1 G 1N (10.00G 1		44,739	44,666	1.2%				
Nathan's Famous, Inc.	New York / Food Products	Senior Secured Notes (10.00%, due 3/15/2020)(16)	3,000	3,000	3,000	0.1%				
		Subordinated Secured Term Loan		3,000	3,000	0.1%				
NCP Finance Limited Partnership(23)	Ohio / Consume Finance	r(11.00% (LIBOR + 9.75% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 9/30/2018)(3)(4)(16)(22)	16,305	16,065	16,305	0.4%				
				16,065	16,305	0.4%				
New Century Transportation, Inc.	New Jersey / Transportation	Senior Subordinated Term Loan (12.00% (LIBOR + 10.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 4.00% PIK, in non-accrual status effective 4/1/2014, due 2/3/2018)(4)	187	187	_	—%				
	California /	,		187		—%				
Nixon, Inc.	Durable Consumer Products	Senior Secured Term Loan (8.75% plus 2.75% PIK, due 4/16/2018)(3)(16)	13,925	13,749	13,616	0.4%				
				13,749	13,616	0.4%				

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Octagon Investment Partners XV, Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 20.72%)(11)(22)	28,571	24,515	26,461	0.7%
		Revolving Line of Credit – \$5,000		24,515	26,461	0.7%
Onyx Payments(44)	Texas /	Commitment (9.00% (LIBOR + 8.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/10/2015)(4)(25)(26)	2,000	2,000	2,000	0.1%
	Diversified Financial Services	Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.50% (LIBOR + 5.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/10/2019)(3)(4)	52,050	52,050	52,050	1.4%
		Senior Secured Term Loan B (13.50% (LIBOR + 12.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/10/2019)(4)	59,389	59,389	59,389	1.6%
		Devaluing Line of Condit \$15,000		113,439	113,439	3.1%
	California / Personal & Nondurable Consumer Products	Revolving Line of Credit – \$15,000 Commitment (8.00% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/26/2020)(4)(25)(26)	6,500	6,500	6,500	0.2%
Pacific World Corporation		Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.00% (LIBOR + 5.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/26/2020)(4)	99,250	99,250	95,400	2.6%
	1100000	Senior Secured Term Loan B (10.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/26/2020)(3)(4)	99,250	99,250	81,772	2.2%
	G-1:6: - /			205,000	183,672	5.0%
Pelican Products, Inc.	California / Durable Consumer Products	Second Lien Term Loan (9.25% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/9/2021)(4)(16)	17,500	17,484	17,500	0.5%
				17,484	17,500	0.5%

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED) (in thousands, except share data)

New York /

& Minerals

Prince Mineral

Holding Corp.

Metal Services
Residue 12/15/2019)(16)

Senior Secured Term Loan (11.50%, due 12/15/2019)(16)

10,000

20,000

9,915

9,915

19,801

9,458

9,458

20,000

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	June 30, 2 Principal Value	2015 Cost	Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets				
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS										
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)										
PGX Holdings, Inc.(28)	Utah / Consumer Services	Second Lien Term Loan (10.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/29/2021)(3)(4)	\$135,000	\$135,000	\$135,000	3.6%				
	France /	First Lien Term Loan (8.50% (LIBOR -	L	135,000	135,000	3.6%				
Photonis Technologies SAS	Aerospace & Defense	7.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/18/2019)(4)(16)(22)	10,369	10,145	9,734	0.3%				
				10,145	9,734	0.3%				
Pinnacle (US) Acquisition Co. Limited	Texas / Software & Computer Services	Second Lien Term Loan (10.50% (LIBOR + 9.25% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 8/3/2020)(4)(16)	7,037	6,890	6,612	0.2%				
				6,890	6,612	0.2%				
PlayPower, Inc.	North Carolina / Durable Consumer Products	Second Lien Term Loan (9.75% (LIBOR + 8.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/23/2022)(4)(16)	10,000	9,850	9,850	0.3%				
D: 0 :		G 11' T 1 (0.75%		9,850	9,850	0.3%				
Prime Security Services Borrower, LLC	Illinois / Consumer Services	Second Lien Term Loan (9.75% (LIBOR + 8.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 7/1/2022)(4)(16)	10,000	9,850	9,850	0.3%				
220	561 (166)			9,850	9,850	0.3%				
	Georgia /	Revolving Line of Credit – \$15,000 Commitment (9.50% (LIBOR + 8.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 7/31/2015)(4)(25)(26)	13,800	13,800	13,800	0.4%				
PrimeSport, Inc.	Hotels, Restaurants & Leisure	Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.00% (LIBOR + 6.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 2/11/2021)(3)(4) Senior Secured Term Loan B (12.00%	54,227	54,227	54,227	1.4%				
		(LIBOR + 11.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 2/11/2021)(3)(4)	74,500	74,500	74,500	2.0%				
		// // // // // // // // // // // // //		142,527	142,527	3.8%				

0.3%

0.3%

0.5%

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Rocket Software, Inc.	Massachusetts Software & Computer Services	/Second Lien Term Loan (10.25% (LIBOR + 8.75% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 2/8/2019)(3)(4)(16)				
				19,801	20,000	0.5%
Royal Holdings, Inc	Indiana / Chemicals	Second Lien Term Loan (8.50% (LIBOR + 7.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/19/2023)(4)(16)	5,000	4,963	5,000	0.1%
				4,963	5,000	0.1%
Ryan, LLC	Texas / Business Services	Subordinated Unsecured Notes (12.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor) plus 3.00% PIK, due 6/30/2018)(4)	72,701	72,701	72,701	2.0%
				72,701	72,701	2.0%
Security Alarm Financing Enterprises, L.P.(45	California / Consumer SServices	Subordinated Unsecured Notes (11.50% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 12/19/2020)(4)	25,000	25,000	25,000	0.7%
r r,	,	,, ,		25,000	25,000	0.7%
SESAC Holdco II LLC	Tennessee / Media	Second Lien Term Loan (9.00% (LIBOR + 8.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/22/2021)(3)(4)(16)	10,000	9,854	9,925	0.3%
				9,854	9,925	0.3%
Small Business Whole Loan	New York /	40 small business loans purchased from Direct Capital Corporation	492	492	362	%
Portfolio(19)	Online Lending	g 2,306 small business loans purchased from On Deck Capital, Inc.	50,066	50,066	50,530	1.4%
		nom on beek capital, me.		50,558	50,892	1.4%

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED) (in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	June 30, Principa Value	2015 l Cost	Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets				
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS										
Non-Control/Non-A	Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)									
Spartan Energy Services, Inc.		Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.00% (LIBOR + 6.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 12/28/2017)(3)(4) Senior Secured Term Loan B (11.00%)	\$13,422	\$13,422	\$12,973	0.3%				
501,1005, 1110		(LIBOR + 10.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 12/28/2017)(3)(4)	13,935	13,935	13,664	0.4%				
	Canada /	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		27,357	26,637	0.7%				
Speedy Group Holdings Corp.	Consumer Finance	Senior Unsecured Notes (12.00%, due 11/15/2017)(16)(22)	15,000	15,000	15,000	0.4%				
		0 . 0 15 1 1 7 7 70 7		15,000	15,000	0.4%				
Stauber Performance	California /	Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.50% (LIBOR + 6.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 11/25/2019)(3)(4)	9,561	9,561	9,561	0.2%				
Ingredients, Inc.	Food Products	Senior Secured Term Loan B (10.50% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 11/25/2019)(3)(4)	9,799	9,799	9,799	0.3%				
Charles Engage	Oh: a / O:1 %	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		19,360	19,360	0.5%				
Stryker Energy, LLC	Ohio / Oil & Gas Production	Overriding Royalty Interests(18)	_	_	_	—% —%				
Sudbury Mill CLO Ltd.		Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 15.92%)(11)(22)	28,200	22,562	24,425	0.7%				
	Finance			22,562	24,425	0.7%				
Symphony CLO IX Ltd.	/ Structured	SPreference Shares (Residual Interest, current yield 20.76%)(11)(22)	45,500	34,797	40,034	1.1%				
	Finance			34,797	40,034	1.1%				
Symphony CLO XIV Ltd.	Cayman Island / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 12.24%)(11)(22)(48)	49,250	44,018	45,641	1.2%				
				44,018	45,641	1.2%				
Symphony CLO XV, Ltd.	Cayman Island / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 11.72%)(11)(22)	50,250	46,994	46,452	1.3%				
			68,146	46,994 68,146	46,452 68,146	1.3% 1.8%				

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System One Holdings, LLC	Pennsylvania / Business Services	Senior Secured Term Loan (10.50% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 11/17/2020)(3)(4) Delayed Draw Term Loan – \$11,500 Commitment (expires 12/31/2015)(25)	_	_	_	— %
	California /	E' . I		68,146	68,146	1.8%
Targus Group International, Inc.	Durable Consumer Products	First Lien Term Loan (11.75% (PRIME + 8.50%) plus 1.00% PIK and 2.00% default interest, due 5/24/2016)(4)(16)	21,487	21,378	17,233	0.5%
				21,378	17,233	0.5%
TB Corp.	Texas / Hotels, Restaurants & Leisure	Senior Subordinated Note (12.00% plus 1.50% PIK, due 12/19/2018)(3)	23,628	23,628	23,628	0.6%
				23,628	23,628	0.6%
Therakos, Inc.	New Jersey / Healthcare	Second Lien Term Loan (10.75% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 6/27/2018)(4)(16)	13,000	12,808	13,000	0.4%
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		12,808	13,000	0.4%
Talt Salutions Inc.	South Carolina	Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.00% (LIBOR + 6.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/7/2019)(3)(4)	47,802	47,802	45,548	1.2%
Tolt Solutions, Inc.	Services	Senior Secured Term Loan B (12.00% (LIBOR + 11.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/7/2019)(3)(4)	48,900	48,900	46,155	1.2%
				96,702	91,703	2.4%
TouchTunes Interactive Networks, Inc.	New York / Media	Second Lien Term Loan (9.25% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 5/29/2022)(4)(16)	5,000	4,925	4,925	0.1%
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				4,925	4,925	0.1%

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	June 30, Principa Value	2015 l Cost	Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets
LEVEL 3 PORTFO	LIO INVESTMENT	'S				
Non-Control/Non-A	Affiliate Investments	(less than 5.00% voting control)				
Traeger Pellet Grill	s Oregon / Durable Consumer Products	Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.50% (LIBOR + 4.50% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/18/2018)(3)(4) Senior Secured Term Loan B		\$35,644	\$35,644	1.0%
		(11.50% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/18/2018)(3)(4)	36,881	36,881	36,881	1.0%
Transaction	Virginia /	Second Lien Term Loan (9.00%		72,525	72,525	2.0%
Network Services, Inc.		(LIBOR + 8.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 8/14/2020)(4)(16)	84,595	4,573	4,595	0.1%
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		4,573	4,595	0.1%
Trinity Services	Florida / Food	Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.50% (LIBOR + 5.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 8/13/2019)(4)		9,825	9,825	0.3%
Group, Inc.(14)	Products	Senior Secured Term Loan B (11.50% (LIBOR + 10.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 8/13/2019)(3)(4)	100,000	100,000	100,000	2.7%
				109,825	109,825	3.0%
United Sporting Companies, Inc.(5)	South Carolina / Durable Consumer Products	Second Lien Term Loan (12.75% (LIBOR + 11.00% with 1.75% LIBOR floor), due 5/16/2018)(3)(4)	158,238	158,238	145,618	3.9%
				158,238	145,618	3.9%
United States	Texas / Commercial	Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.50% (LIBOR + 5.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.00% default interest, I due 3/31/2019)(3)(4)	23,250	23,250	21,551	0.6%
Environmental Services, LLC	Services	Senior Secured Term Loan B (11.50% (LIBOR + 10.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.00% default interest, due 3/31/2019)(3)(4)	36,000	36,000	33,406	0.9%
				59,250	54,957	1.5%
		Revolving Line of Credit – \$5,000 Commitment (10.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor),	_	_	_	— %
USG Intermediate, LLC	Texas / Durable Consumer Products	due 4/15/2016)(4)(25)(26)	21,587	21,587	21,587	0.6%

		Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.50% (LIBOR + 6.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/15/2020)(3)(4)				
		Senior Secured Term Loan B (12.50% (LIBOR + 11.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/15/2020)(3)(4)	21,695	21,695	21,695	0.6%
		Equity		1	_	—%
		G 11: T 1 (12.00%		43,283	43,282	1.2%
Venio LLC	Pennsylvania / Business Services	Second Lien Term Loan (12.00% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 2.50% LIBOR floor), due 2/19/2020)(3)(4)	17,000	17,000	16,042	0.4%
				17,000	16,042	0.4%
Voya CLO 2012-2, Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 19.32%)(11)(22)	38,070	30,002	32,391	0.9%
				30,002	32,391	0.9%
Voya CLO 2012-3, Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 16.87%)(11)(22)	46,632	37,208	38,465	1.0%
				37,208	38,465	1.0%
Voya CLO 2012-4, Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 19.40%)(11)(22)	40,613	32,918	34,977	0.9%
				32,918	34,977	0.9%
Voya CLO 2014-1, Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield	32,383	28,886	29,170	0.8%
		15.25%)(11)(22)(48)		28,886	29,170	0.8%
Washington Mill CLO Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 14.28%)(11)(22)(48)	22,600	19,542	20,137	0.5%
		,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,,		19,542	20,137	0.5%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	June 30, Principal Value		Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets
LEVEL 3 PORTFO	LIO INVESTM	IENTS				
Non-Control/Non-A	Affiliate Investm	nents (less than 5.00% voting control)				
Water Pik, Inc.	Colorado / Personal & Nondurable Consumer Products	Second Lien Term Loan (9.75% (LIBOR + 8.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 1/8/2021)(4)(16)	\$9,147	\$8,796	\$9,147	0.2%
		Contra Calendia de I Como de Nodo		8,796	9,147	0.2%
Wheel Pros, LLC	Colorado / Business	Senior Subordinated Secured Note (11.00% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 4.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/29/2020)(3)(4)	612,000	12,000	12,000	0.3%
	Services	Delayed Draw Term Loan – \$3,000 Commitment (expires 12/30/2015)(25	_	_	_	%
		•		12,000	12,000	0.3%
Wind River Resources Corporation(39)	Utah / Oil & Gas Production	Senior Secured Note (13.00% (LIBOF + 7.50% with 5.50% LIBOR floor) plus 3.00% default interest on principal and 16.00% default interest on past due interest, in non-accrual status effective 12/1/2008, past due)(4) Net Profits Interest (5% of Equity Distributions)(7)		3,000	_	—% —%
				3,000		%
Total Non-Control/	Non-Affiliate In	evestments (Level 3)		\$4,619,519	\$4,589,151	124.0%
Total Level 3 Portfo				\$6,559,313	\$6,609,298	178.5%
Non-Control/Non-A	Affiliate Investm	nents (less than 5.00% voting control)				
Dover Saddlery, Inc.	Massachusetts Retail	Common Stock (30,974 shares)		\$63	\$260	—%
Total Non-Control/	Non-Affiliate Ir	evestments (Level 1)		63 \$63	260 \$260	—% —%
Total Non-Control/	Non-Affiliate Ir	ivestments		\$4,619,582	\$4,589,411	124.0%
Total Portfolio Investments \$6,559,3						178.5%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	June 30, Principal Value	2014 Cost	Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets
LEVEL 3 PORTFO	LIO INVESTMI	ENTS				
Control Investments	s (greater than 25	5.00% voting control)(51)				
	D 1 /	Senior Secured Term Loan A to Airmall Inc. (12.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/30/2015)(3)(4)	\$27,587	\$27,587	\$27,587	0.8%
AMU Holdings Inc.(27)	Pennsylvania / Property	Senior Secured Term Loan B to Airmall Inc. (12.00% plus 6.00% PIK, due	19,993	19,993	17,697	0.5%
me.(27)	Management	12/31/2015) Series A Preferred Stock of AMU Holdings Inc. (9,919.684 shares) Common Stock of AMU Holdings Inc. (100 shares)		9,920	_	— %
				_	_	— %
		Senior Term Loan to American Property		57,500	45,284	1.3%
APH Property Holdings, LLC(32)		REIT Corp. (6.00% (LIBOR + 4.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 5.50% PIK, due 4/1/2019)(4)		167,743	167,743	4.6%
		Membership Interest in APH Property Holdings, LLC		35,024	38,416	1.1%
		<u> </u>		202,767	206,159	5.7%
Arctic Oilfield		Senior Secured Term Loan to Arctic Energy Services, LLC (12.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due 5/5/2019)(4)	31,640	31,640	31,640	0.9%
Equipment USA, Inc.(30)	& Gas Services	Oil Senior Subordinated Term Loan to ces Arctic Energy Services, LLC (14.00% (LIBOR + 11.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due 5/5/2019)(4)	20,230	20,230	20,230	0.6%
		Common Stock of Arctic Oilfield Equipment USA, Inc. (100 shares)		9,006	9,244	0.2%
				60,876	61,114	1.7%
		Senior Secured Note to Ajax Rolled Ring & Machine, LLC (10.50% (LIBOR + 7.50% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/30/2018)(4)	19,337	19,337	19,337	0.5%
ARRM Services, Inc.(42)		Series B Preferred Stock of ARRM gServices, Inc. (25,000 shares) Series A Convertible Preferred Stock of ARRM Services, Inc. (6,142.60 shares)		21,156	6,199	0.2%
110.(12)	/ Ivianuracturing			6,057	_	— %

	Common Stock of ARRM Services, Inc. (6.00 shares)		— 46,550	<u></u>	—% 0.7%
	Senior Secured Term Loan A to Boxercraft Incorporated (10.00% plus 1.00% PIK, in non-accrual status effective 1/1/2014, due 9/15/2015)	1,629	1,621	1,629	0.1%
	effective 1/1/2014, due 9/15/2015) Senior Secured Term Loan C to Boxercraft Incorporated (10.00% plus 1.00% PIK, in non-accrual status effective 1/1/2014, due 9/15/2015) Senior Secured Term Loan D to Boxercraft Incorporated (10.00% plus 1.00% PIK, in non-accrual status effective 4/18/2014, due 9/15/2015) Senior Secured Term Loan to Boxercraft Incorporated (10.00% plus 1.00% PIK) Incorporated (10.00% plus 1.00% PIK)	4,942	4,917	486	—%
		2,395	2,383	_	—%
BXC Company, Inc. Georgia / (f/k/a BXC Holding Company)(20) Georgia / Textiles, Apparel & Luxury Goods		301	300	_	—%
·		8,410	8,227	_	—%
	Series A Preferred Stock of BXC Company, Inc. (12,520,000 shares)		_	_	_%
	Series B Preferred Stock of BXC Company, Inc. (2,400,000 shares)		_	_	%
	Common Stock of BXC Company, Inc. (138,250 shares)		_	_	%
	Warrant (to purchase 15% of all classes of equity of BXC Company, Inc., expires 8/31/2022)		_	_	— %
			17,448	2,115	0.1%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED) (in thousands, except share data)

Energy Solutions

Holdings Inc.(8)

Texas / Oil &

Gas Services

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	June 30, Principal Value	2014 Cost	Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets
LEVEL 3 PORTFO	LIO INVESTM	ENTS				
Control Investments	s (greater than 25	5.00% voting control)(51)				
CODY		Senior Secured Term Loan A to CCPI Inc. (10.00%, due 12/31/2017)(3) Senior Secured Term Loan B to CCPI	\$17,213	\$17,213	\$17,213	0.5%
CCPI Holdings Inc.(33)	Ohio / Manufacturing	Inc. (12.00% plus 7.00% PIK, due	8,245	8,245	8,245	0.2%
				8,579	7,136	0.2%
		Senior Secured Term Loan A to CP		34,037	32,594	0.9%
		Well Testing, LLC (7.00% (LIBOR + 5.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/1/2019)(4)	11,035	11,035	11,035	0.3%
CP Holdings of Delaware LLC(38)		Senior Secured Term Loan B to CP Well Testing, LLC (10.00% (LIBOR + 8.00%), 1 with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 7.50% s PIK, due 4/1/2019)(4)	72,238	72,238	72,238	2.0%
		Second Lien Term Loan to CP Well Testing, LLC (9.00% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 9.00% PIK, due 4/1/2019)(4)	15,000	15,000	15,000	0.4%
		Membership Interest in CP Holdings of Delaware LLC		15,228	31,846	0.9%
				113,501	130,119	3.6%
Credit Central Holdings of	Ohio / Consumer	Subordinated Term Loan to Credit Central Loan Company, LLC (10.00% plus 10.00% PIK, due 6/26/2019)(22)	36,333	36,333	36,333	1.0%
Delaware, LLC(34)	Finance	Membership Interest in Credit Central Holdings of Delaware, LLC(22)		13,670	14,099	0.4%
		_		50,003	50,432	1.4%
Echelon Aviation LLC	New York / Aerospace & Defense	Senior Secured Term Loan to Echelon Aviation LLC (11.75% (LIBOR + 9.75% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.25% PIK, due 3/31/2022)(4)	78,521	78,521	78,521	2.2%
		Membership Interest in Echelon Aviation LLC		14,107	14,107	0.4%
		Senior Secured Note to Vessel Company, LLC (18.00%, due	3,500	92,628 3,500	92,628 3,500	2.6% 0.1%
						470

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		12/12/2016)				
		Senior Secured Note to Vessel Company II, LLC (13.00%, due 11/25/2018)		12,504	12,504	0.4%
		Senior Secured Note to Vessel Company III, LLC (13.00%, due 12/3/2018)	16,000	16,000	16,000	0.4%
		Senior Secured Note to Yatesville Coal	1 440	1 440		%
		effective 1/1/2009, past due)	1,449	1,449	_	— <i>70</i>
		Common Stock of Energy Solutions Holdings Inc. (100 shares)		8,293	_	_%
				41,746	32,004	0.9%
First Tower	Mississippi /	•	251,246	251,246	251,246	6.9%
Holdings of Delaware LLC(29)	Consumer Finance	6/24/2019)(22) Membership Interest in First Tower		68,405	75,539	2.1%
		Holdings of Delaware LLC(22)		319,651	326,785	9.0%
		Senior Secured Term Loan to Gulf		317,031	320,703	7.070
C ISC . W. I	TD /	•	17,500	17,500	14,459	0.4%
Gulf Coast Machine & Supply Company		LIBOR floor) plus 2.00% default interest on principal, due 10/12/2017)(4)				
		Series A Convertible Preferred Stock of Gulf Coast Machine & Supply Company (99,900 shares)		25,950	_	%
				43,450	14,459	0.4%

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Utah / Durable

Consumer

Products

MITY Holdings of

Delaware Inc.(17)

(in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	June 30, 2 Principal Value	2014 Cost	Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets
LEVEL 3 PORTFO	LIO INVESTM	ENTS				
Control Investments	s (greater than 25	5.00% voting control)(51)				
Harbortouch	Pennsylvania /	Senior Secured Term Loan A to Harbortouch Payments, LLC (9.00% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/30/2017)(4) Senior Secured Term Loan B to	\$130,796	\$130,796	\$130,796	3.6%
Holdings of Delaware Inc.(43)	Business Services	Harbortouch Payments, LLC (5.50% (LIBOR + 4.00% with 1.50% LIBOR floor) plus 5.50% PIK, due 3/31/2018)(4)	137,226	137,226	137,226	3.8%
		Common Stock of Harbortouch		10,672	23,292	0.6%
		Holdings of Delaware Inc. (100 shares)		278,694	291,314	8.0%
		Secured Promissory Notes to The Healing Staff, Inc. and Vets Securing America, Inc. (15.00%, in non-accrual status effective 12/22/2010, past due)	1,688	1,686	_	— %
The Healing Staff, Inc.(9)	North Carolina / Contracting	Senior Demand Note to The Healing Staff, Inc. (15.00%, in non-accrual status effective 11/1/2010, past due) Common Stock of The Healing Staff,	1,170	1,170	_	— %
		Inc. (1,000 shares)		_	_	— %
		Common Stock of Vets Securing America, Inc. (1,500 shares)		975	_	—%
		Senior Secured Note to Manx Energy,		3,831	_	—%
M E	V (0:1.0	Inc. (13.00%, in non-accrual status effective 1/19/2010, past due)	50	50	_	—%
Manx Energy, Inc.(6)	Kansas / Oil & Gas Production	Series A-1 Preferred Stock of Many		_	_	— %
		Common Stock of Manx Energy, Inc. (17,082 shares)		_	_	—%
				50	_	— %
		Revolving Line of Credit to MITY, Inc. \$7,500 Commitment (9.50% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 2.50% LIBOR floor), due 12/23/2014)(4)(25)(26)	_	_	_	—%

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		Senior Secured Note A to MITY, Inc. (10.00% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/19/2019)(3)(4) Senior Secured Note B to MITY, Inc.	18,250	18,250	18,250	0.5%
		(10.00% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor) plus 10.00% PIK, due 3/19/2019)(4)	15,769	15,769	15,769	0.4%
		Common Stock of MITY Holdings of Delaware Inc. (100 shares)		14,143	15,270	0.4%
				48,162	49,289	1.3%
		Senior Subordinated Term Loan to				
Nationwide	Illinois /	Nationwide Acceptance LLC (10.00%	14,820	14,820	14,820	0.4%
Acceptance	Consumer	plus 10.00% PIK, due 6/18/2019)(22)				
Holdings LLC(36)	Finance	Membership Interest in Nationwide Acceptance Holdings LLC(22)		14,331	15,103	0.4%
				29,151	29,923	0.8%
		Senior Secured Note to NMMB, Inc. (14.00%, due 5/6/2016)	3,714	3,714	2,183	0.1%
		Senior Secured Note to Armed Forces				
NMMB Holdings,	New York /	Communications, Inc. (14.00%, due 5/6/2016)	7,000	7,000	4,114	0.1%
Inc.(24)	Media	Series B Convertible Preferred Stock of NMMB Holdings, Inc. (8,086 shares)	f	8,086	_	%
		Series A Preferred Stock of NMMB Holdings, Inc. (4,400 shares)		4,400	_	— %
		(.,.00 5		23,200	6,297	0.2%

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED) (in thousands, except share data)

			June 30, 2	2014		
Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	Principal Value	Cost	Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets
LEVEL 3 PORTFO	LIO INVESTM	ENTS				
Control Investments	s (greater than 25	5.00% voting control)(51)				
NPH Property Holdings, LLC(40)	Various	Senior Term Loan to National Property REIT Corp. (6.00% (LIBOR + 4.00% with 2.00% LIBOF floor) plus 5.50% PIK, due 4/1/2019)(4)	R\$105,309	\$105,309	\$105,309	2.9%
		Membership Interest in NPH Property Holdings, LLC		21,290	19,202	0.5%
				126,599	124,511	3.4%
R-V Industries, Inc.		Senior Subordinated Note to R-V Industries, Inc. (10.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/12/2018)(3)(4)	30,411	30,411	30,411	0.8%
	Pennsylvania / Manufacturing	Common Stock of D. V. Industries		5,087	19,989	0.6%
		of Common Stock of R-V Industries, expires 6/30/2017)		1,682	7,334	0.2%
		-		37,180	57,734	1.6%
		Revolving Line of Credit to Borga, Inc. – \$1,150 Commitment (5.00% (PRIME + 1.75%), in non-accrual status effective 3/2/2010, past due)(4)(25)	1,150	1,095	436	—%
STI Holding, Inc.(21)	California /	Senior Secured Term Loan B to Borga, Inc. (8.50% (PRIME + 5.25%), in non-accrual status effective 3/2/2010, past due)(4) Senior Secured Term Loan C to	1,612	1,501	_	—%
1110.(21)	Manufacturing	Borga, Inc. (12.00% plus 4.00% PIK in non-accrual status effective 3/2/2010, past due)	'10,016	581	_	— %
		Common Stock of STI Holding, Inc. (100 shares)		_	_	— %
		Warrant (to purchase 33,750 shares of Common Stock of Borga, Inc., expires 5/6/2015)		_	_	— %
		·	19,027	3,177 19,027	436 19,027	—% 0.5%

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UPH Property N Holdings, LLC(41)		Senior Term Loan to United Property REIT Corp. (6.00% (LIBOR + 4.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 5.50% PIK, due 4/1/2019)(4)				
		Membership Interest in UPH Property Holdings, LLC		5,113	5,539	0.2%
		Senior Secured Note to Valley		24,140	24,566	0.7%
valley Electric	Washington / Construction &	Electric Co. of Mt. Vernon, Inc. (8.00% (LIBOR + 5.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.50% PIK, due 12/31/2017)(3)(4)	10,081	10,081	10,081	0.3%
Holdings L Inc (33)	Engineering	Senior Secured Note to Valley Electric Company, Inc. (10.00% plus 8.5% PIK, due 12/31/2018)	20,500	20,500	20,500	0.6%
		Common Stock of Valley Electric Holdings I, Inc. (100 shares)		26,279	2,975	%
		,		56,860	33,556	0.9%
		Senior Secured Promissory Note to Wolf Energy, LLC secured by assets formerly owned by H&M (18.00%, in non-accrual status effective 4/15/2013, due 4/15/2018)(37)	22,000	_	3,386	0.1%
		Senior Secured Note to Appalachian Energy LLC (8.00%, in non-accrual status effective 1/19/2010, past due)(6)	2,865	2,000	_	—%
~ *		Senior Secured Note to Appalachian Energy LLC (8.00%, in non-accrual	56	50	_	%
		status, past due)(6) Senior Secured Note to Coalbed,		5.001		OH.
		LLC (8.00%, in non-accrual status effective 1/19/2010, past due)(6)	8,595	5,991	_	—%
		Common Stock of Wolf Energy Holdings Inc. (100 shares)		_	_	— %
		Net Profits Interest in Wolf Energy, LLC (8% of Equity Distributions)(7)		_	213	— %
Total Control Investm	ments	1 7		8,041 \$1,719,242	3,599 \$1,640,454	0.1% 45.3%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

(in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	June 30, Principal Value		Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets		
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS								
Affiliate Investmen	ats (5.00% to 24.9	9% voting control)(52)						
BNN Holdings Corp.		Senior Secured Note (10.00% (LIBOR 8.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 12/17/2017)(3)(4)		\$28,950	\$28,950	0.8%		
	Healthcare	Series A Preferred Stock (9,925.455 shares)(13)		2,300	2,614	0.1%		
		Series B Preferred Stock (1,753.636 shares)(13)		579	557	— %		
	Total Affiliate Investments Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)					0.9% 0.9%		
	Canada / Caftuu	one Second Line Town Lean (10,000)						
Aderant North America, Inc.	& Computer Services	are Second Lien Term Loan (10.00% (LIBOR + 8.75% with 1.25% LIBO floor), due 6/20/2019)(4)(16)	R \$7,000	\$6,914	\$7,000	0.2%		
	Scrvices	11001), due 0/20/2017)(4)(10)		6,914	7,000	0.2%		
Aircraft Fasteners International, LLC	California / Machinery	Class A Units (32,500 units)		396	505	%		
	Demonstration of	C		396	505	%		
ALG USA Holdings, LLC	Pennsylvania / Hotels, Restaura & Leisure	Second Lien Term Loan (10.25% nts (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.25% LIBO floor), due 2/28/2020)(4)(16)	R 12,000	11,792	12,000	0.3%		
				11,792	12,000	0.3%		
Allied Defense Group, Inc.	Virginia / Aeros & Defense	pace Common Stock (10,000 shares)		5	_	<u> </u> %		
Group, me.	& Delense			5	_	<u> </u> %		
American Broadband Holding Company and Cameron Holdings of NC, Inc.	Telecommunicat	Senior Secured Term Loan B (11.00 tion (LIBOR + 9.75% with 1.25% LIBO floor), due 9/30/2018)(3)(4)		74,654	74,654	2.1%		
of NC, IIIC.				74,654	74,654	2.1%		
American Gilsonite		Second Lien Term Loan (11.50%, d , 9/1/2017)(16)	lue 38,500	38,500	38,500	1.1%		
Company	Services & Mine	erals Membership Interest (99.9999%)(15	5)	— 38,500	3,477 41,977	0.1% 1.2%		
Apidos CLO IX	Cayman Islands		est, 20 525	18,444	19,903	0.5%		
Apidos CLO IA	Structured Finance	ce current yield 18.84%)(11)(22)	20,020	18,444	19,903	0.5%		

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Apidos CLO XI	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, 38,340 current yield 15.02%)(11)(22)	33,937	37,087	1.0%
			33,937	37,087	1.0%
Apidos CLO XII	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, 44,063 current yield 15.82%)(11)(22)	42,042	42,499	1.2%
		•	42,042	42,499	1.2%
Apidos CLO XV	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, 36,515 current yield 14.21%)(11)(22)	37,038	36,715	1.0%
			37,038	36,715	1.0%
Arctic Glacier U.S.A., Inc.	Minnesota / Food Products	Second Lien Term Loan (10.50% (LIBOR + 9.25% with 1.25% LIBOR 150,000 floor), due 11/10/2019)(3)(4)	150,000	150,000	4.1%
			150,000	150,000	4.1%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED) (in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	June 30, Principa Value	2014 l Cost	Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets				
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS										
Non-Control/Non-A	Affiliate Investme	ents (less than 5.00% voting control)								
Ark-La-Tex Wireline Services, LLC	Louisians / Oil	Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.50% (LIBOR + 5.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/8/2019)(4) Senior Secured Term Loan B (10.50%	\$26,831	\$26,831	\$26,831	0.7%				
		(LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/8/2019)(4)	26,831	26,831	26,831	0.7%				
		Delayed Draw Term Loan – \$5,000 Commitment (expires 10/8/2015)(4)(25)		_	_	— %				
	New York /	Second Lien Term Loan (10.25%		53,662	53,662	1.4%				
Armor Holding II LLC	Diversified Financial Services	•	7,000	6,874	6,874	0.2%				
	Scrvices	Danalaina Lina of Credit \$2,000		6,874	6,874	0.2%				
Atlantis Health Care	Puerto Rico / Healthcare	8/21/2014)(4)(25)(26) Senior Term Loan (10.00% (LIBOR +	2,350	2,350	2,350	0.1%				
Group (Puerto Rico), Inc.			38,957	38,957	34,102	0.9%				
	Carrer Island			41,307	36,452	1.0%				
Babson CLO Ltd. 2011-I	/ Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 12.44%)(11)(22)	35,000	33,591	33,801	0.9%				
	Cayman Island	s		33,591	33,801	0.9%				
Babson CLO Ltd. 2012-I	/ Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 13.35%)(11)(22)	29,075	23,471	26,401	0.7%				
	Cavman Island	s		23,471	26,401	0.7%				
Babson CLO Ltd. 2012-II	/ Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 11.33%)(11)(22)	27,850	26,764	27,230	0.8%				
	Massachusetts	/ G 11: T		26,764	27,230	0.8%				
Blue Coat Systems, Inc.		Second Lien Term Loan (9.50% (LIBOR + 8.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/28/2020)(3)(4)(16)	11,000	10,902	11,000	0.3%				

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				10,902	11,000	0.3%
Broder Bros., Co.	Pennsylvania / Textiles, Apparel & Luxury Goods	Senior Secured Notes (10.25% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 4/8/2019)(3)(4)(46)	257,575	257,575	257,575	7.1%
	•			257,575	257,575	7.1%
Brookside Mill CLC Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 19.62%)(11)(22)	26,000	22,613	25,081	0.7%
				22,613	25,081	0.7%
Byrider Systems Acquisition Corp.	Indiana / Auto Finance	Senior Subordinated Notes (12.00% plus 2.00% PIK, due 11/3/2016)(3)(22)	11,139	11,139	11,139	0.3%
	Colorado /	Membership Interest(31)		11,139	11,139 182	0.3%
Caleel + Hayden, LLC	Personal & Nondurable Consumer Products	Escrow Receivable		_	118	—%
		Social Second Term Lean A (6.500)		_	300	—%
Capstone Logistics,	Georgia /	Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.50% (LIBOR + 5.00% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 9/16/2016)(4)	92,085	92,085	92,085	2.6%
LLC	Commercial Services	Senior Secured Term Loan B (11.50% (LIBOR + 10.00% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 9/16/2016)(3)(4)	98,465	98,465	98,465	2.7%
				190,550	190,550	5.3%
Cent CLO 17 Limited	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 10.10%)(11)(22)	24,870	21,999	23,896	0.7%
				21,999	23,896	0.7%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

(in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	June 30, Principal Value	2014 Cost	Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets				
LEVEL 3 PORTFO	LIO INVESTM	ENTS								
Non-Control/Non-A	Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)									
Cent CLO 20 Limited	Cayman Island / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 10.83%)(11)(22)	\$40,275	\$40,483	\$40,259	1.1%				
Cent CLO 21 Limited	Cayman Island / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 15.47%)(11)(22)(48)	48,528	40,483 46,597	40,259 46,154	1.1%				
CIEC Emplina	Cayman Island	Class D Senior Secured Notes (5.23% S(LIBOR + 5.00%, due 1/19/2023)(4)(22	19,000	46,597 15,304	46,154 18,037	1.3% 0.5%				
CIFC Funding 2011-I, Ltd.	/ Structured Finance	Class E Subordinated Notes (7.23%)	15 400	12,814	15,162	0.4%				
	Cayman Island		,	28,118	33,199	0.9%				
CIFC Funding 2013-III, Ltd.	/ Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 14.01%)(11)(22)	44,100	39,534	43,217	1.2%				
				39,534	43,217	1.2%				
CIFC Funding 2013-IV, Ltd.	Cayman Island / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 12.52%)(11)(22)	45,500	40,255	40,934	1.1%				
		g		40,255	40,934	1.1%				
Cinedigm DC Holdings, LLC	New York / Software & Computer Services	Senior Secured Term Loan (11.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.50% PIK, due 3/31/2021)(4)	68,714	68,664	68,714	1.9%				
TEL C				68,664	68,714	1.9%				
The Copernicus Group, Inc.	North Carolina / Healthcare	Escrow Receivable		_	115	%				
Correctional				_	115	—%				
Healthcare Holding Company, Inc.	Colorado / Healthcare	Second Lien Term Loan (11.25%, due 1/11/2020)(3)	27,100	27,100	27,642	0.8%				
	Florida /	Senior Secured Term Loan (11.50%		27,100	27,642	0.8%				
Coverall North America, Inc.	Commercial Services	(LIBOR + 8.50% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due 12/17/2017)(3)(4)	51,210	51,210	51,210	1.4%				
			40,000	51,210 40,000	51,210 39,708	1.4% 1.1%				

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Crosman Corporation	New York / Manufacturing	Second Lien Term Loan (12.00% (LIBOR + 10.50% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 12/30/2019)(3)(4)				
	W/:	Senior Secured Term Loan (10.50%		40,000	39,708	1.1%
CRT MIDCO, LLC	Wisconsin / Media	(LIBOR + 7.50% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/30/2017)(3)(4)	47,504	47,504	47,504	1.3%
		11001), due 0/30/2017)(3)(4)		47,504	47,504	1.3%
Daltala Inc	Virginia / Software &	Second Lien Term Loan (10.00%	12 000	11 050	12,000	0.207
Deltek, Inc.	Computer Services	(LIBOR + 8.75% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 10/10/2019)(3)(4)(16)	12,000	11,852	12,000	0.3%
				11,852	12,000	0.3%
Diamondback Operating, LP	Oklahoma / Oil & Gas Production	Net Profits Interest (15% of Equity Distributions)(7)		_	_	%
					_	<u> </u> %
Edmentum, Inc.(47)	Minnesota / Consumer Services	Second Lien Term Loan (11.25% (LIBOR + 9.75% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 5/17/2019)(3)(4)(16)	50,000	48,439	50,000	1.4%
	Illinois /			48,439	50,000	1.4%
Empire Today, LLC	Durable	Senior Secured Note (11.375%, due 2/1/2017)(16)	15,700	15,419	15,700	0.4%
				15,419	15,700	0.4%
Fischbein, LLC	North Carolina / Machinery	Escrow Receivable		_	116	<u> </u> %
	-				116	<u></u> %

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED) (in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	June 30, Principa Value	2014 l Cost	Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets					
LEVEL 3 PORTFO	LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS										
Non-Control/Non-A	Affiliate Investm	ents (less than 5.00% voting control)									
Fleetwash, Inc.	New Jersey /	Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.50% (LIBOR + 5.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/30/2019)(4) Senior Secured Term Loan B (10.50%	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$25,000	0.7%					
	Business Services	(LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/30/2019)(4)	25,000	25,000	25,000	0.7%					
		Delayed Draw Term Loan – \$15,000 Commitment (expires 4/30/2019)(25)	_		_	%					
	Georgia /	Second Lien Term Loan (10.25%		50,000	50,000	1.4%					
Focus Brands, Inc.	Consumer Services	(LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 8/21/2018)(4)(16)	18,000	17,776	18,000	0.5%					
				17,776	18,000	0.5%					
Focus Products Group International	Illinois / Durable 'Consumer	Senior Secured Term Loan (12.00% (LIBOR + 11.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 1/20/2017)(3)(4)	20,297	20,297	19,886	0.5%					
LLC	Products	Common Stock (5,638 shares)		27	_	<u>_</u> %					
Galaxy XII CLO,	Cayman Island / Structured	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest,	22,000	20,324 19,498	19,886 20,449	0.5%					
Ltd.	Finance	current yield 13.31%)(11)(22)	,	·	·						
Galaxy XV CLO,	Cayman Island	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest,		19,498	20,449	0.6%					
Ltd.	/ Structured Finance	current yield 14.27%)(11)(22)	35,025	29,777	31,824	0.9%					
		la.		29,777	31,824	0.9%					
Galaxy XVI CLO, Ltd.	/ Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 12.19%)(11)(22)	22,575	20,790	20,573	0.6%					
		L		20,790	20,573	0.6%					
Galaxy XVII CLO, Ltd.	/ Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 14.79%)(11)(22)(48)	39,905	36,811	36,589	1.0%					
		Carrier Consul Tarre I and (10,000)		36,811	36,589	1.0%					
Global Employmen Solutions, Inc.	Colorado / Business Services	Senior Secured Term Loan (10.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/25/2019)(3)(4)	28,464	28,464	28,464	0.8%					
		,,		28,464	28,464	0.8%					

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Grocery Outlet, Inc.	California / Retail	Second Lien Term Loan (10.50% (LIBOR + 9.25% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 6/17/2019)(4)(16)	14,457	14,168	14,457	0.4%
				14,168	14,457	0.4%
GTP Operations, LLC(10)	Texas / Software & Computer Services	Senior Secured Term Loan (10.00% (LIBOR + 5.00% with 5.00% LIBOR floor), due 12/11/2018)(3)(4)	112,546	112,546	112,546	3.1%
				112,546	112,546	3.1%
Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2012-1 Ltd.	Cayman Island / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 21.35%)(11)(22)	23,188	20,600	22,570	0.6%
				20,600	22,570	0.6%
Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2013-1 Ltd.	Cayman Island / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 18.49%)(11)(22)	40,400	38,460	41,509	1.1%
2013 1 2.0.				38,460	41,509	1.1%
Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2014-1 Ltd.	Cayman Island / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 15.28%)(11)(22)	24,500	23,471	23,110	0.6%
				23,471	23,110	0.6%
Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2014-2 Ltd.	Cayman Island / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 16.06%)(11)(22)(48)	41,164	38,630	38,066	1.1%
				38,630	38,066	1.1%
Harley Marine Services, Inc.	Washington / Transportation	Second Lien Term Loan (10.50% (LIBOR + 9.25% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 12/20/2019)(3)(4)(16)	9,000	8,832	8,832	0.2%
				8,832	8,832	0.2%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED) (in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	June 30, Principal Value	2014 Cost	Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets			
LEVEL 3 PORTFO	LIO INVESTM	ENTS							
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)									
ICON Health & Fitness, Inc.	Utah / Durable Consumer Products	Senior Secured Note (11.875%, due 10/15/2016)(16)	\$21,850	\$22,005	\$20,889	0.6%			
ICV-CSI Holdings, LLC	New York / Transportation	Common Equity (1.6 units)		22,005 1,639	20,889 2,079	0.6%			
IDQ Holdings, Inc.	Texas / Automobile	Senior Secured Note (11.50%, due 4/1/2017)(16)	12,500	1,639 12,344	2,079 12,500	0.1%			
Ikaria, Inc.	New Jersey / Healthcare	Second Lien Term Loan (8.75% (LIBOR + 7.75% with 1.00% LIBOR	25,000	12,344 24,430	12,500 25,000	0.3%			
		floor), due 2/12/2022)(4)(16)		24,430	25,000	0.7%			
Injured Workers Pharmacy, LLC	Massachusetts Healthcare	Second Lien Term Loan (11.50% / (LIBOR + 7.00% with 4.50% LIBOR floor) plus 1.00% PIK, due 5/31/2019)(3)(4)	22,678	22,678	22,904	0.6%			
		Senior Secured Term Loan A (5.50%		22,678	22,904	0.6%			
		(LIBOR + 4.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/28/2019)(4)	126,453	126,453	126,453	3.5%			
Instant Web, LLC	Minnesota / Media	Senior Secured Term Loan B (12.00% (LIBOR + 11.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/28/2019)(3)(4)	128,000	128,000	128,000	3.6%			
		Senior Secured Term Loan C (12.75% (LIBOR + 11.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/28/2019)(4)	12,500	12,500	12,500	0.3%			
		Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.25%		266,953	266,953	7.4%			
I. D. I	California /	(LIBOR + 5.75% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 8/3/2017)(4)	63,225	63,225	63,225	1.7%			
InterDent, Inc.	Healthcare	Senior Secured Term Loan B (12.25% (LIBOR + 9.25% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due 8/3/2017)(3)(4)	67,625	67,625	67,625	1.9%			
JHH Holdings, Inc.	Texas / Healthcare	Second Lien Term Loan (11.25% (LIBOR + 10.00% with 1.25% LIBOR	35,119	130,850 35,119	130,850 35,119	3.6% 1.0%			

floor) plus 0.50% PIK, due 3/30/2019)(3)(4) 35,119 35,119 1.0% Revolving Line of Credit – \$5,000 Commitment (10.25% (LIBOR + 8.25% -% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 12/21/2014)(4)(25) Senior Secured Term Loan A (10.25% Virginia / (LIBOR + 8.25% with 2.00% LIBOR 36,094 36,094 36,094 1.0% LaserShip, Inc. Transportation floor), due 3/18/2019)(3)(4) Senior Secured Term Loan B (10.25% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 2.00% LIBOR 22,111 22,111 22,111 0.6% floor), due 3/18/2019)(3)(4) Delayed Draw Term Loan – \$6,000 --% Commitment (expires 12/31/2016)(25) 58,205 58,205 1.6% Cayman Islands Income Notes (Residual Interest, current 26,500 LCM XIV Ltd. 24,914 0.7% 25,124 yield 16.02%)(11)(22) Finance 24,914 25,124 0.7% Revolving Line of Credit – \$750 Commitment (8.50% (LIBOR + 6.00%) --% with 2.50% LIBOR floor), due LHC Holdings Florida / 5/31/2015)(4)(25)(26) Healthcare Corp. Senior Subordinated Debt (10.50%, due 1,865 1,865 1,865 0.1% 5/31/2015)(3) Membership Interest (125 units) 216 253 --% 2,081 0.1% 2,118 Cayman Islands Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, Madison Park / Structured 31,110 24,546 27,266 0.8% Funding IX, Ltd. current yield 12.97%)(11)(22) Finance

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

F-26

24,546

27,266

0.8%

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED) (in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Company Locale / Industry Investments(1)			June 30, 2014 Principal Value Cost		% of Net Assets
LEVEL 3 PORTFO	LIO INVESTME	NTS				
Non-Control/Non-A	Affiliate Investmen	nts (less than 5.00% voting control)				
Matrixx Initiatives, Inc.	•	Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.50% (LIBOR + 6.00% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 8/9/2018)(3)(4) Senior Secured Term Loan B (12.50%	\$38,319	\$38,319	\$36,839	1.0%
		(LIBOR + 11.00% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 8/9/2018)(3)(4)	39,750	39,750	36,851	1.0%
Maverick Healthcare Equity,	Arizona /	Preferred Units (1,250,000 units) Class A Common Units (1,250,000		78,069 1,252	73,690 821	2.0%
LLC	Healthcare	units)				—% —%
Mountain View CLO 2013-I Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 15.64%)(11)(22)	43,650	40,754	43,555	1.2%
	Tillance			40,754	43,555	1.2%
NCP Finance Limited Partnership(23)	Ohio / Consume Finance	Subordinated Secured Term Loan r(11.00% (LIBOR + 9.75% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due	11,910	11,692	12,208	0.3%
•		9/30/2018)(3)(4)(16)(22)		11,692	12,208	0.3%
New Century Transportation, Inc.	New Jersey / Transportation	Senior Subordinated Term Loan (12.00% (LIBOR + 10.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 4.00% PIK, in non-accrual status effective 4/1/2014, due 2/3/2018)(4)	44,000	44,000	_	— %
	California /	,, ,		44,000		— %
Nixon, Inc.	Durable Consumer Products	Senior Secured Term Loan (8.75% plus 2.75% PIK, due 4/16/2018)(16)	13,532	13,316	13,316	0.4%
NRG				13,316	13,316	0.4%
Manufacturing, Inc.	Texas / Manufacturing	Escrow Receivable		_	1,110	— %
0.4	Cayman Islands	I N. (D. 11.17.		_	1,110	—%
Octagon Investment Partners XV, Ltd.	/ Structured Finance	Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 20.60%)(11)(22)	26,901	24,338	26,732	0.7%
				24,338	26,732	0.7%

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Onyx Payments(44)	Texas / Diversified	Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.75% (LIBOR + 5.50% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), dva 4/18/2018/(4)	15,125	15,125	15,125	0.4%
	Financial	floor), due 4/18/2018)(4)				
	Services	Senior Secured Term Loan B (13.75% (LIBOR + 12.50% with 1.25% LIBOR	15,938	15,938	15,938	0.4%
		floor), due 4/18/2018)(4)				
	G 110 1 1			31,063	31,063	0.8%
.	California /	Second Lien Term Loan (9.25%				
Pelican Products,	Durable	(LIBOR + 8.25% with 1.00% LIBOR	17,500	17,482	17,500	0.5%
Inc.	Consumer Products	floor), due 4/9/2021)(4)(16)				
	Products			17,482	17,500	0.5%
		Senior Secured Term Loan (10.50%		17,402	17,500	0.5 /6
PGX Holdings,	Utah / Consume	r(LIBOR + 8.50% with 2.00% LIBOR	436,647	436 647	436,647	12.1%
Inc.(28)	Services	floor), due 9/14/2017)(3)(4)	130,017	130,017	130,017	12.170
		11001), 000 3/1 1/201//(0)(1)		436,647	436,647	12.1%
~ .	France /	First Lien Term Loan (8.50% (LIBOR -	F	,-	/	
Photonis	Aerospace &	7.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due	10,448	10,170	10,339	0.3%
Technologies SAS	Defense	9/18/2019)(4)(16)(22)				
				10,170	10,339	0.3%
Pinnacle (US)	Texas / Software	e Second Lien Term Loan (10.50%				
Acquisition Co.	& Computer	(LIBOR + 9.25% with 1.25% LIBOR	10,000	9,833	10,000	0.3%
Limited	Services	floor), due 8/3/2020)(4)(16)				
				9,833	10,000	0.3%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED) (in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	June 30, Principa Value	2014 Cost	Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets
LEVEL 3 PORTFO	LIO INVESTM	ENTS				
Non-Control/Non-A	Affiliate Investme	ents (less than 5.00% voting control)				
	Georgia /	Revolving Line of Credit – \$15,000 Commitment (10.00% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 0.50% LIBOR floor), due 6/30/2015)(4)(25)(26)	\$—	\$—	\$—	—%
PrimeSport, Inc.	Hotels, Restaurants & Leisure	Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.50% (LIBOR + 6.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 12/23/2019)(3)(4)	43,263	43,263	43,263	1.2%
		Senior Secured Term Loan B (11.50% (LIBOR + 10.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor) plus 1.00% PIK, due 12/23/2019)(3)(4)	43,700	43,700	43,700	1.2%
5	New York /	a . a		86,963	86,963	2.4%
Prince Mineral Holding Corp. Metal Servi & Minerals		Senior Secured Term Loan (11.50%, due 12/15/2019)(16)	^e 10,000	9,902	10,000	0.3%
		,		9,902	10,000	0.3%
Rocket Software, Inc.	Massachusetts Software & Computer Services	Second Lien Term Loan (10.25% (LIBOR + 8.75% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 2/8/2019)(3)(4)(16)	20,000	19,758	20,000	0.6%
	Services	C 11' T		19,758	20,000	0.6%
Royal Adhesives and Sealants, LLC	Indiana / Chemicals	Second Lien Term Loan (9.75% (LIBOI + 8.50% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 1/31/2019)(4)(16)		19,648	19,713	0.5%
		Subordinated Unsecured Notes (12.00%)		19,648	19,713	0.5%
Ryan, LLC	Texas / Business Services	(LIBOR + 9.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor) plus 3.00% PIK, due 6/30/2018)(4)	70,531	70,531	70,531	1.9%
				70,531	70,531	1.9%
Sandow Media, LLC	Florida / Media	Senior Secured Term Loan (12.00%, due 5/8/2018)(3)	25,081	25,081	23,524	0.7%
Small Business				25,081	23,524	0.7%
Whole Loan Portfolio(19)	New York / Online Lending	144 small business loans purchased from 4, ing On Deck Capital, Inc.		4,637	4,252	0.1%
				4,637 —	4,252 —	0.1% —%

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Snacks Parent Corporation	Minnesota / Food Products	Series A Preferred Stock (4,021.45 shares)				
		Series B Preferred Stock (1,866.10	_	_	%	
		shares) Warrant (to purchase 31,196.52 shares of Common Stock, expires 11/12/2020)	f	591	1,819	0.1%
		-		591	1,819	0.1%
Spartan Energy Services, Inc.	Louisiana / Oil & Gas Services	(1 IROR ± 0 00% with 1 50% I IROR	35,633	35,633	35,633	1.0%
		~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~		35,633	35,633	1.0%
Speedy Group Holdings Corp.	Canada / Consumer Finance	Senior Unsecured Notes (12.00%, due 11/15/2017)(16)(22)	15,000	15,000	15,000	0.4%
	Timunee		15,000	15,000	0.4%	
Sport Helmets	New York / Personal & Nondurable	Escrow Receivable		_	130	%
Holdings, LLC	Consumer Products					
		Senior Secured Term Loan (10.50%		_	130	—%
Stauber	California /	(LIBOR + 7.50% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due 1/21/2016)(3)(4)	12,809	12,809	12,809	0.4%
Performance Ingredients, Inc.	Food Products	Senior Secured Term Loan (10.50% (LIBOR + 7.50% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due 5/21/2017)(3)(4)	9,975	9,975	9,975	0.3%
				22,784	22,784	0.7%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

June 30, 2014

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

(in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	Principal Value	Cost	Fair Value(2)	% of Net) Assets
LEVEL 3 PORTFO	LIO INVESTMENT	S				
Non-Control/Non-A	Affiliate Investments	(less than 5.00% voting control)				
Stryker Energy, Ohio / Oil & O LLC Production		Subordinated Secured Revolving Credit Facility – \$50,300 Commitmen (12.25% (LIBOR + 10.75% with 1.50% LIBOR floor) plus 3.75% PIK, in non-accrual status effective 12/1/2011, due 12/1/2015)(4)(25)	¢26 000	\$32,710	\$—	—%
		Overriding Royalty Interests(18)		— 32,710	_	—% —%
Sudbury Mill CLO Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 16.25%)(11)(22)	28,200	26,914	26,140	0.7%
				26,914	26,140	0.7%
Symphony CLO IX Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Preference Shares (Residual Interest, current yield 19.76%)(11)(22)	45,500	37,734	44,294	1.2%
		•		37,734	44,294	1.2%
Symphony CLO XIV Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 14.03%)(11)(22)(48)	49,250	49,858	49,025	1.4%
				49,858	49,025	1.4%
System One Holdings, LLC	Pennsylvania / Business Services	Senior Secured Term Loan (11.00% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 12/31/2018)(3)(4)	44,646	44,646	44,646	1.2%
				44,646	44,646	1.2%
Targus Group International, Inc.	California / Durable Consumer Products	First Lien Term Loan (11.00% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.50% LIBOR floor) plus 1.0% PIK, due 5/24/2016)(3)(4)(16)	21,911	21,697	19,949	0.6%
		3/24/2010)(3)(4)(10)		21,697	19,949	0.6%
TB Corp.	Texas / Hotels, Restaurants & Leisure	Senior Subordinated Note (12.00% plus 1.50% PIK, due 12/19/2018)(3)	23,628	23,628	23,628	0.7%
		2 11 7 1 (2.00%		23,628	23,628	0.7%
Tectum Holdings, Inc.	Michigan / Automobile	Second Lien Term Loan (9.00% (LIBOR + 8.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/12/2019)(4)(16)	10,000	9,952	9,952	0.3%
Therakos, Inc.	New Jersey / Healthcare	Second Lien Term Loan (11.25% (LIBOR + 10.00% with 1.25%	13,000	9,952 12,762	9,952 13,000	0.3% 0.4%

		LIBOR floor), due 6/27/2018)(4)(16)				
				12,762	13,000	0.4%
		Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.00%				
		(LIBOR + 6.00% with 1.00% LIBOR	48,705	48,705	48,705	1.3%
Tolt Solutions, Inc.	South Carolina /	floor), due 3/7/2019)(3)(4)				
Tolt Solutions, Inc.	Business Services	Senior Secured Term Loan B (12.00%))			
		(LIBOR + 11.00% with 1.00%	48,900	48,900	48,900	1.4%
		LIBOR floor), due 3/7/2019)(3)(4)				
				97,605	97,605	2.7%
		Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.50%)				
		(LIBOR + 4.50% with 2.00% LIBOR	29,100	29,100	29,100	0.8%
Traeger Pellet Grills	_	floor), due 6/18/2018)(3)(4)				
LLC	Consumer Products	Senior Secured Term Loan B (11.50%)				
		(LIBOR + 9.50% with 2.00% LIBOR	29,700	29,700	29,700	0.8%
		floor), due 6/18/2018)(3)(4)		5 0.000	5 0.000	1 601
T	N	C11: T 1 (0.000/		58,800	58,800	1.6%
Transaction	Virginia /	Second Lien Term Loan (9.00%	5 000	4.076	5,000	0.107
Network Services,		(LIBOR + 8.00% with 1.00% LIBOR	3,000	4,976	5,000	0.1%
Inc.	Services	floor), due 8/14/2020)(4)(16)		4,976	5,000	0.1%
	Massachusetts /	Second Lien Term Loan (10.00%		4,970	3,000	0.1%
TriMark USA IIC	Hotels, Restaurants	(LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.00% LIBOR	10.000	9,810	9,810	0.3%
Tillviark O5/1, LLC	& Leisure	floor), due 8/11/2019)(4)(16)	10,000	,,010	,,010	0.5 70
	& Leisure	11001), due 0/11/2015)(1)(10)		9,810	9,810	0.3%
	South Carolina /	Second Lien Term Loan (12.75%		>,010	,,010	0.5 70
United Sporting	Durable Consumer	(LIBOR + 11.00% with 1.75%	160,000	160,000	160,000	4.4%
Companies Inc (5)	Products	LIBOR floor), due 5/16/2018)(3)(4)	,	- , *	,	
		,, -,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		160,000	160,000	4.4%
				•	•	

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED) (in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	June 30, Principal Value		Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets
LEVEL 3 PORTFO	LIO INVESTM	IENTS				
Non-Control/Non-A	Affiliate Investm	ents (less than 5.00% voting control)				
United States Environmental	Texas / Commercial	Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.50% (LIBOR + 5.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/31/2019)(3)(4)		\$23,850	\$23,850	0.7%
Services, LLC	Services	Senior Secured Term Loan B (11.50% (LIBOR + 10.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/31/2019)(3)(4)	36,000	36,000	36,000	1.0%
	Demonstrania /	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		59,850	59,850	1.7%
Venio LLC	Business Services	Second Lien Term Loan (12.00% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 2.50% LIBOR floor), due 2/19/2020)(3)(4)	17,000	17,000	16,726	0.5%
		11001), due 2/17/2020)(3)(1)		17,000	16,726	0.5%
Voya CLO 2012-2, Ltd.	Structured	Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 14.69%)(11)(22)	38,070	31,058	35,843	1.0%
	Finance			31,058	35,843	1.0%
Voya CLO 2012-3, Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 12.97%)(11)(22)	46,632	39,368	43,960	1.2%
				39,368	43,960	1.2%
Voya CLO 2012-4, Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 15.28%)(11)(22)	40,613	34,941	39,647	1.1%
				34,941	39,647	1.1%
Voya CLO 2014-1, Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest current yield 14.49%)(11)(22)(48)	32,383	33,825	32,949	0.9%
				33,825	32,949	0.9%
Washington Mill CLO Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest current yield 17.43%)(11)(22)(48)	22,600	21,601	21,583	0.6%
Water Pik, Inc.	Colorado / Personal &	Second Lien Term Loan (9.75% (LIBOR + 8.75% with 1.00% LIBOR	11,000	21,601 10,604	21,583 10,604	0.6% 0.3%

	Nondurable Consumer Products	floor), due 1/8/2021)(4)(16)			
			10,604	10,604	0.3%
Wheel Pros, LLC	Colorado / Business	Senior Subordinated Secured Note (11.00% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 4.00% 12,000 LIBOR floor), due 6/29/2020)(4) Delayed Draw Term Loan – \$3,000	12,000	12,000	0.3%
	Services	Commitment (expires — 12/30/2015)(25)	_	_	%
			12,000	12,000	0.3%
Wind River Resources Corporation(39)	Utah / Oil & Gas Production	status effective 12/1/2008, past due)(4)	14,650	_	—%
		Net Profits Interest (5% of Equity Distributions)(7)	_		%
Total Non-Control/	Non-Affiliate In	vestments (Level 3)	14,650 \$4,620,388	— \$ \$4,580,996	—% 5 126.6%
Total Level 3 Portfe	\$6,371,459	\$6,253,571	172.8%		
See notes to consol F-30	idated financial	statements.			

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

(in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company LEVEL 1 PORTFO	industry	Investments(1) ENTS	June 30, 2014 Principal Cost	Fair Value(2)	% of Net Assets
Non-Control/Non-A	Affiliate Investm	ents (less than 5.00% voting control)			
Dover Saddlery, Inc.	Massachusetts A	Common Stock (30,974 shares)	\$63	\$168	— %
Total Non-Control/	'Non-Affiliate In	vestments (Level 1)	63 \$63	168 \$168	—% —%
Total Non-Control	Non-Affiliate In	vestments	\$4,620,451	\$4,581,164	126.6%
Total Portfolio Inve	estments		\$6,371,522	\$6,253,739	172.8%
See notes to consol F-31	idated financial s	statements.			

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED) (in thousands, except share data)

Endnote Explanations as of June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014

The terms "Prospect," "we," "us" and "our" mean Prospect Capital Corporation and its subsidiaries unless the context specifically requires otherwise. The securities in which Prospect has invested were acquired in transactions that were exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). These securities may be resold only in transactions that are exempt from registration under the Securities Act. Fair value is determined by or under the direction of our Board of Directors. As of June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, one of our portfolio investments, Dover Saddlery, Inc., was publicly traded and classified as Level 1 within

- (1) the valuation hierarchy established by ASC 820, Fair Value Measurement ("ASC 820"). As of June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, the fair value of our remaining portfolio investments was determined using significant unobservable inputs. ASC 820 classifies such inputs used to measure fair value as Level 3 within the valuation hierarchy. See Notes 2 and 3 within the accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements for further discussion. Security, or a portion thereof, is held by Prospect Capital Funding LLC ("PCF"), our wholly-owned subsidiary and a bankruptcy remote special purpose entity, and is pledged as collateral for the Revolving Credit Facility and such
- (2) security is not available as collateral to our general creditors (see Note 4). The fair values of these investments held by PCF at June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014 were \$1,511,585 and \$1,500,897, respectively; they represent 22.9% and 24.0% of our total investments, respectively.
- (3) Security, or a portion thereof, has a floating interest rate which may be subject to a LIBOR or PRIME floor. Stated interest rate was in effect at June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014.
 - Ellett Brothers, LLC, Evans Sports, Inc., Jerry's Sports, Inc., Simmons Gun Specialties, Inc., Bonitz Brothers, Inc.,
- (4) and Outdoor Sports Headquarters, Inc. are joint borrowers on the second lien term loan. United Sporting Companies, Inc. is a parent guarantor of this debt investment.
 - On January 19, 2010, we modified the terms of our senior secured debt in Appalachian Energy Holdings, LLC ("AEH") and Coalbed, LLC ("Coalbed") in conjunction with the formation of Manx Energy, Inc. ("Manx"), a new entity consisting of the assets of AEH, Coalbed and Kinley Exploration. The assets of the three companies were brought under new common management. We funded \$2,800 at closing to Manx to provide for working capital. As part of the Manx roll-up, our loans to AEH and Coalbed were assigned to Manx and a portion of the debt was exchanged for Manx preferred equity, while our AEH equity interest was converted into Manx common stock. There was no
- (5) change to fair value at the time of restructuring. On June 30, 2012, Manx returned the investments in Coalbed and AEH to us and we contributed these investments to Wolf Energy Holdings Inc. ("Wolf Energy Holdings"), a newly-formed, separately owned holding company. During the three months ended June 30, 2013, we determined that the impairment of Manx was other-than-temporary and recorded a realized loss of \$9,397 for the amount that the amortized cost exceeded the fair value, reducing the amortized cost to \$500. As of June 30, 2014, Prospect owned 41% of the equity of Manx. During the three months ended December 31, 2014, Manx was dissolved and we recorded a realized loss of \$50, reducing the amortized cost to zero.
- (6) In addition to the stated returns, the net profits interest held will be realized upon sale of the borrower or a sale of the interests.
- (7) During the quarter ended December 31, 2011, our ownership of Change Clean Energy Holdings, LLC, Change Clean Energy, LLC, Freedom Marine Services Holdings, LLC ("Freedom Marine"), and Yatesville Coal Holdings, LLC was transferred to Energy Solutions Holdings Inc. (f/k/a Gas Solutions Holdings, Inc.) ("Energy Solutions") to consolidate all of our energy holdings under one management team. We own 100% of Energy Solutions. On December 28, 2011, we made a \$3,500 debt investment in Vessel Holdings, LLC, a subsidiary of Freedom Marine. On November 25, 2013, we provided \$13,000 in senior secured debt financing for the recapitalization of our investment in Jettco Marine Services, LLC ("Jettco"), a subsidiary of Freedom Marine. The subordinated secured loan to Jettco was replaced with a senior secured note to Vessel Holdings II, LLC, a new subsidiary of Freedom Marine. On December 3, 2013, we made a \$16,000 senior secured investment in Vessel Holdings III, LLC, another new subsidiary of Freedom Marine. On June 4, 2014, Gas Solutions GP LLC and Gas

Solutions LP LLC, two subsidiaries of Energy Solutions, merged with and into Freedom Marine, with Freedom Marine as the surviving entity. In June 2014, Freedom Marine Services Holdings, LLC was renamed Freedom Marine Solutions, LLC; Vessel Holdings, LLC was renamed Vessel Company, LLC; Vessel Holdings II, LLC was renamed Vessel Company III, LLC; Yatesville Coal Holdings, LLC was renamed Yatesville Coal Company, LLC; and Change Clean Energy Holdings, LLC was renamed Change Clean Energy Company, LLC. On July 1, 2014, we began consolidating Energy Solutions and as a result, we began reporting our investments in Change Clean Energy Company, LLC, Freedom Marine Solutions, LLC and Yatesville Coal Company, LLC as separate controlled companies. During the three months ended December 31, 2014, we determined that the impairments of Change Clean Energy Company, LLC and Yatesville Coal Company, LLC were other-than-temporary and recorded a realized loss of \$1,449, reducing the amortized cost to zero.

See notes to consolidated financial statements. F-32

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS – (CONTINUED) (in thousands, except share data)

Endnote Explanations as of June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014 (Continued)

- As of June 30, 2014, we owned 100% of the equity of Vets Securing America, Inc. ("VSA") and 100% of the equity of The Healing Staff, Inc. ("THS"), a former wholly-owned subsidiary of ESA Environmental Specialists, Inc. As of June 30, 2014, THS and VSA were joint borrowers on the secured promissory notes. On June 5, 2015, we sold our
- (8) equity investment in VSA and realized a net loss of \$975 on the sale. In connection with the sale, VSA was released as a borrower on the secured promissory notes, leaving THS as the sole borrower. During the year ended June 30, 2015, THS ceased operations and we recorded a realized loss of \$2,956, reducing the amortized cost to zero.
 - GTP Operations, LLC, Transplace, LLC, CI (Transplace) International, LLC, Transplace Freight Services, LLC,
- (9) Transplace Texas, LP, Transplace Stuttgart, LP, Transplace International, Inc., Celtic International, LLC, and Treetop Merger Sub, LLC are joint borrowers on the senior secured term loan.
 - The CLO equity investments are entitled to recurring distributions which are generally equal to the excess cash flow generated from the underlying investments after payment of the contractual payments to debt holders and
- (10) fund expenses. The current estimated yield is based on the current projections of this excess cash flow taking into account assumptions which have been made regarding expected prepayments, losses and future reinvestment rates. These assumptions are periodically reviewed and adjusted. Ultimately, the actual yield may be higher or lower than the estimated yield if actual results differ from those used for the assumptions.

 Wolf Energy Holdings, an entity in which we own 100% of the common stock, owns 100% of the equity of Wolf
 - Wolf Energy Holdings, an entity in which we own 100% of the common stock, owns 100% of the equity of Wolf Energy, LLC ("Wolf Energy"). Effective June 30, 2012, the membership interests and associated operating company debt of AEH and Coalbed, which were previously owned by Manx, were assigned to Wolf Energy Holdings. Effective June 6, 2014, Appalachian Energy Holdings, LLC was renamed Appalachian Energy LLC. On July 1, 2014, we began consolidating Wolf Energy Holdings and as a result, we began reporting our
- (11) investments in Appalachian Energy LLC, Coalbed, LLC and Wolf Energy, LLC as separate controlled companies. During the three months ended September 30, 2014, we determined that the impairment of Appalachian Energy LLC was other-than-temporary and recorded a realized loss of \$2,050, reducing the amortized cost to zero. On November 21, 2014, Coalbed merged with and into Wolf Energy, with Wolf Energy as the surviving entity. During the three months ended December 31, 2014, we determined that the impairment of the Coalbed debt assumed by Wolf Energy was other-than-temporary and recorded a realized loss of \$5,991, reducing the amortized cost to zero.
- (12) On a fully diluted basis represents 10.00% of voting common shares.
- (13) Trinity Services Group, Inc. and Trinity Services I, LLC are joint borrowers on the senior secured loan facility. We own 99.9999% of AGC/PEP, LLC. AGC/PEP, LLC owns 2,037.65 out of a total of 83,818.69 shares
- (14)(including 5,111 vested and unvested management options) of American Gilsonite Holding Company which owns 100% of American Gilsonite Company.
- (15) Syndicated investment which was originated by a financial institution and broadly distributed.
- (16) MITY Holdings of Delaware Inc. ("MITY Delaware"), an entity in which we own 100% of the common stock, owns 94.99% of the equity of MITY, Inc. (f/k/a MITY Enterprises, Inc.) ("MITY"). MITY owns 100% of each of MITY-Lite, Inc.; Broda Enterprises USA, Inc.; and Broda Enterprises ULC ("Broda Canada"). On June 23, 2014, Prospect made a new \$15,769 debt investment in MITY and MITY distributed proceeds to MITY Delaware as a return of capital. MITY Delaware used this distribution to pay down the senior secured debt of MITY Delaware to Prospect by the same amount. The remaining amount of the senior secured debt due from MITY Delaware to Prospect, \$7,200, was then contributed to the capital of MITY Delaware. As a result of this transaction, Prospect held the \$15,769 MITY note. Effective June 23, 2014, Mity Enterprises, Inc. was renamed MITY, Inc. and Broda Enterprises USA, Inc. was renamed Broda USA, Inc. On June 23, 2014, Prospect also extended a new \$7,500 senior secured revolving facility to MITY, of which none was funded at closing. On July 1, 2014, we began

consolidating MITY Delaware and as a result, we now report MITY, Inc. as a separate controlled company. MITY Delaware has a subordinated unsecured note issued and outstanding to Broda Canada that is denominated in Canadian Dollars (CAD). As of June 30, 2015, the principal balance of this note was CAD 7,371. In accordance with ASC 830, Foreign Currency Matters ("ASC 830"), this note was remeasured into our functional currency, US Dollars (USD), and is presented on our Consolidated Schedule of Investments in USD.

- (17) The overriding royalty interests held receive payments at the stated rates based upon operations of the borrower. Our wholly-owned subsidiary Prospect Small Business Lending, LLC purchases small business whole loans on a
- (18) recurring basis from online small business loan originators, including On Deck Capital, Inc. and Direct Capital Corporation.

See notes to consolidated financial statements. F-33

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS – (CONTINUED) (in thousands, except share data)

Endnote Explanations as of June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014 (Continued)

Boxercraft Incorporated ("Boxercraft") and BXC Company, Inc. (f/k/a BXC Holding Company) ("BXC") are joint borrowers on our senior secured investments. Effective March 28, 2014, we acquired voting control of BXC pursuant to a voting agreement and irrevocable proxy. Effective May 8, 2014, we acquired control of BXC by transferring shares held by the other equity holders of BXC to us pursuant to an assignment agreement entered into with such other equity holders. As of June 30, 2014, we owned 86.7% of Series A preferred stock, 96.8% of

- Series B preferred stock, and 83.1% of the fully-diluted common stock of BXC. BXC owned 100% of the common stock of Boxercraft. We owned a warrant to purchase 15% of all classes of equity of BXC, which consisted of 3,755,000 shares of Series A preferred stock, 625,000 shares of Series B preferred stock, and 43,800 shares of voting common stock as of June 30, 2014. On August 25, 2014, we sold Boxercraft, a wholly-owned subsidiary of BXC, for net proceeds of \$750 and realized a net loss of \$16,949 on the sale.

 We owned warrants to purchase 33,750 shares of common stock in Metal Buildings Holding Corporation ("Metal Buildings"), the former holding company of Borga, Inc. ("Borga"). Metal Buildings owned 100% of Borga. On March 8, 2010, we foreclosed on the stock in Borga that was held by Metal Buildings, obtaining 100% ownership
- of Borga. On January 24, 2014, we contributed our holdings in Borga to STI Holding, Inc. ("STI"), a wholly-owned holding company. On July 1, 2014, we began consolidating STI and as a result, we reported Borga, Inc. as a separate controlled company from July 1, 2014 until its sale on August 20, 2014. On August 20, 2014, we sold the assets of Borga, a wholly-owned subsidiary of STI, for net proceeds of \$382 and realized a loss of \$2,589 on the sale. On December 29, 2014, Borga was dissolved.
- Investment has been designated as an investment not "qualifying" under Section 55(a) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the "1940 Act"). Under the 1940 Act, we may not acquire any non-qualifying asset unless, at the time such acquisition is made qualifying assets represent at least 70% of our total assets. We monitor the status of

such acquisition is made, qualifying assets represent at least 70% of our total assets. We monitor the status of these assets on an ongoing basis.

- NCP Finance Limited Partnership, NCP Finance Ohio, LLC, and certain affiliates thereof are joint borrowers on the subordinated secured term loan.
 - On May 6, 2011, we made a secured first lien \$24,250 debt investment to NMMB, Inc. (f/k/a NMMB Acquisition, Inc.) ("NMMB"), a \$2,800 secured debt and \$4,400 equity investment to NMMB Holdings, Inc. ("NMMB Holdings"). We owned 100% of the Series A Preferred Stock in NMMB Holdings. NMMB Holdings owned 100% of the Convertible Preferred Stock in NMMB. On December 13, 2013, we provided \$8,086 in preferred equity for the recapitalization of NMMB Holdings. After the restructuring, we received repayment of \$2,800 secured debt outstanding. We own 100% of the equity of NMMB Holdings as of June 30, 2015 and
- (23) June 30, 2014. NMMB Holdings owns 96.33% and 92.93% of the fully diluted equity of NMMB as of June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively. NMMB owns 100% of Refuel Agency, Inc. ("Refuel Agency"), which owns 100% of Armed Forces Communications, Inc. ("Armed Forces"). On June 12, 2014, Prospect made a new \$7,000 senior secured term loan to Armed Forces. Armed Forces distributed this amount to Refuel Agency as a return of capital. Refuel Agency distributed this amount to NMMB as a return of capital, which was used to pay down \$7,000 of NMMB's \$10,714 senior secured term loan to Prospect. On July 1, 2014, we began consolidating NMMB Holdings and as a result, we now report NMMB, Inc. as a separate controlled company. Undrawn committed revolvers and delayed draw term loans to our portfolio companies incur commitment and
- (24) unused fees ranging from 0.00% to 2.00%. As of June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, we had \$88,288 and \$72,118, respectively, of undrawn revolver and delayed draw term loan commitments to our portfolio companies. Stated interest rates are based on June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014 one month or three month LIBOR rates plus
- (25) applicable spreads based on the respective credit agreements. Interest rates are subject to change based on actual elections by the borrower for a LIBOR rate contract or Base Rate contract when drawing on the revolver.

(26)

On July 30, 2010, we made a \$30,000 senior secured debt investment in Airmall Inc. ("Airmall"), a \$12,500 secured second lien in AMU Holdings Inc. ("AMU"), and acquired 100% of the Series A preferred stock and common stock of AMU. Our preferred stock in AMU had a 12.0% dividend rate which was paid from the dividends received from its operating subsidiary, Airmall. AMU owned 100% of the common stock in Airmall. On December 4, 2013, we sold a \$972 participation in both debt investments, equal to 2% of the outstanding principal amount of loans on that date. On June 13, 2014, Prospect made a new \$19,993 investment as a senior secured loan to Airmall. Airmall then distributed this amount to AMU as a return of capital, which AMU used to pay down the senior subordinated loan in the same amount. The minority interest held by a third party in AMU was exchanged for common stock of Airmall. As of June 30, 2014, we owned 100% of the equity of AMU, which owned 98% of Airmall. On July 1, 2014, we began consolidating AMU and as a result, we reported Airmall Inc. as a separate controlled company from July 1, 2014 until its sale on August 1, 2014. On August 1, 2014, we sold our investments in Airmall for net proceeds of \$51,379 and realized a loss of \$3,473 on the sale. In addition, there is \$6,000 being held in escrow, of which 98% is due to Prospect, which will be recognized as an additional realized loss if it is not received. On October 22, 2014, we received a tax refund of \$665 related to our investment in Airmall for which we realized a gain of the same amount.

See notes to consolidated financial statements. F-34

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS – (CONTINUED) (in thousands, except share data)

Endnote Explanations as of June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014 (Continued)

As of June 30, 2014, Progrexion Marketing, Inc., Progrexion Teleservices, Inc., Progrexion ASG, Inc.,

- Progrexion IP, Inc., Creditrepair.com, Inc., and eFolks, LLC were joint borrowers on the senior secured term loan. PGX Holdings, Inc. was the parent guarantor of this debt investment. As of June 30, 2015, PGX Holdings, Inc. is the sole borrower on the second lien term loan. First Tower Holdings of Delaware LLC ("First Tower Delaware"), an entity in which we own 100% of the membership interests, owns 80.1% of First Tower Finance Company LLC ("First Tower Finance"), which owns 100% of First Tower, LLC ("First Tower"), the operating company. On June 24, 2014, Prospect made a new
- (28) distributed this amount to First Tower Delaware as a return of capital. First Tower Delaware used the distribution to partially pay down the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility. The remaining \$23,712 of the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility was then converted to additional membership interests held by Prospect in First Tower Delaware. On July 1, 2014, we began consolidating First Tower Delaware and as a result, we now report First Tower Finance Company LLC as a separate controlled company.

\$251,246 second lien term loan to First Tower. First Tower distributed this amount to First Tower Finance, which

- Arctic Oilfield Equipment USA, Inc. ("Arctic Equipment"), an entity in which we own 100% of the common equity, owns 70% of the equity of Arctic Energy Services, LLC ("Arctic Energy"), the operating company. On July 1, 2014, we began consolidating Arctic Equipment and as a result, we now report Arctic Energy as a separate controlled company.
- (30) We own 2.8% (13,220 shares) of Mineral Fusion Natural, LLC, a subsidiary of Caleel + Hayden, LLC, common and preferred interest.
 - APH Property Holdings, LLC ("APH"), an entity in which we own 100% of the membership interests, owns 100% of the common equity of American Property REIT Corp. (f/k/a American Property Holdings Corp.) ("APRC"), a qualified REIT which holds investments in several real estate properties. Effective April 1, 2014, Prospect made a
- (31) new \$167,162 senior term loan to APRC. APRC then distributed this amount to APH as a return of capital which was used to pay down the Senior Term Loan from APH by the same amount. On July 1, 2014, we began consolidating APH and as a result, we now report APRC as a separate controlled company. See Note 3 for further discussion of the properties held by APRC.
 - CCPI Holdings Inc. ("CCPI Holdings"), an entity in which we own 100% of the common stock, owns 94.95% and 94.77% of CCPI Inc. ("CCPI"), the operating company, as of June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively. On June 13, 2014, Prospect made a new \$8,218 senior secured note to CCPI. CCPI then distributed this amount to
- (32) CCPI Holdings as a return of capital which was used to pay down the \$8,216 senior secured note from CCPI Holdings to Prospect. The remaining \$2 was distributed to Prospect as a return of capital of Prospect's equity investment in CCPI Holdings. On July 1, 2014, we began consolidating CCPI Holdings and as a result, we now report CCPI Inc. as a separate controlled company.
 - Credit Central Holdings of Delaware, LLC ("Credit Central Delaware"), an entity in which we own 100% of the membership interests, owns 74.93% and 74.75% of Credit Central Loan Company, LLC (f/k/a Credit Central Holdings, LLC) ("Credit Central") as of June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively. Credit Central owns 100% of each of Credit Central, LLC; Credit Central South, LLC; Credit Central of Texas, LLC; and Credit Central of Tennessee, LLC, the operating companies. On June 26, 2014, Prospect made a new \$36,333 second lien term loan
- (33) to Credit Central. Credit Central then distributed this amount to Credit Central Delaware as a return of capital which was used to pay down the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility from Credit Central Delaware by the same amount. The remaining amount of the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility, \$3,874, was then converted into additional membership interests in Credit Central Delaware. On July 1, 2014, we began consolidating Credit Central Delaware and as a result, we now report Credit Central Loan Company, LLC as a separate controlled company.

Valley Electric Holdings I, Inc. ("Valley Holdings I"), an entity in which we own 100% of the common stock, owns 100% of Valley Electric Holdings II, Inc. ("Valley Holdings II"). Valley Holdings II owns 94.99% of Valley Electric Company, Inc. ("Valley Electric"). Valley Electric owns 100% of the equity of VE Company, Inc., which owns 100% of the equity of Valley Electric Co. of Mt. Vernon, Inc. ("Valley"). On June 24, 2014, Valley Holdings II and management of Valley formed Valley Electric and contributed their shares of Valley stock to Valley

(34) Electric. Prospect made a new \$20,471 senior secured loan to Valley Electric. Valley Electric then distributed this amount to Valley Holdings I, via Valley Holdings II, as a return of capital which was used to pay down the senior secured note of Valley Holdings I by the same amount. The remaining principal amount of the senior secured note, \$16,754, was then contributed to the capital of Valley Holdings I. On July 1, 2014, we began consolidating Valley Holdings I and Valley Holdings II and as a result, we now report Valley Electric Company, Inc. as a separate controlled company.

See notes to consolidated financial statements. F-35

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS – (CONTINUED) (in thousands, except share data)

Endnote Explanations as of June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014 (Continued)

Nationwide Acceptance Holdings LLC ("Nationwide Holdings"), an entity in which we own 100% of the membership interests, owns 93.79% of Nationwide Loan Company LLC (f/k/a Nationwide Acceptance LLC) ("Nationwide"), the operating company. On June 18, 2014, Prospect made a new \$14,820 second lien term loan to Nationwide. Nationwide distributed this amount to Nationwide Holdings as a return of capital. Nationwide Holdings used the distribution to pay down the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility. The remaining \$9,888 of the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility was then converted into additional membership interests in

- Nationwide Holdings. On July 1, 2014, we began consolidating Nationwide Holdings and as a result, we now report Nationwide Loan Company LLC as a separate controlled company. On June 1, 2015, Nationwide completed a corporate reorganization. As part of the reorganization, Nationwide Acceptance LLC was renamed Nationwide Loan Company LLC (continues as "Nationwide") and formed two new wholly-owned subsidiaries: Pelican Loan Company LLC ("Pelican") and Nationwide Consumer Loans LLC. Nationwide assigned 100% of the equity interests in its other subsidiaries to Pelican which, in turn, assigned these interests to Nationwide Acceptance LLC ("New Nationwide"), the new operating company wholly-owned by Pelican. New Nationwide also assumed the existing senior subordinated term loan due to Prospect.

 On April 15, 2013, assets previously held by H&M Oil & Gas, LLC ("H&M") were assigned to Wolf Energy in
- exchange for a \$66,000 term loan secured by the assets. The cost basis in this loan of \$44,632 was determined in accordance with ASC 310-40, Troubled Debt Restructurings by Creditors, and was equal to the fair value of assets at the time of transfer resulting in a capital loss of \$19,647 in connection with the foreclosure on the assets. (36) On May 17, 2013, Wolf Energy sold the assets located in Martin County, which were previously held by H&M,
- (36)On May 17, 2013, Wolf Energy sold the assets located in Martin County, which were previously held by H&M, for \$66,000. Proceeds from the sale were primarily used to repay the loan, accrued interest and net profits interest receivable due to us resulting in a realized capital gain of \$11,826. We received \$3,960 of structuring and advisory fees from Wolf Energy during the year ended June 30, 2013 related to the sale and \$991 under the net profits interest agreement which was recognized as other income during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. CP Holdings of Delaware LLC ("CP Holdings"), an entity in which we own 100% of the membership interests, owns 82.3% and 82.9% of CP Energy Services Inc. ("CP Energy") as of June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively. As of June 30, 2014, CP Energy owned directly or indirectly 100% of each of CP Well Testing Services, LLC ("CP Well Testing, LLC ("CP Well"); Fluid Management Services, Inc.; Fluid Management Services, LLC; Wright Transport, Inc.; Wright Foster Disposals, LLC; Foster Testing Co., Inc.; ProHaul Transports, LLC; Artexoma Logistics, LLC; and Wright Trucking, Inc. On April 1, 2014, Prospect made new loans to CP Well (with ProHaul Transports, LLC; Wright Trucking, Inc.; and Foster Testing Co., Inc. as
- (37)co-borrowers), comprised of two first lien loans in the amount of \$11,035 and \$72,238 and a second lien loan in the amount of \$15,000. The proceeds of these loans were used to repay CP Well Testing's senior secured term loan and CP Energy's senior secured term loan from Prospect. On July 1, 2014, we began consolidating CP Holdings and as a result, we now report CP Energy Services Inc. as a separate controlled company. Effective December 31, 2014, CP Energy underwent a corporate reorganization in order to consolidate certain of its wholly-owned subsidiaries. As of June 30, 2015, CP Energy owned directly or indirectly 100% of each of CP Well; Wright Foster Disposals, LLC; Foster Testing Co., Inc.; ProHaul Transports, LLC; and Wright Trucking, Inc.
- (38) Wind River Resources Corporation and Wind River II Corporation are joint borrowers on the senior secured note.
- (39) NPH Property Holdings, LLC ("NPH"), an entity in which we own 100% of the membership interests, owns 100% of the common equity of National Property REIT Corp. (f/k/a National Property Holdings Corp.) ("NPRC"), a property REIT which holds investments in several real estate properties. Additionally, through its wholly-owned subsidiaries, NPRC invests in online consumer loans. Effective April 1, 2014, Prospect made a new \$104,460 senior term loan to NPRC. NPRC then distributed this amount to NPH as a return of capital which was used to

pay down the Senior Term Loan from NPH by the same amount. On July 1, 2014, we began consolidating NPH and as a result, we now report NPRC as a separate controlled company. See Note 3 for further discussion of the properties held by NPRC. On March 17, 2015, we entered into a new credit agreement with ACL Loan Holdings, Inc. ("ACLLH"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of NPRC, to form two new tranches of senior secured term loans, Term Loan A and Term Loan B, with the same terms as the existing NPRC Term Loan A and Term Loan B due to us. The agreement was effective as of June 30, 2014. On June 30, 2014, ACLLH made a non-cash return of capital distribution of \$22,390 to NPRC and NPRC transferred and assigned to ACLLH a senior secured Term Loan A due to us. On June 2, 2015, we amended the credit agreement with NPRC to form two new tranches of senior secured term loans, Term Loan C and Term Loan D, with the same terms as the existing ACLLH Term Loan A and Term Loan B due to us. The amendment was effective as of April 1, 2015.

UPH Property Holdings, LLC ("UPH"), an entity in which we own 100% of the membership interests, owns 100% of the common equity of United Property REIT Corp. (f/k/a United Property Holdings Corp.) ("UPRC"), a property REIT which holds investments in several real estate properties. Effective April 1, 2014, Prospect made a new

(40)\$19,027 senior term loan to UPRC. UPRC then distributed this amount to UPH as a return of capital which was used to pay down the Senior Term Loan from UPH by the same amount. On July 1, 2014, we began consolidating UPH and as a result, we now report UPRC as a separate controlled company. See Note 3 for further discussion of the properties held by UPRC.

See notes to consolidated financial statements. F-36

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS – (CONTINUED) (in thousands, except share data)

Endnote Explanations as of June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014 (Continued)

On April 4, 2008, we acquired a controlling equity interest in ARRM Holdings, Inc. ("ARRM"), which owned 100% of Ajax Rolled Ring & Machine, LLC ("Ajax"), the operating company. On April 1, 2013, we refinanced the existing \$19,837 and \$18,635 senior loans to Ajax and ARRM, respectively, increasing the total size of the debt investment to \$38,537. Concurrent with the refinancing, we received repayment of the \$18,635 loans previously outstanding. On October 11, 2013, we provided \$25,000 in preferred equity for the recapitalization of ARRM. After the financing, we received repayment of the \$20,009 subordinated unsecured loan previously outstanding.

- On June 12, 2014, ARRM Holdings, Inc. was renamed ARRM Services, Inc. As of June 30, 2014, we controlled 79.53% of the fully-diluted common, 85.76% of the Series A Preferred and 100% of the Series B Preferred equity of ARRM. On October 10, 2014, ARRM sold Ajax to a third party and repaid the \$19,337 loan receivable to us and we recorded a realized loss of \$23,560 related to the sale. Concurrent with the sale, our ownership increased to 100% of the outstanding equity of ARRM Services, Inc. which was renamed SB Forging Company, Inc. ("SB Forging"). As such, we began consolidating SB Forging on October 11, 2014. In addition, there is \$3,000 being held in escrow of which \$802 was received on May 6, 2015 for which we realized a gain of the same amount. The remainder will be recognized as additional gain if and when received.
 - Harbortouch Holdings of Delaware Inc. ("Harbortouch Delaware"), an entity in which we own 100% of the common stock, owns 100% of the Class C voting units of Harbortouch Payments, LLC ("Harbortouch"), which provide for a 53.5% residual profits allocation. Harbortouch management owns 100% of the Class B and Class D voting units of Harbortouch, which provide for a 46.5% residual profits allocation. Harbortouch owns 100% of
- Credit Card Processing USA, LLC. On April 1, 2014, Prospect made a new \$137,226 senior secured term loan to Harbortouch. Harbortouch then distributed this amount to Harbortouch Delaware as a return of capital which was used to pay down the \$123,000 senior secured note from Harbortouch Delaware to Prospect. The remaining \$14,226 was distributed to Prospect as a return of capital of Prospect's equity investment in Harbortouch Delaware. On July 1, 2014, we began consolidating Harbortouch Delaware and as a result, we now report Harbortouch Payments, LLC as a separate controlled company.
- Pegasus Business Intelligence, LP, Paycom Acquisition, LLC, and Paycom Acquisition Corp. are joint borrowers (43) on the senior secured loan facility. Paycom Intermediate Holdings, Inc. is the parent guarantor of this debt investment. These entities transact business internationally under the trade name Onyx Payments.
- Security Alarm Financing Enterprises, L.P. and California Security Alarms, Inc. are joint borrowers on the senior subordinated note.
 - A portion of the senior secured note is denominated in Canadian Dollars (CAD). As of June 30, 2014 and
- June 30, 2015, the principal balance of this note was CAD 37,422 and CAD 36,666, respectively. In accordance with ASC 830, this note was remeasured into our functional currency, US Dollars (USD), and is presented on our Consolidated Schedules of Investments in USD.
 - On June 9, 2015, we provided additional debt and equity financing to support the recapitalization of Edmentum, Inc. ("Edmentum"). As part of the recapitalization, we exchanged 100% of the \$50,000 second lien term loan previously outstanding for \$26,365 of junior PIK notes and 370,964.14 Class A common units representing
- 37.1% equity ownership in Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC. In addition, we invested \$5,875 in senior PIK notes and committed \$7,834 as part of a second lien revolving credit facility, of which \$4,896 was funded at closing. On June 9, 2015, we determined that the impairment of Edmentum was other-than-temporary and recorded a realized loss of \$22,116 for the amount that the amortized cost exceeded the fair value, reducing the amortized cost to \$37,216.
- (47) Co-investment with another fund managed by an affiliate of our investment adviser, Prospect Capital Management L.P. See Note 13 for further discussion.

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS – (CONTINUED) (in thousands, except share data)

Endnote Explanations as of June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014 (Continued)

As defined in the 1940 Act, we are deemed to "Control" these portfolio companies because we own more than 25% (48) of the portfolio company's outstanding voting securities. Transactions during the year ended June 30, 2015 with these controlled investments were as follows:

Portfolio Company Airmall Inc.	Purchases*	Redemption		Interest income		income	Net realize gains (losses)	gains (losses)	
	\$	\$(47,580)\$(9,920)\$3/0	\$ —	\$3,000	\$(2,808)\$12,216	
American Property REIT Corp.	(107,073)**	(8)—	14,747	_	1,342	_	14,672	
Appalachian Energy LLC	_	(2,050)—	_	_	_	(2,050)2,050	
Arctic Energy Services, LLC	_	_	_	6,721	_	_	_	(750)
ARRM Services, Inc.		(19,337)(27,213)956		2,000	(23,560)21,014	
Borga, Inc.	_	_	(2,589)—			(2,589)2,741	
BXC Company, Inc.	250	(750)(16,949)—		5	(16,949)15,333	
CCPI Inc.	_	(450)—	3,332		525		8,635	
Change Clean Energy			,	- /				-,	
Company, LLC	_	_					_		
Coalbed, LLC		_					_		
CP Energy Services Inc.				16,420				(41,927)
Credit Central Loan Company, LLC	_	(141)—	7,375	159	1,220	_	6,777	,
Echelon Aviation LLC	5,800	(37,313)(400)6,895	_	_	_	8,226	
Edmentum Ultimate	59,333	(22,116)—	_	_	_	(22,116)—	
Holdings, LLC First Tower Finance									
Company LLC	_	1,929	_	52,900	1,929			40,765	
Freedom Marine Solutions, LLC	_	_	_	4,461	_		_	(4,429)
Gulf Coast Machine & Supply Company	8,500		_	1,370	_	_	_	(16,041)
Harbortouch Payments, LLC	27,722	(5,426)—	29,834	_	579	_	58,857	
Manx Energy, Inc.		(50)				(50)50	
MITY, Inc.	2,500	(2,500)—	5,783	_	_	(5))1,068	
National Property REIT Corp.	357,609 **	(38,460)—	30,611	_	1,959	_	24,317	
Nationwide Loan Company LLC (f/k/a Nationwide Acceptance LLC)	2,814	_	_	3,005	4,425	_	_	4,163	
NMMB, Inc.	383	_	_	1,521	_		_	5,372	

R-V Industries, Inc.		(1,175)—	3,018	298		_	(16,052)
United Property REIT Corp.	51,774 **	(376)—	5,893	_	2,345	_	8,631	
Valley Electric Company, Inc.	_	_	_	4,991	_	_	_	(5,036)
Vets Securing America, Inc.***	100	(2,956)(975)—	_	_	(3,246)3,831	
Wolf Energy, LLC	_	(5,991)—	_	_		(5,818)2,414	
Yatesville Coal Company, LLC	_	(1,449)—	_	_	_	(1,449)1,449	
Total	\$409,712	\$(186,199)\$(58,046	\$200,409	9 \$6,811	\$12,975	\$ \$(80,640)\$158,346	

As defined in the 1940 Act, we are deemed to be an "Affiliated company" of these portfolio companies because we (49)own more than 5% of the portfolio company's outstanding voting securities. Transactions during the year ended June 30, 2015 with these affiliated investments were as follows:

			Interest DividendOther			Net realizedNet		
Portfolio Company	Purchases	*Redemption	s*Sales	interest	Dividence.	·	gains	unrealized
i entre company		1		ıncome	ıncome	ıncome	gains (losses)	gains (losses)
BNN Holdings Corp.	\$44,000	\$(30,679		\$3,799		\$226		\$503
Total	\$44,000	\$ (30,679)\$—	\$3,799	\$778	\$226	\$—	\$503

^{*} Purchase amounts do not include payment-in-kind interest. Redemption amounts include impairments. Redemption amounts do not include the cost basis adjustments resulting from consolidation on July 1, 2014.

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

^{**} These amounts include the cost basis of investments transferred from APRC and UPRC to NPRC. (See Note 3 for details.)

^{***} During the year ended June 30, 2015, THS ceased operations and the VSA management team supervised both the continued operations of VSA and the wind-down of activities at THS.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS – (CONTINUED) (in thousands, except share data)

Endnote Explanations as of June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014 (Continued)

As defined in the 1940 Act, we are deemed to "Control" these portfolio companies because we own more than 25% (50) of the portfolio company's outstanding voting securities. Transactions during the year ended June 30, 2014 with these controlled investments were as follows:

Portfolio Company	Purchases	*Redemption	ns*	Sales	Interest income	Dividen- income	dOther income	Net realized gains (losses)	Net unrealized gains (losse	es)
AMU Holdings Inc.	\$7,600	\$(593)	\$(972)\$6,579	\$12,000	\$—	\$—	\$(15,694)
APH Property Holdings, LLC	163,747	(118,186)**	_	18,788	_	5,946	_	3,393	
Arctic Oilfield Equipment USA, Inc.	60,876	_		_	1,050	_	1,713	_	238	
ARRM Services, Inc.	25,000	(24,251)	_	(733)—	148		(14,957)
BXC Company, Inc. (f/k/a BXC Holding Company)***	300	_		_	_	_	_	_	(3,796)
CCPI Holdings Inc.		(450)		3,312	500	71	_	(1,443)
CP Holdings of Delaware LLC	113,501	_		_	13,858	_	1,864	_	16,618	
Credit Central Holdings of Delaware, LLC	2,500	(159)	_	7,845	4,841	521	_	(2,371)
Echelon Aviation LLC	92,628	_		_	2,809		2,771	_	_	
Energy Solutions Holdings Inc. First Tower Holdings of Delaware LLC Gulf Coast Machine &	16,000	(8,525)	_	8,245	_	2,480	_	(2,168)
	10,000	_		_	54,320	_	10,560	_	17,003	
	28,450	(26,213)	_	1,449	_	_	_	(777)
Harbortouch Holdings of Delaware Inc.	278,694	_		_	6,879	_	7,536	_	12,620	
The Healing Staff, Inc.	_			_	_	_	5,825	_		
Manx Energy, Inc.		(450)		_	_		_	104	
MITY Holdings of Delawar Inc.	47,985	_		_	4,693	_	1,049	_	1,127	
Nationwide Acceptance Holdings LLC	4,000			_	4,429	5,000	1,854	_	772	
NMMB Holdings, Inc.	8,086	(8,086)	_	2,051	_		_	(6,852)
NPH Property Holdings, LLC R-V Industries, Inc. STI Holding, Inc.	40,425	85,724	**	_	5,973	_	1,029	_	(2,088)
		(2,339 (125)	_	3,188	1,100 3,246	_	_	2,005 (25)
UPH Property Holdings, LLC	1,405	22,562	**	_	1,101		156		426	
-	_	(200)	_	7,471	_	148	_	(23,304)

Valley Electric Holdings I,

Inc.

Wolf Energy Holdings Inc. — — — — — — — — — — — — (1,350)
Total \$901,197 \$(81,291) \$(972)\$153,307 \$26,687 \$43,671 \$— \$(20,519)

As defined in the 1940 Act, we are deemed to be an "Affiliated company" of these portfolio companies because we (51)own more than 5% of the portfolio company's outstanding voting securities. Transactions during the year ended June 30, 2014 with these affiliated investments were as follows:

Portfolio Company	Purchases*Redemptions*			Sales		Dividen income		Net realized gains (losses)	Net unrealized gains (losses)
BNN Holdings Corp.	\$ —	\$(600)	\$ —	\$2,974	\$ —	\$	\$ —	\$(194)
BXC Holding Company***	_	(100)	_	1,384	_	17	_	(4,163)
Smart, LLC				_		_	_	_	(143)
Total	\$ —	\$ (700)	\$ —	\$4,358	\$—	\$17	\$ —	\$(4,500)

^{*} Purchase amounts do not include payment-in-kind interest. Redemption amounts include impairments.

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

^{**} These amounts include the cost basis of investments transferred from APH to NPH and UPH.

^{***} During the year ended June 30, 2014, we acquired control of BXC Company, Inc. (f/k/a BXC Holding Company). As such, this investment was a controlled investment for part of the year and an affiliated investment for part of the year. See Note 14 for further discussion of this transaction.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

Note 1. Organization

In this report, the terms "Prospect," "we," "us" and "our" mean Prospect Capital Corporation and its subsidiaries unless the context specifically requires otherwise.

Prospect Capital Corporation is a financial services company that primarily lends to and invests in middle market privately-held companies. We are a closed-end investment company incorporated in Maryland. We have elected to be regulated as a business development company ("BDC") under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the "1940 Act"). As a BDC, we have elected to be treated as a regulated investment company ("RIC"), under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code"). We were organized on April 13, 2004 and were funded in an initial public offering completed on July 27, 2004.

On May 15, 2007, we formed a wholly-owned subsidiary Prospect Capital Funding LLC ("PCF"), a Delaware limited liability company and a bankruptcy remote special purpose entity, which holds certain of our portfolio loan investments that are used as collateral for the revolving credit facility at PCF. Our wholly-owned subsidiary Prospect Small Business Lending, LLC ("PSBL") was formed on January 27, 2014 and purchases small business whole loans on a recurring basis from online small business loan originators, including On Deck Capital, Inc. ("OnDeck") and Direct Capital Corporation ("Direct Capital"). On September 30, 2014, we formed a wholly-owned subsidiary Prospect Yield Corporation, LLC ("PYC") and effective October 23, 2014, PYC holds our investments in collateralized loan obligations ("CLOs"). Each of these subsidiaries have been consolidated since operations commenced. Effective July 1, 2014, we began consolidating certain of our wholly-owned and substantially wholly-owned holding companies formed by us in order to facilitate our investment strategy. The following companies have been included in our consolidated financial statements since July 1, 2014: AMU Holdings Inc.; APH Property Holdings, LLC; Arctic Oilfield Equipment USA, Inc.; CCPI Holdings Inc.; CP Holdings of Delaware LLC; Credit Central Holdings of Delaware, LLC; Energy Solutions Holdings Inc.; First Tower Holdings of Delaware LLC; Harbortouch Holdings of Delaware Inc.; MITY Holdings of Delaware Inc.; Nationwide Acceptance Holdings LLC; NMMB Holdings, Inc.; NPH Property Holdings, LLC; STI Holding, Inc.; UPH Property Holdings, LLC; Valley Electric Holdings I, Inc.; Valley Electric Holdings II, Inc.; and Wolf Energy Holdings Inc. On October 10, 2014, concurrent with the sale of the operating company, our ownership increased to 100% of the outstanding equity of ARRM Services, Inc. which was renamed SB Forging Company, Inc. ("SB Forging"). As such, we began consolidating SB Forging on October 11, 2014. We collectively refer to these entities as the "Consolidated Holding Companies."

We are externally managed by our investment adviser, Prospect Capital Management L.P. ("Prospect Capital Management" or the "Investment Adviser"). Prospect Administration LLC ("Prospect Administration" or the "Administrator") provides administrative services and facilities necessary for us to operate.

Our investment objective is to generate both current income and long-term capital appreciation through debt and equity investments. We invest primarily in senior and subordinated debt and equity of private companies in need of capital for acquisitions, divestitures, growth, development, recapitalizations and other purposes. We work with the management teams or financial sponsors to seek investments with historical cash flows, asset collateral or contracted pro-forma cash flows.

Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation and Consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") pursuant to the requirements for reporting on Form 10-K, ASC 946, Financial Services—Investment Companies ("ASC 946"), and Articles 6, 10 and 12 of Regulation S-X. Under the 1940 Act, ASC 946, and the regulations pursuant to Article 6 of Regulation S-X, we are precluded from consolidating any entity other than another investment company or an operating company which provides substantially all of its services to benefit us. Our consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Prospect, PCF, PSBL, PYC, and the Consolidated

Holding Companies. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. The financial results of our non-substantially wholly-owned holding companies and operating portfolio company investments are not consolidated in the financial statements. Any operating companies owned by the Consolidated Holding Companies are not consolidated.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of income, expenses, and gains and losses during the reported period. Changes in the economic environment, financial markets, creditworthiness of our portfolio companies and any other parameters used in determining these estimates could cause actual results to differ, and these differences could be material. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include funds deposited with financial institutions and short-term, highly-liquid overnight investments in money market funds. Cash and cash equivalents are carried at cost which approximates fair value. Investment Classification

We are a non-diversified company within the meaning of the 1940 Act. As required by the 1940 Act, we classify our investments by level of control. As defined in the 1940 Act, "Control Investments" are those where there is the ability or power to exercise a controlling influence over the management or policies of a company. Control is generally deemed to exist when a company or individual possesses or has the right to acquire within 60 days or less, a beneficial ownership of more than 25% of the voting securities of an investee company. Under the 1940 Act, "Affiliate Investments" are defined by a lesser degree of influence and are deemed to exist through the possession outright or via the right to acquire within 60 days or less, beneficial ownership of 5% or more of the outstanding voting securities of another person. "Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments" are those that are neither Control Investments nor Affiliate Investments.

Investments are recognized when we assume an obligation to acquire a financial instrument and assume the risks for gains or losses related to that instrument. Investments are derecognized when we assume an obligation to sell a financial instrument and forego the risks for gains or losses related to that instrument. Specifically, we record all security transactions on a trade date basis. Amounts for investments recognized or derecognized but not yet settled are reported in due to broker or as a receivable for investments sold in the consolidated statements of assets and liabilities. Investment Risks

Our investments are subject to a variety of risks. Those risks include the following:

Market Risk

Market risk represents the potential loss that can be caused by a change in the fair value of the financial instrument. Credit Risk

Credit risk represents the risk that we would incur if the counterparties failed to perform pursuant to the terms of their agreements with us.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk represents the possibility that we may not be able to rapidly adjust the size of our investment positions in times of high volatility and financial stress at a reasonable price.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk represents a change in interest rates, which could result in an adverse change in the fair value of an interest-bearing financial instrument.

Prepayment Risk

Many of our debt investments allow for prepayment of principal without penalty. Downward changes in interest rates may cause prepayments to occur at a faster than expected rate, thereby effectively shortening the maturity of the security and making the security less likely to be an income producing instrument.

Investment Valuation

To value our investments, we follow the guidance of ASC 820, Fair Value Measurement ("ASC 820"), that defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in conformity with GAAP, and requires disclosures about fair value measurements. In accordance with ASC 820, the fair value of our investments is defined as the price that we would receive upon selling an investment in an orderly transaction to an independent buyer in the principal or most advantageous market in which that investment is transacted.

ASC 820 classifies the inputs used to measure these fair values into the following hierarchy:

Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities, accessible by us at the measurement date.

Level 2: Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, or quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, or other observable inputs other than quoted prices.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

In all cases, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement in its entirety falls has been determined based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Our assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to each investment.

Our Board of Directors has established procedures for the valuation of our investment portfolio. These procedures are detailed below.

Investments for which market quotations are readily available are valued at such market quotations.

For most of our investments, market quotations are not available. With respect to investments for which market quotations are not readily available or when such market quotations are deemed not to represent fair value, our Board of Directors has approved a multi-step valuation process each quarter, as described below.

- 1. Each portfolio company or investment is reviewed by our investment professionals with independent valuation firms engaged by our Board of Directors.
- 2. The independent valuation firms conduct independent valuations and make their own independent assessments.
- 3. The Audit Committee of our Board of Directors reviews and discusses the preliminary valuation of the Investment Adviser and that of the independent valuation firms.
- The Board of Directors discusses valuations and determines the fair value of each investment in our portfolio in
- 4. good faith based on the input of the Investment Adviser, the respective independent valuation firm and the Audit Committee.

Our non-CLO investments are valued utilizing a yield analysis, enterprise value ("EV") analysis, net asset value analysis, liquidation analysis, discounted cash flow analysis, or a combination of methods, as appropriate. The yield analysis uses loan spreads for loans, dividend yields for certain investments and other relevant information implied by market data involving identical or comparable assets or liabilities. Under the EV analysis, the EV of a portfolio company is first determined and allocated over the portfolio company's securities in order of their preference relative to one another (i.e., "waterfall" allocation). To determine the EV, we typically use a market multiples approach that considers relevant and applicable market trading data of guideline public companies, transaction metrics from precedent M&A transactions and/or a discounted cash flow analysis. The net asset value analysis is used to derive a value of an underlying investment (such as real estate property) by dividing a relevant earnings stream by an appropriate capitalization rate. For this purpose, we consider capitalization rates for similar properties as may be obtained from guideline public companies and/or relevant transactions. The liquidation analysis is intended to approximate the net recovery value of an investment based on, among other things, assumptions regarding liquidation proceeds based on a hypothetical liquidation of a portfolio company's assets. The discounted cash flow analysis uses valuation techniques to convert future cash flows or earnings to a range of fair values from which a single estimate may be derived utilizing an appropriate discount rate. The measurement is based on the net present value indicated by current market expectations about those future amounts.

In applying these methodologies, additional factors that we consider in valuing our investments may include, as we deem relevant: security covenants, call protection provisions, and information rights; the nature and realizable value of any collateral; the portfolio company's ability to make payments; the principal markets in which the portfolio company does business; publicly available financial ratios of peer companies; the principal market; and enterprise values, among other factors.

Our investments in CLOs are classified as ASC 820 Level 3 securities and are valued using a discounted cash flow model. The valuations have been accomplished through the analysis of the CLO deal structures to identify the risk exposures from the modeling point of view as well as to determine an appropriate call date. For each CLO security, the most appropriate valuation approach has been chosen from alternative approaches to ensure the most accurate valuation for such security. To value a CLO, both the assets and the liabilities of the CLO capital structure are modeled. We use a waterfall engine to store the collateral data, generate collateral cash flows from the assets based on various assumptions for the risk factors, distribute the cash flows to the liability structure based on the payment priorities, and discount them back using current market discount rates. The main risk factors are: default risk, interest rate risk, downgrade risk, and credit spread risk.

Valuation of Other Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

ASC 825, Financial Instruments, specifically ASC 825-10-25, permits an entity to choose, at specified election dates, to measure eligible items at fair value (the "Fair Value Option"). We have not elected the Fair Value Option to report selected financial assets and financial liabilities. See Note 8 for further discussion of our financial liabilities that are measured using another measurement attribute.

Convertible Notes

We have recorded the Convertible Notes at their contractual amounts. The Convertible Notes were analyzed for any features that would require bifurcation and such features were determined to be immaterial. See Note 5 for further discussion.

Revenue Recognition

Realized gains or losses on the sale of investments are calculated using the specific identification method. Interest income, adjusted for amortization of premium and accretion of discount, is recorded on an accrual basis. Origination, closing and/or commitment fees associated with investments in portfolio companies are accreted into interest income over the respective terms of the applicable loans. Accretion of such purchase discounts or amortization of premiums is calculated by the effective interest method as of the purchase date and adjusted only for material amendments or prepayments. Upon the prepayment of a loan or debt security, any prepayment penalties and unamortized loan origination, closing and commitment fees are recorded as interest income. The purchase discount for portfolio investments acquired from Patriot Capital Funding, Inc. ("Patriot") was determined based on the difference between par value and fair value as of December 2, 2009, and continued to accrete until maturity or repayment of the respective loans. As of December 31, 2013, the purchase discount for the assets acquired from Patriot had been fully accreted. See Note 3 for further discussion.

Loans are placed on non-accrual status when there is reasonable doubt that principal or interest will be collected. Unpaid accrued interest is generally reversed when a loan is placed on non-accrual status. Interest payments received on non-accrual loans may be recognized as income or applied to principal depending upon management's judgment. Non-accrual loans are restored to accrual status when past due principal and interest is paid and in management's judgment, is likely to remain current. As of June 30, 2015, approximately 0.1% of our total assets are in non-accrual status.

Interest income from investments in the "equity" class of security of CLO funds (typically income notes or subordinated notes) is recorded based upon an estimation of an effective yield to expected maturity utilizing assumed cash flows in accordance with ASC 325-40, Beneficial Interests in Securitized Financial Assets. We monitor the expected cash inflows from our CLO equity investments, including the expected residual payments, and the effective yield is determined and updated periodically.

Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date.

Structuring fees and similar fees are recognized as income as earned, usually when paid. Structuring fees, excess deal deposits, net profits interests and overriding royalty interests are included in other income. See Note 10 for further discussion.

Federal and State Income Taxes

We have elected to be treated as a regulated investment company and intend to continue to comply with the requirements of the Code applicable to regulated investment companies. We are required to distribute at least 90% of our investment company taxable income and intend to distribute (or retain through a deemed distribution) all of our investment company taxable income and net capital gain to stockholders; therefore, we have made no provision for income taxes. The character of income and gains that we will distribute is determined in accordance with income tax regulations that may differ from GAAP. Book and tax basis differences relating to stockholder dividends and distributions and other permanent book and tax differences are reclassified to paid-in capital.

If we do not distribute (or are not deemed to have distributed) at least 98% of our annual ordinary income and 98.2% of our capital gains in the calendar year earned, we will generally be required to pay an excise tax equal to 4% of the amount by which 98% of our annual ordinary income and 98.2% of our capital gains exceed the distributions from such taxable income for the year. To the extent that we determine that our estimated current year annual taxable income will be in excess of estimated current year dividend distributions from such taxable income, we accrue excise taxes, if any, on estimated excess taxable income. For the calendar year ended December 31, 2014, we incurred an excise tax expense of \$461 because our annual taxable income exceeded our distributions. As of June 30, 2015, we had a payable of \$305 for excise taxes as our expected excise tax liability exceeded our excise tax payments through June 30, 2015. This amount is included within accrued expenses on the Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities as of June 30, 2015.

If we fail to satisfy the annual distribution requirement or otherwise fail to qualify as a RIC in any taxable year, we would be subject to tax on all of our taxable income at regular corporate rates. We would not be able to deduct distributions to stockholders, nor would we be required to make distributions. Distributions would generally be taxable to our individual and other non-corporate taxable stockholders as ordinary dividend income eligible for the reduced maximum rate applicable to qualified dividend income to the extent of our current and accumulated earnings and profits, provided certain holding period and other requirements are met. Subject to certain limitations under the Code, corporate distributions would be eligible for the dividends-received deduction. To qualify again to be taxed as a RIC in a subsequent year, we would be required to distribute to our shareholders our accumulated earnings and profits attributable to non-RIC years reduced by an interest charge of 50% of such earnings and profits payable by us as an additional tax. In addition, if we failed to qualify as a RIC for a period greater than two taxable years, then, in order to qualify as a RIC in a subsequent year, we would be required to elect to recognize and pay tax on any net built-in gain (the excess of aggregate gain, including items of income, over aggregate loss that would have been realized if we had been liquidated) or, alternatively, be subject to taxation on such built-in gain recognized for a period of ten years. We follow ASC 740, Income Taxes ("ASC 740"). ASC 740 provides guidance for how uncertain tax positions should be recognized, measured, presented, and disclosed in the consolidated financial statements. ASC 740 requires the evaluation of tax positions taken or expected to be taken in the course of preparing our tax returns to determine whether the tax positions are "more-likely-than-not" of being sustained by the applicable tax authority. Tax positions not deemed to meet the more-likely-than-not threshold are recorded as a tax benefit or expense in the current year. As of June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2015 and for the years then ended, we did not have a liability for any unrecognized tax benefits. Management's determinations regarding ASC 740 may be subject to review and adjustment at a later date based upon factors including, but not limited to, an on-going analysis of tax laws, regulations and interpretations thereof. Although we file both federal and state income tax returns, our major tax jurisdiction is federal. Our tax returns for our federal tax years ending August 31, 2012 and thereafter remain subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service.

Dividends and Distributions

Dividends and distributions to common stockholders are recorded on the ex-dividend date. The amount, if any, to be paid as a monthly dividend or distribution is approved by our Board of Directors quarterly and is generally based upon our management's estimate of our future earnings. Net realized capital gains, if any, are distributed at least annually. Financing Costs

We record origination expenses related to our Revolving Credit Facility and Convertible Notes, Public Notes and Prospect Capital InterNotes® (collectively, our "Unsecured Notes") as deferred financing costs. These expenses are deferred and amortized as part of interest expense using the straight-line method for our Revolving Credit Facility and

the effective interest method for our Unsecured Notes over the respective expected life or maturity. In the event that we modify or extinguish our debt before maturity, we follow the guidance in ASC 470-50, Modification and Extinguishments ("ASC 470-50"). For modifications to or exchanges of our Revolving Credit Facility, any unamortized deferred costs relating to lenders who are not part of the new lending group are expensed. For extinguishments of our Unsecured Notes, any unamortized deferred costs are deducted from the carrying amount of the debt in determining the gain or loss from the extinguishment.

We record registration expenses related to shelf filings as prepaid assets. These expenses consist principally of SEC registration fees, legal fees and accounting fees incurred. These prepaid assets are charged to capital upon the receipt of proceeds from an equity offering or charged to expense if no offering is completed.

Guarantees and Indemnification Agreements

We follow ASC 460, Guarantees ("ASC 460"). ASC 460 elaborates on the disclosure requirements of a guarantor in its interim and annual consolidated financial statements about its obligations under certain guarantees that it has issued. It also requires a guarantor to recognize, at the inception of a guarantee, for those guarantees that are covered by ASC 460, the fair value of the obligation undertaken in issuing certain guarantees.

Per Share Information

Net increase or decrease in net assets resulting from operations per share is calculated using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period presented. In accordance with ASC 946, convertible securities are not considered in the calculation of net asset value per share.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In August 2014, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2014-15, Disclosure of Uncertainties about an Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern ("ASU 2014-15"). ASU 2014-15 will explicitly require management to assess an entity's ability to continue as a going concern, and to provide related footnote disclosure in certain circumstances. ASU 2014-15 is effective for annual and interim periods ending after December 15, 2016. Early application is permitted. The adoption of the amended guidance in ASU 2014-15 is not expected to have a significant effect on our consolidated financial statements and disclosures.

In January 2015, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2015-01, Simplifying Income Statement Presentation by Eliminating the Concept of Extraordinary Items ("ASU 2015-01"). ASU 2015-01 simplifies income statement presentation by eliminating the need to determine whether to classify an item as an extraordinary item. ASU 2015-01 is effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Early adoption is permitted; however, adoption must occur at the beginning of an annual period. The adoption of the amended guidance in ASU 2015-01 is not expected to have a significant effect on our consolidated financial statements and disclosures.

In February 2015, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2015-02, Amendments to the Consolidation Analysis ("ASU 2015-02"). ASU 2015-02 eliminates the deferral of FAS 167, which allowed reporting entities with interests in certain investment funds to follow the previous consolidation guidance in FIN 46(R), and makes other changes to both the variable interest model and the voting model. ASU 2015-02 is effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Early adoption is permitted, including adoption in an interim period. A reporting entity may apply the amendments using a modified retrospective approach by recording a cumulative-effect adjustment to equity as of the beginning of the period of adoption or may apply the amendments retrospectively. We are currently evaluating the effect the adoption of the amended guidance in ASU 2015-02 may have on our consolidated financial statements and disclosures.

In April 2015, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2015-03, Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs ("ASU 2015-03"). ASU 2015-03 requires debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability to be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the debt liability rather than as an asset. The new guidance will make the presentation of debt issuance costs consistent with the presentation of debt discounts or premiums. ASU 2015-03 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted for financial statements that have not been previously issued. The new guidance must be applied on a retrospective basis to all prior periods presented in the financial statements. The adoption of the amended guidance in ASU 2015-03 is not expected to have a significant effect on our consolidated financial statements and disclosures.

Note 3. Portfolio Investments

At June 30, 2015, we had investments in 131 long-term portfolio investments, which had an amortized cost of \$6,559,376 and a fair value of \$6,609,558. At June 30, 2014, we had investments in 142 long-term portfolio investments, which had an amortized cost of \$6,371,522 and a fair value of \$6,253,739.

The original cost basis of debt placements and equity securities acquired, including follow-on investments for existing portfolio companies, totaled \$2,088,988 and \$2,952,356 during the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively. Debt repayments and proceeds from sales of equity securities of approximately \$1,633,073 and \$786,969 were received during the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively.

The following table shows the composition of our investment portfolio as of June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014.

	June 30, 2015		June 30, 2014		
	Cost	Fair Value	Cost	Fair Value	
Revolving Line of Credit	\$30,546	\$30,546	\$3,445	\$2,786	
Senior Secured Debt	3,617,111	3,533,447	3,578,339	3,514,198	
Subordinated Secured Debt	1,234,701	1,205,303	1,272,275	1,200,221	
Subordinated Unsecured Debt	145,644	144,271	85,531	85,531	
Small Business Loans	50,558	50,892	4,637	4,252	
CLO Debt	28,613	32,398	28,118	33,199	
CLO Residual Interest	1,072,734	1,113,023	1,044,656	1,093,985	
Equity	379,469	499,678	354,521	319,567	
Total Investments	\$6,559,376	\$6,609,558	\$6,371,522	\$6,253,739	

In the previous table and throughout the remainder of this footnote, we aggregate our portfolio investments by type of investment, which may differ slightly from the nomenclature used by the constituent instruments defining the rights of holders of the investment, as disclosed on our Consolidated Schedules of Investments ("SOI"). The following investments are included in each category:

Senior Secured Debt includes investments listed on the SOI such as senior secured term loans, senior term loans, secured promissory notes, senior demand notes, and first lien term loans.

Subordinated Secured Debt includes investments listed on the SOI such as subordinated secured term loans, subordinated term loans, senior subordinated notes, and second lien term loans.

Subordinated Unsecured Debt includes investments listed on the SOI such as subordinated unsecured notes and senior unsecured notes.

Small Business Loans includes our investments in small business whole loans purchased from OnDeck and Direct Capital.

CLO Debt includes our investments in the "debt" class of security of CLO funds.

CLO Residual Interest includes our investments in the "equity" class of security of CLO funds such as income notes, preference shares, and subordinated notes.

Equity includes our investments in preferred stock, common stock, membership interests, net profits interests, net operating income interests, net revenue interests, overriding royalty interests, escrows receivable, and warrants, unless specifically stated otherwise.

The following table shows the fair value of our investments disaggregated into the three levels of the ASC 820 valuation hierarchy as of June 30, 2015.

various in the farth of the control				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Revolving Line of Credit	\$—	\$ —	\$30,546	\$30,546
Senior Secured Debt	_	_	3,533,447	3,533,447
Subordinated Secured Debt	_	_	1,205,303	1,205,303
Subordinated Unsecured Debt	_	_	144,271	144,271
Small Business Loans	_	_	50,892	50,892
CLO Debt	_	_	32,398	32,398
CLO Residual Interest	_	_	1,113,023	1,113,023
Equity	260	_	499,418	499,678
Total Investments	\$260	\$—	\$6,609,298	\$6,609,558
The following table shows the fair value of our investm	ents disaggrega	ted into the thre	e levels of the	ASC 820
valuation hierarchy as of June 30, 2014.				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	Level 1 \$—	Level 2 \$—	Level 3 \$2,786	
valuation hierarchy as of June 30, 2014.				Total
valuation hierarchy as of June 30, 2014. Revolving Line of Credit			\$2,786	Total \$2,786
valuation hierarchy as of June 30, 2014. Revolving Line of Credit Senior Secured Debt			\$2,786 3,514,198	Total \$2,786 3,514,198
valuation hierarchy as of June 30, 2014. Revolving Line of Credit Senior Secured Debt Subordinated Secured Debt			\$ 2,786 3,514,198 1,200,221	Total \$2,786 3,514,198 1,200,221
valuation hierarchy as of June 30, 2014. Revolving Line of Credit Senior Secured Debt Subordinated Secured Debt Subordinated Unsecured Debt			\$2,786 3,514,198 1,200,221 85,531	Total \$2,786 3,514,198 1,200,221 85,531
valuation hierarchy as of June 30, 2014. Revolving Line of Credit Senior Secured Debt Subordinated Secured Debt Subordinated Unsecured Debt Small Business Loans			\$2,786 3,514,198 1,200,221 85,531 4,252	Total \$2,786 3,514,198 1,200,221 85,531 4,252
valuation hierarchy as of June 30, 2014. Revolving Line of Credit Senior Secured Debt Subordinated Secured Debt Subordinated Unsecured Debt Small Business Loans CLO Debt			\$2,786 3,514,198 1,200,221 85,531 4,252 33,199	Total \$2,786 3,514,198 1,200,221 85,531 4,252 33,199
valuation hierarchy as of June 30, 2014. Revolving Line of Credit Senior Secured Debt Subordinated Secured Debt Subordinated Unsecured Debt Small Business Loans CLO Debt CLO Residual Interest	\$— — — — —		\$2,786 3,514,198 1,200,221 85,531 4,252 33,199 1,093,985	Total \$2,786 3,514,198 1,200,221 85,531 4,252 33,199 1,093,985

The following tables show the aggregate changes in the fair value of our Level 3 investments during the year ended June 30, 2015.

June 50, 2015.		Fair Value Me	asurements Usi	ng Unobserv	able Inputs (Level 3)
		Control Investments	Affiliate Investments	Non-Contr Non-Affil	ol/ iate Total	,
Fair value as of June 30,	. 2014	\$ 1,640,454	\$ 32,121	Investmen \$ 4,580,996		.571
Net realized losses on in		(80,640	—	(99,836) (180,47	
Net change in unrealized	d appreciation	158,346	503	9,024	167,87.	,
Net realized and unrealized	zed gains (losses)	77,706	503	(90,812) (12,603	3)
Purchases of portfolio in		409,712	44,000	1,605,999	2,059,7	11
Payment-in-kind interes		22,850	_	6,427	29,277	
Amortization of discoun		_	_	(87,638) (87,638	,
Repayments and sales of		(176,520	(30,679	(1,425,821) (1,633,	020)
Transfers within Level 3		_		_	_	
Transfers in (out) of Lev Fair value as of June 30,		 \$ 1,974,202	 \$ 45,945	 \$ 4,589,15	1 \$6,609	200
·	ingSenior	Subordinate Sima	•	\$4,389,13 CLO	1 \$ 0,009	,298
Line of Credit	Silnordinal	ea Unsecured Bus	iness Debt	Residual Interest	Equity	Total
Fair value as of June 30, 2014 \$2,786	\$3,514,198 \$1,200,221	\$85,531 \$4,2	252 \$33,199	\$1,093,985	\$319,399	\$6,253,571
Net realized	(26.055) (77.745) (6.502	20.	(15.561	\ (40.100)	(100.476
losses on (1,095) (36,955) (77,745) (6,502) (2,4	90) —	(15,561) (40,128	(180,476)
investments Net change in						
unrealized						
appreciation 659	(19,521) 42,658	(1,374) 719	(1,296	(9,043) 155,071	167,873
(depreciation)						
Net realized and						
unrealized (436) (56,476) (35,087) (7,876) (1,7	71) (1,296	(24,604) 114,943	(12,603)
(losses) gains						
Purchases of						
portfolio 58,196	1,234,738 314,767	38,834 96,6	514 —	220,779	95,783	2,059,711
investments						
Payment-in-kindinterest	25,695 1,412	2,170 —	_	_	_	29,277
Accretion						
(amortization)						
of discounts and	314 3,617		495	(92,064) —	(87,638)
premiums						
Repayments and						
sales of	0) (1,185,022) (254,627) 612 (48,	203) —	(85,073) (30,707	(1,633,020)
portfolio	7) (1,165,022) (254,027) 012 (46,	203) —	(03,073) (30,707	(1,033,020)
investments						
Transfers within	— (25,000) 25,000 —				_
Level 3(1)		•				
Transfers in						
(out) of Level — 3(1)				_	_	_

Fair value as of June 30, 2015 \$30,546 \$3,533,447 \$1,205,303 \$144,271 \$50,892 \$32,398 \$1,113,023 \$499,418 \$6,609,298 (1) Transfers are assumed to have occurred at the beginning of the quarter during which the asset was transferred.

The following tables show the aggregate changes in the fair value of our Level 3 investments during the year ended June 30, 2014.

vane 20, 2011.						Fair Va	alue Me	a	surements	Usir	ıg Unob	se	ervable	Inp	uts (Leve	13))
						Contro Invest			Affiliate Investme	ents	Non-C Non-A Invest	4f	filiate	То	tal		
Fair value as of	June 30,	2013				\$ 811,6	534		\$ 42,443		\$ 3,318			\$ 4	,172,740		
Net realized los						_					(3,346)		346)	
Net change in u Net realized and		•	n			(20,519 (20,519	-		(4,500 (4,500)	(9,894 (13,24)	-	4,913 3,259)	
Purchases of po						901,19	-	,	— —	,	2,036,0		, 4		937,211	,	
Payment-in-kin						11,796			90		3,259	-			,145		
Accretion (amo				_	ns				399		(46,69		,		5,297)	
Repayments and Transfers within		_	ves	tments		(82,26)	-)	(700)	(704,0		5)	(78	36,969)	
Transfers in (ou						18,609			(5,611	,	(12,99	0	,				
Fair value as of						\$ 1,640),454		\$ 32,121		\$ 4,580	0,	996	\$6	5,253,571		
	Revolvii	_	9	Subordinat	ed	Subordin			CLO	CLO							
	Credit	Secured Debt		Secured D		Lincecure	dBusine Loans		SS Debt	Res	idual rest		Equity		Total		
Fair value as of June 30, 2013	\$8,729	\$2,207,091	1 5	\$1,024,90	1	\$88,827	\$—		\$28,589	\$65	8,086		\$156,5	17	\$4,172,7	740	1
Net realized (losses) gains or	n	(1,593) ((7,558)					1,18	23		4,622		(3,346)
investments	—	(1,393) ((1,556	,	_				1,10	.5		4,022		(3,340		,
Net change in																	
unrealized	(150)	(8,907) ((34,566)	(357)	(386		4,159	51,8	64		(46,570)	(34,913)
(depreciation) appreciation	,	,	, ,	,		,			,	,			,	,	,		_
Net realized and	1																
unrealized		(10,500) ((42,124)	(357)	(386		4,159	53,0	147		(41,948	3)	(38,259)
(losses) gains																	
Purchases of	14.050	1 602 204	4	554 072			6.540			152	402		215.07	2	2 027 21	1 1	
portfolio investments	14,850	1,692,284	٠	554,973		_	6,540		_	433	,492		215,07	2	2,937,21	ll	
Payment-in-kin	d	12.050		420		0.67									15 145		
interest	_	13,850	2	428		867			_	_					15,145		
Accretion																	
(amortization)	.—	683	2	2,065		73	_		451	(49,	569)	_		(46,297)
of discounts and premiums	1																
Repayments and	d																
sales of		(389,210) ((270.022	`	(73,879)	(1.002	, ,	`	(21,	071	`	(10.24))	(786,969)	`
portfolio	(20,043)	(369,210) ((270,022	,	(13,019)	(1,902	٠.) —	(21,	0/1	,	(10,242	ر ک	(780,90)	9	,
investments																	
Transfers within Level 3(1)	n	_	((70,000)	70,000	_						_				
Transfers in																	
(out) of Level			-				_						_				
3(1)																	

Fair value as of June 30, 2014 \$2,786 \$3,514,198 \$1,200,221 \$85,531 \$4,252 \$33,199 \$1,093,985 \$319,399 \$6,253,571 (1) Transfers are assumed to have occurred at the beginning of the quarter during which the asset was transferred. For the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, the net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on the investments that use Level 3 inputs was \$82,432 and \$(27,973) for investments still held as of June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively.

The ranges of unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement of our Level 3 investments as of June 30, 2015 were as follows:

			Unobservable Input		
Asset Category	Fair Value	Primary Valuation Technique	Input	Range	Weighted Average
Senior Secured Debt Senior Secured Debt	\$2,421,188 563,050	Yield Analysis EV Analysis	Market Yield EBITDA Multiple	6.1%-21.4% 3.5x-11.0x	11.3% 8.1x
Senior Secured Debt(1)	64,560	EV Analysis	Loss-Adjusted Discount Rate	3.8%-10.7%	6.9%
Senior Secured Debt(2)	98,025	EV Analysis	Loss-Adjusted Discount Rate	5.4%-16.3%	10.0%
Senior Secured Debt	40,808	EV Analysis	Discount Rate	7.0%-9.0%	8.0%
Senior Secured Debt	25,970	EV Analysis	Appraisal	N/A	N/A
Senior Secured Debt	6,918	Liquidation Analysis	N/A	N/A	N/A
Senior Secured Debt	343,474	Net Asset Value Analysis	Capitalization Rate	5.6%-7.0%	6.0%
Subordinated Secured Debt	847,624	Yield Analysis	Market Yield	8.1%-18.3%	12.5%
Subordinated Secured Debt	54,948	EV Analysis	EBITDA Multiple	3.5x-6.0x	4.7x
Subordinated Secured Debt	302,731	EV Analysis	Book Value Multiple	1.2x-3.8x	2.7x
Subordinated Unsecured Debt	112,701	Yield Analysis	Market Yield	9.1%-15.3%	11.8%
Subordinated Unsecured Debt	31,570	EV Analysis	EBITDA Multiple	5.8x-8.0x	7.2x
Small Business Loans(3)	362	Discounted Cash Flow	Loss-Adjusted Discount Rate	11.7%-27.3%	23.5%
Small Business Loans(4)	50,530	Discounted Cash Flow	Loss-Adjusted Discount Rate	20.4%-33.2%	24.9%
CLO Debt	32,398	Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate	6.1%-6.9%	6.5%
CLO Residual Interest	1,113,023	Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate	11.2%-18.0%	14.0%
Equity	139,424	EV Analysis	EBITDA Multiple	2.0x-11.0x	8.5x
Equity	148,631	EV Analysis	Book Value Multiple	1.2x-3.8x	2.5x
Equity	1,120	EV Analysis	Appraisal	N/A	N/A
Equity	3,023	Yield Analysis	Market Yield	19.8%-24.7%	22.2%
Equity	130,316	Net Asset Value Analysis	Capitalization Rate	5.6%-7.0%	5.9%
Equity	28,133	Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate	7.0%-9.0%	8.0%
Participating Interest(5)	42,765	Yield Analysis	Market Yield	11.5%-18.0%	12.5%
Participating Interest(5)	22	Liquidation Analysis	N/A	N/A	N/A
Escrow Receivable	5,984	Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate	7.0%-8.2%	7.6%
Total Level 3 Investments	\$6,609,298				

EV analysis is based on the fair value of our investments in consumer loans purchased from Prosper, which are valued using a discounted cash flow valuation technique. The key unobservable input to the discounted cash flow analysis is noted above. In addition, the valuation also used projected loss rates as an unobservable input ranging from 0.6%-26.5%, with a weighted average of 8.4%.

⁽²⁾ EV analysis is based on the fair value of our investments in consumer loans purchased from Lending Club, which are valued using a discounted cash flow valuation technique. The key unobservable input to the discounted cash

- flow analysis is noted above. In addition, the valuation also used projected loss rates as an unobservable input ranging from 2.3%-23.8%, with a weighted average of 16.9%.
- (3) Includes our investments in small business whole loans purchased from Direct Capital. Valuation also used projected loss rates as an unobservable input ranging from 0.03%-60.0%, with a weighted average of 42.3%.
- (4) Includes our investments in small business whole loans purchased from OnDeck. Valuation also used projected loss rates as an unobservable input ranging from 4.2%-11.7%, with a weighted average of 9.7%.
- (5) Participating Interest includes our participating equity investments, such as net profits interests, net operating income interests, net revenue interests, and overriding royalty interests.

The ranges of unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement of our Level 3 investments as of June 30, 2014 were as follows:

			Unobservable Input		
Asset Category	Fair Value	Primary Valuation Technique	Input	Range	Weighted Average
Senior Secured Debt	\$2,550,073	Yield Analysis	Market Yield	5.5%-20.3%	11.1%
Senior Secured Debt	560,485	EV Analysis	EBITDA Multiple	3.5x-9.0x	7.1x
Senior Secured Debt	110,525	EV Analysis	Other	N/A	N/A
Senior Secured Debt	3,822	Liquidation Analysis	N/A	N/A	N/A
Senior Secured Debt	292,079	Net Asset Value Analysis	Capitalization Rate	4.5%-10.0%	7.4%
Subordinated	022 101	Viold Analysis	Market Yield	0.70/ 14.70/	10.00/
Secured Debt	832,181	Yield Analysis	Market Field	8.7%-14.7%	10.9%
Subordinated	353,220	EV Analysis	EBITDA Multiple	4.5x-8.2x	6.2x
Secured Debt	333,220	EV Analysis	EBITDA Multiple	4.31-0.21	0.2X
Subordinated	14,820	EV Analysis	Book Value Multiple	1.2x-1.4x	1.3x
Secured Debt	14,620	EV Analysis	book value wuitipie	1.24-1.44	1.34
Subordinated	85,531	Yield Analysis	Market Yield	7.4%-14.4%	12.1%
Unsecured Debt	05,551	Tield / Mary 515	Warket Tield	7.470-14.470	12.170
Small Business	4,252	Yield Analysis	Market Yield	75.5%-79.5%	77.5%
Loans	•	•			
CLO Debt	33,199	Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate	4.2%-5.8%	4.9%
CLO Residual	1,093,985	Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate	10.4%-23.7%	16.8%
Interest					
Equity	222,059	EV Analysis	EBITDA Multiple	2.0x-15.3x	5.3x
Equity	15,103	EV Analysis	Book Value Multiple	1.2x-1.4x	1.3x
Equity	3,171	Yield Analysis	Market Yield	13.7%-16.5%	
Equity	63,157	Net Asset Value Analysis	Capitalization Rate	4.5%-10.0%	7.4%
Equity	14,107	Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate	8.0%-10.0%	9.0%
Participating	213	Liquidation Analysis	N/A	N/A	N/A
Interest(1)		•			
Escrow Receivable	1,589	Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate	6.6%-7.8%	7.2%
Total Level 3	\$6,253,571				
Investments	\$ 0,200,071				

⁽¹⁾ Participating Interest includes our participating equity investments, such as net profits interests, net operating income interests, net revenue interests, and overriding royalty interests.

In determining the range of value for debt instruments except CLOs and debt investments in controlling portfolio companies, management and the independent valuation firm generally estimated corporate and security credit ratings and identified corresponding yields to maturity for each loan from relevant market data. A discounted cash flow analysis was then prepared using the appropriate yield to maturity as the discount rate, to determine range of value. For non-traded equity investments, the enterprise value was determined by applying earnings before income tax, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") multiples, net income multiples, or book value multiples for similar guideline public companies and/or similar recent investment transactions. For stressed equity investments, a liquidation analysis was prepared. For the private REIT investments, enterprise values were determined based on an average of results from a net asset value analysis of the underlying property investments and a dividend yield analysis utilizing capitalization rates and dividend yields, respectively, for similar guideline companies and/or similar recent investment transactions.

In determining the range of value for our investments in CLOs, management and the independent valuation firm used a discounted cash flow model. The valuations were accomplished through the analysis of the CLO deal structures to identify the risk exposures from the modeling point of view as well as to determine an appropriate call date. For each

CLO security, the most appropriate valuation approach was chosen from alternative approaches to ensure the most accurate valuation for such security. A waterfall engine was used to store the collateral data, generate collateral cash flows from the assets based on various assumptions for the risk factors, distribute the cash flows to the liability structure based on the payment priorities, and discount them back using proper discount rates to expected maturity or call date.

CLO investments may be riskier and less transparent to us than direct investments in underlying companies. CLOs typically will have no significant assets other than their underlying senior secured loans. Therefore, payments on CLO investments are and will be payable solely from the cash flows from such senior secured loans. Our CLO investments are exposed to leveraged credit risk. If certain minimum collateral value ratios and/or interest coverage ratios are not met by a CLO, primarily due to senior secured loan defaults, then cash flow that otherwise would have been available to pay distributions to us on our CLO investments may instead be used to redeem any senior notes or to purchase additional senior secured loans, until the ratios again exceed the minimum required levels or any senior notes are repaid in full. Our CLO investments and/or the underlying senior secured loans may prepay more quickly than expected, which could have an adverse impact on our value. We are not responsible for and have no influence over the asset management of the portfolios underlying the CLO investments we hold as those portfolios are managed by non-affiliated third party CLO collateral managers.

The significant unobservable input used to value our investments based on the yield analysis and discounted cash flow analysis is the market yield (or applicable discount rate) used to discount the estimated future cash flows expected to be received from the underlying investment, which includes both future principal and interest/dividend payments. Increases or decreases in the market yield (or applicable discount rate) would result in a decrease or increase, respectively, in the fair value measurement. Management and the independent valuation firm consider the following factors when selecting market yields or discount rates: risk of default, rating of the investment and comparable company investments, and call provisions.

The significant unobservable inputs used to value our investments based on the EV analysis may include market multiples of specified financial measures such as EBITDA, net income, or book value of identified guideline public companies, implied valuation multiples from precedent M&A transactions, and/or discount rates applied in a discounted cash flow analysis. The independent valuation firm identifies a population of publicly traded companies with similar operations and key attributes to that of the portfolio company. Using valuation and operating metrics of these guideline public companies and/or as implied by relevant precedent transactions, a range of multiples of the latest twelve months EBITDA, or other measure such as net income or book value, is typically calculated. The independent valuation firm utilizes the determined multiples to estimate the portfolio company's EV generally based on the latest twelve months EBITDA of the portfolio company (or other meaningful measure). Increases or decreases in the multiple may result in an increase or decrease, respectively, in EV which may increase or decrease the fair value measurement of the debt and/or equity investment, as applicable. In certain instances, a discounted cash flow analysis may be considered in estimating EV, in which case, discount rates based on a weighted average cost of capital and application of the Capital Asset Pricing Model may be utilized.

The significant unobservable input used to value our investments based on the net asset value analysis is the capitalization rate applied to the earnings measure of the underlying property. Increases or decreases in the capitalization rate would result in a decrease or increase, respectively, in the fair value measurement. Changes in market yields, discount rates, capitalization rates or EBITDA multiples, each in isolation, may change the fair value measurement of certain of our investments. Generally, an increase in market yields, discount rates or capitalization rates, or a decrease in EBITDA (or other) multiples may result in a decrease in the fair value measurement of certain of our investments.

Due to the inherent uncertainty of determining the fair value of investments that do not have a readily available market value, the fair value of our investments may fluctuate from period to period. Additionally, the fair value of our investments may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had a ready market existed for such investments and may differ materially from the values that we may ultimately realize. Further, such investments are generally subject to legal and other restrictions on resale or otherwise are less liquid than publicly traded securities. If we were required to liquidate a portfolio investment in a forced or liquidation sale, we could realize significantly less than the value at which we have recorded it.

In addition, changes in the market environment and other events that may occur over the life of the investments may cause the gains or losses ultimately realized on these investments to be different than the unrealized gains or losses reflected in the currently assigned valuations.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, the valuation methodology for American Gilsonite Company ("AGC") changed to incorporate secondary trade data in addition to the yield analysis used in previous periods. As a result of this change,

and in recognition of recent company performance and current market conditions, we decreased the fair value of our investment in AGC to \$14,287 as of June 30, 2015, a discount of \$1,468 from its amortized cost, compared to the \$3,477 unrealized appreciation recorded at June 30, 2014.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, the valuation methodology for CCPI Inc. ("CCPI") changed to solely an EV analysis by removing the discounted cash flow used in previous periods. Management adopted this change due to a lack of long-term forecasts for CCPI. As a result of this change, and in recognition of recent company performance and current market conditions, we increased the fair value of our investment in CCPI to \$41,352 as of June 30, 2015, a premium of \$7,192 to its amortized cost, compared to the \$1,443 unrealized depreciation recorded at June 30, 2014. During the year ended June 30, 2015, the valuation methodology for Edmentum, Inc. ("Edmentum") changed to an EV analysis in place of the yield analysis used in previous periods. Management adopted this change due to the company's debt restructuring in June 2015, through which Prospect became the largest shareholder of the company. As a result of this change, and in recognition of recent company performance and subsequent other-than-temporary impairment, we decreased the fair value of our investment in Edmentum to \$37,216 as of June 30, 2015, equal to its amortized cost, compared to the \$1,561 unrealized appreciation recorded at June 30, 2014.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, the valuation methodology for Empire Today, LLC ("Empire Today") changed to incorporate an EV analysis and secondary trade data in addition to the yield analysis used in previous periods. Management adopted the EV analysis due to a deterioration in operating results and resulting credit impairment. As a result of this change, and in recognition of recent company performance and current market conditions, we decreased the fair value of our investment in Empire Today to \$13,070 as of June 30, 2015, a discount of \$2,448 from its amortized cost, compared to the \$281 unrealized appreciation recorded at June 30, 2014.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, the valuation methodology for Gulf Coast Machine & Supply Company ("Gulf Coast") changed to a liquidation analysis in place of the EV analysis used in previous periods. Management adopted the liquidation analysis due to a deterioration in operating results, resulting credit impairment, and the unavailability of revised budget figures. As a result of this change, and in recognition of recent company performance and current market conditions, we decreased the fair value of our investment in Gulf Coast to \$6,918 as of June 30, 2015, a discount of \$45,032 from its amortized cost, compared to the \$28,991 unrealized depreciation recorded at June 30, 2014.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, the valuation methodology for ICON Health & Fitness, Inc. ("ICON") changed to incorporate secondary trade data in addition to the yield analysis used in previous periods. As a result of this change, and in recognition of recent company performance and current market conditions, we increased the fair value of our investment in ICON to \$16,100 as of June 30, 2015, a discount of \$3 from its amortized cost, compared to the \$1,116 unrealized depreciation recorded at June 30, 2014.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, the valuation methodology for Prince Mineral Holding Corp. ("Prince") changed to incorporate secondary trade data in addition to the yield analysis used in previous periods. As a result of this change, and in recognition of recent company performance and current market conditions, we decreased the fair value of our investment in Prince to \$9,458 as of June 30, 2015, a discount of \$457 from its amortized cost, compared to the \$98 unrealized appreciation recorded at June 30, 2014.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, the valuation methodology for Targus Group International, Inc. ("Targus") changed to incorporate an EV analysis in place of the yield analysis used in previous periods. Management adopted the EV analysis due to a deterioration in operating results and resulting credit impairment. As a result of this change, and in recognition of recent company performance and current market conditions, we decreased the fair value of our investment in Targus to \$17,233 as of June 30, 2015, a discount of \$4,145 from its amortized cost, compared to the \$1,748 unrealized depreciation recorded at June 30, 2014.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, the valuation methodology for United Sporting Companies, Inc. ("USC") changed to incorporate an EV analysis in addition to the yield analysis used in previous periods. Management adopted the EV analysis due to a deterioration in operating results and resulting credit impairment. As a result of this change, and in recognition of recent company performance and current market conditions, we decreased the fair value of our investment in USC to \$145,618 as of June 30, 2015, a discount of \$12,620 from its amortized cost, compared to being valued at cost at June 30, 2014.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, we provided \$1,381 and \$107 of debt and equity financing, respectively, to American Property REIT Corp. ("APRC") for the acquisition of real estate properties and to fund capital expenditures for existing properties. During the year ended June 30, 2015, APRC transferred its investments in certain properties to National Property REIT Corp. ("NPRC"). As a result, our investments in APRC related to these properties also transferred to NPRC. The investments transferred consisted of \$12,985 of equity and \$95,576 of debt. There was no gain or loss realized on these transactions. In addition, during the year ended June 30, 2015, we received \$8 as a return of capital on the equity investment in APRC. As of June 30, 2015, our investment in APRC had an amortized cost of \$100,192 and a fair value of \$118,256.

As of June 30, 2015, APRC's real estate portfolio was comprised of twelve multi-family properties and one commercial property. The following table shows the location, acquisition date, purchase price, and mortgage outstanding due to other parties for each of the properties held by APRC as of June 30, 2015.

No.	Property Name City		Acquisition	Purchase	Mortgage
INO.	Property Name	City	Date	Price	Outstanding
1	1557 Terrell Mill Road, LLC	Marietta, GA	12/28/2012	\$23,500	\$15,164
2	Lofton Place, LLC	Tampa, FL	4/30/2013	26,000	16,965
3	Vista Palma Sola, LLC	Bradenton, FL	4/30/2013	27,000	17,550
4	Arlington Park Marietta, LLC	Marietta, GA	5/8/2013	14,850	9,650
5	Cordova Regency, LLC	Pensacola, FL	11/15/2013	13,750	9,026
6	Crestview at Oakleigh, LLC	Pensacola, FL	11/15/2013	17,500	11,488
7	Inverness Lakes, LLC	Mobile, AL	11/15/2013	29,600	19,400
8	Kings Mill Pensacola, LLC	Pensacola, FL	11/15/2013	20,750	13,622
9	Plantations at Pine Lake, LLC	Tallahassee, FL	11/15/2013	18,000	11,817
10	Verandas at Rock Ridge, LLC	Birmingham, AL	11/15/2013	15,600	10,205
11	Plantations at Hillcrest, LLC	Mobile, AL	1/17/2014	6,930	4,972
12	Crestview at Cordova, LLC	Pensacola, FL	1/17/2014	8,500	4,950
13	Taco Bell, OK	Yukon, OK	6/4/2014	1,719	_
				\$223,699	\$144,809

During the year ended June 30, 2015, we provided \$171,850 and \$52,350 of debt and equity financing, respectively, to NPRC to enable certain of its wholly-owned subsidiaries to invest in online consumer loans. In addition, during the year ended June 30, 2015, we received partial repayments of \$32,883 of the loans previously outstanding and \$5,577 as a return of capital on the equity investment in NPRC.

The online consumer loan investments held by certain of NPRC's wholly-owned subsidiaries are unsecured obligations of individual borrowers that are issued in amounts ranging from \$1 to \$35, with fixed interest rates and fixed terms of either 36 or 60 months. As of June 30, 2015, the investment in online consumer loans by certain of NPRC's wholly-owned subsidiaries had a fair value of \$366,014. The average outstanding individual loan balance is approximately \$9 and the loans mature on dates ranging from October 31, 2016 to June 29, 2020. Fixed interest rates range from 5.3% to 29.0% with a weighted-average current interest rate of 19.6%.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, we provided \$12,046 and \$2,077 of debt and equity financing, respectively, to NPRC for the acquisition of real estate properties and to fund capital expenditures for existing properties. During the year ended June 30, 2015, APRC and United Property REIT Corp. ("UPRC") transferred their investments in certain properties to NPRC. As a result, our investments in APRC and UPRC related to these properties also transferred to NPRC. The investments transferred consisted of \$14,266 of equity and \$105,020 of debt. There was no gain or loss realized on these transactions. As of June 30, 2015, our investment in NPRC had an amortized cost of \$449,660 and a fair value of \$471,889.

As of June 30, 2015, NPRC's real estate portfolio was comprised of eleven multi-family properties and thirteen commercial properties. The following table shows the location, acquisition date, purchase price, and mortgage outstanding due to other parties for each of the properties held by NPRC as of June 30, 2015.

Ma	Duomantes Mana	City	Acquisition	Purchase	Mortgage
No.	Property Name	City	Date	Price	Outstanding
1	146 Forest Parkway, LLC	Forest Park, GA	10/24/2012	\$7,400	\$ —
2	5100 Live Oaks Blvd, LLC	Tampa, FL	1/17/2013	63,400	39,600
3	NPRC Carroll Resort, LLC	Pembroke Pines, FL	6/24/2013	225,000	157,500
4	APH Carroll 41, LLC	Marietta, GA	11/1/2013	30,600	22,097
5	Matthews Reserve II, LLC	Matthews, NC	11/19/2013	22,063	17,571
6	City West Apartments II, LLC	Orlando, FL	11/19/2013	23,562	18,533
7	Vinings Corner II, LLC	Smyrna, GA	11/19/2013	35,691	26,640
8	Uptown Park Apartments II, LLC	Altamonte Springs, FL	11/19/2013	36,590	27,471
9	Mission Gate II, LLC	Plano, TX	11/19/2013	47,621	36,148
10	St. Marin Apartments II, LLC	Coppell, TX	11/19/2013	73,078	53,863
11	APH Carroll Bartram Park, LLC	Jacksonville, FL	12/31/2013	38,000	28,500
12	APH Carroll Atlantic Beach, LLC	Atlantic Beach, FL	1/31/2014	13,025	8,916
13	23 Mile Road Self Storage, LLC	Chesterfield, MI	8/19/2014	5,804	4,350
14	36th Street Self Storage, LLC	Wyoming, MI	8/19/2014	4,800	3,600
15	Ball Avenue Self Storage, LLC	Grand Rapids, MI	8/19/2014	7,281	5,460
16	Ford Road Self Storage, LLC	Westland, MI	8/29/2014	4,642	3,480
17	Ann Arbor Kalamazoo Self Storage, LLC	Ann Arbor, MI	8/29/2014	4,458	3,345
18	Ann Arbor Kalamazoo Self Storage, LLC	Scio, MI	8/29/2014	8,927	6,695
19	Ann Arbor Kalamazoo Self Storage, LLC	Kalamazoo, MI	8/29/2014	2,363	1,775
20	Jolly Road Self Storage, LLC	Okemos, MI	1/16/2015	7,492	5,620
21	Eaton Rapids Road Self Storage, LLC	Lansing West, MI	1/16/2015	1,741	1,305
22	Haggerty Road Self Storage, LLC	Novi, MI	1/16/2015	6,700	5,025
23	Waldon Road Self Storage, LLC	Lake Orion, MI	1/16/2015	6,965	5,225
24	Tyler Road Self Storage, LLC	Ypsilanti, MI	1/16/2015	3,507	2,630
				\$680,710	\$485,349

During the year ended June 30, 2015, we provided \$53,022 and \$9,100 of debt and equity financing, respectively, to UPRC for the acquisition of certain properties and to fund capital expenditures for existing properties. During the year ended June 30, 2015, UPRC transferred its investments in certain properties to NPRC. As a result, our investments in UPRC related to these properties also transferred to NPRC. The investments transferred consisted of \$1,281 of equity and \$9,444 of debt. There was no gain or loss realized on the transaction. As of June 30, 2015, our investment in UPRC had an amortized cost of \$75,628 and a fair value of \$84,685.

As of June 30, 2015, UPRC's real estate portfolio was comprised of fifteen multi-families properties and one commercial property. The following table shows the location, acquisition date, purchase price, and mortgage outstanding due to other parties for each of the properties held by UPRC as of June 30, 2015.

No	Dranarty Nama	City	Acquisition	Purchase	Mortgage
No.	Property Name	City	Date	Price	Outstanding
1	Atlanta Eastwood Village LLC	Stockbridge, GA	12/12/2013	\$25,957	\$19,785
2	Atlanta Monterey Village LLC	Jonesboro, GA	12/12/2013	11,501	9,193
3	Atlanta Hidden Creek LLC	Morrow, GA	12/12/2013	5,098	3,619
4	Atlanta Meadow Springs LLC	College Park, GA	12/12/2013	13,116	10,180
5	Atlanta Meadow View LLC	College Park, GA	12/12/2013	14,354	11,141
6	Atlanta Peachtree Landing LLC	Fairburn, GA	12/12/2013	17,224	13,575
7	Taco Bell, MO	Marshall, MO	6/4/2014	1,405	_
8	Canterbury Green Apartments Holdings LLC	Fort Wayne, IN	9/29/2014	85,500	65,825
9	Abbie Lakes OH Partners, LLC	Canal Winchester, OH	9/30/2014	12,600	10,440
10	Kengary Way OH Partners, LLC	Reynoldsburg, OH	9/30/2014	11,500	11,000
11	Lakeview Trail OH Partners, LLC	Canal Winchester, OH	9/30/2014	26,500	20,142
12	Lakepoint OH Partners, LLC	Pickerington, OH	9/30/2014	11,000	10,080
13	Sunbury OH Partners, LLC	Columbus, OH	9/30/2014	13,000	10,480
14	Heatherbridge OH Partners, LLC	Blacklick, OH	9/30/2014	18,416	15,480
15	Jefferson Chase OH Partners, LLC	Blacklick, OH	9/30/2014	13,551	12,240
16	Goldenstrand OH Partners, LLC	Hilliard, OH	10/29/2014	7,810	8,040
				\$288,532	\$231,220

On January 4, 2012, Energy Solutions Holdings Inc. ("Energy Solutions") sold its gas gathering and processing assets held in Gas Solutions II Ltd. ("Gas Solutions") for a potential sale price of \$199,805, adjusted for the final working capital settlement, including a potential earn-out of \$28,000 that may be paid based on the future performance of Gas Solutions. After expenses, including structuring fees of \$9,966 paid to us, and \$3,152 of third-party expenses, Gas Solutions LP LLC and Gas Solutions GP LLC, subsidiaries of Gas Solutions, received \$157,100 and \$1,587 in cash, respectively, and subsequently distributed these amounts, \$158,687 in total, to Energy Solutions. On June 4, 2014, Gas Solutions GP LLC and Gas Solutions LP LLC merged with and into Freedom Marine Solutions, LLC (f/k/a Freedom Marine Services Holdings, LLC) ("Freedom Marine"), another subsidiary of Energy Solutions, with Freedom Marine as the surviving entity. On December 29, 2014, Freedom Marine reached a settlement for and received \$5,174, net of third-party obligations, related to the contingent earn-out from the sale of Gas Solutions in January 2012 which was retained by Freedom Marine. This is a final settlement and no further payments are expected from the sale. On August 6, 2013, we received a distribution of \$4,065 related to our investment in NRG Manufacturing, Inc. ("NRG") for which we realized a gain of \$3,252. This was a partial release of the amount held in escrow. On February 17, 2015, we received a distribution of \$7,140 related to our investment in NRG for which we realized a gain of \$4,647. This was a full release of the amount held in escrow. The \$7,140 distribution received from NRG included \$1,739 as reimbursement for legal, tax and portfolio level accounting services provided directly to NRG for which Prospect received payment on behalf of Prospect Administration (no direct income was recognized by Prospect, but Prospect was given credit for these payments as a reduction of the administrative services costs payable by Prospect to Prospect Administration).

On October 31, 2013, we sold \$18,755 of the National Bankruptcy Services, LLC loan receivable. The loan receivable was sold at a discount and we realized a loss of \$7,853.

During the year ended June 30, 2014, Energy Solutions repaid \$8,500 of our subordinated secured debt to us. In addition to the repayment of principal, we received \$4,812 of make-whole fees for early repayment of the outstanding loan receivables, which was recorded as additional interest income during the year ended June 30, 2014.

On November 25, 2013, we provided \$13,000 in senior secured debt financing for the recapitalization of our investment in Freedom Marine. The subordinated secured loan to Jettco Marine Services, LLC, a subsidiary of Freedom Marine, was replaced with a senior secured note to Vessel Company II, LLC (f/k/a Vessel Holdings II, LLC) ("Vessel II"), a new subsidiary of Freedom Marine. On December 3, 2013, we made a \$16,000 senior secured investment in Vessel Company III, LLC (f/k/a Vessel Holdings III, LLC), another new subsidiary of Freedom Marine. Overall the restructuring of our investment in Freedom Marine provided approximately \$16,000 net senior secured debt financing to support the acquisition of two new vessels. We received \$2,480 of structuring fees from Energy Solutions related to the Freedom Marine restructuring which was recognized as other income during the year ended June 30, 2014.

During the year ended June 30, 2014, we received an \$8,000 fee from First Tower Holdings of Delaware LLC ("First Tower Delaware") related to the renegotiation and expansion of First Tower's revolver in December 2013 which was recorded as other income and we provided an additional \$8,500 and \$1,500 of senior secured first-lien and common equity financing, respectively, to First Tower Delaware.

During the year ended June 30, 2014, we provided an additional \$7,600 of subordinated secured financing to AMU Holdings Inc. ("AMU"). During the year ended June 30, 2014, we received distributions of \$12,000 from AMU which were recorded as dividend income.

On March 31, 2014, we invested \$246,250 in cash and 2,306,294 unregistered shares of our common stock to support the recapitalization of Harbortouch Payments, LLC (f/k/a United Bank Card, Inc. (d/b/a Harbortouch)), a provider of transaction processing services and point-of-sale equipment used by merchants across the United States. We invested \$24,898 of equity and \$123,000 of debt in Harbortouch Holdings of Delaware Inc., the newly-formed holding company, and \$130,796 of debt in Harbortouch Payments, LLC, the operating company (collectively, "Harbortouch"). Through the recapitalization, we acquired a controlling interest in Harbortouch Holdings of Delaware Inc. After the recapitalization, we received repayment of the \$23,894 loan previously outstanding. We received structuring fees of \$7,536 related to our investment in Harbortouch which were recognized as other income during the year ended June 30, 2014.

On March 31, 2014, we provided \$78,521 of debt and \$14,107 of equity financing to Echelon Aviation LLC ("Echelon"), a newly established portfolio company which provides liquidity alternatives on aviation assets. In connection with our investment, we received a structuring fee of \$2,771 from Echelon which was recognized as other income during the year ended June 30, 2014.

On August 1, 2014, we sold our investments in Airmall Inc. ("Airmall") for net proceeds of \$51,379 and realized a loss of \$3,473 on the sale. In addition, there is \$6,000 being held in escrow, of which 98% is due to Prospect, which will be recognized as an additional realized loss if it is not received. Included in the net proceeds were \$3,000 of structuring fees from Airmall related to the sale of the operating company which was recognized as other income during the year ended June 30, 2015. On October 22, 2014, we received a tax refund of \$665 related to our investment in Airmall for which we realized a gain of the same amount.

On August 20, 2014, we sold the assets of Borga, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of STI Holding, Inc. ("STI"), for net proceeds of \$382 and realized a loss of \$2,589 on the sale. On December 29, 2014, Borga was dissolved.

On August 25, 2014, we sold Boxercraft Incorporated, a wholly-owned subsidiary of BXC Company, Inc. ("BXC"), for net proceeds of \$750 and realized a net loss of \$16,949 on the sale.

On September 30, 2014, we made a \$26,431 follow-on investment in Harbortouch to support an acquisition. As part of the transaction, we received \$529 of structuring fee income and \$50 of amendment fee income from Harbortouch which was recognized as other income.

During the three months ended September 30, 2014, we determined that the impairment of Appalachian Energy LLC was other-than-temporary and recorded a realized loss of \$2,050, reducing the amortized cost to zero.

On October 3, 2014, we sold our \$35,000 investment in Babson CLO Ltd. 2011-I and realized a loss of \$6,410 on the sale.

On October 10, 2014, ARRM Services, Inc. ("ARRM") sold Ajax Rolled Ring & Machine, LLC ("Ajax") to a third party and repaid the \$19,337 loan receivable to us and we recorded a realized loss of \$23,560 related to the sale. Concurrent with the sale, our ownership increased to 100% of the outstanding equity in SB Forging (see Note 1). As such, we began consolidating SB Forging on October 11, 2014. In addition, there is \$3,000 being held in escrow of which \$802

was received on May 6, 2015 for which we realized a gain of the same amount. The remainder will be recognized as additional gain if and when received. We received \$2,000 of structuring fees from Ajax related to the sale of the operating company which was recognized as other income during the year ended June 30, 2015. On October 20, 2014, we sold our \$22,000 investment in Galaxy XII CLO, Ltd. and realized a loss of \$2,435 on the sale.

On November 21, 2014, Coalbed, LLC ("Coalbed") merged with and into Wolf Energy, LLC ("Wolf Energy"), with Wolf Energy as the surviving entity. During the three months ended December 31, 2014, we determined that the impairment of the Coalbed debt assumed by Wolf Energy was other-than-temporary and recorded a realized loss of \$5,991, reducing the amortized cost to zero.

On December 4, 2014, we sold our \$29,075 investment in Babson CLO Ltd. 2012-I and realized a loss of \$3,767 on the sale.

On December 4, 2014, we sold our \$27,850 investment in Babson CLO Ltd. 2012-II and realized a loss of \$2,949 on the sale.

During the three months ended December 31, 2014, Manx Energy, Inc. ("Manx") was dissolved and we recorded a realized loss of \$50, reducing the amortized cost to zero.

During the three months ended December 31, 2014, we determined that the impairments of Change Clean Energy Company, LLC and Yatesville Coal Company, LLC ("Yatesville") were other-than-temporary and recorded a realized loss of \$1,449, reducing the amortized cost to zero.

During the three months ended December 31, 2014, we determined that the impairment of New Century Transportation, Inc. ("NCT") was other-than-temporary and recorded a realized loss of \$42,064, reducing the amortized cost to \$980.

During the three months ended December 31, 2014, we determined that the impairment of Stryker Energy, LLC ("Stryker") was other-than-temporary and recorded a realized loss of \$32,711, reducing the amortized cost to zero. During the three months ended December 31, 2014, we determined that the impairment of Wind River Resources Corporation ("Wind River") was other-than-temporary and recorded a realized loss of \$11,650, reducing the amortized cost to \$3,000.

On June 5, 2015, we sold our equity investment in Vets Securing America, Inc. ("VSA") and realized a net loss of \$975 on the sale. In connection with the sale, VSA was released as a borrower on the secured promissory notes, leaving The Healing Staff, Inc. ("THS") as the sole borrower. During the year ended June 30, 2015, THS ceased operations and we recorded a realized loss of \$2,956, reducing the amortized cost to zero.

On June 9, 2015, we provided additional debt and equity financing to support the recapitalization of Edmentum. As part of the recapitalization, we exchanged 100% of the \$50,000 second lien term loan previously outstanding for \$26,365 of junior PIK notes and 370,964.14 Class A common units representing 37.1% equity ownership in Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC. In addition, we invested \$5,875 in senior PIK notes and committed \$7,834 as part of a second lien revolving credit facility, of which \$4,896 was funded at closing. On June 9, 2015, we determined that the impairment of Edmentum was other-than-temporary and recorded a realized loss of \$22,116 for the amount that the amortized cost exceeded the fair value, reducing the amortized cost to \$37,216.

During the year ended June 30, 2014, we recognized \$400 of interest income due to purchase discount accretion for the assets acquired from Patriot. As of December 31, 2013, the purchase discount for the assets acquired from Patriot had been fully accreted. As such, no such income was recognized during the year ended June 30, 2015.

As of June 30, 2015, \$4,413,161 of our loans, at fair value, bear interest at floating rates and \$4,380,763 of those loans have LIBOR floors ranging from 0.5% to 5.5%. As of June 30, 2014, \$4,212,376 of our loans, at fair value, bore interest at floating rates and \$4,179,177 of those loans had LIBOR floors ranging from 1.25% to 6.00%.

At June 30, 2015, four loan investments were on non-accrual status: Gulf Coast, NCT, Wind River, and Wolf Energy. At June 30, 2014, nine loan investments were on non-accrual status: BXC, THS, Manx, NCT, STI, Stryker, Wind River, Wolf Energy Holdings Inc., and Yatesville. Principal balances of these loans amounted to \$62,143 and \$163,408 as of June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively. The fair value of these loans amounted to \$6,918 and \$5,937 as of June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively. The fair values of these investments represent approximately 0.1% and 0.1% of our total assets as of June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively. For the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013, the income foregone as a result of not accruing interest on non-accrual debt investments amounted to \$22,927, \$24,040 and \$25,965, respectively.

Undrawn committed revolvers and delayed draw term loans to our portfolio companies incur commitment and unused fees ranging from 0.00% to 2.00%. As of June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, we had \$88,288 and \$72,118, respectively, of undrawn revolver and delayed draw term loan commitments to our portfolio companies.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, we sold \$132,909 of the outstanding principal balance of the senior secured Term Loan A investments in certain portfolio companies. There was no gain or loss realized on the sale. We serve as an agent for these loans and collect a servicing fee from the counterparties on behalf of the Investment Adviser. We receive a credit for these payments as a reduction of base management fee payable by us to the Investment Adviser. See Note 13 for further discussion.

Unconsolidated Significant Subsidiaries

Our investments are generally in small and mid-sized companies in a variety of industries. In accordance with Rules 3-09 and 4-08(g) of Regulation S-X, we must determine which of our unconsolidated controlled portfolio companies are considered "significant subsidiaries", if any. In evaluating these investments, there are three tests utilized to determine if any of our controlled investments are considered significant subsidiaries: the investment test, the asset test and the income test. Rule 3-09 of Regulation S-X, as interpreted by the SEC, requires separate audited financial statements of an unconsolidated majority-owned subsidiary in an annual report if any of the three tests exceed 20%. Rule 4-08(g) of Regulation S-X requires summarized financial information in an annual report if any of the three tests exceeds 10% and summarized financial information in a quarterly report if any of the three tests exceeds 20%. As of June 30, 2015, we had no single investment that represented greater than 10% of our total investment portfolio at fair value. As of June 30, 2015, we had one investment whose assets represented greater than 10% but less than 20% of our total assets. Income, consisting of interest, dividends, fees, other investment income and realization of gains or losses, can fluctuate upon repayment or sale of an investment or the marking to fair value of an investment in any given year can be highly concentrated among several investments. After performing the income analysis for the year ended June 30, 2015, we determined that one of our controlled investments individually generated more than 10% but less than 20% of our income, primarily due to the unrealized appreciation that was recognized on the investment during the year ended June 30, 2015. As such, the following unconsolidated majority-owned portfolio company was considered a significant subsidiary at a 10% level as of June 30, 2015: National Property REIT Corp. The following tables show summarized financial information for National Property REIT Corp. and its subsidiaries, which met the 10% asset test and the 10% income test:

	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
Balance Sheet Data		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$43,722	\$17,204
Real estate, net	639,012	312,896
Unsecured consumer loans, net	366,014	45,597
Other assets	51,383	8,185
Mortgages payable	484,771	240,176
Revolving credit facilities	208,296	27,600
Notes payable, due to Prospect or Affiliate	365,214	105,309
Other liabilities	21,736	5,173
Total equity	20,114	5,624
	Year Ended June 30, 2015	From Inception (December 30, 2013) to June 30, 2014
Summary of Operations		
Total revenue	\$120,576	\$20,669
Operating expenses	115,206	20,507
Operating income	5,370	162
Depreciation and amortization	23,960	11,978
Fair value adjustment		
i an varue adjustinent	7,005	578
Net loss	7,005 \$ (25,595	578) \$(12,394)

As of June 30, 2015, we had no single investment that represented greater than 20% of our total investment portfolio at fair value. As of June 30, 2015, we had no single investment whose assets represented greater than 20% of our total assets. Income, consisting of interest, dividends, fees, other investment income and realization of gains or losses, can fluctuate upon repayment or sale of an investment or the marking to fair value of an investment in any given year can be highly concentrated among several investments. After performing the income analysis for the year ended June 30, 2015, we determined that two of our controlled investments individually generated more than 20% of our income, primarily due to the unrealized appreciation that was recognized on the investments during the year ended June 30, 2015. As such, the following unconsolidated majority-owned portfolio companies were considered significant subsidiaries at a 20% level as of June 30, 2015: First Tower Finance Company LLC and Harbortouch Payments, LLC. We will include the audited financial statements of First Tower Finance Company LLC and its subsidiaries as Exhibit 99.1 via an amendment to this report and the audited financial statements of Harbortouch Payments, LLC as Exhibit 99.2 via an amendment to this report.

The following tables show summarized financial information for First Tower Finance Company LLC and its subsidiaries:

	June 30, 20	June 30,	2014
Balance Sheet Data			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$65,614	\$60,368	
Finance receivables, net	400,451	385,875	
Intangibles, including goodwill	121,822	137,696	
Other assets	17,373	14,056	
Notes payable	334,637	313,563	
Notes payable, due to Prospect or Affiliate	251,578	251,246	
Other liabilities	47,493	46,276	
Total equity	(28,448) (13,090)
	Year Ended June	e 30,	
	2015	2014	2013
Summary of Operations			
Total revenue	\$207,128	\$201,724	\$186,037
Total expenses	219,143	162,941	144,368
Net (loss) income	\$(12,015) \$38,783	\$41,669

The following tables show summarized financial information for Harbortouch Payments, LLC:

June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
\$168	\$ 2,083
28,721	24,530
351,396	400,453
28,686	15,106
25,132	24,329
296,734	268,022
37,235	42,734
49,870	107,087
Year Ended June 30, 2015	From Inception (March 31, 2014) to June 30, 2014
\$280,606	\$68,759
329,469	82,673
\$ (48,863) \$(13,914)
	\$168 28,721 351,396 28,686 25,132 296,734 37,235 49,870 Year Ended June 30, 2015 \$280,606 329,469

As the SEC has not released details on the mechanics of how the calculations related to Rules 3-09 and 4-08(g) of Regulation S-X are to be completed, there is diversity in practice for the calculation. Based on our interpretation of Rules 3-09 and 4-08(g) of Regulation S-X and related calculations, we do not believe that separate audited financial statements are required for any entities in our current annual financial statements. We expect that the SEC will clarify the calculation method in the near future.

Note 4. Revolving Credit Facility

On March 27, 2012, we closed on an extended and expanded credit facility with a syndicate of lenders through PCF (the "2012 Facility"). The lenders had extended commitments of \$857,500 under the 2012 Facility as of June 30, 2014, which was increased to \$877,500 in July 2014. The 2012 Facility included an accordion feature which allowed commitments to be increased up to \$1,000,000 in the aggregate. Interest on borrowings under the 2012 Facility was one-month LIBOR plus 275 basis points with no minimum LIBOR floor. Additionally, the lenders charged a fee on the unused portion of the 2012 Facility equal to either 50 basis points if at least half of the credit facility is drawn or 100 basis points otherwise.

On August 29, 2014, we renegotiated the 2012 Facility and closed an expanded five and a half year revolving credit facility (the "2014 Facility" and collectively with the 2012 Facility, the "Revolving Credit Facility"). The lenders have extended commitments of \$885,000 under the 2014 Facility as of June 30, 2015. The 2014 Facility includes an accordion feature which allows commitments to be increased up to \$1,500,000 in the aggregate. The revolving period of the 2014 Facility extends through March 2019, with an additional one year amortization period (with distributions allowed) after the completion of the revolving period. During such one year amortization period, all principal payments on the pledged assets will be applied to reduce the balance. At the end of the one year amortization period, the remaining balance will become due, if required by the lenders.

The 2014 Facility contains restrictions pertaining to the geographic and industry concentrations of funded loans, maximum size of funded loans, interest rate payment frequency of funded loans, maturity dates of funded loans and minimum equity requirements. The 2014 Facility also contains certain requirements relating to portfolio performance, including required minimum portfolio yield and limitations on delinquencies and charge-offs, violation of which could result in the early termination of the 2014 Facility. The 2014 Facility also requires the maintenance of a minimum liquidity requirement. As of June 30, 2015, we were in compliance with the applicable covenants.

Interest on borrowings under the 2014 Facility is one-month LIBOR plus 225 basis points with no minimum LIBOR floor. Additionally, the lenders charge a fee on the unused portion of the 2014 Facility equal to either 50 basis points if at least 35% of the credit facility is drawn or 100 basis points otherwise. The 2014 Facility requires us to pledge assets as collateral in order to borrow under the credit facility.

As of June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, we had \$721,800 and \$780,620, respectively, available to us for borrowing under the Revolving Credit Facility, of which the amount outstanding was \$368,700 and \$92,000, respectively. As additional eligible investments are transferred to PCF and pledged under the Revolving Credit Facility, PCF will generate additional availability up to the current commitment amount of \$885,000. As of June 30, 2015, the investments, including money market funds, used as collateral for the Revolving Credit Facility had an aggregate fair value of \$1,539,763, which represents 22.9% of our total investments and money market funds. These assets are held and owned by PCF, a bankruptcy remote special purpose entity, and as such, these investments are not available to our general creditors. The release of any assets from PCF requires the approval of the facility agent.

In connection with the origination and amendments of the Revolving Credit Facility, we incurred \$8,866 of new fees and \$3,539 of fees carried over for continuing participants from the previous facility, which are being amortized over the term of the facility in accordance with ASC 470-50, of which \$10,280 remains to be amortized and is included within deferred financing costs on the Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities as of June 30, 2015. In accordance with ASC 470-50, we expensed \$332 of fees relating to credit providers in the 2012 Facility who did not commit to the 2014 Facility.

During the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013, we recorded \$14,424, \$12,216 and \$9,082, respectively, of interest costs, unused fees and amortization of financing costs on the Revolving Credit Facility as interest expense. Note 5. Convertible Notes

On December 21, 2010, we issued \$150,000 aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that mature on December 15, 2015 (the "2015 Notes"), unless previously converted or repurchased in accordance with their terms. The 2015 Notes bear interest at a rate of 6.25% per year, payable semi-annually on June 15 and December 15 of each year, beginning June 15, 2011. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2015 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$145,200.

On February 18, 2011, we issued \$172,500 aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that mature on August 15, 2016 (the "2016 Notes"), unless previously converted or repurchased in accordance with their terms. The 2016 Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.50% per year, payable semi-annually on February 15 and August 15 of each year, beginning August 15, 2011. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2016 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$167,325. Between January 30, 2012 and February 2, 2012, we repurchased \$5,000 aggregate principal amount of the 2016 Notes at a price of 97.5, including commissions. The transactions resulted in our recognizing \$10 of loss in the year ended June 30, 2012.

On April 16, 2012, we issued \$130,000 aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that mature on October 15, 2017 (the "2017 Notes"), unless previously converted or repurchased in accordance with their terms. The 2017 Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.375% per year, payable semi-annually on April 15 and October 15 of each year, beginning October 15, 2012. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2017 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$126,035.

On August 14, 2012, we issued \$200,000 aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that mature on March 15, 2018 (the "2018 Notes"), unless previously converted or repurchased in accordance with their terms. The 2018 Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.75% per year, payable semi-annually on March 15 and September 15 of each year, beginning March 15, 2013. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2018 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$193,600.

On December 21, 2012, we issued \$200,000 aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that mature on January 15, 2019 (the "2019 Notes"), unless previously converted or repurchased in accordance with their terms. The 2019 Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.875% per year, payable semi-annually on January 15 and July 15 of each year, beginning July 15, 2013. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2019 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$193,600.

On April 11, 2014, we issued \$400,000 aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that mature on April 15, 2020 (the "2020 Notes"), unless previously converted or repurchased in accordance with their terms. The 2020 Notes bear interest at a rate of 4.75% per year, payable semi-annually on April 15 and October 15 each year, beginning October 15, 2014. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2020 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$387,500. On January 30, 2015, we repurchased \$8,000 aggregate principal amount of the 2020 Notes at a price of

93.0, including commissions. As a result of this transaction, we recorded a gain in the amount of the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the notes, net of the proportionate amount of unamortized debt issuance costs. The net gain on the extinguishment of the 2020 Notes in the year ended June 30, 2015 was \$332.

Certain key terms related to the convertible features for the 2015 Notes, the 2016 Notes, the 2017 Notes, the 2018 Notes, the 2019 Notes and the 2020 Notes (collectively, the "Convertible Notes") are listed below.

	2015 Notes	2016 2017		2018	2019 Notes	2020
	2013 Notes	Notes	Notes	Notes	2019 Notes	Notes
Initial conversion rate(1)	88.0902	78.3699	85.8442	82.3451	79.7766	80.6647
Initial conversion price	\$ 11.35	\$12.76	\$11.65	\$12.14	\$ 12.54	\$12.40
Conversion rate at June 30, 2015(1)(2)	89.9752	80.2196	87.7516	83.6661	79.8248	80.6670
Conversion price at June 30, 2015(2)(3)	\$ 11.11	\$12.47	\$11.40	\$11.95	\$ 12.53	\$12.40
Last conversion price calculation date	12/21/2014	2/18/2015	4/16/2015	8/14/2014	12/21/2014	4/11/2015
Dividend threshold amount (per share)(4)	\$ 0.101125	\$0.101150	\$0.101500	\$0.101600	\$ 0.110025	\$0.110525

- Conversion rates denominated in shares of common stock per \$1 principal amount of the Convertible Notes converted.
- (2) Represents conversion rate and conversion price, as applicable, taking into account certain de minimis adjustments that will be made on the conversion date.
- The conversion price in effect at June 30, 2015 was calculated on the last anniversary of the issuance and will be (3) adjusted again on the next anniversary, unless the exercise price shall have changed by more than 1% before the anniversary.
- (4) The conversion rate is increased if monthly cash dividends paid to common shares exceed the monthly dividend threshold amount, subject to adjustment.

In no event will the total number of shares of common stock issuable upon conversion exceed 96.8992 per \$1 principal amount of the 2015 Notes (the "conversion rate cap"), except that, to the extent we receive written guidance or a no-action letter from the staff of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Guidance") permitting us to adjust the conversion rate in certain instances without regard to the conversion rate cap and to make the 2015 Notes convertible into certain reference property in accordance with certain reclassifications, business combinations, asset sales and corporate events by us without regard to the conversion rate cap, we will make such adjustments without regard to the conversion rate cap and will also, to the extent that we make any such adjustment without regard to the conversion rate cap pursuant to the Guidance, adjust the conversion rate cap accordingly. We will use our commercially reasonable efforts to obtain such Guidance as promptly as practicable.

Prior to obtaining the Guidance, we will not engage in certain transactions that would result in an adjustment to the conversion rate increasing the conversion rate beyond what it would have been in the absence of such transaction unless we have engaged in a reverse stock split or share combination transaction such that in our reasonable best estimation, the conversion rate following the adjustment for such transaction will not be any closer to the conversion rate cap than it would have been in the absence of such transaction.

Upon conversion, unless a holder converts after a record date for an interest payment but prior to the corresponding interest payment date, the holder will receive a separate cash payment with respect to the notes surrendered for conversion representing accrued and unpaid interest to, but not including, the conversion date. Any such payment will be made on the settlement date applicable to the relevant conversion on the Convertible Notes.

No holder of Convertible Notes will be entitled to receive shares of our common stock upon conversion to the extent (but only to the extent) that such receipt would cause such converting holder to become, directly or indirectly, a beneficial owner (within the meaning of Section 13(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder) of more than 5.0% of the shares of our common stock outstanding at such time. The 5.0% limitation shall no longer apply following the effective date of any fundamental change. We will not issue any shares in connection with the conversion or redemption of the Convertible Notes which would equal or exceed 20% of the shares outstanding at the time of the transaction in accordance with NASDAQ rules.

Subject to certain exceptions, holders may require us to repurchase, for cash, all or part of their Convertible Notes upon a fundamental change at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Convertible Notes being repurchased plus any accrued and unpaid interest up to, but excluding, the fundamental change repurchase date. In addition, upon a fundamental change that constitutes a non-stock change of control we will also pay holders an

amount in cash equal to the present value of all remaining interest payments (without duplication of the foregoing amounts) on such Convertible Notes through and including the maturity date.

In connection with the issuance of the Convertible Notes, we incurred \$39,678 of fees which are being amortized over the terms of the notes, of which \$21,274 remains to be amortized and is included within deferred financing costs on the Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities as of June 30, 2015.

During the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013, we recorded \$74,365, \$58,042 and \$45,880, respectively, of interest costs and amortization of financing costs on the Convertible Notes as interest expense.

Note 6. Public Notes

On May 1, 2012, we issued \$100,000 aggregate principal amount of unsecured notes that were scheduled to mature on November 15, 2022 (the "2022 Notes"). The 2022 Notes bore interest at a rate of 6.95% per year, payable quarterly on February 15, May 15, August 15 and November 15 of each year, beginning August 15, 2012. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2022 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$97,000. On May 15, 2015, we redeemed \$100,000 aggregate principal amount of the 2022 Notes at par. As a result of this transaction, we recorded a loss in the amount of the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the notes, net of the proportionate amount of unamortized debt issuance costs. The net loss on the extinguishment of the 2022 Notes in the year ended June 30, 2015 was \$2,600.

On March 15, 2013, we issued \$250,000 aggregate principal amount of unsecured notes that mature on March 15, 2023 (the "2023 Notes"). The 2023 Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.875% per year, payable semi-annually on March 15 and September 15 of each year, beginning September 15, 2013. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2023 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$245,885.

On April 7, 2014, we issued \$300,000 aggregate principal amount of unsecured notes that mature on July 15, 2019 (the "5.00% 2019 Notes"). Included in the issuance is \$45,000 of Prospect Capital InterNotes® that were exchanged for the 5.00% 2019 Notes. The 5.00% 2019 Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.00% per year, payable semi-annually on January 15 and July 15 of each year, beginning July 15, 2014. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 5.00% 2019 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$250,775.

The 2022 Notes, the 2023 Notes and the 5.00% 2019 Notes (collectively, the "Public Notes") are direct unsecured obligations and rank equally with all of our unsecured indebtedness from time to time outstanding.

In connection with the issuance of the 2023 Notes and the 5.00% 2019 Notes, we incurred \$8,036 of fees which are being amortized over the term of the notes, of which \$6,604 remains to be amortized and is included within deferred financing costs on the Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities as of June 30, 2015.

During the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013, we recorded \$37,063, \$25,988 and \$11,672, respectively, of interest costs and amortization of financing costs on the Public Notes as interest expense.

Note 7. Prospect Capital InterNotes®

On February 16, 2012, we entered into a selling agent agreement (the "Selling Agent Agreement") with Incapital LLC, as purchasing agent for our issuance and sale from time to time of up to \$500,000 of Prospect Capital InterNotes® (the "InterNotes® Offering"), which was increased to \$1,500,000 in May 2014. Additional agents may be appointed by us from time to time in connection with the InterNotes® Offering and become parties to the Selling Agent Agreement.

These notes are direct unsecured obligations and rank equally with all of our unsecured indebtedness from time to time outstanding. Each series of notes will be issued by a separate trust. These notes bear interest at fixed interest rates and offer a variety of maturities no less than twelve months from the original date of issuance.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, we issued \$125,696 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® for net proceeds of \$123,641. These notes were issued with stated interest rates ranging from 3.375% to 5.10% with a weighted average interest rate of 4.65%. These notes mature between May 15, 2020 and June 15, 2022. The following table summarizes the Prospect Capital InterNotes® issued during the year ended June 30, 2015.

Tenor at Origination (in years)	Principal Amount	Interest Rate Range	Weighted Average Interest Rate	Maturity Date Range
5.25	\$7,126	4.625%	4.625	% August 15, 2020 – September 15, 2020
5.5	106,364	4.25%-4.75%	4.63	% May 15, 2020 – November 15, 2020
6	2,197	3.375%	3.375	% April 15, 2021 – May 15, 2021
6.5	3,912	5.10%	5.10	% December 15, 2021
7	6,097	5.10%	5.10	% May 15, 2022 – June 15, 2022
	\$125,696			

During the year ended June 30, 2014, we issued \$473,762 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® for net proceeds of \$465,314. These notes were issued with stated interest rates ranging from 3.75% to 6.75% with a weighted average interest rate of 5.12%. These notes mature between October 15, 2016 and October 15, 2043. The following table summarizes the Prospect Capital InterNotes® issued during the year ended June 30, 2014.

Tenor at	Principal	Interest Rate	Weighted	
Origination	Amount	Range	Average	Maturity Date Range
(in years)	7 miount	runge	Interest Rate	
3	\$5,710	4.00%	4.00	% October 15, 2016
3.5	3,149	4.00%	4.00	% April 15, 2017
4	45,751	3.75%-4.00%	3.92	% November 15, 2017 – May 15, 2018
5	207,915	4.25% - 5.00%	4.92	% July 15, 2018 – May 15, 2019
5.5	53,820	4.75%-5.00%	4.86	% February 15, 2019 – August 15, 2019
6.5	1,800	5.50%	5.50	% February 15, 2020
7	62,409	5.25%-5.75%	5.44	% July 15, 2020 – May 15, 2021
7.5	1,996	5.75%	5.75	% February 15, 2021
10	23,850	5.75%-6.50%	5.91	% January 15, 2024 – May 15, 2024
12	2,978	6.00%	6.00	% November 15, 2025 – December 15, 2025
15	2,495	6.00%	6.00	% August 15, 2028 – November 15, 2028
18	4,062	6.00% - 6.25%	6.21	% July 15, 2031 – August 15, 2031
20	2,791	6.00%	6.00	% September 15, 2033 – October 15, 2033
25	34,886	6.25% - 6.50%	6.39	% August 15, 2038 – May 15, 2039
30	20,150	6.50% - 6.75%	6.60	% July 15, 2043 – October 15, 2043
	\$473,762			

During the year ended June 30, 2015, we redeemed \$76,931 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® at par with a weighted average interest rate of 6.06% in order to replace debt with higher interest rates with debt with lower rates. During the year ended June 30, 2015, we repaid \$6,993 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® at par in accordance with the Survivor's Option, as defined in the InterNotes® Offering prospectus. As a result of these transactions, we recorded a loss in the amount of the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the notes, net of the proportionate amount of unamortized debt issuance costs. The net loss on the extinguishment of Prospect Capital InterNotes® in the year ended June 30, 2015 was \$1,682. The following table summarizes the Prospect Capital InterNotes® outstanding as of June 30, 2015.

Tenor at Origination (in years)	Principal Amount	Interest Rate Range	Weighted Average Interest Rate		Maturity Date Range
3	\$5,710	4.00%	4.00	%	October 15, 2016
3.5	3,109	4.00%	4.00	%	April 15, 2017
4	45,690	3.75%-4.00%	3.92	%	November 15, 2017 – May 15, 2018
5	207,719	4.25%-5.00%	4.92	%	July 15, 2018 – May 15, 2019
5.25	7,126	4.625%	4.63	%	August 15, 2020 – September 15, 2020
5.5	115,184	4.25%-5.00%	4.65	%	February 15, 2019 – November 15, 2020
6.0	2,197	3.375%	3.38	%	April 15, 2021 – May 15, 2021
6.5	5,712	5.10%-5.50%	5.23	%	February 15, 2020 – December 15, 2021
7	191,549	4.00% - 5.85%	5.13	%	September 15, 2019 – June 15, 2022
7.5	1,996	5.75%	5.75	%	February 15, 2021
10	36,925	3.29%-7.00%	6.11	%	March 15, 2022 – May 15, 2024
12	2,978	6.00%	6.00	%	November 15, 2025 – December 15, 2025
15	17,385	5.00%-6.00%	5.14	%	May 15, 2028 – November 15, 2028
18	22,729	4.125%-6.25%	5.52	%	December 15, 2030 – August 15, 2031
20	4,530	5.75%-6.00%	5.89	%	November 15, 2032 – October 15, 2033
25	36,320	6.25%-6.50%	6.39	%	August 15, 2038 – May 15, 2039

30	120,583 \$827,442	5.50%-6.75%	6.23	% November 15, 2042 – October 15, 2043
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During the year ended June 30, 2014, we repaid \$6,869 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® in accordance with the Survivor's Option, as defined in the InterNotes® Offering prospectus. In connection with the issuance of the 5.00% 2019 Notes, \$45,000 of previously-issued Prospect Capital InterNotes® were exchanged for the 5.00% 2019 Notes. The following table summarizes the Prospect Capital InterNotes® outstanding as of June 30, 2014.

Tenor at Origination (in years)	Principal Amount	Interest Rate Range	Weighted Average Interest Rate	Maturity Date Range
3	\$5,710	4.00%	4.00	% October 15, 2016
3.5	3,149	4.00%	4.00	% April 15, 2017
4	45,751	3.75%-4.00%	3.92	% November 15, 2017 – May 15, 2018
5	207,915	4.25%-5.00%	4.92	% July 15, 2018 – August 15, 2019
5.5	8,820	5.00%	4.86	% February 15, 2019
6.5	1,800	5.50%	5.50	% February 15, 2020
7	256,903	4.00% - 6.55%	5.39	% June 15, 2019 – May 15, 2021
7.5	1,996	5.75%	5.75	% February 15, 2021
10	41,952	3.23%-7.00%	6.18	% March 15, 2022 – May 15, 2024
12	2,978	6.00%	6.00	% November 15, 2025 – December 15, 2025
15	17,465	5.00%-6.00%	5.14	% May 15, 2028 – November 15, 2028
18	25,435	4.125%-6.25%	5.49	% December 15, 2030 – August 15, 2031
20	5,847	5.625%-6.00%	5.85	% November 15, 2032 – October 15, 2033
25	34,886	6.25% - 6.50%	6.39	% August 15, 2038 – May 15, 2039
30	125,063	5.50%-6.75%	6.22	% November 15, 2042 – October 15, 2043
	\$785,670			

In connection with the issuance of Prospect Capital InterNotes®, we incurred \$20,168 of fees which are being amortized over the term of the notes, of which \$16,262 remains to be amortized and is included within deferred financing costs on the Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities as of June 30, 2015.

During the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013, we recorded \$44,808, \$33,857 and \$9,707, respectively, of interest costs and amortization of financing costs on the Prospect Capital InterNotes® as interest expense. Note 8. Fair Value and Maturity of Debt Outstanding

The following table shows the maximum draw amounts and outstanding borrowings of our Revolving Credit Facility, Convertible Notes, Public Notes and Prospect Capital InterNotes® as of June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014.

	June 30, 2015		June 30, 2014		
	Maximum Amount		Maximum	Amount	
	Draw Amount	Outstanding	Draw Amount	Outstanding	
Revolving Credit Facility	\$885,000	\$368,700	\$857,500	\$92,000	
Convertible Notes	1,239,500	1,239,500	1,247,500	1,247,500	
Public Notes	548,094	548,094	647,881	647,881	
Prospect Capital InterNotes®	827,442	827,442	785,670	785,670	
Total	\$3,500,036	\$2,983,736	\$3,538,551	\$2,773,051	

The following table shows the contractual maturities of our Revolving Credit Facility, Convertible Notes, Public Notes and Prospect Capital InterNotes® as of June 30, 2015.

	Payments Due by Period				
	Total	Less than 1 Year	1 – 3 Years	3 – 5 Years	After 5 Years
Revolving Credit Facility	\$368,700	\$—	\$ —	\$368,700	\$—
Convertible Notes	1,239,500	150,000	497 , 500	592,000	Ψ —
Public Notes	548,094			300,000	248,094
Prospect Capital InterNotes®	827,442		54,509	369,938	402,995
Total Contractual Obligations	\$2,983,736	\$150,000	\$552,009	\$1,630,638	\$651,089

The following table shows the contractual maturities of our Revolving Credit Facility, Convertible Notes, Public Notes and Prospect Capital InterNotes® as of June 30, 2014.

	Payments Du				
	Total	Less than 1 Year	1 – 3 Years	3 – 5 Years	After 5 Years
Revolving Credit Facility	\$92,000	\$ —	\$92,000	\$	\$ —
Convertible Notes	1,247,500		317,500	530,000	400,000
Public Notes	647,881		_		647,881
Prospect Capital InterNotes®	785,670		8,859	261,456	515,355
Total Contractual Obligations	\$2,773,051	\$ —	\$418,359	\$791,456	\$1,563,236

As permitted by ASC 825-10-25, we have not elected to value our Revolving Credit Facility, Convertible Notes, Public Notes and Prospect Capital InterNotes® at fair value. The following table shows the fair value of these financial liabilities disaggregated into the three levels of the ASC 820 valuation hierarchy as of June 30, 2015.

	Fair value Hierarchy				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Revolving Credit Facility(1)	\$—	\$368,700	\$ —	\$368,700	
Convertible Notes(2)	_	1,244,402		1,244,402	
Public Notes(2)	_	564,052		564,052	
Prospect Capital InterNotes®(3)	_	848,387		848,387	
Total	\$ —	\$3,025,541	\$ —	\$3,025,541	

- (1) The carrying value of our Revolving Credit Facility approximates the fair value.
- (2) We use available market quotes to estimate the fair value of the Convertible Notes and Public Notes.
- (3) The fair value of Prospect Capital InterNotes® is estimated by discounting remaining payments using current Treasury rates.

The following table shows the fair value of these financial liabilities disaggregated into the three levels of the ASC 820 valuation hierarchy as of June 30, 2014.

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Fair Value Hierarchy				
Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
\$—	\$92,000	\$ —	\$92,000	
	1,293,495		1,293,495	
	679,816		679,816	
	799,631		799,631	
\$ —	\$2,864,942	\$ —	\$2,864,942	
	Level 1 \$— — —	Level 1 Level 2 \$— \$92,000 — 1,293,495 — 679,816 — 799,631	Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 \$— \$92,000 \$— — 1,293,495 — — 679,816 — — 799,631 —	

- (1) The carrying value of our Revolving Credit Facility approximates the fair value.
- (2) We use available market quotes to estimate the fair value of the Convertible Notes and Public Notes.
- (3) The fair value of Prospect Capital InterNotes® is estimated by discounting remaining payments using current Treasury rates.

Note 9. Equity Offerings, Offering Expenses, and Distributions

Excluding dividend reinvestments, we issued 14,845,556 and 93,381,602 shares of our common stock during the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively. The following table summarizes our issuances of common stock

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during the years ended June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2015.

	Number of	Gross	Underwriting	Offering	Average
Issuances of Common Stock	Shares Issued	Proceeds	Fees	Expenses	Offering Price
During the year ended June 30, 2014:				r	8
July 5, 2013 – August 21, 2013(1)	9,818,907	\$107,725	\$902	\$169	\$10.97
August 2, 2013(2)	1,918,342	21,006			\$10.95
August 29, 2013 – November 4, 2013(1)	24,127,242	272,114	2,703	414	\$11.28
November 12, 2013 – February 5, 2014(1)	27,301,889	307,045	3,069	436	\$11.25
February 10, 2014 – April 9, 2014(1)	21,592,715	239,305	2,233	168	\$11.08
March 31, 2014(2)	2,306,294	24,908	<u> </u>		\$10.80
April 15, 2014 – May 2, 2014(1)	5,213,900	56,995	445	193	\$10.93
May 5, 2014(2)	1,102,313	11,916	_	_	\$10.81
During the year ended June 30, 2015:					
September 11, 2014 – November 3,	9,490,975	95,149	474	175	\$10.03
2014(1)	9,490,973	93,149	4/4	173	\$10.03
November 17, 2014 – December 3,	5 254 501	51 670	260	460	¢0.65
2014(1)	5,354,581	51,678	268	469	\$9.65

⁽¹⁾ Shares were issued in connection with our at-the-market offering program which we enter into from time to time with various counterparties.

On August 24, 2011, our Board of Directors approved a share repurchase plan (the "Repurchase Program") under which we may repurchase up to \$100,000 of our common stock at prices below our net asset value per share. Prior to any repurchase, we are required to notify shareholders of our intention to purchase our common stock. Our last notice was delivered on June 16, 2015. This notice lasts for six months after notice is given. We did not make any purchases of our common stock during the period from August 24, 2011 to June 30, 2015 pursuant to the Repurchase Program. See Note 18 for shares purchased under the Repurchase Program subsequent to June 30, 2015.

Our Board of Directors, pursuant to the Maryland General Corporation Law, executed Articles of Amendment to increase the number of shares authorized for issuance from 500,000,000 to 1,000,000,000 in the aggregate. The amendment became effective May 6, 2014.

On November 4, 2014, our Registration Statement on Form N-2 was declared effective by the SEC. Under this Shelf Registration Statement, we can issue up to \$4,822,626 of additional debt and equity securities in the public market as of June 30, 2015.

⁽²⁾ Holdings of Delaware LLC, Harbortouch Holdings of Delaware Inc., and Arctic Oilfield Equipment USA, Inc. Our shareholders' equity accounts as of June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014 reflect cumulative shares issued as of those respective dates. Our common stock has been issued through public offerings, a registered direct offering, the exercise of over-allotment options on the part of the underwriters, our dividend reinvestment plan and in connection with the acquisition of certain controlled portfolio companies. When our common stock is issued, the related offering expenses have been charged against paid-in capital in excess of par. All underwriting fees and offering expenses were borne by us.

During the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, we distributed approximately \$421,594 and \$403,188, respectively, to our stockholders. The following table summarizes our distributions declared and payable for the years ended June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2015.

Declaration Date	Record Date	Payment Date	Amount Per Share	Amount Distributed (in thousands)
5/6/2013	7/31/2013	8/22/2013	\$0.110175	\$28,001
5/6/2013	8/30/2013	9/19/2013	0.110200	28,759
6/17/2013	9/30/2013	10/24/2013	0.110225	29,915
6/17/2013	10/31/2013	11/21/2013	0.110250	31,224
6/17/2013	11/29/2013	12/19/2013	0.110275	32,189
6/17/2013	12/31/2013	1/23/2014	0.110300	33,229
8/21/2013	1/31/2014	2/20/2014	0.110325	34,239
8/21/2013	2/28/2014	3/20/2014	0.110350	35,508
8/21/2013	3/31/2014	4/17/2014	0.110375	36,810
11/4/2013	4/30/2014	5/22/2014	0.110400	37,649
11/4/2013	5/30/2014	6/19/2014	0.110425	37,822
11/4/2013	6/30/2014	7/24/2014	0.110450	37,843
Total declared and pay	yable for the year ended	June 30, 2014		\$403,188
2/3/2014	7/31/2014	8/21/2014	\$0.110475	\$37,863
2/3/2014	8/29/2014	9/18/2014	0.110500	37,885
2/3/2014	9/30/2014	10/22/2014	0.110525	38,519
5/6/2014	10/31/2014	11/20/2014	0.110550	38,977
5/6/2014	11/28/2014	12/18/2014	0.110575	39,583
5/6/2014	12/31/2014	1/22/2015	0.110600	39,623
9/24/2014	1/30/2015	2/19/2015	0.110625	39,648
12/8/2014	2/27/2015	3/19/2015	0.083330	29,878
12/8/2014	3/31/2015	4/23/2015	0.083330	29,887
12/8/2014	4/30/2015	5/21/2015	0.083330	29,898
5/6/2015	5/29/2015	6/18/2015	0.083330	29,910
5/6/2015	6/30/2015	7/23/2015	0.083330	29,923
Total declared and pay	yable for the year ended	June 30, 2015		\$421,594

Dividends and distributions to common stockholders are recorded on the ex-dividend date. As such, the table above includes distributions with record dates during the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014. It does not include distributions previously declared to stockholders of record on any future dates, as those amounts are not yet determinable. The following dividends were previously declared and will be payable subsequent to June 30, 2015: \$0.08333 per share for July 2015 to holders of record on July 31, 2015 with a payment date of August 20, 2015; \$0.08333 per share for August 2015 to holders of record on August 31, 2015 with a payment date of September 17, 2015;

\$0.08333 per share for September 2015 to holders of record on September 30, 2015 with a payment date of October 22, 2015; and

\$0.08333 per share for October 2015 to holders of record on October 30, 2015 with a payment date of November 19, 2015.

During the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, we issued 1,618,566 and 1,408,070 shares of our common stock, respectively, in connection with the dividend reinvestment plan.

As of June 30, 2015, we have reserved 102,790,062 shares of our common stock for issuance upon conversion of the Convertible Notes (see Note 5).

Note 10. Other Income

Other income consists of structuring fees, overriding royalty interests, revenue receipts related to net profit interests, deal deposits, administrative agent fees, and other miscellaneous and sundry cash receipts. The following table shows income from such sources during the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013.

	Year Ended June 30,		
	2015	2014	2013
Structuring and amendment fees (refer to Note 3)	\$28,562	\$59,527	\$53,708
Recovery of legal costs from prior periods from legal settlement	_	5,825	
Royalty interests	5,219	5,893	4,122
Administrative agent fees	666	468	346
Total Other Income	\$34,447	\$71,713	\$58,176

Note 11. Net Increase in Net Assets per Share

The following information sets forth the computation of net increase in net assets resulting from operations per share during the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013.

	Year Ended June 30,		
	2015	2014	2013
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$346,339	\$319,020	\$220,856
Weighted average common shares outstanding	353,648,522	300,283,941	207,069,971
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations per share	\$0.98	\$1.06	\$1.07
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Note 12. Income Taxes

While our fiscal year end for financial reporting purposes is June 30 of each year, our tax year end is August 31 of each year. The information presented in this footnote is based on our tax year end for each period presented, unless otherwise specified.

For income tax purposes, dividends paid and distributions made to shareholders are reported as ordinary income, capital gains, non-taxable return of capital, or a combination thereof. The tax character of dividends paid to shareholders during the tax years ended August 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were as follows:

	Tax Year Ended August 31,		
	2014	2013	2012
Ordinary income	\$413,051	\$282,621	\$147,204
Capital gain			
Return of capital			
Total dividends paid to shareholders	\$413,051	\$282,621	\$147,204

For the tax year ending August 31, 2015, the tax character of dividends paid to shareholders through June 30, 2015 is expected to be ordinary income. Because of the difference between our fiscal and tax year ends, the final determination of the tax character of dividends will not be made until we file our tax return for the tax year ending August 31, 2015.

Taxable income generally differs from net increase in net assets resulting from operations for financial reporting purposes due to temporary and permanent differences in the recognition of income and expenses, and generally excludes net unrealized gains or losses, as unrealized gains or losses are generally not included in taxable income until they are realized.

The following reconciles the net increase in net assets resulting from operations to taxable income for the tax years ended August 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012:

	1 ax Year Ended August 31,			
	2014	2013	2012	
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$317,671	\$238,721	\$208,331	
Net realized loss (gain) on investments	28,244	24,632	(38,363)
Net unrealized depreciation on investments	24,638	77,835	32,367	
Other temporary book-to-tax differences	(9,122	(6,994) (1,132)
Permanent differences	(4,317	5,939	(6,103)
Taxable income before deductions for distributions	\$357,114	\$340,133	\$195,100	

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Capital losses in excess of capital gains earned in a tax year may generally be carried forward and used to offset capital gains, subject to certain limitations. The Regulated Investment Company Modernization Act (the "RIC Modernization Act") was enacted on December 22, 2010. Under the RIC Modernization Act, capital losses incurred by taxpayers in taxable years beginning after the date of enactment will be allowed to be carried forward indefinitely and are allowed to retain their character as either short-term or long-term losses. As such, the capital loss carryforwards generated by us after the August 31, 2011 tax year will not be subject to expiration. Any losses incurred in post-enactment tax years will be required to be utilized prior to the losses incurred in pre-enactment tax years. As of August 31, 2014, we had capital loss carryforwards of approximately \$117,393 available for use in later tax years. Of the amount available as of August 31, 2014, \$623, \$33,096 and \$46,910 will expire on August 31, 2016, 2017 and 2018, respectively, and \$36,764 is not subject to expiration. The unused balance each year will be carried forward and utilized as gains are realized, subject to limitations. While our ability to utilize losses in the future depends upon a variety of factors that cannot be known in advance, substantially all of our capital loss carryforwards may become permanently unavailable due to limitations by the Code.

Under current tax law, capital losses and specific ordinary losses realized after October 31st and December 31st, respectively, may be deferred and treated as occurring on the first business day of the following tax year. As of August 31, 2014, we had deferred \$22,601 of long-term capital losses which will be treated as arising on the first day of the tax year ending August 31, 2015.

For the tax year ended August 31, 2014, we had distributions in excess of taxable income. After the excess distributions, we still had cumulative taxable income in excess of cumulative distributions, and therefore, we elected to carry forward the excess for distribution to shareholders in the tax year ending August 31, 2015. The amount carried forward to 2015 was approximately \$49,471. For the tax year ended August 31, 2013, we had taxable income in excess of the distributions made from such taxable income during the year, and therefore, we elected to carry forward the excess for distribution to shareholders in the tax year ended August 31, 2014. The amount carried forward to 2014 was approximately \$105,408. For the tax year ended August 31, 2012, we had taxable income in excess of the distributions made from such taxable income during the year, and therefore, we elected to carry forward the excess for distribution to shareholders in the tax year ended August 31, 2013. The amount carried forward to 2013 was approximately \$47,896.

As of June 30, 2015, the cost basis of investments for tax purposes was \$6,599,876 resulting in estimated gross unrealized appreciation and depreciation of \$263,892 and \$254,210, respectively. As of June 30, 2014, the cost basis of investments for tax purposes was \$6,424,182 resulting in estimated gross unrealized appreciation and depreciation of \$139,620 and \$310,063, respectively. Due to the difference between our fiscal and tax year ends, the cost basis of our investments for tax purposes as of June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014 was calculated based on the book cost of investments as of June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively, with cumulative book-to-tax adjustments for investments through each investment's most current tax year end.

In general, we may make certain adjustments to the classification of net assets as a result of permanent book-to-tax differences, which may include merger-related items, differences in the book and tax basis of certain assets and liabilities, and nondeductible federal taxes, among other items. During the tax year ended August 31, 2014, we increased accumulated overdistributed net investment income by \$4,316, decreased accumulated net realized loss on investments by \$3,384 and increased capital in excess of par value by \$932. During the tax year ended August 31, 2013, we increased accumulated undistributed net investment income by \$5,939, increased accumulated net realized

loss on investments by \$2,621 and decreased capital in excess of par value by \$3,318. Due to the difference between our fiscal and tax year ends, the reclassifications for the taxable year ended August 31, 2014 are recorded in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015 and the reclassifications for the taxable year ended August 31, 2013 were recorded in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

Note 13. Related Party Agreements and Transactions

Investment Advisory Agreement

On December 23, 2014, the Investment Adviser, Prospect Capital Management LLC, converted into a Delaware limited partnership and is now known as Prospect Capital Management L.P. (continues as the "Investment Adviser"). We have entered into an investment advisory and management agreement with the Investment Adviser (the "Investment Advisory Agreement") under which the Investment Adviser, subject to the overall supervision of our Board of Directors, manages the day-to-day operations of, and provides investment advisory services to, us. Under the terms of the Investment Advisory Agreement, the Investment Adviser: (i) determines the composition of our portfolio, the nature and timing of the changes to our portfolio and the manner of implementing such changes, (ii) identifies, evaluates and negotiates the structure of the investments we make (including performing due diligence on our prospective portfolio companies); and (iii) closes and monitors investments we make.

The Investment Adviser's services under the Investment Advisory Agreement are not exclusive, and it is free to furnish similar services to other entities so long as its services to us are not impaired. For providing these services the Investment Adviser receives a fee from us, consisting of two components: a base management fee and an incentive fee. The base management fee is calculated at an annual rate of 2.00% on our gross assets (including amounts borrowed). For services currently rendered under the Investment Advisory Agreement, the base management fee is payable quarterly in arrears. The base management fee is calculated based on the average value of our gross assets at the end of the two most recently completed calendar quarters and appropriately adjusted for any share issuances or repurchases during the current calendar quarter.

The total base management fee incurred to the favor of the Investment Adviser was \$134,590, \$108,990 and \$69,800 during the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

The Investment Adviser has entered into a servicing agreement with certain institutions, where we serve as the agent and collect a servicing fee on behalf of the Investment Adviser. During the year ended June 30, 2015, we received payments of \$170 from these institutions, on behalf of the Investment Adviser, for providing such services under the servicing agreement. We were given a credit for these payments as a reduction of base management fee payable by us to Prospect Capital Management.

The incentive fee has two parts. The first part, the income incentive fee, is calculated and payable quarterly in arrears based on our pre-incentive fee net investment income for the immediately preceding calendar quarter. For this purpose, pre-incentive fee net investment income means interest income, dividend income and any other income (including any other fees (other than fees for providing managerial assistance), such as commitment, origination, structuring, diligence and consulting fees and other fees that we receive from portfolio companies) accrued during the calendar quarter, minus our operating expenses for the quarter (including the base management fee, expenses payable under the Administration Agreement described below, and any interest expense and dividends paid on any issued and outstanding preferred stock, but excluding the incentive fee). Pre-incentive fee net investment income includes, in the case of investments with a deferred interest feature (such as original issue discount, debt instruments with payment-in-kind interest and zero coupon securities), accrued income that we have not yet received in cash. Pre-incentive fee net investment income does not include any realized capital gains, realized capital losses or unrealized capital appreciation or depreciation. Pre-incentive fee net investment income, expressed as a rate of return on the value of our net assets at the end of the immediately preceding calendar quarter, is compared to a "hurdle rate" of 1.75% per quarter (7.00% annualized).

The net investment income used to calculate this part of the incentive fee is also included in the amount of the gross assets used to calculate the 2.00% base management fee. We pay the Investment Adviser an income incentive fee with respect to our pre-incentive fee net investment income in each calendar quarter as follows:

No incentive fee in any calendar quarter in which our pre-incentive fee net investment income does not exceed the hurdle rate;

100.00% of our pre-incentive fee net investment income with respect to that portion of such pre-incentive fee net investment income, if any, that exceeds the hurdle rate but is less than 125.00% of the quarterly hurdle rate in any calendar quarter (8.75% annualized assuming a 7.00% annualized hurdle rate); and

20.00% of the amount of our pre-incentive fee net investment income, if any, that exceeds 125.00% of the quarterly hurdle rate in any calendar quarter (8.75% annualized assuming a 7.00% annualized hurdle rate).

These calculations are appropriately prorated for any period of less than three months and adjusted for any share issuances or repurchases during the current quarter.

The second part of the incentive fee, the capital gains incentive fee, is determined and payable in arrears as of the end of each calendar year (or upon termination of the Investment Advisory Agreement, as of the termination date), and equals 20.00% of our realized capital gains for the calendar year, if any, computed net of all realized capital losses and unrealized capital depreciation at the end of such year. In determining the capital gains incentive fee payable to the Investment Adviser, we calculate the aggregate realized capital gains, aggregate realized capital losses and aggregate unrealized capital depreciation, as applicable, with respect to each investment that has been in its portfolio. For the purpose of this calculation, an "investment" is defined as the total of all rights and claims which maybe asserted against a portfolio company arising from our participation in the debt, equity, and other financial instruments issued by that company. Aggregate realized capital gains, if any, equal the sum of the differences between the aggregate net sales price of each investment and the aggregate cost basis of such investment when sold or otherwise disposed. Aggregate realized capital losses equal the sum of the amounts by which the aggregate net sales price of each investment is less than the aggregate cost basis of such investment when sold or otherwise disposed. Aggregate unrealized capital depreciation equals the sum of the differences, if negative, between the aggregate valuation of each investment and the aggregate cost basis of such investment as of the applicable calendar year-end. At the end of the applicable calendar year, the amount of capital gains that serves as the basis for our calculation of the capital gains incentive fee involves netting aggregate realized capital gains against aggregate realized capital losses on a since-inception basis and then reducing this amount by the aggregate unrealized capital depreciation. If this number is positive, then the capital gains incentive fee payable is equal to 20.00% of such amount, less the aggregate amount of any capital gains incentive fees paid since inception.

The total income incentive fee incurred was \$90,687, \$89,306 and \$81,231 during the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively. No capital gains incentive fee was incurred during the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013.

Administration Agreement

We have also entered into an administration agreement (the "Administration Agreement") with Prospect Administration under which Prospect Administration, among other things, provides (or arranges for the provision of) administrative services and facilities for us. For providing these services, we reimburse Prospect Administration for our allocable portion of overhead incurred by Prospect Administration in performing its obligations under the Administration Agreement, including rent and our allocable portion of the costs of our Chief Financial Officer and Chief Compliance Officer and his staff. Under this agreement, Prospect Administration furnishes us with office facilities, equipment and clerical, bookkeeping and record keeping services at such facilities. Prospect Administration also performs, or oversees the performance of, our required administrative services, which include, among other things, being responsible for the financial records that we are required to maintain and preparing reports to our stockholders and reports filed with the SEC. In addition, Prospect Administration assists us in determining and publishing our net asset value, overseeing the preparation and filing of our tax returns and the printing and dissemination of reports to our stockholders, and generally oversees the payment of our expenses and the performance of administrative and professional services rendered to us by others. Under the Administration Agreement, Prospect Administration also provides on our behalf managerial assistance to those portfolio companies to which we are required to provide such assistance (see "Managerial Assistance" below). The Administration Agreement may be terminated by either party without penalty upon 60 days' written notice to the other party. Prospect Administration is a subsidiary of the Investment Adviser.

The Administration Agreement provides that, absent willful misfeasance, bad faith or negligence in the performance of its duties or by reason of the reckless disregard of its duties and obligations, Prospect Administration and its officers, managers, partners, agents, employees, controlling persons, members and any other person or entity affiliated with it are entitled to indemnification from us for any damages, liabilities, costs and expenses (including reasonable attorneys' fees and amounts reasonably paid in settlement) arising from the rendering of Prospect Administration's services under the Administration Agreement or otherwise as administrator for us. Our payments to Prospect Administration are periodically reviewed by our Board of Directors.

The allocation of overhead expense from Prospect Administration was \$21,906, \$14,373 and \$8,737 for the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively. During the year ended June 30, 2015, Prospect Administration received payments of \$6,929 directly from our portfolio companies for legal, tax and portfolio level accounting

services. We were given a credit for these payments as a reduction of the administrative services cost payable by us to Prospect Administration, resulting in net overhead expense of \$14,977 during the year ended June 30, 2015. Had Prospect Administration not received these payments, Prospect Administration's charges for its administrative services would have increased by these amounts.

Managerial Assistance

As a BDC, we are obligated under the 1940 Act to make available to certain of our portfolio companies significant managerial assistance. "Making available significant managerial assistance" refers to any arrangement whereby we provide significant guidance and counsel concerning the management, operations, or business objectives and policies of a portfolio company. We are also deemed to be providing managerial assistance to all portfolio companies that we control, either by ourselves or in conjunction with others. The nature and extent of significant managerial assistance provided by us to controlled and non-controlled portfolio companies will vary according to the particular needs of each portfolio company. Examples of such activities include (i) advice on recruiting, hiring, management and termination of employees, officers and directors, succession planning and other human resource matters; (ii) advice on capital raising, capital budgeting, and capital expenditures; (iii) advice on advertising, marketing, and sales; (iv) advice on fulfillment, operations, and execution; (v) advice on managing relationships with unions and other personnel organizations, financing sources, vendors, customers, lessors, lessees, lawyers, accountants, regulators and other important counterparties; (vi) evaluating acquisition and divestiture opportunities, plant expansions and closings, and market expansions; (vii) participating in audit committee, nominating committee, board and management meetings; (viii) consulting with and advising board members and officers of portfolio companies (on overall strategy and other matters); and (ix) providing other organizational, operational, managerial and financial guidance. Prospect Administration, when performing a managerial assistance agreement executed with each portfolio company to which we provide managerial assistance, arranges for the provision of such managerial assistance on our behalf. When doing so, Prospect Administration utilizes personnel of our Investment Adviser. We, on behalf of Prospect Administration, invoice portfolio companies receiving and paying for managerial assistance, and we remit to Prospect Administration its cost of providing such services, including the charges deemed appropriate by our Investment Adviser for providing such managerial assistance. No income was recognized by Prospect. During the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013, we received payments of \$5,126, \$6,612 and \$4,776, respectively, from our portfolio companies for managerial assistance and subsequently remitted these amounts to Prospect Administration. During the year ended June 30, 2015, we incurred \$2,400 of managerial assistance expense related to our consolidated entity First Tower Delaware which was included within allocation from Prospect Administration on our Consolidated Statement of Operations for the year ended June 30, 2015. Of this amount, \$600 had not yet been paid by First Tower Delaware to Prospect Administration and was included within due to Prospect Administration on our Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities as of June 30, 2015. See Note 14 for further discussion.

Co-Investments

On February 10, 2014, we received an exemptive order from the SEC (the "Order") that gave us the ability to negotiate terms other than price and quantity of co-investment transactions with other funds managed by the Investment Adviser or certain affiliates, including Priority Income Fund, Inc. and Pathway Energy Infrastructure Fund, Inc., subject to the conditions included therein. Under the terms of the relief permitting us to co-invest with other funds managed by our Investment Adviser or its affiliates, a "required majority" (as defined in Section 57(o) of the 1940 Act) of our independent directors must make certain conclusions in connection with a co-investment transaction, including that (1) the terms of the proposed transaction, including the consideration to be paid, are reasonable and fair to us and our stockholders and do not involve overreaching of us or our stockholders on the part of any person concerned and (2) the transaction is consistent with the interests of our stockholders and is consistent with our investment objective and strategies. In certain situations where co-investment with one or more funds managed by the Investment Adviser or its affiliates is not covered by the Order, such as when there is an opportunity to invest in different securities of the same issuer, the personnel of the Investment Adviser or its affiliates will need to decide which fund will proceed with the investment. Such personnel will make these determinations based on policies and procedures, which are designed to reasonably ensure that investment opportunities are allocated fairly and equitably among affiliated funds over time and in a manner that is consistent with applicable laws, rules and regulations. Moreover, except in certain circumstances, when relying on the Order, we will be unable to invest in any issuer in which one or more funds managed by the Investment Adviser or its affiliates has previously invested.

As of June 30, 2015, we had co-investments with Priority Income Fund, Inc. in the following CLO funds: Babson CLO Ltd. 2014-III; Cent CLO 21 Limited; CIFC Funding 2014-IV Investor, Ltd.; Galaxy XVII CLO, Ltd.; Halcyon

Loan Advisors Funding 2014-2 Ltd.; HarbourView CLO VII, Ltd.; Jefferson Mill CLO Ltd.; Mountain View CLO IX Ltd.; Symphony CLO XIV Ltd.; Voya CLO 2014-1, Ltd.; and Washington Mill CLO Ltd.

Note 14. Transactions with Controlled Companies

The descriptions below detail the transactions which Prospect Capital Corporation ("Prospect") has entered into with each of our controlled companies. Certain of the controlled entities discussed below were consolidated effective July 1, 2014 (see Note 1). As such, transactions with these Consolidated Holding Companies for the year ended June 30, 2015 are presented on a consolidated basis.

Airmall Inc.

As of June 30, 2014, Prospect owned 100% of the equity of AMU Holdings Inc. ("AMU"), a Consolidated Holding Company. AMU owned 98% of Airmall Inc. (f/k/a Airmall USA Holdings, Inc.) ("Airmall"). Airmall is a developer and manager of airport retail operations.

On July 30, 2010, Prospect made a \$22,420 investment in AMU, of which \$12,500 was a senior subordinated note and \$9,920 was used to purchase 100% of the preferred and common equity of AMU. AMU used its combined debt and equity proceeds of \$22,420 to purchase 100% of Airmall's common stock for \$18,000, to pay \$1,573 of structuring fees from AMU to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), \$836 of third party expenses, \$11 of legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration, and \$2,000 of withholding tax. Prospect then purchased for \$30,000 two loans of Airmall payable to unrealized third parties, one for \$10,000 and the other \$20,000. Prospect and Airmall subsequently refinanced the two loans into a single \$30,000 loan from Airmall to Prospect.

On October 1, 2013, Prospect made an additional \$2,600 investment in the senior subordinated note, of which \$575 was utilized by AMU to pay interest due to Prospect and \$2,025 was retained by AMU for working capital. On November 25, 2013, Prospect funded an additional \$5,000 to the senior subordinated note, which was utilized by AMU to pay a \$5,000 dividend to Prospect. On December 4, 2013, Prospect sold 2% of the outstanding principal balance of the senior secured term loan to Airmall and 2% of the outstanding principal balance of the senior subordinated note to AMU for \$972.

On June 13, 2014, Prospect made a new \$19,993 investment as a senior secured loan to Airmall. Airmall then distributed this amount to AMU as a return of capital, which AMU used to pay down the senior subordinated loan in the same amount. The minority interest held by a third party in AMU was exchanged for common stock of Airmall. On July 1, 2014, Prospect began consolidating AMU. As a result, any transactions between AMU and Prospect are eliminated in consolidation and as such, transactions after July 1, 2014 are not presented below.

On August 1, 2014, Prospect sold its investments in Airmall for net proceeds of \$51,379 and realized a loss of \$3,473 on the sale. In addition, there is \$6,000 being held in escrow, of which 98% is due to Prospect, which will be recognized as an additional realized loss if it is not received. Included in the net proceeds were \$3,000 of structuring fees from Airmall related to the sale of the operating company which was recognized as other income during the year ended June 30, 2015. On October 22, 2014, Prospect received a tax refund of \$665 related to its investment in Airmall and realized a gain of the same amount.

In addition to the repayments noted above, the following amounts were paid from Airmall to Prospect and recorded by Prospect as repayment of loan receivable:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$600 Year Ended June 30, 2014 593 Year Ended June 30, 2015 49

The following dividends were declared and paid from Airmall to AMU and recognized as dividend income by AMU:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 7,000
Year Ended June 30, 2015 N/A

The following dividends were declared and paid from AMU to Prospect and recognized as dividend income by Prospect:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 12,000
Year Ended June 30, 2015 N/A

All dividends were paid from earnings and profits of Airmall and AMU.

The following interest payments were accrued and paid from AMU to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013	\$2,286
Year Ended June 30, 2014	3,159
Year Ended June 30, 2015	N/A

Included above, the following payment-in-kind interest from AMU was capitalized and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013	\$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014	295
Year Ended June 30, 2015	N/A

The following interest payments were accrued and paid from Airmall to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013	\$3,536
Year Ended June 30, 2014	3,420
Year Ended June 30, 2015	576

The following interest income recognized had not yet been paid by Airmall to Prospect and was included by Prospect within interest receivable:

June 30, 2014 \$920 June 30, 2015 —

The following managerial assistance payments were paid from AMU to Prospect and subsequently remitted to

Prospect Administration (no income was recognized by Prospect):

 Year Ended June 30, 2013
 \$225

 Year Ended June 30, 2014
 300

 Year Ended June 30, 2015
 N/A

The following managerial assistance payments were paid from Airmall to Prospect and subsequently remitted to Prospect Administration (no income was recognized by Prospect):

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 —
Year Ended June 30, 2015 75

The following managerial assistance recognized had not yet been paid by Airmall to Prospect and was included by Prospect within other receivables and due to Prospect Administration:

June 30, 2014 \$75 June 30, 2015 —

The following payments were paid from Airmall to Prospect Administration as reimbursement for legal, tax and portfolio level accounting services provided directly to Airmall (no direct income was recognized by Prospect, but Prospect was given credit for these payments as a reduction of the administrative services costs payable by Prospect to Prospect Administration):

1	,	
Year Ended June 3	30, 2013	\$8
Year Ended June 3	30, 2014	_
Year Ended June 3	30, 2015	730

The following amounts were due from Airmall to Prospect for reimbursement of expenses paid by Prospect on behalf of Airmall and were included by Prospect within other receivables:

June 30, 2014 \$11 June 30, 2015 —

American Property REIT Corp.

Prospect owns 100% of the equity of APH Property Holdings, LLC ("APH"), a Consolidated Holding Company. APH owns 100% of the common equity of American Property REIT Corp. (f/k/a American Property Holdings Corp.) ("APRC"). APRC is a Maryland corporation and a qualified REIT for federal income tax purposes. In order to qualify as a REIT, APRC issued 125 shares of Series A Cumulative Non-Voting Preferred Stock to 125 accredited investors. The preferred stockholders are entitled to receive cumulative dividends semi-annually at an annual rate of 12.5% and do not have the ability to participate in the management or operation of APRC.

APRC was formed to hold for investment, operate, finance, lease, manage, and sell a portfolio of real estate assets and engage in any and all other activities as may be necessary, incidental or convenient to carry out the foregoing. APRC acquires real estate assets, including, but not limited to, industrial, commercial, and multi-family properties. APRC may acquire real estate assets directly or through joint ventures by making a majority equity investment in a property-owning entity (the "JV").

On October 24, 2012, Prospect initially made a \$7,808 investment in APH, of which \$6,000 was a Senior Term Loan and \$1,808 was used to purchase the membership interests of APH. The proceeds were utilized by APH to purchase APRC common equity for \$7,806, with \$2 retained by APH for working capital. The proceeds were utilized by APRC to purchase a 100% ownership interest in 146 Forest Parkway, LLC for \$7,326, pay a \$250 non-refundable deposit and \$222 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), with \$8 retained by APRC for working capital. 146 Forest Parkway, LLC was purchased for \$7,400. The remaining proceeds were used to pay \$168 of third party expenses and \$5 of legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration, with \$3 retained by the JV for working capital. The investment was subsequently contributed to NPRC.

On December 28, 2012, Prospect made a \$9,594 investment in APH, of which \$6,400 was a Senior Term Loan and \$3,194 was used to purchase additional membership interests of APH. The proceeds were utilized by APH to purchase additional APRC common equity for \$9,594. The proceeds were utilized by APRC to purchase a 92.7% ownership interest in 1557 Terrell Mill Road, LLC for \$9,548, with \$46 retained by APRC for other expenses. The JV was purchased for \$23,500 which included debt financing and minority interest of \$15,275 and \$757, respectively. The remaining proceeds were used to pay \$286 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income) and \$1,652 of third party expenses, with \$142 retained by the JV for working capital. On January 17, 2013, Prospect made a \$30,348 investment in APH, of which \$27,600 was a Senior Term Loan and \$2,748 was used to purchase additional membership interests of APH. The proceeds were utilized by APH to purchase additional APRC common equity for \$29,348, with \$1,000 retained by APH for working capital. The proceeds were utilized by APRC to purchase a 97.7% ownership interest in 5100 Live Oaks Blvd, LLC for \$29,348. The JV was purchased for \$63,400 which included debt financing and minority interest of \$39,600 and \$686, respectively. The remaining proceeds were used to pay \$880 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), \$4,265 of third party expenses, \$14 of legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration, and \$1,030 of prepaid assets, with \$45 retained by the JV for working capital. The investment was subsequently contributed to NPRC.

On April 30, 2013, Prospect made a \$10,383 investment in APH, of which \$9,000 was a Senior Term Loan and \$1,383 was used to purchase additional membership interests of APH. The proceeds were utilized by APH to purchase additional APRC common equity for \$10,233, with \$150 retained by APH for working capital. The proceeds were utilized by APRC to purchase a 93.2% ownership interest in Lofton Place, LLC for \$10,233. The JV was purchased for \$26,000 which included debt financing and minority interest of \$16,965 and \$745, respectively. The remaining proceeds were used to pay \$306 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), \$1,223 of third party expenses, \$5 of legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration, and \$364 of prepaid assets, with \$45 retained by the JV for working capital.

On April 30, 2013, Prospect made a \$10,863 investment in APH, of which \$9,000 was a Senior Term Loan and \$1,863 was used to purchase additional membership interests of APH. The proceeds were utilized by APH to purchase additional APRC common equity for \$10,708, with \$155 retained by APH for working capital. The proceeds were utilized by APRC to purchase a 93.2% ownership interest in Vista Palma Sola, LLC for \$10,708. The JV was purchased for \$27,000 which included debt financing and minority interest of \$17,550 and \$785, respectively. The remaining proceeds were used to pay \$321 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), \$1,272 of third party expenses, \$4 of legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration, and \$401 of prepaid assets, with \$45 retained by the JV for working capital.

On May 8, 2013, Prospect made a \$6,118 investment in APH, of which \$4,000 was a Senior Term Loan and \$2,118 was used to purchase additional membership interests of APH. The proceeds were utilized by APH to purchase additional APRC common equity for \$6,028, with \$90 retained by APH for working capital. The proceeds were utilized by APRC to purchase a 93.3% ownership interest in Arlington Park Marietta, LLC for \$6,028. Arlington Park Marietta, LLC was purchased for \$14,850 which included debt financing and minority interest of \$9,650 and \$437, respectively. The remaining proceeds were used to pay \$181 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), \$911 of third party expenses, and \$128 of prepaid assets, with \$45 retained by the JV for working capital.

On June 24, 2013, Prospect made a \$76,533 investment in APH, of which \$63,000 was a Senior Term Loan and \$13,533 was used to purchase additional membership interests of APH. The proceeds were utilized by APH to purchase additional APRC common equity for \$75,233, with \$1,300 retained by APH for working capital. The proceeds were utilized by APRC to purchase a 95.0% ownership interest in APH Carroll Resort, LLC for \$74,398 and to pay \$835 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income). The JV was purchased for \$225,000 which included debt financing and minority interest of \$157,500 and \$3,916, respectively. The remaining proceeds were used to pay \$1,436 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), \$7,687 of third party expenses, \$8 of legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration, and \$1,683 of prepaid assets. The investment was subsequently contributed to NPRC and renamed NPRC Carroll Resort, LLC.

Between October 29, 2013 and December 4, 2013, Prospect made an \$11,000 investment in APH, of which \$9,350 was a Senior Term Loan and \$1,650 was used to purchase additional membership interests of APH. The proceeds were utilized by certain of APH's wholly-owned subsidiaries to purchase online consumer loans from a third party. The investment was subsequently contributed to NPRC.

On November 1, 2013, Prospect made a \$9,869 investment in APH, of which \$8,200 was a Senior Term Loan and \$1,669 was used to purchase additional membership interests of APH. The proceeds were utilized by APH to purchase additional APRC common equity for \$9,869. The proceeds were utilized by APRC to purchase a 94.0% ownership interest in APH Carroll 41, LLC for \$9,548 and to pay \$102 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), with \$219 retained by APRC for working capital. The JV was purchased for \$30,600 which included debt financing and minority interest of \$22,497 and \$609, respectively. The remaining proceeds were used to pay \$190 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), \$1,589 of third party expenses, \$5 of legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration, and \$270 of prepaid assets. The investment was subsequently contributed to NPRC.

On November 15, 2013, Prospect made a \$45,900 investment in APH, of which \$38,500 was a Senior Term Loan and \$7,400 was used to purchase additional membership interests of APH. The proceeds were utilized by APH to purchase additional APRC common equity for \$45,900. The proceeds were utilized by APRC to purchase a 99.3% ownership interest in APH Gulf Coast Holdings, LLC for \$45,024 and to pay \$364 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), with \$512 retained by APRC for working capital. The JV was purchased for \$115,200 which included debt financing and minority interest of \$75,558 and \$337, respectively. The remaining proceeds were used to pay \$1,013 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), \$2,590 of third party expenses, \$23 of legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration, and \$2,023 of prepaid assets, with \$70 retained by the JV for working capital.

On November 19, 2013, Prospect made a \$66,188 investment in APH, of which \$55,000 was a Senior Term Loan and \$11,188 was used to purchase additional membership interests of APH. The proceeds were utilized by APH to

purchase additional APRC common equity for \$66,188. The proceeds were utilized by APRC to purchase a 90.0% ownership interest in APH McDowell, LLC for \$64,392 and to pay \$695 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), with \$1,101 retained by APRC for working capital. The JV was purchased for \$238,605 which included debt financing and minority interest of \$180,226 and \$7,155, respectively. The remaining proceeds were used to pay \$1,290 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), \$9,205 of third party expenses, \$23 of legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration, and \$1,160 of prepaid assets, with \$1,490 retained by the JV for working capital. The investment was subsequently contributed to NPRC and renamed NPH McDowell, LLC.

On December 12, 2013, Prospect made a \$22,507 investment in APH, of which \$18,800 was a Senior Term Loan and \$3,707 was used to purchase additional membership interests of APH. The proceeds were utilized by APH to purchase additional APRC common equity for \$22,507. The proceeds were utilized by APRC to purchase a 92.6% ownership interest in South Atlanta Portfolio Holding Company, LLC for \$21,874 and to pay \$238 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), with \$395 retained by APRC for working capital. The JV was purchased for \$87,250 which included debt financing and minority interest of \$67,493 and \$1,756, respectively. The remaining proceeds were used to pay \$437 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), \$2,920 of third party expenses, and \$116 of prepaid assets, with \$400 retained by the JV for working capital. The investment was subsequently contributed to UPRC.

On December 31, 2013, APRC distributed its majority interests in five JVs holding real estate assets to APH. APH then distributed these JV interests to Prospect in a transaction characterized as a return of capital. Prospect, on the same day, contributed certain of these JV interests to NPH Property Holdings, LLC and the remainder to UPH Property Holdings, LLC (each wholly-owned subsidiaries of Prospect). Each of NPH and UPH immediately thereafter contributed these JV interests to NPRC and UPRC, respectively. The total investments in the JVs transferred consisted of \$98,164 and \$20,022 of debt and equity financing, respectively. There was no material gain or loss realized on these transactions.

On January 17, 2014, Prospect made a \$6,565 investment in APH, of which \$5,500 was a Senior Term Loan and \$1,065 was used to purchase additional membership interests of APH. The proceeds were utilized by APH to purchase additional APRC common equity for \$6,565. The proceeds were utilized by APRC to purchase a 99.3% ownership interest in APH Gulf Coast Holdings, LLC for \$6,336 and to pay \$54 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), with \$175 retained by APRC for other expenses. The JV was purchased for \$15,430 which included debt financing and minority interest of \$10,167 and \$48, respectively. The remaining proceeds were used to pay \$143 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), \$627 of third party expenses, \$4 of legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration, and \$312 of prepaid assets, with \$35 retained by the JV for working capital.

Effective April 1, 2014, Prospect made a new \$167,162 senior term loan to APRC. APRC then distributed this amount to APH as a return of capital which was used to pay down the Senior Term Loan from APH by the same amount. On June 4, 2014, Prospect made a \$1,719 investment in APH to purchase additional membership interests of APH, which was revised to \$1,732 on July 1, 2014. The proceeds were utilized by APH to purchase additional APRC common equity for \$1,732. The proceeds were utilized by APRC to acquire the real property located at 975 South Cornwell, Yukon, OK ("Taco Bell, OK") for \$1,719 and pay \$13 of third party expenses.

On July 1, 2014, Prospect began consolidating APH. As a result, any transactions between APH and Prospect are eliminated in consolidation and as such, transactions after July 1, 2014 are not presented below.

On November 26, 2014, APRC transferred its investment in APH Carroll Resort, LLC to NPRC and the investment was renamed NPRC Carroll Resort, LLC. As a result, Prospect's investments in APRC related to this property also transferred to NPRC. The investments transferred consisted of \$10,237 of equity and \$65,586 of debt. There was no gain or loss realized on the transaction.

On May 1, 2015, APRC transferred its investment in 5100 Live Oaks Blvd, LLC to NPRC. As a result, Prospect's investments in APRC related to this property also transferred to NPRC. The investments transferred consisted of \$2,748 of equity and \$29,990 of debt. There was no gain or loss realized on the transaction.

On May 6, 2015, Prospect made a \$1,475 investment in APRC, of which \$1,381 was a Senior Term Loan and \$94 was used to purchase additional common equity of APRC through APH. The proceeds were utilized by APRC to purchase additional ownership interest in its twelve multi-family properties for \$1,473 and pay \$2 of legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration. The minority interest holder also invested an additional \$17 in the JVs. The proceeds were used by the JVs to fund \$1,490 of capital expenditures.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, Prospect received \$8 as a return of capital on the equity investment in APRC. The following dividends were declared and paid from APRC to APH (partially via a wholly-owned subsidiary of APH) and recognized as dividend income by APH:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$1,676 Year Ended June 30, 2014 8,810

Year Ended June 30, 2015 — All dividends were paid from earnings and profits of APRC.

The following interest payments were accrued and paid from APH to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$2,898 Year Ended June 30, 2014 13,928 Year Ended June 30, 2015 N/A

Included above, the following payment-in-kind interest from APH was capitalized and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

 Year Ended June 30, 2013
 \$892

 Year Ended June 30, 2014
 4,084

 Year Ended June 30, 2015
 N/A

The following interest payments were accrued and paid from APRC to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 4,860
Year Ended June 30, 2015 14,747

Included above, the following payment-in-kind interest from APRC was capitalized and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 581
Year Ended June 30, 2015 4,529

The following interest income recognized had not yet been paid by APRC to Prospect and was included by Prospect within interest receivable:

June 30, 2014 \$54 June 30, 2015 25

The following royalty payments were paid from APH to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as other income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$140 Year Ended June 30, 2014 1,418 Year Ended June 30, 2015 N/A

The following royalty payments were paid from APRC to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as other income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 —
Year Ended June 30, 2015 1,342

The following managerial assistance payments were paid from APRC to Prospect and subsequently remitted to

Prospect Administration (no income was recognized by Prospect):

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$148 Year Ended June 30, 2014 637 Year Ended June 30, 2015 590

The following managerial assistance payments received by Prospect had not yet been remitted to Prospect

Administration and were included by Prospect within due to Prospect Administration:

June 30, 2014 \$148 June 30, 2015 148

The following payments were paid from APRC to Prospect Administration as reimbursement for legal, tax and portfolio level accounting services provided directly to APRC (no direct income was recognized by Prospect, but Prospect was given credit for these payments as a reduction of the administrative services costs payable by Prospect to Prospect Administration):

 Year Ended June 30, 2013
 \$90

 Year Ended June 30, 2014
 1,791

 Year Ended June 30, 2015
 301

The following amounts were due from APRC to Prospect for reimbursement of expenses paid by Prospect on behalf of APRC and were included by Prospect within other receivables:

June 30, 2014 \$202 June 30, 2015 \$24

Arctic Energy Services, LLC

Prospect owns 100% of the equity of Arctic Oilfield Equipment USA, Inc. ("Arctic Equipment"), a Consolidated Holding Company. Arctic Equipment owns 70% of the equity of Arctic Energy Services, LLC ("Arctic Energy"), with Ailport Holdings, LLC ("Ailport") (100% owned and controlled by Arctic Energy management) owning the remaining 30% of the equity of Arctic Energy. Arctic Energy provides oilfield service personnel, well testing flowback equipment, frac support systems and other services to exploration and development companies in the Rocky Mountains.

On May 5, 2014, Prospect initially purchased 100% of the common shares of Arctic Equipment for \$9,006. Proceeds were utilized by Arctic Equipment to purchase 70% of Arctic Energy as described in the following paragraph. On May 5, 2014, Prospect made an additional \$51,870 investment (including in exchange for 1,102,313 common shares of Prospect at fair value of \$11,916) in Arctic Energy in exchange for a \$31,640 senior secured loan and a \$20,230 subordinated loan. Total proceeds received by Arctic Energy of \$60,876 were used to purchase 70% of the equity interests in Arctic Energy from Ailport for \$47,516, pay \$875 of third-party expenses, \$1,713 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized as structuring fee income), \$445 of legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration and \$10,327 was retained as working capital.

On July 1, 2014, Prospect began consolidating Arctic Equipment. As a result, any transactions between Arctic Equipment and Prospect are eliminated in consolidation and as such, transactions after July 1, 2014 are not presented below.

The following interest payments were accrued and paid from Arctic Energy to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 1,050
Year Ended June 30, 2015 6,721

The following interest income recognized had not yet been paid by Arctic Energy to Prospect and was included by Prospect within interest receivable:

June 30, 2014 \$18 June 30, 2015 18

The following managerial assistance payments were paid from Arctic Energy to Prospect and subsequently remitted to Prospect Administration (no income was recognized by Prospect):

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 15
Year Ended June 30, 2015 100

The following managerial assistance payments received by Prospect had not yet been remitted to Prospect Administration and were included by Prospect within due to Prospect Administration:

June 30, 2014 \$15 June 30, 2015 25

The following payments were paid from Arctic Energy to Prospect Administration as reimbursement for legal, tax and portfolio level accounting services provided directly to Arctic Energy (no direct income was recognized by Prospect, but Prospect was given credit for these payments as a reduction of the administrative services costs payable by Prospect to Prospect Administration):

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 445
Year Ended June 30, 2015 —

The following amounts were due from Arctic Energy to Prospect for reimbursement of expenses paid by Prospect on behalf of Arctic Energy and were included by Prospect within other receivables:

June 30, 2014 \$6 June 30, 2015 —

The following amounts were due to Arctic Energy from Prospect for reimbursement of expenses paid by Arctic Energy on behalf of Prospect and were included by Prospect within other liabilities:

June 30, 2014 \$— June 30, 2015

ARRM Services, Inc.

As of June 30, 2014, Prospect owned 79.53% of the fully-diluted common, 85.76% of the Series A Preferred and 100% of the Series B Preferred equity of ARRM Services, Inc. (f/k/a ARRM Holdings, Inc.) ("ARRM"). ARRM owned 100% of the equity of Ajax Rolled Ring & Machine, LLC (f/k/a Ajax Rolled Ring & Machine, Inc.) ("Ajax"). Ajax forges large seamless steel rings on two forging mills in the company's York, South Carolina facility. The rings are used in a range of industrial applications, including in construction equipment and power turbines. Ajax also provides machining and other ancillary services.

As of July 1, 2011, the cost basis of Prospect's total debt and equity investment in Ajax was \$41,699, including capitalized payment-in-kind interest of \$3,535. Prospect's investment in Ajax consisted of the following: \$20,607 of senior secured term debt ("Tranche A Term Loan"); \$15,035 of subordinated secured term debt ("Tranche B Term Loan"); and \$6,057 of common equity. In October 2011, ARRM assumed Ajax's Tranche B Term Loan and the equity of Ajax was exchanged for equity in ARRM. Ajax was converted into a limited liability company shortly thereafter. On December 28, 2012, Prospect provided an additional \$3,600 of unsecured debt to ARRM ("Promissory Demand Note"). On April 1, 2013, Prospect refinanced its investment in Ajax and ARRM, increasing the total size of the debt investment to \$38,537. The \$19,837 Tranche A Term Loan was replaced with a new senior secured term loan to Ajax in the same amount. The \$15,035 Tranche B Term Loan and \$3,600 Promissory Demand Note were replaced with a new subordinated unsecured term loan to ARRM in the amount of \$18,700. Prospect received \$50 and \$46 of structuring fees from Ajax and ARRM, respectively, which were recognized as other income.

On June 28, 2013, Prospect provided an additional \$1,000 in the ARRM subordinated unsecured term loan to fund equity into Ajax. The proceeds were used by Ajax to repay senior debt to a third party. On October 11, 2013, Prospect provided \$25,000 in preferred equity for the recapitalization of ARRM. After the financing, Prospect received repayment of the \$20,008 subordinated unsecured term loan previously outstanding from ARRM. In March 2014, Prospect received \$98 of structuring fees from Ajax related to the amendment of the loan agreement in September 2013.

On October 10, 2014, ARRM sold Ajax to a third party and repaid the \$19,337 loan receivable to Prospect and Prospect recorded a realized loss of \$23,560 related to the sale. Concurrent with the sale, Prospect's ownership increased to 100% of the outstanding equity of ARRM Services, Inc. which was renamed SB Forging Company, Inc. ("SB Forging"). As such, Prospect began consolidating SB Forging on October 11, 2014. In addition, there is \$3,000 being held in escrow of which \$802 was received on May 6, 2015 for which Prospect realized a gain of the same amount. The remainder of the escrow will be recognized as additional gain if and when received. Prospect received \$2,000 of structuring fees from Ajax related to the sale of the operating company which was recognized as other income during the year ended June 30, 2015.

In addition to the repayments noted above, the following amounts were paid from Ajax to Prospect and recorded by Prospect as repayment of loan receivable:

Year Ended June 30, 2013	\$430
Year Ended June 30, 2014	400
Year Ended June 30, 2015	

The following interest payments, including prepayment penalty fees, were accrued and paid from ARRM to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013	\$993
Year Ended June 30, 2014	1,029
Year Ended June 30, 2015	

Included above, the following payment-in-kind interest from ARRM was capitalized and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013	\$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014	309
Year Ended June 30, 2015	

The following interest payments, including prepayment penalty fees, were accrued and paid from Ajax to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013	\$4,183
Year Ended June 30, 2014	2,082
Year Ended June 30, 2015	956

As of June 30, 2014, due to the pending sale transaction, Prospect reversed \$3,844 of previously recognized payment-in-kind interest which we did not expect to receive.

The following interest income recognized had not yet been paid by Ajax to Prospect and was included by Prospect within interest receivable:

June 30, 2014	\$6
June 30, 2015	_

The following managerial assistance payments were paid from Ajax to Prospect and subsequently remitted to Prospect Administration (no income was recognized by Prospect):

Year Ended June 30, 2013	\$225
Year Ended June 30, 2014	180
Year Ended June 30, 2015	45

The following managerial assistance payments received by Prospect had not yet been remitted to Prospect

Administration and were included by Prospect within due to Prospect Administration:

June 30, 2014	_	\$45
June 30, 2015		

The following payments were paid from ARRM to Prospect Administration as reimbursement for legal, tax and portfolio level accounting services provided directly to ARRM (no direct income was recognized by Prospect, but Prospect was given credit for these payments as a reduction of the administrative services costs payable by Prospect to Prospect Administration):

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$63 Year Ended June 30, 2014 17 Year Ended June 30, 2015 1,485

The following amounts were due from Ajax to Prospect for reimbursement of expenses paid by Prospect on behalf of Ajax and were included by Prospect within other receivables:

June 30, 2014 \$2 June 30, 2015 —

Borga, Inc.

As of June 30, 2014, Prospect owned 100% of the equity of STI Holding, Inc. ("STI"), a Consolidated Holding Company. STI owned 100% of the equity of Borga, Inc. ("Borga"). Borga manufactures pre-engineered metal buildings and components for the agricultural and light industrial markets.

On May 6, 2005, Patriot Capital Funding, Inc. ("Patriot") (previously acquired by Prospect) provided \$14,000 in senior secured debt to Borga. The debt was comprised of \$1,000 Senior Secured Revolver, \$3,500 Senior Secured Term Loan A, \$2,500 Senior Secured Term Loan B and \$7,000 Senior Secured Term Loan C. On March 31, 2009, Borga made its final amortization payment on the Senior Secured Term Loan A. The other loans remained outstanding. Prospect owned warrants to purchase 33,750 shares of common stock in Metal Buildings Holding Corporation ("Metal Buildings"), the former holding company of Borga. Metal Buildings owned 100% of Borga.

On March 8, 2010, Prospect acquired the remaining common stock of Borga.

On January 24, 2014, Prospect contributed its holdings in Borga to STI. STI also held \$3,371 of proceeds from the sale of a minority equity interest in Smart Tuition Holdings, LLC ("SMART"). Prospect initially acquired membership interests in SMART indirectly as part of the Patriot acquisition on December 2, 2009 recording a zero cost basis for the equity investment. The \$3,371 was distributed to Prospect on May 29, 2014, of which \$3,246 was paid from earnings and profits of STI and was recognized as dividend income by Prospect. The remaining \$125 was recognized as return of capital by Prospect.

On July 1, 2014, Prospect began consolidating STI. As a result, any transactions between STI and Prospect are eliminated in consolidation and as such, transactions after July 1, 2014 are not presented below.

On August 20, 2014, Prospect sold the assets of Borga, a wholly-owned subsidiary of STI, for net proceeds of \$382 and realized a loss of \$2,589 on the sale. On December 29, 2014, Borga was dissolved.

BXC Company, Inc.

As of June 30, 2014, Prospect owned 86.7% of Series A Preferred Stock, 96.8% of Series B Preferred Stock, and 83.1% of fully diluted common stock of BXC Company, Inc. (f/k/a BXC Holding Company) ("BXC"). BXC owned 100% of the common stock of Boxercraft Incorporated ("Boxercraft").

As of July 1, 2012, the cost basis of Prospect's total debt and equity investment in Boxercraft was \$15,123, including capitalized payment-in-kind interest of \$1,466. On December 31, 2013, Boxercraft repaid \$100 of the senior secured term loan. On April 18, 2014, Prospect made a new \$300 senior secured term loan to Boxercraft. During the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2014, Prospect capitalized a total of \$804 of paid-in-kind interest and accreted a total of \$1,321 of the original purchase discount, increasing the total debt investment to \$17,448 as of June 30, 2014. Effective March 28, 2014, Prospect acquired voting control of BXC pursuant to a voting agreement and irrevocable proxy. Effective May 8, 2014, Prospect acquired control of BXC by transferring shares held by the other equity holders of BXC to Prospect pursuant to an assignment agreement entered into with such other equity holders. On July 2, 2014, Prospect made a new \$250 senior secured term loan to provide liquidity to Boxercraft.

On July 17, 2014, Prospect restructured the investments in BXC and Boxercraft. The existing Senior Secured Term Loan A and a portion of the existing Senior Secured Term Loan B were replaced with a new Senior Secured Term Loan A to Boxercraft. The remainder of the existing Senior Secured Term Loan B and the existing Senior Secured Term Loan C, Senior Secured Term Loan D, and Senior Secured Term Loan E were replaced with a new Senior Secured Term Loan B to Boxercraft. The existing Senior Secured Term Loan to Boxercraft was converted into Series D Preferred Stock in BXC.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, Prospect accrued \$5 of administrative agent fees from Boxercraft (which were recognized by Prospect as other income). On August 25, 2014, Prospect sold Boxercraft, a wholly-owned subsidiary of BXC, for net proceeds of \$750 and realized a net loss of \$16,949 on the sale. CCPI Inc.

Prospect owns 100% of the equity of CCPI Holdings Inc. ("CCPI Holdings"), a Consolidated Holding Company. CCPI Holdings owns 94.95% of the equity of CCPI Inc. ("CCPI"), with CCPI management owning the remaining 5.05% of the equity. CCPI owns 100% of each of CCPI Europe Ltd. and MEFEC B.V., and 45% of Gulf Temperature Sensors W.L.L.

On December 13, 2012, Prospect initially made a \$15,921 investment (including 467,928 common shares of Prospect at fair value of \$5,021) in CCPI Holdings, \$7,500 senior secured note and \$8,443 equity interest. The proceeds received by CCPI Holdings were partially utilized to purchase 95.13% of CCPI common stock for \$14,878. The remaining proceeds were used to pay \$395 of structuring fees from CCPI Holdings to Prospect (which were recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), \$215 for legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration, \$137 for third party expenses and \$318 was retained by CCPI Holdings for working capital. On December 13, 2012, Prospect made an additional investment of \$18,000 in CCPI senior secured debt. The proceeds of the Prospect loan along with \$14,878 of equity financing from CCPI Holdings (mentioned above) were used to purchase 95.13% of CCPI equity from the sellers for \$31,829, provide \$120 of debt financing to CCPI management (to partially fund a purchase by management of CCPI stock), fund \$180 of structuring fees from CCPI to Prospect (which were recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), pay \$548 of third-party expenses, reimburse \$12 for reimbursement of expenses paid by Prospect on behalf of CCPI (no income was recognized by Prospect) and \$189 was retained by CCPI as working capital.

During the year ended June 30, 2014, certain members of CCPI management exercised options to purchase common stock, decreasing our ownership to 94.77%. On June 13, 2014, Prospect made a new \$8,218 senior secured note to CCPI. CCPI then distributed this amount to CCPI Holdings as a return of capital which was used to pay down the \$8,216 senior secured note from CCPI Holdings to Prospect. The remaining \$2 was distributed to Prospect as a return of capital of Prospect's equity investment in CCPI Holdings.

On July 1, 2014, Prospect began consolidating CCPI Holdings. As a result, any transactions between CCPI Holdings and Prospect are eliminated in consolidation and as such, transactions after July 1, 2014 are not presented below. During the year ended June 30, 2015, CCPI repurchased 30 shares of its common stock from a former CCPI executive, decreasing the number of shares outstanding and increasing Prospect's ownership to 94.95%. In June 2015, CCPI engaged Prospect to provide certain investment banking and financial advisory services in connection with a possible transaction. As compensation for the services provided, Prospect received \$525 of advisory fees from CCPI which was recognized as other income during the year ended June 30, 2015.

In addition to the repayments noted above, the following amounts were paid from CCPI to Prospect and recorded by Prospect as repayment of loan receivable:

Year Ended June 30, 2013	\$338
Year Ended June 30, 2014	450
Year Ended June 30, 2015	450

The following dividends were declared and paid from CCPI to CCPI Holdings and recognized as dividend income by CCPI Holdings:

\mathcal{E}	
Year Ended June 30, 2013	\$794
Year Ended June 30, 2014	1,266
Year Ended June 30, 2015	

The following dividends were declared and paid from CCPI Holdings to Prospect and recognized as dividend income by Prospect:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 500
Year Ended June 30, 2015 N/A

All dividends were paid from earnings and profits of CCPI and CCPI Holdings.

The following interest payments were accrued and paid from CCPI Holdings to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$801 Year Ended June 30, 2014 1,464 Year Ended June 30, 2015 N/A

Included above, the following payment-in-kind interest from CCPI Holdings was capitalized and recognized by

Prospect as interest income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$159 Year Ended June 30, 2014 557 Year Ended June 30, 2015 N/A

The following interest payments were accrued and paid from CCPI to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest

income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$991 Year Ended June 30, 2014 1,848 Year Ended June 30, 2015 3,332

Included above, the following payment-in-kind interest from CCPI was capitalized and recognized by Prospect as

interest income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 27
Year Ended June 30, 2015 599

The following interest income recognized had not yet been paid by CCPI to Prospect and was included by Prospect within interest receivable:

June 30, 2014 \$9 June 30, 2015 —

The following royalty payments were paid from CCPI Holdings to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as other income:

 Year Ended June 30, 2013
 \$ 32

 Year Ended June 30, 2014
 71

 Year Ended June 30, 2015
 N/A

The following managerial assistance payments were paid from CCPI to Prospect and subsequently remitted to

Prospect Administration (no income was recognized by Prospect):

 Year Ended June 30, 2013
 \$132

 Year Ended June 30, 2014
 240

 Year Ended June 30, 2015
 240

The following managerial assistance payments received by Prospect had not yet been remitted to Prospect Administration and were included by Prospect within due to Prospect Administration:

June 30, 2014 \$60 June 30, 2015 60

The following payments were paid from CCPI to Prospect Administration as reimbursement for legal, tax and portfolio level accounting services provided directly to CCPI (no direct income was recognized by Prospect, but Prospect was given credit for these payments as a reduction of the administrative services costs payable by Prospect to Prospect Administration):

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$214 Year Ended June 30, 2014 249 Year Ended June 30, 2015 —

The following amounts were due from CCPI to Prospect for reimbursement of expenses paid by Prospect on behalf of CCPI and were included by Prospect within other receivables:

June 30, 2014 \$10 June 30, 2015 —

CP Energy Services Inc.

Prospect owns 100% of the equity of CP Holdings of Delaware LLC ("CP Holdings"), a Consolidated Holding Company. CP Holdings owns 82.3% of the equity of CP Energy Services Inc. ("CP Energy"), and the remaining 17.7% of the equity is owned by CP Energy management. As of June 30, 2014, CP Energy owned directly or indirectly 100% of each of CP Well Testing Services, LLC (f/k/a CP Well Testing Holding Company LLC) ("CP Well Testing"); CP Well Testing, LLC ("CP Well"); Fluid Management Services, Inc. (f/k/a Fluid Management Holdings, Inc.) ("Fluid Management"); Fluid Management Services LLC (f/k/a Fluid Management Holdings LLC); Wright Transport, Inc. (f/k/a Wright Holdings, Inc.); Wright Foster Disposals, LLC; Foster Testing Co., Inc.; ProHaul Transports, LLC; Artexoma Logistics, LLC; and Wright Trucking, Inc. Effective December 31, 2014, CP Energy underwent a corporate reorganization in order to consolidate certain of its wholly-owned subsidiaries. As of June 30, 2015, CP Energy owned directly or indirectly 100% of each of CP Well; Wright Foster Disposals, LLC; Foster Testing Co., Inc.; ProHaul Transports, LLC; and Wright Trucking, Inc. CP Energy provides oilfield flowback services and fluid hauling and disposal services through its subsidiaries.

On October 3, 2012, Prospect initially made a \$21,500 senior secured debt investment in CP Well. As part of the transaction, Prospect received \$430 of structuring fees from CP Well (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income) and \$7 was paid by CP Well to Prospect Administration for legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration.

On August 2, 2013, Prospect invested \$94,014 (including 1,918,342 unregistered shares of Prospect common stock at a fair value of \$21,006) to support the recapitalization of CP Energy where Prospect acquired a controlling interest in CP Energy.

On August 2, 2013, Prospect invested \$12,741 into CP Holdings to purchase 100% of the common stock in CP Holdings. The proceeds were used by CP Holdings to purchase 82.9% of the common stock in CP Energy for \$12,135 and pay \$606 of legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration.

On August 2, 2013, Prospect made a senior secured debt investment of \$58,773 in CP Energy. CP Energy also received \$2,505 management co-investment in exchange for 17.1% of CP Energy common stock. Total proceeds received by CP Energy of \$73,413 (including the \$12,135 of equity financing from CP Holdings mentioned above) were used to purchase 100% of the equity interests in CP Well Testing and Fluid Management for \$33,600 and \$34,576, respectively. The remaining proceeds were used by CP Energy to pay \$1,414 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income) and pay \$823 of third-party expenses, with \$3,000 retained by CP Energy for working capital.

On August 2, 2013, Prospect made an additional senior secured debt investment of \$22,500 in CP Well Testing. Total proceeds received by CP Well Testing of \$56,100 (including the \$33,600 of equity financing from CP Energy mentioned above) were used to purchase 100% of the equity interests in CP Well for \$55,650 and pay \$450 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income). After the financing, Prospect received repayment of the \$18,991 loan previously outstanding from CP Well.

On October 11, 2013, Prospect made a \$746 follow-on investment in CP Holdings to fund equity into CP Energy and made an additional senior secured loan to CP Energy of \$5,100. Management invested an additional \$154 of equity in CP Energy, and the percentage ownership of CP Energy did not change. Total proceeds of \$6,000 were used to purchase flowback equipment and expand the CP Well operations in West Texas.

On December 26, 2013, Prospect made an additional \$1,741 follow-on investment in CP Holdings to fund equity into CP Energy and made an additional senior secured loan to CP Energy of \$11,900. Management invested an additional \$359 of equity in CP Energy, and the percentage ownership of CP Energy did not change. Total proceeds of \$14,000 were used to purchase additional equipment.

On April 1, 2014, Prospect made new loans to CP Well (with Foster Testing Co., Inc.; ProHaul Transports, LLC; and Wright Trucking, Inc. as co-borrowers), two first lien loans in the amount of \$11,035 and \$72,238, and a second lien loan in the amount of \$15,000. The proceeds of these loans were used to repay CP Energy's senior secured term loan and CP Well Testing's senior secured term loan previously outstanding from Prospect.

On July 1, 2014, Prospect began consolidating CP Holdings. As a result, any transactions between CP Holdings and Prospect are eliminated in consolidation and as such, transactions after July 1, 2014 are not presented below.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, certain members of CP Energy management exercised options to purchase common stock, decreasing our ownership to 82.3%.

The following interest payments were accrued and paid from CP Energy to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 8,083
Year Ended June 30, 2015 —

The following interest payments were accrued and paid from CP Well Testing to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 1,657
Year Ended June 30, 2015 —

The following interest payments were accrued and paid from CP Well to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 4,118
Year Ended June 30, 2015 16,420

Included above, the following payment-in-kind interest from CP Well was capitalized and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 —
Year Ended June 30, 2015 2,818

The following interest income recognized had not yet been paid by CP Well to Prospect and was included by Prospect within interest receivable:

June 30, 2014 \$45 June 30, 2015 46

The following managerial assistance payments were paid from CP Energy to Prospect and subsequently remitted to Prospect Administration (no income was recognized by Prospect):

 Year Ended June 30, 2013
 \$—

 Year Ended June 30, 2014
 275

 Year Ended June 30, 2015
 300

The following managerial assistance payments received by Prospect had not yet been remitted to Prospect Administration and were included by Prospect within due to Prospect Administration:

June 30, 2014 \$75 June 30, 2015 75

The following payments were paid from CP Energy to Prospect Administration as reimbursement for legal, tax and portfolio level accounting services provided directly to CP Energy (no direct income was recognized by Prospect, but Prospect was given credit for these payments as a reduction of the administrative services costs payable to Prospect Administration):

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 609
Year Ended June 30, 2015 60

The following amounts were due from CP Energy to Prospect for reimbursement of expenses paid by Prospect on behalf of CP Energy and were included by Prospect within other receivables:

June 30, 2014 \$4 June 30, 2015 1

Credit Central Loan Company, LLC

Prospect owns 100% of the equity of Credit Central Holdings of Delaware, LLC ("Credit Central Delaware"), a Consolidated Holding Company. Credit Central Delaware owns 74.93% of the equity of Credit Central Loan Company, LLC (f/k/a Credit Central Holdings, LLC) ("Credit Central"), with entities owned by Credit Central management owning the remaining 25.07% of the equity. Credit Central owns 100% of each of Credit Central, LLC; Credit Central South, LLC; Credit Central of Texas, LLC; and Credit Central of Tennessee, LLC. Credit Central is a branch-based provider of installment loans.

On December 28, 2012, Prospect initially made a \$47,663 investment (including the fair value of 897,906 common shares of Prospect for \$9,581 on that date, which were included in the purchase cost paid to acquire Credit Central) in Credit Central Delaware, of which \$38,082 was a Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility and \$9,581 to purchase the membership interests of Credit Central Delaware. The proceeds were partially utilized to purchase 74.75% of Credit Central's membership interests for \$43,293. The remaining proceeds were used to pay \$1,440 of structuring fees from Credit Central Delaware to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), \$638 for third party expenses, \$292 for legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration and \$2,000 was retained by Credit Central Delaware for working capital. On March 28, 2014, Prospect funded an additional \$2,500 (\$2,125 to the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility and \$375 to purchase additional membership interests of Credit Central Delaware) which was utilized by Credit Central Delaware to pay a \$2,000 dividend to Prospect and \$500 was retained by Credit Central Delaware for working capital.

On June 26, 2014, Prospect made a new \$36,333 second lien term loan to Credit Central. Credit Central then distributed this amount to Credit Central Delaware as a return of capital which was used to pay down the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility from Credit Central Delaware by the same amount. The remaining amount of the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility, \$3,874, was then converted to additional membership interests in Credit Central Delaware.

On July 1, 2014, Prospect began consolidating Credit Central Delaware. As a result, any transactions between Credit Central Delaware and Prospect are eliminated in consolidation and as such, transactions after July 1, 2014 are not presented below.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, Credit Central redeemed 24,629 shares of its membership interest from former Credit Central employees, decreasing the number of shares outstanding and increasing Prospect's ownership to 74.93%.

In addition to the repayments noted above, the following amounts were paid from Credit Central to Prospect and recorded by Prospect as repayment of loan receivable:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 —
Year Ended June 30, 2015 300

The following dividends were declared and paid from Credit Central to Credit Central Delaware and recognized as dividend income by Credit Central Delaware:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$4,796 Year Ended June 30, 2014 10,431 Year Ended June 30, 2015 —

The following dividends were declared and paid from Credit Central Delaware to Prospect and recognized as dividend income by Prospect:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 4,841
Year Ended June 30, 2015 N/A

During the year ended June 30, 2015, Prospect reclassified \$159 of return of capital received from Credit Central Delaware in the year ended June 30, 2014 as dividend income.

All dividends were paid from earnings and profits of Credit Central and Credit Central Delaware.

The following interest payments were accrued and paid from Credit Central Delaware to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$3,893 Year Ended June 30, 2014 7,744 Year Ended June 30, 2015 N/A

The following interest payments were accrued and paid from Credit Central to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 101
Year Ended June 30, 2015 7,375

Included above, the following payment-in-kind interest from Credit Central was capitalized and recognized by

Prospect as interest income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 —
Year Ended June 30, 2015 300

The following interest income recognized had not yet been paid by Credit Central to Prospect and was included by

Prospect within interest receivable:

June 30, 2014 \$20 June 30, 2015 20

The following royalty payments were paid from Credit Central Delaware to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as other income:

 Year Ended June 30, 2013
 \$240

 Year Ended June 30, 2014
 521

 Year Ended June 30, 2015
 N/A

The following royalty payments were paid from Credit Central to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as other income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 —
Year Ended June 30, 2015 1,220

The following managerial assistance payments were paid from Credit Central to Prospect and subsequently remitted to Prospect Administration (no income was recognized by Prospect):

 Year Ended June 30, 2013
 \$350

 Year Ended June 30, 2014
 700

 Year Ended June 30, 2015
 700

The following managerial assistance payments received by Prospect had not yet been remitted to Prospect

Administration and were included by Prospect within due to Prospect Administration:

June 30, 2014 \$175 June 30, 2015 175

The following payments were paid from Credit Central to Prospect Administration as reimbursement for legal, tax and portfolio level accounting services provided directly to Credit Central (no direct income was recognized by Prospect,

but Prospect was given credit for these payments as a reduction of the administrative services costs payable to

Prospect Administration):

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$292 Year Ended June 30, 2014 131 Year Ended June 30, 2015 —

The following amounts were due to Credit Central from Prospect for reimbursement of expenses paid by Credit

Central on behalf of Prospect and were included by Prospect within other liabilities:

June 30, 2014 \$38 June 30, 2015 27

Echelon Aviation LLC

Prospect owns 99.02% of the membership interests of Echelon Aviation LLC ("Echelon"). Echelon owns 60.7% of the equity of AerLift Leasing Limited ("AerLift").

On March 31, 2014, Prospect initially made a \$92,628 investment in Echelon, of which \$78,521 was a Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility and \$14,107 to purchase 100% of the membership interests of Echelon. The proceeds were partially utilized to purchase 60.7% of AerLift's membership interests for \$83,657. The remaining proceeds were used to pay \$2,771 of structuring fees from Echelon to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), \$540 for third party expenses, \$664 for legal and tax services provided by Prospect Administration and \$4,996 was retained by Echelon for working capital.

During the year ended June 30, 2014, Echelon issued 57,779.44 Class B shares to the company's President, decreasing Prospect's ownership to 99.49%.

On July 1, 2014, Prospect sold a \$400 participation in the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility, equal to 0.51% of the outstanding principal amount on that date.

On September 15, 2014, Echelon made an optional partial prepayment of \$37,313 of the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility outstanding.

On September 30, 2014, Prospect made an additional \$5,800 investment in the membership interests of Echelon. During the year ended June 30, 2015, Echelon issued 54,482.06 Class B shares to the company's President, decreasing Prospect's ownership to 99.02%.

The following interest payments were accrued and paid from Echelon to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 2,809
Year Ended June 30, 2015 6,895

The following interest income recognized had not yet been paid by Echelon to Prospect and was included by Prospect within interest receivable:

June 30, 2014 \$2,809 June 30, 2015 2,412

The following managerial assistance payments were paid from Echelon to Prospect and subsequently remitted to Prospect Administration (no income was recognized by Prospect):

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 —
Year Ended June 30, 2015 313

The following managerial assistance payments received by Prospect had not yet been remitted to Prospect Administration and were included by Prospect within due to Prospect Administration:

June 30, 2014 \$—
June 30, 2015 63

The following managerial assistance recognized had not yet been paid by Echelon to Prospect and was included by Prospect within other receivables and due to Prospect Administration:

June 30, 2014 \$63 June 30, 2015 —

The following payments were paid from Echelon to Prospect Administration as reimbursement for legal, tax and portfolio level accounting services provided directly to Echelon (no direct income was recognized by Prospect, but Prospect was given credit for these payments as a reduction of the administrative services costs payable by Prospect to Prospect Administration):

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 664
Year Ended June 30, 2015 211

The following amounts were due from Echelon to Prospect for reimbursement of expenses paid by Prospect on behalf of Echelon and were included by Prospect within other receivables:

June 30, 2014 \$78 June 30, 2015 30

Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC

Prospect owns 37.1% of the equity of Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC ("Edmentum Holdings"). Edmentum Holdings owns 100% of the equity of Edmentum, Inc. ("Edmentum"). Edmentum is the largest all subscription based, software as a service provider of online curriculum and assessments to the U.S. education market. Edmentum provides high-value, comprehensive online solutions that support educators to successfully transition learners from one stage to the next.

On May 17, 2012, Prospect initially made a \$50,000 second lien term loan to Edmentum.

On June 9, 2015, Prospect provided additional debt and equity financing to support the recapitalization of Edmentum. As part of the recapitalization, Prospect exchanged 100% of the \$50,000 second lien term loan previously outstanding for \$26,365 of junior PIK notes and 370,964.14 Class A common units representing 37.1% equity ownership in Edmentum Holdings. In addition, Prospect invested \$5,875 in senior PIK notes and committed \$7,834 as part of a second lien revolving credit facility, of which \$4,896 was funded at closing. On June 9, 2015, we determined that the impairment of Edmentum was other-than-temporary and recorded a realized loss of \$22,116 for the amount that the amortized cost exceeded the fair value, reducing the amortized cost to \$37,216.

Prospect owns 100% of the equity of Energy Solutions Holdings Inc. (f/k/a Gas Solutions Holdings Inc.) ("Energy Solutions"), a Consolidated Holding Company. Energy Solutions owns 100% of each of Change Clean Energy Company, LLC (f/k/a Change Clean Energy Holdings, LLC) ("Change Clean"); Freedom Marine Solutions, LLC (f/k/a Freedom Marine Services Holdings, LLC) ("Freedom Marine"); and Yatesville Coal Company, LLC (f/k/a Yatesville Coal Holdings, LLC) ("Yatesville"). Change Clean owns 100% of each of Change Clean Energy, LLC and Down East Power Company, LLC, and 50.1% of BioChips LLC. Freedom Marine owns 100% of each of Vessel Company, LLC (f/k/a Vessel Holdings, LLC) ("Vessel"); Vessel Company II, LLC (f/k/a Vessel Holdings II, LLC) ("Vessel II"); and Vessel Company III, LLC (f/k/a Vessel Holdings III, LLC) ("Vessel III"). Yatesville owns 100% of North Fork Collieries, LLC.

Energy Solutions owns interests in companies operating in the energy sector. These include companies operating offshore supply vessels, ownership of a non-operating biomass electrical generation plant and several coal mines. Energy Solutions subsidiaries formerly owned interests in gathering and processing business in east Texas. As of July 1, 2011, the cost basis of Prospect's investment in Energy Solutions, including debt and equity, was \$42,003. In December 2011, Prospect completed a reorganization of Gas Solutions Holdings Inc. renaming the company Energy Solutions and transferring ownership of other operating companies owned by Prospect and operating within the energy industry. As part of the reorganization, Prospect transferred its debt and equity interests with cost basis of \$2,540 in Change Clean Energy Holdings, Inc. and Change Clean Energy, Inc. to Change Clean; \$12,504 in Freedom Marine Holdings, Inc. to Freedom Marine; and \$1,449 of Yatesville Coal Holdings, Inc. to Yatesville, Each of these entities is wholly owned (directly or indirectly) by Energy Solutions. On December 28, 2011, Prospect made a follow-on \$1,250 equity investment in Energy Solutions and a \$3,500 debt investment in Vessel. On January 4, 2012, Energy Solutions sold its gas gathering and processing assets held in Gas Solutions II Ltd. ("Gas Solutions") for a potential sale price of \$199,805, adjusted for the final working capital settlement, including a potential earn-out of \$28,000 that may be paid based on the future performance of Gas Solutions. After expenses, including structuring fees of \$9,966 paid to Prospect, and \$3,152 of third-party expenses, Gas Solutions LP LLC and Gas Solutions GP LLC, subsidiaries of Gas Solutions, received \$157,100 and \$1,587 in cash, respectively, and subsequently distributed these amounts, \$158,687 in total, to Energy Solutions. The sale of Gas Solutions by Energy Solutions resulted in significant earnings and profits, as defined by the Code, at Energy Solutions for calendar year 2012. In accordance with ASC 946, the distributions Prospect received from Energy Solutions during calendar year 2012 were required to be recognized as dividend income, as there were current year earnings and profits sufficient to support such recognition. As a result, we recognized dividends of \$53,820 from Energy Solutions during the year ended June 30, 2013. No such dividends were received from Energy Solutions during the year ended June 30, 2014. During the year ended June 30, 2013, Energy Solutions repaid \$28,500 of senior and subordinated secured debt due to Prospect. In addition to the repayment of principal, Prospect received \$19,543 of make-whole fees for early repayment of the outstanding loan receivables, which was recorded as additional interest income during the year ended June 30, 2013.

On November 25, 2013, Prospect restructured its investment in Freedom Marine. The \$12,504 subordinated secured loan to Jettco Marine Services, LLC, a subsidiary of Freedom Marine, was replaced with a senior secured note to Vessel II. On December 3, 2013, Prospect made a \$16,000 senior secured investment in Vessel III. Overall, the restructuring of Prospect's investment in Freedom Marine provided approximately \$16,000 net new senior secured debt financing to support the acquisition of two new vessels. Prospect received \$2,480 of structuring fees from Energy Solutions related to the Freedom Marine restructuring which was recognized as other income.

During the year ended June 30, 2014, Energy Solutions repaid the remaining \$8,500 of the subordinated secured debt due to Prospect. In addition to the repayment of principal, Prospect received \$4,812 of make-whole fees for early repayment of the outstanding loan receivables, which was recorded as additional interest income during the year ended June 30, 2014.

On November 28, 2012 and January 1, 2014, Prospect received \$475 and \$25 of litigation settlement proceeds related to Change Clean and recorded a reduction in its equity investment cost basis for Energy Solutions, respectively.

On June 4, 2014, Gas Solutions GP LLC and Gas Solutions LP LLC merged with and into Freedom Marine, with Freedom Marine as the surviving entity.

On July 1, 2014, Prospect began consolidating Energy Solutions. As a result, any transactions between Energy Solutions and Prospect are eliminated in consolidation and as such, transactions after July 1, 2014 are not presented below. Transactions between Prospect and Freedom Marine are separately discussed below under "Freedom Marine Solutions, LLC."

During the three months ended December 31, 2014, Prospect determined that the impairments of Change Clean and Yatesville were other-than-temporary and recorded a realized loss of \$1,449, reducing the amortized cost to zero. The following interest payments, including prepayment penalty fees, were accrued and paid from Energy Solutions to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$24,172 Year Ended June 30, 2014 5,368 Year Ended June 30, 2015 N/A

The following managerial assistance payments were paid from Energy Solutions to Prospect and subsequently remitted to Prospect Administration (no income was recognized by Prospect):

 Year Ended June 30, 2013
 \$180

 Year Ended June 30, 2014
 180

 Year Ended June 30, 2015
 N/A

The following managerial assistance payments received by Prospect had not yet been remitted to Prospect

Administration and were included by Prospect within due to Prospect Administration:

June 30, 2014 \$45 June 30, 2015 N/A

The following payments were paid from Energy Solutions to Prospect Administration as reimbursement for legal, tax and portfolio level accounting services provided directly to Energy Solutions (no direct income was recognized by Prospect, but Prospect was given credit for these payments as a reduction of the administrative services costs payable by Prospect to Prospect Administration):

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$118

Year Ended June 30, 2014 —

Year Ended June 30, 2015 N/A

First Tower Finance Company LLC

Prospect owns 100% of the equity of First Tower Holdings of Delaware LLC ("First Tower Delaware"), a Consolidated Holding Company. First Tower Delaware owns 80.1% of First Tower Finance Company LLC (f/k/a First Tower Holdings LLC) ("First Tower Finance"). First Tower Finance owns 100% of First Tower, LLC ("First Tower"), a multiline specialty finance company.

On June 15, 2012, Prospect made a \$287,953 investment (including 14,518,207 common shares of Prospect at a fair value of \$160,571) in First Tower Delaware, of which \$244,760 was a Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility and \$43,193 of membership interest in First Tower Delaware. The proceeds were utilized by First Tower Delaware to purchase 80.1% of the membership interests in First Tower Finance for \$282,968. The remaining proceeds at First Tower Delaware were used to pay \$4,038 of structuring fees from First Tower Delaware to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), \$940 of legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration, and \$7 of third party expenses. Prospect received an additional \$4,038 of structuring fees from First Tower (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income). Management purchased the additional 19.9% of First Tower Finance common stock for \$70,300. The combined proceeds received by First Tower Finance of \$353,268 (\$282,968 equity financing from First Tower Delaware mentioned above and \$70,300 equity financing from management) were used to purchase 100% of the common stock of First Tower for \$338,042, pay \$11,188 of third-party expenses and \$4,038 of structuring fees from First Tower mentioned above (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income).

On October 18, 2012, Prospect made an additional \$20,000 investment through the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility, \$12,008 of which was invested by First Tower Delaware in First Tower Finance as equity and \$7,992 of which was retained by First Tower Delaware as working capital. On December 30, 2013, Prospect funded an additional \$10,000 into First Tower Delaware, \$8,500 through the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility and \$1,500 through the purchase of additional membership interests in First Tower Delaware. \$8,000 of the proceeds were utilized by First Tower Delaware to pay structuring fees to Prospect for the renegotiation and expansion of First Tower's third-party revolver, and \$2,000 of the proceeds were retained by First Tower Delaware for working capital. On June 24, 2014, Prospect made a new \$251,246 second lien term loan to First Tower. First Tower distributed this amount to First Tower Finance, which distributed this amount to First Tower Delaware as a return of capital. First Tower Delaware used the distribution to partially pay down the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility. The remaining \$23,712 of the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility was then converted to additional membership interests held by Prospect in First Tower Delaware.

On July 1, 2014, Prospect began consolidating First Tower Delaware. As a result, any transactions between First Tower Delaware and Prospect are eliminated in consolidation and as such, transactions after July 1, 2014 are not presented below.

The following cash distributions were declared and paid from First Tower Finance to First Tower Delaware and recognized as a return of capital by First Tower Delaware:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$31,918 Year Ended June 30, 2014 14,912 Year Ended June 30, 2015 —

The following dividends were declared and paid from First Tower Finance to First Tower Delaware and recognized as dividend income by First Tower Delaware:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$54,035 Year Ended June 30, 2014 36,064 Year Ended June 30, 2015 —

During the year ended June 30, 2015, Prospect reclassified \$1,929 of return of capital received from First Tower Finance in prior periods as dividend income.

All dividends were paid from earnings and profits of First Tower Finance.

The following interest payments were accrued and paid from First Tower Delaware to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$52,476 Year Ended June 30, 2014 53,489 Year Ended June 30, 2015 N/A

Included above, the following payment-in-kind interest from First Tower Delaware was capitalized and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 1,698
Year Ended June 30, 2015 N/A

The following interest payments were accrued and paid from First Tower to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 831
Year Ended June 30, 2015 52,900

Included above, the following payment-in-kind interest from First Tower was capitalized and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 —
Year Ended June 30, 2015 332

The following interest income recognized had not yet been paid by First Tower to Prospect and was included by

Prospect within interest receivable:

June 30, 2014 \$119 June 30, 2015 4,612

The following royalty payments were paid from First Tower Delaware to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as other income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$2,426 Year Ended June 30, 2014 2,560 Year Ended June 30, 2015 N/A

The following managerial assistance payments were paid from First Tower Delaware to Prospect and subsequently remitted to Prospect Administration (no income was recognized by Prospect):

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$2,520 Year Ended June 30, 2014 2,400 Year Ended June 30, 2015 N/A

At June 30, 2014, \$600 of managerial assistance received by Prospect had not yet been remitted to Prospect Administration and was included by Prospect within due to Prospect Administration.

The following managerial assistance payments were accrued and paid from First Tower Delaware to Prospect Administration and recognized by Prospect as an expense:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 —
Year Ended June 30, 2015 2,400

At June 30, 2015, \$600 of managerial assistance recognized had not yet been paid by First Tower Delaware to Prospect Administration and was included by Prospect within due to Prospect Administration.

The following payments were paid from First Tower Delaware to Prospect Administration as reimbursement for legal, tax and portfolio level accounting services provided directly to First Tower Delaware (no direct income was recognized by Prospect, but Prospect was given credit for these payments as a reduction of the administrative services costs payable by Prospect to Prospect Administration):

 Year Ended June 30, 2013
 \$4

 Year Ended June 30, 2014
 243

 Year Ended June 30, 2015
 N/A

The following amounts were due from First Tower to Prospect for reimbursement of expenses paid by Prospect on behalf of First Tower and were included by Prospect within other receivables:

June 30, 2014 \$37 June 30, 2015 20

Freedom Marine Solutions, LLC

As discussed above, Prospect owns 100% of the equity of Energy Solutions, a Consolidated Holding

Company. Energy Solutions owns 100% of Freedom Marine. Freedom Marine owns 100% of each of Vessel, Vessel II, and Vessel III.

As of July 1, 2014, the cost basis of Prospect's total debt and equity investment in Freedom Marine was \$39,811, which consisted of the following: \$3,500 senior secured note to Vessel; \$12,504 senior secured note to Vessel II; \$16,000 senior secured note to Vessel III; and \$7,807 of equity.

On December 29, 2014, Freedom Marine reached a settlement for and received \$5,174, net of third party obligations, related to the contingent earn-out from the sale of Gas Solutions in January 2012 which was retained by Freedom Marine. This is a final settlement and no further payments are expected from the sale. (See "Energy Solutions Holdings Inc." above for more information related to the sale of Gas Solutions.)

The following interest payments were accrued and paid from Vessel to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$637 Year Ended June 30, 2014 641 Year Ended June 30, 2015 639

The following interest income recognized had not yet been paid by Vessel to Prospect and was included by Prospect within interest receivable:

June 30, 2014 \$2 June 30, 2015 2

The following interest payments were accrued and paid from Vessel II to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 Year Ended June 30, 2014 1,023 Year Ended June 30, 2015 1.713

The following interest income recognized had not yet been paid by Vessel II to Prospect and was included by Prospect within interest receivable:

June 30, 2014 \$5 5 June 30, 2015

The following interest payments were accrued and paid from Vessel III to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$---Year Ended June 30, 2014 1,213 2.109 Year Ended June 30, 2015

The following interest income recognized had not yet been paid by Vessel III to Prospect and was included by

Prospect within interest receivable:

June 30, 2014 \$6 June 30, 2015 6

The following managerial assistance payments were paid from Freedom Marine to Prospect and subsequently remitted to Prospect Administration (no income was recognized by Prospect):

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$-Year Ended June 30, 2014 Year Ended June 30, 2015 300

The following managerial assistance payments received by Prospect had not yet been remitted to Prospect Administration and were included by Prospect within due to Prospect Administration:

June 30, 2014 \$—
June 30, 2015 75

The following payments were paid from Freedom Marine to Prospect Administration as reimbursement for legal, tax and portfolio level accounting services provided directly to Freedom Marine (no direct income was recognized by Prospect, but Prospect was given credit for these payments as a reduction of the administrative services costs payable by Prospect to Prospect Administration):

 Year Ended June 30, 2013
 \$1

 Year Ended June 30, 2014
 38

 Year Ended June 30, 2015
 115

The following amounts were due from Freedom Marine to Prospect for reimbursement of expenses paid by Prospect on behalf of Freedom Marine and were included by Prospect within other receivables:

June 30, 2014 \$1 June 30, 2015 3

Gulf Coast Machine & Supply Company

Prospect owns 100% of the preferred equity of Gulf Coast Machine & Supply Company ("Gulf Coast"). Gulf Coast is a provider of value-added forging solutions to energy and industrial end markets.

On October 12, 2012, Prospect initially made a \$42,000 first lien term loan to Gulf Coast, of which \$840 was used to pay structuring fees from Gulf Coast to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income). During the year ended June 30, 2013, Gulf Coast repaid \$787 of the first lien term loan.

Between July 1, 2013 and November 8, 2013, Gulf Coast repaid \$263 of the first lien term loan, leaving a balance of \$40,950. On November 8, 2013, Gulf Coast issued \$25,950 of convertible preferred stock to Prospect (representing 99.9% of the voting securities of Gulf Coast) in exchange for crediting the same amount to the first lien term loan previously outstanding, leaving a first lien loan balance of \$15,000. Prior to this conversion, Prospect was just a lender to Gulf Coast and the investment was not a controlled investment. On November 29, 2013 and December 16, 2013, Prospect provided an additional \$1,000 and \$1,500, respectively, to fund working capital needs, increasing the first lien loan balance to \$17,500.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, Prospect made an additional \$8,500 investment in the first lien term loan to Gulf Coast to fund capital improvements to key forging equipment and other liquidity needs.

The following interest payments were accrued and paid from Gulf Coast to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 1,449
Year Ended June 30, 2015 1,370

The following interest income recognized had not yet been paid by Gulf Coast to Prospect and was included by Prospect within interest receivable:

June 30, 2014 \$6 June 30, 2015 —

The following amounts were due from Gulf Coast to Prospect for reimbursement of expenses paid by Prospect on behalf of Gulf Coast and were included by Prospect within other receivables:

June 30, 2014 \$342 June 30, 2015 1

Harbortouch Payments, LLC

Prospect owns 100% of the equity of Harbortouch Holdings of Delaware Inc. ("Harbortouch Delaware"), a Consolidated Holding Company. Harbortouch Delaware owns 100% of the Class C voting units of Harbortouch Payments, LLC ("Harbortouch"), which provide for a 53.5% residual profits allocation. Harbortouch management owns 100% of the Class B and D voting units of Harbortouch, which provide for a 46.5% residual profits allocation. Harbortouch owns 100% of Credit Card Processing USA, LLC. Harbortouch is a provider of transaction processing services and point-of sale equipment used by merchants across the United States.

On March 31, 2014, Prospect made a \$147,898 investment (including 2,306,294 common shares of Prospect at a fair value of \$24,908) in Harbortouch Delaware. Of this amount, \$123,000 was loaned in exchanged for a subordinated note and \$24,898 was an equity contribution. Harbortouch Delaware utilized \$137,972 to purchase 100% of the Harbortouch Class A voting preferred units which provided an 11% preferred return and a 53.5% interest in the residual profits. Harbortouch Delaware used the remaining proceeds to pay \$4,920 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), \$1,761 for legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration and \$3,245 was retained by Harbortouch Delaware for working capital. Additionally, on March 31, 2014, Prospect provided Harbortouch a senior secured loan of \$130,796. Prospect received a structuring fee of \$2,616 from Harbortouch (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income).

On April 1, 2014, Prospect made a new \$137,226 senior secured term loan to Harbortouch. Harbortouch then distributed this amount to Harbortouch Delaware as a return of capital which was used to pay down the \$123,000 senior secured note from Harbortouch Delaware to Prospect. The remaining \$14,226 was distributed to Prospect as a return of capital of Prospect's equity investment in Harbortouch Delaware.

On July 1, 2014, Prospect began consolidating Harbortouch Delaware. As a result, any transactions between Harbortouch Delaware and Prospect are eliminated in consolidation and as such, transactions after July 1, 2014 are not presented below.

On September 30, 2014, Prospect made a new \$26,431 senior secured term loan to Harbortouch to support an acquisition. As part of the transaction, Prospect received \$529 of structuring fees (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income) and \$50 of amendment fees (which was recognized by Prospect as amendment fee income). On December 19, 2014, Prospect made an additional \$1,291 equity investment in Harbortouch Class C voting units. This amount was deferred consideration stipulated in the original agreement.

In addition to the repayments noted above, the following amounts were paid from Harbortouch to Prospect and recorded by Prospect as repayment of loan receivable:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 —
Year Ended June 30, 2015 5,371

The following cash distributions were declared and paid from Harbortouch to Harbortouch Holdings and recognized as a return of capital by Harbortouch Holdings:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$-Year Ended June 30, 2014 — Year Ended June 30, 2015 55

The following interest payments were accrued and paid from Harbortouch Delaware to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 55
Year Ended June 30, 2015 N/A

The following interest payments were accrued and paid from Harbortouch to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 6,824
Year Ended June 30, 2015 29,834

Included above, the following payment-in-kind interest from Harbortouch was capitalized and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 —
Year Ended June 30, 2015 7,652

The following interest income recognized had not yet been paid by Harbortouch to Prospect and was included by Prospect within interest receivable:

June 30, 2014 \$1,962 June 30, 2015 2,077

The following managerial assistance payments were paid from Harbortouch to Prospect and subsequently remitted to Prospect Administration (no income was recognized by Prospect):

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 125
Year Ended June 30, 2015 500

The following managerial assistance payments received by Prospect had not yet been remitted to Prospect

Administration and were included by Prospect within due to Prospect Administration:

June 30, 2014 \$125 June 30, 2015 125

The following payments were paid from Harbortouch to Prospect Administration as reimbursement for legal, tax and portfolio level accounting services provided directly to Harbortouch (no direct income was recognized by Prospect, but Prospect was given credit for these payments as a reduction of the administrative services costs payable by Prospect to Prospect Administration):

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 1,761
Year Ended June 30, 2015 46

Manx Energy, Inc.

As of June 30, 2014, Prospect owned 41% of the equity of Manx Energy, Inc. ("Manx"). Manx was formed on January 19, 2010 for the purpose of rolling up the assets of existing Prospect portfolio companies, Coalbed, LLC ("Coalbed"), Appalachian Energy LLC (f/k/a Appalachian Energy Holdings, LLC) ("AEH") and Kinley Exploration LLC. The three companies were combined under new common management.

On January 19, 2010, Prospect made a \$2,800 investment at closing to Manx to provide for working capital. On the same date, Prospect exchanged \$2,100 and \$4,500 of the loans to AEH and Coalbed, respectively, for Manx preferred equity, and Prospect's AEH equity interest was converted into Manx common stock. There was no change to fair value at the time of restructuring, and Prospect continued to fully reserve any income accrued for Manx. On October 15, 2010 and May 26, 2011, Prospect increased its loan to Manx in the amount of \$500 and \$250, respectively, to provide additional working capital. As of June 30, 2011, the cost basis of Prospect's investment in Manx, including debt and equity, was \$19,019.

On June 30, 2012, AEH and Coalbed loans held by Manx with a cost basis of \$7,991 were removed from Manx and contributed by Prospect to Wolf Energy Holdings Inc., a separate holding company wholly owned by Prospect. During the three months ended June 30, 2013, Prospect determined that the impairment of Manx was other-than-temporary and recorded a realized loss of \$9,397 for the amount that the amortized cost exceeded the fair value, reducing the amortized cost to \$500. During the year ended June 30, 2014, Manx repaid \$450 of the senior secured note. During the three months ended December 31, 2014, Manx was dissolved and Prospect recorded a realized loss of \$50, reducing the amortized cost to zero.

MITY, Inc.

Prospect owns 100% of the equity of MITY Holdings of Delaware Inc. ("MITY Delaware"), a Consolidated Holding Company. MITY Delaware holds 94.99% of the equity of MITY, Inc. (f/k/a MITY Enterprises, Inc.) ("MITY"), with management of MITY owning the remaining 5.01% of the equity of MITY. MITY owns 100% of each of MITY-Lite, Inc. ("MITY-Lite"); Broda USA, Inc. (f/k/a Broda Enterprises USA, Inc.) ("Broda USA"); and Broda Enterprises ULC ("Broda Canada"). MITY is a designer, manufacturer and seller of multipurpose room furniture and specialty healthcare seating products.

On September 19, 2013, Prospect made a \$29,735 investment in MITY Delaware, of which \$22,792 was a senior secured debt to MITY Delaware and \$6,943 was a capital contribution to the equity of MITY Delaware. The proceeds were partially utilized to purchase 97.7% of MITY common stock for \$21,027. The remaining proceeds were used to issue a \$7,200 note from Broda Canada to MITY Delaware, pay \$684 of structuring fees from MITY Delaware to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), \$311 for legal services provided by attorneys employed by Prospect Administration and \$513 was retained by MITY Delaware for working capital.

On September 19, 2013, Prospect made an additional \$18,250 senior secured debt investment in MITY. The proceeds

were used to repay existing third-party indebtedness, pay \$365 of structuring fees from MITY to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), pay \$1,143 of third party expenses and \$2,580 was retained by MITY for working capital. Members of management of MITY purchased additional shares of common stock of MITY, reducing MITY Delaware's ownership to 94.99%. MITY, MITY-Lite and Broda USA are joint borrowers on the senior secured debt of MITY.

On June 23, 2014, Prospect made a new \$15,769 debt investment in MITY and MITY distributed proceeds to MITY Delaware as a return of capital. MITY Delaware used this distribution to pay down the senior secured debt of MITY Delaware to Prospect by the same amount. The remaining amount of the senior secured debt due from MITY Delaware to Prospect, \$7,200, was then contributed to the capital of MITY Delaware. On June 23, 2014, Prospect also extended a new \$7,500 senior secured revolving facility to MITY, which was unfunded at closing.

On July 1, 2014, Prospect began consolidating MITY Delaware. As a result, any transactions between MITY Delaware and Prospect are eliminated in consolidation and as such, transactions after July 1, 2014 are not presented below.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, Prospect funded \$2,500 of MITY's senior secured revolving facility, which MITY fully repaid during that time.

The following cash distributions were declared and paid from MITY to MITY Delaware and recognized as a return of capital by MITY Delaware:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 884
Year Ended June 30, 2015 —

The following dividends were declared and paid from MITY to MITY Delaware and recognized as dividend income by MITY Delaware:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 861
Year Ended June 30, 2015 —

All dividends were paid from earnings and profits of MITY.

The following interest payments were accrued and paid from MITY Delaware to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 3,177
Year Ended June 30, 2015 N/A

Included above, the following payment-in-kind interest from MITY Delaware was capitalized and recognized by

Prospect as interest income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 177
Year Ended June 30, 2015 N/A

The following interest payments were accrued and paid from MITY to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest

income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 1,516
Year Ended June 30, 2015 5,146

Included above, the following payment-in-kind interest from MITY was capitalized and recognized by Prospect as

interest income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 —
Year Ended June 30, 2015 532

The following interest income recognized had not yet been paid by MITY to Prospect and was included by Prospect

within interest receivable:

June 30, 2014 \$14 June 30, 2015 14

The following interest payments were accrued and paid from Broda Canada to MITY Delaware and recognized by

Prospect as interest income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 —
Year Ended June 30, 2015 637

During the year ended June 30, 2015, there was an unfavorable fluctuation in the foreign currency exchange rate and

MITY Delaware recognized \$5 of realized loss related to its investment in Broda Canada.

The following managerial assistance payments were paid from MITY to Prospect and subsequently remitted to

Prospect Administration (no income was recognized by Prospect):

 Year Ended June 30, 2013
 \$—

 Year Ended June 30, 2014
 225

 Year Ended June 30, 2015
 310

The following managerial assistance payments received by Prospect had not yet been remitted to Prospect

Administration and were included by Prospect within due to Prospect Administration:

June 30, 2014 \$75 June 30, 2015 75

The following managerial assistance recognized had not yet been paid by MITY to Prospect and was included by Prospect within other receivables and due to Prospect Administration:

June 30, 2014 \$10 June 30, 2015 —

The following payments were paid from MITY to Prospect Administration as reimbursement for legal, tax and portfolio level accounting services provided directly to MITY (no direct income was recognized by Prospect, but Prospect was given credit for these payments as a reduction of the administrative services costs payable by Prospect to Prospect Administration):

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 495
Year Ended June 30, 2015 121

The following amounts were due to MITY from Prospect for reimbursement of expenses paid by MITY on behalf of Prospect and were included within other liabilities:

June 30, 2014 \$5 June 30, 2015 1

National Property REIT Corp.

Prospect owns 100% of the equity of NPH Property Holdings, LLC ("NPH"), a Consolidated Holding Company. NPH owns 100% of the common equity of National Property REIT Corp. (f/k/a National Property Holdings Corp.) ("NPRC"). NPRC is a Maryland corporation and a qualified REIT for federal income tax purposes. In order to qualify as a REIT, NPRC issued 125 shares of Series A Cumulative Non-Voting Preferred Stock to 125 accredited investors. The preferred stockholders are entitled to receive cumulative dividends semi-annually at an annual rate of 12.5% and do not have the ability to participate in the management or operation of NPRC.

NPRC was formed to hold for investment, operate, finance, lease, manage, and sell a portfolio of real estate assets and engage in any and all other activities as may be necessary, incidental or convenient to carry out the foregoing. NPRC acquires real estate assets, including, but not limited to, industrial, commercial, and multi-family properties. NPRC may acquire real estate assets directly or through joint ventures by making a majority equity investment in a property-owning entity (the "JV"). Additionally, through its wholly-owned subsidiaries, NPRC invests in online consumer loans.

On December 31, 2013, APRC distributed its majority interests in five JVs holding real estate assets to APH. APH then distributed these JV interests to Prospect in a transaction characterized as a return of capital. Prospect, on the same day, contributed certain of these JV interests to NPH and the remainder to UPH (each wholly-owned subsidiaries of Prospect). Each of NPH and UPH immediately thereafter contributed these JV interests to NPRC and UPRC, respectively. The total investments in the JVs transferred to NPH and from NPH to NPRC consisted of \$79,309 and \$16,315 of debt and equity financing, respectively. There was no material gain or loss realized on these transactions.

On December 31, 2013, Prospect made a \$10,620 investment in NPH, of which \$8,800 was a Senior Term Loan and \$1,820 was used to purchase additional membership interests of NPH. The proceeds were utilized by NPH to purchase additional NPRC common equity for \$10,620. The proceeds were utilized by NPRC to purchase a 93.0% ownership interest in APH Carroll Bartram Park, LLC for \$10,288 and to pay \$113 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), with \$219 retained by NPRC for working capital. The JV was purchased for \$38,000 which included debt financing and minority interest of \$28,500 and \$774, respectively. The remaining proceeds were used to pay \$206 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), \$1,038 of third party expenses, \$5 of legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration, and \$304 of prepaid assets, with \$9 retained by the JV for working capital.

Between January 7, 2014 and March 13, 2014, Prospect made a \$14,000 investment in NPH, of which \$11,900 was a Senior Term Loan and \$2,100 was used to purchase additional membership interests of NPH. The proceeds were utilized by certain of NPRC's wholly-owned subsidiaries to purchase online consumer loans from a third party.

On January 31, 2014, Prospect made a \$4,805 investment in NPH, of which \$4,000 was a Senior Term Loan and \$805 used to purchase additional membership interests of NPH. The proceeds were utilized by NPH to purchase additional NPRC common equity for \$4,805. The proceeds were utilized by NPRC to purchase a 93.0% ownership interest in APH Carroll Atlantic Beach, LLC for \$4,603 and to pay \$52 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), with \$150 retained by NPRC for working capital. The JV was purchased for \$13,025 which included debt financing and minority interest of \$9,118 and \$346, respectively. The remaining proceeds were used to pay \$92 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), \$681 of third party expenses, \$7 of legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration, and \$182 of prepaid assets, with \$80 retained by the JV for working capital.

Effective April 1, 2014, Prospect made a new \$104,460 senior term loan to NPRC. NPRC then distributed this amount to NPH as a return of capital which was used to pay down the Senior Term Loan from NPH by the same amount. Between April 3, 2014 and May 21, 2014, Prospect made an \$11,000 investment in NPH and NPRC, of which \$9,350 was a Senior Term Loan to NPRC and \$1,650 was used to purchase additional membership interests of NPH. The proceeds were utilized by NPH to purchase additional NPRC common equity for \$1,650. The proceeds were utilized by certain of NPRC's wholly-owned subsidiaries to purchase online consumer loans from a third party.

On July 1, 2014, Prospect began consolidating NPH. As a result, any transactions between NPH and Prospect are eliminated in consolidation and as such, transactions after July 1, 2014 are not presented below.

On October 23, 2014, UPRC transferred its investment in Michigan Storage, LLC to NPRC. As a result, Prospect's investments in UPRC related to these properties also transferred to NPRC. The investments transferred consisted of \$1,281 of equity and \$9,444 of debt. There was no gain or loss realized on the transaction.

On November 26, 2014, APRC transferred its investment in APH Carroll Resort, LLC to NPRC and the investment was renamed NPRC Carroll Resort, LLC. As a result, Prospect's investments in APRC related to this property also transferred to NPRC. The investments transferred consisted of \$10,237 of equity and \$65,586 of debt. There was no gain or loss realized on the transaction.

On January 16, 2015, Prospect made a \$13,871 investment in NPRC, of which \$11,810 was a Senior Term Loan directly to NPRC and \$2,061 was used to purchase additional common equity of NPRC through NPH. The proceeds were utilized by NPRC to purchase additional ownership interest in Michigan Storage, LLC (which was originally purchased by UPRC and transferred to NPRC, as discussed below) for \$13,854, with \$17 retained by NPRC for working capital. The minority interest holder also invested an additional \$2,445 in the JV. With additional debt financing of \$12,602, the total proceeds were used by the JV to purchase five additional properties for \$26,405. The remaining proceeds were used to pay \$276 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), \$1,762 of third party expenses, \$65 in pre-funded capital expenditures, and \$393 of prepaid assets.

On March 17, 2015, Prospect entered into a new credit agreement with ACL Loan Holdings, Inc. ("ACLLH"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of NPRC, to form two new tranches of senior secured term loans, Term Loan A and Term Loan B, with the same terms as the existing NPRC Term Loan A and Term Loan B due to Prospect. The agreement was effective as of June 30, 2014. On June 30, 2014, ACLLH made a non-cash return of capital distribution of \$22,390 to NPRC and NPRC transferred and assigned to ACLLH a senior secured Term Loan A due to Prospect. On May 1, 2015, APRC transferred its investment in 5100 Live Oaks Blvd, LLC to NPRC. As a result, Prospect's investments in APRC related to this property also transferred to NPRC. The investments transferred consisted of \$2,748 of equity and \$29,990 of debt. There was no gain or loss realized on the transaction.

On May 6, 2015, Prospect made a \$252 investment in NPRC, of which \$236 was a Senior Term Loan and \$16 was used to purchase additional common equity of NPRC through NPH. The proceeds were utilized by NPRC to purchase additional ownership interest in 5100 Live Oaks Blvd, LLC for \$252. The minority interest holder also invested an additional \$6 in the JV. The proceeds were used by the JV to fund \$258 of capital expenditures.

On June 2, 2015, Prospect amended the credit agreement with NPRC to form two new tranches of senior secured term loans, Term Loan C and Term Loan D, with the same terms as the existing ACLLH Term Loan A and Term Loan B due to Prospect. The amendment was effective as of April 1, 2015.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, Prospect made thirty-six follow-on investments in NPRC totaling \$224,200 to support the online consumer lending initiative. Prospect invested \$52,350 of equity through NPH and \$171,850 of

debt directly to NPRC and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. In addition, during the year ended June 30, 2015, Prospect received partial repayments of \$32,883 of the loans previously outstanding and \$5,577 as a return of capital on the equity investment in NPRC.

The following dividends were declared and paid from NPRC to NPH (partially via a wholly-owned subsidiary of NPH) and recognized as dividend income by NPH:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 2,696
Year Ended June 30, 2015 —

All dividends were paid from earnings and profits of NPRC.

The following interest payments were accrued and paid by NPH to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 2,838
Year Ended June 30, 2015 N/A

Included above, the following payment-in-kind interest from NPH was capitalized and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 432
Year Ended June 30, 2015 N/A

The following interest payments were accrued and paid by NPRC to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 3,135
Year Ended June 30, 2015 23,869

Included above, the following payment-in-kind interest from NPRC was capitalized and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 18
Year Ended June 30, 2015 3,056

The following interest income recognized had not yet been paid by NPRC to Prospect and was included by Prospect within interest receivable:

June 30, 2014 \$— June 30, 2015 116

The following interest payments were accrued and paid by ACLLH to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 —
Year Ended June 30, 2015 6,742

Included above, the following payment-in-kind interest from ACLLH was capitalized and recognized by Prospect as interest income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 —
Year Ended June 30, 2015 816

The following interest income recognized had not yet been paid by ACLLH to Prospect and was included by Prospect within interest receivable:

June 30, 2014 \$— June 30, 2015 23

The following royalty payments were paid from NPH to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as other income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 567
Year Ended June 30, 2015 N/A

The following royalty payments were paid from NPRC to Prospect and recognized by Prospect as other income:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 —
Year Ended June 30, 2015 1,683

The following managerial assistance payments were paid from NPRC to Prospect and subsequently remitted to

Prospect Administration (no income was recognized by Prospect):

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 255
Year Ended June 30, 2015 510

The following managerial assistance payments received by Prospect had not yet been remitted to Prospect

Administration and were included by Prospect within due to Prospect Administration:

June 30, 2014 \$128 June 30, 2015 128

The following payments were paid from NPRC to Prospect Administration as reimbursement for legal, tax and portfolio level accounting services provided directly to NPRC (no direct income was recognized by Prospect, but Prospect was given credit for these payments as a reduction of the administrative services costs payable by Prospect to Prospect Administration):

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$—
Year Ended June 30, 2014 207
Year Ended June 30, 2015 1,164

The following amounts were due from NPRC to Prospect for reimbursement of expenses paid by Prospect on behalf of NPRC and included by Prospect within other receivables:

June 30, 2014 \$13 June 30, 2015 108

Nationwide Acceptance LLC

Prospect owns 100% of the membership interests of Nationwide Acceptance Holdings LLC ("Nationwide Holdings"), a Consolidated Holding Company. Nationwide Holdings owns 93.79% of the equity of Nationwide Loan Company LLC (f/k/a Nationwide Acceptance LLC) ("Nationwide"), with members of Nationwide management owning the remaining 6.21% of the equity.

On January 31, 2013, Prospect initially made a \$25,151 investment in Nationwide Holdings, of which \$21,308 was a Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility and \$3,843 was in the form of membership interests in Nationwide Holdings. \$21,885 of the proceeds were utilized to purchase 93.79% of the membership interests in Nationwide. Proceeds were also used to pay \$753 of structuring fees from Nationwide Holdings to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), \$350 of third party expenses and \$163 of legal services provided by attorneys at Prospect Administration. The remaining \$2,000 was retained by Nationwide Holdings as working capital.

In December 2013, Prospect received \$1,500 of structuring fees from Nationwide Holdings related to the amendment of the loan agreement. On March 28, 2014, Prospect funded an additional \$4,000 to Nationwide Holdings (\$3,400 through the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility and \$600 to purchase additional membership interests in Nationwide Holdings). The additional funding along with cash on hand was utilized by Nationwide Holdings to fund a \$5,000 dividend to Prospect.

On June 18, 2014, Prospect made a new \$14,820 second lien term loan to Nationwide. Nationwide distributed this amount to Nationwide Holdings as a return of capital. Nationwide Holdings used the distribution to pay down the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility. The remaining \$9,888 of the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility was then converted to additional membership interests in Nationwide Holdings.

On July 1, 2014, Prospect began consolidating Nationwide Holdings. As a result, any transactions between Nationwide Holdings and Prospect are eliminated in consolidation and as such, transactions after July 1, 2014 are not presented below.

On June 1, 2015, Nationwide completed a corporate reorganization. As part of the reorganization, Nationwide Acceptance LLC was renamed Nationwide Loan Company LLC (continues as "Nationwide") and formed two new wholly-owned subsidiaries: Pelican Loan Company LLC ("Pelican") and Nationwide Consumer Loans LLC. Nationwide assigned 100% of the equity interests in its other subsidiaries to Pelican which, in turn, assigned these interests to Nationwide Acceptance LLC ("New Nationwide"), the new operating company wholly-owned by Pelican. New Nationwide also assumed the existing senior subordinated term loan due to Prospect.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, Prospect made additional equity investments totaling \$2,814 in Nationwide. Nationwide management invested an additional \$186 of equity in Nationwide, and Prospect's ownership in Nationwide did not change.

The following dividends were declared and paid from Nationwide to Nationwide Holdings and recognized as dividend income by Nationwide Holdings:

Year Ended June 30, 2013 \$2,615 Year Ended June 30, 2014 7,074