

DUNKIN' BRANDS GROUP, INC.
Form 10-Q
August 07, 2013
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FORM 10-Q

U.S. SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.

For the quarterly period ended June 29, 2013

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.

For the transition period from _____ to _____
Commission file number 001-35258

DUNKIN' BRANDS GROUP, INC.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)
130 Royall Street
Canton, Massachusetts 02021
(Address of principal executive offices) (zip code)
(781) 737-3000
(Registrants' telephone number, including area code)
(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report.)

20-4145825
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). YES NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer Smaller Reporting Company

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). YES NO

As of July 31, 2013, 106,355,213 shares of common stock of the registrant were outstanding.

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DUNKIN' BRANDS GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

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Part I. Financial Information

Item 1. Financial Statements

DUNKIN' BRANDS GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Balance Sheets

(In thousands, except share data)

(Unaudited)

	June 29, 2013	December 29, 2012
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$176,999	252,618
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$2,155 and \$2,483 as of June 29, 2013 and December 29, 2012, respectively	43,279	32,407
Notes and other receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$942 and \$1,204 as of June 29, 2013 and December 29, 2012, respectively	15,946	20,649
Assets held for sale	1,994	2,400
Deferred income taxes, net	47,197	47,263
Restricted assets of advertising funds	33,824	31,849
Prepaid income taxes	4,713	10,825
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	20,701	21,769
Total current assets	344,653	419,780
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$105,254 and \$109,747 as of June 29, 2013 and December 29, 2012, respectively	178,027	181,172
Equity method investments	159,786	174,823
Goodwill	891,868	891,900
Other intangible assets, net	1,466,199	1,479,784
Restricted cash	316	367
Other assets	79,687	69,687
Total assets	\$3,120,536	3,217,513
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Current liabilities:		
Current portion of long-term debt	\$—	26,680
Capital lease obligations	375	371
Accounts payable	12,118	16,256
Liabilities of advertising funds	46,056	45,594
Deferred income	23,865	24,683
Other current liabilities	175,826	239,931
Total current liabilities	258,240	353,515
Long-term debt, net	1,827,845	1,823,278
Capital lease obligations	7,235	7,251
Unfavorable operating leases acquired	17,964	19,061
Deferred income	15,573	15,720
Deferred income taxes, net	570,168	569,126
Other long-term liabilities	65,478	79,587
Total long-term liabilities	2,504,263	2,514,023
Commitments and contingencies (note 12)		
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value; 25,000,000 shares authorized; no shares issued and outstanding at June 29, 2013 and December 29, 2012, respectively	—	—

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Common stock, \$0.001 par value; 475,000,000 shares authorized; 106,740,752 issued and 106,333,752 outstanding at June 29, 2013; and 106,146,984 shares issued and outstanding at December 29, 2012	107	106
Additional paid-in capital	1,219,331	1,251,498
Treasury stock, at cost	(16,756)) —
Accumulated deficit	(849,507)) (914,094)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	1,773	9,141
Total stockholders' equity of Dunkin' Brands	354,948	346,651
Noncontrolling interests	3,085	3,324
Total stockholders' equity	358,033	349,975
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$3,120,536	3,217,513

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

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DUNKIN' BRANDS GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statements of Operations

(In thousands, except per share data)

(Unaudited)

	Three months ended		Six months ended
	June 29, 2013	June 30, 2012	June 29, 2013
Revenues:			
Franchise fees and royalty income	\$112,794	105,928	216,559
Rental income	25,055	26,002	47,487
Sales of ice cream products	32,809	28,442	56,389
Sales at company-owned restaurants	6,240	5,966	12,011
Other revenues	5,590	6,049	11,900
Total revenues	182,488	172,387	344,346
Operating costs and expenses:			
Occupancy expenses—franchised restaurants	12,820	12,912	

Sales of a substantial number of shares of our common stock in the public market following that large sales of our shares could occur, could cause the market price of our common stock to decline and our ability to raise capital through an offering of equity securities.

After completion of this offering, there will be _____ shares of our common stock. The common stock sold in this offering will be freely tradable without restriction or limitation under securities laws, other than shares which our directors or executive officers may purchase under the limitations of Rule 144 under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Act of 1933, and certain other stockholders have agreed to enter into lock-up agreements generally prohibiting them, with certain exceptions, that they will not, without the prior written consent of National Securities and Exchange Commission, offer to sell, or otherwise dispose of any shares of our common stock during the period specified in the prospectus.

Our common stock is currently deemed to be penny stock, which makes it more difficult to sell.

Our common stock is currently subject to the penny stock rules adopted under section 3(a)(1) of the Securities Act of 1933. These rules apply to companies whose common stock is not listed on a national securities exchange, whose common stock is not traded on a national securities market, whose common stock is priced at less than \$5.00 per share or that have tangible net worth of less than \$5,000,000 (\$2,000,000 if the company has been in business for three or more years). These rules require, among other things, that brokers who trade penny stock with established customers complete certain documentation, make suitability inquiries

certain information concerning trading in the security, including a risk disclosure do certain circumstances. Many brokers have decided not to trade penny stocks because of the rules and, as a result, the number of broker-dealers willing to act as market makers in securities subject to the penny stock rules for any significant period, it could have an adverse effect on the liquidity of our securities. If our securities are subject to the penny stock rules, investors will find it more difficult to buy and sell our securities.

FINRA sales practice requirements may limit a stockholder's ability to buy and sell our securities.

The Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, or FINRA, has adopted rules that relate to the penny stock rules in trading our securities and require that a broker/dealer have reasonable grounds to believe that an investment is suitable for that customer, prior to recommending the investment. Prior to recommending the purchase of penny priced securities to their non-institutional customers, broker/dealers must make reasonable efforts to determine about the customer's financial status, tax status, investment objectives and other information.

Under interpretations of these rules, FINRA believes that there is a high probability that our securities will not be suitable for at least some customers. FINRA's requirements make it more difficult for broker/dealers to recommend that their customers buy our common stock, which may have the effect of reducing the liquidity and liquidity of our common stock. Further, many brokers charge higher transactional costs for trading our securities. As a result, fewer broker/dealers may be willing to make a market in our common stock, which may make it more difficult to resell shares of our common stock.

If equity research analysts do not publish research or reports about our business, or issue unfavorable commentary or downgrade our common stock, the price and trading volume of our common stock could decline.

The trading market for our common stock could be affected by whether and to what extent equity research analysts publish research or reports about us and our business. We cannot predict at this time whether or when equity research analysts will publish research and reports on us. If one or more equity research analysts do not publish research reports about our common stock, the price of our stock could decline or if those analysts issue other unfavorable commentary or cease to cover us, the price of our common stock could decline and our trading volume could be reduced.

If any of the analysts who elect to cover us downgrade their recommendation with respect to our common stock, the price of our common stock could decline rapidly. If any of these analysts ceases coverage of us, we could lose the ability to attract new analysts to cover us and our trading volume could decline and our common stock price could be volatile.

We are a smaller reporting company and we cannot be certain if the reduced disclosure requirements applicable to smaller reporting companies will make our common stock less attractive to investors.

We are currently a smaller reporting company, meaning that we are not an investment company, a majority-owned subsidiary of a parent company that is not a smaller reporting company, or a company with total assets of \$75 million and annual revenues of less than \$50 million during the most recently completed fiscal year. Smaller reporting companies are able to provide simplified executive compensation disclosures in their annual reports and are exempt from the requirements of Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act requiring that independent registered public accountants issue an attestation report on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting. Our reduced disclosure obligations in their SEC filings, including, among other things, only being required to audit financial statements in annual reports and this prospectus. Decreased disclosure requirements applicable to smaller reporting companies may make it harder for investors to analyze our results of operations, performance, and financial condition.

CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus contains estimates and forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. The sections entitled Prospectus Summary, Risk Factors, Use of Proceeds, Business Overview, and Financial Condition and Results of Operations. All statements other than statements of historical fact included in this prospectus, including statements regarding estimates, future events, our future financial performance, our business plans and objectives of management for future operations, including with respect to our expansion in the diagnostics industry in general are forward-looking statements. We have attempted to identify important forward-looking statements by terminology including anticipates, believes, can

may, plans, potential, predicts, should, or will or the negative of these terms do not make estimates or forward-looking statements unless we believe we have a reasonable basis to believe that the statements are accurate. We do not guarantee their accuracy. Our estimates and forward-looking statements are based on our current expectations about future events and trends, which affect or may affect our business and financial performance. These statements are only predictions and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, which may cause our or our industry's actual results, levels of activity, performance or financial results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by these estimates and forward-looking statements. Before you invest, you should read this prospectus and the documents that we have filed as exhibits to the registration statement in their entirety and with the understanding that our actual future results may be materially different from what we expect.

Our estimates and forward-looking statements may be affected by one or more of the fo

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Our inability to generate any significant revenue or achieve profitability;

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Our need to raise additional capital in the future;

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Our expectations to expand our product development, research and sales and mark
difficulties in managing our growth;

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Our limited experience with direct sales and marketing;

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The possibility that we may not be able to continue to operate, as indicated by the goi

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Our ability to successfully develop, manufacture, market, and sell our future products;

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Our dependency on our ability to successfully develop and commercialize diagnostic p

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Our ability to obtain necessary regulatory clearances or approvals to distribute and mar

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Our ability to market our future products may be subject to regulatory delays;

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The acceptance by the marketplace of our products;

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The highly competitive and rapid changing nature of the cancer diagnostics market;

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Our ability to develop or procure antibodies for clinical use in our future products;

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Our ability to translate preliminary clinical results to larger prospective screening popu

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Our reliance on third parties to manufacture and supply our intended products, and suc
party suppliers;

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Our dependence on third party distributors; and

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Protection of our patents, intellectual property, and trade secrets.

Other sections of this prospectus include additional factors that could adversely imp
results, financial condition and stock price, including the risks outlined under Risk F
competitive and rapidly changing environment. New risks emerge from time to time
all risk factors, nor can we address the impact of all factors on our business or the exte
of factors, may cause our actual results to differ materially from those contained i
statements. All estimates and forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they
required by law, we undertake no obligation to update or to review any estimate and/o
of new information, future events or other factors. In light of these risks and uncerta
estimates or forward-looking statements contained in this prospectus will in fact occur
on these estimates and forward-looking statements.

USE OF PROCEEDS

We estimate that the net proceeds to us from the sale of the _____ shares of ou
estimated offering price of \$_____ will be approximately \$_____, after de
estimated offering expenses payable by us. If the underwriters exercise their over-allot
additional shares of our common stock, we estimate that the net proceeds to us will b
deducting the underwriting discount and estimated offering expenses payable by us.

We intend to use \$1.4 million of the net proceeds from this offering to fund our prosp
Hospital, in Denmark, \$0.7 million to fund an ongoing study at University Hospital B

general working capital and other corporate purposes. We cannot specify with certainty that we will receive from this offering. Accordingly, we will have broad discretion in u

DIVIDEND POLICY

We have not previously paid cash dividends on our common stock. It is our current earnings in the growth of our business and, therefore, we have no plans to pay cash. Investors should not purchase our common stock with the expectation of receiving cash

CAPITALIZATION

The following table sets forth our cash, cash equivalents and capitalization, as of September 30, 2014,

on an actual basis;

on a pro forma as adjusted basis, giving effect to the sale and issuance by us of shares at an assumed public offering price of \$_____ per share, after deducting the offering expenses payable by us.

The pro forma as adjusted information set forth below is illustrative only and will be based on the assumed public offering price and other terms of this offering determined at pricing. You should read our consolidated financial statements and related notes that are included elsewhere in this prospectus.

Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments	\$	
Debt obligations	\$	(1)
Stockholders' (Deficit) Equity:	\$	(4)
Preferred stock, par value \$0.001 per share: 1,000,000 shares authorized; none issued and outstanding, actual or pro forma as adjusted	\$	
Common stock, par value \$0.001 per share: 100,000,000 shares authorized, 14,308,960 shares issued and outstanding, actual; _____ shares issued and outstanding, pro forma as adjusted	\$	
Additional paid-in capital		1
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	\$	
Accumulated Deficit	\$	(1)
Total stockholders' (Deficit) Equity	\$	(4)

(1)

Each \$1.00 increase or decrease in the assumed public offering price of our common stock will result in a corresponding increase or decrease, as applicable, in the amount of our pro forma as adjusted cash and capital, total stockholders' equity and total capitalization by approximately \$_____ per share offered by us, as set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, remains the same.

discount and estimated offering expenses payable by us.

In the table above, the number of shares outstanding after this offering is based on _____ outstanding as of January 7, 2015. The number of shares of our common stock outstanding following:

.
3,459,924 shares of our common stock issuable upon the exercise of common stock _____ January 7, 2015, with a weighted average exercise price of approximately \$1.97 per share;

.
1,568,300 shares of our common stock issuable upon the exercise of stock options outstanding _____ an exercise price of approximately \$3.41 per share;

.
431,700 additional shares of common stock reserved for issuance under our 2011 Equity Incentive Plan _____ 2015; and

.
any shares issued upon the exercise by the underwriters of the option to purchase up to _____ common stock from us to cover over-allotments, if any.

DILUTION

If you invest in our common stock in this offering, your ownership interest will be diluted between the public offering price per share of our common stock in this offering and the book value per share of our common stock immediately after this offering. Net tangible book value per share of our common stock immediately after this offering represents the difference between the amount per share paid by purchasers of our common stock in this offering and the pro forma as adjusted net tangible book value per share of our common stock immediately after this offering.

Net tangible book value per share is determined by dividing our total tangible assets less liabilities of shares of our common stock outstanding. Our historical net tangible deficit as of September 30, 2014, was \$_____, or \$_____ per share, based on _____ shares of our common stock outstanding.

After giving effect to the sale by us of _____ shares of our common stock in this offering at an offering price of \$_____ per share, and after deducting the underwriting discount payable by us, our pro forma as adjusted net tangible book value as of September 30, 2014, would be \$_____, or \$_____ per share. This represents an immediate increase in net tangible book value of \$_____ per share to our existing stockholders and an immediate dilution of \$_____ per share to new investors participating in this offering at the assumed offering price. The following table illustrates the effect of this offering on our net tangible book value per share.

Assumed public offering price per share

Net tangible book value (deficit) per share as of September 30, 2014, before this offering

Increase in pro forma net tangible book value (deficit) per share attributable to new investors in this offering

Pro forma as adjusted net tangible book value (deficit) per share as of September 30, 2014, immediately after this offering

Dilution in pro forma net tangible book value per share to new investors in this offering

The information above is as of September 30, 2014 and excludes the following:

.

3,440,924 shares of our common stock issuable upon the exercise of common stock options outstanding as of September 30, 2014, with a weighted average exercise price of approximately \$1.96 per share;

.

1,568,300 shares of our common stock issuable upon the exercise of stock options outstanding as of September 30, 2014, with an exercise price of approximately \$3.41 per share; and

.

431,700 additional shares of common stock reserved for issuance under our 2011 Equity Incentive Plan as of September 30, 2014.

The information above assumes that the underwriters do not exercise their over-allotment option in full, our pro forma as adjusted net tangible book value per share is \$_____ per share, representing an immediate increase in pro forma net tangible book value to our existing stockholders and an immediate dilution of \$_____ per share to new investors upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants or convertible notes, new investors will

A \$1.00 increase or decrease in the assumed public offering price of \$_____ per share, as applicable, our pro forma as adjusted net tangible book value (deficit) per share is \$_____, and would increase or decrease, as applicable, dilution per share is approximately \$_____ for an increase of \$1.00, or \$_____ for a decrease of \$1.00, net of underwriting discount and estimated offering expenses payable by us.

BUSINESS

Description of Our Business

We are a clinical-stage life sciences company focused on developing blood-based diagnostic tests that are accurate, fast, inexpensive and scalable tests for detecting and diagnosing cancer and other diseases. To date, we have developed twenty blood assays to date, using technology based on our Nucleosomics® bioassay platform, which can be used individually or in combination to generate a profile which forms the basis of a blood test.

Each assay that we have developed can be commercialized for two distinct markets:

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The clinical IVD market which can only be accessed after the assays have either been approved in the United States by the FDA, or as a LDT in the United States under a CLIA waiver, and by CE marking in Europe.

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The RUO market.

Given the much larger potential clinical IVD, market, we have decided to focus our IVD market. We currently plan to apply for the first of our CE Mark (European) approval

We expect that we will be required to do further United States trials to achieve FDA approval. We are committed to filing for FDA approval to allow patient access to our tests in the United States. Pending completion of our review of the regulatory environment in the United States and any pronouncements regarding LDTs by the FDA, we aim initially to enter the United States market pursuant to a yet to be negotiated relationship with a CLIA lab, while we concurrently

Commercializing products on the RUO market means that we intend to sell our products to commercial research and development departments for research use only. Products are not intended for any research purpose. RUO products, however, are strictly not to be used for diagnostic purposes. Commercializing products on the IVD market means that we intend to sell our future products to be used for diagnostic assays that we are currently developing are available for sale on the IVD market, and we expect to begin sales in 2014.

We intend to commercialize our products in the future through various channels worldwide, eventually throughout the rest of the world. We anticipate that because of their ease of use and potential to become the first method of choice for cancer diagnostics, allowing detection of cancer at a time when it typically occurs currently, and screening of individuals who, for reasons such as time and cost, are not screened. We believe our blood test has the potential to have significantly higher acceptance rates than fecal tests and colonoscopies which are invasive and unpleasant, resulting in low acceptance rates.

Our business is subject to certain risks and uncertainties, including those discussed in the "Risk Factors" section beginning on page 4 of this prospectus.

The Market

Cancer is one of the leading causes of death worldwide, accounting for around 8.2 million deaths in the United States alone, there were an estimated 14 million cancer survivors in 2010.⁶ By 2020, there are expected to be 18.1 million. The American Cancer Society estimated the total health economic burden (including direct medical costs and loss of earnings) at approximately \$216 billion for 2009 (\$86 billion in direct medical costs and loss of productivity due to early death).⁷ The annualized cost of cancer care in the over 65 age group is expected to reach \$100 billion linked to Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results, or SEER, Program data.^{8,9} These figures are mirrored across the globe and we expect will continue to grow. Colorectal cancer is a significant potential addressable market for which we believe diagnostics will be a significant part of the solution. Colorectal cancer in the US have been steadily falling since the mid 1980s with an average

per annum) and women (2.3% per annum) over the last 15 years. This is largely due to the detection of polyps via colonoscopy.¹⁰ The Pap test has had a similar impact in improving 5-year survival rates for precancerous and cancerous cervical lesions.¹¹

⁵ Cancer - Fact sheet N°297, World Health Organization, [online], Available at: <http://www.who.int/mediacentre/factsheets/fs297/en/index.html>, [accessed 11.12.2014]

⁶ Mariotto AB et al., Projections of the cost of cancer care in the United States: 2010-2020, No.2, Available at <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/21228314> [will begin testing samples in Q1 2015 10.31.2014]

⁷ American Cancer Society, Economic Impact of Cancer, 31.03.2014 [online], available at <http://www.cancer.org/cancer/cancerbasics/economic-impact-of-cancer>[accessed 11.12.2014]

⁸ Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Programme, [online] Available at <http://seer.cancer.gov/> [accessed 11.12.2014]

⁹ National Institutes of Health Cancer costs projected to reach at least \$158 billion in 2014, Available at <http://www.nih.gov/news/health/jan2011/nci-12.htm> [accessed 10.31.2014]

¹⁰ American Cancer Society, Colorectal Cancer Facts & Figures 2011-2013 [Online] available at http://www.cancer.org/acs/groups/content/@epidemiologysurveillance/documents/document_2011_12_2014 [accessed 11.12.2014]

¹¹ National Cancer Institute Fact Sheet: Cervical Cancer Screening (PDQ®) [Online] Available at <http://www.cancer.gov/cancertopics/pdq/screening/cervical/HealthProfessional/page2> [accessed 11.12.2014]

Statistically, the chances of surviving cancer are greatly improved by early detection. Currently, there is no screening test for cancer in general, and very few effective blood tests for use. The only commonly used blood-screening test for any cancer is the PSA test for prostate cancer. This test has a relatively poor diagnostic accuracy (detecting approximately 70% of prostate cancer, but also detecting 30% of healthy men as positive for cancer) but is widely used because it is the best available. The American Cancer Society recommends that prostate cancer screening should not occur without a discussion of the benefits and risks.¹³ In 2012, the U.S. Preventative Services Task Force recommended against PSA testing for healthy men because of a moderate or high certainty that the service has no net benefits.¹⁴ The test is still used to monitor patients after definitive diagnosis or treatment. Other commonly used blood tests for screening for lung cancer or colorectal cancer.

Further, current methods of cancer diagnosis are either invasive, not cost effective, have limited accuracy, or do not provide accurate results. The inadequacy of existing diagnostic products means that most patients do not know they have cancer until they experience symptoms and the cancer is well established. By this stage, it will be difficult to treat. For example, lung cancer (metastatic cancers), making it substantially more difficult to treat. For example, breast cancer is a highly survivable disease if caught early: it has an observed five-year survival rate of 92% if caught early. Early, non-invasive, accurate cancer diagnosis remains a significant unmet medical need and a significant opportunity. For these reasons, cancer diagnostics is an active field of research and development, and is being commercialized.

The global IVD market is forecast to reach \$65 billion in 2018,¹⁶ driven by the increasing global population. In the United States,¹⁷ the IVD market is made up of:

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Histology, immunohistochemistry and cytology of tissue samples (expected to grow 6% annually to an expected value of \$25.5 billion by 2018).¹⁸ These are mostly used to confirm cancer diagnosis and determine cancer sub-type;

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Immunoassay (chemical tests used to detect a substance in blood or body fluid), which is expected to grow 6% annually with a value of more than US\$19.1 billion by 2018.¹⁹ These tests are mostly used to monitor for relapse. This market segment includes our future Nucleosomics[®] products, which are modified histones for the diagnosis of cancer.

¹² National Cancer Institute Fact Sheet: Prostate-Specific Antigen (PSA) Test, [24 July 2014], available at <http://www.cancer.gov/cancertopics/factsheet/detection/PSA>, [accessed 10.31.2014]

¹³ Wolf. A *et. al.* American Cancer Society Guideline for the Early Detection of Prostate Cancer *Journal for Clinicians*; 3 Mar 2010;60;2:70-98, available at <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC2844811/> [accessed 10.31.2014]

¹⁴ U.S. Preventative Services Task Force, May 2012 [online], available at <http://www.uspreventiveservicestaskforce.org/Page/Document/RecommendationStatement/0512012> [accessed 10.31.2014]

¹⁵ American Cancer Society. Colorectal Cancer, 2014 [online], Available at: <http://www.cancer.org/cancer/colonandrectumcancer/detailedguide/colorectal-cancer-screening>

¹⁶ Report: The Worldwide Market for In Vitro Diagnostic (IVD) Tests, 9th Edition, Available for purchase at: <http://www.kaloramainformation.com/Worldwide-Vitro-Diagnostic-83265>

¹⁷ Report: The United States Market for In Vitro Diagnostic Tests

Mar 18, 2014 [online], Available for purchase at <http://www.kaloramainformation.com/US-Market-for-In-Vitro-Diagnostic-83265> [accessed 10.31.2014]

¹⁸ In Vitro Diagnostics Market to 2018 - Consolidation, Decentralization and Demand Competitive Landscape, March 23, 2012 [online], Available at <http://www.marketresearch.com/GBI-Research-v3759/Vitro-Diagnostics-Consolidation-83265> [accessed 11.12.2014]

¹⁹ Markets and Markets Report: Immunoassay Market [Technology (Enzyme, Fluorescence, Radioimmunoassay), Analyzers & Reagents, Applications (Infectious Diseases, Cancer), Users (Hospitals, Laboratory, Academics)] - Global Forecast to 2018, October, 2013 [online], Available at <http://www.marketsandmarkets.com/Market-Reports/immunoassay-market-436.html> [accessed 11.12.2014]

Testing is carried out at three principal locations:²⁰

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Testing at hospital laboratories: \$30 billion annual revenue for eight billion tests in 2011

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Testing at CLIA laboratories: \$20 billion annual revenue for 3 billion tests in 2011; and

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Testing at physician office laboratories: \$3 billion annual revenue for 1.2 billion tests in

We are focused on responding to the need for early, accurate diagnostic tests through new technologies and product prototypes. We intend to develop a range of products over the next 12 months. From December 31, 2012, we spent approximately \$2.8 million on research and development. From December 31, 2013, we spent approximately \$2.5 million on research and development. Our products are borne directly by customers as we are in the clinical stage and do not have any customer

Our Intended Products

Commercialization of our future products on the clinical IVD market (e.g. for patient diagnosis) requires government approval (CE Marking in Europe and/or FDA approval in the United States). The approval process in the EU and the United States in 2015. Commercializing our products for use other than patient diagnosis in medical schools, universities and commercial research laboratories does not require government approval. However, before any of our products can be successfully commercialized, we must successfully complete beta-testing. Beta-testing involves providing the products to a few customers to identify any problems in the products. None of the products that we are currently developing have been commercialized; however, we began sales in the RUO market in 2014. The products that we are currently developing are listed below:

NuQ® Suite of Epigenetic Cancer Blood Tests

We have developed twenty epigenetic NuQ[®] assays using our Nucleosomics[®] technology to measure the level and structure of nucleosomes in blood. Epigenetics is the science of how genes are expressed in cells. A major factor controlling the switching on and off of genes is the structuring of DNA into nucleosome protein complexes in a "beads on a string" structure. Each individual protein/DNA complex is a nucleosome. Nucleosomes then form additional structures with increasingly dense packing, culminating in chromosomes consisting of hundreds of thousands of nucleosomes.

Figure 1 A nucleosome

²⁰ Report: The United States Market for In Vitro Diagnostic Tests Mar 18, 2014 [online] <http://www.kaloramainformation.com/United-States-Vitro-8079142/>, [accessed 11.12.2014]

Cancer is characterized by uncontrolled and often rapid cell growth which exceeds the body's ability to replace dead cells. When cells die, the DNA fragments into individual nucleosomes which are released into the bloodstream. The cell debris in the bloodstream is eventually recycled back into the body. When dying cells can overwhelm the recycling process, leaving the excess fragments, including nucleosomes, in the bloodstream. Importantly, the structure of nucleosomes is not uniform but subject to immense variation. Cancer cells have differences in structure from those in healthy cells.²¹

Figure 2 Release of nucleosomes into blood

Blood nucleosome levels can be raised in conditions other than cancer including infection, inflammation, autoimmune disease, endometriosis, sepsis, and in the immediate aftermath of major trauma (fall, surgery or car accident). Our primary focus is on cancer diagnosis but we also intend to explore other disease areas.

To date we have developed 20 NuQ[®] blood assays that fall into the five main types of nucleosomes. These assays complement each other and, together, to provide a total solution. To date, we do not have any assays in the IVD market.

NuQ[®]-X: We are currently developing two blood assays in the NuQ[®]-X family to detect nucleosomes containing specific nucleotides.

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NuQ[®]-V: We are currently developing three blood assays in the NuQ[®]-V family to detect nucleosomes containing specific histone variants. Through our research, we have found that the presence of different types of histone variants in nucleosomes is different for different cancer types.

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NuQ[®]-M: We are currently developing nine blood assays in the NuQ[®]-M family to detect nucleosomes containing modified histones, the proteins that package and order DNA into nucleosomes.

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NuQ[®]-A: We are currently developing five blood assays in the NuQ[®]-A family to detect nucleosome-protein adducts.

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NuQ[®]-T: We are currently developing a NuQ[®]-T assay to detect cancer by detecting tumor-associated nucleosomes.

Generally, the tests described above are being developed to work in combination, collectively forming a comprehensive IVD market. In our biggest independent clinical trial to date, we have used the NuQ[®] panel to test 938 samples from patients with symptoms associated with colorectal cancer (the D panel prototypes have been used to test a small number of blood samples from lung and

²¹ Fraga MF et al., Loss of acetylation at Lys16 and trimethylation at Lys20 of histone H4 in colorectal cancer, Nature Genetics, Vol 37 (4), p391-400, 2005

NuQ® Research Kits

We have launched our first RUO products for use in cell culture in 2014, although we have dedicated resources on clinical products in 2015 after our encouraging initial results in the Dermatology research products are 96 well semi-manual kits for the simultaneous analysis of 48 samples. Our research products (a 96 well kit can be used to analyze some 48 samples in duplicate). The primary cost of manufacture of products is the pairs of antibodies employed. Initially, these are purchased from third parties, but we have commenced development of our own antibodies which we believe will reduce our costs, for our lowest cost kit is currently \$130 per kit. This kit is marketed at \$495 to \$595 per kit, currently cost \$300 per kit to manufacture and have selling prices between \$795 - \$1,200 per kit, in the production price to approximately \$100 per kit, as we continue to develop our own products.

The NuQ® assay technology is proprietary to us so no direct competition exists. However, there are simple generic modified histone ELISA kits which are the closest competitors currently available for NuQ®-M products. The generic products offered by competitors do not measure modifications and require chemical extraction of histones from samples prior to use.

The NuQ® research use kits are designed to run on simple instrumentation available in most research laboratories and hospitals. Our own instrument, on which we are currently working, is shown in Figure 3 below.

Figure 3 Example of lab instrument for running ELISA

NuQ® Clinical Diagnostic Products

There are three main segments of the clinical IVD market that we intend to adapt our fu

Centralized Laboratory Market

Centralized laboratories test thousands of blood samples taken from patients ever enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay, or ELISA, systems, commonly known as random by one of the global diagnostics companies. Tests run on ELISA systems use com chemicals to detect immune responses in the body. ELISA systems analyze thousand run dozens of different ELISA tests in any combination on any sample and for many are highly automated and rapid (as little as 10 minutes for many tests), and can be ru instruments are used in all major hospitals throughout the United States and Europe a clinicians and laboratory staff. It is more cost-effective and technically simple for hos samples simultaneously using ELISA tests compared to non-ELISA tests or alternative the NuQ[®] tests that we are in the process of developing are designed for ELISA system ELISA system is shown below in Figure 4.

Figure 4 Example of an Automated ELISA System

One option that may be available to us in the future is to license our Nucleosomics technology to a third party or to a third party company. As of the date of this prospectus, we do not have an anticipated timeframe for the commercialization of this technology.

Another option that may be available to us is to sell manual and/or semi-automated ELISA systems to clinical laboratories. As of the date of this prospectus, we have not entered into any discussions with third party companies for the sale of ELISA plates.

Point-of-Care Devices: Point-of-care devices are small instruments that perform tests on a small volume of blood taken from a finger prick. The instruments can be implemented in any oncology setting, including during patient consultations. We intend to contract with an instrument manufacturer to develop a point-of-care NuQ[®] testing for the oncologist's office, general doctor's office or other point-of-care clinical market in Europe in 2017 and in the United States in 2018. We are currently developing prototypes to these small instruments and demonstrate their success in the greater diagnostic market. We will be adopted by others in the industry. At this stage of its development, we cannot estimate the cost to manufacture these devices or their selling price. As of the date of this prospectus, we have not entered into any discussions or negotiations regarding the manufacture or sale of these devices. See Figure 5 for an

Figure 5 Example of a Point-of-Care Device

The above photograph is an illustration of our intended products. To date, we have no presence in the IVD market and there is no guarantee that any such products will be developed or commercialized.

Disposable Tests for Doctor's Office or Home Use: Disposable tests for use in a doctor's office or home use. These tests are disposable devices which can be provided by a clinician as part of a screening program in a doctor's office, chemist shop or pharmacy and test a drop of blood taken from a finger prick. The test can be performed using a point-of-care device or performed at home using a home testing kit, neither of which require a laboratory. Thus, the patient experiences considerably lower costs using these tests as compared to a laboratory test. The format of the self-use home testing kit is very easy to use and reproduce and does not require a laboratory. There are currently no useful diagnostics tests suitable for mass screening for cancer in general using a home testing kit. Figure 6 below shows a basic home use test on the left which displays the results on a screen similar to a pregnancy test. The test on the right is more sophisticated and plugs into a computer for analysis and interpretation allowing results to be sent directly to a clinician.

Figure 6 Examples of Disposable Doctor's Office or Home Use Tests

The above photograph is an illustration of our intended products. To date, we have not entered into any agreements of contracts with a specialist company or manufacturer for the IVD market and there is no guarantee that any such products will be developed or commercialized.

We intend to contract with a specialist company to adapt the NuQ® test prototypes to professional use and to contract with a manufacturer for the production of these tests beginning in 2017. We have not entered into any agreements of contracts with a specialist company or manufacturer to produce these tests for professional use only (doctor's office) and to sell the tests for non-professional use. We have not yet have an estimated timeframe for entering into this market. Further, at this early stage, we cannot accurately determine the manufacturing costs or selling price of these tests.

NuQ® tests for non-cancer conditions

Blood nucleosome levels can be raised in conditions other than cancer including infection, liver disease, endometriosis, sepsis, and in the immediate aftermath of major trauma (fractures, surgery, etc.).

surgery or car accident). Our primary focus is on cancer diagnosis but we also intend to explore other disease areas. Our primary non-cancer focus is the development of a test for endometrial cancer.

Endometriosis is a progressive gynecological condition that affects one in ten women or approximately 176 million women worldwide. The disease is the leading cause of infertility in women suffering from endometriosis. At present, there is currently no existing non-invasive test for endometriosis. Diagnosis is typically made via invasive and expensive laparoscopy, followed by the removal of any lesions found to confirm the diagnosis. Time to diagnosis can take up to 9 years. The lack of a suitable screening test has also held up development of a cure for the disease.

Singapore Volition acquired the patent application for an endometriosis test in June 2012. We are currently developing the test based on our existing Nucleosomics® technology. We designed the test to measure the quantitative differences in total nucleosome level, endometriosis is indicated by the presence of a specific marker. We completed hypothesis-testing and clinical proof of concept work (to demonstrate that the test can accurately detect endometriosis) in our laboratory. We completed pilot studies of the test in 2012 and 2013. The University of Oxford in the fourth quarter of 2014 as part of a larger endometriosis study. We are currently providing serum and plasma samples from approximately 350 patients with endometriosis over a period of two years. The test is too early in its development for us to accurately determine the manufacturing and sale price of the test. The test is not currently being developed for the RUO market.

HyperGenomics®

We are in the process of developing HyperGenomics® tissue and blood-based tests to assist in the initial diagnosis and to help decide the most appropriate therapy. Although as with the Nucleosomics® products we decided to focus on our clinical Nucleosomics® products in 2015, and only commercialize HyperGenomics® until we have the capital and management resources to do multiple products.

Selecting the correct treatment approach can significantly improve outcome, reduce costs, and improve quality of life. The HyperGenomics® tests will be performed on cancer tissue obtained either by biopsy or surgery to determine the cancer subtype and to determine optimal treatment regimens. The HyperGenomics® test was developed to provide detailed epigenetic characterization of tumors in a cost effective manner. The test was developed in white blood cells - a precursor to applications in leukemia - was developed in 2012. The test was developed using a bioinformatics pipeline to analyze the complex data sets generated from the biological data. The development of the algorithms in 2013. We aim to file new in house methodology patents.

We realized our first revenue of \$50,000 from contract research in 2012. We will allocate resources to develop a research kit as soon as is practical given our focus on the Nucleosomics® clinical products. It will take approximately six (6) months to complete once initiated and we expect to begin beta-testing. If beta-testing is successful, we expect to launch HyperGenomics® research kits into the United States.

The launch of the HyperGenomics® test into the IVD market in Europe and Asia is currently being determined. The commercialization of the test into the RUO market. The estimated timeframe for its launch has not been determined and will depend upon the speed of clinical trials and market approval. The test is too early in its development for us to accurately determinate the manufacturing costs and sale price.

Validation Studies

We have two main validation studies currently underway in colorectal cancer and two s

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A retrospective symptomatic study with Hvidovre Hospital in Denmark with full access to its databases analyzing approximately 4,800 previously collected samples from patients with adenomas, benign bowel diseases, or other malignancies, all of whom have undergone a CRC Trial).

The Retrospective CRC Trial is designed to (i) establish a NuQ[®] profile for the detection of CRC in a blinded cohort (Phase I); and (ii) validate that profile in a second blind cohort (Phase II). In the third quarter 2014, approximately 20% of the Retrospective CRC Trial samples have been tested with NuQ[®] assays. Additional NuQ[®] assays are currently being tested on these Phase I samples to determine the best NuQ[®] assays on the blind sample cohort in 2015 with the results intended to be used for specific NuQ[®] assays.

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A prospective colorectal cancer study with Hvidovre Hospital in Denmark with 14,000 samples from April 2014 from patients who have had a fecal occult blood test (FIT). Following the FIT Test will additionally have a colonoscopy and we have full access to their medical history. It is anticipated that 8,000 samples will be collected from patients who test positive and 6,000 samples from patients tested negative. The Prospective CRC Study is designed to evaluate the validated NuQ[®] panel from the Retrospective CRC Trial in a large non-symptomatic population in batches throughout the collection period.

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A prospective colorectal cancer study with CHU-UCL Mont Godinne Hospital in Belgium with suspected colorectal cancer to be collected. Collection began in 2012 and is due to complete in 2014. The trial supported the early clinical development of our non-invasive cancer detection assay.

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A retrospective study to evaluate NuQ[®] assays in a treatment selection setting to distinguish between aggressive form of prostate cancer, from typical castration resistant prostate cancer (CRPC).

We are also conducting a large prospective study with University Hospital in Bonn, Germany. We intend to collect 10,000 patients to be collected to evaluate the performance of our assays on patients with the disease. We intend to commence testing the first samples from this study in 2015.

During the fourteen months preceding the date of this prospectus, we have announced the following clinical trials:

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November 7, 2013: Tested 90 samples taken from patients using one NuQ[®] assay. Detected colorectal cancer, or CRC, at 70% specificity compared to healthy samples. The results were validated against samples taken from patients with CRC. *Presented at CNAPS conference, Baltimore, USA. Also published in *Research journal* <http://ar.iiarjournals.org/content/34/5/2357.abstract?etoc>.*

December 2, 2013: Tested 39 samples taken from patients using a combination of patients with CRC at 85% specificity and over 50% of patients with precancerous polyps. Presented at *Genomics and Informatics Europe Conference, Portugal*.

March 17, 2014: Tested serum and plasma samples from 39 patients referred for colonoscopy with prostate cancer; and 10 male control subjects. Detected 85% of patients with CRC and 50% of patients with precancerous polyps. Detected approx. 80% of patients with precancerous polyps. Profiles of two cancers shown to be different. *Presented at The International Society of Biological Medicine (ISOBM), Barcelona, Spain*.

September 11, 2014: Tested 938 samples taken from patients aged over 50 years with colon cancer. Samples were collected between 2010 and 2012 from patients with CRC, adenomas, diseases or other malignancies or symptoms, all of whom have undergone a colonoscopy. All patients have anonymized access to the Danish national registries and databases in relation to cancer. All figures are gender adjusted and all the figures are cancer/polyps versus no comorbidities and no symptoms. Samples tested using a three NuQ[®] assay panel. Detected 84% of patients with CRC in 2010 and 60% of patients with precancerous polyps. *Presented at the 2014 Aegis Capital Health Conference, Las Vegas, Nevada, USA*.

October 9, 2014: Additional analysis performed on 830 of the 938 samples tested for symptoms indicative of CRC the results of which were first announced on September 1, 2014. A total of 59 CRC cases were identified by colonoscopy, including 35 colon cancer and 24 adenomas. In 47 cases, the NuQ[®] blood test was able to detect both early (I or II) and late (III or IV) stages of CRC as shown in the following table:

Stage of Colorectal Cancer	Stage of Colorectal Cancer	Number of Cancer Cases Identified by NuQ[®] Test	Corresponding Percentage of Cancer Cases Identified by NuQ[®] Test
Early	Stage I	6 of 8	75%
Early	Stage II	19 of 20	95%
Late	Stage III	16 of 20	80%
Late	Stage IV	9 of 11	82%

Presented at the 9th International Conference of Anticancer Research, Greece.

November 24, 2014: Pilot lung cancer study tested both sputum (airway secretions, respiratory tract) and blood samples from the same 46 patients with either non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC) or with no disease (healthy) across various NuQ[®] assay panels. The blood test was able to detect 18 of 21 lung cancer cases (85%) with no false positive results and was able to discriminate lung cancer from COPD. The sputum assay data is age and smoking independent. The sputum assay was able to detect 16 of the 21 patients with cancer (76%) with a single false positive result and also able to discriminate lung cancer from COPD. The blood assay data is adjusted for age and smoking. *Presented at the Science for Business BioWin Day 2014 in Louvain-la-Neuve, Belgium.*

January 7, 2015 : Tested 60 samples taken from patients using a panel of 5 NuQ[®] assays for stage I or stage IIa or stage IIb pancreatic cancer; 10 patients with other pancreatic diseases including papillary mucinous neoplasm (IPMN; a pre-cancerous condition which may lead to pancreatic cancer) and tubular adenoma in papilla vateri (another type of benign tumor) and 25 healthy subjects. Our NuQ[®] test was able to detect 21 of the 25 pancreatic cancer cases from healthy subjects (84%) with only two false positive results among the 25 healthy subjects (92% specificity). The blood assay was able to distinguish 19 of the pancreatic cancer cases (76% sensitivity) from healthy subjects and those with other pancreatic diseases with only a single false positive result. The sputum assay was able to detect 20 of the 25 pancreatic cancer cases (80%) with only one false positive for subjects with other pancreatic diseases, one of which was a subject with IPMN.

specificity).

Intellectual Property

We hold or have applied for nine families of patents covering the products currently b
a world-class research institution, one is licensed from a pharmaceutical comp
subsidiaries.

Nucleosomics® Intellectual Property

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Singapore Volition holds an exclusive license to the following patent from Chroma Th

Nucleosomics® WO2005019826: Detection of Histone Modifications in Cell-Free N
NuQ®-M tests)

Application Date: August 18, 2003

Status: Granted in Europe; Pending in United States

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Singapore Volition holds the worldwide exclusive license in the field of cancer diagnosis and treatment of the following patent from the European Molecular Biology Laboratory:

EMBL Variant Patent WO2011000573: Diagnostic Method for Predicting the Effect of Chemotherapy on MacroH2A Isoforms

Application Date: July 2, 2009

Status: Granted in Australia and China; Pending in Europe, United States, Canada, and Singapore

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Belgian Volition authored the following patent application covering its total NuQ[®] assay:

NuQ[®] Patent UK1115099.2 and U.S. 61530300: Method for Detecting Nucleosomes

Application Date: September 1, 2011

Status: Pending in Europe, United States

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Belgian Volition authored the following patent application covering its NuQ[®]-V technology:

NuQ[®]-V Patent UK1115098.4 and U.S. 61530304: Method for Detecting Nucleosomes

Application Date: September 1, 2011

Status: Pending in Europe, United States, Canada, Australia, South Africa, India, Brazil, South Korea, Mexico

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Singapore Volition authored the following patent application covering its NuQ[®]-X technology.

NuQ[®]-X Patent UK1115095.0 and U.S. 61530295: Method for detecting Nucleosomes

Application Date: September 1, 2011

Status: Pending in Europe, United States, Canada, Australia, South Africa, India, Brazil, South Korea, Mexico

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Singapore Volition authored the following patent application covering a NuQ[®]-A technology that detects nucleosome adducts of cancer origin that circulate in the blood of cancer patients. The patent application covers the use of nucleosome adducts as biomarkers and the methods for their detection.

NuQ[®]-A Patent UK112130.5 and U.S. 61568090: Method for detecting Nucleosome

Application Date: December 7, 2011

Status: Pending in Europe, United States, Canada, Australia, South Africa, India, Brazil, South Korea, Mexico

Singapore Volition authored the following patent application covering NuQ[®]-M biomarkers containing modified histones of cancer origin that circulate in the blood of cancer patients and methods for their detection.

NuQ[®]-M US1770893: Method for detecting Histone Modifications in Nucleosomes

Application Date: February 28th, 2013

Status: Pending Worldwide

Singapore Volition was the applicant for and has been assigned the following patent:

US61770922: Method for Predicting Therapy Efficacy using Nucleosome Structure Biomarkers

Application Date: February 28th, 2013

Status: Pending Worldwide

Endometriosis Intellectual Property

Singapore Volition authored the following patent application for its endometriosis test:

Endometriosis Diagnostic UK1012662.1: Method for Detecting the Presence of a Gynecological Biomarker

Application Date: July 28, 2010

Status: Pending in United States, Canada, Australia, Europe

Future Intellectual Property Strategy

We intend to continue our development of the Nucleosomics® and HyperGenomics® technologies for patents for future product developments. Our strategy is to protect the technologies underlying products will then provide multiple countries. The protection of the technologies underlying products will then provide multiple countries. This will provide:

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Market exclusivity through multiple protection for each future product.

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Full protection reaching at least to 2031 for each new product developed using the technologies.

Trademarks

We also own a number of trademarks that protect our marks including NuQ®, Nucle

Government Approval

All of our intended products are designed to be non-invasive, meaning they cannot misdiagnose. Our strategy is to go through the process of obtaining regulatory approval clinically on cancer patients. Conformité Européenne, or CE Marking, is a mandatory mark placed on market in the European Union including, medical devices and IVD manufacturers product conforms to the essential requirements of the relevant European protection legislation. We intend to first focus on obtaining regulatory approval in Europe the NuQ® patent in Europe and the relatively fast European CE Marking process.

followed closely by licensing to CLIA labs for a LDT in the United States, and/or in other States and in the rest of the world. In many territories, the European CE Mark is sufficient for the market and, where it is not, it often simplifies the regulation processes. To date, we have not completed the approval process for any of our tests currently under development.

Europe CE Marking

Manufacturers in the European Union and abroad must meet CE Marking requirements for their products in Europe. The CE Mark certifies that a product has met EU health, safety and performance requirements which ensure consumer safety.

To receive the CE Mark, our diagnostic products must meet certain requirements as set forth in the European Medical Devices Directive. The requirements to procure CE Marking for In-Vitro Diagnostic

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analytical validation of the products;

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clinical validation of the products (which can be retrospective clinical studies using samples from historic patients);

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implementation of regulatory compliant manufacture;

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implementation of a Quality System; and

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certification from the International Organization for Standardization (this last requirement will aid the regulatory approval process in Europe and the United States).

We are currently engaged in the first two requirements listed above for the first NuQ[®] product. The requirements listed above are general requirements that apply to all of our intended products. In connection with the Medical Devices Directive and the CE Marking process, we have ensured that all development activities are in a manner consistent with regulatory approval. Additionally, we have maintained a robust quality system so that our products can be approved as quickly and simply as possible. We have engaged a regulatory consultant to assist in meeting the last requirement for all of our future products. All of these requirements are being completed upon submission of an application for CE Marking. We will submit applications, which include analytical, clinical and manufacturing data following retrospective clinical studies within approximately six (6) months to complete. We estimate the cost of obtaining CE Marking to be approximately \$100,000 per NuQ[®] panel. We expect to apply for CE Marking for the NuQ[®]-X assay in 2011.

occur in Europe once CE Marking has been granted.

In Europe, IVD companies are able to self-certify that they meet the appropriate regulatory requirements for inspection for enforcement. European agencies, conduct market surveillance to ensure that CE Marking Directives have been met for products marketed within the European Union. In pursuing these activities, the agencies will:

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audit commercial, industrial and storage premises;

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visit work places and other premises where products are put into service and used;

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organize random checks; and

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take samples of products for examination and testing.

If a product is found to be noncompliant, corrective action will depend on and be appropriate to the nature of the noncompliance. Others responsible for the noncompliance of the product will be held accountable and, in some cases, imprisonment, are determined by national law.

U.S. Laboratory Developed Test

A laboratory-developed test, or LDT, is a type of in vitro diagnostic test that is designed to be used in a single laboratory. LDTs can be single or multianalyte tests used to help diagnose a patient's condition. LDTs are not used directly for disease screening, as the FDA would regulate this.

The FDA, while it always has claimed the power to regulate LDTs, historically has not required premarket review and other applicable FDA requirements for many LDTs, especially those that are available on a limited basis. FDA refers to its prior decision to not overtly regulate LDTs as enforcement discretion. In the absence of the FDA actively regulating LDTs, the primary oversight over LDTs has been the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, or the CMS, through the CLIA Improvement Amendments, or CLIA. A CLIA certified laboratory is required to demonstrate performance characteristics on around 50 known and 50 unknown samples including:

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Accuracy;

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Precision;

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Analytical sensitivity;

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Analytical specificity to include interfering substances;

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Reportable range of test results for the test system;

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Reference intervals (normal values); and

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Any other performance characteristic required for test performance.

On July 31, 2014 the FDA notified Congress of the Agency's intent to issue a draft guidance on risk to patients rather than whether a conventional manufacturer or a single laboratory should be required to undergo premarket review. The Agency issued draft guidance on October 3, 2014 regarding its oversight of LDTs which is subject to public comment. This oversight includes pre-market review for higher-risk LDTs although the framework is still under development and may take several years. There is uncertainty regarding the impact and even the legal status of the FDA's guidance on LDTs, particularly as it relates to the US courts. The initial focus for the FDA is on high-risk test categories which include the use of a confirmatory technique. Within a CLIA lab, specific claims for use of the NucleoSense test are limited, for example, to adjunctive diagnostics, such as identification of circulating tumor cells in colorectal cancer. Confirmation of diagnosis will be provided by colonoscopy as with t

We do not intend to establish a CLIA laboratory in the United States due to the costs. Pending completion of our review of the regulatory environment in the United States. Under FDA Guidance, we aim initially to enter the United States market by identifying a licensed technology for establishment of an LDT for adjunctive diagnostics to aid in colorectal cancer

United States FDA Approval

Our diagnostic products are designated as medical devices by the FDA. Among other things, the FDA regulates research, testing, manufacturing, safety, labeling, storage, recordkeeping, pre-market approval, promotion, and sales and distribution of medical devices in the United States to ensure that they are domestically safe and effective for their intended uses. In addition, the FDA regulates the export of medical devices manufactured in the United States to international markets. We estimate the cost of FDA approval is approximately \$5 million per product. FDA approval is more expensive and will likely be more costly than CE Marking in Europe.

Unless an exemption applies, each medical device that we wish to market in the United States requires either clearance of a 510(k) pre-market notification or approval of a Product Market Approval (PMA). The 510(k) clearance process usually takes from three to twelve months, but it can take longer and is never guaranteed. The process of obtaining PMA approval is much more costly, lengthy, and complex, ranging from one to three years and approval is not guaranteed. The FDA decides whether a device requires clearance or PMA approval based upon statutory criteria. These criteria include the type of device, the risk associated with the device and a determination of whether the product is substantially equivalent to devices that are already legally marketed. Devices deemed to pose relatively less risk are Class II devices. Class III devices are those devices which are deemed by the FDA to pose the greatest risk, such as life-supporting or implantable devices, have a new intended use, or use advanced technology that is not substantially equivalent to a legally marketed device. In the United States, cancer diagnostics usually are considered Class II devices. In Europe, cancer diagnostics are not in the high classification group. Our future products may have to undergo the full PMA process of the FDA.

A clinical trial may be required in support of a 510(k) submission and is generally required for clinical trials generally require an effective Investigational Device Exemption, or IDE, from the FDA before testing on patients, unless the product is exempt from IDE requirements or deemed a non-significant risk device under abbreviated IDE requirements. The IDE application must be supported by appropriate pre-clinical and laboratory testing results. Clinical trials may begin 30 days after the submission of the IDE application. Appropriate institutional review boards at the clinical trial sites place the trial on clinical trial.

Once the application and approval process is complete and the product is placed on the market, regardless of the classification or pre-market pathway, it remains subject to significant regulatory oversight. The FDA may impose limitations or restrictions on the uses and indications for which the product may be marketed. Medical devices may only be marketed for the uses and indications for which they are approved. The FDA may prohibit a manufacturer from promoting a device for an unapproved, or off-label, use. The FDA may also require laboratories for research or investigational use in the collection of research data are used for the marketing of such products for clinical or diagnostic tests.

Further, our future manufacturing processes and those of our future suppliers will be required to comply with portions of the FDA's Quality Systems Regulations, which cover the methods and procedures for design, development, production, processes, controls, quality assurance, labeling, packaging and shipping. Our manufacturing facility records and manufacturing processes are subject to periodic unscheduled inspections by the FDA. The FDA may inspect foreign facilities that export products to the United States.

The FDA has broad regulatory and enforcement powers. If the FDA determines that we are not in compliance with applicable regulatory requirements, it can impose a variety of enforcement actions including, but not limited to, fines, injunctions, consent decrees and civil penalties to suspension or delayed issuance of approvals for future products, total or partial shutdown of production, withdrawal of approvals or clearance, and criminal prosecution. The FDA can also require us to repair, replace or refund the cost of products that have been distributed. Furthermore, the regulation and enforcement of diagnostics and equipment is subject to change. While we believe that we are and will continue to be in compliance with the regulatory requirements and policies of the FDA, the FDA may impose more rigorous regulatory requirements or enforcement actions or require a change in our business practices. If any of these events occur, they may adversely affect us.

Product Development and Plan of Operations

NuQ® Assays (Cancer and Other Conditions):

Research Use Only Market

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The NuQ[®] suite of assays has been released for the RUO market.

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In-Vitro Diagnostics Market

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CE Marking (Europe): A pilot NuQ[®] panel of 3 assays underwent external third party testing during 2012 which took approximately nine (9) months to complete. A larger NuQ[®] panel underwent retrospective clinical validations in 2013 which will continue during 2015. Once the results of the tests will be submitted for CE Mark approval. We estimate the cost of obtaining CE Marking to be \$500,000.

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FDA Approval (United States): FDA approval is expected to require longer large scale clinical studies and is expected to commence in 2015 and be completed in 2017. When complete, we will submit for FDA for United States market approval. We estimate the cost of obtaining FDA approval to be \$500,000.

We completed initial external testing on a variety of cancers in 2012-2013 based on our internal data. The cancers were selected by medical need and commercial value and large scale retrospective clinical validation studies for the cancers identified as most promising in the 2012 study. We plan to produce a rolling pipeline of products for different types of cancers over the next three years.

NuQ® Clinical Diagnostic Products:

Centralized Laboratory Market

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License of Nucleosomics® technology to a global diagnostics company: We may license our Nucleosomics® technology on a non-exclusive basis to a global diagnostics company. The approximate licensing fees have not yet been determined. As of the date of this prospectus, we have not entered into any agreements with diagnostic companies or established an anticipated timeframe for licensing our Nucleosomics® technology.

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Sell manual and/or semi-manual ELISA plates to centralized laboratories: We may sell our manual and/or semi-manual ELISA plates for use by centralized laboratories. The approximate manufacturing costs or sales price per plate have not yet been determined. As of the date of this prospectus, we have not entered into any discussions or negotiations regarding the sale of ELISA plates to centralized laboratories or established an anticipated timeframe regarding the sale of ELISA plates.

o

Point-of-Care Devices: We intend to enter the point-of-care clinical market in Europe and Asia in 2018. The approximate manufacturing costs or sales price per device have not yet been determined. As of the date of this prospectus, we have not entered into any discussions or negotiations regarding the manufacture or sale of point-of-care devices.

o

Disposable Tests for Doctor's Office or Home Use: We intend to contract with a supplier to manufacture our disposable tests to the doctor's office or home use system and to contract with a manufacturer for the distribution of these tests. The approximate manufacturing costs or sales price per test have not yet been determined. As of the date of this prospectus, we have not entered into any discussions or negotiations regarding the manufacture or sale of disposable tests for doctor's office or home use. We do not yet have an estimated timeframe for the manufacture or sale of disposable tests for doctor's office or home use.

If we do not have enough funds to fully implement our business plan, we will be forced to raise additional capital and our business activities, increase our anticipated timeframes to complete each milestone.

the event that additional financing is delayed, we will prioritize the maintenance of its and facilities, primarily in Belgium, and the maintenance of our patent rights. How pipeline of intended products for the RUO market would be delayed, as would clinical approval processes for the purpose of bringing products to the IVD market. In the event we may be obliged to discontinue operations.

Sales and Marketing Strategy

The first sales of our NuQ[®] products were for the RUO market, as the RUO market is much larger as compared to the clinical IVD market. We have however decided to focus our efforts on the clinical market in the EU given our very encouraging results in Denmark, the much larger market, and our limited resources, which require us to focus our efforts. Pending completion of our regulatory requirements in the United States, including the effect of the Draft Guidance, we aim to enter the RUO market through a licensing model to a CLIA laboratory in the United States. Our RUO products are available through our product website, <http://www.nucleosomics.com> and through a contracted distributor.

We intend to primarily sell our RUO products through distribution agreements in the United States. We have no real prospect of obtaining traction alone or where the entry barriers are high. We will enter into distribution agreements outlining the territory and sectors to be covered. We will manufacture our products and by centralized production centers that will provide supplies to distributors. We intend to capture approximately 30-40% of the sales prices of any products sold through these distribution agreements. The first wholesale order of these RUO products commenced

Our future products will require several dynamic and evolving sales models tailored to different markets and products. Pending completion of our review of the regulatory environment in the United States, as outlined in the Draft Guidance, we will combine a licensing and sales strategy focused on the IVD market with the license NuQ® tests for LDT use in the United States and to progressively grow sales in the United States and FDA approval in the United States with sales to centralized laboratories and a direct-to-consumer testing market. The sales strategy will evolve as we continue to develop our intended markets.

Government Regulations

The health care industry, and thus our business, is subject to extensive federal, state, and local laws, and the pertinent laws have not been definitively interpreted by the regulatory authorities. These laws are open to a variety of subjective interpretations. In addition, these laws and their interpretations

Both United States federal and state governmental agencies continue to subject the health care industry to increased scrutiny, including heightened civil and criminal enforcement efforts. As indicated in the Draft Guidance, these agencies, the federal government will continue to scrutinize, among other things, the manufacturing and export of diagnostic health care products. Our diagnostic products are in the IVD category and are subject to FDA clearance or approval in the United States. The FDA has exercised enforcement discretion over tests developed by and used within single laboratories, known as Laboratory Developed Tests (LDTs), including those that develop LDTs, under the Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments (CLIA) since 1988. Reagents used for the production of LDTs (Analyte Specific Reagents) are sold to clinical laboratories and can be sold to clinical laboratories to perform high complexity testing provided such testing is in accordance with FDA requirements, including a statement that their analytical and performance characteristics have been established. We believe that Analyte Specific Reagents that we have developed, including reagents for histone modifications and histone variants, may be sold to clinical reference laboratories. Currently, such reagents require FDA approval or clearance. However, on October 3, 2014, the FDA announced a new framework for the regulation of LDTs, which could include pre-market review. As a result, we cannot be sure that the FDA will not require that one or more of our reagents would require FDA approval or clearance. We cannot guarantee that the FDA would consider licensing of our intellectual property. Analyte Specific Reagents we supply to FDA regulation including, but not limited to, IVD reagents

The FDA has recently proposed a new regulatory oversight framework for LDTs. The FDA will continue the FDA's current enforcement discretion for traditional LDTs that are:

designed, manufactured and used within a single laboratory;

manufactured and used by a health care facility laboratory (such as one located in a hospital) or by a health care facility (such as one located in a hospital) being diagnosed and/or treated at that same health care facility or within the facility

comprised only of components and instruments that are legally marketed for clinical use

interpreted by qualified laboratory professionals without the use of automated instruments

The proposals are subject to public comment until February 2, 2015. Changes in the proposals may affect our operations.

Please refer to the section above titled "Government Approval" for additional information.

The federal government also has increased funding in recent years to fight health care fraud. The United States Department of Justice, the Office of Inspector General of the Department of Health and Human Services, the Office of Inspector General, or OIG, and state Medicaid fraud control units, are coordinating their enforcement efforts.

In Europe, medical devices are regulated by self-certification through the CE marking process. Manufacturers must operate a Quality System and validate medical devices in a laboratory. Volition is implemented when a manufacturer has met analytical and clinical performance criteria. Volition is implemented through the International Organization for Standardization standard - ISO 13485 - quality management system for the design and development, production, installation and servicing of medical devices. ISO 13485 addresses managerial awareness of regulatory requirements, control systems, design, risk and performance criteria as well as verification for corrective and preventive actions. Medical device companies such as ours are subject to pre-market compliance as required by the European Union. Certification is provided by a certification organization which the national authority (the competent authority) of a country may require to carry out one or more of the conformity assessment procedures. ISO 13485 certification is required for manufacturers of medical devices in the European Union and allows CE marking and sale of medical devices in the European Union.

We will also be required to comply with numerous other federal, state, and local laws, including but not limited to, working conditions, industrial safety, and labor laws. We may incur significant costs to comply with these regulations in the future, and lack of compliance could have material adverse effects on our business.

We believe that we have structured our business operations to comply with applicable laws. However, it is possible that governmental entities or other third parties could interpret these laws differently than we do.

Please refer to the section above titled "Government Approval" for additional information.

Competition

We believe that our main competitor in the blood-based diagnostic market is Epigenomics. Epigenomics has received FDA approval for its methylated DNA based PCR tests in colon cancer (Epi proColon[®]) and breast cancer. In the colon cancer, our main target market, we face potential competition from alternative procedures such as colonoscopy and virtual colonoscopy as well as traditional tests such as the guaiac fecal occult blood test. Exact Sciences Corporation has recently received FDA approval and reimbursement approval for its FIT test. We anticipate facing competition primarily from large healthcare, pharmaceutical, and biotechnology companies such as Epigenomics AG and Exact Sciences Corporation, as well as others such as Abbott Laboratories, GE Healthcare, Siemens, Gen-Probe Incorporated, MDxHealth SA, Roche Diagnostics, and others.

We hope that our future products will have a competitive edge compared to those of our competitors. Our tests are being developed to be accurate, cost-effective and attractive from a government reimbursement perspective. We hope that our future products will be easy to use, non-invasive, technologically advanced, compatible with ELISA systems, and to be used for mass screenings.

Many of our anticipated competitors have substantially greater financial, technical, and marketing resources than we will have. Many of our competitors have established marketing, sales and distribution systems that we will have to develop. Many of our competitors have established brand recognition outside of the diagnostic testing market and have brand recognition. More sophisticated technological developments that may result in our intended technologies and products being able to enter the market, recover the expenses incurred to develop them or generate significant revenue. Our success will depend, in part, on our ability to develop our intended products in a timely manner, keep our future products competitive with existing technologies, achieve market acceptance of our future products, gain name recognition in the diagnostic testing market, and establish successful marketing, sales and distribution efforts.

Employees

VolitionRx has no full-time or part-time employees. The executive officers and other personnel are engaged pursuant to consultancy agreements.

Singapore Volition has two full-time employees and no part-time employees. The executive officers and other personnel are engaged pursuant to consultancy agreements.

Belgian Volition has six full-time employees and one part time employee. The Chief Operating Officer, Gaetan Michel, is engaged pursuant to a consultancy agreement.

HyperGenomics Pte Limited has no full-time or part-time employees. The executive officers and other personnel are engaged pursuant to consultancy agreements.

Corporate History

We were incorporated on September 24, 1998 in the State of Delaware under the name of Dunkin' Brands Group, Inc. Our original business plan was to acquire and develop mineral properties.

On September 26, 2011, we, then under the name Standard Capital Corporation, and our Controlling Stockholders, entered into a Share Exchange Agreement, referred to as the Share Exchange Agreement, with Singapore Volition Pte Limited, a Singapore registered company, or Singapore Volition, referred to as the Volition Stockholders, whereby we acquired 6,908,652 shares of Singapore Volition, which represented 100% of the outstanding shares and is referred to as the Volition Stockholders. In exchange for the Volition Stock, we issued 6,908,652 shares of our common stock to the Volition Stockholders. The Share Exchange Agreement closed on October 6, 2011. As a result of the Share Exchange Agreement, Singapore Volition became our wholly-owned operating subsidiary and we now carry on our business as our primary business. Singapore Volition has two subsidiaries, Belgian Volition S.A., or Belgian Volition, which it acquired as of September 22, 2010, and HyperGenomics Pte Limited, or HyperGenomics Pte Limited, which it formed as of March 7, 2011.

On September 22, 2011, we filed a Certificate for Renewal and Revival of Charter with the Delaware Secretary of State. Pursuant to Section 312(1) of Delaware General Corporation Law, we were revived as Standard Capital Corporation Limited. The name change to VolitionRx Limited was approved by FINRA on October 11, 2011.

Properties

Our principal executive office is located at 1 Scotts Road, #24-05 Shaw Centre, Singapore. We currently lease office space for approximately \$1,500 a month. Currently, this space is sufficient to meet our needs for our business to a significant degree, we will have to find a larger space. We do not currently own any real estate and are not currently obtaining any required additional space. We do not currently own any real estate.

On February 29, 2012, Belgian Volition entered into a lease agreement for larger labor space at Séminaire, 5000, Namur, Belgium for approximately \$5,100 per month commencing April 1, 2012 for a term of three years and eight months. Additionally, Belgian Volition shall pay approximately \$2,000 per month for utilities and other expenses.

Legal Proceedings

In the ordinary course of business, we may be subject to claims, counter claims, suits and other legal proceedings, which generally arise from the conduct of our business. We are not aware of any threatened or pending legal proceedings that will have a material adverse effect on our business operations, financial condition or results of operations.

MARKET PRICE OF COMMON STOCK AND OTHER STOCKS

Market Information

Our common stock is currently quoted on the OTCQB under the symbol VNRX. *A* common stock on the NYSE MKT stock market, because we are quoted on the OTCQB receive less coverage by security analysts and news media, and generate lower prices than they were listed on a national securities exchange.

The following table sets forth the high and low bid prices for our common stock per share for the years ended 2015, 2014 and 2013 based on our fiscal year end December 31. These prices represent the high and low bid prices for our common stock per share, without adjustment for retail mark-up, markdown or commission and may not represent actual

Year ended December 31, 2015:

Quarter ended March 31, 2015 (through January 7, 2015)

Year ended December 31, 2014:

Quarter ended December 31, 2014

Quarter ended September 30, 2014

Quarter ended June 30, 2014

Quarter ended March 31, 2014

Year ended December 31, 2013:

Quarter ended December 31, 2013

Quarter ended September 30, 2013

Quarter ended June 30, 2013

Quarter ended March 31, 2013

Holders

As of November 25, 2014, we had approximately 206 holders of record, based on information provided by our transfer agent.

Dividends

We have not paid any cash dividends on our common stock since inception and presently do not intend to pay cash dividends. All future earnings will be retained for development of our business and that no dividends on our common stock will be paid in the foreseeable future. Any future dividends will be subject to the discretion of our Board of Directors, among other things, future earnings, operating and financial conditions, capital requirements, and other pertinent facts. Therefore, there can be no assurance that any dividends on our common stock will be paid in the future.

Equity Compensation Plan Information

The following table provides certain aggregate information with respect to all of our equity awards of January 7, 2015.

Plan Category	Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights (a)	Weighted-average exercise price of outstanding warrants and options (b)
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders	1,568,300	\$ 3.41
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders	-	-
Total	1,568,300	\$ 3.41

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations is based on our financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this prospectus. This discussion contains forward-looking statements that involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions. You should read the "Risk Factors" beginning on page 4 of this prospectus for a discussion of important factors that could cause our actual results to differ materially from the results described in or implied by the forward-looking statements.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of September 30, 2014, we had cash of \$2,419,667 as compared to \$888,704 at December 31, 2013. The increase in cash from the prior period is due to capital raising activities in 2014. We also had other current assets of \$1,116,747 at the end of the third quarter of 2014 as compared to \$116,747 at December 31, 2013, and a working capital deficit of \$1,536,438 at the end of 2014, compared to \$957,274 at the end of 2013. The foregoing resulted in a working capital deficit of \$1,536,438 at the end of 2014 as compared to positive working capital of \$48,177 at December 31, 2013. Current liabilities include \$6,446,068 in respect of a derivative liability, as a result of warrants issued in February 2014. If the derivative liability was excluded from working capital, then we would have a working capital surplus of \$1,536,438 as of September 30, 2014.

The warrants issued in the February 2014 transaction have been treated as a derivative liability of \$4,078,052 as of February 26, 2015, as a result of a price-based anti-dilution provision in the warrant agreement that expires on February 26, 2015. The derivative liability was measured at \$4,078,052 as of February 26, 2015, re-measured as of March 31, June 30 and September 30, 2014, respectively. At September 30, 2014, the derivative liability was re-measured and revalued at \$6,446,068, contributing to a loss of \$4,130,562 for the third quarter of 2014. On October 31, 2014, the Company and the holders of 1,121,225 out of 1,530,000 warrants issued in the February 2014 financing transaction amended the terms of warrants. As a result of the amendment, the anti-dilution provision on 1,121,225 of the warrants issued in the February 2014 financing transaction was reversed and the corresponding derivative liability for such warrants was reversed.

Our cash is currently predominately generated from the issuance of common stock in our public offerings. We do not intend to use our cash reserves to fund further research and development activities. We do not expect to generate significant revenues and expect to continue to rely on additional financings. We are pursuing plans to raise additional capital through the sale of additional stock either through private placements or public offerings, such as through our public offerings, that we will be successful in raising further funds.

In the event that additional financing is delayed, we will prioritize the maintenance of our personnel and facilities, primarily in Belgium, and the maintenance of our patent rights, validation studies and regulatory approval processes for the purpose of bringing products to market. If financing is delayed, we may be obliged to discontinue operations, which could significantly affect the value of our common stock. Please refer to the section below titled "Going Concern" for information related to the potential effect on the Company if additional financing is not available.

Overview of Operations

Management has identified the specific processes and resources required to achieve the objectives of the business plan, including personnel, facilities, equipment, research and testing materials, and the protection of intellectual property. To date, operations have proceeded in accordance with the business plan. However it is possible that some resources will not readily become available on a timely basis or at an acceptable cost. It is also possible that the results of some processes may require modifications of procedures and materials may be required. Such events could result in the failure to meet near and medium term objectives of the business plan, in particular the progression of regulatory approval processes for the purpose of bringing products to the IVD market. A significant risk is that we will not succeed in obtaining additional financing in the medium term.

Results of Operations**Three Months Ended September 30, 2014**

The following table sets forth our results of operations for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and the comparative period for the three months ended September 30, 2013.

	Three Months Ended	Three Months Ended
	September 30, 2014	September 30, 2013
	(\$)	(\$)
Revenues	14,785	-
Operating Expenses	(1,778,167)	(925,567)
Net Other Expense	(4,130,562)	-
Income Taxes	-	-
Net Loss	(5,893,944)	(925,567)
Basic and Diluted Loss Per Share of Common Stock	(0.44)	(0.08)
Weighted Average Basic and Diluted Shares Outstanding	13,524,998	11,086,237

Revenues

We had revenues of \$14,785 from operations in the three months ended September 30, 2014, compared to no revenues from operations in the comparative period for the three months ended September 30, 2013. All revenues are derived from operations in the clinical stage.

Operating Expenses

For the three months ended September 30, 2014, our operating expenses increased. Operating expenses are comprised of salaries and office administrative fees, research and development expenses, and other general and administrative expenses. Salaries and office administrative fees increased by \$155,654, an increase in costs on a warrants revaluation of \$155,654. In addition, there was an expense for the amortization of share options, following additional share options being granted. Research and development expenses increased by \$547,450. This is mainly explained by additional costs on antibodies and samples, and \$213,367 in staff and consultancy costs. The Company also incurred an expense in Denmark, and an additional \$65,214 on share option amortization for staff in research and development, which reflect a higher level of research and development activity. Professional fees decreased by \$17,321, due to decreases in fees for public relations and investor relations services, as services were reduced. Other administrative expenses increased by \$61,357. This increase is in part explained by an expense of \$35,906, associated with fees paid to placement agents and a \$17,321 increase in travel expenses.

Net Other Expenses

For the three months ended September 30, 2014, we recorded other expenses of \$4,131,000, including a derivative liability. See [Liquidity and Capital Resources](#) for a further description of our derivative liability.

Net Loss

For the three months ended September 30, 2014, we recorded a net loss of \$5,893,941, or 536.8% in relation to the comparative period loss of \$925,567 for the three months ended September 30, 2013. This increase in net loss is a result of the changes described above.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014

The following table sets forth our results of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2014, compared to the corresponding period for the nine months ended September 30, 2013.

	Nine Months Ended	Nine Months Ended
	September 30, 2014	September 30, 2013
	(\$)	(\$)
Revenues	14,785	–
Operating Expenses	(4,066,778)	(2,880,855)
Net Other Expense	(3,219,574)	–
Income Taxes	–	–
Net Loss	(7,271,567)	(2,880,855)
Basic and Diluted Loss Per Share of Common Stock	(0.56)	(0.27)
Weighted Average Basic and Diluted Shares Outstanding	13,057,866	10,649,152

Revenues

We had \$14,785 of revenues from operations in the nine months ended September 30, 2014, compared to \$0 of revenues from operations in the comparative period for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. Our revenues are primarily derived from sales of our products in the clinical stage.

Operating Expenses

For the nine months ended September 30, 2014, our operating expenses increased by \$1,186,923 compared to the corresponding period for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. Our operating expenses are comprised of salaries and office administrative fees, research and development expenses, and other general and administrative expenses. Salaries and office administrative fees increased by \$41,230 in share options amortization, a \$21,316 increase in warrants costs and the transition of our Chief Financial Officer, and overlap with, the new Chief Financial Officer. Research and development

mainly due to increases of \$208,425 in patent filing costs, \$166,297 in purchases of and staff and consultancy costs. An additional \$151,914 was also spent on a new study in a higher level of research and development and patent activity. Professional fees increased by \$39,493 in legal fees, with additional fund raising activities in 2014 and other services, as primarily a result of the issuance of warrants.

Net Other Expenses

For the nine months ended September 30, 2014, we recorded other income of \$143,900 from public bodies in respect of approved expenditures, where there is no obligation to repay that met these criteria in respect of the nine months ended September 30, 2013. We also recorded a gain of \$1,000 in relation to the revaluation of a derivative liability. See [Liquidity and Capital Resources](#) for more information on derivative liability.

Net Loss

For the nine months ended September 30, 2014, we had a net loss of \$7,271,567, or 152.4% over the comparative period for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. See [Liquidity and Capital Resources](#) described above.

Year Ended December 31, 2013

The following table sets forth our results of operations for the year ended on December 31, 2013, compared to the corresponding comparative period for the year ended December 31, 2012.

	Year Ended	Year Ended
	December 30,	December 30,
	2013	2012
	(\$)	(\$)
Revenues	–	54,968
Operating Expenses	(4,575,912)	(4,138,018)
Net Other Expense	865,623	–
Income Taxes	–	–
Net Loss	(3,710,289)	(4,083,050)
Basic and Diluted Loss Per Share of Common Stock	(0.34)	(0.44)
Weighted Average Basic and Diluted Shares Outstanding	10,832,369	9,359,934

Revenues

We had no revenues from operations in the year ended December 31, 2013, compared to the corresponding comparative period for the year ended December 31, 2012. Our operations are in the cl

Operating Expenses

For the year ended December 31, 2013, our operating expenses increased by \$437,8 compared to the corresponding comparative period for the year ended December 31, 2012. Operating expenses are comprised of salaries and office administrative fees, research and development expenses, impairment of patents, professional fees, and other general and office administrative fees were materially unchanged. Research and development expenses increased primarily to a reduction of \$383,291 in share option expense offset by an increase in office administrative fees, the latter primarily reflecting an increase in headcount. Impairment of patents was \$35 compared to the corresponding comparative period due to discovery of an earlier filed patent similar to one licensed

\$371,256 due to additional fees for public relations and investor relations services.
General and administrative expenses decreased by \$14,031 due to a reduction in fundra

Other Income

For the year ended December 31, 2013, we recorded other income of \$865,623, rep
public bodies in respect of approved expenditures, where there is no obligation to repa
these criteria in respect of the year ended December 31, 2012.

Net Loss

For the year ended December 31, 2013, our net loss was \$3,710,289, a decrease of \$3
period for the year ended December 31, 2012. The change is a result of the changes des

Going Concern

We have not attained profitable operations and are dependent upon obtaining financi
For these reasons, our auditors stated in their report on our audited financial statement
we will be able to continue as a going concern without further financing.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have no significant off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a material effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources that are material to stockholders.

Future Financings

We will continue to rely on equity sales of our shares of common stock in order to continue to fund our operations. Issuances of additional shares will result in dilution to existing stockholders. There is no assurance that we will be able to make additional sales of the equity securities or arrange for debt or other financing to fund our operations.

Critical Accounting Policies

Our financial statements and accompanying notes have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles applied on a consistent basis. The preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the end of the reporting period, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods.

We regularly evaluate the accounting policies and estimates that we use to prepare our financial statements. A summary of these policies is included in the notes to our financial statements. In general, we base our estimates on historical experience, on information from third party professionals, and on various other factors that we believe to be reasonable under the facts and circumstances. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Contractual Obligations

We are a smaller reporting company as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and are not required to provide the information under this item.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

We have implemented all new accounting pronouncements that are in effect. There is no material impact on the financial statements unless otherwise disclosed, and we do not have any accounting pronouncements that have been issued that might have a material impact on our operations.

DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS, PROMOTERS AND CO

Identification of Directors and Executive Officers

VolitionRx Limited

The following table sets forth the names and ages of our directors and executive officers

Name	Age	Position with the Co
Cameron Reynolds	43	President Chief Executive Officer Director
Mike O Connell	46	Chief Financial Officer Treasurer
Rodney Rootsart	43	Secretary
Jason Terrell MD	34	Chief Medical Officer Head of US Operations
Dr. Martin Faulkes	70	Director Executive Chairman
Guy Innes ^{(1) (2) (3)}	58	Director
Dr. Alan Colman ⁽¹⁾	66	Director
Dr. Habib Skaff ^{(1) (2) (3)}	37	Director

(1)

Member of the Audit Committee

(2)

Member of the Compensation Committee

(3)

Member of the Nominations and Governance Committee

On November 5, 2014, our Board of Directors established an audit committee, nominations and governance committee. The committees operate pursuant to written charters. Copies of the charters are available to all our Board of Directors, copies of which are available on our website www.volitionrx.com. In addition, our Board of Directors may establish special committees when necessary to address specific issues.

Audit Committee

Our audit committee consists of three members, Mr. Guy Innes (Chair), Dr. Habib who has been determined to be an independent director under applicable SEC rules and MKT. The audit committee shall at all times be composed exclusively of directors who are independent Directors, free from any relationship which would interfere with the exercise of independent judgment by any member and who possess an understanding of financial statements and generally accepted accounting principles. The committee is responsible for, among other things:

·
appointing, terminating, compensating and overseeing the work of any independent auditor and reviewing the audit report or other audit, review or attest services;

·
reviewing all audit and non-audit services to be performed by the independent auditor, and determining whether the independent auditor's provision of non-audit services to us is compatible with the auditor's independence;

·
reviewing and discussing the adequacy and effectiveness of our accounting and financial reporting controls and the audits of our financial statements;

·
establishing and overseeing procedures for the receipt, retention and treatment of confidential information, accounting, internal accounting controls or auditing matters, including procedures for the review and submission by our employees regarding questionable accounting or auditing matters;

·
investigating any matter brought to its attention within the scope of its duties and engaging independent advisors as the audit committee deems necessary;

.
determining compensation of the independent auditors and of advisors hired by administrative expenses;

.
reviewing and discussing with management and the independent auditor the annual and to their release;

.
monitoring and evaluating the independent auditor's qualifications, performance and i

.
reviewing reports to management prepared by the internal audit function, as well as ma

.
reviewing and assessing the adequacy of the formal written charter on an annual basis;

.
reviewing and approving related party transactions for potential conflict of interest situ

.
overseeing such other matters that are specifically delegated to the audit committee b time.

The board of directors has affirmatively determined that Mr. Guy Innes is designated a

Compensation Committee

Our compensation committee consists of two members, Mr. Guy Innes (Chair) and Dr. determined to be an independent director under the applicable rules of the NYSE M responsible for, among other things:

developing, reviewing, and approving our overall compensation programs, and recommending to the board of directors regarding the adoption of such programs;

.

developing, reviewing and approving our cash and equity incentive plans, including any amendments thereunder;

.

reviewing and approving individual and company performance goals and objectives, and recommending the compensation of executive officers and other key employees;

.

reviewing and discussing with management the tables and narrative discussion regarding executive compensation to be included in the annual proxy statement;

.

reviewing and assessing, on an annual basis, the adequacy of the formal written charter of the compensation committee;

.

overseeing such other matters that are specifically delegated to the compensation committee from time to time.

Nominations and Governance Committee

Our nominations and governance committee consists of two members, Mr. Guy Innes, who has been determined to be an independent director under the applicable rules of the SEC, and the governance committee is responsible for, among other things:

.

identifying and screening candidates for our board of directors, and recommending nominations to the board of directors;

.

assessing, on an annual basis, the performance of the board of directors and any committees of the board;

.

reviewing the structure of the board's committees and recommending to the board of directors the members of each committee, including each committee's respective chair, if applicable.

.
reviewing and assessing, on an annual basis, the adequacy of the formal written charter

.
generally advising our board of directors on corporate governance and related matters.

Science Executives

The following table sets forth the names and ages of our Scientific Officers as of January

	Name	Age	Position
	Dr. Jacob Micallef	58	Chief Scientific Officer, Volition
	Dr. Mark Eccleston	43	Chief Scientific Officer, HyperGenomics Pte Lin

Term of Office

Each director serves for a term of one year and until his or her successor is elected at the next meeting of the Board of Directors and is qualified, subject to removal by the stockholders. Each officer serves for a term of one year and until his or her successor is elected at a meeting of the Board of Directors and is qualified.

Identification of Significant Employees

Cameron Reynolds and Rodney Rootsart are engaged pursuant to employment agreements. VolitionRx are engaged pursuant to consultancy agreements. We have no other full-time employees.

Our subsidiary, Singapore Volition, has two full-time employees and no part-time employees. The two full-time employees of Singapore Volition are engaged pursuant to consultancy agreements.

Our subsidiary, Belgian Volition, has six full-time employees and one part time employee. The one part time employee, Chief Operating Officer, Gaetan Michel, pursuant to a consultancy agreement.

Our subsidiary, HyperGenomics Pte Limited, has no full-time or part-time employees. The two full-time employees of HyperGenomics Pte Limited are engaged pursuant to consultancy agreements.

Background and Business Experience

The business experience during the past five years of the person(s) listed above is as follows:

CAMERON REYNOLDS serves as our President, Chief Executive Officer and Director. Prior to our listing on the OTCBB, pursuant to our Share Exchange Agreement he was Chief Executive Officer and Director of Singapore Volition from August 5, 2010. From 2004 until 2011, Mr. Reynolds founded and served as Managing Director of HyperGenomics Pte Limited, where he was responsible for identifying potential mining projects, conducting due diligence, and securing the financing with a view to listing the companies on AIM, TSX and U.S. public markets. Mr. Reynolds received his education between 2002 and 2003 as he undertook an MBA. From 1998 until 2004, Mr. Reynolds served as commercialization director for Probio, Inc., a company that commercialized its

biotechnology fields including transgenesis and cloning research from the University of Hawaii. Mr. Reynolds' responsibilities were managing all legal and contract issues with the University of Hawaii, managing all stockholder issues including the merger and its legal and contractual documents, budgetary control; team building and recruitment. Furthermore, Mr. Reynolds held a joint venture with Integrated Coffee Technologies, a genetically modified coffee company where he was responsible for creation, office management, recruitment, and business development. Starting in 1998, Mr. Reynolds joined Southern China Group, where as regional manager he set up operations in Hong Kong. From 2000 to the present, Mr. Reynolds has held a number of board directorships including Atlantic Copper, Magellan Copper and Gold (Carbon Mining and MCG were both became part of Solforce Corp.); KAL Energy Inc. (KALG, OTC), Iofina Natural Gas PLC (IOF, AIM); Cymru Energy PLC (OTCBB: CNYC), and Hunter Bay Resources (HBY, TSX-V). The Board of Directors of the Company strong experience in management, structuring and strategic planning of start-up companies with years of entrepreneurial executive experience in the mining and biotechnology sectors.

MIKE O CONNELL serves as our Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer. Mr. O Connell has supported support investors and fast growing technology businesses through his work with Isosceles Finance Limited, an accounting infrastructure, CFO and corporate advisory services. Isosceles works with a number of businesses in the UK and North America such as Metapack and InsightSoftware.com. Mr. O Connell has worked with businesses such as Digital Barriers Plc and Nomad Digital Plc in the UK. Prior to Isosceles, Mr. O Connell worked in the field of growing technology companies where he became CFO of the UK based startup company. Mr. O Connell is a qualified chartered accountant having trained with Ernst & Young. Mr. O Connell believes that Mr. O Connell brings financial and accounting knowledge to the Company.

RODNEY ROOTSAERT serves as our Secretary. Prior to the Share Exchange Agreement, Mr. Rootsart was the Legal Officer of Singapore Volition, a position he held since August 6, 2010. Mr. Rootsart has also served as the legal and corporate secretary of Mining House Ltd., positions he has had since 2007. He has extensive experience in compliance with all relevant statutory and regulatory requirements. From 2007 until 2009, Mr. Rootsart was the legal secretary for Magellan Copper and Gold Plc., where his duties included maintaining the company's legal records, accounts and contracts. Due to Mr. Rootsart's nine years of experience in providing legal services and prior roles as corporate secretary for small public companies, the Board of Directors believes that Mr. Rootsart is a valuable addition to our team.

JASON TERRELL MD serves as a Chief Medical Officer and Head of US Operations. Dr. Terrell operates multiple diagnostic laboratories in Texas within the Any Lab Test Now franchise system, a public company, and has also served as a National Franchise Corporate Medical Director for the company, with oversight of over 70 franchises in 14 states. He has served on the Board of CDEX Inc. as a director of drug validation technology, since 2013 and as Medical Director of CDEX Inc. since 2011. Dr. Terrell graduated from Hardin-Simmons University (Biochemistry), where he graduated Summa cum Laude, ranked first in his class, and as the top graduate in the School of Science and Mathematics. He then attended the University of Texas at Dallas School and affiliate MD Anderson Cancer Center (Doctor of Medicine). He undertook a residency in Anatomic and Clinical Pathology at Texas Tech University Health Sciences Center, where he obtained his medical licenses in 14 states across the United States. Our Board of Directors has concluded that Dr. Terrell is a valuable addition to the Company with his strong grounding in both medicine and more specifically in diagnostic testing.

DR. MARTIN FAULKES serves as Executive Chairman of the Board of Directors. Prior to the Share Exchange Agreement, Dr. Faulkes served as a Director of Singapore Volition since August 18, 2010. Dr. Faulkes has also served on the Board of Directors of Singapore Volition since March 22, 2011. From 1998 until the present, Dr. Faulkes has been involved in charitable activities, as the Founder and Sole Benefactor of the Dill Faulkes Educational Foundation, where he is Chairman. He also sits on the Board of the Cambridge 800th Anniversary Foundation. In addition to his Faulkes charitable activities he founded Triad Plc., a computer software development company, which provides consultants to the business community, where he was a director from 1987 to 1998, responsible for the company financially. From 1985 to 1987 he then became Managing Director of System Programming Ltd., a computer programming for systems in businesses like airlines, utility companies, where he was responsible for all aspects of the business. Prior to System Programming Ltd., Dr. Faulkes was the Founder, President and CEO for Logica Inc., a company providing bespoke software solutions for telecommunications companies. Dr. Faulkes was responsible for all aspects of the business, including staff management and project control. Dr. Faulkes has over 30 years of entrepreneurial experience as founder and CEO of several software companies within the United Kingdom and the United States. The Board believes that Dr. Faulkes is qualified to serve as a director of the Company based on his extensive experience in development and management.

GUY INNES serves as a Director. Prior to the Share Exchange Agreement, Mr. Innes was the Director of Singapore Volition, a position he held since August 18, 2010. Mr. Innes has served as non-executive director of several companies such as Carbon Mining Plc. from 2007 to 2010, Magellan Copper & Gold Plc. from 2006 to 2007, and Inc. from 2000 to 2006. As a non-executive director, Mr. Innes was responsible for the oversight of the company and the implementation of financial controls and risk management systems. Mr. Innes

private equity, including advisory roles with Quartz Capital Partners Limited from 1995 to 1997, where he was involved in the s
Head of Corporate Finance and was responsible for managing the corporate finance de
undertaken by Quartz including IPOs, private placements and mergers and acquisit
Limited in London and Singapore from 1995 to 1997, where he was involved in the s
capital raising for an Asian media and communications private equity fund; and Barin
and Paris from 1984 to 1995, where he was involved in executing and advising on m
acquisitions, but also IPOs and capital raising. Mr. Innes is a Chartered Accountant
Chartered Accountants in England and Wales. Mr. Innes has extensive experience in
companies. Our Board of Directors believes Mr. Innes' technical, financial and mana
to our growth.

DR. ALAN COLMAN serves as a Director. Prior to the Share Exchange Agreement Singapore Volition since April 1, 2011 and as Chairman of the Scientific Advisory Board since May 5, 2011. Dr. Colman received a BA (1971), MA (1975) and PhD (1975) from Oxford University. He was a Visiting Scholar at the Harvard University Department of Stem Cell and Regenerative Medicine. Colman served as the Executive Director of the Singapore Stem Cell Consortium. Colman served as the Executive Director of the Singapore Stem Cell Consortium, Chief of Regenerative Medicine at King's College, London, UK, from 2008 to 2009. Prior to the Singapore Stem Cell Consortium, Dr. Colman was Chief Scientific Officer and then CEO for the Singapore company, ES Cell International from 2002 to 2007. Dr. Colman was the research director at the University of Edinburgh, UK, from the late 1980s until 2002, where he was responsible for leading the research team that also played a role in PPL's financing rounds, culminating in its listing on the London Stock Exchange. The company attracted considerable media attention because of its participation in the technology that led to the world's first sheep cloned from an adult cell, Dolly, in 1996. Dr. Colman has been a faculty member at the Universities of Oxford, Warwick, Birmingham (where he was Professor of Biochemistry) and King's College London (above). None of the above companies or organizations is a parent, subsidiary or controlled company of Singapore Volition. Dr. Colman's current interest is the development of human disease models using induced pluripotent stem cells. His extensive experience in the molecular biology field where he has worked in the production of transgenic animals, nuclear transfer, and human disease models. The Board of Directors appointed Dr. Colman as a member of the Scientific Advisory Board on account of his work in biochemistry, stem cell biology and regenerative medicine.

DR. JACOB MICALLEF serves as Chief Scientific Officer and Director of Belgian Volition. Prior to the Share Exchange Agreement he served as a Science Executive Officer of Belgian Volition since October 2011. Dr. Micallef was previously involved with Singapore Volition. Dr. Micallef joined Cronos Therapeutics in 2004 and served as Chief Scientific Officer in the UK on AIM, becoming Valirx. Dr. Micallef continued to work as Technical Officer for Cronos Therapeutics, HyperGenomics[®] and Nucleosomics[®] technologies and co-founded ValiBio SA., a wholly owned subsidiary of Singapore Volition. From 2004 to 2007, he taught "science and enterprise" at Cass Business School, four universities at CASS Business School before joining Cronos. In 2001, Dr. Micallef joined GeneICE Technologies, after getting his MBA in 1999, where he successfully led the development of GeneICE technology and implemented the manufacture of GeneICE molecules. He also played a key role in securing and procured a GeneICE contract with Bayer Pharmaceuticals. Over a 15-year period, Dr. Micallef worked for the World Health Organization (WHO). While working for the WHO, Dr. Micallef focused his research in the areas of reproductive health and cancer. In 1990 he commenced development of GeneICE for WHO which was launched in 1992 and supported 13 tests. Dr. Micallef also oversaw the manufacture (previously outsourced to Abbott Diagnostics Inc.) and world-wide distribution of GeneICE. Also in 1990, he started a not-for-profit WHO company, Immunometrics Ltd., which produces diagnostic products worldwide. Dr. Jacob Micallef has 20 years of experience in the management of early stage biotechnical companies, including the manufacture of GeneICE, the establishment of manufacturing operations. The Board of Directors believed that Dr. Micallef's involvement in Singapore Volition in the development of diagnostic products would continue to be an asset to us and a key component of our subsidiary, Belgian Volition.

DR. MARK ECCLESTON serves as Chief Scientific Officer of Hypergenomics Pte Ltd. Prior to the Share Exchange Agreement Dr. Eccleston served as a Science Executive Officer of HyperGenomics Pte Ltd. Dr. Eccleston was not otherwise involved with Singapore Volition. In 2010, Dr. Eccleston founded HyperGenomics Pte Ltd. Dr. Eccleston's responsibilities are advising companies on business development and preclinical project management.

Dr. Eccleston held a program management position at Valirx Plc., where he ran multiple therapeutics programs. Dr. Eccleston has also held various other roles in business and industry. He was a Senior Business Development Officer from 2005 to 2008 as consultant to Cambridge Applied Polymers, where he managed high value consultancy projects for clients including Cadburys, Kellogg's, Reckitt Benckiser, as well as a Spanish company specializing in non-woven (polymeric) fabric, Tesalca; a biotech company spun out from Cambridge University where he was responsible for commercializing imaging technologies based on extensive work in this area during his academic career. Dr. Eccleston is an entrepreneur with over 18 years of experience in the sector, both in academia and industry. Dr. Eccleston's past work in biotechnology, epigenetics and diagnostics, Dr. Eccleston is currently a Senior Business Development Officer of our subsidiary HyperGenomics Pte Limited.

DR. HABIB SKAFF serves as a Director. Prior to the Share Exchange Agreement, Dr. Skaff was an Advisory Board Member of Singapore Volition between April 4, 2011 and May 31, 2011. Dr. Skaff was the Chief Executive Officer of Intezyne Technologies in 2004 and serves as that company's Chief Executive Officer, where he is responsible for implementing strategic planning for the future. Dr. Skaff works closely with the Chairman of the Board to implement Intezyne's intellectual property strategy as well as establish alliances with other companies. Dr. Skaff manages Intezyne's fundraising through debt and equity financing and works closely with the Chairman, President and Chairman of the Board of Directors of Intezyne. Dr. Skaff currently serves as the President of Intezyne of America, a position he has had since 1999. He guides strategic planning but is not involved in day-to-day operations. In addition, since 2001, Dr. Skaff has co-authored 11 peer-reviewed scientific papers and has been granted 11 issued patents in the fields of chemistry, nanotechnology, and biotechnology. Dr. Skaff is currently specializing in the area of nanotechnology; his doctoral studies focused on the design and synthesis of the encapsulation of semiconductor nanoparticles and modification of the physical and chemical properties of the nanoparticles. Due to his extensive scholarly work and inventions in the field of biotechnology, the Board of Directors feels he is a valuable asset to the Company.

Family Relationship

We currently do not have any officers or directors of our Company who are related to any of our directors, executive officers, or promoters.

Involvement in Certain Legal Proceedings

During the past ten years no director, executive officer, promoter or control person of our Company or any of our subsidiaries, has been involved in the following:

(1)

A petition under the Federal bankruptcy laws or any state insolvency law which was filed against such person or agent or similar officer was appointed by a court for the business or property of such person or agent; or such person was a general partner at or within two years before the time of such filing, or any co-partner of such partnership which he was an executive officer at or within two years before the time of such filing;

(2)

Such person was convicted in a criminal proceeding or is a named subject of a pending criminal proceeding (other than traffic violations and other minor offenses);

(3)

Such person was the subject of any order, judgment, or decree, not subsequently reversed, by a court of competent jurisdiction, permanently or temporarily enjoining him from, or restricting his participation in, any activities:

i.

Acting as a futures commission merchant, introducing broker, commodity trading advisor, commodity broker, leverage transaction merchant, any other person regulated by the Commodity Futures Trading Commission, or associated person of any of the foregoing, or as an investment adviser, underwriter, broker, or dealer in securities, or affiliated person, director or employee of any investment company, bank, savings and loan association, or insurance company, or engaging in or continuing any conduct or practice in connection with such activities;

ii.

Engaging in any type of business practice; or

iii.

Engaging in any activity in connection with the purchase or sale of any security or commodity that results in a violation of Federal or State securities laws or Federal commodities laws;

(4)

Such person was the subject of any order, judgment or decree, not subsequently reversed, by a Federal or State authority barring, suspending or otherwise limiting for more than 60 days the person's participation in any activity described in paragraph (3)(i) above, or to be associated with persons engaged in such activities;

(5)

Such person was found by a court of competent jurisdiction in a civil action or by a Federal or State securities law, and the judgment in such civil action or finding was subsequently reversed, suspended, or vacated;

(6)

Such person was found by a court of competent jurisdiction in a civil action or by the Commission to have violated any Federal commodities law, and the judgment in such action or the Commission's order has not been subsequently reversed, suspended or annulled.

(7)

Such person was the subject of, or a party to, any Federal or State judicial or administrative finding, not subsequently reversed, suspended or vacated, relating to an alleged violation of any law or regulation.

i.

Any Federal or State securities or commodities law or regulation; or

ii.

Any law or regulation respecting financial institutions or insurance companies including a permanent injunction, order of disgorgement or restitution, civil money penalty or temporary order, or removal or prohibition order; or

iii.

Any law or regulation prohibiting mail or wire fraud or fraud in connection with any business.

(8)

Such person was the subject of, or a party to, any sanction or order, not subsequently reversed, suspended or annulled, by a self-regulatory organization (as defined in Section 3(a)(26) of the Exchange Act (15 U.S.C. 78c(a)(26)), a clearing organization (as defined in Section 1(a)(29) of the Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 1(a)(29)), or any other association, entity or organization that has disciplinary authority over its members or participants.

Code of Ethics

We have adopted a Code of Ethics, or the Code, that applies to our directors, officers, Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer. A written copy of the Code is available from the Corporate Secretary at c/o Corporate Secretary, VolitionRx Limited, 1 Scotts Road, #24-05 Shawmut, Boston, MA 02114, at notice@volitionrx.com, or by facsimile at +32 8172 5651.

Compliance with Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act

Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 requires our directors and executive officers who beneficially own more than ten percent of a registered class of our equity securities to file ownership and reports of change in ownership of our common stock and other equity securities. Greater than ten percent stockholders are required by SEC regulations to furnish us with such information if they file. Based solely upon a review of Forms 3 and 4 and amendments thereto furnished to us during the year ended December 31, 2013, Forms 5 and any amendments thereto furnished to us during the year ended December 31, 2013, and the representations made by the reporting persons to us, we believe that during the year ended December 31, 2013, our executive officers and directors and all persons who own more than ten percent of our equity securities have complied with all Section 16(a) filing requirements.

EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**Summary Compensation Table**

The following table sets forth the compensation paid to our executive officers, Singapore, for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012. Unless otherwise specified, the table sets forth under that section entitled, Directors, Executive Officers, Promoters and Company

Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary	Bonus	Stock Awards	Option Awards	Non-Equity
	Ended					Incentive Plan Compensation
	December 31,	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$) ⁽¹⁾	(\$)
Cameron Reynolds ⁽²⁾ President, CEO and Director of the Company; CEO and Director of Singapore Volition; Managing Director of Belgian Volition; and CEO and Director of HyperGenomics Pte Limited	2012	-0-	-0-	-0-	86,540	-0-
	2013	-0-	-0-	-0-	31,314	-0-
Dr Jacob Micallef ⁽³⁾ Chief Scientific Officer and Director of Belgian Volition	2012	-0-	-0-	-0-	239,540	-0-
	2013	-0-	-0-	-0-	31,314	-0-
Dr Mark Eccleston ⁽⁴⁾ Chief Scientific Officer of HyperGenomics Pte Limited	2012	-0-	-0-	-0-	239,540	-0-
	2013	-0-	-0-	-0-	31,314	-0-
Malcolm Lewin ⁽⁵⁾ CFO and Treasurer of the Company, CFO of Singapore Volition and Director of Belgian Volition	2012	-0-	-0-	-0-	43,270	-0-
	2013	-0-	-0-	-0-	15,658	-0-
Rodney Rootsart ⁽⁶⁾ Secretary of the Company,	2012	-0-	-0-	-0-	43,270	-0-
	2013	-0-	-0-	-0-	15,658	-0-

Administration and Legal Officer of Singapore Volition and Secretary and Director of Belgian Volition						
Jason Terrell ⁽⁷⁾	2012	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
Chief Medical Officer and H e a d o f U S Operations	2013	-0-	-0-	-0-	198,560	-0-

(1)

All Option Awards have been calculated based upon the aggregate grant date fair value under ASC Topic 718.

(2)

Cameron Reynolds is currently the President, Chief Executive Officer and a Director of Singapore Volition, the Managing Director of Belgian Volition and a Director of HyperGenomics Pte Limited.

Cameron Reynolds receives compensation pursuant to an agreement, or the Reynolds Consulting Agreement, dated August 6, 2010, entered into by and between Singapore Volition and PB Commodities Pte Limited. The Reynolds Consulting Agreement provides office space, office support staff, and consulting services for the structuring, management, fundraising and development and implementation of HyperGenomics. The Reynolds Consulting Agreement is twelve months, commencing on September 1, 2010, and is renewable for 12 months and a three month notice required for termination of the Reynolds Consulting Agreement. Singapore Volition shall pay consultancy fees each month to Cameron Reynolds (see the following paragraph regarding Mr. Reynolds' Employment Agreement). For the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, PB Commodities received \$132,000 and \$132,000, respectively, from Singapore Volition for the services of Mr. Reynolds, pursuant to the Reynolds Consulting Agreement. The description of the Reynolds Consulting Agreement does not purport to summarize all material terms and is qualified in its entirety by reference to Exhibit 10.05.

Cameron Reynolds receives compensation from PB Commodities, as described in the Reynolds Employment Agreement, or the Reynolds Employment Agreement, dated September 4, 2011, which shall be automatically extended for a period of twelve (12) months, which shall be automatically extended for another twelve (12) months. Under the Reynolds Employment Agreement, Mr. Reynolds only performs consulting services on its behalf (see previous paragraph). In exchange for these services, Mr. Reynolds received a monthly salary (increased to \$8,800 on April 1, 2014) from PB Commodities. For the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, Mr. Reynolds received \$132,000 and \$132,000, respectively, pursuant to the Reynolds Employment Agreement. For the years ended December 31, 2011 and December 31, 2014 Mr. Reynolds also received a housing allowance of \$36,000 and \$36,000, respectively. For the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, Mr. Reynolds received \$36,000 and \$36,000, respectively. The foregoing description of the Reynolds Employment Agreement does not purport to summarize all terms and conditions thereof and is qualified in its entirety by reference to Exhibit 10.25.

Effective January 1, 2015, Mr. Reynolds entered into a Consultancy Agreement with PB Commodities, which superseded the Reynolds Employment Agreement. Mr. Reynolds receives compensation from PB Commodities under the Reynolds Consultancy Agreement in exchange for consulting services on its behalf. The Reynolds Consultancy Agreement shall be terminated by either party providing not less than two months' notice. In exchange for these services, Mr. Reynolds received a monthly salary of \$6,500 per month from PB Commodities. Commencing the month following the uplisting of the Company on the NYSE MKT or NASDAQ, this amount will increase to \$8,000 per month. The foregoing description of the Reynolds Consultancy Agreement does not purport to summarize all terms and conditions thereof and is qualified in its entirety by reference to Exhibit 10.25.

Cameron Reynolds receives compensation from VolitionRx pursuant to an Executive Employment Agreement, effective as of January 1, 2015, in which Mr. Reynolds is the Executive Officer of VolitionRx. The term of the Reynolds Executive Employment Agreement shall be automatically extended for successive periods of two (2) years. In exchange for these services, Mr. Reynolds receives a monthly salary of £4,500.00 GBP per month from VolitionRx. Commencing the month following the uplisting of the Company on the NYSE MKT or NASDAQ, this amount will increase to £10,000 GBP per month. Mr. Reynolds also receives a residential apartment in Namur, Belgium, as leased by the Company. The foregoing description of the Reynolds Executive Employment Agreement does not purport to summarize all terms and conditions thereof and is qualified in its entirety by reference to Exhibit 10.26.

On November 25, 2011, Cameron Reynolds was granted an option to purchase 100,000 shares of common stock of VolitionRx under the 2011 Equity Incentive Plan, or the Plan, dated November 17, 2011, which shall be exercisable on or after November 25, 2012. See note (8) below for a discussion of the terms of options granted under the Plan. The market value of options granted under the Plan.

(3)

Dr. Jacob Micallef is currently the Chief Scientific Officer and a Director of Belgian agreements by and between Dr. Micallef and Belgian Volition.

Dr. Micallef receives compensation pursuant to a consultancy agreement, or the 2015 Micallef Agreement, entered into by and between VolitionRx and Borlaug Limited, or Borlaug. Under the 2015 Micallef Agreement, Borlaug will make available to VolitionRx the services of Dr. Micallef to (i) manage the intellectual property portfolio and file new patents as required by VolitionRx; (ii) provide pharmaceutical diagnostic development programs; and (iii) identify and pursue business development opportunities. The 2015 Micallef Agreement commenced effective January 1, 2015, and continues until the termination of the Micallef Agreement. In exchange for such services, VolitionRx is to pay Borlaug a fee of £8,333.33 GBP per month. Commencing the month following the up-listing of the Company to the NYSE MKT on April 1, 2015, the fee will increase to £8,333.33 GBP per month. Effective January 1, 2015, the 2015 Micallef Agreement replaced the Micallef Agreement, dated January 1, 2011, entered into by and between Belgian Volition and Borlaug. Under the 2011 Micallef Agreement, Borlaug received a monthly fee of £5,467 GBP (which increased to £6,014 GBP on April 1, 2012). For the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, Borlaug received \$102,470 and \$104,200, respectively. The 2015 Micallef Agreement does not purport to summarize all terms and conditions thereof. For more information, see reference to Exhibit 10.27.

On November 25, 2011, Dr. Micallef was granted an option to purchase 120,000 shares under the Plan. This option has subsequently been assigned to Borlaug. Dr. Micallef is the sole owner of VolitionRx and has voting and dispositive control over shares of VolitionRx's common stock held by Borlaug upon the exercise of stock purchase options and stock purchase warrants. On December 1, 2011, Dr. Micallef exercised an option to purchase 50,000 shares of common stock of VolitionRx under the Plan. No shares have been exercised. See note (8) below for a discussion of the terms of options granted under the Plan and the fair market value of options granted under the Plan.

(4)

Dr. Mark Eccleston is currently the Chief Scientific Officer of HyperGenomics Pte Limited. There are no employment agreements by and between Dr. Eccleston and HyperGenomics Pte Limited.

Dr. Eccleston receives compensation pursuant to a Consultancy Services Agreement entered into on October 1, 2010, entered into by and between Singapore Volition and Oncolytika Limited. The Eccleston Agreement, Oncolytika, which is represented by Dr. Eccleston, will provide (i) Singapore Volition's diagnostic development programs; and (ii) identify and pursue business opportunities for the Singapore Volition group and its Nucleosomics® and HyperGenomics® technologies. The Eccleston Agreement commenced effective October 1, 2010, and continues until terminated by one month written notice or a material breach of the Eccleston Agreement. In exchange for such services, Singapore Volition pays a monthly fee of £5,300 GBP (approximately \$7,000 USD). For the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, Singapore Volition received \$100,457 and \$105,042, respectively. The foregoing description of the Eccleston Agreement does not summarize all terms and conditions thereof and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the Eccleston Agreement.

On November 25, 2011, Dr. Eccleston was granted an option to purchase 120,000 shares under the Plan. This option has subsequently been assigned to Oncolytika. Dr. Eccleston is the sole owner of Oncolytika and has voting and dispositive control over shares of the Company's common stock and shares issuable to Oncolytika upon the exercise of stock purchase options and stock purchase warrants. On December 1, 2012, Oncolytika was granted an option to purchase 50,000 shares of common stock of the Company under the Plan. No shares of these options have been exercised. See note (8) below for a discussion of the terms of options granted under the Plan and the calculation of fair market value of options granted under the Plan.

(5)

Malcolm Lewin is currently the CFO and Treasurer of VolitionRx, the CFO of Singapore Volition. There are no employment agreements by and between Malcolm Lewin and VolitionRx. Malcolm Lewin receives no compensation in exchange for his services as an executive officer of VolitionRx.

Malcolm Lewin receives compensation in exchange for his services as an executive Consultancy Agreement, or the Lewin Consultancy Agreement, entered into by and Malcolm Lewin dated July 10, 2011, pursuant to which Mr. Lewin shall serve as C Volition and to devote at least twelve (12) days per month to carry out the duties as C the Lewin Consultancy Agreement, Mr. Lewin's term as Chief Financial Officer s terminate upon Mr. Lewin's resignation or commitment of a material breach of the L written notice by either party. In exchange for such services, Singapore Volition paid M the period from January 1, 2012 to June 30, 2012 and a monthly fee of \$6,500 for the p 31, 2013. For the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, Mr. Lewin received pursuant to the Lewin Consultancy Agreement. The foregoing description of the Lev purport to summarize all terms and conditions thereof and is qualified in its entirety by

On November 25, 2011, Malcolm Lewin was granted an option to purchase 60,000 shares under the Plan. As of December 31, 2013, none of the options which had vested had Malcolm Lewin resigned from the Company and the option to purchase 60,000 shares expired in accordance with its terms. See note (8) below for a discussion of the terms of the calculation of fair market value of options granted under the Plan.

(6)

Rodney Rootsart is currently the Secretary of VolitionRx, the Administration and Le the Secretary and a Director of Belgian Volition.

Rodney Rootsart receives compensation from VolitionRx pursuant to an Employment Agreement, effective as of January 1, 2015, in exchange for serving as the CEO. The term of the 2015 Rootsart Employment Agreement is three (3) years, which will be divided into successive periods of two (2) years. In exchange for his services, Mr. Rootsart shall receive compensation from VolitionRx. Commencing the month following the up-listing of the Company to the public, the amount will increase to £6,666.66 GBP per month. Effective January 1, 2015, the 2015 Agreement superseded the agreement, dated August 6, 2010, entered into by and between Singapore Volition and the Employment Agreement, dated September 4, 2010, pursuant to which Mr. Rootsart's compensation increased to \$6,600 on April 1, 2014), and for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012, 2011, \$72,000 and \$72,000, respectively. The foregoing description of the 2015 Rootsart Employment Agreement purport to summarize all terms and conditions thereof and is qualified in its entirety by the full text of the

Mining House Limited, or Mining House, provides consultancy and office support services to Singapore Volition. Mining House is paid £2,300 GBP (approximately \$2,300 USD) per month commencing on November 1, 2010; Singapore Volition is required to pay for all reasonable expenses incurred by Mining House in providing such services. Through December 31, 2013, Singapore Volition paid approximately \$40,050 to Mining House for consultancy and office support services and \$12,850 for expenses. For the year ended December 31, 2013, Volition paid approximately \$33,700 to Mining House split between \$27,700 for compensation and \$6,000 for expenses. By reason of his directorship of Mining House, Mr. Rootsart receives compensation in the form of one half (1/2) of the consultancy and office support services provided by Mining House with Mr. Laith Reynolds for the years ended December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012. For the years 2013 and 2012, Mr. Rootsart is deemed to have received \$13,600 and \$13,800, respectively. There is no written agreement by and between Mining House and Singapore Volition setting forth the terms of the

On November 25, 2011, Rodney Rootsart was granted an option to purchase 60,000 shares of common stock under the Plan. None of these options have been exercised. See note (8) below for a description of the options granted under the Plan and the calculation of fair market value of options granted under the Plan.

(7)

Jason Terrell is currently the Chief Medical Officer of VolitionRx and Head of U.S. Clinical Operations. He has entered into agreements by and between Jason Terrell and VolitionRx. Jason Terrell receives compensation for his services as an executive officer of VolitionRx.

Jason Terrell receives compensation for services to VolitionRx through a warrant agreement entered into in 2013. Under the terms of the warrant he is entitled to subscribe for 200,000 shares of common stock at a price of \$2.47. The warrants are to expire three years after vesting. 25,000 warrants vested immediately upon the date of VolitionRx signing an agreement to commence a clinical trial in the United States. 75,000 warrants are to vest on the date of VolitionRx signing an agreement to commence a clinical trial in the United States. 50,000 warrants are to vest upon VolitionRx signing a second U.S. clinical trial agreement. 50,000 warrants are to vest upon VolitionRx receiving approval from the FDA for the sale and distribution in the United States of its first product.

detection of a certain disease. A further 50,000 warrants are to vest upon the receipt of the second proprietary screening kit or device for the distribution in the United States of its second proprietary screening kit or device for the use of VolitionRx's proprietary screening kit or device that is different from the first proprietary screening kit. 25,000 warrants are to vest on the date of the receipt of the second proprietary screening kit or device with a laboratory/group certified through the CLIA for the use of VolitionRx's proprietary screening kit or device for the detection of certain diseases in humans in the United States.

We have calculated the fair market value of the 25,000 warrants that vested immediately upon the receipt of the second proprietary screening kit or device using an Option Pricing Model using the following assumptions: three year term, \$2.48 stock price, 0.38% volatility, 0.38% risk free rate. We carried out a remeasurement of the 175,000 unvested warrants in accordance with ASC 505. We estimated that the vesting of these warrants will occur on or before December 31, 2016. The unvested warrants were remeasured at \$417,625 using the Option Pricing Model using the following assumptions: three-year term, \$2.48 stock price, \$2.47 exercise price, 0.38% volatility, 0.38% risk free rate. None of the warrants which have vested have been exercised.

OUTSTANDING EQUITY AWARDS AT FISCAL YEAR

Name	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#)exercisable	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#)unexercisable	Equity Incentive Plan Awards:	Option Exercise Price (\$)	Option Expiration Date	Number of Shares or Units of Stock that have not Vested (#)
			Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#)			
Cameron Reynolds ⁽¹⁾	20,000	-0-	-0-	\$3.00	May 25, 2015	-0-
	20,000	0	-0-	\$3.00	November 25, 2015	-0-
	20,000	-0-	-0-	\$4.00	May 25, 2016	-0-
	20,000	-0-	-0-	\$4.00	November 25, 2016	-0-
	-0-	-0-	20,000	\$5.00	May 25, 2017	-0-
	-0-	-0-	20,000	\$5.00	November 25, 2017	-0-
Dr. Jacob Micallef ⁽²⁾	20,000	-0-	-0-	\$3.00	May 25, 2015	-0-
	20,000	-0-	-0-	\$3.00	November 25, 2015	-0-
	50,000	-0-	-0-	\$3.01	December 3, 2015	-0-
	20,000	-0-	-0-	\$4.00	May 25, 2016	-0-
	20,000	-0-	-0-	\$4.00		-0-

					November 25, 2016	
	-0-	-0-	20,000	\$5.00	May 25, 2017	-0-
	-0-	-0-	20,000	\$5.00	November 25, 2017	-0-
Dr. Mark Eccleston ⁽³⁾	20,000	-0-	-0-	\$3.00	May 25, 2015	-0-
	20,000	-0-	-0-	\$3.00	November 25, 2015	-0-
	50,000	-0-	-0-	\$3.01	December 3, 2015	-0-
	20,000	-0-	-0-	\$4.00	May 25, 2016	-0-
	20,000	-0-	-0-	\$4.00	November 25, 2016	-0-
	-0-	-0-	20,000	\$5.00	May 25, 2017	-0-
	-0-	-0-	20,000	\$5.00	November 25, 2017	-0-

Malcolm Lewin ⁽⁴⁾	10,000	-0-	-0-	\$3.00	May 25, 2015	-0-
	10,000	-0-	-0-	\$3.00	November 25, 2015	-0-
	10,000	-0-	-0-	\$4.00	May 25, 2016	-0-
	10,000	-0-	-0-	\$4.00	November 25, 2016	-0-
	-0-	-0-	10,000	\$5.00	May 25, 2017	-0-
	-0-	-0-	10,000	\$5.00	November 25, 2017	-0-
Rodney G. Rootsart ⁽⁵⁾	10,000	-0-	-0-	\$3.00	May 25, 2015	-0-
	10,000	-0-	-0-	\$3.00	November 25, 2015	-0-
	10,000	-0-	-0-	\$4.00	May 25, 2016	-0-
	10,000	-0-	-0-	\$4.00	November 25, 2016	-0-
	-0-	-0-	10,000	\$5.00	May 25, 2017	-0-
	-0-	-0-	10,000	\$5.00	November 25, 2017	-0-
Jason Terrell ⁽⁶⁾	25,000	-0-	-0-	\$2.47	March 20, 2016	-0-
	-0-	-0-	25,000	\$2.47	Jun 20, 2017*	-0-
	-0-	-0-	25,000	\$2.47	Dec 20, 2017*	-0-
	-0-	-0-	25,000	\$2.47	Sep 20, 2018*	-0-
	-0-	-0-	50,000	\$2.47	Dec 20, 2018*	-0-

-0-	-0-	50,000	\$2.47	Dec 20, 2019*	-0-
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* Estimates only. See note (6) below.

(1)

On November 25, 2011, Cameron Reynolds was granted an option to purchase 100,000 shares of common stock of VolitionRx under the Plan. See the footnotes to the section entitled "Summary Compensation Table" above for further discussion of each of the options granted under the Plan.

(2)

On November 25, 2011, Dr Micallef was granted an option to purchase 120,000 shares of common stock of VolitionRx under the Plan. This option has subsequently been assigned to Borlaug. On December 20, 2019, Dr Micallef was granted an option to purchase 50,000 shares of common stock of VolitionRx under the Plan. See the footnotes to the section entitled "Summary Compensation Table" above for further discussion of each of the options granted under the Plan.

(3)

On November 25, 2011, Dr Eccleston was granted an option to purchase 120,000 shares of common stock of VolitionRx under the Plan. This option has subsequently been assigned to Oncolytika. On December 20, 2019, Dr Eccleston was granted an option to purchase 50,000 shares of common stock of VolitionRx under the Plan. See the footnotes to the section entitled "Summary Compensation Table" above for further discussion of each of the options granted under the Plan.

(4)

On November 25, 2011, Malcolm Lewin was granted an option to purchase 60,000 shares of common stock of VolitionRx under the Plan. See the footnotes to the section entitled "Summary Compensation Table" above for further discussion of each of the options granted under the Plan.

(5)

On November 25, 2011, Rodney Rootsart was granted an option to purchase 60,000 shares under the Plan. See the footnotes to the section entitled Summary Compensation Table for a discussion of the options granted under the Plan.

(6)

On March 20, 2013, Jason Terrell was granted a warrant to purchase 200,000 shares with an exercise price of \$2.47 per share. See the footnotes to the section entitled Summary Compensation Table for a discussion of each of the warrants granted to Mr. Terrell.

Long-Term Incentive Plans

As at December 31, 2013 and 2012, there were no arrangements or plans in which VolitionRx or its subsidiaries provided pension, retirement or similar benefits for directors or executive officers.

Compensation Committee

As at December 31, 2013 and 2012, none of VolitionRx, Singapore Volition or its subsidiaries had a compensation committee of the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors as a whole determined executive compensation.

Compensation of Directors

The compensation paid to executive officers who were also directors for all services rendered to VolitionRx, Singapore Volition and its subsidiaries for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013 is set forth in the Executive Compensation Summary Compensation Table. No executive officer was a director.

The following table sets forth the compensation paid to the directors who were not executive officers for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013. Unless otherwise specified, the term of each director is one year. See the section entitled Directors and Executive Officers-- Term of Office.

Director Compensation Table

Name	Fees			Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation	Non- De Comp Ea
	Earned or Paid in Cash	Stock Awards	Option Awards ⁽¹⁾		
	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	
Guy Innes ⁽²⁾	25,000	-0-	7,829	-0-	
Dr. Martin Faulkes ⁽³⁾	90,000	-0-	7,829	-0-	
Dr. Satu Vainikka ⁽⁴⁾	9,375	-0-	2,535	-0-	
Dr. Alan Colman ⁽⁵⁾	72,000	7,000	7,829	-0-	

(1)

All Option Awards have been calculated based upon the aggregate grant date fair value as determined under ASC Topic 718.

(2)

Guy Innes is currently a Director of VolitionRx and Singapore Volition. There are no relationships between Guy Innes and VolitionRx.

Guy Innes receives compensation in exchange for his services as a Director of Singapore Volition. The Innes Letter of Appointment as Non-Executive Director with Guy Innes, or the Innes Letter of Appointment, was entered into between Guy Innes and Singapore Volition on September 23, 2010, pursuant to which Mr. Innes shall serve as a Director of Singapore Volition on August 18, 2010 and terminating upon written notice by either party, removal by the stockholders or upon his office as director being vacated. In exchange for his services as a Director of Singapore Volition, Guy Innes shall receive a cash bonus of \$25,000 per quarter following the admission of the shares of Singapore Volition to a recognized exchange. This amount became payable by VolitionRx upon completion of the Share Exchange on October 6, 2011. The foregoing description of the Innes Letter of Appointment does not constitute a contract and the full terms and conditions thereof and is qualified in its entirety by reference to Exhibit 10.09.

Additionally, on November 25, 2011, Guy Innes was granted an option to purchase VolitionRx under the Plan. See note 8 to the section entitled Summary Compensation the options granted under the Plan.

(3)

Dr. Martin Faulkes is currently a Director of VolitionRx, Singapore Volition and employment agreements by and between Dr. Martin Faulkes and VolitionRx or Belgian

Dr. Martin Faulkes receives compensation in exchange for his services as a Director of Singapore Volition. Pursuant to a Letter of Appointment as Executive Chairman with Dr. Martin Faulkes, or the Faulkes Letter of Appointment, signed with Singapore Volition on July 13, 2011, pursuant to which Dr. Faulkes shall serve as a Director of Singapore Volition commencing on March 22, 2011 for a term of three (3) years, subject to 90 days notice by either party, removal from office by resolution of the stockholders or upon his resignation or death. Dr. Faulkes vacated. In exchange for his services, he shall receive an annual fee of \$90,000 to compensate him for his services. Dr. Faulkes also holds 10,000 shares of Singapore Volition to a recognized exchange and Singapore Volition being listed on the New York Stock Exchange the Board. If the Board believes that VolitionRx is not sufficiently funded, Dr. Faulkes shall receive an additional \$90,000 per quarter until VolitionRx is sufficiently funded. This amount became payable by VolitionRx pursuant to the Share Exchange Agreement which closed on October 6, 2011.

On July 13, 2011, Singapore Volition entered into a Warrant Agreement with Dr. Martin Faulkes, pursuant to which Dr. Faulkes may purchase up to 250,000 shares of Singapore Volition at an exercise price of \$1.05 per share. Pursuant to the terms of the Share Exchange Agreement which closed on October 6, 2011, the warrants of Singapore Volition became a warrant of VolitionRx. The warrants shall vest on July 13, 2016. As of the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, 0 and 0 of these warrants have been exercised. The Company has calculated the estimated fair market value of the warrants granted to Dr. Faulkes using a Black-Scholes Option Pricing model and the following assumptions: stock price at valuation, \$1.00; exercise price of \$1.05, a risk free interest rate of 1.45%, a dividend yield of 0% and volatility of 30%. The Faulkes Letter of Appointment does not purport to summarize all terms and conditions of the warrant, the entirety by reference to Exhibit 10.17.

Additionally, on November 25, 2011, Dr. Faulkes was granted an option to purchase VolitionRx under the Plan. See note 8 to the section entitled Summary Compensation the options granted under the Plan.

(4)

Dr. Satu Vainikka is a former Director of VolitionRx, Belgian Volition and Singapore Volition. Dr. Vainikka resigned from all positions with Belgian Volition, on October 7, 2011, she resigned from all positions with Singapore Volition.

Volition, and on May 15, 2013, she resigned from all positions with VolitionRx or Belgian Volition in exchange for her services as a Director of VolitionRx or Belgian Volition. The agreements by and between Dr. Satu Vainikka and VolitionRx or Belgian Volition.

Dr. Satu Vainikka received compensation in exchange for her services as a Director of VolitionRx or Belgian Volition. A Letter of Appointment as Non-Executive Director with Satu Vainikka, or the Vainikka Letter of Appointment, was entered into with Singapore Volition on September 22, 2010, pursuant to which Dr. Vainikka shall serve as a director of Singapore Volition commencing on October 11, 2010 and terminating upon written notice by either party, the stockholders or upon her office as director being vacated. In exchange for her services, Dr. Vainikka shall receive compensation for each calendar quarter following the admission of the shares of Singapore Volition to a public market as set forth in the letter. The foregoing description of the Vainikka Letter of Appointment does not constitute an offer and is qualified in its entirety by reference to Exhibit 10.08.

On November 25, 2011, Dr. Vainikka was granted an option to purchase 30,000 shares of common stock of VolitionRx or Belgian Volition under the Plan. See note 8 to the section entitled "Summary Compensation Table" for more information regarding the option granted under the Plan.

(5)

Dr. Alan Colman is currently a Director of VolitionRx and Singapore Volition.

Dr. Alan Colman receives compensation in exchange for his services as a Director of VolitionRx under a certain Letter of Appointment as Non-Executive Director with Dr. Alan Colman, which was entered into with Singapore Volition on May 25, 2011, pursuant to which Dr. Colman's term of office of Singapore Volition commencing on April 1, 2011 and terminating upon written notice by resolution of the stockholders or upon his office as director being vacated. Dr. Colman will receive \$6,000 per month in cash or stock or a combination of both, at his sole discretion. Dr. Colman will receive VolitionRx upon completion of the Share Exchange Agreement which closed on October 31, 2011.

On April 1, 2011, Singapore Volition entered into a Warrant Agreement with Dr. Colman which granted him warrants to purchase up to 100,000 shares of Singapore Volition at an exercise price of \$0.50 set forth in the agreement. Pursuant to the terms of the Share Exchange Agreement which closed on October 31, 2011, the warrant of Singapore Volition became a warrant of VolitionRx. The warrants shall vest on April 1, 2016. As of the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, 0 and 0 of the warrants were exercised, respectively. We have calculated the estimated fair market value of the warrants granted using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing model and the following assumptions: stock price at valuation of \$0.50, 5 years, exercise price of \$0.50, a risk free interest rate of 2.24%, a dividend yield of 0%. The foregoing description of the Colman Letter of Appointment does not purport to summarize the Letter of Appointment and is qualified in its entirety by reference to Exhibit 10.12.

Additionally, on November 25, 2011, Dr. Colman was granted an option to purchase VolitionRx under the Plan. See note 8 to the section entitled "Summary Compensation Table" for a description of the options granted under the Plan.

Security Holders Recommendations to Board of Directors

Stockholders can direct communications to our Secretary, Rodney Rootsart, at our corporate headquarters. We appreciate all comments from stockholders, we may not be able to individually respond to all comments. To address stockholder questions and concerns in our press releases and documents, we will post responses to address stockholder questions and concerns in our press releases and documents. All stockholders have access to information about us at the same time. Mr. Rootsart coordinates all communications. All communications addressed to our directors and executive officers will be posted on our website unless the communication is clearly frivolous.

SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS

The following table sets forth certain information concerning the number of shares of common stock as of September 30, 2014, by VolitionRX directors, officers and 5% owners: (i) each director; (ii) each of our and our subsidiaries named executive officers; and (iii) each person who owns more than 5% of our outstanding shares of common stock. Unless otherwise indicated, each person possesses sole voting and investment power with respect to the shares they own.

We have based percentage ownership of our common stock prior to this offering on 778,096 shares issued and outstanding, 778,096 shares issuable upon the exercise of options within 60 days as of September 30, 2014, upon the exercise of stock purchase warrants within 60 days as of September 30, 2014, and common stock after this offering is based on the sale of _____ shares of common stock.

We have determined beneficial ownership in accordance with the rules of the SEC and the table is indicative of beneficial ownership for any other purpose. Unless otherwise indicated, each person and entities named in the table have sole voting and sole investment power with respect to the shares they own, subject to community property laws where applicable. In computing the number of shares beneficially owned by a person and the percentage ownership of that person, we deemed only the common stock subject to options and warrants held by that person that are currently exercisable as of September 30, 2014. We did not deem these shares outstanding, however, for the purpose of determining the ownership of any other person.

Name and Address of Beneficial Owner	Shares Beneficially	
	Owned Prior to the Offering Shares	Percentage
Rodney Rootsart (1)	1,064,088	7.40%
1 Scotts Road, #24-05 Shaw Centre Singapore 228208		
Dr. Martin Faulkes (2)	1,379,101	9.42%
Eastwoods, The Chase Oxshott Surrey, UK KT22 0HR		
Guy Innes (3)	1,464,534	9.99%
Titsey Place Oxted, UK, RH8 0SD		
Cameron Reynolds (4)	1,223,516	8.48%
1 Scotts Road, #24-05 Shaw Centre Singapore 228208		
Dr. Alan Colman (5)	196,937	1.36%
156 Gibraltar Crescent Singapore 759588		
Dr. Jacob Micallef (6)	289,746	2.00%
1 Scotts Road, #24-05 Shaw Centre Singapore 228208		
Dr. Mark Eccleston(7)	274,318	1.89%
1 Scotts Road, #24-05 Shaw Centre Singapore 228208		
Jason Terrell (8)	136,364	0.95%
500 Painted Horse Trl Burnet, TX 7861, USA		
Dr. Habib Skaff (9)	41,723	0.29%
1 Scotts Road, #24-05 Shaw Centre		

Singapore 228208 Mike O'Connell (10)	0	0.00%
1 Scotts Road, #24-05 Shaw Centre		
Singapore 228208 All Officers and Directors as a Group	6,070,327	38.48%
(10 Persons)		
Concord International, Inc. (11)	1,004,088	7.02%
1 Scotts Road, #24-05 Shaw Centre		
Singapore 228208 Cotterford Company Limited (12)	1,446,546	9.84%
Alma House, 7 Circular Road, Douglas		
Isle of Man, IM1 1AF		
United Kingdom		

(1)

Rodney Rootsart is VolitionRx's Secretary. Mr. Rootsart is also the Administrator of Volition and the Secretary and a Director of Belgian Volition. Mr. Rootsart's beneficial ownership includes 60,000 shares of common stock and 60,000 shares issuable upon the exercise of stock purchase options under the 2011 Incentive Plan dated November 17, 2011. Further, Rodney Rootsart is a controlling shareholder of Concord International, Inc. and has voting and dispositive control over the 1,004,088 shares of common stock of Concord International, Inc. Cameron Reynolds is a potential beneficiary.

(2)

Dr. Martin Faulkes is a Director of VolitionRx, Singapore Volition and Belgian Volition. Dr. Faulkes includes: 1,041,067 shares of common stock; 250,000 shares issuable upon the exercise of stock purchase warrants which vested on July 13, 2011; 30,000 shares issuable upon the exercise of stock purchase options which vested on November 25, 2012, May 25, 2013, November 25, 2013, May 25, 2014 and November 25, 2014 under the 2011 Equity Incentive Plan dated November 17, 2011; and 58,034 shares issuable upon the exercise of stock purchase warrants.

(3)

Guy Innes is a Director of VolitionRx and Singapore Volition. Mr. Innes is a beneficial owner of 1,041,067 shares of common stock; 100,000 shares issuable upon the exercise of stock purchase warrants which vested on July 13, 2011; 30,000 shares issuable upon the exercise of stock purchase options which vested on May 25, 2013, November 25, 2013, May 25, 2014 and November 25, 2014 under the 2011 Equity Incentive Plan dated November 17, 2011; and 214,337 shares issuable upon the exercise of stock purchase warrants.

(4)

Cameron Reynolds is VolitionRx's President, Chief Executive Officer and a member of the Board of Directors. Mr. Reynolds is also the Chief Executive Officer and a Director of Singapore Volition and Volition, and Chief Executive Officer and a Director of HyperGenomics Pte Limited. Mr. Reynolds includes: 1,102,344 shares of common stock; 120,000 shares issuable upon the exercise of stock purchase warrants which vested on May 25, 2012, November 25, 2012, May 25, 2013, November 25, 2013, May 25, 2014 and November 25, 2014 under the 2011 Equity Incentive Plan dated November 17, 2011; and 1,172 shares issuable upon the exercise of stock purchase warrants.

(5)

Dr. Alan Colman is a Director of VolitionRx and Singapore Volition. Dr. Colman includes: 1,041,067 shares of common stock; 100,000 shares issuable upon the exercise of stock purchase warrants which vested on July 13, 2011; 30,000 shares issuable upon the exercise of stock purchase options which vested on May 25, 2012, May 25, 2013, November 25, 2013, May 25, 2014 and November 25, 2014 under the 2011 Equity Incentive Plan dated November 17, 2011; and 13,000 shares issuable upon the exercise of stock purchase warrants.

(6)

Dr. Jacob Micallef is a Director and the Chief Scientific Officer of Belgian Volition. Dr. Micallef includes 86,166 shares of common stock and 10,000 shares issuable upon the exercise of stock purchase warrants. Dr. Micallef is a controlling director of Borlaug Limited and has voting and disposal rights in 1,041,067 shares of common stock beneficially owned by Borlaug Limited, 9,290 shares issuable to Borlaug Limited upon the exercise of stock purchase warrants, and 170,000 shares issuable upon the exercise of stock purchase options which vested on November 25, 2012, December 13, 2012, May 25, 2013, November 25, 2013, May 25, 2014 and November 25, 2014 under the 2011 Equity Incentive Plan dated November 17, 2011.

the 2011 Equity Incentive Plan dated November 17, 2011.

(7)

Dr. Mark Eccleston is the Chief Scientific Officer of HyperGenomics Pte Limited. Dr. Eccleston includes 66,000 shares of common stock and 15,000 shares issuable upon the exercise of stock purchase warrants. Dr. Eccleston is a controlling director of Oncolytika Limited and has voting and disposal rights in common stock beneficially owned by Oncolytika Limited, 9,159 shares issuable to Oncolytika Limited, 9,159 stock purchase warrants, and 170,000 shares issuable upon the exercise of stock purchase warrants. Dr. Eccleston's stock purchase warrants vest on May 25, 2012, November 25, 2012, December 13, 2012, May 25, 2013, November 25, 2013, May 25, 2014, and November 25, 2014 under the 2011 Equity Incentive Plan dated November 17, 2011.

(8)

Jason Terrell is VolitionRx's Chief Medical Officer and Head of US Operations. Dr. Terrell includes 86,364 shares of common stock and 50,000 shares issuable upon the exercise of stock purchase warrants. Dr. Terrell's stock purchase warrants vested on March 20, 2013.

(9)

Dr. Habib Skaff is a Director of VolitionRx. Dr. Skaff's beneficial ownership includes 24,000 shares of common stock and 24,000 shares issuable upon the exercise of stock purchase options which vested on May 25, 2013, November 25, 2013, May 25, 2014 and November 25, 2014 under the 2011 Equity Incentive Plan dated November 17, 2011; and 3,143 shares issuable upon the exercise of stock purchase warrants.

(10)

Mike O'Connell is VolitionRx's Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer. Mr. O'Connell includes 0 shares of common stock and 0 shares issuable upon the exercise of stock purchase options.

(11)

Concord International, Inc.'s beneficial ownership includes 1,004,088 shares of common stock owned by the controlling director of Concord International, Inc. and has voting and dispositive control over the common stock. Cameron Reynolds is a potential beneficiary.

(12)

Cotterford Company Limited's beneficial ownership includes: 1,047,877 shares of common stock upon the exercise of stock purchase warrants which vested on June 21, 2011; and 304,000 shares of stock purchase warrants. Jack Murphy holds investment and voting control over the common stock owned by Cotterford Company Limited.

SHARES ELIGIBLE FOR FUTURE SALE

Future sales of substantial numbers of our shares of common stock in the public market, if such sales could occur, may adversely affect the market prices of our shares prevailing from time to time and our ability to raise capital through sales of our equity securities in the future. Upon consummation of this offering, _____ shares of our common stock will be outstanding (or _____ shares if the underwriters exercise their option in full). Of those shares, a total of approximately _____ shares, consisting of _____ outstanding shares and the _____ shares to be sold in this offering (or _____ shares if the underwriters exercise their overallotment option in full), will be freely tradable without restriction under the Securities Act beginning on the date of this prospectus. Of the remaining shares of our common stock, including the shares owned by our directors and executive officers, will be subject to the lock-up restrictions, described below, imposed by Rule 144 under the Securities Act. In addition to the lock-up restrictions, our directors and officers also will be subject to the lock-up agreements described below. Except for the exceptions, prohibits them from selling any of their shares during the 180 days commencing on the date referred to as the Lock-up Period.

However, as a result of those lock-up agreements, the perception may arise that sales of substantial numbers of the shares owned by our directors and officers will occur once the 180-day period expires. This perception also may adversely affect the prevailing market prices of our shares and our ability to raise capital in the future.

Upon the closing of this offering, _____ shares of our common stock will be outstanding (or _____ shares if the underwriters exercise their purchase option in full). Of the shares of our common stock outstanding at the closing of this offering, a total of approximately _____ shares will be freely tradable without restriction under the Securities Act, comprised of _____ of our currently outstanding shares and the _____ shares to be sold in this offering (or _____ shares if the underwriters exercise their overallotment option in full).

offering (or _____ shares if the underwriters exercise their purchase option) _____ shares of our common stock, _____ shares will be restricted securities within the meaning of Rule 144. Shares held by our affiliates will be subject to certain volume and other restrictions, under Rule 144.

The following table illustrates the above:

Dates Shares become Available for Sale

Shares saleable on date of this prospectus:

Currently outstanding shares not subject to resale restrictions

Currently outstanding shares saleable under Rule 144 and not subject to lock-up agreement

Shares saleable on expiration of 180 day Lock-up Period:

Shares released from lock-up and eligible for sale under Rule 144

Other Shares that have become saleable under Rule 144

Lock-up Agreements

In connection with this offering, each of our executive officers and directors has entered into lock-up agreements with the underwriters for this offering that restricts the sale of shares of our common stock for a Lock-up Period that commences on the date of this prospectus. National Securities Corporation, in its sole discretion and without notice, choose to release any or all of the shares of our common stock from the lock-up agreements at any time prior to the expiration of that 180 day Lock-up Period. For more information, see the section in this prospectus entitled "Underwriting."

Rule 144

Pursuant to Rule 144, a stockholder who purchased shares of our common stock subject to Rule 144 will be entitled to sell those of such shares which he or she had fully paid for and owned for at least one year that the stockholder is not, and during the preceding three months had not been, one of our affiliates. Pursuant to Rule 144, an affiliate includes our directors and executive officers and any other person who, at the time of purchase of our outstanding shares of common stock, was an affiliate of ours.

Under Rule 144, a person who is one of our affiliates, or was one of our affiliates at the time of purchase, and who has held such shares preceding a sale by the affiliate of any of his or her shares of common stock and has held such shares for at least six months, will be entitled (subject to any lock-up restrictions in effect at that time) to sell, during the period, a number of shares of our common stock that does not exceed the greater of:

.

One percent of the number of shares of our common stock outstanding at the time of purchase, or

approximately _____ shares following this offering; and

.

The average weekly trading volume in our common stock on the NYSE MKT during the 90 days immediately preceding the date a Notice of Proposed Sale of Securities Pursuant to Rule 144 is filed with the SEC.

Sales by affiliates under Rule 144 are also subject to manner of sale requirements and other restrictions. For more information about us is available on a current basis.

CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANS

(1)

On August 6, 2010, Singapore Volition entered into an agreement with PB Commodities (the "PB Commodities Agreement"). At the time of the PB Commodities Agreement, Laith Reynolds (former President, CEO and a Director of VolitionRx Limited) and Cameron Reynolds (current President, CEO and a Director of VolitionRx Limited) and [redacted] (former Director of VolitionRx Limited) were serving as Directors of PB Commodities. Subsequently, [redacted] resigned on May 1, 2011 and Mr. Rootsart resigned on September 1, 2011. Singapore Volition is a not-for-profit organization that operates for profit. The PB Commodities Agreement provides office space, office supplies and other services to Singapore Volition for the structuring, management, fundraising and development and [redacted] of PB Commodities. In exchange, Singapore Volition paid an initial set up fee to PB Commodities of \$11,250. Singapore Volition shall pay \$6,270 per month (increased from \$5,700 per month on April 1, 2014) for office space and shall pay consultancy fees each month to PB Commodities for the services of Cameron Reynolds (\$6,270 (increased from \$5,700 on April 1, 2014)) and Rodney Rootsart (\$6,600 (increased from \$6,000 on April 1, 2014)). Singapore Volition is required to pay for all reasonable expenses incurred. The term of the PB Commodities Agreement commencing on September 1, 2010, with automatic extensions of twelve months and shall terminate upon the termination of the PB Commodities Agreement. For the fiscal years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, Singapore Volition paid approximately \$300,000 and \$300,000, respectively, to PB Commodities. The summary of the PB Commodities Agreement does not purport to summarize all terms and conditions of the PB Commodities Agreement in its entirety by reference to Exhibit 10.05.

(2)

On September 22, 2010, Singapore Volition entered into a Share Purchase Agreement with Valirx, pursuant to which Singapore Volition purchased all shares held by Valirx in exchange for ValiBio shares, Singapore Volition paid \$400,000 to Valirx in four equal payments (October 1, 2010; April 14, 2011 and July 11, 2011, respectively) and stock with a value of \$600,000. The price per share of the newly listed entity with the price per share to be determined by: a) the 30 day average closing price of the newly listed entity prior to the issuance of shares, if Singapore Volition or a newly listed entity follows Singapore Volition; or b) the average subscription price at which Singapore Volition issued shares pursuant to the Agreement, if Singapore Volition is not listed within 350 days of the Share Purchase Agreement, if Singapore Volition is not listed within 350 days of the Share Purchase Agreement, the consent of the parties in writing prior to the issuance. The price per share will be determined by the method that occurs first. The foregoing description of the Share Purchase Agreement does not purport to summarize all terms and conditions thereof and is qualified in its entirety by reference to Exhibit 2.01.

On September 22, 2010, Singapore Volition entered into a Deed of Novation, or the Deed of Novation, with Valirx, ValiBio and Chroma, pursuant to which the parties agreed that Valirx's right to enforce its Patent License Agreement by and between Valirx and Chroma dated October 3, 2009, shall be assigned to Singapore Volition. As consideration, Singapore Volition shall pay directly to Chroma 5% of the net proceeds of that certain Share Purchase Agreement dated September 22, 2010, per the terms of that certain Deed of Novation. For the periods ended December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, Singapore Volition paid \$0 and \$0, respectively, pursuant to the terms of that certain Deed of Novation. The foregoing description of the Deed of Novation does not purport to summarize all terms and conditions thereof and is qualified in its entirety by reference to Exhibit 2.01.

On June 9, 2011, Singapore Volition and Valirx entered into a Supplementary Agreement, or the Supplementary Agreement, between the parties dated September 22, 2010, or the Supplemental Agreement, pursuant to which Singapore Volition transferred ownership of the Valirx patent application for the Method for Detecting the Presence of Bacteria to Singapore Volition. As consideration, Singapore Volition shall issue additional shares of common stock to Valirx of a newly listed entity to Valirx with a value of \$510,000. This issuance shall be made in exchange for the shares of common stock of Valirx pursuant to that certain Share Purchase Agreement dated September 22, 2010. The price per share of the newly listed entity shall be determined by the terms of that Share Purchase Agreement. The foregoing description of the Supplementary Agreement does not purport to summarize all terms and conditions thereof and is qualified in its entirety by reference to Exhibit 2.02.

During the year ended December 31, 2012, the Company issued 510,811 shares of common stock to Valirx and 510,811 shares of common stock to Chroma (both issuances were made on December 6, 2011) in exchange for the shares of common stock of Valirx and Chroma, respectively, as settlement of the \$510,000 and the \$600,000 pursuant to that certain Share Purchase Agreement and the Deed of Novation. During the year ended December 31, 2013, the Company issued 510,811 shares of common stock to Valirx or to Chroma.

(3)

On August 10, 2011, Singapore Volition entered into a service agreement, or the Research Limited, or Research, a 100% subsidiary of The Dill Faulkes Educational limited by guarantee (with no share capital or stockholders) and a registered UK charity to give back to the community. Since its inception in 1998, DFET has donated approximately support a number of major charitable projects, bursaries and scholarships approved by Faulkes Telescope Project, Church Bell Projects and various educational programs. Neither services to companies other than Singapore Volition, its subsidiaries and affiliates. Dr. VolitionRx Limited) is the benefactor of DFET and currently serves as director and chief Research. Mr. Cameron Reynolds (current President, CEO and a Director of Volition director of Research but is not now, and never has been, involved with DFET in any Reynolds do not have any ownership, control or other material relationship, directly or Further, neither Dr. Faulkes nor Mr. Reynolds receives any compensation, directly or pursuant to the Service Agreement, in exchange for their directorships to Research. Agreement provides for Research to perform services for Singapore Volition for a period for an aggregate of \$105,000. Such services require Research to liaison with various raise the profile of Singapore Volition through charitable donations, build and develop and International cancer charities and Singapore Volition, and lobby government, makers on behalf of Singapore Volition and promote the socially responsible ethical Singapore Volition focuses on its corporate social responsibilities to the community, and does not pay any salary or other compensation to anyone, directly or indirectly. Faulkes performs the services on behalf of Research, however as stated above, he does exchange. As of July 31, 2013, it was agreed that services had been performed to the full Agreement, and therefore the Service Agreement was terminated as of that date. On December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, Singapore Volition incurred a total of respectively, for its services.

On August 11, 2011, the parties entered into a Settlement Agreement of the Service Agreement, agreeing to convert the \$105,000 fees due to Research under the Service (\$0.30/share) of common stock in Singapore Volition. During the year ended December 350,000 shares to Research (issued on September 8, 2011). The value of the shares accounted with United States GAAP related party rules, which has resulted in an increase in the corresponding increase in the value attributed to the services for the purposes of the year. As a result of the termination of the Service Agreement described above, Singapore \$250,833 for the year ended December 31, 2013, in respect of the value attributed to December 31, 2013, Singapore Volition did not issue any shares to Research. Pursuant to Agreement which closed on October 6, 2011, the shares of Singapore Volition were The foregoing descriptions of the Service Agreement and Settlement Agreement do not conditions thereof and are qualified in their entirety by reference to Exhibits 10.23 and

(4)

As part of the engagement letters with each of our directors, certain indemnification provisions, to indemnify our directors and executive officers for expenses, including a

settlement amounts incurred by a director or officer in any action or proceeding arising out of or in connection with the Company's business or the business of any of our directors or officers.

Other than the foregoing, none of the directors or executive officers of the Company, or was known to own beneficially more than 5% of the Company's outstanding common stock, or any other class of equity securities, or any partnership, joint venture, associate or affiliate of such persons or companies, has any material interest, direct or indirect, in any transaction or arrangement that has occurred during the past fiscal year, or in any proposed transaction, which has or may have a material effect on the Company.

With regard to any future related party transaction, we plan to fully disclose any and all such transactions in the following manner:

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Disclosing such transactions in reports where required;

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Disclosing in any and all filings with the SEC, where required;

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Obtaining disinterested directors consent; and

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Obtaining stockholder consent where required.

Director Independence

For purposes of determining director independence, we have applied the definitions in the OTCQB and NYSE MKT Company Guide §803(A)(2). The OTCQB on which shares of common stock are quoted does not have specific independence requirements. The NYSE MKT definition of "Independent Director" means a person who is not an executive officer, director, employee or former employee of the company. No director qualifies as independent unless the issuer, after consultation with its independent legal counsel, determines that the director does not have a relationship that would interfere with the director's ability to carry out the responsibilities of a director. In addition, the NYSE MKT Company Guide lists certain persons who may not be considered independent.

According to the NYSE MKT definition, Cameron Reynolds and Dr. Martin Faulkes are independent directors. They are also executive officers of the Company. Dr. Habib Skaff, Guy Innes, and Dr. Martin Faulkes are independent directors.

Review, Approval or Ratification of Transactions with Related Persons

We are a smaller reporting company as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and do not intend to provide the information under this item.

TAXATION

The following is a discussion of the material U.S. federal income tax consequences of the proposed transaction based upon laws and relevant interpretations thereof in effect as of the date of this prospectus. This discussion does not address all possible tax consequences relating to an investment in our common stock, as the tax consequences under foreign, state, local and other tax laws. To the extent that the tax consequences of the proposed transaction are based upon legislation that has not been subject to judicial or administrative interpretation, the views expressed herein may not be accepted by the tax authorities in question or by a court. The discussion is not intended to constitute, and should not be relied upon as, legal or professional tax advice and does not exhaust all possible tax considerations.

Holders of our common stock should consult their own tax advisors as to the tax consequences of the proposed transaction and disposition of our common stock, including, in particular, the effect of any foreign tax consequences.

United States Federal Income Tax Consequences

The following is a discussion of the material U.S. federal income tax considerations of the ownership of our common stock by a U.S. holder, as defined below, who will hold the common stock as a U.S. holder under Section 1221 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). This discussion is based on the current federal tax law, which is subject to differing interpretations or change, possibly with retroactive effect, as sought from the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS") with respect to any U.S. federal income tax consequences discussed below, and there can be no assurance that the IRS or a court will not take a contrary position. This discussion does not address the tax consequences to any particular holder nor any tax considerations that may apply to holders of our common stock under tax rules, such as banks, insurance companies, individual retirement and other tax-deferred investment vehicles, companies, individuals who are former U.S. citizens or former long-term U.S. residents, trusts, estates, tax-exempt entities, persons subject to the alternative minimum tax, persons who hold our common stock as a straddle or as part of a hedging, constructive sale or conversion transaction for U.S. federal income tax purposes, persons who have a functional currency other than the U.S. dollar, persons who acquired our common stock as a result of an employee stock option or otherwise as compensation, or persons who are not U.S. citizens or residents.

In addition, this discussion does not address any state, local or non-U.S. tax considerations. Holders should consult its own tax advisor regarding the U.S. federal, state, local, and non-U.S. income tax consequences of an investment in our common stock.

In this section, a U.S. holder means a beneficial owner of common stock that is, for

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an individual who is a citizen or resident of the United States;

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a corporation (or other entity treated as a corporation) created or organized (or treated as organized) under the laws of the United States, any state thereof or the District of Columbia;

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an estate the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income taxation regardless of its

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a trust (i) the administration of which is subject to the primary supervision of a court in the United States and one or more U.S. persons have the authority to control all substantial decisions or (ii) the trust is treated as a U.S. person under applicable income tax regulations to be treated as a U.S. person.

If an entity or arrangement treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes, the U.S. federal income tax treatment of a partner generally will depend on the status of the partner as a partner in the partnership. Partners of partnerships that will hold our common stock should consult their tax advisor.

You are urged to consult your own tax advisor with respect to the U.S. federal, as well as state, tax consequences to you of acquiring, owning and disposing of our common stock in light of applicable tax laws, including the possible effects of changes in U.S. federal and other tax laws.

Dividends

As described above, we have never paid any distributions on our common stock, and we do not expect to pay any distributions on our common stock in the foreseeable future. If we were to pay any distributions, such distributions generally would be taxable to a U.S. Holder as ordinary income. A portion of any such income paid to U.S. Holders who are individuals (or certain trusts and estates) if certain

Distributions, if any, in excess of our current or accumulated earnings and profits would be paid in cash to the extent of a U.S. Holder's adjusted basis in its common stock and thereafter in cash to the extent of the U.S. Holder's adjusted tax basis in its common stock. U.S. Holders should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the appropriate U.S. federal income tax treatment of such distributions.

Sale or Exchange of Common Stock

A U.S. holder generally will, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, recognize capital gain or loss on the sale or other disposition of our common stock equal to the difference between the amount realized and the holder's adjusted tax basis in the common stock. Any gain or loss recognized on a sale or other disposition of common stock will generally be long-term capital gain or loss if the U.S. holder has held the common stock for more than one year. Generally, for U.S. holders who are individuals (as well as certain trusts and estates), capital gain is subject to U.S. federal income tax at preferential rates. The deductibility of capital losses is limited for federal income tax purposes.

Medicare Tax

U.S. Holders who are individuals, estates or certain trusts must pay a 3.8% tax on net investment income generally includes, among other things, dividend income and net capital gain from the sale of common stock. A U.S. Holder who is an individual, estate or trust should consult its tax advisor regarding the application of the Medicare tax to its income and gains in respect of its investment in our common stock.

Backup Withholding Tax and Information Reporting Requirements

Dividend payments with respect to our common stock and proceeds from the sale, exchange or redemption of common stock may be subject to information reporting to the IRS and possible U.S. backup withholding. Backup withholding will not apply, however, to a U.S. holder who furnishes a correct taxpayer identification number and makes any other required certification or who is otherwise exempt from backup withholding based on its status. Backup withholding is not an additional tax. Amounts withheld as backup withholding may be credited against a holder's U.S. federal income tax liability. A U.S. holder may obtain a refund of any amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules by filing the appropriate claim for refund with the IRS in a timely manner. U.S. holders are urged to contact their own tax advisors as to their qualifications for exemption from backup withholding tax and the procedure for obtaining this exemption.

Foreign Asset Reporting

Certain U.S. holders who are individuals are required to report information relating to their ownership and disposition of our common stock, subject to certain exceptions (including an exception for common stock held in certain qualified pension plans, profit-sharing plans, and other institutions) by filing IRS Form 8938 (Statement of Specified Foreign Financial Assets). U.S. holders are urged to consult their tax advisors regarding their information reporting obligations.

The discussion above is not intended to constitute a complete analysis of all tax considerations that may apply to the ownership or disposition of our common stock. You should consult with your own tax advisor concerning the tax consequences of a particular situation.

UNDERWRITING

The underwriters named below have agreed to buy, subject to the terms and conditions of the underwriting agreement, a certain number of shares of common stock listed opposite their respective name below. The underwriters will pay for all of the shares, if any are purchased, other than those shares covered by the underwriting agreement listed below. The underwriting agreement also provides that if the underwriters default, the offering of common stock may be terminated.

Underwriter	Number of Shares
National Securities Corporation	
Lake Street Capital Markets, LLC	
The Benchmark Company, LLC	
Total	

The underwriters are offering the shares, subject to prior sale, when, as and if issued, subject to the approval of legal matters by their counsel, including the validity of the shares, and the terms of the underwriting agreement, such as the receipt by the underwriters of officer's certificates. The underwriters reserve the right to withdraw, cancel or modify offers to the public and to reject orders.

The underwriters have advised us that they propose to initially offer the shares to the public as set forth on the cover of this prospectus. The underwriters propose to offer the shares to the public at a concession of not more than \$_____ per share. After the initial offering of the shares, we may from time to time vary the offering prices and other selling terms.

Over-allotment Option to Purchase Additional Shares

We have granted to National Securities Corporation an option to purchase up to an additional 10% of the shares being offered at the same price to the public, and with the same underwriting discount, as set forth in this prospectus. National Securities Corporation may exercise this option any time during the 30-day period after the date of the offering, including over-allotments, if any, including as described below.

Discounts and Commissions

The following table summarizes the public offering price, underwriting discount and other expenses payable by us for this offering to be up to approximately \$_____ which includes the underwriting discount of \$_____ (\$_____ if the underwriter's over-allotment option is exercised) and the accountable expenses of the underwriter equal to \$125,000 (\$50,000 of which has been paid by us, and (iii) other estimated company expenses which includes legal, accounting, printing costs and various fees associated with the offering. Any advanced payments to the underwriters will be refundable to the extent not allowed by FINRA Rule 5110(f)(2)(C). In no event will the aggregated expenses reimbursed to the underwriters include the fees and expenses of the underwriters that we have agreed to reimburse are not included in the table below. The underwriting discount was determined through arms length negotiations with the underwriters.

	Per Share
Public offering price	\$
Underwriting discount to be paid to the underwriter by us	\$
Proceeds, before expenses, to us	\$

We estimate that the total expenses of the offering, excluding underwriting discounts and commissions, will be \$_____. This includes \$125,000 of fees and expenses of the underwriters. These

Market for Shares

We have applied to have our shares of common stock listed on the NYSE MKT under the listing standards of the NYSE MKT. We expect that such application will be approved. In the event the application is not approved, we will not proceed with the offering.

Indemnification and Contribution

We have agreed to indemnify the underwriters against certain liabilities, including civil liabilities under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or to contribute to payments that the underwriters may be required to make.

Lock-up Agreements

Our directors and executive officers have agreed to certain restrictions on their ability to sell or otherwise dispose of their shares of common stock for a period of 180 days after the date of this prospectus. They have agreed not to grant any option for the sale of, or otherwise issue or dispose of, any shares or common stock, or any related security or instrument, without the prior written consent of the Corporation. The agreement provides exceptions for (i) bona fide gifts or transfers by will, (ii) transfers to a trust for the direct or indirect benefit of the stockholder or the immediate family of the stockholder, (iii) transfers to partners or stockholders of the stockholder and (iv) transfers to a charity or educational institution.

Stabilization

To facilitate the offering, the underwriters may engage in transactions that stabilize, maintain, or support the price of the shares of common stock during and after the offering. Specifically, the underwriters may create a short position in the shares for their own account by selling more shares than they are entitled to under the offering. The underwriters may elect to cover any such short position by purchasing shares in the open market or by exercising the over-allotment option granted to the underwriters. In addition, the underwriters may purchase shares by bidding for or purchasing shares in the open market and may impose penalties on any broker-dealer whose selling concessions allowed to broker-dealers participating in the offering are reclaimed if the shares of common stock being offered in the offering are repurchased, whether in connection with stabilization transactions or otherwise. Such stabilization transactions may be to stabilize or maintain the market price of the shares at a level above the market price that would otherwise prevail in the open market. The imposition of a penalty bid may also affect the price of the shares and may discourage resale of the shares. The magnitude or effect of any stabilization or other transaction may be effected in the over-the-counter market or otherwise and, if commenced, may be discontinued at any time.

Passive Market Making

In connection with this offering, the underwriters (and selling group members) may engage in passive market making transactions in the shares. Passive market making consists of displaying bids limited by those prices in response to order flow. Rule 101 of Regulation M, which is part of the SEC's anti-manipulation rules, limits the amount of net purchases that each passive market maker may make in the shares. Passive market making may stabilize the market price of the shares at a level above the market price that would otherwise prevail in the open market and, if commenced, may be discontinued at any time.

Electronic Offer, Sale and Distribution of Shares

A prospectus in electronic format may be made available on the websites maintained for this offering and the underwriters may distribute prospectuses electronically. In those cases, the offering terms and a prospectus online and place orders online or through their financial advisor in electronic format, the information on these websites is not part of this prospectus, and this prospectus forms a part, has not been approved or endorsed by us or the underwriters. Investors should read this prospectus carefully before investing.

Offer Restrictions Outside the United States

Other than in the United States, no action has been taken by us or the underwriters that would permit the securities offered by this prospectus in any jurisdiction where action for that purpose is required. This prospectus may not be offered or sold, directly or indirectly, nor may this prospectus be used in advertisements in connection with the offer and sale of any such securities be distributed in any jurisdiction except under circumstances that will result in compliance with the applicable rules and regulations. Persons into whose possession this prospectus comes are advised to inform themselves of the laws relating to the offering and the distribution of this prospectus. This prospectus does not constitute a solicitation of an offer to buy any securities offered by this prospectus in any jurisdiction where such solicitation is unlawful.

DESCRIPTION OF SECURITIES

Authorized Capital Stock

Under our certificate of incorporation, as amended, our authorized capital stock consists of 1,000,000 shares of common stock, \$0.001 par value per share, and 1,000,000 shares of undesignated preferred stock. As of January 7, 2015, we had 14,691,332 shares of common stock outstanding and no shares of preferred stock outstanding.

Common Stock

Holders of common stock are entitled to one vote for each share held of record on a stockholders, and do not have cumulative voting rights. Subject to preferences that may apply to shares of preferred stock, holders of common stock are entitled to receive ratably such dividends from time to time by our board of directors out of funds legally available for dividends on common stock outstanding as of the date of this prospectus and, upon issuance and sale, all shares of common stock offered pursuant to this prospectus, will be fully paid and nonassessable. The holders of common stock have no rights of conversion, exchange, pre-emption or other subscription rights. There are no preemptive rights applicable to the common stock. In the event of any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the company, common stock will be entitled to share ratably in our assets that are remaining after payment of all debts and obligations and after liquidation payments to holders of outstanding shares of preferred stock.

Transfer Agent and Registrar

The transfer agent and registrar for our common stock is VStock Transfer, LLC.

OTCQB

Our common stock is traded on the OTCQB under the symbol VNRX. On January 1, 2014, the closing price of our common stock was \$4.74 per share.

Preferred Stock

Under the terms of our certificate of incorporation, as amended, our board of directors may issue up to 10,000,000 shares of preferred stock in one or more series without stockholder approval. Our board of directors may determine the rights, preferences, privileges and restrictions, including voting rights, dividend rights, redemption privileges and liquidation preferences, of each series of preferred stock. The authority to issue preferred stock and determine its rights and preferences has the effect of a preemptive right to the extent of a stockholder vote on specific issuances.

Anti-Takeover Provisions under Delaware law and our Delaware Certificate of Incorporation

We are subject to the anti-takeover provisions of Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law. Section 203 prohibits a publicly held Delaware corporation from engaging in a "business combination" with an "interested stockholder" for a period of three years after the date of the transaction in which the stockholder became an interested stockholder, unless the business combination is, or the transaction in which the person became an interested stockholder was, approved in a prescribed manner or another prescribed exception applies. For purposes of this section, "business combination" is defined broadly to include a merger, asset sale or other transaction in which the corporation acquires or disposes of a substantial portion of its assets, and, subject to certain exceptions, an "interested stockholder" is a person who, or her affiliates and associates, owns (or within three years prior, did own) 15% or more of the corporation's outstanding common stock. This statute could prohibit or delay mergers or other takeover or change in control attempts and may discourage attempts to acquire us.

Effects of Authorized but Unissued Stock

We have shares of common stock and preferred stock available for future issuance with no restrictions or any limitations imposed by the listing standards of any securities market or exchange on which we are listed. We may utilize these additional shares for a variety of corporate purposes including to raise additional capital or facilitate corporate acquisitions or for payment as a dividend or other distribution. The availability of unissued and unreserved common stock and preferred stock may enable our board of directors to issue stock friendly to current management or to issue preferred stock with terms that could have a material impact on the ability for a third party to acquire, or could discourage a third party from seeking to acquire, the corporation, whether by means of a merger, tender offer, proxy contest or otherwise. In addition, if we issue preferred stock, it may adversely affect the voting power of holders of common stock and the likelihood that the corporation will make dividend payments and payments upon liquidation.

We refer you to our certificate of incorporation, any amendments thereto, bylaws, and the Delaware General Corporation Law for a more complete description of the rights and preferences of our common and preferred stock.

Limitation of Liability and Indemnification of Officers and Directors

Our certificate of incorporation, as amended, and our amended and restated bylaws provide for the indemnification of our directors to the fullest extent permitted by the Delaware General Corporation Law and for the indemnification of our officers to the fullest extent permitted by such law. We have also entered into indemnification agreements with our former directors and certain of our officers and key employees and expect to enter into indemnification agreements with our directors, officers or key employees.

COMMISSION POSITION ON INDEMNIFICATION FOR SECURITIES

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act may be possible under applicable law, the Company has indemnified its officers and controlling persons pursuant to the foregoing provisions, we have been advised that the Securities and Exchange Commission, such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is unenforceable.

LEGAL MATTERS

The validity of the shares sold by us under this prospectus will be passed upon for us by the legal counsel to the Company, P.C., Newport Beach, California. Certain legal matters relating to this offering will be handled by the legal counsel to the Company, Duane Morris LLP, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

EXPERTS

Sadler, Gibb & Associates, LLC, our independent registered public accountant, has been included in this prospectus and registration statement to the extent and for the periods specified. Sadler, Gibb & Associates, LLC has presented its report with respect to our audited financial statements.

WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

This prospectus, which constitutes a part of the registration statement, does not contain all the information that you should read before you invest in the common stock. The registration statement and the exhibits thereto. Statements contained in this prospectus and any other document that is filed as an exhibit to the registration statement are not necessarily true in all respects by reference to the full text of such contract or document. For information regarding the common stock, reference is hereby made to the registration statement and the exhibits thereto. The registration statement and the exhibits thereto have been inspected and copied at the principal office of the SEC, 100 F Street NE, Washington, D.C. 20549. A copy of each part thereof may be obtained at prescribed rates from the Commission's Public Reference Room. The SEC maintains a World Wide Web site on the Internet at <http://www.sec.gov> that contains information regarding registrants that file electronically with the SEC. We also make available free of charge our annual reports, current reports, and other information upon request. To request such materials, please contact our Corporate Secretary at c/o Corporate Secretary, VolitionRx Limited, 1 Scotts Road, Suite 228208, by email at notice@volitionrx.com, or by facsimile at +32 8172 5651. These materials are available through the Investors section on our website at www.volitionrx.com as soon as practicable after they are electronically filed with, or furnished to, the Securities and Exchange Commission.

INDEX TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

VOLITIONRX LIMITED

Consolidated Financial Statements

Financial Statements for the Fiscal Years Ended December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012

Consolidated Statement of Operations and Comprehensive Loss for the Fiscal Years Ended December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, and for the Period from August 5, 2010 (Date of Inception) to December 31, 2013

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the Fiscal Years Ended December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, and for the Period from August 5, 2010 (Date of Inception) to December 31, 2013

Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity as of December 31, 2013

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013

Financial Statements for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013

Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2014 (unaudited) and December 31, 2013

Consolidated Statement of Operations and Comprehensive Loss for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (unaudited)

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 (unaudited)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 (unaudited)

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

To the Board of Directors

VolitionRx Limited.

(A Development Stage Company)

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of VolitionRx Limited and the related consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the years then ended and for the period from inception on August 5, 2010, through December 31, 2013. The preparation of these financial statements is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Standards Board (PCASB) (United States of America). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance that the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement. The Company's management is responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control over financial reporting. Our audits were conducted for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements, assessing the accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. Our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material aspects, the financial position of VolitionRx Limited as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, and the results of its operations for the years then ended and for the period from inception on August 5, 2010, through December 31, 2013, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming going concern. As discussed in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, the \$11,295,922 and negative cash flows from operations as of December 31, 2013, wh ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans concerning these mat consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from

/s/ Sadler, Gibb & Associates, LLC

Sadler, Gibb & Associates, LLC

Salt Lake City, UT

March 27, 2014

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VOLITIONRX LIMITED

(A Development Stage Company)

Consolidated Balance Sheets

(Expressed in US dollars)

ASSETS

Cash
Prepaid expenses related party
Prepaid expenses
Other current assets

Total Current Assets

Property and equipment, net
Intangible assets, net

Total Assets

LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities
Management and directors fees payable
Note payable related party
Deferred grant income

Total Current Liabilities

Grant repayable

Total Liabilities

STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY

Preferred Stock

Authorized: 1,000,000 shares, at \$0.001 par value

Issued and outstanding: Nil shares and Nil respectively

Common Stock

Authorized: 100,000,000 shares, at \$0.001 par value

Issued and outstanding: 11,679,757 shares and 10,191,562 respectively

Additional paid-in capital

Accumulated other comprehensive loss

Deficit accumulated during the development stage

Total Stockholders' Equity

Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.)

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VOLITIONRX LIMITED

(A Development Stage Company)

Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss

(Expressed in US dollars)

	For the year ended December 31, 2013
	\$
Revenue	-
Expenses	
General and administrative	434,006
Professional fees	621,722
Salaries and office administrative fees	666,419
Research and development	2,503,765
Impairment of patents	350,000
Total Operating Expenses	4,575,912
Net Operating Loss	(4,575,912)
Other Income	
Grants received	865,623
Provision for income taxes	-
Net Loss	(3,710,289)
Other Comprehensive Loss	
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(25,519)
Total Other Comprehensive Loss	(25,519)
Net Comprehensive Loss	(3,735,808)
Net Loss per Share	
Basic and Diluted	(0.34)
Weighted Average Shares Outstanding	
Basic and Diluted	10,832,369

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements)

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VOLITIONRX LIMITED

(A Development Stage Company)

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(Expressed in US dollars)

	For the year ended December 31,2013 \$
Operating Activities	
Net loss	(3,710,289)
Adjustments to reconcile to net cash used in operating activities:	
Depreciation and amortization	146,396
Impairment of intangible asset	350,000
Stock based compensation	282,012
Common stock and warrants issued to settle liabilities for services	472,425
Amortization of stock issued in advance of services	250,833
Non-operating income grants received	(865,623)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	
Prepaid expenses	(50,621)
Other current assets	5,964
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	34,697
Net Cash Used In Operating Activities	(3,084,206)
Investing Activities	
Purchases of property and equipment	(714)
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	(714)
Financing Activities	
Proceeds from issuance of shares of common stock	2,828,250
Grants received	819,575

Proceeds from note payable	
Repayment of notes payable	(54,396)
Cash acquired through reverse merger	
Net Cash Provided By Financing Activities	3,593,429
Effect of foreign exchange on cash	3,774
Increase in Cash	512,283
Cash Beginning of Period	376,421
Cash End of Period	888,704

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.)

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Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information

Interest paid
Income tax paid

Non Cash Financing Activities::

Acquisition of subsidiary for debt
Common stock issued for debt

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated f

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VOLITIONRX LIMITED

(A Development Stage Company)

Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity

Period from August 5, 2010 (Date of inception) to December 31, 2011

(Expressed in US dollars)

	Common Stock				
	Shares	Amount (\$)	Additional Paid-in Capital (\$)	Share Subscriptions Received (\$)	Other Comprehensive Income (\$)
Balance, August 5, 2010 (Date of inception)	-	-	-	-	-
Issuance of founders shares	1	-	-	-	-
Common stock issued for cash	2,333,720	2,334	1,787,104	-	-
Common stock issued for services	4,105,045	4,105	793,537	-	-
Common stock issued in advance of services	350,000	350	349,650	-	-
Recapitalization pursuant to reverse merger	1,212,000	1,212	(2,162)	-	-
Stock issued to settle debt	644,886	645	1,169,298	-	-
Relative fair value of warrants attached to common stock issued	-	-	73,791	-	-
Employee stock options granted for services	-	-	16,507	-	-
Warrants granted for services	-	-	390,529	-	-
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	4,000
Net loss for the year	-	-	-	-	-
Balance, December 31, 2011	8,645,652	8,646	4,578,254	-	4,000
Common stock issued for cash	1,427,604	1,428	2,574,947	-	-

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Common stock issued for services	118,306	118	206,910	-	
Employee stock options granted for services	-	-	858,413	-	
Warrants granted for services	-	-	224,988	-	
Other comprehensive loss	-	-	-	-	(38,)
Net loss for the year	-	-	-	-	
Balance, December 31, 2012	10,191,562	10,192	8,443,512	-	(34,

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.)

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VOLITIONRX LIMITED

(A Development Stage Company)

Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity (Continued)
 Period from August 5, 2010 (Date of inception) to December 31, 2013
 (Expressed in US dollars)

	Common Stock				
	Shares	Amount (\$)	Additional Paid-in Capital (\$)	Share Subscriptions Received (\$)	Other Comprehensive Income (\$)
Balance, December 31, 2012	10,191,562	10,192	8,443,512	-	(34,000)
Common stock issued for cash	1,432,712	1,433	2,826,817	-	
Common stock issued for debt	40,483	40	84,967	-	
Common stock issued for services	15,000	15	30,735	-	
Employee stock options granted for services	-	-	282,012	-	
Warrants granted for services	-	-	356,668	-	
Other comprehensive loss	-	-	-	-	(25,000)
Net loss for the year	-	-	-	-	
Balance, December 31, 2013	11,679,757	11,680	12,024,711	-	(59,000)

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.)

Note 1 Nature of Operations and Continuance of Business

The Company was incorporated under the laws of the State of Delaware on September 1, 2009. On September 1, 2011, the Company filed a Certificate for Renewal and Revival of Charter with Secretary of State of Delaware. Pursuant to Section 312(1) of the Delaware General Corporation Law, the Company was revived as VolitionRx Limited. The name change to VolitionRx Limited was approved by FINRA on October 11, 2011.

On October 6, 2011, the Company entered into a share exchange agreement with Singapore Volition Pte Ltd., a Singapore corporation, and the stockholders of Singapore Volition, which was incorporated on August 1, 2010. Pursuant to the share exchange agreement, the former stockholders of Singapore Volition exchanged their outstanding shares of the Company's common stock. The issuance was deemed to be for tax purposes. Singapore Volition Pte Ltd., the acquired entity, is regarded as the predecessor of the Company. The number of shares outstanding and per share amounts has been restated to recognize the acquisition. The financial data in these financial statements is that of Singapore Volition Pte Ltd.

The Company's principal business objective through its subsidiaries is to develop a rapid, accurate, and sensitive blood test. The Company is a development stage company as defined by Financial Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 915, Development Stage Entities. The Company's principal subsidiary, Singapore Volition Pte Ltd., which it acquired through a share exchange agreement on October 6, 2011. Singapore Volition Pte Ltd. has two wholly owned subsidiaries, Belgian Volition SA, incorporated in Belgium in 2010, and HyperGenomics Pte Ltd., which it formed as of March 7, 2011. Following the acquisition of Singapore Volition Pte Ltd. the Company's fiscal year end was changed from August 31 to December 31, 2011, and the financial statements are presented on a consolidated basis.

Note 2 Going Concern

The Company's financial statements are prepared using generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America applicable to a going concern which contemplates the realization of assets and the liquidation of liabilities in the normal course of business. The Company has incurred losses since inception of \$11,200,000, and currently has very limited revenues, which creates substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The future of the Company as an operating business will depend on its ability to obtain additional financing and/or financing as may be required to sustain its operations. Management's plan to address this uncertainty includes (a) the exercise of tight cost controls to conserve cash, (b) receiving additional grant funds, and (c) obtaining additional financing through debt or equity financing.

The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability described in the preceding paragraph and eventually secure other sources of financing. The accompanying financial statements do not include any adjustments that might be necessary if the Company is unable to continue as a going concern. If the Company is unable to obtain adequate capital, it could

Note 3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States and are expressed in U.S. dollars. The Company's fiscal year end is

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Note 3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with US generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The Company also regularly evaluates estimates and assumptions, including asset valuation allowances. The Company bases its estimates and assumptions on current facts and circumstances, various other factors that it believes to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of operations, and its judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities and the accrual of costs and expenses that are not apparent from other sources. The actual results experienced by the Company may differ from the Company's estimates. To the extent there are material differences between the estimates and the actual results of operations will be affected.

Reclassification of Financial Statement Accounts

Certain reclassifications have been made to prior periods' data to conform to the current presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on reported income or losses or working capital ratios.

Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 include the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, Singapore Volition Pte Ltd., Belgian Volition Pte Ltd. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid instruments with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. As at December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the Company had \$148 million in cash and cash equivalents.

Basic and Diluted Net Loss Per Share

The Company computes net loss per share in accordance with ASC 260, Earnings Per Share, which requires the Company to compute both basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) on the face of the income statement. Basic EPS is computed by dividing net loss available to stockholders (numerator) by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS gives effect to all dilutive potential shares of common stock outstanding during the period using the treasury stock method and convertible preferred stock using the if-converted method. The weighted average stock price for the period is used in determining the number of shares assumed to be outstanding if stock options or warrants. As of December 31, 2013, 529,069 dilutive warrants and 1,000,000 shares of convertible preferred stock and options were excluded from the Diluted EPS calculation as their effect is anti dilutive.

Foreign Currency Translation

The Company's functional currency is the Euro and its reporting currency is the US Dollar. The Company has adopted ASC 830-20, Foreign Currency Matters - Foreign Currency Transactions. Financial statements denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rate prevailing at the balance sheet date. For the period, the weighted average exchange rate for the period is used. Gains and losses arising on foreign currency denominated transactions or balances are included in other comprehensive loss.

Financial Instruments

Pursuant to ASC 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*, an entity is required to use the most observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. ASC 820 requires the Company to base the level of independent, objective evidence surrounding the inputs used to measure the fair value of an instrument's categorization within the fair value hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is available and significant to the fair value measurement. ASC 820 prioritizes the inputs into three levels that may be used to

Note 3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Level 1

Level 1 applies to assets or liabilities for which there are quoted prices in active markets.

Level 2

Level 2 applies to assets or liabilities for which there are inputs other than quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in markets with insufficient volume or infrequent transactions (less active markets); or other significant inputs are observable or can be derived principally from, or corroborated by, observable market data.

Level 3

Level 3 applies to assets or liabilities for which there are unobservable inputs to the valuation techniques that are significant to the measurement of the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

The Company's financial instruments consist principally of cash, accounts receivable, notes payable, and amounts due to related parties. Pursuant to ASC 820, the fair value of these instruments is determined using Level 1 inputs, which consist of quoted prices in active markets for identical assets.

The fair values of all of our other financial instruments approximate their current fair values based on their maturity dates or durations. During the year ended December 31, 2013, the Company had a market value of \$632,779, and options under the 2011 Equity Incentive Plan at fair market value of \$30,750. The Company also issued shares of common stock for services at fair market value of \$30,750.

Income Taxes

Potential benefits of income tax losses are not recognized in the accounts until realized. The Company has adopted ASC 740 "Accounting for Income Taxes" as of its inception. ASC 740 requires the Company to compute tax asset benefits for net operating losses carried forward. The potential benefits of net operating losses carried forward are not recognized until realized.

have not been recognized in this financial statement because the Company cannot be a utilize the net operating losses carried forward in future years.

Comprehensive Loss

ASC 220, *Comprehensive Loss*, establishes standards for the reporting and dis components in the financial statements. As at December 31, 2013, the Company comprehensive loss relating to foreign currency translation.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment is stated at cost and is amortized on a straight-line basis, at the

Computer Hardware	3 years
Laboratory Equipment	5 years
Office Furniture and Equipment	5 years
Intangible Assets	13 years and 20 years

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue when all of the following have occurred (i) persuasi (ii) delivery has occurred or services have been rendered, (iii) the price is fixed or dete is reasonably assured. The Company had no revenue during the year ended Decembe \$54,968 during the year ended December 31, 2012 for services provided in the prepara

Note 3 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Research and Development

The Company follows the policy of expensing its research and development costs in the accordance with ASC 730. The Company incurred research and development expenses of \$10.1 million for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

In accordance with ASC 360, *Property Plant and Equipment*, the Company tests long-lived assets for recoverability when events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amount may not be recoverable. Circumstances which could trigger a review include, but are not limited to: significant changes in the carrying amount of an asset; significant adverse changes in the business climate or legal factors; accumulation of costs in excess of the amount originally expected for the acquisition or construction of the asset; current operations or losses combined with a history of losses or a forecast of continuing losses associated with the asset; or an expectation that the asset will more likely than not be sold or disposed significantly before the end of its useful life. Recoverability is assessed based on the carrying amount of the asset and its fair value, which is determined based on the sum of the undiscounted cash flows expected to result from the use and eventual disposition of the asset, as well as specific appraisal in certain instances. An impairment loss is recognized when the carrying amount of a long-lived asset is not recoverable and exceeds fair value. The Company recognized impairment losses of \$3.1 million during the year ended December 31, 2013. No impairment losses were recognized during 2012.

Stock-Based Compensation

The Company records stock-based compensation in accordance with ASC 718, *Compensation - Stock*, and ASC 505-50, *Equity-Based Payments to Non-Employees*. All transactions in which the Company receives services in exchange for the issuance of equity instruments are accounted for based on the fair value of the equity instrument issued, whichever is more reliably measurable. Equity-based compensation and the cost of the services received as consideration are measured and recognized over the period the instruments are issued and are recognized over the employees required service period, which is generally the vesting period.

Grants received

The Company receives funding from public bodies for a proportion of the costs of special projects in line with claims submitted for agreed expenditure. The Company recognizes grant income when the funding is received.

approved and funds are received. General working capital funding received at the corporation's expense is deferred income until it has been utilized for expenditure claimed. Funding received through

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

The Company has implemented all new accounting pronouncements that are in effect and applicable to the Company. There are no other new accounting pronouncements that have been issued that might materially affect the Company's financial position or results of operations.

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Note 4 Property and Equipment

The Company's property and equipment consist of the following amounts as of December 31, 2013 and 2012:

	Cost	Accu
	\$	Dep
Computer hardware	54,404	
Laboratory equipment	63,866	
Office furniture and equipment	18,500	
	136,770	

	Cost	Accu
	\$	Dep
Computer hardware	56,672	
Laboratory equipment	67,272	
Office furniture and equipment	19,271	
	143,215	

During the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, the Company recognized \$0 of depreciation expense respectively.

Note 5 Intangible Assets

The Company's intangible assets consist of intellectual property, principally patents with their remaining lives, which are 10 years and 17 years.

	Cost	Dep
	\$	
Patents	1,666,346	
	1,666,346	

	Cost	Accu
	\$	Dep
Patents	1,314,559	
	1,314,559	

During the year ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, the Company recognized \$11 expense respectively. During the year ended December 31, 2013 the Company al \$350,000. No impairment losses were recognized during the year ended December 31,

Note 5 Intangible Assets (continued)

The Company amortizes the long-lived assets on a straight line basis with terms ranging from 10 to 15 years. The Company's estimated amortization schedule over the next five years is as follows:

2014	\$ 98,158
2015	\$ 98,158
2016	\$ 98,158
2017	\$ 98,158
2018	\$ 98,158

The Company periodically reviews its long lived assets to ensure that their carrying value does not exceed their fair value. The Company carried out such a review in accordance with ASC 360 as of December 31, 2013. The review confirmed that the fair value of the patents exceeded their carrying value as of December 31, 2013.

Note 6 Related Party Transactions

The Company contracts with a related party to rent office space, hire office support services, and purchase office supplies. See Note 11 for obligations under the contract.

Note 7 Amendment of Authorised Stock

As of September 19, 2013, the number of authorized shares of common stock was 100,000,000 shares at \$0.001 par value, and the issuance of 1,000,000 shares of preferred stock was authorized.

Note 8 Common Stock

On March 25, 2013, the Company issued 235,500 shares of common stock for a total value of \$235,500. The shares were issued to consultants and directors to settle liabilities for services valued at \$235,500.

On May 1, 2013, the Company issued 208,000 shares of common stock for a total of \$-

On June 10, 2013, the Company issued 297,500 shares of common stock for a total of \$- per share. The amount received was net of \$60,500 fees and expenses to an agent. Remitted \$29,750 warrants, immediately exercisable for a period of five years at a price of \$2.00 per share. The warrants were valued using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing model using the following assumptions: Three year term, \$2.17 stock price, \$2.00 exercise price, 246% volatility, 1.13% risk free rate.

On August 7, 2013, the Company issued 225,000 shares of common stock for a total of \$- per share. Attached to these share issuances were 45,000 warrants, immediately exercisable for a period of five years at a price of \$2.40 per share. The warrants were valued using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing model using the following assumptions: Three year term, \$2.17 stock price, \$2.40 exercise price, 244% volatility, 1.13% risk free rate. The Company has allocated \$72,721 of the total \$450,000 in proceeds to the value of the warrants.

During August 2013, the Company issued 12,448 shares of common stock to consultants for services valued at \$28,000, at a price of \$2.25 per share. The Company also issued 12,448 shares of common stock to consultants for services valued at \$30,750, at a price of \$2.05 per share, which represents the value of the services were agreed.

On November 25, 2013, the Company issued 437,320 shares of common stock for a total of \$- per share. Attached to these share issuances were 456,063 warrants, immediately exercisable for a period of five years at a price of \$2.40 per share. The warrants were valued using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing model using the following assumptions: Three year term, \$1.90 stock price, \$2.40 exercise price, 241% volatility, 1.37% risk free rate. The Company has allocated \$466,228 of the total \$934,923 in proceeds to the value of the warrants.

Note 8 Common Stock (Continued)

On December 31, 2013, the Company issued 29,392 shares of common stock for a \$2.05 per share. Attached to these share issuances were 29,392 warrants, immediately exercisable at \$2.40 per share. The warrants were valued using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing model using the following assumptions: Five year term, \$2.48 stock price, \$2.40 exercise price, 239% volatility. The Company has allocated \$30,019 of the total \$60,250 in proceeds to the value of the warrants.

During the year ended December 31, 2012, the Company issued 1,427,604 shares of common stock for a total of \$2,576,371. Attached to share issuances of 582,510 shares for a total of \$1,019,375 were 582,510 warrants, immediately exercisable for a period of four years at a price of \$2.60 per share. The warrants were valued together with a warrant to purchase one share for every two shares subscribed. The warrants were valued using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing model using the following assumptions: Four-year term, \$2.60 stock price, 132% volatility, 0.82% risk free rate. The Company has allocated \$300,656 of the total \$1,019,375 to the value of the warrants.

Remuneration to an agent in respect of the foregoing share issuances totaled \$52,400. Attached to these share issuances were 52,400 warrants. Each warrant is immediately exercisable for a period of three years at a price of \$1.75 per share. The warrants were valued at \$79,555, using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing model using the following assumptions: Three-year term, \$3.45 stock price, \$1.75 exercise price, 149% volatility, 0.36% risk free rate.

During the year ended December 31, 2012, the Company also issued 118,306 shares of common stock to employees and directors for services valued at \$207,028. Attached to share issuances of 118,306 shares for a total of \$184,777 were 52,798 warrants. Each warrant is immediately exercisable for a period of four years at a price of \$2.60 per share. The warrants were valued using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing model using the following assumptions: Four-year term, \$3.31 stock price, \$2.60 exercise price, 132% volatility, 0.82% risk free rate. The Company has allocated \$184,777 of the total \$184,777 value of services to the value of the warrants.

Note 9 Warrants and Options

a)

Warrants

On March 20, 2013, the Company issued 200,000 warrants to a consultant for services expiring three years after vesting. 25,000 warrants vested immediately, and the vesting was contingent upon the achievement of specific milestones. The 25,000 warrants that vested were valued at \$57,046 using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing model using the following assumptions: \$2.47 exercise price, 253% volatility, 0.38% risk free rate. The Company carried out the unvested warrants as at December 31, 2013, in accordance with ASC 505. The Company's unvested warrants will take place over the three years to December 31, 2016. The unvested warrants were valued at \$417,625 using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing model using the following assumptions: \$2.47 exercise price, 239% volatility, 0.78% risk free rate. As of December 31, 2013, the cost of vested and unvested warrants has been expensed.

On June 10, 2013, the Company issued 29,750 warrants to an agent as part remuneration for 297,500 shares for net proceeds of \$534,500. The Company has valued the warrants as exercisable immediately for five years at an exercise price of \$2.00 per share.

On August 7, 2013, the Company issued 45,000 warrants attached to the issuance of 450,000 shares for net proceeds of \$450,000. The Company has allocated \$72,721 of the proceeds to the value of the warrants exercisable immediately for three years at an exercise price of \$2.40.

On November 25, 2013, the Company issued 456,063 warrants attached to the issuance of 456,063 shares for net proceeds of \$896,500, and the issuance of 18,743 shares to settle liabilities for services valued at \$466,228 of the proceeds to the value of the warrants. The warrants are exercisable immediately at an exercise price of \$2.40.

Note 9 Warrants and Options (continued)

On December 31, 2013, the Company issued 29,392 warrants attached to the issuance of 29,392 shares of common stock for a total value of \$60,250. The Company has allocated \$30,019 of the proceeds to the value of the warrants exercisable immediately for five years at an exercise price of \$2.40.

On December 31, 2013, the Company issued 35,000 warrants to a consultant for services rendered, exercisable immediately for five years. The warrants were valued at \$86,190 using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing model using the following assumptions: Five year term, \$2.48 stock price, \$2.40 exercise price, 251% volatility, 0.32% risk free rate.

During the year ended December 31, 2012, the Company issued 50,000 warrants for no consideration during the year ended December 31, 2013. The warrants were exercisable immediately for three years at an exercise price of \$3.25. The warrants were valued at \$145,431 using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing model using the following assumptions: Three year term, \$3.25 stock price, \$3.25 exercise price, 251% volatility, 0.32% risk free rate. These warrants were issued for no consideration during the year ended December 31, 2013.

During the year ended December 31, 2012, the Company issued 291,261 warrants attached to the issuance of 291,261 shares of common stock for cash totaling \$1,019,375. The Company has allocated \$300,656 of the total \$1,019,375 to the value of the warrants. The warrants are exercisable immediately for four years at an exercise price of \$1.75.

Remuneration to an agent in respect of the foregoing share issuances totaled \$52,400. The Company has valued the warrants at \$79,555. Each warrant is exercisable immediately for four years at an exercise price of \$1.75.

During the year ended December 31, 2012 the Company also issued 52,798 warrants attached to the issuance of 52,798 shares for services valued at \$184,777. The Company has allocated \$54,499 of the total \$184,777 to the value of the warrants. The warrants are exercisable immediately for four years at an exercise price of \$1.75.

Below is a table summarizing the warrants issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2013.

Date Issued	Number Outstanding	Exercise Price \$	Contractual Life (Years)
--------------------	---------------------------	--------------------------	---------------------------------

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03/15/11	200,000	0.50	5
03/24/11	100,000	0.50	5
04/01/11	100,000	0.50	5
06/21/11	100,000	0.50	5
07/13/11	250,000	1.05	5
05/11/12	344,059	2.60	4
05/11/12	26,685	1.75	3
03/20/13	200,000	2.47	3
06/10/13	29,750	2.00	5
08/07/13	45,000	2.40	3
11/25/13	456,063	2.40	5
12/31/13	64,392	2.40	5
12/31/13	1,915,949	1.74	4.5

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Note 9 Warrants and Options (continued)

b)

Options

On November 17, 2011, the Company adopted and approved the 2011 Equity Incentive Plan for employees and key consultants of the Company. Pursuant to the Plan, the Company is authorized to issue up to 10,000,000 shares, \$0.001 par value, of the Company's common stock.

Options to purchase 37,000 shares were granted on March 20, 2013. These options vest over three years from the date of grant, and expire three years after the vesting date. The exercise price is \$3.35 for options vesting in the first year, \$3.35 for options vesting in the second year, and \$4.35 for options vesting in the third year.

Options to purchase 16,300 shares were granted on September 2, 2013. These options vest over three years from the date of grant, and expire three years after the vesting date. The exercise price is \$3.35 for options vesting in the first year, \$3.35 for options vesting in the second year, and \$4.35 for options vesting in the third year.

Options over 30,000 shares were granted on September 1, 2012. These options vest over three years from the date of grant, and expire three years after the vesting dates. The exercise price is \$5.31 for options vesting in the first year, \$5.31 for options vesting in the second year, and \$6.31 for options vesting in the third year.

Options over 100,000 shares were granted on December 13, 2012. These options are exercisable over three years from the date of grant, at an exercise price of \$3.01.

The Company has calculated the estimated fair market value of the options granted on the exchange for services using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing model and the following assumptions:

a)

37,000 options granted March 20, 2013 expected term 3 years, \$2.35 stock price, 0.38% volatility, 0.38% risk free rate.

b)

16,300 options granted September 2, 2013 expected term 3 years, \$2.03 stock price, 0.79% volatility, 0.79% risk free rate.

During the year ended December 31, 2013, 30,000 options expired following termination.

Below is a table summarizing the options issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2013.

Date Issued	Number Outstanding	Exercise Price \$	Contractual Life (Years)	
11/25/11	690,000	3.00-5.00	3	05/20/12
09/01/12	30,000	4.31-6.31	3	03/01/13
12/13/12	100,000	3.01	3	
03/20/13	37,000	2.35-4.35	3	09/20/13
09/02/13	16,300	2.35-4.35	3	03/01/14
12/31/13	873,300	3.89	3	

Total remaining unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested stock options as of December 31, 2013, was \$1.2 million, expected to be recognized over a period of three years.

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Note 10 Income Taxes

The Company has estimated net operating losses for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 of \$2,999,658, respectively, available to offset taxable income in future years.

The Company is subject to Singapore income taxes at a rate of 17 percent, Belgium income taxes at a rate of 25 percent, and US taxes at a rate of 34 percent, for a weighted average of 30 and 29 percent, respectively. The following table shows the Company's provision for income taxes at the weighted average rate compared to the Company's net loss for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012:

	2013
	\$
Net loss	(3,710,289)
Tax adjustments	253,944
	(3,456,345)
Tax rate	30%
Income tax recovery at statutory rate	(1,044,766)
Valuation allowance	1,044,766
Provision for income taxes	

The significant components of deferred income taxes and assets as at December 31, 2013 and 2012 are as follows:

	2013
	\$
Net operating losses carried forward	2,466,484
Valuation allowance	(2,466,484)
Net deferred income tax asset	

Note 11 Commitments and Contingencies

a)

Walloon Region Grant

On March 16, 2010, the Company entered into an agreement with the Walloon Region. The Walloon Region would fund up to a maximum of \$1,442,704 (€1,048,020) to help the Company in the area of colorectal cancer. The Company had received \$1,298,433 and made expenditures as of December 31, 2013. Under the terms of the agreement, the Company will repay a portion of this amount by installments over the period June 30, 2014 to June 30, 2023. The Company has received \$865,623 (€628,812) to other income as there is no obligation to repay this amount. In addition, for every dollar of revenue from products or services as defined in the agreement, it is due to pay a 6 percent royalty to the Walloon Region. The maximum amount payable to the Walloon Region, in respect of the 6 percent royalty, of \$432,811 (€314,406) and the 6 percent royalty on revenue, is twice the amount of funding received.

b)

Administrative Support Agreement

On August 6, 2010, the Company entered into an agreement with a related party to provide administrative support staff, and have consulting services provided on behalf of the Company. The agreement requires the Company to pay \$5,700 per month for office space and staff services as well as approximately \$17,000 per month for executives. The Company is also required to pay for all reasonable expenses incurred. The agreement has automatic extensions of 12 months with a 3 month notice required for termination.

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Note 11 Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

c)

Leases

The Company leases premises and facilities under operating leases with terms ranging from 1 to 10 years. Annual non-cancelable operating lease payments on these leases are as follows:

2014	\$ 88,203
2015	\$ 2,593
Thereafter	\$ Nil

d)

Bonn University Agreement

On July 11, 2012, the Company entered into an agreement with Bonn University for the testing of Dunkin' Donuts samples. The agreement is for a period of two years commencing June 1, 2012, and the Company's obligations under the agreement are \$536,874 (€390,000).

e)

Legal Proceedings

There are no legal proceedings which the Company believes will have a material adverse effect on its financial position.

Note 12 – Subsequent Events

On February 26, 2014, the Company issued 1,500,000 shares of common stock for a total of \$2.20 per share. Attached to these share issuances were 1,500,000 warrants, immediately exercisable at \$2.20 per share. The warrants were valued using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing model.

Five year term, \$2.68 stock price, \$2.20 exercise price, 239% volatility, 1.50% risk free rate. \$1,495,012 of the total \$3,000,000 in proceeds to the value of the warrants. Fees and issuances were \$183,086 in cash, 16,667 shares of common stock, and 30,975 warrants for the foregoing warrants issued for cash subscriptions. The agent warrants were valued at \$8

On March 26, 2014, the Company issued 99,178 shares of common stock to the stockholders of the Company in exchange for common stock issued on June 10, 2013 (see Note 8). These additional shares were issued under the terms of the Private Placement Memorandum because certain subsequent fun

VOLITIONRX LIMITED

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(Expressed in US dollars)

ASSETS

Cash
Prepaid expenses
Other current assets

Total Current Assets

Property and equipment, net
Intangible assets, net

Total Assets

LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities
Management and directors' fees payable
Derivative liability
Deferred grant income

Total Current Liabilities

Grant repayable

Total Liabilities

STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)

Preferred Stock

Authorized: 1,000,000 shares of preferred stock, at \$0.001 par value
Issued and outstanding: Nil shares and Nil shares, respectively

Common Stock

Authorized: 100,000,000 shares of common stock, at \$0.001 par value
Issued and outstanding: 14,308,960 shares and 11,679,757 shares, respectively
Additional paid-in capital

Accumulated other comprehensive loss
Accumulated Deficit

Total Stockholders (Deficit) Equity

Total Liabilities and Stockholders (Deficit) Equity

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.)

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VOLITIONRX LIMITED

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income

(Expressed in US dollars)

(unaudited)

	For the three months ended September 30, 2014	For the three months ended September 30, 2013
	\$	\$
Revenue	14,785	
Expenses		
General and administrative	129,318	67,961
Professional fees	119,510	153,226
Salaries and office administrative fees	457,355	179,846
Research and development	1,071,984	524,534
Total Operating Expenses	1,778,167	925,567
Net Operating Loss	(1,763,382)	(925,567)
Other Income/(Expenses)		
Grants received		
Loss on derivative remeasurement	(4,130,562)	
Net Other Expenses	(4,130,562)	
Provision for income taxes		
Net Loss	(5,893,944)	(925,567)
Other Comprehensive Loss		
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(19,893)	(6,478)
Total Other Comprehensive Loss	(19,893)	(6,478)
Net Comprehensive Loss	(5,913,837)	(932,045)
Net Loss per Share Basic and Diluted	(0.44)	(0.08)
Weighted Average Shares Outstanding		
Basic and Diluted	13,524,998	11,086,237

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.)

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VOLITIONRX LIMITED

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flow

(Expressed in US dollars)

(unaudited)

Operating Activities

Net loss

Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:

Depreciation and amortization

Stock based compensation

Common stock and warrants issued to settle liabilities for services

Amortization of stock issued in advance of services

Non-operating income grants received

Loss on derivative re-measurement

Changes in operating assets and liabilities:

Prepaid expenses

Other current assets

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities

Net Cash Used In Operating Activities

Investing Activities

Purchases of property and equipment

Net Cash Used in Investing Activities

Financing Activities

Proceeds from issuance of common shares

Grants received

Grants repaid

Repayment of notes payable

Net Cash Provided By Financing Activities

Effect of foreign exchange on cash

Increase in Cash

Cash Beginning of Period

Cash End of Period

Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information

Interest paid

Income tax paid

Non Cash Financing Activities::

Common stock issued for debt

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated

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VOLITIONRX LIMITED

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013

(Unaudited)

Note 1 Condensed Financial Statements

The accompanying unaudited financial statements have been prepared by VolitionRX Limited. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (which include only normal recurring adjustments) have been made to present fairly the financial position, results of operations, and cash flows at September 30, 2014, and December 31, 2013.

Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been omitted. These condensed unaudited financial statements be read in conjunction with the financial statements included in the Company's December 31, 2013 audited financial statements. The results of operations for September 30, 2014 and 2013 are not necessarily indicative of the operating results for the full year.

Note 2 Going Concern

The Company's financial statements are prepared using generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America applicable to a going concern which contemplates the realization of assets and the payment of liabilities in the normal course of business. The Company has incurred losses since inception of \$18,600,000 and has not generated revenues, which creates substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern.

The future of the Company as an operating business will depend on its ability to obtain additional financing and/or financing as may be required to sustain its operations. Management's plan to address this uncertainty includes (a) the exercise of tight cost controls to conserve cash, (b) receiving additional grant funds, and (c) obtaining financing through debt or equity financing.

The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to obtain additional financing as described in the preceding paragraph and eventually secure other sources of financing.

accompanying financial statements do not include any adjustments that might be necessary if the Company were to liquidate or to discontinue its operations or to continue as a going concern. If the Company is unable to obtain adequate capital, it could be forced to liquidate or to discontinue its operations.

Note 3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with US generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The Company also regularly evaluates estimates and assumptions related to asset valuation allowances. The Company bases its estimates and assumptions on current and historical experience, various other factors that it believes to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of operations, and its judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities and the accrual of costs and expenses that are not apparent from other sources. The actual results experienced by the Company may differ from those estimates. To the extent there are material differences between the estimates and the actual results of operations will be affected.

Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements for the period ended September 30, 2014, include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, Singapore Volition, Inc., and Hypergenomics Pte. Ltd. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated.

Note 3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid instruments with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. As at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the Company had \$10.1 million and \$10.1 million, respectively in cash and cash equivalents.

Basic and Diluted Net Loss Per Share

The Company computes net loss per share in accordance with ASC 260, Earnings Per Share. Basic earnings per share (EPS) is computed by dividing net loss by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS gives effect to all dilutive potential common shares outstanding during the period using the treasury stock method and convertible preferred stock using the if-converted method. The weighted average stock price for the period is used in determining the number of shares assumed to be outstanding from the exercise of stock options or warrants. For the three months ended September 30, 2014, 543,204 potentially dilutive warrants and options were excluded from the Diluted EPS calculation as their effect is anti dilutive. For the nine months ended September 30, 2014, 592,204 dilutive warrants and 2,112,900 potentially dilutive warrants and options were excluded from the Diluted EPS calculation as their effect is anti dilutive.

Foreign Currency Translation

The Company's functional currency is the Euro and its reporting currency is the US Dollar. The Company has adopted ASC 830-20, Foreign Currency Matters - Foreign Currency Transactions. Gains and losses arising from the translation of foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rate prevailing at the balance sheet date. For the period, the weighted average exchange rate for the period is used. Gains and losses arising on the translation of foreign currency denominated transactions or balances are included in other comprehensive loss.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Management has considered all recent accounting pronouncements issued since the last reporting period. The Company's management believes that these recent pronouncements do not have a material effect on the Company's financial statements.

Company's consolidated financial statements.

The Company has limited operations and is considered to be in the development stage. On September 30, 2014, the Company has elected to early adopt Accounting Standards Update No. 2014-10, Stage Entities (Topic 915): Elimination of Certain Financial Reporting Requirements. The Company will remove the inception to date information and all references to the development stage.

Note 4 Intangible Assets

The Company's intangible assets consist of intellectual property, principally patents, trademarks, and domain names. The patents are being amortized over their remaining lives, which are 9 years and 10 years.

	Cost \$	Accumulated Amortization \$
Patents	1,314,559	312,000
	1,314,559	312,000

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Note 4 Intangible Assets (continued)

	Cost \$	Accumulated Amortization \$
Patents	1,219,969	357,000
	1,219,969	357,000

During the nine month period ended September 30, 2014, and the year ended December 31, 2013, the Company recognized \$72,646 and \$114,879 in amortization expense respectively. During the year ended December 31, 2013, the Company recognized impairment losses of \$350,000. No impairment losses were recognized during the nine month period ended September 30, 2014.

The Company amortizes the long-lived assets on a straight line basis with terms ranging from 3 to 5 years. The Company's estimated amortization schedule over the next five years is as follows:

2014 - remaining	\$22,721
2015	\$90,882
2016	\$90,882
2017	\$90,882
2018	\$90,882

The Company periodically reviews its long lived assets to ensure that their carrying value does not exceed their fair value. The Company carried out such a review in accordance with ASC 360 as of December 31, 2013. The review confirmed that the fair value of the patents exceeded their carrying value as of December 31, 2013.

Note 5 Related Party Transactions

The Company contracts with a related party to rent office space, be provided with office supplies and other services provided on behalf of the Company. See Note 8 for obligation under the contract.

Note 6 Common Stock

On February 26, 2014, the Company issued 1,500,000 shares of common stock for a price of \$2.20 per share. Attached to these share issuances were 1,500,000 warrants, immediately exercisable at \$2.20 per share. The warrants were valued at \$3,955,546 using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model with the following assumptions: Five year term, \$2.68 stock price, \$2.20 exercise price, 239% volatility, 30,975 warrants, exercisable on the same terms as the warrants issued for cash subscription on the same basis as above. Due to a ratchet provision in the warrant agreement effective for the period beginning in 2015, all the foregoing warrants have been treated as a derivative liability in accordance with GAAP. Expenses directly attributable to agents in respect of these issuances were \$147,186 in connection with the issuance of shares of common stock. Legal expenses directly attributable to the issuances amounted to \$147,186.

On February 26, 2014, the Company issued 16,667 shares of common stock to settle a liability of \$35,000, at a price of \$2.10 per share.

On March 25, 2014, the Company issued 12,334 shares of common stock to settle a liability of \$26,000, at a price of \$2.10 per share.

On March 26, 2014, the Company issued 99,178 shares of common stock to the seller of the common stock issued on June 10, 2013. These additional shares were issued for no additional consideration under the terms of the Private Placement Memorandum because certain subsequent fundraising targets were not achieved.

Note 6 Common Stock (continued)

On June 5, 2014, the Company issued 160,228 shares of common stock for cash of \$35

On September 24, 2014, the Company issued 21,250 shares of common stock at a price for services valued at \$46,748. In addition, on that date, the Company issued 492,316 \$2.20 for cash of \$1,083,094 and 27,230 shares of common stock at a price of \$2.20 to \$59,906.

On September 26, 2014, the Company issued 300,000 shares of common stock at a \$688,970. The amount received was the net proceeds, after fees of \$60,000 had been other fees and bank charges.

In addition, on that date, the Company issued 24,000 warrants to the same agent, imm three years at \$3.00 per share. The warrants were valued at \$103,223 using the Black the following assumptions: Three year term, \$4.45 stock price, \$3.00 exercise price, 23

Note 7 Warrants and Options

a)

Warrants

On January 28, 2014, the Company issued 10,000 warrants to a consultant for ser exercisable immediately for three years. The warrants were valued at \$21,500 using the using the following assumptions: Three-year term, \$2.26 stock price, \$2.40 exercise p rate.

On February 26, 2014, the Company issued 1,500,000 warrants attached to the issue \$3,000,000. The Company has valued these warrants at \$3,995,546 and treated thi accordance with ASC 815. The warrants are exercisable immediately for five years at a

On February 26, 2014, the Company issued 30,975 warrants to agents as part remuneration for 1,500,000 shares for cash totaling \$3,000,000. The warrants were valued at \$82,507 using the Black-Scholes Pricing model using the following assumptions: Five-year term, \$2.68 stock price, \$2.20 exercise price, 236% volatility, 0.99% risk free rate. The Company has treated this amount as a derivative liability, in accordance with ASC 815, as the warrants are exercisable immediately for five years at an exercise price of \$2.20 per share.

On September 5, 2014, the Company issued 10,000 warrants to a consultant for services totaling \$20,092 using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing model using the following assumptions: Three year term, \$2.40 exercise price, 236% volatility, 0.99% risk free rate. Each warrant is exercisable immediately for three years at an exercise price of \$2.40 per share.

On September 26, 2014, the Company issued 24,000 warrants to an agent as part remuneration for 300,000 shares for net proceeds of \$688,970. These warrants were valued at \$103,748 using the Black-Scholes Pricing model using the following assumptions: Three year term, \$4.45 stock price, \$2.40 exercise price, 236% volatility, 1.08% risk free rate. Each warrant is exercisable immediately for three years at an exercise price of \$2.40 per share.

All of the 1,530,975 warrants issued on February 26, 2014, have been treated as a derivative liability under ASC 815, owing to a ratchet provision in the warrant agreement being effective for the warrants. The derivative liability was measured at \$4,078,054 as at February 26, 2014. It was revalued at \$4,182,748. The derivative liability was further re-measured as of June 30, 2014, resulting in a gain of \$1,867,241 for the three months ended June 30, 2014. At September 30, 2014, the derivative liability was re-measured and revalued at \$6,446,068, resulting in a loss of \$4,130,562 for the three months ended September 30, 2014.

Note 7 Warrants and Options (continued)

Below is a table summarizing the warrants issued and outstanding as of September 30,

Date Issued	Number Outstanding	Exercise Price \$	Contractual Life (Years)
03/15/11	200,000	0.50	5
03/24/11	100,000	0.50	5
04/01/11	100,000	0.50	5
06/21/11	100,000	0.50	5
07/13/11	250,000	1.05	5
05/11/12	344,059	2.60	4
05/11/12	26,685	1.75	3
03/20/13	200,000	2.47	3
06/10/13	29,750	2.00	5.5
08/07/13	45,000	2.40	3
11/25/13	456,063	2.40	5
12/31/13	64,392	2.40	5
01/28/14	10,000	2.40	3
02/26/14	1,530,975	2.20	5
09/05/14	10,000	2.40	3
09/26/14	24,000	3.00	3
09/30/14	3,490,924	1.96	4.7

b)

Options

On November 17, 2011, the Company adopted and approved the 2011 Equity Incentive Plan for the Company's employees and key consultants of the Company. Pursuant to the Plan, the Company has granted restricted shares, \$0.001 par value, of the Company's common stock.

Options to purchase 25,000 shares were granted on May 16, 2014. These options vest in three years from the date of grant, and expire three years after the vesting dates. The vesting schedule is \$4.00 for options vesting in the first year, \$4.00 for options vesting in the second year, and \$5.00 for options vesting in the third year. The Company has calculated the estimated fair market value of these options using the Black-Scholes model.

the following assumptions: term 3 to 5.5 years, stock price \$2.01, exercise prices \$3.00, 237% volatility, 1.58% risk free rate.

On August 5, 2014, it was approved at the Company's Annual General Meeting to increase the number of shares that the Company is authorized to issue under the 2011 Equity Incentive Plan to 2,000,000.

On August 18, 2014, The Company granted options to purchase 670,000 shares. The options are exercisable in two tranches: the first tranche vests on February 18, 2015. The second tranche vests on February 18, 2016. The exercise prices are \$2.50 for options vesting in the first year and \$3.00 for options vesting in the second year. The Company has calculated the estimated fair market value of the options using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing model and the following assumptions: term 4.5 to 5.5 years, stock price \$2.01, 237% volatility, 1.58% risk free rate.

On August 18, 2014, The Company granted options to purchase 60,000 shares. The options are exercisable in three installments over three years, starting six months after the date of grant, and expire three years after the date of grant. The exercise prices are \$3.00 for options vesting in the first year, \$4.00 for options vesting in the second year, and \$5.00 for options vesting in the third year. The Company has calculated the estimated fair market value of the options using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing model and the following assumptions: term 3.5 to 6 years, stock price \$3.00-\$5.00, 237% volatility, 0.89% risk free rate.

Note 7 Warrants and Options (continued)

During the nine month period ended September 30, 2014, 10,000 options expired for contract.

Below is a table summarizing the options issued and outstanding as of September 30, 2014

Date Issued	Number Outstanding	Exercise Price \$	Contractual Life (Years)	
11/25/11	680,000	3.00-5.00	3	05/2012
09/01/12	30,000	4.31-6.31	3	03/2013
12/13/12	100,000	3.01	3	
03/20/13	37,000	2.35-4.35	3	09/2013
09/02/13	16,300	2.35-4.35	3	03/2014
05/16/14	25,000	3.00-5.00	3-5.5	11/2014
08/18/14	670,000	2.50-3.00	4.5-5.5	02/2015
08/18/14	60,000	3.00-5.00	3.5-6.0	02/2015
09/30/14	1,618,300	3.89	3	

Total remaining unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested stock options expected to be recognized over a period of three years.

Note 8 Commitments and Contingencies

a) Walloon Region Grant

On March 16, 2010, the Company entered into an agreement with the Walloon Region. The Walloon Region would fund up to a maximum of \$1,329,413 (€1,048,020) to help the Company in the area of colorectal cancer. The Company had received the entirety of the expenditures as of March 31, 2014. Under the terms of the agreement, the Company is to repay this amount by installments over the period June 30, 2014 to June 30, 2023. The Company has paid \$1,009,610 (€733,614) to other income as there is no obligation to repay this amount. If the Company's revenue from products or services as defined in the agreement, it is due to pay a 6 percent royalty to the Walloon Region. The maximum amount payable to the Walloon Region, in respect of the 6 percent royalty, is \$398,824 (€314,406) and the 6 percent royalty on revenue, is twice the amount of the

b) Administrative Support Agreement

On August 6, 2010, the Company entered into an agreement with a related party to support staff, and have consulting services provided on behalf of the Company. The agreement requires the Company to pay approximately \$6,270 per month for office space and staff services as well as approximately \$16,000 per month for executive services. The Company is also required to pay for all reasonable expenses incurred. The agreement has a term of 12 months with automatic extensions of 12 months with a 3 month notice required for termination.

c) Leases

The Company leases premises and facilities under operating leases with terms ranging from 1 to 5 years. Annual non-cancelable operating lease payments on these leases are as follows:

2014	\$	84,251
2015	\$	2,458
Thereafter		Nil

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Note 8 Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

d) Bonn University Agreement

On July 11, 2012, the Company entered into an agreement with Bonn University for samples testing. The agreement was for a period of two years from June 1, 2012 to May 31, 2014. Total payments (inclusive of local taxes) to be made by the Company in accordance with the agreement were \$494,715 (€390,000). On April 1, 2014, the Company entered into an extension of this agreement, for a period of a further two years from June 1, 2014 to May 31, 2016. Total payments (inclusive of local taxes) to be made by the Company in accordance with the extension of the agreement are \$494,715 (€390,000).

e) Hvidovre Hospital, Denmark Agreement

On August 8, 2014, Belgium Volition SA entered into an agreement with Hvidovre Hospital, Denmark, relating to a program of samples testing associated with colorectal cancer. Total payments (inclusive of local taxes) to be made under the agreement from August 8, 2014 to August 8, 2016. Total payments (inclusive of local taxes) to be made under the agreement from August 8, 2016 to August 8, 2018 are \$10,245,000 (€8,000,000).

f) Legal Proceedings

There are no legal proceedings which the Company believes will have a material adverse effect on its financial position.

Note 9 Subsequent Events

a) Common Stock

On October 3, 2014, 50,000 warrants were exercised for total proceeds of \$123,500. A total of 50,000 shares of common stock were issued.

On October 9, 2014, the Company issued 91,757 shares of common stock for a total of \$2,319,000.

b) Warrants

On October 31, 2014, the Company amended the terms of 1,121,225 warrants of the Company issued on February 26, 2014 (See note 6). The aforementioned warrants had a ratchet provision that would have been treated as a derivative liability. As a result of the amendment, the ratchet provision was terminated on October 31, 2014.

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PROSPECTUS

SHARES OF COMMON STOCK

The date of this prospectus is _____

National Securities Corporation Lake Street Capital M

Joint Book Running Managers

The Benchmark Company

Co-Manager

PART II

INFORMATION NOT REQUIRED IN PROSPECTUS

Item 13. Other expenses of issuance and distribution

The following is a list of estimated expenses in connection with the issuance and distribution of the securities registered, with the exception of underwriting discounts and commissions:

SEC registration fee	\$
Legal fees and expenses	\$
Transfer Agent and Registrar Fees and Expenses	\$
Accounting fees and expenses	\$
Miscellaneous	\$
Total	\$

All of the above expenses except the SEC registration fee are estimates. All of the expenses are for the benefit of the registrant.

Item 14. Indemnification of directors and officers

Indemnification Provisions of the Company's Certificate of Incorporation

A.

The Company shall indemnify any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be a party to any pending, or completed action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative, or arbitrational (including any action by or in the right of the Company) by reason of the fact that he is or was a director, officer, or employee of the Company, or is or was serving at the request of the Company as a director, officer, or employee of the Company, or is or was serving at the request of the Company as a director, officer, or employee of a corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, or other enterprise, against expenses (including reasonable attorneys' fees), and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by him in connection with any such proceeding if he acted in good faith and in a manner he reasonably believed to be in the best interests of the Company, and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe that his conduct was unlawful. The termination of any action, suit, or proceeding by judgment, order, settlement, or otherwise shall not constitute an admission that the conduct was or was not unlawful.

contest or its equivalent shall not, of itself, create a presumption that the person did which he reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the Company or proceeding, had reasonable cause to believe that his conduct was unlawful.

B.

The Company shall indemnify any person who was or is a party or is threatened to pending, or completed action or suit by or in the right of the Company to procure a judgment in fact that he is or was a director, officer, employee, or agent of the Company, or is or was a Company as a director, officer, employee, or agent of another corporation, partnership, or enterprise against expenses (including attorneys' fees) actually and reasonably incurred in defense or settlement of such action or suit if he acted in good faith and in a manner not opposed to the best interests of the Company and except that no indemnification shall be made on any issue, or matter as to which such person shall have been adjudged to be liable for negligence in the performance of his duty to the Company unless and only to the extent that the court in the action shall determine upon application that, despite the adjudication of liability but in view of the facts, such person is fairly and reasonably entitled to indemnity for such expenses which the

C.

To the extent that a director, officer, employee, or agent of the Company has been successful in the defense of any action, suit, or proceeding referred to in paragraphs A and B, above, in such matter therein, he shall be indemnified against expenses (including attorneys' fees) actually incurred in connection therewith.

D.

Any indemnification under paragraphs A and B, above, (unless ordered by a court) shall be authorized in the specific case upon a determination that indemnification of the director is proper in the circumstances because he has met the applicable standard of conduct set forth in such paragraph. Such determination shall be made (1) by the Board of Directors by a majority vote of those directors who were not parties to such action, suit, or proceeding, or (2) if such a quorum is not obtainable, by a majority of disinterested directors so directs, by independent legal counsel in a written opinion,

E.

Expenses incurred in defending a civil or criminal action, suit, or proceeding may be paid from the assets of the Company for the final disposition of such action, suit, or proceeding as authorized by the Board of Directors of an undertaking by or on behalf of the director, officer, employee, or agent to repay such expenses if it is determined that he is entitled to be indemnified by the Company as authorized hereunder.

Delaware Law on Indemnification

Delaware General Corporation Law provides, in general, that a corporation incorporated in Delaware, such as the Company, may indemnify any person who was or is a party or is threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding (other than a derivative action against the corporation) by reason of the fact that such person is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation while serving at the request of the corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation (including attorneys' fees), judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred in connection with such action, suit or proceeding if such person acted in good faith and in a manner such person reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation, and, with respect to any proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe such person's conduct was unlawful. A Delaware corporation may indemnify any such person against expenses (including attorneys' fees) actually and reasonably incurred by such person in connection with the defense or settlement of such action or proceeding and in a manner such person reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation. No indemnification will be made in respect of any claim, issue or matter as to which such person is or may be liable to the corporation unless and only to the extent that the State of Delaware or a court of competent jurisdiction was brought determines such person is fairly and reasonably entitled to indemnity for such expenses.

Regarding indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 which are not covered by the foregoing provisions, we are informed that, in the opinion of our legal counsel, such indemnification is against public policy, as expressed in the Act and the rules and regulations thereunder.

Item 15. Recent sales of unregistered securities

During the past three years, the registrant has issued and/or sold the following securities that were not registered:

Issuances of Capital Stock:

.

On or about March 25, 2013, the Company issued an aggregate of 244,792 restricted shares to one (1) U.S. Accredited Investor and eighteen (18) Non-U.S. Investors at a per share price of \$2.00 for aggregate proceeds to the Company of \$471,000. In addition, as part of the same placement, the Company converted \$18,583 debt due for services on the same terms as the cash subscriptions into 9,292 shares of common stock at a price of \$2.00 per share.*

.

On or about May 1, 2013, the Company issued an aggregate of 208,000 restricted shares to one (1) U.S. Accredited Investor and seven (7) Non-U.S. Investors at a per share price of \$2.00 for aggregate proceeds to the Company of \$416,000.*

.

On or about June 10, 2013, the Company issued an aggregate of 297,500 restricted shares to twenty-seven (27) U.S. Accredited Investors at a per share price of \$2.00 for aggregate proceeds to the Company of \$595,000.

.

On or about August 7, 2013, the Company issued an aggregate of 225,000 restricted shares to four (4) Non-U.S. Investors at a per share price of \$2.00 for aggregate proceeds to the Company of \$450,000. In addition, the share issuances were 45,000 warrants. Each warrant is immediately exercisable for one share.

.

On or about August 16, 2013, the Company issued an aggregate of 12,448 restricted shares to one (1) U.S. Accredited Investor and three (3) Non-U.S. Investors, pursuant to consultancy agreements. Under the consultancy agreements, the Company issued an aggregate of 12,448 shares of common stock at a market value of \$2.25 as stated on date of issuance for a total value of \$28,000.*

.

On or about August 30, 2013, the Company issued an aggregate of 15,000 restricted shares to one (1) U.S. Accredited Investor, pursuant to the terms of a consultancy agreement. In addition, the Company issued an aggregate of 15,000 shares of common stock at fair market value of \$2.00 per share for a total value of \$30,000.*

for a total value of \$30,750.*

.

On or about November 25, 2013, the Company sold 437,320 Units to four (4) non-accredited investor at a price of \$2.05 per Unit, for an aggregate amount of \$896,500. Each Unit entitles the holder to one share of common stock of the Company and one warrant to purchase one share, valid for five years. As part of the same private placement, directors, employees and consultants received \$38,423.15 debt due for services on the same terms as the cash subscriptions for 18,700 Units. Each Unit entitles the holder to one share of common stock of the Company and one warrant to purchase one share of common stock at \$2.40 per share, valid for five years.*

.

On or about December 31, 2013, the Company sold 29,392 Units to three (3) non-U.S. investors for an aggregate amount of \$60,250 with a Unit entitling the holder to one share of common stock and one warrant to purchase one share of common stock at \$2.40 per share, valid for five years.*

.

On or about February 26, 2014, the Company issued an aggregate of 1,500,000 restricted shares of common stock to twenty-four (24) non-U.S. investors and twenty four (24) Accredited Investors for an aggregate proceeds to the Company of \$3,000,000. Additionally, each subscriber received one share of common stock and one purchase warrant to purchase one share at a price of \$2.20 for every share subscribed for.

.

On or about February 26, 2014, the Company issued 16,667 shares of common stock to settle \$35,000 debts for services at a price of \$2.10 per share.

.

On or about March 25, 2014, the Company issued 12,334 shares of common stock to settle \$25,900 debts for services at a price of \$2.10 per share.

.

On or about March 26, 2014, the Company issued 99,178 shares of common stock to settle \$208,272 debts for services to investors under the terms of the Private Placement Memorandum relating to the prior offering.

stock on June 10, 2013, for no additional consideration.*

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.

On or about June 5, 2014, the Company issued 160,228 shares of common stock to for \$2.20 per share, for an aggregate amount of \$352,500.

.

On or about September 24, 2014, the Company issued 540,796 restricted shares of the Company to (7) Accredited Investors and ten (10) Non-U.S. Investors, at a per share price of \$1,083,095. In addition, as part of the same placement, certain directors of the Company agreed to pay \$106,654 debt due for services on the same terms as the cash subscriptions above, for a price of \$2.20 per share.*

.

On or about September 26, 2014, the Company issued 300,000 restricted shares of the Company to three (23) Accredited Investors at a price of \$2.50 per share, for an aggregate amount of \$750,000.

.

On or about October 09, 2014, the Company issued 91,757 restricted shares of the Company to (7) Accredited Investors and seven (7) Non-U.S. Investors at a price of \$2.50 per share, for an aggregate amount of \$230,000.

.

On or about November 17, 2014, the Company issued 237,500 restricted shares of the Company to (15) Accredited Investors at a price of \$3.00 per share, for an aggregate amount of \$712,500.

.

On or about November 21, 2014, the Company issued 3,115 restricted shares of the Company to (6) Accredited Investors and six (6) Non-U.S. Investors at a price of \$3.00 per share, for an aggregate amount of \$9,345.

Grants of Stock Options:

.

On November 25, 2011, certain officers and directors of the Company were granted 720,000 shares of common stock of the Company under the 2011 Equity Incentive Plan. The exercise prices are \$3 for options vesting in the first year, \$4 for options vesting in the second year, and \$5 for options vesting in the third year.*

.

On September 1, 2012, an employee of the Company was granted an option to purchase 100,000 shares of common stock of the Company under the 2011 Equity Incentive Plan dated November 17, 2011. The exercise prices are \$4.31 for options vesting in the first year, \$5.31 for options vesting in the second year, and \$6.31 for options vesting in the third year.

.

On December 13, 2012, certain officers and directors of the Company were granted 100,000 shares at an exercise price of \$3.01 of common stock of the Company under the 2011 Equity Incentive Plan dated November 17, 2011.

.

On March 20, 2013, certain employees of the Company were granted an option to purchase 100,000 shares of common stock of the Company under the 2011 Equity Incentive Plan dated November 17, 2011. The exercise prices are \$2.35 for options vesting in the first year, \$3.35 for options vesting in the second year, and \$4.35 for options vesting in the third year.

.

On May 16, 2014, a certain consultant of the Company was granted an option to purchase 100,000 shares of common stock of the Company under the 2011 Equity Incentive Plan dated November 17, 2011. The exercise prices are \$4 for options vesting in the first year, \$4 for options vesting in the second year, and \$5 for options vesting in the third year.

.

On September 02, 2013, certain employees of the Company were granted an option to purchase 100,000 shares of common stock of the Company under the 2011 Equity Incentive Plan dated November 17, 2011. The exercise prices are \$2.35 for options vesting in the first year, \$3.35 for options vesting in the second year, and \$4.35 for options vesting in the third year.

On August 18, 2014, certain officers, directors, employees and consultants of the Company purchased an aggregate of 670,000 shares of common stock of the Company under the 2008 Stock Incentive Plan, as amended, on November 17, 2011. The exercise prices are \$2.50 for options vesting at six (6) months and \$3.50 for options vesting at eighteen (18) months. *#

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On August 18, 2014, a certain officer of the Company was granted an option to purchase common stock of the Company under the 2011 Equity Incentive Plan dated November 1, 2011, for options vesting in the first year, \$4 for options vesting in the second year, and \$5 for options vesting in the third year.

Issuances of Warrants:

.

During the year ended December 31, 2011, the Company issued 300,000 warrants exercisable for one share of common stock. The Company has allocated \$73,791 of the total \$150,000 in proceeds to the warrants. The warrants are exercisable immediately for five years at an exercise price of \$0.50, and do not contain any anti-dilution provisions.

.

During the year ended December 31, 2011, the Company also issued 450,000 warrants exercisable for one share of common stock to directors of the Company for services rendered to the Company. The warrants are exercisable for five years at exercise prices of \$0.50 and \$1.05.

.

On or about May 25, 2012, the Company issued 26,685 warrants exercisable at a price of \$1.05 per share through May 10, 2015.*

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On or about March 20, 2013, the Company issued 200,000 warrants to a consultant for services rendered to the Company, expiring three years after vesting. 25,000 warrants vest immediately, and the vesting of the remaining 175,000 warrants is contingent upon the achievement of specific milestones.*

.

On or about June 10, 2013, the Company issued 29,750 warrants exercisable for a period of five years at a price of \$1.05 per share and expiring May 10, 2015.*

.

On December 31, 2013, the Company issued 35,000 warrants to a consultant for service

.

On January 28, 2014, the Company issued 10,000 warrants to a consultant for service, exercisable immediately for three years.*

.

On or about February 26, 2014, the Company issued 30,975 warrants immediately exercisable at a price of \$2.20 per share pursuant to placement agent agreements dated November 19, 2013.

.

On September 05, 2014, the Company issued 10,000 warrants to a consultant for service, exercisable immediately for three years.

.

On or about September 26, 2014, the Company issued 24,000 warrants exercisable at a price of \$2.20 per share pursuant to a placement agent agreement dated September 22, 2014.

.

On or about November 17, 2014, the Company issued 19,000 warrants exercisable at a price of \$2.20 per share pursuant to a placement agent agreement dated November 12, 2014.

All securities sold contained a restrictive legend on the share certificate stating that the securities were being sold under the Act and setting forth or referring to the restrictions on transferability and sale.

No underwriters were used in connection with any of the foregoing transactions. These securities were sold from registration under the Securities Act in reliance on (i) Section 4(2) of the Securities Act, (ii) Regulation D and Rule 506 promulgated thereunder (as noted by *), and (iii) Rule 903 of Regulation S, as transactions by an issuer not involving a public offering or sales completed in an exempt transaction under 902(h) of Regulation S, as we did not engage in any directed selling efforts in the United States.

Item 16. Exhibits

(a)

Exhibits

Exhibit Number	Description	Filing
1.01	Form of Underwriting Agreement	To be provided
2.01	Share Purchase Agreement by and between Singapore Volition and Valirx PLC dated September 22, 2010	Filed with the Amended Current Report
2.02	Supplementary Agreement to the Share Purchase Agreement by and between Singapore Volition and Valirx PLC dated June 9, 2011	Filed with the Amended Current Report
3.01	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation	Filed with the Amended Current Report
3.01(a)	Amendment to Certificate of Incorporation	Filed with the Amended Current Report
3.01(b)	Certificate for Renewal and Revival of Charter	Filed with the Amended Current Report
3.02	Bylaws	Filed with the Amended Current Report
4.01	2011 Equity Incentive Plan dated November 17, 2011	Filed with the Amended Current Report
4.02	Sample Stock Option Agreement	Filed with the Amended Current Report
4.03	Sample Stock Award Agreement for Restricted Stock	Filed with the Amended Current Report
5.1	Opinion of Stradling Yocca Carlson & Rauth, P.C.	To be provided
10.01	Patent License Agreement by and between Cronos Therapeutics Limited and Imperial College Innovations Limited dated October 19, 2005	Filed with the Amended Current Report
10.02	Patent License Agreement by and between Valirx PLC and Chroma Therapeutics Limited dated October 3, 2007	Filed with the Amended Current Report
10.03	Contract Repayable Grant Advance on the Diagnosis of Colorectal Cancer by Nucleosomics™ by and between ValiBio SA and The Walloon Region dated December 17, 2009	Filed with the Amended Current Report
10.04	Non-Exploitation and Third Party Patent License Agreement by and among ValiBio SA, Valirx PLC and The Walloon Region dated December 17, 2009	Filed with the Amended Current Report
10.05#	Agreement by and between Singapore Volition and PB Commodities Pte Limited dated August 6, 2010	Filed with the Amended Current Report
10.06#		

	Employment Agreement by and between PB Commodities Pte Ltd and Cameron Reynolds dated September 4, 2010	Filed with th of our Amen
10.07	Deed of Novation by and among Singapore Volition Pte Limited, Valirx PLC, ValiBio SA and Chroma Therapeutics Limited dated September 22, 2010	Filed with th of our Amen
10.08	Letter of Appointment as Non Executive Director by and between Singapore Volition Pte Limited and Satu Vainikka dated September 22, 2010	Filed with th our Amended
10.09	Letter of Appointment as Non-Executive Director by and between Singapore Volition Pte Limited and Guy Archibald Innes dated September 23, 2010	Filed with th our Amended
10.10#	Master Consultancy Services Agreement by and between Singapore Volition Pte Limited and OncoLytika Ltd dated October 1, 2010	Filed with th Annual Rep ended Decem
10.11	Patent License Agreement by and between Singapore Volition and Belgian Volition dated November 2, 2010	Filed with th our Amended

10.12	Letter of Appointment as Non-Executive Director by and between Singapore Volition Pte Limited and Dr. Alan Colman dated May 25, 2011	Filed with th our Amended
10.13	License Agreement by and between Singapore Volition and the European Molecular Biology Laboratory dated June 6, 2011	Filed with th our Amended
10.14	Deed of Novation by and among Imperial College Innovations Limited, Valipharma Limited and HyperGenomics Pte Limited dated June 9, 2011	Filed with th our Amended
10.15	Patent License Agreement by and between HyperGenomics Pte Limited and Valipharma Limited dated June 9, 2011	Filed with th our Amended
10.16	Consultancy Agreement by and between Singapore Volition Pte Limited and Malcolm Lewin dated July 10, 2011	Filed with th our Amended
10.17	Letter of Appointment as Executive Chairman by and between Singapore Volition and Dr. Martin Faulkes dated July 13, 2011	Filed with th our Amended
10.18	Share Exchange Agreement by and between the Company and Singapore Volition Pte Limited dated September 26, 2011	Filed with th of our Curren
10.19	Agreement, Consent and Waiver by and between Standard Capital Corporation and its Shareholders dated September 27, 2011	Filed with th Amended Cu
10.20	Agreement by and between HyperGenomics Pte Limited and PB Commodities Pte Ltd dated October 1, 2011	Filed with th of our Amen
10.21	Agreement by and between Belgian Volition SA and the Biobank of CHU UCL Mont-Godinne dated August 6, 2012	Filed with th our Amende S-1/A.
10.22	Common Stock Purchase Agreement by and among Volitionrx Limited and the purchasers thereto dated February 26, 2014	Filed with th of our Curren
10.23	Service Agreement by and between Singapore Volition and Volition Research Limited dated August 10, 2011	Filed with th our Amended
10.24	Settlement Agreement by and between Singapore Volition and Volition Research Limited dated August 11, 2011	Filed with th our Amended
10.25#	Consultancy Agreement by and between PB Commodities Pte Ltd and Cameron Reynolds effective as of January 1, 2015	Filed herewit
10.26#	Executive Employment Agreement by and between VolitionRx and Cameron Reynolds effective as of January 1, 2015	Filed herewit
10.27#	Consultancy Agreement by and between VolitionRx and Borlaug Limited dated as of January 1, 2015	Filed herewit
10.28#	Employment Agreement by and between VolitionRx and Rodney Rootsart effective as of January 1, 2015	Filed herewit
14.1	Code of Ethics	

		Filed with th
		of our Regist
21.1	List of Subsidiaries	Filed with th
		our Current R
23.1	Auditor Consent	Filed herewit
23.2	Consent of Stradling Yocca Carlson & Rauth, P.C. (included in Exhibit 5.1)	To be provid
24.1	Powers of Attorney (included on signature page to this Registration Statement)	Previously fi
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document	Filed herewit
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document	Filed herewit
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document	Filed herewit
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Labels Linkbase Document	Filed herewit
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document	Filed herewit
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document	Filed herewit

Management contract or compensatory plan.

(b)

Financial Statement Schedules - schedules have been omitted because they are not re
information is already included in the financial statements or notes thereto.

Item 17. Undertakings

The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes:

1.

To file, during any period in which offers or sales are being made, a post-effective amendment

i.

To include any prospectus required by section 10(a)(3) of the Securities Act of 1933;

ii.

To reflect in the prospectus any facts or events arising after the effective date of the most recent post-effective amendment thereof) which, individually or in the aggregate, require amendment of the information set forth in the registration statement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a prospectus for securities offered (if the total dollar value of securities offered would not exceed the amount stated in the prospectus filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 424(b) if, in the aggregate, the changes in the offering price of the securities is less than 20% change in the maximum aggregate offering price set forth in the "Calculation of Maximum Aggregate Offering Price" section of the effective registration statement.

iii.

To include any material information with respect to the plan of distribution not previously included in the registration statement or any material change to such information in the registration statement;

2.

That, for the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, any registration statement filed after the effective date of the registration statement relating to the securities offered in the registration statement shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered in the registration statement and the securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.

3.

Any free writing prospectus relating to the offering prepared by or on behalf of the undersigned registrant;
to by the undersigned registrant;

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iii.

The portion of any other free writing prospectus relating to the offering contained in this prospectus or any other communication provided by or on behalf of the undersigned registrant or its securities provided by or on behalf of the undersigned registrant.

iv.

Any other communication that is an offer in the offering made by the undersigned registrant.

6.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 may be permitted by applicable law, the undersigned registrant and its controlling persons of the registrant pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is agreed to by the undersigned registrant and its controlling persons. Any such agreement is hereby acknowledged and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against or for the undersigned registrant or its controlling persons (including payment by the registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person in connection with a successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person with the securities being registered, the registrant will, unless in the opinion of its controlling persons, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification is prohibited by public policy as expressed in the Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of that court.

7.

The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes that:

i.

For purposes of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, the undersigned registrant and its controlling persons shall be deemed to have filed the prospectus filed as part of this registration statement in reliance upon Rule 430A and c by the registrant pursuant to Rule 424(b)(1) or (4) or 497(h) under the Securities Act of 1933 as of the time it was declared effective; and

ii.

For the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, each prospectus shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering.

SIGNATURES

In accordance with the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, the registration statement on Form S-1 to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, in the city of Boston, Massachusetts, on the 15th day of January 2015.

/s/ Cameron Reynolds

By: Cameron Reynolds

Its: President, Principal Executive Officer and Director

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this registration statement is signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated:

Signature	Title
<u>/s/ Cameron Reynolds</u> Cameron Reynolds	President, Principal Executive Officer and Director
<u>/s/ Rodney Rootsart</u> Rodney Rootsart	Secretary
* Mike O'Connell	Principal Financial Officer, Principal Accounting Officer, & Treasurer
* Dr. Martin Faulkes	Director
* Guy Innes	Director
* Dr. Alan Colman	Director
* Dr. Habib Skaff	Director

*By: */s/ Cameron Reynolds*
Cameron Reynolds
Attorney-in-Fact

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101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document	Filed herewit
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document	Filed herewit

Management contract or compensatory plan.