

BIOLARGO, INC.
Form 10-Q
November 16, 2015

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2015.

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number 000-19709

BIOLARGO, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware **65-0159115**
(State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer

incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

3500 W. Garry Avenue

Santa Ana, California 92704

(Address, including zip code, of principal executive offices)

(949) 643-9540

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

The number of shares of the Registrant's Common Stock outstanding as of November 13, 2015 was 85,787,374 shares.

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Exhibit Index

Exhibit No. Description of Exhibit

Exhibit 31.1*	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and Rules 13(a)-14 and 15(d)-14 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
Exhibit 31.2*	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and Rules 13(a)-14 and 15(d)-14 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
Exhibit 32*	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.
101.INS**	XBRL Instance
101.SCH**	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema
101.CAL**	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation
101.DEF**	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition
101.LAB**	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Labels

101.PRE** XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation

† Management contract or compensatory plan, contract or arrangement

* Filed herewith

** Furnished herewith

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PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION**Item 1. Financial Statements****BIOLARGO, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS****AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2014 AND SEPTEMBER 30, 2015**

	December 31, 2014	September 30, 2015 (unaudited)
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$154,460	\$560,171
Accounts receivable	5,617	38,401
Inventory	25,514	12,702
Prepaid expense	45,000	55,417
Total current assets	230,591	666,691
Other asset, net of amortization	30,077	21,887
Deferred financing fees, net of amortization	—	79,136
TOTAL ASSETS	\$260,668	\$767,714
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses (Note 9)	\$494,938	\$275,605
Convertible notes payable (Note 5)	250,000	—
Discount on convertible notes payable (Note 5)	(192,000)	—
Deposits	100,000	125,000
Total current liabilities	652,938	400,605
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES		
Convertible notes payable, net of current (Note 5)	—	2,166,800

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Discount on convertible notes payable, net of current (Note 5)	—	(2,056,854)
Total long-term liabilities	—	109,946
TOTAL LIABILITIES	652,938	510,551

COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Notes 7-11)

STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)

Convertible Preferred Series A, \$.00067 Par Value, 50,000,000 Shares Authorized, -0- Shares Issued and Outstanding, at December 31, 2014 and September 30, 2015, respectively	—	—
Common Stock, \$.00067 Par Value, 200,000,000 Shares Authorized, 82,909,300 and 85,539,138 Shares Issued, at December 31, 2014 and September 30, 2015, respectively	55,293	57,063
Additional paid-in capital	78,511,529	82,977,530
Accumulated deficit	(79,019,719)	(82,824,315)
Non-controlling interest	60,627	46,885
Total stockholders' equity (deficit)	(392,270)	257,163
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)	\$260,668	\$767,714

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements

BIOLARGO, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS****FOR THE THREE AND NINE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014 AND 2015**

	For the three-month periods		For the nine-month periods	
	ended September 30,		ended September 30,	
	2014	2015	2014	2015
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
Product revenue	\$16,448	\$43,335	\$46,821	\$72,821
Cost of goods sold	7,731	19,930	19,194	33,994
Gross profit	8,717	23,405	27,627	38,827
Costs and expenses				
Selling, general and administrative	652,432	1,455,250	2,208,461	2,875,043
Research and development	186,973	162,261	479,954	467,471
Amortization and depreciation	2,730	2,730	8,190	8,190
Total costs and expenses	842,135	1,620,241	2,696,605	3,350,704
Loss from operations	(833,418)	(1,596,836)	(2,668,978)	(3,311,877)
Other income and (expense)				
Grant income	—	20,894	—	57,922
Interest expense, net	(3,665)	(247,310)	(313,117)	(564,383)
Net other income and (expense)	(3,665)	(226,416)	(313,117)	(506,461)
Net loss before non-controlling interest	\$(837,083)	\$(1,823,252)	\$(2,982,095)	\$(3,818,338)
Net loss (non-controlling interest)	\$(10,622)	\$(2,398)	\$(34,827)	\$(13,742)
Net loss	\$(826,461)	\$(1,820,854)	\$(2,947,268)	\$(3,804,596)
Loss per common share – basic and diluted	\$(0.01)	\$(0.02)	\$(0.04)	\$(0.05)
Weighted average common share equivalents outstanding	81,226,826	84,459,614	79,270,195	83,616,879

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements

BIOLARGO, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)
FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015****(unaudited)**

	Common Stock		Additional	Accumulated	Noncontrolling	Total
	Number	Par	Paid-in	Deficit	Interest	
	of shares	Value	Capital			
		\$.00067				
Balance, December 31, 2014	82,909,300	\$55,293	\$78,511,529	\$(79,019,719)	\$ 60,627	\$(392,270)
Issuance of stock in exchange of Clyra shares	1,640,000	1,099	(1,099)	—	—	—
Conversion of equity to debt	(262,500)	(176)	(104,824)	—	—	(105,000)
Issuance of stock to vendors and interest to Noteholders	534,188	365	230,440	—	—	230,805
Fair value of options issued for services and for accrued and unpaid obligations to vendors	—	—	992,011	—	—	992,011
Issuance of stock to satisfy accrued and unpaid obligations to officers	718,151	482	299,450	—	—	299,932
Fair value of options issued to board of directors and officers	—	—	646,695	—	—	646,695
Fair value of warrants and conversion feature issued as discount on convertible notes payable	—	—	2,331,008	—	—	2,331,008
Fair value of warrants issued as fees for convertible notes payable	—	—	72,320	—	—	72,320
Net loss	—	—	—	(3,804,596)	(13,742)	(3,818,338)
Balance, September 30, 2015	85,539,138	\$57,063	\$82,977,530	\$(82,824,315)	\$ 46,885	\$257,163

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements

BIOLARGO, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014 AND 2015****(unaudited)**

	For the nine-month periods	
	ended September 30,	
	2014	2015
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net Loss	\$(2,982,095)	\$(3,818,338)
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Loss to Net Cash Used in Operating Activities:		
Non-cash expense related to options issued to board of directors and officers	368,661	646,695
Non-cash expense related to common stock issued to officers in exchange for unpaid obligations	155,011	299,932
Non-cash expense related to options issued to vendors	298,413	992,011
Non-cash expense related to common stock issued to consultants and for interest related to convertible notes	597,073	230,805
Expense related to amortization of the fair value of the warrants issued as part of the convertible debt	—	529,920
Amortization and depreciation expense	8,190	8,190
Increase (decrease) in cash from change in:		
Accounts receivable	(778)	(32,784)
Inventory	(32,846)	12,812
Prepaid expenses	(45,000)	(10,417)
Deposits	151,699	25,000
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	65,251	(223,965)
Net Cash Used In Operating Activities	(1,416,421)	(1,340,139)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from sale of stock	1,230,644	—
Proceeds from sale of convertible notes payable	—	1,768,000
Proceeds from sale of stock in subsidiary	245,000	—
Payment of financing costs	—	(22,150)
Net cash provided by financing activities	1,475,644	1,745,850
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	59,223	405,711
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS — BEGINNING	92,437	154,460
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS — ENDING	\$ 151,660	\$ 560,171

SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASHFLOW INFORMATION

Cash Paid During the Period for:

Interest	\$6,733	\$13,803
Taxes	\$2,400	\$4,000

SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF NON-CASH FINANCING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES:

Fair value of warrants issued in conjunction with convertible notes payable	\$584,800	\$2,331,008
Fair value of warrants issued for financing fees	\$34,600	\$72,320
Exchange of common stock for convertible notes payable	\$—	\$105,000

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements

BIOLARGO, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

Note 1. Business and Organization

Liquidity

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the settlement of liabilities and commitments in the normal course of our business. As reflected in the accompanying financial statements, we had a net loss of \$3,818,338 for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2015, and at September 30, 2015, we had working capital of \$266,086, current assets of \$666,691, long-term debt obligations of \$2,611,800 and an accumulated stockholders' deficit of \$82,824,315. The foregoing factors raise substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. Ultimately, our ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon our ability to attract significant new sources of capital, attain a reasonable threshold of operating efficiencies and achieve profitable operations by licensing or otherwise commercializing products incorporating our technology. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might be necessary if we are unable to continue as a going concern.

We have been, and anticipate that we will continue to be, limited in terms of our capital resources. Our total cash and cash equivalents were \$560,171 at September 30, 2015. We recorded revenues of \$72,821 in the nine-month period ended September 30, 2015. We received cash from government grants for our Canadian research programs totaling \$57,922 in the nine-month period ended September 30, 2015. We generally have not had enough cash or sources of capital to fund operations or to pay our accounts payable and expenses as they arise, and have relied on the issuance of stock options and common stock, as well as extended payment terms with our vendors to operate. We will be required to raise substantial additional capital to expand our operations, including without limitation, hiring additional personnel, additional scientific and third-party testing, costs associated with obtaining regulatory approvals and filing additional patent applications to protect our intellectual property, and possible strategic acquisitions or alliances, as well as to meet our liabilities as they become due for the next 12 months.

As of September 30, 2015, we had \$2,166,800 principal amount outstanding on convertible promissory notes (see Note 5). These notes mature June 1, 2018, and we have the option to pay those notes by the issuance of our common stock upon maturity. We were able to decrease short-term demands on liquidity by converting our one-year notes due in December 2015 and January 2016 to new promissory notes on the same terms as the notes issued in our 2015 Unit

Offering. (See Note 6). The new notes are due on June 1, 2018, and are convertible at our option at maturity to our common stock at \$0.25 per share. (See Note 4).

As of September 30, 2015, we had \$275,605 of outstanding accounts payable and accrued expenses. (See Note 9.) Our short-term liquidity requirements consist of our obligations to pay our employees, consultants, and for other ongoing operational obligations, including research and development activities in Canada. We typically are able to pay a portion of these obligations in cash, and the remainder by the issuance of common stock or options pursuant to the accounts payable conversion plan approved by our board of directors.

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim financial information and pursuant to Rule 8-03 of Regulation S-X under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and notes required by generally accepted accounting principles for annual financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. We are still operating in the early stages of the sales and distribution process, and therefore our operating results for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2015 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2015, or for any other period. These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and notes should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited financial statements and accompanying notes included in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") on March 30, 2015.

BIOLARGO, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Other Assets

Other Assets consists of payments made to purchase patents related to our efforts in commercializing the Isan system.

For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2014 and 2015, we recorded amortization expense totaling \$8,190.

We review intangible assets for potential impairment using our best estimates based on reasonable assumptions and projections. An impairment loss to write such assets down to their estimated fair values is necessary if the carrying values of the assets exceed their related undiscounted expected future cash flows. We also determine impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying values may not be recoverable. Management has not identified any impairment indicators at September 30, 2015.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and revenues and expenses during the period reported. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates are used when accounting for stock-based compensation and financing transactions, uncollectible accounts receivable, asset impairment and amortization, and taxes, among others.

Share-based Payments

All share-based payments to employees, including grants of employee stock options, are recognized in the financial statements based on their fair values.

For stock issued to consultants and other non-employees for services, we record the expense based on the fair value of the securities as of the date of the stock issuance. The issuance of fully vested stock warrants or options to non-employees are valued at the time of issuance utilizing the Black Scholes calculation and the amount is charged to expense. The issuance of stock warrants or options to non-employees that vest over time are revalued each reporting period until vested to determine the amount to be recorded as an expense in the respective period. As the warrants or options vest, they are valued on each vesting date and an adjustment is recorded for the difference between the value already recorded and the then current value on the date of vesting.

During the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2014 and 2015, we recorded an aggregate \$667,074 and \$1,638,706 in selling general and administrative expense related to options issued as part of our 2007 Equity Incentive Plan and outside of our 2007 Equity Incentive Plan (see Note 8).

BIOLARGO, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

During the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2014 and 2015, we issued an aggregate 336,967 and 718,151 shares of our common stock to our officers in lieu of accrued and unpaid compensation and unreimbursed expenses totaling \$180,193 and \$299,932, respectively.

During the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2014 and 2015, we issued an aggregate 450,005 and 534,188 shares of our common stock to third party vendors in lieu of accrued and unpaid obligations totaling \$313,569 and \$230,805, respectively.

On March 28, 2014, we issued an aggregate 1,360,000 shares of our common stock to note payable holders in lieu of \$584,800 note payable principal balance and related accrued interest. (See Note 5).

Non-Cash Transactions

We have established a policy relative to the methodology to determine the value assigned to each intangible we acquire, and/or services or products received for non-cash consideration of our common stock. The value is based on the market price of our common stock issued as consideration, at the date of the agreement of each transaction or when the service is rendered or product is received.

The methods, estimates and judgments we use in applying these most critical accounting policies have a significant impact on the results of our financial statements.

Revenue Recognition

Revenues are recognized as risk and title to products transfers to the customer (which generally occurs at the time shipment is made), the sales price is fixed or determinable, and collectability is reasonably assured. We also may generate revenues from royalties and license fees from our intellectual property. Licensees typically pay a license fee in one or more installments and ongoing royalties based on their sales of products incorporating or using our licensed intellectual property. License fees are recognized over the estimated period of future benefit to the average licensee.

Government Grants

We have been awarded grants from the Canadian National Research Institute – Industrial Research Assistance Program (NRC-IRAP) and the National Science and Engineering Research Council of Canada (NSERC). The government grants received are considered grants related to income and are included as other income in our income statement. We received our first grant in 2015 and have been awarded ten grants in the aggregate amount of approximately \$300,000, and in the nine-month period ended September 30, 2015, we've received a total of \$57,922. The grants have terms generally ranging between six and eighteen months (ii) support much of the research budget, but not all of the related costs. This cooperative research allows us to utilize (i) a depth of resources and talent to accomplish highly skilled work, (ii) financial aid to support research and development costs, (iii) independent and credible validation of our technical claims.

The grants provide for (i) recurring monthly amounts and (ii) reimbursement of costs for research talent for which we invoice to request payment and (iii) ancillary cost reimbursement for research talent travel related costs. All awarded grants have specific requirements on how the money is spent, typically to employ researchers. None of the funds may be used for general administrative expenses or overhead in the United States. These grants have substantially increased our level of research and development activities in Canada and the development of our AOS filter. We continue to apply for Canadian government and agency grants to fund research and development activities. Not all of our grant applications have been awarded, and no assurance can be made that any pending grant application, or any future grant applications, will be awarded.

BIOLARGO, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

Earnings (Loss) Per Share

We report basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share (“EPS”) for common and common share equivalents. Basic EPS is computed by dividing reported earnings by the weighted average shares outstanding. Diluted EPS is computed by adding to the weighted average shares the dilutive effect if stock options and warrants were exercised into common stock. For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2014 and 2015, the denominator in the diluted EPS computation is the same as the denominator for basic EPS due to the anti-dilutive effect of the warrants and stock options on the Company’s net loss.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) 2014-09, “Revenue from Contracts with Customers.” ASU 2014-09 creates a new, principle-based revenue recognition framework that will affect all revenue-generating activities. In addition to superseding and replacing nearly all existing revenue recognition guidance under U.S. GAAP, including industry-specific guidance, the new standard:

changes the basis for deciding when revenue is recognized over time or at a point in time;

provides new guidance on specific aspects of revenue recognition; and

expands and improves disclosures about revenue.

Entities are required to apply the standard for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and for interim periods therein. The standard permits the use of either the retrospective method, where prior period results are reflected on a comparable basis, or cumulative effect method. Management is currently evaluating the effect of this pronouncement on its financial reporting.

In August 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-15 ("ASU 2014-15"), "Presentation of Financial Statements-Going Concern (Subtopic 205-40) - Disclosure of Uncertainties about an Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern." ASU 2014-15 requires a Company's management to evaluate, at each reporting period, whether there are conditions or events that raise substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date the financial statements are issued and provide related disclosures. ASU 2014-15 is effective for the annual period ending after December 15, 2016, and for annual periods and interim periods thereafter. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of ASU 2014-15 on its consolidated financial statements.

In July 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-11, "Simplifying the Measurement of Inventory, Topic 330, Inventory." An entity should measure inventory within the scope of this Update at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling prices in the ordinary course of business, less reasonably predictable costs of completion, disposal, and transportation. Subsequent measurement is unchanged for inventory measured using LIFO or the retail inventory method. For public business entities, the amendments in this Update are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim periods within those fiscal years. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of ASU 2015-11 on its consolidated financial statements.

In February 2015, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2015-02 (ASU 2015-02), Consolidation (Topic 810). ASU 2015-02 changes the guidance with respect to the analysis that a reporting entity must perform to determine whether it should consolidate certain types of legal entities. All legal entities are subject to reevaluation under the revised consolidation mode. ASU 2015-02 affects the following areas: (1) Limited partnerships and similar legal entities. (2) Evaluating fees paid to a decision maker or a service provider as a variable interest. (3) The effect of fee arrangements on the primary beneficiary determination. (4) The effect of related parties on the primary beneficiary determination. (5) Certain investment funds. ASU 2015-02 is effective for public business entities for fiscal years, and for interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2015. Early adoption is permitted, including adoption in an interim period. If an entity early adopts the guidance in an interim period, any adjustments should be reflected as of the beginning of the fiscal year that includes that interim period. A reporting entity may apply the amendments in this guidance using a modified retrospective approach by recording a cumulative-effect adjustment to equity as of the beginning of the fiscal year of adoption. A reporting entity also may apply the amendments retrospectively. The adoption of ASU 2015-02 is not expected to have any impact on the Company's financial statement presentation or disclosures.

BIOLARGO, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

In April 2015, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2015-03 (ASU 2015-03), Interest – Imputation of Interest (Subtopic 835-30). ASU 2015-03 simplifies the presentation of debt issuance costs and requires that debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of that debt liability, consistent with debt discounts. The recognition and measurement guidance for debt issuance costs are not affected by the new guidance. ASU 2015-3 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, and interim periods within that fiscal year. Early adoption is permitted for financial statements that have not been previously issued. An entity is required to apply the new guidance on a retrospective basis, wherein the balance sheet of each individual period presented is adjusted to reflect the period-specific effects of applying the new guidance. Upon transition, an entity is required to comply with the applicable disclosures for a change in an accounting principle. These disclosures include the nature of and reason for the change in accounting principle, the transition method, a description of the prior-period information that has been retrospectively adjusted, and the effect of the change on the financial statement line items (i.e., debt issuance cost asset and the debt liability). The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of ASU 2015-03 on the Company's financial statement presentation and disclosures.

Note 3. Deposits

Royalty Revenue

In 2012, we executed a joint venture agreement with Peter Holdings Pty. Ltd., the principal developer of the Isan System, whereby we jointly purchased the intellectual property associated with the Isan System, and agreed to share any royalties from any licensing revenue generated from the Isan System on an equal 50/50 basis.

In February 2014, we received a deposit of \$100,000 from InsulTech Manufacturing, LLC, an Arizona limited liability company d/b/a Clarion Water (“Clarion Water”) towards a worldwide, exclusive license of the Isan System. On August 12, 2014, we entered into a license agreement with Clarion Water in which we granted an exclusive license to commercialize the Isan System. For a term expiring the latter of 10 years or upon the expiration of the licensed patents the license agreement provides that the \$100,000 deposit is non-refundable, and is to be credited to future payments of royalties or sublicense fees due under the license agreement. The agreement further provides for a 10% royalty of licensee's “net sales revenue”, and 40% of sublicensing fees. Licensee is required to make minimum payments

beginning July 1, 2016, of \$50,000 per quarter, and we are obligated to share any revenues under the agreement on an equal basis with Peter Holdings Pty. Ltd. The intellectual property subject to the license agreement includes all intellectual property related to the Isan System, including all patents, trademarks, proprietary knowledge, and other similar know-how or rights relating to or arising out of the Isan System or the patents related to the Isan System. The agreement contains other terms and conditions typically found in intellectual property license agreements.

Investor Deposit

On June 19, 2015, we received \$25,000 from a potential investor in our 2015 Unit Offering. We did not receive a subscription agreement from that individual until after September 30, 2015, and thus we recorded this amount as a deposit until we received the executed documents.

Note 4. Private Securities Offerings

2015 Unit Offering

On January 15, 2015, we commenced a private securities offering of “units”, each Unit consisting of a convertible promissory note and Series A stock purchase warrant. The price and availability of the Units are set forth in a “Pricing Supplement” issued from time-to-time, and priced up to a 30% discount to the market price of the Company’s common stock. The Offering is subject to an over-allotment of 20%, or an additional \$1,000,000 in Units, for an aggregate total of \$6,000,000, and shall be known as the Company’s “2015 Unit Offering.” The Company has the right to register the common shares underlying the notes and warrants (“Shares”) with the Securities and Exchange Commission, and the obligation to register the Shares in the event we are successful in raising \$3,000,000 of gross proceeds. (See Note 5.)

BIOLARGO, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

Purchasers of the Units will receive an unsecured convertible promissory note bearing interest at the rate of 12% per annum on the amount invested. Any interest due will be paid quarterly in arrears in cash or shares of common stock. If paid by the issuance of common stock, interest is paid at a conversion price equal to the average closing price of the Company's common stock over the 20 trading days prior to the interest payment due date. The principal amount of the note may be paid by the issuance of shares of common stock, or cash, upon maturity at the Company's election. When paid in shares, the number of shares to be issued shall be calculated by dividing the principal amount invested by the Unit price, as it is established at the time of the original investment by the applicable Pricing Supplement. The notes may be converted at any time by the investor, at maturity by the Company, or by the Company prior to maturity, so long as all of the following conditions are met: (i) the Shares issued as payment are registered with the SEC, (ii) the Company's common stock closes for ten consecutive trading days at or above three times the Unit price. The Notes mature on June 1, 2018.

Each Series A warrant allows for the purchase of the number of common shares equal to the investment amount divided by the Unit price, (e.g., one warrant share for each share of common stock which the investor is eligible to receive through conversion of his original convertible note) and, the warrant will have an exercise price as set forth in the Pricing Supplement. Each Series A warrant expires June 1, 2020. The Company may "call" the Series A warrant, requiring the investor to exercise the warrant within 30 days or forever lose the rights to do so, only if the following conditions have been met: (i) the underlying Shares are registered with the SEC, and (ii) the Company's common stock closes for 10 consecutive trading days at or above two times the exercise price.

Summer 2014 Private Securities Offering

Pursuant to a private offering of our common stock at a price of \$0.40 per share ("Summer 2014 Offering") that commenced on June 25, 2014 and ended during the three-month period ended December 31, 2014, we sold 455,000 shares of our common stock to six accredited investors, and received gross and net proceeds of \$182,000 and \$162,000, respectively. Fees related to this offering consisted of \$20,000 cash payments and the issuance of 4,688 shares of our common stock at an exercise price of \$0.40 per share.

Each purchaser of stock received, for no additional consideration, a stock purchase warrant which entitles the holder to purchase a number of additional shares of our common stock equal to the number of shares originally purchased.

(See Note 7.)

During September, three investors of our Summer 2014 Offering chose to exchange their investment for a convertible promissory note and Series A warrant on the terms offered in our 2015 Unit Offering (see Note 4). Per the terms of the convertible note, the prior issued stock and warrants were cancelled. The total original investment exchanged totaled \$105,000 and we issued new convertible promissory notes totaling \$105,000, each with an expiration date of June 1, 2018. In addition, we issued a Series A stock purchase warrant to the investors allowing the purchase of an aggregate 420,000 shares of our common stock. The convertible note and warrants were accounted for using the relative fair values of the convertible note and the warrants at the exchange date.

Summer 2013 Private Securities Offering

Pursuant to a private offering of our common stock at a price of \$0.25 per share that commenced June 2013, through its expiration on March 31, 2014, we sold 3,450,000 shares of our common stock to 24 accredited investors and received \$862,500 gross and \$857,000 net cash proceeds from the sales. During the nine-month period ended September 30, 2014, we sold 3,190,000 shares of our common stock and received \$787,500 gross proceeds from the sales. Fees related to this offering consisted of \$15,500 cash payments, \$34,600 were paid by issuing 138,400 shares of our common stock at an exercise price of \$0.25 per share. The share price on the grant date was \$0.47 resulting in additional interest expense of \$65,000.

Each purchaser of stock received, for no additional consideration, a stock purchase warrant which entitles the holder to purchase a number of additional shares of our common stock equal to the number of shares originally purchased and is subject to a call provision in the event BioLargo's common stock price reaches \$0.60 per share over a period of 40 days. (See Note 7).

Clyra Spring 2014 Private Securities Offering

On February 1, 2014, our subsidiary Clyra (see Note 11) began a private securities offering, selling up to 1,000 shares of its common stock at \$1,000 per share. From inception through June 30, 2014, Clyra sold 220 shares of its common stock to five accredited investors and received \$220,000 gross and net proceeds from the sales.

Each purchaser of stock received, for no additional consideration a stock purchase warrant entitling the holder to purchase the same number of shares of Clyra common stock as purchased in the offering. (See Note 7.)

BIOLARGO, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

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Note 5. Notes and Convertible Notes Payable

As of September 30, 2015, we have outstanding a total of \$2,166,800 unsecured convertible promissory notes with a maturity date of June 1, 2018, which accrue interest at a rate of 12% per annum.

For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2014 and 2015, we recorded \$313,117 and \$564,383 of interest expense related to our line of credit, convertible notes payable and amortization of discount on convertible notes payable.

2015 Unit Offering

In accordance with the terms of our 2015 Unit Offering (see Note 4), during the nine-month period ended September 30, 2015, we received \$1,635,000 and issued unsecured convertible promissory notes with maturity dates of June 1, 2018, which accrue interest at a rate of 12% per annum, and are convertible at the Unit price set forth in the investor's subscription agreement. Of this amount, notes in the face amount of \$1,535,000 were issued at a Unit price of \$0.25, and \$100,000 at a Unit price of \$0.35. Each investor, for no additional consideration, received a Series A stock purchase warrant. (See Note 7).

December/January Notes

In December 2014, we received \$200,000 and issued unsecured convertible promissory notes each with a one-year maturity date, which accrue interest at a rate of 12% per annum. Each noteholder, for no additional consideration, received a stock purchase warrant exercisable at \$0.30 per share, which terminates three years after the date of issuance. We issued warrants to purchase an aggregate 350,000 shares. The fair value of the warrants and the intrinsic value of the beneficial conversion feature resulted in a \$200,000 discount on the convertible note payables. Each noteholder may exchange the note for the securities offered in our current private securities offering.

In January 2015, we received \$133,000 and issued unsecured convertible promissory notes each with a one-year maturity date, which accrue interest at a rate of 12% per annum. Each noteholder, for no additional consideration, received a stock purchase warrant exercisable at \$0.30 per share, which terminates three year after the date of issuance. (See Note 7).

In September 2015, these notes were converted to a convertible promissory note and Series A stock purchase warrant on the same terms as our 2015 Unit Offering. (See Note 6.)

Line of Credit

On November 19, 2013, we received \$50,000 pursuant to a line of credit which accrues interest at a rate of 24%. We have pledged our inventory and accounts receivable as collateral. The maturity date of the line of credit is May 15, 2016.

In September 2015, this line of credit was converted to a convertible promissory note and Series A stock purchase warrant on the same terms as our 2015 Unit Offering. (See Note 6.)

Note 6. Conversion of Notes

Prior to September 30, 2015, each of our December/January noteholders' exchanged their note for a note and warrant on the terms offered in our 2015 Unit Offering (see Note 4), such that the original notes totaling \$333,000 and accrued interest totaling \$53,895 were cancelled and we issued new convertible promissory notes totaling \$383,895 with an expiration date of June 1, 2018.

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On September 30, 2015, the holder of our line of credit agreed to convert the outstanding balance on the line of credit for a convertible promissory note and Series A warrant on the terms offered in our 2015 Unit Offering (see Note 4), such that the original line of credit totaling \$50,000 and accrued fees and interest totaling \$8,530, were canceled and we issued a new convertible promissory note totaling \$58,530 with an expiration date of June 1, 2018. In addition, we issued a Series A stock purchase warrant to the holder allowing the holder to purchase 234,120 shares of our common stock.

On March 26, 2014, we issued an aggregate 1,360,000 shares of our common stock, at a conversion price of \$0.25, resulting in a fair value of \$584,800, as payment for an aggregate \$275,000 in principal and \$65,000 of accrued and unpaid interest expense for three promissory notes (originally issued on June 8, 2010, October 28, 2013, and November 15, 2013). Our stock price on the date of issuance was \$0.43 per share, resulting in an additional financing costs of \$244,800 which was recorded as interest expense during the three-month period ended March 31, 2014.

Note 7. Warrants

We have certain warrants outstanding to purchase our common stock, at various prices, as described in the following tables:

	Number of Shares	Price Range
Outstanding as of December 31, 2013	10,618,771	\$ 0.125–2.00
Issued	4,785,001	0.25 –1.00
Exercised	(674,288)	0.30 –0.50
Expired	(6,291,362)	0.50 –1.00
Outstanding as of September 30, 2014	8,438,122	\$ 0.125–1.00

	Number of Shares	Price Range
Outstanding as of December 31, 2014	8,838,122	\$ 0.125-1.00
Issued	9,387,214	0.30 -0.75
Exercised	—	—
Expired	(4,582,079)	0.25 -0.75
Outstanding as of September 30, 2015	13,643,257	\$ 0.125-1.00

BIOLARGO, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

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To determine interest expense related to our outstanding warrants issued in conjunction with debt offerings, the fair value of each award grant is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model and the calculated value is amortized over the life of the warrant. The determination of expense of warrants issued for services or settlement also uses the option-pricing model. The principal assumptions we used in applying this model were as follows:

	2014		2015	
Risk free interest rate	.09	4.55 %	.97	4.60 %
Expected volatility	184	349 %	255	332 %
Expected dividend yield	—		—	
Forfeiture rate	—		—	
Contractual life in years	1	5	3	5

The risk-free interest rate is based on U.S Treasury yields in effect at the time of grant. Expected volatilities are based on historical volatility of our common stock.

2015 Unit Offering Warrants

Pursuant to the terms of our 2015 Unit Offering, during the nine-month period ended September 30, 2015, we issued Series A warrants to purchase up to an aggregate 6,734,580 shares of our common stock. Of that amount, warrants to purchase an aggregate 6,448,866 shares were issued at an exercise price of \$0.40 per share, and a warrant to purchase 285,714 shares was issued at an exercise price of \$0.45 per share. These warrants were issued to investors and as commissions, and expire June 1, 2020. The fair value of the warrants and the intrinsic value of the beneficial conversion feature resulted in an aggregate \$1,635,000 discount on the convertible notes payable.

Warrants Issued Concurrently with Convertible Note Payables

During the nine-month period ended September 30, 2015, we issued warrants to purchase an aggregate 443,333 shares of our common stock to holders of our December/January notes (see Note 5). These warrants are exercisable at \$0.30 per share and expire January 2020. The fair value of warrants totaled \$133,000 and was recorded as interest expense.

Pursuant to the terms of our Convertible Notes Payable, nine noteholders of the December and January convertible notes payable exchanged their notes and accrued interest for notes and warrants on the terms offered in our 2015 Unit Offering totaling \$368,270 (See Note 4 and 5). With the exchange, these note holders received additional warrants to purchase an aggregate 1,535,580 of our common stock at an exercise price of \$0.40 which expire June 1, 2018. The fair value of the warrants and the intrinsic value of the beneficial conversion feature resulted in an aggregate \$368,270 recorded as a discount on convertible notes payable.

Summer 2014 Warrants

On June 25, 2014, we began a private offering of our common stock at a price of \$0.40 per share. (See Note 4.) Per the terms of the Summer 2014 offering and through the year ended December 31, 2014, we issued warrants to purchase 717,500 shares of our common stock. The warrant is exercisable at \$0.75 per share, will expire on July 31, 2019, and is subject to a call provision in the event (i) the closing price of the Common Stock for each of twenty (20) consecutive business days, exceeds \$1.50 per share (subject to adjustment for forward and reverse stock splits, recapitalizations, stock dividends and the like after the date of issuance of this Warrant), (ii) the Restricted Stock is subject to resale pursuant to 17 C.F.R. 230.144 (“Rule 144”) or pursuant to any other exemption from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended and (iii) the Shares underlying the Warrant are registered with the SEC.

Pursuant to the terms of our Summer 2014 Offering, three investors choose to exchange their investment for a note and warrant on the terms offered in our 2015 Unit Offering totaling \$105,000 (See Note 4 and 5). With the exchange, 262,500 warrants were cancelled and we issued warrants to purchase an aggregate 420,000 of our common stock at an exercise price of \$0.40 which expire June 1, 2018. The fair value of the warrants and the intrinsic value of the beneficial conversion feature resulted in an aggregate \$105,000 discount on these new convertible notes payable.

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Summer 2013 Warrants

Pursuant to the terms of our Summer 2013 Offering (see Note 4), since inception in June 2013 through its termination on March 31, 2014, we issued warrants to purchase up to an aggregate 3,370,000 shares of our common stock to the investors in the Summer 2013 Offering at an exercise price of \$0.30 per share. Of this amount, we issued warrants to purchase up to an aggregate 3,110,000 shares of our common stock during the nine-month period ended June 30, 2014. These warrants are set to expire October 15, 2015.

Clyra 2014 Warrants

Pursuant to the terms of the Clyra 2014 Spring Offering (see Note 4), during the nine-month period ended September 30, 2014, we issued warrants to purchase up to an aggregate 980,000 shares of our common stock to the investors in the Clyra 2014 Spring Offering. The exercise price for each warrant is the tender of one share of Clyra common stock, purchased by the investor for \$1,000, per 4,000 shares of BioLargo common stock. The warrants expired on July 30, 2015. Prior to the expiration of the warrants, all Clyra investors exercised their warrants. During the nine-month period ended September 30, 2015, 410 shares of Clyra common stock were tendered to BioLargo, and in exchange, BioLargo issued an aggregate 1,640,000 shares of BioLargo common stock. During the three-month period ended September 30, 2015, 310 shares of Clyra common stock were tendered to BioLargo, and in exchange, BioLargo issued an aggregate 1,240,000 shares BioLargo common stock.

Other Warrant

Pursuant to the terms of our Summer 2014 Offering, the holder of our letter of credit exchange their letter of credit for a note and warrant on the terms offered in our 2015 Unit Offering totaling \$58,530 (See Note 4 and 5). With the exchange, we issued warrants to purchase 234,120 of our common stock at an exercise price of \$0.40 which expire June 1, 2018. The fair value of the warrants and the intrinsic value of the beneficial conversion feature resulted in an aggregate \$58,530 recorded as a discount on convertible notes payable.

Note 8. Stock-Based Compensation and Other Employee Benefit Plans

During the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2014 and 2015, we recorded an aggregate \$667,074 and \$1,638,706 in selling general and administrative expense related to options issued pursuant to our 2007 Equity Incentive Plan and to options issued outside of the 2007 Plan.

On September 22, 2015, we issued 150,000 shares of our common stock to the president of our BioLargo Water Canada subsidiary for services performed. The stock price on the grant date was \$0.65 resulting in \$97,500 of selling, general and administrative expense.

2007 Equity Incentive Plan

On August 7, 2007, and as amended April 29, 2011, our Board of Directors adopted the BioLargo, Inc. 2007 Equity Incentive Plan as a means of providing our directors, key employees and consultants additional incentive to provide services. Both stock options and stock grants may be made under this plan. The Compensation Committee administers this plan. The plan allows grants of common shares or options to purchase common shares. As plan administrator, the Compensation Committee has sole discretion to set the price of the options. The Compensation Committee may at any time amend or terminate the plan.

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Options issued pursuant to our 2007 Equity Incentive Plan during the nine-month period ended September 30, 2015:

Date	Term	Option Shares	Exercise price	Stock price on grant date	Fair Value	Expense	
June 24, 2015	(1)	10	40,000	\$ 0.38	\$ 0.38	\$ 15,200	\$ 15,200
April 20, 2015	(2)	10	700,000	0.40	0.34	238,000	59,460
September 30, 2015	(3)	10	300,000	\$ 0.57	\$ 0.57	171,000	68,400
Totals			1,040,000			\$424,200	\$ 143,060

We recorded the issuance of options to purchase an aggregate 40,000 shares of our common stock to the (1) non-employee members of our Board of Directors, pursuant to the terms of the 2007 Equity Plan which calls for an annual automatic issuance.

(2) We issued an option to purchase shares of our common stock to a consultant. The option vests ratably over ten-months.

(3) On September 30, 2015, BioLargo, Inc. (the "Company") and its Chief Financial Officer Charles K. Dargan, II formally agreed to extend the engagement agreement dated February 1, 2008 (the "Engagement Agreement", which had been previously extended multiple times), pursuant to which Mr. Dargan has been serving as the Company's Chief Financial Officer. The Engagement Extension Agreement dated as of September 30, 2015 (the "Engagement

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Extension Agreement”) provides for an additional term to expire September 30, 2016 (the “Extended Term”), and is retroactively effective to February 1, 2015. During the Extended Term, Mr. Dargan shall be compensated through the issuance of an option to purchase 300,000 shares of the Company’s common stock that vest over the term of the engagement with 120,000 shares vested as of September 30, 2015, and the remaining shares to vest 15,000 monthly, provided that the Engagement Extension Agreement with Mr. Dargan has not been terminated prior to each vesting date.

In addition to the foregoing, on June 24, 2015, our board of directors extended by five years the expiration of an option to purchase 200,000 shares of our common stock issued to our Chief Science Officer in February 2010. The option was originally issued in exchange for unpaid salary obligation at an exercise price of \$0.575 and now expires February 5, 2020. Fair value of the option totaled \$68,000 of additional selling, general and administrative expenses.

On August 4, 2015, our board of directors extended by five years the expiration of options to purchase an aggregate 1,772,581 shares of our common stock issued to consultants, vendors and employees in August 2010. The options were originally issued in exchange for accrued and unpaid amounts owed to the individuals, at an exercise price of \$0.30 and now expire August 4, 2020. Fair value of the option totaled \$620,403 of additional selling, general and administrative expenses.

Options issued pursuant to our 2007 Equity Incentive Plan during the nine-month period ended September 30, 2014:

Date	Term	Option Shares	Exercise price	Stock price on grant date	Fair Value	Expense	
June 23, 2014	(1)	10	40,000	\$ 0.63	\$ 0.63	\$25,200	\$25,200
June 23, 2014	(2)	10	300,000	0.63	0.63	189,000	141,000
			340,000			\$214,250	\$166,200

We recorded the issuance of options to purchase an aggregate 40,000 shares of our common stock to the (1) non-employee members of our Board of Directors, pursuant to the terms of the 2007 Equity Plan which calls for an annual automatic issuance.

(2) BioLargo, Inc. (the “Company”) and its Chief Financial Officer Charles K. Dargan, II formally agreed to extend the engagement agreement dated February 1, 2008 (the “Engagement Agreement”, which had been previously extended multiple times), pursuant to which Mr. Dargan has been serving as the Company’s Chief Financial Officer. The Engagement Extension Agreement dated as of June 23, 2014 (the “Engagement Extension Agreement”) provides for

an additional term to expire January 31, 2015 (the “Extended Term”), and is retroactively effective to February 1, 2014. During the Extended Term, Mr. Dargan shall be compensated through the issuance of an option to purchase shares of the Company’s common stock which vest over the term of the engagement with 100,000 shares vested as of June 23, 2014, and the remaining shares vest 25,000 monthly through January 31, 2015.

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Activity for our stock options under the 2007 Plan for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2014 and 2015 is as follows:

	Options Outstanding	Shares Available	Price per share	Weighted Average Price per share
Balances as of December 31, 2013	8,561,086	4,420,742	0.23 – 1.89	\$ 0.44
Granted	40,000	(40,000)	0.63	0.63
Exercised	—	—	—	—
Expired	—	—	—	—
Balances as of September 30, 2014	8,601,086	3,380,742	0.23 – 1.89	\$ 0.44

	Options Outstanding	Shares Available	Price per share	Weighted Average Price per share
Balances as of December 31, 2014	8,601,086	4,380,742	0.23 – 1.89	\$ 0.44
Granted	1,040,000	(1,040,000)	0.30 – 0.575	0.35
Exercised	—	—	—	—
Expired	—	—	—	—
Plan classification	600,000	(600,000)	0.30 – 0.63	0.33
Balances as of September 30, 2015	10,241,086	2,740,742	0.23 – 1.89	\$ 0.43

Options issued Outside of the 2007 Equity Incentive Plan

Options issued outside of the 2007 Equity Incentive Plan during the nine-month period ended September 30, 2015 are:

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Date	Term	Option Shares	Exercise price	Stock price on grant date	Fair Value	Expense	
September 22, 2015	(1)	10	103,846	\$ 0.65	\$ 0.65	\$ 67,500	\$ 67,500
September 22, 2015	(2)	10	125,770	0.65	0.65	81,750	81,750
September 22, 2015	(3)	10	200,000	0.35	0.65	130,000	91,000
June 29, 2015	(4)	10	218,143	0.35	0.35	76,350	76,350
June 29, 2015	(5)	10	192,857	0.35	0.35	67,500	67,500
April 20, 2015	(6)	10	75,000	0.34	0.34	22,500	22,500
April 19, 2015	(7)	10	200,000	0.37	0.34	74,000	74,000
March 31, 2015	(8)	10	387,676	0.36	0.36	139,563	139,563
March 30, 2015	(9)	10	190,142	0.36	0.36	68,451	68,451
February 5, 2015	(10)	10	200,000	0.33	0.33	66,000	66,000
2014 and prior	(11)		—			—	74,145
Totals			1,893,434			\$ 793,614	\$ 828,759

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(1) We issued options to purchase shares of our common stock to our board of directors in lieu of \$45,000 in accrued and unpaid fees.

(2) We issued options to purchase shares of our common stock to vendors in lieu of \$54,500 in accrued and unpaid fees.

We issued options to purchase shares of our common stock to the president of our BioLargo Water Canada subsidiary. Of the total options issued, 140,000 vest immediately and the remaining 60,000 options vest 10,000 per month, provided that our president has not been terminated prior to each vesting date.

(4) We issued options to purchase shares of our common stock to vendors, in lieu of \$50,900 in accrued and unpaid fees.

(5) We issued options to purchase shares of our common stock to our members of our board of directors, in lieu of \$45,000 in accrued and unpaid fees due for their services on the board.

(6) We issued an option to purchase shares of our common stock to a consultant for services provided.

(7) We issued an option to purchase shares of our common stock to two consultant for services provided.

(8) We issued options to purchase shares of our common stock to two vendors, in lieu of \$91,750 in accrued and unpaid fees.

(9) We issued options to purchase shares of our common stock to our members of our board of directors, in lieu of \$45,000 in accrued and unpaid fees due for their services on the board.

(10) We issued an option to purchase 200,000 shares of our common stock to a consultant for services provided.

(11) Expense recorded for the vesting of stock options issued in prior periods.

Options issued outside of the 2007 Equity Incentive Plan during the nine-month period ended September 30, 2014 are:

Date	Term	Option Shares	Exercise price	Stock price on grant date	Fair Value	Expense
September 29, 2014	(1) 10	143,617	\$ 0.47	\$ 0.47	\$ 67,500	\$ 67,500
September 29, 2014	(2) 10	193,511	0.47	0.47	90,950	90,950
June 24, 2014	(3) 10	103,847	0.65	0.65	67,501	67,501
June 24, 2014	(4) 10	148,848	0.65	0.65	96,750	96,750
March 31, 2014	(5) 10	156,888	0.43	0.43	67,461	67,461
March 31, 2014	(6) 10	78,488	0.43	0.43	33,750	33,750
February 20, 2014	(7) 10	40,000	0.35	0.35	14,000	14,000

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2013 and prior	(8)	—	—	40,160
Total		1,165,199	\$ 626,912	\$ 667,074

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- (1) We issued options to purchase shares of our common stock to our board of directors in lieu of \$45,000 in accrued and unpaid fees.

- (2) We issued options to purchase shares of our common stock to vendors in lieu of \$67,500 in accrued and unpaid fees.

- (3) We issued options to purchase shares of our common stock to our board of directors in lieu of \$45,000 in accrued and unpaid fees.

- (4) We issued options to purchase shares of our common stock to vendors in lieu of \$64,500 in accrued and unpaid fees.

- (5) We issued options to purchase shares of our common stock to our board of directors, in lieu of \$45,000 in accrued and unpaid fees.

- (6) We issued options to purchase shares of our common stock to a vendor, in lieu of \$22,500 in accrued and unpaid fees.

- (7) On February 20, 2014, we issued options to purchase 40,000 shares of our common stock at an exercise price of \$0.35 per share, set to expire February 20, 2024, and to vest over the term of the agreement. The fair value of the Options totaled \$14,000 of additional selling, general and administrative expenses.

- (8) Expense recorded for the vesting of stock options issued in prior periods.

Activity of our stock options issued outside of the 2007 Plan for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2014 and 2015 is as follows:

	Options Outstanding	Price per share		Weighted Average Price per share
Balances as of December 31, 2013	16,398,395	\$ 0.18	– 1.89	\$ 0.41
Granted	1,165,199	0.43	– 0.65	0.62
Exercised	(41,875)		0.30	0.30
Expire	—		—	—
Balances as of September 30, 2014	17,521,719	\$ 0.18	– 1.00	\$ 0.40

	Options Outstanding	Price per share		Weighted Average Price per share
Balances as of December 31, 2014	17,965,291	\$ 0.18	– 1.00	\$ 0.39
Granted	1,893,434	0.34	– 0.36	0.41
Exercised	—		—	—
Expired	(46,250)		0.30	0.30
Plan classification	(600,000)	0.30	– 0.63	0.33
Balances as of September 30, 2015	19,212,474	\$ 0.18	– 1.00	\$ 0.44

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We recognize compensation expense for stock option awards on a straight-line basis over the applicable service period of the award, which is the vesting period. Share-based compensation expense is based on the grant date fair value estimated using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model. The following methodology and assumptions were used to calculate share based compensation for the nine-month period ended September 30:

	2014		2015	
	Non Plan	2007 Plan	Non Plan	2007 Plan
Risk free interest rate	2.54 - 2.73 %	2.63 %	2.54 - 2.33 %	2.54 - 2.38 %
Expected volatility	908 - 935 %	927 %	794 - 821 %	322 - 807 %
Expected dividend yield	—	—	—	—
Forfeiture rate	—	—	—	—
Expected life in years	7	7	7	3 - 7

Expected price volatility is the measure by which our stock price is expected to fluctuate during the expected term of an option. Expected volatility is derived from the historical daily change in the market price of our common stock, as we believe that historical volatility is the best indicator of future volatility.

The risk-free interest rate used in the Black-Scholes calculation is based on the prevailing U.S Treasury yield as determined by the U.S. Federal Reserve. We have never paid any cash dividends on our common stock and do not anticipate paying cash dividends on our common stock in the foreseeable future.

Historically, we have not had significant forfeitures of unvested stock options granted to employees and Directors. A significant number of our stock option grants are fully vested at issuance or have short vesting provisions. Therefore, we have estimated the forfeiture rate of our outstanding stock options as zero.

Note 9. Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses

Accounts payable and accrued expenses included the following:

	December 31, 2014	September 30, 2015
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 219,182	\$ 25,849
Disputed accounts payable	106,000	106,000
Uncertain tax position	137,500	137,500
Accrued interest	32,256	6,256
Total accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 494,938	\$ 275,605

Note 10. Non-Controlling Interest

In May 2012, we formed a subsidiary for the purpose of marketing and selling medical products containing our technology, Clyra Medical Technologies, Inc. (“Clyra”). Until December 17, 2012, this subsidiary was wholly owned, with 7,500 shares issued to BioLargo, Inc. On December 17, 2012, Clyra signed executive employment agreements with three individuals, in which each was granted 500 shares of Clyra common stock, one-third of which vested immediately, and the remaining over time. The shares granted to the three executives are restricted from transfer until a sale of the company, whether by means of a sale of its stock or substantially all of its assets, or otherwise by agreement of Clyra, BioLargo and the executives.

BIOLARGO, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

Clyra issued shares of its common stock to investors (see Note 4). Those shares were subsequently purchased by BioLargo at the request of the investors upon exercise of warrants, for which the investors received 4,000 shares of BioLargo common stock in exchange for each share of Clyra common stock (see Note 7, "Clyra 2014 Warrants"). As of September 30, 2015, BioLargo, Inc. owns 84.2% of Clyra, and the remainder is owned by the three Clyra executives.

Clyra has yet to generate any revenues, and the financial impact of Clyra's operations for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2015, resulted in a net loss of \$86,894 on our consolidated financial statements.

Note 11. Subsequent Events.

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date of the filing of this Quarterly Report and management noted the following for disclosure.

2015 Unit Offering

Subsequent to September 30, 2015, we received \$715,000 and issued a convertible promissory note with a maturity date of June 1, 2018 to three accredited investors in our 2015 Unit Offering (see Note 4). The Unit price was \$0.35, and thus the notes are convertible at \$0.35 per share. Each investor, for no additional consideration, received a stock purchase warrant exercisable at \$0.45 per share, which expires June 1, 2020. We issued warrants to purchase an aggregate 2,860,000 shares.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Operations

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of BioLargo, Inc. (the "Company") contains forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements include predictions regarding, among other things:

our business plan;

the commercial viability of our technology and products incorporating our technology;

the effects of competitive factors on our technology and products incorporating our technology;

expenses we will incur in operating our business;

our ability to end persistent operating losses and generate positive cash flow and operating income;

our ability to identify potential applications of our technology in industries other than the animal health industry and to bring viable products to market in such industries;

the application of our technology in the food and beverage industry;

the willingness of other companies to incorporate our technology into new or existing products or services and provide continued support for such products or services;

the ability of our licensees to successfully produce, advertise and market products incorporating our technology;

the continued success and viability of our licensees holding the exclusive right to exploit our technology in particular fields;

the sufficiency of our liquidity and working capital;

our ability to finance product field testing, hiring of personnel, required regulatory approvals, and needed patent applications;

continued availability and affordability of resources used in our technology and the production of our products and services; and

whether we are able to complete additional capital or debt financings in order to continue to fund operations and continue as a going concern.

You can identify these and other forward-looking statements by the use of words such as “may”, “will”, “expects”, “anticipates”, “believes”, “estimates”, “continues”, or the negative of such terms, or other comparable terminology. Forward-looking statements also include the assumptions underlying or relating to any of the foregoing statements.

Such statements, which include statements concerning future revenue sources and concentrations, selling, general and administrative expenses, research and development expenses, capital resources, additional financings and additional losses, are subject to risks and uncertainties, including, but not limited to, those discussed elsewhere in this Form 10-Q, that could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected.

Our actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of various factors, including those set forth under the heading “Risk Factors” in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ending December 31, 2015. Unless otherwise expressly stated herein, all statements, including forward-looking statements, set forth in this Form 10-Q are as of September 30, 2015, unless expressly stated otherwise, and we undertake no duty to update this information.

As used in this Report, the term Company refers to BioLargo, Inc., a Delaware corporation, and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, BioLargo Life Technologies, Inc., a California corporation, and Odor-No-More, Inc., a California corporation, BioLargo Water USA, Inc., its Canadian subsidiary BioLargo Water, Inc. and its majority owned subsidiary Clyra Medical Technologies, Inc.

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this report.

Overview

We make life better by delivering simple and sustainable solutions to big problems. We create and refine intellectual property that forms a foundation from which to build and create break-through products and technology for licensure to commercial partners. Our products harness the power of iodine – “Nature's Best Solution” – to eliminate contaminants that threaten our water, our health and our quality of life.

Three Platform Technologies

We feature three patent protected platform technologies with diverse product opportunities across multiple industries – the AOS Filter, CupriDyne, and Isan. Each features the use of the all-natural iodine molecule. While they all use iodine, they are quite different in terms of the methods by which they exploit the use of iodine, the form and composition of iodine used, and therefore their function and value proposition can be quite different for each commercial application.

AOS Filter

The AOS Filter is our invention that combines iodine, water filter materials and electrolysis within a water filter device. Our filter generates extremely high oxidation potential in order to oxidize and break-down, or otherwise eliminate, soluble organic contaminants like acids, solvents, sulfurs, oil and gas by-products, and pharmaceutical by-products which are commonly found in all sorts of contaminated water. It also achieves extremely high rates of disinfection to eliminate infectious biological pathogens like salmonella, listeria and E.coli.

The term ‘oxidation potential’ refers to the measure of the performance in which an oxidant is able to ‘break down’ a material through, in simple terms, the addition of oxygen and the transfer of electrons. Two commonly understood examples of oxidation are, as salt air rusts a shipyard anchor, or as fire is able to dismantle wood and turn it into ash. The key to our AOS Filter is its ability to generate extremely high oxidation potential in a continuous flow device that attacks contaminants in water that flow through the AOS Filter. The extremely high oxidation potential enables the AOS Filter to achieve performance results that researchers at the University of Alberta refer to as, ‘**unprecedented**’. These results have been replicated and confirmed in five unique design configurations, validating the initial results from the University of Alberta.

CupriDyne®

Our CupriDyne formula is used to deliver iodine within products. It can be delivered in any physical form, and can be combined with other ingredients, like fragrances in our odor control products, and primitive surfactants in our stain and odor products. Additional ingredients can often be added without sacrificing its practical and safe antimicrobial functions. Our product designs include liquids, sprays, gels, powders, coatings and absorbents.

Isan System

The Isan System is an automated iodine dosing system. It is the winner of a Top 50 Water Technology Award by the Artemis Project and a Dupont Innovation Award. Precise dosing combined with a straight-forward 'set-it-and-forget-it' automated computer controlled system is the key. The system features controlled measuring, flow control, dosing and iodine extraction/removal technology as well as an automatic tracking system that precisely delivers iodine in calibrated doses into a water stream or container of water. The Isan system has been proven to substantially reduce the incidence of fungal growth, spoilage, organisms and pathogens in water and on food. The system is able to operate at high flow rates.

First developed in Australia, the Isan system was initially registered with the APVMA (Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority) and FSANZ (Food Standards Australia and New Zealand) in Australia and New Zealand. The system has meaningful use and commercial value in any industry that can benefit from a precise use of iodine in water, like; agriculture, food production and processing, manufacturing, industrial water processes, irrigation supply.

Our Research Lab at the University of Alberta

We are informally engaged in a cooperative research relationship with the University of Alberta and its researchers in Edmonton, Canada: (i) we lease office and dedicated research lab space in two large academic and pilot labs at “Agri-Food Discovery Place” within the University of Alberta, approximately 2,000 square feet; (ii) we conduct most of our AOS Filter research and development activities in these labs or elsewhere on the University of Alberta campus; (iii) University professors apply for government grants to conduct research on our technology, assisting in its development and progression.

Our research team is led by Richard Smith, Ph.D., and our Chief Science Officer, Kenneth Reay Code. We currently have five full time researchers on staff, as well as over eight university employed researchers working for us or on our technology pursuant to contracts with the university or government grants. We work closely with the Department of Agricultural, Food and Nutritional Science at the University of Alberta and its Department of Engineering.

Our researchers include Dr. Ahmed Moustafa, Mr. Alex Evans, Dr. Parastoo Pourrezaei, and Dr. Michael Gaultois. These gentlemen bring a vast amount of expertise to our team. Dr. Ahmed Moustafa is spearheading the design of a scaled up AOS unit to validate performance at industrial scale. Dr. Moustafa is a former Fulbright Scholar and brings a superb skillset to the team, drawing on a Ph.D. in Environmental Engineering, a Master’s in Water Resources Engineering, as well as a Master’s in Environmental Engineering. His expertise will allow BioLargo to transition and demonstrate the AOS technology’s capabilities for large-scale water treatment applications.

Alex Evans is assisting with initiatives that expand the disinfection capabilities of the AOS technology. His expertise stems from a Master of Science with Specialization in Microbiology and Biotechnology, in which his focus was bacterial adaptation to stress. Mr. Evans’ research into the anti-viral activities of AOS will allow BioLargo to widen the scope of the AOS technology’s disinfection applications.

Parastoo Pourrezaei, PhD, is a technology development engineer in water and wastewater treatment. During her Ph.D. she completed a research project focusing on physico-chemical treatment technologies for oil sands process-affected water remediation. She brings more than five years of research expertise on oil sands process water treatment and more than two years of experience in oil sands applied research and development technologies.

Dr. Michael Gaultois began collaborating this fall with BioLargo on AOS reactor and experimental design, as well as consulting on physical and materials chemistry. Dr. Gaultois is a former Fulbright Scholar and has a Ph.D. in Chemistry, specific to new functional material design and characterization, as well as a MSc in Chemistry. He currently conducts research via a European Union Marie Skłodowska-Curie Fellowship at the University of Cambridge, UK. His expertise will be used to further refine and enhance the performance of the AOS technology’s

filter materials.

Canadian Research Grants

We have been awarded a number of financial awards and grants to support our ongoing research and development as we refine the AOS Filter in preparation of commercial pilots and commercial designs. Generally, the financial awards take on two common themes: first, science and engineering grants in which the University of Alberta (or another research agency) is the primary recipient to support work on and around our technology; and second, grants to BioLargo Water, Inc., our Canadian Subsidiary, to support ongoing science and engineering to advance our AOS Filter towards commercialization. In both cases, the financial awards support much of the research budget, but not all of the related costs. This cooperative research arrangement has three high value propositions for BioLargo: (i) a depth of resources and talent to accomplish highly skilled work, (ii) financial aid to support research and development costs, (iii) independent and credible validation of our technical claims.

As of the date of this report, we have been awarded ten grants, and continue to apply for additional grants to support our research activities. The 10 grants support our research in a total aggregate amount of approximately \$375,000, and of that amount, we have committed to fund approximately \$65,000, and approximately \$80,000 is paid directly to third party research institutions (e.g., University of Alberta).

Partner – a Smart Strategic Decision

We seek to develop commercial partnerships with other companies who will partner with us and pay us for a negotiated contractual right to use our intellectual property (patents, formulas, designs, claims, know-how, secrets), in order to expand their business for their own commercial purposes. In those instances, we seek a reasonable deposit, a minimum commitment to volume, some territorial rights, and a percentage of sales for a mutually agreeable term and territory. We believe this licensing model will prove successful and meaningful for our company.

We have chosen to focus on business opportunities that we believe have some combination of the following attributes: a compelling commercial advantage, our products out-perform competing products, market segments in which we have the talent and resources or opportunity to succeed in executing our business plans; and uses where we can identify a compelling cost savings or value offering to increase market share.

We choose to pursue a licensing strategy for its obvious and well-understood high margins, potential for explosive revenue potential and capital conserving features. While this business model can also be highly dependent upon macro-economic factors like the relative stability of the national and international economy as well as cyclical nature of business, politics and climate for innovation and competing technical advances, we believe this is the most appropriate strategy for our company. We have learned from difficult and real life experience. When our commercial

licensing partners are under financial pressure from macro-economic and political circumstances, including reorganizations, recapitalization, or consolidation, they hold on to capital and are less likely to take any risk for new product offerings. Timing is critically important. Companies facing circumstances beyond their management's control are less likely to embrace any risk of innovation. Therefore, our time delays have negatively impacted our company by causing us to invest more capital, do more work, and advance our technology with nominal cash flow to support our work. However, while these delays have occurred and they were difficult, we have been able to maintain our operations, advance our scientific assets, build on our proven claims, refine our designs and we have continued to build a portfolio of both products and technology that we believe will ultimately enjoy meaningful commercial success.

While we have waited out many of the uncertainties of the macro-economic marketplace, we have advanced our commercial purposes and made investments in various aspects of product design, marketing and distribution, but only at an early stage and small level. In those instances, we consider these efforts to be a prelude to an ultimate licensing strategy. This strategy has been slower than we prefer. However, it has created a substantial level of diversification and breadth of potential revenue streams that we believe can and will generate meaningful revenues as they find traction in the marketplace. As we improve our access to capital, strengthen our balance sheet and can begin to generate meaningful cash flow, we believe those commercial opportunities will generate revenue for years to come as our products find their way into the marketplace.

In many situations, our potential licensing partners would prefer that we advance products all the way through proof of claim, manufacturing, market acceptance, well-established distribution and commercial success. While this is obvious, can be intriguing, and the relative benefits that would accrue to our valuation are clear, the risks of failure are equally high and this strategy would require substantially more capital than we have been able to secure during what many believe has been one of the most economically uncertain times in modern history. Therefore, we have chosen to invest our time and resources where we find leverage to move forward, knowing that our technical claims are proven, they are patented and that each product design has a high probability of success to find a partner and generate meaningful returns on our invested capital as our targeted licensing partners seek to deploy capital assets and begin taking advantage of our offering for their own commercial advancements.

Within these broad categories, we also narrow our product focus to exploit opportunities that we believe are of high-value to potential customers and that present commercially significant opportunities.

Clarion Water

As announced on August 18, 2014, we entered into a manufacturing and distribution license agreement for its Isan® system with Clarion Water, a new operating division of InsulTech Manufacturing, LLC (www.insultech.com), the latter of which has over 20 years of commercial success around the globe representing hundreds of millions in sales of technical products to Fortune 100 companies.

Owned in equal parts by BioLargo, Inc. and Peter Holdings, Ltd., the Isan system leverages the power of iodine to provide the world's most effective disinfection dosing systems. It has been referred to as one of the most important technical advancements in food safety in the past 20 years. It won a 'top 50 water company award' by the Artemis Project in 2010 and a DuPont Innovation Award for its excellence in science and innovation in 2004.

The Isan system delivers Iodine as a powerful, broad-spectrum biocide that is a logical replacement for chlorine in applications involving irrigation supply and post-harvest sanitation. Through its automated and precise dosing

system, the Isan system can help increase the quality and shelf life of fruits, vegetables, and other produce, is effective against a host of bacteria and fungi, and helps producers conform to increasingly stringent food safety regulations such as the Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Points (HACCP), which addresses food safety through the analysis and control of raw material hazards.

The Isan system has been validated through early stage commercialization and comprehensive testing conducted in Australia and New Zealand. Clarion intends to leverage this early work and focus initial commercialization efforts on the vast opportunities for the technology in improving plant quality and shelf life as well as explore additional opportunities for use in select industrial applications.

Since licensing the technology from BioLargo last August, Clarion has completed a comprehensive technical and engineering update to the Isan System, featuring a new automated touch screen user interface, enhanced security, enhanced control features for increased monitoring and sensing, and adding automated functionality providing users unmatched flexibility, reliability and control over this state-of-the-art disinfectant delivery system, and begun commercial trials.

In February of 2015, Clarion Water introduced the new and improved Isan System at the world's largest agricultural trade show, the World AG Expo, as part of its commercial launch into the U.S. market. It has filed for a disinfection claim with the US Environmental Protection Agency, and is currently focusing its sales efforts to golf courses and nurseries. Golf courses using the product report greener, healthier grass. A golf course in Southern California reported the Isan system had solved an ongoing fungus problem on one its fairways. Sales are in the beginning stages, and no licenses fees from Clarion have yet been paid.

Commercial, Household and Personal Care Products

CHAPP includes broad product categories and many opportunities for the application of our technology. It is defined by the ability to utilize similar, if not identical, consumption products in multiple market segments. Detergents, single use absorbents, wipes, products that provide odor or disinfection control, and stain removal all fall within this category. Packaging ranges from consumer sizes of a few ounces to bulk packaging for commercial or industrial use. We are currently marketing products in this category under four brands – Odor-No-More, Nature's Best Solution, Deodorall, and NBS - direct to consumers, through retail stores, and to the U.S. Government and military.

In March 2015, our distribution partner Downeast Logistics was awarded a \$150,000 "Indefinite Delivery Purchase Order" (IDPO) for our Specimen Transport Solidifier pouches by the U.S. Defense Logistics Agency (DLA). The purchase order allows the DLA to purchase the product at agreed-upon prices for the following 12 months. In exchange, the company is awarded the contract to be the exclusive supplier of the designated product under the IDPO. The DLA has the option to expand the maximum award up to \$300,000 for the year. There are no minimums under the IDPO, and the DLA can choose to purchase any amount, including zero, up to the maximum amount of \$300,000.

Sales of our Suction Canister Solidifiers to military hospitals are beginning to increase. This product acts as an absorbent and deodorizer for waste (such as body fluids) during surgical procedures. We now sell to five military hospitals, and hope to increase that number in the future.

We are continuing our efforts to generate “private label” clients. We have fulfilled some small orders for various products that we produced under a third party’s private brand. We are meeting with new potential customers for private label opportunities. We also are in discussions with potential strategic alliance partners to provide large scale manufacturing and distribution should we secure orders for the private label business opportunities.

We continue to expand our product line, most recently creating an artificial turf odor and stain remover. Our primary focus remains, however, to seek relationships with established companies for potential technology licenses in which our technology would be incorporated into new products for existing brands, or established products. We are continually evaluating potential opportunities as they arise.

Advanced Wound Care – Clyra Medical Technologies Subsidiary

In 2012 we formed a subsidiary Clyra Medical Technologies, Inc. (“Clyra”) to commercialize our technology in the medical products industry, with an initial focus on advanced wound care. Our advanced wound care products combine broad-spectrum antimicrobial capabilities with iodine’s natural and well-understood metabolic pathway to promote healing. We believe these benefits, along with reduced product costs as compared with other antimicrobials, give our products a competitive advantage in the marketplace.

Clyra is currently in the product development and testing phase for a wound gel and wound cleaner product, and, subject to sufficient financial resources, intends ultimately to apply for FDA 510(k) approval for these two products to be sold into the advanced wound care industry.

Results of Operations—Comparison of the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2014 and 2015.

Revenue and Other Income

Revenue

We record revenue from two sources – product sales and licensing. Our revenue from product sales for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2014 and 2015 remained nominal, although as a percentage increased significantly in 2015. Our product revenue consists primarily of sales of our Odor-No-More branded animal bedding additive to horse stables and a farming retailer, our Specimen Transport Solidifier pouches to the U.S. Defense Logistics Agency, and our Suction Canister Solidifiers to military hospitals. We also generated nominal sales from the private label of our liquid Stain and Odor Eliminator products. The increase in our sales in the 2015 periods primarily resulted from an increased volume of sales of our Specimen Transport Solidifier pouches to the Defense Logistics Agency (see “Commercial, Household and Personal Care Products” above), pursuant to the IDPO. We expect this trend to continue.

Sales of our Odor-No-More branded Animal Bedding Additive products continue to show nominal increases over time. We do not actively market the Odor-No-More branded products, and do not expect a material change in the volume of product sales until we can significantly invest in sales and marketing.

We have not recognized any licensing revenue during the periods covered by this Report. In February 2014 we entered into a license agreement with Clarion Water, (see Note 3), and received a \$100,000 deposit towards licensing revenues. The deposit is included on our Balance Sheet as a liability, and will be recognized as revenues upon the earlier of license revenues generated under the license agreement, or June 30, 2016. Subsequent to June 30, 2016, to retain its exclusive rights, Clarion must pay to us minimum license fees of \$50,000 per quarter.

Other Income

Our wholly owned Canadian subsidiary has been awarded a total of 10 research grants, from the Canadian National Research Institute – Industrial Research Assistance Program (NRC-IRAP) and the National Science and Engineering Research Council of Canada (NSERC). The government grants received are considered reimbursement grants related to costs we incur and therefore are included as Other Income on our income statement. The total value of grants awarded is approximately \$300,000. In the nine-month period ended September 30, 2015, we received a total of \$57,922 from grant agencies.

The grants can be categorized by two types. First, grants that are awarded in a lump sum amount after certain requirements have been met. Second, grants that are paid over time as reimbursement of costs for employed or contract researchers. For the second category, we are required to invoice the grant agency and provide proof of prior payment for which we are reimbursed a percentage. For example, we were recently awarded an NRC-IRAP grant that provides payment of 80% of salary and associated payroll expenses over an 18-month period. We are required to incur these costs and then seek reimbursement of 80% of costs expended. Over the 18-month period, the grant agency will reimburse up to approximately \$175,000.

Cost of Goods Sold

Our cost of goods sold includes costs of raw materials, contract manufacturing, and proportions of salaries and expenses related to the sales and marketing efforts of our products. Because we have not achieved a meaningful product revenue base, and our number of products is increasing, the inclusion of the fixed costs related to the product development and manufacturing increases our cost of goods disproportionately, resulting in high percentage fluctuations.

Selling, General and Administrative Expense

Our Selling, General and Administrative (“SG&A”) expenses include both cash and non-cash expense. Our total SG&A increased by approximately \$690,000 (30%) in the 2015 versus 2014 periods covered by this Report. The increase results from the extension by five years of the expiration date of stock options issued in lieu of salary and consultant/vendor payables, originally issued in 2010 (see Note 8) which was accounted for as non-cash compensation expense.

The increase in our SG&A was primarily due to non-cash expense from our issuance of stock options. Our cash used in operations for the nine-month period decreased by 5.4% (from \$1,416,421 to \$1,340,139) due to a decreased amount of investor funding during 2015 compared with 2014. We continue to fund our operations through in part cash, and in part the issuance of stock and options to officers, employees and vendors in lieu of cash payments.

The differences from period-to-period in our net cash used in operating activities are dependent on our cash position during the period. If we have sufficient cash reserves from financing activities, we typically pay employees and vendors in cash. If we do not have cash during the period, we issue common stock or options to purchase common stock to compensate employees and vendors the remainder of what they are owed. We do so at the end of the quarter. When we issue options, we do so pursuant to a plan adopted by our board of directors that allows us to set a price based on the trading price of our common stock. The options we issue typically have a fair value greater than the cash owed, and that fact increases our non-cash expense.

The largest components of our SG&A expenses (aggregate of cash and non-cash) were:

Category	Three-month period ended	Nine-month period ended
	September 30, 2015	September 30, 2015
Salaries and payroll-related expenses	\$ 323,195	\$ 720,045
Consulting expenses	\$ 441,009	\$ 857,367
Professional fees	\$ 404,737	\$ 619,508
Investor relations fees	\$ 25,215	\$ 99,390

Research and Development

We expect our research and development activities to increase over time as we receive grant-reimbursement income from Canadian government sponsored projects. Although our Statement of Operations shows a slight (2.5%) decrease in research and development expenses during the nine-month period in 2015 compared with 2014, our research activities accelerated during 2015, and we expect will continue to accelerate in the next 12 months. As of the date of this report, for example, we have five full time researchers on the staff of our Canadian subsidiary, compared to three at this time in 2014. We are continuing to make applications for government grants, and were recently awarded a NRC-IRAP grant that pays approximately \$10,000 per month over an 18-month period. We expect to devote increased financial resources in this area.

In addition to research and development expenses incurred by us directly, researchers employed by the University of Alberta conduct research at our direction on our technology pursuant to government grants paid directly to the University. So far this year, four grants in the aggregate of approximately \$80,000 have been awarded. Since that money is paid directly to the University, the funds are not reflected on our financial statements.

Interest expense

Our interest expense significantly increased in the 2015 periods covered by this Report (from \$3,665 to \$243,645 in three-month periods ended September 30, 2014 and 2015, with a comparable increase in the nine-month periods). The increase results from a fundamental change in our financing activities – beginning in December 2014, and continuing with our 2015 Unit Offering, we began issuing debt to investors, rather than our common stock. Thus, at September 30, 2014, we had only one note payable, in the face amount of \$50,000, accumulating interest. In contrast, at September 30, 2015, our balance sheet includes notes payable in the aggregate amount of \$2,166,800. These notes were issued with stock purchase warrants as “units”, and are convertible (see Part II, Item 2, “2015 Unit Offering”, “Conversion of Notes”, and “Summer 2014 Offering”). The fair value of the warrants and the intrinsic value of the beneficial conversion feature sold with the convertible notes payable resulted in a full discount on the proceeds from the convertible notes. This discount is being amortized as interest expense over the term of the convertible notes. We expect our interest expense to continue to increase as we incur interest on our outstanding convertible note payables and the amortization of the related discount, and as we continue to raise money through the 2015 Unit Offering.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the settlement of liabilities and commitments in the normal course of our business. As reflected in the accompanying financial statements, we had a net loss of \$3,818,338 for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2015, and at September 30, 2015, we had working capital of \$266,086, current assets of \$666,691, long-term debt obligations of \$2,166,800 and an accumulated stockholders’ deficit of \$82,824,315. The foregoing factors raise substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. Ultimately, our ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon our ability to attract significant new sources of capital, attain a reasonable threshold of operating efficiencies and achieve profitable operations by licensing or otherwise

commercializing products incorporating our technology. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might be necessary if we are unable to continue as a going concern.

We have been, and anticipate that we will continue to be, limited in terms of our capital resources. Our total cash and cash equivalents were \$560,171 at September 30, 2015. We recorded revenues of \$72,821 in the nine-month period ended September 30, 2015. We received cash from government reimbursement grants for our Canadian research programs totaling \$57,922 in the nine-month period ended September 30, 2015. We generally have not had enough cash or sources of capital to fund operations or to pay our accounts payable and expenses as they arise, and have relied on the issuance of stock options and common stock, as well as extended payment terms with our vendors, to operate. We will be required to raise substantial additional capital to expand our operations, including without limitation, hiring additional personnel, additional scientific and third-party testing, costs associated with obtaining regulatory approvals and filing additional patent applications to protect our intellectual property, and possible strategic acquisitions or alliances, as well as to meet our liabilities as they become due for the next 12 months.

As of September 30, 2015, we had \$2,166,800 principal amount outstanding on convertible promissory notes (see Note 5). These notes mature June 1, 2018, and we have the option to pay those notes by the issuance of our common stock upon maturity. We were able to decrease short-term demands on liquidity from our one-year notes due in December 2015 and January 2016 by converting them to new promissory notes on the same terms as the notes issued in our 2015 Unit Offering. The new notes are due on June 1, 2018, and are convertible at our option at maturity to our common stock at \$0.25 per share.

As of September 30, 2015, we had \$275,605 of outstanding accounts payable and accrued expenses. (See Note 9.) Short-term demands on our liquidity consist of our obligations to pay our employees, consultants, and for other ongoing operational obligations, including research and development activities in Canada. We typically are able to pay a portion of these obligations in cash, and the remainder by the issuance of common stock or options pursuant to the accounts payable conversion plan approved by our board of directors.

We will be required to raise substantial additional capital to expand our operations, including without limitation, hiring additional personnel, additional scientific and third-party testing, costs associated with obtaining regulatory approvals and filing additional patent applications to protect our intellectual property, and possible strategic acquisitions or alliances, as well as to meet our liabilities as they become due for the next 12 months. We may also be compelled to reduce or curtail certain activities to preserve cash. We have been, and will continue to be, required to financially support the operations our subsidiaries, none of which are operating at a positive cash flow.

In addition to the private securities offerings discussed above, we are continuing to explore numerous alternatives for our current and longer-term financial requirements, including additional raises of capital from investors in the form of convertible debt or equity. There can be no assurance that we will be able to raise any additional capital. No commitments are in place as of the date of the filing of this report for any such additional financings. Moreover, in light of the current unfavorable economic conditions, we do not believe that any such financing is likely to be in place in the immediate future.

It is also unlikely that we will be able to qualify for bank or other financial institutional debt financing until such time as our operations are considerably more advanced and we are able to demonstrate the financial strength to provide confidence for a lender, which we do not currently believe is likely to occur for at least the next 12 months or more.

If we are unable to raise sufficient capital, we may be required to curtail some of our operations, including efforts to develop, test, market, evaluate and license our BioLargo technology. If we were forced to curtail aspects of our operations, there could be a material adverse impact on our financial condition and results of operations.

Critical Accounting Policies

Our discussion and analysis of our results of operations and liquidity and capital resources are based on our consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. On an ongoing basis, we evaluate our estimates and judgments, including those related to revenue recognition, valuation of intangible assets and investments, convertible debt, and share-based payments. We base our estimates on anticipated results and trends and on various other assumptions that we believe are reasonable under the circumstances, including assumptions as to future events. These estimates form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. By their nature, estimates are subject to an inherent degree of uncertainty. Actual results that differ from our estimates could have a significant adverse effect on our operating results and financial position. We believe that the following significant accounting policies and assumptions may involve a higher degree of judgment and complexity than others.

The methods, estimates and judgments the Company uses in applying these most critical accounting policies have a significant impact on the results of the Company reports in its financial statements.

It is the Company's policy to expense share based payments as of the date of grant in accordance with Auditing Standard Codification Topic 718 "Share-Based Payment." Application of this pronouncement requires significant judgment regarding the assumptions used in the selected option pricing model, including stock price volatility and employee exercise behavior. Most of these inputs are either highly dependent on the current economic environment at the date of grant or forward-looking expectations projected over the expected term of the award. As a result, the actual impact of adoption on future earnings could differ significantly from our current estimate.

The Company accounts for hybrid contracts such as convertible notes payable that feature conversion options in accordance with applicable generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). ASC 815 "Derivatives and Hedging Activities," ("ASC 815") requires companies to bifurcate conversion options from their host instruments and account for them as free standing derivative financial instruments according to certain criteria. The criteria includes circumstances in which (a) the economic characteristics and risks of the embedded derivative instrument are not clearly and closely related to the economic characteristics and risks of the host contract, (b) the hybrid instrument that embodies both the embedded derivative instrument and the host contract is not re-measured at fair value under otherwise applicable generally accepted accounting principles with changes in fair value reported in earnings as they occur and (c) a separate instrument with the same terms as the embedded derivative instrument would be considered a derivative instrument.

Conversion options that contain variable settlement features such as provisions to adjust the conversion price upon subsequent issuances of equity or equity linked securities at exercise prices more favorable than that featured in the

hybrid contract generally result in their bifurcation from the host instrument.

The Company accounts for convertible instruments, when management has determined that the embedded conversion options should not be bifurcated from their host instruments, in accordance with ASC 470-20 “Debt with Conversion and Other Options” (“ASC 470-20”). Under ASC 470-20 the Company records, when necessary, discounts to convertible notes for the intrinsic value of conversion options embedded in debt instruments based upon the differences between the fair value of the underlying common stock at the commitment date of the note transaction and the effective conversion price embedded in the note.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

See Note 2.

Inflation

Inflation affects the cost of raw materials, goods and services we use. In recent years, inflation overall has been modest, but we believe inflation may increase our costs in the near future. We seek to mitigate the adverse effects of inflation primarily through improved productivity and strategic buying initiatives. Additionally, some of our products incorporate oil-based polymers, which are subject to price fluctuations based on the price of crude oil, as well as shortages.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

We conducted an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of management, including our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) as of the end of the period covered by this Report.

Our procedures have been designed to ensure that the information relating to our company, including our consolidated subsidiaries, required to be disclosed in our SEC reports is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in SEC rules and forms, and is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, as appropriate to allow for timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Based on this evaluation, our chief executive officer and chief financial officer concluded that as of the evaluation date our disclosure controls and procedures are effective.

It should be noted that the design of any system of controls is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions, regardless of how remote.

There was no change in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II

OTHER INFORMATION

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Stock Issued

On June 29, 2015, we issued an aggregate 317,678 shares of our common stock, at \$0.35 per share, to employees, officers and consultants in lieu of accrued and unpaid compensation and unreimbursed expenses.

On September 30, 2015, we issued 30,718 shares of our common stock as payment for rent at a contract price based on rent due for the three prior months in the amount of \$10,725, at a price of approximately \$0.35 per share.

During the three-month period ended September 30, 2015, we issued 1,240,000 shares of common stock to six investors in the Clyra 2014 offering, in exchange for 310 shares of Clyra common stock previously purchased by the investors for \$310,000.

On September 21, 2015, we issued 113,566 shares of our common stock as payment of interest due on promissory notes.

On September 22, 2015, we issued 150,000 shares of our common stock to the president of our BioLargo Water Canada subsidiary for services performed. The stock price on the grant date was \$0.65 resulting in \$97,500 of selling, general and administrative expense.

Issuance of Stock Options in exchange for payment of payables

On June 29, 2015, we issued Options to purchase 411,000 shares of our common stock at an exercise price of \$0.35 per share to members of our board of directors, certain vendors and consultants, in lieu of \$95,900 in accrued and unpaid fees, pursuant to our an “accounts payable” conversion plan adopted by our Board of Directors.

2015 Unit Offering

On January 15, 2015, we commenced a private securities offering of “units”, each Unit consisting of a convertible promissory note and “Series A” stock purchase warrant. The price and availability of the Units are set forth in a “pricing supplement” issued from time-to-time, and priced up to a 30% discount to the market price of the Company’s common stock. The Offering is subject to an over-allotment of 20%, or an additional \$1,000,000 in Units, for an aggregate total of \$6,000,000, and shall be known as the Company’s 2015 “Unit Offering.” The Company has the right to register the common shares underlying the notes and warrants (“Shares”) with the Securities and Exchange Commission, and the obligation to register the Shares in the event gross proceeds of \$3,000,000 are raised in the Offering.

Purchasers of the Units will receive a convertible promissory note bearing interest at the rate of 12% per annum on the amount invested. Any interest due will be paid quarterly in arrears in cash or shares of common stock. If paid by the issuance of common stock, interest is paid at a conversion price equal to the average closing price of the Company’s common stock over the 20 trading days prior to the interest payment due date. The principal amount of the note may be paid by the issuance of shares of common stock, or cash, upon maturity at the Company’s election. When paid in shares, the number of shares to be issued shall be calculated by dividing the principal amount invested by the Unit price, as it is established at the time of the original investment by the applicable Pricing Supplement. Notes may be converted at any time by the investor, at maturity by the Company, or by the Company prior to maturity, so long as all of the following conditions are met: (i) the Shares issued as payment are registered with the SEC, (ii) the Company’s common stock closes for ten consecutive trading days at or above three times the Unit price. Notes mature on June 1, 2018.

In addition to the convertible promissory note, each investor will receive a “Series A Warrant” allowing for the purchase of the number of common shares equal to the investment amount divided by the Unit price, (e.g., one warrant share for each share of common stock which the investor is eligible to receive through conversion of his original convertible note) and, the warrant will have an exercise price as set forth in the pricing supplement. Each Series A Warrant expires June 1, 2020. The Company may “call” the Series A Warrant, requiring the investor to exercise the warrant within 30 days or forever lose the rights to do so, only if the following conditions have been met: (i) the underlying Shares are registered with the SEC, and (ii) the Company’s common stock closes for 10 consecutive trading days at or above two times the exercise price.

In accordance with the terms of our 2015 Unit Offering, during the three- and nine-month period ended September 30, 2015, we received investments in the amounts and in the table below. All investments were from accredited investors, as that term is defined in Rule 501 of Regulation D.

Period	Number of Investors	Total Amount Invested	Commissions Paid	Unit Price	Face Amount of Unit Offering Notes	Shares Purchasable by Series A Warrants
Three-Month period ended Sept 30, 2015	1	\$ 100,000	-0-	\$0.35	\$ 100,000	285,714
Three-Month period ended Sept 30, 2015	12	\$ 890,000	-0-	\$0.25	\$ 890,000	3,560,000
Nine-Month period ended Sept 30, 2015	1	\$ 100,000	-0-	\$0.35	\$ 100,000	285,714
Nine-Month period ended Sept 30, 2015	28	\$ 1,535,000	\$ 22,150	\$0.25	\$ 1,535,000	6,140,000

In addition to the cash commissions set forth in the above table paid to a registered broker-dealer, Series A Warrants to purchase an aggregate amount of 161,200 shares were issued to the registered broker-dealer as additional commissions.

The 2015 Unit Offering is made in reliance on the exemption from registration contained in Section 4(2) of the Securities Exchange Act and/or Rule 506 of Regulation D promulgated thereunder as not involving a public offering of securities.

Conversion of Notes

Prior to September 30, 2015, each of our December/January noteholders' exchanged their note for a convertible note and Series A warrant on the terms offered in our 2015 Unit Offering (see Note 4), such that the original notes totaling \$330,000 and accrued interest totaling \$38,270 were cancelled and we issued new convertible promissory notes totaling \$368,270 with an expiration date of June 1, 2018.

On September 30, 2015, the holder of our line of credit converted the outstanding balance on the line of credit for a convertible promissory note and Series A warrant on the terms offered in our 2015 Unit Offering (see Note 4), such that the original line of credit totaling \$50,000 and accrued fees and interest totaling \$8,530, were canceled and we issued a new convertible promissory note totaling \$58,530 with an expiration date of June 1, 2018. In addition, we issued a Series A stock purchase warrant to the holder allowing the holder to purchase 234,120 shares of our common stock.

Summer 2014 Offering

During September, three investors of our Summer 2014 Offering chose to exchange their investment for a convertible promissory note and Series A warrant on the terms offered in our 2015 Unit Offering (see Note 4). The total investment exchanged totaled \$105,000 and we issued new convertible promissory notes totaling \$105,000, each with an expiration date of June 1, 2018. In addition, we issued a Series A stock purchase warrant to the investors allowing the purchase of an aggregate 420,000 shares of our common stock.

Options issued Outside of the 2007 Equity Incentive Plan

Options to purchase our common stock issued outside of the 2007 Equity Incentive Plan during the nine-month period ended September 30, 2015 are:

Date	Term	Option Shares	Exercise \$	Stock \$ on grant date	Fair Value	Expense	
September 22, 2015	(1)	10	103,846	0.65	0.65	67,500	67,500
September 22, 2015	(2)	10	125,770	0.65	0.65	81,750	81,750
September 22, 2015	(3)	10	200,000	0.35	0.65	130,000	91,000
June 29, 2015	(4)	10	218,143	0.35	0.35	76,350	76,350
June 29, 2015	(5)	10	192,857	0.35	0.35	67,500	67,500
April 20, 2015	(6)	10	75,000	0.34	0.34	22,500	22,500
April 19, 2015	(7)	10	200,000	0.37	0.34	74,000	74,000
March 31, 2015	(8)	10	387,676	0.36	0.36	139,563	139,563
March 30, 2015	(9)	10	190,142	0.36	0.36	68,451	68,451
February 5, 2015	(10)	10	200,000	0.33	0.33	66,000	66,000

(1) We issued options to purchase shares of our common stock to our board of directors in lieu of \$45,000 in accrued and unpaid fees.

(2) We issued options to purchase shares of our common stock to vendors in lieu of \$54,500 in accrued and unpaid fees.

(3) We issued options to purchase shares of our common stock to the president of our BioLargo Water Canada subsidiary. Of the total options issued, 140,000 vest immediately and the remaining 60,000 options vest 10,000 per month, provided that our president has not been terminated prior to each vesting date.

(4) We issued options to purchase shares of our common stock to vendors, in lieu of \$50,900 in accrued and unpaid fees.

(5) We issued options to purchase shares of our common stock to our members of our board of directors, in lieu of \$45,000 in accrued and unpaid fees due for their services on the board.

- (6) We issued an option to purchase shares of our common stock to a consultant for services provided.
- (7) We issued an option to purchase shares of our common stock to two consultant for services provided.
- (8) We issued options to purchase shares of our common stock to two vendors, in lieu of \$91,750 in accrued and unpaid fees.
- (9) We issued options to purchase shares of our common stock to our members of our board of directors, in lieu of \$45,000 in accrued and unpaid fees due for their services on the board.
- (10) We issued an option to purchase 200,000 shares of our common stock to a consultant for services provided.

Item 6. Exhibits

The exhibits listed below are attached hereto:

<u>Exhibit No.</u>	<u>Description of Exhibit</u>
Exhibit 31.1*	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and Rules 13(a)-14 and 15(d)-14 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
Exhibit 31.2*	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and Rules 13(a)-14 and 15(d)-14 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
Exhibit 32*	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.
101.INS**	XBRL Instance
101.SCH**	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema
101.CAL**	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation
101.DEF**	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition
101.LAB**	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Labels

101.PRE** XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation

† Management contract or compensatory plan, contract or arrangement

* Filed herewith

** Furnished herewith

(1) Incorporated herein by reference from the Form 8-K filed by the Company on June 23, 2014.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

BIOLARGO, INC.

Date: November 16, 2015 By: /s/ DENNIS P. CALVERT
Dennis P. Calvert
Chief Executive Officer

Date: November 16, 2015 By: /s/ CHARLES K. DARGAN, II
CHARLES K. DARGAN, II
Chief Financial Officer

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