

Stereotaxis, Inc.
Form 10-Q
August 08, 2018

Table of Contents

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE
ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2018

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE
ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from to

Commission File Number: 001-36159

STEREOTAXIS, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

94-3120386

(State of
Incorporation)

(I.R.S. employer
identification no.)

4320 Forest Park Avenue Suite 100

63108

St. Louis, Missouri

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (314) 678-6100

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. [X] Yes [] No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Registration S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). [X] Yes [] No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer []

Accelerated filer []

Non-accelerated filer [] (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company [X]

Emerging growth company []

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. []

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). []
Yes [X] No

The number of outstanding shares of the registrant's common stock on July 31, 2018 was 59,008,483.

Table of Contents

**STEREOTAXIS, INC.
INDEX TO FORM 10-Q**

	Page
Part I Financial Information	
Item 1. <u>Financial Statements (unaudited)</u>	3
<u>Balance Sheets</u>	3
<u>Statements of Operations</u>	4
<u>Statements of Cash Flows</u>	5
<u>Notes to Financial Statements</u>	6-15
Item 2. <u>Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</u>	16-21
Item 3. <u>[Reserved]</u>	21
Item 4. <u>Controls and Procedures</u>	22
<u>Part II Other Information</u>	
Item 1. <u>Legal Proceedings</u>	22
Item 1A. <u>Risk Factors</u>	22
Item 2. <u>Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds</u>	22
Item 3. <u>Defaults upon Senior Securities</u>	22
Item 4. <u>[Reserved]</u>	22
Item 5. <u>Other Information</u>	22
Item 6. <u>Exhibits</u>	22
<u>Signatures</u>	24

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**STEREOTAXIS, INC.****BALANCE SHEETS**

	June 30, 2018 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2017
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,991,731	\$ 3,686,302
Accounts receivable, net of allowance of \$297,409 and \$361,350 in 2018 and 2017, respectively	4,793,396	4,287,255
Inventories, net	1,545,393	1,146,971
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	883,756	750,085
Total current assets	19,214,276	9,870,613
Property and equipment, net	366,447	592,688
Intangible assets, net	126,476	159,470
Other assets	262,037	44,432
Total assets	\$ 19,969,236	\$ 10,667,203
Liabilities and stockholders' equity (deficit)		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 1,353,215	\$ 1,654,101
Accrued liabilities	2,958,873	3,195,247
Deferred revenue	6,910,210	5,702,769
Warrants	-	19,574,977
Total current liabilities	11,222,298	30,127,094
Long-term deferred revenue	523,646	611,863
Other liabilities	534,413	535,369
Total liabilities	12,280,357	31,274,326
Convertible Preferred stock:		
Convertible Preferred stock, par value \$0.001; 10,000,000 shares authorized, 23,900 shares outstanding at 2018 and 2017	5,960,475	5,960,475
Stockholders' equity (deficit):		
Common stock, par value \$0.001; 300,000,000 shares authorized, 58,933,384 and 22,805,731 shares issued at 2018 and 2017, respectively	58,933	22,806
Additional paid in capital	477,910,692	450,748,403
Treasury stock, 4,015 shares at 2018 and 2017	(205,999)	(205,999)
Accumulated deficit	(476,035,222)	(477,132,808)
Total stockholders' equity (deficit)	1,728,404	(26,567,598)
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity (deficit)	\$ 19,969,236	\$ 10,667,203

See accompanying notes.

3

STEREOTAXIS, INC.**STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS****(Unaudited)**

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Revenue:				
Systems	\$ 310,751	\$ 1,828,439	\$ 328,026	\$ 2,047,334
Disposables, service and accessories	7,240,650	6,638,587	14,195,008	13,397,364
Total revenue	7,551,401	8,467,026	14,523,034	15,444,698
Cost of revenue:				
Systems	457,509	920,517	661,111	1,140,961
Disposables, service and accessories	931,541	1,281,729	1,993,286	2,317,911
Total cost of revenue	1,389,050	2,202,246	2,654,397	3,458,872
Gross margin	6,162,351	6,264,780	11,868,637	11,985,826
Operating expenses:				
Research and development	2,032,394	1,756,266	3,995,020	3,357,143
Sales and marketing	3,457,416	3,618,615	7,092,413	7,400,064
General and administrative	1,298,604	1,324,678	2,537,783	3,566,255
Total operating expenses	6,788,414	6,699,559	13,625,216	14,323,462
Operating loss	(626,063)	(434,779)	(1,756,579)	(2,337,636)
Other income	—	300,255	2,590,361	3,429,563
Interest expense (net)	(6,142)	(42,775)	(30,757)	(92,258)
Net income (loss)	\$ (632,205)	\$ (177,299)	\$ 803,025	\$ 999,669
Cumulative dividend on convertible preferred stock	(357,518)	(369,661)	(711,107)	(732,849)
Net income attributable to convertible preferred stock	-	-	(42,936)	(167,539)
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders	\$ (989,723)	\$ (546,960)	\$ 48,982	\$ 99,281
Net income (loss) per share attributable to common stockholders:				
Basic	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.02)	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00
Diluted	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.02)	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00
Weighted average number of common shares and equivalents:				
Basic	58,926,545	22,581,330	45,019,358	22,450,392
Diluted	58,926,545	22,581,330	45,728,732	22,458,479

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to the 2018 presentation.

See accompanying notes.

STEREOTAXIS, INC.**STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS****(Unaudited)**

	Six Months Ended June	
	30,	
	2018	2017
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net income	\$803,025	\$999,669
Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation	281,656	277,402
Amortization of intangibles	32,994	99,661
Amortization of deferred finance costs	24,657	49,588
Share-based compensation	320,356	412,678
Loss on asset disposal	1,449	20,772
Adjustment of warrants	(2,590,361)	(3,429,563)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(506,141)	(210,757)
Inventories	(398,422)	396,988
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(44,475)	288,295
Other assets	(36,897)	(1,806)
Accounts payable	(300,886)	(885,763)
Accrued liabilities	(236,374)	(603,653)
Deferred revenue	1,119,224	(794,922)
Other liabilities	(956)	907
Net cash used in operating activities	(1,531,151)	(3,380,504)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of fixed assets	(56,864)	(4,297)
Net cash used in investing activities	(56,864)	(4,297)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Payments of deferred financing costs	-	(100,000)
Proceeds from issuance of stock, net of issuance costs	28,747	18,872
Proceeds from warrant exercise	9,864,697	-
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	9,893,444	(81,128)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	8,305,429	(3,465,929)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	3,686,302	8,501,392
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$11,991,731	\$5,035,463

See accompanying notes.

STEREOTAXIS, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

Notes to Financial Statements

In this report, “Stereotaxis”, the “Company”, “Registrant”, “we”, “us”, and “our” refer to Stereotaxis, Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiaries. Epoch[®], Niobe[®], Odyssey[®], Odyssey Cinema[™], Vdrive[®], Vdrive Duo[™], V-CAS[™], V-Loop[™], V-Sono[™], V-CAS Deflect[™], QuikCAS[™], and Cardiodrive[®] are trademarks of Stereotaxis, Inc. All other trademarks that appear in this report are the property of their respective owners.

1. Description of Business

Stereotaxis designs, manufactures and markets the *Epoch* Solution, which is an advanced remote robotic navigation system for use in a hospital’s interventional surgical suite, or “interventional lab”, that we believe revolutionizes the treatment of arrhythmias and coronary artery disease by enabling enhanced safety, efficiency, and efficacy for catheter-based, or interventional, procedures. The *Epoch* Solution is comprised of the *Niobe* ES Remote Magnetic Navigation System (“*Niobe* ES system”), *Odyssey* Information Management Solution (“*Odyssey* Solution”), and the *Vdrive* Robotic Navigation System (“*Vdrive* system”), and related devices.

The *Niobe* system is designed to enable physicians to complete more complex interventional procedures by providing image-guided delivery of catheters and guidewires through the blood vessels and chambers of the heart to treatment sites. This is achieved using externally applied magnetic fields that govern the motion of the working tip of the catheter or guidewire, resulting in improved navigation, efficient procedures, and reduced x-ray exposure. As of June 30, 2018, the Company had an installed base of 127 *Niobe* ES systems.

In addition to the *Niobe* system and its components, Stereotaxis also has developed the *Odyssey* Solution, which consolidates all lab information enabling doctors to focus on the patient for optimal procedure efficiency. The system also features a remote viewing and recording capability called *Odyssey Cinema*, which is an innovative solution delivering synchronized content for optimized workflow, advanced care, and improved productivity. This tool includes an archiving capability that allows clinicians to store and replay entire procedures or segments of procedures. This information can be accessed from locations throughout the hospital local area network and over the global *Odyssey* Network providing physicians with a tool for clinical collaboration, remote consultation, and training.

Our *Vdrive* system provides navigation and stability for diagnostic and therapeutic devices designed to improve interventional procedures. The *Vdrive* system complements the *Niobe* ES system control of therapeutic catheters for fully remote procedures and enables single-operator workflow and is sold as two options, the *Vdrive* system and the *Vdrive Duo* system. In addition to the *Vdrive* system and the *Vdrive Duo* system, we also manufacture and market various disposable components which can be manipulated by these systems.

We promote the full *Epoch* Solution in a typical hospital implementation, subject to regulatory approvals or clearances. The full *Epoch* Solution implementation requires a hospital to agree to an upfront capital payment and recurring payments. The upfront capital payment typically includes equipment and installation charges. The recurring payments typically include disposable costs for each procedure, equipment service costs beyond warranty period, and software licenses. In hospitals where the full *Epoch* Solution has not been implemented, equipment upgrade or expansion can be implemented upon purchasing of the necessary upgrade or expansion.

The core components of Stereotaxis systems, such as the *Niobe* system, *Odyssey* Solution, *Cardiodrive*, and various disposable interventional devices have received regulatory clearance in the U.S., Europe, Canada, China, Japan and various other countries. We have received the regulatory clearance, licensing and/or CE Mark approvals that allow us to market the *Vdrive* and *Vdrive Duo* systems with the *V-CAS*, *V-Loop* and *V-Sono* devices in the U.S., Canada and European Union. The *V-CAS Deflect* catheter advancement system has been CE Marked for sale in the European Union.

We have successfully integrated our *Niobe* system with digital fluoroscopy systems to provide advanced interventional lab visualization and instrument control through user-friendly computerized interfaces. The maintenance of these arrangements, or the establishment of equivalent alternatives, is critical to our commercialization efforts. The commercial availability of both currently compatible digital imaging fluoroscopy systems is unlikely to continue for multiple years and efforts are being made to ensure the availability of integrated next generation systems and/or equivalent alternatives; however, we cannot provide assurance as to the timeline of the ongoing availability of such compatible systems or our ability to obtain equivalent alternatives on competitive terms or at all.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited financial statements of Stereotaxis, Inc. have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and the instructions to Form 10-Q. Accordingly, they do not include all the disclosures required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, they include all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair presentation of the results for the interim periods presented. Operating

Edgar Filing: Stereotaxis, Inc. - Form 10-Q

results for the six month period ended June 30, 2018 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ended December 31, 2018 or for future operating periods.

These interim financial statements and the related notes should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements and notes included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on March 20, 2018.

Going Concern, Liquidity and Management's Plan

The Company believes the cash on hand at June 30, 2018 will be sufficient to meet its obligations as they become due in the ordinary course of business for at least 12 months following the date these financial statements are issued. The Company has sustained operating losses throughout its corporate history and expects that its 2018 expenses will exceed its 2018 gross margin. The Company expects to continue to incur operating losses and negative cash flows until revenues reach a level sufficient to support ongoing operations or expense reductions are in place. The Company's liquidity needs will be largely determined by the success of clinical adoption within the installed base of *Niobe* systems as well as by new placements of capital systems.

Financial Instruments

Financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable, and debt. The carrying value of such amounts reported at the applicable balance sheet dates approximates fair value.

The Company measures certain financial assets and liabilities, including warrants, at fair value on a recurring basis. General accounting principles for fair value measurement established a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities ("Level 1") and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs ("Level 3"). See Note 10 for additional details.

Revenue and Costs of Revenue

The Company adopted ASC 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, on January 1, 2018 using the modified retrospective method. As part of the Company's adoption of ASC 606, the Company elected to use the following practical expedients (i) applying the modified retrospective method only to open contracts as of December 31, 2017; (ii) not to adjust the promised amount of consideration for the effects of a significant financing component when the Company expects, at contract inception, that the period between the Company's transfer of a promised product or service to a customer and when the customer pays for that product or service will be one year or less; (iii) to expense costs as incurred for costs to obtain a contract when the amortization period would have been one year or less; and (iv) not to assess whether promised goods or services are performance obligations if they are immaterial in the context of the contract with the customer.

Upon adoption of the new revenue guidance, the Company recorded a cumulative-effect reduction to accumulated deficit of \$0.3 million on January 1, 2018 relating primarily to the deferral of previously expensed costs to obtain a contract. The Company capitalized sales commissions paid in connection with multi-year service contracts and is amortizing such asset over the economic life of those contracts. Previously, sales commissions on multi-year service contracts were expensed as incurred. The impact of this change on operating expenses in any given period will depend, in part, on the amount of such commissions incurred and capitalized in relation to the amount of ongoing amortization expense. For the six months ending June 30, 2018, the Company recorded \$0.1 million less in commission expense as a result of adopting the new standard. The Company did not otherwise experience significant changes in the timing or method of revenue recognition for any of its material revenue streams.

We generate revenue from initial capital sales of systems as well as recurring revenue from the sale of our proprietary disposable devices, from royalties paid to the Company on the sale by Biosense Webster of co-developed catheters, and from other recurring revenue including ongoing license and service contracts.

We account for a contract with a customer when there is a legally enforceable contract between the Company and the customer, the rights of the parties are identified, the contract has commercial substance, and collectability of the contract consideration is probable. We record our revenue based on consideration specified in the contract with each customer, net of any taxes collected from customers that are remitted to government authorities.

For contracts containing multiple products and services the Company accounts for individual products and services as separate performance obligations if they are distinct, which is if a product or service is separately identifiable from other items in the bundled package, and if a customer can benefit from it on its own or with other resources that are readily available to the customer. The Company recognizes revenues as the performance obligations are satisfied by transferring control of the product or service to a customer.

For multiple-element arrangements, revenue is allocated to each performance obligation based on its relative standalone selling price. Standalone selling prices are based on observable prices at which the Company separately sells the products or services. If a standalone selling price is not directly observable, then the Company estimates the standalone selling price considering market conditions and entity-specific factors including, but not limited to, features and functionality of the products and services and market conditions. The Company regularly reviews standalone selling prices and updates these estimates as necessary.

Systems:

Contracts related to the sale of systems typically contain separate obligations for the delivery of system(s), installation and an implied obligation to provide software enhancements if and when available for one year following installation. Revenue is recognized when the Company transfers control to the customer, which is generally at the point when acceptance occurs that indicates customer acknowledgment of delivery or installation, depending on the terms of the arrangement. Revenue from the implied obligation to deliver software enhancements if and when available is

recognized ratably over the first year following installation of the system as the customer receives the right to software updates throughout the period and is included in Other Recurring Revenue. The Company's system contracts generally do not provide a right of return. Systems are generally covered by a one-year assurance type warranty; warranty costs were not material for the periods presented. Revenue from system delivery and installation represented 2% and 13% of revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Disposables:

Revenue from sales of disposable products is recognized when control is transferred to the customers, which generally occurs at the time of shipment, but can also occur at the time of delivery depending on the customer arrangement. Disposable products are covered by an assurance type warranty that provides for the return of defective products. Warranty costs were not material for the periods presented. Disposable revenue represented 34% and 33% of revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Royalty:

The Company is entitled to royalty payments from Biosense Webster, payable quarterly based on net revenues from sales of the co-developed catheters. Royalty revenue from the co-developed catheters remained relatively unchanged at 10% of revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017.

Other Recurring Revenue:

Other recurring revenue includes revenue from software licenses, product maintenance plans, and other post warranty maintenance. Revenue from services and license fees is deferred and amortized over the service or license fee period, which is typically one year. Revenue related to services performed on a time-and-materials basis is recognized when performed. Other recurring revenue represented 54% and 44% of revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

	Three months ended		Six months ended June 30,	
	June 30, 2018	2017	2018	2017
Systems	\$310,751	\$1,828,439	\$328,026	\$2,047,334
Disposables, service and accessories	7,240,650	6,638,587	14,195,008	13,397,364
Total revenue	\$7,551,401	\$8,467,026	\$14,523,034	\$15,444,698

Transaction price allocated to remaining performance obligations relates to amounts allocated to products and services for which the revenue has not yet been recognized. A significant portion of this amount relates to the Company's systems contracts and obligations that will be recognized as revenue in future periods. These obligations are generally satisfied within two years after contract inception but may occasionally extend longer. Transaction price representing revenue to be earned on remaining performance obligations on system contracts was approximately \$1.3 million as of June 30, 2018. Performance obligations arising from contracts for disposables, royalty and service are generally

expected to be satisfied within one year after entering into the contract.

The following information summarizes the Company's contract assets and liabilities:

	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Contract Assets - Unbilled Receivables	\$9,167	\$2,917
Product shipped, revenue deferred	934,136	941,724
Deferred service and license fees	6,499,720	5,372,908
Total deferred revenue	7,433,856	6,314,632
Less: Long-term deferred revenue	(523,646)	(611,863)
Total current deferred revenue	\$6,910,210	\$5,702,769

The Company invoices its customers based on the billing schedules in its sales arrangements. Contract assets primarily represent the difference between the revenue that was earned but not billed on service contracts and revenue from system contracts that was recognized based on the relative selling price of the related performance obligations and the contractual billing terms in the arrangements. Deferred revenue is primarily related to service contracts, for which the service fees are billed up-front, generally quarterly or annually, and for amounts billed in advance for system contracts for which some performance obligations remain outstanding. For service contracts, the associated deferred revenue is generally recognized ratably over the service period. For system contracts, the associated deferred revenue is recognized when the remaining performance obligations are satisfied. The Company did not have any impairment losses on its contract assets for the periods presented.

Revenue recognized for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, that was included in the deferred revenue balance at the beginning of each reporting period was \$4,152,694 and \$5,504,863, respectively.

Assets Recognized from the Costs to Obtain a Contract with a Customer

The Company has determined that sales incentive programs for the Company's sales team meet the requirements to be capitalized as the Company expects to generate future economic benefits from the related revenue generating contracts after the initial capital sales transaction. The costs capitalized as contract acquisition costs included in prepaid expenses and other assets, in the Company's balance sheet was \$0.4 million as of June 30, 2018. The Company did not incur any impairment losses during any of the periods presented.

Costs of systems revenue include direct product costs, installation labor and other costs, estimated warranty costs, and initial training and product maintenance costs. These costs are recorded at the time of sale. Costs of disposable revenue include direct product costs and estimated warranty costs and are recorded at the time of sale. Cost of revenue from services and license fees are recorded when incurred.

Share-Based Compensation

The Company accounts for its grants of stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted shares, and restricted stock units and for its employee stock purchase plan in accordance with the provisions of general accounting principles for share-based payments. These accounting principles require the determination of the fair value of the share-based compensation at the grant date and the recognition of the related expense over the period in which the share-based compensation vests.

The Company utilizes the Black-Scholes valuation model to determine the fair value of stock options and stock appreciation rights at the date of grant. The resulting compensation expense is recognized over the requisite service period, which is generally four years. Restricted shares granted to employees are valued at the fair market value at the date of grant. The Company amortizes the fair market value to expense over the service period. If the shares are subject to performance objectives, the resulting compensation expense is amortized over the anticipated vesting period and is subject to adjustment based on the actual achievement of objectives.

Net Income (Loss) per Common Share ("EPS")

Basic net income (loss) per share is computed by dividing net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders by the number of common shares outstanding during the period. In periods where there is net income, we apply the two-class method to calculate basic and diluted net income (loss) per share of common stock, as our Convertible Preferred Stock is a participating security. The two-class method is an earnings allocation formula that treats a participating security as having rights to earnings that otherwise would have been available to common stockholders. In periods where there is a net loss, the two-class method of computing earnings per share does not apply as our Convertible Preferred Stock does not contractually participate in our losses. We compute diluted net income (loss) per common share using net income (loss) as the "control number" in determining whether potential common shares are dilutive, after giving consideration to all potentially dilutive common shares, including stock options, warrants, unvested restricted stock units outstanding during the period and potential issuance of stock upon the conversion of our Convertible Preferred Stock issued and outstanding during the period, except where the effect of such securities would be antidilutive.

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted EPS:

Edgar Filing: Stereotaxis, Inc. - Form 10-Q

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Net income (loss)	\$(632,205)	\$(177,299)	\$803,025	\$999,669
Cumulative dividend on convertible preferred stock	(357,518)	(369,661)	(711,107)	(732,849)
Net income attributable to convertible preferred stockholders	—	—	(42,936)	(167,539)
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders	\$(989,723)	\$(546,960)	\$48,982	\$99,281
Shares used for basic EPS-weighted average shares	58,926,545	22,581,330	45,019,358	22,450,392
Restricted Stock Units	—	—	267,936	8,087
Warrants	—	—	441,438	—
Weighted average number of common shares and equivalents:	58,926,545	22,581,330	45,728,732	22,458,479
Basic EPS	\$(0.02)	\$(0.02)	\$0.00	\$0.00
Diluted EPS	\$(0.02)	\$(0.02)	\$0.00	\$0.00

The following potential common shares were excluded from diluted EPS for the six months ended June 30, 2018 as they were antidilutive: 1,167,775 stock options and stock appreciation rights, 271,990 restricted stock units, and 1,853,239 warrants. The following potential common shares were excluded from diluted EPS for the six months ended June 30, 2017 as they were antidilutive: 645,885 stock options and stock appreciation rights, 628,775 restricted stock units, and 38,779,119 warrants. In addition, the Company did not include any portion of unearned restricted stock units, outstanding options, stock appreciation rights or warrants in the calculation of diluted loss per common share for the three months ended June 30, 2018 or the three months ended June 30, 2017 because all such securities are anti-dilutive for the period. The Company had no unearned restricted shares during either period.

As of June 30, 2018, the Company had 1,167,775 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of outstanding options and stock appreciation rights at a weighted average exercise price of \$2.85 per share, 2,294,677 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of outstanding warrants at a weighted average exercise price of \$2.06 per share, 40,631,511 shares of common stock issuable upon the conversion of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock and accumulated dividends, and 539,926 shares of unvested restricted share units.

Reclassifications

In 2018, we adjusted our operating expense categories to improve our alignment with common industry reporting practice, and as a result, certain amounts in prior periods have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation. For the six months ended June 30, 2017, approximately \$0.9 million of regulatory and clinical research expenses previously included in General and Administrative expense have been reclassified to Research and Development expense, and approximately \$0.3 million of international training expense previously included in General and Administrative expense has been reclassified to Sales and Marketing expense. These reclassifications had no effect on reported income or losses.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, “Leases (ASC 842),” which sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation, and disclosure of leases for both parties to a contract (i.e. lessees and less