

CURTISS WRIGHT CORP
Form 10-Q
August 03, 2012

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2012

or

Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number 1-134

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION
(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

13-0612970
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

10 Waterview Boulevard
Parsippany, New Jersey
(Address of principal executive offices)

07054
(Zip Code)

(973) 541-3700
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period of time that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes No

Edgar Filing: CURTISS WRIGHT CORP - Form 10-Q

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of “large accelerated filer,” “accelerated filer” and “smaller reporting company” in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer
Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer’s classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Common Stock, par value \$1.00 per share: 46,946,564 shares (as of July 31, 2012).

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES

TABLE of CONTENTS

| PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION | | PAGE |
|--------------------------------|---|--------|
| Item 1. | Financial Statements (Unaudited): | |
| | <u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings</u> | 3 |
| | <u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income</u> | 4 |
| | <u>Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets</u> | 5 |
| | <u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows</u> | 6 |
| | <u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity</u> | 7 |
| | <u>Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements</u> | 8 – 20 |
| Item 2. | Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations | 21 -33 |
| Item 3. | <u>Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk</u> | 34 |
| Item 4. | <u>Controls and Procedures</u> | 34 |
| PART II – OTHER INFORMATION | | |
| Item 1. | <u>Legal Proceedings</u> | 35 |
| Item 1A. | Risk Factors | 35 |
| Item 2. | Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds | 35 |
| Item 4. | Mine Safety Disclosures | 35 |

| | | |
|------------|-------------------|----|
| Item 5. | Other Information | 35 |
| Item 6. | Exhibits | 36 |
| Signatures | | 37 |

PART 1- FINANCIAL INFORMATION
Item 1. Financial Statements

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS
(UNAUDITED)

(In thousands, except per share data)

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | Six Months Ended June 30, | |
|---|--------------------------------|------------|------------------------------|------------|
| | 2012 | 2011 | 2012 | 2011 |
| Net sales | \$ 526,386 | \$ 505,672 | \$ 1,028,047 | \$ 958,603 |
| Cost of sales | 362,379 | 340,091 | 704,766 | 647,119 |
| Gross profit | 164,007 | 165,581 | 323,281 | 311,484 |
| Research and development expenses | 15,351 | 15,129 | 30,698 | 28,726 |
| Selling expenses | 32,888 | 29,936 | 65,369 | 59,159 |
| General and administrative expenses | 75,228 | 71,590 | 151,115 | 135,482 |
| Operating income | 40,540 | 48,926 | 76,099 | 88,117 |
| Interest expense | (6,526) | (4,967) | (13,008) | (10,088) |
| Other income, net | 130 | 25 | 232 | 77 |
| Earnings from continuing operations before income taxes | 34,144 | 43,984 | 63,323 | 78,106 |
| Provision for income taxes | 11,309 | 13,905 | 20,646 | 25,060 |
| Earnings from continuing operations | 22,835 | 30,079 | 42,677 | 53,046 |
| Discontinued operations, net of taxes | | | | |
| Earnings from discontinued operations | - | 1,717 | 3,059 | 3,266 |
| Gain (loss) on divestiture | (95) | - | 18,316 | - |
| Earnings from discontinued operations | (95) | 1,717 | 21,375 | 3,266 |
| Net earnings | \$ 22,740 | \$ 31,796 | \$ 64,052 | \$ 56,312 |
| Basic earnings per share | | | | |
| Earnings from continuing operations | \$ 0.49 | \$ 0.65 | \$ 0.91 | \$ 1.15 |
| Earnings from discontinued operations | - | 0.04 | 0.46 | 0.07 |
| Total | \$ 0.49 | \$ 0.69 | \$ 1.37 | \$ 1.22 |

| | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Diluted earnings per share | | | | |
| Earnings from continuing operations | \$ 0.48 | \$ 0.64 | \$ 0.90 | \$ 1.13 |
| Earnings from discontinued operations | - | 0.04 | 0.45 | 0.07 |
| Total | \$ 0.48 | \$ 0.68 | \$ 1.35 | \$ 1.20 |
| Dividends per share | | | | |
| | \$ 0.09 | \$ 0.08 | \$ 0.17 | \$ 0.16 |
| Weighted average shares outstanding: | | | | |
| Basic | 46,820 | 46,311 | 46,737 | 46,250 |
| Diluted | 47,501 | 47,015 | 47,519 | 46,991 |

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
 (UNAUDITED)
 (In thousands)

| | Three Months Ended | | Six Months Ended | |
|---|--------------------|----------|------------------|----------|
| | June 30, | | June 30, | |
| | 2012 | 2011 | 2012 | 2011 |
| Net earnings | \$22,740 | \$31,796 | \$64,052 | \$56,312 |
| Other comprehensive income | | | | |
| Foreign currency translation | (19,672) | 7,516 | 97 | 25,210 |
| Pension and postretirement adjustments | 2,004 | 551 | 3,458 | 1,022 |
| Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax | (17,668) | 8,067 | 3,555 | 26,232 |
| Comprehensive income | \$5,072 | \$39,863 | \$67,607 | \$82,544 |

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(UNAUDITED)
(In thousands, except par value)

| | June 30, 2012 | December 31, 2011 |
|--|------------------|-------------------------|
| Assets | | |
| Current assets: | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$213,081 | \$194,387 |
| Receivables, net | 556,194 | 556,026 |
| Inventories, net | 354,483 | 320,633 |
| Deferred tax assets, net | 54,154 | 54,275 |
| Other current assets | 35,647 | 41,813 |
| Total current assets | 1,213,559 | 1,167,134 |
| Property, plant, and equipment, net | 436,763 | 443,555 |
| Goodwill | 759,660 | 759,442 |
| Other intangible assets, net | 251,697 | 261,448 |
| Deferred tax assets, net | 10,414 | 12,137 |
| Other assets | 10,546 | 9,121 |
| Total assets | \$2,682,639 | \$2,652,837 |
| Liabilities | | |
| Current liabilities: | | |
| Current portion of long-term and short-term debt | \$2,466 | \$2,502 |
| Accounts payable | 125,333 | 150,281 |
| Dividends payable | 4,216 | - |
| Accrued expenses | 96,077 | 105,196 |
| Income taxes payable | 5,679 | 4,161 |
| Deferred revenue | 197,850 | 200,268 |
| Other current liabilities | 38,566 | 42,976 |
| Total current liabilities | 470,187 | 505,384 |
| Long-term debt | 585,660 | 583,928 |
| Deferred tax liabilities, net | 24,759 | 24,980 |
| Accrued pension and other postretirement benefit costs | 231,302 | 232,794 |
| Long-term portion of environmental reserves | 20,124 | 19,067 |
| Other liabilities | 52,247 | 57,645 |
| Total liabilities | 1,384,279 | 1,423,798 |
| Contingencies and commitments (Note 14) | | |
| Stockholders' Equity | | |
| Common stock, \$1 par value | 49,021 | 48,879 |
| Additional paid in capital | 146,855 | 143,192 |
| Retained earnings | 1,244,073 | 1,187,989 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss | (61,576) | (65,131) |
| | 1,378,373 | 1,314,929 |
| Less: Treasury stock, at cost | (80,013) | (85,890) |
| Total stockholders' equity | 1,298,360 | 1,229,039 |

| | | |
|--|-------------|-------------|
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | \$2,682,639 | \$2,652,837 |
|--|-------------|-------------|

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(UNAUDITED)
(In thousands)

| | Six Months Ended | |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| | 2012 | June 30, 2011 |
| Cash flows from operating activities: | | |
| Net earnings | \$ 64,052 | \$ 56,312 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to net cash used for operating activities: | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 46,638 | 42,244 |
| Gain on divestiture | (29,430) | - |
| Net (gain) on sale of assets | (67) | (302) |
| Deferred income taxes | 319 | (2,955) |
| Share-based compensation | 4,803 | 5,193 |
| Impairment of assets | 4,847 | - |
| Change in operating assets and liabilities, net of businesses acquired: | | |
| Accounts receivable, net | (3,040) | (31,991) |
| Inventories, net | (34,374) | (35,324) |
| Progress payments | (2,113) | 911 |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | (42,868) | (19,319) |
| Deferred revenue | (2,418) | 806 |
| Income taxes payable | 8,962 | 284 |
| Net pension and postretirement liabilities | 3,945 | (7,019) |
| Other current and long-term assets and liabilities | (1,016) | 6,213 |
| Total adjustments | (45,812) | (41,259) |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 18,240 | 15,053 |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | |
| Proceeds from sales and disposals of long-lived assets | 369 | 307 |
| Proceeds from divestiture | 51,225 | - |
| Acquisitions of intangible assets | (1,779) | (16) |
| Additions to property, plant, and equipment | (40,716) | (37,539) |
| Acquisitions of businesses, net of cash acquired | (6,231) | (53,604) |
| Additional consideration of prior period acquisitions | (976) | - |
| Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities | 1,892 | (90,852) |
| Cash flows from financing activities: | | |
| Borrowings on debt | - | 455,000 |
| Principal payments on debt | (50) | (390,048) |
| Repurchases of common stock | (4,974) | - |
| Proceeds from exercise of stock options | 9,055 | 5,915 |
| Dividends paid | (3,752) | (3,710) |
| Excess tax benefits from share-based compensation | 21 | 867 |
| Net cash provided by financing activities | 300 | 68,024 |
| Effect of exchange-rate changes on cash | (1,738) | 2,744 |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | 18,694 | (5,031) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 194,387 | 68,119 |

Edgar Filing: CURTISS WRIGHT CORP - Form 10-Q

| | | | |
|---|------------|-----------|--|
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | \$ 213,081 | \$ 63,088 | |
| Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing activities: | | | |
| Capital expenditures incurred but not yet paid | \$ 3,858 | \$ 1,147 | |

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
(UNAUDITED)
(In thousands)

| | Common Stock | Additional Paid in Capital | Retained Earnings | Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss | Treasury Stock |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|---|-------------------|
| December 31, 2010 | \$48,558 | \$130,093 | \$1,072,459 | \$ (2,813) | \$(88,194) |
| Net earnings | - | - | 130,423 | - | - |
| Other comprehensive income, net | - | - | - | (62,318) | - |
| Dividends paid | - | - | (14,893) | - | - |
| Stock options exercised, net | 321 | 5,312 | - | - | 8,648 |
| Share-based compensation | - | 8,046 | - | - | 1,575 |
| Repurchase of common stock | - | - | - | - | (8,178) |
| Other | - | (259) | - | - | 259 |
| December 31, 2011 | \$48,879 | \$143,192 | \$1,187,989 | \$ (65,131) | \$(85,890) |
| Net earnings | - | - | 64,052 | - | - |
| Other comprehensive income, net | - | - | - | 3,555 | - |
| Dividends declared | - | - | (7,968) | - | - |
| Stock options exercised, net | 142 | 3,296 | - | - | 6,415 |
| Share-based compensation | - | 781 | - | - | 4,022 |
| Repurchase of common stock | - | - | - | - | (4,974) |
| Other | - | (414) | - | - | 414 |
| June 30, 2012 | \$49,021 | \$146,855 | \$1,244,073 | \$ (61,576) | \$(80,013) |

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES to CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Curtiss-Wright Corporation and its subsidiaries (“the Corporation” or “the Company”) is a diversified, multinational manufacturing and service company that designs, manufactures, and overhauls precision components and systems and provides highly engineered products and services to the aerospace, defense, automotive, shipbuilding, processing, oil, petrochemical, agricultural equipment, railroad, power generation, security, and metalworking industries. Operations are conducted through 62 manufacturing facilities and 58 metal treatment service facilities.

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Curtiss-Wright and its majority-owned subsidiaries. All intercompany transactions and accounts have been eliminated.

On March 30, 2012, the Corporation sold its Heat Treating business to Bodycote plc. As a result of the divestiture, the results of operations for the Heat Treating business, which were previously reported as part of the Metal Treatment segment, have been reclassified as discontinued operations for all periods presented. Please refer to Footnote 2 of our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for further information.

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of the Corporation have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which requires management to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amount of assets, liabilities, revenue, and expenses and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The most significant of these estimates includes the estimate of costs to complete long-term contracts under the percentage-of-completion accounting methods, the estimate of useful lives for property, plant, and equipment, cash flow estimates used for testing the recoverability of assets, pension plan and postretirement obligation assumptions, estimates for inventory obsolescence, estimates for the valuation and useful lives of intangible assets, warranty reserves, legal reserves, and the estimate of future environmental costs. Changes in estimates of contract sales, costs, and profits are recognized using the cumulative catch-up method of accounting. This method recognizes in the current period the cumulative effect of the changes on current and prior periods. Accordingly, the effect of the changes on future periods of contract performance is recognized as if the revised estimate had been the original estimate. During the second quarter of 2012, the Corporation incurred unanticipated additional costs of \$6 million on its long-term contract with Westinghouse for disassembly, inspection, and packaging costs related to the reactor coolant pumps (“RCP”) that we are supplying for the AP1000 nuclear power plants in China. In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation have been reflected in these financial statements.

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Corporation’s 2011 Annual Report on Form 10-K. The results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of trends or of the operating results for a full year.

RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

ADOPTION OF NEW STANDARDS

Fair Value Measurement: Amendments to Achieve Common Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Requirements in United States of America generally accepted accounting principles (“U.S. GAAP”) and International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”)

In May 2011, new guidance was issued that amends the current fair value measurement and disclosure guidance to increase transparency around valuation inputs and investment categorization. The new guidance does not extend the use of fair value accounting, but provides guidance on how it should be applied where its use is already required or permitted by other standards within U.S. GAAP or IFRS. The new guidance is effective for annual and interim reporting periods beginning on or after December 15, 2011 and is to be adopted prospectively as early adoption is not permitted. The adoption of this guidance did not have an impact on the Corporation’s results of operations or financial condition.

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES to CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

Other Comprehensive Income: Presentation of Comprehensive Income

In June 2011, new guidance was issued that amends the current comprehensive income guidance. The new guidance allows the option of presenting the total of comprehensive income, the components of net income, and the components of other comprehensive income either in a single or continuous statement of comprehensive income or in two separate but consecutive statements. The amendments in this update do not change the items that must be reported in other comprehensive income or when an item of other comprehensive income must be reclassified to net income. The new guidance is to be applied retrospectively and is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods, beginning after December 15, 2011. In December 2011, the FASB issued authoritative guidance to defer the effective date for those aspects of the guidance relating to the presentation of reclassification adjustments out of accumulated other comprehensive income. The adoption of this new guidance did not have an impact on the Corporation's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows as it only requires a change in the format of the current presentation of other comprehensive income.

Intangibles—Goodwill and Other: Testing Goodwill for Impairment

In September 2011, new guidance was issued that amends the current testing requirements of goodwill for impairment purposes. The new guidance gives companies the option to perform a qualitative assessment to first assess whether the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount. If an entity determines it is not more likely than not that the fair value of the reporting unit is less than its carrying amount, then performing the two-step impairment test is unnecessary. The new guidance is to be applied prospectively effective for annual and interim goodwill impairment tests beginning after December 15, 2011, with early adoption permitted. The adoption of this standard did not have an impact on the Corporation's results of operations or financial condition.

2 DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

On March 30, 2012, the Corporation sold the assets and real estate of its Heat Treating business, which had been reported in the Metal Treatment segment, to Bodycote plc. The sales price was \$52 million and is subject to a post-closing adjustment based on the final closing balance sheet. The Heat Treating business' operating results are included in discontinued operations in the Corporation's Condensed Consolidated Statement of Earnings for all periods presented.

Components of earnings from discontinued operations for the three and six months ended June 30, were as follows:

| | (In thousands) | | | |
|---|--------------------|----------|------------------|----------|
| | Three Months Ended | | Six Months Ended | |
| | June 30, 2012 | 2011 | June 30, 2012 | 2011 |
| Net sales | \$- | \$9,233 | \$10,785 | \$18,152 |
| Earnings from discontinued operations before income taxes | - | 2,767 | 4,929 | 5,263 |
| Provision for income taxes | - | (1,050) | (1,870) | (1,997) |
| Gain (loss) on divestiture, net of year-to-date taxes of \$11,114 | (95) | - | 18,316 | - |
| Earnings from discontinued operations | \$(95) | \$1,717 | \$21,375 | \$3,266 |

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
 NOTES to CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 (UNAUDITED)

3. RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011 include amounts billed to customers, claims, other receivables, and unbilled charges on long-term contracts consisting of amounts recognized as sales but not billed. Substantially all amounts of unbilled receivables are expected to be billed and collected within one year.

The composition of receivables is as follows:

| | (In thousands) | |
|---|------------------|-------------------------|
| | June 30, 2012 | December 31, 2011 |
| Billed receivables: | | |
| Trade and other receivables | \$354,610 | \$369,109 |
| Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts | (6,172) | (6,880) |
| Net billed receivables | 348,438 | 362,229 |
| Unbilled receivables: | | |
| Recoverable costs and estimated earnings not billed | 238,947 | 227,957 |
| Less: Progress payments applied | (31,191) | (34,160) |
| Net unbilled receivables | 207,756 | 193,797 |
| Receivables, net | \$556,194 | \$556,026 |

4. INVENTORIES

Inventoried costs contain amounts relating to long-term contracts and programs with long production cycles, a portion of which will not be realized within one year. Inventories are valued at the lower of cost (principally average cost) or market. The composition of inventories is as follows:

| | (In thousands) | |
|--|------------------|----------------------|
| | June 30, 2012 | December 31, 2011 |
| Raw material | \$ 183,181 | \$ 168,619 |
| Work-in-process | 106,471 | 97,420 |
| Finished goods and component parts | 80,015 | 81,544 |
| Inventoried costs related to U.S. Government and other long-term contracts | 47,312 | 35,347 |
| Gross inventories | 416,979 | 382,930 |
| Less: Inventory reserves | (47,890) | (48,547) |
| Progress payments applied, principally related to long-term contracts | (14,606) | (13,750) |
| Inventories, net | \$ 354,483 | \$ 320,633 |

As of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, inventory also includes capitalized contract development costs of \$23.6 million and \$17.5 million, respectively, related to certain aerospace and defense programs. These capitalized costs will be liquidated as production units are delivered to the customer. As of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, \$8.1 million and \$9.4 million, respectively, are scheduled to be liquidated under existing firm orders.

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES to CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

5. GOODWILL

The Corporation accounts for acquisitions by assigning the purchase price to acquired tangible and intangible assets and liabilities assumed. Assets acquired and liabilities assumed are recorded at their fair values, and the excess of the purchase price over the amounts assigned is recorded as goodwill.

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the six months ended June 30, 2012 are as follows:

| | (In thousands) | | | Consolidated |
|---|-----------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------|
| | Flow Control | Motion Control | Metal Treatment | |
| December 31, 2011 | \$328,219 | \$385,784 | \$45,439 | \$ 759,442 |
| Acquisitions | 3,068 | - | - | 3,068 |
| Divestitures | - | - | (3,649) | (3,649) |
| Goodwill adjustments | 184 | 40 | - | 224 |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment | 297 | 286 | (8) | 575 |
| June 30, 2012 | \$331,768 | \$386,110 | \$41,782 | \$ 759,660 |

On April 19, 2012, the Corporation acquired two product lines from the Amidyne Group for approximately \$7 million. The product lines serve the commercial nuclear power market, and consist of original equipment and re-engineered replacement products for obsolete equipment. The Corporation will integrate both product lines into its Flow Control segment. In connection with this acquisition, we recorded approximately \$3 million in identifiable intangible assets, consisting primarily of finite-lived customer relationships, and approximately \$3 million in Goodwill. The purchase price allocation relating to the business acquired is based on an initial estimate, and subject to revision, based upon final analysis including input from third party appraisals, when deemed appropriate. The determination of fair value is finalized no later than twelve months from the date of acquisition.

The recoverability of goodwill is subject to an annual impairment test based on the estimated fair value of the underlying businesses. As further described in our 2011 annual report on Form 10-K, to calculate the fair value of a reporting unit, we consider both comparative market multiples as well as estimated discounted cash flows for the reporting unit. The test is performed in the fourth quarter, which coincides with the completion of our five-year strategic operating plan. Additionally, goodwill is tested for impairment when an event occurs or if circumstances change that could more likely than not reduce the fair value of a reporting unit below its carrying amount.

During the second quarter of 2012, the Corporation performed an interim goodwill impairment test for its oil and gas reporting unit, within its Flow Control segment, as a result of on-going customer delays of international capital expenditures. Based on the interim impairment analysis, the Corporation determined that its oil and gas reporting unit's estimated fair value was not substantially in excess of its carrying amount. For further discussion on the Corporation's interim impairment analysis please refer to our Critical Accounting Policy section in Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES to CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

6. OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS, NET

Intangible assets are generally the result of acquisitions and consist primarily of purchased technology and customer related intangibles. Intangible assets are amortized over useful lives that range between 1 to 20 years.

The following tables present the cumulative composition of the Corporation's intangible assets and include \$9.9 million of indefinite lived intangible assets within Other intangible assets for both periods presented.

| June 30, 2012 | Gross | (In thousands) | |
|------------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|-----------|
| | | Accumulated Amortization | Net |
| Technology | \$156,377 | \$ (70,407) | \$85,970 |
| Customer related intangibles | 223,474 | (85,952) | 137,522 |
| Other intangible assets | 44,728 | (16,523) | 28,205 |
| Total | \$424,579 | \$ (172,882) | \$251,697 |

| December 31, 2011 | Gross | (In thousands) | |
|------------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|-----------|
| | | Accumulated Amortization | Net |
| Technology | \$155,406 | \$ (65,291) | \$90,115 |
| Customer related intangibles | 219,498 | (77,945) | 141,553 |
| Other intangible assets | 44,555 | (14,775) | 29,780 |
| Total | \$419,459 | \$ (158,011) | \$261,448 |

During the first six months of 2012, the Corporation acquired intangible assets of \$5.4 million. The Corporation acquired Technology of \$2.5 million, Customer related intangibles of \$2.8 million, and Other intangibles of \$0.1, which have a weighted average amortization period of 15, 18, and 10 years, respectively.

Total intangible amortization expense for the six months ended June 30, 2012 was \$15.1 million as compared to \$13.4 million in the prior year period. The estimated amortization expense for the five years ending December 31, 2012 through 2016 is \$27.8 million, \$25.8 million, \$24.0 million, \$22.7 million, and \$22.5 million, respectively.

7. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Forward Foreign Exchange Contracts

The Corporation has foreign currency exposure primarily in Europe and Canada. The Corporation uses financial instruments, such as forward contracts, to hedge a portion of existing and anticipated foreign currency denominated transactions. The purpose of the Corporation's foreign currency risk management program is to reduce volatility in earnings caused by exchange rate fluctuations. Guidance on accounting for derivative instruments and hedging activities requires companies to recognize all of the derivative financial instruments as either assets or liabilities at fair value in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets based upon quoted market prices for comparable instruments.

Interest Rate Risks and Related Strategies

The Corporation's primary interest rate exposure results from changes in U.S. dollar interest rates. The Corporation's policy is to manage interest cost using a mix of fixed and variable rate debt. The Corporation periodically uses interest rate swaps to manage such exposures. Under these interest rate swaps, the Corporation exchanges, at specified intervals, the difference between fixed and floating interest amounts calculated by reference to an agreed-upon notional principal amount.

For interest rate swaps designated as fair value hedges (i.e., hedges against the exposure to changes in the fair value of an asset or a liability or an identified portion thereof that is attributable to a particular risk), changes in the fair value of the interest rate swaps offset changes in the fair value of the fixed rate debt due to changes in market interest rates.

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
 NOTES to CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 (UNAUDITED)

In January 2012, the Company entered into three fixed-to-floating interest rate swap agreements to convert the interest payments of the \$200 million, 4.24% notes, due December 1, 2026, from a fixed rate to a floating interest rate based on 1-Month LIBOR plus a 2.02% spread, and one fixed-to-floating interest rate swap agreement to convert the interest payments of \$25 million of the \$100 million, 3.84% notes, due December 1, 2021, from a fixed rate to a floating interest rate based on 1-Month LIBOR plus a 1.90% spread. The notional amounts of the Company's outstanding interest rate swaps designated as fair value hedges were \$200 million and \$25 million at June 30, 2012.

The Corporation utilizes the bid ask pricing that is common in the dealer markets to determine the fair value of its interest rate swap agreements and forward foreign exchange contracts. The dealers are ready to transact at these prices which use the mid-market pricing convention and are considered to be at fair market value.

The fair value accounting guidance requires that assets and liabilities carried at fair value be classified and disclosed in one of the following three categories:

Level 1: Quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the company has the ability to access.

Level 2: Observable market based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data such as quoted prices, interest rates and yield curves.

Level 3: Inputs are unobservable data points that are not corroborated by market data.

Based upon the fair value hierarchy, all of the forward foreign exchange contracts and interest rate swaps are valued at a Level 2.

Effects on Consolidated Balance Sheets

The location and amounts of derivative instrument fair values in the consolidated balance sheet are segregated below between designated, qualifying hedging instruments, and ones that are not designated for hedge accounting.

| | (In thousands) | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|
| | June 30, 2012 | December 31, 2011 |
| Assets | | |
| Designated for hedge accounting | | |
| Interest rate swaps | \$1,791 | \$- |
| Undesignated for hedge accounting | | |
| Forward exchange contracts | \$215 | \$13 |
| Total asset derivatives (A) | \$2,006 | \$13 |
| Liabilities | | |
| Undesignated for hedge accounting | | |

| | | |
|---------------------------------|------|-------|
| Forward exchange contracts | \$60 | \$356 |
| Total liability derivatives (B) | \$60 | \$356 |

(A) Foreign exchange derivative assets are included in Other current assets and all interest rate swaps are included in Other assets.

(B) Forward exchange derivative liabilities are included in Other current liabilities.

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES to CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

Effects on Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income

Fair value hedge

The location and amount of gains or losses on the hedged fixed rate debt attributable to changes in the market interest rates and the offsetting gain (loss) on the related interest rate swaps for the three and six months ended June 30, were as follows:

| Income Statement Classification | (In thousands) | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------|--------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------|
| | Gain/(Loss) on Swap | | | | Gain/(Loss) on Borrowings | | | |
| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | Six Months Ended June 30, | | Three Months Ended June 30, | | Six Months Ended June 30, | |
| | 2012 | 2011 | 2012 | 2011 | 2012 | 2011 | 2012 | 2011 |
| Other income, net | \$ 14,503 | \$ - | \$ 1,791 | \$ - | \$ (14,503) | \$ - | \$ (1,791) | \$ - |

Undesignated hedges

The location and amount of gains and (losses) recognized in income on forward exchange derivative contracts not designated for hedge accounting for the three and six months ended June 30, were as follows:

| Derivatives not designated as hedging instrument | Three Months Ended June 30, | | Six Months Ended June 30, | |
|---|--------------------------------|-------|------------------------------|--------|
| | 2012 | 2011 | 2012 | 2011 |
| Foreign exchange contracts: | | | | |
| General and administrative expenses | \$ (1,146) | \$ 51 | \$ (170) | \$ 943 |

Debt

The estimated fair value amounts were determined by the Corporation using available market information which is primarily based on quoted market prices for the same or similar issues as of June 30, 2012. In accordance with the fair value accounting guidance, all of the Corporation's debt is classified as Level 2.

The carrying amount of the variable interest rate debt approximates fair value because the interest rates are reset periodically to reflect current market conditions.

The fair values described below may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, the use of different methodologies to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different estimate of fair value at the reporting date.

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES to CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

| | June 30, 2012 | | December 31, 2011 | |
|--|-------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|
| | Carrying Value | Estimated Fair Value | Carrying Value | Estimated Fair Value |
| Industrial revenue bonds, due from 2012 through 2023 | \$8,826 | \$8,826 | \$9,004 | \$9,004 |
| 5.74% Senior notes due September 25, 2013 | 125,017 | 132,179 | 125,024 | 134,982 |
| 5.51% Senior notes due December 1, 2017 | 150,000 | 170,890 | 150,000 | 172,871 |
| 3.84% Senior notes due December 1, 2021 | 100,597 | 100,597 | 100,000 | 101,886 |
| 4.24% Senior notes due December 1, 2026 | 201,194 | 201,194 | 200,000 | 204,965 |
| Other debt | 2,492 | 2,492 | 2,402 | 2,402 |
| | \$588,126 | \$616,178 | \$586,430 | \$626,110 |

8. WARRANTY RESERVES

The Corporation provides its customers with warranties on certain commercial and governmental products. Estimated warranty costs are charged to expense in the period the related revenue is recognized based on quantitative historical experience. Estimated warranty costs are reduced as these costs are incurred and as the warranty period expires or may be otherwise modified as specific product performance issues are identified and resolved. Warranty reserves are included within Other current liabilities in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. The following table presents the changes in the Corporation's warranty reserves:

| | (In thousands) | |
|--|----------------|----------|
| | 2012 | 2011 |
| Warranty reserves at January 1, | \$16,076 | \$14,841 |
| Provision for current year sales | 3,765 | 4,814 |
| Current year claims | (2,792) | (2,450) |
| Change in estimates to pre-existing warranties | (1,120) | (781) |
| Increase due to acquisitions | 75 | - |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment | (176) | 270 |
| Warranty reserves at June 30, | \$15,828 | \$16,694 |

9. RESTRUCTURING ACTIVITIES

2012 Restructuring Initiative

The Corporation focuses on being the low-cost provider of its products by reducing operating costs and implementing lean manufacturing initiatives, which have in part led to the involuntary termination of certain positions and the consolidation of facilities and product lines.

During the second quarter of 2012, the Corporation recorded restructuring costs by segment as follows:

(In thousands)
Three Months Ended

Edgar Filing: CURTISS WRIGHT CORP - Form 10-Q

| | June 30,2012 | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------|
| | Flow Control | Motion Control | Metal Treatment | Consolidated |
| Cost of sales | \$1,105 | \$398 | \$394 | \$1,897 |
| Selling expenses | 312 | - | - | 312 |
| General and administrative | 842 | 86 | 4,847 | 5,775 |
| Total | \$2,259 | \$484 | \$5,241 | \$7,984 |

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
 NOTES to CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 (UNAUDITED)

During the first six months of 2012, the Corporation recorded restructuring costs by segment as follows:

| | (In thousands) | | | |
|----------------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------|
| | Six Months Ended | | | |
| | June 30, 2012 | | | |
| | Flow Control | Motion Control | Metal Treatment | Consolidated |
| Cost of sales | \$1,285 | \$2,136 | \$394 | \$3,815 |
| Selling expenses | 312 | - | - | 312 |
| General and administrative | 1,137 | 922 | 4,847 | 6,906 |
| Total | \$2,734 | \$3,058 | \$5,241 | \$11,033 |

The components of the restructuring costs by segment are as follows:

Flow Control

The Flow Control segment recorded \$2.3 million of restructuring charges in the second quarter of 2012 primarily for severance and benefits costs associated with headcount reductions to streamline operations. The segment recorded charges to Cost of sales of \$1.1 million; charges to Selling expenses of \$0.3 million; and charges to General and administrative expenses of \$0.8 million.

In the first six months of 2012, the Flow Control segment recorded \$2.7 million of restructuring charges primarily for severance and benefits costs associated with headcount reductions to streamline operations. The segment recorded charges to Cost of sales of \$1.3 million; charges to Selling expenses of \$0.3 million; and charges to General and administrative expenses of \$1.1 million.

The Corporation expects to incur additional restructuring charges of \$2 million related to our 2012 restructuring activities within the Flow Control segment.

Motion Control

The Motion Control segment recorded \$0.5 million of restructuring charges in the second quarter of 2012 primarily for severance and benefits costs associated with headcount reductions to streamline operations. The segment recorded charges to Cost of sales of \$0.4 million; and charges to General and administrative expenses of \$0.1 million.

In the first six months of 2012, the Motion Control segment recorded \$3.1 million of restructuring charges primarily for severance and benefits costs associated with headcount reductions to streamline operations. The segment recorded charges to Cost of sales of \$2.1 million; and charges to General and administrative expenses of \$0.9 million.

The Corporation expects to incur additional restructuring charges of \$1 million related to our 2012 restructuring activities within the Motion Control segment.

Metal Treatment

The Metal Treatment segment recorded \$5.2 million of restructuring charges in the second quarter and first six months of 2012. The segment recorded cash charges to Cost of sales of \$0.4 million; and non-cash charges of \$4.8 million to General and administrative expenses. The cash costs were primarily associated with severance and benefits costs related to headcount reductions, while the \$4.8 million of non-cash costs were primarily related to fixed asset write-downs.

The Corporation expects to incur additional restructuring charges of \$7 million, primarily in the fourth quarter of 2012, related to additional restructuring activities within the Metal Treatment segment.

The following table summarizes the cash components of the Corporation's restructuring plans. Accrued restructuring costs are included in Other current liabilities in the accompanying balance sheet.

| | Severance and Benefits | (In thousands) Abandonment of facility costs | Total |
|-------------------|------------------------------|---|---------|
| December 31, 2011 | \$- | \$ - | \$- |
| Provisions | 5,776 | 410 | 6,186 |
| Payments | 3,451 | 31 | 3,482 |
| June 30, 2012 | \$2,325 | \$ 379 | \$2,704 |

The Corporation expects to pay accrued cash restructuring costs primarily over the remainder of 2012.

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
 NOTES to CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 (UNAUDITED)

10. PENSION AND OTHER POSTRETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

The following tables are consolidated disclosures of all domestic and foreign defined pension plans as described in the Corporation's 2011 Annual Report on Form 10-K. The postretirement benefits information includes the domestic Curtiss-Wright Corporation and EMD postretirement benefit plans, as there are no foreign postretirement benefit plans.

Pension Plans

The components of net periodic pension cost for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 are as follows:

| | (In thousands) | | | |
|---|--------------------|----------|------------------|-----------|
| | Three Months Ended | | Six Months Ended | |
| | June 30, | | June 30, | |
| | 2012 | 2011 | 2012 | 2011 |
| Service cost | \$9,978 | \$9,342 | \$20,133 | \$18,657 |
| Interest cost | 6,676 | 6,566 | 13,131 | 13,108 |
| Expected return on plan assets | (8,356) | (7,995) | (16,770) | (15,962) |
| Amortization of prior service cost | 300 | 301 | 601 | 600 |
| Amortization of unrecognized actuarial loss | 3,015 | 1,246 | 5,511 | 2,489 |
| Curtailment loss | - | 53 | - | 53 |
| Net periodic benefit cost | \$11,613 | \$9,513 | \$22,606 | \$18,945 |

During the six months ended June 30, 2012, the Corporation made \$17 million in contributions to the Curtiss-Wright Pension Plan, and expects to make total contributions of approximately \$48 million in 2012. In addition, contributions of \$2.0 million were made to the Corporation's foreign benefit plans during the six months ended June 30, 2012. Contributions to the foreign benefit plans are expected to be \$4.3 million in 2012.

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES to CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

Other Postretirement Benefit Plans

The components of the net postretirement benefit cost for the Curtiss-Wright and EMD postretirement benefit plans for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 are as follows:

| | (In thousands) | | | |
|---|--------------------|---------|------------------|---------|
| | Three Months Ended | | Six Months Ended | |
| | June 30, | | June 30, | |
| | 2012 | 2011 | 2012 | 2011 |
| Service cost | \$110 | \$94 | \$220 | \$188 |
| Interest cost | 231 | 250 | 463 | 500 |
| Amortization of prior service cost | (157) | (157) | (314) | (314) |
| Amortization of unrecognized actuarial gain | (179) | (231) | (359) | (463) |
| Net periodic postretirement benefit cost | \$5 | \$(44) | \$10 | \$(89) |

During the six months ended June 30, 2012, the Corporation paid \$0.5 million to the postretirement plans. During 2012, the Corporation anticipates making total contributions of \$1.6 million to the postretirement plans.

11. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Diluted earnings per share were computed based on the weighted average number of shares outstanding plus all potentially dilutive common shares. A reconciliation of basic to diluted shares used in the earnings per share calculation is as follows:

| | (In thousands, except stock options outstanding) | | | |
|--|--|--------|------------------|--------|
| | Three Months Ended | | Six Months Ended | |
| | June 30, | | June 30, | |
| | 2012 | 2011 | 2012 | 2011 |
| Basic weighted average shares outstanding | 46,820 | 46,311 | 46,737 | 46,250 |
| Dilutive effect of stock options and deferred stock compensation | 681 | 704 | 782 | 741 |
| Diluted weighted average shares outstanding | 47,501 | 47,015 | 47,519 | 46,991 |

As of June 30, 2012 and 2011, there were 638,000 and 660,000 stock options outstanding, respectively, that could potentially dilute earnings per share in the future, which were excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share as they would be considered anti-dilutive.

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES to CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

12. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Corporation manages and evaluates its operations based on the products and services it offers and the different markets it serves. Based on this approach, the Corporation has three reportable segments: Flow Control, Motion Control, and Metal Treatment.

| | (In thousands) | | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|------------------|-----------|
| | Three Months Ended | | Six Months Ended | |
| | June 30, | | June 30, | |
| | 2012 | 2011 | 2012 | 2011 |
| Net sales | | | | |
| Flow Control | \$274,653 | \$266,614 | \$541,444 | \$505,756 |
| Motion Control | 183,678 | 176,893 | 351,823 | 337,163 |
| Metal Treatment | 71,067 | 62,826 | 141,156 | 117,168 |
| Less: Intersegment revenues | (3,012) | (661) | (6,376) | (1,484) |
| Total consolidated | \$526,386 | \$505,672 | \$1,028,047 | \$958,603 |
| Operating income (expense) | | | | |
| Flow Control | \$18,614 | \$26,532 | \$37,141 | \$45,164 |
| Motion Control | 23,527 | 18,804 | 36,456 | 35,090 |
| Metal Treatment | 5,937 | 7,644 | 15,793 | 15,209 |
| Corporate and eliminations (1) | (7,538) | (4,054) | (13,291) | (7,346) |
| Total consolidated | \$40,540 | \$48,926 | \$76,099 | \$88,117 |

(1) Corporate and eliminations includes pension expense, environmental remediation and administrative expenses, legal, foreign currency transactional gains and losses, and other expenses.

Operating income by reportable segment and the reconciliation to income from continuing operations before income taxes are as follows:

| | (In thousands) | | | |
|------------------------------|--------------------|----------|------------------|-----------|
| | Three Months Ended | | Six Months Ended | |
| | June 30, | | June 30, | |
| | 2012 | 2011 | 2012 | 2011 |
| Total operating income | \$40,540 | \$48,926 | \$76,099 | \$88,117 |
| Interest expense | (6,526) | (4,967) | (13,008) | (10,088) |
| Other income, net | 130 | 25 | 232 | 77 |
| Earnings before income taxes | \$34,144 | \$43,984 | \$63,323 | \$78,106 |

| | (In thousands) | |
|---------------------|----------------|------|
| | December | |
| | June 30, | 31, |
| | 2012 | 2011 |
| Identifiable assets | | |

Edgar Filing: CURTISS WRIGHT CORP - Form 10-Q

| | | |
|---------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Flow Control | \$1,223,497 | \$1,257,142 |
| Motion Control | 1,019,518 | 1,034,225 |
| Metal Treatment | 254,051 | 286,084 |
| Corporate and other | 185,573 | 75,386 |
| Total consolidated | \$2,682,639 | \$2,652,837 |

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
 NOTES to CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 (UNAUDITED)

13. ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

Total cumulative balance of each component of accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax, is as follows:

| | (In thousands) | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| | Foreign currency translation adjustments, net | Total pension and postretirement adjustments | Accumulated other comprehensive loss |
| December 31, 2011 | \$39,768 | \$ (104,899) | \$ (65,131) |
| Current period other comprehensive income | 97 | 3,458 | 3,555 |
| June 30, 2012 | \$39,865 | \$ (101,441) | \$ (61,576) |

14. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

Legal Proceedings

In January 2007, a former executive was awarded approximately \$9.0 million in punitive and compensatory damages plus legal costs related to a gender bias lawsuit filed in 2003. The Corporation recorded a \$6.5 million reserve related to the lawsuit. In August of 2009, the New Jersey Appellate Division reversed in part and affirmed in part the judgment of the trial court, resulting in the setting aside of the punitive damage award and the front pay award of the Plaintiff's compensatory damages award. The Plaintiff filed a Petition for Certification with the Supreme Court of New Jersey requesting review of the Appellate Division's decision. In December 2010, the Supreme Court of New Jersey issued an opinion reversing the Appellate Division's decision, and reinstated the judgment rendered by the trial court. The Corporation filed a Motion for Reconsideration with the Supreme Court of New Jersey. In the motion, the Corporation requested that the Supreme Court of New Jersey remand the case back to the lower Appellate Division to resolve certain arguments raised by the Corporation regarding the appropriateness of damages. The Supreme Court of New Jersey granted the Corporation's request for reconsideration and remanded the case back to the lower Appellate Division to decide the remaining undecided arguments raised by the Corporation. In September 2011, the Appellate Court heard argument on the remaining unresolved issues in the case. On April 5, 2012, the Appellate Court issued its decision in this matter and found that the Corporation is not entitled to a new trial on liability with regards to the retaliation claim. However, the Appellate Division did set aside substantially all of the damage awards in the case and authorized a new trial on damages.

Neither party petitioned the Supreme Court of New Jersey for Certification. In July 2012, the parties mutually settled the outstanding judgment for the amount of \$5.2 million. Accordingly, the total reserve related to the lawsuit as of June 30, 2012 is \$5.2 million and recorded within Other current liabilities of the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Consistent with other entities its size, the Corporation is party to a number of legal actions and claims, none of which individually or in the aggregate, in the opinion of management, are expected to have a material effect on the Corporations' results of operations or financial position.

Environmental Matters

The Corporation's environmental obligations have not changed significantly from December 31, 2011. The aggregate environmental liability was \$21.2 million at June 30, 2012 and \$20.5 million at December 31, 2011. All environmental reserves exclude any potential recovery from insurance carriers or third-party legal actions.

The Corporation, through its Flow Control segment, has several Nuclear Regulatory Commission ("NRC") licenses necessary for the continued operation of its commercial nuclear operations. In connection with these licenses, the NRC required financial assurance from the Corporation in the form of a parent company guarantee, representing estimated environmental decommissioning and remediation costs associated with the commercial operations covered by the licenses. The guarantee for the decommissioning costs of the refurbishment facility is \$4.7 million.

Letters of Credit and Other Arrangements

The Corporation enters into standby letters of credit agreements and guarantees with financial institutions and customers primarily relating to guarantees of repayment on certain Industrial Revenue Bonds, future performance on certain contracts to provide products and services, and to secure advance payments the Corporation has received from certain international customers. At June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, the Corporation had contingent liabilities on outstanding letters of credit of \$55.8 million and \$55.8 million, respectively.

AP1000 Program

The Corporation's Electro-Mechanical Division is the reactor coolant pump ("RCP") supplier for the Westinghouse AP1000 nuclear power plants under construction in China. The first RCP was scheduled for delivery in the fourth quarter of 2011, however, the Corporation detected a localized heating issue in the pump stator during the final phase of qualification testing. The Corporation has taken the necessary steps to ensure the long-term reliability and safety of the RCP and successfully completed qualification testing in April of 2012. The first RCP is expected to be ready for shipment during the third quarter. Based upon these circumstances and our current negotiations with the customer, the Corporation believes that the revised delivery dates mitigate any performance risk and that any damage or incentive provisions will be revised accordingly. Based upon the information available, the Corporation does not believe that the ultimate outcome will result in a material impact to its results of operations or cash flows.

U.S. Government Defense Budget/Sequestration

In August 2011, the Budget Control Act (the Act) reduced the United States Department of Defense (U.S. DoD) top line budget by approximately \$490 billion over 10 years starting in 2013. In addition, barring Congressional action, further budget cuts (or sequestration) as outlined in the Act will be implemented starting in January 2013. Sequestration would lead to additional reductions of approximately \$500 billion from the Pentagon's top line budget over the next decade, resulting in aggregate reductions of about \$1 trillion over 10 years. In June 2012, the Office of Management and Budget announced that the budget for Overseas Contingency Operations and any unobligated balances in prior year funds will also be included in aggregate reductions. The U.S. DoD has taken the position that such reductions would generate significant operational risks and may require the termination of certain, as yet undetermined, procurement programs. Any reduction in levels of U.S. DoD spending, cancellations or delays impacting existing contracts or programs, including through sequestration, could have a material impact on the Corporation's operating results.

CURTISS WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
PART I- ITEM 2
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION and ANALYSIS of
FINANCIAL CONDITION and RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Except for historical information, this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q may be deemed to contain "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Examples of forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to: (a) projections of or statements regarding return on investment, future earnings, interest income, sales, volume, other income, earnings or loss per share, growth prospects, capital structure, and other financial terms, (b) statements of plans and objectives of management, (c) statements of future economic performance, and (d) statements of assumptions, such as economic conditions underlying other statements. Such forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "anticipates," "believes," "continue," "could," "estimate," "expects," "intend," "may," "might," "outlook," "potential," "predict," "should," as well as the negative of any of the foregoing or variations of such terms or comparable terminology, or by discussion of strategy. No assurance may be given that the future results described by the forward-looking statements will be achieved. While we believe these forward-looking statements are reasonable, they are only predictions and are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties, and other factors, many of which are beyond our control, which could cause actual results, performance or achievement to differ materially from anticipated future results, performance or achievement expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, those described in "Item 1A. Risk Factors" of our 2011 Annual Report on Form 10-K, and elsewhere in that report, those described in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, and those described from time to time in our future reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Such forward-looking statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q include, without limitation, those contained in Item 1. Financial Statements and Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

Given these risks and uncertainties, you are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they were made and we assume no obligation to update forward-looking statements to reflect actual results or changes in or additions to the factors affecting such forward-looking statements.

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION and ANALYSIS of
FINANCIAL CONDITION and RESULTS OF OPERATIONS, continued

COMPANY ORGANIZATION

Curtiss-Wright Corporation is a diversified, multinational provider of highly engineered, technologically advanced, value-added products and services to a broad range of markets in the flow control, motion control, and metal treatment industries. We are positioned as a market leader across a diversified array of niche markets through engineering and technological leadership, precision manufacturing, and strong relationships with our customers. We provide products and services to a number of global markets, such as defense, commercial aerospace, commercial nuclear power generation, oil and gas, and general industrial. We have achieved balanced growth through the successful application of our core competencies in engineering and precision manufacturing, adapting these competencies to new markets through internal product development, and a disciplined program of strategic acquisitions. Our overall strategy is to be a balanced and diversified company, less vulnerable to cycles or downturns in any one market, and to establish strong positions in profitable niche markets. Approximately 40% of our revenues are generated from defense-related markets.

We manage and evaluate our operations based on the products and services we offer and the different industries and markets we serve. Based on this approach, we have three reportable segments: Flow Control, Motion Control, and Metal Treatment. For further information on our products and services and the major markets served by our three segments, please refer to our 2011 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Analytical Definitions

Throughout management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations, the terms "incremental" and "organic" are used to explain changes from period to period. The term "incremental" is used to highlight the impact acquisitions and divestitures had on the current year results. The results of operations for acquisitions are incremental for the first twelve months from the date of acquisition. Additionally, the results of operations of divested businesses are removed from the comparable prior year period for purposes of calculating "organic" or "incremental" results. The definition of "organic" excludes the effect of foreign currency translation. On March 30, 2012, we completed the sale of our Heat Treating business, which had been previously reported with the Metal Treatment Segment. The results of operations of this business and the gain that was recognized on the sale are reported within discontinued operations and prior year amounts have been restated to conform to the current year presentation.

The discussion below is structured to separately discuss our Consolidated Statements of Earnings, Results by Business Segment, and our Liquidity and Capital Resources.

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION and ANALYSIS of
FINANCIAL CONDITION and RESULTS OF OPERATIONS, continued

| | (In thousands) | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------------------|-----------|----------------|------------------------------|-------------|----------------|-----|----|
| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | Six Months Ended June 30, | | | | |
| | 2012 | 2011 | % of change | 2012 | 2011 | % of change | | |
| Sales | | | | | | | | |
| Flow Control | \$274,653 | \$266,608 | 3 | % | \$541,444 | \$505,748 | 7 | % |
| Motion Control | 181,090 | 176,512 | 3 | % | 346,176 | 336,292 | 3 | % |
| Metal Treatment | 70,643 | 62,552 | 13 | % | 140,427 | 116,563 | 20 | % |
| Total sales | \$526,386 | \$505,672 | 4 | % | \$1,028,047 | \$958,603 | 7 | % |
| Operating income | | | | | | | | |
| Flow Control | \$18,614 | \$26,532 | (30 | %) | \$37,141 | \$45,164 | (18 | %) |
| Motion Control | 23,527 | 18,804 | 25 | % | 36,456 | 35,090 | 4 | % |
| Metal Treatment | 5,937 | 7,644 | (22 | %) | 15,793 | 15,209 | 4 | % |
| Corporate and eliminations | (7,538) | (4,054) | (86 | %) | (13,291) | (7,346) | (81 | %) |
| Total operating income | \$40,540 | \$48,926 | (17 | %) | \$76,099 | \$88,117 | (14 | %) |
| Interest expense | (6,526) | (4,967) | (31 | %) | (13,008) | (10,088) | (29 | %) |
| Other income, net | 130 | 25 | 420 | % | 232 | 77 | 201 | % |
| Earnings before income taxes | 34,144 | 43,984 | (22 | %) | 63,323 | 78,106 | (19 | %) |
| Provision for income taxes | 11,309 | 13,905 | (19 | %) | 20,646 | 25,060 | (18 | %) |
| Net earnings from continuing operations | \$22,835 | \$30,079 | (24 | %) | \$42,677 | \$53,046 | (20 | %) |
| New orders | \$485,148 | \$482,699 | | | \$1,000,248 | \$962,916 | | |

Sales

Sales increased \$21 million, or 4%, and \$69 million, or 7%, over the comparable prior year quarter and year-to-date periods, respectively. The increase in sales for the current quarter and first six months primarily reflects higher volume in all segments, with the largest percent increase occurring in the Metal Treatment segment. The incremental effects of acquisitions, net of divestitures, contributed \$18 million and \$53 million of sales, in the current year quarter and first six months of 2012, respectively, while the effect of foreign currency translation decreased sales by approximately \$5 million and \$6 million in the current quarter and first six months of 2012, respectively.

The table below further depicts our sales by market. Certain prior year amounts in our sales by market table have been reclassified to conform to the fiscal year 2012 presentation.

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION and ANALYSIS of
FINANCIAL CONDITION and RESULTS OF OPERATIONS, continued

(In thousands)

| | Three Months Ended | | | Six Months Ended | | |
|----------------------|--------------------|------------------|----------|------------------|------------------|----------|
| | 2012 | June 30, 2011 | % change | 2012 | June 30, 2011 | % change |
| Defense markets: | | | | | | |
| Aerospace | \$81,150 | \$76,076 | 7 % | \$150,843 | \$141,806 | 6 % |
| Ground | 25,898 | 31,013 | (16 %) | 49,927 | 58,023 | (14 %) |
| Naval | 88,094 | 92,919 | (5 %) | 177,576 | 176,300 | 1 % |
| Other | 6,571 | 7,273 | (10 %) | 14,623 | 14,028 | 4 % |
| Total Defense | \$201,713 | \$207,281 | (3 %) | \$392,969 | \$390,157 | 1 % |
| Commercial markets: | | | | | | |
| Commercial Aerospace | \$90,689 | \$74,861 | 21 % | \$175,235 | \$138,137 | 27 % |
| Oil and Gas | 61,458 | 59,126 | 4 % | 121,759 | 111,779 | 9 % |
| Power Generation | 104,602 | 96,897 | 8 % | 203,375 | 187,692 | 8 % |
| General Industrial | 67,924 | 67,507 | 1 % | 134,709 | 130,838 | 3 % |
| Total Commercial | \$324,673 | \$298,391 | 9 % | \$635,078 | \$568,446 | 12 % |
| Total Curtiss-Wright | \$526,386 | \$505,672 | 4 % | \$1,028,047 | \$958,603 | 7 % |

Components of sales and operating income increase (decrease):

| | Three Months Ended | | | | Six Months Ended | | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------|----|-----------|----|------------------|----|-----------|----|
| | June 30, | | Operating | | June 30, | | Operating | |
| | Sales | % | Income | % | Sales | % | Income | % |
| Organic | 1 | % | (26 | %) | 2 | % | (21 | %) |
| Acquisition/divestitures | 4 | % | 7 | % | 6 | % | 6 | % |
| Foreign currency | (1 | %) | 2 | % | (1 | %) | 1 | % |
| Total | 4 | % | (17 | %) | 7 | % | (14 | %) |

Commercial sales increased \$26 million, or 9%, and \$67 million, or 12%, over the comparable prior year quarter and year-to-date periods, respectively, primarily due to the incremental effect of sales from acquisitions, which favorably impacted sales in the commercial aerospace and power generation markets. Additionally, strong demand for our shot peening services in our Metal Treatment segment contributed favorably to sales in the commercial aerospace market.

As compared to the prior year period, sales in the defense market decreased during the quarter, but increased year-to-date. Current quarter defense sales decreased primarily due to lower sales in the ground defense and naval defense markets, in our Motion Control and Flow Controls segments, respectively. Partially offsetting this decrease was higher sales in the aerospace defense market in our Motion and Metal Treatment segments. Year-to-date defense sales increased, primarily due to higher aerospace defense sales in our Motion and Metal Treatment segments, partially offset by a decrease in sales the ground defense market in our Motion Control segment.

Operating income

Current quarter operating income decreased \$8 million, or 17% to \$41 million. Excluding the effects of restructuring charges, operating income was essentially flat as compared to the prior year quarter, while operating margin for the quarter decreased 50 basis points to 9.2%. Within our segments, excluding the effects of restructuring charges, operating income and margin growth was led by our Metal Treatment segment and to a lesser extent our Motion Control segment. This performance was offset by a decrease in operating income and operating margin in our Flow Control segment. Acquisitions, net of divestitures, contributed \$3 million, or 7%, to current quarter results, while the effects of foreign currency translation were minimal.

Year-to-date operating income decreased \$12 million, or 14%, to \$76 million, as compared to the prior year period. Excluding the effects of restructuring charges, operating income decreased \$1 million, while operating margin decreased 70 basis points to 8.5%, as compared to the prior year period. Within our segments, operating income and operating margin growth was primarily led by our Metal Treatment segment, offset by a decrease in operating income and operating margin in our Flow Control segment. Acquisitions, net of divestitures, contributed \$5 million or 6%, to year-to date results, while the effects of foreign currency translation were minimal.

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION and ANALYSIS of
FINANCIAL CONDITION and RESULTS OF OPERATIONS, continued

Non-segment operating expense

The increase in non-segment operating expense for the current quarter and first six months of 2012, of \$3 million and \$6 million, respectively, is primarily due to higher pension and medical costs.

Interest expense

Interest expense for the current quarter and first six months of 2012 increased primarily due to higher average debt levels and borrowing rates compared to the same period in 2011.

Effective tax rate

Our effective tax rate for the current quarter and first six months was 33.1% and 32.6%, respectively, compared to 31.6% and 32.1%, in the prior year periods. The increase in our quarterly effective tax rate is primarily due to a true-up of our foreign tax returns, while year over year the effective tax rate is essentially flat.

Net earnings

Current quarter and year-to-date net earnings from continuing operations, excluding restructuring charges, were essentially flat as compared to the same period in the prior year.

New orders

New orders for the current quarter and first six months of 2012 increased by \$2 million and \$37 million, respectively, as compared to the prior year periods. Quarter over quarter, new orders were essentially flat, as increased demand in our Metal Treatment and Motion control segments were offset by the timing of a prior year significant order in our Flow Control segment. The increase in year over year new orders is primarily due to higher orders in our Metal Treatment segment due to increased international shot peening orders as well as increased orders of our coating services. Acquisitions, net of divestitures, contributed \$11 million and \$38 million of incremental new orders to the current and year-to-date periods, respectively.

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION and ANALYSIS of
FINANCIAL CONDITION and RESULTS OF OPERATIONS, continued

RESULTS BY BUSINESS SEGMENT

Flow Control

The following tables summarize sales, operating income and margin, new orders, and certain items impacting comparability within the Flow Control segment.

| | (In thousands) | | | | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------|-----------|------------------|------------------|-----------|
| | Three Months Ended | | | Six Months Ended | | |
| | 2012 | June 30, 2011 | % change | 2012 | June 30, 2011 | % change |
| Sales | \$274,653 | \$266,608 | 3 % | \$541,444 | \$505,748 | 7 % |
| Operating income | 18,614 | 26,532 | (30 %) | 37,141 | 45,164 | (18 %) |
| Operating margin | 6.8 % | 10.0 % | (320) bps | 6.9 % | 8.9 % | (200) bps |
| Restructuring charges | 2,259 | 100 | NM | 2,734 | 200 | NM |
| New orders | \$247,888 | \$276,273 | (10 %) | \$537,804 | \$527,913 | 2 % |

NM- not meaningful

Components of sales and operating income increase (decrease):

| | Three Months Ended | | | | Six Months Ended | | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|----------|---------------------|------------------|---------------------|----------|---------------------|
| | June 30, | | June 30, | | June 30, | | June 30, | |
| | Sales | Operating Income | Sales | Operating Income | Sales | Operating Income | Sales | Operating Income |
| Organic | 3 % | (32 %) | 4 % | (21 %) | 3 % | 3 % | 3 % | 3 % |
| Acquisition/divestitures | 1 % | 3 % | 3 % | 3 % | 0 % | 0 % | 0 % | 0 % |
| Foreign currency | (1 %) | (1 %) | 0 % | 0 % | 0 % | 0 % | 0 % | 0 % |
| Total | 3 % | (30 %) | 7 % | (18 %) | 7 % | (18 %) | 7 % | (18 %) |

Three months ended June 30, 2012 compared with three months ended June 30, 2011

Sales

Sales increased \$8 million, or 3%, compared to the prior year period, driven by an increase of 6% in the commercial market, partially offset by a decrease in sales in the defense market of 4%. Acquisitions, net of divestitures, contributed \$3 million of incremental sales, while the effects of foreign currency rate changes decreased current period sales by \$2 million.

The increase in sales in our commercial markets is primarily due to increased sales in our power generation market driven by our Anatec and LMT acquisitions. Commercial aerospace sales were also higher due to stronger demand for commercial aviation towing tractors. In addition, in our oil and gas market, increased production in our vessel business and increased aftermarket maintenance, repairs, and overhaul (MRO) projects, both internationally and

domestically, largely offset the slow down for large international capital projects.

The decrease in sales in the defense market was primarily due to lower production on the Advanced Arresting Gear program for the Ford class aircraft carrier, lower sales on the Virginia Class submarine, and Electromagnetic Aircraft Launching System (EMALS) program. Partially offsetting these decreases was an increase in production on the CVN-79 and the DDG-51 destroyer program.

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION and ANALYSIS of
FINANCIAL CONDITION and RESULTS OF OPERATIONS, continued

Operating income

Operating income decreased \$8 million, or 30%, compared to the same period in 2011. Excluding the \$2.2 million impact of restructuring charges and \$6 million of unanticipated additional investments on the AP 1000 long-term contract, current period operating income was essentially flat, while operating margin decreased 40 basis points to 9.6%. The unanticipated additional investments on the AP1000 long-term contract were for replacement materials and higher estimated painting, disassembly, inspection, and packaging costs. In addition, operating income and margin were impacted by the expected initial low margin orders associated with our vessel business. These decreases were partially offset by lower compensation costs in the current quarter. Acquisitions and the effects of foreign currency rate changes had a minimal impact on current period operating income.

We anticipate our restructuring activities to generate cost savings of approximately \$2 million during the second half of the year.

New orders

New orders decreased \$28 million from the prior year quarter primarily due to higher orders in the prior year period associated with a significant nuclear operating reactor order, slightly offset by higher orders in the current year quarter for certain naval defense programs. Acquisitions contributed \$5 million to new orders in the current period, while the prior year period included \$10 million of orders associated with a divested business line.

Six months ended June 30, 2012 compared with six months ended June 30, 2011

Sales

Sales increased \$36 million, or 7%, in the first six months of 2012, compared with the same period of 2011, primarily due to an increase in sales in the commercial market of 9%, and to a lesser extent an increase in sales in our defense markets of 4%. Our prior year acquisitions, net of divestitures, contributed \$16 million of incremental sales, while the effects of foreign currency rate changes decreased current period sales \$2 million.

The increase in sales in our commercial market was led by the incremental effects of our 2011 acquisitions of Anatec and LMT, which favorably impacted sales in our power generation market. In addition, the incremental effect of our 2011 Douglas acquisition, a supplier of aviation towing tractors, improved sales in our commercial aerospace market. In the oil and gas market, sales grew due to increased production in our vessel business, increased aftermarket MRO projects, both internationally and domestically, as well as strong demand for pressure relief valve MRO projects.

The higher defense sales were driven by increases in the naval defense market due to increased production on the CVN-79 and the DDG-51 destroyer program. Partially offsetting these increases was a decrease in production on the EMALS program and a decrease in production on certain aircraft handling systems programs.

Operating income

Operating income decreased \$8 million, or 18%, compared to the same period in 2011. Excluding the \$2.7 million impact of restructuring charges and \$6 million of unanticipated additional investments on the AP 1000 long-term

contract, current period operating income was essentially flat, while operating margin decreased 60 basis points to 8.4%. In addition, operating income and margin continues to be impacted by the expected initial low margin orders associated with our vessel business. These decreases were partially offset by higher sales of our pressure relief products, as well as by lower year-to-date compensation costs. Acquisitions and the effects of foreign currency translation had a minimal impact on current period operating income.

We anticipate our restructuring activities to generate cost savings of approximately \$2 million during the second half of the year.

New orders

The increase in new orders of \$10 million, as compared to the prior year period, is primarily due to the timing of new orders on long-term naval defense contracts, which was partially offset by a significant order in the power generation market in the prior year period, and lower capital project demand in the oil and gas market. Acquisitions contributed \$19 million to new orders in the current period, while the prior year period included \$16 million of orders associated with a divested business line.

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION and ANALYSIS of
FINANCIAL CONDITION and RESULTS OF OPERATIONS, continued

Motion Control

The following tables summarize sales, operating income and margin, new orders, and certain items impacting comparability within the Motion Control segment.

| | (In thousands) | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------|------------|------|---------|---|------------------------------|------------|------|--------|---|
| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | | | Six Months Ended June 30, | | | | |
| | 2012 | | 2011 | | % | 2012 | | 2011 | | % |
| | | | | change | | | | | change | |
| Sales | \$ 181,090 | \$ 176,512 | | 3 | % | \$ 346,176 | \$ 336,292 | | 3 | % |
| Operating income | 23,527 | 18,804 | | 25 | % | 36,456 | 35,090 | | 4 | % |
| Operating margin | 13.0 | 10.7 | % | 230 bps | | 10.5 | 10.4 | % | 10 bps | |
| Restructuring charges | 484 | - | | NM | | 3,058 | - | | NM | |
| New orders | \$ 165,596 | \$ 143,688 | | 15 | % | \$ 319,947 | \$ 316,695 | | 1 | % |

NM- not meaningful

Components of sales and operating income increase (decrease):

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | | Six Months Ended June 30, | | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------|----|---------------------|---|------------------------------|----|---------------------|----|
| | Sales | | Operating Income | | Sales | | Operating Income | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Organic | (2 | %) | 6 | % | (3 | %) | (9 | %) |
| Acquisition/divestitures | 6 | % | 14 | % | 6 | % | 9 | % |
| Foreign currency | (1 | %) | 5 | % | 0 | % | 4 | % |
| Total | 3 | % | 25 | % | 3 | % | 4 | % |

Three months ended June 30, 2012 compared with three months ended June 30, 2011

Sales

Sales increased \$5 million, or 3%, from the comparable prior year period, driven by increases of 15% in the commercial markets, partially offset by a decrease in sales of 4% in the defense market. Acquisitions contributed \$11 million, or 6%, to current period sales, while the effects of foreign currency rate changes decreased sales by \$2 million, or 1%.

The increase in sales in the commercial market was primarily due to 24% growth in the commercial aerospace market as a result of increased sales of our flight control products on all major Boeing aircraft, as well as strong demand for sensor and control products serving the regional jet and commercial helicopter markets. To a lesser extent, the incremental effect of repairs and overhaul sales from our ACRA acquisition contributed favorably to the commercial

aerospace market.

In the defense market, the decrease in sales was primarily due to a decrease in the ground defense market, partially offset by an increase in sales in the aerospace defense market. The decrease in sales in the ground defense market was primarily due to lower production levels on the Abrams platform and lower comparable sales on various ground defense applications, slightly offset by higher sales of turret drive systems to international customers. The increase in sales in the aerospace defense market is primarily due to higher production on the Blackhawk as well as the incremental effects of our ACRA acquisition, somewhat offset by lower development work on the Global Hawk as the development phase for this program is winding down.

Page 28 of 37

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION and ANALYSIS of
FINANCIAL CONDITION and RESULTS OF OPERATIONS, continued

Operating income

Operating income increased \$5 million, or 25%, compared to the same period in 2011. Operating margin increased 230 basis points from the prior year period to 13%. Acquisitions and foreign currency translation had an incrementally positive effect on operating income in the current period quarter. Excluding these items, organic operating income improved 80 basis points to 11.5%, primarily due to our cost containment and restructuring efforts and higher sales volume of our flight control products.

We expect our restructuring activities to generate cost savings of approximately \$3 million during the second half of the year.

New orders

New orders increased \$22 million from the prior year quarter primarily due to increased orders of our sensors and controls products. Acquisitions contributed \$12 million of incremental new orders to the current period.

Six months ended June 30, 2012 compared with six months ended June 30, 2011

Sales

Sales increased \$10 million, or 3%, from the comparable prior year period, driven by increases in the commercial market of 16%, partially offset by a decline in sales in the defense market of 4%. Acquisitions contributed \$21 million, or 6%, to the increase in sales, while the effect of foreign currency translation decreased sales by \$2 million, or less than 1%.

The increase in sales in the commercial market was primarily due to 24% growth in the commercial aerospace market. Sales in the commercial aerospace market increased primarily due to higher sales of our flight control products on all major Boeing aircraft, as well as strong demand for sensor and control products serving the regional jet and commercial helicopter markets.

In the defense market, the decrease in sales was primarily due to lower sales in the ground defense and naval defense markets, slightly offset by higher sales in the aerospace defense market. Sales in the ground defense market were lower due to decreased production levels on the Abrams platform, completion of production on the TOW Improved Target Acquisition System, and lower comparable sales on several other platforms, partially offset by increased sales of turret drive systems to international customers. The decrease in sales in the naval defense market is primarily due to lower sales of various embedded computing products on naval applications. Growth in the aerospace defense market was primarily driven by higher sales of embedded computing products supporting the Black Hawk and other various helicopter programs. This performance was partially offset by the expected lower development work on the Global Hawk program as the development phase for this program is winding down, as well as lower production work on the V-22 Osprey program.

Operating income

Operating income increased \$1 million, or 4%, as compared to the same period in 2011, while operating margin was essentially flat at 10.5%. Acquisitions and foreign currency translation had a positive incremental impact on operating

income of \$3 million, or 9%, and \$2 million or 4%, respectively. Excluding the incremental effects of acquisitions and foreign currency, as well as the one-time restructuring charges, operating income and margin were essentially flat, as our cost containment efforts offset lower organic sales volume.

We expect our restructuring activities to generate cost savings of approximately \$3 million during the second half of the year.

New orders

New orders increased by \$3 million, as compared to the prior year period, primarily due to incremental orders from acquisitions of \$19 million, and increased orders of our sensors and controls products, offset by lower new orders of our embedded computing products on defense applications.

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION and ANALYSIS of
FINANCIAL CONDITION and RESULTS OF OPERATIONS, continued

Metal Treatment

The following tables summarize sales, operating income and margin, new orders, and certain items impacting comparability within the Metal Treatment segment.

(In thousands)

| | Three Months Ended | | | Six Months Ended | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|----------|-----------|------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | June 30, | | | June 30, | | |
| | 2012 | 2011 | % change | 2012 | 2011 | % change |
| Sales | \$70,643 | \$62,552 | 13 % | \$140,427 | \$116,563 | 20 % |
| Operating income | 5,937 | 7,644 | (22 %) | 15,793 | 15,209 | 4 % |
| Operating margin | 8.4 % | 12.2 % | (380) bps | 11.2 % | 13.0 % | (180) bps |
| Restructuring and impairment charges | 5,241 | - | NM | 5,241 | - | NM |
| New orders | \$71,664 | \$62,738 | 14 % | \$142,497 | \$118,308 | 20 % |

NM- not meaningful

Components of sales and operating income increase (decrease):

| | Three Months Ended | | Six Months Ended | |
|--------------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | June 30, | | June 30, | |
| | Sales | Operating Income | Sales | Operating Income |
| Organic | 8 % | (23 %) | 9 % | 1 % |
| Acquisition/divestitures | 7 % | 4 % | 14 % | 6 % |
| Foreign currency | (2 %) | (3 %) | (3 %) | (3 %) |
| Total | 13 % | (22 %) | 20 % | 4 % |

Three months ended June 30, 2012 compared with three months ended June 30, 2011

Sales

Sales increased \$8 million, or 13%, from the comparable prior year period, primarily due to increased demand across most of our major lines of business and markets, particularly for our shot peening services to commercial markets. The performance was led by growth within the general industrial, defense aerospace, and commercial aerospace markets, which grew 21%, 39%, and 8%, respectively. The incremental effects of our IMR acquisition contributed favorably to the general industrial market, while the results of our 2011 acquisition of BASF contributed favorably to our aerospace defense market. Growth in the commercial aerospace market was due to increased shot peening services for Boeing aircraft. Acquisitions contributed \$4 million, or 7%, growth to current period sales, while the effects of foreign currency translation decreased sales by \$2 million, or 2%.

Operating income

Operating income decreased \$2 million, or 22%, compared to the same period in 2011. Excluding the \$5 million of non-cash restructuring charges recorded in the current quarter, operating income increased \$4 million, to \$11 million, or 46%, as compared to the prior year quarter, while operating margin improved 360 basis points to 15.8%. The improvement was primarily driven by increased sales volume resulting in favorable absorption of fixed overhead costs, mainly in our shot peening business. Acquisitions and the effects of foreign currency translation had a minimal impact on current period operating income.

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION and ANALYSIS of
FINANCIAL CONDITION and RESULTS OF OPERATIONS, continued

New orders

The increase in new orders of \$9 million from the prior year quarter is primarily due to the incremental effect of acquisitions which contributed \$4 million and increased orders for shot peening services of \$3 million.

Six months ended June 30, 2012 compared with six months ended June 30, 2011

Sales

Sales increased \$24 million, or 20%, from the comparable prior year period, due to increased demand across all of our major lines of business and markets, particularly for our shot peening services to commercial markets. The performance was led by growth within the general industrial, commercial aerospace, and defense aerospace markets, which grew 20%, 16%, and 53%, respectively. Organic as well as incremental growth from our 2011 acquisition of BASF contributed favorably to our aerospace defense market, while increased shot peening services for Boeing aircraft generated growth in the commercial aerospace market. The incremental effects of our IMR acquisition contributed favorably to the general industrial market. Acquisitions contributed \$16 million, or 14%, of incremental sales to the current period, while the effects of foreign currency translation decreased sales by \$2 million, or 3%.

Operating income

Operating income increased \$1 million, or 4%, compared to the same period in 2011. Excluding the \$5 million of non-cash restructuring charges recorded in the current quarter, operating income increased \$6 million, to \$21 million, or 38%, as compared to the prior year quarter, while operating margin improved 200 basis points to 15%. The improvement was primarily driven by increased sales volume resulting in favorable absorption of fixed overhead costs, mainly in our shot peening business. Acquisitions contributed \$1 million, or 6%, of incremental operating income to the current period, while the effects of foreign currency translation decreased sales by less than \$1 million, or 3%.

New orders

The increase in new orders of \$24 million as compared to the prior year period is primarily due to the incremental effects of acquisitions of \$16 million, as well as increased orders for coating services.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Sources and Use of Cash

We derive the majority of our operating cash inflow from receipts on the sale of goods and services and cash outflow for the procurement of materials and labor; cash flow is therefore subject to market fluctuations and conditions. A substantial portion of our business is in the defense sector, which is characterized by long-term contracts. Most of our long-term contracts allow for several billing points (progress or milestone) that provide us with cash receipts as costs are incurred throughout the project rather than upon contract completion, thereby reducing working capital requirements. In some cases, these payments can exceed the costs incurred on a project.

Operating Activities

| | June 30, 2012 | December 31, 2011 |
|--|------------------|----------------------|
| Working Capital | \$743,372 | \$661,750 |
| Ratio of Current Assets to Current Liabilities | 2.6 to 1 | 2.3 to 1 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$213,081 | \$194,387 |
| Days Sales Outstanding | 55 days | 54 days |
| Inventory Turns | 4.2 | 4.6 |

Cash provided by operating activities increased \$3 million to \$18 million during the first six months of 2012, compared with \$15 million in the prior year period. The increase in cash provided by operating activities is primarily due to improved collections, largely offset by the timing of vendor payments. During the first six months of 2012, we contributed \$17 million to the Curtiss-Wright Pension Plan and expect to make additional contributions of \$31 million during the remainder of 2012.

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION and ANALYSIS of
FINANCIAL CONDITION and RESULTS OF OPERATIONS, continued

Investing Activities

Net cash provided by investing activities for the first six months of 2012 was \$2 million, compared with \$91 million of cash used in the prior year period. The increase in cash provided by investing activities is primarily due to the proceeds received from the sale of the Heat Treating business as well as a decrease in acquisitions during the current year-to-date period as compared to the prior year period. Capital expenditures were \$41 million in the first six months of 2012, an increase of \$3 million from the prior year period. We expect to make additional capital expenditures of \$40 to \$50 million during the remainder of 2012.

Financing Activities

During the first six months of 2012, we did not draw down on our available credit under the 2007 Senior Unsecured Revolving Credit Agreement ("Credit Agreement"). The unused credit available under the Credit Agreement at June 30, 2012 was \$373 million.

The loans outstanding under the 2003, 2005, and 2011 Senior Notes, Credit Agreement, and Industrial Revenue Bonds had fixed and variable interest rates averaging 4% during the second quarter and first six months of 2012. As of the date of this report, we were in compliance with all debt covenants.

During the second quarter of 2012, the Corporation increased its dividend to nine cents a share, a 12.5% increase over the prior year dividend. In addition, the Corporation used \$5 million of cash to repurchase its stock at an average purchase price of \$31.85 per share.

We are currently negotiating with a syndicate of banks, led by Bank of America N.A., Wells Fargo, N.A, and JP Morgan Chase Bank, N.A., a renewal of our revolving credit facility, which is due to expire on August 10, 2012. We anticipate renewing the credit facility on or before the expiration of our current credit facility. As of June 30, 2012, we had no outstanding borrowings under the existing credit facility and expect the terms and borrowing capacity of the renewal to be similar to the existing credit agreement.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Our condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Preparation of these statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses. These estimates and assumptions are affected by the application of our accounting policies. Critical accounting policies are those that require application of management's most difficult, subjective, or complex judgments, often as a result of the need to make estimates about the effects of matters that are inherently uncertain and may change in subsequent periods. A summary of significant accounting policies and a description of accounting policies that are considered critical may be found in our 2011 Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission on February 24, 2012, in the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements, Note 1, and the Critical Accounting Policies section of Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

The following is the critical accounting policy for goodwill reflecting the interim impairment test performed in the second quarter of 2012. As of the date of this report, the Corporation does not believe there are any other material

changes in the nature or categories of the critical accounting policies or estimates and assumptions from those discussed in the Corporation's 2011 Annual Report.

Goodwill

The recoverability of goodwill is subject to an annual impairment test based on the estimated fair value of the underlying businesses. Determining the fair value of a reporting unit is judgmental in nature and involves the use of significant estimates and assumptions that we believe are reasonable but inherently uncertain. Actual results may differ from those estimates. To calculate the fair value of a reporting unit, we consider both comparative market multiples as well as estimated discounted cash flows for the reporting unit. The significant estimates and assumptions include, but are not limited to, revenue growth rates, operating margins and future economic and market conditions. The discount rates are based upon the reporting unit's weighted average cost of capital. The test is performed in the fourth quarter, which coincides with the completion of our five-year strategic operating plan. Additionally, goodwill is tested for impairment when an event occurs or if circumstances change that could more likely than not reduce the fair value of a reporting unit below its carrying amount.

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION and ANALYSIS of
FINANCIAL CONDITION and RESULTS OF OPERATIONS, continued

During the second quarter of 2012, the Corporation performed an interim goodwill impairment test for our oil and gas reporting unit, within our Flow Control segment, as a result of on-going customer delays of international capital expenditures. Based on the interim impairment analysis, we determined that our oil and gas reporting unit's estimated fair value was not substantially in excess of its carrying amount. The amount of goodwill for our oil and gas reporting unit amounted to \$105 million at June 30, 2012. While we determined that there was no goodwill impairment of the oil and gas reporting unit as of June 30, 2012, the future occurrence of a potential indicator of impairment, such as a significant adverse change in business climate, a material negative change in relationships with the reporting unit's significant customers, a significant decline or delay in capital projects, loss of key personnel, unanticipated competition, or an adverse action or assessment by a regulator, would require an interim assessment prior to the next required annual assessment as of October 31, 2012. If management determines that impairment exists, the impairment will be recognized in the period in which it is identified. We will continue to monitor the performance of this reporting unit in relation to the key assumptions in our analysis.

CURTISS WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES

Item 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

There have been no material changes in our market risk during the six months ended June 30, 2012. Information regarding market risk and market risk management policies is more fully described in item “7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk” of our 2011 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Item 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

As of June 30, 2012, our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, conducted an evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures, as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”). Based on such evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective as of June 30, 2012 insofar as they are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the Commission’s rules and forms, and they include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports we file or submit under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

There have not been any changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the quarter ended June 30, 2012 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

CURTISS WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES

PART II- OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

In the ordinary course of business, we and our subsidiaries are subject to various pending claims, lawsuits, and contingent liabilities. We do not believe that the disposition of any of these matters, individually or in the aggregate, will have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position or results of operations.

We or our subsidiaries have been named in a number of lawsuits that allege injury from exposure to asbestos. To date, neither us nor our subsidiaries have been found liable for or paid any material sum of money in settlement in any case. We believe that the minimal use of asbestos in our past and current operations and the relatively non-friable condition of asbestos in our products makes it unlikely that we will face material liability in any asbestos litigation, whether individually or in the aggregate. We do maintain insurance coverage for these potential liabilities and we believe adequate coverage exists to cover any unanticipated asbestos liability.

Item 1A. RISK FACTORS

There has been no material changes in our Risk Factors during the six months ended June 30, 2012. Information regarding our Risk Factors is more fully described in Item “1A. Risk Factors” of our 2011 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Item 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS.

The following table provides information about our repurchase of equity securities that are registered by us pursuant to Section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, during the quarter ended June 30, 2012.

| | Total Number of shares purchased | Average Price Paid per Share | Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of a Publicly Announced Program | Maximum Number of Shares that may yet be Purchased Under the Program |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|---|
| April 1-April 30 | - | \$ - | - | 3,458,200 |
| May 1- May 31 | 156,200 | 31.85 | 417,203 | 3,040,997 |
| June - June 30 | - | - | - | 3,040,997 |
| For the quarter ended | 156,200 | \$ 31.85 | 417,203 | 3,040,997 |

We repurchase shares under a program announced on September 28, 2011, which authorizes the Corporation to repurchase up to 3,000,000 shares of our common stock, in addition to approximately 690,000 shares remaining under a previously authorized share repurchase program, and is subject to a \$100 million repurchase limitation. Under the current program, shares may be purchased on the open market, in privately negotiated transactions and under plans complying with Rules 10b5-1 and 10b-18 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

Item 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

Item 5. OTHER INFORMATION

There have been no material changes in our procedures by which our security holders may recommend nominees to our board of directors during the six months ended June 30, 2012. Information regarding security holder recommendations and nominations for directors is more fully described in the section entitled "Stockholder Recommendations and Nominations for Director" of our 2012 Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A, which is incorporated by reference to our 2011 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

CURTISS WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES

Item 6. EXHIBITS

| Exhibit No. | Exhibit Description | Incorporated by Reference | | Filed Herewith |
|-------------|---|---------------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| | | Form | Filing Date | |
| 3.1 | Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Registrant | 8-A/A | May 24, 2005 | |
| 3.2 | Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Registrant | 8-K | March 23, 2012 | |
| 31.1 | Certification of Martin R. Benante, Chairman and CEO, Pursuant to Rules 13a – 14(a) and 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended | | | X |
| 31.2 | Certification of Glenn E. Tynan, Chief Financial Officer, Pursuant to Rules 13a – 14(a) and 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended | | | X |
| 32 | Certification of Martin R. Benante, Chairman and CEO, and Glenn E. Tynan, Chief Financial Officer, Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 | | | X |
| 101.INS | XBRL Instance Document | | | X |
| 101.SCH | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document | | | X |
| 101.CAL | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document | | | X |
| 101.DEF | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document | | | X |
| 101.LAB | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document | | | X |
| 101.PRE | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document | | | X |

CURTISS WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION
(Registrant)

By: /s/ Glenn E. Tynan
Glenn E. Tynan
Vice President Finance / C.F.O.
Dated: August 3, 2012

Page 37 of 37