

STARBUCKS CORP
Form 10-Q
January 29, 2013
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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, DC 20549
FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Quarterly Period Ended December 30, 2012

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____.

Commission File Number: 0-20322

Starbucks Corporation

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Washington

91-1325671

(State or Other Jurisdiction of

(IRS Employer

Incorporation or Organization)

Identification No.)

2401 Utah Avenue South, Seattle, Washington 98134

(Address of principal executive offices)

(206) 447-1575

(Registrant's Telephone Number, including Area Code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act):

Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

| Title | Shares Outstanding as of January 23, 2013 |
|---|---|
| Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share | 749.3 million |

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STARBUCKS CORPORATION

FORM 10-Q

For the Quarterly Period Ended December 30, 2012

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PART I — FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

STARBUCKS CORPORATION

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS

(in millions, except per share data)

(unaudited)

| | Quarter Ended | | |
|--|-----------------|----------------|---|
| | Dec 30, 2012 | Jan 1, 2012 | |
| Net revenues: | | | |
| Company-operated stores | \$2,989.6 | \$2,731.8 | |
| Licensed stores | 350.2 | 306.6 | |
| CPG, foodservice and other | 459.8 | 397.5 | |
| Total net revenues | 3,799.6 | 3,435.9 | |
| Cost of sales including occupancy costs | 1,620.7 | 1,496.1 | |
| Store operating expenses | 1,089.5 | 995.7 | |
| Other operating expenses | 132.5 | 106.7 | |
| Depreciation and amortization expenses | 148.9 | 134.8 | |
| General and administrative expenses | 231.9 | 191.5 | |
| Total operating expenses | 3,223.5 | 2,924.8 | |
| Income from equity investees | 54.5 | 44.9 | |
| Operating income | 630.6 | 556.0 | |
| Interest income and other, net | (2.9 |) 23.2 | |
| Interest expense | (6.6 |) (8.6 |) |
| Earnings before income taxes | 621.1 | 570.6 | |
| Income taxes | 188.7 | 188.4 | |
| Net earnings including noncontrolling interests | 432.4 | 382.2 | |
| Net earnings attributable to noncontrolling interests | 0.2 | 0.1 | |
| Net earnings attributable to Starbucks | \$432.2 | \$382.1 | |
| Earnings per share - basic | \$0.58 | \$0.51 | |
| Earnings per share - diluted | \$0.57 | \$0.50 | |
| Weighted average shares outstanding: | | | |
| Basic | 746.1 | 747.9 | |
| Diluted | 761.3 | 768.5 | |
| Cash dividends declared per share | \$0.21 | \$0.17 | |
| See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | | | |

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STARBUCKS CORPORATION
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
 (in millions, unaudited)

| | Quarter Ended | |
|--|-----------------|----------------|
| | Dec 30, 2012 | Jan 1, 2012 |
| Net earnings including noncontrolling interests | \$432.4 | \$382.2 |
| Other comprehensive loss, net of tax: | | |
| Unrealized holding losses | (7.2 |) (0.7 |
| Reclassification adjustment for net losses realized in net earnings for cash flow hedges | 5.2 | 2.0 |
| Translation adjustment | (8.8 |) (5.5 |
| Other comprehensive loss | (10.8 |) (4.2 |
| Comprehensive income including noncontrolling interests | 421.6 | 378.0 |
| Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests | 0.2 | 0.1 |
| Comprehensive income attributable to Starbucks | \$421.4 | \$377.9 |

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

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STARBUCKS CORPORATION
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
 (in millions, except per share data)
 (unaudited)

| | Dec 30, 2012 | Sep 30, 2012 |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| ASSETS | | |
| Current assets: | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$1,852.1 | \$1,188.6 |
| Short-term investments | 607.6 | 848.4 |
| Accounts receivable, net | 469.2 | 485.9 |
| Inventories | 1,093.2 | 1,241.5 |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets | 178.3 | 196.5 |
| Deferred income taxes, net | 215.6 | 238.7 |
| Total current assets | 4,416.0 | 4,199.6 |
| Long-term investments | 80.0 | 116.0 |
| Equity and cost investments | 454.3 | 459.9 |
| Property, plant and equipment, net | 2,711.1 | 2,658.9 |
| Other assets | 428.5 | 385.7 |
| Goodwill | 400.2 | 399.1 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$8,490.1 | \$8,219.2 |
| LIABILITIES AND EQUITY | | |
| Current liabilities: | | |
| Accounts payable | \$380.8 | \$398.1 |
| Accrued liabilities | 1,055.5 | 1,133.8 |
| Insurance reserves | 169.1 | 167.7 |
| Deferred revenue | 785.5 | 510.2 |
| Total current liabilities | 2,390.9 | 2,209.8 |
| Long-term debt | 549.6 | 549.6 |
| Other long-term liabilities | 374.6 | 345.3 |
| Total liabilities | 3,315.1 | 3,104.7 |
| Shareholders' equity: | | |
| Common stock (\$0.001 par value) — authorized, 1,200.0 shares; issued and outstanding, 748.9 shares and 749.3 shares (includes 3.4 common stock units), respectively | 0.7 | 0.7 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 39.4 | 39.4 |
| Retained earnings | 5,117.3 | 5,046.2 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income | 11.9 | 22.7 |
| Total shareholders' equity | 5,169.3 | 5,109.0 |
| Noncontrolling interests | 5.7 | 5.5 |
| Total equity | 5,175.0 | 5,114.5 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY | \$8,490.1 | \$8,219.2 |
| See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | | |

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STARBUCKS CORPORATION
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
 (in millions, unaudited)

| | Quarter Ended | |
|---|-----------------|----------------|
| | Dec 30, 2012 | Jan 1, 2012 |
| OPERATING ACTIVITIES: | | |
| Net earnings including noncontrolling interests | \$432.4 | \$382.2 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to net cash provided by operating activities: | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 156.8 | 143.6 |
| Deferred income taxes, net | 16.7 | 30.0 |
| Income earned from equity method investees, net of distributions | (12.6 |) (7.8 |
| Stock-based compensation | 37.4 | 39.8 |
| Other | 5.6 | (1.7 |
| Cash provided/(used) by changes in operating assets and liabilities: | | |
| Inventories | 150.1 | (157.7 |
| Accounts payable | (9.6 |) (178.2 |
| Accrued liabilities and insurance reserves | (30.7 |) 56.0 |
| Deferred revenue | 275.3 | 224.3 |
| Prepaid expenses, other current assets and other assets | 45.9 | (64.2 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 1,067.3 | 466.3 |
| INVESTING ACTIVITIES: | | |
| Purchase of investments | (11.6 |) (622.1 |
| Maturities and calls of investments | 287.9 | 780.8 |
| Acquisitions, net of cash acquired | — | (29.7 |
| Additions to property, plant and equipment, net | (242.3 |) (153.5 |
| Other | (5.3 |) 4.8 |
| Net cash provided/(used) by investing activities | 28.7 | (19.7 |
| FINANCING ACTIVITIES: | | |
| Proceeds from issuance of common stock | 98.3 | 93.7 |
| Excess tax benefit from exercise of stock options | 167.5 | 76.0 |
| Cash dividends paid | (156.1 |) (126.8 |
| Repurchase of common stock | (424.8 |) (15.7 |
| Minimum tax withholdings on share-based awards | (118.9 |) (53.7 |
| Other | — | (0.1 |
| Net cash used by financing activities | (434.0 |) (26.6 |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | 663.5 | 421.5 |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS: | | |
| Beginning of period | 1,188.6 | 1,148.1 |
| End of period | \$1,852.1 | \$1,569.6 |
| SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION: | | |
| Cash paid during the period for: | | |
| Interest, net of capitalized interest | \$— | \$— |
| Income taxes | \$26.3 | \$45.5 |

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

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STARBUCKS CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(unaudited)

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Financial Statement Preparation

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements as of December 30, 2012, and for the quarters ended December 30, 2012 and January 1, 2012, have been prepared by Starbucks Corporation under the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”). In the opinion of management, the financial information for the quarters ended December 30, 2012 and January 1, 2012 reflects all adjustments and accruals, which are of a normal recurring nature, necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the interim periods. In this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (“10-Q”) Starbucks Corporation is referred to as “Starbucks,” the “Company,” “we,” “us” or “our”.

The financial information as of September 30, 2012 is derived from our audited consolidated financial statements and notes for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012 (“fiscal 2012”), included in Item 8 in the Fiscal 2012 Annual Report on Form 10-K (the “10-K”). The information included in this 10-Q should be read in conjunction with the footnotes and management’s discussion and analysis of the financial statements in the 10-K. In the first quarter of fiscal 2013 we changed the allocation of certain general and administrative costs between our segments. See further discussion and the impact of these changes in Note 10 of this 10-Q.

The results of operations for the quarter ended December 30, 2012 are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations that may be achieved for the entire fiscal year ending September 29, 2013 (“fiscal 2013”).

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In July 2012, the FASB issued guidance that revises the requirements around how entities test indefinite-lived intangible assets, other than goodwill, for impairment. The guidance allows companies to perform a qualitative assessment before calculating the fair value of the reporting unit. If entities determine, on the basis of qualitative factors, that the fair value of the indefinite-lived intangible asset is more likely than not greater than the carrying amount, a quantitative calculation would not be needed. The guidance became effective for us at the beginning of our first quarter of fiscal 2013. The adoption of this guidance does not have a material impact on our financial statements. In June 2011, the FASB issued guidance that revises the manner in which entities present comprehensive income in their financial statements. The guidance requires entities to report the components of comprehensive income in either a single, continuous statement or two separate but consecutive statements. The guidance became effective for us at the beginning of our first quarter of fiscal 2013. In adopting this guidance, we added the consolidated statements of comprehensive income following our consolidated statements of earnings.

Note 2: Derivative Financial Instruments

Foreign Currency

We enter into forward and swap contracts to hedge portions of cash flows of anticipated revenue streams and inventory purchases in currencies other than the entity's functional currency. Net derivative gains from these cash flow hedges of \$0.5 million and net derivative losses of \$2.9 million, net of taxes, were included in accumulated other comprehensive income as of December 30, 2012 and September 30, 2012, respectively. Of the net derivative gains accumulated as of December 30, 2012, \$0.5 million pertains to derivative instruments that will be dedesignated as cash flow hedges within 12 months and will also continue to experience fair value changes before affecting earnings. Outstanding contracts will expire within 9 months.

We also enter into net investment derivative instruments to hedge our equity method investment in Starbucks Coffee Japan, Ltd., to minimize foreign currency exposure. Net derivative losses from net investment hedges of \$24.3 million and \$33.6 million, net of taxes, were included in accumulated other comprehensive income as of December 30, 2012 and September 30, 2012, respectively. Outstanding contracts will expire within 26 months.

In addition to the hedging instruments above, to mitigate the translation risk of certain balance sheet items, we enter into foreign currency swap contracts that are not designated as hedging instruments. These contracts are recorded at fair value, with the changes in fair value recognized in net interest income and other on the consolidated statements of

earnings. Gains and losses from these instruments are largely offset by the financial impact of translating foreign currency denominated payables and receivables, which is also recognized in net interest income and other.

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Coffee

Depending on market conditions, we also enter into futures contracts to hedge a portion of anticipated cash flows under our price-to-be-fixed green coffee contracts, which are described further in Note 4. Net derivative losses of \$47.6 million and \$32.9 million, net of taxes, were included in accumulated other comprehensive income as of December 30, 2012 and September 30, 2012, respectively, related to coffee hedges. Of the net derivative losses accumulated as of December 30, 2012, \$43.9 million pertains to derivative instruments that will be redesignated as cash flow hedges within 12 months and will also continue to experience fair value changes before affecting earnings. Outstanding contracts will expire within 15 months.

Dairy

To mitigate the price uncertainty of a portion of our future purchases of dairy products, we enter into futures contracts that are not designated as hedging instruments. These contracts are recorded at fair value, with the changes in fair value recognized in net interest income and other. Gains and losses from these instruments are largely offset by price fluctuations on our dairy purchases which are included in cost of sales.

Diesel Fuel

To mitigate the price uncertainty of a portion of our future purchases of diesel fuel, we enter into swap contracts that are not designated as hedging instruments. These contracts are recorded at fair value, with the changes in fair value recognized in net interest income and other. Gains and losses from these instruments are largely offset by the financial impact of diesel fuel fluctuations on our shipping costs which are included in operating expenses.

The following table presents the pretax effect of derivative contracts designated as hedging instruments on earnings and other comprehensive income ("OCI") for the quarters ended (in millions):

| Quarter Ended: | Foreign Currency | | Coffee | |
|------------------------------------|------------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------|
| | Dec 30, 2012 | Jan 1, 2012 | Dec 30, 2012 | Jan 1, 2012 |
| Cash Flow Hedges: | | | | |
| Gain/(Loss) recognized in earnings | \$ (0.6 |) \$ (3.1 |) \$ (5.2 |) \$ — |
| Gain/(Loss) recognized in OCI | \$ 4.6 | \$ (2.1 |) \$ (21.5 |) \$ 0.9 |
| Net Investment Hedges: | | | | |
| Gain/(Loss) recognized in earnings | \$ — | \$ — | | |
| Gain/(Loss) recognized in OCI | \$ 14.7 | \$ — | | |

The amounts shown in the above table as recognized in earnings for foreign currency and coffee hedges represent the realized gains/(losses) reclassified from OCI to net earnings during the year. The amounts shown as recognized in OCI are prior to these reclassifications.

The following table presents the pretax effect of derivative contracts not designated as hedging instruments on earnings for the quarters ended (in millions):

| | Foreign Currency | | Coffee | | Dairy | | Diesel Fuel | | |
|--|------------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|---|
| | Dec 30, 2012 | Jan 1, 2012 | Dec 30, 2012 | Jan 1, 2012 | Dec 30, 2012 | Jan 1, 2012 | Dec 30, 2012 | Jan 1, 2012 | |
| Gain/(Loss) recognized in earnings for the quarter ended | \$ (1.1 |) \$ 1.1 | \$ (2.7 |) \$ 6.3 | \$ (1.5 |) \$ 2.4 | \$ — | \$ (0.1 |) |

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Notional amounts of outstanding derivative contracts (in millions):

| | Dec 30, 2012 | Sep 30, 2012 |
|------------------|-----------------|--------------|
| Foreign currency | \$ 328 | \$ 383 |
| Coffee | 111 | 125 |
| Dairy | 60 | 72 |
| Diesel fuel | 15 | 24 |

Note 3: Fair Value Measurements

Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis (in millions):

| | Balance at December 30, 2012 | Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) | Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) | Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|---|--|
| Assets: | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 1,852.1 | \$ 1,852.1 | \$ — | \$ — |
| Short-term investments: | | | | |
| Available-for-sale securities | | | | |
| Agency obligations | 40.0 | — | 40.0 | — |
| Commercial paper | 53.9 | — | 53.9 | — |
| Corporate debt securities | 92.4 | — | 92.4 | — |
| Government treasury securities | 319.9 | 319.9 | — | — |
| Certificates of deposit | 43.6 | — | 43.6 | — |
| Total available-for-sale securities | 549.8 | 319.9 | 229.9 | — |
| Trading securities | 57.8 | 57.8 | — | — |
| Total short-term investments | 607.6 | 377.7 | 229.9 | — |
| Long-term investments: | | | | |
| Available-for-sale securities | | | | |
| Agency obligations | 14.0 | — | 14.0 | — |
| Corporate debt securities | 47.7 | — | 47.7 | — |
| Auction rate securities | 13.8 | — | — | 13.8 |
| Certificates of deposit | 4.5 | — | 4.5 | — |
| Total long-term investments | 80.0 | — | 66.2 | 13.8 |
| Total | \$ 2,539.7 | \$ 2,229.8 | \$ 296.1 | \$ 13.8 |
| Liabilities: | | | | |
| Short-term derivatives: | | | | |
| Foreign Currency | \$ 2.0 | \$ — | \$ 2.0 | \$ — |
| Coffee | 31.1 | — | 31.1 | — |
| Total short-term derivatives | 33.1 | — | 33.1 | — |
| Total | \$ 33.1 | \$ — | \$ 33.1 | \$ — |

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| | Balance at September 30, 2012 | Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) | Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) | Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|---|--|
| Assets: | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$1,188.6 | \$ 1,188.6 | \$ — | \$ — |
| Short-term investments: | | | | |
| Available-for-sale securities | | | | |
| Agency obligations | 80.0 | — | 80.0 | — |
| Commercial paper | 103.9 | — | 103.9 | — |
| Corporate debt securities | 84.3 | — | 84.3 | — |
| Government treasury securities | 459.7 | 459.7 | — | — |
| Certificates of deposit | 62.9 | — | 62.9 | — |
| Total available-for-sale securities | 790.8 | 459.7 | 331.1 | — |
| Trading securities | 57.6 | 57.6 | — | — |
| Total short-term investments | 848.4 | 517.3 | 331.1 | — |
| Long-term investments: | | | | |
| Available-for-sale securities | | | | |
| Agency Obligations | 14.0 | — | 14.0 | — |
| Corporate debt securities | 61.3 | — | 61.3 | — |
| Auction rate securities | 18.6 | — | — | 18.6 |
| Certificates of deposit | 22.1 | — | 22.1 | — |
| Total long-term investments | 116.0 | — | 97.4 | 18.6 |
| Total | \$2,153.0 | \$ 1,705.9 | \$ 428.5 | \$ 18.6 |
| Liabilities: | | | | |
| Short-term derivatives: | | | | |
| Foreign Currency | \$10.1 | \$ — | \$ 10.1 | \$ — |
| Coffee | 8.8 | — | 8.8 | — |
| Total short-term derivatives | 18.9 | — | 18.9 | — |
| Long-term derivatives: | | | | |
| Foreign Currency | 3.0 | — | 3.0 | — |
| Total long-term derivatives | 3.0 | — | 3.0 | — |
| Total | \$21.9 | \$ — | \$ 21.9 | \$ — |

Short-term and long-term derivatives are included in other accrued liabilities and other long-term liabilities, respectively.

Gross unrealized holding gains and losses were not material as of December 30, 2012 and September 30, 2012.

Changes in Level 3 Instruments Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

Financial instruments measured using Level 3 inputs described above are comprised entirely of our auction rate securities (“ARS”). In the first quarter of fiscal 2013, \$5.0 million of our ARS were called at par.

Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Nonrecurring Basis

Assets and liabilities recognized or disclosed at fair value in the financial statements on a nonrecurring basis include items such as property, plant and equipment, goodwill and other intangible assets, equity and cost method investments, and other assets. These assets are measured at fair value if determined to be impaired.

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During the quarters ended December 30, 2012 and January 1, 2012, we recognized fair market value adjustments with a charge to earnings for these assets as follows (in millions):

| | Quarter Ended December 30, 2012 | | |
|--|----------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|
| | Carrying Value before adjustment | Fair value adjustment | Carrying value after adjustment |
| Property, plant and equipment ⁽¹⁾ | \$1.2 | \$(0.6 |) \$0.6 |
| | | | |
| | Quarter Ended January 1, 2012 | | |
| | Carrying Value before adjustment | Fair value adjustment | Carrying value after adjustment |
| Property, plant and equipment ⁽¹⁾ | \$0.5 | \$(0.3 |) \$0.2 |

These assets primarily consist of leasehold improvements in underperforming stores. The fair value was (1)determined using a discounted cash flow model based on expected future store revenues and operating costs, using internal projections. The resulting impairment charge was included in store operating expenses.

Fair Value of Other Financial Instruments

The estimated fair value of the \$550 million of 6.25% Senior Notes based on the quoted market price (Level 2) was approximately \$661 million and \$674 million as of December 30, 2012 and September 30, 2012, respectively.

Note 4: Inventories

| (in millions) | Dec 30, 2012 | Sep 30, 2012 | Jan 1, 2012 |
|---------------------------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|
| Coffee: | | | |
| Unroasted | \$619.0 | \$711.3 | \$671.9 |
| Roasted | 196.6 | 222.2 | 199.2 |
| Other merchandise held for sale | 161.3 | 181.6 | 133.2 |
| Packaging and other supplies | 116.3 | 126.4 | 119.7 |
| Total | \$1,093.2 | \$1,241.5 | \$1,124.0 |

Other merchandise held for sale includes, among other items, serveware and tea. Inventory levels vary due to seasonality, commodity market supply and price fluctuations.

As of December 30, 2012, we had committed to purchasing green coffee totaling \$476 million under fixed-price contracts and an estimated \$502 million under price-to-be-fixed contracts. As of December 30, 2012, approximately \$111 million of our price-to-be-fixed contracts were effectively fixed through the use of futures contracts.

Price-to-be-fixed contracts are purchase commitments whereby the quality, quantity, delivery period, and other negotiated terms are agreed upon, but the date, and therefore the price, at which the base "C" coffee commodity price component will be fixed has not yet been established. For these types of contracts, either Starbucks or the seller has the option to "fix" the base "C" coffee commodity price prior to the delivery date. Until prices are fixed, we estimate the total cost of these purchase commitments. We believe, based on relationships established with our suppliers in the past, the risk of non-delivery on these purchase commitments is remote.

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Note 5: Supplemental Balance Sheet Information (in millions)

| | | |
|--|--------------|--------------|
| Property, Plant and Equipment, net | Dec 30, 2012 | Sep 30, 2012 |
| Land | \$44.0 | \$46.2 |
| Buildings | 225.9 | 225.2 |
| Leasehold improvements | 4,033.0 | 3,957.6 |
| Store equipment | 1,246.9 | 1,251.0 |
| Roasting equipment | 343.2 | 322.8 |
| Furniture, fixtures and other | 860.0 | 836.2 |
| Work in progress | 300.0 | 264.1 |
| Property, plant and equipment, gross | 7,053.0 | 6,903.1 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | (4,341.9) | (4,244.2) |
| Property, plant and equipment, net | \$2,711.1 | \$2,658.9 |
| Other Assets | Dec 30, 2012 | Sep 30, 2012 |
| Long-term deferred tax asset | \$98.2 | \$97.3 |
| Other intangible assets | 146.6 | 143.7 |
| Other | 183.7 | 144.7 |
| Total other assets | \$428.5 | \$385.7 |
| Accrued Liabilities | Dec 30, 2012 | Sep 30, 2012 |
| Accrued compensation and related costs | \$323.8 | \$381.6 |
| Accrued occupancy costs | 123.2 | 126.9 |
| Accrued taxes | 114.3 | 138.3 |
| Accrued dividend payable | 157.3 | 157.4 |
| Other | 336.9 | 329.6 |
| Total accrued liabilities | \$1,055.5 | \$1,133.8 |
| Other Long-Term Liabilities | Dec 30, 2012 | Sep 30, 2012 |
| Deferred rent | \$202.9 | \$201.9 |
| Unrecognized tax benefits | 84.2 | 78.4 |
| Asset retirement obligations | 43.7 | 42.6 |
| Other | 43.8 | 22.4 |
| Total other long-term liabilities | \$374.6 | \$345.3 |

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Note 6: Equity

Changes in total equity (in millions):

| | Quarter Ended | |
|--|---------------|-------------|
| | Dec 30, 2012 | Jan 1, 2012 |
| Beginning balance of total equity | \$5,114.5 | \$4,387.3 |
| Net earnings including noncontrolling interest | 432.4 | 382.2 |
| Other comprehensive loss | (10.8 |) (4.2 |
| Stock-based compensation expense | 37.9 | 40.4 |
| Exercise of stock options | 144.6 | 109.0 |
| Sale of common stock | 5.0 | 4.6 |
| Repurchase of common stock | (392.7 |) (15.7 |
| Cash dividends declared | (155.9 |) (128.3 |
| Ending balance of total equity | \$5,175.0 | \$4,775.3 |

Components of accumulated other comprehensive income, net of tax (in millions):

| | Dec 30, 2012 | Sep 30, 2012 |
|--|--------------|--------------|
| Net unrealized gains / (losses) on available-for-sale securities | \$(0.2 |) \$(0.1 |
| Net unrealized gains / (losses) on hedging instruments | (74.0 |) (72.1 |
| Translation adjustment | 86.1 | 94.9 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income | \$11.9 | \$22.7 |

In addition to 1.2 billion shares of authorized common stock with \$0.001 par value per share, the Company has authorized \$7.5 million shares of preferred stock, none of which was outstanding as of December 30, 2012.

Share repurchase activity (in millions, except for average price data):

| | Quarter Ended | |
|--|---------------|-------------|
| | Dec 30, 2012 | Jan 1, 2012 |
| Number of shares acquired | 8.0 | 0.4 |
| Average price per share of acquired shares | \$48.88 | \$36.49 |
| Total cost of acquired shares | \$392.7 | \$15.7 |

As of December 30, 2012, 29.1 million shares remained available for repurchase under the current authorizations.

During the first quarter of fiscal 2013, Starbucks Board of Directors declared a quarterly cash dividend to shareholders of \$0.21 per share to be paid on February 22, 2013 to shareholders of record as of the close of business on February 7, 2013.

Note 7: Employee Stock Plans

As of December 30, 2012, there were 16.4 million shares of common stock available for issuance pursuant to future equity-based compensation awards and 8.0 million shares available for issuance under our ESPP.

Pursuant to the 1997 Deferred Stock Plan, in September 1997 our chairman, president and ceo elected to defer receipt of approximately 3.4 million shares of common stock (as adjusted for stock splits since 1997). In November 2006, he re-deferred receipt of the shares until December 21, 2012 (or earlier if his employment with Starbucks terminated before such date). On December 21, 2012, the deferral period ended and pursuant to the terms of the 1997 Deferred Stock Plan, we issued approximately 2.2 million shares of common stock to him and withheld approximately 1.2 million shares to satisfy tax withholdings.

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Stock-based compensation expense recognized in the consolidated statements of earnings (in millions):

| | Quarter Ended | |
|---------------------------------|---------------|-------------|
| | Dec 30, 2012 | Jan 1, 2012 |
| Options | \$11.9 | \$14.1 |
| Restricted Stock Units ("RSUs") | 25.5 | 25.7 |
| Total stock-based compensation | \$37.4 | \$39.8 |

Value of awards granted and exercised during the period:

| | Quarter Ended | |
|---|---------------|-------------|
| | Dec 30, 2012 | Jan 1, 2012 |
| Estimated fair value per option granted | \$12.71 | \$12.73 |
| Weighted average option grant price | \$49.76 | \$43.59 |
| Weighted average price per option exercised | \$14.56 | \$16.01 |
| Weighted average RSU grant price | \$49.62 | \$43.66 |

Stock option and RSU transactions from September 30, 2012 through December 30, 2012 (in millions):

| | Stock Option | RSUs |
|--|--------------|---------|
| Options outstanding/Nonvested RSUs, September 30, 2012 | 33.1 | 7.3 |
| Granted | 3.1 | 3.0 |
| Options exercised/RSUs vested | (6.4 |) (3.3 |
| Forfeited/expired | (0.5 |) (0.3 |
| Options outstanding/Nonvested RSUs, December 30, 2012 | 29.3 | 6.7 |
| Total unrecognized stock-based compensation expense, net of estimated forfeitures, as of December 30, 2012 | \$54.3 | \$153.9 |

Note 8: Earnings Per Share

Calculation of net earnings per common share ("EPS") — basic and diluted (in millions, except EPS):

| | Quarter Ended | |
|--|---------------|-------------|
| | Dec 30, 2012 | Jan 1, 2012 |
| Net earnings attributable to Starbucks | \$432.2 | \$382.1 |
| Weighted average common shares and common stock units outstanding (for basic calculation) | 746.1 | 747.9 |
| Dilutive effect of outstanding common stock options and RSUs | 15.2 | 20.6 |
| Weighted average common and common equivalent shares outstanding (for diluted calculation) | 761.3 | 768.5 |
| EPS — basic | \$0.58 | \$0.51 |
| EPS — diluted | \$0.57 | \$0.50 |

Potential dilutive shares consist of the incremental common shares issuable upon the exercise of outstanding stock options (both vested and non-vested) and unvested RSUs, calculated using the treasury stock method. The calculation of dilutive shares outstanding excludes out-of-the-money stock options (i.e., such options' exercise prices were greater than the average market price of our common shares for the period) because their inclusion would have been antidilutive. Out-of-the-money stock options totaled approximately 0.2 million and 1.6 million as of December 30, 2012 and January 1, 2012, respectively.

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Note 9: Commitments and Contingencies

Legal Proceedings

In the first quarter of fiscal 2011, Starbucks notified Kraft Foods Global, Inc. (“Kraft”) that we were discontinuing our distribution arrangement with Kraft on March 1, 2011 due to material breaches by Kraft of its obligations under the Supply and License Agreement between the Company and Kraft, dated March 29, 2004 (the “Agreement”), which defined the main distribution arrangement between the parties. Through our arrangement with Kraft, Starbucks sold a selection of Starbucks and Seattle's Best Coffee branded packaged coffees in grocery and warehouse club stores throughout the US, and to grocery stores in Canada, the UK and other European countries. Kraft managed the distribution, marketing, advertising and promotion of these products.

Kraft denies it has materially breached the Agreement. On November 29, 2010, Starbucks received a notice of arbitration from Kraft putting the commercial dispute between the parties into binding arbitration pursuant to the terms of the Agreement. In addition to denying it materially breached the Agreement, Kraft further alleges that if Starbucks wished to terminate the Agreement it must compensate Kraft as provided in the Agreement in an amount equal to the fair value of the Agreement, with an additional premium of up to 35% under certain circumstances. On December 6, 2010, Kraft commenced a federal court action against Starbucks, entitled Kraft Foods Global, Inc. v. Starbucks Corporation, in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of New York (the “District Court”) seeking injunctive relief to prevent Starbucks from terminating the distribution arrangement until the parties' dispute is resolved through the arbitration proceeding. On January 28, 2011, the District Court denied Kraft's request for injunctive relief. Kraft appealed the District Court's decision to the Second Circuit Court of Appeals. On February 25, 2011, the Second Circuit Court of Appeals affirmed the District Court's decision. As a result, Starbucks is in full control of our packaged coffee business as of March 1, 2011.

While Starbucks believes we have valid claims of material breach by Kraft under the Agreement that allowed us to terminate the Agreement and certain other relationships with Kraft without compensation to Kraft, there exists the possibility of material adverse outcomes to Starbucks in the arbitration or to resolve the matter. Although Kraft disclosed to the press and in federal court filings a \$750 million offer Starbucks made to Kraft in August 2010 to avoid litigation and ensure a smooth transition of the business, the figure is not a proper basis upon which to estimate a possible outcome of the arbitration but was based upon facts and circumstances at the time. Kraft rejected the offer immediately and did not provide a counter-offer, effectively ending the discussions between the parties with regard to any payment. Moreover, the offer was made prior to our investigation of Kraft's breaches and without consideration of Kraft's continuing failure to comply with material terms of the agreements.

On April 2, 2012, Starbucks and Kraft exchanged expert reports regarding alleged damages on their affirmative claims. Starbucks claimed damages of up to \$62.9 million from the loss of sales resulting from Kraft's failure to use commercially reasonable efforts to market Starbucks® coffee, plus attorney fees. Kraft's expert opined that the fair market value of the Agreement was \$1.9 billion. After applying a 35% premium and 9% interest, Kraft claimed damages of up to \$2.9 billion, plus attorney fees. The arbitration hearing commenced on July 11, 2012 and was completed on August 3. Starbucks presented evidence of material breaches on Kraft's part and sought nominal damages from Kraft for those breaches. Kraft presented evidence denying it had breached the parties' Agreement and sought damages of \$2.9 billion plus attorney fees. We expect a decision from the Arbitrator in the first half of fiscal 2013.

At this time, Starbucks believes an unfavorable outcome with respect to the arbitration is not probable, but as noted above is reasonably possible. As also noted above, Starbucks believes we have valid claims of material breach by Kraft under the Agreement that allowed us to terminate the Agreement without compensation to Kraft. In addition, Starbucks believes Kraft's damage estimates are highly inflated and based upon faulty analysis. As a result, we cannot reasonably estimate the possible loss. Accordingly, no loss contingency has been recorded for this matter.

Starbucks is party to various other legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business, including certain employment litigation cases that have been certified as class or collective actions, but, except as noted above, is not currently a party to any legal proceeding that management believes could have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Note 10: Segment Reporting

Segment information is prepared on the same basis that management reviews financial information for operational decision making purposes. Effective at the beginning of fiscal 2013, we decentralized certain leadership functions in the areas of retail marketing and category management, global store development and partner resources, to support and align with the respective operating segment presidents. In conjunction with these moves, certain general and administrative and depreciation and

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amortization expenses associated with these functions, which were previously reported as unallocated corporate expenses within "Other," are now reported within the respective reportable operating segments to align with the regions which they support.

Concurrent with the change in reportable operating segments and realignment of certain operating expenses noted above, we revised our prior period financial information to reflect comparable financial information for the new segment structure and reporting changes. Historical financial information presented herein reflects these changes. There was no impact on consolidated net revenues, total operating expenses, operating income, or net earnings as a result of these changes.

The table below presents financial information for our reportable operating segments and Other (in millions):
Quarter Ended

| | Americas | EMEA | China / Asia Pacific | Channel Development | Other | Total |
|--|-----------|---------|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|-----------|
| December 30, 2012 | | | | | | |
| Total net revenues | \$2,840.7 | \$306.1 | \$214.1 | \$ 379.8 | \$58.9 | \$3,799.6 |
| Depreciation and amortization expenses | 105.4 | 14.2 | 7.4 | 0.3 | 21.6 | 148.9 |
| Income from equity investees | — | — | 34.1 | 20.4 | — | 54.5 |
| Operating income/(loss) | 590.3 | 22.3 | 72.1 | 96.8 | (150.9) | 630.6 |
| January 1, 2012 | | | | | | |
| Total net revenues | \$2,578.6 | \$303.0 | \$166.9 | \$ 335.8 | \$51.6 | \$3,435.9 |
| Depreciation and amortization expenses | 97.1 | 14.2 | 5.0 | 0.4 | 18.1 | 134.8 |
| Income from equity investees | — | 0.3 | 27.6 | 17.0 | — | 44.9 |
| Operating income/(loss) | 548.9 | 18.9 | 57.3 | 77.9 | (147.0) | 556.0 |

The following table reconciles the total of operating income in the table above to consolidated earnings before income taxes (in millions):

| | Quarter Ended | |
|--------------------------------|---------------|-------------|
| | Dec 30, 2012 | Jan 1, 2012 |
| Operating income | \$630.6 | \$556.0 |
| Interest income and other, net | (2.9 |) 23.2 |
| Interest expense | (6.6 |) (8.6 |
| Earnings before income taxes | \$621.1 | \$570.6 |

Note 11: Subsequent Event

In the second quarter of fiscal 2013, we acquired 100% of the outstanding shares of Teavana Holdings, Inc., a specialty retailer of premium loose-leaf teas, authentic artisanal teawares and other tea-related merchandise, for approximately \$630 million in cash. Because of the timing of when this acquisition closed, the initial accounting for this acquisition is still in process, including determining the fair value of the net assets acquired. Teavana is now a wholly-owned subsidiary of Starbucks Corporation.

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO THE PRIVATE SECURITIES LITIGATION REFORM ACT OF 1995

Certain statements herein, including statements regarding trends in or expectations relating to the expected effects of our initiatives and plans, as well as trends in or expectations regarding earnings per share, revenues, operating income, operating margins, comparable store sales, sales leverage, expenses, dividends, share repurchases, other financial results, capital expenditures, scaling and expansion of international operations, profitable growth models and opportunities, strategic acquisitions, changes to the organizational and leadership structures, commodity costs and our mitigation strategies, the transition from our distribution arrangement with Kraft to a direct distribution model, liquidity, cash flow from operations, anticipated store openings, closings and renovations, the health and growth of our business overall and of specific businesses or markets, benefits of recent initiatives, increased traffic to our stores, operational efficiencies, product innovation and distribution, tax rates, and economic conditions in the US and international markets all constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such statements are based on currently available operating, financial and competitive information and are subject to various risks and uncertainties. Actual future results and trends may differ materially depending on a variety of factors, including, but not limited to, coffee, dairy and other raw materials prices and availability, successful execution of our initiatives, successful execution of internal plans, fluctuations in US and international economies and currencies, the impact of competitors' initiatives, the effect of legal proceedings, and other risks detailed in our filings with the SEC, including in Part I Item IA "Risk Factors" in the 10-K.

A forward-looking statement is neither a prediction nor a guarantee of future events or circumstances, and those future events or circumstances may not occur. You should not place undue reliance on the forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this report. We are under no obligation to update or alter any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

This information should be read in conjunction with the condensed consolidated financial statements and the notes included in Item 1 of Part I of this 10-Q and the audited consolidated financial statements and notes, and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, contained in the 10-K. General

Our fiscal year ends on the Sunday closest to September 30. All references to store counts, including data for new store openings, are reported net of store closures, unless otherwise noted.

Overview

Starbucks results for the first quarter of fiscal 2013 continue to demonstrate the strength and relevancy of our diversified growth model. Total net revenues increased 11% to \$3.8 billion, driven by global comparable store sales growth of 6%. Strong holiday performance combined with continued expansion of Channel Development and growth throughout the China and Asia Pacific region also contributed to an increase in both operating income and earnings per share.

The Americas segment performed well for the first quarter with a 10% increase in revenues over the prior year, primarily due to strong comparable store sales growth of 7%, comprised of an increase in the number of transactions of 4% and an increase in average ticket of 2%. Operating income reached \$590 million, while operating margin contracted 50 basis points to 20.8%. The margin contraction was primarily due to costs associated with our October Global Leadership Conference, incremental litigation charges and the impact of Superstorm Sandy, which negatively impacted operating margin by 190 basis points. Productivity, which drove strong sales leverage, largely offset these costs. Looking forward, we expect to continue driving sales growth and profitability through new store development and expansion of our pipeline of new product offerings to increase revenues throughout all dayparts.

Our work in the turnaround of our EMEA segment is well underway and we are making great progress in driving customer and brand relevancy as well as a new model for growth. Revenues for the region reflect the shift in our ownership structure, including the sale of our Ireland store portfolio and certain UK airport locations to licensed partners, as well as our focus on closing underperforming company-operated stores and growing our licensed store

base in profitable locations. These changes drove an increase in revenues of 1% for the quarter, which, combined with a continued focus on cost efficiencies, contributed to a 110 basis point increase in operating margin. We expect the investments we are making will result in improved operating performance as we progress on our plan towards mid-teens operating margin; however, this turnaround will take time to gain traction.

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Our CAP segment results reflect a combination of rapid new store development and solid performance from our existing store base. This performance led to revenue growth of 28% and operating income growth of 26% compared to the same quarter in the prior year and is especially encouraging given the economic uncertainty within the region over the past year. We expect this segment to continue to grow rapidly and become a more meaningful contributor to overall company profitability, with growth coming from a mix of net new store openings and comparable store sales growth.

Channel Development segment revenues grew 13% for the quarter, driven by sales of Starbucks- and Tazo-branded K-Cup® portion packs. During the quarter, we also launched our Verismo® system by Starbucks and are encouraged by the strong retailer support and customer interest we experienced during the quarter. We expect continued innovation and new product offerings to drive further growth and profitability within this segment over time.

Comparable Store Sales

Comparable store sales for the first quarter of fiscal 2013 are as follows:

| | Quarter Ended Dec 30, 2012 | | | | |
|----------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|------------------|--|----|
| | Sales Growth | Change in Transactions | Change in Ticket | | |
| Consolidated | 6 | % 4 | % 2 | | % |
| Americas | 7 | % 4 | % 2 | | % |
| EMEA | (1) |)% 2 | % (3 | |)% |
| China / Asia Pacific | 11 | % 8 | % 3 | | % |

Our comparable store sales represent the growth in revenue from company-operated stores open 13 months or longer. Comparable store sales exclude the effect of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates.

Fiscal 2013 — Financial Outlook for the Year

For fiscal year 2013, we expect moderate revenue growth driven by mid single-digit increased comparable store sales, new store openings and strong growth in the Channel Development business. Licensed stores will comprise between one-half and two-thirds of new store openings.

We expect continued robust consolidated operating margin and EPS improvement compared to fiscal 2012, reflecting the strength of our global business and the pipeline of profitable growth initiatives.

We expect increased capital expenditures in fiscal 2013 compared to fiscal 2012, reflecting additional investments in manufacturing capacity, new store growth and store renovations.

Results of Operations (in millions)

Revenues

| | Quarter Ended | | | | |
|----------------------------|---------------|-------------|----------|--|---|
| | Dec 30, 2012 | Jan 1, 2012 | % Change | | |
| Company-operated stores | \$2,989.6 | \$2,731.8 | 9.4 | | % |
| Licensed stores | 350.2 | 306.6 | 14.2 | | |
| CPG, foodservice and other | 459.8 | 397.5 | 15.7 | | |
| Total net revenues | \$3,799.6 | \$3,435.9 | 10.6 | | % |

Total net revenues for the first quarter of fiscal 2013 increased \$364 million over the prior year period, primarily due to a \$258 million increase in company-operated store revenues, driven by 6% global comparable store sales growth (approximately \$163 million) and incremental revenues from 401 net new company-operated store openings over the past 12 months (approximately \$82 million).

Also contributing to the increase in total net revenues was licensed store revenue growth of \$44 million due to higher product sales to and royalty revenues from our licensees, resulting from improved comparable store sales and the opening of 633 net new licensed stores over the last 12 months.

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CPG, foodservice and other revenues increased \$62 million for the first quarter of fiscal 2013, primarily due to increased sales of Starbucks- and Tazo-branded K-Cup® portion packs (approximately \$28 million). Also contributing to the revenue growth were incremental sales related to the launch of the Verismo® system by Starbucks (approximately \$8 million).

Operating Expenses

| | Quarter Ended | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|----------------|----------------------------|----------------|--|---|
| | Dec 30, 2012 | Jan 1, 2012 | Dec 30, 2012 | Jan 1, 2012 | | |
| | | | % of Total Net Revenues | | | |
| Cost of sales including occupancy costs | \$1,620.7 | \$1,496.1 | 42.7 | % 43.5 | | % |
| Store operating expenses | 1,089.5 | 995.7 | 28.7 | 29.0 | | |
| Other operating expenses | 132.5 | 106.7 | 3.5 | 3.1 | | |
| Depreciation and amortization expenses | 148.9 | 134.8 | 3.9 | 3.9 | | |
| General and administrative expenses | 231.9 | 191.5 | 6.1 | 5.6 | | |
| Total operating expenses | 3,223.5 | 2,924.8 | 84.8 | 85.1 | | |
| Income from equity investees | 54.5 | 44.9 | 1.4 | 1.3 | | |
| Operating income | \$630.6 | \$556.0 | 16.6 | % 16.2 | | % |
| Store operating expenses as a % of related revenues | | | 36.4 | % 36.4 | | % |

Cost of sales including occupancy costs as a percentage of total net revenues decreased 80 basis points for the first quarter of fiscal 2013, driven by lower coffee-related costs, which includes lower commodity costs (approximately 50 basis points).

Store operating expenses as a percentage of total net revenues decreased 30 basis points for the first quarter of fiscal 2013, driven by increased Channel Development and licensed store revenues. Store operating expenses as a percentage of company-operated store revenues was flat compared to the prior year period. Increased sales leverage (approximately 80 basis points) was offset by an increase in litigation charges (approximately 50 basis points) and an increase in marketing related to the launch of the Verismo® system by Starbucks in company-operated stores (approximately 30 basis points).

Other operating expenses as a percentage of total net revenues increased 40 basis points for the first quarter of fiscal 2013. Excluding the impact of company-operated store revenues, other operating expenses increased 120 basis points for the first quarter, primarily driven by increased marketing related to the launch of the Verismo® system by Starbucks in Channel Development (approximately 110 basis points).

General and administrative expenses as a percentage of total net revenues increased 50 basis points for the first quarter of fiscal 2013, driven by the company's October Global Leadership Conference (approximately 70 basis points).

Income from equity investees increased \$9.6 million for the first quarter of fiscal 2013, primarily due to improved performance from our North American Coffee Partnership joint venture which produces, bottles and distributes our ready to drink beverages, as well as increased income from our joint venture operations in Japan and China.

The combination of these changes resulted in an increase in operating margin of 40 basis points for the first quarter of fiscal 2013.

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Other Income and Expenses

| | Quarter Ended | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------------------|--|
| | Dec 30, 2012 | Jan 1, 2012 | Dec 30, 2012 | Jan 1, 2012 | % of Total Net Revenues | |
| Operating income | \$630.6 | \$556.0 | 16.6 | % 16.2 | | |
| Interest income and other, net | (2.9 |) 23.2 | (0.1 |) 0.7 | | |
| Interest expense | (6.6 |) (8.6 |) (0.2 |) (0.3 |) | |
| Earnings before income taxes | 621.1 | 570.6 | 16.3 | 16.6 | | |
| Income taxes | 188.7 | 188.4 | 5.0 | 5.5 | | |
| Net earnings including noncontrolling interests | 432.4 | 382.2 | 11.4 | 11.1 | | |
| Net earnings (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interest | 0.2 | 0.1 | — | — | | |
| Net earnings attributable to Starbucks | \$432.2 | \$382.1 | 11.4 | % 11.1 | % | |
| Effective tax rate including noncontrolling interest | | | 30.4 | % 33.0 | % | |

For the first quarter of fiscal 2013, net interest income and other decreased \$24 million, primarily due to mark-to-market adjustments from derivatives used to manage our risk of commodity price fluctuations (approximately \$13 million). Also contributing were unfavorable foreign exchange fluctuations (approximately \$5 million) and a decrease in unrealized gains in our Management Deferred Compensation Plan portfolio (approximately \$5 million).

The effective tax rate for the quarter ended December 30, 2012 was 30.4% compared to 33.0% for the same quarter in fiscal 2012. The decrease in the rate was due to the recognition of a net tax benefit in the first quarter of fiscal 2013 primarily from state income tax expense adjustments for returns filed in prior years.

Segment Information

Segment information is prepared on the same basis that our management reviews financial information for operational decision-making purposes. The following tables summarize the results of operations by segment (in millions):

Americas

| | Quarter Ended | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------------------------|--|
| | Dec 30, 2012 | Jan 1, 2012 | Dec 30, 2012 | Jan 1, 2012 | % of Americas Net Revenues | |
| Total net revenues | \$2,840.7 | \$2,578.6 | | | | |
| Cost of sales including occupancy costs | 1,092.5 | 1,006.7 | 38.5 | % 39.0 | % | |
| Store operating expenses | 959.8 | 874.8 | 33.8 | 33.9 | | |
| Other operating expenses | 30.0 | 20.5 | 1.1 | 0.8 | | |
| Depreciation and amortization expenses | 105.4 | 97.1 | 3.7 | 3.8 | | |
| General and administrative expenses | 62.7 | 30.6 | 2.2 | 1.2 | | |
| Total operating expenses | 2,250.4 | 2,029.7 | 79.2 | 78.7 | | |
| Operating income | \$590.3 | \$548.9 | 20.8 | % 21.3 | % | |
| Store operating expenses as a % of related revenues | | | 37.1 | % 37.1 | % | |

Revenues
Americas total net revenues for the first quarter of fiscal 2013 increased \$262 million, or 10%, primarily driven by increased revenues from company-operated stores (contributing \$230 million) and licensed stores (contributing \$23 million).

The increase in company-operated store revenues was driven by a 7% increase in comparable store sales (approximately \$154 million) and the opening of 253 net new company-operated stores over the past 12 months (approximately \$61 million). The

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licensed store revenue growth was primarily due to increased product sales to and royalty revenues from licensees, primarily resulting from improved comparable store sales and the opening of 236 net new licensed stores over the past 12 months.

Operating Expenses

Cost of sales including occupancy costs as a percentage of total net revenues decreased 50 basis points for the first quarter of fiscal 2013, driven by lower coffee-related costs, which includes reduced commodity costs (approximately 30 basis points).

Store operating expenses as a percentage of total net revenues decreased 10 basis points for the first quarter of fiscal 2013, driven by increased licensed stores revenues. Store operating expenses as a percentage of company-operated store revenues was flat compared to the prior year period. Increased sales leverage (approximately 110 basis points) was offset by an increase in litigation costs (approximately 70 basis points) and an increase in marketing primarily related to the launch of the Verismo® system by Starbucks in company-operated stores (approximately 30 basis points).

Other operating expenses as a percentage of total net revenues increased 30 basis points for the first quarter of fiscal 2013. Other operating expenses as a percentage of non-company-operated store revenues increased 260 basis points compared to the prior year period. These increases were due to incremental costs related to our acquisition of Bay Bread, LLC (doing business as La Boulange), which was completed in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2012.

General and administrative expenses as a percentage of total net revenues increased 100 basis points for the first quarter of fiscal 2013, driven by the company's October Global Leadership Conference (approximately 90 basis points).

Also contributing to the change in operating margin for the quarter was increased sales leverage resulting in lower depreciation and amortization expenses as a percentage of total net revenues (approximately 10 basis points). The combination of these changes resulted in an overall decrease in operating margin of 50 basis points for the first quarter of fiscal 2013.

EMEA

| | Quarter Ended | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|--|---|
| | Dec 30, 2012 | Jan 1, 2012 | Dec 30, 2012 | Jan 1, 2012 | | |
| | | | % of EMEA | | | |
| | | | Net Revenues | | | |
| Total net revenues | \$306.1 | \$303.0 | | | | |
| Cost of sales including occupancy costs | 152.5 | 150.4 | 49.8 | % 49.6 | | % |
| Store operating expenses | 90.3 | 93.8 | 29.5 | 31.0 | | |
| Other operating expenses | 8.4 | 8.6 | 2.7 | 2.8 | | |
| Depreciation and amortization expenses | 14.2 | 14.2 | 4.6 | 4.7 | | |
| General and administrative expenses | 18.4 | 17.4 | 6.0 | 5.7 | | |
| Total operating expenses | 283.8 | 284.4 | 92.7 | 93.9 | | |
| Income from equity investees | — | 0.3 | — | 0.1 | | |
| Operating income | \$22.3 | \$18.9 | 7.3 | % 6.2 | | % |
| Store operating expenses as a % of related revenues | | | 35.7 | % 35.5 | | % |

Revenues

EMEA total net revenues for the first quarter of fiscal 2013 increased \$3 million, or 1%, driven by 41% revenue growth in licensed stores (approximately \$13 million), due to higher royalty revenues from and increased product sales to licensees, primarily resulting from the opening of 111 net new licensed stores over the past 12 months and improved comparable store sales. The licensed stores revenue increase was nearly offset by a decline in company-operated store revenue (approximately \$12 million) as a result of our recent store portfolio optimization

activities, including the sale of the Ireland store portfolio and certain UK airport locations to licensed partners, as well as the closure of underperforming stores in the UK.

Operating Expenses

Cost of sales including occupancy costs as a percentage of total net revenues increased 20 basis points for the first quarter of fiscal 2013, primarily driven by a shift in the composition of our store portfolio in the region to more licensed stores.

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Store operating expenses as a percentage of total net revenues decreased 150 basis points for the first quarter of fiscal 2013, driven by increased licensed stores revenues. Store operating expenses as a percentage of company-operated store revenues increased 20 basis points compared to the prior year period. Increased marketing (approximately 60 basis points) was partially offset by operational efficiencies.

Other operating expenses as a percentage of total net revenues decreased 10 basis points. Excluding the impact of company-operated store revenues, other operating expenses decreased 650 basis points, primarily driven by increased sales leverage and operational efficiencies.

The combination of these changes resulted in an overall increase in operating margin of 110 basis points for the first quarter of fiscal 2013.

China / Asia Pacific

| | Quarter Ended | | | | |
|---|-----------------|----------------|--------------------------|----------------|---|
| | Dec 30, 2012 | Jan 1, 2012 | Dec 30, 2012 | Jan 1, 2012 | |
| | | | % of CAP Net Revenues | | |
| Total net revenues | \$214.1 | \$166.9 | | | |
| Cost of sales including occupancy costs | 106.5 | 84.5 | 49.7 | % 50.6 | % |
| Store operating expenses | 39.4 | 27.1 | 18.4 | 16.2 | |
| Other operating expenses | 10.2 | 11.4 | 4.8 | 6.8 | |
| Depreciation and amortization expenses | 7.4 | 5.0 | 3.5 | 3.0 | |
| General and administrative expenses | 12.6 | 9.2 | 5.9 | 5.5 | |
| Total operating expenses | 176.1 | 137.2 | 82.3 | 82.2 | |
| Income from equity investees | 34.1 | 27.6 | 15.9 | 16.5 | |
| Operating income | \$72.1 | \$57.3 | 33.7 | % 34.3 | % |
| Store operating expenses as a % of related revenues | | | 26.2 | % 24.3 | % |

CAP total net revenues for the first quarter of fiscal 2013 increased \$47 million, or 28%, primarily driven by increased revenues from company-operated stores (contributing \$39 million) and licensed stores (contributing \$8 million).

The increase in company-operated store revenues was driven by the opening of 166 net new company-operated stores over the past 12 months (approximately \$24 million) and an 11% increase in comparable store sales (approximately \$12 million). The licensed store revenue growth was primarily due to higher royalty revenues from and increased product sales to licensees, resulting from the opening of 286 net new licensed stores over the past 12 months and improved comparable store sales.

Operating Expenses

Cost of sales including occupancy costs as a percentage of total net revenues decreased 90 basis points for the first quarter of fiscal 2013, primarily due to a decline in commodity costs (approximately 40 basis points), mainly coffee. Store operating expenses as a percentage of total net revenues increased 220 basis points for the first quarter of fiscal 2013. Store operating expenses as a percentage of company-operated store revenues increased 190 basis points, primarily driven by increased costs associated with the expansion efforts of company-operated stores in mainland China.

Other operating expenses as a percentage of total net revenues decreased 200 basis points the first quarter of fiscal 2013. Other operating expenses as a percentage of non company-operated store revenues decreased 450 basis points, primarily driven by lower performance-based compensation compared to the first quarter of fiscal 2012 when the region significantly outperformed its operating plan (approximately 240 basis points) and the absence of prior period asset impairments (approximately 150 basis points).

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Income from equity investees increased \$7 million for the first quarter of fiscal 2013, driven by improved performance of our joint venture operations in Japan and China. Income from equity investees declined as a percentage of total net revenues (approximately 60 basis points) primarily due to the growth in segment revenues. The changes in the above line items contributed to an overall decrease in operating margin of 60 basis points for the first quarter of fiscal 2013.

Channel Development

| | Quarter Ended | | % of Channel Development | | |
|--|-----------------|----------------|--------------------------|----------------|---|
| | Dec 30, 2012 | Jan 1, 2012 | Dec 30, 2012 | Jan 1, 2012 | |
| | | | Net Revenues | | |
| Total net revenues | \$379.8 | \$335.8 | | | |
| Cost of sales | 235.2 | 220.6 | 61.9 | % 65.7 | % |
| Other operating expenses | 63.1 | 50.1 | 16.6 | 14.9 | |
| Depreciation and amortization expenses | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.1 | |
| General and administrative expenses | 4.8 | 3.8 | 1.3 | 1.1 | |
| Total operating expenses | 303.4 | 274.9 | 79.9 | 81.9 | |
| Income from equity investees | 20.4 | 17.0 | 5.4 | 5.1 | |
| Operating income | \$96.8 | \$77.9 | 25.5 | % 23.2 | % |

Revenues

Total Channel Development net revenues for the first quarter of fiscal 2013 increased \$44 million, or 13%, primarily due to sales of Starbucks- and Tazo-branded K-Cup® portion packs (approximately \$28 million). Also contributing to the revenue growth were incremental sales related to the launch of Verismo® system by Starbucks (approximately \$8 million).

Operating Expenses

Cost of sales as a percentage of total net revenues decreased 380 basis points for the first quarter of fiscal 2013, driven by improved inventory management in the current year (approximately 480 basis points) and lower commodity costs (approximately 200 basis points), partially offset by a shift in our product mix driven by the growth of our premium single cup product offerings (approximately 220 basis points).

Other operating expenses as a percentage of total net revenues increased 170 basis points the first quarter of fiscal 2013, primarily driven by incremental expenses related to the launch of the Verismo® system by Starbucks.

Income from equity investees increased \$3 million for the first quarter of fiscal 2013, driven by increased income from our North American Coffee Partnership joint venture.

The changes in the above line items contributed to an overall increase in operating margin of 230 basis points for the first quarter of fiscal 2013.

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Other

| | Quarter Ended | | % Change | % |
|--|-----------------|----------------|-------------|-------|
| | Dec 30, 2012 | Jan 1, 2012 | | |
| Total net revenues | \$58.9 | \$51.6 | 14.1 | % |
| Cost of sales | 34.0 | 33.9 | 0.3 | |
| Other operating expenses | 20.8 | 16.1 | 29.2 | |
| Depreciation and amortization expenses | 21.6 | 18.1 | 19.3 | |
| General and administrative expenses | 133.4 | 130.5 | 2.2 | |
| Total operating expenses | 209.8 | 198.6 | 5.6 | |
| Operating loss | \$(150.9 | \$(147.0 | 2.7 | % |

Other includes operating results from Seattle's Best Coffee, Evolution Fresh, Digital Ventures, and expenses pertaining to corporate administrative functions that support our operating segments but are not specifically attributable to, or managed by, any segment and are not included in the reported financial results of the operating segments.

Total Other net revenues for the first quarter of fiscal 2013 increased \$7 million, primarily due to incremental revenues from our Digital Ventures business.

Total operating expenses increased \$11 million for the first quarter of fiscal 2013, primarily due to an increase in other operating expenses (approximately \$5 million) driven by timing of marketing and higher depreciation and amortization expenses (approximately \$4 million) resulting from an increase in capitalized information technology projects.

Fiscal First Quarter 2013 Store Data

Our store data for the periods presented is as follows:

| | Net stores opened/(closed) during the period | | | |
|--|--|----------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | Quarter Ended | | Stores open as of | |
| | Dec 30, 2012 | Jan 1, 2012 | Dec 30, 2012 | Jan 1, 2012 |
| Americas | | | | |
| Company-operated stores | 30 | 11 | 7,887 | 7,634 |
| Licensed stores | 50 | 84 | 5,096 | 4,860 |
| | 80 | 95 | 12,983 | 12,494 |
| EMEA | | | | |
| Company-operated stores ⁽¹⁾ | (20 |) 8 | 862 | 880 |
| Licensed stores ⁽¹⁾ | 27 | 17 | 1,014 | 903 |
| | 7 | 25 | 1,876 | 1,783 |
| China / Asia Pacific | | | | |
| Company-operated stores | 47 | 35 | 713 | 547 |
| Licensed stores | 78 | 86 | 2,706 | 2,420 |
| | 125 | 121 | 3,419 | 2,967 |
| Total | 212 | 241 | 18,278 | 17,244 |

⁽¹⁾ EMEA store data has been adjusted for the transfer of certain company-operated stores to licensees in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2012.

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Financial Condition, Liquidity and Capital Resources

Investment Overview

Starbucks cash and short-term investments totaled \$2.5 billion and \$2.0 billion as of December 30, 2012 and September 30, 2012, respectively. As of December 30, 2012, approximately \$745.2 million of cash was held in foreign subsidiaries. Of our cash held in foreign subsidiaries, \$355.5 million is denominated in the US dollar. We actively manage our cash and short-term investments in order to internally fund operating needs, make scheduled interest and principal payments on our borrowings, and return cash to shareholders through common stock cash dividend payments and share repurchases. Our short-term investments consist predominantly of US Treasury securities, commercial paper, corporate bonds, US Agency securities, and certificates of deposit. Our portfolio of long-term available for sale securities consists predominantly of high investment-grade corporate bonds, diversified among industries and individual issuers, as well as certificates of deposits with maturities greater than one year.

Borrowing Capacity

Starbucks \$500 million unsecured credit facility is available for working capital, capital expenditures and other corporate purposes, including acquisitions and share repurchases. We have no outstanding borrowings under the facility. The credit facility contains provisions requiring us to maintain compliance with certain covenants, including a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio, which measures our ability to cover financing expenses. As of December 30, 2012 and September 30, 2012, we were in compliance with each of these covenants. The \$550 million of 10-year 6.25% Senior Notes also require us to maintain compliance with certain covenants, including limits on future liens and sale and leaseback transactions on certain material properties. As of December 30, 2012 and September 30, 2012, we were in compliance with each of these covenants.

Use of Cash

We expect to use our cash and short-term investments, including any potential future borrowings under the credit facility and our commercial paper program, to invest in our core businesses, including product innovations and related marketing support, and other new business opportunities related to our core businesses. We believe that future cash flows generated from operations and existing cash and short-term investments both domestically and internationally will be sufficient to finance capital requirements for our core businesses in those respective markets as well as shareholder distributions for the foreseeable future.

We consider the majority of undistributed earnings of our foreign subsidiaries and equity investees as of December 30, 2012 to be indefinitely reinvested and, accordingly, no US income and foreign withholding taxes have been provided on such earnings. We have not repatriated, nor do we anticipate the need to repatriate, funds to the US to satisfy domestic liquidity needs; however, in the event that we need to repatriate all or a portion of our foreign cash to the US we would be subject to additional US income taxes, which could be material. We do not believe it is practical to calculate the potential tax impact of repatriation, as there is a significant amount of uncertainty around the calculation, including the availability and amount of foreign tax credits at the time of repatriation, tax rates in effect, and other indirect tax consequences associated with repatriation.

We may use our available cash resources to make proportionate capital contributions to our equity method and cost method investees. We may also seek strategic acquisitions to leverage existing capabilities and further build our business in support of our growth agenda. Acquisitions may include increasing our ownership interests in our equity method and cost method investees. Any decisions to increase such ownership interests will be driven by valuation and fit with our ownership strategy. Significant new joint ventures, acquisitions and/or other new business opportunities may require additional outside funding.

As discussed further in Note 9, we are in arbitration with Kraft Foods Global, Inc. ("Kraft") for a commercial dispute relating to a distribution agreement we previously held with Kraft. As a part of those proceedings Kraft has claimed damages inclusive of a premium and interest for terminating the arrangement. We believe we have valid claims of material breach by Kraft under the Agreement. We also believe Kraft's claim is highly inflated and based upon faulty analysis. However, should the arbitration result in an unfavorable outcome, we believe we have adequate liquidity. Other than normal operating expenses, cash requirements for the remainder of fiscal 2013 are expected to consist primarily of capital expenditures for remodeling and refurbishment of, and equipment upgrades for, existing

company-operated stores; new company-operated stores; additional investments in manufacturing capacity; and systems and technology investments in the stores and in the support infrastructure. Total capital expenditures for fiscal 2013 are expected to be approximately \$1.2 billion.

During the first quarter of fiscal 2013, Starbucks Board of Directors declared a quarterly cash dividend to shareholders of \$0.21 per share to be paid on February 22, 2013 to shareholders of record as of the close of business on February 7, 2013. Starbucks repurchased \$8.0 million shares of common stock (\$392.7 million) during the first quarter of fiscal 2013 under share

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repurchase authorizations. The number of remaining shares authorized for repurchase as of December 30, 2012 totaled \$29.1 million.

Cash Flows

Cash provided by operating activities was \$1.1 billion for first quarter of fiscal 2013, compared to \$466.3 million for the same period in fiscal 2012. The increase is primarily due to a net decrease in working capital accounts, primarily driven by a decrease in inventories and decreased payments on accounts payable.

Cash provided by investing activities for the first quarter of fiscal 2013 totaled \$28.7 million, compared to cash used of \$19.7 million for the same period in fiscal 2012. The increase was primarily due to the net increase in cash received from investment securities, partially offset by an increase in capital expenditures, primarily for remodeling and renovating existing company-operated stores and opening new retail stores.

Cash used by financing activities for the first quarter of fiscal 2013 totaled \$434.0 million, compared to \$26.6 million for the same period in fiscal 2012. The increase was primarily due to an increase in cash returned to shareholders through common share repurchases and dividend payments in the first quarter of fiscal 2013. Also contributing was an increase in minimum tax withholdings on share-based awards related to the issuance of deferred shares to our chairman, president and ceo.

Contractual Obligations

There have been no material changes during the period covered by this 10-Q, outside of the ordinary course of our business, to the contractual obligations specified in the table of contractual obligations included in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included in the 10-K.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

There has been no material change in our off-balance sheet arrangements discussed in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included in the 10-K.

Commodity Prices, Availability and General Risk Conditions

Commodity price risk represents our primary market risk, generated by our purchases of green coffee and dairy products, among other items. We purchase, roast and sell high quality whole bean arabica coffee and related products and risk arises from the price volatility of green coffee. In addition to coffee, we also purchase significant amounts of dairy products to support the needs of our company-operated stores. The price and availability of these commodities directly impact our results of operations and we expect commodity prices, particularly coffee, to impact future results of operations. For additional details see Product Supply in Item 1 of the 10-K, as well as Risk Factors in Item 1A of the 10-K.

Seasonality and Quarterly Results

Our business is subject to seasonal fluctuations, including fluctuations resulting from the holiday season. Our cash flows from operations are considerably higher in the first fiscal quarter than the remainder of the year. This is largely driven by cash received as Starbucks Cards are purchased and loaded during the holiday season. Since revenues from the Starbucks Card are recognized upon redemption and not when purchased, seasonal fluctuations on the consolidated statements of earnings are much less pronounced. Quarterly results are affected by the timing of the opening of new stores and the closing of existing stores. For these reasons, results for any quarter are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be achieved for the full fiscal year.

RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

See Note 1 in this 10-Q.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

There has been no material change in the commodity price risk, foreign currency exchange risk, equity security price risk, or interest rate risk discussed in Item 7A of the 10-K.

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Item 4. Controls and Procedures

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that material information required to be disclosed in our periodic reports filed or submitted under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”), is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC’s rules and forms. Our disclosure controls and procedures are also designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports we file or submit under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

During the first quarter of fiscal 2013, we carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our chief executive officer and our chief financial officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act. Based upon that evaluation, our chief executive officer and chief financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective, as of the end of the period covered by this report (December 30, 2012).

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) of the Exchange Act) during our most recently completed fiscal quarter that materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect internal control over financial reporting.

The certifications required by Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 are filed as exhibits 31.1 and 31.2, respectively, to this 10-Q.

PART II — OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

In the first quarter of fiscal 2011, Starbucks notified Kraft Foods Global, Inc. (“Kraft”) that we were discontinuing our distribution arrangement with Kraft on March 1, 2011 due to material breaches by Kraft of its obligations under the Supply and License Agreement between the Company and Kraft, dated March 29, 2004 (the “Agreement”), which defined the main distribution arrangement between the parties. Through our arrangement with Kraft, Starbucks sold a selection of Starbucks and Seattle's Best Coffee branded packaged coffees in grocery and warehouse club stores throughout the US, and to grocery stores in Canada, the UK and other European countries. Kraft managed the distribution, marketing, advertising and promotion of these products.

Kraft denies it has materially breached the Agreement. On November 29, 2010, Starbucks received a notice of arbitration from Kraft putting the commercial dispute between the parties into binding arbitration pursuant to the terms of the Agreement. In addition to denying it materially breached the Agreement, Kraft further alleges that if Starbucks wished to terminate the Agreement it must compensate Kraft as provided in the Agreement in an amount equal to the fair value of the Agreement, with an additional premium of up to 35% under certain circumstances. On December 6, 2010, Kraft commenced a federal court action against Starbucks, entitled Kraft Foods Global, Inc. v. Starbucks Corporation, in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of New York (the “District Court”) seeking injunctive relief to prevent Starbucks from terminating the distribution arrangement until the parties' dispute is resolved through the arbitration proceeding. On January 28, 2011, the District Court denied Kraft's request for injunctive relief. Kraft appealed the District Court's decision to the Second Circuit Court of Appeals. On February 25, 2011, the Second Circuit Court of Appeals affirmed the District Court's decision. As a result, Starbucks is in full control of our packaged coffee business as of March 1, 2011.

While Starbucks believes we have valid claims of material breach by Kraft under the Agreement that allowed us to terminate the Agreement and certain other relationships with Kraft without compensation to Kraft, there exists the possibility of material adverse outcomes to Starbucks in the arbitration or to resolve the matter. Although Kraft disclosed to the press and in federal court filings a \$750 million offer Starbucks made to Kraft in August 2010 to avoid litigation and ensure a smooth transition of the business, the figure is not a proper basis upon which to estimate a possible outcome of the arbitration but was based upon facts and circumstances at the time. Kraft rejected the offer immediately and did not provide a counter-offer, effectively ending the discussions between the parties with regard to any payment. Moreover, the offer was made prior to our investigation of Kraft's breaches and without consideration of

Kraft's continuing failure to comply with material terms of the agreements.

On April 2, 2012, Starbucks and Kraft exchanged expert reports regarding alleged damages on their affirmative claims. Starbucks claimed damages of up to \$62.9 million from the loss of sales resulting from Kraft's failure to use commercially reasonable efforts to market Starbucks® coffee, plus attorney fees. Kraft's expert opined that the fair market value of the Agreement was \$1.9 billion. After applying a 35% premium and 9% interest, Kraft claimed damages of up to \$2.9

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billion, plus attorney fees. The arbitration hearing commenced on July 11, 2012 and was completed on August 3. Starbucks presented evidence of material breaches on Kraft's part and sought nominal damages from Kraft for those breaches. Kraft presented evidence denying it had breached the parties' Agreement and sought damages of \$2.9 billion plus attorney fees. We expect a decision from the Arbitrator in the first half of fiscal 2013.

At this time, Starbucks believes an unfavorable outcome with respect to the arbitration is not probable, but as noted above is reasonably possible. As also noted above, Starbucks believes we have valid claims of material breach by Kraft under the Agreement that allowed us to terminate the Agreement without compensation to Kraft. In addition, Starbucks believes Kraft's damage estimates are highly inflated and based upon faulty analysis. As a result, we cannot reasonably estimate the possible loss. Accordingly, no loss contingency has been recorded for this matter.

Starbucks is party to various other legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business, including certain employment litigation cases that have been certified as class or collective actions, but, except as noted above, is not currently a party to any legal proceeding that management believes could have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes to the risk factors previously disclosed in the 10-K.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Pursuant to the 1997 Deferred Stock Plan, in September 1997 our chairman, president and ceo elected to defer receipt of 3,394,184 shares of common stock (as adjusted for stock splits since 1997). In November 2006, he re-deferred receipt of the shares until December 21, 2012 (or earlier if his employment with Starbucks terminated before such date). On December 21, 2012, the deferral period ended and pursuant to the terms of the 1997 Deferred Stock Plan, we issued 2,206,219 shares of common stock to him and withheld 1,187,965 shares to satisfy tax withholdings. These shares were issued in a transaction that did not involve any public offering and were therefore exempt from registration pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933.

The following table provides information regarding repurchases of our common stock during the quarter ended December 30, 2012:

| Period ⁽¹⁾ | Total Number of Shares Purchased | Average Price Paid per Share | Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs | Maximum Number of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs (2) |
|---------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| October 1, 2012 — October 28, 2012 | 6,134,000 | \$48.19 | 6,134,000 | 5,993,776 |
| October 29, 2012 — November 25, 2012 | 1,094,400 | 50.54 | 1,094,400 | 29,899,376 |
| November 26, 2012 — December 30, 2012 | 805,474 | 51.86 | 805,474 | 29,093,902 |
| Total | 8,033,874 | \$48.88 | 8,033,874 | |

(1) Monthly information is presented by reference to our fiscal months during the first quarter of fiscal 2013.

The share repurchase program is conducted under authorizations made from time to time by our Board of Directors. On March 24, 2010 we publicly announced the authorization of up to an additional 15 million shares, on November 15, 2010 we publicly announced the authorization of up to an additional 10 million shares, on November 3, 2011 we publicly announced the authorization of up to an additional 20 million shares, and on November 15, 2012 we publicly announced the authorization of up to an additional 25 million shares. These authorizations have no expiration date.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

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Item 6. Exhibits

| Exhibit No. | Exhibit Description | Incorporated by Reference | | | Exhibit Number | Filed Herewith |
|-------------|---|---------------------------|----------|----------------------|----------------|----------------|
| | | Form | File No. | Date of First Filing | | |
| 2.1 | Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of November 14, 2012, among Starbucks Corporation, Taj Acquisition Corp. and Teavana Holdings, Inc. | 8-K | 0-20322 | 11/15/2012 | 2.1 | |
| 3.2 | Amended and Restated Bylaws of Starbucks Corporation (As amended and restated through November 13, 2012) | 10-K | 0-20322 | 11/16/2012 | 3.2 | |
| 31.1 | Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, As Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 | — | — | — | — | X |
| 31.2 | Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, As Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 | — | — | — | — | X |
| 32* | Certifications of Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, As Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 | — | — | — | — | — |
| 101 | The following financial statements from the Company's 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended December 30, 2012, formatted in XBRL: (i) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings, (ii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income, (iii) Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, (iv) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows and (v) Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | — | — | — | — | X |

* Furnished herewith.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

January 29, 2013

STARBUCKS CORPORATION

By: /s/ Troy Alstead
Troy Alstead
chief financial officer
and chief administrative officer
Signing on behalf of the registrant and
as
principal financial officer