GRANITE CONSTRUCTION INC Form 10-Q November 01, 2007

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-O

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ý Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2007
or
Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 For the transition period from to
Commission File Number: 1-12911
GRANITE CONSTRUCTION INCORPORATED
State of Incorporation: Delaware I.R.S. Employer Identification Number: 77-0239383
Corporate Administration: 585 W. Beach Street Watsonville, California 95076 (831) 724-1011
Indicate by checkmark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. ý Yes "No
Indicate by checkmark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. Large accelerated filer ý Accelerated filer "Non-accelerated filer "
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). "Yes \circ No
Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of October 19, 2007.
Class Outstanding Common Stock, \$0.01 par value 41,916,706 shares

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

Granite Construction Incorporated CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Unaudited - in thousands, except share and per share data)

	Sej	eptember 30, 2007		December 31, 2006		otember 30, 2006
Assets						
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	265,605	\$	204,893	\$	202,382
Short-term marketable securities		106,675		141,037		140,869
Accounts receivable, net		536,519		492,229		634,548
Costs and estimated earnings in excess of						
billings		24,489		15,797		31,199
Inventories		50,438		41,529		42,020
Real estate held for sale		57,296		55,888		50,141
Deferred income taxes		36,041		36,776		22,475
Equity in construction joint ventures		36,851		31,912		37,969
Other current assets		43,370		63,144		32,988
Total current assets		1,157,284		1,083,205		1,194,591
Property and equipment, net		487,000		429,966		422,212
Long-term marketable securities		61,308		48,948		45,759
Investments in affiliates		23,256		21,471		20,564
Other assets		78,119		49,248		63,656
Total assets	\$	1,806,967	\$	1,632,838	\$	1,746,782
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity						
Current liabilities						
Current maturities of long-term debt	\$	26,589	\$	28,660	\$	27,673
Accounts payable		261,379		257,612		322,537
Billings in excess of costs and estimated						
earnings		274,209		287,843		327,272
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities		209,894		189,328		183,968
Total current liabilities		772,071		763,443		861,450
Long-term debt		140,410		78,576		90,151
Other long-term liabilities		65,111		58,419		56,335
Deferred income taxes		19,788		22,324		37,325
Commitments and contingencies						
Minority interest in consolidated subsidiaries		28,148		15,532		11,840
Shareholders' equity						
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value, authorized						
3,000,000 shares, none outstanding		-		-		-
Common stock, \$0.01 par value, authorized						
150,000,000 shares; issued and						
outstanding 41,916,706 shares as of September						
30, 2007, 41,833,559 shares as of December 31,						
2006 and 41,845,981 as of September 30, 2006		419		418		418
Additional paid-in capital		82,678		78,620		72,742
Retained earnings		694,557		612,875		614,141

Accumulated other comprehensive income	3,785	2,631	2,380
Total shareholders' equity	781,439	694,544	689,681
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 1,806,967	\$ 1,632,838	\$ 1,746,782

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Granite Construction Incorporated CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(Unaudited - in thousands, except per share data)

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Ni		Ended September 30,		
	2007		2006		2007		2006	
Revenue								
Construction	\$ 701,622	\$	807,384	\$	1,778,638	\$	1,911,529	
Material sales	123,453		133,375		289,655		303,556	
Real estate	21,238		913		36,556		34,592	
Total revenue	846,313		941,672		2,104,849		2,249,677	
Cost of revenue								
Construction	601,880		736,839		1,543,960		1,762,217	
Material sales	96,130		98,459		229,116		230,906	
Real estate	11,666		442		19,466		17,277	
Total cost of revenue	709,676		835,740		1,792,542		2,010,400	
Gross profit	136,637		105,932		312,307		239,277	
General and administrative expenses	63,666		58,560		183,133		155,751	
Gain on sales of property and								
equipment	2,994		1,230		8,053		9,517	
Operating income	75,965		48,602		137,227		93,043	
Other income (expense)								
Interest income	7,514		7,055		20,796		16,732	
Interest expense	(1,884)		(1,319)		(4,998)		(4,105)	
Equity in income of affiliates	4,037		770		4,359		1,521	
Other, net	(391)		(8)		(1,057)		2,700	
Total other income	9,276		6,498		19,100		16,848	
Income before provision for income								
taxes and minority interest	85,241		55,100		156,327		109,891	
Provision for income taxes	25,437		22,796		47,680		39,068	
Income before minority interest	59,804		32,304		108,647		70,823	
Minority interest in consolidated	·		·		·		·	
subsidiaries	(6,504)		13,421		(13,750)		6,769	
Net income	\$ 53,300	\$	45,725	\$	94,897	\$	77,592	
	·		·		·		·	
Net income per share								
Basic	\$ 1.30	\$	1.12	\$	2.31	\$	1.90	
Diluted	\$ 1.28	\$	1.10	\$	2.28	\$	1.87	
Weighted average shares of								
common stock								
Basic	41,106		40,923		41,065		40,853	
Diluted	41,640		41,546		41,587		41,434	
Dividends per share	\$ 0.10	\$	0.10	\$	0.30	\$	0.30	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Granite Construction Incorporated CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited - in thousands)

Nine Months Ended September 30,	2007	2006
Operating Activities		
Net income	\$ 94,897	\$ 77,592
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash		
provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	60,621	51,153
Provision for (benefit from) doubtful accounts	1,119	(840)
Gain on sales of property and equipment	(8,053)	(9,517)
Change in deferred income taxes	(11)	-
Stock-based compensation	4,600	5,762
Excess tax benefit on stock-based compensation	(3,042)	-
Common stock contributed to ESOP	-	1,995
Minority interest in consolidated subsidiaries	13,750	(6,769)
Equity in income of affiliates	(4,359)	(1,521)
Changes in assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions		
of businesses:		
Accounts receivable	(35,805)	(161,334)
Inventories	(4,794)	(8,859)
Real estate held for sale	(2,139)	(5,042)
Equity in construction joint ventures	(4,939)	(10,561)
Other assets	18,621	20,611
Accounts payable	3,742	89,730
Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings, net	(22,326)	130,850
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	25,685	44,709
Net cash provided by operating activities	137,567	217,959
Investing Activities		
Purchases of marketable securities	(126,464)	(147,229)
Maturities of marketable securities	140,225	69,024
Additions to property and equipment	(82,744)	(90,103)
Proceeds from sales of property and equipment	12,765	15,681
Acquisition of businesses	(76,313)	-
Contributions to affiliates	(3,772)	(6,600)
Distributions from affiliates	-	1,978
Collection of notes receivable	3,683	2,911
Other investing activities	(224)	(1,134)
Net cash used in investing activities	(132,844)	(155,472)
Financing Activities		
Additions to long-term debt	111,634	51,074
Repayments of long-term debt	(49,376)	(75,990)
Dividends paid	(12,572)	(12,537)
Repurchases of common stock	(5,083)	(6,369)
Contributions from minority partners	30,436	5,909
Distributions to minority partners	(22,458)	(22,988)
Excess tax benefit on stock-based compensation	3,042	-
Other financing activities	366	915

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Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	55,989	(59,986)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	60,712	2,501
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	204,893	199,881
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 265,605	\$ 202,382
Supplementary Information		
Cash paid during the period for:		
Interest	\$ 3,623	\$ 4,159
Income taxes	36,715	42,009
Non-cash investing and financing activity:		
Restricted stock issued for services	10,809	9,639
Dividends accrued but not paid	4,192	4,185
Financed acquisition of assets	1,492	4,835
Debt repayments from sale of assets	9,237	13,398
- ·		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Granite Construction Incorporated NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

1. Basis of Presentation:

The condensed consolidated financial statements included herein have been prepared by Granite Construction Incorporated ("we", "us", "our" or "Granite") without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and should be read in conjunction with our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted, although we believe the disclosures which are made are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. Further, the condensed consolidated financial statements reflect, in the opinion of management, all normal recurring adjustments necessary to present fairly our financial position at September 30, 2007 and 2006 and the results of our operations and cash flows for the periods presented. The December 31, 2006 condensed consolidated balance sheet data was derived from audited consolidated financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Interim results are subject to significant seasonal variations and the results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.

In February 2007, we announced an organizational realignment of our business operations which is designed to accommodate growth of our vertically integrated Branch business in the West and improve profitability of our large, complex Heavy Construction Division ("HCD") projects. This realignment involves the reorganization of our operating divisions geographically into "Granite West" and "Granite East." Granite West includes the operations of our former Branch Division as well as the western portion of our large project business that was formerly included in HCD. Granite West retains our successful decentralized operating structure, with each of its branch locations aligning under one of three operating groups: Northwest, Northern California and Southwest. Granite East includes the eastern portion of our large project business that had been included in HCD and is aligned to focus on enhancing project management oversight and discipline from estimating through execution. Granite East is operated out of three regional offices: the Central Region, based in Dallas, Texas; the Southeast Region, based in Tampa, Florida; and the Northeast Region, based in Tarrytown, New York.

During the quarter ended June 30, 2007, we completed the reassignment of our large projects in the West from our former Heavy Construction Division to the new Granite West division (with the exception of a certain project that is nearing completion which remains with our Granite East division) and made substantial progress on other aspects of the realignment. As a result, we began reporting Granite West and Granite East as new reportable segments effective with the quarter ended June 30, 2007. Prior period results have been reclassified to conform to the new organizational structure (see Note 13).

2. Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements:

In September 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 157, "Fair Value Measurements" ("SFAS 157"). SFAS 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosures about fair value measurements, but does not change existing guidance as to whether or not an instrument is carried at fair value. SFAS 157 is effective for our year beginning January 1, 2008. We are currently evaluating the impact of implementing SFAS 157 on our consolidated financial statements.

In February 2007, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 159, "The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities" ("SFAS 159"). SFAS 159 permits entities to choose to measure many financial

instruments and certain other items at fair value. Unrealized gains and losses on items for which the fair value option has been elected are reported in earnings. SFAS 159 is effective for our year beginning January 1, 2008. We are currently evaluating the impact of implementing SFAS 159 on our consolidated financial statements.

3. Change in Accounting Estimates:

Our gross profit in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 includes the effects of significant changes in the estimates of the profitability of certain of our projects.

Granite East

The impact of significant changes in the estimates of the profitability on Granite East gross profit is summarized as follows:

Granite East Change in	Three Months		Nine Months						
Accounting Estimates	\mathbf{E}	nded Sep	tem	ber 30,	Ended Septembe			ber 30,	
(dollars in millions)		2007		2006	2006 20			2006	
Reduction in gross profit	\$	(20.2)	\$	(56.0)	\$	(65.3)	\$	(104.2)	
Increase in gross profit		11.6		16.1		43.5		23.7	
Net reduction in gross profit	\$	(8.6)	\$	(39.9)	\$	(21.8)	\$	(80.5)	
Number of projects with significant downward									
estimate changes*		3		10		10		16	
Range of reduction in gross profit		1.9 -		1.3 -		1.0 -		1.0 -	
from each project**	\$	10.9	\$	22.2	\$	36.5	\$	26.5	
Number of projects with significant									
upward estimate changes*		6		6		10		7	
Range of increase in gross profit		1.0 -		1.0 -		1.1 -		1.0 -	
from each project**	\$	4.4	\$	8.3	\$	19.2	\$	7.2	

^{*} Significant is defined as a change with a net gross margin impact of \$1.0 million or greater.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007, the estimate changes that reduced gross profit resulted from changes in productivity and quantity estimates based on experience gained in the quarter, costs from design issues and owner-directed changes. Two of the three Granite East projects with significant downward estimate changes during the three months ended September 30, 2007 also had significant downward estimate changes in 2006.

^{**} The reduction in gross profit from each project is net of any increase in the respective periods. The increase in gross profit from each project is net of any reduction in the respective periods.

Granite Construction Incorporated NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

The following table presents additional information about the three Granite East projects with significant downward estimate changes for the three months ended September 30, 2007 (dollars in millions):

	Number of Projects	(Total Contract Value	ross Profit Reduction Impact	acklog at otember 30, 2007	Percent of Total Granite East Backlog at September 30, 2007
Highway project in						
California at 95% complete	1	\$	450	\$ 10.9	\$ 24	1.8%
Projects between 96%						
and 97% complete	2		280	5.7	10	0.7%
Total for projects with						
significant downward						
changes	3	\$	730	\$ 16.6	\$ 34	2.5%

The minority interest share of the net decrease in gross profit for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 and the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006 was approximately \$1.6 million, \$2.7 million, \$15.1 million and \$20.9 million, respectively. Two of our joint venture projects are currently forecast at a loss and will require additional capital contributions from our minority partners if the forecasts do not improve. Our joint venture agreements require that such capital contributions be made if needed. Based on our most recent assessment of our partners' financial condition, we currently believe that one of our partners does not have the ability to contribute their full proportionate share of the additional capital that will be needed if the project forecast does not improve. Included in minority interest in our condensed consolidated statements of income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 is expense related to the potentially uncollectible partner balance of approximately \$1.2 million and \$5.6 million, respectively. The remaining minority interest balance related to these loss projects of \$5.8 million at September 30, 2007 has been included in other long-term assets in our condensed consolidated balance sheet.

Three of the six Granite East projects that generated significant increased gross profit from changes in estimates during the three months ended September 30, 2007 were complete or substantially complete at September 30, 2007, and the remaining three projects ranged between 68% and 89% complete. The increased gross profit resulted from a combination of the settlement of certain revenue issues with the project owners and the resolution of other project uncertainties. Three of the six projects that generated significant increased gross profit had experienced significant margin deterioration in prior periods.

Granite West

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007, Granite West recognized increases in gross profit from the net effects of changes in the estimates of project profitability of \$5.7 million and \$19.6 million, respectively. This compares with a decrease of \$4.4 million and an increase of \$3.9 million from the net effects of estimate changes during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006, respectively. The increased Granite West profitability estimates during the three months ended September 30, 2007 were due primarily to the settlement of outstanding issues with contract owners, higher productivity than originally estimated and the resolution of certain project uncertainties.

We currently have a highway project that was transferred to Granite West from HCD in connection with our realignment that involves construction of seven miles of highway in western Oregon. The project includes construction of at least eight new structures over creeks, rivers and a railroad, as well as construction of several retaining walls, culverts and drainage improvements. While clearing and excavating the site, numerous and massive historical landslides throughout the seven-mile project site were discovered. Some of these ancient landslides are at critical locations of the project, including under bridge abutments. At December 31, 2006, we had forecast this project at a loss of approximately \$20.0 million, largely due to preliminary designs and estimates of cost associated with these geotechnical issues. During the quarter ended March 31, 2007, the geotechnical design was completed along with our analysis of the impact of these landslides on the project. As a result of this analysis, we have determined that the potential cost would be significantly higher than our earlier estimates and that the project would take approximately two years longer to complete than originally anticipated. After conferring with the Oregon Department of Transportation ("ODOT") on the most cost effective way to deal with these differing site conditions, we requested that ODOT terminate the original contract.

After several months of negotiations, Granite and ODOT agreed in principle that, in lieu of terminating the contract, it is in the best interests of the parties to temporarily suspend work. This suspension is intended to allow time for both parties to jointly complete additional geotechnical site investigations and explore alternative, less expensive landslide mitigation solutions. We have suspended construction work on the project and will resume no earlier than May 2008. During the suspension period, a small management team will remain on the project to ensure that all required environmental protection measures are maintained. No agreement has been reached regarding the responsibility for the landslide mitigation costs. Both parties have tentatively agreed to take the issue to the standing Dispute Review Board under the dispute resolution provisions of the contract. Upon resolution of this issue, and agreement on the final cost and schedule to complete the project, Granite will restart construction under a signed change order issued by ODOT. Because there is remaining uncertainty surrounding the ultimate determination of responsibility for the landslide mitigation costs we have not recorded any adjustments to our project forecast during the nine months ended September 30, 2007.

Resolution of Revenue Issues

We believe we are entitled to additional compensation related to some of our downward estimate changes and are actively pursuing these issues with the contract owners. However, the amount and timing of any future recovery is highly uncertain. While we recognize the impact of estimated costs immediately when known, under our accounting policies we do not recognize revenue from contract changes until we have a signed change order or executed claim settlement. We believe that our current estimates of gross profit are achievable. However, it is possible that the actual cost to complete will vary from our current estimate and any future estimate changes could be significant.

4. Inventories:

Inventories consist primarily of quarry products valued at the lower of average cost or market.

Granite Construction Incorporated NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

5. Property and Equipment, Net:

	Sept	tember 30,	De	cember 31,	Sep	otember 30,
(in thousands)		2007		2006		2006
Land	\$	74,693	\$	56,797	\$	60,372
Quarry property		130,319		115,657		106,773
Buildings and leasehold improvements		75,971		69,972		71,140
Equipment and vehicles		847,629		804,370		792,327
Office equipment		28,819		26,006		23,983
Property and equipment		1,157,431		1,072,802		1,054,595
Less: accumulated depreciation, depletion and						
amortization		670,431		642,836		632,383
Property and equipment, net	\$	487,000	\$	429,966	\$	422,212

6. Intangible Assets:

The following table indicates the allocation of goodwill by reportable segment which is included in other assets on our condensed consolidated balance sheets:

(in thousands)	-	nber 30, 007	cember 31, 2006	Se	ptember 30, 2006
Goodwill by segment:					
Granite East	\$	-	\$ -	\$	18,011
Granite West		9,900	9,900		9,900
Total goodwill	\$	9,900	\$ 9,900	\$	27,911

The following other intangible assets are included in other assets on our consolidated balance sheets (see also Note 14 "Acquisitions"):

		S	•	ber 30, 2007 umulated	/	
(in thousands)	Gros	ss Value	Amo	ortization	No	et Value
Amortized intangible assets:						
Covenants not to compete	\$	1,661	\$	(308)	\$	1,353
Permits		36,362		(1,502)		34,860
Trade names		1,425		(921)		504
Other		1,712		(528)		1,184
Total amortized intangible assets	\$	41,160	\$	(3,259)	\$	37,901

	December 31, 2006								
(: .1 1)	Gross		cumulated	Net					
(in thousands)	Value	An	nortization	Value					
Amortized intangible assets:									
Covenants not to compete	\$ 161	\$	(109) \$	52					
Permits	2,000		(761)	1,239					

Trade names	1,425	(768)	657
Other	603	(193)	410
Total amortized intangible assets	\$ 4,189	\$ (1,831)	\$ 2,358

September 30, 2006

			Accı	ımulated		
(in thousands)	Gros	s Value	Amo	ortization	Net Value	
Amortized intangible assets:						
Covenants not to compete	\$	161	\$	(102)	\$	59
Permits		2,000		(728)		1,272
Trade names		1,425		(717)		708
Other		603		(142)		461
Total amortized intangible assets	\$	4,189	\$	(1,689)	\$	2,500

Amortization expense related to intangible assets was approximately \$633,000 and \$1,428,000 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007, respectively, and approximately \$236,000 and \$426,000 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006, respectively. Amortization expense expected to be recorded in the future is as follows: \$0.7 million for the balance of 2007, \$3.0 million in 2008, \$2.7 million in 2009, \$2.2 million in 2010, \$2.0 million in 2011 and \$27.3 million thereafter.

Granite Construction Incorporated NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

7. Construction Joint Ventures:

We participate in various construction joint ventures. Generally, each construction joint venture is formed to accomplish a specific project and is jointly controlled by the joint venture partners. The joint venture agreements typically provide that our interest in any profits and assets, and our respective share in any losses and liabilities that may result from the performance of the contract are limited to our stated percentage interest in the project. Although each venture's contract with the project owner typically requires joint and several liability among the joint venture partners, our agreements with our joint venture partners provide that each partner will assume and pay its full proportionate share of any losses resulting from a project.

We have determined that certain of these joint ventures are variable interest entities as defined by FASB Interpretation No. 46 (revised December 2003), "Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities." Accordingly, we have consolidated those joint ventures where we have determined that we are the primary beneficiary. At September 30, 2007, the joint ventures we have consolidated were engaged in construction projects with total contract values ranging from \$126.7 million to \$463.9 million. Our proportionate share of the consolidated joint ventures ranges from 52.5% to 99.0%.

Consistent with Emerging Issues Task Force Issue 00-01, "Investor Balance Sheet and Income Statement Display under the Equity Method for Investments in Certain Partnerships and Other Ventures," we account for our share of the operations of construction joint ventures in which we have determined we are not the primary beneficiary on a pro rata basis in the consolidated statements of operations and as a single line item in the consolidated balance sheets. At September 30, 2007, the joint ventures in which we hold a significant interest but are not the primary beneficiary were engaged in construction projects with total contract values ranging from \$94.7 million to \$577.0 million. Our proportionate share of these joint ventures ranges from 20.0% to 40.0%.

We also participate in various "line item" joint venture agreements under which each partner is responsible for performing certain discrete items of the total scope of contracted work. The revenue for these discrete items is defined in the contract with the project owner and each venture partner bears the profitability risk associated with its own work. All partners in a line item joint venture are jointly and severally liable for completion of the total project under the terms of the contract with the project owner. There is not a single set of books and records for a line item joint venture. Each partner accounts for its items of work individually as it would for any self-performed contract. We account for our portion of these contracts as a project in our accounting system and include receivables and payables associated with our work on our consolidated balance sheet.

Although our agreements with our joint venture partners for both construction joint ventures and line item joint ventures provide that each party will assume and pay its share of any losses resulting from a project, if one of our partners is unable to pay its share, we would be fully liable under our contract with the project owner. Circumstances that could lead to a loss under our joint venture arrangements beyond our proportionate share include a partner's inability to contribute additional funds to the venture in the event the project incurs a loss, or additional costs that we could incur should a partner fail to provide the services and resources toward project completion that had been committed to in the joint venture agreement. At September 30, 2007, approximately \$750.0 million of work representing our partners' share of unconsolidated and line item joint venture contracts in progress had yet to be completed.

8. Real Estate:

We participate in real estate partnerships through our Granite Land Company subsidiary. Generally, each partnership is formed to accomplish a specific real estate development project. We have determined that certain of these partnerships are variable interest entities as defined by FASB Interpretation No. 46 (revised December 2003), "Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities." Accordingly, we have consolidated those partnerships for which we have determined that we are the primary beneficiary. At September 30, 2007, the partnerships we have consolidated were engaged in development projects with total assets ranging from approximately \$0.3 million to \$26.7 million. At September 30, 2007, approximately \$57.3 million was classified as real estate held for sale on our condensed consolidated balance sheet and of that balance approximately \$55.2 million was pledged as collateral for the obligations of consolidated real estate partnerships. Our proportionate share of the results of these partnerships varies depending on the ultimate profitability of the partnerships.

Included in the \$57.3 million balance of real estate held for sale at September 30, 2007 is approximately \$43.9 million related to residential housing projects. These residential housing projects include approximately \$7.0 million for a housing project in central California, which is an area that has been particularly impacted by the slowing demand for new housing construction. During the quarter ended September 30, 2007, as a result of market conditions, we assessed whether this asset was impaired and determined that it was not impaired. However, given the current uncertainties in the California housing market, there is no assurance that future events will not adversely affect recoverability that could result in impairment.

We account for our share of the operations of real estate partnerships in which we have determined we are not the primary beneficiary in "investments in affiliates" in our consolidated balance sheets and in "equity in income of affiliates" in our consolidated statements of income. At September 30, 2007, the partnerships in which we hold a significant interest but are not the primary beneficiary were engaged in development projects with total assets ranging from approximately \$5.8 million to \$41.2 million. Total liabilities of real estate partnerships in which we are not the primary beneficiary were approximately \$64.1 million at September 30, 2007. Our proportionate share of the results of these partnerships varies depending on the ultimate profitability of the partnerships.

Granite Construction Incorporated NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

9. Weighted Average Shares Outstanding:

A reconciliation of the weighted average shares outstanding used in calculating basic and diluted net income per share in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income is as follows:

	Three M	onths	Nine Months			
	Ended Septe	ember 30,	Ended Septe	mber 30,		
(in thousands)	2007	2006	2007	2006		
Weighted average shares outstanding:						
Weighted average common stock						
outstanding	41,939	41,840	41,906	41,789		
Less: weighted average restricted stock						
outstanding	833	917	841	936		
Total basic weighted average shares						
outstanding	41,106	40,923	41,065	40,853		
Diluted weighted average shares						
outstanding:						
Basic weighted average shares outstanding	41,106	40,923	41,065	40,853		
Effect of dilutive securities:						
Common stock options and units	45	46	45	46		
Restricted stock	489	577	477	535		
Total diluted weighted average shares						
outstanding	41,640	41,546	41,587	41,434		

Restricted stock, representing approximately 59,000 shares for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and approximately 154,000 shares and 169,000 shares for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006, respectively, has been excluded from the calculation of diluted net income per share because its effect is anti-dilutive.

10. Comprehensive Income:

The components of comprehensive income, net of tax, are as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Nine Months Ended September 3			
(in thousands)		2007		2006		2007		2006	
Net income	\$	53,300	\$	45,725	\$	94,897	\$	77,592	
Other comprehensive income (loss):									
Changes in net unrealized gains on									
investments		(41)		557		1,154		778	
Total comprehensive income	\$	53,259	\$	46,282	\$	96,051	\$	78,370	

11. Income Taxes:

Uncertain tax positions: We adopted the provisions of FASB Interpretation No. 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes – an Interpretation of FASB Statement 109" ("FIN 48"), on January 1, 2007. As a result of the

implementation of FIN 48, we recognized an increase in the liability for uncertain tax positions of approximately \$4.8 million, of which approximately \$0.6 million is accounted for as a decrease in the January 1, 2007 balance of retained earnings. Including the cumulative increase at the beginning of 2007, we had approximately \$4.7 million of total gross unrecognized tax benefits at September 30, 2007. There were no unrecognized tax benefits that would impact the effective tax rate in any future period at either January 1, 2007 or September 30, 2007 and we do not believe it is reasonably possible that the total amounts of our liability for uncertain tax positions will significantly increase or decrease within twelve months of September 30, 2007.

We file income tax returns in the U.S. federal and various state and local jurisdictions. We are not currently under examination by federal, state or local taxing authorities for any open tax years. The tax years 2002 through 2006 remain open to examination by the major taxing authorities to which we are subject. We record interest related to uncertain tax positions as interest and any penalties are recorded as other expense in our statement of operations. As of September 30, 2007 we estimated interest of approximately \$2.5 million which was included in our liability for uncertain tax positions.

Provision for income taxes: Our effective tax rate decreased to 29.8% and 30.5% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 from 41.4% and 35.6%, respectively, for the corresponding periods in 2006. The decreased effective tax rate is due primarily to higher estimates of our minority partners' share of income in our consolidated construction joint ventures which are not subject to income taxes on a stand-alone basis.

Granite Construction Incorporated NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

12. Legal Proceedings

Silica Litigation

Our wholly owned subsidiary Granite Construction Company ("GCCO") is one of approximately 100 to 300 defendants in ten active California Superior Court lawsuits. Of the ten lawsuits, five were filed against GCCO in 2005 and five were filed against GCCO in 2006, in Alameda County (Riley vs. A-1 Aggregates, et al.; Molina vs. A-1 Aggregates, et al.; Dominguez vs. A-1 Aggregates, et al.; Cleveland vs. A. Teichert & Son.; Guido vs. A. Teichert & Son, Inc.; Williams vs. A. Teichert & Son, Inc.; Horne vs. Teichert & Son, Inc.; Harris vs. A-1 Aggregates, et al.; Kammer vs.A-1 Aggregates, et al.; and Solis vs. The 3M Company et al.). Each lawsuit was brought by a single plaintiff who is seeking money damages by way of various causes of action, including strict product and market share liability, and alleges personal injuries caused by exposure to silica products and related materials during the plaintiffs' use or association with sand blasting or grinding concrete. The plaintiff in each lawsuit has categorized the defendants as equipment defendants, respirator defendants, premises defendants and sand defendants. We have been identified as a sand defendant, meaning a party that manufactured, supplied or distributed silica-containing products. Our preliminary investigation revealed that we have not knowingly sold or distributed abrasive silica sand for sandblasting, and therefore, we believe the probability of these lawsuits resulting in an incurrence of a material liability is remote. We have been dismissed from fourteen other similar lawsuits.

Hiawatha Project DBE Issues

The Hiawatha Light Rail Transit ("HLRT") project was performed by Minnesota Transit Constructors ("MnTC"), a joint venture that consisted of GCCO and other unrelated companies. GCCO was the managing partner of the joint venture, with a 56.5% interest. The Minnesota Department of Transportation ("MnDOT") is the contracting agency for this federally funded project. MnDOT and the U.S. Department of Transportation Office of Inspector General ("OIG") each conducted a review of the Disadvantaged Business enterprise ("DBE") program maintained by MnTC for the HLRT project. In addition, the U.S. Department of Justice ("USDOJ") is conducting an investigation into compliance issues with respect to MnTC's DBE Program for the HLRT project. MnDOT and the OIG (collectively, the "Agencies") have initially identified certain compliance issues in connection with MnTC's DBE Program and, as a result, have determined that MnTC failed to meet the DBE utilization criteria as represented by MnTC. Although there has been no formal administrative subpoena issued, nor has a civil complaint been filed in connection with the administrative reviews or the investigation, MnDOT has proposed a monetary sanction of \$4.3 million against MnTC and specified DBE training for MnTC personnel as a condition of future bidding on MnDOT work. MnTC is fully cooperating with the Agencies and the USDOJ and, on July 2, 2007, presented its response to the initial determination of the Agencies as well as the investigation by the USDOJ to MnDOT and the USDOJ. We have yet to receive a response from the Agencies or the USDOJ. Therefore, we cannot reasonably estimate the amount of any monetary sanction or what, if any, other sanction conditions might ultimately be imposed.

I-494 Project DBE Issues

The I-494 project was performed by a joint venture ("JV") that consisted of GCCO and another unrelated party. GCCO was the managing partner of the JV, with a 60% interest. MnDOT is the contracting agency for this federally funded project. MnDOT conducted a review of the DBE program maintained by the JV for the I-494 project. MnDOT has initially identified certain compliance issues in connection with the JV's DBE program, and as a result, has determined that the JV failed to meet the DBE utilization criteria as represented by the JV. Although there has been no formal administrative subpoena, nor has a civil complaint been filed in connection with the administrative reviews or the

investigation, MnDOT has proposed a monetary sanction of \$200,000 against the JV and specified DBE training for JV personnel as a condition of future bidding on MnDOT work. The JV is fully cooperating with MnDOT and will be provided an opportunity to informally present its response to MnDOT's initial determinations.

US Highway 20 Project

GCCO and its majority-owned subsidiary, Wilder Construction Company, are the members of a joint venture known as Yaquina River Constructors ("YRC") which is currently constructing a new road alignment of US Highway 20 near Eddyville, Oregon, under contract with the Oregon Department of Transportation (ODOT). The project involves constructing seven miles of new road through steep and forested terrain in the Coast Range Mountains. During the fall and winter of 2006, extraordinary rain events produced runoff that overwhelmed erosion control measures installed at the project and resulted in discharges to surface water in alleged violations of the storm water permit. The Oregon Department of Environmental Quality ("DEQ") has issued notices of violation and fine of \$90,000 to ODOT and \$240,000 to YRC for these alleged violations. YRC has filed an answer to the notice of violation and is attempting to negotiate resolution with the DEQ. The Oregon Department of Justice is conducting a criminal investigation in connection with storm water runoff from the project. The JV is fully cooperating in the investigation, but does not know whether criminal charges, if any, will be brought or against whom.

Other Legal Proceedings

We are a party to a number of other legal proceedings arising in the normal course of business which, from time to time, include inquiries from public agencies seeking information concerning our compliance with government construction contracting requirements and related laws and regulations. We believe that the nature and number of these proceedings and compliance inquiries are typical for a construction firm of our size and scope. Our litigation typically involves claims regarding public liability or contract related issues. While management currently believes, after consultation with counsel, that the ultimate outcome of such proceedings and compliance inquiries which are currently pending, individually and in the aggregate, will not have a material adverse effect on our financial position or overall trends in results of operations or cash flows, litigation is subject to inherent uncertainties. Were an unfavorable ruling to occur, there exists the possibility of a material adverse impact on the results of operations, cash flows and/or financial position for the period in which the ruling occurs. While any one of our pending legal proceedings is subject to early resolution as a result of our ongoing efforts to settle, whether or when any legal proceeding will resolve through settlement is neither predictable nor guaranteed.

Granite Construction Incorporated NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

13. Business Segment Information:

As more fully described in Note 1, we have substantially completed a realignment of our former Branch and Heavy Construction Divisions into two geographically based divisions – Granite West and Granite East. Both Granite West and Granite East represent reportable segments and the prior period segment information presented below has been reclassified to conform to the new organizational structure.

Granite West is comprised of decentralized branch offices in the western United States that perform various heavy civil construction projects with a large portion of the work focused on new construction and improvement of streets, roads, highways and bridges as well as site preparation for housing and commercial development. Each branch reports under one of three operating groups: Northwest, Northern California and Southwest. Because the operating groups have similar economic characteristics as defined in Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 131, "Disclosures about Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information" ("SFAS 131"), we have aggregated them into the Granite West reportable segment. Although most Granite West projects are started and completed within a year, the division also has the capability of constructing larger projects and currently has five projects, each with total contract revenue greater than \$50.0 million, including two projects from our legacy Heavy Construction Division. All of our revenue from the sale of construction materials is generated by Granite West which mines aggregates and operates plants that process aggregates into construction materials for internal use and for sale to others. These activities are vertically integrated into the Granite West construction business, providing both a source of profits and a competitive advantage to our construction business.

Granite East operates in the eastern portion of the United States with a focus on large, complex infrastructure projects including major highways, large dams, mass transit facilities, bridges, pipelines, canals, tunnels, waterway locks and dams, and airport infrastructure. Granite East operates out of three regional offices: the Central Region, based in Dallas, Texas; the Southeast Region, based in Tampa, Florida; and the Northeast Region, based in Tarrytown, New York. Because the regions have similar economic characteristics as defined in SFAS 131, we have aggregated them into the Granite East reportable segment. Granite East construction contracts are typically greater than two years in duration.

Additionally, we purchase, develop and sell real estate through our Granite Land Company subsidiary ("GLC"), which also provides real estate services for other Granite operations. GLC's portfolio of projects includes both commercial and residential development and is geographically diversified throughout the West and Texas.

The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those described in the Summary of Significant Accounting Policies contained in our 2006 Annual Report on Form 10-K. We evaluate performance based on operating profit or loss (excluding gain on sales of property and equipment), and do not include income taxes, interest income, interest expense or other income (expense). Unallocated other corporate expenses principally comprise corporate general and administrative expenses. Segment assets include property and equipment, and real estate held for sale.

Summarized segment information is as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30,								
(in thousands)	(Granite West		Granite East		GLC		Total	
2007									
Revenue from external customers	\$	641,717	\$	183,358	\$	21,238	\$	846,313	

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Inter-segment revenue transfer		7	11		(711)		-		-
Net revenue		642,4	28		182,647		21,238		846,313
Depreciation, depletion and amor	rtization	18,3	31		3,044		54		21,429
Operating income (loss)		89,7	55		(3,174)		8,241		94,822
2006									
Revenue from external customer	S	\$ 678,1	78	\$	262,581	\$	913	\$	941,672
Inter-segment revenue transfer		3,0	31		(3,031)		-		-
Net revenue		681,2	09		259,550		913		941,672
Depreciation, depletion and amor	rtization	12,9	09		3,586		7		16,502
Operating income (loss)	come (loss) 104,825 (35,193) (251)								69,381
		Ni	ne N	Iontl	hs Ended Se	epten	nber 30,		
(in thousands)	C	Granite West		G	ranite East		GLC		Total
2007									
Revenue from external	\$					\$			
customers	Þ	1,478,561	\$		589,732	Ψ	36,556	\$	2,104,849
Inter-segment revenue transfer		4,408			(4,408)	1	-		-
Net revenue		1,482,969			585,324		36,556		2,104,849
Depreciation, depletion and									
amortization		50,359			7,812		99		58,270
Operating income (loss)		186,476			(13,359)		14,120		187,237
Segment assets		423,299			28,414		66,352		518,065
2006									
Revenue from external	\$					\$			
customers	φ	1,413,534	\$		801,551	\$	34,592	\$	2,249,677
Inter-segment revenue transfer		13,064			(13,064)		-		-
Net revenue		1,426,598			788,487		34,592		2,249,677
Depreciation, depletion and									
amortization		37,864			10,567		17		48,448
Operating income (loss)		185,152			(66,158)		15,261		134,255
Segment assets		354,011			44,633		50,257		448,901
13									

Granite Construction Incorporated NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

A reconciliation of segment operating income to consolidated totals is as follows:

		Three M Ended Sep	 -	Nine Months Ended September 30			
(in thousands)		2007	2006		2007		2006
Total operating income for							
reportable segments	\$	94,822	\$ 69,381	\$	187,237	\$	134,255
Other income (expense), net		9,276	6,498		19,100		16,848
Gain on sales of property and							
equipment		2,994	1,230		8,053		9,517
Unallocated other corporate							
expense		(21,851)	(22,009)		(58,063)		(50,729)
Income before provision for income	e						
taxes and minority interest	\$	85,241	\$ 55,100	\$	156,327	\$	109,891

14. Acquisitions:

On April 3, 2007, we acquired certain assets of the Superior Group of Companies ("Superior"), a Pacific Northwest-based construction materials producer and asphalt paving company, for approximately \$58.6 million in cash. The acquisition agreement also provides for the payment of an additional \$3.0 million for the assumption of a certain lease and related intangible assets which has not yet been completed. The acquired business operates under the name Granite Northwest, Inc. as a wholly owned subsidiary of Granite Construction Incorporated and operates as the Columbia River Branch in our Granite West segment. The purchased assets include 16 asphalt plants and related permits, more than 50 million tons of permitted aggregate reserves (owned and leased), construction equipment and rolling stock and all associated shops and buildings. We have accounted for this transaction in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 141, "Business Combinations" ("SFAS 141") and the results of the acquired business' operations are included in our consolidated financial statements as of April 3, 2007.

Preliminary Purchase Price Allocation

In accordance with SFAS 141, the total purchase price was allocated preliminarily to the net tangible and identifiable intangible assets based on their estimated fair values as of April 3, 2007 as set forth below. The allocation of the purchase price was based upon a preliminary valuation and our estimates and assumptions are subject to change. The current estimated fair value of the assets acquired approximates the purchase price; therefore, no goodwill was recorded. Purchased intangibles are generally amortized on a straight-line basis over their respective useful lives. The weighted average useful life remaining on these intangibles at September 30, 2007 was approximately 19 years. The primary areas of the purchase price allocation that are preliminary relate to finalizing the valuations of mining rights and certain intangible assets and completing our assessment of asset retirement obligations.

(in thousands)	
Land & buildings	\$ 6,900
Plant & equipment	23,900
Inventory	3,900
Mining rights	6,100
Permits	17,600
Other intangible assets	2,100
Asset retirement obligations and other liabilities	(1,900)

Total purchase price \$ 58,600

Pro Forma Financial Information

The financial information in the table below summarizes the combined results of operations of Granite and Superior, on a pro forma basis, as though the companies had been combined as of the beginning of each of the periods presented. The pro forma financial information is presented for informational purposes only and is not indicative of the results of operations that would have been achieved if the acquisition had taken place at the beginning of each of the periods presented.

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Ni	Nine Months Ended September 30,					
(in thousands, except per share										
amounts)	2007		2006		2007		2006			
Revenue	\$ 846,000	\$	979,000	\$	2,111,000	\$	2,319,000			
Net income	53,000		49,000		90,000		78,000			
Basic net income per share	1.30		1.20		2.19		1.91			
Diluted net income per share	1.28		1.18		2.16		1.88			

Other Acquisitions

In June 2007, we also purchased certain assets and assumed certain liabilities of an asphalt concrete manufacturer near Santa Clara, California for cash consideration of approximately \$17.7 million. This purchase was accounted for in accordance with SFAS 141. The results of the acquired business' operations are included in our consolidated Granite West results as of June 1, 2007, the date of acquisition. The estimated fair value of the assets acquired approximates the purchase price; therefore, no goodwill was recorded.

15. Share Repurchase Authorization:

In October 2007, our Board of Directors authorized us to repurchase, at management's discretion, up to \$200.0 million of our common stock. Under the new repurchase program, the Company may repurchase shares from time to time on the open market or in private transactions. The specific timing and amount of repurchases will vary based on market conditions, securities law limitations and other factors. The share repurchase program may be suspended or discontinued at any time without prior notice. This new program terminates and replaces the \$25.0 million share repurchase program announced in 2002.

Item 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Forward-Looking Disclosure

From time to time, Granite makes certain comments and disclosures in reports and statements, including in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, or statements made by its officers or directors that are not based on historical facts and which may be forward-looking in nature. Under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, a "safe harbor" may be provided to us for certain of these forward-looking statements. We wish to caution readers that forward-looking statements are subject to risks regarding future events and future results of Granite that are based on current expectations, estimates, forecasts, and projections as well as the beliefs and assumptions of Granite's management. Words such as "outlook," "believes," "expects," "appears," "may," "will," "should," "anticipates" or the negative thereof or comparable terminology, are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. In addition, other written or oral statements which constitute forward-looking statements have been made and may in the future be made by or on behalf of Granite. These forward-looking statements are estimates reflecting the best judgment of senior management that rely on a number of assumptions concerning future events, many of which are outside of our control, and involve a number of risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those suggested by the forward-looking statements. Factors that might cause or contribute to such differences include, but are not limited to, those more specifically described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K under "Item 1A. Risk Factors." Granite undertakes no obligation to publicly revise or update any forward-looking statements for any reason. As a result, the reader is cautioned not to rely on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Overview

We are one of the largest heavy civil contractors in the United States and are engaged in the construction and improvement of streets, roads, highways and bridges as well as dams, airport infrastructure, mass transit facilities and other infrastructure-related projects. We have offices in Alaska, Arizona, California, Florida, Minnesota, Nevada, New York, Oregon, Texas, Utah and Washington.

In February 2007, we announced an organizational realignment of our business operations which is designed to accommodate growth of our vertically integrated Branch business in the West and improve profitability of our large, complex Heavy Construction Division ("HCD") projects. This realignment involves the reorganization of our operating divisions geographically into "Granite West" and "Granite East." Granite West includes the operations of our former Branch Division as well as the western portion of our large project business that was formerly included in HCD. Granite West retains our successful decentralized operating structure, with each of its branch locations aligning under one of three operating groups: Northwest, Northern California and Southwest. Granite East includes the eastern portion of our large project business that had been included in HCD and is aligned to focus on enhancing project management oversight and discipline from estimating through execution. Granite East is operated out of three regional offices: the Central Region, based in Dallas, Texas; the Southeast Region, based in Tampa, Florida; and the Northeast Region, based in Tarrytown, New York.

During the quarter ended June 30, 2007, we completed the reassignment of our large projects in the West from our former Heavy Construction Division to our Granite West division (with the exception of a certain project that is nearing completion which remains with our Granite East division) and made substantial progress on other aspects of the realignment. As a result we started reporting Granite West and Granite East as new reportable segments effective with the quarter ended June 30, 2007. Prior period results have been reclassified to conform to the new organizational structure (see Note 1 of the "Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements").

The following table shows the impact to revenue and gross profit of the three projects reassigned from our former Heavy Construction Division to the newly created Granite West:

	Three M	Ionths	Nine Months Ended September			
Granite West	Ended Sept	ember 30,	30,			
(in thousands)	2007	2006	2007	2006		
Branch Division revenue	\$ 609,651	\$ 654,055	\$ 1,402,955	\$ 1,376,450		
Reassigned projects revenue	32,777	27,154	80,014	50,148		
Granite West Division revenue	642,428	681,209	1,482,969	1,426,598		
Branch Division gross profit	120,233	132,466	277,378	262,961		
Reassigned projects gross profit	4,423	6	9,016	6		
Granite West Division gross profit	124,656	132,472	286,394	262,967		

	Three Months			Nine Months Ended September				
Granite East	Ended September 30,				30,			
(in thousands)	2007		2006		2007			2006
Heavy Construction Division								
revenue	\$	215,424	\$	286,704	\$	665,338	\$	838,635
Reassigned projects revenue		(32,777)		(27,154)		(80,014)		(50,148)
Granite East Division revenue		182,647		259,550		585,324		788,487
Heavy Construction Division gross								
profit (loss)		6,498		(26,912)		17,494		(41,112)
Reassigned projects gross profit		(4,423)		(6)		(9,016)		(6)
Granite East Division gross profit								
(loss)		2,075		(26,918)		8,478		(41,118)

The backlog related to the three reassigned projects was \$167.4 million, \$199.1 and \$235.8 million at September 30, 2007, June 30, 2007 and September 30, 2006, respectively.

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Granite West is comprised of decentralized branch offices in the western United States that perform various heavy civil construction projects with a large portion of the work focused on new construction and improvement of streets, roads, highways and bridges as well as site preparation for housing and commercial development. Although most Granite West projects are started and completed within a year, the division also has the capability of constructing larger projects and currently has five projects with contract revenue greater than \$50.0 million, including two projects transferred from our legacy Heavy Construction Division. All of our revenue from the sale of construction materials is generated by Granite West which mines aggregates and operates plants that process aggregates into construction materials for internal use and for sale to others. These activities are vertically integrated into the Granite West construction business, providing both a source of profits and a competitive advantage to our construction business.

Granite East operates in the eastern portion of the United States with a focus on large, complex infrastructure projects including major highways, large dams, mass transit facilities, bridges, pipelines, canals, tunnels, waterway locks and dams, and airport infrastructure. Granite East construction contracts are typically greater than two years in duration.

We purchase, develop and sell real estate through our Granite Land Company subsidiary ("GLC"), which also provides real estate services for other Granite operations. GLC's portfolio of projects includes both commercial and residential development and is geographically diversified throughout the West and Texas.

Our construction contracts are obtained primarily through competitive bidding in response to advertisements by federal, state and local agencies and private parties and to a lesser extent through negotiation with private parties. Our bidding activity is affected by such factors as backlog, available personnel, current utilization of equipment and other resources, our ability to obtain necessary surety bonds and competitive considerations. Bidding activity, backlog and revenue resulting from the award of new contracts may vary significantly from period to period.

The two primary economic drivers of our business are (1) federal, state and local public funding levels and (2) the overall health of the economy, both nationally and locally. The level of demand for our services will have a direct correlation to these drivers. For example, a weak economy will generally result in a reduced demand for construction in the private sector. This reduced demand increases competition for fewer private sector projects and will ultimately also increase competition in the public sector as companies migrate from bidding on scarce private sector work to projects in the public sector. Greater competition has the potential to reduce revenue growth and/or increase pressure on gross profit margins. A weak economy also tends to produce less tax revenue, thereby decreasing the funds available for spending on public infrastructure improvements. There are funding sources that have been specifically earmarked for infrastructure spending, such as gasoline taxes, which are not necessarily directly impacted by a weak economy. However, even these funds can be temporarily at risk as state and local governments struggle to balance their budgets. Conversely, higher public funding and/or a robust economy will increase demand for our services and provide opportunities for revenue growth and margin improvement.

Our general and administrative costs include salaries and related expenses, incentive compensation, discretionary profit sharing and other variable compensation, as well as other overhead costs to support our overall business. In general, these costs will increase in response to the growth and the related increased complexity of our business. These costs may also vary depending on the number of projects in process in a particular area and the corresponding level of estimating activity. For example, as large projects are completed or if the level of work slows down in a particular area, we will often re-assign project employees to estimating and bidding activities until another project gets underway, temporarily moving their salaries and related costs from cost of revenue to general and administrative expense. Additionally, our compensation strategy for selected management personnel is to rely heavily on a variable cash and restricted stock performance-based incentive element. The cash portion of these incentives is expensed when earned while the restricted stock portion is expensed over the vesting period of the stock (generally five years). Depending on the mix of cash and restricted stock, these incentives can have the effect of increasing general and administrative expenses in very profitable years and decreasing expenses in less profitable years.

Results of Operations

		Three 1	Mon	ths		Nine Ended Se 2007	Mon	ths
Comparative Financial Summary	Ended September 30,					Ended Se	oer 30,	
(in thousands)		2007		2006		2007		2006
Revenue	\$	846.313	\$	941.672	\$	2.104.849	\$	2,249,677

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Gross profit	136,637	105,932	312,307	239,277
General and administrative expenses	63,666	58,560	183,133	155,751
Gain on sales of property and equipment	2,994	1,230	8,053	9,517
Operating income	75,965	48,602	137,227	93,043
Net income	53,300	45,725	94,897	77,592

Our results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 reflect improved results from Granite East which realized positive gross margins in the periods compared with negative gross margins in the same periods in 2006. Granite East's improved results were due to significantly fewer negative project forecast adjustments. Granite West experienced a reduction in revenue during the three months ended September 30, 2007 compared with the third quarter of 2006 due primarily to the slowdown in residential construction, particularly in California. Operating results for the three months ended September 30, 2007 also reflected an increase in the contribution from GLC due to real estate project sales in the quarter. The operating results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 included increases in general and administrative expenses due primarily to costs incurred to support our acquisitions, growth strategy and higher variable compensation resulting from improved profitability. Additionally, our net income for the three months ended September 30, 2007 reflected an increase in non-operating income of approximately \$2.8 million due primarily to the gain on a sale of a building by a partnership in which we hold an equity method investment and is recorded as equity in income of affiliates in our statements of income.

Total Revenue	,	Three M	onths End	ded	September 30, Nine Me				onths Ended September 30,						
		2007			2006			200	7	2006					
(in thousands)	A	mount	Percent	A	mount	Percent	I	Amount	Percent	I	Amount	Percent			
Revenue by															
Division:															
Granite West	\$	642,428	75.9	\$	681,209	72.3	\$	1,482,969	70.5	\$	1,426,598	63.4			
Granite East		182,647	21.6		259,550	27.6		585,324	27.8		788,487	35.0			
Granite Land		21,238	2.5		913	0.1		36,556	1.7		34,592	1.6			
Total	\$	846,313	100.0	\$	941,672	100.0	\$	2,104,849	100.0	\$	2,249,677	100.0			

Granite West													
Revenue	,		onths En	ded	-	,	Nine Months Ended September 30,						
		200			2006			200			2006		
(in thousands)	A	mount	Percent	A	mount	Percent	A	Amount	Percent	F	Amount	Percent	
California:													
Public sector	\$	181,094	55.7	\$	186,411	49.9	\$	456,639	56.8	\$	391,170	48.2	
Private sector		67,169	20.6		102,372	27.4		163,409	20.3		223,373	27.5	
Material sales		77,122	23.7		84,961	22.7		183,397	22.9		196,901	24.3	
Total	\$	325,385	100.0	\$	373,744	100.0	\$	803,445	100.0	\$	811,444	100.0	
West (excluding													
California):													
Public sector	\$	220,885	69.7	\$	198,446	64.5	\$	433,775	63.8	\$	382,424	62.2	
Private sector		49,827	15.7		60,605	19.7		139,491	20.5		126,175	20.5	
Material sales		46,331	14.6		48,414	15.8		106,258	15.7		106,555	17.3	
Total	\$	317,043	100.0	\$	307,465	100.0	\$	679,524	100.0	\$	615,154	100.0	
Total Granite													
West Revenue:													
Public sector	\$	401,979	62.6	\$	384,857	56.5	\$	890,414	60.0	\$	773,594	54.2	
Private sector		116,996	18.2		162,977	23.9		302,900	20.4		349,548	24.5	
Material sales		123,453	19.2		133,375	19.6		289,655	19.6		303,456	21.3	
Total	\$	642,428	100.0	\$	681,209	100.0	\$	1,482,969	100.0	\$	1,426,598	100.0	
Revenue by													
Contract Type:													
Fixed unit price	\$	294,266	45.8	\$	328,743	48.3	\$	706,483	47.6	\$	695,576	48.8	
Fixed price,													
including													
design/build		209,026	32.5		194,255	28.5		442,645	29.8		381,433	26.7	
Other		15,683	2.4		24,836	3.6		44,186	3.0		46,133	3.2	
Material Sales		123,453	19.3		133,375	19.6		289,655	19.6		303,456	21.3	
Total	\$	642,428	100.0	\$	681,209	100.0	\$	1,482,969	100.0	\$	1,426,598	100.0	

Granite West Revenue: Revenue: Revenue from Granite West for the three months ended September 30, 2007 decreased by \$38.8 million, or 5.7%, compared to the corresponding 2006 period. The decreased revenue was driven by the continued slowing of residential construction, particularly in California, that impacted both private sector construction and the sale of materials. Additionally, the slowing of residential construction has increased competition in the public sector, as competitors migrate from the scarce private sector work.

Granite East													
Revenue		Three M 200		dec	led September 30, 2006			Nine Mo 200		led	ed September 30, 2006		
(in thousands)	A	mount	Percent	A	mount	Percent	A	Mount	Percent	A	mount	Percent	
Revenue by Geographic Area:													
Midwest	\$	29,620	16.2	\$	13,596	5.2	\$	72,373	12.4	\$	42,637	5.4	
Northeast		52,542	28.8		73,519	28.3		150,794	25.8		214,177	27.2	
South		24,993	13.7		57,607	22.2		97,258	16.6		171,533	21.8	
Southeast		65,364	35.8		77,791	30.0		223,721	38.2		203,891	25.9	
West		10,128	5.5		37,037	14.3		41,178	7.0		156,249	19.7	
Total	\$	182,647	100.0	\$	259,550	100.0	\$	585,324	100.0	\$	788,487	100.0	
Revenue by Market Sector:													
Public sector	\$	176,377	96.6	\$	250,153	96.4	\$	572,555	97.8	\$	768,436	97.5	
Private sector		6,270	3.4		9,397	3.6		12,769	2.2		19,951	2.5	
Material sales		-	-		-	-		-	-		100	-	
Total	\$	182,647	100.0	\$	259,550	100.0	\$	585,324	100.0	\$	788,487	100.0	
Revenue by Contract Type:													
Fixed unit price	\$	29,229	16.0	\$	59,073	22.8	\$	101,961	17.4	\$	198,760	25.2	
Fixed price, including													
design/build		153,418	84.0		200,477	77.2		483,363	82.6		589,608	74.8	
Other		-	-		-	<u>-</u>		-	-		119	-	
Total	\$	182,647	100.0	\$	259,550	100.0	\$	585,324	100.0	\$	788,487	100.0	

Granite East Revenue: Revenue: Revenue from Granite East for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 decreased by \$76.9 million, or 29.6%, and \$203.2 million, or 25.8%, respectively, compared to the corresponding 2006 periods. Geographically, the largest decreases were experienced in the West and the South. Under the realignment, Granite East retained a project in the West that was nearing completion and the decrease in revenue in the West reflects progress on the retained project over time. In the South, the decreases were due primarily to certain large projects in Texas nearing completion. Increases in the Midwest resulted from revenue contributions from a large design/build project in St. Louis, Missouri that was awarded in the fourth quarter of 2006. The percent of our revenue from fixed price contracts increased in 2007 due primarily to the growth in design/build projects in our backlog.

Granite Land Company Revenue: Revenue from GLC for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 increased by \$20.3 million and \$2.0 million, respectively, compared to the corresponding 2006 periods. GLC's revenue is dependent on the timing of real estate sales transactions, which by their nature are few in number but high dollar transactions, and can cause variability in the timing of revenue and profit recognition.

Total Backlog	S	eptember :	30, 2007	June 30,	2007	September 3	30, 2006
(in thousands)	A	mount	Percent	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Backlog by							
Division:							
Granite West	\$	950,833	40.7	\$ 986,316	39.4	\$ 1,120,678	52.9
Granite East		1,385,688	59.3	1,516,785	60.6	999,382	47.1

Total \$ 2,336,521 100.0 \$ 2,503,101 100.0 \$ 2,120,060 100.0

Granite							
West Backlog	5	September	30, 2007	June 30,	2007	September 3	30, 2006
(in thousands)	A	mount	Percent	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
California:							
Public sector	\$	342,971	79.4	\$ 301,159	74.2	\$ 395,583	77.0
Private sector		89,004	20.6	104,888	25.8	118,410	23.0
Total	\$	431,975	100.0	\$ 406,047	100.0	\$ 513,993	100.0
West (excluding							
California):							
Public sector	\$	463,764	89.4	\$ 526,786	90.8	\$ 519,321	85.6
Private sector		55,094	10.6	53,483	9.2	87,364	14.4
Total	\$	518,858	100.0	\$ 580,269	100.0	\$ 606,685	100.0
Total Granite							
West backlog:							
Public sector	\$	806,735	84.8	\$ 827,945	83.9	\$ 914,904	81.6
Private sector		144,098	15.2	158,371	16.1	205,774	18.4
Total	\$	950,833	100.0	\$ 986,316	100.0	\$ 1,120,678	100.0
Backlog by Contract							
Type:							
Fixed unit price	\$	507,540	53.4	\$ 489,703	49.6	\$ 573,009	51.1
Fixed price including							
design/build		426,562	44.9	484,029	49.1	532,192	47.5
Other		16,731	1.7	12,584	1.3	15,477	1.4
Total	\$	950,833	100.0	\$ 986,316	100.0	\$ 1,120,678	100.0

Granite West Backlog: Granite West backlog of \$950.8 million at September 30, 2007 was \$35.5 million, or 3.6%, lower than at June 30, 2007 and \$169.8 million, or 15.2%, lower than at September 30, 2006. Additions to Granite West backlog in the third quarter of 2007 included \$59.6 million related to our share of a line-item joint venture interchange project in the San Francisco Bay Area and a \$43.9 million highway rehabilitation project near Essex, California. Subsequent to September 30, 2007, Granite West was awarded a \$24.0 million highway reconstruction project near the California Nevada border. The lower backlog at September 30, 2007 compared with September 30, 2006 is primarily due to fewer residential construction opportunities which directly impacts private sector backlog and indirectly impacts public sector backlog due to a resulting increase in the competition for public work. The decreased backlog also reflects the progress on a large design/build project in Utah which was transferred from our former Heavy Construction Division as a result of our realignment. Additionally, anticipated public spending increases in California as a result of the transportation-related ballot measures passed last year by California voters have been slow to result in increased bidding opportunities (see "Outlook"). Granite West backlog includes \$167.4 million, \$199.1 million and \$235.8 million of backlog at September 30, 2007, June 30, 2007 and September 30, 2006, respectively, transferred from our former Heavy Construction Division as a result of our realignment.

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Granite East Backlog September 30, 2007 June 30, 2007 September 30, 2006 (in thousands) Amount Percent Amount Percent Amount