FALCONSTOR SOFTWARE INC

Form 10-Q July 28, 2016

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q (Mark One)

 $\circ$  QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2016

or

o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission File Number: 000-23970 FALCONSTOR SOFTWARE, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE 77-0216135

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

2 Huntington Quadrangle

Melville, New York

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

631-777-5188

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ý No "

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes ý No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer o Accelerated filer x

Non-accelerated filer o (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No  $\acute{y}$ 

The number of shares of Common Stock outstanding as of July 27, 2016 was 43,369,611.

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#### PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

## FALCONSTOR SOFTWARE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

CONDENSED CONSOCIENTED BREATIVE SHEETS	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
	(unaudited)	2010
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$7,925,334	\$6,013,382
Marketable securities	1,500,235	7,420,042
Accounts receivable, net of allowances of \$239,077 and \$191,285, respectively	4,641,500	6,635,262
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	1,396,389	1,742,668
Inventory	6,181	70,534
Deferred tax assets, net	526,391	205,816
Total current assets	15,996,030	22,087,704
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$18,368,187 and	1,257,917	1,565,932
\$17,947,675, respectively	1,237,917	1,303,932
Deferred tax assets, net	127,015	110,060
Software development costs, net	736,453	1,116,816
Other assets	1,045,956	1,139,377
Goodwill	4,150,339	4,150,339
Other intangible assets, net	235,408	256,137
Total assets	\$23,549,118	\$30,426,365
Liabilities and Stockholders' Deficit		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$973,739	\$1,005,944
Accrued expenses	6,186,181	6,783,514
Deferred tax liabilities, net	89,474	89,343
Deferred revenue, net	15,969,741	16,553,519
Total current liabilities	23,219,135	24,432,320
Other long-term liabilities	991,781	735,089
Deferred tax liabilities, net	40,637	27,069
Deferred revenue, net	9,462,032	9,122,289
Total liabilities	33,713,585	34,316,767
Commitments and contingencies (Note 12)		
Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock, \$.001 par value, 2,000,000 shares	8,153,204	7,818,554
authorized, 900,000 shares issued and outstanding, redemption value of \$9,000,000	-,,	.,
Stockholders' deficit:		
Common stock - \$.001 par value, 100,000,000 shares authorized, 58,860,181 and		
57,194,817 shares issued, respectively and 43,332,111 and 41,666,747 shares	58,860	57,195
outstanding, respectively	1 60 500 051	1 ( = 0 = 2 0 = 1
Additional paid-in capital	169,728,951	, ,
Accumulated deficit		(120,983,891)
Common stock held in treasury, at cost (15,528,070 and 15,528,070 shares, respectively)		
Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net		(1,703,214)
Total stockholders' deficit		(11,708,956)
Total liabilities and stockholders' deficit	\$23,549,118	\$30,426,365

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

## FALCONSTOR SOFTWARE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months E	nded June 30,
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Revenue:				
Product revenue	\$2,939,594	\$3,650,504	\$5,220,452	\$17,620,871
Support and services revenue	5,128,357	5,902,085	10,279,830	11,871,594
Total revenue	8,067,951	9,552,589	15,500,282	29,492,465
Cost of revenue:				
Product	319,974	718,057	564,247	1,108,281
Support and service	1,999,125	1,940,729	3,761,345	3,960,747
Total cost of revenue	2,319,099	2,658,786	4,325,592	5,069,028
Gross profit	\$5,748,852	\$6,893,803	\$11,174,690	\$24,423,437
Operating expenses:				
Research and development costs	3,304,079	3,067,732	6,960,856	6,273,599
Selling and marketing	4,124,350	4,371,513	8,393,150	9,676,875
General and administrative	1,833,479	2,583,893	3,539,404	5,076,834
Investigation, litigation, and settlement related (benefits) costs	_	(8,186)	_	8,842
Restructuring costs	93,405	23,495	177,389	157,971
Total operating expenses	9,355,313	10,038,447	19,070,799	21,194,121
Operating (loss) income		(3,144,644)		3,229,316
Interest and other income (loss), net	237,251	98,411	355,434	(365,665)
(Loss) income before income taxes	(3,369,210)	,	•	2,863,651
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	165,672		290,819	269,456
Net (loss) income	*	, , ,	\$(7,831,494)	*
Less: Accrual of Series A redeemable convertible preferred				
stock dividends	195,366	186,904	387,974	377,690
Less: Accretion to redemption value of Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock	170,981	143,557	334,650	280,974
Net (loss) income attributable to common stockholders	\$(3,901,229)	\$(2,998,645)	\$(8,554,118)	\$1,935,531
Basic net (loss) income per share attributable to common stockholders	\$(0.09)	\$(0.07)	\$(0.20)	\$0.05
Diluted net (loss) income per share attributable to common stockholders	\$(0.09)	\$(0.07)	\$(0.20)	\$0.05
Weighted average basic shares outstanding Weighted average diluted shares outstanding	43,159,285 43,159,285	40,964,160 40,964,160	42,521,018 42,521,018	40,949,849 42,492,677

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

## FALCONSTOR SOFTWARE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) INCOME (UNAUDITED)

	Three Months Ended June			
	30,	2015	30,	2015
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Net (loss) income	\$(3,534,882)	\$(2,668,184)	\$(7,831,494)	\$2,594,195
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of applicable taxes:				
Foreign currency translation	(334,161)	(4,477)	(561,576)	(30,978)
Net unrealized (loss) gain on marketable securities	(283)	657	3,756	4,676
Net minimum pension liability	678	3,341	3,854	5,808
Total other comprehensive loss, net of applicable taxes:	(333,766)	(479)	(553,966)	(20,494)
Total comprehensive (loss) income	\$(3,868,648)	\$(2,668,663)	\$(8,385,460)	\$2,573,701
Less: Accrual of Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock dividends	195,366	186,904	387,974	377,690
Less: Accretion to redemption value of Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock	170,981	143,557	334,650	280,974
Total comprehensive (loss) income attributable to common stockholders	\$(4,234,995)	\$(2,999,124)	\$(9,108,084)	\$1,915,037

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

## FALCONSTOR SOFTWARE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

	Six Months E 30,	Ended June
	2016	2015
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net (loss) income	\$(7,831,494)	\$2,594,195
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	747,974	1,058,581
Share-based payment compensation	637,231	731,584
Non-cash professional services expenses	1,480,725	69,190
Restructuring costs	177,389	157,971
Payment of restructuring costs	(59,510	(422,868)
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	<del></del>	13,185
Provision for returns and doubtful accounts	61,068	17,808
Deferred income tax provision	(265,756)	32,898
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	,	
Accounts receivable	1,787,845	2,655,194
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	377,103	(176,307)
Inventory	64,353	202,257
Other assets	23,429	41,492
Accounts payable		(100,169)
Accrued expenses and other long-term liabilities	(407,633	
Deferred revenue		(9,994,575)
Net cash used in operating activities	(3,791,211)	(1,647,342)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Sales of marketable securities	6,066,000	6,328,000
Purchases of marketable securities	(150,000	(6,041,913)
Purchases of property and equipment	(110,421	(505,357)
Capitalized software development costs		(14,100)
Security deposits	82,311	166,003
Purchase of intangible assets	(61,506	(139,989 )
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	5,826,384	(207,356)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from exercise of stock options		42,412
Repurchase of common stock		(137,859)
Dividends paid on Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock		(377,690 )
Net cash used in financing activities		(473,137)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(123,221)	(238,507)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,911,952	(2,566,342)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	6,013,382	10,873,891
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$7,925,334	\$8,307,549
Supplemental disclosures:		
Cash paid for income taxes, net	\$443,908	\$98,653
Non-cash investing and financing activities:		
Undistributed Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock dividends	\$195,366	\$186,904
Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock dividend payment	\$381,413	<b>\$</b> —
The Company did not pay any interest for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 20	015.	

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

#### FALCONSTOR SOFTWARE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

#### (1) Basis of Presentation

#### (a) The Company and Nature of Operations

FalconStor Software, Inc., a Delaware Corporation (the "Company"), is a leading software-defined storage company offering a converged data services software platform that is hardware agnostic. As a global company, our vision is to deliver enterprise class, software-defined, intelligent data services combined with predictive analytics across any primary or secondary storage hardware, in the cloud or on premise. The Company mission is to help IT organizations realize more economic value out of existing environments and any future storage investments while reducing complexity, maximizing flexibility and improving operational efficiency. Our award-winning solutions are available and supported worldwide by OEMs as well as leading service providers, system integrators, resellers and the Company.

The Company currently has a working capital deficiency of \$7.2 million, which is inclusive of current deferred revenue of \$16.0 million, and a stockholders' deficit and covenants associated with its Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock that are mutually agreed to annually. The Company believes it continues to have sufficient liquidity to meet its operating requirements which includes marketing its new product offering FreeStor, and expanding its existing suite of software offerings. The Company also believes that its covenants are achievable, however, if they are not met, the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock could be redeemed by the holder.

#### (b) Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

#### (c) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The Company's significant estimates include those related to revenue recognition, accounts receivable allowances, share-based payment compensation, valuation of derivatives, capitalizable software development costs, valuation of goodwill and other intangible assets and income taxes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The financial market volatility in many countries where the Company operates has impacted and may continue to impact the Company's business. Such conditions could have a material impact to the Company's significant accounting estimates discussed above.

#### (d) Unaudited Interim Financial Information

The accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). Certain information and note disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations relating to interim financial statements.

In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, necessary to present fairly the financial position of the Company at June 30, 2016, and the results of its operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015. The results of operations of any interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations to be expected for the full fiscal year. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes set forth in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 ("2015 Form 10-K").

#### (e) Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In November 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB") issued new guidance which requires an entity to determine whether the host contract in a hybrid financial instrument issued in the form of a share is more akin to debt or to equity by considering the economic characteristics and risks of the entire hybrid financial instrument, including the embedded derivative feature that is being evaluated for separate accounting from the host contract. The effects of initially adopting the amendments in this update should be applied on a modified retrospective basis to existing hybrid financial instruments issued in the form of a share as of the beginning of the fiscal year for which the amendments are effective. The amendments in this update are effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2015, which for the Company was the first quarter of 2016. The adoption of this new accounting guidance by Company did not have any impact on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In August 2014, the FASB issued new guidance which requires an entity to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are issued (or within one year after the financial statements are available to be issued when applicable), and to provide related footnote disclosures in certain circumstances. The amendments in this update are effective for the annual period ending after December 15, 2016, and for annual and interim periods thereafter, which for the Company is the annual period ending December 31, 2016. The adoption of this new accounting guidance by Company did not have any impact on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

#### (f) Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In March 2016, the FASB issued new guidance on accounting for employee share-based payment awards to simplify the accounting related to several aspects of accounting for share-based payment transactions, including income tax consequences of share-based payment transactions, classification of awards as either equity or liabilities, forfeitures, and classification on the statement of cash flows. The new standard is effective for the annual period beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim reporting periods within that period, which for the Company will be the annual period ending December 31, 2017. Early adoption, including adoption in an interim period, is permitted. The standard requires the use of several transition methods including a modified retrospective transition method, retrospective method and prospective method. The Company is evaluating the effect that this new guidance will have on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In February 2016, the FASB issued new guidance on leases to increase transparency and comparability among organizations by recognizing lease assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet and disclosing key information about leasing arrangements. This new guidance will replace existing guidance on leases in accounting principles generally accepted in the United States when it becomes effective. The new standard is effective for the annual period beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim reporting periods within that period, which for the Company will be the annual period ending December 31, 2019. Early application is permitted. The standard requires the use of a modified retrospective transition method; however, certain optional practical expedients may be applied. The Company is evaluating the effect that this new guidance will have on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In January 2016, the FASB issued new guidance on the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of financial assets and financial liabilities. The standard (i) requires an entity to measure equity investments, except those accounted for under the equity method of accounting or those that result in consolidation of the investee, at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in net income, (ii) simplifies the impairment assessment of equity investments without readily determinable fair values by requiring an entity to perform a qualitative assessment to identify

impairment, (iii) changes certain presentation and disclosure requirements related to financial assets and financial liabilities, and (iv) clarifies that an entity should evaluate the need for a valuation allowance on a deferred tax asset related to available-for-sale securities in combination with the entity's other deferred tax assets. The amendments in this update are effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2017, which for the Company will be the annual period ending December 31, 2018. Early adoption, including adoption in an interim period, is not permitted except for certain amendments in this update. The Company has not yet adopted this guidance and currently does not expect the adoption of the new guidance by the Company to have a significant impact on the Company's financial results.

In November 2015, the FASB issued new guidance which requires an entity to classify deferred tax liabilities and assets, along with any related valuation allowance, as non-current in its consolidated balance sheet. The amendments in this update may be applied either prospectively to all deferred tax liabilities and assets or retrospectively to all periods presented. The amendments in this update are effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2016, which for the Company will be the annual period ending December 31, 2017. Early adoption, including adoption in an interim period, is permitted. The Company has not yet adopted this guidance and currently does not expect the adoption of the new guidance by the Company to have a significant impact on the Company's financial results.

In May 2014, the FASB issued new guidance which requires an entity to recognize the amount of revenue to which it expects to be entitled for the transfer of promised goods or services to customers. This new guidance will replace most existing revenue recognition guidance in Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in the United States when it becomes effective. The new standard is effective for the annual period beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim reporting periods within that period, which for the Company will be the annual period ending December 31, 2018. Early application as of January 1, 2017 is permitted. The standard permits the use of either the retrospective or cumulative effect transition method. The Company is evaluating the effect that this new guidance will have on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures. The Company has not yet selected a transition method nor has it determined the effect of the standard on its financial reporting.

#### (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Company's significant accounting policies were described in Note (1) "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" of the 2015 Form 10-K. There have been no significant changes in the Company's significant accounting policies since December 31, 2015. The Company's revenue recognition accounting policy is included below. For a description of the Company's other significant accounting policies refer to the 2015 Form 10-K.

#### Revenue Recognition

The Company derives its revenue from sales of its products, support and services. Product revenue consists of the Company's software integrated with industry standard hardware and sold as complete turn-key integrated solutions, as stand-alone software applications or sold on a subscription or consumption basis. Depending on the nature of the arrangement revenue related to turn-key solutions and stand-alone software applications are generally recognized upon shipment and delivery of license keys. For certain arrangements revenue is recognized based on usage or ratably over the term of the arrangement. Support and services revenue consists of both maintenance revenues and professional services revenues. Revenue is recorded net of applicable sales taxes.

In accordance with the authoritative guidance issued by the FASB on revenue recognition, the Company recognizes revenue when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, the fee is fixed or determinable, delivery has occurred, and collection of the resulting receivable is deemed probable. Products delivered to a customer on a trial basis are not recognized as revenue until the trial period has ended and acceptance has occurred by the customer. Reseller and distributor customers typically send the Company a purchase order when they have an end user identified. For bundled arrangements that include either maintenance or both maintenance and professional services, the Company uses the residual method to determine the amount of product revenue to be recognized. Under the residual method, consideration is allocated to the undelivered elements based upon vendor-specific objective evidence ("VSOE") of the fair value of those elements, with the residual of the arrangement fee allocated to and recognized as product revenue. If VSOE does not exist for all undelivered elements of an arrangement, the Company recognizes total revenue from the arrangement ratably over the term of the maintenance agreement. The Company's long-term portion of deferred revenue consists of (i) payments received for maintenance contracts with terms in excess of one year as of the balance sheet date, and (ii) payments received for product sales bundled with multiple years of maintenance but for which

VSOE did not exist for all undelivered elements of the arrangement. The Company provides an allowance for product returns as a reduction of revenue, based upon historical experience and known or expected trends.

When more than one element, such as hardware, software and services are contained in a single arrangement, the Company will first allocate revenue based upon the relative selling price into two categories: (1) non-software components, such as hardware and any hardware-related items, as required system software that functions with the hardware to deliver the essential functionality of the hardware and related post-contract customer support, and software as service subscriptions and (2) software components and applications, such as post-contract customer support and other services. The Company will then allocate revenue within the non-software category to each element based upon their relative selling price using a hierarchy of VSOE, third-party evidence of selling price ("TPE") or estimated selling prices ("ESP"), if VSOE or TPE does not exist. The Company will allocate revenue within the software category to the undelivered elements based upon their fair value using VSOE with the residual revenue allocated to the delivered elements. If the Company cannot objectively determine the VSOE of the fair value of any undelivered software element, the Company will defer revenue for all software components until all elements are delivered and services have been performed, until fair value can objectively be determined for any remaining undelivered elements, or until software maintenance is the only undelivered element which the Company does not have VSOE for, in which case revenue is recognized over the maintenance term for all software elements.

Revenues associated with maintenance services are deferred and recognized as revenue ratably over the term of the contract. Revenues associated with software implementation and software engineering services are recognized when the services are performed. Costs of providing these services are included in cost of support and services.

The Company has entered into various distribution, licensing and joint promotion agreements with OEMs, whereby the Company has provided to the OEM a non-exclusive software license to install the Company's software on certain hardware or to resell the Company's software in exchange for payments based on the products distributed by these OEMs. Such payments from the OEM or distributor are recognized as revenue in the period reported by the OEM.

From time to time the Company will enter into funded software development arrangements. Under such arrangements, revenue recognition will not commence until final delivery and/or acceptance of the product. For arrangements where the Company has VSOE for the undelivered elements, the Company will follow the residual method and recognize product revenue upon final delivery and/or acceptance of the product. For arrangements where the Company does not have VSOE for the undelivered elements, the Company will recognize the entire arrangement fee ratably commencing at the time of final delivery and/or acceptance through the end of the service period in the arrangement. Certain arrangements, for which VSOE of fair value for the undelivered maintenance elements cannot be established, are accounted for as a single unit of account. The revenue recognized from single units of accounting are typically allocated and classified on the consolidated statements of operations as product revenue and support and services revenue. Since VSOE cannot be established, VSOE of similar maintenance offerings provides the basis for the support and services revenue classification, and the remaining residual consideration provides the basis for the product revenue classification.

In 2013, the Company entered into a joint development agreement whereby final acceptance of the software delivered under the joint development agreement occurred on November 16, 2014. During 2014, the Company began to recognize the total committed fee as revenue ratably over a twenty-five and a half month period which began on November 16, 2014 and included a contractual twenty-four month maintenance period. During 2015, the customer elected to terminate its maintenance agreement and as such all unrecognized deferred revenue was accelerated and recognized as product revenue during the first quarter of 2015. During the six months ended June 30, 2015, the Company recorded total product revenue of approximately \$11.3 million related to this agreement. There was no product revenue recorded during the six months ended June 30, 2016 related to this agreement.

#### (3) Earnings Per Share

Basic EPS is computed based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding. Diluted EPS is computed based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding increased by dilutive common stock equivalents, attributable to stock option awards, restricted stock awards and the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock outstanding.

The following represents the common stock equivalents that were excluded from the computation of diluted shares outstanding because their effect would have been anti-dilutive for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015:

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Stock options and restricted stock	7,692,595	8,047,333	7,692,595	5,007,276
Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock	8,781,516	8,781,516	8,781,516	8,781,516
Total anti-dilutive common stock equivalents	16,474,111	16,828,849	16,474,111	13,788,792

The following represents a reconciliation of the numerators and denominators of the basic and diluted EPS computation:

•	Three Month 30,	s Ended June	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Numerator				
Net (loss) income	\$(3,534,882)	\$(2,668,184)	\$(7,831,494)	\$2,594,195
Effects of Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock:				
Less: Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock dividends	195,366	186,904	387,974	377,690
Less: Accretion to redemption value of Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock	170,981	143,557	334,650	280,974
Net (loss) income attributable to common stockholders	\$(3,901,229)	\$(2,998,645)	\$(8,554,118)	\$1,935,531
Denominator				
Weighted average basic shares outstanding	43,159,285	40,964,160	42,521,018	40,949,849
Effect of dilutive securities:				
Stock options and restricted stock				1,542,828
Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock				
Weighted average diluted shares outstanding	43,159,285	40,964,160	42,521,018	42,492,677
EPS				
Basic net (loss) income per share attributable to common stockholders	\$(0.09)	\$(0.07)	\$(0.20)	\$0.05
Diluted net (loss) income per share attributable to common stockholders	\$(0.09	\$(0.07)	\$(0.20)	\$0.05

#### (4) Inventories

At June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, inventories are as follows:

June 30, 2016 December 2016 31, 2015 Finished systems \$6,181 \$70,534 Total Inventory \$6,181 \$70,534

As of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company had not recorded any reserve for excess and/or obsolete inventories in arriving at the estimated net realizable value of its inventory.

#### (5) Property and Equipment

The gross carrying amount and accumulated depreciation of property and equipment as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 are as follows:

	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
Property and Equipment:		
Gross carrying amount	\$19,626,104	\$19,513,607
Accumulated depreciation	(18,368,187)	(17,947,675)
Property and Equipment, net	\$1,257,917	\$1,565,932

For the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, depreciation expense was \$180,475 and \$350,732, respectively. For the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, depreciation expense was \$405,376 and \$722,561, respectively.

#### (6) Software Development Costs

The gross carrying amount and accumulated amortization of software development costs as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 are as follows:

June 30, December 31,

2016 2015

Software development costs:

Gross carrying amount \$2,917,215 \$3,037,215
Accumulated amortization (2,180,762) (1,920,399)
Software development costs, net \$736,453 \$1,116,816

During the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, the Company recorded \$129,870 and \$131,737, respectively, of amortization expense related to capitalized software costs. During the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, the Company recorded \$260,363 and \$262,328, respectively, of amortization expense related to capitalized software costs.

#### (7) Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

The gross carrying amount and accumulated amortization of goodwill and other intangible assets as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 are as follows:

June 30, December 2016 31, 2015 \$4,150,339 \$4,150,339

Other intangible assets:

Goodwill

Gross carrying amount \$3,671,030 \$3,609,524 Accumulated amortization (3,435,622) (3,353,387) Net carrying amount \$235,408 \$256,137

For the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, amortization expense was \$40,758 and \$38,374, respectively. For the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, amortization expense was \$82,235 and \$73,692, respectively.

#### (8) Share-Based Payment Arrangements

On April 27, 2016, the Company's stockholders adopted the FalconStor Software, Inc. 2016 Incentive Stock Plan (the "2016 Plan"). The 2016 Plan is administered by the Compensation Committee and initially provided for the issuance of up to 1,500,000 shares of the Company's common stock upon the exercise of options or upon the grant of shares with such restrictions as determined by the Compensation Committee to the employees, consultants and non-employee directors of the Company. Exercise prices of the options must be equal to the fair market value of the common stock on the date of grant. Options granted have terms of ten years. Shares of restricted stock have the terms and conditions set by the Board of Directors and are forfeitable until the terms of the grant have been satisfied. The 2016 Plan replaces the Company's 2006 Incentive Stock Plan.

On April 27, 2016, the Company's stockholders adopted the FalconStor Software, Inc. 2016 Outside Directors Equity Compensation Plan (the "2016 Director Plan"). The 2016 Director Plan is administered by the Board of Directors and provides for the issuance of up to 400,000 shares of the Company's common stock upon the exercise of options or upon the grant of shares with such restrictions as determined by the Board of Directors to the non-employee directors of the Company. Exercise prices of the options must be equal to the fair market value of the common stock on the date of grant. Options granted have terms of ten years. Shares of restricted stock have the terms and conditions set by the Board of Directors and are forfeitable until the terms of the grant have been satisfied. The 2016 Director Plan replaces the 2013 Outside Directors Equity Compensation Plan.

The following table summarizes the plans under which the Company was able to grant equity compensation as of June 30, 2016:

	Shares	Charac	Charac	Charac	Shares	Shares	Last Date for
	Silates	Available	Silaies	Grant			
Name of Plan	Authorized	for Grant	Outstanding	of Shares			
FalconStor Software, Inc., 2016 Incentive Stock Plan	1,500,000	1,500,000		April 27, 2026			
FalconStor Software, Inc., 2013 Outside Directors Equity	400,000	330,000	70,000	April 27, 2019			
Compensation Plan	400,000	330,000	70,000	April 27, 2019			

On June 30, 2016, the total shares available for issuance under the 2016 Plan totaled 1,500,000. Pursuant to the 2016 Plan, if, on July 1<sup>st</sup> of any calendar year in which the 2016 Plan is in effect, the number of shares of stock as to which options, restricted shares and restricted stock units may be granted under the 2016 Plan is less than five percent (5%) of the number of outstanding shares of stock, then the number of shares of stock available for issuance under the 2016 Plan is automatically increased so that the number equals five percent (5%) of the shares of stock outstanding. In no event shall the number of shares of stock subject to the 2016 Plan in the aggregate exceed twenty million shares, subject to adjustment as provided in the 2016 Plan. On July 1, 2016, the total number of outstanding shares of the Company's common stock totaled 43,332,111. Pursuant to the 2016 Plan, the total shares available for issuance under the 2016 Plan thus increased 666,606 to 2,166,606 shares available for issuance as of July 1, 2016.

The following table summarizes the Company's equity plans that have expired but that still have equity awards outstanding as of June 30, 2016:

Name of Plan	Shares Available for	Shares
Name of Fian	Grant	Outstanding
FalconStor Software, Inc., 2006 Incentive Stock Plan		7,240,095
FalconStor Software, Inc., 2013 Outside Directors Equity		74,000
Compensation Plan	_	74,000
FalconStor Software, Inc., 2007 Outside Directors Equity		160 000
Compensation Plan	_	100,000
FalconStor Software, Inc., 2000 Stock Option Plan	_	148,500
Compensation Plan	_ _	160,000 148,500

The Company recognized share-based compensation expense for all awards issued under the Company's stock equity plans in the following line items in the condensed consolidated statements of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015:

Three Months Ended		Six Months	s Ended	
June 30,		June 30,		
2016	2015	2016	2015	
<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	\$	<b>\$</b> —	
44,066	34,894	68,837	53,704	
825,635	98,495	1,571,797	171,515	
75,342	63,510	143,072	151,580	
182,303	229,069	334,250	423,975	
\$1,127,346	\$425,968	\$2,117,956	\$800,774	
	June 30, 2016 \$— 44,066 825,635 75,342 182,303	June 30, 2016 2015 \$— \$— 44,066 34,894 825,635 98,495 75,342 63,510 182,303 229,069	2016       2015       2016         \$       \$       \$         44,066       34,894       68,837         825,635       98,495       1,571,797         75,342       63,510       143,072	

On March 7, 2016, the Company issued an aggregate of 507,070 shares of the Company's common stock to Cumulus Logic, LLC, as a milestone payment pursuant to the terms of a Software License and Development Agreement between the Company and Cumulus Logic, LLC. The shares have an aggregate value of \$765,000 based on the 30 day trading day average of the Company's common stock immediately prior to July 29, 2015, the date that the License and Development Agreement was executed. The Company recognized share-based compensation expense of \$699,757 related to this transaction based on the fair value of the common stock on the date of issue of \$1.38. This expense was

included in "research and development costs" in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

On April 1, 2016, the Company issued an aggregate of 591,582 shares of the Company's common stock to Cumulus Logic, LLC, as the final milestone payment pursuant to the terms of a Software License and Development Agreement between the Company and Cumulus Logic, LLC. The shares have an aggregate value of \$892,500 based on the 30 day trading day average of the Company's common stock immediately prior to July 29, 2015, the date that the License and Development Agreement was executed. On April 1, 2016, the Company recognized share-based compensation expense of \$786,804 related to this transaction based on the fair value of the common stock on the date of issue of \$1.33. This expense was included in "research and development costs" in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

#### (9) Income Taxes

The Company's provision for income taxes consists of state and local, and foreign taxes, as applicable, in amounts necessary to align the Company's year-to-date tax provision with the effective rate that it expects to achieve for the full year.

For the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, the Company recorded an income tax provision of \$290,819 and \$269,456, respectively, consisting primarily of state and local and foreign taxes. The effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015 was (3.9%) and 9.4%, respectively. The change in the effective tax rate is attributable to the mix of foreign and domestic earnings as no tax expense or benefit is being recognized on domestic earnings or losses. As of June 30, 2016, the Company's conclusion did not change with respect to the realizability of its domestic deferred tax assets and, therefore, the Company has not recorded any benefit for its expected net domestic deferred tax assets for the full year 2016 estimated annual effective tax rate. As of June 30, 2016, the valuation allowance totaled approximately \$38.3 million.

The Company's total unrecognized tax benefits, excluding interest, at both June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 were \$217,289. At June 30, 2016, \$326,907 of unrecognized tax benefits, including interest, if recognized, would reduce the Company's effective tax rate. As of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company had \$109,618 and \$100,202, respectively, of accrued interest.

#### (10) Fair Value Measurements

The Company measures its cash equivalents, marketable securities and derivative instruments at fair value. Fair value is an exit price, representing the amount that would be received on the sale of an asset or that would be paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. As a basis for considering such assumptions, the Company utilizes a three-tier fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in the valuation methodologies in measuring fair value.

The methodology for measuring fair value specifies a hierarchy of valuation techniques based upon whether the inputs to those valuation techniques reflect assumptions other market participants would use based upon market data obtained from independent sources (observable inputs) or reflect the Company's own assumptions of market participant valuation (unobservable inputs). As a result, observable and unobservable inputs have created the following fair value hierarchy:

Level 1 – Quoted prices in active markets that are unadjusted and accessible at the measurement date for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities. At June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Level 1 category included money market funds and commercial paper, which are included within cash and cash equivalents in the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Level 2 – Quoted prices for identical assets and liabilities in markets that are not active, quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets or financial instruments for which significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly. At June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Level 2 category included government securities and corporate debt securities, which are included within cash and cash equivalents and marketable securities in the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Level 3 – Prices or valuations that require inputs that are both significant to the fair value measurement and unobservable. At June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Level 3 category included derivatives, which are included within other long-term liabilities in the condensed consolidated balance sheets. The Company did not hold any cash, cash equivalents or marketable securities categorized as Level 3 as of June 30, 2016 or December 31, 2015.

The following table presents the Company's assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis at June 30, 2016:

		Fair Value Measurements at Reporting		
		Date Using		
		Quoted		
		Prices in		
		Active	Significant	Significant
		Markets	other	Unobservable
	Total	for	Inputs	Inputs
		Identical	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
		Assets	(== : == =)	(=====)
		(Level 1)		
Cash equivalents:		(Ecver 1)		
Money market funds	\$4 426 619	\$4,426,619	\$	\$ —
Total cash equivalents	. , ,	4,426,619		Ψ —
Marketable securities:	4,420,017	7,720,017		
Corporate debt and government securities	1,500,235		1,500,235	
Total marketable securities				
	1,500,235	_	1,500,235	_
Derivative liabilities:	164670			164650
Derivative Instruments	164,670			164,670
Total derivative liabilities	164,670			164,670

Total assets and liabilities measured at fair value \$6,091,524 \$4,426,619 \$1,500,235 \$ 164,670

The following table presents the Company's assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis at December 31, 2015:

	Total	Pair Value Date Using Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Cash equivalents:				
Money market funds and commercial paper	\$2,725,094	\$2,725,094	<b>\$</b> —	\$ —
Total cash equivalents	2,725,094	2,725,094		
Marketable securities:				
Corporate debt and government securities	7,420,042	_	7,420,042	_
Total marketable securities	7,420,042	_	7,420,042	_
Derivative liabilities:				
Derivative Instruments	82,024			82,024
Total derivative liabilities	82,024	_	_	82,024

Total assets and liabilities measured at fair value \$10,227,160 \$2,725,094 \$7,420,042 \$ 82,024

The fair value of the Company's investments in corporate debt and government securities have been determined utilizing third party pricing services and reviewed by the Company. The pricing services use inputs to determine fair value which are derived from observable market sources including reportable trades, benchmark curves, credit spreads, broker/dealer quotes, bids, offers, and other industry and economic events. These investments are included in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

The fair value of the Company's derivatives were valued using the Black-Scholes pricing model adjusted for probability assumptions, with all significant inputs, except for the probability and volatility assumptions, derived from or corroborated by observable market data such as stock price and interest rates. The probability and volatility assumptions are both significant to the fair value measurement and unobservable. These embedded derivatives are included in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

The following table presents a reconciliation of the beginning and ending balances of the Company's liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015:

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Beginning Balance	\$133,229	\$109,038	\$82,024	\$137,171
Total loss (gain) recognized in earnings	31,441	(8,477)	82,646	(36,610 )
Ending Balance	\$164,670	\$100,561	\$164,670	\$100,561

#### (11) Marketable Securities

The Company's marketable securities consist of available-for-sale securities, which are carried at fair value, with unrealized gains and losses reported as a separate component of stockholders' equity. Unrealized gains and losses are computed on the specific identification method. Realized gains, realized losses and declines in value judged to be other-than-temporary, are included in interest and other income (loss), net. The cost of available-for-sale securities sold is based on the specific identification method and interest earned is included in interest and other income.

The cost and fair values of the Company's available-for-sale marketable securities as of June 30, 2016, were as follows:

	Agamagata	Cost or	Net
	Aggregate Fair Value	\martizad	
	Fair value	Cost	Gains
Government securities	\$1,500,235	\$1,499,885	\$ 350
Corporate debt securities	_	_	_
Marketable Securities	\$1,500,235	\$1,499,885	\$ 350

The cost and fair values of the Company's available-for-sale marketable securities as of December 31, 2015, were as follows:

```
 \begin{array}{c} Aggregate \\ Fair\ Value \end{array} \begin{array}{c} Cost\ or \\ Amortized \end{array} \begin{array}{c} Net \\ Mmortized \end{array}   \begin{array}{c} Cost \ or \\ Cost \end{array} \begin{array}{c} Unrealized \\ Cost \end{array} \begin{array}{c} Cost \ or \\ Cost \ or \\ Cost \end{array} \begin{array}{c} Cost \ or \\ Cost \
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The cost and fair values of available-for-sale securities by contractual maturity as of June 30, 2016, were as follows:

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Fair Value Cost

Due within one year $1,500,235 $1,499,885

Due after one year $1,500,235 $1,499,885
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#### (12) Commitments and Contingencies

The Company has an operating lease covering its corporate office facility that expires in April 2021. The Company also has several additional operating leases related to offices in foreign countries with expiration dates ranging from 2016 through 2018. The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments for all operating leases as of June 30, 2016:

2016 \$1,075,513 2017 1,668,857 2018 1,400,563 2019 1,402,181 2020 1,444,247 Thereafter 491,020 \$7,482,381

The Company typically provides its customers a warranty on its software products for a period of no more than 90 days. Such warranties are accounted for in accordance with the authoritative guidance issued by the FASB on contingencies. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company has not incurred any costs related to warranty obligations.

Under the terms of substantially all of its software license agreements, the Company indemnifies its customers for all costs and damages arising from claims against such customers based on, among other things, allegations that the Company's software infringes the intellectual property rights of a third party. In most cases, in the event of an infringement claim, the Company retains the right to (i) procure for the customer the right to continue using the software; (ii) replace or modify the software to eliminate the infringement while providing substantially equivalent functionality; or (iii) if neither (i) nor (ii) can be reasonably achieved, the Company may terminate the license agreement and refund to the customer a pro-rata portion of the license fee paid to the Company. Such indemnification provisions are accounted for in accordance with the authoritative guidance issued by the FASB on guarantees. From time to time, in the ordinary course of business, the Company receives claims for indemnification, typically from OEMs. The Company is not currently aware of any material claims for indemnification.

Upon certain triggering events, such as bankruptcy, insolvency or a material adverse effect, failure to achieve minimum financial covenants or failure of the Company to issue shares upon conversion of the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock in accordance with its obligations, the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stockholders may require the Company to redeem all or some of the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock at a price equal to the greater of 100% of the stated value plus accrued and unpaid dividends or the product of the number of shares of common stock underlying the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock and the closing price as of the occurrence of the triggering event. On or after August 5, 2017, each Series A redeemable convertible preferred stockholder can require the Company to redeem its Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock in cash at a price equal to 100% of the stated value being redeemed plus accrued and unpaid dividends. As of June 30, 2016, there were no triggering events that would allow the holders of the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock to require the Company to redeem any of the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock and the Company does not expect to incur any triggering events in fiscal 2016. As of June 30, 2016, the Company did not fail any financial or non-financial covenants related to the Company's Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock. However, if the Company is unable to maintain compliance with the 2016 covenants, the Company intends to work with the holders of the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock.

On July 24, 2015, the Company entered into an Independent Marketing Agreement with RFN Prime Marketing Inc., to provide among other items, certain sales and marketing deliverables to the Company in exchange for up to 2.55 million shares of restricted Company common stock which will be issued based on certain milestone achievements

and/or transactions over a twenty-four month period. The restricted Company common stock will be valued as it is earned, and the resulting value will be recorded as an expense in the period in which the performance milestone is met and the stock is earned. As of June 30, 2016, none of the performance milestones have been met, and therefore no restricted Company common stock has been issued.

On July 24, 2015, the Company renewed its Employment Agreement ("Quinn Employment Agreement") with Gary Quinn. Pursuant to the Quinn Employment Agreement, the Company agreed to continue to employ Mr. Quinn as President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company effective July 24, 2015, at an annual salary of \$475,000 per annum, which will automatically renew every twelve (12) months unless either party gives notice to the other that it will not renew at least sixty (60) days prior to the end of the term. Among other items, the Quinn Employment Agreement also provided for the grant of 500,000 restricted shares which vest 50% and 50% based upon the achievement of two predetermined milestones of the Company's Common Stock closing trading price for ninety (90) consecutive trading days. The 500,000 restricted shares were granted to Mr. Quinn by the Company's Compensation Committee on July 28, 2015. As of June 30, 2016, neither of the milestones related to this award have been met.

From time to time, the Company has undertaken restructuring and expense control measures to support its business performance and to align the Company's cost structure with its resources. During the third quarter of 2013, the Company adopted a restructuring plan intended to better align the Company's cost structure with the skills and resources required to more effectively execute the Company's long-term growth strategy and to support revenue levels the Company expects to achieve on a go forward basis (the "2013 Plan"). In connection with the 2013 Plan, the Company eliminated over 100 positions worldwide, implemented tighter expense controls, ceased non-core activities and closed or downsized several facilities. As of June 30, 2016 the restructuring accrual totaled \$850,541. The 2013 Plan was substantially completed by December 31, 2014; however, the Company expects the majority of the remaining accrued severance related costs to be paid once final settlement litigation is completed, which can be at various times over the next three to twenty-four months.

In addition, as of June 30, 2016, our liability for uncertain tax positions totaled \$326,907. At this time, the settlement period for the positions, including related accrued interest, cannot be determined.

#### (13) Series A Redeemable Convertible Preferred Stock

On September 16, 2013, the Company issued to Hale Capital Partners, LP ("Hale") 900,000 shares of the Company's Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock, par value \$0.001 per share, at a price of \$10 per share, for an aggregate purchase consideration of \$9.0 million, which was subsequently transferred to HCP-FVA LLC. Each share of Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock is convertible into common stock equivalents, at the option of the holder and upon certain mandatory conversion events described below, at a conversion rate of \$1.02488 (as adjusted for stock splits, stock dividends, reverse stock splits, stock combinations, reclassifications and similar events). The Company received net proceeds of approximately \$8.7 million from the issuance of the redeemable convertible preferred stock in 2013, net of transaction costs.

If the volume weighted average price of common stock for each trading day of any 60 consecutive trading days exceeds 250% of the conversion price and exceeds 225% of the conversion price through the conversion date, and certain equity conditions are met such that shares of common stock issued upon conversion can be immediately salable by the redeemable convertible preferred stockholders, the Company can convert the redeemable convertible preferred stock up to an amount equal to the greater of 25% of the daily trading volume for the 20 consecutive trading days immediately preceding the conversion date or the amount of an identified bona fide block trade at a price reasonably acceptable to the applicable redeemable convertible preferred stockholder, but which price is not less than the arithmetic average of the weighted average prices of the common stock for the five trading days immediately preceding such sale.

The holders of the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock have veto power over certain future financings, and certain rights to participate in any subsequent financing, whether through debt or equity (subject to certain exclusions). In addition, the Company's agreements with the holders of the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock provide that if, at the time of certain future debt or equity financings, the proceeds of which exceed \$5.0 million,

the holders of the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock still have outstanding Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock, then the Company must offer to repurchase their Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock. The holders of the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock have the right to accept the offer or to retain their Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock. If the Company does a financing, and the holders of the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock elect to have their Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock repurchased, then the capital raised in excess of \$5.0 million will go to repurchase the holders' Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock, instead of being able to be used for our business.

The Company cannot consummate a fundamental sale transaction in which the consideration is stock or a combination of cash and stock without the consent of the holder of the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock.

In addition to the veto rights set forth in the preceding paragraph, upon consummation of a fundamental sale transaction in which the consideration is cash and is not approved by the holder of the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock, the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock shall be redeemed at a per share redemption price equal to the greater of (i) 250% of the stated value of the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock (which is currently equal to \$22.5 million or \$2.56 per share of common stock held by the holder of the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock on an as converted basis as of June 30, 2016) and (ii) the price such holder would receive in the transaction on an as converted basis.

Upon certain triggering events, such as bankruptcy, insolvency or a material adverse effect, failure to achieve minimum financial covenants or failure of the Company to issue shares upon conversion of the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock in accordance with its obligations, the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stockholders may require the Company to redeem all or some of the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock at a price equal to the greater of 100% of the stated value plus accrued and unpaid dividends or the product of the number of shares of common stock underlying the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock and the closing price as of the occurrence of the triggering event. On or after August 5, 2017, each Series A redeemable convertible preferred stockholder can require the Company to redeem its Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock in cash at a price equal to 100% of the stated value being redeemed plus accrued and unpaid dividends. If the Company does not have the funds necessary to redeem the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock, the dividends accruing on any outstanding Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock will increase to prime plus 10% (from prime plus 5%). For each six months that the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock remains unredeemed, the dividend rate increases by 1%, subject to a maximum dividend rate of 19%. In addition, the Company's failure to redeem the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock would be considered a "Breach Event" under the agreements with the holders of the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock. If a Breach Event were to occur and the Company is in default under or has breached any provision in respect of its obligations to redeem the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock, then, under the agreements with the holders of our Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock, the Company's Board of Directors would automatically be increased, with the holders of the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock having the right to appoint the new directors, so that the holders of the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock would have appointed a majority of the Board of Directors. This would give the holders of the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock control of the Company. As of June 30, 2016, there were no triggering events that would allow the holders of the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock to require the Company to redeem any of the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock and the Company does not expect to incur any triggering events in fiscal 2016. As of June 30, 2016, the Company did not fail any financial or non-financial covenants related to the Company's Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock, However, if the Company is unable to maintain compliance with the 2016 covenants, the Company intends to work with the holders of the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock to obtain waivers for the failed covenants, as necessary.

Holders of the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock are entitled to receive quarterly dividends at the Prime Rate (Wall Street Journal Eastern Edition) plus 5% (up to a maximum amount of 10%), payable in cash, provided, that if the Company will not have at least \$1.0 million in positive cash flow for any calendar quarter after giving effect to the payment of such dividends, the Company, at its election, can pay such dividends in whole or in part in cash, provided that cash flow from operations is not negative, and the remainder can be accrued or paid in common stock to the extent certain equity conditions are satisfied. The Company issued 103,200 and 143,737 shares of the Company's common stock to the holder of the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock in January 2016 and May 2016, respectively, as payment for the fourth quarter 2015 dividend and the first quarter 2016 dividend. As of June 30, 2016, the Company's liability for dividends to the holders of the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock totaled \$195,366. The Company intends to pay this dividend through the issuance of its common stock during the third quarter of 2016.

Each share of Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock has a vote equal to the number of shares of common stock into which the redeemable convertible preferred stock would be convertible as of the record date of September 13, 2013. The Company's closing stock price on the record date was \$1.23 per share, which results in voting power of an aggregate of 7,317,073 shares. In addition, holders of a majority of the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock must approve certain actions, including any amendments to the Company's charter or bylaws that adversely affects the voting powers, preferences or other rights of the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock; payment of dividends or distributions; any liquidation, capitalization, reorganization or any other fundamental transaction of the Company, other than as set forth above; issuance of certain equity securities senior to or in parity with the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock as to dividend rights, redemption rights, liquidation preference and other rights; issuances of equity below the conversion price; incur any liens or borrowings other than non-convertible indebtedness from standard commercial lenders which does not exceed 80% of the Company's accounts receivable; and the redemption or purchase of any capital stock of the Company.

The Company has classified the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock as temporary equity in the financial statements as it is subject to redemption at the option of the holder under certain circumstances. As a result of the Company's analysis of all the embedded conversion and put features within the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock, the contingent redemption put options in the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock were determined to not be clearly and closely related to the debt-type host and also did not meet any other scope exceptions for derivative accounting. Therefore the contingent redemption put options are being accounted for as derivative instruments and the fair value of these derivative instruments were bifurcated from the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock and recorded as a liability.

The fair value of these derivative instruments and the loss (gain) recorded on the change in the fair value of these derivative instruments, which was included in "Interest and other income (loss), net" within the consolidated statement of operations, for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, are as follows:

	Three Mo	nths Ended	Six Months Ended		
	June 30,		June 30,		
	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Beginning Balance	\$133,229	\$109,038	\$82,024	\$137,171	
Total loss (gain) recognized in earnings	31,441	(8,477)	82,646	(36,610 )	
Ending Balance	\$164,670	\$100,561	\$164,670	\$100,561	

At the time of issuance the Company recorded transaction costs, a beneficial conversion feature and the fair value allocated to the embedded derivatives as discounts to the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock. These costs are being accreted to the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock using the effective interest method through the stated redemption date of August 5, 2017, which represents the earliest redemption date of the instrument. The Company included deductions for accretion and accrued dividends as adjustments to net (loss) income attributable to common stockholders on the statement of operations for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015. The following represents a reconciliation of net (loss) income attributable to common stockholders for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015:

	Three Months	Ended June	Six Months E	nded June
	30,		30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Net (loss) income	\$(3,534,882)	\$(2,668,184)	\$(7,831,494)	\$2,594,195
Effects of Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock:				
Less: Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock dividends	195,366	186,904	387,974	377,690
Less: Accretion to redemption value of Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock	170,981	143,557	334,650	280,974
Net (loss) income attributable to common stockholders	\$(3,901,229)	\$(2,998,645)	\$(8,554,118)	\$1,935,531

#### (14) Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

The changes in Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income, net of tax, for the three months ended June 30, 2016 are as follows:

	Foreign Currency Translation	Net Unrealize (Losses) Gains on Marketab Securities	Minimum Pension e Liability	Total
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income at March 31, 2016	\$(1,954,409)	\$ 633	\$30,362	\$(1,923,414)
Other comprehensive (loss) income				
Other comprehensive (loss) income before reclassifications	(334,161)	(81	) (550 )	(334,792)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income	_	(202	1,228	1,026
Total other comprehensive (loss) income	(334,161)	(283	678	(333,766)
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income at June 30, 2016	\$(2,288,570)	\$ 350	\$31,040	\$(2,257,180)

The changes in Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income, net of tax, for the six months ended June 30, 2016 are as follows:

	Foreign Currency Translation	Net Unrealized (Losses) Gains on Marketable Securities	Minimum Pension	Total
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income at December 31, 2015	\$(1,726,994)	\$ (3,406 )	\$ 27,186	\$(1,703,214)
Other comprehensive (loss) income				
Other comprehensive (loss) income before reclassifications	(561,576)	2,513	1,423	(557,640 )
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income	_	1,243	2,431	3,674
Total other comprehensive (loss) income	(561,576)	3,756	3,854	(553,966)
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income at June 30, 2016	\$(2,288,570)	\$ 350	\$ 31,040	\$(2,257,180)

The changes in Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income, net of tax, for the three months ended June 30, 2015 are as follows:

2013 are as follows.	Foreign Currency Translation	Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Marketable Securities	Minimum Pension	Total
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income at March 31, 2015	\$(1,562,996)	\$ 2,611	\$ 29,080	\$(1,531,305)
Other comprehensive (loss) income				

Other comprehensive (loss) income

Other comprehensive (loss) income before reclassifications	(4,477	) 1,792		1,639	(1,046	)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income	_	(1,135	)	1,702	567	
Total other comprehensive (loss) income	(4,477	) 657		3,341	(479	)
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income at June 30, 2015	\$(1,567,47	73) \$ 3,268		\$ 32,421	\$(1,531,78	34)

The changes in Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income, net of tax, for the six months ended June 30, 2015 are as follows:

	Foreign Currency Translation	Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Marketable Securities	Minimum Pension	Total	
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income at December 31, 2014	\$(1,536,495)	\$ (1,408 )	\$ 26,613	\$(1,511,290)	)
Other comprehensive (loss) income					
Other comprehensive (loss) income before reclassifications	(30,978)	4,619	2,450	(23,909)	)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income	_	57	3,358	3,415	
Total other comprehensive (loss) income	(30,978)	4,676	5,808	(20,494)	)
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income at June 30, 2015	\$(1,567,473)	\$ 3,268	\$ 32,421	\$(1,531,784)	)

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, the amounts reclassified to net loss related to the Company's defined benefit plan and maturity of marketable securities. These amounts are included within "Operating (loss) income" within the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

### (15) Stockholders' Equity

#### Stock Repurchase Activity

On April 22, 2015, the Company's Board of Directors (the "Board") approved a new stock buy-back program (the "Repurchase Program"). The Repurchase Program authorizes management to repurchase in the aggregate up to five million shares of the Company's common stock. Repurchases may be made by the Company from time to time in open-market or privately-negotiated transactions as permitted by securities laws and other legal requirements, and subject to market conditions and other factors. The Repurchase Program superseded and replaced the Company's prior stock buy-back program. The Repurchase Program does not obligate the Company to make repurchases at any specific time or situation. The Company was required to obtain approvals from the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stockholders for the Repurchase Program. The Repurchase Program does not have an expiration date and may be amended or terminated by the Board at any time without prior notice.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company did not repurchase any shares of its common stock. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, the Company repurchased 92,161 shares of its common stock at an aggregate purchase price of \$137,859 or \$1.50 per share. As of June 30, 2016, the Company had the authorization to repurchase 4,907,839 shares of its common stock based upon its judgment and market conditions.

### **Independent Marketing Agreement**

On July 24, 2015, the Company entered into an Independent Marketing Agreement with RFN Prime Marketing Inc., to provide among other items, certain sales and marketing deliverables to the Company in exchange for up to 2.55 million shares of restricted Company common stock which will be issued based on certain milestone achievements and/or transactions over a twenty-four month period. The restricted Company common stock will be valued as it is earned, and the resulting value will be recorded as an expense in the period in which the performance milestone is met and the stock is earned. As of June 30, 2016, none of the performance milestones have been met, and therefore no

restricted Company common stock has been issued.

### (16) Litigation

In view of the inherent difficulty of predicting the outcome of litigation, particularly where the claimants seek very large or indeterminate damages, the Company generally cannot predict what the eventual outcome of the pending matters will be, what the timing of the ultimate resolution of these matters will be, or what the eventual loss, fines or penalties related to each pending matter may be.

In accordance with the authoritative guidance issued by the FASB on contingencies, the Company accrues anticipated costs of settlement, damages and losses for claims to the extent specific losses are probable and estimable. The Company records a receivable for insurance recoveries when such amounts are probable and collectable. In such cases, there may be an exposure to loss in excess of any amounts accrued. If, at the time of evaluation, the loss contingency related to a litigation is not both probable and estimable, the matter will continue to be monitored for further developments that would make such loss contingency both probable and estimable and, the Company will expense these costs as incurred. If the estimate of a probable loss is a range and no amount within the range is more likely, the Company will accrue the minimum amount of the range.

#### Other Claims

The Company is subject to various legal proceedings and claims, asserted or unasserted, which arise in the ordinary course of business. While the outcome of any such matters cannot be predicted with certainty, such matters are not expected to have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition or operating results.

The Company continues to assess certain litigation and claims to determine the amounts, if any, that the Company believes may be paid as a result of such claims and litigation and, therefore, additional losses may be accrued and paid in the future, which could materially adversely impact the Company's financial results, its cash flows and its cash reserves.

#### (17) Segment Reporting

The Company is organized in a single operating segment for purposes of making operating decisions and assessing performance. Revenue from the United States to customers in the following geographical areas for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, and the location of long-lived assets as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, are summarized as follows:

2013, are summarized as follows.				
	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months E 30,	Ended June
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Revenue:				
Americas	\$2,667,901	\$3,232,572	\$5,053,626	\$17,633,091
Asia Pacific	2,949,051	3,425,971	5,686,244	6,106,287
Europe, Middle East, Africa and Other	2,450,999	2,894,046	4,760,412	5,753,087
Total Revenue	\$8,067,951	\$9,552,589	\$15,500,282	\$29,492,465
	June 30,	December		
	2016	31, 2015		
Long-lived assets:				
Americas	\$6,803,883	\$7,519,787		
Asia Pacific	625,197	650,633		
Europe, Middle East, Africa and Other	124,008	168,241		

Total long-lived assets

\$7,553,088 \$8,338,661

For the three months ended June 30, 2016, the Company had one customer, Hitachi Data Systems, that accounted for 11% of total revenue. For the three months ended June 30, 2015, the Company had one customer, Hitachi Data Systems, that accounted for 13% of total revenue.

As of June 30, 2016, the Company had no customers that accounted for 10% or more of the gross accounts receivable balance. As of December 31, 2015, the Company had two customers, Datang Telecom International Technology Co., Ltd and Hitachi Data Systems, that accounted for 11% and 10%, respectively, of the gross accounts receivable balance.

### (18) Restructuring Costs

From time to time, the Company has undertaken restructuring and expense control measures to support its business performance and to align the Company's cost structure with its resources. In the third quarter of 2013, the Company adopted the 2013 Plan to better align the Company's cost structure with the skills and resources required to more effectively execute the Company's long-term growth strategy and to support revenue levels the Company expects to achieve on a go forward basis. In connection with the 2013 Plan, the Company eliminated over 100 positions worldwide, implemented tighter expense controls, ceased non-core activities and closed or downsized several facilities. The 2013 Plan was substantially completed by December 31, 2014; however, we expect the majority of the severance related costs to be paid once final settlement litigation is completed, which can be at various times over the next three to twenty-four months. The following table summarizes the activity related to restructuring liabilities recorded in connection with the 2013 Plan:

Facility

	Severance related costs	and other costs	Total
Original charge	\$3,179,131	\$426,889	\$3,606,020
Utilized/Paid	(2,067,554)	(231,973)	(2,299,527)
Balance at December 31, 2013	\$1,111,577	\$194,916	\$1,306,493
Provisions/Additions	365,174	770,136	1,135,310
Utilized/Paid	(653,325)	(759,563)	(1,412,888)
Balance at December 31, 2014	\$823,426	\$205,489	\$1,028,915
Provisions/Additions	55,527	117,468	172,995
Utilized/Paid	(161,313)	(307,935)	(469,248)
Balance at December 31, 2015	\$717,640	\$15,022	\$732,662
Provisions/Additions	76,030	7,954	83,984
Utilized/Paid	(36,531)	(18,315)	(54,846 )
Balance at March 31, 2016	\$757,139	\$4,661	\$761,800
Provisions/Additions	89,198	4,207	93,405
Utilized/Paid		(4,664 )	(4,664 )
Balance at June 30, 2016	\$846,337	\$4,204	\$850,541

The severance related liabilities and facility and other liabilities are included within "accrued expenses" and "accounts payable" in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets. The expenses under the 2013 Plan are included within "restructuring costs" in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations.

### Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of predictive, future-tense or forward-looking terminology, such as "believes," "anticipates," "expects," "estimates," "plans," "may," "intend "will," or similar terms. Investors are cautioned that any forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve significant risks and uncertainties, and that actual results may differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements. The following discussion should be read together with the consolidated financial statements and notes to those financial statements included elsewhere in this report.

### **OVERVIEW**

The second quarter of 2016 marks the one-year anniversary of our FreeStor® platform, which was launched in May 2015. Over the past twelve months we have continued to drive FreeStor sales through our originally targeted routes to market which included OEMs, Managed Service Providers and Enterprise customers. We have achieved critical customer and marketplace credibility with the early adopter OEMs and Managed Service Providers. Since the introduction and release of FreeStor in mid-2015, FreeStor has won 10 software-defined storage (SDS) product-of-the-year awards at various leading industry publications, including three publications servicing the Asia markets and five publications servicing the European marketplace and two publications in the Americas.

Since the introduction of FreeStor, we have continued to develop and enhance the FreeStor platform to address the ever changing market dynamics to ensure that FreeStor continues to be a leader in the SDS market place. One of the latest enhancements was delivered in the first quarter of 2016, which included end-to-end intelligent predictive analytics which offers insight across heterogeneous storage environments. FreeStor is an SDS platform that gives customers the power to seamlessly migrate, recover, protect and deduplicate data - on or off the cloud - without tying their business to specific hardware, networks or protocols. FreeStor's Intelligent Abstraction® Layer enables the free flow of data and common services between the front end and back end, regardless of environment or location. Intelligent Abstraction virtualizes both existing and future storage for a more efficient and consolidated storage infrastructure. Unlike array-based analytics, FreeStor's new Intelligent Predictive Analytics provides real-time and historical analytics across heterogeneous storage systems to better manage capacity, performance, and availability. By combining Intelligent Abstraction with Predictive Analytics, users are able to take intelligent action based on real-time information to optimize and maintain their storage environment from a single pane of glass regardless of storage vendor or location. FreeStor addresses heterogeneous storage portfolios, all-flash array and hybrid flash array hardware manufacturers which do not have a software stack or do not have an enterprise-ready software stack, and solutions for managed service providers. FreeStor provides management, monitoring, reporting and provisioning through a web browser, tablet or smartphone which gives end-users or storage administrators the ability to be completely mobile when managing their virtual storage portfolio.

Since our inception as a Company through the third quarter of 2013, we used the "up front" revenue model for revenue from nearly all sales of product licenses and hardware. Since then, we have offered more flexibility in licensing and payment structures, and as a result the product revenue for some transactions are being recognized ratably over the contractual maintenance term. We expect to continue this flexibility going forward, and also expect that the number of transactions with flexible sales terms will increase over time, which could result in variable periods for recognizing the revenue. Furthermore, our FreeStor platform is primarily sold on a subscription based offering with revenue recognition recorded over the term of the subscription. Our support and maintenance revenue has always been recognized ratably over the term of the support and maintenance agreement and this has not changed. Our professional services revenue will continue to be recognized upon delivery of the professional services unless it is sold as part of a bundled arrangement for which we have not established fair value for all undelivered elements which would require

the revenue from the entire arrangement be recognized over the maintenance period.

We believe that the flexibility in licensing, payment structures and subscription based offerings has made and will continue to make us more competitive in the marketplace by allowing us more flexibility to work with partners and customers to design licensing and payment terms that meet their needs. Offering flexibility in licensing, payment structures and subscription based offerings results in ratable revenue recognition, and accordingly our GAAP revenue will be dependent on the volume of ratable and/or subscription sales from period-to-period. Some transactions that would have been recognized into revenue in one period, will now be recognized over a longer period of time. For this reason, we look to our quarterly and our annual bookings, rather than to our quarterly and our annual revenue numbers, to gauge our progress.

Bookings for the second quarter of 2016 totaled \$8.8 million, compared with \$8.4 million in the second quarter of 2015 and \$7.4 million in the first quarter of 2016. We are pleased that we were able to outperform our bookings results both sequentially and year-over-year, which was primarily driven from the continued market adoption of our FreeStor technology and subscription-based FreeStor platform. For the first six months of 2016, the entire FreeStor technology and subscription-based platform has achieved over 95% of the entire 2015 bookings results. We believe these awards and bookings achievements validate FreeStor as a leader within the newly emerging SDS marketplace in such a short period of time.

However, while we are pleased with the bookings growth for the FreeStor technology and subscription-based platform, especially during the first half of 2016, these bookings failed to make up for declines in our traditional product lines. In addition, the level of customer deal elongation and customer indecisiveness to purchase in a timely manner as a result of customers working through their organizational purchasing strategies continues to provide significant headwinds for both the storage software industry and FalconStor. As a result, we will continually look to optimize our cost-structures and allocate resources in order to gain operational efficiencies in order to match our run-rate outlook of bookings, billings and total revenues to ensure we are optimizing our business operations.

For the second quarter of 2016, GAAP revenue totaled \$8.1 million, compared with \$9.6 million in the second quarter of 2015. This decrease was partially attributable to an increase in the mix of ratable product license sales in the second quarter of 2016 as compared with the same period in 2015 of 72% and 58%, respectively. In addition, as discussed above, declines in our traditional product lines also contributed to the decline in current period GAAP revenue.

Product revenue from our OEM partners increased \$0.2 million, while product revenue from our non-OEM partners decreased \$0.7 million. We had one customer which accounted for more than 10% of our total GAAP revenue; Hitachi Data Systems which accounted for 11% of our total revenue in the second quarter of 2016.

Deferred revenue as of June 30, 2016 totaled \$25.4 million, which decreased 4% compared with June 30, 2015, and essentially remained consistent with December 31, 2015.

Support and services revenue decreased 13% from \$5.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 to \$5.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016.

Overall, our operating expenses decreased 7% or \$0.7 million to \$9.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016, compared with \$10.0 million in the same period in 2015. Included in our operating results for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 was \$1.1 million and \$0.4 million of share-based compensation expense, respectively, and \$0.1 million and less than \$0.1 million related to our restructuring expenses, respectively.

Net loss for the three months ended June 30, 2016 was \$3.5 million, compared with \$2.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS – FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 COMPARED WITH THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2015.

Our primary sales focus is on selling software solutions and platforms which includes stand-alone software applications, software integrated with industry standard hardware and sold as one complete integrated solution or sold on a subscription or consumption basis. As a result, our revenue is classified as either: (i) product revenue, or (ii) support and services revenue. Product revenue consists of both integrated solutions and stand-alone software revenue. Support and services revenue consists of both maintenance revenue and professional services revenue.

Total revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2016 decreased 16% to \$8.1 million, compared with \$9.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015. Our cost of revenue decreased 13% to \$2.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016, compared with \$2.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015. Our operating expenses decreased 7% to \$9.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016, compared with \$10.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015. Included in the operating results for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 was \$1.1 million and \$0.4 million of share-based compensation expense, respectively. Net loss for the three months ended June 30, 2016 was \$3.5 million, compared with \$2.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015. Net loss attributable to common stockholders, which includes the effects of Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock dividends and accretion of the discounts related to the issuance of the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock, was \$3.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016, compared with \$3.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015.

Overall, our total operating expenses decreased \$0.7 million, or 7%, to \$9.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016, compared with \$10.0 million for the same period in 2015. This decrease was primarily attributable to tighter expense controls and overall operational efficiencies which better align our current business plan on a run-rate basis. These efficiencies include among other items, stream-lined personnel related costs and global overhead costs and efficiencies realized on our redesigned go-to-market coverage models. Our worldwide headcount was 211 employees as of June 30, 2016, compared with 247 employees as of June 30, 2015. We will continue to evaluate the appropriate headcount levels to properly align our resources with our current and long-term outlook and to take actions in areas of the Company that are not performing. These decreases were partly offset by an increase of \$0.7 million in share-based compensation expense due to \$0.8 million related to costs associated with our exclusive source code license and development agreement which were paid through the issuance of our common stock.

#### Revenue

Revenue			
	Three Months Ended		
	June 30,		
	2016	2015	
Revenue:			
Product revenue	\$2,939,594	\$3,650,504	
Support and services revenue	5,128,357	5,902,085	
Total Revenue	\$8,067,951	\$9,552,589	
Year-over-year percentage change			
Product revenue	(19)%	(14)%	
Support and services revenue	(13)%	(16)%	
Total percentage change	(16)%	(15)%	

#### Product revenue

Product revenue is comprised of sales of both licenses for our software solutions and sales of the platforms on which the software is installed. This includes stand-alone software applications and software integrated with industry standard hardware, sold as one complete integrated solution or sold on a subscription or consumption basis. The products are sold through our OEMs, and through (i) value-added resellers, (ii) distributors, and/or (iii) directly to end-users (collectively "non-OEMs"). These revenues are recognized when all the applicable criteria under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States are met.

Product revenue decreased 19% from \$3.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015, to \$2.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016. These amounts are net of sales return expense of \$0.1 million recognized during the three months ended June 30, 2016, and less than \$0.1 million recognized during the same period in 2015. Product revenue represented 36% and 38% of our total revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Product revenue from our OEM partners increased \$0.2 million, while product revenue from our non-OEM partners decreased \$0.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016, compared with the same period in 2015. The decline in product revenue from our non-OEM channel was primarily due to, (i) challenges in obtaining new customers, (ii) a decrease in the volume of sales from our legacy product line(s), and (iii) the mix of deals where revenue is recognized ratably over the term of the associated maintenance agreement, rather than upon transaction completion and product delivery. Product revenue from our non-OEM partners represented 72% and 81% of our total product revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. Product revenue from our OEM partners represented 28% and 19% of our total product revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

We continue to invest in our product portfolio by refreshing our existing product lines and developing our next generation of innovative product offerings to drive our sales volume in support of our long-term outlook.

### Support and services revenue

Support and services revenue is comprised of revenue from (i) maintenance and technical support services, (ii) professional services primarily related to the implementation of our software, and (iii) engineering services. Revenue derived from maintenance and technical support contracts are deferred and recognized ratably over the contractual maintenance term. Professional services revenue is recognized in the period that the related services are performed or over the contractual term if vendor-specific objective evidence ("VSOE") does not exist for all undelivered elements. Engineering services are recognized upon customer acceptance or over the remaining contract term if VSOE does not exist for the remaining deliverables upon acceptance. Support and services revenue decreased 13% from \$5.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 to \$5.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016. The decrease in support and services revenue was attributable to a decrease in both maintenance and technical support services revenue and professional services revenue.

Maintenance and technical support services revenue decreased from \$5.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 to \$5.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016. Our maintenance and technical support service revenue results primarily from (i) the purchase of maintenance and support contracts by our customers, and (ii) the renewal of maintenance and support contracts by our existing and new customers after their initial contracts expire. During the three months ended June 30, 2016, the decline in maintenance and technical support services revenue was primarily attributable to a decrease of \$0.8 million in maintenance revenue from our non-OEM partners primarily driven by the overall decline in product license sales over the past twelve to twenty-four months.

Professional services revenue decreased \$0.1 million, to \$0.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016, compared with \$0.2 million for the same period in 2015. Professional services revenue varies from period to period based upon (i) the number of solutions sold during the existing and previous periods, (ii) the number of our customers who elect to purchase professional services, (iii) the number of professional services contracts that are performed during the period, and (iv) the number of customers who elect to purchase engineering services. We expect professional services revenue to continue to vary from period to period based upon the number of customers who elect to utilize our professional services upon purchasing any of our solutions.

Cost of Revenue			
	Three Months Ended		
	June 30,		
	2016	2015	
Cost of revenue:			
Product	\$319,974	\$718,057	
Support and service	1,999,125	1,940,729	
Total cost of revenue	\$2,319,099	\$2,658,786	
Total Gross Profit	\$5,748,852	\$6,893,803	
Gross Margin:			
Product	89%	80%	
Support and service	61%	67%	
Total gross margin	71%	73%	

Cost of revenue, gross profit and gross margin

Cost of product revenue consists primarily of industry standard hardware we purchase and integrate with our software for turn-key integrated solutions, personnel costs, amortization of capitalized software and shipping and logistics costs. Cost of support and service consists primarily of personnel and other costs associated with providing software implementations, technical support under maintenance contracts and training.

Cost of product revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2016 decreased \$0.4 million, or 55%, to \$0.3 million, compared with \$0.7 million for the same period in 2015. Product gross margin increased to 89% for the three months ended June 30, 2016, compared with 80% for the same period in 2015. The increase in product gross margin was primarily attributable to an increase in the percentage of our product revenue from sales of our stand-alone software applications, which have higher gross margins than sales of our fully integrated solutions with hardware appliances, compared with the same period in 2015. Our cost of support and service revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2016 increased \$0.1 million, or 3%, to \$2.0 million, compared with \$1.9 million for the same period in 2015. This increase was due to severance costs of \$0.2 million recorded during the three months ended June 30, 2016. Support and service gross margin decreased to 61% for the three months ended June 30, 2016, compared with 67% for the three months ended June 30, 2015.

Total gross profit decreased \$1.1 million, or 17%, to \$5.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 from \$6.9 million for the same period in 2015. Total gross margin decreased to 71% for the three months ended June 30, 2016, from 73% for the same period in 2015. The decrease in our total gross margin was primarily due to the decrease in revenue and the mix of sales. Generally, our total gross profits and total gross margins fluctuate based on several factors, including (i) revenue growth levels, (ii) changes in personnel headcount and related costs, and (iii) our product offerings and mix of sales.

### **Operating Expenses**

### Research and Development Costs

Research and development costs consist primarily of personnel costs for product development, share-based compensation expense, and other related costs associated with the development of new products, enhancements to existing products, quality assurance and testing. Research and development costs increased \$0.2 million, or 8%, to \$3.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016, from \$3.1 million in the same period in 2015. The increase in research and development costs was primarily related to \$0.8 million of costs associated with our exclusive source code license and development agreement we entered into during 2015 as we continue to re-invest in research and development by adding new and innovative functionalities to our product portfolio. This increase was partly offset by a decrease in personnel related costs, as we continue to allocate the appropriate level of resources based upon the product development roadmap schedule. We believe we continue to provide adequate levels of resources in support of our research and development activities to continue to enhance and to test our core products and in the development of new innovative products, features and options. Share-based compensation expense included in research and development costs was \$0.8 million and \$0.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively. Included in share-based compensation expense for the three months ended June 30, 2016 was \$0.8 million related to costs associated with our exclusive source code license and development agreement which were paid through the issuance of our common stock.

### Selling and Marketing

Selling and marketing expenses consist primarily of sales and marketing personnel and related costs, share-based compensation expense, travel, public relations expense, marketing literature and promotions, commissions, trade show expenses, and the costs associated with our foreign sales offices. Selling and marketing expenses decreased \$0.2 million, or 6%, to \$4.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016, from \$4.4 million for the same period in 2015. The decrease in selling and marketing expenses was primarily attributable to a decrease in personnel related costs as well as a decrease in our sales and marketing headcount as we continue to optimize our go-to-market coverage models around the world. Share-based compensation expense included in selling and marketing was \$0.1 million for each of the three months ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015.

### General and Administrative

General and administrative expenses consist primarily of personnel costs of general and administrative functions, share-based compensation expense, public company related costs, directors' and officers' insurance, legal and professional fees, and other general corporate overhead costs. General and administrative expenses decreased \$0.8 million or 29%, to \$1.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016, from \$2.6 million for the same period in 2015. The decrease in general and administrative expenses was primarily attributable to \$0.5 million of termination costs incurred by the Company during the second quarter of 2015 due to the termination of a contract with an internet communication provider which did not repeat during 2016 as well as continuing to optimize personnel costs, professional fees and other various general and administrative costs within the Company. Share-based compensation expense included in general and administrative expenses was \$0.2 million for each of the three months ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015.

### Investigation, Litigation and Settlement Related Costs

During the three months ended June 30, 2016, we did not incur any investigation, litigation, and settlement related costs. During the three months ended June 30, 2015, our investigation, litigation, and settlement related costs totaled a benefit of less than \$0.1 million.

### Restructuring costs

From time to time, we have undertaken restructuring and expense control measures to support our business performance and to align our cost structure with our resources. In the third quarter of 2013, we adopted the 2013 plan intended to better align our cost structure with the skills and resources required to more effectively execute our long-term growth strategy and to support revenue levels we expect to achieve on a go forward basis. In connection with the 2013 Plan, we eliminated over 100 positions worldwide, implemented tighter expense controls, ceased non-core activities and closed or downsized several facilities. Restructuring costs incurred during the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, under the 2013 Plan were \$0.1 million and less than \$0.1 million, respectively. For further information, refer to Note (18) Restructuring Costs, to our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

### Interest and Other Income (Loss), net

We invest our cash primarily in money market funds, commercial paper, government securities, and corporate bonds. As of June 30, 2016, our cash, cash equivalents, and marketable securities totaled \$9.4 million, compared with \$18.8 million as of June 30, 2015. Interest and other income (loss), net, increased \$0.1 million to income of \$0.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016, compared with income of \$0.1 million for the same period in 2015. The change in interest and other income (loss), net, was primarily due to net foreign currency gains of \$0.2 million for the same period in 2015.

#### Income Taxes

Our provision for income taxes consists of federal, state and local, and foreign taxes. For the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, the Company recorded an income provision of \$0.2 million and an income tax benefit of \$0.4 million, respectively, consisting primarily of federal, state and local and foreign taxes. Our domestic deferred tax assets are not realizable on a more-likely-than-not basis and, therefore, we have recorded a full valuation allowance against our domestic deferred tax assets. During the three months ended June 30, 2016, our conclusion did not change with respect to our domestic deferred tax assets and therefore, we have not recorded any benefit for our expected net domestic deferred tax assets for the full year 2016 estimated annual effective tax rate.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS – FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 COMPARED WITH THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2015.

Total revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2016 decreased 47% to \$15.5 million, compared with \$29.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015. This decrease was mainly attributable to \$11.3 million of revenue recorded for the six months ended June 30, 2015 from a joint development agreement which did not repeat in 2016. Excluding revenue from the joint development agreement, revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2016 decreased 15% to \$15.5 million, compared with \$18.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015. Our cost of revenue decreased 15% to \$4.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016, compared with \$5.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015. Our operating expenses decreased 10% to \$19.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016, compared with \$21.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015. Included in the operating results for the six

months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 was \$2.0 million and \$0.8 million of share-based compensation expense, respectively. Net loss for the six months ended June 30, 2016 was \$7.8 million, compared with net income of \$2.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015. Net loss attributable to common stockholders, which includes the effects of Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock dividends and accretion of the discounts related to the issuance of the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock, was \$8.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016, compared with net income attributable to common stockholders of \$1.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015.

Overall, our total operating expenses decreased \$2.1 million, or 10%, to \$19.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016, compared with \$21.2 million for the same period in 2015. This decrease was primarily attributable to our tighter expense controls and overall operational efficiencies which better align our current business plan on a run-rate basis. These efficiencies include among other items, stream-lined personnel related costs and global overhead costs and efficiencies realized on our redesigned go-to-market coverage models. Our worldwide headcount was 211 employees as of June 30, 2016, compared with 247 employees as of June 30, 2015. We will continue to evaluate the appropriate headcount levels to properly align our resources with our current and long-term outlook and to take actions in areas of the Company that are not performing. These decreases were partly offset by an increase of \$1.3 million in share-based compensation expense due to \$1.5 million related to costs associated with our exclusive source code license and development agreement which were paid through the issuance of our common stock.

#### Revenue

Revenue			
	Six Months Ended June		
	30,		
	2016	2015	
Revenue:			
Product revenue	\$5,220,452	\$17,620,871	
Support and services revenue	10,279,830	11,871,594	
Total Revenue	\$15,500,282	\$29,492,465	
Year-over-year percentage change			
Product revenue	(70)%	91%	
Support and services revenue	(13)%	(16)%	
Total percentage change	(47)%	27%	

#### Product revenue

Product revenue decreased 70% from \$17.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015, to \$5.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016. This decrease was mainly attributable to \$11.3 million of product revenue recorded for the six months ended June 30, 2015 from a joint development agreement which did not repeat in 2016. Excluding product revenue from the joint development agreement, product revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2016 decreased 18% to \$5.2 million, compared with \$6.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015. These amounts are net of sales return expense of \$0.1 million recognized during the six months ended June 30, 2016, and less than \$0.1 million recognized during the same period in 2015. Product revenue represented 34% and 60% of our total revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Excluding the joint development agreement revenue, product revenue from our OEM partners increased \$0.2 million, while product revenue from our non-OEM partners decreased \$1.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016, compared with the same period in 2015. The decline in product revenue from our non-OEM channel was primarily due to, (i) challenges in obtaining new customers, (ii) a decrease in the volume of sales from our legacy product line(s), and (iii) the mix of deals where revenue is recognized ratably over the term of the associated maintenance agreement, rather than upon transaction completion and product delivery. Product revenue from our non-OEM partners represented 74% and 29% of our total product revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. Product revenue from our OEM partners represented 26% and 71% of our total product revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. Excluding the joint development agreement product revenue, our non-OEM partners and OEM partners represented 80% and 20%, respectively, of our total product revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2015.

We continue to invest in our product portfolio by refreshing our existing product lines and developing our next generation of innovative product offerings to drive our sales volume in support of our long-term outlook.

### Support and services revenue

Support and services revenue decreased 13% from \$11.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 to \$10.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016. The decrease in support and services revenue was attributable to a decrease in both maintenance and technical support services revenue and professional services revenue.

Maintenance and technical support services revenue decreased from \$11.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 to \$10.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016. Our maintenance and technical support service revenue results primarily from (i) the purchase of maintenance and support contracts by our customers, and (ii) the renewal of maintenance and support contracts by our existing and new customers after their initial contracts expire. During the six months ended June 30, 2016, the decline in maintenance and technical support services revenue was primarily attributable to a decrease of \$1.6 million in maintenance revenue from our non-OEM partners primarily driven by the overall decline in product license sales over the past twelve to twenty-four months.

Professional services revenue decreased \$0.2 million, to \$0.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016, compared with \$0.4 million for the same period in 2015. Professional services revenue varies from period to period based upon (i) the number of solutions sold during the existing and previous periods, (ii) the number of our customers who elect to purchase professional services, (iii) the number of professional services contracts that are performed during the period, and (iv) the number of customers who elect to purchase engineering services. We expect professional services revenue to continue to vary from period to period based upon the number of customers who elect to utilize our professional services upon purchasing any of our solutions.

#### Cost of Revenue

Cost of Revenue				
	Six Months Ended June			
	30,			
	2016	2015		
Cost of revenue:				
Product	\$564,247	\$1,108,281		
Support and service	3,761,345	3,960,747		
Total cost of revenue	\$4,325,592	\$5,069,028		
Total Gross Profit	\$11,174,690	\$24,423,437		
Gross Margin:				
Product	89%	94%		
Support and service	63%	67%		
Total gross margin	72%	83%		

### Cost of revenue, gross profit and gross margin

Cost of product revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2016 decreased \$0.5 million, or 49%, to \$0.6 million, compared with \$1.1 million for the same period in 2015. Product gross margin decreased to 89% for the six months ended June 30, 2016, compared with 94% for the same period in 2015. The decrease in product gross margin was primarily attributable to the product revenue recorded in 2015 from a joint development agreement. Excluding the joint development agreement revenue, product gross margin increased to 89% for the six months ended June 30, 2016, compared with 83% for the six months ended June 30, 2015. The increase in product gross margin was primarily attributable to an increase in the percentage of our product revenue from sales of our stand-alone software applications, which have higher gross margins than sales of our fully integrated solutions with hardware appliances, compared with the same period in 2015. Our cost of support and service revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2016 decreased \$0.2 million, or 5%, to \$3.8 million, compared with \$4.0 million for the same period in 2015. Support and service gross margin decreased to 63% for the six months ended June 30, 2016, compared with 67% for the six

months ended June 30, 2015.

Total gross profit decreased \$13.2 million, or 54%, to \$11.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016 from \$24.4 million for the same period in 2015. Total gross margin decreased to 72% for the six months ended June 30, 2016, from 83% for the same period in 2015. Excluding the joint development agreement revenue, total gross margin remained consistent at 72% for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015. Generally, our total gross profits and total gross margins fluctuate based on several factors, including (i) revenue growth levels, (ii) changes in personnel headcount and related costs, and (iii) our product offerings and mix of sales.

### **Operating Expenses**

### Research and Development Costs

Research and development costs increased \$0.7 million, or 11%, to \$7.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016, from \$6.3 million in the same period in 2015. The increase in research and development costs was primarily related to \$2.0 million of costs associated with our exclusive source code license and development agreement we entered into during 2015 as we continue to re-invest in research and development by adding new and innovative functionalities to our product portfolio. This increase was partly offset by a decrease in personnel related costs, as we continue to allocate the appropriate level of resources based upon the product development roadmap schedule. We believe we continue to provide adequate levels of resources in support of our research and development activities to continue to enhance and to test our core products and in the development of new innovative products, features and options. Share-based compensation expense included in research and development costs was \$1.6 million and \$0.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively. Included in share-based compensation expense for the six months ended June 30, 2016 was \$1.5 million related to costs associated with our exclusive source code license and development agreement which were paid through the issuance of our common stock.

### Selling and Marketing

Selling and marketing expenses decreased \$1.3 million, or 13%, to \$8.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016, from \$9.7 million for the same period in 2015. The decrease in selling and marketing expenses was primarily attributable to a decrease in professional fees of \$0.8 million primarily related to an investment made in 2014 to penetrate certain market verticals under a one-year arrangement, which ended at March 31, 2015. In addition, the decrease is attributable to a decrease in personnel related costs as well as a decrease in our sales and marketing headcount as we continue to optimize our go-to-market coverage models around the world. Share-based compensation expense included in selling and marketing was \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively.

#### General and Administrative

General and administrative expenses decreased \$1.5 million or 30%, to \$3.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016, from \$5.1 million for the same period in 2015. The decrease in general and administrative expenses was primarily attributable to \$0.5 million of termination costs incurred by the Company during the second quarter of 2015 due to the termination of a contract with an internet communication provider which did not repeat during 2016 as well as continuing to optimize personnel costs, professional fees and other various general and administrative costs within the Company. Share-based compensation expense included in general and administrative expenses was \$0.3 million and \$0.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively.

#### Investigation, Litigation and Settlement Related Costs

During the six months ended June 30, 2016, we did not incur any investigation, litigation, and settlement related costs. During the six months ended June 30, 2015, our investigation, litigation, and settlement related costs totaled less than \$0.1 million.

### Restructuring costs

Restructuring costs incurred during the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, under the 2013 Plan were \$0.2 million in each period. For further information, refer to Note (18) Restructuring Costs, to our unaudited condensed

consolidated financial statements.

Interest and Other Income (Loss), net

We invest our cash primarily in money market funds, commercial paper, government securities, and corporate bonds. As of June 30, 2016, our cash, cash equivalents, and marketable securities totaled \$9.4 million, compared with \$18.8 million as of June 30, 2015. Interest and other income (loss), net, increased \$0.7 million to income of \$0.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016, compared with a loss of \$0.4 million for the same period in 2015. The change in interest and other income (loss), net, was primarily due to net foreign currency gains of \$0.3 million recorded during the six months ended June 30, 2016, compared with net foreign currency losses of \$0.4 million for the same period in 2015.

#### **Income Taxes**

Our provision for income taxes consists of federal, state and local, and foreign taxes. For both the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, the Company recorded an income provision of \$0.3 million, consisting primarily of federal, state and local and foreign taxes. Our domestic deferred tax assets are not realizable on a more-likely-than-not basis and, therefore, we have recorded a full valuation allowance against our domestic deferred tax assets. During the six months ended June 30, 2016, our conclusion did not change with respect to our domestic deferred tax assets and therefore, we have not recorded any benefit for our expected net domestic deferred tax assets for the full year 2016 estimated annual effective tax rate.

### LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

	Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2016	2015	
Cash (used in) provided by:			
Operating activities	\$(3,791,211)	\$(1,647,342)	
Investing activities	5,826,384	(207,356)	
Financing activities		(473,137)	
Effect of exchange rate changes	(123,221)	(238,507)	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$1,911,952	\$(2,566,342)	

Our principal sources of liquidity are our cash, cash equivalents, and marketable securities balances generated from operating, investing and financing activities. Our cash and cash equivalents and marketable securities balance as of June 30, 2016 totaled \$9.4 million, compared with \$13.4 million as of December 31, 2015. Cash and cash equivalents totaled \$7.9 million and marketable securities totaled \$1.5 million at June 30, 2016. Cash and cash equivalents totaled \$6.0 million and marketable securities totaled \$7.4 million at December 31, 2015.

Our current assets exceeded our current liabilities, excluding deferred revenue, by \$8.7 million as of June 30, 2016. While we currently have a working capital deficiency and a stockholders' deficit (which is primarily due to our current deferred revenue balance of \$16.0 million) we believe we continue to have sufficient liquidity to meet our operating requirements which includes marketing our new product offering FreeStor, and expanding our existing suite of software offerings. While there can be no assurance, we believe this marketing and expansion should result in the growth of our customer base and drive increased revenue streams.

The Company cannot consummate a fundamental sale transaction in which the consideration is stock or a combination of cash and stock without the consent of the holder of the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock.

In addition to the veto rights set forth in the preceding paragraph, upon consummation of a fundamental sale transaction in which the consideration is cash and is not approved by the holder of the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock, the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock shall be redeemed at a per share redemption price equal to the greater of (i) 250% of the stated value of the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock (which is currently equal to \$22.5 million or \$2.56 per share of common stock held by the holder of the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock on an as converted basis as of June 30, 2016) and (ii) the price such holder would receive in the transaction on an as converted basis.

Upon certain triggering events, such as bankruptcy, insolvency or a material adverse effect, failure to achieve minimum financial covenants or failure of the Company to issue shares upon conversion of the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock in accordance with its obligations, the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stockholders may require us to redeem all or some of the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock at a price equal to the greater of 100% of the stated value plus accrued and unpaid dividends or the product of the number of

shares of common stock underlying the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock and the closing price as of the occurrence of the triggering event. On or after August 5, 2017, each Series A redeemable convertible preferred stockholder can require us to redeem its Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock in cash at a price equal to 100% of the stated value being redeemed plus accrued and unpaid dividends. As of June 30, 2016, there were no triggering events that would allow the holders of the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock to require us to redeem any of the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock and we do not expect to incur any triggering events in fiscal 2016. As of June 30, 2016, we did not fail any financial or non-financial covenants related to our Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock. However, if we are unable maintain compliance with the 2016 covenants, we intend to work with the holders of the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock to obtain waivers for the failed covenants, as necessary.

Holders of the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock are entitled to receive quarterly dividends at the Prime Rate (Wall Street Journal Eastern Edition) plus 5% (up to a maximum amount of 10%), payable in cash, provided, that if we will not have at least \$1.0 million in positive cash flow for any calendar quarter after giving effect to the payment of such dividends, we, at our election, can pay such dividends in whole or in part in cash, provided that cash flow from operations is not negative, and the remainder can be accrued or paid in common stock to the extent certain equity conditions are satisfied. We issued 103,200 and 143,737 shares of our common stock to the holder of the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock in January 2016 and May 2016, respectively, as payment for the fourth quarter 2015 dividend and first quarter 2016 dividend. As of June 30, 2016, our liability for dividends to the holders of the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock totaled \$0.2 million. We intend to pay this dividend through the issuance of our common stock during the third quarter of 2016.

Net cash used in operating activities was \$3.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016, compared with \$1.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015. The increase in net cash used in operating activities during the six months ended June 30, 2016, compared with the same period in 2015, was primarily due to a decrease in bookings as well as adjustments for net changes in operating assets and liabilities, primarily changes in our accounts receivable, deferred revenue, prepaid expenses, inventory, other assets, accounts payable, accrued expenses and other long-term liabilities contributed to the decrease.

Net cash provided by investing activities was \$5.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016, compared with cash used in investing activities of \$0.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015. Included in investing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, are the sales and purchases of our marketable securities, purchases of property and equipment, capitalized software development costs, cash received for security deposits and purchases of intangible assets. Net sales of marketable securities for the six months ended June 30, 2016 was \$5.9 million as compared with \$0.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015. The cash used to purchase property and equipment was \$0.1 million and \$0.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. We anticipate continued capital expenditures, including capitalized software costs, as we continue to invest in our infrastructure and expand and enhance our product offerings.

There were no cash financing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2016. Net cash used in financing activities was \$0.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and related to, (i) \$0.4 million of dividends paid to holders of the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock, (ii) \$0.1 million of repurchases of Company common stock, and (iii) less than \$0.1 million of proceeds received from the exercise of stock options for the six months ended June 30, 2015.

We currently do not have any debt and our significant commitments are related to (i) our employment agreement with Gary Quinn, our President and Chief Executive Officer, (ii) our office leases, (iii) dividends on our Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock, (iv) the potential redemption of the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock as discussed above, and (v) the potential issuance of up to 2.55 million shares of restricted Company common stock which vest based on certain milestone achievements and/or transactions over a twenty-four month period in accordance with an Independent Marketing Agreement with RFN Prime Marketing Inc.

We have an operating lease covering our corporate office facility that expires in April 2021. We also have several operating leases related to offices in foreign countries with expiration dates ranging from 2016 through 2018. Refer to Note (12) Commitments and Contingencies, to our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for further discussion.

In addition, as of June 30, 2016, our liability for uncertain tax positions totaled \$0.3 million. At this time, the settlement period for the positions, including related accrued interest, cannot be determined.

We believe that our current balance of cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities, and expected cash flows from operations, will be sufficient to meet our cash requirements for at least the next twelve months. Our future capital requirements will depend on many factors, including our rate of new customer acquisitions, our ability to grow our bookings and revenue levels, and the continued market acceptance of our new product portfolio. There can be no assurance that we will be able to receive additional financings or as to the terms of such financings. In addition, any financing which results in the issuance of equity securities could result in dilution to our stockholders.

### Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

We describe our significant accounting policies in Note (1), "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" of our 2015 Form 10-K. We discuss our critical accounting estimates in Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" of our 2015 Form 10-K. There have been no significant changes in our significant accounting policies or critical accounting estimates since December 31, 2015.

Impact of Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

See Item 1 of Part 1, Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements – Note (1) Basis of Presentation.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

As of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, we had no off-balance sheet arrangements.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Interest Rate Risks.

Our cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities aggregated \$9.4 million as of June 30, 2016. Our exposure to market risk for changes in interest rates relates primarily to our investment portfolio. All of our cash equivalent and marketable securities are designated as available-for-sale and, accordingly, are presented at fair value on our consolidated balance sheets. We regularly assess these risks and have established policies and business practices to manage the market risk of our marketable securities. We generally invest our excess cash in investment grade short to intermediate-term fixed income securities and AAA-rated money market funds and commercial paper. Fixed rate securities may have their fair market value adversely affected due to a rise in interest rates, and we may suffer losses in principal if forced to sell securities that have declined in market value due to changes in interest rates. Due to the short-term nature of the majority of our investments, the already severely suppressed interest rates we currently earn, and the fact that approximately 84% of our total cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities are comprised of money market funds and cash, we do not believe we are subject to any material interest rate risks on our investment balances levels at June 30, 2016.

### Foreign Currency Risk.

We have several offices outside the United States. Accordingly, we are subject to exposure from adverse movements in foreign currency exchange rates. For the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, approximately 67% and 66% of our sales were from outside North America. Not all of these transactions were made in foreign currencies. Our primary exposure is to fluctuations in exchange rates for the U.S. Dollar versus the Euro and Japanese Yen, and to a lesser extent the Canadian Dollar, the Korean Won and the British Pound. Changes in exchange rates in the functional currency for each geographic area's revenues are primarily offset by the related expenses associated with such revenues. However, changes in exchange rates of a particular currency could impact the re-measurement of such balances on our balance sheets.

If foreign currency exchange rates were to change adversely by 10% from the levels at June 30, 2016, the effect on our results before taxes from foreign currency fluctuations on our balance sheet would be approximately \$1.5 million. The above analysis disregards the possibility that rates for different foreign currencies can move in opposite directions and that losses from one currency may be offset by gains from another currency.

### Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, we have evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report, and, based on their evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer have concluded that these controls and procedures are effective. No changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting occurred during the quarter ended June 30, 2016, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal controls over

### financial reporting.

Disclosure controls and procedures are procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

#### PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

### Item 1. Legal Proceedings

See the discussion of the Company's material litigation in Note (16) Litigation, to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements, which is incorporated by reference in Item 1.

### Item 1A. Risk Factors

We are affected by risks specific to us as well as factors that affect all businesses operating in a global market. The significant factors known to us that could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition, or operating results are set forth in Item 1A to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015. The information below sets forth additional risk factors or risk factors that have had material changes since the 2015 10-K, and should be read in conjunction with Item 1A of the 2015 10-K.

We recently released our latest version of CDP/NSS, version 8.0 and our new FreeStor® platform. Our future business, financial and operating results are substantially dependent on the market acceptance of both of these products.

On February 18, 2015, we released the latest version of our CDP/NSS product, CDP/NSS 8.0 and on May 6, 2015 we released our new FreeStor platform. We have spent considerable resources, both financially and in our research and development efforts, developing CDP/NSS 8.0 and FreeStor. In addition, while bookings for FreeStor during the six months ended June 30, 2016 exceeded the bookings for this product for all of 2015, the bookings associated with our FreeStor platform failed to make up for declines in our traditional product lines. We currently do not have any other products in our pipeline with the same expectations or which we believe have the same potential for market acceptance as CDP/NSS 8.0 and FreeStor. If (i) either CDP/NSS 8.0 or FreeStor do not gain market acceptance, (ii) sales of either CDP/NSS 8.0 or FreeStor are significantly below our expectations, or (iii) the ongoing future feature/functionality sets of both products are delayed, our results may suffer and it could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and operating results.

We are dependent on a significant customer.

For the six months ended June 30, 2016 we had one customer, Hitachi Data Systems, which accounted for 11% of our total revenue. The loss of this customer, or a significant reduction in revenue from this customer, could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations.

We have had only three profitable quarters since 2009. There is no guarantee that we will be able to return to, or to maintain, profitability.

While we were profitable in the first quarter of 2015, the second quarter of 2014 and the fourth quarter of 2013, our profitability for such periods was the result of the acceleration of the deferred revenue related to our joint development agreement with Violin in the first quarter of 2015, a gain recorded from the settlement with the Estate of ReiJane Huai in the second quarter of 2014, and a gain recorded from a sale of an investment in the fourth quarter of 2013, respectively, none of which we expect to recur. We incurred losses in the first and second quarters of 2016, the second, third and fourth quarters of 2015 and the first, third and fourth quarters of 2014 and in each of the seventeen quarters preceding the fourth quarter of 2013. We have taken steps to try to reduce or to eliminate the chance of future losses - such as reducing headcount and other expenses and trying to replace lost OEM sales with sales of FalconStor-branded products - but there is no guarantee that we will be able to return to or to maintain profitability. In addition, our future profitability could be negatively impacted by the decrease of bookings to \$16.2 million for the six

months ended June 30, 2016 as compared with \$20.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015. As of June 30, 2016, we had approximately \$9.4 million in cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities. If losses recur, we will deplete our available cash and we may not be able to continue to fund effective sales and marketing or research and development activities on which we are dependent.

Our stock price may be volatile and if it falls below \$1.00 per share, our common stock could be subject to delisting from NASDAQ.

The market price of our common stock has been volatile in the past and may be volatile in the future. For example, during the twelve months ended June 30, 2016, the closing market price of our common stock as quoted on the NASDAQ Global Market fluctuated between \$1.05 and \$2.20. The NASDAQ Global Market requires that our common stock maintain a trading price of at least \$1.00 per share. To the extent that the market price of our common stock closes below \$1.00 per share, for thirty consecutive trading days and if the stock then does not trade at a \$1.00 or more per share for ten consecutive days during the next ninety days, our common stock could be subject to delisting from the NASDAQ Global Market. If our common stock is delisted from the NASDAQ Global Market, the liquidity of our common stock could be materially impacted and it may be more difficult to make transaction in our common stock. In addition, because we have a stockholder deficit, the NASDAQ Global Market requires the market value of our common stock to be at least \$50.0 million. As of June 30, 2016, since the market value of our common stock was below \$50.0 million, trading of our common stock may move from the NASDAQ Global Market to the NASDAQ Capital Market. The market price of our common stock may be significantly affected by the following factors: actual or anticipated fluctuations in our operating results, including changes in the timing of when we recognize revenue:

failure to meet financial estimates:

changes in market valuations of other technology companies, particularly those in the network storage software market;

the announcement of any strategic

alternatives:

announcements by us or our competitors of significant technical innovations, acquisitions, strategic partnerships, strategic alternatives, joint ventures or capital commitments;

loss of one or more key customers;

the issuance of additional shares of the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock pursuant to dividend rights; and

departures of key personnel.

The stock market has experienced extreme volatility that often has been unrelated to the performance of particular companies. These market fluctuations may cause our stock price to fall regardless of our performance. Unknown Factors

Additional risks and uncertainties of which we are unaware or which currently we deem immaterial also may become important factors that affect us.

### Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

In accordance with the terms of the Certificate of Designations, Preferences and Rights of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock, the Company elected to pay the dividend payable to the holders of the Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock for the period ended March 31, 2016 through the issuance of 143,737 shares of common stock. Such shares were issued pursuant to the exemption provided by Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

#### Item 6. Exhibits

- FalconStor Software, Inc. 2016 Incentive Stock Plan, (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit A to the Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A dated March 18, 2016).
- FalconStor Software, Inc. 2016 Outside Directors Equity Compensation Plan, (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit B to the Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A dated March 18, 2016).
- 31.1 Certification of the Chief Executive Officer
- 31.2 Certification of the Chief Financial Officer
- Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. § 1350)
- Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. § 1350)
- The following financial statements from FalconStor Software, Inc's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2016, formatted in XBRL (eXtensible Business Reporting Language):
- (i) unaudited Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015.
- (ii) unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015.
- (iii) unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive (Loss) Income Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015.
- (iv) unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows Six Months Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015.
- (v) Notes to unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements June 30, 2016.

### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

FALCONSTOR SOFTWARE, INC. (Registrant)

/s/ Louis J. Petrucelly Louis J. Petrucelly Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (principal financial and accounting officer)

/s/ Gary Quinn
Gary Quinn
President & Chief Executive Officer
July 28, 2016 (principal executive officer)