

NEUSTAR INC  
Form 10-Q  
August 08, 2007

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549  
FORM 10-Q

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES  
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended **June 30, 2007**

OR

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES  
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from

to

**Commission file number 001-32548**

**NeuStar, Inc.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**Delaware**

(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

**52-2141938**

(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)

**46000 Center Oak Plaza**

**Sterling, Virginia 20166**

(Address of principal executive offices) (zip code)

**(571) 434-5400**

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer  Non-accelerated filer

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).  
Yes  No

There were 76,409,645 shares of Class A common stock, \$0.001 par value, and 10,166 shares of Class B common stock, \$0.001 par value, outstanding at August 1, 2007.

**NeuStar, Inc.**  
**Index**

**PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

Item 1. Financial Statements

Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2006 and June 30, 2007 (unaudited)

Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007

Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

**PART II OTHER INFORMATION**

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

Item 1A. Risk Factors

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Item 3. Defaults upon Senior Securities

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

Item 5. Other Information

Item 6. Exhibits

Signatures

**PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION****Item 1. Financial Statements**

**NEUSTAR, INC.**  
**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**  
(in thousands, except share and per share data)

	<b>December 31, 2006</b>	<b>June 30, 2007 (unaudited)</b>
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 39,242	\$ 92,962
Restricted cash		137
Short-term investments	19,010	17,489
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$1,103 and \$1,396, respectively	53,108	59,433
Unbilled receivables	810	273
Notes receivable	1,994	2,075
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	6,945	10,004
Deferred costs	6,032	7,402
Income tax receivable	893	3,090
Deferred tax asset	7,641	9,157
Total current assets	135,675	202,022
Property and equipment, net	42,678	49,606
Goodwill	205,855	207,582
Intangible assets, net	51,196	44,110
Notes receivable, long-term	2,918	1,860
Deferred costs, long-term	4,411	4,015
Deferred tax asset, long-term	4,500	406
Other assets	1,026	5,434
Total assets	\$ 448,259	\$ 515,035

*See accompanying notes.*

**NEUSTAR, INC.**  
**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**  
(in thousands, except share and per share data)

	<b>December 31, 2006</b>	<b>June 30, 2007 (unaudited)</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 3,619	\$ 7,225
Accrued expenses	49,460	34,932
Deferred revenue	22,923	31,076
Notes payable	768	3,290
Capital lease obligations	4,367	2,811
Accrued restructuring reserve	368	389
Other liabilities	200	100
 Total current liabilities	 81,705	 79,823
 Deferred revenue, long-term	 17,921	 18,196
Notes payable, long-term	174	6,476
Capital lease obligations, long-term	3,751	2,680
Accrued restructuring reserve, long-term	2,206	2,002
Other liabilities	1,356	1,690
 Total liabilities	 107,113	 110,867
 Commitments and contingencies		
 Stockholders equity:		
Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value; 100,000,000 shares authorized; no shares issued or outstanding as of December 31, 2006 and June 30, 2007		
Class A common stock, par value \$0.001; 200,000,000 shares authorized; 74,351,200 and 76,249,420 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2006 and June 30, 2007, respectively		
	74	76
Class B common stock, par value \$0.001; 100,000,000 shares authorized; 18,330 and 10,166 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2006 and June 30, 2007, respectively		
Additional paid-in capital	243,395	272,523
Treasury stock, 756 and 98,003 shares at December 31, 2006 and June 30, 2007, respectively, at cost	(22)	(3,247)
Retained earnings	97,699	134,816
 Total stockholders equity	 341,146	 404,168
 Total liabilities and stockholders equity	 \$ 448,259	 \$ 515,035

*See accompanying notes.*



**NEUSTAR, INC.**  
**UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS**  
(in thousands, except per share data)

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2006	2007	2006	2007
Revenue:				
Addressing	\$ 23,448	\$ 26,857	\$ 46,862	\$ 53,860
Interoperability	13,244	13,030	27,361	27,962
Infrastructure and other	45,571	59,806	84,203	115,319
Total revenue	82,263	99,693	158,426	197,141
Operating expense:				
Cost of revenue (excluding depreciation and amortization shown separately below)	19,956	23,246	40,831	46,324
Sales and marketing	11,426	17,649	20,569	36,285
Research and development	4,016	6,751	8,157	13,320
General and administrative	8,304	11,271	15,585	22,040
Depreciation and amortization	5,833	9,375	10,281	18,439
	49,535	68,292	95,423	136,408
Income from operations	32,728	31,401	63,003	60,733
Other (expense) income:				
Interest expense	(340)	(364)	(687)	(714)
Interest and other income	732	1,424	1,401	2,073
Income before minority interest and income taxes	33,120	32,461	63,717	62,092
Minority interest			(95)	
Income before income taxes	33,120	32,461	63,622	62,092
Provision for income taxes	13,168	13,312	25,385	24,975
Net income	\$ 19,952	\$ 19,149	\$ 38,237	\$ 37,117
Net income per common share:				
Basic	\$ 0.28	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.54	\$ 0.49
Diluted	\$ 0.26	\$ 0.24	\$ 0.49	\$ 0.47
Weighted average common shares outstanding:				
Basic	72,135	75,825	71,242	75,258
Diluted	78,200	79,040	77,934	79,037

*See accompanying notes.*

**NEUSTAR, INC.**  
**UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**  
(in thousands)

	<b>Six Months Ended</b>	
	<b>June 30,</b>	
	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007</b>
Operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 38,237	\$ 37,117
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	10,281	18,439
Stock-based compensation	5,355	7,538
Amortization of deferred financing costs	5	72
Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation	(38,772)	(13,907)
Deferred income taxes	(2,591)	1,828
Provision for doubtful accounts	547	1,301
Minority interest	95	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions:		
Accounts receivable	(12,502)	(9,190)
Unbilled receivables	5,690	537
Notes and securitized notes receivable	(4,776)	977
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	1,069	(650)
Deferred costs	(757)	(974)
Income tax receivable	27,382	11,710
Other assets	318	(528)
Other liabilities		34
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(10,097)	(8,867)
Accrued restructuring reserve	(373)	(183)
Deferred revenue	3,599	7,754
Net cash provided by operating activities	22,710	53,008
Investing activities:		
Purchases of property and equipment	(6,235)	(13,822)
Sales of investments, net	1,680	1,521
Businesses acquired, net of cash	(66,925)	(1,569)
Net cash used in investing activities	(71,480)	(13,870)
Financing activities:		
Disbursement of restricted cash	(9)	(137)
Principal repayments on notes payable	(809)	(891)
Principal repayments on capital lease obligations	(3,046)	(2,757)
Proceeds from exercise of common stock options	11,797	7,685
Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation	38,772	13,907
Repurchase of restricted stock awards		(3,225)
Net cash provided by financing activities	46,705	14,582

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Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(2,065)	53,720
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	27,529	39,242
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 25,464	\$ 92,962

*See accompanying notes.*

6

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**NEUSTAR, INC.**

**NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 AND 2007**

**1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS AND ORGANIZATION**

NeuStar, Inc. (the Company) was incorporated as a Delaware corporation in 1998. The Company provides the communications industry with essential clearinghouse services. Its customers use the databases the Company contractually maintains in its clearinghouse to obtain data required to successfully route telephone calls in North America, to exchange information with other communications service providers and to manage technological changes in their own networks. The Company operates the authoritative directories that manage virtually all telephone area codes and numbers, and it enables the dynamic routing of calls among thousands of competing communications service providers, or CSPs, in the United States and Canada. All CSPs that offer telecommunications services to the public at large, or telecommunications service providers, must access the Company's clearinghouse to properly route virtually all of their customers' calls. The Company also provides clearinghouse services to emerging CSPs, including Internet service providers, mobile network operators, cable television operators, and voice over Internet Protocol, or VoIP, service providers. In addition, the Company provides domain name services, including internal and external managed domain name systems (DNS) solutions that play a key role in directing and managing traffic on the Internet, and it also manages the authoritative directories for the .US and .BIZ Internet domains. The Company operates the authoritative directory for U.S. Common Short Codes, part of the short messaging service relied upon by the U.S. wireless industry, and provides solutions used by mobile network operators throughout Europe to enable mobile instant messaging for their end users.

The Company was founded to meet the technical and operational challenges of the communications industry when the U.S. government mandated local number portability in 1996. While the Company remains the provider of the authoritative solution that the communications industry relies upon to meet this mandate, the Company has developed a broad range of innovative services to meet an expanded range of customer needs. The Company provides the communications industry with critical technology services that solve the addressing, interoperability and infrastructure needs of CSPs. These services are now used by CSPs to manage a range of their technical and operating requirements, including:

*Addressing.* The Company enables CSPs to use critical, shared addressing resources, such as telephone numbers, Internet top-level domain names, and U.S. Common Short Codes.

*Interoperability.* The Company enables CSPs to exchange and share critical operating data so that communications originating on one provider's network can be delivered and received on the network of another CSP. The Company also facilitates order management and work flow processing among CSPs.

*Infrastructure and Other.* The Company enables CSPs to manage their networks more efficiently by centrally managing certain critical data they use to route communications over their own networks.

**2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

**Unaudited Interim Financial Information**

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and notes required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. The results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the full fiscal year. The consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2006 has been derived from the audited consolidated financial statements at that date, but does not include all of the information and notes required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements.

These consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31,

2006 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC).

**NEUSTAR, INC.****NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expense during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**Goodwill**

Goodwill represents the excess of costs over fair value of net assets for businesses acquired. Goodwill and intangible assets that are determined to have an indefinite useful life are not amortized, but instead tested for impairment annually in accordance with the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 142, *Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets*.

The Company performs its annual impairment analysis on October 1 of each year or more often if indicators of impairment arise. The impairment review may require an analysis of future projections and assumptions about the Company's operating performance. If such a review indicates that the assets are impaired, an expense would be recorded for the amount of the impairment, and the carrying value of the corresponding impaired assets would be reduced in the period such a determination is made. There were no impairment charges recognized during the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007.

**Identifiable Intangible Assets**

Identifiable intangible assets are amortized over their respective estimated useful lives using a method of amortization that reflects the pattern in which the economic benefits of the intangible assets are consumed or otherwise used and are reviewed for impairment in accordance with SFAS No. 144, *Accounting for Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets* (SFAS No. 144).

The Company's identifiable intangible assets are amortized as follows:

	<b>Years</b>	<b>Method</b>
Acquired technologies	3 to 4	Straight-line
Customer lists and relationships	3 to 7	Various
Trade names	3	Straight-line

Amortization expense related to acquired technologies and customer lists and relationships is included in depreciation and amortization expense in the consolidated statements of operations.

**Impairment of Long-Lived Assets**

In accordance with SFAS No. 144, a review of long-lived assets for impairment is performed when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value of such assets may not be recoverable. If an indicator of impairment is present, the Company compares the estimated undiscounted future cash flows to be generated by the asset to its carrying amount. If the undiscounted future cash flows are less than the carrying amount of the asset, the Company records an impairment loss equal to the excess of the asset's carrying amount over its fair value. The fair value is determined using customary valuation techniques, such as a discounted cash flow analysis. There were no impairment charges recognized during the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007.

**Revenue Recognition**

The Company provides the North American communications industry with essential clearinghouse services that address the industry's addressing, interoperability, and infrastructure needs. The Company's revenue recognition policies are in accordance with the SEC's Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 104, *Revenue Recognition*. The Company provides the following services pursuant to various private commercial and government contracts.

**NEUSTAR, INC.**

**NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

*Addressing*

The Company's addressing services include telephone number administration, implementing the allocation of pooled blocks of telephone numbers, directory services for Internet domain names and U.S. Common Short Codes, and internal and external managed domain name services. The Company generates revenue from its telephone number administration services under two government contracts. Under its contract to serve as the North American Numbering Plan Administrator, the Company earns a fixed annual fee and recognizes this fee as revenue on a straight-line basis as services are provided. In the event the Company estimates losses on its fixed fee contract, the Company recognizes these losses in the period in which a loss becomes apparent. Under the Company's contract to serve as the National Pooling Administrator, the Company is reimbursed for costs incurred plus a fixed fee associated with administration of the pooling system. The Company recognizes revenue for this contract based on costs incurred plus a pro rata amount of the fixed fee.

In addition to the administrative functions associated with its role as the National Pooling Administrator, the Company also generates revenue from implementing the allocation of pooled blocks of telephone numbers under its long-term contracts with North American Portability Management LLC, and the Company recognizes revenue on a per-transaction fee basis as the services are performed. For its Internet domain name services, the Company generates revenue for Internet domain registrations, which generally have contract terms between one and ten years. The Company recognizes revenue on a straight-line basis over the lives of the related customer contracts.

The Company generates revenue through internal and external managed DNS services. This revenue consists of customer set-up fees followed by transaction processing under contracts with terms ranging from one to three years. Customer set-up fees are not considered a separate deliverable and are deferred and recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the contract. Under the Company's contracts to provide its managed DNS services, customers have contractually established monthly transaction volumes for which they are charged a recurring monthly fee. Transactions processed in excess of the pre-established monthly volume are billed at a contractual per-transaction rate. Each month the Company recognizes the recurring monthly fee and usage in excess of the established monthly volume on a per-transaction basis as services are provided. The Company generates revenue from its U.S. Common Short Code services under short-term contracts ranging from three to twelve months, and the Company recognizes revenue on a straight-line basis over the term of the customer contracts.

*Interoperability*

The Company's interoperability services consist primarily of wireline and wireless number portability and order management services. The Company generates revenue from number portability under its long-term contracts with North American Portability Management LLC and Canadian LNP Consortium, Inc. The Company recognizes revenue on a per-transaction fee basis as the services are performed. The Company provides order management services (OMS), consisting of customer set-up and implementation followed by transaction processing, under contracts with terms ranging from one to three years. Customer set-up and implementation are not considered separate deliverables; accordingly, the fees are deferred and recognized as revenue on a straight-line basis over the term of the contract. Per-transaction fees are recognized as the transactions are processed.

*Infrastructure and Other*

The Company's infrastructure services consist primarily of network management and connection services. The Company generates revenue from network management services under its long-term contracts with North American Portability Management LLC. The Company recognizes revenue on a per-transaction fee basis as the services are performed. In addition, the Company generates revenue from connection fees and system enhancements under its contracts with North American Portability Management LLC. The Company recognizes its connection fee revenue as the service is performed. System enhancements are provided under contracts in which the Company is reimbursed for costs incurred plus a fixed fee, and revenue is recognized based on costs incurred plus a pro rata amount of the fee.

**NEUSTAR, INC.****NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)***Significant Contracts*

The Company provides wireline and wireless number portability, implements the allocation of pooled blocks of telephone numbers and provides network management services pursuant to seven contracts with North American Portability Management LLC, an industry group that represents all telecommunications service providers in the United States. The Company recognizes revenue under its contracts with North American Portability Management LLC primarily on a per-transaction basis. The aggregate fees for transactions processed under these contracts are determined by the total number of transactions, and these fees are billed to telecommunications service providers based on their allocable share of the total transaction charges. This allocable share is based on each respective telecommunications service provider's share of the aggregate end-user services revenues of all U.S. telecommunications service providers, as determined by the Federal Communications Commission (FCC). Under the Company's contracts, the Company also bills a Revenue Recovery Collections (RRC) fee equal to a percentage of monthly billings to its customers, which is available to the Company if any telecommunications service provider fails to pay its allocable share of total transactions charges.

The per-transaction pricing under these contracts prior to 2007 provided for annual volume-based credits that were earned on all transactions in excess of the pre-determined annual volume threshold. For 2006, the maximum aggregate volume-based credit was \$7.5 million, which was applied via a reduction in per-transaction pricing once the pre-determined annual volume threshold was surpassed. When the aggregate credit was fully satisfied, the per-transaction pricing was restored to the prevailing contractual rate. The pre-determined annual transaction volume threshold under these contracts was exceeded in June 2006, which resulted in the issuance of \$2.1 million and \$5.4 million of volume-based credits for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and September 30, 2006, respectively.

In September 2006, these contracts were amended such that the expiration dates were extended from May 2011 to June 2015, the per-transaction fee charged to the Company's customers over the term of the contracts was reduced and volume-based credits were eliminated. Pricing for 2006, including volume-based credits, remained unchanged. For 2007, pricing is \$0.91 per transaction regardless of transaction volume.

*Service Level Standards*

Pursuant to certain of the Company's private commercial contracts, the Company is subject to service level standards and to corresponding penalties for failure to meet those standards. The Company records a provision for these performance-related penalties when it becomes aware that required service levels that would trigger such a penalty have not been met, which results in a corresponding reduction to revenue.

**Cost of Revenue and Deferred Costs**

Cost of revenue includes all direct materials, direct labor, and those indirect costs related to generation of revenue such as indirect labor, materials and supplies and facilities cost. The Company's primary cost of revenue is related to personnel costs associated with service implementation, product maintenance, customer deployment and customer care, including salaries, stock-based compensation and other personnel-related expense. In addition, cost of revenue includes costs relating to maintaining the Company's existing technology and services, as well as royalties paid related to the Company's U.S. Common Short Code services. Cost of revenue also includes the costs incurred by the Company's information technology and systems department, including network costs, data center maintenance, database management, data processing costs, and facilities costs.

Deferred costs represent direct labor related to professional services incurred for the setup and implementation of contracts. These costs are recognized in cost of revenue on a straight-line basis over the contract term. Deferred costs also include royalties paid related to the Company's U.S. Common Short Code services, which are recognized in cost of revenue on a straight-line basis over the contract term. Deferred costs are classified as such on the consolidated balance sheets.

**NEUSTAR, INC.****NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****Stock-Based Compensation**

The Company accounts for its stock-based compensation plans under the recognition and measurement provisions of SFAS No. 123(R), *Share-Based Payment* (SFAS No. 123(R)). The Company adopted SFAS No. 123(R) on January 1, 2006 using the modified-prospective transition method. Under the modified-prospective transition method, compensation cost recognized includes: (a) compensation cost for all stock-based awards granted prior to but not yet vested as of January 1, 2006, based on the grant date fair value estimated in accordance with the original provisions of SFAS No. 123, *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation* (SFAS No. 123), and (b) compensation cost for all stock-based awards granted subsequent to January 1, 2006, based on the grant-date fair value estimated in accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 123(R).

In accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Staff Position No. FAS 123(R)-3, *Transition Election Related to Accounting for Tax Effects of Share-Based Payment Awards*, the Company has elected to adopt the alternative method provided in this FASB Staff Position for calculating the tax effects of stock-based compensation pursuant to SFAS No. 123(R). The alternative transition method includes a simplified method to establish the beginning balance of the additional paid-in capital pool (APIC pool) related to the tax effects of employee stock-based compensation, which is available to absorb tax deficiencies recognized subsequent to the adoption of SFAS No. 123(R). Prior to adoption of SFAS No. 123(R), the Company presented all benefits of tax deductions resulting from the exercise of stock-based compensation as an operating cash flow in the consolidated statements of cash flows. Beginning on January 1, 2006, the Company changed its cash flow presentation in accordance with SFAS No. 123(R), which requires benefits of tax deductions in excess of the compensation cost recognized (excess tax benefits) to be classified as a financing cash inflow with a corresponding operating cash outflow. For the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007, the Company presented \$38.8 million and \$13.9 million, respectively, of excess tax benefits as a financing cash inflow with a corresponding operating cash outflow.

**Basic and Diluted Net Income per Common Share**

Basic net income per common share excludes dilution for potential common stock issuances and is computed by dividing net income by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted net income per common share reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised or converted into common stock.

**Income Taxes**

The Company accounts for income taxes in accordance with SFAS No. 109, *Accounting for Income Taxes* (SFAS No. 109). Under SFAS No. 109, the liability method is used in accounting for income taxes. Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on temporary differences between the financial reporting bases and the tax bases of assets and liabilities. Deferred tax assets are also recognized for tax net operating loss carryforwards. These deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using the enacted tax rates and laws that will be in effect when such amounts are expected to be reversed or utilized. The realization of total deferred tax assets is contingent upon the generation of future taxable income. Valuation allowances are provided to reduce such deferred tax assets to amounts more likely than not to be ultimately realized.

Income tax provision includes U.S. federal, state, local and foreign income taxes and is based on pre-tax income or loss. The interim period provision or benefit for income taxes is based upon the Company's estimate of its annual effective income tax rate. In determining the estimated annual effective income tax rate, the Company analyzes various factors, including projections of the Company's annual earnings and taxing jurisdictions in which the earnings will be generated, the impact of state and local income taxes and the ability of the Company to use tax credits and net operating loss carryforwards.

**NEUSTAR, INC.****NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

In June 2006, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes - an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109* (FIN 48), which clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an enterprise's financial statements in accordance with SFAS No. 109. FIN 48 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006, and was adopted by the Company on January 1, 2007. FIN 48 provides a two-step approach to recognize and measure tax benefits when the realization of the benefits is uncertain. The first step is to determine whether the benefit is to be recognized; the second step is to determine the amount to be recognized. Income tax benefits should be recognized when, based on the technical merits of a tax position, the entity believes that if a dispute arose with the taxing authority and were taken to a court of last resort, it is more likely than not (*i.e.*, a probability of greater than 50 percent) that the tax position would be sustained as filed. If a position is determined to be more likely than not of being sustained, the reporting enterprise should recognize the largest amount of tax benefit that is greater than 50 percent likely of being realized upon ultimate settlement with the taxing authority. The cumulative effect of applying the provisions of FIN 48 upon adoption is to be reported as an adjustment to beginning retained earnings. The Company's practice is to recognize interest and penalties related to income tax matters in income tax expense.

**Comprehensive Net Income**

There were no material differences between net income and comprehensive net income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007.

**Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements* (SFAS No. 157). SFAS No. 157 provides enhanced guidance for using fair value to measure assets and liabilities. It clarifies the principle that fair value should be based on the assumptions market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability and establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the information used to develop those assumptions. SFAS No. 157 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of SFAS No. 157 on its consolidated financial statements.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, *The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities* (SFAS No. 159), to permit all entities to choose to elect, at specified election dates, to measure eligible financial instruments at fair value. An entity shall report unrealized gains and losses on items for which the fair value option has been elected in earnings at each subsequent reporting date, and recognize upfront costs and fees related to those items in earnings as incurred and not deferred. SFAS No. 159 applies to fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007, with early adoption permitted for an entity that has also elected to apply the provisions of SFAS No. 157. An entity is prohibited from retrospectively applying SFAS No. 159, unless it chooses early adoption. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the provisions of SFAS No. 159 on its consolidated financial statements.

**3. ACQUISITION****I-View.com, Inc. (d/b/a MetaInfo)**

On January 8, 2007, the Company acquired certain assets of I-View.com, Inc. (d/b/a MetaInfo) for cash consideration of \$1.7 million. The acquisition of MetaInfo expands the Company's enterprise DNS services. The acquisition was accounted for as a purchase business combination in accordance with SFAS No. 141, *Business Combinations* (SFAS No. 141) and the results of operations of MetaInfo have been included in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations since the date of acquisition. Of the total purchase price, a preliminary estimate of \$0.1 million has been allocated to net tangible liabilities assumed, \$0.5 million to definite-lived intangible assets and \$1.3 million to goodwill. Definite-lived intangible assets consist of customer relationships and acquired technology. The Company is amortizing the value of the customer relationships in proportion to the discounted cash flows over an estimated useful life of 3 years. Acquired technology is being amortized on a straight-line basis over 3 years.

The Company has currently not identified any material pre-acquisition contingencies where a liability is probable and the amount of the liability can be reasonably estimated. If information becomes available prior to the end of the

purchase price allocation period which would indicate that such a liability is probable and the amounts can be reasonably estimated, such items will be included in the final purchase price allocation.

## NEUSTAR, INC.

## NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

## 4. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible assets consist of the following (in thousands):

	December 31, 2006	June 30, 2007 (unaudited)	Weighted- Average Amortization Period (In Years) (unaudited)
Intangible assets:			
Customer lists and relationships	\$ 43,467	\$ 43,740	5.7
Accumulated amortization	(5,817)	(10,768)	
Customer lists and relationships, net	37,650	32,972	
Acquired technology	16,808	17,069	3.1
Accumulated amortization	(3,416)	(6,051)	
Acquired technology, net	13,392	11,018	
Trade name	200	200	3.0
Accumulated amortization	(46)	(80)	
Trade name, net	154	120	
Intangible assets, net	\$ 51,196	\$ 44,110	

Amortization expense related to intangible assets, which is included in depreciation and amortization expense, was approximately \$1.5 million and \$3.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007, respectively, and \$1.8 million and \$7.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007, respectively. Amortization expense related to intangible assets for the years ended December 31, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, and 2011, is expected to be approximately \$14.8 million, \$13.2 million, \$11.0 million, \$6.5 million, and \$5.0 million, respectively.

## 5. NOTES PAYABLE

On February 6, 2007, the Company entered into a new credit agreement, which provides for a revolving credit facility in an aggregate principal amount of up to \$100 million (2007 Credit Facility). Until February 6, 2007, the Company had a revolving credit facility, which provided it with up to \$15 million in available credit. The commitments under this credit agreement were terminated simultaneous with the closing of the 2007 Credit Facility on February 6, 2007. Borrowings under the 2007 Credit Facility bear interest, at the Company's option, at either a Eurodollar rate plus a spread ranging from 0.625% to 1.25%, or at a base rate plus a spread ranging from 0.0% to 0.25%, with such spread in each case depending on the ratio of the Company's consolidated senior funded indebtedness to consolidated EBITDA. The 2007 Credit Facility expires on February 6, 2012. Borrowings under the 2007 Credit Facility may be used for working capital, capital expenditures, general corporate purposes and to finance acquisitions. There were no borrowings outstanding under the 2007 Credit Facility as of June 30, 2007, but available borrowings were reduced by letters of credit of \$16.6 million outstanding on that date.



**NEUSTAR, INC.****NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

The 2007 Credit Facility contains customary representations and warranties, affirmative and negative covenants, and events of default. The 2007 Credit Facility requires the Company to maintain a minimum consolidated EBITDA to consolidated interest charge ratio and a maximum consolidated senior funded indebtedness to consolidated EBITDA ratio. If an event of default occurs and is continuing, the Company may be required to repay all amounts outstanding under the 2007 Credit Facility. Lenders holding more than 50% of the loans and commitments under the 2007 Credit Facility may elect to accelerate the maturity of amounts due thereunder upon the occurrence and during the continuation of an event of default.

In May 2007, the Company entered into a note payable with a vendor for \$9.7 million for the purchase of software and services. The note payable is non-interest bearing and payments of approximately \$810,000 are due quarterly beginning July 1, 2007 over the three year term ending April 2010.

**6. STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY****Stock-Based Compensation**

The Company has two stock incentive plans: the NeuStar, Inc. 1999 Equity Incentive Plan (the 1999 Plan) and the NeuStar, Inc. 2005 Stock Incentive Plan (the 2005 Plan). The Company may grant to its directors, employees and consultants awards in the form of incentive stock options, nonqualified stock options, stock appreciation rights, shares of restricted stock, restricted stock units, performance vested restricted stock units (PVRsUs), and other stock-based awards. The aggregate number of shares of Class A common stock with respect to which all awards may be granted under the 2005 Plan is 6,044,715, plus any shares that would otherwise be available for issuance under the 1999 Plan. As of June 30, 2007, 4,171,646 shares were available for grant or award under the 2005 Plan.

Stock-based compensation expense recognized under SFAS No. 123(R) was \$3.0 million and \$4.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007, respectively, and \$5.4 million and \$7.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007, respectively. As of June 30, 2007, total unrecognized compensation expense related to non-vested stock options, non-vested restricted stock and non-vested PVRsUs granted prior to that date is estimated at \$33.7 million, which the Company expects to recognize over a weighted average period of approximately 2.2 years. Total unrecognized compensation expense as of June 30, 2007 is estimated based on outstanding non-vested stock options, non-vested restricted stock and non-vested PVRsUs and may be increased or decreased in future periods for subsequent grants or forfeitures.

**Stock Options**

The Company has utilized the Black-Scholes option-pricing model for estimating the fair value of stock options granted during the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007, as well as for option grants during all prior periods. The weighted-average grant date fair value of options granted during the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007 was \$13.08 and \$9.39, respectively, and for options granted during the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007 was \$12.25 and \$11.59, respectively.

The following are the weighted-average assumptions used in valuing the stock options granted during the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007, and a discussion of the Company's assumptions:

	<b>Three Months Ended</b>		<b>Six Months Ended</b>	
	<b>June 30,</b>		<b>June 30,</b>	
	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007</b>
Dividend yield	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Expected volatility	36.54%	32.19%	38.66%	33.36%
Risk-free interest rate	4.95%	4.52%	4.67%	4.46%
Expected life of options (in years)	4.61	4.59	4.56	4.61

Dividend yield The Company has never declared or paid dividends on its common stock and does not anticipate paying dividends in the foreseeable future.

**NEUSTAR, INC.****NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**Expected volatility** Volatility is a measure of the amount by which a financial variable such as a share price has fluctuated (historical volatility) or is expected to fluctuate (expected volatility) during a period. Given the Company's limited historical stock data from its initial public offering in June 2005, the Company has used a blended volatility to estimate expected volatility. The blended volatility includes the average of the Company's preceding weekly historical volatility from its initial public offering to the respective grant date, the Company's preceding six-months market implied volatility and an average of the Company's peer group preceding weekly historical volatility consistent with the expected life of the option. Market implied volatility is the volatility implied by the trading prices of publicly available stock options for the Company's common stock. The Company's peer group historical volatility includes the historical volatility of companies that are similar in revenue size, in the same industry or are competitors.

**Risk-free interest rate** This is the average U.S. Treasury rate (with a term that most closely resembles the expected life of the option) for the quarter in which the option was granted.

**Expected life of the options** This is the period of time that the options granted are expected to remain outstanding. This estimate is derived from the average midpoint between the weighted average vesting period and the contractual term as described in the SEC's Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 107, *Share-Based Payment*.

The following table summarizes the Company's stock option activity for the six months ended June 30, 2007:

	<b>Shares</b>	<b>Weighted-Average Exercise Price</b>
Outstanding at December 31, 2006	7,916,728	\$ 10.83
Options granted	652,330	32.52
Options exercised	(1,667,448)	4.61
Options canceled	(449,381)	17.91
Outstanding June 30, 2007	6,452,229	14.14
Exercisable at June 30, 2007	3,717,429	7.41

The aggregate intrinsic value of options exercised during the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007 was \$124.0 million and \$42.5 million, respectively. The aggregate intrinsic value for all options outstanding under the Company's stock plans as of June 30, 2007 was \$20.5 million. The aggregate intrinsic value for options exercisable under the Company's stock plans as of June 30, 2007 was \$18.7 million. The weighted-average remaining contractual life for all options outstanding under the Company's stock plans as of June 30, 2007 was 5.51 years. The weighted-average remaining contractual life for options exercisable under the Company's stock plans as of June 30, 2007 was 4.85 years.

**Restricted Stock**

The following table summarizes the Company's non-vested restricted stock activity for the six months ended June 30, 2007:

	<b>Shares</b>	<b>Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value</b>
Non-vested December 31, 2006	103,223	\$ 31.41
Granted	6,000	31.65
Vested	(22,447)	31.36
Forfeited	(7,775)	30.20

Non-vested June 30, 2007	79,001	31.56
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The aggregate intrinsic value for all non-vested restricted stock outstanding under the Company's stock incentive plans at June 30, 2007 was \$2.3 million. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2007, the Company repurchased 2,825 shares and 5,534 shares of common stock, respectively, for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$97,000 and \$236,000 pursuant to the participants' rights under the Company's stock incentive plans to elect to use common stock to satisfy their tax withholdings obligations.

**NEUSTAR, INC.****NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****Performance Vested Stock Units**

During the six months ended June 30, 2007, the Company granted approximately 322,290 PVRsUs to certain employees with an aggregate fair value of \$10.5 million. The vesting of these stock awards is contingent upon the Company achieving specified financial targets at the end of the specified performance period and an employee's continued employment. The performance conditions affect the number of shares that will ultimately be issued. The range of possible stock-based award vesting is between 0% and 150% of the initial target. Under SFAS No. 123(R), compensation expense related to these awards is being recognized over the requisite service period based on the Company's estimate of the achievement of the performance target. The Company has currently estimated that 125% of the target will be achieved. The fair value is measured by the closing market price of the Company's common stock on the date of the grant. Compensation expense is recognized ratably over the requisite service period based on those PVRsUs expected to vest.

The following table summarizes the Company's non-vested PVRsU activity for the three months ended June 30, 2007:

	<b>Shares</b>	<b>Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value</b>
Non-vested December 31, 2006		\$
Granted	322,290	32.59
Vested		
Forfeited	(13,320)	32.59
Non-vested June 30, 2007	308,970	32.59

The aggregate intrinsic value for all non-vested PVRsUs outstanding under the Company's stock plans at June 30, 2007 was \$9.0 million.

**Restricted Stock Units**

In July 2006, the Compensation Committee of the board of directors issued 27,170 restricted stock units to the Company's non-management directors. The aggregate intrinsic value of the restricted stock units granted totaled \$880,000. For those directors who were elected at the 2006 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, as well as incumbent directors whose term did not expire in 2006, these restricted stock units were granted on July 1, 2006. For those directors appointed by the Company's board of directors on July 26, 2006, the date of grant was on July 27, 2006. These restricted stock units will fully vest on the first anniversary of the date of grant. Upon vesting, each director's restricted stock units will be automatically converted into deferred stock units, which will be delivered to the director in shares of the Company's stock six months following the director's termination of Board service. Following the resignation of two of the Company's directors on July 26, 2006 and April 10, 2007, respectively, a total of 6,518 restricted stock units were forfeited. The aggregate intrinsic value for the remaining 20,652 non-vested restricted stock units as of June 30, 2007 was approximately \$598,000.

**Phantom Stock Units**

In July 2004, the board of directors granted 350,000 phantom stock units to one of the Company's officers. Effective March 1, 2007, the officer was no longer employed with the Company. On that date, 224,383 phantom stock units vested in accordance with the terms of the officer's phantom stock agreement, which had an aggregate intrinsic value of approximately \$7.3 million. Of the 224,383 shares of the Company's common stock issuable to the officer in respect of his vested phantom stock units, the Company repurchased 91,713 shares on March 1, 2007 for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$3.0 million pursuant to the officer's right under the applicable stock incentive plan to elect to use common stock to satisfy his tax withholding obligations.



**NEUSTAR, INC.****NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****Treasury Stock**

Pursuant to the Company's stock incentive plans, employees may elect to satisfy their tax withholding obligations upon vesting of restricted stock awards and phantom stock units by having the Company make such payments and withhold a number of vested shares having a value on the date of vesting equal to their tax withholding obligation. As a result of such employee elections, the Company withheld 2,825 shares and 97,247 shares during the three and six months ended June 30, 2007, respectively, with a total market value of \$97,000 and \$3.2 million, respectively, from previously granted restricted stock awards and phantom stock units for settlement of employee tax liabilities pursuant to the Company's stock incentive plans as discussed previously in this Note 6, and these shares were accounted for as treasury stock.

**7. BASIC AND DILUTED NET INCOME PER COMMON SHARE**

The following table reconciles the number of shares used in the basic and diluted net income per share calculation (in thousands, except per share data):

	<b>Three Months Ended June 30,</b>		<b>Six Months Ended June 30,</b>	
	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007</b>
Computation on basic net income per common share:				
Net income	\$ 19,952	\$ 19,149	\$ 38,237	\$ 37,117
Weighted average common shares outstanding basic	72,135	75,825	71,242	75,258
Basic net income per common share	\$ 0.28	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.54	\$ 0.49
Computation on diluted net income per common share:				
Net income	\$ 19,952	\$ 19,149	\$ 38,237	\$ 37,117
Weighted average common shares outstanding basic	72,135	75,825	71,242	75,258
Effect of dilutive securities:				
Stock-based awards	6,065	3,215	6,692	3,779
Weighted average common shares outstanding diluted	78,200	79,040	77,934	79,037
Diluted net income per common share	\$ 0.26	\$ 0.24	\$ 0.49	\$ 0.47

**8. SEGMENT INFORMATION**

Prior to January 1, 2007, the Company operated in one business segment; providing critical technology services to the communications industry. The Company was not organized by market and was managed and operated as one business. A single management team reported to the chief operating decision maker who comprehensively managed the business. The Company did not operate any material separate lines of business or separate business entities with respect to its services. Accordingly, the Company did not accumulate discrete financial information with respect to separate service lines and did not have separately reportable segments as defined by SFAS No. 131, *Disclosure About Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information* (SFAS No. 131).

On November 27, 2006, the Company acquired Followup Inc. (Followup) and became a provider of next-generation communications solutions for mobile network operators by delivering instant messaging, presence, multimedia gateways, inter-carrier messaging hubs, and services for handset clients. As a result of the Followup acquisition, the Company began accumulating discrete financial information with respect to separate service lines with

separate reportable segments as defined by SFAS No. 131. The Company operated in two reportable business segments for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007, Clearinghouse Services and Next Generation Messaging (NGM) Services, and only one business segment, Clearinghouse Services, for the corresponding periods ended June 30, 2006.

**NEUSTAR, INC.****NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

Information for the three months ended June 30, 2007 regarding the Company's reportable operating segments is as follows (in thousands):

	<b>Clearinghouse Services</b>	<b>NGM Services</b>	<b>Consolidated Total</b>
Revenue	\$ 98,148	\$ 1,545	\$99,693
Income (loss) from operations	\$ 39,350	\$(7,949)	\$31,401

Information for the six months ended June 30, 2007 regarding the Company's reportable operating segments is as follows (in thousands):

	<b>Clearinghouse Services</b>	<b>NGM Services</b>	<b>Consolidated Total</b>
Revenue	\$ 195,054	\$ 2,087	\$197,141
Income (loss) from operations	\$ 77,178	\$(16,445)	\$ 60,733

Information as of June 30, 2007 regarding the Company's reportable operating segments is as follows (in thousands):

	<b>Clearinghouse Services</b>	<b>NGM Services</b>	<b>Consolidated Total</b>
Total assets	\$ 350,460	\$ 164,575	\$ 515,035
Goodwill	\$ 87,458	\$ 120,124	\$ 207,582
Intangible assets, net	\$ 18,417	\$ 25,693	\$ 44,110

**9. INCOME TAXES**

The Company adopted the provisions of FIN 48 on January 1, 2007. As a result of the adoption of FIN 48, the Company recognized no material adjustment in the liability for unrecognized income tax benefits. At the adoption date of January 1, 2007, the Company had \$2.2 million of unrecognized tax benefits on a gross basis or \$0.8 million tax effected. At June 30, 2007, the Company had unrecognized tax benefits of \$1.2 million tax effected. All of the unrecognized tax benefits would affect the Company's effective tax rate if recognized.

The Company recognizes interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions in income tax expense. As of June 30, 2007, there was approximately \$120,000 of accrued interest related to uncertain tax positions. To the extent interest is not assessed with respect to uncertain tax positions, amounts accrued will be reduced and reflected as a reduction of the overall income tax provision.

The tax years 2004 through 2006 remain open to examination by the major taxing jurisdictions to which the Company is subject.

The Company is not aware of any unrecognized tax benefits that may significantly decrease or increase within the next twelve months.

## **Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**

### **Forward-Looking Statements**

This quarterly report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements, including, without limitation, statements concerning the conditions in our industry, our operations and economic performance, and our business and growth strategy. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as may, will, should, expects, intends, plans, anticipates, believes, estimates, predicts, potential, continue or the negative or other comparable terminology. These statements relate to future events or our future financial performance and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results, levels of activity, performance or achievements to differ materially from any future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. Many of these risks are beyond our ability to control or predict. These forward-looking statements are based on estimates and assumptions by our management that, although we believe to be reasonable, are inherently uncertain and subject to a number of risks and uncertainties. These risks and uncertainties include, without limitation, those described in Part II, Item 1A. Risk Factors, in Part I and elsewhere in this report; Part I, Item 1A. Risk Factors and elsewhere in our Annual Report on 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006 and in subsequent periodic reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statement as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as otherwise required by law.

### **Overview**

During the second quarter of 2007, we experienced continued growth in our core clearinghouse services. Total revenue for the quarter increased 21%, as compared to the second quarter of 2006. Under our contracts to provide telephone number portability services in the United States, we processed 74.4 million transactions during this quarter, representing growth of 27% over the second quarter of 2006.

We continued to integrate and expand upon the services we offer through the businesses we acquired in 2006. We recognized \$7.5 million of revenue from NeuStar Ultra Services in the second quarter of 2007, an 8% increase over the revenue recognized in the first quarter of 2007. We also continued to integrate the business we acquired from Followap Inc. in November 2006, resulting in \$1.5 million of revenue and \$9.5 million of operating expenses in this quarter. Since the acquisition of Followap, 12 new network operators have selected our Next Generation Messaging, or NGM, services to provide mobile instant messaging services to their end users, and we believe that the continued selection of our NGM services by tier-one mobile network operators serves as a foundation for the long-term growth of the NGM business.

### **Recent Developments**

On June 13, 2007, Telcordia Technologies, Inc. filed a petition with the Federal Communications Commission requesting an order that would rescind provisions relating to the extension of our contracts with North American Portability Management LLC, which were included in the September 2006 amendments to these contracts, and initiate a new bidding process to appoint a provider of telephone number portability services in the United States. Our contracts with North American Portability Management LLC represent a majority of our revenue. We believe that our contracts are valid, consistent with the regulatory framework governing the services we provide and in the best interests of the industry. We further believe that Telcordia's petition has no merit, and intend to defend vigorously our position in this matter.

### **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

The discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based on our consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, or U.S. GAAP. The preparation of these financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP requires us to utilize accounting policies and make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expense during a fiscal period. The Securities and Exchange Commission considers an accounting policy to be critical if it is important to a company's financial condition and results of operations, and if it requires significant judgment and estimates on the part of management in its application. We have discussed the selection and development of the critical accounting policies with the audit committee of our board of directors, and the audit committee has reviewed our related disclosures in this report. Although we believe that our judgments and estimates are appropriate, actual results may differ from those estimates. See the information in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission from time to time, including Part I, Item 1A. Risk Factors, in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006, and as updated in our subsequent periodic reports, for certain matters that may bear on our future results of operations. We discuss our critical accounting policies and estimates in our Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006 and in our Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. There have been no material changes to our critical accounting policies and estimates in 2007, except as follows:

#### ***Deferred Income Taxes***

We recognize deferred tax assets and liabilities based on temporary differences between the financial reporting bases and the tax bases of assets and liabilities. These deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using the enacted tax rates and laws that will be in effect when such amounts are expected to reverse or be utilized. The realization of deferred tax assets is contingent upon the generation of future taxable income. When appropriate, we recognize a valuation allowance to reduce such deferred tax assets to amounts that are more likely than not to be ultimately realized. The calculation of deferred tax assets (including valuation allowances) and liabilities requires us to apply significant judgment related to such factors as the application of complex tax laws, changes in tax laws and our future operations. We review our deferred tax assets on a quarterly basis to determine if a valuation allowance is required based upon these factors. Changes in our assessment of the need for a valuation allowance could give rise to a change in such allowance, potentially resulting in additional expense or benefit in the period of change.

Income tax provision includes U.S. federal, state, local and foreign income taxes and is based on pre-tax income or loss. The provision or benefit for income taxes is based upon our estimate of our annual effective income tax rate. In determining the estimated annual effective income tax rate, we analyze various factors, including projections of our annual earnings and taxing jurisdictions in which the earnings will be generated, the impact of state and local income taxes and our ability to use tax credits and net operating loss carryforwards.

In June 2006, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes - an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109* (FIN 48), which clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an enterprise's financial statements in accordance with SFAS No. 109. FIN 48 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006, and was adopted by us on January 1, 2007. FIN 48 provides a two-step approach to recognize and measure tax benefits when the benefits' realization is uncertain. The first step is to determine whether the benefit is to be recognized; the second step is to determine the amount to be recognized. Income tax benefits should be recognized when, based on the technical merits of a tax position, the entity believes that if a dispute arose with the taxing authority and were taken to a court of last resort, it is more likely than not (*i.e.*, a probability of greater than 50 percent) that the tax position would be sustained as filed. If a position is determined to be more likely than not of being sustained, the reporting enterprise should recognize the largest amount of tax benefit that is greater than 50 percent likely of being realized upon ultimate settlement with the taxing authority. The cumulative effect of applying the provisions of FIN 48 upon adoption is to be reported as an adjustment to beginning retained earnings. Our practice is to recognize interest and penalties related to income tax matters in income tax expense.

#### **Acquisitions**

***NeuLevel, Inc.***

In March 2006, we acquired 10% of NeuLevel, Inc. from Melbourne IT Limited for cash consideration of \$4.3 million, raising the Company's ownership interest from 90% to 100%. The acquisition of the remaining 10% of NeuLevel was accounted for as a purchase business combination in accordance with SFAS No. 141. We allocated the purchase price principally to customer lists (\$4.1 million) based on their estimated fair values on the acquisition date. Customer lists are included in intangible assets and are being amortized on an accelerated basis over five years. In accordance with SFAS No. 109, we recorded a deferred tax liability of approximately \$1.6 million with a corresponding increase to goodwill.

***UltraDNS Corporation***

On April 21, 2006, we acquired UltraDNS Corporation for \$61.8 million in cash and acquisition costs of \$0.8 million. The acquisition further expanded our domain name services and our Internet Protocol technologies. The acquisition was accounted for as a purchase business combination in accordance with SFAS No. 141, *Business Combinations*, or SFAS No. 141. Of the total cash consideration, approximately \$6.1 million was distributed to an escrow account for indemnification claims as set forth in the acquisition agreement. Funds remaining in the account were distributed to the former stockholders of UltraDNS in accordance with the acquisition agreement on the first anniversary of the acquisition.

Of the total purchase price, \$8.7 million was allocated to net tangible assets acquired and \$20.0 million was allocated to definite-lived intangible assets acquired. We utilized a third party valuation specialist to assist management in determining the fair value of the definite-lived intangible asset base. The income approach, which includes an analysis of cash flows and the risks associated with achieving such cash flows, was the primary technique utilized in valuing the identifiable intangible assets. The \$20.0 million of definite-lived intangible assets acquired consists of the value assigned to UltraDNS's direct customer relationships of \$14.7 million, web customer relationships of \$0.3 million, acquired technology of \$4.8 million, and trade names of \$0.2 million. We are amortizing the value of the UltraDNS direct and web customer relationships in proportion to the respective discounted cash flows over an estimated useful life of 7 and 5 years, respectively. Both acquired technology and trade names are being amortized on a straight-line basis over 3 years.

***Followap Inc.***

On November 27, 2006, we acquired Followap Inc. for \$139.0 million in cash and acquisition costs of \$1.8 million along with the assumption and payment of certain Followap debt and other liabilities of \$5.6 million. The acquisition further expanded our Internet Protocol technologies, which is a key strategic initiative for us. The acquisition was accounted for as a purchase business combination in accordance with SFAS No. 141. Of the total cash consideration, approximately \$14.1 million was distributed to an escrow account for indemnification claims as set forth in the acquisition agreement. All funds remaining in the account will be distributed to the former stockholders of Followap in accordance with the acquisition agreement on the first anniversary of the acquisition.

Of the total estimated purchase price, a preliminary estimate of \$3.9 million has been allocated to net tangible liabilities assumed and \$30.6 million has been allocated to definite-lived intangible assets acquired. We utilized a third party valuation in determining the fair value of the definite-lived intangible asset base. The income approach, which includes an analysis of cash flows and the risks associated with achieving such cash flows, was the primary technique utilized in valuing the identifiable intangible assets. The \$30.6 million of definite lived intangible assets acquired consists of the value assigned to Followap's customer relationships of \$20.8 million and acquired technology of \$9.8 million. We are amortizing the value of the Followap customer relationships using an accelerated basis over five years and the value of the acquired technology on a straight-line basis over 3 years.

***I-View.com, Inc. (d/b/a MetaInfo)***

On January 8, 2007, we acquired certain assets of I-View.com, Inc. (d/b/a MetaInfo) for cash consideration of \$1.7 million. The acquisition of MetaInfo expands our enterprise DNS services. The acquisition was accounted for as a purchase business combination in accordance with SFAS No. 141 and the results of operations of MetaInfo have been included in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations since the date of acquisition. Of the total purchase price, a preliminary estimate of \$0.1 million has been allocated to net tangible liabilities assumed, \$0.5 million to definite-lived intangible assets and \$1.3 million to goodwill. Definite-lived intangible assets consist of customer intangibles and acquired technology. We are amortizing the value of the customer intangibles in proportion to the discounted cash flows over an estimated useful life of 3 years. Acquired technology is being amortized on a straight-line basis over 3 years.

**Consolidated Results of Operations**

As a result of our acquisition of Followap on November 27, 2006, our financial results for the second quarter of 2007 contain segment information for our NGM business. Prior to 2007, we operated in one business segment. In the following comparison of financial results, we discuss the operations of both of our business segments on a consolidated basis.

**Three Months Ended June 30, 2006 Compared to Three Months Ended June 30, 2007**

The following table presents an overview of our results of operations for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007. A separate discussion of the financial performance of our NGM business segment for these periods is set forth below under the heading Additional Information Regarding NGM Segment.

	<b>Three Months Ended June 30,</b>		<b>Three Months Ended June 30,</b>	
	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2006 vs. 2007</b>	
	\$	\$	\$ Change	% Change
	(unaudited)			
	(in thousands, except per share data)			
Revenue:				
Addressing	23,448	26,857	3,409	14.5
Interoperability	13,244	13,030	(214)	(1.6)
Infrastructure and other	45,571	59,806	14,235	31.2
Total revenue	82,263	99,693	17,430	21.2
Operating expense:				
Cost of revenue (excluding depreciation and amortization shown separately below)	19,956	23,246	3,290	16.5
Sales and marketing	11,426	17,649	6,223	54.5
Research and development	4,016	6,751	2,735	68.1
General and administrative	8,304	11,271	2,967	35.7
Depreciation and amortization	5,833	9,375	3,542	60.7
	49,535	68,292	18,757	37.9
Income from operations	32,728	31,401	(1,327)	(4.1)
Other (expense) income:				
Interest expense	(340)	(364)	(24)	7.1
Interest and other income	732	1,424	692	94.5
Income before minority interest and income taxes	33,120	32,461	(659)	(2.0)
Minority interest				
Income before income taxes	33,120	32,461	(659)	(2.0)
Provision for income taxes	13,168	13,312	144	1.1
Net income	19,952	19,149	(803)	(4.0)

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Net income attributable to common stockholders per  
common share:

Basic	\$ 0.28	\$ 0.25
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Diluted	\$ 0.26	\$ 0.24
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Weighted average common shares outstanding:

Basic	72,135	75,825
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Diluted	78,200	79,040
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**Revenue**

*Total revenue.* Total revenue increased \$17.4 million due primarily to increased infrastructure transactions under our contracts to provide telephone number portability services in the United States, our expanded range of DNS services, and growth in the use of U.S. Common Short Codes.

*Addressing.* Addressing revenue increased \$3.4 million due primarily to the expanded range of DNS services we offer as a result of the acquisition of UltraDNS Corporation in April 2006, and increased use of U.S. Common Short Codes. Specifically, revenue from DNS services increased \$4.6 million, consisting of a \$3.6 million increase in revenue from NeuStar Ultra Services and a \$1.0 million increase in revenue from our other DNS services as a result of increased domain names under management. In the second quarter of 2006, we recognized revenue from our NeuStar Ultra Services from April 21, 2006, the date we acquired UltraDNS, to June 30, 2006. Revenue for the second quarter of 2007 from U.S. Common Short Codes increased \$2.2 million as compared to the second quarter of 2006. These increases were offset by a decrease of \$2.9 million in revenue from addressing transactions under our contracts to provide telephone number portability services in the United States, which was due to lower carrier network expansion activity and lower contractual pricing effective January 1, 2007. In addition, fees under our contract to serve as the National Pooling administrator decreased \$0.5 million, which resulted from decreased activity under our contracts during the three months ended June 30, 2007.

*Interoperability.* Interoperability revenue decreased \$0.2 million due to a \$0.9 million decrease in revenue from our order management services and a \$0.7 million decrease in revenue under our contracts to provide telephone number portability in the United States. These decreases were offset by an increase of \$1.0 million in revenue from telephone number portability services in Canada. In addition, interoperability revenue from our NGM business segment was \$0.4 million.

*Infrastructure and other.* Infrastructure and other revenue increased \$14.2 million due primarily to an increase in the demand for our network management services. Of this increase, \$12.3 million was attributable to customers making changes to their networks that required actions such as disconnects and modifications to network elements. We believe these changes were driven largely by trends in the industry, including the implementation of new technologies by our customers, wireless technology upgrades, carrier vendor changes and network optimization. In addition, infrastructure revenue from our NGM business segment was \$1.2 million.

**Expense**

*Cost of revenue.* Cost of revenue increased \$3.3 million due to growth in personnel, increased support fees for our data centers and technology platforms, and royalties related to our U.S. Common Short Code services. Of this amount, personnel and personnel-related expense increased \$0.6 million. Included in personnel and personnel-related expense for the three months ended June 30, 2007 is \$0.5 million in stock-based compensation expense, all of which is attributable to our Clearinghouse segment, which is unchanged from the stock-based compensation expense recognized for the three months ended June 30, 2006. Contractor costs for software maintenance activities and managing industry changes to our clearinghouse as well as general data center facility costs increased \$1.2 million. In addition, royalty expenses related to U.S. Common Short Code services and revenue share costs associated with our Internet domain names and registry gateway services collectively increased \$1.5 million.

*Sales and marketing.* Sales and marketing expense increased \$6.2 million predominantly due to additions to our sales and marketing team to focus on branding, product launches, expanded DNS service offerings, NGM services and new business development opportunities, including international expansion. Personnel and personnel-related expense accounted for \$4.5 million of this increase. Included in personnel-related expense for the three months ended June 30, 2007 is \$1.4 million in stock-based compensation expense, all of which is attributable to our Clearinghouse segment, as compared to \$1.0 million in stock-based compensation expense for the three months ended June 30, 2006. In addition, external costs related to branding and product launch accounted for \$1.7 million of the increase.

*Research and development.* Research and development expense increased \$2.7 million due to additions to our research and development team to support new service offerings. Specifically, personnel and personnel-related expense increased \$1.8 million and professional fees increased \$0.4 million over the comparable quarter in 2006. Included in personnel-related expense for the three months ended June 30, 2007 is \$0.5 million in stock-based compensation expense, all of which is attributable to our Clearinghouse segment, as compared to \$0.3 million in stock-based compensation expense for the three months ended June 30, 2006.

*General and administrative.* General and administrative expense increased \$3.0 million primarily due to costs incurred to support business growth and ongoing operations. Specifically, personnel and personnel-related expense increased \$0.8 million. Included in personnel-related expense for the three months ended June 30, 2007 is \$1.5 million in stock-based compensation expense, all of which is attributable to our Clearinghouse segment, as compared to \$1.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006. In addition, general and administrative facility costs increased \$0.6 million. These increases were further augmented by the reversal of a legal contingency accrual of \$1.5 million in the second quarter of 2006 for which there was no comparable reversal in the second quarter of 2007.

*Depreciation and amortization.* Depreciation and amortization expense for the three months ended June 30, 2007 increased \$3.5 million as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2006, primarily due to a \$2.3 million increase in the amortization of identified intangibles primarily as a result of our acquisition of UltraDNS and Followap, and a \$1.2 million increase in depreciation and amortization expense relating to additional capital assets to support operations.

*Interest expense.* Interest expense remained relatively constant during the three months ended June 30, 2007 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2006.

*Interest and other income.* Interest and other income for the three months ended June 30, 2007 increased \$0.7 million as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2006 due to higher average cash balances.

*Provision for income taxes.* Income tax provision for the three months ended June 30, 2007 increased \$0.1 million compared to the three months ended June 30, 2006 due primarily to an increase in our effective statutory tax rate. Our annual effective statutory tax rate increased to 41.0% for the three months ended June 30, 2007 from 39.8% for the three months ended June 30, 2006.

***Additional Information regarding NGM Segment***

The following discussion focuses on the performance of our NGM business segment for the three months ended June 30, 2007. The NGM business segment resulted from our acquisition of Followap in November 2006. As such, there are no comparable results for the three months ended June 30, 2006.

*NGM Revenue.* NGM revenue totaled approximately \$1.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2007.

*Operating expense.* NGM operating expense is comprised primarily of cost of revenue, sales and marketing, research and development, general and administrative, and depreciation and amortization expenses. Operating expense for the three months ended June 30, 2007 totaled approximately \$9.5 million. The components of each of these categories of expense are identical to those in our Clearinghouse segment. For a description of the components of each category of expense, see Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Our Company in Item 7 of Part II of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006.

*Segment loss from operations.* Segment loss from operations for the NGM segment totaled approximately \$7.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2007.

**Six Months Ended June 30, 2006 Compared to Six Months Ended June 30, 2007**

The following table presents an overview of our results of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007. A separate discussion of the financial performance of our NGM segment for these periods is set forth below under the heading Additional Information Regarding NGM Segment.

	<b>Six Months Ended June 30,</b>		<b>Six Months Ended June 30,</b>	
	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2006 vs. 2007</b>	
	\$	\$	\$ Change	% Change
	<b>(in thousands, except per share data)</b>			
<b>Revenue:</b>				
Addressing	\$ 46,862	\$ 53,860	\$ 6,998	14.9%
Interoperability	27,361	27,962	601	2.2
Infrastructure and other	84,203	115,319	31,116	37.0
<b>Total revenue</b>	<b>158,426</b>	<b>197,141</b>	<b>38,715</b>	<b>24.4</b>
<b>Operating expense:</b>				
Cost of revenue (excluding depreciation and amortization shown separately below)	40,831	46,324	5,493	13.5
Sales and marketing	20,569	36,285	15,716	76.4
Research and development	8,157	13,320	5,163	63.3
General and administrative	15,585	22,040	6,455	41.4
Depreciation and amortization	10,281	18,439	8,158	79.4
	95,423	136,408	40,985	43.0
Income from operations	63,003	60,733	(2,270)	(3.6)
<b>Other (expense) income:</b>				
Interest expense	(687)	(714)	(27)	3.9
Interest and other income	1,401	2,073	672	48.0
Income before minority interest and income taxes	63,717	62,092	(1,625)	(2.6)
Minority interest	(95)		95	(100.0)
Income before income taxes	63,622	62,092	(1,530)	(2.4)
Provision for income taxes	25,385	24,975	(410)	(1.6)
<b>Net income</b>	<b>\$ 38,237</b>	<b>\$ 37,117</b>	<b>\$ (1,120)</b>	<b>(2.9)%</b>
<b>Net income attributable to common stockholders per common share:</b>				
Basic	\$ 0.54	\$ 0.49		
Diluted	\$ 0.49	\$ 0.47		

Weighted average common shares outstanding:

Basic	71,242	75,258
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Diluted	77,934	79,037
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**Revenue**

*Total revenue.* Total revenue increased \$38.7 million due to increases in addressing and infrastructure transactions under our contracts to provide telephone number portability services in the United States, our expanded range of DNS services, and growth in the use of U.S. Common Short Codes.

25

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*Addressing.* Addressing revenue increased \$7.0 million due to the expanded range of DNS services we offer as a result of our acquisition of UltraDNS Corporation in April 2006, and the continued increase in the use of U.S. Common Short Codes. Specifically, revenue from DNS services increased \$12.1 million as compared to the first six months of 2006, consisting of a \$10.5 million increase in revenue from NeuStar Ultra Services, and a \$1.6 million increase in revenue from our other domain name services as a result of an increased number of domain names under management. In the first six months of 2006, we recognized revenue from our NeuStar Ultra Services during the period from April 21, 2006, the date we acquired UltraDNS, to June 30, 2006. In addition, revenue from U.S. Common Short Codes increased \$4.7 million due to an increased number of subscribers for U.S. Common Short Codes. These increases were offset by a decrease of \$9.0 million in revenue from addressing transactions under our contracts to provide telephone number portability services in the United States, which was due to lower carrier network expansion activity and lower contractual pricing effective January 1, 2007. In addition, fees under our contract to serve as the National Pooling Administrator decreased \$0.8 million, which resulted from decreased activity under our contracts during the six months ended June 30, 2007.

*Interoperability.* Interoperability revenue increased \$0.6 million due predominantly to increased demand for telephone number portability services in Canada in advance of wireless number portability implementation. Specifically, revenue from telephone number portability services in Canada increased \$4.7 million and interoperability revenue from our NGM business segment was \$0.5 million, offset by a decrease in revenue of \$2.7 million under our contracts to provide telephone portability services in the United States, as well as a decrease in revenue of \$1.9 million from our order management services.

*Infrastructure and other.* Infrastructure and other revenue increased \$31.1 million due primarily to an increase in the demand for our network management services. Of this increase, \$31.1 million was attributable to customers making changes to their networks that required actions such as disconnects and modifications to network elements. We believe these changes were driven largely by trends in the industry, including the implementation of new technologies by our customers, such as wireless technology upgrades and network optimization. In addition, infrastructure revenue from our NGM business segment was \$1.6 million. These increases were offset by a decrease of \$1.6 million in revenue resulting from connection fees and other revenues under our contracts to provide telephone number portability services in the United States.

#### **Expense**

*Cost of revenue.* Cost of revenue increased \$5.5 million due to growth in personnel and increased contractor costs to support higher transaction volumes and royalties related to our U.S. Common Short Code services. Of this increase, \$1.4 million is due to personnel and personnel-related expense as a result of increased headcount to support our customer deployment, software engineering and operations groups. Included in personnel and personnel-related expense for the six months ended Jun 30, 2007 is \$0.9 million in stock-based compensation expense, all of which is attributable to our Clearinghouse segment, which is unchanged from the stock-based compensation expense recorded for the six months ended June 30, 2006. Contractor costs for software maintenance activities and managing industry changes to our clearinghouse, as well as general data center facility costs, collectively increased \$1.2 million. Cost of revenue increased \$2.9 million due to royalty expenses related to U.S. Common Short Code services and revenue share cost associated with our Internet domain names and registry gateway services.

*Sales and marketing.* Sales and marketing expense increased \$15.7 million due primarily to additions to our sales and marketing team to focus on branding, product launches, expanded DNS service offerings, NGM services and new business development opportunities, including international expansion. Of this increase, \$11.6 million is attributable to personnel and personnel-related expense. Included in personnel-related expense for the six months ended June 30, 2007 is \$2.6 million in stock-based compensation expense, all of which is attributable to our Clearinghouse segment, as compared to \$1.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006. In addition, external costs related to branding, product launch and industry events and other general marketing expense accounted for \$4.0 million of the increase.

*Research and development.* Research and development expense increased \$5.2 million due primarily to additions to our research and development team to support new service offerings. Of this increase, \$4.4 million is attributable to personnel and personnel-related expense resulting from increased headcount. Included in personnel-related expense for the six months ended June 30, 2007 is \$0.8 million in stock-based compensation expense, all of which is

attributable to our Clearinghouse segment, as compared to \$0.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006.

*General and administrative.* General and administrative expense increased \$6.5 million primarily due to costs incurred to support business growth. Of this increase, \$4.0 million was attributable to personnel and personnel-related expense resulting from increased headcount. Included in personnel-related expense for the six months ended June 30, 2007 is \$3.0 million in stock-based compensation expense, all of which is attributable to our Clearinghouse segment, as compared to \$2.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006. This increase was further augmented by the reversal of a legal contingency accrual of \$1.5 million in the second quarter of 2006 for which there was no comparable expense in the six months ended June 30, 2007. In addition, general and administrative facility costs increased \$0.6 million.

*Depreciation and amortization.* Depreciation and amortization expense for the six months ended June 30, 2007 increased \$8.2 million as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2006, due predominantly to a \$5.8 million increase in the amortization of identified intangibles as a result of our acquisition of UltraDNS and Followap, and a \$2.3 million increase in depreciation and amortization expense relating to additional capital assets to support operations.

*Interest expense.* Interest expense remained relatively constant during the six months ended June 30, 2007 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2006.

*Interest and other income.* Interest and other income for the six months ended June 30, 2007 increased \$0.7 million as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2006, due to higher average cash balances.

*Provision for income taxes.* Income tax provision for the six months ended June 30, 2007 decreased \$0.4 million as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2006 due primarily to a decrease in income from operations. Our annual effective statutory tax rate increased to 40.2% for the six months ended June 30, 2007 from 39.9% for the six months ended June 30, 2006.

#### ***Additional Information regarding NGM Segment***

The following discussion focuses on the performance of our NGM business segment for the six months ended June 30, 2007. The NGM business segment resulted from our acquisition of Followap in November 2006. As such, there are no comparable results for the six months ended June 30, 2006.

*NGM Revenue.* NGM revenue totaled approximately \$2.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007.

*Operating expense.* NGM operating expense is comprised primarily of cost of revenue, sales and marketing, research and development, general and administrative, and depreciation and amortization expenses. Operating expense for the six months ended June 30, 2007 totaled approximately \$18.5 million. The components of each of these categories of expense are identical to those in our Clearinghouse segment. For a description of the components of each category of expense, see Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Our Company in Item 7 of Part II of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006.

*Segment loss from operations.* Segment loss from operations for the NGM segment totaled approximately \$16.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007.

#### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

Prior to 2006, our principal source of liquidity was cash provided by operations. Following our adoption of SFAS No. 123(R) on January 1, 2006, the benefits of tax deductions in excess of compensation cost recognized for the exercise of common stock options (excess tax benefits) have been classified as a financing cash inflow and a corresponding operating cash outflow, rather than as an operating cash flow as required prior to the adoption of SFAS No. 123(R). As a result, currently our principal sources of liquidity are cash provided by operating activities and cash inflows relating to excess tax benefits.

Our principal uses of cash have been to fund acquisitions, facility expansions, capital expenditures, working capital and debt service requirements. We anticipate that our principal uses of cash in the future will be acquisitions, working capital, capital expenditures and facility expansion.

Total cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments were \$110.5 million at June 30, 2007, an increase from \$58.3 million at December 31, 2006. This increase was due primarily to cash provided by operating activities and cash provided by financing activities.

On February 6, 2007, we entered into a new credit agreement, which provides for a revolving credit facility in an aggregate principal amount of up to \$100 million. As of June 30, 2007, there were no borrowings outstanding under the new credit agreement, but available borrowings were reduced by outstanding letters of credit of \$16.6 million. This credit facility replaced our previous \$15 million revolving credit facility.

We believe that our existing cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments and cash from operations and excess tax benefits included in financing activities will be sufficient to fund our operations for the next twelve months.

### **Discussion of Cash Flows**

#### ***Cash flows from operations***

Net cash provided by operating activities for the six months ended June 30, 2007 was \$53.0 million, as compared to cash provided by operating activities of \$22.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006. This \$30.3 million increase was principally the result of a \$24.9 million reduction to the cash outflow relating to excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation, and a decrease of net changes in operating assets and liabilities of \$8.9 million.

#### ***Cash flows from investing***

Net cash used in investing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2007 was \$13.9 million, as compared to \$71.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006. This \$57.6 million decrease in net cash used in investing activities was principally due to a decrease of \$65.4 million in cash paid for acquisitions. This net decrease was offset by a \$7.6 million increase in purchases of property and equipment.

#### ***Cash flows from financing***

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$14.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007, as compared to \$46.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006. This \$32.1 million decrease in net cash provided by financing activities was principally the result of a decrease of \$24.9 million of excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation and a decrease of \$4.1 million of proceeds from the exercise of common stock options. In addition, the overall decrease in net cash provided by financing activities resulted from \$3.2 million of shares repurchased by us during the six months ended June 30, 2007 pursuant to the exercise by stock incentive plan participants of their right to elect to use common stock to satisfy their tax withholding obligations.

### **Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

In September 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board, or FASB, issued SFAS No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements* (SFAS No. 157). SFAS No. 157 provides enhanced guidance for using fair value to measure assets and liabilities. It clarifies the principle that fair value should be based on the assumptions market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability and establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the information used to develop those assumptions. SFAS No. 157 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. We are currently evaluating the impact of SFAS No. 157 on our consolidated financial statements.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, *The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities* (SFAS No. 159), to permit all entities to choose to elect, at specified election dates, to measure eligible financial instruments at fair value. An entity shall report unrealized gains and losses on items for which the fair value option has been elected in earnings at each subsequent reporting date, and recognize upfront costs and fees related to those items in earnings as incurred and not deferred. SFAS No. 159 applies to fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007, with early adoption permitted for an entity that has also elected to apply the provisions of SFAS No. 157. An entity is prohibited from retrospectively applying SFAS No. 159, unless it chooses early adoption. We are currently evaluating the impact of the provisions of SFAS No. 159 on our consolidated financial statements.

**Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

We had no off-balance sheet arrangements as of or for the period ended June 30, 2007.

**Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk**

For quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risk affecting NeuStar, see *Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk* in Item 7A of Part II of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006. Our exposure to market risk has not changed materially since December 31, 2006.

**Item 4. Controls and Procedures**

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed or submitted under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow for timely decisions regarding required disclosure. In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognized that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives, and management is required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures.

As of June 30, 2007, we carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures. Based on the foregoing, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective and were operating at the reasonable assurance level.

In addition, there were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred in the second quarter of 2007 that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

## **PART II OTHER INFORMATION**

### **Item 1. Legal Proceedings**

From time to time, we are subject to claims in legal proceedings arising in the normal course of our business. We do not believe that we are party to any pending legal action that could reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on our business or operating results.

### **Item 1A. Risk Factors**

Our 2006 Annual Report on Form 10-K includes a detailed discussion of our risk factors. The information presented below updates and should be read in conjunction with the risk factors and information disclosed in that Form 10-K.

#### ***Regulatory and statutory changes that affect us or the communications industry in general may increase our costs or impair our growth.***

The FCC has regulatory authority over certain aspects of our operations, most notably our compliance with our neutrality requirements. We are also affected by business risks specific to the regulated communications industry. Moreover, the business of our customers is subject to regulation that indirectly affects our business. As communications technologies and the communications industry continue to evolve, the statutes governing the communications industry or the regulatory policies of the FCC may change. If this were to occur, the demand for our clearinghouse services could change in ways that we cannot easily predict and our revenues could decline. These risks include the ability of the federal government, most notably the FCC, to:

increase regulatory oversight over the services we provide;

adopt or modify statutes, regulations, policies, procedures or programs that are disadvantageous to the services we provide, or that are inconsistent with our current or future plans, or that require modification of the terms of our existing contracts, including the manner in which we charge for certain of our services. For example,

- o Bellsouth Corporation filed a petition with the FCC in November 2005 seeking changes in the way our customers are billed for services provided by us under our contracts with North American Portability Management LLC; and
- o On June 13, 2007, Telcordia Technologies, Inc. filed a petition with the FCC requesting an order that would require North American Portability Management LLC to conduct a new bidding process to appoint a provider of telephone number portability services in the United States. If successful, this petition could result in the loss of one or more of our contracts with North American Portability LLC; prohibit us from entering into new contracts or extending existing contracts to provide services to the communications industry based on actual or suspected violations of our neutrality requirements, business performance concerns, or other reasons;

adopt or modify statutes, regulations, policies, procedures or programs in a way that could cause changes to our operations or costs or the operations of our customers;

appoint, or cause others to appoint, substitute or add additional parties to perform the services that we currently provide; and

prohibit or restrict the provision or export of new or expanded services under our contracts, or prevent the introduction of other services not under the contracts based upon restrictions within the contracts or in FCC policies.

In addition, we are subject to risks arising out of the delegation of the Department of Commerce's responsibilities for the domain name system to the International Corporation for Assigned Names and Numbers, or ICANN. Changes in the regulations or statutes to which our customers are subject could cause our customers to alter or decrease the services they purchase from us. We cannot predict when, or upon what terms and conditions, further regulation or deregulation might occur or the effect future regulation or deregulation may have on our business.

## Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

The following table is a summary of our repurchases of common stock during each of the three months in the quarter ended June 30, 2007:

<b>Month</b>	<b>Total Number of Shares Purchased(1)</b>	<b>Average Price Paid per Share</b>	<b>Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs</b>	<b>Maximum Number of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs</b>
April 1 through 30, 2007	2,267	\$28.82		
May 1 through 31, 2007				
June 1 through 30, 2007	558	\$29.69		
Total	2,825	\$29.00		

(1) The number of shares purchased consists of shares of common stock tendered by employees to the Company to satisfy the employees' tax withholding obligations arising as a result of vesting of restricted stock grants under the

Company's stock incentive plan, which shares were purchased by the Company based on their fair market value on the vesting date. None of these share purchases were part of a publicly announced program to purchase common stock of the Company.

**Item 3. Defaults upon Senior Securities**

None.

**Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders**

The Annual Meeting of Stockholders of NeuStar was held on July 9, 2007.

The stockholders voted on proposals to (1) elect two Class III directors and (2) to ratify the Audit Committee selection of Ernst & Young LLP as the Company's independent registered public accounting firm for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007.

Both nominees for election to the Board as Class III directors were elected to serve until the Annual Meeting in 2010 and until their respective successors are elected and qualified, or until the earlier of the director's death, resignation or retirement. The stockholders also ratified the selection by the Audit Committee of Ernst & Young LLP as the Company's independent registered public accounting firm for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007.

The number of votes cast for, against or withheld and the number of abstentions with respect to each proposal is set forth below:

Election of Directors			
Nominee		For*	Withheld*
Jeffrey E. Ganek		68,876,580	477,585
Hellene S. Runtagh		69,237,043	117,122
		For*	Against*
		Against*	Abstain*
Ratification of appointment of Ernst & Young LLP as independent registered public accounting firm for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007	69,305,093	19,923	29,149

\* The votes cast are an aggregate of the holders of our Class A common stock and Class B common stock, which voted together as a single class on the matters put up for a vote at our 2007 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

**Item 5. Other Information**

None.

**Item 6. Exhibits**

<b>Exhibit No.</b>	<b>Description</b>
3.1	Restated Certificate of Incorporation, incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Amendment No. 7 to NeuStar's Registration Statement on Form S-1, filed June 28, 2005 (File No. 333-123635).
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws, incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to NeuStar's report on Form 8-K, filed July 13, 2007 (File No. 001-32548).
10.2.4	Amendment, entered into as of June 1, 2007, to the contractor services agreement between Canadian LNP Consortium Inc. and NeuStar, Inc.**
10.2.5	Amendment, entered into as of June 1, 2007, to the contractor services agreement between Canadian LNP Consortium Inc. and NeuStar, Inc.**
10.3.3	Amendment to National Thousands-Block Pooling Administration Agreement awarded to NeuStar, Inc. by the Federal Communications Commission.
10.4.3	Amendment to North American Numbering Plan Administrator agreement awarded to NeuStar, Inc. by the Federal Communications Commission.
10.6	Registry Agreement by and between the Internet Corporation for Assigned Names and Numbers and NeuStar, Inc., as amended.
10.45	NeuStar, Inc. 2007 Key Employee Severance Pay Plan, incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 99.1 to NeuStar's report on Form 8-K, filed July 13, 2007 (File No. 001-32548).
10.46	NeuStar, Inc. Annual Performance Incentive Plan, incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 99.2 to NeuStar's report on Form 8-K, filed July 13, 2007 (File No. 001-32548).
10.47	Form of Performance Award Agreement under the NeuStar, Inc. 2005 Stock Incentive Plan, as amended, incorporated herein by reference to (a) Exhibit 99.3 to NeuStar's report on Form 8-K, filed March 5, 2007 (File No. 001-32548) and (b) Exhibit 99.3 to NeuStar's report on Form 8-K, filed July 13, 2007 (File No. 001-32548).
10.49	Form of Nonqualified Stock Option Agreement, incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 99.4 to NeuStar's report on Form 8-K, filed March 5, 2007 (File No. 001-32548).
10.50	Summary Description of Non-Management Director Compensation.
10.51	NeuStar, Inc. 2005 Stock Incentive Plan.
10.52	Incentive Stock Option Agreement under the 1999 Plan, made as of November 18, 2004, by and between NeuStar, Inc. and John Spirtos, as amended as of May 20, 2005.
10.53	Nonqualified Stock Option Agreement under the 1999 Plan, made as of November 18, 2004, by and between NeuStar, Inc. and John Spirtos, as amended as of May 20, 2005.

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- 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

Compensatory arrangement.

\*\* Confidential treatment has been requested for portions of this document. The omitted portions of this document have been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

**NeuStar, Inc.**

Date: August 7, 2007

By: /s/ Jeffrey A. Babka  
Jeffrey A. Babka  
Chief Financial Officer (Principal  
Financial and Accounting Officer and  
Duly Authorized Officer)

34

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**EXHIBIT INDEX**

<b>Exhibit No.</b>	<b>Description</b>
3.1	Restated Certificate of Incorporation, incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Amendment No. 7 to NeuStar's Registration Statement on Form S-1, filed June 28, 2005 (File No. 333-123635).
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws, incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to NeuStar's report on Form 8-K, filed July 13, 2007 (File No. 001-32548).
10.2.4	Amendment, entered into as of June 1, 2007, to the contractor services agreement between Canadian LNP Consortium Inc. and NeuStar, Inc.**
10.2.5	Amendment, entered into as of June 1, 2007, to the contractor services agreement between Canadian LNP Consortium Inc. and NeuStar, Inc.**
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10.4.3	Amendment to North American Numbering Plan Administrator agreement awarded to NeuStar, Inc. by the Federal Communications Commission.
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