CENDANT CORP Form 10-Q/A July 03, 2001

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q/A QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2001 Commission File No. 1-10308

Cendant Corporation (Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) 06-0918165 (I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

9 West 57th Street New York, NY (Address of principal executive office) 10019 (Zip Code)

(212) 413-1800 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed in Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements, for the past 90 days: Yes |X| No $|_{}|$

APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS:

The number of shares outstanding of each of the Registrant's classes of common stock as of May 31, 2001 was 854,237,638 shares of CD common stock and 1,861,995 shares of Move.com common stock.

Cendant Corporation and Subsidiaries

Index

Page

PART I Financial Information

Item 1. Restated Financial Statements

	Consolidated Condensed Statements of Income for the three months ended March 31, 2001 and 2000	1
	Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheets as of March 31, 2001 and December 31, 2000	2
	Consolidated Condensed Statements of Cash Flows for the three months ended March 31, 2001 and 2000	3
	Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements	4
Item 2.	Restated Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	12
Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risks	18
PART II	Other Information	
Item 6.	Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K	19
	Signatures	20

Forward-looking statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q\A are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements were based on various factors and were derived utilizing numerous important assumptions and other important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements include the information concerning our future financial performance, business strategy, projected plans and objectives.

Statements preceded by, followed by or that otherwise include the words "believes", "expects", "anticipates", "intends", "project", "estimates", "plans", "may increase", "may fluctuate" and similar expressions or future or conditional verbs such as "will", "should", "would", "may" and "could" are generally forward-looking in nature and not historical acts. You should understand that the following important factors and assumptions could affect our future results and could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in such forward-looking statements: the effect of economic conditions and interest rate changes on the economy on a national, regional or international basis and the impact thereof on our businesses; the effects of changes in current interest rates, particularly on our real estate franchise and mortgage businesses; the resolution or outcome of our unresolved pending litigation relating to the previously announced accounting irregularities and other related litigation; our ability to develop and implement operational and financial systems to manage growing operations and to achieve enhanced earnings or effect cost savings; competition in our existing and potential future lines of business and the financial resources of, and products available to, competitors; our ability to integrate and operate successfully acquired and merged businesses and risks associated with such businesses, including the pending acquisition of Galileo International, Inc. and the acquisitions of Avis Group Holdings, Inc. and Fairfield Communities, Inc., the compatibility of the operating systems of the combining companies, and the degree to which our existing administrative and back-office functions and costs and those of the acquired companies are complementary or redundant; our ability to obtain financing on acceptable terms to finance our growth strategy and to operate within the limitations imposed by financing arrangements and rating agencies; competitive and pricing pressures in the vacation ownership and travel industries, including the car rental industry; changes in the vehicle manufacturer repurchase arrangements between vehicle manufacturers and Avis

Group in the event that used vehicle values decrease; and changes in laws and regulations, including changes in accounting standards and privacy policy regulation. Other factors and assumptions not identified above were also involved in the derivation of these forward-looking statements, and the failure of such other assumptions to be realized as well as other factors may also cause actual results to differ materially from those projected. Most of these factors are difficult to predict accurately and are generally beyond our control.

You should consider the areas of risk described above in connection with any forward-looking statements that may be made by us. Except for our ongoing obligations to disclose material information under the federal securities laws, we undertake no obligation to release publicly any revisions to any forward-looking statements, to report events or to report the occurrence of unanticipated events. For any forward-looking statements contained in any document, we claim the protection of the safe harbor for forward-looking statements contained in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Restated Financial Statements

Cendant Corporation and Subsidiaries CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (In millions, except per share data)

	Three Month March
	2001
Revenues	
Membership and service fees, net	\$ 1,076
Vehicle-related	398
Other	12
Net revenues	1,486
Expenses	
- Operating	451
Vehicle depreciation, lease charges and interest, net	181
Marketing and reservation	250
General and administrative	161
Non-vehicle depreciation and amortization	101
Other charges (credits):	105
Restructuring and other unusual charges	185 11
Litigation settlement and related costs Merger-related costs	11 8
Non-vehicle interest, net	60
Total expenses	1,408
Net gain (loss) on dispositions of businesses	435
Income before income taxes, minority interest and	
equity in Homestore.com	513

Provision for income taxes Minority interest, net of tax Losses related to equity in Homestore.com, net of tax		205 13 18
<pre>Income before extraordinary loss and cumulative effect of accounting change Extraordinary loss, net of tax</pre>		277
Income before cumulative effect of accounting change Cumulative effect of accounting change, net of tax		277 (38)
Net income	\$ ==	239
CD common stock income per share Basic Income before extraordinary loss and cumulative effect of accounting change Net income Diluted Income before extraordinary loss and cumulative effect of accounting change Net income	\$ \$	0.32 0.28 0.30 0.26
Move.com common stock income per share Basic Income before extraordinary loss and cumulative effect of accounting change Net income Diluted		10.41 10.34
Income before extraordinary loss and cumulative effect of accounting change Net income		10.13 10.07

See Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements.

1

Cendant Corporation and Subsidiaries CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS (In millions, except share data)

	Ma	arch 31, 2001	ember 31, 2000
Assets Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,092	\$ 944
Receivables, net		, 1,380	
Other current assets		1,030	1,031
Total current assets		4,502	 2,728
Property and equipment, net		1,508	1,345
Stockholder litigation settlement trust		600	350
Deferred income taxes		1,358	1,108
Franchise agreements, net		1,514	1,462
Goodwill, net		4,950	3,176
Other intangibles, net		764	647
Other assets		1,738	1,395

Total assets exclusive of assets under programs	16,934	12,211
Assets under management and mortgage programs	200	200
Relocation receivables		329 879
Mortgage loans held for sale Mortgage servicing rights		1,653
Vehicle-related, net	7,747	
		2,861
Total assets	\$ 27,594	\$ 15,072
		=======
Liabilities and stockholders' equity		
Current liabilities Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$ 2 258	\$ 1,446
Current portion of long-term debt	2,230 267	
Deferred income	1,046	
Deferred income taxes	227	
Total current liabilities	 3 , 798	2,466
Long-term debt	3,903	1,948
Stockholder litigation settlement		2,850
Other liabilities	706	
Total liabilities exclusive of liabilities under programs	11,257	7,724
Liabilities under management and mortgage programs Debt	9 5 8 9	2,040
Deferred income taxes	1,030	
	10,619	2,516
Mandatorily redeemable preferred interest in a subsidiary	375	375
Mandatorily redeemable preferred securities issued by subsidiary holding solely senior debentures issued		
by the Company		1,683
Commitments and contingencies (Note 6)		
Stockholders' equity		
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value - authorized 10 million		
shares; none issued and outstanding		
CD common stock, \$.01 par value - authorized 2 billion		
shares; issued 1,024,993,334 and 914,655,918 shares	10	9
Move.com common stock, \$.01 par value – authorized 500 million shares; issued and outstanding 1,861,995 and 2,181,586 shares; notional issued shares with respect to Cendant		
Group's retained interest 22,500,000		
Additional paid-in capital	6,861	4,540
Retained earnings	2,266	2,027
Accumulated other comprehensive loss CD treasury stock, at cost, 178,239,362 and 178,949,432 shares	(234) (3,560)	(234) (3,568)
ob creasury scock, at cost, 170,239,302 and 170,949,432 Shares	(3, 500)	(3, 500)

Total stockholders' equity	5,343	2,774
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 27,594 ======	\$ 15,072

See Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements.

2

Cendant Corporation and Subsidiaries CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In millions)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
		2000
Operating Activities Net income Adjustments to arrive at income before extraordinary loss and cumulative effect of accounting change	\$ 239 38	\$ 69 58
Income before extraordinary loss and cumulative effect of accounting change	277	127
Adjustments to reconcile income before extraordinary loss and cumulative effect of accounting change to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Non-vehicle depreciation and amortization Non-cash portion of other charges, net Net (gain) loss on dispositions of businesses Deferred income taxes Proceeds from sales of trading securities Net change in assets and liabilities, excluding the impact of acquired businesses: Receivables Income taxes Accounts payable and other current liabilities Deferred income Other, net	101 38 (435) 185 110 (172) (16) (122) 8 	22 (49)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities exclusive of management and mortgage programs	(26)	96
Management and mortgage programs: Depreciation and amortization Origination of mortgage loans Proceeds on sale of and payments from mortgage loans held for sale		27 (3,916) 3,802 (87)

Net cash provided by operating activities	105	9
Investing Activities Property and equipment additions	(68)	(49)
Funding of stockholder litigation settlement trust	(250)	
Proceeds from sales of marketable securities	7	356
Purchases of marketable securities	(10)	(348)
Net assets acquired (net of cash acquired) and		
acquisition-related payments	(978)	
Other, net	(14)	(33)
Net cash used in investing activities exclusive of management and mortgage programs	(1,313)	(82)
Management and mortgage programs:		
Investment in vehicles	(832)	
Payments received on investment in vehicles	681	
Equity advances on homes under management		(1,619)
Repayment on advances on homes under management		1,655
Additions to mortgage servicing rights	(48)	
Proceeds from sales of mortgage servicing rights	13	35
		(68)
Net cash used in investing activities		(150)
Net cash asea in investing activities		(150)
Financing Activities		
Proceeds from borrowings	1,600	
Principal payments on borrowings Issuances of common stock	(316) 657	
Repurchases of common stock		499 (198)
Proceeds from mandatorily redeemable preferred interest	(10)	(190)
in a subsidiary		375
Other, net	(34)	(4)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		
exclusive of management and mortgage programs	1,897	(104)
Management		
Management and mortgage programs: Proceeds from borrowings	2,712	777
Principal payments on borrowings	•	(1,421)
Net change in short-term borrowings	26	672
	657	28
		17 6
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	2,554	(76)
Effect of changes in exchange rates on cash and cash		
equivalents	(5)	1
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,148	(216)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	944	1,164
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 2,092	 \$ 948
cash and cash equivarents, end of period	ş 2,092 =====	y 940 =====

See Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements.

3

Cendant Corporation and Subsidiaries NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unless otherwise noted, all amounts are in millions, except per share amounts)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements include the accounts and transactions of Cendant Corporation and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Company" or "Cendant").

In management's opinion, the Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements contain all normal recurring adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of interim results reported. The results of operations reported for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations for the entire year or any subsequent interim period. In addition, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported and related disclosures. Estimates, by their nature, are based on judgment and available information. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. The Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K/A dated July 2, 2001.

On July 2, 2001, the Company entered into a number of agreements, including a forty-year outsourcing agreement, with a third party whereby the Company will have an ongoing interest in its individual membership business. Prior to entering into these agreements, the Company had planned to spin-off this business to its stockholders and therefore had treated the results of this business as a discontinued operation. As a result of this change in plan and the Company's ongoing involvement in this business, the Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements and Notes thereto have been amended to reverse the classification of the Company's individual membership business as a discontinued operation. Accordingly, the account balances and activities of the individual membership business have been reclassified from discontinued operations to continuing operations for all periods presented. The amended Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements presented herein are the Company's historical financial statements for all periods presented.

Certain reclassifications have been made to prior period amounts to conform to the current period presentation.

Changes in Accounting Policies

On January 1, 2001, the Company adopted the provisions of the Emerging Issues Task Force ("EITF") Issue No. 99-20, "Recognition of Interest Income and Impairment on Purchased and Retained Interests in Securitized Financial Assets." EITF Issue No. 99-20 modified the accounting for interest income and impairment of beneficial interests in securitization transactions, whereby beneficial interests determined to have an other-than-temporary impairment are required to be written down to fair value. The adoption of EITF Issue No. 99-20 resulted in the recognition of a non-cash charge of \$46 million (\$27 million, after tax) during first

quarter 2001 to account for the cumulative effect of the accounting change.

On January 1, 2001, the Company adopted the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities," which was amended by SFAS No. 138, "Accounting for Certain Derivative Instruments and Certain Hedging Activities." SFAS No. 133, as amended and interpreted, established accounting and reporting standards for derivative instruments and hedging activities. As required by SFAS No. 133, the Company has recorded all such derivatives at fair value in the Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheet at January 1, 2001. The adoption of SFAS No. 133 resulted in the recognition of a non-cash charge of \$16 million (\$11 million, after tax) in the Consolidated Condensed Statement of Income on January 1, 2001 to account for the cumulative effect of the accounting change relating to derivatives designated in fair value type hedges prior to adopting SFAS No. 133, to derivatives not designated as hedges and to certain embedded derivatives. As provided for in SFAS No. 133, the Company also reclassified certain financial investments as trading securities at January 1, 2001, which resulted in a pre-tax benefit of \$10 million recorded in other revenues within the Consolidated Condensed Statement of Income.

Derivative Instruments

The Company uses derivative instruments as part of its overall strategy to manage its exposure to market risks associated with fluctuations in interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates, prices of mortgage loans held for sale, anticipated mortgage loan closings arising from commitments issued and changes in the fair value of its mortgage servicing rights. As a matter of policy, the Company does not use derivatives for trading or speculative purposes.

4

- All freestanding derivatives are recorded at fair value either as assets or liabilities.
- o Changes in fair value of derivatives not designated as hedging instruments and of derivatives designated as fair value hedging instruments are recognized currently in earnings and included in other revenues in the Consolidated Condensed Statement of Income.
- Changes in fair value of the hedged item in a fair value hedge are recorded as an adjustment to the carrying amount of the hedged item and recognized currently in earnings.
- o The effective portion of changes in fair value of derivatives designated as cash flow hedging instruments is recorded as a component of other comprehensive income. The ineffective portion is reported currently in earnings.
- Amounts included in other comprehensive income are reclassified into earnings in the same period during which the hedged item affects earnings.

The Company is also party to certain contracts containing embedded derivatives. As required by SFAS No. 133, certain embedded derivatives

were required to be bifurcated from their host contracts and are recorded at fair value in the Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheet. The total fair value of the Company's embedded derivatives and changes in fair value were not material to the Company's financial position or results of operations.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncement

In September 2000, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASE") issued SFAS No. 140, "Accounting for Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities--a replacement of FASB Statement No. 125." SFAS No. 140 revises criteria for accounting for securitizations, other financial-asset transfers and collateral and introduces new disclosures, but otherwise carries forward most of the provisions of SFAS No. 125, "Accounting for Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities" without amendment. The Company adopted the disclosure requirements of SFAS No. 140 on December 31, 2000, as required. All other provisions of SFAS No. 140 were adopted after March 31, 2001, as required by the standard. The impact of adopting the remaining provisions of this standard was not material to the Company's financial position or results of operations.

2. Earnings Per Share

Earnings per share ("EPS") for periods after March 31, 2000, the date of the original issuance of Move.com common stock, has been calculated using the two-class method. Income per common share before extraordinary loss and cumulative effect of accounting change for each class of common stock was computed as follows:

	Three Mor March	
	2001	20
CD Common Stock		
Income before extraordinary loss and cumulative effect of accounting change, including Cendant Group's retained interest in Move.com Group(a) Convertible debt interest, net of tax	\$ 256 3	\$ 1
Adjustment to Cendant Group's retained interest in Move.com Group(a)	(6)	
Income before extraordinary loss and cumulative effect of accounting		
change for diluted EPS	\$ 253	\$ 1
Weighted average shares outstanding: Basic	790	7
Stock options, warrants and non-vested shares	22	
Convertible debt	18	
Diluted	830	7
	=====	===

(a) Represents the change in Cendant Group's retained interest in Move.com Group due to the dilutive impact of Move.com common stock options. 5

			Three Mont March 31
Move.com Common Stock Income before extraordinary loss and cumulati excluding Cendant Group's retained interest Adjustment to Cendant Group's retained interest	in Move.com Group		\$21 6
Income before extraordinary loss and cumulati change for diluted EPS	ive effect of accounti	.ng	\$27
Weighted average shares outstanding: Basic Stock options			 2 1
Diluted			 3 ====
Move.com Group due to the dilutive impa options Basic and diluted loss per share of CD common effect of an accounting change was \$0.04 and ended March 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively. The following table summarizes the Company's equivalents, which were antidilutive and ther computation of diluted EPS:	n stock from the cumul \$0.08 for the three m outstanding common st	ative nonths cock	
	March		
CD Common Stock	2001		
Options(a) Warrants(b) FELINE PRIDES	109 2 	79	
Move.com Common Stock Options(c)	2		
 (a) The weighted average exercise prices for March 31, 2001 and 2000 were \$22.00 and (b) The weighted average exercise prices for March 31, 2001 and 2000 were \$21.31 and (c) The weighted average exercise price for March 31, 2001 was \$24.21. 	d \$24.53, respectively or antidilutive warran d \$22.91, respectively	7. hts at 7.	

Acquisitions

З.

Galileo International, Inc. On June 18, 2001, the Company announced that it had entered into a definitive agreement to acquire all of the

outstanding common stock of Galileo International, Inc. ("Galileo"), a leading provider of electronic global distribution services for the travel industry, at an expected value of \$33 per share, or approximately \$2.9 billion in aggregate. As part of the acquisition, the Company will also assume approximately \$600 million of Galileo net debt. The final acquisition price will be paid in a combination of CD common stock and cash. The number of shares of CD common stock to be paid to Galileo stockholders will fluctuate, between 116 million and 137 million shares, within a collar of \$17 to \$20 per share of CD common stock. The remainder of the purchase price, approximately \$562 million, will be paid in cash and may fluctuate if the average price per share of CD common stock during a stipulated period is above or below the collar. The transaction is subject to customary regulatory approvals and the approval of Galileo's stockholders. Although no assurances can be given, the Company expects the transaction to close in the fall of 2001.

Avis Group Holdings, Inc. On March 1, 2001, the Company acquired all of the outstanding shares of Avis Group Holdings, Inc. ("Avis Group") that it did not already own for \$33.00 per share in cash, or approximately \$994 million, including \$40 million of transaction costs and expenses. The acquisition has been accounted for using the purchase method of accounting; accordingly, assets acquired and liabilities assumed were recorded based upon their estimated fair values at the date of acquisition. The results of operations of Avis Group have been included in the Consolidated Condensed Statement of Income since the date of acquisition.

6

The excess of the purchase price over the estimated fair value of the underlying net assets acquired was allocated to goodwill which will be amortized over 40 years on a straight-line basis. The allocation of the excess purchase price is based upon preliminary estimates and assumptions and is subject to revision when appraisals have been finalized. Accordingly, revisions to the allocation, which may be significant, will be recorded by the Company as further adjustments to the purchase price allocation. The preliminary allocation of the purchase price is summarized as follows:

	Am	ount
Cash consideration Fair value of converted options Transaction costs and expenses	\$	937 17 40
Total purchase price Book value of Cendant's existing net investment in Avis Group		994 406
Cendant's basis in Avis Group Historical value of liabilities assumed in excess of assets acquired Fair value adjustments	1	,400 207 108
Unallocated excess purchase price over assets acquired and liabilities assumed	\$1 ==	,715

In connection with the acquisition, the Company continues to evaluate the integration of the operations of Avis Group and believes that it may incur

transition costs relating to such integration. Transition costs may result from integrating operating systems, relocating employees, closure of facilities, reducing duplicative efforts and exiting and consolidating certain other activities. These costs will be recorded on the Company's Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheet as adjustments to the purchase price or on the Company's Consolidated Condensed Statement of Income as expenses.

Pro forma net revenues, income before extraordinary loss and cumulative effect of accounting change, net income and the related per share data would have been as follows had the acquisition of Avis Group occurred on January 1, for each of the periods presented:

	Three Month March
	2001
Net revenues Income before extraordinary loss and cumulative effect of accounting change Net income CD common stock income per share:	\$2,093 253 207
Basic Income before extraordinary loss and cumulative effect of accounting change Net income Diluted	\$ 0.29 0.24
Income before extraordinary loss and cumulative effect of accounting change Net income	\$ 0.28 0.22

The pro forma results do not give effect to any synergies expected to result from the acquisition of Avis Group. The pro forma results are not necessarily indicative of what actually would have occurred if the acquisition had been consummated on January 1, 2001 and 2000, nor are they necessarily indicative of future consolidated results.

Fairfield Communities, Inc. On April 2, 2001, the Company acquired all of the outstanding shares of Fairfield Communities, Inc. ("Fairfield"), one of the largest vacation ownership companies in the United States, for approximately \$750 million in cash, including transaction costs and expenses and the conversion of Fairfield employee stock options into CD common stock options.

Dispositions

On February 16, 2001, the Company completed the sale of its real estate Internet portal, move.com, along with certain ancillary businesses to Homestore.com, Inc. ("Homestore") in exchange for approximately 21 million shares of Homestore common stock valued at \$718 million. The operations of these businesses were not material to the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows. The Company recorded a gain of \$548 million on the sale of these businesses, of which \$436 million (\$262 million, after tax) was recognized at the time of closing. The Company deferred \$112 million of the gain, which represents the portion that was equivalent to its common equity ownership percentage in Homestore at the time of closing. The deferred gain is included in deferred income within the Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheet at March 31, 2001 and is being recognized into income over five years. The amortization of the deferred gain is included as a component of equity in Homestore.com within the

Consolidated Condensed Statement of Income for the three months ended March 31, 2001. The Company's investment in Homestore is included in other assets within the Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheet. The difference between the value of this investment and the underlying equity in the net assets of Homestore was \$431 million, which is being amortized over five years as a component of equity in Homestore.com within the Consolidated Condensed Statement of Income. During first quarter 2001, such amount was reduced by \$30 million due to the contribution of approximately 2 million shares of Homestore to Travel Portal, Inc. ("Travel Portal"), a company that was created to pursue the development of an online travel business for the benefit of certain current and future franchisees.

7

4. Other Charges (Credits)

Restructuring and Other Unusual Charges

During first quarter 2001, the Company incurred unusual charges totaling \$185 million. Such charges primarily consisted of (i) \$95 million to fund an irrevocable contribution to an independent technology trust responsible for providing technology initiatives for the benefit of current and future franchisees at Century 21, Coldwell Banker and ERA and (ii) \$85 million incurred in connection with the creation of Travel Portal.

Merger-related Costs

During first quarter 2001, the Company incurred charges of \$8 million related to the acquisition and integration of Avis Group.

Litigation Settlement and Related Costs

During first quarter 2001, the Company recorded a \$25 million charge for litigation settlement and related costs in connection with previously discovered accounting irregularities in the former business units of CUC International, Inc. and resulting investigations into such matters. Such charge was partially offset by a non-cash credit of \$14 million to reflect an adjustment to the PRIDES class action litigation settlement charge recorded in fourth quarter 1998 primarily for Rights that expired unexercised.

5. Debt Issuances and Redemption

Debt Issuances

Senior Convertible Notes. During first quarter 2001, the Company issued approximately \$1.5 billion aggregate principal amount at maturity of zero -coupon senior convertible notes for aggregate gross proceeds of approximately \$900 million. The notes mature in 2021 and were issued at a price representing a yield-to-maturity of 2.5%. The Company will not make periodic payments of interest on the notes, but may be required to make nominal cash payments in specified circumstances. Each \$1,000 principal amount at maturity may be convertible, subject to satisfaction of specific contingencies, into 33.4 shares of CD common stock.

Term Loan. During first quarter 2001, the Company entered into a \$650 million term loan agreement with terms similar to its other revolving credit facilities. This term loan amortizes in three equal installments on August 22, 2002, May 22, 2003 and February 22, 2004. Borrowings under this facility bear interest at LIBOR plus a margin of 125 basis points.

Medium-Term Notes. During first quarter 2001, PHH Corporation ("PHH"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, issued \$650 million of medium-term notes under an existing shelf registration statement. These notes bear interest at a rate of 8 1/8% per annum and mature in February 2003. During first quarter 2001, the Company's Avis car rental subsidiary issued \$750 million of floating rate rental car asset backed notes. The notes are secured by rental vehicles owned by such subsidiary. The notes bear interest at a rate of LIBOR plus 20 basis points per annum and mature in April 2004.

8

Debt Redemption

During first quarter 2001, the Company made a principal payment of \$250 million to extinguish outstanding borrowings under its then existing term loan facility.

Credit Facility

During first quarter 2001, PHH renewed its \$750 million syndicated revolving credit facility, which was due in 2001. The new facility bears interest at LIBOR plus an applicable margin, as defined in the agreement, and terminates on February 21, 2002. PHH is required to pay a per annum utilization fee of .25% if usage under the facility exceeds 25% of aggregate committments. Under the new facility, any loans outstanding as of February 21, 2002 may be converted into a term loan with a final maturity of February 21, 2003.

6. Commitments and Contingencies

The June 1999 disposition of the Company's fleet businesses was structured as a tax-free reorganization and, accordingly, no tax provision was recorded on a majority of the gain. However, pursuant to a recent interpretive ruling, the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") has taken the position that similarly structured transactions do not qualify as tax-free reorganizations under the Internal Revenue Code Section 368(a)(1)(A). If the transaction is not considered a tax-free reorganization, the resultant incremental liability could range between \$10 million and \$170 million depending upon certain factors, including utilization of tax attributes. Notwithstanding the IRS interpretive ruling, the Company believes that, based upon analysis of current tax law, its position would prevail, if challenged.

The Company is involved in litigation asserting claims associated with the accounting irregularities discovered in former CUC business units outside of the principal common stockholder class action litigation. The Company does not believe that it is feasible to predict or determine the final outcome or resolution of these unresolved proceedings. An adverse outcome from such unresolved proceedings could be material with respect to earnings in any given reporting period. However, the Company does not believe that the impact of such unresolved proceedings should result in a material liability to the Company in relation to its consolidated financial position or liquidity.

The Company is involved in pending litigation in the usual course of business. In the opinion of management, such other litigation will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

7. Stockholders' Equity

Issuances of CD Common Stock

During first quarter 2001, the purchase contracts underlying the Company's FELINE PRIDES settled. Accordingly, the Company issued approximately 61 million shares of its CD common stock in satisfaction of its obligation to deliver common stock to beneficial owners of the PRIDES.

During first quarter 2001, the Company also issued 46 million shares of its CD common stock at \$13.20 per share for aggregate proceeds of approximately \$607 million.

Comprehensive Income

The components of comprehensive income are summarized as follows:

9

	Three Months Ended March 31,		
	2001	2000	
Net income Other comprehensive income (loss):	\$ 239	\$ 69	
Currency translation adjustments	(74)	(21)	
Unrealized gains (losses) on marketable securities, net of tax: Unrealized gains (losses) arising during period Reclassification adjustment for losses realized in net income Unrealized losses on cash flow hedges, net of tax	32 45 (3)	(12)	
Total comprehensive income	\$ 239 =====	\$36 =====	

The after-tax components of accumulated other comprehensive loss for the three months ended March 31, 2001 are as follows:

	Currency	Unrealized Gains/(Losses)	Unrealized Losses	Accumulated Other
	Translation	on Marketable	on Cash Flow	Comprehensive
	Adjustments	Securities	Hedges	Loss
Balance, January 1, 2001	\$(165)	\$ (69)	\$	(234)
Current period change	(74)	77	(3)	
Balance, March 31, 2001	\$(239)	\$ 8	\$ (3)	\$(234)
	=====	=====	=====	

8. Derivatives

Consistent with its historical risk management policies, the Company entered into foreign currency forwards during first quarter 2001 to manage currency fluctuation risks during fiscal year 2001. The Company also entered into interest rate swaps and instruments with option features to hedge interest rate risks on certain car rental, fleet management and mortgage-related asset and liability accounts, as well as the interest expense associated with its \$2.85 billion principal common stockholder litigation settlement liability. Such instruments were also used by the Company to create a desired mix of fixed and floating rate debt.

Foreign Currency Risk

The Company uses forward contracts to manage its exposure to changes in foreign currency exchange rates. These risks include non-functional currency receivables, earnings of foreign entities and forecasted royalty streams in non-functional currencies. The Company primarily hedges its foreign currency exposure to the British pound, Canadian dollar and Euro. The majority of the forward contracts do not qualify for hedge accounting treatment under SFAS No. 133. The fluctuations in the value of these foreign currency forwards do, however, effectively offset the impact of changes in the value of the underlying risk that they are intended to hedge. Forward contracts that are used to hedge certain forecasted transactions do qualify for hedge accounting treatment as cash flow hedges. The impact of those foreign currency forwards is not material to the Company's results of operations or financial position at March 31, 2001.

Interest Rate Risk

The debt used to finance much of the Company's operations, its car rental business and its mortgage-related assets is subject to volatility due to interest rate fluctuations. The Company uses various hedging strategies and derivative financial instruments to create a desired mix of fixed and floating rate debt and interest rate related assets. Derivative instruments currently used in managing the Company's exposure to interest rate fluctuations include swaps and instruments with option features. A combination of fair value hedges, cash flow hedges and financial instruments that do not qualify for hedge accounting treatment under SFAS No. 133 are used to manage the Company's portfolio of interest sensitive assets and liabilities.

Fair value hedges are used to manage the Company's mortgage servicing rights, mortgage loans held for sale and medium-term notes. During first quarter 2001, the Company recorded a loss of \$4 million to reflect the ineffective portion of its fair value hedges. Such amount is included in net revenues within the Consolidated Condensed Statement of Income.

Cash flow hedges are used to manage the interest expense incurred on the Company's floating rate debt and on a portion of its principal common stockholder litigation settlement liability. No ineffectiveness resulted from these cash flow hedging relationships during first quarter 2001. Derivative gains and losses included in other comprehensive income are reclassified into earnings when interest payments or other liability-related accruals are made. During first quarter 2001, the amount of gains or losses reclassified from other comprehensive income to earnings was not material. Over the next 12 months, derivative losses of approximately \$8 million are expected to be reclassified into earnings. Certain of the Company's forecasted cash flows are hedged up to three years into the future.

9. Segment Information

Management evaluates each segment's performance based upon a modified earnings before interest, income taxes, depreciation and amortization and minority interest calculation. For this purpose, Adjusted EBITDA is defined as earnings before non-operating interest, income taxes, non-vehicle depreciation and amortization, minority interest

10

and equity in Homestore.com, adjusted to exclude certain items which are of a non-recurring or unusual nature and are not measured in assessing segment performance or are not segment specific.

	Three Months Ended March 31,					
	20	01	2000			
	Adjusted Revenues EBITDA					
Real Estate Services	\$ 339	\$ 132	\$ 289	\$ 114		
Hospitality	264	104	242	91		
Vehicle Services	454	93	137	72		
Financial Services	390	131	381	133		
Total Reportable Segments	1,447	460	1,049	410		
Corporate and Other	39	(17)	79	2		
Total Company	\$1,486	\$ 443	\$1,128	\$ 412		
		======	======			

Included in Corporate and Other are the results of operations of the Company's non-strategic businesses, unallocated corporate overhead and the elimination of transactions between segments.

Provided below is a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to income before income taxes, minority interest and equity in Homestore.com.

	Three Months Ended March 31,		
	2001	2000	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 443	\$ 412	
Non-vehicle depreciation and amortization Other (charges) credits:	(101)	(85)	
Restructuring and other unusual charges	(185)	(106)	
Litigation settlement and related costs	(11)	38	
Merger-related costs	(8)		
Non-vehicle interest, net	(60)	(26)	
Net gain (loss) on dispositions of businesses	435	(13)	
Income before income taxes, minority interest and			
equity in Homestore.com	\$ 513	\$ 220	

=====

=====

10. Subsequent Events

Convertible Notes. During May 2001, the Company issued zero-coupon zero-yield convertible senior notes to a qualified institutional buyer in a private offering for gross proceeds of \$1.0 billion. The notes mature in 2021. The Company may be required to repurchase these notes on May 4, 2002. The Company is not required to pay interest on the notes unless an interest adjustment becomes payable, which may occur in specified circumstances commencing in 2004. Each \$1,000 principal amount at maturity may be convertible, subject to satisfaction of specific contingencies, into approximately 39 shares of CD common stock.

Asset-Backed Notes. During May 2001, the Company's Avis car rental subsidiary registered \$500 million of auction rate rental car asset backed notes. These notes are secured by rental vehicles owned by such subsidiary. The notes bear interest at a rate of LIBOR plus or minus an applicable margin determined from time to time through an auction. The Company issued approximately \$200 million under this registration statement.

Repurchase of Move.com Common Stock. During June 2001, the Company bought back 1,598,030 shares of Move.com common stock held by Liberty Digital, Inc. in exchange for 1,164,048 shares of Homestore common stock (valued at approximately \$31 million and approximately \$19 million) in cash.

11

Item 2. Restated Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements and accompanying Notes thereto included elsewhere herein. Unless otherwise noted, all dollar amounts are in millions.

RESULTS OF CONSOLIDATED OPERATIONS - 2001 vs. 2000

On March 1, 2001, we acquired all of the outstanding shares of Avis Group Holdings, Inc. that we did not already own for \$33.00 per share in cash, or approximately \$994 million, including \$40 million of transaction costs and expenses (referred to herein as "the Acquisition"). Avis Group is one of the world's leading service and information providers for comprehensive automotive transportation and vehicle management solutions. The consolidated results of operations of Avis Group have been included in our consolidated results of operations since the date of acquisition.

Strong contributions from many of our businesses and the addition of the operations of Avis Group to our Vehicle Services segment contributed to revenue growth of \$358 million, or 32%. As a result of the Acquisition and certain unusual charges, our expenses increased \$513 million, or 57%. Such unusual charges primarily consisted of (i) \$95 million to fund an irrevocable contribution to an independent technology trust responsible for providing technology initiatives for the benefit of current and future franchisees at Century 21, Coldwell Banker and ERA, (ii) \$85 million incurred in connection with the creation of Travel Portal, Inc., a company that was created to pursue the development of an online travel business for the benefit of certain current

and future franchisees, (iii) \$25 million of professional fees and settlement costs incurred in connection with accounting irregularities in the former business units of CUC International, Inc. and resulting investigations into such matters and (iv) \$8 million related to the acquisition and integration of Avis Group. Such charges were partially offset by a non-recurring non-cash credit of \$14 million to reflect an adjustment to the PRIDES class action litigation settlement charge recorded in the fourth quarter of 1998 primarily for Rights that expired unexercised. Our non-vehicle interest expense increased \$34 million primarily as a result of interest expense accrued on our stockholder litigation settlement liability, which was partially offset by interest income earned on our deposits to an escrow fund established for the benefit of the plaintiffs in such litigation.

Also during first quarter 2001, we sold our real estate Internet portal, move.com, along with certain ancillary businesses to Homestore.com, Inc. in exchange for approximately 21 million shares of Homestore common stock valued at \$718 million. We recorded a gain of \$548 million on the sale of these businesses, of which \$436 million (\$262 million, after tax) was recognized at the time of closing. We deferred \$112 million of the gain, which represents the portion that was equivalent to our common equity ownership percentage in Homestore at the time of closing.

Our overall effective tax rate for continuing operations was 40% in first quarter 2001 and 35% in first quarter 2000. The higher tax rate in 2001 was primarily due to higher state income taxes on the net gain on dispositions of businesses discussed above.

As a result of the above-mentioned items, income before extraordinary loss and cumulative effect of accounting change increased \$150 million.

RESULTS OF REPORTABLE SEGMENTS

The underlying discussions of each segment's operating results focuses on Adjusted EBITDA, which is defined as earnings before non-operating interest, income taxes, non-vehicle depreciation and amortization, minority interest and equity in Homestore.com, adjusted to exclude certain items which are of a non-recurring or unusual nature and are not measured in assessing segment performance or are not segment specific. Our management believes such discussions are the most informative representation of how management evaluates performance. However, our presentation of Adjusted EBITDA may not be comparable with similar measures used by other companies.

12

Three Months Ended March 31, 2001 vs. Three Months Ended March 31, 2000

	Revenues			Adjusted EBITDA			AQ
	2001	2000	 % Change	2001	2000(a)	 % Change	200
Real Estate Services	\$ 339	\$ 289	17%	\$ 132(d)	\$ 114	16%	3
Hospitality	264	242	9	104	91(g)	14	3
Vehicle Services	454	137	231	93(e)	72	29	2
Financial Services	390	381	2	131	133	(2)	3

No

Total Reportable Segments	1,447	1,049		460	410
Corporate and Other(c)	39	79	*	(17)(f)	2(h)
Total Company	\$1,486	\$1,128		\$ 443	\$ 412
				======	

* Not meaningful.

- (a) Excludes a charge of \$106 million in connection with restructuring and other initiatives (\$2 million, \$63 million, \$31 million and \$10 million within Real Estate Services, Hospitality, Financial Services and Corporate and Other, respectively).
- (b) The decrease in the Adjusted EBITDA Margin is primarily due to the inclusion of the consolidated results of operations of Avis Group in connection with the Acquisition. Prior to the Acquisition, revenue and Adjusted EBITDA of this segment consisted principally of earnings from our equity investment in Avis Group, royalties received from Avis Group and the operations of our National Car Parks subsidiary.
- (c) Included in Corporate and Other are the results of operations of our non-strategic businesses, unallocated corporate overhead and the elimination of transactions between segments.
- (d) Excludes a charge of \$95 million to fund an irrevocable contribution to an independent technology trust responsible for providing technology initiatives for the benefit of current and future franchisees at Century 21, Coldwell Banker and ERA.
- (e) Excludes a charge of \$4 million related to the acquisition and integration of Avis Group and includes \$5 million of interest expense related to debt used in the Acquisition.
- (f) Excludes (i) a net gain of \$435 million related to the dispositions of businesses and (ii) a non-cash credit of \$14 million to reflect an adjustment to the PRIDES class action litigation settlement charge recorded in the fourth quarter of 1998 primarily for Rights that expired unexercised. Such amounts were partially offset by charges of (i) \$85 million incurred in connection with the creation of Travel Portal, Inc., a company that was created to pursue the development of an online travel business for the benefit of certain current and future franchisees, (ii) \$25 million for investigation-related costs, (iii) \$7 million related to a non-cash contribution to the Cendant Charitable Foundation and (iv) \$4 million related to the acquisition and integration of Avis Group.
- (g) Excludes \$4 million of losses related to the dispositions of businesses.
- (h) Excludes a non-cash credit of \$41 million in connection with a change to the original estimate of the number of Rights to be issued in connection with the PRIDES settlement resulting from unclaimed and uncontested Rights. Such credit was partially offset by (i) \$9 million of losses related to the dispositions of businesses and (ii) \$3 million of investigation-related costs.

Real Estate Services

Revenues and Adjusted EBITDA increased \$50 million (17%) and \$18 million (16%), respectively. Our brands continue to hold leading market positions in residential real estate brokerage and employee relocation services, and Cendant Mortgage is now one of the largest retail mortgage lenders in the United States. The increase in operating results was principally driven by a significant increase in mortgage loan production, mortgage servicing portfolio growth and increased service based fees generated from client relocations.

Revenues from mortgage loans sold increased \$34 million (64%), driven by significant increases in both purchase and refinancing volume during first quarter 2001. Collectively, mortgage loans sold increased \$2.2 billion (59%) to \$5.9 billion. Beginning in January 2001, Merrill Lynch has outsourced its

mortgage originations and servicing operations to us. On a pro forma basis, inclusive of Merrill Lynch's loan volume, we would have ranked as the second largest retail mortgage lender in 2000. Closed mortgage loans increased \$3.7 billion (97%) to \$7.6 billion. This growth consisted of a \$2.5 billion (approximately 700%) increase in refinancings and a \$1.3 billion (36%) increase in purchase mortgage closings. New Merrill Lynch business accounted for 13% of our mortgage closings in first quarter 2001. A significant portion of mortgages closed in any quarter will generate revenues in future periods as such loans are packaged and sold (revenues are recognized upon the sale of the loan, typically 45-60 days after closing). Loan servicing revenues increased \$8 million (34%) due to a \$29 billion (56%) increase in the average servicing portfolio. In conjunction with Merrill Lynch outsourcing its mortgage origination operations to us, we added \$11.3 billion to the servicing portfolio in first quarter 2001.

Service based fees from relocation activities also contributed to the increase in revenues and Adjusted EBITDA. Relocation referral fees increased \$5 million due to increased market penetration and higher average fees. During first quarter 2001, we increased our global client base by 46 clients and increased services to over 100 clients. Royalties from real estate franchising remained relatively unchanged in first quarter 2001 despite soft industry-wide conditions, particularly in

13

California. A 3% reduction in home sales volume, was offset by a 5% increase in the average price of homes sold, increased unit growth from franchise sales and acquisitions by NRT Incorporated, our largest franchisee.

Hospitality

Revenues and Adjusted EBITDA increased \$22 million (9%) and \$13 million (14%), respectively. Timeshare subscription and exchange revenues grew \$9 million (10%), primarily due to a 10% increase in average members and a 8% increase in the number of exchange transactions. In January 2001, we acquired Holiday Cottages Group Limited, the leading UK brand in the holiday cottage rental sector. Holiday Cottages generated \$9 million of revenues and \$4 million of Adjusted EBITDA in first quarter 2001. The Adjusted EBITDA margin increased from 38% to 39% as increased timeshare call and exchange volume was achieved with lesser increases in expenses due to the operating leverage we have within our timeshare exchange operations.

Vehicle Services

Prior to the Acquisition, revenue and Adjusted EBITDA of this segment consisted principally of earnings from our equity investment in Avis Group, royalties received from Avis Group and the operations of our National Car Parks subsidiary. Subsequent to the Acquisition, the operations of Avis Group were added to this segment. The operations of Avis Group are comprised of the car rental business, which provides vehicle rentals to business and leisure customers, and the fleet management business, which provides fully integrated fleet management services to corporate customers including vehicle leasing, advisory services, fuel and maintenance cards, other expense management programs and productivity enhancement. Avis Group contributed revenue and Adjusted EBITDA of \$346 million and \$35 million, respectively, for the one-month period ended March 31, 2001. Adjusted EBITDA for Avis Group included \$5 million of interest expense on vehicle-related debt incurred to fund the Acquisition. Partially offsetting the operating results of Avis Group was a \$13 million income reduction at National Car Parks, of which \$9 million was due to reduced income from financial investments.

Financial Services

Revenues increased \$9 million (2%) while Adjusted EBITDA declined \$2 million (2%). Jackson Hewitt, our tax preparation franchise business experienced strong quarter over quarter growth in revenues of \$10 million (20%) principally due to a 20% increase in tax return volume. Also contributing favorably to revenues and Adjusted EBITDA was a favorable mix of products and programs with marketing partners for individual memberships. Additionally, the integration of Netmarket, our online membership business, during fourth quarter 2000 contributed \$16 million and \$3 million to first quarter 2001 revenues and Adjusted EBITDA, respectively. Partially offsetting these favorable results were fewer individual memberships expiring during first quarter 2001 (revenue is generally recognized upon expiration of the membership) and reduced billings and collections of insurance premiums at our FISI/BCI insurance wholesale subsidiary.

On July 2, 2001, we announced that we had entered into a number of agreements, including a forty-year outsourcing agreement, with Trilegiant Corporation, a newly formed company owned by the former management of our Cendant Membership Services and Cendant Incentives subsidiaries. Under the terms of these agreements, we will continue to recognize revenue and collect membership fees and are obligated to provide membership benefits to existing members of our individual membership business. Trilegiant will provide fulfillment services to these members in exchange for a servicing fee. Trilegiant will license and/or lease from us the assets of our individual membership business to service existing members and to obtain new members for which Trilegiant will retain the economic benefits and service obligations. Beginning in the third quarter of 2002, we will receive from Trilegiant a royalty from membership fees generated by their new membership joins. The royalty received will range from a rate of 5% to 16% of Trilegiant membership revenue. In connection with the foregoing arrangements we have also agreed to fund up to a total of approximately \$130 million (approximately \$100 million in cash and \$30 million in non-cash assets) of Trilegiant's marketing expenses, subject to certain conditions, over the next four years and have made a \$20 million investment in Trilegiant in the form of convertible preferred stock. As a result of these agreements, we will not spin-off our individual membership business to our stockholders, as previously planned.

Corporate and Other

Revenues and Adjusted EBITDA growth were negatively impacted by \$30 million less income recognized from financial investments during first quarter 2001.

14

FINANCIAL CONDITION, LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Financial Condition

	March 31,	December 31	,	
	2001	2000	Change	
Total assets exclusive of assets under programs	\$16,934	\$12,211	\$ 4,723	
Assets under programs	10,660	2,861	7,799	
Total liabilities exclusive of liabilities under programs	\$11,257	\$ 7,724	\$ 3,533	
Liabilities under programs	10,619	2,516	8,103	
Mandatorily redeemable securities	375	2,058	(1,683)	

Stockholders' equity

5,343 2,774 2,569

Total assets exclusive of assets under programs increased primarily due to cash proceeds provided by financing activities during first quarter 2001, an increase in goodwill resulting from the Acquisition and various other increases in assets also due to the Acquisition. Assets under programs increased primarily due to vehicles acquired in the Acquisition.

Total liabilities exclusive of liabilities under programs increased primarily due to first quarter 2001 debt issuances aggregating \$1.6 billion, approximately \$900 million of debt assumed as a result of the Acquisition and various other increases in liabilities also due to the Acquisition. Liabilities under programs increased primarily due to approximately \$6.8 billion of debt assumed in the Acquisition and first quarter 2001 debt issuances aggregating \$1.4 billion.

Mandatorily redeemable securities decreased due to the settlement of the purchase contracts underlying the Feline PRIDES during first quarter 2001, which resulted in the issuance of approximately 61 million shares of CD common stock.

Stockholders' equity increased primarily due to the above-mentioned issuance of approximately 61 million shares of CD common stock, the issuance during first quarter 2001 of 46 million shares of CD common stock at \$13.20 per share for aggregate proceeds of approximately \$607 million and first quarter 2001 net income of \$239 million.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Based upon cash flows provided by our operations and access to liquidity through various other sources, including public debt and equity markets and financial institutions, we have sufficient liquidity to fund our current business plans and obligations.

Cash Flows

	Three Months Ended March 31,			
	2001 2000		Change	
Cash provided by (used in) continuing operations: Operating activities Investing activities	\$ 105 (1,506)	\$	\$ 96 (1,356)	
Financing activities Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	2,554 (5)	(76) 1	2,630 (6)	
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,148	\$ (216) ======	\$ 1,364	

Cash flows from operating activities increased primarily due to the impact of the Acquisition.

Cash flows used in investing activities increased primarily due to the utilization of cash to fund the Acquisition and the funding of \$250 million to the stockholder litigation settlement trust during first quarter 2001.

Cash flows from financing activities resulted in an inflow of \$2.6 billion in first quarter 2001 compared to an outflow of \$76 million in first quarter 2000,

primarily due to proceeds of \$2.3 billion received from the issuances of debt and CD common stock during first quarter 2001.

15

Capital Expenditures

Capital expenditures during first quarter 2001 amounted to \$68 million and were utilized to support operational growth, enhance marketing opportunities and develop operating efficiencies through technological improvements. We anticipate a capital expenditure investment during 2001 ranging from \$275 million to \$325 million. Such amount represents an increase from 2000 primarily due to the acquisitions of Avis Group and Fairfield Communities, Inc.

Debt Financing

Activities of our management and mortgage programs include the former fleet management business and car rental operations of Avis Group, as well as our mortgage and relocation businesses. Such activities are autonomous and distinct from our other activities. Therefore, management believes it is more useful to review the debt financing of management and mortgage programs separately from the debt financing of our other activities.

Exclusive of Management and Mortgage Programs

Our total long-term debt increased \$2.2 billion to \$4.2 billion at March 31, 2001. Such increase was primarily attributable to the assumption of Avis Group debt of approximately \$900 million and additional debt issuances of \$1.6 billion. During first quarter 2001, we issued \$1.5 billion aggregate principal amount at maturity of zero-coupon convertible senior notes for aggregate gross proceeds of approximately \$900 million and borrowed \$650 million under a new term loan agreement.

During May 2001, we issued zero-coupon zero-yield convertible senior notes to a qualified institutional buyer in a private offering for gross proceeds of \$1.0 billion. We expect to utilize the proceeds for general corporate purposes and to reduce certain borrowings. The notes mature in 2021. We are not required to pay interest on the notes unless an interest adjustment becomes payable, which may occur in specified circumstances. Each \$1,000 principal amount at maturity may be convertible, subject to satisfaction of specific contingencies, into approximately 39 shares of CD common stock.

Coincident with the acquisition of Avis Group, we assumed and guaranteed a \$450 million six-year revolving credit facility maturing in June 2005. Borrowings under the six-year credit facility bear interest at LIBOR plus a margin of approximately 175 basis points. We are required to pay a per annum facility fee of 37.5 basis points. Also issued under this facility are letters of credit of \$130 million as of March 31, 2001. At March 31, 2001, we had approximately \$20 million of availability under this facility and, in addition, we had approximately \$1.0 billion available under existing credit facilities.

Related to Management and Mortgage Programs

Activities of our management and mortgage programs are primarily supported by the issuance of commercial paper and medium-term notes and by maintaining secured obligations, depending upon asset growth and financial market conditions.

Debt related to our management and mortgage programs increased \$7.5 billion to \$9.6 billion at March 31, 2001. Such increase was primarily attributable to the

assumption of Avis Group debt principally comprising \$3.7 billion of medium-term notes, \$1.6 billion of interest bearing notes and \$957 million of commercial paper and also additional medium-term notes issuances aggregating \$1.4 billion during first quarter 2001. Medium-term notes of \$650 million were issued under an existing shelf registration statement filed by our PHH subsidiary. We have approximately \$2.4 billion remaining available for issuing medium-term notes under this shelf registration statement. The remaining \$750 million consisted of floating rate rental car asset backed notes which were issued through our Avis car rental subsidiary.

During second quarter 2001, our Avis car rental subsidiary also registered \$500 million of auction rate rental car asset backed notes. These notes are secured by rental vehicles owned by such subsidiary. The notes bear interest at a rate of LIBOR plus or minus an applicable spread determined from time to time through an auction. We issued approximately \$200 million under this registration statement and utilized such proceeds to reduce outstanding commercial paper borrowings.

16

Other Liquidity

During June 2001, we bought back 1,598,030 shares of Move.com common stock held by Liberty Digital, Inc. in exchange for 1,164,048 shares of Homestore common stock (valued at approximately \$31 million) and approximately \$19 million in cash.

Strategic Business Initiatives

On June 18, 2001, we announced that we had entered into a definitive agreement to acquire all of the outstanding common stock of Galileo International, Inc., a leading provider of electronic global distribution services for the travel industry, at an expected value of \$33 per share, or approximately \$2.9 billion in aggregate. As part of the acquisition, we will also assume approximately \$600 million of Galileo net debt. The final acquisition price will be paid in a combination of CD common stock and cash. The number of shares of CD common stock to be paid to Galileo stockholders will fluctuate, between 116 million and 137 million shares, within a collar of \$17 to \$20 per share of CD common stock. The remainder of the purchase price, approximately \$562 million, will be paid in cash and may fluctuate if the average price per share of CD common stock during a stipulated period is above or below the collar. We anticipate funding the cash portion of the final acquisition price from available cash, lines of credit or debt issuances. The transaction is subject to customary regulatory approvals and the approval of Galileo's stockholders. Although no assurances can be given, we expect the transaction to close in the fall of 2001.

On April 2, 2001, we consummated the acquisition of all of the outstanding common stock of Fairfield Communities, Inc., one of the largest vacation ownership companies in the United States, for approximately \$750 million, including transaction costs and expenses and the conversion of Fairfield employee stock options into CD common stock options. The acquisition was funded from available cash.

We continually explore and conduct discussions with regard to acquisitions and other strategic corporate transactions in our industries and in other franchise, franchisable or service businesses in addition to transactions previously announced. As part of our regular on-going evaluation of acquisition opportunities, we currently are engaged in a number of separate, unrelated preliminary discussions concerning possible acquisitions. The purchase price for the possible acquisitions may be paid in cash, through the issuance of CD common

stock or other of our securities, borrowings, or a combination thereof. Prior to consummating any such possible acquisition, we will need to, among other things, initiate and complete satisfactorily our due diligence investigations; negotiate the financial and other terms (including price) and conditions of such acquisitions; obtain appropriate Board of Directors, regulatory and other necessary consents and approvals; and, if necessary, secure financing. No assurance can be given with respect to the timing, likelihood or business effect of any possible transaction. In the past, we have been involved in both relatively small acquisitions and acquisitions which have been significant.

17

Item 3. Quantitative And Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risks

As previously discussed in our 2000 Annual Report on Form 10-K/A, we assess our market risk based on changes in interest and foreign currency exchange rates utilizing a sensitivity analysis. The sensitivity analysis measures the potential loss in earnings, fair values, and cash flows based on a hypothetical 10% change (increase and decrease) in our market risk sensitive positions. We used March 31, 2001 market rates to perform a sensitivity analysis separately for each of our market risk exposures. The estimates assume instantaneous, parallel shifts in interest rate yield curves and exchange rates. We have determined, through such analyses, that the impact of a 10% change in interest and foreign currency exchange rates and prices on our earnings, fair values and cash flows would not be material.

18

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

(a) Exhibits

See Exhibit Index

(b) Reports on Form 8-K

On January 9, 2001, we filed a current report on Form 8-K to report under Item 5 changes in our management.

On January 18, 2001, we filed a current report on Form 8-K to report under Item 5 the prospectus covering the issuance and sale of new and additional Feline PRIDES.

On January 19, 2001, we filed a current report of Form 8-K/A to report under Item 5 the reclassification of our individual membership business as a discontinued operation.

On February 8, 2001, we filed a current report on Form 8-K to report under Item 5 the issuance of CD common stock, our agreement to issue debt securities in a private offering and our projected adjusted earnings per share from continuing operations for 2001.

On February 8, 2001, we filed a current report on Form 8-K to report under Item 5 our fourth quarter and full year 2000 financial results.

On February 20, 2001, we filed a current report on Form 8-K to report under Item

5 the issuance of debt securities.

On March 9, 2001, we filed a current report on Form 8-K to report under Item 2 the acquisition of Avis Group Holdings, Inc. on March 1, 2001.

On March 12, 2001, we filed a current report on Form 8-K to report under Item 5 our Consolidated Schedule of Free Cash Flow for the years ended December 31, 2000 and 1999.

On March 21, 2001, we filed a current report on Form 8-K/A to report under Item 7 the final Indenture relating to the issuances of debt securities in February 2001.

19

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

CENDANT CORPORATION

/s/ Kevin M. Sheehan

Kevin M. Sheehan Senior Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

/s/ Tobia Ippolito

Tobia Ippolito Executive Vice President, Finance and Chief Accounting Officer

Date: July 2, 2001

20

Exhibit Index

Exhibit No.

Description

- 3.1 Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's 10-Q/A for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2000, dated July 28, 2000).
- 3.2 Amended and Restated By-Laws of the Company (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Company's 10-Q/A for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2000, dated July 28, 2000).
- 4.1 Indenture dated as of February 11, 1997, between CUC International Inc. and Marine Midland Bank, as Trustee (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4(a) to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated February 13, 1997).
- 4.2 Indenture dated February 24, 1998 between the Company and The Bank

of Nova Scotia Trust Company of New York, as Trustee (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-3, Registration No. 333-45227, dated January 29, 1998).

- 4.3 Global Note (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 4, 1998).
- 4.4 Indenture dated November 6, 2000 between PHH Corporation and Bank One Trust Company, N.A., as Trustee (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.0 to PHH Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 12, 2000).
- 4.5 Supplemental Indenture No. 1 dated November 6, 2000 between PHH Corporation and Bank One Trust Company, N.A., as Trustee (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to PHH Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 12, 2000).
- 4.6 Supplemental Indenture No. 2 dated January 30, 2001 between PHH Corporation and Bank One Trust Company, N.A., as Trustee (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to PHH Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K dated February 8, 2001).
- 4.7 Indenture dated February 13, 2001 between the Company and The Bank of New York, as Trustee (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated February 20, 2001).
- 4.8 Purchase Agreement (including as Exhibit A the form of the Warrant for the Purchase of Shares of Common Stock), dated December 15, 1999, between Cendant Corporation and Liberty Media Corporation (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.11 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1999).
- 4.9 Resale Registration Rights Agreement dated as of February 13, 2001 between the Company and Lehman Brothers Inc. (Incorporated by reference to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2000).
- 4.10 Indenture dated as of May 4, 2001 between the Company and The Bank of New York, as Trustee (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated May 11, 2001).
- 10.1 Consulting Agreement with Martin L. Edelman, dated March 21, 2001. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2001, dated May 11, 2001).
- 10.2 Employment Agreement with Kevin M. Sheehan, dated March 1, 2001. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2001, dated May 11, 2001).
- 10.3 Amendment to the Five Year Competitive Advance and Revolving Credit Agreement dated as of February 22, 2001, among the Company, the financial institutions parties thereto and The Chase

Manhattan Bank, as Administrative Agent (Incorporated by reference to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2000).

10.4 Amendment to the Three Year Competitive Advance and Revolving Credit Agreement, dated as of February 22, 2001, among the Company, the

lenders parties thereto and The Chase Manhattan Bank, as Administrative Agent (Incorporated by reference to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2000).

- 10.5 \$650,000,000 Term Loan Agreement dated as of February 22, 2001, among the Company, the lenders therein and The Chase Manhattan Bank, as Administrative Agent (Incorporated by reference to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2000).
- 10.6 364-Day Competitive Advance and Revolving Credit Agreement dated March 4, 1997, as amended and restated through February 22, 2001, among PHH Corporation, the lenders thereto and The Chase Manhattan Bank, as Administrative Agent (Incorporated by reference to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2000).
- 12 Statement Re: Computation of Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges.