CITY NETWORK INC Form 10QSB May 22, 2006

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-QSB

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED: March 31, 2006

COMMISSION FILE NUMBER: 001-31954

CITY NETWORK, INC.
(Name of Small Business Issuer as Specified in its Charter)

Nevada
(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)

88-0467944 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

2F-1, No. 16, Jian Ba Road, Chung Ho City Taipei County 235, Taiwan, ROC (Address of Principal Executive Offices)

011-886-2-8226-5566 (Telephone Number)

Check whether the Issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or $15\,\text{(d)}$ of the Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [X] No [].

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes [] No [X].

As of May 22, 2006, there were 32,967,183 shares of common stock, par value \$0.001 per share, outstanding.

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format (check one): Yes [] No [X].

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY NETWORK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS MARCH 31, 2006 AND DECEMBER 31, 2005

	March 31, 2006	December 31, 2005
	(Unaudited)	
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 83,413	\$ 856,587
Accounts receivable, net	4,263,567	4,371,110
Inventory	356,322	252,608
Other receivables	431,301	241,304
Prepaid expenses	5,071,441	3,500,021
Short-term investments	922 , 200	
Total Current Assets	11,128,244	9,221,630
Total Cullent Assets	11,120,244	
Fixed Assets, net	, ,	2,391,422
Other Assets		
Deposits	511,616	503,579
Cash held for compensating balances	1,291,506	1,380,992
Construction in progress	32,662	418,105
Trademarks	1,707	1,727
Equity in net assets of affiliated company	761,571	790,842
Intangible assets	914,515	923,347
intangible assets		
Total Other Assets	3,513,577	4,018,592
Total Assets	\$17,811,833	\$15 , 631 , 644
	========	========

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CITY NETWORK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS MARCH 31, 2006 AND DECEMBER 31, 2005

	March 31, 2006 De	
	(Unaudited)	
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 2,474,507	\$
Convertible note payable	250,000	
Due to related party	1,106,195	
Deferred revenue	3,220,301	
Current portion, long-term debt	3,641,753	
matel Constant Tibbilities	10 (00 75)	1
Total Current Liabilities	10,692,756	1
Long-term debt, net of current portion	2,360,985	
Total Liabilities	13,053,741	1
Stockholders' Equity Common stock, \$.001 par value, 100,000,000 shares authorized, 32,967,183 shares issued and 28,521,728		
shares outstanding at March 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005	32,967	
Additional paid in capital	6,157,479	
Other comprehensive income	443,033	
Accumulated deficit	(1,875,387)	(
Total capital and retained deficit	4,758,092	
Less: cost of treasury stock	0	
Total Stockholders' Equity	4,758,092 	
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$ 17,811,833	\$ 1
	========	===

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CITY NETWORK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2006 AND 2005
(UNAUDITED)

	March 31, 2006	March 31, 2005
Sales, net	\$ 2,581,062	\$ 1,293,350
Cost of sales	2,400,155	1,255,040

Gross Profit	180,907	38,310
General and administrative expenses	358,893	323,145
Income (loss) from operations	(177,986)	(284,835)
Other (Income) Expense		
Interest income	(6,971)	(399)
Rental income	(46,470)	(47,670)
Commission income	(99,136)	(3,921)
(Gain) loss on currency exchange	12,677	8,258
Reserve for bad debt	14,993	685,000
Equity in earnings of investee	29 , 271	10,654
Miscellaneous	(32,192)	(33,529)
Loss on sale of fixed assets		82,260
Interest expense	55,370	38,398
Total Other (Income) Expense	(72,458)	739,051
Income (loss) before income taxes	(105,528)	(1,023,886)
Provision for income taxes	0	0
Net income (loss)	\$ (105,528) ========	\$ (1,023,886) =======
Net income (loss) per share (basic and diluted)	(0.004)	40.005
Basic	\$ (0.004)	\$ (0.037)
Diluted	\$ (0.004)	\$ (0.037)
Weighted average number of shares		
Basic	28,521,728	27,500,000
Diluted	28,521,728	27,500,000

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CITY NETWORK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2006 AND 2005 (UNAUDITED)

	March 31, 2006	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Net Income (Loss)	\$ (105,528)	
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash	Ų (103 , 320)	
provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	48,431	
Equity in earnings of investee	29,271	
Bad debt	14,993	
Losses on disposal of fixed assets		
Loss (Gain) on foreign currency exchange	(12,677)	

Decrease (Increase) in receivables Decrease (Increase) in other receivables Decrease (Increase) in inventory Decrease (Increase) in deposit	135,455 (107,469) (114,033)
Decrease (Increase) in prepaid expenses and other current assets Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses (Decrease) Increase in deferred revenue (Decrease) Increase in other liabilities	(1,256,004) 976,929 10,967
Total Adjustments	(274,137)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(379,665)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Purchases of property, plant and equipment Increase in short-term investments Increase in other assets	(774,714) (921,138) 99,908
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(1,595,945)

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CITY NETWORK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2006 AND 2005 (UNAUDITED)

	March 31, 2006	March 3
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from short-term borrowings	\$ 678,950	\$ 1,4
Payment on notes payable	(1,308,210)	(1,5
Payment of loan from related party	(215)	
Proceeds from long-term debts	1,791,307	
Proceeds from advance	19 , 910	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	1,181,742	(
Effect of exchange rate change on cash	20,694	
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(773,174)	(6
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	856 , 587	2,0
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 83,413 ======	\$ 1,3 ====
Supplemental cash flows disclosures: Income tax payments	\$ =======	\$ =====

Interest payments

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CITY NETWORK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY MARCH 31, 2006 AND DECEMBER 31, 2005

	March 31, 2006	December 31, 2005
	(Unaudited)	
Common stock, number of shares Balance at beginning of period Common stock issued	32,967,183 	27,500,000 5,467,183
Balance at end of period	32,967,183	32,967,183
Treasury stock, number of shares Balance at beginning of period Treasury stock acquired	4,445,455 	4,445,455
Balance at end of period	4,445,455	4,445,455
Common stock, par value \$.001 Balance at beginning of period Common stock issued	\$ 32,967 	\$ 27,500 5,467
Balance at end of period	32,967	32,967
Additional paid in capital Balance at beginning of period Issuance of stock	6,157,479 	5,937,946 219,533
Balance at end of period	6,157,479	6,157,479
Other comprehensive income Balance at beginning of period Foreign currency translation	366,384 76,649	142,453 223,931
Balance at end of period	443,033	366,384
Retained earnings (deficits) Balance at beginning of period Net income (loss)	(1,769,859) (105,528)	(712,383) (1,057,476)
Balance at end of period	(1,875,387)	(1,769,859)
Less: Cost of treasury stock	0	0

Total stockholders' equity at end of period

\$ 4,758,092 =======

\$ 4,786,971

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CITY NETWORK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
MARCH 31, 2006
(UNAUDITED)

NOTE A - ORGANIZATION

City Network, Inc., formerly Investment Agents, Inc., was incorporated on August 8, 1996 under the laws of the State of Nevada. City Network Technology, Inc., formerly Gelcrest Investments Limited, was incorporated under the laws of the British Virgin Islands on March 1, 2002. City Network, Inc.—Taiwan, formerly City Engineering, Inc., was incorporated under the laws of Republic of China on September 6, 1994. City Construction was incorporated under the laws of Republic of China on October 10, 2003. City Network, Inc. owns 100% of the capital stock of City Network Technology, Inc., and City Network, Technology, Inc. owns 100% of the capital stock of City Network. Collectively the four corporations are referred to herein as the "Company".

The Company designs, manufactures and markets a comprehensive line of broadband communication and wireless Internet access products and solutions. Also, the broadband communication product line includes VOIP, GUI-based remote management and routing technology software packages for simplified setup, extensive network management and global network connectivity capabilities, home PNA and xDSL broadband access equipment, ADSL/VDSL ACCESS DEVICES, HPNA ACCESS DEVICES, FTTB (Fiber to the Building) and FTTH (Fiber to the Home), PCMCIA cards and USB adapters. The other wireless Internet access solutions are used in both individual and corporate.

The Company has also recently begun the development of its construction business. The Company plans to develop and build commercial and residential buildings, industry factory buildings, and professional buildings. The Company has entered co-construction agreements for the development of land in Keelung, Taiwan and the purchase of materials with a company in Vietnam, as further described in Note H herein.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared by City Network, Inc., pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") Form 10-QSB and Item 310 of Regulation S-B and generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial reporting. These financial statements are unaudited and, in the opinion of management, include all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments and accruals) necessary for a fair presentation of the statement of financial position, operations, and cash flows for the periods presented. Operating results for the three months ended March 31, 2006 and 2005 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ended December 31, 2006, or any future period, due to seasonal and other factors. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting policies have been omitted in accordance with the rules and

regulations of the SEC. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes, included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended December 31, 2005.

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NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

REVENUE RECOGNITION

Revenue from sales of products to customers is recognized upon shipment or when title passes to customers based on the terms of the sales, and is recorded net of returns, discounts and allowances. Service income is recognized as the related services are provided pursuant to the terms of the service agreement.

PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of City Network, Inc., and its wholly owned subsidiaries City Network Technology, Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiaries, City Network, Inc. - Taiwan and City Construction, collectively referred to within as the Company. All material intercompany accounts, transactions and profits have been eliminated in consolidation.

RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Company is subject to substantial risks from, among other things, intense competition from the providers of broadband products, services and the telecommunication industry in general, other risks associated with financing, liquidity requirements, rapidly changing customer requirements, limited operating history, and the volatility of public markets.

CONTINGENCIES

Certain conditions may exist as of the date the financial statements are issued, which may result in a loss to the Company but which will only be resolved when one or more future events occur or fail to occur. The Company's management and legal counsel assess such contingent liabilities, and such assessment inherently involves an exercise of judgment. In assessing loss contingencies related to legal proceedings that are pending against the Company or unasserted claims that may result in such proceedings, the Company's legal counsel evaluates the perceived merits of any legal proceedings or unasserted claims as well as the perceived merits of the amount of relief sought or expected to be sought.

If the assessment of a contingency indicates that it is probable that a material loss has been incurred and the amount of the liability can be estimated, then the estimated liability would be accrued in the Company's financial statements. If the assessment indicates that a potential material loss contingency is not probable but is reasonably possible, or is probable but cannot be estimated, then the nature of the contingent liability, together with an estimate of the range of possible loss if determinable and material would be disclosed.

Loss contingencies considered to be remote by management are generally not disclosed unless they involve guarantees, in which case the guarantee would be disclosed.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates include collectibility of accounts receivable, accounts payable, sales returns and recoverability of long-term assets.

ALLOWANCE FOR DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS

The Company has made an allowance for doubtful accounts for trade receivables based on a combination of write-off history, aging analysis, and any specific known troubled accounts.

FIXED ASSETS

Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Expenditures for major additions and improvements are capitalized and minor replacements, maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred. Depreciation is provided on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, or the remaining term of the lease, as follows:

Furniture and Fixtures	5	years
Equipment	5	years
Computer Hardware and Software	3	years
Building and Improvements	50	years

INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Effective July 2002, the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets." The adoption of SFAS No. 142 required an initial impairment assessment involving a comparison of the fair value of trademarks, patents and other intangible assets to current carrying value. No impairment loss was recognized for the three months period ended March 31, 2006. Trademarks and other intangible assets determined to have indefinite useful lives are not amortized. The Company tests such trademarks and other intangible assets with indefinite useful lives for impairment annually, or more frequently if events or circumstances indicate that an asset might be impaired. Trademarks and other intangible assets determined to have definite lives are amortized over their useful lives or the life of the trademark and other intangible asset, whichever is less.

EXCHANGE GAIN (LOSS)

As of March 31, 2006 and 2005, the transactions of City Network, Inc.—Taiwan and City Construction were denominated in a foreign currency and are recorded in New Taiwan Dollars ("NTD"), at the rates of exchange in effect when the transactions occur. Exchange gains and losses are recognized for the different foreign exchange rates applied when the foreign currency assets and liabilities are settled.

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NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

TRANSLATION ADJUSTMENT

As of March 31, 2006, the accounts of City Network, Inc. - Taiwan and City Construction were maintained, and their financial statements were expressed, in New Taiwan Dollars (NTD). Such financial statements were translated into U.S. Dollars (USD) in accordance SFAS No. 52, "Foreign Currency Translation", with the NTD as the functional currency. According to the Statement, all assets and liabilities were translated at the current exchange rate, stockholder's equity are translated at the historical rates and income statement items are translated at the weighted average exchange rate for the period. The resulting translation adjustments are reported under other comprehensive income in accordance with SFAS No. 130, "Reporting Comprehensive Income" as a component of shareholders' equity.

As of March 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005 the exchange rates between NTD and the USD were NTD\$1=USD\$0.03074 and NTD\$1=USD\$0.03044, respectively. The weighted-average rates of exchange between NTD and USD were NTD\$1=USD\$0.03098, NTD\$1=USD\$0.03117, and NTD\$1=USD\$0.02979 for the period (year) ended March 31, 2006, December 31, 2005, and March 31, 2005, respectively. Total translation adjustment recognized as of March 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005 is \$443,033 and \$366,384, respectively.

FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Our Company measures its financial assets and liabilities in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. For certain of the Company's financial instruments, including accounts receivable (trade and related party), notes receivable and accounts payable (trade and related party), and accrued expenses, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to their short maturities. The amounts owed for long-term debt and revolving credit facility also approximate fair value because interest rates and terms offered to the Company are at current market rates.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

In accordance with SFAS No. 95, "Statement of Cash Flows", cash flows from the Company's operations are based upon the local currencies. As a result, amounts related to assets and liabilities reported on the statement of cash flows will not necessarily agree with changes in the corresponding balances on the balance sheet.

CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk are accounts receivable and other receivables arising from its normal business activities. The Company has a diversified customer base. The Company controls credit risk related to accounts receivable through credit approvals, credit limits and monitoring procedures. The Company routinely assesses the financial strength of its customers and, based upon factors surrounding the credit risk, establishes an allowance, if required, for un-collectible accounts and, as a consequence, believes that its accounts receivable credit risk exposure beyond such allowance is limited.

INVENTORY

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost or market. Cost is determined on the weighted average method. As of March 31, 2006, inventory consisted only of finished goods.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

PRODUCT WARRANTIES

The Company estimates its warranty costs based on historical warranty claim experience and applies this estimate to the revenue stream for products under warranty. Future costs for warranties applicable to revenue recognized in the current period are charged to cost of revenue. The warranty accrual is reviewed quarterly to verify that it properly reflects the remaining obligation based on anticipated expenditures over the balance of the obligation period. Adjustments are made when accrual warranty claim experience differs from estimate.

LONG-TERM EQUITY INVESTMENTS

Long-term equity investments are accounted for by the equity method when the Company and its subsidiaries owns 20% or more of the investee's voting shares, or less than 20% of investee's voting shares but is able to exercise significant influence over the investee's operation and financial polices, but not more then 50%. All other long-term equity investments are accounted for by either the lower-of-cost-or-market method or cost method.

For long-term equity investments accounted for under the equity method related to investee's that are publicly listed companies, unrealized losses resulting from declines in the market value below cost are recorded as a separate component of stockholders' equity.

For long-term equity investments in non-listed companies accounted for under the cost method, investments are stated at original cost. A write-down of the investment balance to earnings is taken only if it is determined that there is a permanent decline in the investment's value. Stock dividends do not result in the recognition of investment income.

For long-term equity investments accounted for by the equity method, the investment is initially recorded at cost, then reduced by dividends and increased or decreased by investor's proportionate share of the investee's net earnings or loss.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Company considers all highly liquid investments purchased with initial maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

ADVERTISING

Advertising costs are expensed in the year incurred.

INCOME TAXES

Provisions for income taxes are based on taxes payable or refundable for the current year and deferred taxes on temporary differences between the amount of taxable income and pretax financial income and between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their reported amounts in the financial statements.

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NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

INCOME TAXES (Continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are included in the financial

statements at currently enacted income tax rates applicable to the period in which the deferred tax assets and liabilities are expected to be realized or settled as prescribed in SFAS No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes". As changes in tax laws or rates are enacted, deferred tax assets and liabilities are adjusted through the provision for income taxes.

EARNINGS PER SHARE

The Company uses SFAS No. 128, "Earnings Per Share", for calculating the basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share. Basic earnings (loss) per share are computed by dividing net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per share are computed similar to basic earnings per share except that the denominator is increased to include common stock equivalents, if any, as if the potential common shares had been issued.

IMPAIRMENT OF LONG-LIVED ASSETS AND LONG-LIVED ASSETS TO BE DISPOSED OF

On January 1, 2002 the Company adopted SFAS No. 144 "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets". The Company evaluates long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable. If the estimated future cash flows (undiscounted and without interest charges) from the use of an asset were less than the carrying value, a write-down would be recorded to reduce the related asset to its estimated fair value. There have been no such impairments to date.

NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In December 2004, the FASB issued SFAS No. 151, "Inventory Costs, an amendment of ARB No. 43, Chapter 4," which will become effective for the Company beginning January 1, 2006. This standard clarifies that abnormal amounts of idle facility expense, freight, handling costs and wasted material should be expensed as incurred and not included in overhead. In addition, this standard requires that the allocation of fixed production overhead costs to inventory be based on the normal capacity of the production facilities. The Company does not believe the impact of the change will be material.

In December 2004, the FASB issued SFAS No. 152, "Accounting for Real Estate Time-Sharing Transactions". The FASB issued this Statement as a result of the quidance provided in AICPA Statement of Position (SOP) 04-2, "Accounting for Real Estate Time-Sharing Transactions". SOP 04-2 applies to all real estate time-sharing transactions. Among other items, the SOP provides guidance on the recording of credit losses and the treatment of selling costs, but does not change the revenue recognition guidance in SFAS No. 66, "Accounting for Sales of Real Estate", for real estate time-sharing transactions. SFAS No. 152 amends Statement No. 66 to reference the guidance provided in SOP 04-2. SFAS No. 152 also amends SFAS No. 67, "Accounting for Costs and Initial Rental Operations of Real Estate Projects", to state that SOP 04-2 provides the relevant guidance on accounting for incidental operations and costs related to the sale of real estate time-sharing transactions. SFAS No. 152 is effective for years beginning after June 15, 2005, with restatements of previously issued financial statements prohibited. This statement is not applicable to the Company.

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NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS (Continued)

In December 2004, the FASB issued SFAS No. 153, "Exchanges of Nonmonetary Assets," an amendment to Opinion No. 29, "Accounting for Nonmonetary Transactions". Statement No. 153 eliminates certain differences in the quidance in Opinion No. 29 as compared to the guidance contained in standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board. The amendment to Opinion No. 29 eliminates the fair value exception for nonmonetary exchanges of similar productive assets and replaces it with a general exception for exchanges of nonmonetary assets that do not have commercial substance. Such an exchange has commercial substance if the future cash flows of the entity are expected to change significantly as a result of the exchange. SFAS No. 153 is effective for nonmonetary asset exchanges occurring in periods beginning after June 15, 2005. Earlier application is permitted for nonmonetary asset exchanges occurring in periods beginning after December 16, 2004. Management does not expect adoption of SFAS No. 153 to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

In May 2005, the FASB issued Statement No. 154, "Accounting Changes and Error Corrections", a replacement of Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 20, "Accounting Changes", and Statement No. 3, "Reporting Accounting Changes in Interim Financial Statements" ("SFAS 154"). SFAS 154 changes the requirements for the accounting for, and reporting of, a change in accounting principle. Previously, voluntary changes in accounting principles were generally required to be recognized by way of a cumulative effect adjustment within net income during the period of the change. SFAS 154 requires retrospective application to prior periods' financial statements, unless it is impracticable to determine either the period of specific effects or the cumulative effect of the change. SFAS 154 is effective for accounting changes made in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2005; however, the statement does not change the transition provisions of any existing accounting pronouncements. The Company does not believe adoption of SFAS 154 will have a material effect on its financial position, cash flows or results of operations.

In February 2006, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 155, "Accounting for Certain Hybrid Financial Instruments" ("SFAS 155"), which amends SFAS No. 133, "Accounting for Derivatives Instruments and Hedging Activities" ("SFAS 133") and SFAS No. 140, "Accounting for Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishment of Liabilities" ("SFAS 140"). SFAS 155 amends SFAS 133 to narrow the scope exception for interest-only and principal-only strips on debt instruments to include only such strips representing rights to receive a specified portion of the contractual interest or principle cash flows. SFAS 155 also amends SFAS 140 to allow qualifying special-purpose entities to hold a passive derivative financial instrument pertaining to beneficial interests that it is a derivative instrument. The Company is currently evaluating the impact this new Standard, but believes that it will not have a material impact on the Company's financial position,

NOTE C - CONCENTRATION

The Company had two major customers during the three months ended March 31, 2006. Sales to these customers were approximately \$2,300,569. Those customers comprise 89% of the total sales during the three months ended March 31, 2006. Included in accounts receivable is approximately \$3,120,266 from these customers as of March 31, 2006.

The Company maintains its cash balances at various banks in Taiwan. The balances are insured by the Central Deposit Insurance Corporation (CDIC) up to approximately \$30,740. As of March 31, 2006, there was \$1,330,732 in uninsured balances held at these banks.

NOTE E - COMPENSATING BALANCES

The company, under the terms of its lines of credit with two banks in Taiwan, has agreed to maintain a compensating balance equal to at least 30% to 35% of the outstanding loan balance. As of March 31, 2006, \$1,291,506 of cash is restricted for this purpose (see Note L).

NOTE F - FIXED ASSETS

Fixed assets consist of the following:

	March 31, 2006	December 31, 2005
Land Machinery and equipment Furniture and fixtures	\$ 1,927,837 673,171 782,333	\$ 1,909,023 512,433 208,705
	\$ 3,383,341	\$ 2,630,161
Accumulated depreciation	(213,329)	(238 , 739)
	\$ 3,170,012 ======	\$ 2,391,422 =======

NOTE G - INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible assets consist of the following:

	March 31, 2006	December 31, 2005
Trademarks Intangible asset	\$ 2,244 1,075,900	\$ 2,222 1,065,400
	\$ 1,078,144	\$ 1,067,622
Accumulated depreciation	(161,922)	(142,548)
	\$ 916,222 ======	\$ 925,074 =======

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NOTE H- COMMITMENTS

A Best Information Technology, Inc. - City Network, Inc. - Taiwan, signed an agreement with A Best Information Technology, Inc. in 2002 for the exclusive right to sell A Best Information's products. The rights are perpetual and transferable.

Reseller Agreements - City Network, Inc. - Taiwan has several signed reseller agreements with various customers. These resellers are given special sales prices and are paid commissions for their sales orders.

Co-Construction Agreements - In April 2004, City Construction Co., Ltd. placed a refundable performance bond in the amount of \$233,624 with the court in Taiwan for the rights to complete an unfinished building in Keelung, Taiwan with the owners of the land. The Company is currently in discussion with the landowners regarding the terms of the project.

In March 2005, City Construction Co., Ltd. entered a Co-Construction Agreement with three individuals who own a tract of land in Keelung, Taiwan. Under the agreement, the Company will finance, construct and, upon completion, will own 60% of the building project. The Company agreed to make refundable deposits, as security, totaling approximately \$91,320 payable at various agreed upon phases of the construction. The deposits will be returned within 2 years after the construction is completed. As of Mar 31, 2006, the Company has paid \$92,220 as part of the refundable security deposit and \$585,982 as construction in progress on the building.

On July 20, 2005, and as amended on September 22, 2005, the Company entered into a contract with a company in Vietnam. Per the terms of the contract the Company has agreed to procure materials and equipment related to the construction of a commercial building in Vietnam. As of March 31, 2006, the Company received an advance of \$3,000,000 on this contract and is using these funds to purchase the related materials.

On July 25, 2005 the Company entered into a contract with a company in Samoa to purchase materials from them related to the above Vietnam contract. The total purchases will be approximately \$3,000,000. As of March 31, 2006, the Company advanced approximately \$2,740,000 to this vendor.

Operating Leases - The Company leases office facilities under operating leases that terminate on various dates. Rental expense for these leases consisted of \$11,892 for the three months ended March 31, 2006. The Company has future minimum lease obligations as follows:

Year	Amount
2007 2008	\$31,199 20,888
Total	\$52 , 087
	======

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NOTE H- COMMITMENTS (Continued)

On March 16, 2006, the Company entered a Security Purchase Agreement with Cornell Capital Partners, LP. In the transaction, the Company will issue secured convertible debentures (the "Notes") in an aggregate principal amount of up to \$650,000 to Cornell Capital or Highgate House Funds, Ltd. ("Highgate House," and together with Cornell Capital, the "Investor"), an affiliate of Cornell Capital. The Company plans to use a portion of the Notes to redeem \$250,000 in aggregate principal amount, plus accrued interest, of secured convertible debentures issued pursuant to a Securities Purchase Agreement, dated August 10, 2005, by and between the Company and Highgate House (the "Original Notes").

Under the Term Sheet, the Notes will mature three years after issuance. A 20% redemption premium on the principal amount of the Notes is due when they are redeemed, if the closing bid price of the common stock is less than the Fixed Conversion Price. Additionally, an annual interest rate of 7% accrues on the outstanding principal amount of the Notes. The Notes will be secured by substantially all of the assets of the Company and its direct

and indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries, City Technology, Inc., City Network, Inc.—Taiwan and City Construction Co., Ltd.; a pledge of the 4,445,455 shares of common stock, par value \$0.001 per share, securing the Original Notes; and a pledge of 2,000,000 additional shares of common stock. The 2,000,000 additional shares of common stock will be pledged only if Notes exceeding \$275,000 in aggregate principal amount are issued. The Notes are convertible into Common Stock based on at the lower of (a)\$0.268 per share or (b) ninety-five percent (95%) of the lowest volume weighted average price of the Common Stock, as reported by Bloomberg, LP, for the thirty (30) trading days preceding the conversion. Upon closing the transaction, the Company will issue to the Investor a five-year warrant (the "Warrant") to purchase 1,000,000 shares of Common Stock (the "Warrant Shares") at an exercises price of \$0.001 per share. The Company will also agree to register the Common Stock underlying the Notes and the Warrant.

Upon signing definitive documents for the transaction, the Standby Equity Distribution Agreement between the Company and Cornell Company, dated August 10, 2005, will be terminated.

On January 24, 2006, City Network, Inc. - Taiwan (the "Purchaser"), entered into a Purchase and Sale Agreement with Wang, Rong-Zong (the "Seller") pursuant to which the Purchaser agreed to purchase and the Seller agreed to sell property located in the City of Tou-Liu, Yun-Lin County, including Lots 38-436, 37-126 and 37-125, and otherwise known as Building B, #222, Chunghwa Rd., Tou-Liu City, Yun-Lin County, Taiwan ROC, for an aggregate purchase price equal to approximately \$2 million (NTD 64,000,000). The aggregate purchase price is payable in four installments as follows: (i) \$312,940 (NTD 10,000,000), (ii) \$250,352 (NTD 8,000,000), (iii) \$190,738 (NTD 6,100,000) and (iv) \$1.25 million (NTD 39,900,000).

As of March 31, 2006, the Purchaser has paid to the Seller for a total amount equal to approximately \$782,000 (NTD 25,450,000). The Purchaser will pay the final payment to the Seller upon receipt of a mortgage in the amount of approximately \$1.25 million (NTD 39,900,000). On January 23, 2006, the Purchaser was approved for a mortgage in the amount of approximately \$1.25 million (NTD 39,900,000) by Hua Nan Commercial Bank but the Purchaser has not yet received the cash amount of the mortgage.

On January 24, 2006, the Purchaser issued a check to the Seller in the amount of approximately \$1.25 million (NTD 39,900,000) as a guarantee of the Purchaser's payment of the outstanding purchase price (the "Guarantee"). The Seller agreed to return the Guarantee to the Purchaser upon the Purchaser's receipt of the full mortgage and the Seller's receipt of the outstanding purchase price.

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NOTE I - LONG-TERM INVESTMENT

On August 31, 2003 the Company purchased approximately twenty-five percent (25%) of Beijing Putain Hexin Network Technology Co., Ltd for \$325,000. On December 4, 2003 the Company purchased an additional fifteen percent (15%) for \$398,500. Beijing Putain Hexin Network Technology Co., Ltd is not publicly traded or listed. The Company is using the complete equity method to record its share of the subsidiary's net income and loss. As of March 31, 2006, the Company recognized a loss of \$29,271 from their acquisition.

NOTE J - COMPENSATED ABSENSES

Employees earn annual vacation leave at the rate of seven (7) days per year for the first three years. Upon completion of the third year of employment, employees earn annual vacation leave at the rate of ten (10) days per year

for years four through five. Upon completion of the fifth year of employment, employees earn annual vacation leave at the rate of fourteen (14) days per year for years six through ten. Upon completion of the tenth year of employment, one (1) additional day for each additional year, until it reaches thirty (30) days per year. At termination, employees are paid for any accumulated annual vacation leave. As of March 31, 2006 vacation liability existed in the amount of \$2,497.

NOTE K - INCOME TAXES

Total Federal and State income tax expense for the quarters ended March 31, 2006 and 2005 were both amounted to \$0. For the three months ended March 31, 2006 and 2005, there is no difference between the federal statutory tax rate and the effective tax rate.

The following is a reconciliation of income tax expense:

03/31/06	U.S.	State	International	Total
Current	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Deferred	0	0	0	0
Total	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
	=====	=====	=====	=====
03/31/05	U.S.	State	International	Total
Current	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Deferred	0	0	0	0
Total	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
	=====	=====	=====	=====

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NOTE K - INCOME TAXES (Continued)

Reconciliation of the differences between the statutory U.S. Federal income tax rate and the effective rate is as follows:

	03/31/06	03/31/05
Federal statutory tax rate	34%	34%
State, net of federal benefit	0%	0%
Effective tax rate	34%	34%
	=====	=====

NOTE L - OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Balances of related after-tax components comprising accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), included in stockholders' equity, at March 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005 are as follows:

	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income
Balance at December 31, 2004	\$ 142,453	\$ 142,453
Change for 2005	\$ 223,931	\$ 223,931

Balance at December 31, 2005 Change for 2006	\$ 366,384 \$ 76,649	\$ 366,384 \$ 76,649
Balance at March 31, 2006	\$ 443,033 ======	\$ 443,033 ======

NOTE M - DEBT

July 31, 2006

At March 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005, the Company had notes payable outstanding in the aggregate amount of \$6,002,738 and \$ \$4,792,898, respectively. Payable as follows:

March 31, 2006		December 31, 2005
Note payable to a bank in Taiwan, interest at 3.838% per annum, due by October 8, 2006	491,840	Note payable to a bank in Taiwan interest at 3.838% per annum, du by October 8, 2006
Note payable to a bank in Taiwan, interest at 3.838% per annum, due by August 31, 2006	922,200	Note payable to a bank in Taiwan interest at 3.838% per annum, duby August 31, 2006
Secured note payable to a bank in Taiwan, interest at 3.838% per annum, due by January 12, 2007	122,960	Secured note payable to a bank i Taiwan, interest at 5.906% pe annum, due by September 28, 2006
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Note payable to a bank in Taiwan, interest at 3.838% per annum, due by April 28, 2006	426 , 978	Note payable to a bank in Taiwan interest at 3.838% per annum, du by January 27, 2006
Note payable to a bank in Taiwan, interest at 3.838% per annum, due by May 12, 2007	341,582	Note payable to a bank in Taiwan interest at 3.838% per annum, duby February 3, 2006
Note payable to a bank in Taiwan, interest at 3.838% per annum, due by June 16, 2006	423 , 942	Note payable to a bank in Taiwan interest at 3.838% per annum, du by February 3, 2006
Note payable to a bank in Taiwan, interest at 3.838% per annum, due by June 22, 2006	205,468	Note payable to a bank in Taiwan interest at 3.838% per annum, du by February 17, 2006
Note payable to a bank in Taiwan, interest at 3.838% per annum, due by June 2006	63,245	Note payable to a bank in Taiwan interest at 3.838% per annum, du by February 21, 2006
Note payable to a bank in Taiwan, interest at 3.838% per annum, due by		Note payable to a bank in Taiwan interest at 3.838% per annum, du

678,950 by February 25, 2006

3 3	
Note payable to a bank in Taiwan, interest at 4.200% per annum, due by January 24, 2012	1,793,371
Note payable to a corporation in Taiwan, no interest, due by February 10, 2010	532,202
Total	6,002,738
Current portion	\$ 3,641,753
Long-term portion	\$ 2,360,985

Note payable to a bank in Taiwan interest at 3.838% per annum, du by March 3, 2006

Note payable to a bank in Taiwan interest at 3.838% per annum, du by March 24, 2006

Note payable to a bank in Taiwan interest at 3.838% per annum, du by April 1, 2006

Note payable to a bank in Taiwan interest at 3.838% per annum, du by April 21, 2006

Note payable to a bank in Taiwan interest at 3.838% per annum, du by April 28, 2006

Note payable to a bank in Taiwan interest at 3.838% per annum, du by January 17, 2006

Note payable to a corporation i Taiwan, no interest, due b February 10, 2010

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NOTE N - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Throughout the history of the Company, certain members of the Board of Directors and general management have made loans to the Company to cover operating expenses or operating deficiencies.

Andy Lai - As of March 31, 2006, the Company has a non interest-bearing loan from Andy Lai, the Company's President, in the amount of \$798,795.

Stella Tseng - As of March 31, 2006, the Company has a non interest-bearing loan from Stella Tseng, a shareholder of the Company, in the amount of \$307,400.

NOTE O - FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, deposits and accounts payable approximate their fair value because of the short maturity of those instruments.

The carrying amounts of the Company's long-term debt approximate their fair value because of the short maturity and/or interest rates which are comparable to those currently available to the Company on obligations with similar terms.

NOTE P - SEGMENT REPORTING

The Company has two principal operating segments which are (1) the production of broadband communication and wireless Internet access products, (2) other, including building constructions and procurement of material and equipment related to construction. These operating segments were determined based on the nature of the products offered. Operating segments are defined as components of an enterprise about which separate financial information is available that is evaluated regularly by the chief operating decision-maker in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance. The Company's chief executive officer and chief financial officer have been identified as the chief operating decision makers. The Company's chief operating decision makers direct the allocation of resources to operating segments based on the profitability, cash flows, and other measurement factors of each respective segment.

The Company has determined that broadband communication and wireless Internet access products operating segment are reportable segments as they meet the quantitative thresholds under Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 131 (Disclosures about Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information).

The Company evaluates performance based on several factors, of which the primary financial measure is business segment income before taxes. The Company's construction operating segment is currently in the development stage and has no revenues. The accounting policies of the business segments are the same as those described in "Note A: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies." The table on the following page shows the operations of the Company's reportable segments:

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NOTE P - SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

	Broadband			
	communication			
	and wireless			
	Internet access			
	products	Othe	r (1)	Consolidat
1st Quarter 2006				
Sales to unaffiliated customers	\$ 2,581,062	\$	0	\$ 2,581,0
Intersegment sales	0		0	
Net sales	2,581,062		0	2,581,0
Income (loss) before taxes	48,335	(153,863)		(105,5
Total assets (2)	12,270,995	5,540,838		17,811,8
Property additions (3)	774,714	0		774,7
Interest expense	54,513	857		55 , 3
Interest revenue	0		6 , 971	6,9
Depreciation and amortization (3)	48,431		0	48,4

(1) Revenue from segments below the quantitative thresholds is attributable to two operating segments of the Company. Those segments include building constructions and procurement of material and equipment related to construction. None of those segments has ever met any of the quantitative thresholds for determining reportable segments.

- (2) Total business assets are the owned or allocated assets used by each business. Corporate assets consist of cash and cash equivalents, unallocated fixed assets of support divisions and common facilities, and certain other assets.
- (3) Corporate property additions and depreciation and amortization expense include items attributable to the unallocated fixed assets of support divisions and common facilities.

Also, because all of the Company's sales are derived from the sales of products outside of the United States, all long-lived assets are located outside the United States.

NOTE Q - LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The Company is party to certain litigation that has arisen in the normal course of its business and that of its subsidiary.

Hwa-Ching - In August 2004, a customer closed business and did not pay the remaining balance due to City Network - Taiwan on outstanding receivables in the amount of NT\$27,313,003 or US\$839,602. City Network - Taiwan has filed criminal and civil litigation against the customer for fraud. The Company has recorded a reserve against this account in the amount of \$671,681. This case is currently ongoing.

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NOTE Q - LEGAL PROCEEDINGS (Continued)

In August 2004, City Network Inc.-Taiwan filed a lawsuit against the owner of Hwa-Ching Co., as well as the following eight individuals in Taiwan, alleging fraud for closing down Hwa-Ching Co. without payment for the delivered merchandise. City Network Inc.-Taiwan sought approximately NT\$27 million or approximately US\$830,000. In January 27 2006, the court reached a verdict and found three individuals guilty of fraud and another two individual not guilty. In connection to the litigation against the other three individuals, the court has not yet reached a verdict.

In December 2004, the Company filed a lawsuit against Tain-Kang Co., a customer of Hwa-Ching Co. in Taipei District Court claiming damages owed to Hwa-Ching from Tain-Kang in the amount of approximately NT\$5,796,000 or US\$178,169 to cover the outstanding account payable owed by Hwa-Ching to the Company. In November 2005, Taipei District Court reached the judgment in favor of defendant. The Company filed appeal to Taiwan High Court. During the appeal, the Company reduced the claimed amount to NT\$3,796,000 or US\$116,689 due to Tain-Kang has provided the proof of payments of NT\$2,000,000 in the court. To date, the court has not yet reached a verdict on this case.

On October 10, 2004, RPPI International Ltd. (or Rong-Dian), a vendor of the Company, filed a lawsuit against City Network Inc.-Taiwan in the Taiwan Taipei district court of Taiwan, in Taipei, Taiwan, alleging breach of contract for two different purchase agreements that City Network Inc.-Taiwan entered with them and two third parties. Rong-Dian sought the aggregate amount of approximately NT\$40.2 million or US\$1.2 million for the alleged breaches. One purchase agreement was for an order that City Network Inc.-Taiwan sold to Hwa-Ching Co. in the amount of approximately NT\$27.3 million or US\$840,000 and the other purchase agreement was for an order City Network Inc.-Taiwan sold to a separate customer of the Company in the amount of approximately NT\$12.9 million or US\$396,546.

On June 21, 2005, City Network Inc.-Taiwan entered a settlement agreement

with Rong-Dian and on June 29, 2005, the district court lifted the lawsuit against us. In the June 2005 settlement agreement, City Network Inc.-Taiwan agreed to pay Rong-Dian a total of approximately NT\$40.2 million or US\$1.2 million, to cover the full amount City Network Inc.-Taiwan owed under the two purchase agreements. In August 2005, City Network Inc.-Taiwan paid Rong-Dian approximately NT\$12.9 million or US\$390,909 of the total amount owed upon receipt of such amount from our customer. City Network Inc.-Taiwan intends to pay the balance of approximately NT\$27.3 million or US\$840,000 to Rong-Dian in 54 separate checks, issued and payable by Tai-Wang Technology Co., Ltd. These checks will be in increments of NT\$500,000 or US\$15,370 and payable for 53 consecutive months, beginning on August 10, 2005 with the last and 54th payment being in the amount of NT\$813,003 or US\$24,992 instead of NT\$500,000 or US\$15,370. As of March 31, 2006, approximately NT\$4 million, or approximately US\$122,960, has been paid on this liability.

Pursuant to the June 2005 settlement agreement, City Network Inc.-Taiwan agreed to pay Rong-Dian the balance of NT\$27.3 million in monthly payments. However, as a result of its relationship with Tai-Wang and the fact that Tai-Wang is the vendor who introduced City Network Inc.-Taiwan to Rong-Dian, Tai-Wang assumed the responsibility for the payment of NT\$27.3 million or US\$827,272 to Rong-Dian. Tai-Wang wrote each monthly check in advance and thereafter provided all 54 checks to Rong-Dian. Rong-Dian will cash one check each month until it receives payment of the full NT\$27.3 million. However, as Tai-Wang has no written obligation with City Network Inc.-Taiwan to make each monthly payment, beyond an oral promise to do so, there is no assurance that each monthly check will be properly cashed by Rong-Dian. Therefore the Company continues to report the total liability to

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NOTE Q - LEGAL PROCEEDINGS (Continued)

Rong-Dian. As each payment is successfully paid by Tai-Wang the Company will reduce the liability accordingly and recognize other income as the benefit provided by Tai-Wang.

Additionally, as part of the June 2005 settlement agreement, we secured our obligation that Tai-Wang would pay Rong-Dian the outstanding balance of NT\$27.3 million or US\$827,272 by giving Rong-Dian a first priority mortgage on certain property including lots 701-4 and 701-6 in Jay-hou-xiao-duan, Xi-zhi Duan, Xixhi City, Taipei County, Taiwan. The value of the first priority mortgage on the property is approximately NT\$27.3 million or US\$827,272, the aggregate amount owed to Rong-Dian. City Network Inc.-Taiwan agreed with Rong Dian that this mortgage will expire in 2010.

Shanghai Bank - On January 24, 2005, Shanghai Commercial and Savings Bank ("Shanghai Bank") filed a lawsuit with the Taipei District Court against the Company claiming approximately NT\$12 million or approximately US\$387,000 for the payment of an unpaid purchase price for goods. The Company purchased such goods from Chin Shin and Chin Shin assigned the account receivable to Shanghai Bank. As such, Shanghai Bank sued the Company for the payment of those goods. However, the Company returned the said goods because they were defective.

On November 24, 2005, the Company entered a settlement agreement with Shanghai Bank and the district court lifted the lawsuit against the Company. In the settlement agreement, the City Network Inc.- Taiwan agreed to pay Shanghai Bank a total of NT\$5,100,000 or US\$ 155,244. In December 2005, City Network, Inc.- Taiwan paid Shanghai Bank NT\$1,100,000 or US\$33,484. City Network, Inc.- Taiwan intends to pay the balance of NT\$4,000,000 or US\$121,760 to Shanghai Bank in 4 separate checks. These

checks will be payable for each 2 months, beginning on February 25, 2006. As of March 31, 2006, NT\$2,100,000 or US \$63,924 has been paid on this liability.

NOTE R- GOING CONCERN

The Company has suffered recurring losses from operations, cash deficiencies and the inability to meet its maturing obligations without borrowing from related parties and restructuring debts. These issues may raise substantial concern about its ability to continue as a going concern.

Management has prepared the following $\,$ statement to address these and other concerns:

The Company is currently engaged in discussions with a number of companies regarding strategic acquisitions or potential financings. Although these discussions are ongoing, there can be no assurance that any of these discussions will result in actual acquisitions or a completed financing for the Company.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this Form 10-QSB. The information in this discussion contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. These forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties, including statements regarding our capital needs, business strategy and expectations, including but not limited to the following:

- * our ability to raise funds in the future through public or private financings;
- * the timing of our introduction of products or product enhancements;
- * our ability to manage costs associated with our product or technology
 acquisitions;
- * our ability to keep pace with rapidly changing technology, evolving industry standards and new product and services in our industry;
- * customers' acceptance of our product designs;
- * our ability to integrate businesses, products and technologies and in joint ventures and strategic relationships with other companies;
- * our business expenses being greater than anticipated due to competitive factors or unanticipated developments;
- * changes in political and economic conditions in the Asian and European countries where we do business;
- * our ability to retain management and key personnel;

- our ability to protect our developed technologies, know-how, trademarks and related intellectual properties; and
- * our ability to comply with the requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

Any statements contained herein that are not statements of historical facts may be deemed to be forward-looking statements. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as "may", "will", "should", "expect", "plan", "intend", "anticipate", "believe", estimate", "predict", "potential" or "continue", the negative of such terms or other comparable terminology. Actual events or results may differ materially. We disclaim any obligation to publicly update these statements, or disclose any difference between its actual results and those reflected in these statements. The information constitutes forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.

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BACKGROUND OF THE COMPANY

City Network, Inc., formerly Investment Agents, Inc., was incorporated on August 8, 1996 under the laws of the State of Nevada. City Network Technology, Inc., formerly Gelcrest Investments Limited, was incorporated under the laws of the British Virgin Islands on March 1, 2002. City Network, Inc. - Taiwan, formerly City Engineering, Inc., was incorporated under the laws of Republic of China on September 6, 1994. City Construction Co., Ltd. was incorporated under the laws of Republic of China on October, 10, 2003. City Network, Inc. owns 100% of the capital stock of City Network Technology, Inc., and City Network Technology, Inc. owns 100% of the capital stock of City Network, Inc. - Taiwan and City Construction. Collectively the four corporations are referred to herein as the "Company".

The Company designs, manufactures and markets a comprehensive line of broadband communication and wireless Internet access product and solutions. Also, the broadband communication product line includes VOIP, GUI-based remote management and routing technology software packages for simplified setup, extensive network management and global network connectivity capabilities, Home PNA and xDSL broadband access equipment, ADSL/VDSL ACCESS DEVICES, HPNA ACCESS DEVICES, FTTB (Fiber to the Building) and FTTH (Fiber to the Home), PCMCIA cards and USB adapters. The other wireless internet access solutions are used in both individual and corporate.

The Company has also recently begun the development of its construction business. The Company plans to develop and build commercial and residential buildings, industry factory buildings, and professional buildings. The Company has entered co-construction agreements for the development of land in Keelung, Taiwan and the purchase of materials with a company in Vietnam, as further described in Part I herein, in the notes to the financial statements.

On December 16, 2004, the Company changed its fiscal year end from February 28 to December 31.

We have suffered recurring losses from operations, cash deficiencies and the inability to meet our maturing obligations without borrowing from related parties and restructuring debts. These issues may raise substantial concern about our ability to continue as a going concern.

We are currently engaged in discussions with a number of companies regarding strategic acquisitions or potential financings. Although these discussions are ongoing, there can be no assurance that any of these discussions will result in actual acquisitions or a completed financing for us.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The discussion and analysis of our financial conditions and results of operations is based upon our financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("GAAP"). The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. See "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in Item to this Report for our critical accounting policies. No significant changes in our critical accounting policies have occurred since December 31, 2004.

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RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2006 COMPARED WITH THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2005

NET SALES. Net sales for the three months ended March 31, 2006 were \$2,581,062 compared to \$1,293,350 for the three months ended March 31, 2005. The increase in net sales for the three months ended March 31, 2006 was due to a general increase in business to existing and new customers.

We design, manufacture and market a comprehensive line of broadband communication and wireless Internet access solutions, including home PNA and xDSL broadband access equipment and related accessories, which comprise our older, established products. In 2004, we introduced new products such as VoIP, GSP and wireless Internet access products.

We believe that an increase in competition over the market for our older products has contributed to a decline in the unit price of those products. Additionally, we believe that the introduction of more technologically advanced products to the marketplace have diminished consumer demand for our older products. We intend to continue upgrading our older products to meet customer expectations.

We believe that sales for our new products, such as VoIP, wireless communication products and GSP products, can increase with improved brand name recognition and increased sales channels. We intend to continue promoting and marketing our new products to improve brand name recognition as well as work on increasing sales channels.

COST OF SALES. Cost of sales for the three months ended March 31, 2006 was \$2,400,155 or 93.0% of net sales, as compared to \$1,255,040 or 97.0% of net sales, during the three months ended March 31, 2005. The decrease in the cost of sales as a percentage of revenue is due to the increase of net sales.

GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES. General and administrative expenses were \$358,893 or 13.9% of net sales, for the three months ended March 31, 2006, as compared to \$323,145 or 25.0% of net sales, for the three months ended March 31, 2005. The increase was due to an increase in professional expenses. The decrease in general and administrative expenses as a percentage of net sales is due to the fixed overhead, including salary, rent, depreciation and such factors being a big part of general and administrative expenses.

LOSS FROM OPERATIONS. Loss from operations for the three months ended March 31, 2006 was \$(177,986), compared to loss from operations for the three months ended March 31, 2005 of \$(284,835). The decrease in loss from operations for the three months ended March 31, 2006 compared with loss from operations for the

three months ended March 31, 2005 resulted primarily from reasons primarily described above.

OTHER (INCOME) EXPENSE. Other (income) expense was \$(72,457) for the three months ended March 31, 2006, as compared to \$739,051 for the three months ended March 31, 2005. This change was the result of the decrease of bad debt reserve.

NET LOSS. Net loss for three months ended March 31, 2006 was \$(105,528) compared to net loss of \$(1,023,886) for the three months ended March 31, 2005. The decrease in net loss was due to the reasons described above.

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LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

At March 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$83,413 and \$856,587, respectively. Our current assets totaled \$11,128,243 at March 31, 2006 as compared to \$9,221,630 at December 31, 2005. Our total current liabilities were \$10,692,756 at March 31, 2006 as compared to \$10,272,005 at December 31, 2005. Working capital at March 31, 2006 was \$435,488 and \$(1,050,375) at December 31, 2005. For the three months ended March 31, 2006, total cash used in operations was \$(379,665) as compared to net cash provided by operations of \$(991,501) during the same period in 2005. Net cash provided by financing activities was \$1,181,742, which consisted of loans, as compared with net cash used in financing activities of \$(90,585) during the three months ended March 31, 2005.

WORKING CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

Our operations and short term financing do not currently meet our cash needs. We currently are engaged in discussions with a number of companies regarding strategic acquisitions or investments. Although these discussions are ongoing, there can be no assurance that any of these discussions will result in actual acquisitions or investment. Several potential investors have already shown their interest to invest in our company.

FACTORS THAT INTERRUPT OUR OPERATIONS

Our major risk is incurring a large amount of bad debt. Our short-term and long-term liquidity may be influenced by uncollected account receivables. If the amount of bad debt is high, it will severely affect our ability to continue operations. Therefore, we are taking precautions to manage this risk, such as preparing accounts receivable aging reports each week and collecting the overdue invoices. We will try to diversify our customer base and control credit risk related to accounts receivable through credit approvals, credit limits and monitoring procedures. Although we have already taken these measures, it is still possible to incur a large amount of bad debt.

Financial instruments that potentially subject us to concentrations of credit risk are cash, accounts receivable and other receivables arising from its normal business activities. We place our cash in what we believe to be credit-worthy financial institutions. We have a diversified customer base, most of which are related parties. We control credit risk related to accounts receivable through credit approvals, credit limits and monitoring procedures. We routinely assess the financial strength of its customers and, based upon factors surrounding the credit risk, establish an allowance, if required, for un-collectible accounts and, as a consequence, believe that our accounts receivable credit risk exposure beyond such allowance is limited.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURES. Total capital expenditures during the three months ended March 31, 2006 were \$774,714 compared to \$0 for the three months ended March 31, 2005.

CONSTRUCTION. The Company has begun the development of its construction business. The Company plans to develop and build commercial and residential buildings, industry factory buildings, and professional buildings.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements.

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ITEM 3. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including our Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer, the Company conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of its disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, as of the end of the period covered by this report (the "Evaluation Date"). Based on this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer concluded as of the Evaluation Date that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective such that the material information required to be included in our SEC reports is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in SEC rules and forms relating to the Company, including our consolidating subsidiaries, and was made known to them by others within those entities, particularly during the period when this report was being prepared.

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PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

HWA-CHING CO. AND RELATED LAWSUITS

In April 2004, Hwa-Ching Co. made purchases from City Network Inc.-Taiwan for products in the aggregate amount of approximately NT\$19 million or US\$575,757. In June 2004, Hwa-Ching Co. wrote a check to City Network Inc.-Taiwan paying for such products and City Network Inc.-Taiwan successfully cashed this check. Also in June 2004, Hwa-Ching Co. made purchases from City Network Inc.-Taiwan for additional products in the aggregate amount of approximately NT\$18 million or US\$545,454 and paid for such products with a check that City Network Inc.-Taiwan also successfully cashed.

During June to August 2004, Hwa-Ching Co. requested additional products from City Network Inc.-Taiwan in the aggregate amount of approximately NT\$27 million or US\$818,181. City Network Inc.-Taiwan filled these orders with confidence as Hwa-Ching had paid for the prior orders from April 2004 and June 2004. However, the check, in the amount of approximately NT\$27 million or US\$818,181 that Hwa-Ching Co. wrote to City Network, Inc.-Taiwan bounced upon deposit with the bank. Immediately thereafter, Hwa-Ching Co. closed down with this remaining account payable balance of approximately NT\$27 million or US\$818,181 outstanding and payable to City Network Inc.-Taiwan.

In August 2004, City Network Inc.-Taiwan filed a lawsuit against Yune-Chang Tsuo, the owner of Hwa-Ching Co., as well as the following eight individuals including, Yong-Zhang Zhuo, Shu-Tao Lu, Yong-Yi Zhuo, Zhuan-Xuan Dai, Ya-Hui Qiu, Mei-Zhen Huang, Zong-Ya Wu, Yao-Guo Cen in Taiwan Taipei district court of Taiwan, in Taipei, Taiwan, alleging fraud for closing down Hwa-Ching Co. without payment for the delivered merchandise. City Network Inc.-Taiwan sought approximately NT\$27 million or approximately US\$900,000 from Yune-Chang Tsuo to

cover the outstanding account payable. To date, the court has not yet reached a verdict on this case.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

None.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

None.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

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ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

(a) Exhibits:

No. Description

- 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, filed herewith.
- 31.2 Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, filed herewith.
- 32.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350 (Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002), filed herewith.
- 32.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350 (Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002), filed herewith.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

CITY NETWORK, INC.

Dated: May 22, 2006 By: /s/ Alice Chen

Alice Chen Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

Dated: May 22, 2006 By: /s/ Yun-Yi Tseng

Yun-Yi Tseng

Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

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