MERCER INTERNATIONAL INC. Form 10-Q August 03, 2012

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

X QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2012

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from

to

Commission File No.: 000-51826

MERCER INTERNATIONAL INC.

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Washington 47-0956945
(State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer incorporation or organization) Identification No.)
Suite 1120, 700 West Pender Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, V6C 1G8

(Address of office)

(604) 684-1099

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the *Securities Exchange Act of 1934* during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES x NO "

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). YES x NO "

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of accelerated filer and large accelerated filer in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large Accelerated Filer Accelerated Filer Smaller Reporting Company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange

Act). YES " NO x

The Registrant had 55,815,704 shares of common stock outstanding as at August 2, 2012.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MERCER INTERNATIONAL INC.

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

(Unaudited)

FORM 10-Q

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Unaudited)

(In thousands of Euros)

	June 30, 2012	December 31, 2011
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	130,887	105,072
Marketable securities	10,201	12,216
Receivables	103,923	120,487
Inventories (Note 2)	118,220	120,539
Prepaid expenses and other	8,592	8,162
Deferred income tax	8,271	6,750
Total current assets	380,094	373,226
Long-term assets		
Property, plant and equipment	816,892	820,974
Deferred note issuance and other	12,561	10,763
Deferred income tax	16,148	12,287
	845,601	844,024
Total assets	1,225,695	1,217,250
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and other	103,879	99,640
Pension and other post-retirement benefit obligations (Note 4)	773	756
Debt (Note 3)	36,088	25,671
Total current liabilities	140,740	126,067
Long-term liabilities		
Debt (Note 3)	694,150	708,415
Unrealized interest rate derivative losses (Note 8)	51,791	52,391
Pension and other post-retirement benefit obligations (Note 4)	31,798	31,197
Capital leases and other	13,453	13,053
Deferred income tax	3,895	2,585
	795,087	807,641
Total liabilities	935,827	933,708
EQUITY		
Shareholders equity		
Share capital (Note 5)	248,371	247,642
Paid-in capital	(4,726)	(4,857)
Retained earnings	40,673	37,985
Accumulated other comprehensive income	21,825	21,346

Total shareholders equity	306,143	302,116
Noncontrolling deficit	(16,275)	(18,574)
Total equity	289,868	283,542
Total liabilities and equity	1,225,695	1,217,250

Commitments and contingencies (Note 10)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements.

FORM 10-Q

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(Unaudited)

(In thousands of Euros, except per share data)

		Three Months Ended June 30,		s Ended 30,
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Revenues				
Pulp	186,036	217,274	385,475	427,732
Energy and chemicals	18,026	17,221	36,945	33,093
	20106	****	100 100	450.00
	204,062	234,495	422,420	460,825
Costs and expenses	160 617	175 015	240.207	241.265
Operating costs	162,617	175,815	340,387	341,365
Operating depreciation and amortization	14,525	13,869	28,812	27,945
	26,020	44.011	52 221	01.515
0.11:	26,920	44,811	53,221	91,515
Selling, general and administrative expenses	8,624	8,600	18,682	18,660
	19.206	26.211	24.520	70.055
Operating income	18,296	36,211	34,539	72,855
Other income (expense)				
Interest expense	(13,863)	(14,883)	(27,996)	(30,789)
Gain (loss) on derivative instruments (Note 8)	1,343	(2,339)	2,219	9,904
Foreign exchange gain on debt		342		1,453
Other income (expense)	(368)	136	(778)	463
Total other income (expense)	(12,888)	(16,744)	(26,555)	(18,969)
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Income before income taxes	5,408	19,467	7,984	53,886
Income tax benefit (provision) current	(6,281)	(1,478)	(6,337)	(2,297)
deferred	4,016	(2,140)	3,340	(2,140)
Net income	3,143	15,849	4,987	49,449
Less: net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	(1,628)	(1,466)	(2,299)	(6,013)
Net income attributable to common shareholders	1,515	14,383	2,688	43,436
	-,	- 1,000	_,	,
Net income per share attributable to common shareholders (Note 7)				
Basic	0.03	0.32	0.05	0.97
Diluted	0.03	0.26	0.05	0.77

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements.

FORM 10-Q

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF RETAINED EARNINGS

(Unaudited)

(In thousands of Euros)

		Three Months Ended June 30,		hs Ended
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Net income attributable to common shareholders	1,515	14,383	2,688	43,436
Retained earnings (deficit), beginning of period	39,158	18,097	37,985	(10,956)
Retained earnings, end of period	40,673	32,480	40,673	32,480

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(Unaudited)

(In thousands of Euros)

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Net income	3,143	15,849	4,987	49,449
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of taxes				
Foreign currency translation adjustment during the three and six month periods, net of tax				
benefit of 1,118 and 1,208, respectively (2011 nil and nil, respectively)	(1,334)	(864)	813	2,600
Pension income (expense)	(485)	127	(336)	403
Unrealized gains (losses) on securities arising during the period	(66)	(6)	2	
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of taxes	(1,885)	(743)	479	3,003
Total comprehensive income	1,258	15,106	5,466	52,452
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interest	(1,628)	(1,466)	(2,299)	(6,013)
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to common shareholders	(370)	13,640	3,167	46,439

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements.

FORM 10-Q

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited)

(In thousands of Euros)

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Month June	
	2012	2011	2012	2011		
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities						
Net income attributable to common shareholders	1,515	14,383	2,688	43,436		
Adjustments to reconcile net income attributable to common shareholders to cash flows						
from operating activities						
Loss (gain) on derivative instruments	(1,343)	2,339	(2,219)	(9,904)		
Foreign exchange gain on debt		(342)		(1,453)		
Depreciation and amortization	14,588	13,929	28,938	28,067		
Accretion expense		289		759		
Noncontrolling interest	1,628	1,466	2,299	6,013		
Deferred income taxes	(4,016)	2,140	(3,340)	2,140		
Stock compensation expense	(6)	471	862	2,539		
Pension and other post-retirement expense, net of funding	(41)	7	(55)	(7)		
Other	73	919	866	1,603		
Changes in current assets and liabilities				,		
Receivables	12,338	5,523	15,023	12,700		
Inventories	(8,296)	(8,399)	3,442	(4,086)		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	805	(833)	3,454	24,555		
Other	(86)	485	1,338	844		
Oller	(00)	103	1,550	011		
Net cash from (used in) operating activities	17,159	32,377	53,296	107,206		
Cash flows from (used in) investing activities						
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(9,838)	(7,756)	(18,303)	(15,825)		
Proceeds on sale of property, plant and equipment	113	27	339	380		
Proceeds on sale of marketable securities	2,008		2,008			
Note receivable		375		771		
Net cash from (used in) investing activities	(7,717)	(7,354)	(15,956)	(14,674)		
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities						
Repayment of notes payable and debt	(1,584)		(11,710)	(30,351)		
Repayment of capital lease obligations	(448)	(638)	(1,059)	(1,493)		
Repayment of credit facilities, net	(3,759)			(14,652)		
Payment of note issuance costs			(1,621)			
Proceeds from government grants	1,692	4,837	2,322	8,949		
Net cash from (used in) financing activities	(4,099)	4,199	(12,068)	(37,547)		
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	1,348	(668)	543	(2,212)		
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	6,691	28,554	25,815	52,773		
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	124,196	123,241	105,072	99,022		
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	130,887	151,795	130,887	151,795		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements.

FORM 10-Q

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

(Unaudited)

(In thousands of Euros)

		Three Months Ended June 30,		s Ended 30,
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information				
Cash paid during the period for				
Interest	21,439	23,406	26,266	29,920
Income taxes	411	35	3,019	336
Supplemental schedule of non-cash investing and financing activities				
Acquisition of production and other equipment under capital lease obligations	774	(37)	774	273
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable related to investing and financing activities	422	3,635	(1,323)	3,486
Increase (decrease) in accounts receivable and other current assets related to investing				
activities	(1,695)	(2,686)	(2,333)	(2,890)
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements.				

FORM 10-Q

NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(In thousands of Euros, except per share data)

Note 1. The Company and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The interim consolidated financial statements contained herein include the accounts of Mercer International Inc. (Mercer Inc.) and its wholly-owned and majority-owned subsidiaries (collectively the Company). The Company s shares of common stock are quoted and listed for trading on both the NASDAQ Global Market and the Toronto Stock Exchange.

The interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared by the Company pursuant to the rules and regulations of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC). The year-end Consolidated Balance Sheet data was derived from audited financial statements. The footnote disclosure included herein has been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted for interim financial statements in the United States (GAAP). The interim consolidated financial statements should be read together with the audited consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes included in the Company slatest annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011. In the opinion of the Company, the unaudited interim consolidated financial statements contained herein contain all adjustments necessary to fairly present the results of the interim periods included. The results for the periods included herein may not be indicative of the results for the entire year.

The Company has three pulp mills that are aggregated into one reportable business segment, market pulp. Accordingly, the results presented are those of the reportable business segment.

Certain prior year amounts in the interim consolidated financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation. Beginning in the second quarter of 2012 the Company has presented revenue from the sale of chemicals within energy and chemicals revenue in the Interim Consolidated Statement of Operations. This revenue had previously been presented within operating costs. Chemical revenue for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2012 was 3,179 and 5,987, respectively (2011 3,280 and 5,475).

In these interim consolidated financial statements, unless otherwise indicated, all amounts are expressed in Euros (). The term U.S. dollars and the symbol \$ refer to United States dollars. The symbol C\$ refers to Canadian dollars.

Use of Estimates

Preparation of financial statements and related disclosures in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Significant management judgment is required in determining the accounting for, among other things, doubtful accounts and reserves, depreciation and amortization, future cash flows associated with impairment testing for long-lived assets, derivative financial instruments, environmental conservation and legal liabilities, asset retirement obligations, pensions and post-retirement benefit obligations, income taxes, contingencies, and inventory obsolescence and provisions. Actual results could differ from these estimates, and changes in these estimates are recorded when known.

FORM 10-Q

NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(In thousands of Euros, except per share data)

Note 1. The Company and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Recently Implemented Accounting Standards

In May 2011, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update 2011-04, *Fair Value Measurements* (ASU 2011-04), which expands the existing disclosure requirements for fair value measurements (particularly for Level 3 inputs) defined under FASB s Accounting Standards Codification No. 820, *Fair Value Measurement* (ASC 820), and makes other amendments. Many of the amendments to ASC 820 are being made to eliminate wording differences between GAAP and International Financial Reporting Standards and are not intended to result in a change in the application of the requirements of ASC 820. However, some of the amendments clarify the application of existing fair value measurement requirements and others change certain requirements for measuring fair value and could change how the fair value measurement guidance in ASC 820 is applied. The measurement and disclosure requirements of ASU 2011-04 were effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2011 and were applied prospectively. The adoption of this new guidance did not have an impact on the interim consolidated financial statements or related note disclosures.

In June 2011, FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2011-05, *Presentation of Comprehensive Income* (ASU 2011-05), which revises the manner in which entities present comprehensive income in their financial statements. The new guidance amends FASB s Accounting Standards Codification No. 220, *Comprehensive Income* (ASC 220), and gives reporting entities the option to present the total of comprehensive income, the components of net income, and the components of other comprehensive income in either a continuous statement of comprehensive income or two separate but consecutive statements. Under the two-statement approach, which the Company currently uses, the first statement includes components of net income, and the second statement includes components of other comprehensive income. ASU 2011-05 does not change the items that must be reported in other comprehensive income. This new guidance was effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2011 and was applied retrospectively. The adoption of this guidance did not have an impact on the interim consolidated financial statements or related note disclosures.

Note 2. Inventories

	June 30, 2012	December 31, 2011
Raw materials	37,985	48,063
Finished goods	46,201	41,392
Spare parts, work in process and other	34,034	31,084
	118.220	120,539

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NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(In thousands of Euros, except per share data)

Note 3. Debt

Debt consists of the following:

	June 30, 2012	December 31, 2011
Note payable to bank, included in a total loan credit facility of		
827,950 to finance the construction related to the Stendal mill (a)	467,907	477,490
Senior notes due December 2017, interest at 9.50% accrued and		
payable semi-annually, unsecured (b)	224,472	220,753
Credit agreement with a lender with respect to a revolving credit		
facility of C\$40 million (c)		
Term bank facility for project at the Stendal mill of 17,000 (d)		
Loans payable to the noncontrolling shareholder of the Stendal mill		
(e)	35,683	33,124
Investment loan agreement with a lender with respect to the wash		
press project at the Rosenthal mill of 4,351 (f)	2,176	2,719
Credit agreement with a bank with respect to a revolving credit		
facility of 25,000 (g)		
Credit agreement with a bank with respect to a revolving credit		
facility of 3,500 (h)		
	730,238	734,086
Less: current portion	(36,088)	(25,671)
•	. , ,	. , ,
Debt, less current portion	694,150	708,415
200, 1000 current portion	071,130	700,119

The Company made principal repayments under these facilities of 11,710 during the six month period ended June 30, 2012 (2011 30,351). As of June 30, 2012, the principal maturities of debt are as follows:

Matures	Amount
2012	15,544
2013 ⁽¹⁾	41,088
2014	40,544
2015	44,000
2016	44,000
Thereafter	545,062
	730,238

⁽¹⁾ Includes 20,544 of principal debt repayments recorded as current debt as at June 30, 2012.

Certain of the Company s debt instruments were issued under an indenture which, among other things, restricts its ability and the ability of its restricted subsidiaries to make certain payments. These limitations are subject to other important qualifications and exceptions. As at June 30, 2012, the Company was in compliance with the terms of the indenture.

(a) Note payable to bank, included in a total loan facility of 827,950 to finance the construction related to the Stendal mill (Stendal Loan Facility), interest at rates varying from Euribor plus 0.90% to Euribor plus 1.80% (rates on amounts of borrowing at June 30, 2012 range from 2.14% to 2.89%), principal due in required installments beginning September 30, 2006 until September 30, 2017, collateralized by the assets of the Stendal mill, with 48% and 32% guaranteed by the Federal Republic of Germany and the State of Saxony-Anhalt, respectively, of up to 407,907 of outstanding principal, subject to a debt service reserve account (DSRA) for purposes of paying amounts due in the following 12 months under the terms of the Stendal Loan Facility; payment of dividends is only permitted if certain cash flow requirements are met. See Note 8 Derivative Transactions for a discussion of the Company s variable-to-fixed interest rate swap that was put in place to effectively fix the interest rate on the Stendal Loan Facility.

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NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(In thousands of Euros, except per share data)

Note 3. Debt (continued)

On March 13, 2009, the Company finalized an agreement with its lenders to amend its Stendal Loan Facility. The amendment deferred approximately 164,000 of scheduled principal payments until the maturity date, September 30, 2017. The amendment also provided for a 100% cash sweep, referred to as the Cash Sweep , of any cash, in excess of a 15,000 working capital reserve and the Guarantee Amount, as discussed in Note 10(a) Commitments and Contingencies, held by Stendal which will be used first to fund the DSRA to a level sufficient to service the amounts due and payable under the Stendal Loan Facility during the then following 12 months, which means the DSRA is Fully Funded , and second to prepay the deferred principal amounts. As at June 30, 2012, the DSRA balance was 31,800 and was not Fully Funded.

(b) On November 17, 2010, the Company completed a private offering of \$300.0 million in aggregate principal amount of senior notes due 2017 (Senior Notes). The Senior Notes were issued at a price of 100% of their principal amount. The Senior Notes will mature on December 1, 2017 and bear interest at 9.50% which is accrued and payable semi-annually.

In August 2011, the Company s Board of Directors authorized the purchase of up to \$25.0 million in aggregate principal amount of the Company s Senior Notes from time to time, over a period ending August 2012. During the six month period ended June 30, 2012, the Company purchased \$2.0 million of its outstanding Senior Notes. During the twelve month period ended December 31, 2011, the Company purchased \$13.6 million of its outstanding Senior Notes. In June 2012, the Company s Board of Directors authorized the purchase of up to 50,000 in aggregate principal amount of the Company s Senior Notes from time to time, over a period ending June 2013.

The Senior Notes are general unsecured senior obligations of the Company. The Senior Notes rank equal in right of payment with all existing and future senior unsecured indebtedness of the Company and senior in right of payment to any current or future subordinated indebtedness of the Company. The Senior Notes are effectively junior in right of payment to all borrowings of the Company s restricted subsidiaries, including borrowings under the Company s credit agreements which are secured by certain assets of its restricted subsidiaries.

The Company may redeem all or a part of the Senior Notes, upon not less than 30 days or more than 60 days notice, at the redemption prices (expressed as percentages of principal amount) equal to 104.75% for the twelve month period beginning on December 1, 2014, 102.38% for the twelve month period beginning on December 1, 2015, and 100.00% beginning on December 1, 2016 and at any time thereafter, plus accrued and unpaid interest.

- (c) Credit agreement with respect to a revolving credit facility of up to C\$40.0 million for the Celgar mill. The credit agreement matures May 2013. Borrowings under the credit agreement are collateralized by the mill s inventory and receivables and are restricted by a borrowing base calculated on the mill s inventory and receivables. Canadian dollar denominated amounts bear interest at bankers acceptance plus 3.75% or Canadian prime plus 2.00%. U.S. dollar denominated amounts bear interest at LIBOR plus 3.75% or U.S. base plus 2.00%. As at June 30, 2012, approximately C\$36.3 million was available.
- (d) A 17,000 amortizing term facility to partially finance a project, referred to as Project Blue Mill , to increase the Stendal mill s annual pulp production capacity by 30,000 air-dried metric tonnes and includes the installation of an additional 40 megawatt steam turbine. The facility, 80% of which is guaranteed by the State of Saxony-Anhalt, bears interest at a rate of Euribor plus 3.5% per annum and is available for disbursement up to August 31, 2013. The interest period for the facility, at the choice of the Company, will be of one, three or six months duration and interest is paid on the last day of the interest period selected. The facility, together with accrued interest, is scheduled to mature in September 2017. The facility will be repaid semi-annually, commencing September 30, 2013 and will be non-recourse to the

Company. As at June 30, 2012, the Company had not drawn on this facility. As part of the term facility, the Company was required to open an investment account with the lender for the purpose of managing project costs and is required to deposit all funding associated with Project Blue Mill in this account. As at June 30, 2012 the balance in the investment account was 9,470; this cash was from shareholder loans entered into in January 2012 and operating cash flows.

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NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(In thousands of Euros, except per share data)

Note 3. Debt (continued)

(e) A loan of 25,128 payable by the Stendal mill to its noncontrolling shareholder bears interest at 7.00%, and is accrued semi-annually. The loan payable is unsecured, subordinated to all liabilities of the Stendal mill, non-recourse to the Company and its restricted subsidiaries, and is due in 2017.

In January 2012, the Stendal mill entered into two additional loans payable by the Stendal mill to its noncontrolling shareholder as part of the financing for Project Blue Mill. The first loan has a principal amount of 1,192 and the second loan has a principal amount of 440. Both loans bear interest at 7.00% per annum and are due in 2017, provided that the Project Blue Mill facility (Note 3(d)) and the Stendal Loan Facility (Note 3(a)) have been fully repaid on such date. The second loan may be repaid prior to October 1, 2017 if the DSRA has been Fully Funded for the first time. The first loan is subordinated to all liabilities of the Stendal mill and the second loan is subordinated to all liabilities of the Stendal mill only until such time as the DSRA is Fully Funded for the first time.

As at June 30, 2012, accrued interest on these loans was 8,923. As at December 31, 2011, accrued interest on these loans was 7,996.

- (f) A four-year amortizing investment loan agreement with a lender relating to the wash press project at the Rosenthal mill with a total facility of 4,351 bearing interest at the rate of Euribor plus 2.75% that matures August 2013. Borrowings under this agreement are secured by the new wash press equipment. As at June 30, 2012, the balance outstanding was 2,176 and was accruing interest at a rate of 4.17%.
- (g) A 25,000 working capital facility at the Rosenthal mill that matures in December 2012. Borrowings under the facility are collateralized by the mill s inventory and receivables and bear interest at Euribor plus 3.50%. As at June 30, 2012, approximately 2,100 of this facility was supporting bank guarantees leaving approximately 22,900 available.
- (h) On February 8, 2010, the Rosenthal mill finalized a credit agreement with a lender for a 3,500 facility maturing in December 2012. Borrowings under this facility bear interest at the rate of the three-month Euribor plus 3.50% and are secured by certain land at the Rosenthal mill. As at June 30, 2012, this facility was undrawn.

Note 4. Pension and Other Post-Retirement Benefit Obligations

Included in pension and other post-retirement benefit obligations are amounts related to the Company s Celgar and Rosenthal mills. The largest component of this obligation is with respect to the Celgar mill which maintains a defined benefit pension plan and post-retirement benefit plans for certain employees (Celgar Plans).

Pension benefits are based on employees earnings and years of service. The Celgar Plans are funded by contributions from the Company based on actuarial estimates and statutory requirements. Pension contributions during the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2012 totaled 511 and 1,012, respectively (2011 430 and 894).

Effective December 31, 2008, the defined benefit plan was closed to new members. In addition, the defined benefit service accrual ceased on December 31, 2008, and members began to receive pension benefits, at a fixed contractual rate, under a new defined contribution plan effective January 1, 2009. During the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2012, the Company made contributions of 159 and 320, respectively (2011 146 and 285) to this plan.

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NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(In thousands of Euros, except per share data)

Note 4. Pension and Other Post-Retirement Benefit Obligations (continued)

Information about the Celgar Plans, in aggregate for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2011 is as follows:

		Three Months Ended June 30,			
	2	2012		2011	
		Post-			
	Pension Benefits	Retirement Benefits	Pension Benefits	Retirement Benefits	
Service cost	28	140	22	116	
Interest cost	378	217	373	201	
Expected return on plan assets	(406)		(383)		
Recognized net loss (gain)	280	1	126	(17)	
Net periodic benefit cost	280	358	138	300	

	Six Months Ended June 30,				
	2	2012		2011	
		Post-			
	Pension Benefits	Retirement Benefits	Pension Benefits	Retirement Benefits	
Service cost	55	278	44	235	
Interest cost	751	431	758	409	
Expected return on plan assets	(807)		(777)		
Recognized net loss (gain)	557	3	256	(35)	
Net periodic benefit cost	556	712	281	609	

The Company participates in a multiemployer plan for hourly-paid employees at the Celgar mill. The contributions to this plan are determined based on an amount per hour worked pursuant to a collective bargaining agreement. The Company has no current or future contribution obligations in excess of the contractual contributions. During the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2012, the Company made contributions of 463 and 940, respectively (2011 526 and 974) to this plan.

Note 5. Share Capital

Common shares

The Company has authorized 200,000,000 common shares with a par value of \$1 per share.

As at June 30, 2012, the Company had 55,815,704 common shares issued and outstanding. As at December 31, 2011, the Company had 55,779,204 common shares issued and outstanding. During the six months ended June 30, 2012, the Company issued 36,500 restricted shares to directors of the Company.

Share Repurchase Program

In August 2011, the Company s Board of Directors authorized a share repurchase program (the Program) to repurchase up to \$25.0 million worth of the Company s outstanding common shares from time to time over a period ending August 2012. During the six month period ended June 30, 2012, the Company did not repurchase any of its common shares. During the twelve month period ended December 31, 2011, the Company repurchased 1,263,401 of its common shares at an aggregate cost of \$10.6 million.

In July 2012, the Company s Board of Directors re-authorized the Program to allow for the repurchase of up to approximately \$14.4 million of the Company s outstanding shares of common stock over a period ending August 2013.

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NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(In thousands of Euros, except per share data)

Note 5. Share Capital (continued)

Preferred shares

The Company has authorized 50,000,000 preferred shares with \$1 par value issuable in series, of which 2,000,000 shares have been designated as Series A. The preferred shares may be issued in one or more series and with such designations and preferences for each series as shall be stated in the resolutions providing for the designation and issue of each such series adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company. The Board of Directors is authorized by the Company sarticles of incorporation to determine the voting, dividend, redemption and liquidation preferences pertaining to each such series. As at June 30, 2012, no preferred shares had been issued by the Company.

Note 6. Stock-Based Compensation

In June 2010, the Company adopted a new stock incentive plan (the 2010 Plan) which provides for options, restricted stock rights, restricted shares, performance shares, performance share units (PSUs) and stock appreciation rights to be awarded to employees, consultants and non-employee directors. As at June 30, 2012, after factoring in all allocated shares, there remain approximately 1.1 million common shares available for grant pursuant to the 2010 Plan.

Performance Shares and PSUs

Performance shares are common shares granted to an employee which have restrictive conditions, such as the ability to sell the shares, until the Company and the grantee achieve certain performance objectives. PSUs comprise rights to receive common shares at a future date that are contingent on the Company and the grantee achieving certain performance objectives.

The fair value of the performance shares and PSUs is recorded as compensation expense over the vesting period. The fair value is determined based upon the targeted number of shares awarded and the quoted price of the Company s shares at the reporting date. The target number of shares is determined using management s best estimate. The final determination of the number of shares to be granted or unrestricted will be made by the Company s Board of Directors. For the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2012 the Company recognized a recovery of 218 and an expense of 377, respectively, related to the PSUs (2011 expense 245 and 759).

As at June 30, 2012, there are no performance shares outstanding.

The following summarizes PSU activity during the period:

	Number of PSUs
Outstanding at January 1, 2011	534,783
Granted	812,575
Vested and issued	(474,728)
Cancelled	(60,055)
Forfeited	(17,263)
Outstanding at December 31, 2011	795,312
Granted	29,461
Forfeited	(35,481)

Outstanding at June 30, 2012

789,292

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NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(In thousands of Euros, except per share data)

Note 6. Stock-Based Compensation (continued)

Restricted Shares

The fair value of restricted stock is determined based upon the number of shares granted and the quoted price of the Company s stock on the date of grant. Restricted shares generally vest over one year; however, 200,000 restricted shares granted during the year ended December 31, 2011 vest in equal amounts over a five-year period commencing in 2012. The fair value of the restricted shares is recorded as compensation expense on a straight-line basis over the vesting period.

Expense recognized for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2012 was 202 and 485, respectively (2011 265 and 396). As at June 30, 2012, the total remaining unrecognized compensation cost related to restricted stock amounted to approximately 1,088 (2011 1,808), which will be amortized over the remaining vesting periods.

The following summarizes restricted share activity during the period:

	Number of
	restricted shares
Outstanding at January 1, 2011	56,000
Awarded	238,000
Vested	(56,000)
Outstanding at December 31, 2011 Awarded Vested	238,000 36,500 (78,000)
Outstanding at June 30, 2012	196,500

Stock Options

During the six month periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, no options were granted, exercised or cancelled. During the six-month period ended June 30, 2012, nil options expired (2011 15,000). The aggregate intrinsic value of options is calculated as the difference between the quoted market price for the Company s common stock as at June 30, 2012, and the exercise price of the stock options for those options where the exercise price is below the quoted market price. As at June 30, 2012, the Company had 100,000 options with an exercise price below the quoted market price resulting in an aggregate intrinsic value of 5. As at June 30, 2011, the Company had 175,000 options with an exercise price below the quoted market price resulting in an aggregate intrinsic value of 444. The Company issues new shares upon the exercise of stock options.

Stock compensation expense recognized for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2012 was nil (2011 nil). As at June 30, 2012 the Company had 175,000 stock options which have fully vested.

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NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(In thousands of Euros, except per share data)

Note 7. Net Income Per Share Attributable to Common Shareholders

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011	
Net income attributable to common shareholders basic	1,515	14,383	2,688	43,436	
Interest on convertible notes, net of tax		349		750	
Net income attributable to common shareholders diluted	1,515	14,732	2,688	44,186	
Net income per share attributable to common shareholders					
Basic	0.03	0.32	0.05	0.97	
Diluted	0.03	0.26	0.05	0.77	
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding:					
Basic ⁽¹⁾	55,593,314	45,521,094	55,574,072	44,805,877	
Effect of dilutive instruments:	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	
Performance shares and PSUs	267,013	107,468	329,737	472,860	
Restricted shares		27,824		77,946	
Stock options and awards	13,878	83,734	20,927	78,355	
Convertible notes		11,259,152		11,846,592	
Diluted	55,874,205	56,999,272	55,924,736	57,281,630	

Stock options and awards excluded from the calculation of diluted income per share attributable to common shareholders because they were anti-dilutive totaled 75,000 stock options for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2012 (2011 nil and nil).

Restricted shares excluded from the calculation of diluted income per share attributable to common shareholders because they were anti-dilutive totaled 196,500 restricted shares for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2012 (2011 nil and nil).

⁽¹⁾ The basic weighted average number of shares excludes 196,500 restricted shares which have been issued, but have not vested as at June 30, 2012 (2011 238,000 restricted shares).

The calculation of diluted net income per share attributable to common shareholders does not assume the exercise of any instruments that would have an anti-dilutive effect on earnings per share.

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NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(In thousands of Euros, except per share data)

Note 8. Derivative Transactions

The Company is exposed to certain market risks relating to its ongoing business. The Company seeks to manage these risks through internal risk management policies as well as, from time to time, the use of derivatives. The Company currently manages its interest rate risk and a small portion of its pulp sales price risk with the use of derivative instruments. The derivatives are measured at fair value with changes in fair value immediately recognized in the Interim Consolidated Statement of Operations.

Interest Rate Derivative

During 2004, the Company entered into certain variable-to-fixed interest rate swaps in connection with the Stendal Loan Facility with respect to an aggregate maximum principal amount of approximately 612,600 of the principal of the total indebtedness under the Stendal Loan Facility. Under the remaining interest rate swap, the Company pays a fixed rate and receives a floating rate with the interest payments being calculated on a notional amount. Currently, the contract has an aggregate notional amount of 381,489 at a fixed interest rate of 5.28% and it matures in October 2017 (which for the most part matches the maturity of the Stendal Loan Facility). The Company recognized an unrealized loss of 276 and a gain of 600 with respect to this interest rate swap for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2012, respectively (2011 a loss of 2,339 and a gain of 9,904), in gain (loss) on derivative instruments in the Interim Consolidated Statement of Operations. The fair value of the interest rate swap is presented in unrealized interest rate derivative losses in the Interim Consolidated Balance Sheet, which currently amounts to a cumulative unrealized loss of 51,791. As at December 31, 2011 the unrealized interest rate derivative loss was 52,391.

The interest rate derivative contract is with the same bank that holds the Stendal Loan Facility and the Company does not anticipate non-performance by the bank.

Pulp Price Derivative

During May 2012, the Company entered into a fixed price pulp swap contract with a bank. Under the contract, 5,000 metric tonnes (MT) of pulp per month is fixed at a price of \$915 per MT. The contract expires in December 2012. The Company recognized a gain of 1,619 with respect to this contract for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012, in gain (loss) on derivative instruments in the Interim Consolidated Statement of Operations. The fair value of the fixed price pulp swap contract was 1,599 as at June 30, 2012 and was presented in prepaid expenses and other in the Interim Consolidated Balance Sheet.

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NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(In thousands of Euros, except per share data)

Note 9. Financial Instruments

The fair value of financial instruments as at June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011 is summarized as follows:

	June 30, 2012		December 31, 2011	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Cash and cash equivalents	130,887	130,887	105,072	105,072
Marketable securities ⁽¹⁾	10,368	10,368	12,372	12,372
Receivables	103,923	103,923	120,487	120,487
Pulp price derivative contract asset	1,599	1,599		
Accounts payable and other	103,879	103,879	99,640	99,640
Debt	730,238	715,462	734,086	717,522
Interest rate derivative contract liability	51,791	51,791	52,391	52,391

(1) Includes equity securities of 167 (2011 156) recorded in the Interim Consolidated Balance Sheet within deferred note issuance and other. The carrying value of cash and cash equivalents accounts payable and other approximates the fair value due to the immediate or short-term maturity of these financial instruments. The carrying value of receivables approximates the fair value due to their short-term nature and historical collectability. The fair value of debt reflects recent market transactions and discounted cash flow estimates. Marketable securities are recorded at fair value based on recent transactions. See the Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure section for details on how the fair value of the pulp price derivative contract and interest rate derivative contract was determined.

Many of the Company s transactions are denominated in foreign currencies, primarily the U.S. dollar. As a result of these transactions, the Company and its subsidiaries have financial risk that the value of the Company s financial instruments will vary due to fluctuations in foreign exchange rates.

Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure

The fair value methodologies and, as a result, the fair value of the Company s investments and derivative instruments are determined based on the fair value hierarchy provided in the Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures topic of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification, and are as follows:

- Level 1 Valuations based on quoted prices in active markets for *identical* assets and liabilities.
- Level 2 Valuations based on observable inputs in active markets for *similar* assets and liabilities, other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted commodity prices or interest or currency exchange rates.
- Level 3 Valuations based on significant unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity, such as discounted cash flow methodologies based on internal cash flow forecasts.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(In thousands of Euros, except per share data)

Note 9. Financial Instruments (continued)

The Company classified its marketable securities within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy because quoted prices are available in an active market for both exchange-traded equities and the German federal government bonds. The Company classified the German federal government bonds as available-for-sale as it is not certain these investments will be held to maturity, nor does the Company intend to actively trade these investments.

The Company s interest rate and pulp price derivatives are classified within Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy, as they are traded on the over-the-counter market and are valued using internal models that use as their basis readily observable market inputs, such as forward interest rates, yield curves observable at specified intervals and commodity price curves. The observable inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources. In addition, the Company considered the risk of non-performance of the obligor, which in some cases reflects the Company s own credit risk. The counterparty to our interest rate and pulp price derivatives are multi-national financial institutions.

The following table presents a summary of the Company s outstanding financial instruments and their estimated fair values under the hierarchy defined in Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures Topic of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification:

	Fair v Quoted prices in active	value measuremen	ts at June 30, 2012 us	sing:
	markets for identical assets	Significant other observable	Significant unobservable	
	(Level	inputs	inputs	TD 4 1
Description Assets	1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	Total
Marketable securities:				
German federal government bonds	10,201			10,201
Exchange traded equities	167			167
Derivative fixed price pulp swaps		1,599		1,599
	10,368	1,599		11,967
Liabilities				
Derivative interest rate swap		51,791		51,791

	Fair value	e measurements	at December 31, 2011	using:
Description	Quoted prices in active markets for identical	Significant other observable inputs	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)	Total
	assets (Level	(Level 2)		

	1)	
Assets		
Marketable securities:		
German federal government bonds	12,216	12,216
Exchange traded equities	156	156
	12,372	12,372
Liabilities		
Derivative interest rate swap	52,391	52,391

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NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(In thousands of Euros, except per share data)

Note 10. Commitments and Contingencies

(a) Pursuant to an arbitration proceeding with the general construction contractor of the Stendal mill regarding certain warranty claims, the Company acted upon a bank guarantee for defect liability on civil works that was about to expire as provided in the engineering, procurement, and construction contract. On January 28, 2011, the Company received approximately 10,000 (the Guarantee Amount), which is intended to compensate the Company for remediation work that is required at the Stendal mill, but it is less than the amount claimed by the Company under the arbitration. Consequently, the arbitration proceeding is ongoing, and there is no certainty that the Company will be successful with its claims.

The 10,000 was initially recognized as an increase in cash and a corresponding increase in accounts payable and other. As civil works remediation steps are agreed to with the general construction contractor an agreed to portion of the payable is reversed with the offset recorded in operating costs to offset the remediation expenditures. During the six month period ended June 30, 2012, the noncontrolling shareholder contributed its required 1,632 from the Guarantee Amount as part of the financing agreement for Project Blue Mill. This contribution was reclassified to long-term debt as part of the loan payable to the noncontrolling shareholder. See Note 3(e) Debt. As at June 30, 2012, the Company had Guarantee Amount proceeds of 4,818 remaining in accounts payable and other.

- (b) The Company is involved in a property transfer tax dispute with respect to the Celgar mill and certain other legal actions and claims arising in the ordinary course of business. Celgar had previously paid the property transfer tax assessment, and is currently awaiting a court date to appeal the assessment. While the outcome of these legal actions and claims cannot be predicted with certainty, it is the opinion of management that the outcome of any such claim which is pending or threatened, either individually or on a combined basis, will not have a material adverse effect on the consolidated financial condition, results of operations or liquidity of the Company.
- (c) The Company is subject to regulations that require the handling and disposal of asbestos in a prescribed manner if a property undergoes a major renovation or demolition. Otherwise, the Company is not required to remove asbestos from its facilities. Generally asbestos is found on steam and condensate piping systems as well as certain cladding on buildings and in building insulation throughout older facilities. The Company s obligation for the proper removal and disposal of asbestos products from the Company s mills is a conditional asset retirement obligation. As a result of the longevity of the Company s mills, due in part to the maintenance procedures and the fact that the Company does not have plans for major changes that require the removal of asbestos, the timing of the asbestos removal is indeterminate. As a result, the Company is currently unable to reasonably estimate the fair value of its asbestos removal and disposal obligation. The Company will recognize a liability in the period in which sufficient information is available to reasonably estimate its fair value.
- (d) As at June 30, 2012, the Company had entered into capital commitments of approximately 10,224 at the Stendal mill as part of Project Blue Mill.

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NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(In thousands of Euros, except per share data)

Note 11. Restricted Group Supplemental Disclosure

The terms of the indenture governing our Senior Notes require that we provide the results of operations and financial condition of Mercer International Inc. and our restricted subsidiaries under the indenture, collectively referred to as the Restricted Group . As at and during the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, the Restricted Group was comprised of Mercer International Inc., certain holding subsidiaries and our Rosenthal and Celgar mills. The Restricted Group excludes the Stendal mill.

Combined Condensed Balance Sheets

	June 30, 2012			
	Restricted	Unrestricted Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
ASSETS	Group	Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Group
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	50,096	80,791		130,887
Marketable securities	10,201	00,771		10,201
Receivables	55,430	48,493		103,923
Inventories	70,562	47,658		118,220
Prepaid expenses and other	5,749	2,843		8,592
Deferred income tax	4,919	3,352		8,271
Total current assets	196,957	183,137		380,094
Total current assets	190,937	105,157		360,094
Long-term assets				
Property, plant and equipment	355,633	461,259		816,892
Deferred note issuance and other	6,384	6,177		12,561
Deferred income tax	8,878	7,270		16,148
Due from unrestricted group	97,771		(97,771)	
Total assets	665,623	657,843	(97,771)	1,225,695
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable and other	53,180	50,699		103,879
Pension and other post-retirement benefit obligations	773	- 1,111		773
Debt	1,088	35,000		36,088
Total current liabilities	55,041	85,699		140,740
Long-term liabilities				
Debt	225,560	468,590		694,150
Due to restricted group		97,771	(97,771)	
Unrealized interest rate derivative losses		51,791		51,791
Pension and other post-retirement benefit obligations	31,798			31,798
Capital leases and other	6,460	6,993		13,453
Deferred income tax	3,895			3,895

Total liabilities	322,754	710,844	(97,771)	935,827
EQUITY				
Total shareholders equity (deficit)	342,869	(36,726)		306,143
Noncontrolling deficit		(16,275)		(16,275)
Total liabilities and equity	665,623	657,843	(97,771)	1,225,695

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NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(In thousands of Euros, except per share data)

Note 11. Restricted Group Supplemental Disclosure (continued)

Combined Condensed Balance Sheets

		December 31, 2011		
	Restricted	Unrestricted	Till	Consolidated
ASSETS	Group	Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Group
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	44,829	60.243		105.072
Marketable securities	12,216	00,243		12,216
Receivables	62,697	57,790		120,487
Inventories	71,692	48,847		120,539
Prepaid expenses and other	5,019	3,143		8,162
Deferred income tax	5,179	1,571		6,750
befored mediae tax	3,177	1,571		0,730
Total current assets	201,632	171,594		373,226
Long-term assets				
Property, plant and equipment	353,925	467,049		820,974
Deferred note issuance and other	5,971	4,792		10,763
Deferred income tax	8,492	3,795		12,287
Due from unrestricted group	88,824		(88,824)	
Total assets	658,844	647,230	(88,824)	1,217,250
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable and other	49,815	49,825		99,640
Pension and other post-retirement benefit obligations	756	15,025		756
Debt	1,088	24,583		25,671
Total current liabilities	51,659	74,408		126,067
Long-term liabilities				
Debt	222,384	486,031		708,415
Due to restricted group	222,301	88,824	(88,824)	700,113
Unrealized interest rate derivative losses		52,391	(00,02.)	52,391
Pension and other post-retirement benefit obligations	31,197	,-,-		31,197
Capital leases and other	6,604	6,449		13,053
Deferred income tax	2,585	-,,		2,585
	2,000			2,000
Total liabilities	314,429	708,103	(88,824)	933,708

EQUITY

Total shareholders equity (deficit) Noncontrolling deficit	344,415	(42,299) (18,574)		302,116 (18,574)
Total liabilities and equity	658,844	647,230	(88,824)	1,217,250

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MERCER INTERNATIONAL INC.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(In thousands of Euros, except per share data)

Note 11. Restricted Group Supplemental Disclosure (continued)

Combined Condensed Statements of Operations

		Three Months Ended June 30, 2012		
	Restricted Group	Unrestricted Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated Group
Revenues				
Pulp	103,745	82,291		186,036
Energy and chemicals	6,460	11,566		18,026
	110,205	93,857		204,062
Operating costs	94,762	67,855		162,617
Operating depreciation and amortization	7,807	6,718		14,525
Selling, general and administrative expenses	5,406	3,218		8,624
	107,975	77,791		185,766
Operating income	2,230	16,066		18,296
Other income (expense) Interest expense	(5,934)	(9,312)	1,383	(13,863)
Gain (loss) on derivative instruments	1,619	(276)	1,363	1,343
Other income (expense)	915	100	(1,383)	(368)
Total other income (expense)	(3,400)	(9,488)	(1,505)	(12,888)
Income (loss) before income taxes	(1,170)	6,578		5,408
Income tax provision	(1,398)	(867)		(2,265)
	(-,-,-,	(227)		(=,===)
Net income (loss)	(2,568)	5,711		3,143
Less: net income attributable to noncontrolling interest		(1,628)		(1,628)
Net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders	(2,568)	4,083		1,515

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2011			
	Restricted Group	Unrestricted Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated Group
Revenues	_			_
Pulp	125,238	92,036		217,274

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Energy and chemicals	5,701	11,520		17,221
	130,939	103,556		234,495
Operating costs	100,209	75,606		175,815
Operating depreciation and amortization	7,401	6,468		13,869
Selling, general and administrative expenses	5,301	3,299		8,600
	112.011	05.252		100.004
	112,911	85,373		198,284
Operating income	18,028	18,183		36,211
Other income (expense)				
Interest expense	(6,433)	(9,684)	1,234	(14,883)
Gain (loss) on derivative instruments		(2,339)		(2,339)
Foreign exchange gain on debt	342			342
Other income (expense)	1,305	65	(1,234)	136
Total other income (expense)	(4,786)	(11,958)		(16,744)
romi onor moonie (criponic)	(1,700)	(11,500)		(10,711)
Income before income taxes	13,242	6,225		19,467
Income tax provision	(2,851)	(767)		(3,618)
Net income	10,391	5.458		15,849
Less: net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	10,391	-,		,
Less. het income autibutable to noncontrolling interest		(1,466)		(1,466)
Net income attributable to common shareholders	10,391	3,992		14,383

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MERCER INTERNATIONAL INC.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(In thousands of Euros, except per share data)

Note 11. Restricted Group Supplemental Disclosure (continued)

Combined Condensed Statements of Operations

		Six Months En	ded June 30, 2012	
	Restricted Group	Unrestricted Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated Group
Revenues	•			•
Pulp	213,634	171,841		385,475
Energy and chemicals	14,451	22,494		36,945
	228,085	194,335		422,420
Operating costs	193,098	147,289		340,387
Operating depreciation and amortization	15,447	13,365		28,812
Selling, general and administrative expenses	11,927	6,755		18,682
	220,472	167,409		387,881
Operating income	7,613	26,926		34,539
Other income (expense)				
Interest expense	(11,744)	(18,976)	2,724	(27,996)
Gain (loss) on derivative instruments	1,619	600	,	2,219
Other income (expense)	1,740	206	(2,724)	(778)
Total other income (expense)	(8,385)	(18,170)		(26,555)
Income (loss) before income taxes	(772)	8,756		7,984
Income tax provision	(2,113)	(884)		(2,997)
Net income (loss)	(2,885)	7,872		4,987
Less: net income attributable to noncontrolling interest		(2,299)		(2,299)
Net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders	(2,885)	5,573		2,688
		Six Months En	ded June 30, 2011	
	Restricted Group	Unrestricted Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated Group
Revenues				
Pulp	240,464	187,268		427,732

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Energy and chemicals	11,547	21,546		33,093
	252,011	208,814		460,825
Operating costs	186,200	155,165		341,365
Operating depreciation and amortization	15,015	12,930		27,945
Selling, general and administrative expenses	11,492	7,168		18,660
	212,707	175,263		387,970
Operating income	39,304	33,551		72,855
Other income (expense) Interest expense	(13,706)	(19,535)	2,452	(30,789)
Gain (loss) on derivative instruments	(15,700)	9,904	2,2	9,904
Foreign exchange gain on debt	1,453	2,20.		1,453
Other income (expense)	2,584	331	(2,452)	463
•				
Total other income (expense)	(9,669)	(9,300)		(18,969)
Income before income taxes	29,635	24,251		53,886
Income tax provision	(3,375)	(1,062)		(4,437)
Net income	26,260	23,189		49,449
Less: net income attributable to noncontrolling interest		(6,013)		(6,013)
Net income attributable to common shareholders	26,260	17,176		43,436

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MERCER INTERNATIONAL INC.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(In thousands of Euros, except per share data)

Note 11. Restricted Group Supplemental Disclosure (continued)

Combined Condensed Statements of Cash Flows

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2012		
	Restricted Group	Unrestricted Group	Consolidated Group
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities	•	•	•
Net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders	(2,568)	4,083	1,515
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders to cash flows			
from operating activities			
Loss (gain) on derivative instruments	(1,619)	276	(1,343)
Depreciation and amortization	7,870	6,718	14,588
Noncontrolling interest		1,628	1,628
Deferred income taxes	1,240	(5,256)	(4,016)
Stock compensation expense	(6)		(6)
Pension and other post-retirement expense, net of funding	(41)		(41)
Other	(535)	608	73
Changes in current assets and liabilities			
Receivables	7,833	4,505	12,338
Inventories	(1,765)	(6,531)	(8,296)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(3,155)	3,960	805
Other ⁽¹⁾	(1,514)	1,428	(86)
Net cash from (used in) operating activities	5,740	11,419	17,159
Cash flows from (used in) investing activities			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(8,815)	(1,023)	(9,838)
Proceeds on sale of property, plant and equipment	51	62	113
Proceeds on sale of marketable securities	2,008		2,008
Net cash from (used in) investing activities	(6,756)	(961)	(7,717)
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities			
Repayment of notes payable and debt	(1,584)		(1,584)
Repayment of capital lease obligations	(180)	(268)	(448)
Repayment of credit facilities	(3,759)	()	(3,759)
Proceeds from government grants	1,692		1,692
Net cash from (used in) financing activities	(3,831)	(268)	(4,099)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	1,348		1,348

Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	(3,499)	10,190	6,691
	53,595	70,601	124,196
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	50,096	80,791	130,887

(1) Includes intercompany working capital related transactions.

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MERCER INTERNATIONAL INC.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(In thousands of Euros, except per share data)

Note 11. Restricted Group Supplemental Disclosure (continued)

Combined Condensed Statements of Cash Flows

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2011		
	Restricted Group	Unrestricted Group	Consolidated Group
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities	•	•	•
Net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders	10,391	3,992	14,383
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders to cash flows			
from operating activities			
Loss (gain) on derivative instruments		2,339	2,339
Foreign exchange gain on debt	(342)		(342)
Depreciation and amortization	7,461	6,468	13,929
Accretion expense	289		289
Noncontrolling interest		1,466	1,466
Deferred income taxes	2,140		2,140
Stock compensation expense	471		471
Pension and other post-retirement expense, net of funding	7		7
Other	232	687	919
Changes in current assets and liabilities			
Receivables	7,972	(2,449)	5,523
Inventories	2,616	(11,015)	(8,399)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	2,721	(3,554)	(833)
Other ⁽¹⁾	(2,147)	2,632	485
Net cash from (used in) operating activities	31,811	566	32,377
Cash flows from (used in) investing activities			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(6,293)	(1,463)	(7,756)
Proceeds on sale of property, plant and equipment	16	11	27
Note receivable	375		375
Net cash from (used in) investing activities	(5,902)	(1,452)	(7,354)
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities	(220)	(200)	((20)
Repayment of capital lease obligations	(339)	(299)	(638)
Proceeds from government grants	4,837		4,837
Net cash from (used in) financing activities	4,498	(299)	4,199
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(668)		(668)

Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	29,739	(1,185)	28,554
	57,202	66,039	123,241
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	86,941	64,854	151,795

(1) Includes intercompany working capital related transactions.

FORM 10-Q

MERCER INTERNATIONAL INC.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(In thousands of Euros, except per share data)

Note 11. Restricted Group Supplemental Disclosure (continued)

Combined Condensed Statements of Cash Flows

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2012		30, 2012
	Restricted Group	Unrestricted Group	Consolidated Group
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities	•	•	•
Net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders	(2,885)	5,573	2,688
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders to cash flows			
from operating activities			
Loss (gain) on derivative instruments	(1,619)	(600)	(2,219)
Depreciation and amortization	15,573	13,365	28,938
Noncontrolling interest		2,299	2,299
Deferred income taxes	1,916	(5,256)	(3,340)
Stock compensation expense	862		862
Pension and other post-retirement expense, net of funding	(55)		(55)
Other	(477)	1,343	866
Changes in current assets and liabilities			
Receivables	5,723	9,300	15,023
Inventories	2,253	1,189	3,442
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	2,380	1,074	3,454
Other ⁽¹⁾	(7,988)	9,326	1,338
Net cash from (used in) operating activities	15,683	37,613	53,296
Cash flows from (used in) investing activities			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(13,033)	(5,270)	(18,303)
Proceeds on sale of property, plant and equipment	237	102	339
Proceeds on sale of marketable securities	2,008		2,008
Net cash from (used in) investing activities	(10,788)	(5,168)	(15,956)
	, , ,	,	, , ,
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities			
Repayment of notes payable and debt	(2,127)	(9,583)	(11,710)
Repayment of capital lease obligations	(366)	(693)	(1,059)
Payment of note issuance costs		(1,621)	(1,621)
Proceeds from government grants	2,322		2,322
Net cash from (used in) financing activities	(171)	(11,897)	(12,068)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	543		543

Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	5,267	20,548	25,815
	44,829	60,243	105,072
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	50,096	80,791	130,887

(1) Includes intercompany working capital related transactions.

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MERCER INTERNATIONAL INC.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(In thousands of Euros, except per share data)

Note 11. Restricted Group Supplemental Disclosure (continued)

Combined Condensed Statements of Cash Flows

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2011		
	Restricted Group	Unrestricted Group	Consolidated Group
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities	<u>.</u>	<u>-</u>	
Net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders	26,260	17,176	43,436
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders to cash flows			
from operating activities			
Loss (gain) on derivative instruments		(9,904)	(9,904)
Foreign exchange gain on debt	(1,453)		(1,453)
Depreciation and amortization	15,137	12,930	28,067
Accretion expense	759		759
Noncontrolling interest		6,013	6,013
Deferred income taxes	2,140		2,140
Stock compensation expense	2,539		2,539
Pension and other post-retirement expense, net of funding	(7)		(7)
Other	365	1,238	1,603
Changes in current assets and liabilities			
Receivables	14,231	(1,531)	12,700
Inventories	2,365	(6,451)	(4,086)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	13,683	10,872	24,555
Other ⁽¹⁾	(3,869)	4,713	844
Net cash from (used in) operating activities	72,150	35,056	107,206
Cash flows from (used in) investing activities			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(12,001)	(3,824)	(15,825)
Proceeds on sale of property, plant and equipment	19	361	380
Note receivable	771		771
Net cash from (used in) investing activities	(11,211)	(3,463)	(14,674)
	(,)	(=,13=)	(2 1,0 / 1)
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities			
Repayment of notes payable and debt	(15,768)	(14,583)	(30,351)
Repayment of capital lease obligations	(861)	(632)	(1,493)
Repayment of credit facilities, net	(14,652)		(14,652)
Proceeds from government grants	8,841	108	8,949
Net cash from (used in) financing activities	(22,440)	(15,107)	(37,547)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(2,212)		(2,212)

Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	36,287	16,486	52,773
	50,654	48,368	99,022
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	86,941	64,854	151,795

(1) Includes intercompany working capital related transactions.

FORM 10-Q

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

In this document: (i) unless the context otherwise requires, references to we, our, us, the Company or Mercer mean Mercer International Inc its subsidiaries; (ii) references to Mercer Inc. mean the Company excluding its subsidiaries; (iii) information is provided as of June 30, 2012, unless otherwise stated; (iv) all references to monetary amounts are to Euros, the lawful currency adopted by most members of the European Union, unless otherwise stated; (v) refers to Euros, \$ refers to U.S. dollars and C\$ refers to Canadian dollars; (vi) ADMTs refers to air-dried metric tonnes; (vii) MW refers to megawatts; and (viii) MWh refers to megawatt hours.

Results of Operations

General

We operate three northern bleached softwood kraft (NBSK) pulp mills through our wholly owned subsidiaries, Rosenthal and Celgar, and our 74.9% owned subsidiary, Stendal, which have a consolidated annual production capacity of approximately 1.5 million ADMTs.

The following discussion and analysis of our results of operations and financial condition for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 should be read in conjunction with our interim consolidated financial statements and related notes included in this quarterly report, as well as our most recent annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC).

Current Market Environment

Continued economic uncertainty in Europe combined with a softening of Chinese demand during the traditionally slower summer months has caused NBSK pulp prices to remain relatively flat during the second quarter. We currently believe that the market is bottoming and we currently anticipate that NBSK pulp prices will begin to gradually increase in the medium term.

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Second Quarter Operational Snapshot

Selected production, sales and exchange rate data for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 is as follows:

	Three Months Ended Six Months June 30, June 3			
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Pulp production (000 ADMTs)	365.0	367.9	745.4	726.5
Scheduled production downtime (000 ADMTs)	22.6	16.2	22.6	19.9
Pulp sales (000 ADMTs)	349.2	357.6	734.0	706.6
Pulp revenues (in millions)	186.0	217.3	385.5	427.7
Average NBSK pulp list prices in Europe (\$/ADMT) ⁽¹⁾	\$ 837	\$ 1,017	\$ 837	\$ 988
Average NBSK pulp list prices in Europe (/ADMT)	652	706	645	704
Average pulp sales realizations (/ADMT ³)	526	599	519	596
Energy production (000 MWh)	425.4	419.6	861.7	827.3
Energy sales (000 MWh)	182.7	175.9	365.1	333.8
Energy revenue (in millions)	14.8	13.9	30.9	27.6
Average energy sales realizations (/MWh)	81	79	85	83
Chemical sales revenue (in millions)	3.2	3.3	6.0	5.5
Total energy and chemical sales revenue (in millions)	18.0	17.2	36.9	33.1
Average spot currency exchange rates				
/®	0.7795	0.6946	0.7710	0.7122
C\$ / \$ ⁽³⁾	1.0102	0.9677	1.0056	0.9765
C\$ / ⁽⁴⁾	1.2959	1.3934	1.3044	1.3711

- (1) Source: RISI PPPC pricing report.
- (2) Sales realizations after discounts. Incorporates the effect of pulp price variations occurring between the order and shipment dates.
- (3) Average Federal Reserve Bank of New York noon spot rate over the reporting period.
- (4) Average Bank of Canada noon spot rates over the reporting period.

Three Months Ended June 30, 2012 Compared to Three Months Ended June 30, 2011

Total revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2012 decreased to 204.1 million (\$261.9 million) from 234.5 million (\$337.7 million) in the same period in 2011, primarily due to lower average pulp realizations.

Pulp revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2012 decreased to 186.0 million from 217.3 million in the comparative quarter of 2011, primarily due to lower pulp prices, partially offset by a stronger U.S. dollar compared to the Euro. The U.S. dollar was approximately 12% stronger versus the Euro in the current quarter compared to the same quarter of last year.

Energy and chemical revenues increased by approximately 5% to 18.0 million in the second quarter from 17.2 million in the same quarter last year, primarily as a result of higher energy sales at our Celgar mill and record energy sales at our Stendal mill. Energy and chemical revenues in the quarter included 14.8 million from the sale of surplus electricity and 3.2 million of revenue resulting from the sales of a biochemical called tall oil. Tall oil had previously been classified as an offset to operating costs and has been included with revenues as we currently expect proceeds from the sale of tall oil to remain stable in future periods.

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List prices for NBSK pulp in Europe were approximately \$837 (652) per ADMT in the current quarter, compared to \$1,017 (706) per ADMT in the same quarter last year. In the second quarter of 2012, average pulp sales realizations decreased to 526 (\$675) per ADMT from 599 (\$863) per ADMT in the same quarter last year, primarily due to lower pulp prices, partially offset by a stronger U.S. dollar relative to the Euro.

Pulp production marginally decreased to 365,047 ADMTs in the current quarter from 367,914 ADMTs in the same quarter of 2011, primarily due to the annual maintenance shut down at our Rosenthal mill, partially offset by increased production rates at our Celgar and Stendal mills. We had 23 days (approximately 22,600 ADMTs) of scheduled maintenance downtime at our Rosenthal mill in the second quarter of 2012 in order to perform annual maintenance and to upgrade the mill s recovery process.

Pulp sales volume marginally decreased to 349,177 ADMTs in the current quarter from 357,585 ADMTs in the comparative period of 2011, primarily as a result of decreased demand in Europe.

Costs and expenses in the second quarter of 2012 decreased to 185.8 million from 198.3 million in the comparative period of 2011, primarily due to lower fiber costs.

In the second quarter of 2012, operating depreciation and amortization increased slightly to 14.5 million from 13.9 million in the same quarter last year. Selling, general and administrative expenses were unchanged at approximately 8.6 million in the second quarter of 2012 compared to the second quarter of 2011.

Transportation costs increased to 17.4 million in the second quarter of 2012 from 16.7 million in the second quarter of 2011 primarily due to increased shipments to China.

On average, our per unit fiber costs in the current quarter decreased by approximately 7% from the same period in 2011, due to lower fiber costs in Germany caused by reduced demand for fiber from the European particle board industry. Fiber costs at our Celgar mill were slightly higher, primarily due to increased demand for fiber. As we move into the third quarter, we currently expect fiber prices for our German mills to trend down slightly due to continued weakness in the particle board industry, partially offset by decreased German harvesting levels. We currently expect fiber prices at our Celgar mill to decline slightly through the third quarter due to increased sawmill activity.

For the second quarter of 2012, operating income decreased to 18.3 million from 36.2 million in the comparative quarter of 2011, primarily due to lower average pulp realizations, partially offset by a stronger U.S. dollar relative to the Euro.

Interest expense in the second quarter of 2012 decreased to 13.9 million from 14.9 million in the comparative quarter of 2011, primarily due to the conversion of our remaining convertible notes in 2011 and reduced debt levels associated with the Stendal mill.

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We recorded a derivative gain of 1.3 million, which includes a 1.6 million gain related to a fixed price pulp swap contract entered into in the second quarter of 2012 and an unrealized loss of 0.3 million on the mark to market adjustment of our Stendal mill s interest rate derivative, compared to an unrealized derivative loss of 2.3 million in the same quarter of last year. We recorded a foreign exchange gain of nil on our foreign currency denominated debt in the second quarter of 2012, compared to a gain of 0.3 million in the same period of 2011.

During the current quarter we recognized an additional current tax provision related to changes in uncertain tax positions as a result of ongoing tax audits. Consequently, our current tax expense increased to 6.3 million during the quarter ended June 30, 2012, compared to 1.5 million in the same quarter of 2011. Accordingly, we also reversed certain valuation allowances during the quarter resulting in a deferred tax recovery of 4.0 million, compared to a deferred tax provision of 2.1 million for the comparative period of 2011.

In the second quarter of 2012, the noncontrolling shareholder s interest in the Stendal mill s income was 1.6 million, compared to 1.5 million in the same quarter last year.

We reported net income attributable to common shareholders of 1.5 million, or 0.03 per basic and diluted share for the second quarter of 2012, which included a non-cash unrealized gain of 1.3 million on the fixed price pulp swaps and Stendal interest rate derivative. In the second quarter of 2011, net income attributable to common shareholders was 14.4 million, or 0.32 per basic and 0.26 per diluted share, which included a non-cash unrealized loss of 2.3 million on the Stendal interest rate derivative and a 0.3 million non-cash foreign exchange gain on our debt.

Operating EBITDA in the second quarter of 2012 was 32.9 million, compared to 50.1 million in the second quarter of 2011. Operating EBITDA is defined as operating income (loss) plus depreciation and amortization and non-recurring capital asset impairment charges. Management uses Operating EBITDA as a benchmark measurement of its own operating results, and as a benchmark relative to its competitors. Management considers it to be a meaningful supplement to operating income as a performance measure primarily because depreciation expense and non-recurring capital asset impairment charges are not an actual cash cost, and depreciation expense varies widely from company to company in a manner that management considers largely independent of the underlying cost efficiency of their operating facilities. In addition, we believe Operating EBITDA is commonly used by securities analysts, investors and other interested parties to evaluate our financial performance.

Operating EBITDA does not reflect the impact of a number of items that affect our net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders, including financing costs and the effect of derivative instruments. Operating EBITDA is not a measure of financial performance under the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), and should not be considered as an alternative to net income (loss) or income (loss) from operations as a measure of performance, nor as an alternative to net cash from operating activities as a measure of liquidity.

Operating EBITDA has significant limitations as an analytical tool, and should not be considered in isolation, or as a substitute for analysis of our results as reported under GAAP. Some of these limitations are that Operating EBITDA does not reflect: (i) our cash expenditures, or future requirements, for capital expenditures or contractual commitments; (ii) changes in, or cash requirements for, working capital needs; (iii) the significant interest expense, or the cash requirements necessary to service interest or principal payments, on our outstanding debt; (iv) noncontrolling interests on our Stendal mill operations; (v) the impact of realized or marked to market changes in our derivative positions, which can be substantial; and (vi) the impact of impairment charges against our investments or assets. Because of these limitations, Operating EBITDA should only be considered as a supplemental operational performance measure and should not be considered as a measure of liquidity or cash available to us to invest in the growth of our business. See the Statement of Cash Flows set out in our interim consolidated financial statements included herein. Because all companies do not calculate Operating EBITDA in the same manner, Operating EBITDA as calculated by us may differ from Operating EBITDA or EBITDA as calculated by other companies. We compensate for these limitations by using Operating EBITDA as a supplemental measure of our operational performance and relying primarily on our GAAP financial statements.

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The following table provides a reconciliation of net income attributable to common shareholders to operating income and Operating EBITDA for the periods indicated:

		Three Months Ended June 30,	
	2012	2011	
	(in thou	sands)	
Net income attributable to common shareholders	1,515	14,383	
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	1,628	1,466	
Income tax provision	2,265	3,618	
Interest expense	13,863	14,883	
Other expense (income)	368	(136)	
Foreign exchange gain on debt		(342)	
Loss (gain) on derivative instruments	(1,343)	2,339	
Operating income	18,296	36,211	
Add: Depreciation and amortization	14,588	13,929	
_			
Operating EBITDA	32,884	50,140	

Six Months Ended June 30, 2012 Compared to Six Months Ended June 30, 2011

Total revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2012 decreased to 422.4 million (\$548.0 million) from 460.8 million (\$647.0 million) in the same period in 2011, primarily due to lower average pulp realizations, partially offset by higher energy revenues.

Pulp revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2012 decreased to 385.5 million from 427.7 million in the comparative period of 2011, primarily due to lower pulp prices, partially offset by a stronger U.S. dollar compared to the Euro. The U.S. dollar was approximately 8% stronger versus the Euro in the first half of 2012 compared to the same period of 2011.

Energy and chemical revenues increased by approximately 11% to a record 36.9 million in the first half of 2012 from 33.1 million in the same period last year, primarily as a result of increased production at our Celgar and Stendal mills. Energy and chemical revenues in the period include 30.9 million in revenues from the sale of surplus electricity at our mills and 6.0 million in sales of a biochemical called tall oil at our Stendal mill.

List prices for NBSK pulp in Europe were approximately \$837 (645) per ADMT in the first half of 2012, compared to \$988 (704) per ADMT in the same period of 2011. In the first half of 2012, average pulp sales realizations decreased to 519 (\$673) per ADMT from 596 (\$837) per ADMT in the same period last year, primarily due to lower pulp prices, partially offset by a stronger U.S. dollar.

Pulp production increased to 745,389 ADMTs in the first half of 2012 from 726,471 ADMTs in the same period of 2011, primarily due to increased pulp production at our Celgar and Stendal mills.

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Pulp sales volume increased to 734,003 ADMTs in the first half of 2012 from 706,580 ADMTs in the comparative period of 2011, primarily as a result of increased sales to China in the first half of 2012.

Costs and expenses in the first half of 2012 remained relatively stable at 387.9 million, compared to 388.0 million in the first half of 2011, primarily due to higher sales volumes offset by lower fiber costs.

In the first half of 2012, operating depreciation and amortization increased slightly to 28.8 million from 27.9 million in the same period last year. Selling, general and administrative expenses were unchanged at approximately 18.7 million in the first half of 2012 compared to the same period of 2011.

Transportation costs increased to 35.4 million in the first half of 2012 from 32.2 million in the same period of 2011 primarily due to increased shipments to China and higher container costs.

On average, our per unit fiber costs in the first half of 2012 decreased by approximately 5% from the same period in 2011, primarily due to lower fiber costs in Germany caused by decreased demand from the European particle board industry. Fiber costs at our Celgar mill were higher, primarily due to increased demand for fiber. As we move into the third quarter, we currently expect fiber prices for our German mills to trend down slightly due to continued weakness in the particle board industry, partially offset by decreased German harvesting levels. We currently expect fiber prices at our Celgar mill to decline through the third quarter due to increased sawmill activity.

For the first half of 2012, operating income decreased to 34.5 million from 72.9 million in the same period of 2011, primarily due to lower pulp prices, partially offset by a stronger U.S. dollar relative to the Euro.

Interest expense in the first half of 2012 decreased to 28.0 million from 30.8 million in the comparative period of 2011, primarily due to the conversion of our remaining convertible notes in 2011 and reduced debt levels associated with the Stendal mill.

We recorded a derivative gain of 2.2 million which included a 1.6 million gain related to a fixed price pulp swap contract entered into in the second quarter of 2012 and an unrealized gain of 0.6 million on the mark to market adjustment of our Stendal mill s interest rate derivative in the first half of 2012, compared to an unrealized derivative gain of 9.9 million in the same period of 2011. We also recorded a foreign exchange gain of nil on our foreign currency denominated debt in the first half of 2012, compared to a gain of 1.5 million in the same period of 2011.

During the six months ended June 30, 2012 we recognized an additional current tax provision related to changes in uncertain tax positions as a result of ongoing tax audits. Consequently, our current tax expense increased to 6.3 million, compared to 2.3 million in the same period of 2011. Accordingly, we also reversed certain valuation allowances during the six months ended June 30, 2012 resulting in a deferred tax recovery of 3.3 million, compared to a deferred tax provision of 2.1 million for the comparative period of 2011.

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We recorded 0.8 million in other expenses in the first half of 2012, primarily related to our take-over bid for Fibrek Inc.

In the first half of 2012, the noncontrolling shareholder s interest in the Stendal mill s income was 2.3 million, compared to income of 6.0 million in the same period last year.

We reported net income attributable to common shareholders of 2.7 million, or 0.05 per basic and diluted share for the first half of 2012, which included a non-cash unrealized gain of 2.2 million on the fixed price pulp swaps and Stendal interest rate derivative, partially offset by a non-cash charge for stock compensation of 0.9 million. In the first half of 2011, net income attributable to common shareholders was 43.4 million, or 0.97 per basic and 0.77 per diluted share, which included a non-cash unrealized gain of 9.9 million on the Stendal interest rate derivative and a 1.5 million non-cash foreign exchange gain on our debt, partially offset by a non-cash charge for stock compensation of 2.5 million.

Operating EBITDA in the first half of 2012 was 63.5 million, compared to 100.9 million in the first half of 2011. Operating EBITDA is defined as operating income (loss) plus depreciation and amortization and non-recurring capital asset impairment charges. Operating EBITDA has significant limitations as an analytical tool, and should not be considered in isolation, or as a substitute for analysis of our results as reported under GAAP. See the discussion of our results for the three months ended June 30, 2012 for additional information relating to such limitations of Operating EBITDA.

The following table provides a reconciliation of net income attributable to common shareholders to operating income and Operating EBITDA for the periods indicated:

	×	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2012	2011	
	(in thou	sands)	
Net income attributable to common shareholders	2,688	43,436	
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	2,299	6,013	
Income tax provision	2,997	4,437	
Interest expense	27,996	30,789	
Other expense (income)	778	(463)	
Foreign exchange gain on debt		(1,453)	
Loss (gain) on derivative instruments	(2,219)	(9,904)	
Operating income	34,539	72,855	
Add: Depreciation and amortization	28,938	28,067	
Operating EBITDA	63,477	100,922	

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Liquidity and Capital Resources

The following table is a summary of selected financial information at the dates indicated:

	As at June 30, 2012 (in th	As at December 31, 2011 ousands)
Financial Position		
Cash and cash equivalents	130,887	105,072
Marketable securities ⁽¹⁾	10,368	12,372
Working capital	239,354	247,159
Property, plant and equipment	816,892	820,974
Total assets	1,225,695	1,217,250
Long-term liabilities	795,087	807,641
Total equity	289,868	283,542

(1) Principally comprised of German federal government bonds with a maturity of less than one year.

As at June 30, 2012, our cash and cash equivalents and holdings of short-term German federal government bonds had increased to 141.1 million from 117.3 million at the end of 2011, and working capital had decreased slightly to 239.4 million from 247.2 million at the end of 2011.

Sources and Uses of Funds

Our principal sources of funds are cash flows from operations, cash on hand and the revolving working capital loan facilities for our Celgar and Rosenthal mills. Our principal uses of funds consist of operating expenditures, payments of principal and interest on the project loan facility relating to our Stendal mill (Stendal Loan Facility), capital expenditures and interest payments on our outstanding 9.5% Senior Notes due 2017 (the Senior Notes).

Debt Covenants

Our long-term obligations contain various financial tests and covenants customary to these types of arrangements.

The Stendal Loan Facility requires Stendal to maintain a leverage ratio of total debt under the facility to EBITDA which is measured semi-annually on June 30 and December 31. An aggregate of 80% of the principal amount of the tranches under the Stendal Loan Facility are severally guaranteed by German federal and state governments, and the facility is without recourse to the Restricted Group which is comprised of Mercer Inc., the Rosenthal and Celgar mills, and certain holding subsidiaries.

As at June 30, 2012, we were in compliance with all of the covenants of our indebtedness.

Cash Flow Analysis

Cash Flows from Operating Activities. We operate in a cyclical industry and our operating cash flows vary accordingly. Our principal operating cash expenditures are for labor, fiber and chemicals.

FORM 10-Q

Working capital levels fluctuate throughout the year and are affected by maintenance downtime, changing sales patterns, seasonality and the timing of receivables and the payment of payables and expenses.

Cash provided by operating activities decreased to 53.3 million in the six months ended June 30, 2012 from 107.2 million in the comparative period of 2011, primarily due to lower net income. An increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses provided cash of 3.5 million, compared to 24.6 million in the same period of 2011. A decrease in inventories provided cash of 3.4 million in the six months ended June 30, 2012, compared to an increase in inventories using cash of 4.1 million in the same period of 2011. A decrease in receivables provided cash of 15.0 million in the six months ended June 30, 2012, compared to 12.7 million, in the same period of 2011.

Cash Flows from Investing Activities. Investing activities in the six months ended June 30, 2012 used cash of 16.0 million, compared to using cash of 14.7 million in the same period of 2011. Capital expenditures in the six months ended June 30, 2012 used cash of 18.3 million, compared to 15.8 million in the same period of 2011. Capital expenditures in the six months ended June 30, 2012 primarily related to the recovery boiler upgrade project at our Rosenthal mill and Project Blue Mill (defined below) at our Stendal mill.

Cash Flows from Financing Activities. In the first half of 2012, we used cash of 12.1 million primarily for scheduled Stendal loan facility payments. In the comparative period of 2011, financing activities used cash of 37.5 million, primarily as a result of cash used to redeem our 9.25% Senior Notes due 2013, 14.6 million used to make the scheduled payments to the Stendal loan facility and 14.7 million used to repay borrowings under the revolving facility at our Celgar mill.

Capital Resources

As at June 30, 2012, we had approximately 10.2 million of capital commitments related to our 40.0 million project at the Stendal mill, referred to as Project Blue Mill, and approximately 9.5 million set aside in an investment account to manage Project Blue Mill s costs and funding.

Other than commitments relating to Project Blue Mill, we currently have no material commitments to acquire assets or operating businesses.

Future Liquidity

Based upon the current level of operations and our current expectations for future periods in light of the current economic environment, and in particular, current and expected pulp pricing and foreign exchange rates, we believe that cash flow from operations and available cash, together with available borrowings will be adequate to meet our liquidity needs in the next 12 months.

Contractual Obligations and Commitments

There were no material changes outside the ordinary course to any of our material contractual obligations during the first half of 2012.

The collective agreement with our hourly workers at our Celgar mill expired on April 30, 2012. We consider the relationships with our employees at our Celgar mill to be good and, although no assurance can be provided, we currently expect to enter into a new labor agreement with our Celgar mill s employees without any significant work stoppage.

FORM 10-Q

Foreign Currency

Our reporting currency is the Euro as the majority of our business transactions are denominated in Euros. However, we hold certain assets and liabilities in U.S. dollars and Canadian dollars. Accordingly, our consolidated financial results are subject to foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations

We translate foreign denominated assets and liabilities into Euros at the rate of exchange on the balance sheet date. Equity accounts are translated using historical exchange rates. Unrealized gains or losses from these translations are recorded in our Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income and impact shareholders equity on the balance sheet but do not affect our net income.

In the six months ended June 30, 2012, accumulated other comprehensive income increased by 0.5 million to 21.8 million, primarily due to the foreign currency translation adjustment.

Based upon the exchange rate at June 30, 2012, the U.S. dollar has strengthened by approximately 15% in value against the Euro since June 30, 2011. See Ouantitative and Oualitative Disclosures about Market Risk.

Results of Operations of the Restricted Group under our Senior Note Indenture

The indenture governing our Senior Notes requires that we also provide a discussion in annual and quarterly reports we file with the SEC under Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations of the results of operations and financial condition of Mercer Inc. and our restricted subsidiaries under the indenture, referred to as the Restricted Group . The Restricted Group is comprised of Mercer Inc., our Rosenthal and Celgar mills and certain holding subsidiaries. The Restricted Group excludes our Stendal mill.

The following is a discussion of the results of operations and financial condition of the Restricted Group. For further information regarding the Restricted Group including, without limitation, a reconciliation to our consolidated results of operations, see Note 11 of our Interim Consolidated Financial Statements included herein.

Restricted Group Results Three Months Ended June 30, 2012 Compared to Three Months Ended June 30, 2011

Total revenues for the Restricted Group decreased to 110.2 million (\$141.4 million) in the second quarter of 2012, compared to 130.9 million (\$188.5 million) in the second quarter of 2011 due to lower average pulp realizations.

Pulp revenues for the Restricted Group for the three months ended June 30, 2012 decreased to 103.7 million from 125.2 million in the comparative period of 2011, primarily due to lower pulp prices, partially offset by a stronger U.S. dollar relative to the Euro. The U.S. dollar was approximately 12% stronger versus the Euro in the second quarter of 2012 compared to the second quarter of 2011. Energy revenues increased by approximately 14% in the current quarter to 6.5 million from 5.7 million in the same period last year, primarily due to increased energy sales at our Celgar mill.

FORM 10-Q

List prices for NBSK pulp in Europe were approximately \$837 (652) per ADMT in the current quarter, compared to \$1,017 (706) per ADMT in the same quarter last year. In the second quarter of 2012, average pulp sales realizations for the Restricted Group decreased to 528 per ADMT from 604 per ADMT in the same period last year due to lower pulp prices, partially offset by a stronger U.S. dollar relative to both the Euro and the Canadian dollar.

Pulp production for the Restricted Group marginally decreased to 194,093 ADMTs in the second quarter of 2012 from 199,926 ADMTs in the same period of 2011, primarily due to decreased production at our Rosenthal mill resulting from the mill s annual maintenance shutdown and upgrades to the mill s recovery boiler.

Pulp sales volume of the Restricted Group decreased slightly to 196,520 ADMTs in the second quarter of 2012 from 207,199 ADMTs in the comparative period of 2011, primarily due to decreased demand in Europe.

Costs and expenses for the Restricted Group in the second quarter of 2012 decreased to 108.0 million from 112.9 million in the comparative period of 2011, primarily due to lower fiber costs.

In the second quarter of 2012, operating depreciation and amortization for the Restricted Group was 7.8 million, compared to 7.4 million in the same quarter last year. Selling, general and administrative expenses for the Restricted Group were 5.4 million, compared to 5.3 million in the same period of 2011.

Transportation costs for the Restricted Group increased to 12.8 million in the second quarter of 2012 from 12.3 million in the same quarter last year due to increased shipments to China.

Overall, per unit fiber costs of the Restricted Group in the second quarter of 2012 decreased by approximately 3% compared to the same period in 2011, due to lower fiber costs at our Rosenthal mill resulting from reduced demand for fiber from the European particle board industry.

In the second quarter of 2012, the Restricted Group reported operating income of 2.2 million compared to operating income of 18.0 million in the second quarter of 2011, primarily due to lower average pulp sales realizations, partially offset by a stronger U.S. dollar relative to the Euro and Canadian dollar.

Interest expense for the Restricted Group decreased to 5.9 million in the second quarter of 2012 from 6.4 million in the same quarter last year, primarily due to the conversion of our convertible notes in 2011.

In the second quarter of 2012, the Restricted Group recorded a foreign exchange gain on foreign currency denominated debt of nil, compared to a gain of 0.3 million in the second quarter of 2011. The Restricted Group also recorded a gain on derivative instruments of 1.6 million related to a fixed price pulp swap contract entered into in the second quarter of 2012.

FORM 10-O

During the second quarter of 2012, the Restricted Group recorded 1.4 million of income tax expense, compared to income tax expense of 2.9 million in the same period last year.

The Restricted Group reported a net loss for the second quarter of 2012 of 2.6 million, compared to net income of 10.4 million in the same period last year.

In the second quarter of 2012, the Restricted Group reported Operating EBITDA of 10.1 million compared to Operating EBITDA of 25.5 million in the comparative quarter of 2011. Operating EBITDA is defined as operating income (loss) plus depreciation and amortization and non-recurring capital asset impairment charges. Operating EBITDA has significant limitations as an analytical tool, and should not be considered in isolation, or as a substitute for analysis of our results as reported under GAAP. See the discussion of our consolidated results for the three months ended June 30, 2012 for additional information relating to such limitations of Operating EBITDA.

The following table provides a reconciliation of net income (loss) to operating income (loss) and Operating EBITDA for the Restricted Group for the periods indicated:

	Three Mont	Three Months Ended	
	June	June 30,	
	2012	2011	
	(in thous	sands)	
Restricted Group ⁽¹⁾			
Net income (loss)	(2,568)	10,391	
Income tax provision	1,398	2,851	
Interest expense	5,934	6,433	
Other expense (income)	(915)	(1,305)	
Foreign exchange gain on debt		(342)	
Loss (gain) on derivative instruments	(1,619)		
Operating income	2,230	18,028	
Add: Depreciation and amortization	7,870	7,461	
-			
Operating EBITDA	10,100	25,489	

(1) See Note 11 of the interim consolidated financial statements included elsewhere herein for a reconciliation to our consolidated results. Restricted Group Results Six Months Ended June 30, 2012 Compared to Six Months Ended June 30, 2011

Total revenues for the Restricted Group decreased to 228.1 million (\$295.9 million) in the first half of 2012, compared to 252.0 million (\$353.8 million) in the first half of 2011 due to lower average pulp realizations, partially offset by higher energy revenues.

Pulp revenues for the Restricted Group for the six months ended June 30, 2012 decreased to 213.6 million from 240.5 million in the comparative period of 2011, primarily due to lower pulp prices, partially offset by a stronger U.S. dollar relative to the Euro. The U.S. dollar was approximately 8% stronger versus the Euro in the first half of 2012 compared to the first half of 2011. Energy revenues increased by approximately 26% in the first half of 2012 to 14.5 million from 11.5 million in the same period last year, primarily due to increased energy sales at our Celgar mill.

List prices for NBSK pulp in Europe were approximately \$837 (645) per ADMT in the first half of 2012, compared to \$988 (704) per ADMT in the same period last year. In the first half of 2012, average pulp sales realizations for the Restricted Group decreased to 520 per ADMT from 600 per ADMT in the same period last year.

FORM 10-Q

Pulp production for the Restricted Group marginally increased to 412,713 ADMTs in the first half of 2012 from 404,232 ADMTs in the same period of 2011.

Pulp sales volume of the Restricted Group increased to 409,992 ADMTs in the first half of 2012 from 400,435 ADMTs in the comparative period of 2011, primarily due to increased sales to China in the first quarter of 2012.

Costs and expenses for the Restricted Group in the first half of 2012 increased to 220.5 million from 212.7 million in the comparative period of 2011, primarily due to higher sales volumes.

In the first half of 2012, operating depreciation and amortization for the Restricted Group was 15.4 million, compared to 15.0 million in the same period last year. Selling, general and administrative expenses for the Restricted Group increased slightly to 11.9 million from 11.5 million in the comparative period of 2011.

Transportation costs for the Restricted Group increased slightly to 25.6 million in the first half of 2012 from 23.6 million in the same period last year due to increased shipments to China.

Overall, per unit fiber costs of the Restricted Group in the first half of 2012 were flat, compared to the same period in 2011.

In the first half of 2012, the Restricted Group reported operating income of 7.6 million compared to operating income of 39.3 million in the first half of 2011, primarily due to lower average pulp realizations.

Interest expense for the Restricted Group decreased to 11.7 million in the first half of 2012 from 13.7 million in the same period last year, primarily due to the conversion of our convertible notes in 2011.

In the first half of 2012, the Restricted Group recorded a foreign exchange gain on foreign currency denominated debt of nil, compared to 1.5 million in the first half of 2011.

The Restricted Group recorded a gain on derivative instruments of 1.6 million related to a fixed price pulp swap contract entered into in the first half of 2012, compared to nil in the same period last year.

During the first half of 2012, the Restricted Group recorded 2.1 million of income tax expense, compared to income tax expense of 3.4 million in the same period last year.

Other income for the Restricted Group decreased to 1.7 million in the first half of 2012, compared to 2.6 million in the same period of 2011, primarily as a result of our take-over bid for Fibrek.

The Restricted Group reported a net loss for the first half of 2012 of 2.9 million compared to net income of 26.3 million in the same period last year.

FORM 10-O

In the first half of 2012, the Restricted Group reported Operating EBITDA of 23.2 million compared to Operating EBITDA of 54.4 million in the comparative period of 2011. Operating EBITDA is defined as operating income (loss) plus depreciation and amortization and non-recurring capital asset impairment charges. Operating EBITDA has significant limitations as an analytical tool, and should not be considered in isolation, or as a substitute for analysis of our results as reported under GAAP. See the discussion of our consolidated results for the three months ended June 30, 2012 for additional information relating to such limitations of Operating EBITDA.

The following table provides a reconciliation of net income (loss) to operating income (loss) and Operating EBITDA for the Restricted Group for the periods indicated:

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2012 (in thous	2011 sands)
Restricted Group ⁽¹⁾		
Net income (loss)	(2,885)	26,260
Income tax provision	2,113	3,375
Interest expense	11,744	13,706
Other expense (income)	(1,740)	(2,584)
Foreign exchange gain on debt		(1,453)
Loss (gain) on derivative instruments	(1,619)	
Operating income	7,613	39,304
Add: Depreciation and amortization	15,573	15,137
Operating EBITDA	23,186	54,441

(1) See Note 11 of the interim consolidated financial statements included elsewhere herein for a reconciliation to our consolidated results. **Liquidity and Capital Resources of the Restricted Group**

The following table is a summary of selected financial information for the Restricted Group at the dates indicated:

	As at	As at
	June 30, 2012	December 31, 2011
	(in th	ousands)
Restricted Group Financial Position(1)		
Cash and cash equivalents	50,096	44,829
Marketable securities ⁽²⁾	10,368	12,372
Working capital	141,916	149,973
Property, plant and equipment	355,633	353,925
Total assets	665,623	658,844
Long-term liabilities	267,713	262,770
Total equity	342,869	344,415

⁽¹⁾ See Note 11 of the interim consolidated financial statements included elsewhere herein for a reconciliation to our consolidated results.

⁽²⁾ Principally comprised of German federal government bonds with a maturity of less than one year.

At June 30, 2012, cash and cash equivalents and holdings of short-term German federal government bonds for the Restricted Group increased to 60.3 million from 57.0 million at the end of 2011.

We currently expect the Restricted Group to meet its interest and debt service obligations and meet the working and maintenance capital requirements for its operations for the next 12 months with cash flow from operations, cash on hand and available borrowings.

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Critical Accounting Policies

The preparation of financial statements and related disclosures in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect both the amount and the timing of the recording of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying note disclosure. Our management routinely makes judgments and estimates about the effects of matters that are inherently uncertain. As the number of variables and assumptions affecting the probable future resolution of the uncertainties increase, these judgments become even more subjective and complex.

Our significant accounting policies are disclosed in Note 1 to our annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011. While all of the significant accounting policies are important to the consolidated financial statements, some of these policies may be viewed as having a high degree of judgment. On an ongoing basis, using currently available information, management reviews its estimates, including those related to the accounting for pensions and post-retirement benefits, provisions for bad debt and doubtful accounts, derivative instruments, impairment of long-lived assets, deferred taxes, inventory provisions and environmental conservation and legal liabilities. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

We have identified certain accounting policies that are the most important to the portrayal of our current financial condition and results of operations.

For information about both our significant and critical accounting policies, see our annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011.

New Accounting Standards

See Note 1 to the Company s interim consolidated financial statements included in Item 1.

Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Information

The statements in this report that are not reported financial results or other historical information are forward-looking statements within the meaning of the *Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995*, as amended.

Generally, forward-looking statements can be identified by the fact that they do not relate strictly to historical or current facts. They often include words such as expects, anticipates, intends, plans, believes, seeks, estimates, or words of similar meaning, or future or condition such as will, should, could, or may, although not all forward-looking statements contain these identifying words. Forward-looking statements abased on expectations, forecasts and assumptions by our management and involve a number of risks, uncertainties and other factors, many of which are beyond our control, that could cause actual conditions, events or results to differ significantly from those described in the forward-looking statements. These factors include, but are not limited to, the following:

the highly cyclical nature of our business;

our level of indebtedness could negatively impact our financial condition and results of operations;

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a weak global economy could adversely affect our business and financial results and have a material adverse effect on our liquidity and capital resources;
cyclical fluctuations in the price and supply of our raw materials could adversely affect our business;
we operate in highly competitive markets;
we are exposed to currency exchange rate and interest rate fluctuations;
increases in our capital expenditures or maintenance costs could have a material adverse effect on our cash flow and our ability to satisfy our debt obligations;
we use derivatives to manage certain risks which have caused significant fluctuations in our operating results;
we are subject to extensive environmental regulation and we could have environmental liabilities at our facilities;
Project Blue Mill might not generate the results we expect;
our business is subject to risks associated with climate change and social government responses thereto;
we are subject to risks related to our employees;
we rely on German federal and state government grants and guarantees;
risks relating to our participation in the European Union Emissions Trading Scheme and the application of Germany s <i>Renewable Energy Resources Act</i> ;
we are dependent on key personnel;
we may experience material disruptions to our production;
we may incur losses as a result of unforeseen or catastrophic events, including the emergence of a pandemic, terrorist attacks or natural disasters;
our insurance coverage may not be adequate; and
we rely on third parties for transportation services.

Given these uncertainties, you should not place undue reliance on our forward-looking statements. The forgoing review of important factors is not exhaustive or necessarily in order of importance and should be read in conjunction with the risks and assumptions including those set forth in reports and other documents we have filed with or furnished to the SEC, including in our annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011. We advise you that these cautionary remarks expressly qualify in their entirety all forward-looking statements attributable to us or persons acting on our behalf. Unless required by law, we do not assume any obligation to update forward-looking statements based on unanticipated events or changed expectations. However, you should carefully review the reports and other documents we file from time to time with the SEC.

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Cyclical Nature of Business

Revenues

The pulp business is highly cyclical in nature and markets for our principal products are characterized by periods of supply and demand imbalance, which in turn affects product prices. Pulp markets are highly competitive and are sensitive to cyclical changes in the global economy, industry capacity and foreign exchange rates, all of which can have a significant influence on selling prices and our operating results. The length and magnitude of industry cycles have varied over time but generally reflect changes in macro-economic conditions and levels of industry capacity.

Industry capacity can fluctuate as changing industry conditions can influence producers to idle production or permanently close machines or entire mills. In addition, to avoid substantial cash costs in idling or closing a mill, some producers will choose to operate at a loss, sometimes even a cash loss, which can prolong weak pricing environments due to oversupply. Oversupply of our products can also result from producers introducing new capacity in response to favorable pricing trends.

Demand for pulp has historically been determined by the level of economic growth and has been closely tied to overall business activity. From 2006 to mid-2008, pulp prices in Europe steadily improved. However, in the latter half of 2008, a global economic crisis resulted in a sharp decline of European pulp prices from a high of \$900 per ADMT to \$635 per ADMT at the end of 2008. Pulp prices began to increase in the second half of 2009 and continued to increase to record levels through June of 2010, before declining slightly in the fourth quarter of 2010. Pulp prices again rebounded to record levels in the first half of 2011 but declined sharply in the latter part of the year, primarily due to economic uncertainty in Europe and credit tightening in China. Despite continued economic uncertainty in Europe, average European pulp prices stabilized at approximately \$837 per ADMT in the first half of 2012.

Prices for pulp are driven by many factors outside our control, and we have little influence over the timing and extent of price changes, which are often volatile. Because market conditions beyond our control determine the price for pulp, the pulp price may fall below our cash production costs, requiring us to either incur short-term losses on product sales or cease production at one or more of our mills. Therefore, our profitability depends on managing our cost structure, particularly raw materials which represent a significant component of our operating costs and can fluctuate based upon factors beyond our control. If the prices of our products decline, or if prices for our raw materials increase, or both, our results of operations could be materially adversely affected.

Costs

Our production costs are influenced by the availability and cost of raw materials, energy and labor, and our plant efficiencies and productivity. Our main raw material is fiber in the form of wood chips and pulp logs. Fiber costs are primarily affected by the supply of, and demand for, lumber which is highly cyclical in nature and can vary significantly by location. The state of lumber markets affects both the amount of sawmill residuals, such as chips, produced as a by-product of lumber and the level of timber harvesting, which provides us with pulp logs. Production costs also depend on the total volume of production. Lower operating rates and production efficiencies during periods of cyclically low demand result in higher average production costs and lower margins.

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Currency

The majority of our sales are in products quoted in U.S. dollars while most of our operating costs and expenses, other than those of the Celgar mill, are incurred in Euros. In addition, all of the products sold by the Celgar mill are quoted in U.S. dollars and the Celgar mill costs are primarily incurred in Canadian dollars. Our results of operations and financial condition are reported in Euros. As a result, our revenues are adversely affected by a decrease in the value of the U.S. dollar relative to the Euro and to the Canadian dollar. Such shifts in currencies relative to the Euro and the Canadian dollar reduce our operating margins and the cash flow available to fund our operations and to service our debt. Conversely, an increase in the U.S. dollar versus the Euro and the Canadian dollar positively impacts our revenues by increasing our operating margins and cash flow.

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ITEM 3. OUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We are exposed to market risks from changes in interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates, particularly the exchange rate between the Euro and the U.S. dollar and the Canadian dollar versus the U.S. dollar and the Euro. Changes in these rates may affect our results of operations and financial condition and, consequently, our fair value. We seek to manage these risks through internal risk management policies, as well as the use of derivatives. We use derivatives to reduce or limit our exposure to interest rate and, from time to time, currency risks. Additionally, we, from time to time, use derivatives to reduce or limit our exposure to fluctuations in pulp prices. We also use derivatives to reduce our potential losses or to augment our potential gains, depending on our management s perception of future economic events and developments. These types of derivatives are generally highly speculative in nature. They are also very volatile as they are highly leveraged given that margin requirements are relatively low in proportion to notional amounts.

Many of our strategies, including the use of derivatives, and the types of derivatives selected by us, are based on historical trading patterns and correlations and our management sexpectations of future events. However, these strategies may not be effective in all market environments or against all types of risks. Unexpected market developments may affect our risk management strategies during this time, and unanticipated developments could impact our risk management strategies in the future. If any of the variety of instruments and strategies we utilize are not effective, we may incur significant losses.

All of our derivatives are marked to market at the end of each reporting period, and all unrealized gains and losses are recognized in earnings for a reporting period. We determine market valuations based primarily upon observable inputs including applicable yield curves.

During the six months ended June 30, 2012, we recorded an unrealized gain of 0.6 million on our outstanding interest rate derivative compared to an unrealized gain of 9.9 million in the same period of 2011.

We entered into a fixed price pulp swap contract in the second quarter of 2012. The contract fixes the price of 5,000 tonnes of pulp each month between May and December 2012 at \$915. We recorded an unrealized gain of 1.6 million related to this swap contract in the second quarter of 2012.

We are also subject to some energy price risk, primarily for the natural gas and the electricity that our operations purchase.

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ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act)), as of the end of the period covered by this report. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports we file or submit under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Based on such evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer have concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this report, our disclosure controls and procedures are effective in recording, processing, summarizing and reporting, on a timely basis, information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act

It should be noted that any system of controls is based in part upon certain assumptions designed to obtain reasonable (and not absolute) assurance as to its effectiveness, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals.

Changes in Internal Controls

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the period covered by this report that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

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PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are subject to routine litigation incidental to our business, including those described in our latest annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011. We do not believe that the outcome of such litigation will have a material adverse effect on our business or financial condition.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

Other than as listed above, there have been no material changes to the factors disclosed in Item 1A. Risk Factors in our latest annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALE OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

None.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

None.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

Exhibit No.	Description
31.1	Section 302 Certification of Chief Executive Officer
31.2	Section 302 Certification of Chief Financial Officer
32.1*	Section 906 Certification of Chief Executive Officer
32.2*	Section 906 Certification of Chief Financial Officer
101	The following financial statements from the Company's Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2012, formatted in XBRL: (i) Interim Consolidated Balance Sheets; (ii) Interim Consolidated Statements of Operations; (iii) Interim Consolidated Statements of Retained Earnings; (iv) Interim Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income; (v) Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows; and (vi) Notes to Interim Consolidated Financial Statements.

* In accordance with Release 33-8212 of the Commission, these Certifications: (i) are furnished to the Commission and are not filed for the purposes of liability under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and (ii) are not to be subject to automatic incorporation by reference into any of the Company s registration statements filed under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended for the purposes of liability thereunder or any offering memorandum, unless the Company specifically incorporates them by reference therein.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the *Securities Exchange Act of 1934*, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

MERCER INTERNATIONAL INC.

By: /s/ David M. Gandossi David M. Gandossi Secretary and Chief Financial Officer

Date: August 3, 2012

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