

PALATIN TECHNOLOGIES INC
Form 10-Q
February 13, 2013

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, DC 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

- ☒ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended December 31, 2012

or

- ☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number: 001-15543

PALATIN TECHNOLOGIES, INC.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

95-4078884
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

4B Cedar Brook Drive
Cranbury, New Jersey
(Address of principal executive offices)

08512
(Zip Code)

(609) 495-2200
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.
Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required

Edgar Filing: PALATIN TECHNOLOGIES INC - Form 10-Q

to submit and post such files). Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer ☐

Accelerated filer ☐

Non-accelerated filer ☐

Smaller reporting company ☒

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

As of February 12, 2013, 38,947,912 shares of the registrant's common stock, par value \$.01 per share, were outstanding.

PALATIN TECHNOLOGIES, INC.
Table of Contents

	Page
PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION	
<u>Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited)</u>	
<u>Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2012 and June 30, 2012</u>	2
<u>Consolidated Statements of Operations for the Three and Six Months Ended</u>	
<u>December 31, 2012 and 2011</u>	3
<u>Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Six Months Ended</u>	
<u>December 31, 2012 and 2011</u>	4
<u>Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements</u>	5
<u>Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</u>	10
<u>Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk</u>	13
<u>Item 4. Controls and Procedures</u>	13
PART II – OTHER INFORMATION	
<u>Item 1. Legal Proceedings</u>	14
<u>Item 1A. Risk Factors</u>	14
<u>Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds</u>	14
<u>Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities</u>	14
<u>Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures</u>	14
<u>Item 5. Other Information</u>	14
<u>Item 6. Exhibits</u>	14

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

PALATIN TECHNOLOGIES, INC.
and Subsidiary
Consolidated Balance Sheets
(unaudited)

	December 31, 2012	June 30, 2012
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 32,850,676	\$3,827,198
Accounts receivable	37,991	27,631
Restricted cash	—	350,000
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	343,912	532,010
Total current assets	33,232,579	4,736,839
Property and equipment, net	285,649	318,653
Other assets	58,542	324,992
Total assets	\$ 33,576,770	\$5,380,484
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Capital lease obligations	\$ 23,144	\$22,277
Accounts payable	484,815	294,894
Accrued expenses	1,541,729	2,706,496
Accrued compensation	—	433,333
Total current liabilities	2,049,688	3,457,000
Capital lease obligations	8,116	19,909
Deferred rent	54,068	72,677
Total liabilities	2,111,872	3,549,586
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock of \$0.01 par value – authorized 10,000,000 shares; Series A Convertible; issued and outstanding 4,697 shares as of December 31, 2012 and 4,997 as of June 30, 2012	47	50
Common stock of \$0.01 par value – authorized 200,000,000 shares; issued and outstanding 38,947,912 shares as of December 31, 2012 and 34,900,591 as of June 30, 2012, respectively	389,479	349,006
Additional paid-in capital	282,447,525	240,725,127
Accumulated deficit	(251,372,153)	(239,243,285)
Total stockholders' equity	31,464,898	1,830,898
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 33,576,770	\$5,380,484

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

PALATIN TECHNOLOGIES, INC.
and Subsidiary
Consolidated Statements of Operations
(unaudited)

	Three Months Ended December 31,		Six Months Ended December 31,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
REVENUES:	\$ 6,555	\$ 11,492	\$ 10,361	\$ 38,709
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Research and development	2,445,770	2,693,067	4,789,083	4,977,450
General and administrative	1,001,538	1,019,747	2,062,554	2,129,129
Total operating expenses	3,447,308	3,712,814	6,851,637	7,106,579
Loss from operations	(3,440,753)	(3,701,322)	(6,841,276)	(7,067,870)
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE):				
Investment income	13,016	7,234	27,387	22,274
Interest expense	(1,360)	(1,847)	(3,642)	(4,820)
Increase in fair value of warrants	—	—	(7,069,165)	—
Gain on disposition of supplies and equipment	—	3,000	4,620	3,000
Total other income (expense), net	11,656	8,387	(7,040,800)	20,454
Loss before income taxes	(3,429,097)	(3,692,935)	(13,882,076)	(7,047,416)
Income tax benefit	1,753,208	1,068,233	1,753,208	1,068,233
NET LOSS	\$ (1,675,889)	\$ (2,624,702)	\$ (12,128,868)	\$ (5,979,183)
Basic and diluted net loss per common share	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.08)	\$ (0.14)	\$ (0.17)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding used in computing basic and diluted net loss per common share	106,424,443	34,900,591	89,046,806	34,900,591

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

PALATIN TECHNOLOGIES, INC.
and Subsidiary
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(unaudited)

	Six Months Ended December 31,	
	2012	2011
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net loss	\$(12,128,868)	\$(5,979,183)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	54,778	501,087
Gain on sale of supplies and equipment	(4,620)	(3,000)
Stock-based compensation	325,720	452,320
Increase in fair value of warrants	7,069,165	—
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(10,360)	(937,084)
Prepaid expenses, restricted cash and other assets	804,548	(357,451)
Accounts payable	189,921	83,661
Accrued expenses, compensation and deferred rent	(1,616,709)	(675,134)
Unearned revenue	—	(38,709)
Net cash used in operating activities	(5,316,425)	(6,953,493)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Proceeds from sale of supplies and equipment	4,620	3,000
Purchases of property and equipment	(21,774)	—
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(17,154)	3,000
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Payments on capital lease obligations	(10,926)	(20,743)
Payment of withholding taxes related to restricted stock units	(34,785)	—
Proceeds from sale of common stock units	34,402,768	—
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	34,357,057	(20,743)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	29,023,478	(6,971,236)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of year	3,827,198	18,869,639
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of year	\$32,850,676	\$11,898,403
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION:		
Cash paid for interest	\$3,534	\$4,820

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

PALATIN TECHNOLOGIES, INC.
and Subsidiary

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
(unaudited)

(1) ORGANIZATION:

Nature of Business – Palatin Technologies, Inc. (Palatin or the Company) is a biopharmaceutical company developing targeted, receptor-specific peptide therapeutics for the treatment of diseases with significant unmet medical need and commercial potential. Palatin's programs are based on molecules that modulate the activity of the melanocortin and natriuretic peptide receptor systems. The melanocortin system is involved in a large and diverse number of physiologic functions, and therapeutic agents modulating this system may have the potential to treat a variety of conditions and diseases, including sexual dysfunction, obesity and related disorders, pigmentation disorders and inflammation-related diseases. The natriuretic peptide receptor system has numerous cardiovascular functions, and therapeutic agents modulating this system may be useful in treatment of acute asthma, heart failure, hypertension and other cardiovascular diseases.

The Company's primary product in development is bremelanotide for the treatment of female sexual dysfunction (FSD). The Company also has drug candidates or development programs for obesity, erectile dysfunction, pulmonary diseases, cardiovascular diseases and inflammatory diseases. The Company has an exclusive global research collaboration and license agreement with AstraZeneca AB (AstraZeneca) to commercialize compounds that target melanocortin receptors for the treatment of obesity, diabetes and related metabolic syndrome, with drug candidates in preclinical evaluation.

Key elements of the Company's business strategy include using its technology and expertise to develop and commercialize therapeutic products; entering into alliances and partnerships with pharmaceutical companies to facilitate the development, manufacture, marketing, sale and distribution of product candidates that the Company is developing; and partially funding its product candidate development programs with the cash flow generated from the Company's license agreements with AstraZeneca and any other companies.

Business Risk and Liquidity – The Company has incurred negative cash flows from operations since its inception, and has expended, and expects to continue to expend in the future, substantial funds to complete its planned product development efforts. As shown in the accompanying consolidated financial statements, the Company has an accumulated deficit as of December 31, 2012 and incurred a net loss for the three and six months ended December 31, 2012. The Company anticipates incurring additional losses in the future as a result of spending on its development programs. To achieve profitability, the Company, alone or with others, must successfully develop and commercialize its technologies and proposed products, conduct successful preclinical studies and clinical trials, obtain required regulatory approvals and successfully manufacture and market such technologies and proposed products. The time required to reach profitability is highly uncertain, and there can be no assurance that the Company will be able to achieve profitability on a sustained basis, if at all.

As of December 31, 2012, the Company's cash and cash equivalents were \$32.9 million. The Company intends to utilize existing capital resources for general corporate purposes and working capital, including its clinical trial program with bremelanotide for FSD, preclinical and clinical development of its peptide melanocortin receptor-1 program, preclinical and clinical development of its PL-3994 program and preclinical and clinical development of other portfolio products.

Management believes that the Company's existing capital resources will be adequate to fund its currently planned operations, including completing analysis of results of the Company's Phase 2B clinical trial with bremelanotide for

FSD and holding an end-of-Phase 2 meeting with the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA), through at least calendar year 2013. Phase 3 clinical trials of bremelanotide for FSD will require significant additional resources and capital.

Concentrations – Concentrations in the Company's assets and operations subject it to certain related risks. Financial instruments that subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk primarily consist of cash and cash equivalents. The Company's cash and cash equivalents are primarily invested in one money market fund sponsored by a large financial institution. For the three and six months ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, 100% of revenues were from AstraZeneca.

(2) BASIS OF PRESENTATION:

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnote disclosures required to be presented for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, these consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary to present fairly the Company's financial position as of December 31, 2012, and its results of operations and its cash flows for the three and six months ended December 31, 2012 and 2011. The results of operations for the three and six months ended December 31, 2012 may not necessarily be indicative of the results of operations expected for the full year, except that the Company expects to incur a significant loss for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013.

PALATIN TECHNOLOGIES, INC.
and Subsidiary

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
(unaudited)

The accompanying consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2012, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), which includes consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2012 and 2011 and for each of the fiscal years in the three-year period ended June 30, 2012.

(3) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

Principles of Consolidation – The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Palatin and its wholly-owned inactive subsidiary. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Use of Estimates – The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents – Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, cash in banks and all highly liquid investments with a purchased maturity of less than three months. Cash equivalents consist of \$32,344,788 and \$3,344,146 in a money market fund at December 31, 2012 and June 30, 2012, respectively.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments – The Company's financial instruments consist primarily of cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable, and capital lease obligations. Management believes that the carrying value of these assets and liabilities are representative of their respective fair values based on the short-term nature of these instruments.

Property and Equipment – Property and equipment consists of office and laboratory equipment, office furniture and leasehold improvements and includes assets acquired under capital leases. Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Depreciation is recognized using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets, generally five years for laboratory and computer equipment, seven years for office furniture and equipment and the lesser of the term of the lease or the useful life for leasehold improvements. Amortization of assets acquired under capital leases is included in depreciation expense. Maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred while expenditures that extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets – The Company reviews its long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets may not be fully recoverable. To determine recoverability of a long-lived asset, management evaluates whether the estimated future undiscounted net cash flows from the asset are less than its carrying amount. If impairment is indicated, the long-lived asset would be written down to fair value. Fair value is determined by an evaluation of available price information at which assets could be bought or sold, including quoted market prices if available, or the present value of the estimated future cash flows based on reasonable and supportable assumptions.

Deferred Rent – The Company's operating leases provide for rent increases over the terms of the leases. Deferred rent consists of the difference between periodic rent payments and the amount recognized as rent expense on a straight-line

basis, as well as tenant allowances for leasehold improvements. Rent expenses are being recognized ratably over the terms of the leases.

Revenue Recognition – Revenue from corporate collaborations and licensing agreements consists of up-front fees, research and development funding, and milestone payments. Non-refundable up-front fees are deferred and amortized to revenue over the related performance period. The Company estimates the performance period as the period in which it performs certain development activities under the applicable agreement. Reimbursements for research and development activities are recorded in the period that the Company performs the related activities under the terms of the applicable agreements. Revenue resulting from the achievement of milestone events stipulated in the applicable agreements is recognized when the milestone is achieved, provided that such milestone is substantive in nature. Revenue from grants is recognized as the Company provides the services stipulated in the underlying grants based on the time and materials incurred.

PALATIN TECHNOLOGIES, INC.
and Subsidiary

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
(unaudited)

Research and Development Costs – The costs of research and development activities are charged to expense as incurred, including the cost of equipment for which there is no alternative future use.

Stock-Based Compensation – The Company charges to expense the fair value of stock options and other equity awards granted. The Company determines the value of stock options utilizing the Black-Scholes option pricing model. Compensation costs for share-based awards with pro rata vesting are allocated to periods on a straight-line basis.

Income Taxes – The Company and its subsidiary file consolidated federal and separate-company state income tax returns. Income taxes are accounted for under the asset and liability method. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and their respective tax basis and operating loss and tax credit carryforwards. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences or operating loss and tax credit carryforwards are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in the period that includes the enactment date. The Company has recorded a valuation allowance against its deferred tax assets based on the history of losses incurred.

During the three months ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, the Company sold New Jersey state net operating loss (NJ NOL) carryforwards, which resulted in the recognition of \$1,753,208 and \$1,068,233, respectively, in tax benefits.

Net Loss per Common Share – Basic and diluted earnings per common share (EPS) are calculated in accordance with the provisions of Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 260, “Earnings per Share,” which includes guidance pertaining to the warrants, issued in connection with the July 3, 2012 private placement offering, that are exercisable for nominal consideration and, therefore, are to be considered in the computation of basic and diluted net loss per common share. The Series A 2012 warrants to purchase up to 31,988,151 shares of common stock are exercisable starting at July 3, 2012 and, therefore, are included in the weighted average number of common shares outstanding used in computing basic and diluted net loss per common share starting on July 3, 2012.

The Series B 2012 warrants to purchase up to 35,488,380 shares of common stock were considered contingently issuable shares and were not included in computing basic net loss per common share until the Company received stockholder approval for the increase in authorized underlying common stock on September 27, 2012 (see note 6). For diluted EPS, contingently issuable shares are to be included in the calculation as of the beginning of the period in which the conditions were satisfied, unless the effect would be anti-dilutive. The Series B 2012 warrants have been excluded from the calculation of diluted net loss per common share during the period from July 3, 2012 until September 27, 2012 as the impact would be anti-dilutive.

As of December 31, 2012 and 2011, common shares issuable upon conversion of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock, the exercise of outstanding options and warrants (excluding the warrants issued in connection with the July 3, 2013 private placement offering), and the vesting of restricted stock units amounted to an aggregate of 27,685,837 and 27,296,955 shares, respectively. These share amounts have been excluded from the calculation of net loss per share as the impact would be anti-dilutive.

(4) AGREEMENT WITH ASTRAZENECA:

In January 2007, the Company entered into an exclusive global research collaboration and license agreement with AstraZeneca to discover, develop and commercialize compounds that target melanocortin receptors for the treatment of obesity, diabetes and related metabolic syndrome. In June 2008, the license agreement was amended to include additional compounds and associated intellectual property developed by the Company. In December 2008, the license agreement was further amended to include additional compounds and associated intellectual property developed by the Company and extended the research collaboration for an additional year through January 2010. In September 2009, the license agreement was further amended to modify royalty rates and milestone payments. The collaboration is based on the Company's melanocortin receptor obesity program and includes access to compound libraries, core technologies and expertise in melanocortin receptor drug discovery and development. As part of the September 2009 amendment to the research collaboration and license agreement, the Company agreed to conduct additional studies on the effects of melanocortin receptor specific compounds on food intake, obesity and other metabolic parameters.

PALATIN TECHNOLOGIES, INC.
and Subsidiary

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
(unaudited)

In December 2009 and 2008, the Company also entered into clinical trial sponsored research agreements with AstraZeneca, under which the Company agreed to conduct studies of the effects of melanocortin receptor specific compounds on food intake, obesity and other metabolic parameters. Under the terms of these clinical trial agreements, AstraZeneca paid \$5,000,000 as of March 31, 2009 upon achieving certain objectives and paid all costs associated with these studies. The Company recognized \$6,555 and \$10,361, respectively, as revenue in the three and six months ended December 31, 2012 and \$11,492 and \$38,709, respectively, as revenue in the three and six months ended December 31, 2011 under these clinical trial sponsored research agreements.

The Company received an up-front payment of \$10,000,000 from AstraZeneca on execution of the research collaboration and license agreement. Under the September 2009 amendment the Company was paid an additional \$5,000,000 in consideration of reduction of future milestones and royalties and providing specific materials to AstraZeneca. The Company is now eligible for milestone payments totaling up to \$145,250,000, with up to \$85,250,000 contingent on development and regulatory milestones and the balance contingent on achievement of sales targets. In addition, the Company is eligible to receive mid to high single digit royalties on sales of any approved products. AstraZeneca assumed responsibility for product commercialization, product discovery and development costs, with both companies contributing scientific expertise in the research collaboration. The Company provided research services to AstraZeneca through January 2010, the expiration of the research collaboration portion of the research collaboration and license agreement, at a contractual rate per full-time-equivalent employee.

(5) FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS:

The fair value of cash equivalents are classified using a hierarchy prioritized based on inputs. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Level 2 inputs are quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets or inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly through market corroboration, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs based on management's own assumptions used to measure assets and liabilities at fair value. A financial asset or liability's classification within the hierarchy is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

The following table provides the assets carried at fair value:

	Fair Value	Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1)	Other quoted/observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)
December 31, 2012:				
Money Market Fund	\$ 32,344,788	\$ 32,344,788	\$ —	\$ —
June 30, 2012:				
Money Market Fund	\$ 3,344,146	\$ 3,344,146	\$ —	\$ —

(6) STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:

Common Stock Transactions – On July 3, 2012, the Company closed on a private placement offering in which the Company sold, for aggregate proceeds of \$35.0 million, 3,873,000 shares of its common stock, Series A 2012 warrants to purchase up to 31,988,151 shares of common stock, and Series B 2012 warrants to purchase up to

35,488,380 shares of common stock. These warrants are exercisable at an exercise price of \$0.01 per share, and expire ten years from the date of issuance. The holders may exercise the warrants on a cashless basis. The warrants are subject to a blocker provision prohibiting exercise of the warrants if the holder and its affiliates would beneficially own in excess of 9.99% of the total number of shares of common stock of the Company following such exercise (as may be adjusted to the extent set forth in the warrant). The warrants also provide that in the event of a Company Controlled Fundamental Transaction (as defined in the warrants), the Company may, at the election of the warrant holder, be required to redeem all or a portion of the warrants at an amount tied to the greater of the then market price of the Company's common stock or the amount per share paid to any other person.

PALATIN TECHNOLOGIES, INC.
and Subsidiary

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
(unaudited)

Because there were not sufficient authorized shares to cover all the outstanding Series B 2012 warrants in the private placement offering as of closing, under ASC 815, "Derivatives and Hedging," the portion of the warrants above the then authorized level of common stock was required to be classified as a liability and carried at fair value on the Company's balance sheet. The fair value was calculated by multiplying the number of shares underlying the Series B 2012 warrants above the then authorized level of the Company's common stock by the closing price of its common stock less the exercise price of \$0.01 per share. The warrants were liability classified through September 27, 2012, at which time the then fair value of the warrant liability was reclassified into stockholders' equity upon stockholder approval of the increase in authorized common stock. The increase in fair value, as a result of the Company's common stock increasing from \$0.50 per share at date of issuance to \$0.71 per share upon shareholder approval, of \$7,069,165 has been recorded as a non-operating expense.

The purchase agreement for the private placement provides that the purchasers, funds under the management of QVT Financial LP, have certain rights until July 3, 2018, including rights of first refusal and participation in any subsequent equity or debt financing, provided that the funds own at least 20% of the outstanding common stock of the Company calculated as if warrants held by the funds were exercised. The purchase agreement also contains certain restrictive covenants so long as the funds continue to hold specified amounts of warrants or beneficially own specified amounts of the outstanding shares of common stock.

The net proceeds to the Company were \$34.4 million, after deducting offering expenses payable by the Company and excluding the proceeds to the Company, if any, from the exercise of the warrants issued in the offering.

Stock Options – In July 2012, the Company granted 285,000 options to its executive officers, 182,500 options to its employees and 112,500 options to its non-employee directors under the Company's 2011 Stock Incentive Plan. The Company is amortizing the fair value of these options of \$182,000, \$108,000 and \$72,000, respectively, over the 48 months ending July 2016. The Company recognized \$35,444 and \$70,887, respectively, of stock-based compensation expense related to these options during the three and six months ended December 31, 2012.

Restricted Stock Units – In July 2012, the Company granted 222,500 restricted stock units to its executive officers under the Company's 2011 Stock Incentive Plan. The Company is amortizing the fair value of these restricted stock units of \$160,000 over the 24 months ending July 2014. The Company recognized \$30,037 and \$54,584, respectively, of stock-based compensation expense related to these restricted stock units during the three and six months ended December 31, 2012.

In June 2011, the Company granted 500,000 restricted stock units to its executive management under the Company's 2011 Stock Incentive Plan. Half of these restricted stock units vested on June 22, 2012 and the remainder vests 24 months from the date of grant. The grant date fair value of these restricted stock units of \$430,000 is being amortized over the 24 month vesting period of the award. The Company recognized \$26,875 and \$53,750, respectively, of stock-based compensation expense related to these restricted stock units during the three and six months ended December 31, 2012 and \$80,625 and \$161,250, respectively, for the three and six months ended December 31, 2011.

Stock-based compensation cost for the three and six months ended December 31, 2012 for stock options and equity-based instruments issued other than the stock options and restricted stock units described above was \$57,261 and \$146,499, respectively, and \$161,422 and \$291,070, respectively, for the three and six months ended December 31, 2011.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes to the consolidated financial statements filed as part of this report and the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2012.

Statements in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q, as well as oral statements that may be made by us or by our officers, directors, or employees acting on our behalf, that are not historical facts constitute "forward-looking statements", which are made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act). The forward-looking statements in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q do not constitute guarantees of future performance. Investors are cautioned that statements that are not strictly historical statements contained in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q, including, without limitation, current or future financial performance, management's plans and objectives for future operations, ability to raise capital or repay debt, if required, clinical trials and results, uncertainties associated with product research and development, product plans and performance, management's assessment of market factors, as well as statements regarding our strategy and plans and those of our strategic partners, constitute forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause our actual results to be materially different from historical results or from any results expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Our future operating results are subject to risks and uncertainties and are dependent upon many factors, including, without limitation, the risks identified in this report, in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2012, as amended by our quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2012, and in our other Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) filings.

We expect to incur losses in the future as a result of spending on our planned development programs and losses may fluctuate significantly from quarter to quarter.

In this quarterly report on Form 10-Q, references to "we", "our", "us" or "Palatin" means Palatin Technologies, Inc. and its subsidiary.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Our significant accounting policies, which are described in the notes to our consolidated financial statements included in this report and in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2012, have not changed as of December 31, 2012. We believe that our accounting policies and estimates relating to revenue recognition, accrued expenses and stock-based compensation are the most critical.

Overview

We are a biopharmaceutical company developing targeted, receptor-specific peptide therapeutics for the treatment of diseases with significant unmet medical need and commercial potential. Our programs are based on molecules that modulate the activity of the melanocortin and natriuretic peptide receptor systems. Our primary product in clinical development is bremelanotide for the treatment of female sexual dysfunction (FSD). In addition, we have drug candidates or development programs for obesity, erectile dysfunction, pulmonary diseases, cardiovascular diseases and inflammatory diseases.

The following drug development programs are actively under development:

- Bremelanotide, a peptide melanocortin receptor agonist, for treatment of FSD. This drug candidate has completed a Phase 2B clinical trial, and we have announced top-line results.

- Melanocortin receptor-based compounds for treatment of obesity, under development by AstraZeneca AB (AstraZeneca) pursuant to our research collaboration and license agreement.
- PL-3994, a peptide mimetic natriuretic peptide receptor A (NPR-A) agonist, for treatment of cardiovascular and pulmonary indications.

The following chart shows the status of our drug development programs.

On November 8, 2012, we reported positive top-line results, including the successful achievement of statistical significance for the primary endpoint and key secondary endpoints in our Phase 2B clinical trial evaluating the efficacy and safety of bremelanotide for treatment of FSD. The primary endpoint data analysis of 327 pre-menopausal women with female sexual arousal disorder, hypoactive sexual desire disorder, or a combination of both disorders, the most common types of FSD, demonstrate that women taking bremelanotide showed statistically significant increases in the number of Satisfying Sexual Events and also showed statistically significant improved measures of overall sexual functioning and distress related to sexual dysfunction, compared to placebo. Bremelanotide was well-tolerated during the trial. The most common types of treatment-emergent adverse events reported more frequently in the bremelanotide arms were facial flushing, nausea and emesis, which were mainly mild-to-moderate in severity. Adverse events that most commonly led to discontinuation were nausea and emesis. No serious adverse events were attributable to bremelanotide during the trial. We have requested an end-of-Phase 2 meeting with the FDA. Based on the results of discussions with the FDA and external advisors regarding the results of this trial and further development steps, Phase 3 activities are anticipated to start in the second-half of calendar year 2013.

We have initiated preclinical studies with new peptide drug candidates for a number of indications, primarily inflammatory disease related, and are continuing preclinical development with a next generation peptide for FSD and erectile dysfunction.

Key elements of our business strategy include: using our technology and expertise to develop and commercialize innovative therapeutic products; entering into alliances and partnerships with pharmaceutical companies to facilitate the development, manufacture, marketing, sale and distribution of product candidates that we are developing; and, partially funding our product development programs with the cash flow generated from our license agreement with AstraZeneca and any other companies.

We incorporated in Delaware in 1986 and commenced operations in the biopharmaceutical area in 1996. Our corporate offices are located at 4B Cedar Brook Drive, Cranbury, New Jersey 08512 and our telephone number is (609) 495-2200. We maintain an Internet site at <http://www.palatin.com>, where among other things, we make available free of charge on and through this website our Forms 3, 4 and 5, proxy statements, annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K, and amendments to those reports filed or furnished pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d), Section 14A and Section 16 of the Exchange Act as soon as reasonably practicable after we electronically file such material with, or furnish it to, the SEC. Our website and the information contained in it or connected to it are not incorporated into this quarterly report on Form 10-Q.

Results of Operations

Three and Six Months Ended December 31, 2012 Compared to the Three and Six Months Ended December 31, 2011

Revenue – For the three and six months ended December 31, 2012, we recognized \$6,555 and \$10,361, respectively, in revenue compared to \$11,492 and \$38,709, respectively, for the three and six months ended December 31, 2011 pursuant to our license agreement with AstraZeneca. Revenue for the three and six months ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 consisted entirely of reimbursement of development costs and per-employee compensation, earned at the contractual rate.

Research and Development – Research and development expenses were \$2.4 million and \$4.8 million, respectively, for the three and six months ended December 31, 2012 compared to \$2.7 million and \$5.0 million, respectively, for the three and six months ended December 31, 2011. These expenses were primarily costs relating to our Phase 2B clinical trial evaluating the efficacy and safety of bremelanotide for the treatment of FSD. We are currently compiling and analyzing data from this Phase 2B clinical trial, which commenced in June 2011 and had the

last patient complete treatment in September 2012.

Research and development expenses related to our bremelanotide, PL-3994, peptide melanocortin agonist, obesity and other preclinical programs were \$1.9 million and \$3.6 million, respectively, for the three and six months ended December 31, 2012 compared to \$1.8 million and \$3.1 million, respectively, for the three and six months ended December 31, 2011. Spending to date has been primarily related to our Phase 2B clinical trial evaluating the efficacy and safety of bremelanotide for the treatment of FSD. The amount of such spending and the nature of future development activities are dependent on a number of factors, including primarily the availability of funds to support future development activities, success of our clinical trials and preclinical and discovery programs, and our ability to progress compounds in addition to bremelanotide and PL-3994 into human clinical trials.

The amounts of project spending above exclude general research and development spending, which decreased to \$0.5 million and \$1.2 million, respectively, for the three and six months ended December 31, 2012 compared to \$0.9 million and \$1.9 million, respectively, for the three and six months ended December 31, 2011. The decrease is the result of reducing staffing levels and closing our research laboratory operations in connection with the lease expiration of our laboratory facilities in July 2012.

Cumulative spending from inception to December 31, 2012 on our bremelanotide, NeutroSpec (a previously marketed imaging product on which all work is suspended) and other programs (which include PL-3994, other peptide melanocortin agonists, obesity and other discovery programs) amounts to approximately \$158.8 million, \$55.6 million and \$60.0 million, respectively. Due to various risk factors described in our periodic filings with the SEC, including the difficulty in currently estimating the costs and timing of future Phase 1 clinical trials and larger-scale Phase 2 and Phase 3 clinical trials for any product under development, we cannot predict with reasonable certainty when, if ever, a program will advance to the next stage of development or be successfully completed, or when, if ever, net cash inflows will be generated.

General and Administrative – General and administrative expenses, which consists mainly of compensation and related costs, were \$1.0 million and \$2.1 million, respectively, for both the three and six months ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Since inception, we have incurred net operating losses, primarily related to spending on our research and development programs. We have financed our net operating losses primarily through equity financings and amounts received under collaborative agreements.

Our product candidates are at various stages of development and will require significant further research, development and testing and some may never be successfully developed or commercialized. We may experience uncertainties, delays, difficulties and expenses commonly experienced by early stage biopharmaceutical companies, which may include unanticipated problems and additional costs relating to:

- the development and testing of products in animals and humans;
 - product approval or clearance;
 - regulatory compliance;
- good manufacturing practices (GMPs);
 - intellectual property rights;
 - product introduction;
- marketing, sales and competition; and
 - obtaining sufficient capital.

Failure to enter into collaboration agreements and obtain timely regulatory approval for our product candidates and indications would impact our ability to increase revenues and could make it more difficult to attract investment capital for funding our operations. Any of these possibilities could materially and adversely affect our operations and require us to curtail or cease certain programs.

During the six months ended December 31, 2012, we used \$5.3 million of cash for our operating activities, compared to \$7.0 million used in the six months ended December 31, 2011. Lower net cash outflows from operations in the six months ended December 31, 2012 were primarily the result of an increase in proceeds received from the sale of our New Jersey NOLs and secondarily of lower costs relating to our Phase 2B clinical trial evaluating the efficacy and safety of bremelanotide for the treatment of FSD, in which the last patient completed treatment in September 2012.

During the six months ended December 31, 2012, net cash used in investing activities was \$17,154, consisting of \$21,774 used for capital expenditures offset by \$4,620 in proceeds from the sale of equipment. Cash provided by investing activities for the six months ended December 31, 2011 of \$3,000 consisted of proceeds from the sale of equipment.

During the six months ended December 31, 2012, cash provided by financing activities of \$34.4 million consisted primarily of the net proceeds from the completion on July 3, 2012 of our private placement of 3,873,000 shares of our common stock, Series A 2012 warrants to purchase up to 31,988,151 shares of our common stock, and Series B 2012 warrants to purchase up to 35,488,380 shares of our common stock. Aggregate gross proceeds to us were \$35.0 million, with net proceeds, after deducting offering expenses, of \$34.4 million. During the six months ended December 31, 2011, cash used in financing activities consisted of payments of \$20,743 on capital lease obligations during the quarter.

As of December 31, 2012, our cash and cash equivalents were \$32.9 million and our current liabilities were \$2.0 million. We believe that our cash and cash equivalents are adequate to fund our planned operations, including completing analysis of results of our Phase 2B clinical trial with bremelanotide for FSD and holding an end-of-Phase 2 meeting with the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA), through at least calendar year 2013. Over the next twelve months we intend to focus efforts on preparing for our Phase 3 clinical trial with bremelanotide for FSD, assuming that results of the end-of-Phase 2 meeting with FDA support advancing the program, conducting preclinical research on one or more peptide melanocortin agonists for sexual dysfunction and other indications, conducting preclinical research on peptide melanocortin agonists for inflammatory disease related indications, and development and testing of an inhaled formulation of PL-3994.

Our current cash and cash equivalents are not sufficient to complete all of the clinical trials required for product approval for any of our products. We expect that the Phase 3 bremelanotide clinical trial program for FSD will require significant additional resources and capital. We intend to seek additional capital through public or private equity or debt financings, collaborative arrangements on our product candidates, including bremelanotide for FSD, or other sources. However, sufficient additional funding to support operations past calendar year 2013, including Phase 3 clinical trials with bremelanotide, may not be available on acceptable terms or at all. If additional funding is not available, we will be required to seek collaborators for our product candidates at an earlier stage than otherwise would be desirable and on terms that are less favorable than might otherwise be available, and relinquish, license or otherwise dispose of rights on unfavorable terms to technologies and product candidates that we would otherwise seek to develop or commercialize ourselves. The nature and timing of our development activities are highly dependent on our financing activities.

We anticipate incurring additional losses over at least the next few years. To achieve profitability, if ever, we, alone or with others, must successfully develop and commercialize our technologies and proposed products, conduct preclinical studies and clinical trials, obtain required regulatory approvals and successfully manufacture and market such technologies and proposed products. The time required to reach profitability is highly uncertain, and we do not know whether we will be able to achieve profitability on a sustained basis, if at all.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

Not required to be provided by smaller reporting companies.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e), as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of December 31, 2012. There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during our most recent fiscal quarter that materially affected, or that are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

We may be involved, from time to time, in various claims and legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of our business. We are not currently a party to any claim or legal proceeding.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

There have been no material changes to our risk factors disclosed in Part I, Item 1A of our annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, other than as set forth in our quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2012.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

None.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information.

None.

Item 6. Exhibits.

Exhibits filed or furnished with this report:

- 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer.
- 31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer.
- 32.1 Certification by Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.
- 32.2 Certification by Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.
- 101.INS XBRL Instance Document
- 101.SCH XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
- 101.CAL XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
- 101.LAB XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
- 101.PRE XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
- 101.DEF XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Palatin Technologies, Inc.
(Registrant)

Date: February 13, 2013

/s/ Carl Spana
Carl Spana, Ph.D.
President and
Chief Executive Officer
(Principal
Executive Officer)

Date: February 13, 2013

/s/ Stephen T. Wills
Stephen T. Wills, CPA, MST
Executive Vice President,
Chief Financial Officer and
Chief Operating Officer

EXHIBIT INDEX

- 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer.
 - 31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer.
 - 32.1 Certification by Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.
 - 32.2 Certification by Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.
 - 101.INS XBRL Instance Document
 - 101.SCH XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
 - 101.CAL XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
 - 101.LAB XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
 - 101.PRE XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
 - 101.DEF XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
-