

Baying Ecological Holding Group Inc.
Form 10-Q/A
November 10, 2014

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

Amendment No. 1 to

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2014

or

TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number 000-51974

**BAYING ECOLOGICAL HOLDING GROUP,
INC.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Nevada
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation
or organization)

N/A
(IRS Employer Identification No.)

850 Stephenson Highway, Suite 310 Troy,
Michigan
(Address of principal executive offices)

90265
(Zip Code)

310-887-6391
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

N/A
(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES NO

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a small reporting company. See the definitions of “large accelerated filer”, “accelerated filer” and “smaller reporting company” in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act

Large accelerated filer	<input type="radio"/>	Accelerated filer	<input type="radio"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input type="radio"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input checked="" type="radio"/>

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act) YES NO

APPLICABLE ONLY TO ISSUERS INVOLVED IN BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS DURING THE PRECEDING FIVE YEARS

Check whether the registrant has filed all documents and reports required to be filed by Sections 12, 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act after the distribution of securities under a plan confirmed by a court. YES NO

APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer’s classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date 260,950 common shares issued and outstanding as of September 22, 2014

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PART 1 – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

Our unaudited interim financial statements for the nine month period ended March 31, 2013 form part of this quarterly report. They are stated in United States Dollars (US\$) and are prepared in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles.

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Baying Ecological Holding Group, Inc.
Balance Sheets

	March 31, 2014	June 30, 2013
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash	\$ -	\$ -
Total Current Assets	-	-
Other Assets		
Interest in Oil and Gas Properties	-	-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ -	\$ -
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Convertible Note	\$ 9,485	\$ 9,485
Accrued interest on convertible note	-	
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	9,485	9,485
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Common stock, par value \$0.001, Authorized - 75,000,000 \$0.001 par value common shares Issued – 260,983 as of March 31, 2014 and 160,950 as of June 30, 2013	261	161
Additional paid-in capital	770,360	748,730
Retained Earnings	(780,376)	(758, 376)
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	(9,485)	(4,745,934)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY	\$ -	\$ -

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

Baying Ecological Holding Group, Inc.
Statements of Operations

	Three months ended		Nine months Ended		Cumulative from Date of Inception on April 11, 2005 to 31-Mar-14
	31-Mar-14	31-Mar-13	31-Mar-14	31-Mar-13	31-Mar-14
OIL AND GAS REVENUES	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Regulatory and transfer agent fees	-	-	-	-	2,380
Management Fees	3,000	3,000	9,000	9,000	104,843
Professional Fees	-	-	10,000	9,485	276,023
Rent	1,000	1,000	3,000	3,000	69,243
Amortization	-	-	-	-	8,125
Impairment Charge	-	-	-	-	334,375
Bank Charges and Interest	-	-	-	-	783
Total Operating Expenses	4,000	4,000	22,000	21,485	(795,772)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE OTHER	(4,000)	(4,000)	(22,000)	(21,485)	(795,772)
OTHER	-	-	-	-	15,396
NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$ (4,000)	\$ (4,000)	\$ (22,000)	\$ (21,485)	\$ (780,376)
NET INCOME (LOSS) PER SHARE	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.07)	\$ (0.10)	\$ (0.35)	
WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF COMMON SHARES	260,983	60,950	216,505	60,950	
NET LOSS PER SHARE BASIC AND DILUTED	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.05)	
WEIGHTED AVERAGE COMMON SHARES BASIC AND DILUTED	95,110,903	94,910,950	95,060,505	94,710,950	

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

Baying Ecological Holding Group, Inc.
Statements of Cash Flows

	Nine months Ended		Cumulative from Date of Inception on April 11, 2005 to 31-Mar-14
	31-Mar-14	31-Mar-13	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net income (loss)	\$ (22,000)	\$ (21,485)	\$ (780,376)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash used in operating activities			
Amortization Expense	-	-	8,125
Expense charged to Contributed Surplus	12,000	12,000	173,391
Increase in Accrued Interest	-	-	-
Write-off of Properties	-	-	16,875
Shares issued	10,000	-	362,500
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	-	(9,485)	(219,485)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Investment in Franchise	-	-	(25,000)
Investment in Oil and Gas Properties	-	-	-
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	-	-	(25,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Note Payable	-	9,485	9,485
Issuance of Capital Stock for cash	-	-	235,000
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Financing Activities	-	9,485	244,485
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Beginning	-	-	-
Ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information:			
Stock issued for properties	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 342,500
Stock issued for services	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 20,000
Debt forgiveness to Contributed Surplus	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 85,391

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

BAYING ECOLOGICAL HOLDING GROUP, INC.

(An Exploration Stage Company)
Notes to Financial Statements
March 31, 2014

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION AND DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

Baying Ecological Holding Group, Inc. was formerly Toro Ventures Inc which. was incorporated on 11 April 2005, under the laws of the State of Nevada. The company changed its name on January 9, 2014 to better reflect its new business direction.

The Company was originally in the exploration of oil and gas properties is largely inactive.

Reverse Stock Split

On January 9, 2014 the Company effectuated a 1 to 100 reverse stock split. The financial statements have been presented for all periods to reflect this split.

Basis of Presentation

These financial statements are presented in United States dollars and have been prepared in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles.

NOTE 2 – GOING CONCERN

The Company's financial statements as of March 31, 2014 have been prepared using generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America applicable to a going concern, which contemplates the realization of assets and liquidation of liabilities in the normal course of business. The Company has not yet established an ongoing source of revenues sufficient to cover its operating costs and allow it to continue as a going concern. The Company has incurred a cumulative net loss from inception (April 11, 2005) through March 31, 2014 of \$780,376.

In order to continue as a going concern, the Company will need, among other things, additional capital resources. Management's plan is to obtain such resources for the Company by obtaining capital from management and significant shareholders sufficient to meet its minimal operating expenses and seeking equity and/or debt financing. However management cannot provide any assurances that the Company will be successful in accomplishing any of its plans. These financial statements do not include any adjustments related to the recoverability and classification of assets or the amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

NOTE 3 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers highly liquid financial instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Net loss per common share is computed by dividing net loss by the weighted average common shares outstanding during the period as defined by Financial Accounting Standards, ASC Topic 260, "Earnings per Share". Basic

earnings per common share (“EPS”) calculations are determined by dividing net income by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per common share calculations are determined by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares and dilutive common share equivalents outstanding.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could materially differ from those estimates. Management believes that the estimates used are reasonable.

In Management's opinion all adjustments necessary for a fair statement of the results for the interim periods have been made. All adjustments are normal and recurring.

Reclassifications

Certain prior year balances have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue on an accrual basis. Revenue is generally realized or realizable and earned when all of the following criteria are met: 1) persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists between the Company and our customer(s); 2) services have been rendered; 3) our price to our customer is fixed or determinable; and 4) collectability is reasonably assured.

Fair value of financial instruments

The carrying value of cash equivalents and accrued expenses approximates fair value due to the short period of time to maturity.

Recently issued accounting pronouncements

In July 2013, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2013-11 Income Taxes (Topic 740) Presentation of an Unrecognized Tax Benefit When a Net Operating Loss Carry-forward, a Similar Tax Loss, or a Tax Credit Carry-forward Exists. An unrecognized tax benefit, or a portion of an unrecognized tax benefit, should be presented in the financial statements as a reduction to a deferred tax asset for a net operating loss carry-forward, a similar tax loss or a tax credit carry-forward, except as follows. To the extent a net operating loss carry-forward, a similar tax loss or a tax credit carry-forward is not available at the reporting date under the tax law of the applicable jurisdiction to settle any additional income taxes that would result from the disallowance of a tax position or the tax law of the applicable jurisdiction does not require the entity to use, and the entity does not intend to use the deferred tax asset for such purpose, the unrecognized tax benefit should be presented in the financial statements as a liability and should not be combined with deferred tax assets. The assessment of whether a deferred tax asset is available is based on the unrecognized tax benefit and deferred tax asset that exist at the reporting date and should be made presuming disallowance of the tax position at the reporting date. This Update applies to all entities that have unrecognized tax benefits when a net operating loss carry-forward, a similar tax loss, or a tax credit carry-forward exists at the reporting date. The amendments in this Update are effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2013.

In January 2013, the FASB issued ASU No. 2013-01, Balance Sheet (Topic 210): Clarifying the Scope of Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities, which clarifies which instruments and transactions are subject to the offsetting disclosure requirements originally established by ASU 2011-11. The new ASU addresses preparer concerns that the scope of the disclosure requirements under ASU 2011-11 was overly broad and imposed unintended costs that were not commensurate with estimated benefits to financial statement users. In choosing to narrow the scope of the offsetting disclosures, the Board determined that it could make them more operable and cost effective for preparers while still giving financial statement users sufficient information to analyze the most significant presentation differences between financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP and those prepared under IFRSs. Like ASU 2011-11, the amendments in this update will be effective for fiscal periods beginning on, or after January 1, 2013. The adoption of ASU 2013-01 is not expected to have a material impact on our financial position or results of operations.

The Company has implemented all new accounting pronouncements that are in effect. These pronouncements did not have any material impact on the financial statements unless otherwise disclosed, and the Company does not believe that there are any other new accounting pronouncements that have been issued that might have a material impact on its financial position or results of operations.

NOTE 4 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION

The Company has charged to expense with a corresponding credit to paid in capital cost of donated services of its officer which were \$3,000 per quarter for management fees and \$1,000 per quarter for rent.

NOTE 5 – STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT

Authorized

75,000,000 common shares with a par value of \$0.001.

Shares Issued

On June 10, 2013 the Company issued 100,000 post split shares to its former officer for services valued at market which was determined to be par value as the company's shares are extremely thinly traded and the company has not raised capital for over six years.

On November 8, 2013 the Company issued 100,000 post split shares for services to its former officer valued in the exact manner as in the preceding paragraph.

NOTE 6 – FORGIVENESS OF DEBT

During a previous period accounts payable of \$15,396 was forgiven and is shown in other income in the statement of operations, cumulative column.

NOTE 7 – INCOME TAX

Deferred taxes are provided on a liability method whereby deferred tax assets are recognized for deductible temporary differences and operating loss and tax credit carry forwards and deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences. Temporary different amounts of assets and liabilities and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance when, in the opinion of management, it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are adjusted for the effects of changes in tax laws and rates on the date of enactment.

Net deferred tax assets consist of the following components as of June 30, 2013 and 2012:

	June 30, 2013	June 30, 2012
Deferred Tax Assets – Non-current:		
NOL Carryover	\$350,002	\$340,517
Payroll Accrual	-	-
Less valuation allowance	(350,002)	(340,517)
Deferred tax assets, net of valuation allowance	\$-	\$-

The income tax provision differs from the amount of income tax determined by applying the U.S. federal income tax rate to pretax income from continuing operations for the period ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 due to the following:

	2013	2012
Book Income	\$(35,485)	\$(16,000)
Stock for Services	10,000	-
Convertible interest calculation		-
Charged items	16,000	16,000
Valuation allowance	9,485	-
	\$-	\$-

At June 30, 2013, the Company had net operating loss carry forwards of approximately \$350,002 that may be offset against future taxable income to the year 2024. No tax benefit has been reported in the June 30, 2013 financial statements since the potential tax benefit is offset by a valuation allowance of the same amount.

Due to the change in ownership provisions of the Tax Reform Act of 1986, net operating loss carry forwards for Federal Income tax reporting purposes are subject to annual limitations. Should a change in ownership occur, net operating loss carry forwards may be limited as to use in future years.

NOTE 8 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through the filing date of these financial statements and has disclosed that there are no such event that are material to the financial statements to be disclosed.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

This quarterly report contains forward-looking statements as that term is defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements relate to future events or our future financial performance. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as "may", "should", "expects", "plans", "anticipates", "believes", "estimates", "predicts", "potential" or "continue" or the negative of these terms or other comparable terminology. These statements are only predictions and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, including the risks in the section entitled "Risk Factors", that may cause our or our industry's actual results, levels of activity, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements. Except as required by applicable law, including the securities laws of the United States, we do not intend to update any of the forward-looking statements to conform these statements to actual results.

Our unaudited financial statements prepared in accordance with United States Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our financial statements and the related notes that appear elsewhere in this quarterly report. The following discussion contains forward-looking statements that reflect our plans, estimates and beliefs. Our actual results could differ materially from those discussed in the forward looking statements. Factors that could cause or contribute to such differences include, but are not limited to, those discussed below and elsewhere in this quarterly report, particularly in the section entitled "Risk Factors" of this quarterly report.

In this quarterly report, unless otherwise specified, all dollar amounts are expressed in United States dollars. All references to "common shares" refer to the common shares in our capital stock.

GENERAL OVERVIEW

We were incorporated pursuant to the laws of the State of Nevada on April 11, 2005 under the name Toro Ventures Inc. We were initially in the fast food services industry.

Stock Purchase Agreement

In accordance with the terms and provisions of that certain stock purchase agreement dated December 31, 2013 (the "Stock Purchase Agreement") between Joe Arcaro, seller of control block of restricted shares of common stock of the Company and our sole officer and director ("Arcaro") and The World Financial Holdings Group Co., Ltd., purchaser of the control block of shares of ("World Financial"), there was a change in our control. Arcaro tendered his resignation as the sole member of the Board of Directors and our President/Chief Executive Officer, Secretary, Treasurer/Chief Financial Officer effective February 7, 2014. Effective February 7, 2014, the Board of Directors simultaneously appointed (i) Zhouping Jiao as the sole member of the Board of Directors and as the President/Chief Executive Officer and Treasurer/Chief Financial Officer of the Company; and (ii) Yuehong Yan as our Secretary.

In light of the upcoming new business operations, effective May 1, 2014, Zhouping Jiao resigned as the sole member of the Board of Directors and as our President/Chief Executive Officer, Treasurer/Chief Financial Officer and Yuehong Yan resigned as our Secretary. Simultaneously, the Board of Directors effective May 1, 2014 appointed Parsh Patel as the sole member of the Board of Directors and as our President/Chief Executive Officer, Secretary,

Treasurer/Chief Financial Officer.

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Amendment to Articles of Incorporation

Effective January 9, 2014, our Board of Directors and the majority shareholders approved an amendment to the articles of incorporation to change our name from "Toro Ventures Inc." to "Baying Ecological Holding Group Inc." (the "Name Change Amendment"). The Amendment was filed with the Secretary of State of Nevada on January 23, 2014 changing our name to "Baying Ecological Holding Group Inc." (the "Name Change"). The Name Change was effected to better reflect our future business operations.

We filed appropriate documents with FINRA to effect the Name Change. FINRA declared an effective date of February 7, 2014 for the Name Change. Our trading symbol changed to "BYIN". The new cusip number for the Company is 07278X107.

The Name Change was effected to better reflect the future business operations of the Company.

Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

On January 9, 2014, our majority shareholders approved a reverse stock split of one for one for one hundred (1:100) of our total issued and outstanding shares of common stock (the "Stock Split") and the Name Change. Pursuant to our Bylaws and the Nevada Revised Statutes, a vote by the holders of at least a majority of our outstanding votes is required to effect the Stock Split and the Name Change. Our articles of incorporation does not authorize cumulative voting. As of the record date of January 9, 2014, we had 26,095,000 voting shares of common stock issued and outstanding. The consenting stockholders of the shares of common stock are entitled to 20,000,000 votes, which represents approximately 76.64% of the voting rights associated with our shares of common stock. The consenting stockholders voted in favor of the Stock Split and the Name Change described herein in a unanimous written consent dated January 9, 2014.

The Board of Directors had previously considered factors regarding their approval of the Stock Split including, but not limited to: (i) current trading price of the Company's shares of common stock on the OTC QB Market and potential to increase the marketability and liquidity of our common stock; (ii) possible reluctance of brokerage firms and institutional investors to recommend lower-priced stocks to their clients or to hold in their own portfolios; (iii) desire to meet future requirements of per-share price and net tangible assets and shareholders' equity relating to admission for trading on other markets; and (iv) posturing the Company and its structure in favorable position in order to effectively negotiate with potential acquisition candidates. Our Board of Directors approved the Name Change and the Stock Split and recommended the majority shareholders of the Company review and approve the Name Change and the Stock Split.

The Stock Split was effected based upon the filing of appropriate documentation with FINRA. The Stock Split decreased our total issued and outstanding shares of common stock from approximately 26,095,000 shares to 260,950 shares of common stock. The common stock will continue to be \$0.001 par value.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following summary of our results of operations should be read in conjunction with our financial statements for the nine months ended March 31, 2014, which are included herein. The financial information in the table above is derived from the quarterly unaudited financial statements. The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our audited financial statements and the related notes that appear elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. The following discussion contains forward-looking statements that reflect our plans, estimates and beliefs. Our actual results could differ materially from those discussed in the forward looking statements. Factors that could cause or contribute to such differences include, but are not limited to those discussed below and elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. The financial statements are stated in United States Dollars and are prepared in accordance with United States Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

Nine Month Period Ended March 31, 2014 Compared to Nine Month Period Ended March 31, 2013

For the Nine Months Ended March 31	2014	2013
Oil and Gas Revenue	\$ -0-	\$ -0-
Operating Expenses		
Regulatory and transfer agent fees	-0-	-0-
Management fees	9,000	9,000
Professional fees	10,000	9,485
Rent	3,000	3,000
Amortization	-0-	-0-
Impairment Charge	-0-	-0-
Bank Charges and Interest	-0-	4,736,449
Total operating expenses	22,000	4,757,934
Net Income (Loss)	(22,000)	(4,757,934)

Our net loss for the nine month period ended March 31, 2014 was (\$22,000) compared to a net loss of (\$4,757,934) during the nine month period ended March 31, 2013. During the nine month periods ended March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013, we did not generate any revenue.

During the nine month period ended March 31, 2014, we incurred operating expenses of \$22,000 compared to \$4,757,934 incurred during the nine month period ended March 31, 2013, an increase of \$4,735,934. During the nine month period ended March 31, 2014, operating expenses consisted of: (i) management fees of \$9,000 (2013: \$9,000); (ii) professional fees of \$10,000 (2013: \$9,485); (iii) rent of \$3,000 (2013: \$3,000); and (iv) bank charges and interest of \$-0- (2013: \$4,736,449). During the nine month period ended March 31, 2014, we issued a note which enabled the holder to convert the debt into common shares at \$0.0001 per share which would be 94,850,000 shares. This amount is greater than our present authorized shares. Thus, the convertible feature forced a black sholes calculation on the conversion which resulted in a interest convertible debt number of \$4,736,449 which is shown as a liability on the balance sheet and under expenses in the statement of operations. Thus, our net loss and loss per share during the nine month period ended March 31, 2014 was (\$22,000) or (\$0.10) per share compared to a net loss and loss per share of (\$4,757,934) or (\$78.06) per share during the nine month period ended March 31, 2013.

Three Month Period Ended March 31, 2014 Compared to Three Month Period Ended March 31, 2013

Our net loss for the three month period ended March 31, 2014 was (\$4,000) compared to a net loss of (\$4,000) during the three month period ended March 31, 2013. During the three month periods ended March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013, we did not generate any revenue.

During the three month period ended March 31, 2014, we incurred operating expenses of \$4,000 compared to \$4,000 incurred during the three month period ended March 31, 2013. During the three month period ended March 31, 2014, operating expenses consisted of: (i) management fees of \$3,000 (2013: \$3,000); and (ii) rent of \$1,000 (2013: \$1,000).

Thus, our net loss and loss per share during the three month period ended March 31, 2014 was (\$4,000) or (\$0.02) per share compared to a net loss and loss per share of (\$4,000) or (\$0.07) per share during the three month period ended March 31, 2013.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Nine Month Period Ended March 31, 2014

As of March 31, 2014, our current assets were \$-0- and our current liabilities were \$9,485, resulting in a working capital deficit of \$9,485. As of March 31, 2014, current liabilities consisted of \$9,485 in convertible note.

As of March 31, 2014, our total assets were \$-0-.

As of March 31, 2014, our total liabilities were \$9,485 consisting entirely of current liabilities.

Cash Flows from Operating Activities

We have not generated positive cash flows from operating activities. For the nine month period ended March 31, 2014, net cash flows used in operating activities was (\$-0-) compared to cash flows used by operating activities of (\$9,485) for the nine month period ended March 31, 2013. Net cash flows used in operating activities consisted primarily of a net loss of \$22,000 (2013: \$4,757,934), which was changed by: (i) a decrease of \$12,000 (2013: \$12,000) in expense charged to contributed surplus; (ii) \$10,000 (2013: \$-0-) shares issued; and (iii) \$-0- (2013: \$4,736,449) in increase in accrued interest.

Cash Flows from Investing Activities

For the nine month period ended March 31, 2014, net cash flows provided by investing activities was \$-0- (2013: \$-0-).

Cash Flows from Financing Activities

We have financed our operations primarily from debt or the issuance of equity instruments. For the nine month period ended March 31, 2014, net cash flows provided by financing activities was \$-0- compared to \$9,485 in cash flows from financing activities relating to the note payable during the nine month period ended March 31, 2013.

MATERIAL COMMITMENTS

In October of 2012 we incurred a debt for professional services of \$9,485 (the "Debt"). We then issued a note which enables the holder to convert the debt into common shares @.0001 per share which would be 94,850,000 shares. This amount is greater than the present authorized shares. The convertible feature forced a black sholes calculation on the conversion which resulted in a interest convertible debt number of \$4,736,449 which is shown as a liability on the balance sheet and under expenses in the statement of operations.

On July 17, 2014, we entered into a waiver and release agreement with 482139 B.C. (the "Claimant") pursuant to which Claimant provided to us a full waiver and release of the Debt.

Equity Compensation

We currently do not have any stock option or equity compensation plans or arrangements.

Contractual Obligations

As a "smaller reporting company", we are not required to provide tabular disclosure obligations.

OFF BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

We have no significant off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources that are material to stockholders.

GOING CONCERN

We have suffered recurring losses from operations. The continuation of our company as a going concern is dependent upon our company attaining and maintaining profitable operations and/or raising additional capital. The financial statements do not include any adjustment relating to the recovery and classification of recorded asset amounts or the amount and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should our company discontinue operations.

The continuation of our business is dependent upon us raising additional financial support and/or attaining and maintaining profitable levels of internally generated revenue. The issuance of additional equity securities by us could result in a significant dilution in the equity interests of our current stockholders. Obtaining commercial loans, assuming those loans would be available, will increase our liabilities and future cash commitments.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Not applicable.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act"), that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

We carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of March 31, 2014. Based on the evaluation of these disclosure controls and procedures, and in light of the material weaknesses found in our internal controls over financial reporting, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective.

MANAGEMENT'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f). The Company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Under the supervision and with the participation of management, including the Chief Executive Officer /Chief Financial Officer, the Company conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of March 31, 2014 using the criteria established in "Internal Control - Integrated Framework" issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO").

A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Company's annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis. In its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2013, the Company determined that there were control deficiencies that constituted material weaknesses, as described below.

- 1) We do not have an Audit Committee – While not being legally obligated to have an audit committee, it is the management's view that such a committee, including a financial expert member, is an utmost important entity level control over the Company's financial statement. Currently the Board of Directors acts in the capacity of the Audit Committee, and does not include a member that is considered to be independent of management to provide the necessary oversight over management's activities.
- 2) We did not maintain appropriate cash controls – As of March 31, 2014, the Company has not maintained sufficient internal controls over financial reporting for the cash process, including failure to segregate cash handling and accounting functions, and did not require dual signature on the Company's bank accounts. Alternatively, the effects of poor cash controls were mitigated by the fact that the Company had limited transactions in their bank accounts.
- 3) We did not implement appropriate information technology controls – As of March 31, 2014, the Company retains copies of all financial data and material agreements; however there is no formal procedure or evidence of normal backup of the Company's data or off-site storage of the data in the event of theft, misplacement, or loss due to unmitigated factors.

Accordingly, the Company concluded that these control deficiencies resulted in a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis by the company's internal controls.

As a result of the material weaknesses described above, management has concluded that the Company did not maintain effective internal control over financial reporting as of March 31, 2014 based on criteria established in Internal Control—Integrated Framework issued by COSO.

CHANGES IN INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting identified in connection with our evaluation we conducted of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2013, that occurred during our fourth fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

This quarterly report does not include an attestation report of the Company's registered public accounting firm regarding internal control over financial reporting. Management's report was not subject to attestation by the Company's registered public accounting firm pursuant to temporary rules of the SEC that permit the Company to provide only management's report in this annual report.

PART II – OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We know of no material, existing or pending legal proceedings against our company, nor are we involved as a plaintiff in any material proceeding or pending litigation. There are no proceedings in which any of our directors, executive officers or affiliates, or any registered or beneficial stockholder, is an adverse party or has a material interest adverse to our interest.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

Not applicable.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

None.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITIES HOLDERS

On January 9, 2014, our majority shareholders approved a reverse stock split of one for one for one hundred (1:100) of our total issued and outstanding shares of common stock (the “Stock Split”) and the Name Change. Pursuant to our Bylaws and the Nevada Revised Statutes, a vote by the holders of at least a majority of our outstanding votes is required to effect the Stock Split and the Name Change. Our articles of incorporation does not authorize cumulative voting. As of the record date of January 9, 2014, we had 26,095,000 voting shares of common stock issued and outstanding. The consenting stockholders of the shares of common stock are entitled to 20,000,000 votes, which represents approximately 76.64% of the voting rights associated with our shares of common stock. The consenting stockholders voted in favor of the Stock Split and the Name Change described herein in a unanimous written consent dated January 9, 2014.

The Board of Directors had previously considered factors regarding their approval of the Stock Split including, but not limited to: (i) current trading price of the Company's shares of common stock on the OTC QB Market and potential to increase the marketability and liquidity of our common stock; (ii) possible reluctance of brokerage firms and institutional investors to recommend lower-priced stocks to their clients or to hold in their own portfolios; (iii) desire to meet future requirements of per-share price and net tangible assets and shareholders' equity relating to admission for trading on other markets; and (iv) posturing the Company and its structure in favorable position in order to effectively negotiate with potential acquisition candidates. Our Board of Directors approved the Name Change and the Stock Split and recommended the majority shareholders of the Company review and approve the Name Change and the Stock Split.

The Stock Split was effected based upon the filing of appropriate documentation with FINRA. The Stock Split decreased our total issued and outstanding shares of common stock from approximately 26,095,000 shares to 260,950 shares of common stock. The common stock will continue to be \$0.001 par value.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

In light of the upcoming business operations of the Company, effective May 1, 2014, Zhouping Jiao resigned as the sole member of the Board of Directors and as the President/Chief Executive Officer, Treasurer/Chief Financial Officer of the Company and Yuehong Yan resigned as the Secretary of the Company. Therefore, the sole member of the Board of Directors and executive officer is Parsh Patel.

Biography of Parsh Patel

During the past ten years, Mr. Parsh has been involved in the software industry. From November 2010 through July 2011, Mr. Parsh was employed with TR Diagnostics as an engineering supervisor in charge of AGC project management and management of AGV+AGC software development teams. As a program manager, Mr. Parsh: (i) implemented a turnkey medical imaging diagnostic center (www.trdiag.com) and EMR/EHR for provider at Paragon Health, Kalamazoo, Michigan; (ii) integrated RIS system for ultrasound, bone density, mammography and X-ray images with Konica Minolta; and (iii) prepared a customized dashboard to track utilization and various other operational informatics.

From January 2007 through October 2010, Mr. Parsh was employed at Android Industries as a key member of the senior technical staff and project manager in innovations group. Mr. Parsh's responsibilities included but not limited to: (i) ensuring quality systems performed optimally; (ii) developing prototype of solutions for manufacturing systems upgrades; (iii) engineering systems implementing RF ID products for in-hose use – a turn-key scale systems development life cycle implementation; (iv) engineering systems implementing automated machine visions systems for guidance, QC and error proofing; (v) developing concepts for and feasibility studies for lights out factories; (vi) presenting plans to senior management for consolidation of technology islands; (vii) project management in Spain, Mexico and North America; (ix) project management for various manufacturing, operational and financial applications; and (x) participated in development light AGV system.

From February 2002 through November 2005, Mr. Parsh was employed with Spherion where he worked as a web analyst to DashboardAnywhere (DA) support team. His duties involved assisting internal users to interface to DA, which included design, coding, testing in multiple platforms and eventual migration to production. Other assignments included enhancing search feature of DA, interfacing to external websites fro DA, securing access to external servers for surveys, promotions and other business sites. DA, virtual service Workbench application is designed to be a single source of information about HR at DCX. Mr. Parsh's responsibilities also included researching migration from 3.5 to 4 for Web Sphere, migration of iPlanet to WPS, SiteMinder integration into to DA, generation of demographics information to increase DA usage among group types. He also addressed real-time replication of critical/private data using MQSeries and performance monitoring with OVIS. Mr. Parsh has an exemplary knowledge of LDAP at DCX and customized search facility where he worked with UNIX command set to maintain web and application servers. Tools: Java 2.0, EJB 1.1, JSP 1.0, Servlets 2.1, JDBC 2.0, XML 1.0, XSL, IBM Web Sphere, Visual Age, DB2, some WPS, UDB, Web Sphere Application Developer.

From 1995 through 2002, Mr. Parsh was employed with Knowgen Systems Inc./Phoenix Group Inc. as its chief technology officer. Mr. Parsh's worked over seven years with systems and products for web services, e-commerce initiatives, and application development tools and wireless applications. His responsibilities included supervising engineering management and heading up a team of 25 developers, product quality control, and engineering training and budgeting. Mr. Parsh's specific developments included the following: (i) JODE (Java Object Deployment Environment) – a rapid application development tool for developing small applications using Java components, atrue drag and drop programming for GUI, database access, transport mechanism (TCP/IP), data analysis, reporting and visualization, and a full scale web based software development project utilizing granular implementation with SDLC methodology; (ii) KnowPad – development and deployment of logistics support systems utilizing Global Positioning Systems and GSM/SMS communications, which encompassed writing Java based SMS server for mobile devices and desktops; (iii) Silkworm – development of data aggregation tool for mining data from web sites for placement services, which was developed using socket programming in Java and use javax.net, java.io and SQL server; and (iv) asset tracking system – complete design and development of asset tracking utilizing IBM's WebSphere Application Server, DB2 database and Linux operating systems, which was a distributed system with n-tier architecture.

From 1994 through 1995, Mr. Parsh was employed with Fanuc Robotics as a manager-vision systems. Mr. Parsh was responsible for strategic planning for sensing products for manufacturing automation, in particular vision systems for guidance and quality control. His responsibilities included: (i) procurement of developed hardware; (ii) software development; (iii) market analysis; and (iv) budget and personnel management. He also developed long term contracts for procurement of embedded components for Robots – Q/A, Q/C, contract compliance and serviceability issues.

From 1988 through 1993, Mr. Parsh was employed with Phoenix Software Development Co. as an engineering/business manager. Mr. Parsh was responsible for heading up a team of 70 designers, developers, programmers, testers and administration. Product development included design and commissioning of automation systems for automotive, pharmaceutical, oil and gas monitoring systems. Automotive systems included paint shops, welding shops, material handling and inventory systems. Mr. Parsh was also involved with integrated programmable logic controllers and various plant floor communications systems. He designed and built voice-recognition systems for traversing menu systems for inspection of incoming parts for defects and producing a manifest for resolution. He also designed and built high-speed vision inspections systems for life sciences to include human and animal health care medicine and food products. Mr. Parsh developed products for Allen Bradley PLC3's for high speed communications and automatic fail over of control systems.

From 1985 through 1987, Mr. Parsh was employed with Schlumberger/Sentry Test Systems as a Senior ATE Designer. Mr. Parsh designed automatic test equipment/systems to test 128 pin parts utilizing artificial intelligence and Lisp language, which required knowledge of DSP. From 1984 through 1986, Mr. Parsh was a senior systems engineer at MA/COM Linkabit where he designed and built communication systems for HBO for home set top boxes

for the first launch of HBO entertainment channel. From 1979 through 1983, Mr. Parsh was employed at Hughes Helicopters/Hughes Aircraft as a senior SCADA and Automation engineer. Mr. Parsh worked as a designer and developer of high speed supervisory control and data acquisition system (SCADA) for DOD. This system was utilized to develop the advanced attack Apache helicopter. His responsibilities included development of software for real-time flight monitoring and data visualization/analysis requiring special skills for high-speed data gathering, sampling the data and providing guidance to pilots for maneuvering the Apache. From 1977 through 1979, Mr. Parsh was employed at Becton Dickenson/Teleded as a senior real time programmer where he provided engineering expertise to build a real-time system to collect ECG's, perform analysis and return the results back to the hospital/physicians office requiring knowledge of programming telephony software for call switching and accounting. From 1975 through 1977, Mr. Parsh was employed at DTE Energy/Detroit Edison as a systems engineer. Mr. Parsh provided systems engineering to systems operations center for managing the power grid in South Eastern Michigan. His responsibilities included real-time programming and monitoring of power plants and transmission.

Mr. Parsh's skills include the following operating systems: NT Workstation and Server, Windows 9x, MS-DOS, Solaris, Unix, Linux, Palm-OS. His skills further include the following languages: Java, Visual Basic, C, C++, FORTRAN, Lisp. He has worked with the following databases: SQL Server, Microsoft Access. Middleware technologies include: JSP, Servlets, SOAP, XMP, CORBA, RMI-IIOP, RPC, WebSphere Application Server. And, frameworks and tools include IBM VisualAge for Java, Microsoft Visual J++, Sun JDK 1.3, Visual Basic, Visual SourceSafe, Internet Explorer, MS Office Professional.

Mr. Parsh earned a B.S. in Chemistry and Mathematics at Grand Valley State University in 1975. He also holds the patent for high speed image processing (U.S. Patent No. 1,307,346).

Employment Agreement

On May 1, 2014, our Board of Directors also authorized the execution of that certain employment agreement with Parsh Patel (the "Employment Agreement"). In accordance with the terms and provisions of the Employment Agreement, we shall pay to Mr. Parsh an annual salary of \$18,000 and Mr. Parsh shall be responsible for all day-day-to-day operations and board of director decision making.

CHANGES IN CERTIFYING ACCOUNTANT

On February 12, 2014, we received a comment letter from the Securities and Exchange Commission regarding its filing of Form 10-K for fiscal year ended June 30, 2013 (the "SEC Comment Letter"). The SEC Comment Letter noted that we previously filed eighteen periodic reports on June 18, 2013 covering our fiscal years 2009 through 2013 (collectively, the "SEC Reports"). The SEC Reports were filed by prior management and reflected that the Company believed it was an "inactive entity" as defined in Rule 3-11 of Regulation S-X and therefore did not need to provide audited or reviewed financial statements with its filings. We had not engaged an independent accountant to audit or review our financials.

Therefore, our new Board of Directors engaged Terry L. Johnson, CPA ("Johnson") as our principal independent registered public accounting firm effective March 24, 2014. The decision to appoint Johnson as our principal independent registered public accounting firm was approved by our board of directors.

In connection with our appointment of Johnson as our principal registered accounting firm at this time, we have not consulted Johnson on any matter relating to the application of accounting principles to a specific transaction, either completed or contemplated, or the type of audit opinion that might be rendered on our financial statements. Johnson's offices are located at 406 Greyford Lane, Casselberry, Florida 32717.

As of the date of this Quarterly Report, we have re-filed all the SEC Reports with audited and/or reviewed financial statements, respectively.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

Exhibit Number	Description
(3)	(i) Articles of Incorporation; and (ii) Bylaws
3.1	Articles of Incorporation (incorporated by reference from our Registration Statement on Form SB-2, filed on August 15, 2005).
3.2	Bylaws (incorporated by reference from our Registration Statement on Form SB-2, filed on August 15, 2005).
(10)	Material Contracts
10.1	Master Franchise Agreement (incorporated by reference from our Registration Statement on Form SB-2, filed on August 15, 2005).
10.2	Turnkey Agreement between our Company and Nitro Petroleum, Inc. (incorporated by reference from our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 4, 2008).
10.3	Employment Agreement between Baying Ecological Holding Group Inc. (incorporated by reference from Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 31, 2014).
(14)	Code of Ethics
14.1	Code of Ethics (incorporated by reference from our Annual Report on Form 10-KSB filed on September 26, 2008).
(31)	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certifications
31.1*	Section 302 Certification under Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
(32)	Section 1350 Certifications
32.1*	Section 906 Certification under Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101.INS*	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

* Filed herewith.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

BAYING ECOLOGICAL HOLDING GROUP INC.

November 10, 2014

By: /s/ Parsh Patel
Parsh Patel
(Principal Executive Officer,
Principal Financial Officer and
Principal Accounting Officer)