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DAXOR CORP Form N-CSRS August 24, 2018	
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UNITED STATES	
SECURITIES AND EXCHANG	GE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, DC 20549	
FORM N-CSRS	
CERTIFIED SHAREHOLDER F	REPORT OF REGISTERED MANAGEMENT
INVESTMENT COMPANIES	
INVESTMENT COMPANY AC	T FILE NUMBER 811-22684
DAXOR CORPORATION	
(Exact name of registrant as speci	ified in charter)
350 Fifth Avenue	
Suite 4740	
New York, NY 10118	

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip code)

Michael Feldschuh
350 Fifth Avenue
Suite 4740
New York, NY 10118
(Name and address of agent for service)
REGISTRANT'S TELEPHONE NUMBER, INCLUDING AREA CODE: 1-212-330-8500
DATE OF FISCAL YEAR END: DECEMBER 31
DATE OF REPORTING PERIOD: JANUARY 1, 2018 to JUNE 30, 2018

# Item 1. Report to Shareholders

## **Daxor Corporation**

Financial Statements For the Period Ended June 30, 2018

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ITEM 1
Daxor Corporation
August 23, 2018
Dear Fellow Shareholder:
Daxor Corporation is an investment company on the New York Stock Exchange with a fully-owned medical diagnostic operating division which is the company's primary focus. The company has a balance sheet of listed securities which help fund the diagnostic division's activity and receives regular dividends from its holdings. We have

Daxor Corporation is an investment company on the New York Stock Exchange with a fully-owned medical diagnostic operating division which is the company's primary focus. The company has a balance sheet of listed securities which help fund the diagnostic division's activity and receives regular dividends from its holdings. We have attached a report of our portfolio holdings and investment activity for the period ended June 30, 2018 as well as select unaudited operating division results. Please review this information carefully. Daxor has been reporting as an investment company under the Investment Company Act of 1940 since January 1, 2012 although our continuous operations as a medical diagnostics and lab company date to our founding in 1970.

Daxor is focused on the continued commercialization and development of our diagnostic device the BVA-100 blood volume analyzer, recognized broadly as the most accurate and effective diagnostic test for the clinical assessment of intravascular blood volume. The operating company has seen important developments in 2018 – a 23% rise in kit sales related to the use of our diagnostic in the area of cardiology driven by the presentation of important data showing a substantial benefit for the use of our diagnostic in a study of 245 patients with hospitalized heart failure. In particular, in March of this year at the American College of Cardiology convention Dr. Strobeck and Dr. Miller (of the Mayo Clinic) presented findings showing a 56% reduction in hospital readmissions and 82% reduction in mortality for patients measured on a 30 day basis when our test was used to guide treatment compared to a sampled control group. These findings led to a surge in Daxor's share price reaching a multi-year high of over \$21 per share and driving not only significant investor interest but the interest of numerous researchers and clinicians in the use of our device.

Management sees it as an imperative to continue to make both the medical community and investor community aware of the significance of these outcomes. To facilitate better communication the company has retained both a public relations firm, an investor relations firm, and hired a new head of marketing in the past quarter as well.

Management believes strongly that the technology of the operating company is significantly superior to current medical practices for detecting blood volume derangements and with proper physician education and outreach the

adoption of our device should grow significantly. In addition to the company's own sales force, management also seeks to grow the business through strategic partnerships with other health care companies. Daxor continues to invest in further research and development as has an active development program focused on the next generation of our products. The company has filed new patents relating to its key technology of blood volume measurement and has an active R&D pipeline that is set for further innovations in 2018. Years of efforts in this area are bearing fruit in the form of both intellectual property and next generation design for our technologies which promise to make our product faster, easier, and more valuable to clinicians.

The company also continues to explore the possibility of partnering with another company with the appropriate scientific expertise and financial assets to begin a more aggressive marketing program even as we have our own development underway. Management believes the potential benefits for an acquiring or partnering company are significant because of our intellectual property as well as the technologic superiority of our device paired with our growing patent portfolio.

The Company's investment policy is to maintain a minimum of 80% of its portfolio in electric utilities (currently 84.7%). The Board of Directors has authorized this minimum to be temporarily lowered to 70% when management deems it to be necessary or advisable. Investments in non-utility stocks will generally not exceed 20% of the value of the portfolio. The company has benefited from the benign interest rate environment and dividends which have added to our bottom line, however a strong move in the long end of the yield curve represents a risk of loss to the company's investment strategy. The company has written covered calls on some of its interest-bearing stocks; however this risk has not been completely removed by such hedging activity and market volatility relating to interest rate uncertainty continues to be a driver of portfolio profit and loss swings.

The Company also engages in the short selling of stock and uncovered calls. When this occurs, the short position is marked to market, and this adjustment is recorded as an unrealized gain or loss in the statement of operations. The Company uses historical cost to determine all gains and losses. The fair market value is readily obtainable because all of the Company's marketable securities are classified as Level 1.

The Company also uses options as follows in order to increase yearly investment income:

The use of "Call" Options. Covered options can be sold up to a maximum of 20% of the value of the portfolio. This provides extra income in addition to dividends received from the Company's investments. The risk of this strategy is that investments may be called away, which the Company may have preferred to retain. Therefore, a limitation of 20% is placed on the amount of stock on which options can be written. The amount of the portfolio on which options are actually written is usually between 3-10% of the portfolio. The historical turnover of the portfolio is such that the average holding period is in excess of ten years for our securities.

The use of "Put" options. Put options are written on stocks which the Company is willing to purchase. While the Company does not have a high rate of turnover in its portfolio, there is some turnover; for example, due to preferred stocks being called back by the issuing Company, or stocks being called away because call options have b) been written. If the stock does not go below the put exercise price, the Company records the proceeds from the sale as income. If the put is exercised, the cost basis is reduced by the proceeds received from the sale of the put option. There may be occasions where the cost basis of the stock is lower than the market price at the time the option is exercised.

Speculative Short Sales/Short Options. The Company normally limits its speculative transactions to no more than 15% of the value of the portfolio. The Company may sell uncovered calls on certain stocks. If the stock price does not rise to the price of the call, the option is not exercised and the Company records the proceeds from the sale of the call as income. If the call is exercised, the Company will have a short position in the related stock. The

c) Company then has the choice of covering the short position, or selling a put against it. If the put is exercised, then the short position is covered. The Company's current accounting policy is to mark to market at the end of each quarter any short positions and include it in the income statement. While the Company may have speculative positions equal to 15% of its accounts, in actual practice the net short stock positions usually account for less than 10% of the assets of the Company.

Daxor has been reporting as an investment company under the Investment Company Act of 1940 since January 1, 2012.

At June 30, 2018, the Company had net assets of \$13,112,303 or \$3.51 per share versus net assets of \$13,757,621 or \$3.68 per share at December 31, 2017. For the six months ended June 30, 2018, the Company had net dividend income of \$227,402, net realized gains from investments of \$386,366, net realized gains from options of \$51,872. These amounts were offset by realized losses on the sale of short positions of \$324,706, net change in the unrealized appreciation on investments, options and securities borrowed of \$188,850 and realized losses from the operating division of \$944,277. The total realized and unrealized loss on investments and investment in operating division for the period ending on June 30, 2018 was \$1,019,595.

The Company has focused primarily on its operating company operations and reduced its dependence on income from short term stock market investing from prior years but still generates considerable income from dividends received and covered options written. Because of its investing program, the SEC currently classifies Daxor as an investment

company, and we understand why the SEC has required the Company to be designated as such, however our primary focus has always been on our operational objectives. The Company anticipates that as income from operations increases that it will, at a future time, request a change back to its previous designation as an operating company and report accordingly.

In addition to being selected by several clinical trials for inclusion as a metric of outcome in the past year and in clinical trials that began in 2018, the company will seek to expand its use to further prove its value. The company has also seen remarkable research published using the BVA-100 device in the past year and anticipates that studies underway or in the planning stages will potentially yield more exciting research and clinical benefits from its use.

The strong trend of healthcare is toward individualized care and cost-effectiveness. Our instrument is a non-invasive, inexpensive, and rapid solution to the problem of how to accurately manage the fluid levels of patients, whether it is in the heart failure clinic or the ICU, and studies published and presented are proving just how exciting the potential for this approach is. Reducing mortality, lowering complications, reducing hospital resource use and length of stay with a non-invasive and 98% accurate test is achievable with our patented technology, and we are working hard to get that message out.

Any shareholder who is interested in learning more about our medical instrumentation and biotechnology operations should visit our website at www.daxor.com or contact our investor relations representative Bret Shapiro of CORE IR at 516-222-2560 for more detailed information. We periodically issue press releases regarding research reports and placements of the BVA-100 Blood Volume Analyzer in hospitals.

#### Go Paperless with E-Delivery

In order to sign up for electronic delivery of shareholder reports and prospectuses, please send an email to <a href="mailto:info@daxor.com">info@daxor.com</a>. If you do not hold your account directly with Daxor, please contact the firm that holds your account about electronic delivery.

Cordially Yours,

Michael Feldschuh

CEO and President

# **Daxor Corporation**

## **Schedule of Investments**

# **June 30, 2018 (Unaudited)**

Diversified Industrials - 0.26% General Electric Company 2500 \$34,025  Investment Services - 0.01% Motors Liquidation Company GUC Trust 100 \$991
Materials - 0.80%
Enbridge Inc. 2,952 \$105,357
Utilities - 85.46% Electric Utilities - 84.63% American Electric Power Company, Inc. 5,000 346,250
Avangrid, Inc. 7,000 370,510
Avista Corporation 6,000 315,960
CenterPoint Energy, Inc. 1,000 27,710
Centrus Energy Corp. 1 3
CMS Energy Corporation         16,000         756,480           DTE Energy Company         16,700         1,730,620
DTE Energy Company 16,700 1,730,620 Edison International 4,000 253,080
Entergy Corporation 5,500 444,345
Evergy, Inc. 13,397 752,242
Eversource Energy 20,000 1,172,200
Exelon Corporation 14,300 609,180
FirstEnergy Corp. 32,800 1,177,848
National Grid plc ADR 8,707 486,286
NiSource Inc. 19,000 499,320
PG&E Corporation 7,500 319,200
Pinnacle West Capital Corporation 3,000 241,680
PNM Resources, Inc. 31,800 1,237,020
WEC Energy Group, Inc. 1,128 72,925
Xcel Energy Inc. 6,000 274,080
\$11,086,939
Natural Gas Utilities - 0.84%
United States National Gas 1,406 33,322
Southwest Gas Holdings, Inc. 1,000 76,270
\$109,592

Total Utilities \$11,196,531

Total Common Stock (Cost \$3,792,015) - 86.54% \$11,336,904

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## **Daxor Corporation**

## **Schedule of Investments (Continued)**

# June 30, 2018 (Unaudited)

	Shares	Fair Value
Preferred Stocks (United States) - 6.74%		
Banking - 4.19%	200	275 150
Bank of America Corp 7.250% Series L	300	375,150
Barclays Bank PLC ADR, 8.125% Series 5 Callable	2,500	66,075
Goldman Sachs Group, 6.20 % Series B Callable	188	5,001
Wells Fargo Company, 8.00% Series J Non-Cumulative	4,000	102,800
		\$549,026
Electric Utilities - 2.55%		
Pacific Gas & Electric, 6% Series A	4,200	107,058
Pacific Gas & Electric, 5% Series D	1,000	20,880
Pacific Gas & Electric, 5% Series E	1,100	22,728
Southern California Edison, 4.32% Callable	5,500	123,200
Southern California Edison, 4.78% Callable	2,500	60,350
		\$334,216
Total Preferred Stock (Cost \$499,276) - 6.74%		\$883,242
Total Investment in Securities (Cost \$4,291,291) - 93.28%		\$12,220,146
Investment in Operating Division (Cost \$3,547,013)(United States) - 37.31%		\$4,900,000
investment in operating 211 stori (cost 45,517,615) (cinted states) 27.517		ψ <b>1,</b> ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Receivable from Broker-Restricted Cash - 0.11%		\$14,726
Deferred Tax Assets - 2.70%		\$353,986
Other Assets - 0.58%		\$75,902
Total Assets - 133.99%		\$17,564,760
Total Liabilities - (33.99%)		(4,452,457)
Net Assets - 100.00%		\$13,112,303

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Daxor Corporation Schedule of Investments (Continued) June 30, 2018 (Unaudited)

At June 30, 2018, the net unrealized appreciation on investment in securities and options of \$7,899,725 was composed of the following:

Net unrealized appreciation on investment in securities \$7,928,855

Net unrealized (depreciation) on options borrowed (29,130)

Net unrealized appreciation on investment in securities, securities and options borrowed \$7,899,725

At June 30, 2018, the net unrealized appreciation on investment in operating division was composed of the following:

Net unrealized appreciation on investment in operating division \$1,352,987

## Portfolio Analysis

### June 30, 2018 (Unaudited)

	Percentage	
	of Net	
	Assets	
Common Stock (United States)		
Diversified Industrials	0.26	%
Investment Services	0.01	%
Materials	0.80	%
Electric Utilities	84.63	%
Natural Gas Utilities	0.84	%
Total Common Stock	86.54	%
Preferred Stock (United States)		
Banking	4.19	%
Electric Utilities	2.55	%
Total Preferred Stock	6.74	%
Total Investment in Securities	93.28	%

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## Daxor Corporation Summary of Options June 30, 2018 (Unaudited)

Open Options Written (United States) - (0.42%)

Call Options Written (United States) - (0.42%)

	NUMBER	STRIKE	EXPIRATION	FAIR	
DESCRIPTION	OF UNITS	PRICE	DATE	VALUE	
Exelon Corporation	(40)	40.00	7/20/2018	(10,800	)
Exelon Corporation	(17)	43.00	10/19/2018	(2,121	)
FirstEnergy Corp.	(130)	34.00	7/20/2018	(27,267	)
General Electric Company	(25)	16.00	9/21/2018	(375	)
PG&E Corporation	(35)	45.00	9/21/2018	(10,328	)
PG&E Corporation	(25)	50.00	9/21/2018	(3,501	)
Total Call Options Written (proceeds \$25,262)				\$(54,392	)
Total Options Written (proceeds \$25,262)				\$(54,392	)
Margin loans payable - (33.3%)				(4,362,69	7)
Other Liabilities - (0.27%)				(35,368	)
TOTAL LIABILITIES - (33.99%)				(4,452,45	7)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## Daxor Corporation Statement of Assets and Liabilities June 30, 2018 (Unaudited)

Assets:	
Investments in securities, at fair value (cost of \$4,291,291)	\$12,220,146
Investment in operating division, at fair value (cost of \$3,547,013)	4,900,000
Receivables from brokers:	
Restricted cash	14,726
Dividends receivable	45,203
Deferred tax asset - net	353,986
Prepaid taxes	30,699
Total Assets	17,564,760
Liabilities:	
Margin loans payable	4,362,697
Call and put options, at fair value (proceeds of \$25,262)	54,392
Taxes payable	26,618
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	8,750
Total Liabilities	4,452,457
Net Assets	\$13,112,303
Net Asset Value, (10,000,000 shares authorized, 5,316,530 issued and 3,728,719 shares outstanding of \$0.01 par value capital stock outstanding)  Net Assets consist of:	
Capital paid in	\$10,811,476
Undistributed net investment income	8,023,912
Unrealized net appreciation on investments, securities and options borrowed	9,275,766
Treasury Stock	(14,998,851)
Transfer Storm	(1,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

7

Net Assets

\$13,112,303

## Daxor Corporation Statement of Operations For the Period Ended June 30, 2018 (Unaudited)

Investment Income:	
Dividend income	\$227,402
Other income	2,122
Total Investment Income	229,524
Expenses:	
Investment administrative charges	103,423
Dividend expense	5,913
Professional fees	10,400
Transfer agent fees	28,193
Interest expense	53,386
Total Expenses	201,315
Net Investment Income	28,209
Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments and Other items:	
Net realized gain from investments in securities	386,366
Net realized gain from options	51,872
Net realized loss from securities borrowed	(324,706)
Net change in unrealized appreciation on investments, options and securities borrowed	(188,850)
Net change in unrealized appreciation on operating division	0
Realized loss on investment in operating division	(944,277)
Net Realized and Unrealized Loss on Investments and Investment in Operating Division	(1,019,595)
Income Tax Expense (Benefit)	(344,169 )
Net Decrease in Net Assets Resulting From Operations	\$(647,217)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# **Daxor Corporation Statement of Changes in Net Assets**

# For the Periods Ended June 30, 2018 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2017

	Period Ended June 30, 2018	Year Ended December 31, 2017
Decrease in Net Assets from Operations Net investment income	¢20,200	¢274.750
	\$28,209	\$274,759
Net realized gain from investments in securities	386,366	476,911
Net realized gain from options	51,872	*
Net realized loss from securities borrowed	(324,706	
Net change in unrealized appreciation on investments, options and securities borrowed	(188,850	
Net change in unrealized appreciation on operating division	0	(200,000)
Realized loss on investment in operating division	(944,277	, , , , ,
Income tax expense	344,169	
Net Increase in Net Assets Resulting From Operations	(647,217	) (1,239,890)
Capital Share Transactions:		
Cost of treasury stock purchased	(32,221	) (248,203 )
Increase in net assets resulting from stock-based compensation	34,120	13,508
Net Decrease in Net Assets Resulting From Capital Share Transactions	1,899	(234,695 )
Distributions to shareholders from:		
Net investment income	0	(112,103)
Total Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	(645,318	
Net Assets:		, , , , ,
Beginning of Period	13,757,621	15,344,309
End of Period (including undistributed net investment income of \$8,023,912 in 2018 and \$8,482,277 in 2017 included in net assets)	<sup>1</sup> \$13,112,303	\$13,757,621

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## Daxor Corporation Statement of Cash Flows For the Period Ended June 30, 2018 (Unaudited)

**Income Taxes** 

Cash flows from operating activities:  Net decrease in net assets resulting from operations  Adjustment to reconcile net decrease in net assets resulting from operations to net cash used in operating activities:	\$(647,217)
Net realized gain from investments in securities	(386,366)
Net realized gain from options	(51,872)
Net realized loss from securities borrowed	324,706
Net change in unrealized appreciation on investments, options and securities borrowed	188,850
Net change in unrealized appreciation on operating division	-
Investment in/advances to operating division	(944,277)
Realized loss on operating division	944,277
Sale of call and put options	61,600
Purchases of securities	(163,183)
Proceeds from sales of securities	1,015,405
Payments to cover securities borrowed at fair value	(1,031,671)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	
Decrease in restricted cash	1,089,220
Increase in receivable from broker	(14,726)
Decrease in dividends receivable	66
Increase in deferred tax asset - net	(353,986)
Decrease in prepaid taxes	7,081
Decrease in accounts payable	(67,950)
Stock based compensation	34,120
Net cash provided by operating activities	4,077
Cash flows from financing activities	
Proceeds from margin loan payable	1,373,866
Repayment of margin loan payable	(1,345,721)
Payment of dividend	-
Purchase of treasury stock	(32,222 )
Net cash used in financing activities	(4,077 )
Net increase in cash	-
Cash at beginning of period	-
Cash at end of period	-
Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information:	
Cash paid during the period for:	

\$7,009

Interest on margin loans payable

\$53,432

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## **Daxor Corporation Financial Highlights**

## For the Periods Ended June 30, 2018 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2017

The table below sets forth financial data for weighted average shares of stock outstanding for each year and for one share of capital stock outstanding throughout the years presented.

The annual financial information will be included in the Company's annual report to Shareholders, a copy of which is available at no charge on request by calling 1-212-330-8500.

Net Asset Value Per Share, Beginning of Period	Period Ended June 30, 2018 \$3.68		Year Ended December 31, 2017 \$4.04	r
Income (loss) from operations: Net investment income	0.01		0.07	
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) from investments, options and securities borrowed	(0.02	)	0.23	
Net realized and unrealized loss from operating division Income tax (expense) benefit	(0.26 0.09	)	(0.62	)
Other Total income (loss) from Investment Operations	0.01 (0.17	)	(0.01 (0.33	)
Less: Distributions to shareholders from net investment income	0		(0.03	)
Increase (decrease) in Net Asset Value Per Share	(0.17	)	(0.36	)
Net Asset Value Per Share, End of Period	\$3.51		\$3.68	
Market Price Per Share of Common Stock, Beginning of Period Market Price Per Share of Common Stock, End of Period Change in Price Per Share of Common Stock	\$4.57 6.66 \$2.09		\$8.24 4.57 \$(3.67	)
Total Investment Return	45.73	%	(44.54	)%
Weighted Average Shares Outstanding	3,732,88	34	3,767,75	56

Ratios/Supplemental Data

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Net assets, End of Period (in 000's)	\$13,101	9	\$13,758	
Ratio of total expenses to average net assets	1.50	%	1.90	%
Ratio of net investment income before income taxes to average net assets	0.21	%	1.89	%
Ratio of net investment (loss) income after income taxes to average net assets	2.77	%	1.72	%
Portfolio turnover rate	1.99	%	3.63	%

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Daxor Corporation Financial Highlights (continued)

# For the Years Ended December 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014

	Year Ended December 31, 2016	•	Year Ended December 31, 2015		Year Ended Decembe 31, 2014 "restated"	
Net Asset Value Per Share, Beginning of Year	\$3.74		6.16		\$6.45	
Income (loss) from operations:						
Net investment income	0.03		0.11		0.23	
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) from investments, options and securities borrowed	0.56		(2.12	)	(1.34	)
Net realized and unrealized loss from operating division	(0.21	)	-		-	
Income tax (expense) benefit	0.00		(0.32)	)	0.87	
Other	(0.05)	)	(0.05)	)	(0.02	)
Total income (loss) from Investment Operations	0.33		(2.38	)	(0.26	)
Less: Distributions to shareholders from net investment income	(0.03	)	(0.04	)	(0.03	)
Increase (decrease) in Net Asset Value Per Share	0.30		(2.42	)	(0.29	)
Net Asset Value Per Share, End of Year	\$4.04		3.74		\$6.16	
Market Price Per Share of Common Stock, Beginning of Year	\$7.60		6.80		\$6.83	
Market Price Per Share of Common Stock, End of Year	8.24		7.60		6.98	
Change in Price Per Share of Common Stock	\$0.64		0.80		\$0.15	
Total Investment Return (2015, 2014 only)	8.42	%	11.76	%	2.20	%
Weighted Average Shares Outstanding	3,825,47	6	3,921,69	97	4,040,24	42
Ratios/Supplemental Data						
Net assets, End of Year (in 000's)	\$15,344		14,427		\$24,580	
Ratio of total expenses to average net assets	2.44	%	3.06	%	2.70	%
Ratio of net investment income before income taxes to average net assets	0.86	%	2.31	%	3.63	%

Ratio of net investment (loss) income after income taxes to average net assets	0.78	% (4.18	)% 17.48	%
Portfolio turnover rate	7.59	% 7.43	% 3.34	%

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**Daxor Corporation Notes to Financial Statements** 

**June 30, 2018 (Unaudited)** 

#### 1. Organization and Investment Objective

Daxor Corporation (the "Company") is registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, as a diversified, closed-end management investment company.

The Company's investment goals, objectives and principal strategies are as follows:

The Company's investment goals and objectives are capital preservation, maintaining returns on capital with a high 1.degree of safety and generating income from dividends and option sales to help offset operating losses from the Company's Operating Division.

In order to achieve these goals, the Company maintains a diversified securities portfolio comprised primarily of electric utility company common and preferred stocks. The Company also sells covered calls on portions of its portfolio and also sells puts on stocks it is willing to own. It also sells uncovered calls and may have net short positions in common stock up to 15% of the value of the portfolio. The net short position is the total fair market value of the Company's short positions reduced by the amount due to the Company from the Brokers. If the amount due from the Broker is more than the fair market value of the short positions, the Company will have a net receivable from the Broker. The Company's investment policy is to maintain a minimum of 80% of its portfolio in equity securities of utility companies. The Board of Directors has authorized this minimum to be temporarily lowered to 70% when Company management deems it to be necessary. Investments in utilities are primarily in electric companies. Investments in non-utility stocks will generally not exceed 20% of the value of the portfolio.

#### 2. Significant Accounting Policies

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") required management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The following is a summary of significant accounting policies consistently followed by the Company in the preparation of its financial statements.

#### Valuation of Investments

The Company carried its investments in securities at fair value and utilizes various methods to measure the fair value of its investments on a recurring basis. Fair value is an estimate of the exit price, representing the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants (i.e., the exit price at the measurement date). Fair value measurements are not adjusted for transaction costs. GAAP establishes a hierarchy that prioritizes inputs to valuation methods. The three levels of inputs are:

Daxor Corporation
Notes to Financial Statements

**June 30, 2018 (Unaudited)** 

#### 2. Significant Accounting Policies - (continued)

**Level** Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities that the Company has the ability 1— to access.

Observable inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, **Level** either directly or indirectly. These inputs may include quoted prices for the identical instrument on an inactive **2**— market, prices for similar instruments, interest rates, prepayment speeds, credit risk, yield curves, default rates and similar data.

Level 3—
Unobservable inputs for an asset or liability, to the extent relevant observable inputs are not available; representing the Company's own assumptions about the assumptions a market participant would use in valuing the asset or liability, and would be based on the best information available.

The availability of observable inputs can vary from security to security and is affected by a wide variety of factors, including, for example, the type of security, whether the security is new and not yet established in the marketplace, the liquidity of markets, and other characteristics particular to the security. To the extent that valuation is based on models or inputs that are less observable or unobservable in the market, the determination of fair value requires more judgment. Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised in determining fair value is greatest for instruments categorized in Level 3.

The inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement falls in its entirety, is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. The inputs or methodology used for valuing securities are not necessarily an indication of the risk associated with investing in those securities.

Investments in securities, securities borrowed and put and call options that are freely traded and are listed on a national securities exchange are valued at the last reported sales price on the last business day of the year; securities traded on the over-the-counter market and listed securities for which no sale was reported on that date are valued at the mean between the last reported bid and asked prices.

The Company establishes valuation processes and procedures to ensure that the valuation techniques for investments that are categorized within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy are fair, consistent, and verifiable. At December 31, 2017 and at June 30, 2018, Level 3 investments consist solely of the Company's investment in its wholly owned Operating Division at fair value. The Company's Audit Committee oversees the valuation process of the Company's Level 3 investments. The Audit Committee is comprised of members of the Company's Board of Directors and is responsible for the valuation processes and procedures and evaluating the overall fairness and consistent application of the valuation policies. For this valuation process the Audit Committee meets semi-annually or as needed, and in conjunction with reports from an independent valuation company determines the valuations of the Company's Level 3 investments. Valuations determined by the Audit Committee are required to be supported by the independent valuation company whose reports may include information such as market data, third-party pricing sources, industry accepted pricing models, counterparty prices, or other appropriate methods. On an annual basis, the Company engages the services of an independent valuation company to perform an independent review of the valuation of the Company's investment in its wholly owned Operating Division, and may adjust its valuations based on the recommendations from the valuation firm.

Daxor Corporation Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2018 (Unaudited)
2. Significant Accounting Policies - (continued)
Restricted Cash
The restricted cash is cash held at the brokers for collateral for securities borrowed at fair value.
Valuation of Derivative Instruments
The Company accounts for derivative instruments under FASB ASC 815, "Derivatives and Hedging," which establishes accounting and reporting standards requiring that derivative instruments be recorded in the statements of financial condition at fair value. The changes in the fair values of derivatives are included in the statements of operations as a component of net realized and unrealized loss from investments.
Investment Transactions and Income and Expenses
Investment transactions are accounted for on the trade date. Realized gains and losses on sales of investments are calculated on the basis of identifying the specific securities delivered. Dividend income and expense are recorded on the ex-dividend date, and interest income is recognized on the accrual basis. Expenses are recorded on an accrual basis.
Distributions

Net investment income and net realized gains are accumulated within the Company and used to pay expenses, to make

additional investments or held in cash as a reserve and at the discretion of the Company, to pay dividends to

shareholders.

#### Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes under the provisions of FASB ASC 740, "Income Taxes." This pronouncement requires recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the estimated future tax consequences of events attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases and operating loss and tax credit carry forwards. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which the differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of changes in tax rates is recognized in the statement of operations in the period in which the enactment rate changes. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are reduced through the establishment of a valuation allowance at such time as, based on available evidence, it is more likely than not that the deferred tax assets will not be realized.

The Company accounts for uncertainties in income taxes under the provisions of FASB ASC 740-10-05, "Accounting for Uncertainties in Income Taxes" The ASC clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an enterprise's financial statements. The ASC prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. The ASC provides guidance on de-recognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure and transition.

#### Treasury Stock

Treasury stock is recorded under the cost method and shown as a reduction of net assets.

# **Daxor Corporation Notes to Financial Statements**

**June 30, 2018 (Unaudited)** 

#### 3. Fair Value Measurements of Investments, Financial Instruments and Related Risks

The following tables summarize the inputs used as of June 30, 2018 for the Company's assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis at June 30, 2018, categorized by the above mentioned fair value hierarchy and also by denomination:

Assets	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Common Stocks	\$11,336,904	\$ -	\$-	\$11,336,904
Preferred Stocks	883,242	-	-	883,242
Investment in Operating Division	-	-	4,900,000	4,900,000
Total	\$12,220,146	\$ -	\$4,900,000	\$17,120,146

Liabilities Level 1 Level Level  $\frac{1}{2}$  Total

Call and Put Options \$54,392 \$ - \$ - \$54,392

Purchased call and put options: When the Company purchases an option, an amount equal to the premium paid by the Company is recorded as an investment on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities, the value of which is marked-to-market to reflect the current market value of the option purchased. If the purchased option expires, the Company realizes a loss equal to the amount of premium paid. When an instrument is purchased or sold through the exercise of an option, the related premium paid is added to the basis of the instrument acquired or deducted from the proceeds of the instrument sold. The risk associated with purchasing put and call options is limited to the premium paid.

Written call and put options: When the Company writes (sells) an option, an amount equal to the premium received by the Company is recorded as an obligation on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities, the value of which is marked-to-market to reflect the current market value of the written option. If the written option expires, the Company realizes a gain equal to the amount of premium received. When an instrument is purchased or sold through the exercise of an option, the related premium received is adjusted to the basis of the instrument acquired or the instrument sold. The risk associated with writing options is based on the difference between the strike price of the option and current market price of the underlying security less premium received. See Note 7 for further discussion of

Investment and Market Risk Factors and risks of written call and put options.

Securities borrowed: The Company sells securities that it does not own, and it will therefore be obligated to purchase such securities at a future date. The value of the open short position is recorded as a liability, and the Company records an unrealized gain or loss to the extent of the difference between the proceeds received and the value of the open short position. The Company records a realized gain or loss when a short position is closed out. By entering into short sales, the Company bears the market risk of increases in the value of the security sold short in excess of the proceeds received. Possible losses from short sales differ from losses that could be incurred from purchases of securities because losses from short sales may be unlimited whereas losses from purchases cannot exceed the total amount invested. See Note 1 regarding the Company's investment goals and its use of covered positions and Note 7 for further discussion of Investment and Market Risk Factors.

During the period ended June 30, 2018, the Company realized proceeds of \$1,015,405 from the sale of investment securities and \$61,207 from writing call and put options. During the same period, the Company spent \$167,520 to purchase investment securities.

**Daxor Corporation Notes to Financial Statements** 

**June 30, 2018 (Unaudited)** 

The following table is a reconciliation of the beginning and ending balances for the Company's assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (level 3) during the period ended June 30, 2018:

	Balance at
	June 30,
	2018
Balance, December 31, 2017	4,900,000
Investment in/advances to operating division	944,277
Realized loss on investment in operating division	(944,277)
Balance, June 30, 2018	4,900,000

The Company's Level 3 asset consists of its investment in its wholly owned Operating Division at fair value and requires significant judgment due to the absence of quoted market prices, inherent lack of liquidity, heavy reliance on Level 3 inputs, and the long-term nature of such investments. Since its inception, the Operating Division has not generated significant revenue and has incurred substantial operating losses. Due to these substantial losses, the Operating Division has been completely dependent on funding from the Company to sustain its operations. Investment in Operating Division is primarily located in Oak Ridge, Tennessee and was initially valued at transaction value for identified assets (property and equipment, land, buildings and laboratory equipment), less accumulated depreciation adjusted for investment in/advances to operating division, business operations and activity and realized losses. Based on Company initiatives during 2016 related to potential partnerships, joint ventures, product development, marketing and other operations of the Operating Division, the Company hired an independent valuation company to perform a valuation of the Operating Division. The independent valuation company updated the initial 2016 valuations at December 31, 2017 using the Income Approach and Market Approaches as defined in SFAS 157 (ASC 820). Based on the valuation approaches, the valuation ranges were \$4,500,000 to \$5,300,000 for the Income Approach. In determining the Income Approach value range the Gordon Growth Model valuation technique was used with a discount rate of 20.5% and long-term growth rate of 3.0%. Significant increases (decreases) in these unobservable inputs in isolation could result in significant changes in fair value measurements. The Income Approach was weighted 100% given the current financial performance and expectations as to longer-term revenue growth and profitability resulting in a midpoint of value range. Management performed an assessment of the operating division at June 30, 2018 and noted that no significant changes occurred since December 31, 2017 and thus no adjustments to the valuation were made. Also, we should note that an assessment will be performed by an independent valuation company again at December 31, 2018.

#### 4. Derivative Instruments

The Company writes call and put options in order to generate additional investment income as part of its investment strategy. In the opinion of management, the use of financial derivative instruments in its investment program is appropriate and customary for the investment strategies employed reducing certain investment risks.

# **Daxor Corporation Notes to Financial Statements**

**June 30, 2018 (Unaudited)** 

#### 4. Derivative Instruments - (continued)

The following table summarizes the Company's activity in call and put options for the period ended June 30, 2018.

Total Proceeds Received on open positions at	Sale of Options from 01/01/18-06/30/18	Expirations, Purchases and Assignments of Options from 01/01/18-06/30/18	Proceeds Received on open positions at	Market Value at 06/30/18	Unrealized Loss at 06/30/18
01/01/18 \$ 15,533	\$ 61,207	\$ 51,498	06/30/18 \$ 25,262	\$ 54,392	\$ (29,130 )
					, ,

The derivatives are shown at market value of \$54,392 on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities at June 30, 2018 as "Call and Put Options."

The following table summarizes the value of all derivatives as reported on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities at June 30, 2018:

Description	Market	Drogode	Net Gain	Unrealized	Unrealized (Loss)
Description	Value	Proceeds	(Loss)	Gain	(Loss)
Call Options	\$54,392	\$25,262	\$(29,130)	\$ 181	\$ (29,311 )
<b>Total Options</b>	\$54,392	\$25,262	\$(29,130)	\$ 181	\$ (29,311)

For the period ended June 30, 2018, the Company recorded a net realized gain of \$51,872 on call and put options and a net unrealized loss of \$29,130 on call and put options.

#### 5. Income Taxes

The net income tax benefit for the period ended June 30, 2018 is comprised of the following:

State and Local Franchise Taxes	\$8,284
Foreign Tax Withheld on Dividends	1,533
Total current income tax expense	9,817
Deferred income tax benefit	353,986
Net income tax expense	\$344,169

The Company has a net operating loss carry forward of approximately \$14,384,000 which will begin to expire in 2033. The Company also has a capital loss carry forward of approximately \$2,227,000 which will expire in 2020.

At June 30, 2018, the Company had no material unrecognized tax benefits and no adjustments to liabilities or operations were required. The Company does not expect that its unrecognized tax benefits will materially increase within the next twelve months. The Company recognizes interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions in investment administrative expenses. As of June 30, 2018, the Company has not recorded any provisions for accrued interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions.

**Daxor Corporation Notes to Financial Statements** 

**June 30, 2018 (Unaudited)** 

#### **5. Income Taxes - (continued)**

In certain cases, the Company's uncertain tax positions are related to tax years that remain subject to examination by the relevant tax authorities. The Company files federal, state and local income tax returns in jurisdictions with varying statutes of limitations. The 2012 through 2016 tax years generally remain subject to examination by federal, state and local tax authorities.

Under Internal revenue code section 542, a company is defined as a Personal Holding Company ("PHC") if it meets both an ownership test and an income test. The ownership test is met if a company has five or fewer shareholders that own more than 50% of the company, which is applicable to Daxor. The income test is met if PHC income items such as dividends, interest and rents exceed 60% of adjusted ordinary gross income. Adjusted ordinary income is defined as all items of income except capital gains. For the period ended June 30, 2018, more than 60% of Daxor's adjusted gross income came from items defined as PHC income.

Determining the PHC tax liability requires computing Daxor's "undistributed PHC income" and taxing such PHC income at the statutory rate of 20%. Undistributed PHC income is current year taxable income of the Company, exclusive of the net operating loss carry forward deduction that is allowed for regular tax purposes. The Company incurred no liability for PHC for the period ended June 30, 2018 due to the net operating losses applied to realized gains incurred during the year.

Computed expected provision at statutory rates	(21.0)%
Valuation allowance	19.5 %
Dividend received deduction	4.5 %
State franchise taxes	(0.2)%
Non-deductible and other items	(2.8)%
Effective income tax rate	0 %

The New York State Department of Finance on January 31, 2018 finalized an audit of certain allocation percentages for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2013. The audits assessed an additional tax and interest due of \$1,787 and \$904 respectively. There was no penalty assessment.

#### **6. Deferred Income Taxes**

Deferred income taxes result from differences in the recognition of gains and losses on marketable securities; stock options and mark to market on short positions, as well as from carry forwards of the Company's net operating losses of approximately \$14,384,000, net capital losses of approximately \$2,227,000 and tax credits of \$886,600 for tax purposes.

**Daxor Corporation Notes to Financial Statements** 

**June 30, 2018 (Unaudited)** 

### **6. Deferred Income Taxes - (continued)**

The significant components of deferred tax assets and liabilities are reflected in the following table:

Fair value adjustment for available-for-sale securities	\$(1,665,060)
Net operating loss-carry forward	3,020,605
Net capital loss-carry forward	440,764
Business tax credits carried forward	886,603
AMTcredits carried forward	353,986
Fixed Assets	(37,063)
Others	15,385
Deferred Income Tax Available for use	\$3,015,220
Valuation allowance	(3,015,220)
Net Deferred Tax Asset	-

Realization of deferred tax assets is dependent on future earnings. Due to the uncertainty of the realization of its net deferred tax assets, the Company has provided a valuation allowance. In assessing the potential to realize the deferred tax asset, management considers whether it is more likely than not that some or perhaps all of the deferred tax assets will be realized. The ultimate realization of deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income during the periods in which these temporary differences become deductible. Management considers the scheduled reversal of deferred tax liabilities, projected future taxable income and tax planning strategies in making their assessment. The Company recorded a valuation allowance of \$3,015,220 at June 30, 2018. The operating loss carry forwards begin to expire in 2033 and the capital loss carry forwards expire in 2020. If the Company becomes profitable before the expiration of the loss carry forwards, it would have the ability to utilize them in order to offset any taxable income.

On December 22, 2017, "H.R.1", "Tax Cuts and Jobs Act", was signed into law. Among other items, H.R. 1 reduces the federal corporate rate to 21% from the existing maximum rate of 35%, effective January 1, 2018. As a result, the Company revalued its net deferred tax valuation allowance at the new lower rate. The valuation allowance decreased from December 31, 2016 to December 31, 2017 by \$782,744.

#### 7. Investment and Market Risk Factors

The Company's enters into investments in securities, call and put options and securities borrowed and/or financial instruments that may have off balance sheet risks, where the potential loss due to changes in the market (market risk), failure of counterparty to perform on the transaction risk (credit risk) and other risk elements, such as interest rate risk, exceeds the value and/or obligations of such financial instruments. It is the Company's general policy to mitigate such risks by transacting with established counterparties. The main counterparties that the Company transacts with and custodies investment assets at are UBS and TD Ameritrade ("Brokers").

The Company investments in securities arise from investments in long common and preferred stocks, selling common stocks short and transacting in put and call (naked and covered) options. These investments are subject to equity risks of increases and decreases in market exchange prices such as on the NASDAQ.

**Daxor Corporation Notes to Financial Statements** 

**June 30, 2018 (Unaudited)** 

### 7. Investment and Market Risk Factors - (continued)

The Company is subject to certain inherent risks arising from its investing activities of selling securities short and writing put and call options. Selling securities short creates an obligation to purchase the securities at an unknown future date, subject to the Company's discretion, at the then prevailing future market prices. Securities borrowed create the risk that the ultimate obligation may exceed the liability reflected in these financial statements.

The Company collects premiums and the opportunity to create option premium income when writing put and call options if the options expire out-of-the-money. Writing put and call options gives the option buyer the right to exercise the option against the option writer. Writing put options obligates the writer to purchase the stock at the strike price if the stocks' current market price is below the strike price prior to expiration of the put option. The potential loss in writing a put option is the strike price less the premium collected if the stock price falls to zero. Writing call options obligates the writer to sell the stock at the strike price if the stock's current market price is greater than the strike price prior to expiration of the call option. The potential loss in writing a naked call option is unlimited as the rise of a stock price is unlimited. The potential loss in writing a covered call is limited to the strike price less the cost of the underlying security the Company holds in the portfolio. The Company endeavors to write covered calls but may also write naked calls.

Due from brokers, restricted cash and margin loans payable reflect accounts with the Company's Brokers. Due from broker represents amounts receivable from brokers that are available for investing but have not been invested. Restricted cash represents proceeds from sales of securities borrowed and the change in market values of the securities borrowed. Restricted cash is collateral for securities borrowed and is not available for investing, leveraging or margining. Margin loan payable represents obligations to the Brokers for leveraging investments in securities. Investments in securities are collateral for the margin loan payable. The Company does not have the right of setoff nor netting agreements between brokers.

The Company's investments may be subject to changes in interest rates as they may affect equity and option markets. Interest rate risk refers to the fluctuations in value of fixed-income securities resulting from the inverse relationship between price and yield. For example, an increase in general interest rates will tend to reduce the market value of already issued fixed-income investments, and a decline in general interest rates will tend to increase their value. In addition, debt securities with longer maturities, which tend to have higher yields, are subject to potentially greater fluctuations in value from changes in interest rates than obligations with shorter maturities.

The Company is subject to volatility risk which refers to the magnitude of the movement, but not the direction of the movement, in a financial instrument's price over a defined time period. Large increases or decreases in a financial instrument's price over a relative time period typically indicate greater volatility risk, while small increases or decreases in its price typically indicate lower volatility risk.

Legal, tax and regulatory changes continue to occur in the United States and globally, additionally, regulatory environments, as a whole, continue to evolve and change. The effect of any future legal, tax and/or regulatory changes are unknown and could be substantial and adverse.

### 8. Related Party Transactions

The Company reported \$69,303 of investment administrative charges on the Statement of Operations for the period ended June 30, 2018. These charges represent a portion of the payroll and related expenses of three employees of the Operating Division for services performed for the Company.

**Daxor Corporation Notes to Financial Statements** 

**December 31, 2017** 

### 9. Margin Loans

The Company has total margin loans payable at June 30, 2018 of \$4,362,697. These loans are secured by the Company's investments in marketable securities. The interest expense on the margin loans for the period ended June 30, 2018 was \$53,386. The ability of the Company to incur margin debt at any given time is based on the current amount outstanding and the market value of the portfolio of marketable securities. There are no set repayment terms for any of the Company's margin loans.

The following table summarizes the margin loan activity for the period ended June 30, 2018:

					Weighted	d
	Weighted		Maximum	Average	average	
Balance at	average		amount	amount	interest	
06/30/2018	interest		outstanding	outstanding	rate	
00/30/2016	rate at		during the	during the	during	
	06/30/2018		period	period	the	
					period	
\$4,362,697	2.75	%	\$4,633,319	\$4,404,546	2.46	%

### 10. Capital Stock

At June 30, 2018, there were 10,000,000 shares of \$0.01 par value capital stock authorized. The paid in capital of \$10,811,476 at June 30, 2018 consists of the following amounts:

Additional Paid in Capital in excess of par value of common stock	\$10,758,310
Common Stock	53,166
Total Paid in Capital	\$10,811,476

### 11. Treasury Stock

The Company's Board of Directors from time to time has authorized the repurchase of shares of the Company's common stock in the open market usually as funds are available and if the stock is trading at a price which management feels is undervalued. During the period ended June 30, 2018, the Company repurchased in the open market 8,330 shares at a total cost of \$32,222. During the year ended December 31, 2017, the Company repurchased 16,414 shares at a total cost of \$99,703. Treasury stock at June 30, 2018:

Treasury Stock at repurchase price \$14,998,851 Treasury Stock shares 1,587,811

### 12. Dividends

In 2008, management instituted a policy of paying dividends when funds are available. The Company declared a dividend of \$0.03 per share on December 20, 2017 payable on January 12, 2018. The total dividends paid amounted to \$112,012 for the year ended December 31, 2017. No dividends have been declared for the period ended June 30, 2018.

**Daxor Corporation Notes to Financial Statements** 

**June 30, 2018 (Unaudited)** 

### 13. Stock Options

In June 2004, the Company created the 2004 Stock Option Plan in an effort to provide incentive to employees, officers, agents, consultants, and independent contractors through proprietary interest. The Board of Directors shall act as the Plan Administrator, and may issue these options at its discretion. The plan was amended in 2018 increasing the maximum number of shares that may be issued under the Plan is 250,000 or 5% of the Company's outstanding shares, whichever is greater. Under the provisions of the Option Plan, the exercise price of any stock options issued is a minimum of 110% of the closing market price of the Company's stock on the grant date of the option. Prior to June 2004, the Company issued options to various employees under the previous Stock Option Plan that was also administered by the Board of Directors. All issuances have varying vesting and expiration timelines. As at June 30, 2018, 182,850 options were outstanding and 87,774 were exercisable.

At June 30, 2018, there was \$241,088 of unvested stock-based compensation expense to recognize. The Company recognized \$34,120 of share-based compensation expense in the Statement of Operations for the period ended June 30, 2018. The aggregate intrinsic value at June 30, 2018 was \$0 and was calculated based on the difference between the closing market price of the Company's common stock and the exercise price of the underlying options.

To calculate the option-based compensation, the Company used the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. The Company's determination of fair value of option-based awards on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes model is affected by the Company's stock price as well as assumptions regarding a number of subjective variables. These variables include, but are not limited to, the Company's expected stock price volatility over the term of the awards, risk-free interest rate, and the expected life of the options. The risk-free interest rate is based on a treasury instrument whose term is consistent with the expected life of the stock options. The expected volatility, holding period, and forfeitures of options are based on historical experience.

In the first six months of 2018, 106,350 stock options were issued to employees and outside consultants with a weighted average exercise price of \$9.42. The 106,350 stock options issued during the first half of 2018 are still outstanding and 46,104 stock options have vested as of June 30, 2018.

The fair values of stock options granted were estimated using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following assumptions for the period ended June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

	2018	2017
Risk free rates	2.75%	2.07%
Expected life (in years)	1 - 7	2 - 7
Expected volatility	47 %	48 %
Dividend yield	0.00%	0.66%

Weighted Average grant date fair value per share \$2.25 \$0.61

# **Daxor Corporation Notes to Financial Statements**

**June 30, 2018 (Unaudited)** 

# 13. Stock Options - (continued)

The details of employee option activity for the period ended June 30, 2018 is as follows:

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Exercise
Outstanding at January 1, 2018	95,215	Price \$ 8.01
Granted	106,350	9.42
Cancelled	(17,715)	8.93
Expired	(1,000)	8.17
Outstanding at June 30, 2018	182,850	\$ 8.74

The following tables summarize information concerning currently outstanding and exercisable options at June 30, 2018:

June 30, 2018	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life at June 30, 2018	Exercise Price at June 30, 2018
182,850	4.49 years	\$ 8.74
Number Exercisable at June 30, 2018	Weighted Average Exercise Price at June 30, 2018 \$ 9.08	
	at June 30, 2018 182,850  Number Exercisable at June 30,	June 30, 2018  182,850  4.49 years  Weighted Average Exercisable at June 30, 2018  Weighted Average Exercise Price at June 30, 2018

### 14. Commitment

On January 20, 2016, the Company signed a new lease which commences on January 22, 2016 and expires on June 30, 2021 for 3,112 square feet of office space in New York City. The Company had a one-time right under the new lease to exercise "Tenant's Termination Right" by giving notice to "Landlord" not earlier than March 1, 2018 and no later than June 1, 2018 to terminate the new lease effective as of May 31, 2019. The Company's prior lease for office, laboratory and storage space expired on December 31, 2015. As part of the new lease, the prior lease was extended through March 31, 2016 under the same terms and conditions in order to facilitate an orderly transition to the new office space. The Company received a payment of \$275,000 in 2016 from the landlord as consideration for vacating the prior storage spaces by January 10, 2016. The Rent Commencement Date under the new lease was June 22, 2016.

The future minimum lease payments exclusive of future cost of living and tax escalation increases are \$631,736:

**Daxor Corporation Notes to Financial Statements** 

**June 30, 2018 (Unaudited)** 

### 14. Commitment – (Continued)

The rent expense is allocated to and reflected in the Operating Division's results of operations which are not a part of these financial statements.

	Number o	of
Period Covered:	Months	Commitment
July 1, 2018 through December 31, 2018	6	101,140
January 1, 2019 through December 31, 2019	12	208,504
January 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020	12	214,728
January 1, 2021 through June 30, 2021	6	107,364
Total Commitment		\$ 631,736

### 15. Fees Payable to Directors

There are no fees payable to members of the Board of Directors at June 30, 2018.

### 16. Contingency

Idant Labs, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company is currently defending against a civil complaint in Federal District Court in the State of Illinois in relation to the sale of anonymous donor semen that allegedly led to the birth of two children with alleged autism. The Company, previously a named defendant, filed and won a motion to dismiss the case on a variety of grounds. Management is of the opinion that the plaintiff's claims are without merit. Management is also of the opinion that a reserve against assets regarding this claim is not appropriate at this time.

### 17. Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncement

There have been no recent accounting pronouncements that are deemed relevant to the Company. We are evaluating the most recent guidance concerning FASB's ASU 2016-02 – Leases (Topic 842) and are preparing to implement starting in fiscal year 2019.

# 18. Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through the filing date of the financial statements. Based upon this evaluation, the Company has no subsequent events disclose.

Daxor Corporation	
Supplemental Data	

### General

**Investment Products Offered** 

Are not FDIC Insured May Lose Value Are Not Bank Guaranteed

The investment return and principal value of an investment in Daxor Corporation will fluctuate in part as the prices of the individual securities in which it invests fluctuate, so that your shares, when sold, may be worth more or less than their original cost. You should consider the investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses of Daxor and Daxor's operating business carefully before investing. For a free copy of the Company's definitive prospectus (when available), which contains this and other information, call the Company at 1-212-330-8500.

This shareholder report must be preceded or accompanied by the Company's prospectus for individuals who are not current shareholders of the Company.

# **Voting Proxies on Fund Portfolio Securities**

A description of the policies and procedures that the Corporation uses to determine how to vote proxies relating to the Company's portfolio securities, as well as information relating to portfolio securities during the 12 month period ended June 30, 2018 (i) is available, without charge and upon request, by calling 1-212-330-8500; and (ii) on the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission's website.

### **Disclosure of Portfolio Holdings**

The SEC has adopted the requirement that all investment companies file a complete schedule of investments with the SEC for their first and third fiscal quarters on Form N-Q. The Company's Form N-Q for September 30, 2017, and

March 31, 2018 reporting portfolio securities held by the Company, are available on the Commission's website at http://www.sec.gov, and may be reviewed and copied at the Commission's Public Reference Room in Washington, DC. Information on the operation of the public reference room may be obtained by calling 800-SEC-0330.

Daxor Corporation Privacy Policy
Filvacy Folicy
The Company and Your Personal Privacy-
Daxor Corporation is an investment company registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Investment Company Act of 1940.
What Kind of Non-Public Information do we Collect About you if you Become a Shareholder?
Daxor Corporation does not collect non-public information about our shareholders.
What Information do we disclose and to whom do we disclose it?
We do not disclose any non-public personal information about our customers or former customers of our operating division to anyone, other than our service providers who need to know such information and as otherwise permitted by law. If you want to find out what the law permits, you can read the privacy rules adopted by the Securities and Exchange Commission. They are in volume 17 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 248. The Commission often posts information about its regulations on its website, www.sec.gov.
What do we do to protect Your Personal Information?
We restrict access to non-public personal information about our customers or former customers to the people who need to know that information in order to perform their jobs or provide services to you. We maintain physical, electronic, and procedural safeguards to keep your personal information confidential.

### **Daxor Corporation**

### **About the Corporation's Directors and Officers**

The Corporation is governed by a Board of Directors that meets to review investments, performance, expenses and other business matters, and is responsible for protecting the interests of shareholders. The majority of the Corporation's directors are independent of Daxor Corporation.; the only "inside" directors is an officer and a director of Daxor Corporation. The Board of Directors elects the Corporation's officers, who are listed in the table. The business address of each director and officer is 350 Fifth Avenue, Suite 4740, New York, NY 10118.

### **Independent Directors**

Name
Date of Birth
Year Elected

Principal Occupations(s) During Past 5 Years
and Other Directorships of Public Companies

James Lombard Director of Administrative Services Division, New York City Council (Retired)

December 26, 1934

1989 No Directorships

Martin S. Wolpoff
September 25, 1942

Educational Consultant, Director Administration Community School District (Retired)
No Directorships

1989

Edward Feuer Partner, Feuer & Orlando, LLP

June 15, 1955 2016 No Directorships

Bernhard Saxe, Esq. Partner, Foley & Lardner LLP (retired 02/04)

November 2, 1938 Registered Patent Attorney

2008 No Directorships

#### **Inside Directors**

Name
Date of Birth
Year Elected

Principal Occupations(s) During Past 5 Years
and Other Directorships of Public Companies

Michael Feldschuh

President and CEO of Daxor Corporation

November 6, 1969

No Directorships

Jonathan Feldschuh Chief Scientific Officer of Daxor Corporation September 1, 1964

No Directorships

2017

### **Officers**

Name

Principal Occupations(s) During Past 5 Years and Other Directorships of Public Companies

**Title** 

**Date of Birth** 

John Wilkens Chief Financial Officer of Daxor Corporation, appointed May 15, 2017.

March 30, 1961 Chief Financial Officer No Directorships

The Fund's Statement of Additional Information includes additional information about the Directors and is available free of charge, upon request, by calling toll-free at 1-212-330-8500.

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**June 30, 2018 (Unaudited)** 

ITEM 2. CODE OF ETHICS

The registrant has adopted a code of ethics that applies to the registrant's principal executive officer and principal financial officer. The registrant has not made any amendments to its code of ethics during the period covered by this report. The registrant has not granted any waivers from any provisions for the code of ethics during the period covered by this report. A copy of the registrant's Code of Ethics is available on the Company's website at http://www.daxor.com/wp-content/uploads/2014/10/DAXOR-CORPORATION-CODE-OF-ETHICS.pdf

### ITEM 3. AUDIT COMMITTEE FINANCIAL EXPERT

The registrant's board of directors has determined that there is at least one audit committee financial expert serving on its audit committee. Edward Feuer is the "audit committee financial expert" and is considered to be "independent" as each term is defined in Item 3 of Form N-CSR.

### ITEM 4. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES

The registrant has engaged its principal accountant to perform audit services, audit-related services, tax services and other services during the past fiscal year. "Audit Services" refer to performing an audit of the registrant's annual financial statements or services that are normally provided by the accountant in connection with statutory and regulatory filings or engagements for those fiscal years. "Audit-Related Services" refer to the assurance and related services by the principal accountant in order to assure the Company is in compliance with Rule 17f-2 under the Investment Company Act of 1940. "Tax Services" refer to professional services rendered by the principal accountant for tax compliance, tax advice, and tax planning. The following table details the aggregate fees billed or expected to be billed for past fiscal year for audit fees, audit-related fees, tax fees and other fees by the principal accountant.

Year Ended

December 31, 2017

Audit Services	\$55,000
Audit-Related Services	20,000
Tax Services	15,500
Total Fees and Services	\$ 90,500

The audit committee has adopted pre-approval policies and procedures that require the audit committee to pre-approve all audit and non-audit services of the registrant, including services provided to any entity affiliated with the registrant.

There were no fees billed for tax services or other non-audit services by our auditors during the reporting period that required pre-approval by the Audit Committee.

All of the principal accountant's hours spent on auditing the registrant's financial statements were attributed to work performed by full-time permanent employees of the principal accountant.

### ITEM 5. AUDIT COMMITTEE OF LISTED REGISTRANTS.

The registrant has a separately designated standing audit committee. The members are: Edward Feuer, James A. Lombard and Martin S. Wolpoff.

### ITEM 6. SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS

Included herein under Item 1.

Daxor	Corpo	ration

June 30, 2018 (Unaudited)

ITEM 7. DISCLOSURE OF PROXY VOTING POLICIES AND PROCEDURES FOR CLOSED-END MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT COMPANIES.

Daxor Corporation is involved in many matters of corporate governance through the proxy voting process. We exercise our voting responsibilities with the primary goal of maximizing the long term value of our investments. Our consideration of proxy issues is focused on the investment implications of each proposal.

Our management evaluates and votes each proxy ballot that we receive. We do not use a proxy voting service. We recognize that a company's management is entrusted with the day to day operations of the company, as well as long term strategic planning, subject to the oversight of the company's board of directors. Our guidelines are based on the belief that a company's shareholders have a responsibility to evaluate company performance and to exercise the rights and duties pertaining to ownership.

Due to the nature of our business and our size, it is unlikely that conflicts will arise in our voting of proxies of public companies. We do not engage in investment banking nor we do we have private advisory clients. In the highly unlikely event that a conflict of interest does arise on a proxy voting issue, we will defer that vote to our independent directors.

ITEM 8. PORTFOLIO MANAGERS OF CLOSED-END MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT COMPANIES

Since Daxor does not have a portfolio manager, the Chief Executive Officer of the Company manages Daxor's portfolio.

ITEM 9. PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES BY CLOSED-END MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT COMPANY AND AFFILIATED PURCHASERS.

For information related to share repurchases, see Footnote 11 in the Notes to Financial Statements in the Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2017.

ITEM 10.	<b>SUBMISSION</b>	OF MATTERS	TO A VOTE O	F SECURITY HOLDERS.
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There have been no material changes to the procedures by which shareholders may recommend nominees to the company's Board of Directors.

### ITEM 11. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES.

- (a) The certifying officers, whose certifications are included herewith, have evaluated the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 30a-3(c) under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act") within 90 days of this report. Deficiencies in the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures were not adequately designed and operating effectively to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the registrant in the reports it files or submits under the 1940 Act and Securities Exchange Act of 1934 was recorded, processed, summarized and reported in a timely fashion within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms. Management has taken corrective steps to resolve these matters so that future reporting may take place within the specified time frame of the 1940 Act.
- (b) There were no significant changes in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's last fiscal half-year that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting other than the above mentioned corrective steps to improve the timeliness of financial reports as required under the 1940 Act.

ITEM 12. EXHIBITS.

(a)(2) A separate certification for the principal executive officer and principal financial officer of the registrant as required by Rule 30a-2(a) under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (17 CFR 270.30a-2(a)) is filed herewith.

(b) Officer certifications as required by Rule 30a-2(b) under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (17 CFR 270.30a-2(b)) also accompany this filing.