

OSHKOSH CORP
Form 10-Q
July 30, 2015
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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2015

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission file number: 1-31371

Oshkosh Corporation

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Wisconsin

(State or other jurisdiction
of incorporation or organization)

P.O. Box 2566

Oshkosh, Wisconsin

(Address of principal executive offices)

39-0520270

(I.R.S. Employer

Identification No.)

54903-2566

(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (920) 235-9151

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes No

No

As of July 23, 2015, 78,318,396 shares of the registrant's Common Stock were outstanding.

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FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

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ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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OSHKOSH CORPORATION

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(In millions, except per share amounts; unaudited)

| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | | |
|---|--------------------|-----------|-------------------|-----------|---|
| | June 30, | | June 30, | | |
| | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 | |
| Net sales | \$1,612.3 | \$1,932.4 | \$4,519.8 | \$5,140.5 | |
| Cost of sales | 1,328.3 | 1,585.5 | 3,730.3 | 4,247.3 | |
| Gross income | 284.0 | 346.9 | 789.5 | 893.2 | |
| Operating expenses: | | | | | |
| Selling, general and administrative | 134.2 | 158.7 | 437.5 | 461.4 | |
| Amortization of purchased intangibles | 13.2 | 13.9 | 40.0 | 41.6 | |
| Total operating expenses | 147.4 | 172.6 | 477.5 | 503.0 | |
| Operating income | 136.6 | 174.3 | 312.0 | 390.2 | |
| Other income (expense): | | | | | |
| Interest expense | (13.2 |) (14.1 |) (56.4 |) (57.3 |) |
| Interest income | 0.6 | 0.4 | 2.0 | 1.4 | |
| Miscellaneous, net | (0.2 |) 0.8 | (0.2 |) (0.4 |) |
| Income before income taxes and equity in earnings (losses) of unconsolidated affiliates | 123.8 | 161.4 | 257.4 | 333.9 | |
| Provision for income taxes | 34.8 | 56.0 | 80.5 | 103.6 | |
| Income before equity in earnings (losses) of unconsolidated affiliates | 89.0 | 105.4 | 176.9 | 230.3 | |
| Equity in earnings (losses) of unconsolidated affiliates | 0.9 | (0.3 |) 2.3 | 1.2 | |
| Net income | \$89.9 | \$105.1 | \$179.2 | \$231.5 | |
| Earnings per share attributable to common shareholders: | | | | | |
| Basic | \$1.15 | \$1.24 | \$2.28 | \$2.72 | |
| Diluted | 1.13 | 1.22 | 2.25 | 2.68 | |
| Cash dividends declared per share on Common Stock | \$0.17 | \$0.15 | \$0.51 | \$0.45 | |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

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OSHKOSH CORPORATION
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
 (In millions; unaudited)

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | Nine Months Ended June 30, | | |
|---|--------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------|---------|---|
| | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 | |
| Net income | \$89.9 | \$105.1 | \$179.2 | \$231.5 | |
| Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax: | | | | | |
| Employee pension and postretirement benefits | 0.7 | (4.1 |) 1.0 | (3.6 |) |
| Currency translation adjustments | 13.2 | (0.6 |) (62.8 |) 5.6 | |
| Derivative instruments | (0.1 |) — | (0.1 |) — | |
| Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax | 13.8 | (4.7 |) (61.9 |) 2.0 | |
| Comprehensive income | \$103.7 | \$100.4 | \$117.3 | \$233.5 | |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

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OSHKOSH CORPORATION

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In millions, except share and per share amounts; unaudited)

| | June 30, 2015 | September 30, 2014 |
|---|------------------|-----------------------|
| Assets | | |
| Current assets: | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$46.2 | \$313.8 |
| Receivables, net | 1,012.0 | 974.9 |
| Inventories, net | 1,352.2 | 960.9 |
| Deferred income taxes, net | 69.6 | 66.3 |
| Prepaid income taxes | 20.2 | 22.7 |
| Other current assets | 43.8 | 45.7 |
| Total current assets | 2,544.0 | 2,384.3 |
| Investment in unconsolidated affiliates | 16.6 | 21.1 |
| Property, plant and equipment, net | 455.7 | 405.5 |
| Goodwill | 1,002.0 | 1,025.5 |
| Purchased intangible assets, net | 619.6 | 657.9 |
| Other long-term assets | 91.3 | 92.4 |
| Total assets | \$4,729.2 | \$4,586.7 |
| Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity | | |
| Current liabilities: | | |
| Revolving credit facility and current maturities of long-term debt | \$40.0 | \$20.0 |
| Accounts payable | 640.5 | 586.7 |
| Customer advances | 399.4 | 310.1 |
| Payroll-related obligations | 112.7 | 147.2 |
| Accrued warranty | 78.6 | 91.2 |
| Other current liabilities | 194.2 | 156.4 |
| Total current liabilities | 1,465.4 | 1,311.6 |
| Long-term debt, less current maturities | 860.0 | 875.0 |
| Deferred income taxes, net | 121.2 | 125.0 |
| Other long-term liabilities | 285.0 | 290.1 |
| Commitments and contingencies | | |
| Shareholders' equity: | | |
| Preferred Stock (\$.01 par value; 2,000,000 shares authorized; none issued and outstanding) | — | — |
| Common Stock (\$.01 par value; 300,000,000 shares authorized; 92,101,465 shares issued) | 0.9 | 0.9 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 770.8 | 758.0 |
| Retained earnings | 1,979.3 | 1,840.1 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss | (131.1 |) (69.2 |
| Common Stock in treasury, at cost (13,784,894 and 12,256,103 shares, respectively) |) (622.3 |) (544.8 |
| Total shareholders' equity | 1,997.6 | 1,985.0 |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' equity | \$4,729.2 | \$4,586.7 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

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OSHKOSH CORPORATION
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
 (In millions, except per share amounts; unaudited)

| | Common Stock | Additional Paid-In Capital | Retained Earnings | Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) | Common Stock in Treasury at Cost | Total |
|--|-----------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|--|---|-----------|
| Balance at September 30, 2013 | \$0.9 | \$725.6 | \$1,581.5 | \$ (14.6) | \$(185.6) | \$2,107.8 |
| Net income | — | — | 231.5 | — | — | 231.5 |
| Employee pension and postretirement benefits, net of tax of \$2.1 | — | — | — | (3.6) | — | (3.6) |
| Currency translation adjustments, net | — | — | — | 5.6 | — | 5.6 |
| Cash dividends (\$0.45 per share) | — | — | (38.1) | — | — | (38.1) |
| Repurchases of Common Stock | — | — | — | — | (152.8) | (152.8) |
| Exercise of stock options | — | 6.3 | — | — | 44.1 | 50.4 |
| Stock-based compensation expense | — | 15.8 | — | — | — | 15.8 |
| Excess tax benefit from stock-based compensation | — | 6.3 | — | — | — | 6.3 |
| Payment of earned performance shares | — | (2.7) | — | — | 2.7 | — |
| Shares tendered for taxes on stock-based compensation | — | — | — | — | (2.2) | (2.2) |
| Other | — | (0.3) | — | — | 0.6 | 0.3 |
| Balance at June 30, 2014 | \$0.9 | \$751.0 | \$1,774.9 | \$ (12.6) | \$(293.2) | \$2,221.0 |
| | Common Stock | Additional Paid-In Capital | Retained Earnings | Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) | Common Stock in Treasury at Cost | Total |
| Balance at September 30, 2014 | \$0.9 | \$758.0 | \$1,840.1 | \$ (69.2) | \$(544.8) | \$1,985.0 |
| Net income | — | — | 179.2 | — | — | 179.2 |
| Employee pension and postretirement benefits, net of tax of \$0.4 | — | — | — | 1.0 | — | 1.0 |
| Currency translation adjustments, net | — | — | — | (62.8) | — | (62.8) |
| Cash dividends (\$0.51 per share) | — | — | (40.0) | — | — | (40.0) |
| Repurchases of Common Stock | — | — | — | — | (88.1) | (88.1) |
| Exercise of stock options | — | — | — | — | 7.3 | 7.3 |
| Stock-based compensation expense | — | 16.4 | — | — | — | 16.4 |
| Excess tax benefit from stock-based compensation | — | 4.2 | — | — | — | 4.2 |
| Payment of earned performance shares | — | (7.4) | — | — | 7.4 | — |
| Shares tendered for taxes on stock-based compensation | — | — | — | — | (4.9) | (4.9) |
| Derivative instruments, net | — | — | — | (0.1) | — | (0.1) |
| Other | — | (0.4) | — | — | 0.8 | 0.4 |
| Balance at June 30, 2015 | \$0.9 | \$770.8 | \$1,979.3 | \$ (131.1) | \$(622.3) | \$1,997.6 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

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OSHKOSH CORPORATION
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
 (In millions; unaudited)

| | Nine Months Ended | |
|--|-------------------|----------|
| | June 30, | |
| | 2015 | 2014 |
| Operating activities: | | |
| Net income | \$179.2 | \$231.5 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 94.1 | 95.2 |
| Stock-based compensation expense | 16.4 | 15.8 |
| Deferred income taxes | (7.1 |) (39.2 |
| Foreign currency transaction (gains) losses | 7.9 | (3.8 |
| Other non-cash adjustments | 5.9 | 6.3 |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities | (333.0 |) (236.4 |
| Net cash provided (used) by operating activities | (36.6 |) 69.4 |
| Investing activities: | | |
| Additions to property, plant and equipment | (100.0 |) (54.6 |
| Additions to equipment held for rental | (19.8 |) (15.9 |
| Acquisition of business, net of cash acquired | (8.8 |) — |
| Contribution to rabbi trust | — | (1.9 |
| Proceeds from sale of equipment held for rental | 25.5 | 5.5 |
| Other investing activities | (0.7 |) (1.0 |
| Net cash used by investing activities | (103.8 |) (67.9 |
| Financing activities: | | |
| Repayment of long-term debt | (265.0 |) (705.0 |
| Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt | 250.0 | 650.0 |
| Proceeds under revolving credit facility | 20.0 | — |
| Repurchases of Common Stock | (88.1 |) (152.8 |
| Debt issuance costs | (15.5 |) (19.1 |
| Proceeds from exercise of stock options | 7.3 | 50.4 |
| Dividends paid | (40.0 |) (38.1 |
| Excess tax benefit from stock-based compensation | 4.3 | 6.1 |
| Net cash used by financing activities | (127.0 |) (208.5 |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash | (0.2 |) (0.8 |
| Decrease in cash and cash equivalents | (267.6 |) (207.8 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 313.8 | 733.5 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | \$46.2 | \$525.7 |
| Supplemental disclosures: | | |
| Cash paid for interest | \$31.9 | \$34.2 |
| Cash paid for income taxes | 60.5 | 27.3 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

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OSHKOSH CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

1. Basis of Presentation

In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements contain all adjustments (which include normal recurring adjustments, unless otherwise noted) necessary to present fairly the financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States have been condensed or omitted pursuant to the rules and regulations of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. These Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and notes thereto included in the Annual Report on Form 10-K of Oshkosh Corporation for the year ended September 30, 2014. The interim results are not necessarily indicative of results for the full year. "Oshkosh" refers to Oshkosh Corporation not including its subsidiaries and "the Company" refers to Oshkosh Corporation and its subsidiaries. Certain reclassifications have been made to the fiscal 2014 financial statements to conform to the fiscal 2015 presentation.

2. New Accounting Standards

In April 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2014-08, Presentation of Financial Statements (Topic 205) and Property, Plant, and Equipment (Topic 360), Reporting Discontinued Operations and Disclosures of Disposals of Components of an Entity. This update revises the required criteria for reporting disposals as discontinued operations, whereby discontinued operations are limited to disposals that represent strategic shifts that had (or will have) a major effect on an entity's operations and financial results. The Company will be required to adopt ASU No. 2014-08 as of October 1, 2015. The Company does not expect the adoption of ASU 2014-08 to have a material impact on its financial statements.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606), which clarifies the principles for recognizing revenue. This guidance requires an entity to recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The FASB has proposed a deferral of the effective date of the new revenue recognition standard by one year from its original effective date, which is expected to result in the new standard becoming effective for fiscal years and interim periods beginning after December 31, 2017. Entities would have the option to adopt the revenue recognition standard one year earlier under the FASB's proposed update. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of ASU No. 2014-09 on the Company's financial statements.

In August 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-15, Presentation of Financial Statements (Topic 205) Disclosure of Uncertainties about an Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern. The guidance requires management to perform an evaluation each annual and interim reporting period of whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern within the one year period after the date that the financial statements are issued. If such conditions are identified, the guidance requires an entity to provide certain disclosures about the principal conditions or events that gave rise to the substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, management's evaluation of the significance of those conditions or events in relation to the entity's ability to meet its obligations and management's plans to alleviate or mitigate substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern. The Company will be required to adopt ASU No. 2014-15 as of October 1, 2016. The Company does not expect the adoption of ASU 2014-15 to have a

material impact on its financial statements.

In February 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-02, Consolidation (Topic 810), Amendments to the Consolidation Analysis, which amends the guidance that reporting entities apply when evaluating whether certain legal entities should be consolidated. The Company will be required to adopt ASU No. 2015-02 as of October 1, 2016. The Company does not expect the adoption of ASU 2015-02 to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-03, Interest - Imputation of Interest (Topic 835-30), Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs. ASU No. 2015-03 is part of the FASB's initiative to reduce complexity in accounting standards. The guidance requires an entity to recognize debt issuance costs related to a debt liability as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of the debt liability in the balance sheet, thereby increasing the effective rate of interest, as opposed to a deferred cost. The Company will be required to adopt ASU No. 2015-03 as of October 1, 2016. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of ASU No. 2015-03 on the Company's financial statements.

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OSHKOSH CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

3. Receivables

Receivables consisted of the following (in millions):

| | June 30, 2015 | September 30, 2014 |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|
| U.S. government: | | |
| Amounts billed | \$27.0 | \$80.4 |
| Costs and profits not billed | 47.8 | 21.3 |
| | 74.8 | 101.7 |
| Other trade receivables | 883.3 | 848.9 |
| Finance receivables | 1.8 | 2.0 |
| Notes receivable | 32.5 | 25.6 |
| Other receivables | 57.9 | 34.0 |
| | 1,050.3 | 1,012.2 |
| Less allowance for doubtful accounts | (20.1 |) (21.8 |
| | \$1,030.2 | \$990.4 |

Costs and profits not billed include undefinitized change orders on existing long-term contracts and “not-to-exceed” undefinitized contracts whereby the Company cannot invoice the customer the full price under the contract or contract change order until such contract or change order is definitized and agreed to with the customer following a review of costs under such contract or change order, even though the contract deliverables may have been met. Definitization of a change order on an existing long-term contract or a sole source contract begins when the U.S. government customer undertakes a detailed review of the Company’s submitted costs and proposed margin related to the contract and concludes with a final change order. The Company recognizes revenue on undefinitized contracts to the extent that it can reasonably and reliably estimate the expected final contract price and when collectability is reasonably assured. To the extent that contract definitization results in changes to previously estimated or incurred costs or revenues, the Company records those adjustments as a change in estimate. During the nine months ended June 30, 2014, the Company recorded revenue of \$7.5 million related to changes in estimates on undefinitized contracts. The change increased net income by \$4.7 million, or \$0.05 per share, for the nine months ended June 30, 2014.

Classification of receivables in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets consisted of the following (in millions):

| | June 30, 2015 | September 30, 2014 |
|-----------------------|------------------|-----------------------|
| Current receivables | \$1,012.0 | \$974.9 |
| Long-term receivables | 18.2 | 15.5 |
| | \$1,030.2 | \$990.4 |

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OSHKOSH CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

Finance and notes receivable aging and accrual status consisted of the following (in millions):

| | Finance Receivables | | Notes Receivable | |
|---|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| | June 30, 2015 | September 30, 2014 | June 30, 2015 | September 30, 2014 |
| Aging of receivables that are past due: | | | | |
| Greater than 30 days and less than 60 days | \$— | \$— | \$— | \$— |
| Greater than 60 days and less than 90 days | — | — | — | — |
| Greater than 90 days | — | — | — | 2.2 |
| Receivables on nonaccrual status | 1.3 | 1.3 | 18.7 | 18.3 |
| Receivables past due 90 days or more and still accruing | — | — | — | — |
| Receivables subject to general reserves | 0.5 | 0.7 | — | — |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts | — | — | — | — |
| Receivables subject to specific reserves | 1.3 | 1.3 | 32.5 | 25.6 |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts | — | — | (12.5 |) (13.6 |

Finance Receivables: Finance receivables represent sales-type leases resulting from the sale of the Company's products and the purchase of finance receivables from lenders pursuant to customer defaults under program agreements with finance companies. Finance receivables originated by the Company generally include a residual value component. Residual values are determined based on the expectation that the underlying equipment will have a minimum fair market value at the end of the lease term. This residual value accrues to the Company at the end of the lease. The Company uses its experience and knowledge as an original equipment manufacturer and participant in end markets for the related products along with third-party studies to estimate residual values. The Company monitors these values for impairment on a periodic basis and reflects any resulting reductions in value in current earnings. Finance receivables are written down if management determines that the specific borrower does not have the ability to repay the loan amounts due in full.

Delinquency is the primary indicator of credit quality of finance receivables. The Company maintains a general allowance for finance receivables considered doubtful of future collection based upon historical experience. Additional allowances are established based upon the Company's perception of the quality of the finance receivables, including the length of time the receivables are past due, past experience of collectability and underlying economic conditions. In circumstances where the Company believes collectability is no longer reasonably assured, a specific allowance is recorded to reduce the net recognized receivable to the amount reasonably expected to be collected. The terms of the finance agreements generally give the Company the ability to take possession of the underlying collateral. The Company may incur losses in excess of recorded allowances if the financial condition of its customers were to deteriorate or the full amount of any anticipated proceeds from the sale of the collateral supporting its customers' financial obligations is not realized.

Notes Receivable: Notes receivable include amounts related to refinancing of trade accounts and finance receivables. As of June 30, 2015, approximately 82% of the notes receivable balance outstanding was due from three parties. The Company routinely evaluates the creditworthiness of its customers and establishes reserves where the Company believes collectability is no longer reasonably assured. Notes receivable are written down if management determines that the specific borrower does not have the ability to repay the loan in full. Certain notes receivable are collateralized

by a security interest in the underlying assets and/or other assets owned by the debtor. The Company may incur losses in excess of recorded allowances if the financial condition of its customers were to deteriorate or the full amount of any anticipated proceeds from the sale of the collateral supporting its customers' financial obligations is not realized.

Quality of Finance and Notes Receivable: The Company does not accrue interest income on finance and notes receivable in circumstances where the Company believes collectability is no longer reasonably assured. Any cash payments received on nonaccrual finance and notes receivable are applied first to the principal balances. The Company does not resume accrual of interest income until the customer has shown that it is capable of meeting its financial obligations by making timely payments over a sustained period of time. The Company determines past due or delinquency status based upon the due date of the receivable.

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OSHKOSH CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

Receivables subject to specific reserves also include loans that the Company has modified in troubled debt restructurings as a concession to customers experiencing financial difficulty. To minimize the economic loss, the Company may modify certain finance and notes receivable. Modifications generally consist of restructured payment terms and time frames in which no payments are required. At June 30, 2015, restructured finance and notes receivables were \$0.5 million and \$15.8 million, respectively. Losses on troubled debt restructurings were not significant during the three and nine months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The Company agreed to restructure a note receivable with a customer in December 2014. Under the terms of the restructured note, the maturity date was changed from June 30, 2017 to December 31, 2019. The restructured note requires the customer to make semi-annual payments of principal and interest with a balloon payment due at maturity, consistent with the previous note. At June 30, 2015, the outstanding balance of the restructured note, net of reserves, was \$3.3 million.

Changes in the Company's allowance for doubtful accounts by type of receivable were as follows (in millions):

| | Three Months Ended June 30, 2015 | | | | Three Months Ended June 30, 2014 | | | |
|--|----------------------------------|--------|-----------------|--------|----------------------------------|--------|-----------------|--------|
| | Finance | Notes | Trade and Other | Total | Finance | Notes | Trade and Other | Total |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts at beginning of period | \$— | \$12.1 | \$9.1 | \$21.2 | \$0.2 | \$13.8 | \$10.0 | \$24.0 |
| Provision for doubtful accounts, net of recoveries | — | — | 0.2 | 0.2 | (0.1) | — | (0.3) | (0.4) |
| Charge-off of accounts | — | — | (1.7) | (1.7) | — | — | (0.1) | (0.1) |
| Foreign currency translation | — | 0.4 | — | 0.4 | — | — | 0.4 | 0.4 |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts at end of period | \$— | \$12.5 | \$7.6 | \$20.1 | \$0.1 | \$13.8 | \$10.0 | \$23.9 |
| | Nine Months Ended June 30, 2015 | | | | Nine Months Ended June 30, 2014 | | | |
| | Finance | Notes | Trade and Other | Total | Finance | Notes | Trade and Other | Total |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts at beginning of period | \$— | \$13.6 | \$8.2 | \$21.8 | \$— | \$11.0 | \$9.4 | \$20.4 |
| Provision for doubtful accounts, net of recoveries | — | 0.1 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 0.1 | 2.8 | 0.8 | 3.7 |
| Charge-off of accounts | — | — | (1.9) | (1.9) | — | (0.1) | (0.2) | (0.3) |
| Foreign currency translation | — | (1.2) | (0.1) | (1.3) | — | 0.1 | — | 0.1 |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts at end of period | \$— | \$12.5 | \$7.6 | \$20.1 | \$0.1 | \$13.8 | \$10.0 | \$23.9 |

4. Inventories

Inventories consisted of the following (in millions):

| | June 30, 2015 | September 30, 2014 |
|-----------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|
| Raw materials | \$561.0 | \$519.4 |
| Partially finished products | 313.1 | 230.5 |

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| | | |
|--|-----------|---------|
| Finished products | 588.7 | 336.4 |
| Inventories at FIFO cost | 1,462.8 | 1,086.3 |
| Less: | | |
| Progress/performance-based payments on U.S. government contracts | (29.4 |) (42.5 |
| Excess of FIFO cost over LIFO cost | (81.2 |) (82.9 |
| | \$1,352.2 | \$960.9 |

Title to all inventories related to U.S. government contracts, which provide for progress or performance-based payments, vests with the U.S. government to the extent of unliquidated progress or performance-based payments.

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5. Investments in Unconsolidated Affiliates

Investments in unconsolidated affiliates are accounted for under the equity method and consisted of the following (in millions):

| | June 30, 2015 | September 30, 2014 |
|--------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|
| Mezcladoras (Mexico) | \$10.8 | \$9.9 |
| RiRent (The Netherlands) | 5.8 | 11.2 |
| | \$16.6 | \$21.1 |

Recorded investments generally represent the Company's maximum exposure to loss as a result of the Company's ownership interest. Earnings or losses are reflected in "Equity in earnings (losses) of unconsolidated affiliates" in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income.

The Company and an unaffiliated third party are joint venture partners in Mezcladoras Y Trailers de Mexico, S.A. de C.V. ("Mezcladoras"). Mezcladoras is a manufacturer and distributor of industrial and commercial machinery with primary operations in Mexico. The Company recognized sales to Mezcladoras of \$7.6 million and \$4.9 million during the nine months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The Company recognizes income on sales to Mezcladoras at the time of shipment in proportion to the outside third-party interest in Mezcladoras and recognizes the remaining income upon the joint venture's sale of inventory to an unaffiliated customer. The Company earns a service fee for certain operational support services provided to Mezcladoras. For the nine months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, the Company recognized service fees of \$0.9 million and \$0.7 million, respectively.

The Company and an unaffiliated third party are joint venture partners in RiRent Europe BV ("RiRent"). RiRent maintains a fleet of access equipment for short-term lease to rental companies throughout most of Europe. The re-rental fleet provides rental companies with equipment to support requirements on short notice. RiRent does not provide services directly to end users. The Company and its joint venture partner are in the process of winding down RiRent. The last sale of new equipment to RiRent by the Company was in October 2013. To the extent that RiRent has existing outstanding contracts, those contracts will continue to be maintained. The Company received dividends of €4.5 million (\$5.3 million) from RiRent for the nine months ended June 30, 2015. In May 2015, RiRent terminated its bank credit facility.

6. Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment consisted of the following (in millions):

| | June 30, 2015 | September 30, 2014 |
|--|------------------|-----------------------|
| Land and land improvements | \$58.8 | \$48.6 |
| Buildings | 272.1 | 252.0 |
| Machinery and equipment | 659.7 | 624.8 |
| Equipment on operating lease to others | 38.9 | 41.0 |
| Construction in progress | 36.4 | 21.9 |
| | 1,065.9 | 988.3 |

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| | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------|----------|---|
| Less accumulated depreciation | (610.2 |) (582.8 |) |
| | \$455.7 | \$405.5 | |

Depreciation expense was \$16.1 million and \$17.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Depreciation expense was \$48.4 million and \$48.2 million for the nine months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Capitalized interest was insignificant for all reported periods.

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Equipment on operating lease to others represents the cost of equipment shipped to customers for whom the Company has guaranteed the residual value and equipment on short-term leases. These transactions are accounted for as operating leases with the related assets capitalized and depreciated over their estimated economic lives of five to ten years. Cost less accumulated depreciation for equipment on operating lease at June 30, 2015 and September 30, 2014 was \$29.8 million and \$32.6 million, respectively.

7. Goodwill and Purchased Intangible Assets

Goodwill and other indefinite-lived intangible assets are not amortized, but are reviewed for impairment annually or more frequently if potential interim indicators exist that could result in impairment. The Company performs its annual impairment test in the fourth quarter of its fiscal year.

The following table presents changes in goodwill during the nine months ended June 30, 2015 (in millions):

| | Access Equipment | Fire & Emergency | Commercial | Total |
|------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------|-----------|
| Net goodwill at September 30, 2014 | \$898.2 | \$106.1 | \$21.2 | \$1,025.5 |
| Foreign currency translation | (25.7 |) — | (0.3 |) (26.0 |
| Other | 2.5 | — | — | 2.5 |
| Net goodwill at June 30, 2015 | \$875.0 | \$106.1 | \$20.9 | \$1,002.0 |

The following table presents details of the Company's goodwill allocated to the reportable segments (in millions):

| | June 30, 2015 | | | September 30, 2014 | | |
|------------------|---------------|---------------------------|-------------|--------------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| | Gross | Accumulated Impairment | Net | Gross | Accumulated Impairment | Net |
| Access equipment | \$1,807.1 | \$(932.1 |) \$875.0 | \$1,830.3 | \$(932.1 |) \$898.2 |
| Fire & emergency | 108.1 | (2.0 |) 106.1 | 108.1 | (2.0 |) 106.1 |
| Commercial | 196.8 | (175.9 |) 20.9 | 197.1 | (175.9 |) 21.2 |
| | \$2,112.0 | \$(1,110.0 |) \$1,002.0 | \$2,135.5 | \$(1,110.0 |) \$1,025.5 |

Details of the Company's total purchased intangible assets were as follows (in millions):

| | June 30, 2015 | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|-----------|-----------------------------|-----------|
| | Weighted- Average Life (in years) | Gross | Accumulated Amortization | Net |
| Amortizable intangible assets: | | | | |
| Distribution network | 39.1 | \$55.4 | \$(26.2 |) \$29.2 |
| Non-compete | 10.5 | 56.7 | (56.2 |) 0.5 |
| Technology-related | 11.8 | 105.3 | (81.3 |) 24.0 |
| Customer relationships | 12.8 | 548.9 | (373.6 |) 175.3 |
| Other | 16.6 | 16.6 | (14.2 |) 2.4 |
| | 14.4 | 782.9 | (551.5 |) 231.4 |
| Non-amortizable trade names | | 388.2 | — | 388.2 |
| | | \$1,171.1 | \$(551.5 |) \$619.6 |

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| | September 30, 2014 | | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|
| | Weighted- | Gross | Accumulated | Net |
| | Average | | Amortization | |
| | Life (in years) | | | |
| Amortizable intangible assets: | | | | |
| Distribution network | 39.1 | \$55.4 | \$(25.1 |) \$30.3 |
| Non-compete | 10.5 | 56.4 | (56.2 |) 0.2 |
| Technology-related | 11.9 | 103.9 | (75.1 |) 28.8 |
| Customer relationships | 12.7 | 559.4 | (350.8 |) 208.6 |
| Other | 16.6 | 16.6 | (13.8 |) 2.8 |
| | 14.4 | 791.7 | (521.0 |) 270.7 |
| Non-amortizable trade names | | 387.2 | — | 387.2 |
| | | \$1,178.9 | \$(521.0 |) \$657.9 |

The estimated future amortization expense of purchased intangible assets for the remainder of fiscal 2015 and the five years succeeding September 30, 2015 are as follows: 2015 (remaining three months) - \$13.1 million; 2016 - \$52.9 million; 2017 - \$46.4 million; 2018 - \$38.6 million; 2019 - \$37.1 million and 2020 - \$11.2 million.

8. Credit Agreements

The Company was obligated under the following debt instruments (in millions):

| | June 30, 2015 | September 30, 2014 |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|
| Senior Secured Term Loan | \$380.0 | \$395.0 |
| 8½% Senior Notes due March 2020 | — | 250.0 |
| 5.375% Senior Notes due March 2022 | 250.0 | 250.0 |
| 5.375% Senior Notes due March 2025 | 250.0 | — |
| | 880.0 | 895.0 |
| Less current maturities | (20.0 |) (20.0 |
| | \$860.0 | \$875.0 |
| Revolving Credit Facility | \$20.0 | \$— |
| Current maturities of long-term debt | 20.0 | 20.0 |
| | \$40.0 | \$20.0 |

On March 21, 2014, the Company entered into an Amended and Restated Credit Agreement with various lenders (the “Credit Agreement”). The Credit Agreement provides for (i) a revolving credit facility (“Revolving Credit Facility”) that matures in March 2019 with an initial maximum aggregate amount of availability of \$600 million and (ii) a \$400 million term loan (“Term Loan”) due in quarterly principal installments of \$5.0 million with a balloon payment of \$310.0 million due at maturity in March 2019. On January 22, 2015, the Company entered into an agreement with lenders under the Credit Agreement that increased the Revolving Credit Facility to an aggregate maximum amount of \$850 million effective January 26, 2015. At June 30, 2015, borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility of \$20.0 million and outstanding letters of credit of \$67.5 million reduced available capacity under the Revolving Credit Facility to \$762.5 million.

The Company's obligations under the Credit Agreement are guaranteed by certain of its domestic subsidiaries, and the Company will guarantee the obligations of certain of its subsidiaries under the Credit Agreement. Subject to certain exceptions, the Credit Agreement is collateralized by (i) a first-priority perfected lien and security interests in substantially all of the personal property of the Company, each material subsidiary of the Company and each subsidiary guarantor, (ii) mortgages upon certain real property of the Company and certain of its domestic subsidiaries and (iii) a pledge of the equity of each material subsidiary of the Company.

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Under the Credit Agreement, the Company must pay (i) an unused commitment fee ranging from 0.225% to 0.35% per annum of the average daily unused portion of the aggregate revolving credit commitments under the Credit Agreement and (ii) a fee ranging from 0.625% to 2.00% per annum of the maximum amount available to be drawn for each letter of credit issued and outstanding under the Credit Agreement.

Borrowings under the Credit Agreement bear interest at a variable rate equal to (i) LIBOR plus a specified margin, which may be adjusted upward or downward depending on whether certain criteria are satisfied, or (ii) for dollar-denominated loans only, the base rate (which is the highest of (a) the administrative agent's prime rate, (b) the federal funds rate plus 0.50% or (c) the sum of 1% plus one-month LIBOR) plus a specified margin, which may be adjusted upward or downward depending on whether certain criteria are satisfied. At June 30, 2015, the interest spread on the Revolving Credit Facility and Term Loan was 150 basis points. The interest rate on the borrowings outstanding under the Revolving Credit Facility at June 30, 2015 was 1.69%. The weighted-average interest rate on borrowings outstanding under the Term Loan at June 30, 2015 was 1.69%.

The Credit Agreement contains various restrictions and covenants, including requirements that the Company maintain certain financial ratios at prescribed levels and restrictions, subject to certain exceptions, on the ability of the Company and certain of its subsidiaries to consolidate or merge, create liens, incur additional indebtedness, dispose of assets, consummate acquisitions and make investments in joint ventures and foreign subsidiaries.

The Credit Agreement contains the following financial covenants:

Leverage Ratio: A maximum leverage ratio (defined as, with certain adjustments, the ratio of the Company's consolidated indebtedness to consolidated net income before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization, non-cash charges and certain other items ("EBITDA")) as of the last day of any fiscal quarter of 4.50 to 1.00.

Interest Coverage Ratio: A minimum interest coverage ratio (defined as, with certain adjustments, the ratio of the Company's consolidated EBITDA to the Company's consolidated cash interest expense) as of the last day of any fiscal quarter of 2.50 to 1.00.

Senior Secured Leverage Ratio: A maximum senior secured leverage ratio (defined as, with certain adjustments, the ratio of the Company's consolidated secured indebtedness to the Company's consolidated EBITDA) of 3.00 to 1.00.

With certain exceptions, the Company may elect to have the collateral pledged in connection with the Credit Agreement released during any period that the Company maintains an investment grade corporate family rating from either Standard & Poor's Ratings Group or Moody's Investor Service Inc. During any such period when the collateral has been released, the Company's leverage ratio as of the last day of any fiscal quarter must not be greater than 3.75 to 1.00, and the Company would not be subject to any additional requirement to limit its senior secured leverage ratio.

The Company was in compliance with the financial covenants contained in the Credit Agreement as of June 30, 2015.

Additionally, with certain exceptions, the Credit Agreement limits the ability of the Company to pay dividends and other distributions, including repurchases of shares of its Common Stock. However, so long as no event of default exists under the Credit Agreement or would result from such payment, the Company may pay dividends and other distributions after March 3, 2010 in an aggregate amount not exceeding the sum of:

50% of the consolidated net income of the Company and its subsidiaries (or if such consolidated net income is a deficit, minus 100% of such deficit), accrued on a cumulative basis during the period beginning on January 1, 2010 and ending on the last day of the fiscal quarter immediately preceding the date of the applicable proposed dividend or distribution; and

- ii. 100% of the aggregate net proceeds received by the Company subsequent to March 3, 2010 either as a contribution to its common equity capital or from the issuance and sale of its Common Stock.

In March 2010, the Company issued \$250.0 million of 8¼% unsecured senior notes due March 1, 2017 (the “2017 Senior Notes”) and \$250.0 million of 8½% unsecured senior notes due March 1, 2020 (the “2020 Senior Notes”). On February 21, 2014, the Company issued \$250.0 million of 5.375% unsecured senior notes due March 1, 2022 (the “2022 Senior Notes”). The Company used the net proceeds from the sale of the 2022 Senior Notes, together with available cash, to redeem all of the outstanding 2017 Senior Notes at a price of 104.125%. On March 2, 2015, the Company issued \$250.0 million of 5.375% unsecured senior notes due March 1, 2025 (the “2025 Senior Notes”). The Company used the net proceeds from the sale of the

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2025 Senior Notes, together with available cash, to redeem all of the outstanding 2020 Senior Notes at a price of 104.250%. The Company recognized approximately \$14.7 million of expense associated with the 2025 Senior Notes transaction in the nine months ended June 30, 2015, comprised of unamortized debt issuance costs, call premium and third-party costs. Expenses related to the transaction are included in interest expense. Additionally, approximately \$3.7 million of debt issuance costs were capitalized to prepaid assets in connection with the transaction as of June 30, 2015. The Company has the option to redeem the 2022 Senior Notes and the 2025 Senior Notes for a premium after March 1, 2017 and March 1, 2020, respectively.

The 2022 Senior Notes and the 2025 Senior Notes were issued pursuant to separate indentures (the "Indentures") among the Company, the subsidiary guarantors named therein and a trustee. The Indentures contain customary affirmative and negative covenants. Certain of the Company's subsidiaries jointly, severally, fully and unconditionally guarantee the Company's obligations under the 2022 Senior Notes and 2025 Senior Notes. See Note 21 of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for separate financial information of the subsidiary guarantors.

The fair value of the long-term debt is estimated based upon Level 2 inputs to reflect market rate of the Company's debt. At June 30, 2015, the fair value of the 2022 Senior Notes and the 2025 Senior Notes was estimated to be \$256 million and \$252 million, respectively, and the fair value of the Term Loan approximated book value. See Note 13 of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for the definition of a Level 2 input.

9. Warranties

The Company's products generally carry explicit warranties that extend from six months to five years, based on terms that are generally accepted in the marketplace. Selected components (such as engines, transmissions, tires, etc.) included in the Company's end products may include manufacturers' warranties. These manufacturers' warranties are generally passed on to the end customer of the Company's products, and the customer would generally deal directly with the component manufacturer.

Changes in the Company's warranty liability were as follows (in millions):

| | Nine Months Ended June 30, | |
|---|-------------------------------|---------|
| | 2015 | 2014 |
| Balance at beginning of period | \$91.2 | \$101.3 |
| Warranty provisions | 29.0 | 33.5 |
| Settlements made | (37.7 |) (39.9 |
| Changes in liability for pre-existing warranties, net | (2.7 |) (0.4 |
| Foreign currency translation | (1.2 |) 0.1 |
| Balance at end of period | \$78.6 | \$94.6 |

Provisions for estimated warranty and other related costs are recorded at the time of sale and are periodically adjusted to reflect actual experience. Certain warranty and other related claims involve matters of dispute that ultimately are resolved by negotiation, arbitration or litigation. At times, warranty issues arise that are beyond the scope of the Company's historical experience. It is reasonably possible that additional warranty and other related claims could arise from disputes or other matters in excess of amounts accrued; however, the Company does not expect that any such amounts, while not determinable, would have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial

condition, result of operations or cash flows. Accrued warranty expense as a percent of prior 12 months sales declined slightly from 1.34% at September 30, 2014 to 1.31% at June 30, 2015, generally due to favorable claims experience in the Company's non-defense segments.

10. Guarantee Arrangements

The Company is party to multiple agreements whereby at June 30, 2015 it guaranteed an aggregate of \$549.2 million in indebtedness of customers. The Company estimated that its maximum loss exposure under these agreements at June 30, 2015 was \$110.2 million. Under the terms of these and various related agreements and upon the occurrence of certain events, the Company generally has the ability to, among other things, take possession of the underlying collateral. If the financial condition of the customers were to deteriorate and result in their inability to make payments, then additional accruals may be required.

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While the Company does not expect to experience losses under these agreements that are materially in excess of the amounts reserved, it cannot provide any assurance that the financial condition of the customers will not deteriorate resulting in the customers' inability to meet their obligations. In the event that this occurs, the Company cannot guarantee that the collateral underlying the agreements will be sufficient to avoid losses materially in excess of the amounts reserved. Any losses under these guarantees would generally be mitigated by the value of any underlying collateral, including financed equipment, and are generally subject to the finance company's ability to provide the Company clear title to foreclosed equipment and other conditions. During periods of economic weakness, collateral values generally decline and can contribute to higher exposure to losses.

Changes in the Company's credit guarantee liability were as follows (in millions):

| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | | |
|--|--------------------|--------|-------------------|--------|---|
| | June 30, | | June 30, | | |
| | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 | |
| Balance at beginning of period | \$4.3 | \$4.4 | \$4.6 | \$4.3 | |
| Provision for new credit guarantees | 1.1 | 0.6 | 2.6 | 1.3 | |
| Settlements made | — | (0.3 |) — | (0.4 |) |
| Changes for pre-existing guarantees, net | — | 0.1 | (0.4 |) 0.1 | |
| Amortization of previous guarantees | (0.3 |) (0.5 |) (1.6 |) (1.0 |) |
| Foreign currency translation | — | — | (0.1 |) — | |
| Balance at end of period | \$5.1 | \$4.3 | \$5.1 | \$4.3 | |

11. Shareholders' Equity

On February 4, 2014, the Company's Board of Directors increased the Company's Common Stock repurchase authorization from the balance then remaining from prior authorizations of 1,787,199 shares to 10,000,000 shares. Between February 4, 2014 and June 30, 2015, the Company repurchased 7,101,079 shares under this authorization at a cost of \$338.6 million. As a result, the Company had 2,898,921 shares of Common Stock remaining under this repurchase authorization as of June 30, 2015. The Company is restricted by its Credit Agreement from repurchasing shares in certain situations. See Note 8 of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for information regarding these restrictions.

12. Derivative Financial Instruments and Hedging Activities

The Company has used forward foreign currency exchange contracts ("derivatives") to reduce the exchange rate risk of specific foreign currency denominated transactions. These derivatives typically require the exchange of a foreign currency for U.S. dollars at a fixed rate at a future date. At times, the Company has designated these hedges as either cash flow hedges or fair value hedges under FASB Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 815, Derivatives and Hedging. At June 30, 2015, the total notional U.S. dollar equivalent of outstanding forward foreign exchange contracts designated as hedges in accordance with ASC Topic 815 was \$8.4 million. Net gains or losses related to hedge ineffectiveness were insignificant for the nine month periods ended June 30, 2015 and 2014. Ineffectiveness is included in "Miscellaneous, net" in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income along with mark-to-market adjustments on outstanding non-designated derivatives. The maximum length of time the Company is hedging its exposure to the variability in future cash flows is twelve months.

The Company has entered into forward foreign currency exchange contracts to create an economic hedge to manage foreign exchange risk exposure associated with non-functional currency denominated payables resulting from global sourcing activities. The Company has not designated these derivative contracts as hedge transactions under FASB ASC Topic 815, and accordingly, the mark-to-market impact of these derivatives is recorded each period in current earnings. The fair value of foreign currency related derivatives is included in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets in "Other current assets" and "Other current liabilities." At June 30, 2015, the U.S. dollar equivalent of these outstanding forward foreign exchange contracts totaled \$100.3 million in notional amounts, including \$10.7 million in contracts to sell euro, \$10.8 million in contracts to buy euro, \$44.3 million in contracts to sell Australian dollars, \$13.1 million in contracts to buy U.K. pound sterling, \$13.8 million in contracts to buy Swedish krona and sell euro and \$6.5 million in contracts to buy euro and sell Canadian dollars, with the remaining contracts covering a variety of foreign currencies.

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The Company has entered into interest rate contracts to create an economic hedge to manage changes in interest rates on an executory sales contract that exposes the Company to interest rate risk based on changes in market interest rates. The Company has not designated these derivative contracts as hedge transactions under FASB ASC Topic 815, and accordingly, the mark-to-market impact of these derivatives is recorded each period in current earnings. The fair value of the interest rate related derivatives is included in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets in “Other current assets” and “Other current liabilities.” At June 30, 2015, the U.S. dollar equivalent notional amount of these outstanding interest rate contracts totaled \$11.0 million.

Fair Market Value of Financial Instruments — The fair values of all open derivative instruments in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets were as follows (in millions):

| | June 30, 2015 | | September 30, 2014 | |
|--|----------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|
| | Other Current Assets | Other Current Liabilities | Other Current Assets | Other Current Liabilities |
| Cash flow hedges: | | | | |
| Foreign exchange contracts | \$— | \$0.1 | \$— | \$— |
| Not designated as hedging instruments: | | | | |
| Foreign exchange contracts | 0.6 | 1.3 | 3.4 | 0.4 |
| Interest rate contracts | — | 0.4 | — | — |
| | \$0.6 | \$1.8 | \$3.4 | \$0.4 |

The pre-tax effects of derivative instruments on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income consisted of the following (in millions):

| | Classification of Gains (Losses) | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|--|----------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|-------------------|-----------|
| | | June 30, 2015 | 2014 | June 30, 2015 | 2014 |
| Not designated as hedging instruments: | | | | | |
| Foreign exchange contracts | Miscellaneous, net | \$(0.1) |) \$(0.9) |) \$8.7 |) \$(1.8) |
| Interest rate contracts | Miscellaneous, net | (0.1) |) — | (0.1) |) — |
| | | \$(0.2) |) \$(0.9) |) \$8.6 |) \$(1.8) |

13. Fair Value Measurement

FASB ASC Topic 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (i.e., exit price) in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. FASB ASC Topic 820 requires disclosures that categorize assets and liabilities measured at fair value into one of three different levels depending on the assumptions (i.e., inputs) used in the valuation. Level 1 provides the most reliable measure of fair value, while Level 3 generally requires significant management judgment.

The three levels are defined as follows:

Level 1: Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

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- Level 2: Observable inputs other than quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets or quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in inactive markets.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs reflecting management's own assumptions about the inputs used in pricing the asset or liability.

There were no transfers of assets between levels during the three and nine months ended June 30, 2015.

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As of June 30, 2015, the fair values of the Company's financial assets and liabilities were as follows (in millions):

| | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total |
|--|---------|---------|---------|--------|
| Assets: | | | | |
| SERP plan assets ^(a) | \$22.6 | \$— | \$— | \$22.6 |
| Foreign currency exchange derivatives ^(b) | — | 0.6 | — | 0.6 |
| Liabilities: | | | | |
| Foreign currency exchange derivatives ^(b) | \$— | \$1.4 | \$— | \$1.4 |
| Interest rate contracts ^(c) | — | 0.4 | — | 0.4 |

^(a) Represents investments in a rabbi trust for the Company's non-qualified supplemental executive retirement plans ("SERP"). The fair values of these investments are estimated using a market approach. Investments include mutual funds for which quoted prices in active markets are available. The Company records changes in the fair value of investments in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income.

^(b) Based on observable market transactions of forward currency prices.

^(c) Based on observable market transactions of forward interest rate prices.

14. Stock-Based Compensation

In February 2009, the Company's shareholders approved the 2009 Incentive Stock and Awards Plan (as amended, the "2009 Stock Plan"). The 2009 Stock Plan replaced the 2004 Incentive Stock and Awards Plan (as amended, the "2004 Stock Plan"). While no new awards will be granted under the 2004 Stock Plan, awards previously made under the 2004 Stock Plan that were outstanding as of the initial approval date of the 2009 Stock Plan will remain outstanding and continue to be governed by the provisions of the 2004 Stock Plan. On January 31, 2012, the Company's shareholders approved an amendment and restatement of the 2009 Stock Plan. At June 30, 2015, the Company had reserved 6,831,387 shares of Common Stock available for issuance under the 2009 Stock Plan to provide for the exercise of outstanding stock options and the issuance of Common Stock under incentive compensation awards, including awards issued prior to the effective date of the 2009 Stock Plan.

The Company recognizes stock-based compensation expense over the requisite service period for vesting of an award, or to an employee's eligible retirement date, if earlier and applicable. Total stock-based compensation expense, including cash-based liability awards, included in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2015 was \$4.1 million (\$2.6 million net of tax) and \$17.4 million (\$11.0 million net of tax), respectively. Total stock-based compensation expense, including cash-based liability awards, included in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2014 was \$5.2 million (\$3.3 million net of tax) and \$21.2 million (\$13.4 million net of tax), respectively.

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15. Employee Benefit Plans

Components of net periodic pension benefit cost were as follows (in millions):

| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|---|--------------------|--------|-------------------|---------|
| | June 30, | | June 30, | |
| | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 |
| Components of net periodic benefit cost | | | | |
| Service cost | \$2.9 | \$2.8 | \$8.9 | \$8.4 |
| Interest cost | 4.5 | 4.4 | 13.5 | 13.2 |
| Expected return on plan assets | (4.5 |) (4.7 |) (13.6 |) (14.0 |
| Amortization of prior service cost | 0.4 | 0.5 | 1.2 | 1.5 |
| Curtailement | — | 0.3 | — | 4.4 |
| Amortization of net actuarial loss | 0.7 | 0.2 | 2.0 | 0.7 |
| Net periodic benefit cost | \$4.0 | \$3.5 | \$12.0 | \$14.2 |

Components of net periodic other post-employment benefit cost (income) were as follows (in millions):

| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|--|--------------------|--------|-------------------|----------|
| | June 30, | | June 30, | |
| | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 |
| Components of net periodic benefit cost (income) | | | | |
| Service cost | \$0.4 | \$0.6 | \$1.3 | \$1.8 |
| Interest cost | 0.4 | 0.5 | 1.2 | 1.5 |
| Amortization of prior service cost | (0.2 |) (0.5 |) (0.7 |) (1.3 |
| Curtailement | — | (10.0 |) (3.4 |) (10.0 |
| Amortization of net actuarial loss | — | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 |
| Net periodic benefit cost (income) | \$0.6 | \$(9.3 |) \$(1.5 |) \$(7.8 |

The Company made contributions to fund benefit payments of \$1.6 million and \$1.5 million for the nine months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, under its other post-employment benefit plans. The Company estimates that it will make additional contributions of approximately \$0.5 million under these other post-employment benefit plans prior to the end of fiscal 2015.

16. Income Taxes

The Company's effective income tax rate was 28.1% and 34.7% of pre-tax income for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Tax expense included net discrete tax benefits of 610 basis points for the three months ended June 30, 2015. Discrete tax benefits recorded in the three months ended June 30, 2015 included a reduction of income tax reserves related to the settlement of tax audits and expiration of statutes of limitations.

The Company's effective income tax rate was 31.3% and 31.0% of pre-tax income for the nine months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Tax expense included net discrete tax benefits of 400 basis points and 360 basis points for the nine months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Discrete tax benefits recorded in the nine months ended June 30, 2015 included a 290 basis point benefit related to reduction of income tax reserves related to the settlement of tax audits and expiration of statutes of limitations, a 90 basis point benefit resulting from the December 2014 reinstatement of the U.S. research and development tax credit and net other discrete benefits aggregating 20

basis points. Discrete tax benefits recorded in the nine months ended June 30, 2014 included the benefit of a \$12.1 million reduction of a valuation allowance on net operating loss and deferred interest carryforwards totaling 360 basis points. Discrete tax charges related to a provision for a state tax audit settlement totaling 100 basis points were offset by net other discrete tax benefits aggregating 100 basis points.

The Company's liability for gross unrecognized tax benefits, excluding related interest and penalties, was \$36.7 million and \$32.8 million as of June 30, 2015 and September 30, 2014, respectively. As of June 30, 2015, net unrecognized tax benefits, excluding interest and penalties, of \$20.6 million would affect the Company's net income if recognized.

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(Unaudited)

The Company recognizes accrued interest and penalties, if any, related to unrecognized tax benefits in the “Provision for income taxes” in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income. During the nine months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, the Company recognized benefits of \$1.4 million and charges of \$3.3 million, respectively, related to interest and penalties. At June 30, 2015, the Company had accruals for the payment of interest and penalties of \$14.3 million. During the next twelve months, it is reasonably possible that federal, state and foreign tax audit resolutions could reduce net unrecognized tax benefits by approximately \$6.8 million because the Company’s tax positions are sustained on audit, the Company agrees to their disallowance or the applicable statutes of limitations expire.

The Company files federal income tax returns as well as multiple state, local and non-U.S. jurisdiction tax returns. The Company is regularly audited by federal, state and foreign tax authorities.

17. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Changes in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) by component were as follows (in millions):

| | Three Months Ended June 30, 2015 | | | |
|---|--|--|---------------------------|--|
| | Employee Pension and Postretirement Benefits, Net of Tax | Cumulative Translation Adjustments | Derivative Instruments | Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) |
| Balance at beginning of period | \$ (43.9 |) \$ (101.0 |) \$ — |) \$ (144.9 |
| Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications | — | 13.2 | (0.1 |) 13.1 |
| Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) | 0.7 | — | — | 0.7 |
| Net current period other comprehensive income (loss) | 0.7 | 13.2 | (0.1 |) 13.8 |
| Balance at end of period | \$ (43.2 |) \$ (87.8 |) \$ (0.1 |) \$ (131.1 |
| | Three Months Ended June 30, 2014 | | | |
| | Employee Pension and Postretirement Benefits, Net of Tax | Cumulative Translation Adjustments | Derivative Instruments | Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) |
| Balance at beginning of period | \$ (22.5 |) \$ 14.6 | \$ — |) \$ (7.9 |
| Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications | (4.3 |) (0.6 |) — |) (4.9 |
| Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) | 0.2 | — | — | 0.2 |
| | (4.1 |) (0.6 |) — |) (4.7 |

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Net current period other comprehensive income
(loss)

| | Nine Months Ended June 30, 2015 | | | |
|---|--|--|---------------------------|--|
| | Employee Pension and Postretirement Benefits, Net of Tax | Cumulative Translation Adjustments | Derivative Instruments | Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) |
| Balance at end of period | \$ (26.6) | \$ 14.0 | \$ — | \$ (12.6) |
| Balance at beginning of period | \$ (44.2) | \$ (25.0) | \$ — | \$ (69.2) |
| Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications | — | (62.8) | (0.1) | (62.9) |
| Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) | 1.0 | — | — | 1.0 |
| Net current period other comprehensive income (loss) | 1.0 | (62.8) | (0.1) | (61.9) |
| Balance at end of period | \$ (43.2) | \$ (87.8) | \$ (0.1) | \$ (131.1) |

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(Unaudited)

| | Nine Months Ended June 30, 2014 | | | |
|---|--|--|---------------------------|--|
| | Employee Pension and Postretirement Benefits, Net of Tax | Cumulative Translation Adjustments | Derivative Instruments | Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) |
| Balance at beginning of period | \$(23.0 |) \$8.4 | \$— | \$(14.6 |
| Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications | (4.3 |) 5.6 | — | 1.3 |
| Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) | 0.7 | — | — | 0.7 |
| Net current period other comprehensive income (loss) | (3.6 |) 5.6 | — | 2.0 |
| Balance at end of period | \$(26.6 |) \$14.0 | \$— | \$(12.6 |

Reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) included in the computation of net periodic benefit cost (refer to Note 15 of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for additional details regarding employee benefit plans) were as follows (in millions):

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | Nine Months Ended June 30, | |
|--|--------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------|----------|
| | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 |
| Amortization of employee pension and postretirement benefits items | | | | |
| Prior service costs | \$(0.2 |) \$— | \$(0.5 |) \$(0.2 |
| Actuarial losses | (0.7 |) (0.3 |) (2.1 |) (0.9 |
| Curtailment | — | — | 1.2 | — |
| Total before tax | (0.9 |) (0.3 |) (1.4 |) (1.1 |
| Tax benefit | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 0.4 |
| Net of tax | \$(0.7 |) \$(0.2 |) \$(1.0 |) \$(0.7 |

18. Earnings Per Share

Prior to September 1, 2013, the Company granted awards of nonvested stock that contained a nonforfeitable right to dividends, if declared. In accordance with FASB ASC Topic 260, Earnings Per Share, these awards are considered to be participating securities, and as a result, earnings per share is calculated using the two-class method. The two-class method is an earnings allocation method that determines earnings per share for common shares and participating securities. The undistributed earnings are allocated between common shares and participating securities as if all earnings had been distributed during the period. Participating securities and common shares have equal rights to undistributed earnings.

Effective September 1, 2013, new grants of awards of nonvested stock do not contain a nonforfeitable right to dividends during the vesting period. As a result, an employee will forfeit the right to dividends accrued on unvested awards if such awards do not ultimately vest. As such, these awards are not treated as participating securities in the earnings per share calculation as the employees do not have equivalent dividend rights as common shareholders.

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(Unaudited)

The calculation of basic and diluted earnings per common share was as follows (in millions, except number of share amounts):

| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|---|--------------------|------------|-------------------|------------|
| | June 30, | | June 30, | |
| | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 |
| Net income | \$89.9 | \$105.1 | \$179.2 | \$231.5 |
| Earnings allocated to participating securities | (0.2) | (0.4) | (0.4) | (0.9) |
| Earnings available to common shareholders | \$89.7 | \$104.7 | \$178.8 | \$230.6 |
| Basic Earnings Per Share: | | | | |
| Weighted-average common shares outstanding | 78,117,876 | 84,635,817 | 78,327,982 | 84,666,189 |
| Diluted Earnings Per Share: | | | | |
| Basic weighted-average common shares outstanding | 78,117,876 | 84,635,817 | 78,327,982 | 84,666,189 |
| Dilutive stock options and other equity-based compensation awards | 1,185,651 | 1,489,220 | 1,131,081 | 1,509,735 |
| Participating restricted stock | (119,450) | (215,972) | (114,641) | (205,065) |
| Diluted weighted-average common shares outstanding | 79,184,077 | 85,909,065 | 79,344,422 | 85,970,859 |

Options not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share attributable to common shareholders because they would have been anti-dilutive were as follows:

| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|---------------|--------------------|-------|-------------------|---------|
| | June 30, | | June 30, | |
| | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 |
| Stock options | 253,675 | 4,000 | 855,294 | 595,500 |

19. Contingencies, Significant Estimates and Concentrations

Personal Injury Actions and Other - Product and general liability claims are made against the Company from time to time in the ordinary course of business. The Company is generally self-insured for future claims up to \$5.0 million per claim. Accordingly, a reserve is maintained for the estimated costs of such claims. At June 30, 2015 and September 30, 2014, the estimated net liabilities for product and general liability claims totaled \$42.7 million and \$39.4 million, respectively. There is inherent uncertainty as to the eventual resolution of unsettled claims. Management, however, believes that any losses in excess of established reserves will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

Market Risks - The Company was contingently liable under bid, performance and specialty bonds totaling \$387.1 million and open standby letters of credit issued by the Company's banks in favor of third parties totaling \$67.5 million at June 30, 2015.

Other Matters - The Company is subject to environmental matters and legal proceedings and claims, including patent, antitrust, product liability, warranty and state dealership regulation compliance proceedings, that arise in the ordinary course of business. Although the final results of all such matters and claims cannot be predicted with certainty,

management believes that the ultimate resolution of all such matters and claims will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition, results of operations or cash flows. Actual results could vary due to, among other things, the uncertainties involved in litigation.

Major contracts for military systems are performed over extended periods of time and are subject to changes in scope of work and delivery schedules. Pricing negotiations on changes and settlement of claims often extend over prolonged periods of time. The Company's ultimate profitability on such contracts may depend on the eventual outcome of an equitable settlement of contractual issues with the Company's customers.

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(Unaudited)

20. Business Segment Information

The Company is organized into four reportable segments based on the internal organization used by management for making operating decisions and measuring performance and based on the similarity of customers served, common management, common use of facilities and economic results attained.

In accordance with FASB ASC Topic 280, Segment Reporting, for purposes of business segment performance measurement, the Company does not allocate to individual business segments costs or items that are of a non-operating nature or organizational or functional expenses of a corporate nature. The caption "Corporate" includes corporate office expenses, share-based compensation, costs of certain business initiatives and shared services benefiting multiple segments, and results of insignificant operations. Identifiable assets of the business segments exclude general corporate assets, which principally consist of cash and cash equivalents, certain property, plant and equipment, and certain other assets pertaining to corporate activities. Intersegment sales generally include amounts invoiced by a segment for work performed for another segment. Amounts are based on actual work performed and agreed-upon pricing, which is intended to be reflective of the contribution made by the supplying business segment.

Selected financial information concerning the Company's reportable segments and product lines is as follows (in millions):

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | 2014 | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|-----------|--------------------|---------------|-----------|---|
| | 2015 | | | | | | |
| | External Customers | Inter-segment | Net Sales | External Customers | Inter-segment | Net Sales | |
| Access equipment | | | | | | | |
| Aerial work platforms | \$542.7 | \$— | \$542.7 | \$558.1 | \$— | \$558.1 | |
| Telehandlers | 221.4 | — | 221.4 | 324.4 | — | 324.4 | |
| Other | 168.5 | — | 168.5 | 156.7 | — | 156.7 | |
| Total access equipment | 932.6 | — | 932.6 | 1,039.2 | — | 1,039.2 | |
| Defense | 191.1 | 3.1 | 194.2 | 470.6 | 0.1 | 470.7 | |
| Fire & emergency | 195.0 | 4.8 | 199.8 | 177.5 | 10.0 | 187.5 | |
| Commercial | | | | | | | |
| Concrete placement | 158.0 | — | 158.0 | 138.0 | — | 138.0 | |
| Refuse collection | 103.6 | — | 103.6 | 73.5 | — | 73.5 | |
| Other | 32.0 | 0.4 | 32.4 | 33.6 | 2.2 | 35.8 | |
| Total commercial | 293.6 | 0.4 | 294.0 | 245.1 | 2.2 | 247.3 | |
| Intersegment eliminations | — | (8.3 |) (8.3 |) — | (12.3 |) (12.3 |) |
| Consolidated sales | \$1,612.3 | \$— | \$1,612.3 | \$1,932.4 | \$— | \$1,932.4 | |

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(Unaudited)

| | Nine Months Ended June 30, 2015 | | | 2014 | | |
|---------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------|
| | External Customers | Inter- segment | Net Sales | External Customers | Inter- segment | Net Sales |
| Access equipment | | | | | | |
| Aerial work platforms | \$1,252.5 | \$— | \$1,252.5 | \$1,295.6 | \$— | \$1,295.6 |
| Telehandlers | 891.5 | — | 891.5 | 841.8 | — | 841.8 |
| Other | 487.1 | — | 487.1 | 436.4 | — | 436.4 |
| Total access equipment | 2,631.1 | — | 2,631.1 | 2,573.8 | — | 2,573.8 |
| Defense | 617.9 | 4.3 | 622.2 | 1,436.2 | 0.2 | 1,436.4 |
| Fire & emergency | 549.1 | 20.6 | 569.7 | 513.4 | 28.2 | 541.6 |
| Commercial | | | | | | |
| Concrete placement | 355.1 | — | 355.1 | 313.1 | — | 313.1 |
| Refuse collection | 269.9 | — | 269.9 | 214.9 | — | 214.9 |
| Other | 96.7 | 3.4 | 100.1 | 89.1 | 5.1 | 94.2 |
| Total commercial | 721.7 | 3.4 | 725.1 | 617.1 | 5.1 | 622.2 |
| Intersegment eliminations | — | (28.3 |) (28.3 |) — | (33.5 |) (33.5 |
| Consolidated sales | \$4,519.8 | \$— | \$4,519.8 | \$5,140.5 | \$— | \$5,140.5 |

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | Nine Months Ended June 30, | |
|--|--------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------|----------|
| | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 |
| Operating income (loss): | | | | |
| Access equipment | \$136.4 | \$166.8 | \$350.5 | \$373.7 |
| Defense | (7.1 |) 19.1 | (9.3 |) 78.4 |
| Fire & emergency | 9.6 | 6.2 | 20.1 | 14.1 |
| Commercial | 22.4 | 19.9 | 43.4 | 35.5 |
| Corporate | (24.7 |) (37.7 |) (92.8 |) (111.4 |
| Intersegment eliminations | — | — | 0.1 | (0.1 |
| Consolidated | 136.6 | 174.3 | 312.0 | 390.2 |
| Interest expense, net of interest income | (12.6 |) (13.7 |) (54.4 |) (55.9 |
| Miscellaneous other income (expense) | (0.2 |) 0.8 | (0.2 |) (0.4 |
| Income before income taxes and equity in earnings (losses) of unconsolidated affiliates | \$123.8 | \$161.4 | \$257.4 | \$333.9 |

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OSHKOSH CORPORATION

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(Unaudited)

| | June 30, 2015 | September 30, 2014 |
|----------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|
| Identifiable assets: | | |
| Access equipment: | | |
| U.S. | \$2,242.3 | \$1,937.0 |
| Europe ^(a) | 549.5 | 727.5 |
| Rest of the World | 222.3 | 251.4 |
| Total access equipment | 3,014.1 | 2,915.9 |
| Defense: | | |
| U.S. | 427.2 | 275.1 |
| Rest of the World | 1.5 | — |
| Total defense | 428.7 | 275.1 |
| Fire & emergency - U.S. | 507.0 | 527.0 |
| Commercial: | | |
| U.S. | 424.7 | 394.5 |
| Rest of the World ^(a) | 35.8 | 35.5 |
| Total commercial | 460.5 | 430.0 |
| Corporate: | | |
| U.S. | 245.4 | 398.0 |
| Rest of the World | 73.5 | 40.7 |
| Total corporate | 318.9 | 438.7 |
| Consolidated | \$4,729.2 | \$4,586.7 |

^(a) Includes investments in unconsolidated affiliates.

The following table presents net sales by geographic region based on product shipment destination (in millions):

| | Nine Months Ended June 30, 2015 | 2014 |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------|
| Net sales: | | |
| United States | \$3,584.7 | \$3,940.6 |
| Other North America | 226.3 | 268.4 |
| Europe, Africa and Middle East | 371.2 | 534.0 |
| Rest of the World | 337.6 | 397.5 |
| Consolidated | \$4,519.8 | \$5,140.5 |

21. Separate Financial Information of Subsidiary Guarantors of Indebtedness

The 2022 Senior Notes and the 2025 Senior Notes are jointly, severally, fully and unconditionally guaranteed on a senior unsecured basis by all of the Company's 100% owned existing and future subsidiaries that from time to time guarantee obligations under the Credit Agreement, with certain exceptions (the "Guarantors").

Under the Indentures governing the 2022 Senior Notes and 2025 Senior Notes, a Guarantor's guarantee of such Senior Notes will be automatically and unconditionally released and will terminate upon the following customary circumstances: (i) the sale of such Guarantor or substantially all of the assets of such Guarantor if such sale complies

with the Indentures; (ii) if such Guarantor no longer guarantees certain other indebtedness of the Company; or (iii) the defeasance or satisfaction and discharge of the Indentures. The following condensed supplemental consolidating financial information reflects the summarized financial information of Oshkosh Corporation, the Guarantors on a combined basis and Oshkosh Corporation's non-guarantor subsidiaries on a combined basis (in millions):

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OSHKOSH CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Income and Comprehensive Income

For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2015

| | Oshkosh Corporation | Guarantor Subsidiaries | Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries | Eliminations | Total | |
|--|------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|-------------|---|
| Net sales | \$— | \$1,338.3 | \$293.5 | \$(19.5) |) \$1,612.3 | |
| Cost of sales | 0.3 | 1,131.0 | 216.2 | (19.2) |) 1,328.3 | |
| Gross income | (0.3) |) 207.3 | 77.3 | (0.3) |) 284.0 | |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 16.5 | 93.7 | 24.0 | — | 134.2 | |
| Amortization of purchased intangibles | — | 9.8 | 3.4 | — | 13.2 | |
| Operating income (loss) | (16.8) |) 103.8 | 49.9 | (0.3) |) 136.6 | |
| Interest expense | (58.7) |) (13.5) |) — | 59.0 | (13.2) |) |
| Interest income | 0.3 | 15.8 | 43.5 | (59.0) |) 0.6 | |
| Miscellaneous, net | 6.8 | (43.8) |) 36.8 | — | (0.2) |) |
| Income (loss) before income taxes | (68.4) |) 62.3 | 130.2 | (0.3) |) 123.8 | |
| Provision for (benefit from) income taxes | (19.2) |) 17.6 | 36.5 | (0.1) |) 34.8 | |
| Income (loss) before equity in earnings of affiliates | (49.2) |) 44.7 | 93.7 | (0.2) |) 89.0 | |
| Equity in earnings of consolidated subsidiaries | 139.1 | 53.9 | 45.5 | (238.5) |) — | |
| Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates | — | — | 0.9 | — | 0.9 | |
| Net income | 89.9 | 98.6 | 140.1 | (238.7) |) 89.9 | |
| Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax | 13.8 | 0.5 | 13.0 | (13.5) |) 13.8 | |
| Comprehensive income | \$103.7 | \$99.1 | \$153.1 | \$(252.2) |) \$103.7 | |

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NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Income and Comprehensive Income

For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2014

| | Oshkosh Corporation | Guarantor Subsidiaries | Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries | Eliminations | Total | |
|--|------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|-------------|---|
| Net sales | \$— | \$1,647.3 | \$309.8 | \$(24.7 |) \$1,932.4 | |
| Cost of sales | 0.9 | 1,383.0 | 226.3 | (24.7 |) 1,585.5 | |
| Gross income | (0.9 |) 264.3 | 83.5 | — | 346.9 | |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 36.6 | 102.4 | 19.7 | — | 158.7 | |
| Amortization of purchased intangibles | — | 10.0 | 3.9 | — | 13.9 | |
| Operating income (loss) | (37.5 |) 151.9 | 59.9 | — | 174.3 | |
| Interest expense | (58.2 |) (12.3 |) (0.8 |) 57.2 | (14.1 |) |
| Interest income | 0.7 | 14.6 | 42.3 | (57.2 |) 0.4 | |
| Miscellaneous, net | 15.5 | (51.2 |) 36.5 | — | 0.8 | |
| Income (loss) before income taxes | (79.5 |) 103.0 | 137.9 | — | 161.4 | |
| Provision for (benefit from) income taxes | (32.2 |) 41.1 | 47.1 | — | 56.0 | |
| Income (loss) before equity in earnings of affiliates | (47.3 |) 61.9 | 90.8 | — | 105.4 | |
| Equity in earnings of consolidated subsidiaries | 152.4 | 65.4 | 53.1 | (270.9 |) — | |
| Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates | — | — | (0.3 |) — | (0.3 |) |
| Net income | 105.1 | 127.3 | 143.6 | (270.9 |) 105.1 | |
| Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax | (4.7 |) (3.7 |) (1.2 |) 4.9 | (4.7 |) |
| Comprehensive income | \$100.4 | \$123.6 | \$142.4 | \$(266.0 |) \$100.4 | |

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NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Income and Comprehensive Income

For the Nine Months Ended June 30, 2015

| | Oshkosh Corporation | Guarantor Subsidiaries | Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries | Eliminations | Total | |
|--|------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|-------------|---|
| Net sales | \$— | \$3,795.2 | \$786.2 | \$(61.6) |) \$4,519.8 | |
| Cost of sales | 0.6 | 3,185.5 | 605.5 | (61.3) |) 3,730.3 | |
| Gross income | (0.6) |) 609.7 | 180.7 | (0.3) |) 789.5 | |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 76.4 | 285.1 | 76.0 | — | 437.5 | |
| Amortization of purchased intangibles | — | 29.5 | 10.5 | — | 40.0 | |
| Operating income (loss) | (77.0) |) 295.1 | 94.2 | (0.3) |) 312.0 | |
| Interest expense | (191.1) |) (39.4) |) (0.9) |) 175.0 | (56.4) |) |
| Interest income | 1.2 | 47.1 | 128.7 | (175.0) |) 2.0 | |
| Miscellaneous, net | 25.0 | (112.8) |) 87.6 | — | (0.2) |) |
| Income (loss) before income taxes | (241.9) |) 190.0 | 309.6 | (0.3) |) 257.4 | |
| Provision for (benefit from) income taxes | (76.8) |) 61.6 | 95.8 | (0.1) |) 80.5 | |
| Income (loss) before equity in earnings of affiliates | (165.1) |) 128.4 | 213.8 | (0.2) |) 176.9 | |
| Equity in earnings of consolidated subsidiaries | 344.3 | 107.4 | 130.1 | (581.8) |) — | |
| Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates | — | — | 2.3 | — | 2.3 | |
| Net income | 179.2 | 235.8 | 346.2 | (582.0) |) 179.2 | |
| Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax | (61.9) |) (3.7) |) (58.9) |) 62.6 | (61.9) |) |
| Comprehensive income | \$117.3 | \$232.1 | \$287.3 | \$(519.4) |) \$117.3 | |

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OSHKOSH CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Income and Comprehensive Income

For the Nine Months Ended June 30, 2014

| | Oshkosh Corporation | Guarantor Subsidiaries | Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries | Eliminations | Total |
|--|------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|-------------|
| Net sales | \$— | \$4,418.5 | \$787.2 | \$(65.2) |) \$5,140.5 |
| Cost of sales | 2.1 | 3,706.8 | 603.3 | (64.9) |) 4,247.3 |
| Gross income | (2.1) |) 711.7 | 183.9 | (0.3) |) 893.2 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 110.1 | 283.0 | 68.3 | — | 461.4 |
| Amortization of purchased intangibles | — | 30.0 | 11.6 | — | 41.6 |
| Operating income (loss) | (112.2) |) 398.7 | 104.0 | (0.3) |) 390.2 |
| Interest expense | (189.8) |) (36.8) |) (2.4) |) 171.7 | (57.3) |
| Interest income | 2.2 | 43.7 | 127.2 | (171.7) |) 1.4 |
| Miscellaneous, net | 45.0 | (129.2) |) 83.8 | — | (0.4) |
| Income (loss) before income taxes | (254.8) |) 276.4 | 312.6 | (0.3) |) 333.9 |
| Provision for (benefit from) income taxes | (94.9) |) 104.1 | 94.5 | (0.1) |) 103.6 |
| Income (loss) before equity in earnings of affiliates | (159.9) |) 172.3 | 218.1 | (0.2) |) 230.3 |
| Equity in earnings of consolidated subsidiaries | 391.4 | 116.7 | 132.4 | (640.5) |) — |
| Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates | — | — | 1.2 | — | 1.2 |
| Net income | 231.5 | 289.0 | 351.7 | (640.7) |) 231.5 |
| Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax | 2.0 | (4.0) |) 5.3 | (1.3) |) 2.0 |
| Comprehensive income | \$233.5 | \$285.0 | \$357.0 | \$(642.0) |) \$233.5 |

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OSHKOSH CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet

As of June 30, 2015

| | Oshkosh Corporation | Guarantor Subsidiaries | Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries | Eliminations | Total |
|---|------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|-----------|
| Assets | | | | | |
| Current assets: | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$20.9 | \$4.4 | \$20.9 | \$— | \$46.2 |
| Receivables, net | 18.6 | 736.7 | 286.5 | (29.8) | 1,012.0 |
| Inventories, net | — | 971.4 | 380.8 | — | 1,352.2 |
| Other current assets | 25.9 | 81.3 | 26.4 | — | 133.6 |
| Total current assets | 65.4 | 1,793.8 | 714.6 | (29.8) | 2,544.0 |
| Investment in and advances to consolidated subsidiaries | 5,643.7 | 1,106.2 | (212.4) | (6,537.5) | — |
| Intercompany receivables | 48.3 | 922.4 | 4,279.2 | (5,249.9) | — |
| Intangible assets, net | — | 996.0 | 625.6 | — | 1,621.6 |
| Other long-term assets | 115.8 | 224.7 | 223.1 | — | 563.6 |
| Total assets | \$5,873.2 | \$5,043.1 | \$5,630.1 | \$(11,817.2) | \$4,729.2 |
| Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity | | | | | |
| Current liabilities: | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$13.2 | \$510.7 | \$145.4 | \$(28.8) | \$640.5 |
| Customer advances | — | 395.4 | 4.0 | — | 399.4 |
| Other current liabilities | 107.6 | 226.5 | 92.4 | (1.0) | 425.5 |
| Total current liabilities | 120.8 | 1,132.6 | 241.8 | (29.8) | 1,465.4 |
| Long-term debt, less current maturities | 860.0 | — | — | — | 860.0 |
| Intercompany payables | 2,822.6 | 2,379.0 | 48.3 | (5,249.9) | — |
| Other long-term liabilities | 72.2 | 192.9 | 141.1 | — | 406.2 |
| Shareholders' equity | 1,997.6 | 1,338.6 | 5,198.9 | (6,537.5) | 1,997.6 |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' equity | \$5,873.2 | \$5,043.1 | \$5,630.1 | \$(11,817.2) | \$4,729.2 |

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OSHKOSH CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet

As of September 30, 2014

| | Oshkosh Corporation | Guarantor Subsidiaries | Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries | Eliminations | Total |
|--|------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|-------------|
| Assets | | | | | |
| Current assets: | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$281.8 | \$4.7 | \$27.3 | \$— | \$313.8 |
| Receivables, net | 35.3 | 756.4 | 233.7 | (50.5) |) 974.9 |
| Inventories, net | — | 624.3 | 337.7 | (1.1) |) 960.9 |
| Other current assets | 32.2 | 78.0 | 24.1 | 0.4 | 134.7 |
| Total current assets | 349.3 | 1,463.4 | 622.8 | (51.2) |) 2,384.3 |
| Investment in and advances to consolidated subsidiaries | 5,375.8 | 1,009.3 | (337.1) |) (6,048.0) |) — |
| Intercompany receivables | 46.2 | 1,027.2 | 4,187.2 | (5,260.6) |) — |
| Intangible assets, net | — | 1,028.3 | 655.1 | — | 1,683.4 |
| Other long-term assets | 109.3 | 224.1 | 185.6 | — | 519.0 |
| Total assets | \$5,880.6 | \$4,752.3 | \$5,313.6 | \$(11,359.8) |) \$4,586.7 |
| Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity | | | | | |
| Current liabilities: | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$14.4 | \$485.1 | \$137.7 | \$(50.5) |) \$586.7 |
| Customer advances | — | 308.1 | 2.0 | — | 310.1 |
| Other current liabilities | 110.5 | 210.6 | 94.4 | (0.7) |) 414.8 |
| Total current liabilities | 124.9 | 1,003.8 | 234.1 | (51.2) |) 1,311.6 |
| Long-term debt, less current maturities | 875.0 | — | — | — | 875.0 |
| Intercompany payables | 2,815.9 | 2,398.5 | 46.2 | (5,260.6) |) — |
| Other long-term liabilities | 79.8 | 190.0 | 145.3 | — | 415.1 |
| Shareholders' equity | 1,985.0 | 1,160.0 | 4,888.0 | (6,048.0) |) 1,985.0 |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' equity | \$5,880.6 | \$4,752.3 | \$5,313.6 | \$(11,359.8) |) \$4,586.7 |

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OSHKOSH CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows

For the Nine Months Ended June 30, 2015

| | Oshkosh Corporation | Guarantor Subsidiaries | Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries | Eliminations | Total |
|--|------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|-----------|
| Net cash provided (used) by operating activities | \$(132.7) | \$(14.7) | \$110.8 | \$— | \$(36.6) |
| Investing activities: | | | | | |
| Additions to property, plant and equipment | (20.6) | (21.4) | (58.0) | — | (100.0) |
| Additions to equipment held for rental | — | — | (19.8) | — | (19.8) |
| Acquisition of business, net of cash acquired | — | — | (8.8) | — | (8.8) |
| Proceeds from sale of equipment held for rental | — | — | 25.5 | — | 25.5 |
| Intercompany investing | (30.6) | — | (86.7) | 117.3 | — |
| Other investing activities | (0.2) | — | (0.5) | — | (0.7) |
| Net cash provided (used) by investing activities | (51.4) | (21.4) | (148.3) | 117.3 | (103.8) |
| Financing activities: | | | | | |
| Repayment of long-term debt | (265.0) | — | — | — | (265.0) |
| Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt | 250.0 | — | — | — | 250.0 |
| Proceeds under revolving credit facility | 20.0 | — | — | — | 20.0 |
| Repurchases of Common Stock | (88.1) | — | — | — | (88.1) |
| Debt issuance costs | (15.5) | — | — | — | (15.5) |
| Proceeds from exercise of stock options | 7.3 | — | — | — | 7.3 |
| Dividends paid | (40.0) | — | — | — | (40.0) |
| Excess tax benefit from stock-based compensation | 4.3 | — | — | — | 4.3 |
| Intercompany financing | 50.2 | 36.5 | 30.6 | (117.3) | — |
| Net cash provided (used) by financing activities | (76.8) | 36.5 | 30.6 | (117.3) | (127.0) |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash | — | (0.7) | 0.5 | — | (0.2) |
| Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | (260.9) | (0.3) | (6.4) | — | (267.6) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 281.8 | 4.7 | 27.3 | — | 313.8 |
| | \$20.9 | \$4.4 | \$20.9 | \$— | \$46.2 |

Cash and cash equivalents at end of
period

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OSHKOSH CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows

For the Nine Months Ended June 30, 2014

| | Oshkosh Corporation | Guarantor Subsidiaries | Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries | Eliminations | Total |
|--|------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|---------|
| Net cash provided (used) by operating activities | \$(18.7) |) \$(29.5) |) \$117.6 | \$— | \$69.4 |
| Investing activities: | | | | | |
| Additions to property, plant and equipment | (21.5) |) (18.9) |) (14.2) |) — | (54.6) |
| Additions to equipment held for rental | — | — | (15.9) |) — | (15.9) |
| Contribution to rabbi trust | (1.9) |) — | — | — | (1.9) |
| Proceeds from sale of equipment held for rental | — | — | 5.5 | — | 5.5 |
| Intercompany investing | 29.0 | 73.2 | (81.9) |) (20.3) | — |
| Other investing activities | (1.1) |) 0.1 | — | — | (1.0) |
| Net cash provided (used) by investing activities | 4.5 | 54.4 | (106.5) |) (20.3) | (67.9) |
| Financing activities: | | | | | |
| Repayment of long-term debt | (705.0) |) — | — | — | (705.0) |
| Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt | 650.0 | — | — | — | 650.0 |
| Repurchases of Common Stock | (152.8) |) — | — | — | (152.8) |
| Debt issuance costs | (19.1) |) — | — | — | (19.1) |
| Proceeds from exercise of stock options | 50.4 | — | — | — | 50.4 |
| Dividends paid | (38.1) |) — | — | — | (38.1) |
| Excess tax benefit from stock-based compensation | 6.1 | — | — | — | 6.1 |
| Intercompany financing | (0.9) |) (19.5) |) 0.1 | 20.3 | — |
| Net cash provided (used) by financing activities | (209.4) |) (19.5) |) 0.1 | 20.3 | (208.5) |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash | — | 0.1 | (0.9) |) — | (0.8) |
| Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | (223.6) |) 5.5 | 10.3 | — | (207.8) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 711.7 | 2.7 | 19.1 | — | 733.5 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | \$488.1 | \$8.2 | \$29.4 | \$— | \$525.7 |

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Cautionary Statement About Forward-Looking Statements

This Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and other sections of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contain statements that Oshkosh Corporation (the "Company") believes to be "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. All statements other than statements of historical fact included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, including, without limitation, statements regarding the Company's future financial position, business strategy, targets, projected sales, costs, earnings, capital expenditures, debt levels and cash flows, and plans and objectives of management for future operations, including those under the caption "Executive Overview" are forward-looking statements. When used in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, words such as "may," "will," "expect," "intend," "estimate," "anticipate," "believe," "should," or "plan" or the negative thereof or variations thereon or similar terminology are generally intended to identify forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to risks, uncertainties, assumptions and other factors, some of which are beyond the Company's control, which could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. These factors include the cyclical nature of the Company's access equipment, commercial and fire & emergency markets, which are particularly impacted by the strength of U.S. and European economies; the Company's estimates of access equipment demand; the strength of the U.S. dollar and its impact on Company exports, translation of foreign sales and purchased materials; the expected level and timing of U.S. Department of Defense ("DoD") and international defense customer procurement of products and services and funding thereof; risks related to reductions in government expenditures in light of U.S. defense budget pressures, sequestration and an uncertain DoD tactical wheeled vehicle strategy, including the Company's ability to successfully manage the cost reductions required as a result of lower customer orders in the defense segment; the Company's ability to win a U.S. Joint Light Tactical Vehicle ("JLTV") production contract award and finalize international contracts for a significant quantity of Mine Resistant Ambush Protected - All Terrain Vehicles ("M-ATV"), with sales beginning in fiscal 2016; the Company's ability to increase prices to raise margins or offset higher input costs; increasing commodity and other raw material costs, particularly in a sustained economic recovery; risks related to facilities expansion, consolidation and alignment, including the amounts of related costs and charges and that anticipated cost savings may not be achieved; global economic uncertainty, which could lead to additional impairment charges related to many of the Company's intangible assets and/or a slower recovery in the Company's cyclical businesses than Company or equity market expectations; projected adoption rates of work at height machinery in emerging markets; the impact of severe weather or natural disasters that may affect the Company, its suppliers or its customers; risks related to the collectability of receivables, particularly for those businesses with exposure to construction markets; the cost of any warranty campaigns related to the Company's products; risks related to production or shipment delays arising from quality or production issues; risks associated with international operations and sales, including compliance with the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act; the Company's ability to comply with complex laws and regulations applicable to U.S. government contractors; cybersecurity risks and costs of defending against, mitigating and responding to a data security breach; and risks related to the Company's ability to successfully execute on its strategic road map and meet its long-term financial goals. Additional information concerning these and other factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements is contained from time to time in the Company's U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") filings, including, but not limited to, the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on July 30, 2015 and Item 1A. of Part II of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

All forward-looking statements, including those under the caption "Executive Overview," speak only as of the date the Company files this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q with the SEC. The Company assumes no obligation, and disclaims any obligation, to update information contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Investors should be aware that the Company may not update such information until the Company's next quarterly earnings conference call, if at all.

All references herein to earnings per share refer to earning per share assuming dilution.

General

Major products manufactured and marketed by each of the Company's business segments are as follows:

Access equipment — aerial work platforms and telehandlers used in a wide variety of construction, agricultural, industrial, institutional and general maintenance applications to position workers and materials at elevated heights, as well as wreckers and carriers. Access equipment customers include equipment rental companies, construction contractors, manufacturing companies, home improvement centers and towing companies in the U.S. and abroad.

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Defense — tactical trucks, trailers and supply parts and services sold to the U.S. military and to other militaries around the world.

Fire & emergency — custom and commercial firefighting vehicles and equipment, aircraft rescue and firefighting vehicles, snow removal vehicles, simulators and other emergency vehicles primarily sold to fire departments, airports and other governmental units, and broadcast vehicles sold to broadcasters and TV stations in the U.S. and abroad.

Commercial — concrete mixers, refuse collection vehicles, portable and stationary concrete batch plants and vehicle components sold to ready-mix companies and commercial and municipal waste haulers in the Americas and other international markets and field service vehicles and truck-mounted cranes sold to mining, construction and other companies in the U.S. and abroad.

Executive Overview

Results for the third quarter of fiscal 2015 were lower than the Company's estimates as a result of reduced earnings on lower U.S. sales in the Company's access equipment segment. Access equipment segment sales fell short of the Company's expectations for the third quarter, normally its seasonally best quarter, due to heavy rains in May disrupting construction projects across the southern U.S., cautious order patterns arising from uncertain rental market conditions, including the impact of lower oil and gas prices on rental demand for access equipment, and other factors. This segment also struggled with several new product launches which negatively impacted sales and manufacturing costs in the quarter.

The Company believes the fundamental drivers for access equipment demand remain solid. Specifically, the Company believes residential and non-residential construction in the U.S. will continue to improve slowly to drive rental fleet demand for access equipment and that rental company metrics will remain strong. However, the Company now believes that a shortened construction season in the U.S. from severe weather over the last two quarters, along with the impact of lower oil and gas prices on rental fleet utilization, are leading U.S. rental companies to reduce their access equipment purchase plans, resulting in lower expected sales in fiscal 2015 compared to the Company's previous expectations.

The Company's other segments met Company expectations in the third quarter of fiscal 2015. In particular, the commercial and fire & emergency segments performed well in the quarter relative to the prior year quarter, with each reporting higher revenue, operating income and backlog.

The Company reported earnings per share of \$1.13 in the third quarter of fiscal 2015, including a \$0.09 per share benefit related to settlement of a tax audit concluded in the quarter and expiration of statutes of limitations, as well as a \$0.09 per share benefit due to lower average diluted shares outstanding generally as a result of share repurchases in the prior twelve months. Both of these factors were reflected in previous earnings per share estimates for the quarter. Fiscal 2014 third quarter earnings per share of \$1.22 included \$0.08 after tax costs related to a contract pricing adjustment for other post employment benefit ("OPEB") costs and a \$0.07 per share after tax gain related to an OPEB curtailment, both in the Company's defense segment.

As the Company had expected, significantly lower sales in the defense segment contributed to lower defense segment earnings in the third quarter of fiscal 2015 compared to the third quarter of fiscal 2014. The Company experienced a "break in production" of heavy payload vehicles (Family of Heavy Tactical Vehicles or "FHTV") manufactured for the U.S. Army that began in the second quarter of fiscal 2015 following completion of a multi-year contract. The Company signed a new multi-year contract with the U.S. Army late in the third quarter of fiscal 2015 to recapitalize FHTVs and re-started production under this contract in late June 2015 with deliveries expected to commence in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2015.

The Company believes that fiscal 2015 will be a trough year for earnings in its defense segment, as the fiscal 2015 U.S. federal budget that was passed in December 2014 and the proposed fiscal 2016 budget both contain higher funding levels for the Company's legacy programs than the fiscal 2014 U.S. federal budget. The Company also believes it will be successful in capturing a portion of the incremental new defense program opportunities it has been pursuing both internationally and domestically for fiscal 2016 and beyond.

Consolidated net sales for the third quarter of fiscal 2015 were \$1.61 billion, a decrease of 16.6% from the third quarter of fiscal 2014 due to lower defense segment sales, as expected, and to a lesser extent, lower access equipment segment sales.

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Consolidated operating income in the third quarter of fiscal 2015 was \$136.6 million, or 8.5% of sales, compared to \$174.3 million, or 9.0% of sales, in the third quarter of fiscal 2014. Decreases in operating income in the Company's defense and access equipment segments were only partially offset by increases in the fire & emergency and commercial segments and lower corporate expenses.

The Company believes that full year consolidated net sales will decline approximately 10% in fiscal 2015 compared to fiscal 2014 due to substantially lower defense segment sales and slightly lower access equipment segment sales, resulting in consolidated net sales of approximately \$6.1 billion. The Company expects that consolidated operating income will be in the range of \$400 million to \$425 million and expects earnings per share of \$2.91 to \$3.16 in fiscal 2015, or \$3.00 to \$3.25 per share excluding costs related to the refinancing of the Company's 2020 Senior Notes and an other post-retirement curtailment gain recorded in the Company's defense segment. These estimates assume a full year average diluted share count of approximately 79.5 million shares. The Company estimates its effective tax rate for full year fiscal 2015 will be approximately 32%.

The Company expects its defense segment to generate meaningful earnings growth in fiscal 2016 largely due to higher international sales of M-ATVs. The Company expects to finalize international M-ATV contracts in its fourth quarter of fiscal 2015 for a few hundred vehicles and in its first quarter of fiscal 2016 for over 1,000 vehicles, with additional international M-ATV contracts aggregating to a couple thousand vehicles or more expected later in fiscal 2016 and fiscal 2017. The Company now assumes all the vehicles in the first contract and the majority of the over 1,000 vehicles in the second contract will be recognized as sales in fiscal 2016. The Company expects an approximate 5% - 10% sales decline in its access equipment segment in fiscal 2016 due to reduced replacement demand resulting from very low access equipment industry purchases in 2009 and 2010. However, the Company believes the magnitude of the earnings from its expected return to growth in its defense segment, coupled with its outlook for its commercial and fire & emergency segments, provide an overall positive outlook for the Company to deliver solid earnings per share growth in fiscal 2016.

Results of Operations

Analysis of Consolidated Net Sales

The following table presents net sales by business segment (in millions):

| | Third Quarter Fiscal | | First Nine Months Fiscal | |
|---------------------------|----------------------|-----------|--------------------------|-----------|
| | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 |
| Net sales: | | | | |
| Access equipment | \$932.6 | \$1,039.2 | \$2,631.1 | \$2,573.8 |
| Defense | 194.2 | 470.7 | 622.2 | 1,436.4 |
| Fire & emergency | 199.8 | 187.5 | 569.7 | 541.6 |
| Commercial | 294.0 | 247.3 | 725.1 | 622.2 |
| Intersegment eliminations | (8.3 |) (12.3 |) (28.3 |) (33.5 |
| Consolidated | \$1,612.3 | \$1,932.4 | \$4,519.8 | \$5,140.5 |

Third Quarter Fiscal 2015 Compared to 2014

Consolidated net sales decreased \$320.1 million, or 16.6%, to \$1.61 billion in the third quarter of fiscal 2015 compared to the third quarter of fiscal 2014. Significantly lower defense segment sales, which the Company had expected, and lower access equipment segment sales were partially offset by improved demand in the Company's fire & emergency and commercial segments. The strengthening U. S. dollar negatively impacted fiscal 2015 third quarter sales by \$35.5 million compared to the third quarter of fiscal 2014.

Access equipment segment net sales decreased \$106.6 million, or 10.3%, to \$932.6 million in the third quarter of fiscal 2015 compared to the third quarter of fiscal 2014, generally as a result of lower demand in the U.S., along with production delays related to new product launches. Foreign currency exchange rates negatively impacted sales in the quarter by \$33.4 million, or 3.3%, compared to the prior year quarter.

Defense segment net sales decreased \$276.5 million, or 58.7%, to \$194.2 million in the third quarter of fiscal 2015 compared to the third quarter of fiscal 2014. The expected break in production on the FHTV program prior to concluding a new, multi-year FHTV contract with the U.S. Army (which was put under contract in the third quarter of fiscal 2015, with shipments to

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begin in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2015), scheduled lower volumes under the Family of Medium Tactical Vehicles ("FMTV") program and the absence of international sales of M-ATVs compared to the prior year quarter contributed to the sales decrease.

Fire & emergency segment net sales increased \$12.3 million, or 6.6%, to \$199.8 million in the third quarter of fiscal 2015 compared to the third quarter of fiscal 2014. The increase in sales primarily reflected a shift to higher content fire apparatus units and higher aircraft rescue and firefighting vehicle shipments. The timing of international sales negatively impacted sales in the third quarter of fiscal 2014.

Commercial segment net sales increased \$46.7 million, or 18.9%, to \$294.0 million in the third quarter of fiscal 2015 compared to the third quarter of fiscal 2014. The increase in sales was primarily attributable to \$30.1 million higher refuse collection vehicle sales driven by an increase in unit volume and a \$20.0 million increase in concrete placement vehicle sales driven by an increased mix of higher content units, including units with both chassis and bodies.

First Nine Months of Fiscal 2015 Compared to 2014

Consolidated net sales decreased \$620.7 million, or 12.1%, to \$4.52 billion in the first nine months of fiscal 2015 compared to the first nine months of fiscal 2014. Significantly lower defense segment sales, which the Company had expected, were offset in part by sales increases in each of the Company's non-defense segments. Foreign currency exchange rates adversely impacted sales by \$73 million compared to the prior year.

Access equipment segment net sales increased \$57.3 million, or 2.2%, to \$2.63 billion in the first nine months of fiscal 2015 compared to the first nine months of fiscal 2014, due largely to higher U.S. telehandler volume, offset in part by lower U.S. aerial work platform unit volume and an unfavorable currency impact of \$68 million as a result of the weakening of most major currencies against the U.S. dollar during the period. The increase in U.S. telehandler sales was due in part to shipments ahead of price increases related to Tier 4 engine emissions standards changes. Similarly, price increases related to Tier 4 engine emissions standards changes for aerial work platforms drove higher demand for those products in the first nine months of fiscal 2014.

Defense segment net sales decreased \$814.2 million, or 56.7%, to \$622.2 million in the first nine months of fiscal 2015 compared to the first nine months of fiscal 2014. The decrease in sales was expected and was primarily due to lower sales to the DoD (down 52.7%) as well as the absence of international sales of M-ATVs.

Fire & emergency segment net sales increased \$28.1 million, or 5.2%, to \$569.7 million in the first nine months of fiscal 2015 compared to the first nine months of fiscal 2014. The increase in sales primarily reflected improved pricing and a sales mix shift to higher content units.

Commercial segment net sales increased \$102.9 million, or 16.5%, to \$725.1 million in the first nine months of fiscal 2015 compared to the first nine months of fiscal 2014. Refuse collection vehicle sales were up 25.6% on an increase in unit volume versus the comparable prior year period. Concrete placement revenues were up 13.4% on an increase in sales of higher content units with both chassis and bodies, increased unit volume and improved aftermarket parts and service sales.

Analysis of Consolidated Cost of Sales

The following table presents cost of sales by business segment (in millions):

| | Third Quarter Fiscal | | First Nine Months Fiscal | |
|----------------|----------------------|------|--------------------------|------|
| | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 |
| Cost of sales: | | | | |

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| | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Access equipment | \$727.3 | \$795.6 | \$2,062.9 | \$1,978.3 |
| Defense | 185.3 | 429.8 | 580.1 | 1,296.7 |
| Fire & emergency | 172.8 | 164.8 | 499.3 | 479.3 |
| Commercial | 247.7 | 206.6 | 612.5 | 523.7 |
| Intersegment eliminations and other | (4.8 |) (11.3 |) (24.5 |) (30.7 |
| Consolidated | \$1,328.3 | \$1,585.5 | \$3,730.3 | \$4,247.3 |

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Third Quarter Fiscal 2015 Compared to 2014

Consolidated cost of sales was \$1.33 billion, or 82.4% of sales, in the third quarter of fiscal 2015 compared to \$1.59 billion, or 82.0% of sales, in the third quarter of fiscal 2014.

Access equipment segment cost of sales was \$727.3 million, or 78.0% of sales, in the third quarter of fiscal 2015 compared to \$795.6 million, or 76.6% of sales, in the third quarter of fiscal 2014. The 140 basis point increase in cost of sales as a percentage of sales in the third quarter of fiscal 2015 compared to the third quarter of fiscal 2014 was largely due to flat product development costs on lower sales volume (30 basis points) and adverse production variances (60 basis points) associated with new product introductions.

Defense segment cost of sales was \$185.3 million, or 95.4% of sales, in the third quarter of fiscal 2015 compared to \$429.8 million, or 91.3% of sales, in the third quarter of fiscal 2014. The increase in cost of sales as a percent of sales was primarily attributable to slightly lower engineering costs on significantly lower sales (350 basis points) and unfavorable product volume and mix (160 basis points), as there were no international sales of M-ATVs or FHTV sales in the quarter, partially offset by the impact of lower OPEB related costs (60 basis points).

Fire & emergency segment cost of sales was \$172.8 million, or 86.5% of sales, in the third quarter of fiscal 2015 compared to \$164.8 million, or 87.9% of sales, in the third quarter of fiscal 2014. Lower cost of sales as a percent of sales was primarily attributable to favorable product mix (80 basis points) and favorable pricing net of cost increases (40 basis points).

Commercial segment cost of sales was \$247.7 million, or 84.3% of sales, in the third quarter of fiscal 2015 compared to \$206.6 million, or 83.6% of sales, in the third quarter of fiscal 2014. An increased mix of lower margin package sales (purchased chassis combined with manufactured body) versus body-only sales resulted in higher cost of sales as a percent of sales for the period.

Intersegment eliminations and other includes intercompany profit on inter-segment sales not yet sold to third party customers as well as residual manufacturing plant start-up costs not allocated to segments.

First Nine Months of Fiscal 2015 Compared to 2014

Consolidated cost of sales was \$3.73 billion, or 82.5% of sales, in the first nine months of fiscal 2015 compared to \$4.25 billion, or 82.6% of sales, in the first nine months of fiscal 2014.

Access equipment segment cost of sales of \$2,062.9 million, or 78.4% of sales, in the first nine months of fiscal 2015 was higher as a percent of sales compared to \$1,978.3 million, or 76.9% of sales, in the first nine months of fiscal 2014. The 150 basis point increase in cost of sales as a percentage of sales in the first nine months of fiscal 2015 compared to the first nine months of fiscal 2014 was primarily due to a higher concentration of less profitable telehandler sales (110 basis points) and adverse production variances (50 basis points) associated with new product introductions, partially offset by a favorable vendor recovery settlement (30 basis points).

Defense segment cost of sales was \$580.1 million, or 93.2% of sales, in the first nine months of fiscal 2015 compared to \$1,296.7 million, or 90.3% of sales, in the first nine months of fiscal 2014. The increase in cost of sales as a percent of sales was primarily attributable to slightly lower engineering costs on significantly lower sales (300 basis points) and adverse production absorption (160 basis points) on significantly lower sales, offset in part by the combined impact of pension and OPEB curtailments in the first quarter of fiscal 2015 and the second and third quarters of fiscal 2014 (90 basis points) and favorable product mix (80 basis points).

Fire & emergency segment cost of sales was \$499.3 million, or 87.6% of sales, in the first nine months of fiscal 2015 compared to \$479.3 million, or 88.5% of sales, in the first nine months of fiscal 2014. The 90 basis point decline in cost of sales as a percent of sales in the first nine months of fiscal 2015 compared to the first nine months of fiscal 2014 was largely attributable to improved product mix (60 basis points). Favorable pricing was largely offset by increases in material and production costs.

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Commercial segment cost of sales was \$612.5 million, or 84.5% of sales, in the first nine months of fiscal 2015 compared to \$523.7 million, or 84.2% of sales, in the first nine months of fiscal 2014. Favorable warranty performance (60 basis points) was more than offset by an unfavorable product mix (30 basis points) related to an increased mix of lower-margin package sales (purchased chassis combined with manufactured body) versus body-only sales, increased other costs (30 basis points) including MOVE investments and the adverse impact of foreign currency exchange rates (20 basis points).

Intersegment eliminations and other includes intercompany profit on inter-segment sales not yet sold to third party customers as well as residual manufacturing plant start-up costs not allocated to segments.

Analysis of Consolidated Operating Income (Loss)

The following table presents operating income (loss) by business segment (in millions):

| | Third Quarter Fiscal | | First Nine Months Fiscal | |
|---------------------------|----------------------|----------|--------------------------|-----------|
| | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 |
| Operating income (loss): | | | | |
| Access equipment | \$136.4 | \$166.8 | \$350.5 | \$373.7 |
| Defense | (7.1) |) 19.1 | (9.3) |) 78.4 |
| Fire & emergency | 9.6 | 6.2 | 20.1 | 14.1 |
| Commercial | 22.4 | 19.9 | 43.4 | 35.5 |
| Corporate | (24.7) |) (37.7) | (92.8) |) (111.4) |
| Intersegment eliminations | — | — | 0.1 | (0.1) |
| Consolidated | \$136.6 | \$174.3 | \$312.0 | \$390.2 |

Third Quarter Fiscal 2015 Compared to 2014

Consolidated operating income decreased 21.7% to \$136.6 million, or 8.5% of sales, in the third quarter of fiscal 2015 compared to \$174.3 million, or 9.0% of sales, in the third quarter of fiscal 2014. Lower operating income in both the access equipment and defense segments was partially offset by increased operating income in the fire & emergency and commercial segments and reductions in corporate expenses.

Access equipment segment operating income decreased 18.2% to \$136.4 million, or 14.6% of sales, in the third quarter of fiscal 2015 compared to \$166.8 million, or 16.0% of sales, in the third quarter of fiscal 2014. The decrease in operating income was primarily the result of lower gross income associated with lower sales volume (down \$25 million) and the impact of production inefficiencies related to challenges with several new product launches, along with adverse product mix and other (combined down \$13 million), partially offset by lower operating expenses (down \$8 million). Operating results for the third quarter included unfavorable currency (\$6.9 million) and lower incentive compensation expense (down \$17 million).

The defense segment recorded an operating loss of \$7.1 million or (3.7)% of sales, in the third quarter of fiscal 2015 compared to operating income of \$19.1 million, or 4.1% of sales, in the third quarter of fiscal 2014. The decrease in operating income was due to lower gross income associated with significantly lower sales (down \$32 million), partially offset by lower operating expenses (down \$6 million).

Fire & emergency segment operating income increased 55.5% to \$9.6 million, or 4.8% of sales, in the third quarter of fiscal 2015 compared to \$6.2 million, or 3.3% of sales, in the third quarter of fiscal 2014. The increase in operating income was largely due to higher gross income on increased sales (up \$4 million).

Commercial segment operating income increased 12.9% to \$22.4 million, or 7.6% of sales, in the third quarter of fiscal 2015 compared to \$19.9 million, or 8.0% of sales, in the third quarter of fiscal 2014. The increase in operating income was primarily a result of gross income associated with higher sales volume (up \$6 million), partially offset by increased operating expenses (up \$3 million), including investments in MOVE initiatives.

Corporate operating expenses decreased \$13.0 million to \$24.7 million in the third quarter of fiscal 2015 compared to the third quarter of fiscal 2014. The decrease in corporate operating expenses in the third quarter of fiscal 2015 was primarily due

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to lower incentive compensation expense (down \$11 million) generally as a result of reductions in earnings estimates for fiscal 2015.

Consolidated selling, general and administrative expenses decreased 15.4% to \$134.2 million, or 8.3% of sales, in the third quarter of fiscal 2015 compared to \$158.7 million, or 8.2% of sales, in the third quarter of fiscal 2014. A reduction in incentive compensation expense was the primary reason for lower selling, general and administrative expenses.

First Nine Months Fiscal 2015 Compared to 2014

Consolidated operating income decreased 20.1% to \$312.0 million, or 6.9% of sales, in the first nine months of fiscal 2015 compared to \$390.2 million, or 7.6% of sales, in the first nine months of fiscal 2014. Lower operating income in the defense and access equipment segments was partially offset by increased operating income in the fire & emergency and commercial segments and reductions in corporate expenses.

Access equipment segment operating income decreased 6.2% to \$350.5 million, or 13.3% of sales, in the first nine months of fiscal 2015 compared to \$373.7 million, or 14.5% of sales, in the first nine months of fiscal 2014. The decrease in operating income was primarily the result of an adverse product mix and other (combined down \$41 million), partially offset by higher sales volume (up \$13 million) and lower operating expenses (down \$4 million). Results included lower incentive compensation expense (down \$17 million) and unfavorable currency impact (\$12 million).

The defense segment recorded an operating loss of \$9.3 million, or (1.5%) of sales, in the first nine months of fiscal 2015 compared to operating income of \$78.4 million, or 5.5% of sales, in the first nine months of fiscal 2014. The decrease in operating income was largely due to lower gross income associated with lower sales (down \$98 million), partially offset by lower operating expenses (down \$10 million).

Fire & emergency segment operating income increased 42.6% to \$20.1 million, or 3.5% of sales, in the first nine months of fiscal 2015 compared to \$14.1 million, or 2.6% of sales, in the first nine months of fiscal 2014. The increase in operating income was largely due to higher gross income on increased sales (up \$8 million), partially offset by increased operating expenses (up \$2 million).

Commercial segment operating income increased 22.4% to \$43.4 million, or 6.0% of sales, in the first nine months of fiscal 2015 compared to \$35.5 million, or 5.7% of sales, in the first nine months of fiscal 2014. The increase in operating income was primarily a result of gross income associated with higher sales volume (up \$14 million) and favorable warranty performance, partially offset by increased operating expenses (up \$6 million), including investments in MOVE initiatives.

Corporate operating expenses decreased \$18.6 million to \$92.8 million in the first nine months of fiscal 2015 compared to the first nine months of fiscal 2014. The decrease in corporate operating expenses in fiscal 2015 was primarily due to lower incentive compensation expense as a result of expected lower earnings for fiscal 2015 compared to fiscal 2014.

Consolidated selling, general and administrative expenses decreased 5.2% to \$437.5 million, or 9.7% of sales, in the first nine months of fiscal 2015 compared to \$461.4 million, or 9.0% of sales, in the first nine months of fiscal 2014. A reduction in incentive compensation expense was the primary reason for lower selling, general and administrative expenses.

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Analysis of Non-Operating Income Statement Items

Third Quarter Fiscal 2015 Compared to 2014

Interest expense net of interest income decreased \$1.1 million to \$12.6 million in the third quarter of fiscal 2015 compared to the third quarter of fiscal 2014 largely as a result of the benefit of lower interest rates on the senior notes refinanced in the second quarter of fiscal 2015.

Other miscellaneous income (expense) of (\$0.2) million in the third quarter of fiscal 2015 and \$0.8 million in the third quarter of fiscal 2014 primarily related to net foreign currency transaction gains and losses.

The Company recorded income tax expense of \$34.8 million in the third quarter of fiscal 2015, or 28.1% of pre-tax income, compared to \$56.0 million, or 34.7% of pre-tax income in the third quarter of fiscal 2014. Results for the third quarter of fiscal 2015 were favorably impacted by a \$7.5 million (610 basis points) reduction of income tax reserves as a result of a favorable tax audit settlement and expiration of statutes of limitations in the quarter.

Equity in earnings (losses) of unconsolidated affiliates of \$0.9 million in the third quarter of fiscal 2015 and (\$0.3) million in the third quarter of fiscal 2014 primarily represented the Company's equity interest in a commercial entity in Mexico and a joint venture in Europe.

First Nine Months of Fiscal 2015 Compared to 2014

Interest expense net of interest income decreased \$1.5 million to \$54.4 million in the first nine months of fiscal 2015 compared to the first nine months of fiscal 2014. Included in interest expense are \$14.7 million and \$11.0 million of debt extinguishment costs in connection with the refinancing of portions of the Company's long-term debt during the first nine months of fiscal 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Other miscellaneous income (expense) of (\$0.2) million in the first nine months of fiscal 2015 and (\$0.4) million in the first nine months of fiscal 2014 primarily related to net foreign currency transaction gains and losses.

The Company recorded income tax expense of \$80.5 million in the first nine months of fiscal 2015, or 31.3% of pre-tax income, compared to \$103.6 million, or 31.0% of pre-tax income in the first nine months of fiscal 2014. Results for the first nine months of fiscal 2015 were favorably impacted by a \$7.5 million (290 basis points) reduction of income tax reserves as a result of favorable tax audit settlements and the expiration of statutes of limitations in the period and \$2.2 million (90 basis points) benefit resulting from the reinstatement of the U.S. research and development tax credit. Results for the first nine months of fiscal 2014 were favorably impacted by a \$12.1 million benefit (360 basis points) resulting from a reduction in a valuation allowance on net operating loss and deferred interest carryforwards upon securing a favorable tax ruling.

Equity in earnings (losses) of unconsolidated affiliates of \$2.3 million in the first nine months of fiscal 2015 and \$1.2 million in the first nine months of fiscal 2014 primarily represented the Company's equity interest in a commercial entity in Mexico and a joint venture in Europe.

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Liquidity and Capital Resources

Financial Condition at June 30, 2015

The Company's capitalization was as follows (in millions):

| | June 30, 2015 | September 30, 2014 | | |
|---|------------------|-----------------------|---|---|
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$46.2 | \$313.8 | | |
| Total debt | 900.0 | 895.0 | | |
| Shareholders' equity | 1,997.6 | 1,985.0 | | |
| Total capitalization (debt plus equity) | 2,897.6 | 2,880.0 | | |
| Debt to total capitalization | 31.1 | % 31.1 | % | % |

The Company typically expects cash from operating activities to be its primary source of funding for its operations. As a result of an increase in inventory in the access equipment segment related to a combination of a plan to build inventory to address seasonal fluctuations in demand and a reduction in estimated access equipment sales in fiscal 2015 compared to previous expectations, along with an increase in inventory in the defense segment related largely to an anticipated international defense order, the Company estimates that cash generated from operations in fiscal 2015 will approximate \$10 million. At June 30, 2015, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$46.2 million, of which approximately \$21.3 million was located outside the United States. The Company expects to meet its fiscal 2015 U.S. funding needs without repatriating undistributed profits that are indefinitely reinvested outside the United States. In addition to cash and cash equivalents, the Company had \$762.5 million of unused available capacity under the Revolving Credit Facility (as defined in "Liquidity") as of June 30, 2015. Borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility could, as discussed below, be limited by the financial covenants contained in the Credit Agreement (as defined in "Liquidity").

The Company's debt to total capitalization ratio was 31.1% at June 30, 2015, which was within the Company's targeted range. The Company did not repurchase shares of its Common Stock during the third quarter of fiscal 2015. As of June 30, 2015, the Company had 2.9 million shares of Common Stock remaining under a 10.0 million share repurchase authorization approved by the Company's Board of Directors in February 2014. The Company expects to repurchase shares of its Common Stock in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2015 and into fiscal 2016, subject to maintaining prudent leverage, the price of the Common Stock and repurchase authorization limits.

Consolidated days sales outstanding (defined as "Trade Receivables" at quarter end divided by "Net Sales" for the most recent quarter multiplied by 90 days) increased from 50 days at September 30, 2014 to 52 days at June 30, 2015. Days sales outstanding for segments other than the defense segment decreased from 54 days at September 30, 2014 to 53 days at June 30, 2015. The increase in consolidated days sales outstanding was primarily due to the timing of invoicing on M-ATV reset work in the defense segment in the third quarter of fiscal 2015. Consolidated inventory turns (defined as "Cost of Sales" on an annualized basis, divided by the average "Inventory" at the past five quarter end periods) decreased from 5.8 times at September 30, 2014 to 4.3 times at June 30, 2015 as a result of higher inventory levels and the decline in sales in the defense and access equipment segments. The Company built inventory in its access equipment segment to address seasonal fluctuations in demand and built inventory in its defense segment in support of the M-ATV reset contract, as well as to meet customer delivery requests under an international order for a few hundred M-ATVs that the Company expects to receive in the fourth quarter.

Cash Flows

Operating Cash Flows

Operating activities resulted in a net use of cash of \$36.6 million in the first nine months of fiscal 2015 compared to a net generation of cash of \$69.4 million in the first nine months of fiscal 2014. The decrease in cash generated from operating activities was primarily due to the decline in net income and higher inventory levels in the access equipment and defense segments. The Company expects inventory levels within the access equipment and defense segments to remain higher through the remainder of the year, resulting in marginal operating cash flows in fiscal 2015.

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Investing Cash Flows

Net cash used in investing activities in the first nine months of fiscal 2015 was \$103.8 million compared to \$67.9 million in the first nine months of fiscal 2014. Capital spending, excluding equipment held for rental of \$19.8 million in the first nine months of fiscal 2015, reflected an increase of \$45.4 million compared to capital spending in the first nine months of fiscal 2014 largely as a result of investments in the Company's vertical integration strategy, global information systems replacement initiative and tooling for new products. In fiscal 2015, the Company expects capital spending to increase to approximately \$150 million largely as a result of the continued investment in the Company's vertical integration strategy, tooling related to anticipated new product launches and higher information systems expenditures.

Financing Cash Flows

Financing activities resulted in a net use of cash of \$127.0 million in the first nine months of fiscal 2015 compared to a net use of cash of \$208.5 million in the first nine months of fiscal 2014. In the first nine months of fiscal 2015 and 2014, the Company repurchased shares of its Common Stock under its share repurchase authorization at an aggregate cost of \$88.1 million and \$152.8 million, respectively.

Liquidity

The Company's primary sources of liquidity are cash flows generated from operations, availability under the Revolving Credit Facility and available cash and cash equivalents. In addition to cash and cash equivalents of \$46.2 million (of which approximately \$21.3 million was located outside the United States), the Company had \$762.5 million of unused availability under the Revolving Credit Facility as of June 30, 2015. These sources of liquidity are needed to fund the Company's working capital requirements, debt service requirements, capital expenditures, share repurchases and dividends. The Company expects to have sufficient liquidity to finance its operations over the next twelve months.

Senior Secured Credit Agreement

On March 21, 2014, the Company entered into an Amended and Restated Credit Agreement with various lenders (the "Credit Agreement"). The Credit Agreement provides for (i) a revolving credit facility ("Revolving Credit Facility") that matures in March 2019 with an initial maximum aggregate amount of availability of \$600.0 million and (ii) a \$400.0 million term loan due in quarterly principal installments of \$5.0 million with a balloon payment of \$310.0 million due at maturity in March 2019. On January 22, 2015, the Company entered into an agreement with lenders under the Credit Agreement that increased the Revolving Credit Facility by \$250.0 million to an aggregate maximum amount of \$850.0 million effective January 26, 2015. Refer to Note 8 of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding the Credit Agreement.

The Company's obligations under the Credit Agreement are guaranteed by certain of its domestic subsidiaries, and the Company will guarantee the obligations of certain of its subsidiaries under the Credit Agreement. Subject to certain exceptions, the Credit Agreement is collateralized by (i) a first-priority perfected lien and security interests in substantially all of the personal property of the Company, each material subsidiary of the Company and each subsidiary guarantor, (ii) mortgages upon certain real property of the Company and certain of its domestic subsidiaries and (iii) a pledge of the equity of each material subsidiary of the Company.

Under the Credit Agreement, the Company must pay (i) an unused commitment fee ranging from 0.225% to 0.35% per annum of the average daily unused portion of the aggregate revolving credit commitments under the Credit Agreement and (ii) a fee ranging from 0.625% to 2.00% per annum of the maximum amount available to be drawn for

each letter of credit issued and outstanding under the Credit Agreement.

Borrowings under the Credit Agreement bear interest at a variable rate equal to (i) LIBOR plus a specified margin, which may be adjusted upward or downward depending on whether certain criteria are satisfied, or (ii) for dollar-denominated loans only, the base rate (which is the highest of (a) the administrative agent's prime rate, (b) the federal funds rate plus 0.50% or (c) the sum of 1% plus one-month LIBOR) plus a specified margin, which may be adjusted upward or downward depending on whether certain criteria are satisfied.

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Covenant Compliance

The Credit Agreement contains various restrictions and covenants, including requirements that the Company maintain certain financial ratios at prescribed levels and restrictions, subject to certain exceptions, on the ability of the Company and certain of its subsidiaries to consolidate or merge, create liens, incur additional indebtedness, dispose of assets, consummate acquisitions and make investments in joint ventures and foreign subsidiaries.

The Credit Agreement contains the following financial covenants:

Leverage Ratio: A maximum leverage ratio (defined as, with certain adjustments, the ratio of the Company's consolidated indebtedness to consolidated net income before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization, non-cash charges and certain other items ("EBITDA")) as of the last day of any fiscal quarter of 4.50 to 1.0.

Interest Coverage Ratio: A minimum interest coverage ratio (defined as, with certain adjustments, the ratio of the Company's consolidated EBITDA to the Company's consolidated cash interest expense) as of the last day of any fiscal quarter of 2.50 to 1.0.

Senior Secured Leverage Ratio: A maximum senior secured leverage ratio (defined as, with certain adjustments, the ratio of the Company's consolidated secured indebtedness to the Company's consolidated EBITDA) of 3.00 to 1.0.

With certain exceptions, the Company may elect to have the collateral pledged in connection with the Credit Agreement released during any period that the Company maintains an investment grade corporate family rating from either Standard & Poor's Ratings Group or Moody's Investor Service Inc. During any such period when the collateral has been released, the Company's leverage ratio as of the last day of any fiscal quarter must not be greater than 3.75 to 1.0, and the Company would not be subject to any additional requirement to limit its senior secured leverage ratio.

The Company was in compliance with the financial covenants contained in the Credit Agreement as of June 30, 2015 and expects to be able to meet the financial covenants contained in the Credit Agreement over the next twelve months.

Additionally, with certain exceptions, the Credit Agreement limits the ability of the Company to pay dividends and other distributions, including repurchases of shares of its Common Stock. However, so long as no event of default exists under the Credit Agreement or would result from such payment, the Company may pay dividends and other distributions after March 3, 2010 in an aggregate amount not exceeding the sum of:

- i. 50% of the consolidated net income of the Company and its subsidiaries (or if such consolidated net income is a deficit, minus 100% of such deficit), accrued on a cumulative basis during the period beginning on January 1, 2010 and ending on the last day of the fiscal quarter immediately preceding the date of the applicable proposed dividend or distribution; and
- ii. 100% of the aggregate net proceeds received by the Company subsequent to March 3, 2010 either as a contribution to its common equity capital or from the issuance and sale of its Common Stock.

Senior Notes

In March 2010, the Company issued \$250.0 million of 8¼% unsecured senior notes due March 1, 2017 (the "2017 Senior Notes") and \$250.0 million of 8½% unsecured senior notes due March 1, 2020 (the "2020 Senior Notes").

On February 21, 2014, the Company issued \$250.0 million of 5.375% unsecured senior notes due March 1, 2022 (the "2022 Senior Notes"). The Company used the net proceeds from the sale of the 2022 Senior Notes, together with available cash, to redeem all of the outstanding 2017 Senior Notes at a price of 104.125%.

On March 2, 2015, the Company issued \$250.0 million of 5.375% unsecured senior notes due March 1, 2025 (the "2025 Senior Notes"). The Company used the net proceeds from the sale of the 2025 Senior Notes, together with available cash, to redeem all of the outstanding 2020 Senior Notes at a price of 104.250%.

The Company has the option to redeem the 2022 Senior Notes and the 2025 Senior Notes for a premium after March 1, 2017 and March 1, 2020, respectively.

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The 2022 Senior Notes and the 2025 Senior Notes were issued pursuant to separate indentures (the “Indentures”) among the Company, the subsidiary guarantors named therein and a trustee. The Indentures contain customary affirmative and negative covenants. Certain of the Company’s subsidiaries jointly, severally, fully and unconditionally guarantee the Company’s obligations under the 2022 Senior Notes and 2025 Senior Notes. See Note 21 of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for separate financial information of the subsidiary guarantors.

Refer to Note 8 of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding the Company’s outstanding debt as of June 30, 2015.

Contractual Obligations, Commercial Commitments and Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company's contractual obligations, commercial commitments and off-balance sheet arrangement disclosures in its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2014 have not materially changed since that report was filed.

Application of Critical Accounting Policies

The preparation of financial statements and related disclosures in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires the Company to make judgments, assumptions and estimates that affect the amounts reported in the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and accompanying notes. The Company's disclosures of critical accounting policies in its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2014 have not materially changed since that report was filed.

Critical Accounting Estimates

The Company's disclosures of critical accounting estimates in its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2014 have not materially changed since that report was filed.

New Accounting Standards

Refer to Note 2 of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for a discussion of the impact on the Company’s Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements of new accounting standards.

Customers and Backlog

Sales to the U.S. government comprised approximately 14.2% of the Company’s net sales in the first nine months of fiscal 2015. No other single customer accounted for more than 10% of the Company’s net sales for this period. A substantial majority of the Company’s net sales are derived from customer orders prior to commencing production.

The Company’s backlog at June 30, 2015 increased 22.7% to \$2.6 billion compared to \$2.1 billion at June 30, 2014 primarily due to growth in backlog for all segments with the exception of the access equipment segment. Access equipment segment backlog decreased 19.0% to \$394.9 million at June 30, 2015 compared to \$487.4 million at June 30, 2014, which is largely due to lower orders from U.S. rental companies due in part to softening of customer rental equipment utilization rates as a result of adverse weather impacts and the impact of lower oil and gas prices on access equipment rental utilization. The weakening of most major currencies against the U.S. dollar compared to the prior year reduced access equipment segment backlog by \$23.7 million, or 4.9%. Defense segment backlog increased 38.3% to \$1.2 billion at June 30, 2015 compared to \$879.8 million at June 30, 2014 largely due to new contract awards, including the FHTV Recapitalization contract and the U.S. government's exercise of an option to reset additional M-ATV units under the MATV-Reset program. Fire & emergency segment backlog increased 41.6% to

\$761.1 million at June 30, 2015 compared to \$537.7 million at June 30, 2014 generally due to an improvement in the domestic fire apparatus market. Commercial segment backlog increased 5.4% to \$218.0 million at June 30, 2015 compared to \$206.7 million at June 30, 2014 on a stronger refuse collection vehicle backlog. Unit backlog for concrete mixers was down 25.3% at June 30, 2015 compared to June 30, 2014. Unit backlog for refuse collection vehicles was up 47.5% at June 30, 2015 compared to June 30, 2014.

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Reported backlog excludes purchase options and announced orders for which definitive contracts have not been executed. Additionally, backlog excludes unfunded portions of the FHTV and FMTV contracts. Backlog information and comparisons thereof as of different dates may not be accurate indicators of future sales or the ratio of the Company's future sales to the DoD versus its sales to other customers. Approximately 58.4% of the Company's June 30, 2015 backlog is not expected to be filled in fiscal 2015.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

The Company is forecasting operating income and earnings per share excluding items that affect comparability. When the Company forecasts operating income and earnings per share, excluding items, these are considered non-GAAP financial measures. The Company believes excluding the impact of these items is useful to investors to allow a more accurate comparison of the Company's operating performance to prior year results. Non-GAAP financial measures should be viewed in addition to, and not as an alternative for, the Company's results prepared in accordance with GAAP. The table below presents a reconciliation of the Company's presented non-GAAP measures to the most directly comparable GAAP measures (in millions, except per share amounts):

| | Fiscal 2015 Expectations | |
|--|--------------------------|---------|
| | Low | High |
| Adjusted operating income (non-GAAP) | \$400.0 | \$425.0 |
| OPEB curtailment gain | 3.4 | 3.4 |
| Operating income (GAAP) | \$403.4 | \$428.4 |
| Adjusted earnings per share-diluted (non-GAAP) | \$3.00 | \$3.25 |
| OPEB curtailment gain, net of tax | 0.03 | 0.03 |
| Debt extinguishment costs, net of tax | (0.12 |) (0.12 |
| Earnings per share-diluted (GAAP) | \$2.91 | \$3.16 |

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ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The Company's quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risk for changes in interest rates and commodity risk, which are incorporated by reference to Item 7A of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2014, have not materially changed since that report was filed.

Foreign Currency Risk. The Company's operations consist of manufacturing in the U.S., Belgium, Canada, France, Australia, Romania and China and sales and limited vehicle body mounting activities on six continents. In addition, the Company manufactures products through an investment in a joint venture in Mexico. International sales comprised approximately 20.7% of overall net sales for the first nine months of fiscal 2015, of which approximately 67.4% involved exports from the U.S. The majority of export sales in fiscal 2015 were denominated in U.S. dollars. As a result of the manufacture and sale of the Company's products in foreign markets, the Company's earnings are affected by fluctuations in the value of foreign currencies in which certain of the Company's transactions are denominated as compared to the value of the U.S. dollar. The Company's operating results are principally exposed to changes in exchange rates between the U.S. dollar and the European currencies, primarily the euro and the U.K. pound sterling, changes between the U.S. dollar and the Australian dollar, changes between the U.S. dollar and the Brazilian real and changes between the U.S. dollar and the Chinese renminbi.

The Company enters into certain forward foreign currency exchange contracts to mitigate the Company's foreign currency exchange risk on monetary assets or liabilities. These contracts qualify as derivative instruments under FASB ASC Topic 815, Derivatives and Hedging; however, the Company has not designated all of these instruments as hedge transactions under ASC Topic 815. Accordingly, the mark-to-market impact of these derivatives is recorded each period to current earnings along with the offsetting foreign currency transaction gain/loss recognized on the related balance sheet exposure. At June 30, 2015, the Company was managing \$108.7 (notional) of foreign currency contracts, including \$100.3 million (notional) which were not designated as accounting hedges. All outstanding foreign currency contracts that are not designated as hedge transactions as of June 30, 2015 will settle within 45 days.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures. In accordance with Rule 13a-15(b) of the Exchange Act, the Company's management evaluated, with the participation of the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Exchange Act) as of the end of the quarter ended June 30, 2015. Based upon their evaluation of these disclosure controls and procedures, the Chief Executive Officer and the Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the quarter ended June 30, 2015 to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time period specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms, and to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports it files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting. There were no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended June 30, 2015 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

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PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

None.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

The Company's financial position, results of operations and cash flows are subject to various risks, many of which are not exclusively within the Company's control, which may cause actual performance to differ materially from historical or projected future performance. In addition to the other information set forth in this report, you should carefully consider the risk factors discussed in Item 1A. of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2014, which have not materially changed.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

Common Stock Repurchases

On February 4, 2014, the Company's Board of Directors increased the Company's authorization to repurchase shares of the Company's Common Stock from the then remaining 1,787,199 shares of Common Stock to 10,000,000 shares of Common Stock. As of June 30, 2015, the Company had repurchased 7,101,079 shares of Common Stock under this authorization. As a result, 2,898,921 shares of Common Stock remained available for repurchase under the repurchase authorization at June 30, 2015. The Company can use this authorization at any time as there is no expiration date associated with the authorization. From time to time, the Company may enter into a Rule 10b5-1 trading plan for the purpose of repurchasing shares under this authorization. The Company did not repurchase any shares of Common Stock under this authorization during the third quarter of fiscal 2015.

The Company intends to declare and pay dividends on a regular basis. However, the payment of future dividends is at the discretion of the Company's Board of Directors and will depend upon, among other things, future earnings and cash flows, capital requirements, the Company's general financial condition, general business conditions and other factors. In addition, the Company's credit agreement limits the amount of dividends and other distributions, including repurchases of shares of Common Stock, the Company may pay on or after March 3, 2010 to (i) 50% of the consolidated net income of the Company and its subsidiaries (or if such consolidated net income is a deficit, minus 100% of such deficit), accrued on a cumulative basis during the period beginning on January 1, 2010 and ending on the last day of the fiscal quarter immediately preceding the date of the applicable proposed dividend or distribution; plus (ii) 100% of the aggregate net proceeds received by the Company subsequent to March 3, 2010 either as a contribution to its common equity capital or from the issuance and sale of its Common Stock. The Company's indentures for its senior notes due 2022 and senior notes due 2025 also contain restrictive covenants that may limit the Company's ability to repurchase shares of its Common Stock or make dividends and other types of distributions to shareholders.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

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ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

Exhibit No. Description

31.1 Certification by the Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, dated July 30, 2015.

31.2 Certification by the Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, dated July 30, 2015.

32.1 Written Statement of the Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, dated July 30, 2015.

32.2 Written Statement of the Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, dated July 30, 2015.

101 The following materials from Oshkosh Corporation's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2015 are filed herewith, formatted in XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language): (i) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income, (ii) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income, (iii) the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, (iv) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity, (v) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, and (vi) Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

OSHKOSH CORPORATION

| | | |
|---------------|----|---|
| July 30, 2015 | By | /S/ Charles L. Szews Charles L. Szews, Chief Executive Officer |
| July 30, 2015 | By | /S/ David M. Sagehorn David M. Sagehorn, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer) |
| July 30, 2015 | By | /S/ Thomas J. Polnaszek Thomas J. Polnaszek, Senior Vice President Finance and Controller (Principal Accounting Officer) |

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